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APPENDIX TO THE JOURNALS

OF THE

SENATE AND ASSEMBLY

OF THE

THIRTY-FIFTH SESSION

OF THE

LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA.

VOLUME I.



SACRAMENTO:

W. W. SHANNON, : : : SUPERINTENDENT STATE PRINTING.
1903.

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INAUGURAL ADDRESS

OF

GOVERNOR GEORGE C. PARDEE

TO THE

THIRTY-FIFTH SESSION OF THE LEGISLATURE OF
THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA.

JANUARY, 1903.



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INAUGURAL ADDRESS

OF

GOVERNOR GEORGE C. PARDEE.

To the Legislature and the People of the State of California:

It is the custom for the Chief Executive of California, upon assuming office, to announce at least the broad principles that will govern his acts during his administration of the affairs of state, and to call the attention of the Legislature and the people to matters which he may deem of special importance. To attempt to do more than this would not be wise on the part of one who approaches the task before him without the benefit of extended experience; and, moreover, the need of a detailed discussion has been met by the message which the retiring Governor, enjoying the advantages of four years of intimate acquaintance with State affairs, has already laid before the Senate and Assembly. That the suggestions for the guidance of the Legislature contained in that message will receive thoughtful consideration, and, wherever possible, will be acted upon, is the earnest desire of him who now succeeds to the Executive office.

Standing here to-day, the new Governor of my native State, the impressive words of my oath of office still ringing in my ears, striving to appreciate fully the responsibilities that rest upon me, realizing faintly my own limitations and the difficulties before me—standing here to-day, I pledge to the people of California, and to you, gentlemen of the Legislature, the best that in me lies for a wise, careful, economical, and yet progressive administration. It is my hope that during the next four years this great State shall advance with even more rapid strides than ever before toward the accomplishment of her splendid destiny.

In order that this hope may be realized, it is indispensable that there should be the most cordial co-operation not only of all public officers, but also of all good citizens. And I shall therefore welcome, at all times, the views, adverse or favorable, of every citizen of California whose interest in the welfare of the State impels him to do his duty and freely express his sentiments.

THE STATE IS PROSPEROUS.

We take office under conditions which are most flattering. California is blessed to-day with a material prosperity for which her citizens may well thank the bountiful mercies of the God who rules the destinies of nations and of men. Almost every interest is thriving as it has not thrived before in many years; our homes are homes of peace and plenty; work and employment abound, and the rewards of industry and enterprise were never greater. Wealth is increasing; and the proportion of the increase which is represented by the \$350,000,000 deposited in our savings banks indicates that prosperity is widely distributed among all our people and is not the exclusive enjoyment of a few. Upon such industrial conditions as these we may well congratulate ourselves; and, if we are wise, we shall carefully refrain from any course which might produce a change for the worse.

One of the essentials to a stable prosperity is a reasonable content with the blessings we enjoy and the avoidance of dissensions which would interfere with the steady movement of industry. We may, therefore, well deprecate the efforts of those who, however honest in their mistaken zeal, would strive to create classes among our people where no classes are or ought to be, and who would endeavor to array those who labor with their hands against those whose livelihood is gained in other ways. Under the American flag, with its guaranty of equal rights, there is no room for classes. Labor, without capital and intelligence, can accomplish little; and capital, without labor and intelligence, is equally helpless. But labor, capital, and intelligence, all three working to a common end, can do all things. It is the duty of the State to see that each of the three, so necessary to our welfare, shall be given protection and encouragement, and that none of them shall be sacrificed to the others. But it should be always borne in mind that labor has but little opportunity to look after its own welfare; and, therefore, its rights and privileges should be the more carefully guarded by the State. But the rights and privileges of all persons should be, and will be, preserved and guarded by the State so long as we are true to the American ideal; and any attempt to divide our citizens into classes according to their occupations, or to found political parties upon so-called social distinctions, will be the first step toward the disintegration and downfall which have been the fate of all nations that have entered upon such a course. Greece, Rome, the French Empire, all fell to pieces as soon as classes were recognized in the state. Their fate should always be before our eyes.

THE WRIT OF INJUNCTION.

Complaint is frequently made against our courts for what is alleged to be a too frequent and an ill-advised use of the writ of injunctions.

Properly used, this writ may save property, life, and liberty. Improperly used, it may become an instrument of oppression. Without it, the rights and privileges of individuals would be often imperiled, if not destroyed. I would, therefore, advise great caution in legislating in the matter. While it will be well to look thoroughly into it, I am strongly of the opinion that hasty legislation might be very bad legislation; and the passage of ill-advised or hastily-considered laws on this subject might place us under greater disadvantages than those we now have.

A GOVERNMENT OF DIVIDED POWERS.

The experience of a century has proved that the division of governmental powers between the legislative, the judicial, and the executive departments, each with its limitations well defined, both in our Nation and in our States, was a wise provision on the part of those who framed our constitutions. Sometimes this division of authority leads to vexatious delays, and sometimes the government appears to lack vigor in righting wrongs or instituting reforms. But, in the long run, this division of powers is conducive to that orderly progress which contains the best assurance of the greatest good to the greatest number. It is proper that each of these three departments of government should be independent, and that no one of them should ever attempt to interfere with the lawful prerogatives of the others. It shall, therefore, be my endeavor while at the head of the Executive Department to act in this spirit and respect the independence of each of the other departments. But, on the other hand, there should always be such cordial relations between the concomitant branches of the State government that no one of them should ever hesitate to advise and counsel with, or even offer criticism to, the others. Therefore, I bespeak from the members of the Legislature, both Senate and Assembly, from the other officers of the State government, and from the judiciary, on all occasions, and at all times, a full, frank, and free offering of advice, counsel, and criticism to and of the Chief Executive. And, in turn, I shall take it upon myself to advise and counsel with the other branches of the State government, as custom and the law direct.

PROTECTION OF INDUSTRIES.

Two of the most important industries of the commonwealth are those of mining and agriculture, including under the latter term viticulture and horticulture, dairying, stock-raising, lumbering, and all the industries directly connected with the soil. These are the source of a great share of our wealth, our reputation, and our prosperity. In their development there have been illustrated not only the limitless resources which nature has bestowed upon California, but also the indomitable energy of our people. For, without the latter, the former would have remained

as valueless as they were while the land was in the possession of the several races which preceded us. The gold-seekers who were drawn here by Marshall's discovery were pioneers in a double sense: for they not only explored a strange land, but in extracting the precious metal they were compelled to develop a new art. With characteristic American ingenuity, they overcame stubborn difficulties; and so thoroughly did they and their successors master the business that California has since been called upon to supply the world with practical and theoretical mining men.

The triumphs of our agriculturists have been no less remarkable. In this case, as in that of the miner, great natural opportunities were accompanied by formidable obstacles. Our markets are so far away that our crops are transported greater distances than those of any of our competitors. Only a rich soil and a singularly favorable climate, coupled with an enterprise which never permits itself to be conquered, could have made it possible to produce grain for the European markets in competition with the nearer wheat-fields, or to transport our fresh fruits across thousands of miles of desert and mountain to the Eastern centers where they are sold.

It is the duty of the State carefully to foster these great industries, to see that they are not oppressed by unequal taxation or other unfair conditions, and to make liberal provision for the scientific research and training which are necessary to insure our future leadership in these directions. There is an increasing dependence upon science in all the practical arts, and the husbandman and the miner of the future must be better educated than those of the last century.

WASTE OF FOREST RESOURCES.

Another fundamental consideration, to which we can not too often return when discussing what will most surely promote the greatness of our State, is the necessity of protecting our natural resources from needless destruction or waste; and of all our resources there are none which stand more in need of safeguarding than our streams and forests. A large part of California is a semi-arid land, in which irrigation is either a necessity or an advantage; and over great areas of fertile soil the only measure of production is the measure of the water which is available.

The relationship between streams and forests is an intimate one, and the former are best guarded by protecting the latter. Our forests are our great natural reservoirs. Where the mountain sides are clothed with abundant forests, which delay the run-off of the winter rains, the need for artificial reservoirs is not great. It is claimed, too, that the amount of our annual rainfall has steadily diminished as our mountains have been denuded of their forests.

If, in a country as moist as Germany, the preservation of the forests is deemed so important that their ownership can not be trusted to private interests, and their management is one of the most important concerns of the government, how much more important is it for this State, by averting the danger of destruction of its forests, to save itself from such a fate as has overtaken Spain and other semi-arid countries of the Old World!

Our National Government, seeing this great peril imminent, has created a series of forest reserves which will protect forever the headwaters of numerous streams flowing into the San Joaquin and other valleys. But there are millions of acres of timber lying outside the forest reserves. Recently the title to these lands has been passing from the government of the United States to private parties with a rapidity which has excited justifiable alarm. One great manufacturing corporation has acquired no less than 40,000 acres. A single enterprising speculator who has been engaged for several years in buying out smaller owners and the makers of original entries is credited with controlling no less than 1,000,000 acres. Several other investors are each currently reported to have acquired from 20,000 to 100,000 acres. The methods by which these great tracts of timber land have been transferred to private owners are discussed in the last annual report of Secretary of the Interior Hitchcock. He charges that a system of making wholesale entries in the names of persons who are hired for the purpose has been inaugurated by speculators, who immediately acquire the title from the entrymen, and that, in this way, at a cost of only about \$2.50 per acre, ownership is acquired of timber which in some instances is worth forty times as much. So long as a fraud is so easy and so profitable as this one has proved to be, it will be practiced; and Secretary Hitchcock announces it as his conclusion that unless certain Acts of Congress, notably the Stone and Timber Act of 1878, are soon repealed or amended, the result will be "the complete destruction of the timber on the unappropriated and unreserved public lands."

DANGERS OF FOREST DESTRUCTION.

The rapid passage from public to private ownership of the forests of California which are not included in the forest reserves will be looked upon with misgiving by every thoughtful person, because it is hardly probable that private interest will tend to such use of the forests as will long insure their preservation. And though, from the legal standpoint, this is a Federal question, the State has a deep interest in its solution. During several sessions, the Secretary of the Interior has appealed to Congress, though, so far, without success, to change the laws which make it so fatally easy for corporations and speculators to acquire the ownership of the forests. Recognizing the vast prospective

interest which the State of California has in this matter, it may be wise for the Legislature to address Congress by resolution, setting forth what, in its judgment, ought to be done.

But worse than the rapid cutting of our timber is the utter want of care for the protection of the second growth. Dead and fallen timber, stripped bark and limbs, rejected butts and tops are allowed to lie where they fall. In a short while the ground, exposed to the sun, is covered with a new growth of tiny trees, which, if allowed to grow, would, in half a score of years, cover again with grateful shade the land upon which the rains of winter fall. And thus our streams would still retain the slowly-fed sources of their summer fullness. But, ere this second growth can gain a development that makes it a protection to the thirsty soil, ere it can become sturdy enough to fight its own way, the fallen débris left by the timber-cutter is swept by mountain fires, and the little trees are killed before they have the opportunity to do the work that Nature designed them for. And, in the place of the cool, damp depths of forest-shaded mountain sides, holding, like sponges, the rains of winter, to give them slowly up in spring and summer to the mountain streams and rivers of the plains—in place of this, we have bare, baked mountain sides, gashed and gullied by the winter torrents, which thus run riot and are lost to those who need them most in the heat and dryness of succeeding summer.

Not only so, but in half a century this second growth, having done its work during these years, would, if permitted to exist, itself again become a source of wealth. And thus our friends, the trees, serve a double purpose to our growing wants.

I call the attention of the Legislature to the instant need of some action to protect our present forests and promote the growth of new ones in the place of those no longer ours. Let some protection be given; at least let the danger of fires, as set forth above, be guarded against by all possible precautions.

IRRIGATION AND WATER LAWS.

Legislation which promises to be of inestimable benefit to the arid West has recently been enacted by Congress, whereby the proceeds of sales of the public lands in certain States and Territories may be used for the creation of irrigation works. No State has a deeper interest than has ours in this momentous innovation in national policy; and, in order that we may secure the largest possible benefit with the smallest loss of time, it would be well to provide for co-operation with the Federal authorities, at least in the measurement of the flow of streams, the surveys of reservoir sites and other preliminaries to the practical operation of the Act. This subject, as well as the matter of our forests, I also commend to the thoughtful attention of the Legislature.

Of equal importance is the revision of the irrigation laws, a course of action to which all parties in the late election pledged their candidates. This is a most necessary proceeding, because the evils of the existing system are numerous and very serious; but it is also a difficult undertaking, because it involves numerous legal and economic problems. These, however, should not discourage attempts at reform, but should only incite to greater efforts to accomplish results which would be so greatly beneficial and to which members of the Legislature, as well as the executive officers, stand pledged.

THE PUBLIC SCHOOLS.

Education is the greatest interest with the care of which the State stands charged. Fully one half of the revenues raised by the State government is expended for education in one form or another; and in this California is merely yielding to the strongly marked tendency in all governments, which, where they once grudgingly gave a small pittance for the education of the people, are now content to see it become one of the largest of the State and local and even National expenditures. New York State, counting State and local outlays, spends \$30,000,000 annually upon her public schools; and California, with a record of more than \$7,000,000 a year, is, in proportion to population, equally liberal. The cost of our public schools is not far from \$5 for every man, woman, and child in California; but the object is recognized as a noble one, and no taxes are paid more cheerfully.

In these matters California is where she belongs, in the front rank of progress. Proportionately, she expends as much for her common schools as any of the States in the Union; or, if there be exceptions, they are but two or three in number. In results obtained, also, we have reason for satisfaction, even if not cause for exultation. But excellence in these matters is marked by an advancing standard, and California can not afford to rest upon the record of what she has accomplished. Already several of the Western States surpass us in the percentage of children who attend school, and it will not do to be further outstripped in this competition.

The welfare and the perpetuity of the State demand that each and every one of its citizens should be educated and intelligent. The public schools are kept up for that purpose. And the State should insist upon its right to have every child within its borders obtain at least some education. And California should be ashamed that so large a proportion of her children do not go to school at all. There may be two reasons for this. One is the overcrowding of the schools in some of our larger cities, and the other is the fact that child-labor is becoming more frequent as our manufactories increase. Of both conditions California may well be ashamed. Let us provide school-room enough

for all our children; and then see to it that every California child shall go to school at least six years. The State has a selfish interest in demanding this, while humanity and charity will applaud the act. Above all, California should, once for all, refuse to allow the growth of child-labor within her borders. I commend these matters to the careful consideration of the Legislature.

THE HIGH SCHOOL AMENDMENT.

By the adoption, at the recent election, of a constitutional amendment, the levying of a special State tax for the support of high schools is authorized; and thus there is taken another long forward step. It is the decision of the people, expressed by the ballot, that the State government may undertake the partial support of the secondary schools, and also that these should become, in the fullest sense, a portion of the general system. In dealing with a matter with which they are so well acquainted as they are with the common schools, the instincts of the people can be trusted. But, in the practical application, some difficulties may arise, owing to the unsatisfactory condition of the State revenue system. And for the present, and for some time to come, the advocates of State support of high schools ought to be content with a very moderate special tax.

There are at present one hundred and thirty-nine high schools in the State, and they have an enrollment of more than fourteen thousand pupils. The constitutional amendment and the legislation to follow will cause the establishment of a considerable additional number of schools. On a conservative calculation it is easy to show that if the State should undertake to pay one half the cost of high schools it would add to the existing burden of taxation an amount almost equal to the support accorded to the State University. The proportion of the cost of support of high schools which the State can undertake should, it seems to me, be much less than this.

An additional reason for reaching this conclusion is that our State government already contributes to the support of the schools in larger proportion than other States. The policy has been adopted by all the States of dividing the cost of maintaining public schools between State and local governments. But while the average of all the States shows that sixteen per cent of the total is borne by the State governments, the proportion so borne in California is forty-five per cent, or nearly three times as great. While the State is interested in having good, even the best, schools, still, it would be well, I think, to have a fair portion of their cost assessed upon the localities where they are situated.

INVESTMENT OF SCHOOL FUND.

There is now lying in the State Treasury \$1,000,000 of school money. It is the policy of the State to invest this money in such a manner as

to produce as great an income as possible. But the law provides that the investment shall be made only in National, State, or County bonds. The returns from National bonds are so slight that it is hardly profitable thus to invest these funds. State bonds are not available, for the reason that nearly all of California State bonds are now held by the School Fund. And, on account of our great prosperity, California's counties are getting rapidly out of debt, and, therefore, their bonds are not available.

In order, therefore, that the School Fund may receive the largest possible income commensurate with safety, I would suggest that the law be so amended that investments may be made in municipal and school bonds of California. Of course such investments would require the most careful investigation of the legality of the securities offered. But, with proper care, the investments would be safe, and the benefits to the schools would be great.

MAINTENANCE OF STATE UNIVERSITY.

The State University, our greatest single educational institution, is in a position where it is compelled to appeal for a more liberal provision for its needs. The people have been generous to the University. But they have imposed upon it demands which are, at present, beyond its ability to meet. It has been costing, until very recently, approximately \$300,000 to support the University; and measured by results, no equal amount of money expended for any other purpose produces greater benefits. The higher education has ceased to be regarded as an elegant accomplishment, or the possession of merely the fortunate few. Thousands of bright and ambitious boys and girls, drawn from all walks of life, look upon it as a necessary part of their equipment for future work; and it is no less remarkable how, in all lines of industry, the services of university-trained young men and women are demanded. Science and practical business are coming every day more into touch; and the university graduate is no longer looked upon as an impracticable, useless member of any community.

The University of California stands to-day among the foremost institutions of learning in the United States, if not in the world. Its graduates are holding positions of greatest trust and highest emoluments, and are looked upon, the world over, as among the greatest authorities in mining matters. To our agricultural, horticultural, and viticultural interests the University has rendered services of the greatest value. It has placed itself at the disposal of the farmer, the orchardist, and the vineyardist, and has given them the benefit of a scientific examination of soils and waters; it has helped them fight the pests which threaten to destroy the products of their toil; it has sent its representatives to the Farmers' Institutes, and placed at their disposal all the knowledge

that scientific investigation has produced. The University has saved many millions to the State and has added many other millions to our wealth.

The 2,400 students now at Berkeley have taxed to the utmost the income so generously provided. The room which was ample for half the number of students is, long since, overcrowded. It is to be hoped that the Legislature may see its way clear to do something toward providing accommodations and instruction adequate to the army of young people who are now crowding and overcrowding the classrooms at Berkeley and making it necessary to resort to all manner of temporary expedients to provide for the overflow.

I commend, therefore, the University of California to the Legislature and bespeak a careful consideration of its needs.

HOSPITALS AND PRISONS.

California, probably on account of her geographical position and her fame as a land of wealth and easy conditions of life, which serve as an attraction to the restless and idle, has an overplus of inmates in her penitentiaries and reformatories. These unfortunate persons constitute a small army of from 2,500 to 3,000, who are supported at an aggregate expense to the people of about \$400,000 a year. There is another army of still more unfortunate ones, numbering over 5,000, who are inmates of our asylum-hospitals; and the burden of their maintenance is annually three quarters of a million dollars. In our two large Prisons, our five State Hospitals, and our Home for the Feeble-Minded, we are presented with problems enough to call for the efforts of the best penologists and alienists. May it not be proper to call to the aid of the State, to an extent greater than has yet been attempted, those who have made a scientific study of these matters, and to get the benefit of their counsel and advice?

It is generally admitted that the management of the State Hospitals for the Insane has been judicious and humane. The cost of support per patient in them is lower than in a majority of asylums in other States, and the percentage of recoveries is creditably high. But there are other things connected with the institutions which are not so satisfactory. The increase of patients is great enough to call for frequent large expenditures to add to the capacity of the hospitals, while, at the same time, there is generally a considerable number of inmates, who, although they are helpless and poor, and, therefore, proper objects of charity, are not in their right place in institutions intended for the treatment and care of the insane. It is much easier to secure the admission of patients to the hospitals than it is to effect their discharge after they have been found to have been improperly placed there. There is ample opportunity for improvement in the method of commitment

and the manner of disposing of cases which belong in county hospitals rather than in institutions for the insane. The Legislature will do well to investigate these matters and provide a remedy therefor.

Although the continued growth of our insane population can be counted on with certainty, it would be unwise, I think, to make any addition to the number of asylums, because it is cheaper to add to the capacity of the existing institutions, the cost of maintenance being proportionately less in a large establishment, up to a certain point, than in a small one. In course of time, the main buildings at each of our hospitals will be surrounded by groups of smaller ones, the cottage plan of housing the patients having been tried and found very satisfactory. Thus, the accommodations may be increased indefinitely, without proportionate increase in the cost of administration.

It is probable, however, that it will soon be necessary to make some provision for the separate care of two classes, the criminal insane and those insane and criminals who are afflicted with tuberculosis and other infectious and contagious chronic diseases, and who, therefore, ought not to be allowed to endanger the health of those who are free from such diseases.

To direct the operations of its hospitals, with their large and growing population, the State should enjoy the services not only of the best medical specialists, but of a well-trained corps of nurses and attendants. And this can be best insured by making security of tenure, certainty of promotion, and increase of pay the faithful rewards of faithful work and effort for improvement. Appointments and removals for political reasons should not under any circumstances be made in the State hospitals.

The State Commission in Lunacy, which was established a few years ago, and which shares the powers formerly exercised alone by independent local boards of trustees, has accomplished considerable in the direction of unifying the system, stimulating improvement, and equalizing conditions. Further benefits from the new arrangement may be expected in time.

PRISON GOVERNMENT.

The present method of governing the State prisons, through a Board of Directors, who are appointed for long terms, has brought forth some good results, and the Directors must be applauded for the improvements in discipline and the efforts toward the reformation of criminals which they have made. At the same time, it is admitted by the members of the Board, in their biennial reports, that there is room for changes for the better in a number of ways, most of which will require action by the Legislature. The congregate plan, by which persons of all degrees of criminality, old and young, first offenders and hardened veterans, are mingled, is still pursued. There can be no doubt that this exercises a

disastrous influence against the success of reformative measures. Both humane and economic reasons appeal to us to do what we can to bring our penal methods into line with the best thought of the day. And I therefore bespeak a careful consideration of any proposals intended to accomplish this which may be brought before the Legislature. One such proposal will be for the establishment, in a few of the larger cities, of special courts for the trial of juvenile delinquents, and the separate confinement of youthful and first offenders, so that they may not be hardened in crime by enforced association with those who are incapable of reform.

THE NATIONAL GUARD.

There can be no doubt that standing armies, such as are maintained by European countries, may be a menace to liberty, and certainly are expensive and a drag upon material prosperity. In our country they are not needed. On the other hand, the Spanish-American war has demonstrated the necessity of having a trained body of men ready to spring to arms whenever necessity shall demand. And the instant ease with which the National Government was able to put into the field armies of at least partially trained soldiers proved, beyond the question of a doubt, the necessity for an organization of State troops, through which passes a percentage of our young and patriotic citizens. It is idle to say that our National Guard is of no use. The gallant service rendered by the First California Volunteers, taken as a body from our National Guard, to say nothing of those other thousands who volunteered in other commands for service in the Spanish-American war, refutes the accusation of uselessness. I therefore recommend that our citizen soldiery be given due consideration and support by the Legislature.

HARBOR IMPROVEMENTS.

The great commerce that is beginning to flow through our State to and from the Far East, where this nation has recently acquired important possessions, mostly finds its entry and exit through the port of San Francisco. Within a comparatively few years the commerce, which even now taxes to its utmost the facilities there so wisely provided by the State, will wax far beyond the capacity of the present docks. The newly laid transpacific cable, the greatest work of our late lamented fellow-citizen, John W. Mackay, brings us closer to Hawaii, and will, in a few short months, unite us to the Orient. From this will flow still greater benefits; and we must be ready to take advantage of them.

It behooves the State, therefore, carefully to consider the fast approaching absolute inadequacy of the existing facilities and to increase them by some well-devised plan of expansion. Transportation seeks

the cheapest routes, and ocean commerce concentrates in the ports where cargoes can be most economically loaded and discharged. California's seaports have strong competitors in the North; and, in order to hold the profitable business we already enjoy and to command as much as possible of the new commerce of the Pacific Ocean, it is necessary to make the most of the opportunities offered by the harbor of San Francisco, and also of other harbors on which the State controls water frontages.

I recommend, therefore, that the wharves and docks of San Francisco, where so much has already been done and so much more is urgently demanded, be given instant attention, and that some plan be devised whereby the present facilities be greatly increased as soon as possible. And, in this connection, it may not be out of place to call attention to the fact that the building of wharves and docks of wood in these teredo-infested waters is, while cheapest in the first instance, far more expensive in the long run. It would be well, therefore, it seems to me, to devise a plan for making all these needed improvements, so that they will last indefinitely and not require to be replaced every few years.

If, in order to execute the improvements, it should be necessary to borrow money upon bonds, to be paid, principal and interest, from the future income of the port, as was done when the ferry building was constructed, it is well worth considering whether this would not be a justifiable and business-like proceeding.

The harbors of San Diego, San Pedro, Oakland, and Eureka should also receive attention at the hands of the State, and some plan be inaugurated for their improvement.

THE BALLOT LAW.

The ballot law, which was adopted in this State in the belief that it would correct the evils which prevailed when the old party ballot was used, has developed a weakness which could not have been foreseen, and legislative remedy is necessary. In its desire to exclude all opportunities for fraud and to obtain absolute secrecy, the Legislature required strict uniformity in the marking of ballots; and the courts have interpreted these requirements with equal strictness. The consequences are that many voters, through carelessness or lack of understanding, make mistakes which are fatal; and the ballots have to be rejected. These are not the results which the framers of the law intended; and some change to prevent the thwarting of the will of so many voters is necessary. But the framing of the needed amendment calls for the exercise of good judgment, lest the attempted cure of one evil create other and worse evils, as so often happens in dealing with matters like this. It seems probable that, in the ballot-machine, which has now been clearly legalized by a change in the Constitution, we shall

ultimately find relief from the perplexities of ballot laws which are so frequently too loose or too strict to work well. I need hardly say, however, that the whole question should be approached with great care and handled with extreme conservatism. There is nothing in which, to my mind, haste would make greater waste than this.

RELIEF FOR SUPREME COURT.

The inability of our Supreme Court, even with the help of its assisting Commission, to hear and determine, within a reasonable time, the causes submitted to it, seems to call for prompt relief. I therefore recommend that the Legislature, after asking the advice and assistance of the judiciary, endeavor to devise some better plan, to be submitted to the people in the form of a constitutional amendment, in order that justice may be sooner done and the expenses of litigation may be curtailed.

ST. LOUIS AND PORTLAND EXPOSITIONS.

During the next two years there will held two important expositions of art and industry in which it may be desirable that California should be represented by such exhibits of her products as will most likely prove a benefit by attracting capital and the best class of settlers. The first of these is the Louisiana Purchase Exposition, which will open in the city of St. Louis next year, and the other is the Lewis and Clark Exposition, to be held in Portland in 1905. The former will be international in character, and will equal or exceed in scope any other exposition held in this country; while the second is of great interest to California, because it will be held in the leading commercial city of the neighboring State of Oregon.

I recommend that a modest appropriation be made, under a law so framed that it will be possible to secure the most judicious expenditure of the money and the most efficient direction of the exhibit. We should try to profit by the experience already gained by participation in several expositions, to secure, by good management, the largest measure of benefits with the smallest expenditure of funds.

STATE CIVIL SERVICE.

The platforms of the two principal parties adopted before the recent election contained declarations in favor of the merit system in the civil service of the State. This is an end toward which we should work with discriminating intelligence and steady purpose. The reform is one which must follow, and not precede, the creation of a genuine public sentiment in its favor. Experience has demonstrated that elaborate systems of examination and promotion will not succeed, unless the public thoroughly understands the object which is aimed at and has confidence in the means proposed to attain it. In this matter,

gradual progress is the best of all progress, because it is the surest and most enduring. The success which has been obtained in the classified civil service of the Federal government, after twenty years of trial, points the way to the eventual evolution of a similar system under the State government.

APPROPRIATIONS AND TAXES.

At present, the Governor of California is inducted into office under circumstances which greatly militate against his efficiency. Elected in November, he goes into office early in January, only two months afterward. Unable, in this short space of time, to gain the mastery of the intricacies of so great and complicated a business as is presented to him by the manifold affairs of the State; unable even to visit, much less to study, the many State institutions; precluded from informing himself in any satisfactory manner as to the needs of or abuses in any of the many departments of the State government, the Governor, as his first official duty, finds himself face to face with a Legislature, most of the members of which are as inexperienced as he in the business they have in hand. Would it not be better to have the State election held two months earlier, say about September first? If this were done the newly-elected officials would have four, instead of two, months in which to study the situation and inform themselves on their new duties. To do this, would, of course, require a constitutional amendment.

THE NEXT TAX LEVY.

I have reserved till the last a matter which holds as large responsibilities for the Legislature and the Governor as any other, and which calls for renewed serious consideration at each biennial session. The maintenance of so many State institutions, boards, and commissions renders the financial problem a troublesome one at all times. During the next two years it is certain to be unusually difficult. Briefly stated, the situation is this: The tax bill passed by the last Legislature provided a levy for the General Fund much smaller than is usual. Although this rendered a low tax rate possible for the current year, which was very agreeable to taxpayers, it will make a serious drain upon the surplus which had been accumulating in the treasury for some years. Exactly what the conditions are will be made clearer by the following figures, which show the amounts directed by law to be raised for the General Fund for each of the last six fiscal years:

Forty-ninth fiscal year	\$2,553,602 00
Fiftieth fiscal year	2,553,602 00
Fifty-first fiscal year	4,000,722 00
Fifty-second fiscal year	2,946,222 00
Fifty-third fiscal year	2,750,000 00
Fifty-fourth fiscal year	1,750,000 00

The cost of conducting the State government does not vary so much from year to year that the General Fund levy can be reduced a million dollars in any one year without causing the expenditures to exceed the revenues. The demands upon the General Fund in recent years have exceeded three million dollars annually. And, even when receipts from other sources than taxation are added, the revenues of the year are still bound to be exceeded by the expenditures, if the levy is no larger than it has been for the last two years, and especially for the fifty-fourth fiscal year.

The present Legislature and the Executive must face the serious fact that the General Fund will be almost depleted by the end of the fiscal year, June 30, 1903, and the new fiscal year will commence with so small a balance that, between July and December, before the taxes for the coming year are paid in, the fund will be exhausted and it will be necessary to resort to borrowing from other funds in order to pay the State's creditors when their claims mature. Later on, the amounts so borrowed must be returned to the funds from which they were borrowed.

Owing to the conditions just described, it is inevitable that the levies for the General Fund for the fifty-fifth and fifty-sixth fiscal years should be much larger than the levy for the fifty-fourth. And State taxes, therefore, will be higher. It is only fair that it should be distinctly understood in advance that this, however regrettable, can not be avoided, and that it will be due, not to any extravagance of the present Legislature, but to the policy of its predecessor in reducing the revenues more than it reduced the expenditures.

In justice to the taxpayers, taxes can not be raised above a certain figure. To keep taxes within bounds, and, at the same time, to rehabilitate the General Fund, it will be necessary for the Legislature to make a sincere endeavor to achieve economy by retrenching every needless expense. The necessity for economy is too plain to be questioned, and while there are many improvements in connection with the State institutions which could be made with good effect—while, indeed, many of them are so much needed as to be really urgent—only so many of them can be undertaken as can be provided for by a reasonable tax rate.

THE GENERAL PROPERTY TAX.

The present situation is such as to suggest a short review of the recent history of our tax system. There is a general feeling that the State revenue system is not working so well as might be expected—certainly, not so well as could be desired. This, perhaps, is not surprising, and at any rate, it is not peculiar to California. Two years ago a special committee of the California Senate made a report on taxation, in which it was said: "From Maine to Texas, and from Florida to California, there is but one opinion as to the working of the present system. That is, that it is inequitable, unfair, and positively unjust."

The particular subject under discussion by the committee was the general property tax, and it was considered from the taxpayers' point of view. From that standpoint, as well as others, it is unsatisfactory. In the case of California, it has failed to raise the revenue which, at a fair rate, ought to have been produced. - And the only conclusion is that much property escapes taxation. For a long time the State has been growing in wealth even more rapidly than in population, as proved by the immense increase in bank deposits, by the growth of commercial exchanges, by numerous heavy investments of capital, and by the general air of prosperity.

And yet assessors have been able to find very little of this newly-created wealth. The total assessment of property has remained almost stationary. And, although we are now enjoying an era of unexampled prosperity, the total assessed valuation is a little less than eighteen per cent greater than it was fifteen years ago. This, every one will admit, is absurd.

The burden of taxation on property which the assessor finds is generally heavy enough—often too heavy—but there is much which he fails to find. This becomes very clear when the proportion of personal property assessment compared with the entire assessment is considered. There was a time, many years ago, when personal property comprised very nearly fifty per cent of the total assessed valuation. That was in the 60's. By 1880 the personal property assessment had gone down, relatively, so much that it constituted only twenty-five per cent of the total. By 1886 it was down to twenty per cent, and in recent years it has been generally about fifteen per cent, though sometimes falling considerably below even that small proportion.

As a community grows in wealth and civilization, the proportion of its wealth invested in forms of property other than real estate and improvements tends to increase relatively as well as absolutely. And yet, the amount of personal property assessed in California is actually less by several millions than it was thirty years ago. As long ago as 1872, the assessors found nearly two hundred and twenty million dollars' worth of personal property. A few years later the assessment had shrunk to a little more than half of that sum, and, although there has since been a slow increase, it amounts, for the current year, to only two hundred millions.

Contrary to the belief, which is entertained by many, the financial troubles of our State government are not due to a large increase in aggregate expenditures, because in recent years there has been no such increase. Eight years ago both receipts and expenditures were slightly larger than they are at present. It is inevitable, in spite of all the economy we can practice, that there should be a progressive growth of expenditures for public purposes, keeping pace with the population, or

even outrunning it, and it is clear that, soon or later, our revenue laws must be changed, so as to produce more satisfactory results.

As has been remarked, the complaint is widespread against the workings of the general property tax. And some of the most advanced communities are casting about to see what they can do to supplement this source of revenue or to supplant it entirely as a means of providing for the needs of State governments. In the report of the United States Industrial Commission, the whole subject of State and local taxation is reviewed, and the effects upon industry of the present system are considered. One of the conclusions reached by these investigators, as it has been reached by others, is that the present system does not bear equally upon all classes of property owners, but is very inequitable in the distribution of its burdens. It is contended that the agriculturist, all of whose property, both real and personal, is usually visible to the assessor, is taxed considerably in excess of his fair proportion to other property owners. The escape from taxation of personal property is everywhere a crying evil.

To some of these facts the State Controller of California has called attention in former years. He has suggested certain changes in the tax laws, which might have been made with advantage. But most of these suggestions still await action by the Legislature. They should be taken up, and, where possible, adopted.

ATTEMPTED REFORMS IN OTHER STATES.

Realizing the defects in their tax laws, a number of Eastern States have attempted to reform their tax systems. And more progress has been made in eliminating the general property tax than is known to most persons. In Vermont, taxes on real and personal property for general State purposes are levied only when specially ordered by the Legislature; although school and highway taxes are levied annually. In Connecticut, real and personal property has not been taxed for many years. In New Jersey, the only general property tax is collected for schools. In Wisconsin, practically the same state of affairs prevails; the only general property tax ordinarily levied being for the schools and the State University. Pennsylvania has gone even further than her sister States, and real estate is never taxed, except for county and local purposes. The State of New York, also, is aiming to eliminate the personal property tax; and it has made so much progress that, in the year 1900 the tax levied was only twelve cents on the hundred dollars, the lowest in forty years. In 1901 New York derived a revenue of \$5,000,000 from the corporation tax, and \$4,000,000 from the inheritance tax.

In the report of the United States Industrial Commission, before referred to, the conclusion is reached, and strongly supported, that it

should be the aim of the State governments to abolish the general property tax for State purposes, leaving to the counties, cities, and other political subdivisions the exclusive right to tax real and personal property, while the necessary revenues for the States are raised in other ways. In the course of the argument, the majority of the Commission makes the following assertion:

"The general property tax is better adapted to a new country, or to an agricultural population, where property is homogeneous, and mainly tangible, than to the modern industrial state."

These matters are referred to, not because it is believed to be possible for California to enter at once on a radical reform of its revenue system, but because it is well to take note of impending changes before they are actually forced upon us, and to promote such discussion as will prepare the way for the transition. Even if it were possible, it would be inadvisable, because unjust, to make a sudden revolutionary change, altering the whole scheme of taxation. Such changes should be gradual, so as to give least shock to established industries and to vested interests.

Meantime, much could be done in the line of practical reform by putting forth greater efforts to live up to the tax laws we already have and to force a fair assessment of the different forms of property. There is no reason why the assessment roll should remain stationary when a State is growing rapidly in wealth, and more particularly, no reason why all but a small fraction of the vast amount of personal property should escape the notice of the assessors. A determined effort on the part of the State and county officers to do their duty would soon work a change, the effects of which would be gratifying.

THE DUTY TO THE PEOPLE.

I welcome the members of the Senate and the Assembly to the high duties which, in the name of the people, whose chosen representatives they are, it is their privilege to perform. The opportunity is presented to render service which will be of vast benefit to the State of California; but to take advantage of and improve the opportunity there is needed such a consecration of purpose as will exclude any temptation to labor for the more selfish objects of party or of self. The time in which the work of the Legislature is performed is short; sixty days afford only a brief space in which to deal with the numerous subjects, some of them of great importance, which are certain to be presented in bills and constitutional amendments. The session is too short for effective work if any portion of it is frittered away through inattention to business or is dissipated in needless contentions. There should be no political strifes. We have each and all been elected by the people; we are all their servants, and faithful attention to their affairs—not senseless rivalries—is what they expect at our hands. They will not commend us if we

engage in personal bickerings or neglect the public business while trying to thwart one another and gain a supposed political advantage for any party or any person. The familiar saying, that he serves his party best who serves his country best, is applicable at this time; and it is in that spirit, I trust, we shall act during the thirty-fifth session of the California Legislature. If we do so, the fruits of our labors will be certain to be such as, when presented to the people, to gain their earnest approval.

To the retiring Governor I extend my congratulations on having carried on the affairs of state so well. Peace, plenty, and prosperity are ours. During his administration there have been but few internal disturbances of the public welfare. And I now take up the burdens just laid down by Governor Gage with the hope that, like him, I may retire from office leaving California peaceful and prosperous and her people happy and contented.

SECOND BIENNIAL MESSAGE

OF

GOVERNOR HENRY T. GAGE

TO THE

LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA.

(THIRTY-FIFTH SESSION.)

1903.



SACRAMENTO:

W. W. SHANNON, : : : SUPERINTENDENT STATE PRINTING.

1903.

SECOND BIENNIAL MESSAGE

OF

GOVERNOR HENRY T. GAGE.

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT, STATE OF CALIFORNIA,
SACRAMENTO, January 5, 1903.

To the Senate and Assembly of the State of California:

Inasmuch as my distinguished successor will almost immediately take office, and not being advised of his policy, nor wishing, in any manner, to embarrass his administration, I shall therefore so shape this message that it may be largely a communication in respect to the condition of the State and its affairs, and make only recommendations in regard to matters which I deem necessary and expedient, leaving Governor Pardee and your honorable bodies otherwise unhampered by my views.

Elected in November, 1898, by a large plurality of the votes of the people of California, upon a solemn pledge of economy in the administration of State affairs, and having unfalteringly obeyed the law throughout my term of office, I am now gratified to close my administration with all pledges fulfilled and to pay a tribute of merited commendation to the legislators and State officers who, during the last four years, have ably assisted me in those labors which have culminated in numerous public benefits and advantages, and among others in the creditable record of the lowest tax rate in the history of the administrations of this State. Properly to moderate the expenses of a fast-growing State, with vast resources and numberless needs, and, at the same time, not to hinder its onward development by restrictive parsimony, is no mild problem of statecraft. Nor, in the exercise of necessary and firm restraint, is it easy to avoid the criticism of careless observers, or the denunciation of those whose personal interests may seem to be injuriously affected by the improvement of the State's interests.

During my administration I allowed all proper appropriations to meet the current expenses of government, and provided without stint for every State institution and State need, but I curtailed extravagance by vetoing excessive and inexpedient appropriations, so that the State is now on a business basis and able to pay its demands without either a discount of its warrants or the exhaustion of its General Fund.

In disallowing appropriations I have not evaded any law which required their payment, nor any State exigency which was required to be, sooner or later, faced.

Believing that the farming and stock-raising industries of the State would be best promoted by advancing the interests of the several existing agricultural associations established by law, I approved liberal but not lavish appropriations for their support.

STATE PRINTING OFFICE OPENED—ENACTMENT AND OPERATION OF LAW ESTABLISHING SEPARATE PRINTING FUNDS FOR STATE OFFICERS.

I opened the State Printing Office, which had been closed during the last year of my predecessor's term, and, having allowed sufficient appropriation to pay the current expenses, I approved on March 6, 1899, the Act entitled "An Act to add a new section to the Political Code, to be known and numbered as section five hundred and forty, creating the State Printing Fund, authorizing its use, and prescribing the duties of the Superintendent of State Printing, Controller, and Treasurer, in connection therewith, all relating to State printing."

Section three of said Act provides for the printing of reports of all State officers, boards, and commissions out of their separate printing funds, which funds were provided for in the General Appropriation Bill.

This law was passed in pursuance of my suggestion in my inaugural address, where, on page 9, directing attention to the burdens incident to the State printing, I said :

"The expense of such printing, which should properly be charged against the account of the officers of the departments and institutions ordering the printing, is unjustly arrayed against the State Printer's account. Some proper check should be imposed upon the expense of printing incurred by the various officers, boards, and departments. Each public institution and office should be charged for its printing out of its separate appropriation or fund on hand."

This new law has, with few exceptions, worked well ; for it has caused each State officer to be circumspect and economical concerning printing expenses, and therefore has redounded to the material advantage of the people.

OVER-LEGISLATION.

In my inaugural address and, subsequently, in the first biennial message, I adverted to the evils of over-legislation, and now, after an experience of four years, the belief entertained by me that much damage results to the State from the multiplication of new laws has grown into positive conviction.

The zeal of legislators sometimes makes them forget that a new law is, generally, a displacement of a previously existing right, and that the judicial branch of the government will probably pass upon the legis-

lative enactment in the course of litigation arising out of the process of adjusting the new law to the existing relations. A State is less liable to suffer from a paucity than from a redundance of laws.

It was aptly said by one of the learned Justices of our Supreme Court, in a recent case: "A scarcity of statutory laws and want of facility for passing them are not among the evils of the times."

Statutes require time for their maturity in order to manifest their equitable, or disclose their inequitable, effects.

They need the soil of usage and the water of judicial interpretation for their growth and development; and, when once planted, the legislative plow should be tardily exercised.

The rights and obligations of the people are correlated, and so delicately adjusted that sudden and extensive changes in the laws sunder these relations and hinder the harmonious progress of the State.

The repeal of useless and unconstitutional laws which burden our statute books would be more beneficial than the adoption of a number of hastily-considered new laws and doubtful amendments.

Incidental to this evil of over-legislation is an inclination on the part of legislators to enact general laws to fit special cases in order to evade Section 25 of Article IV of the State Constitution, which prohibits local or special legislation. General laws are often passed which, in fact, are only designed to benefit particular individuals or localities, or to relieve special conditions, but, although the special purpose be good, it often happens that the very generality of the law impairs other and more material rights.

Different conditions, as a rule, require different laws.

It is a matter to be regretted that the constitutional provision against special and local legislation is so wide-reaching in its effects.

While the evil that was intended to be remedied and guarded against by Section 25 of Article IV was a very serious one, still the new evil of the enactment of general laws to fit special cases is more serious, and it would be well for this constitutional section to be so amended as to permit necessary exceptions, thereby doing away with this injurious method of legislative evasion.

GOVERNOR'S TIME TO ACT ON LEGISLATIVE BILLS SHOULD BE EXTENDED.

The Constitution has fixed a most inopportune time for the inauguration of the Governor and the assembling of the legislators.

The newly elected Executive is, under the existing laws, compelled to face a busy session of the Legislature at the very beginning of his official career, before he can inform himself in detail of the State's necessities, or outline a complete policy of State administration.

Added to this impeding disadvantage is the constitutional provision which restricts the time to ten days after the adjournment of the

Legislature for approval or disapproval of the numerous important and unimportant bills which are left to the Governor for action by the outgoing legislators, and which increase his many great responsibilities.

During the last week of the session hundreds of bills, many of them very lengthy, and nearly all involving intricate questions of law as well as of policy, are thrust upon the wearied Executive, and it is expected that he can determine these many vexed problems within this narrow constitutional limit of ten days.

Mental as well as physical capacity has its varying limit, and infinite powers are not predicable of Executives.

The Governor should be allowed much more time to examine and intelligently pass upon the various Acts which are submitted by the Legislature for his approval, and which is impossible under the present law.

In the absence of a constitutional amendment remedying this matter, and until the adoption of such a measure, I recommend that the Legislature make use of their discretionary power, and, by concurrent resolution, frame and pass all bills designed for laws and present them to the Governor eight or nine days before the final adjournment. This time would, in addition to the constitutional time, give the Governor eighteen or nineteen days within which to pass upon the numerous measures enacted.

These remaining eight or nine days of partial legislative inaction could be profitably used, among other ways, by the Senate and Assembly in most carefully considering and deliberating upon resolutions and constitutional amendments, pursuing investigations, and acting upon the reports of committees, and the members might also, in their individual capacity, materially assist the Executive by furnishing him with needed information concerning the nature of the bills submitted for his signature.

Where measures, passed by slender majorities, are proper subjects for argument, the Executive, during this interval, might be afforded an opportunity of hearing reasons from both the supporters and opponents of the bills. No higher service could be rendered the State than the adoption of such a course by the Legislature, for it would not only enable the Governor to act more advisedly upon the measures presented, but also prove a barrier to the passage of the many loose and ill-digested laws which are hurried through the Senate and Assembly during the few closing days and hours of the session. At all events, even if the legislators did nothing except to assist the Executive, this interval would be of the highest benefit to the State.

CAREFUL REVISION OF THE ELECTION LAWS A NECESSITY.

The recent election has, no doubt, revealed to your minds various and serious defects in the election laws, which tend to defeat the free expression of the will of the electors.

The necessity of a careful and thorough revision of these important laws which vitally affect fundamental rights being made evident, I am satisfied that from the many amendments which will probably be presented, you will select only those which are constitutional, clear, simple, honest, and best adapted to the requirements of free and intelligent citizens.

In this class of legislation wise counsel will doubtlessly be afforded by my distinguished successor, to whom you will look for the approval of just laws designed to promote these desired ends.

NECESSITY FOR LEGISLATION REGULATING THE DRILLING FOR OIL AND GAS.

Great injury is likely to result to property from the negligent and careless manner of drilling oil and gas wells, as well as from the negligent and careless plugging and filling of such wells after abandonment.

It is quite evident that we shall soon be in great need of some legislation to regulate the conditions surrounding drilling of oil and gas wells. I recommend this matter to your most careful consideration.

LAND FRAUDS—NECESSITY OF VESTING IN THE GOVERNOR POWER OF WITHDRAWAL OF LANDS FROM SALE.

In my message to the Legislature convened in extra session, January 29, 1900, I directed especial attention to the evil of fraudulent speculation in the public lands, and of the open misuse, by land-brokers and speculators, of the rights and privileges afforded by the national and State land laws to bona fide settlers.

In that message it was said that during the last few years thousands of acres of valuable State land had passed under the control of land rings, which lands were sold at prices ranging from four dollars and upward, and were used by the purchasers as scrip for the purpose of obtaining valuable mineral and oil land as well outside as within the State.

This matter did not, however, receive the consideration from the Legislature which its importance deserved, and it was not surprising from this inaction that a few months afterward disclosures should have been made concerning the perpetration of frauds in the acquisition of valuable mineral and oil lands. Had the Legislature then acted upon my suggestion, many valuable claims legally acquired by bona fide appropriators would not have been subjected to the troublesome litigation which ensued, nor would the frauds of the land ring have continued to the detriment of the State and the honest settlers and miners. The quantity of available public land of the State open to entry is small and is fast diminishing, and it is necessary, if any remedy is to be invoked by law, that it should be carried into effect immediately.

I repeat here the reasons and the remedy suggested on pages 16, 17, and 18 of the message at the extra session of 1900, namely:

“Until proper amendments are made to the laws relating to our public land, power should be vested in the Governor to withdraw from sale the school lands, which are now being used as scrip to take the place of the Valentine and Porterfield scrip.

“One of the principal objects of the sale by the State of its public lands to private persons is to encourage its actual settlement and cultivation, and when the intention of our statutes is so perverted through the pernicious schemes of land jobbers, it becomes the high and solemn duty of the legislators to prevent such frauds for the protection of the people.

“Owing to the Act of Congress directing the President to set apart forest reserves upon the public domain of the United States, various reserves covering large tracts of valuable timber and other lands belonging to the State in sixteenth and thirty-sixth sections have been placed within the boundaries of these reserves. As the title to these school sections still remained in the State, they were subject to entry and sale under our State laws, notwithstanding that they fall within the boundaries of the proclaimed reserves.

“In the Act of Congress dated June 4, 1897 (Vol. 30, U. S. Statutes, page 36), the following provision is made for the benefit of actual settlers and owners of land within these reserves, allowing a relinquishment of their titles to the United States:

“‘That in cases in which a tract covered by an unperfected bona fide claim or by a patent is included within the limits of a public forest reservation, the settler or owner thereof may, if he desires to do so, relinquish the tract to the Government, and may select in lieu thereof a tract of vacant land open to settlement, not exceeding in area the tract covered by his claim or patent; and no charge shall be made in such cases for making the entry of record or issuing the patent to cover the tract selected; *provided further*, that in cases of unperfected claims the requirements of the laws respecting settlement, residence, improvements, and so forth, are complied with on the new claims, credit being allowed for the time spent on the relinquished claims.’

“This provision of the United States statute, together with the condition of our own laws, has been used by the land ring for their own selfish and unlawful purposes.

“Immediately after the proclamation by the President of a forest reserve within this State, applications for State school land within such reserve have been filed, and immediately sold as scrip by local dealers, as well as by dealers in other States, at prices ranging as high as \$5 per acre, whereas the State can only receive \$1.25 per acre. The land attorneys secure the relinquishment of the entryman or his

“assignee to the United States, and file application for other public lands of the United States, even outside of the State of California.

“In cases where the State school lands within the reserves have been patented, the dealers secure under said Act of Congress patents to other lands which they have located.

“By reason of this privilege afforded by the United States statutes and our own lax laws, the school lands within the forest reserves are greatly increasing in value, and much of the land has been cornered by the land attorneys, and is now advertised and sold as scrip.

“If the State is obliged to part under the existing laws with its school lands within these reserves, so that it likewise loses the taxes which would be paid by an actual settler, in the absence of the ability of the State’s officers to detect and discriminate between fraudulent and bona fide land claims, then the people of the State should reap the benefit from the advanced value of such lands, which now go to the land jobbers, by authorizing the Governor to withdraw such land from sale at the minimum price, and to sell the same at an increased price, according to its value.”

OFFICIAL CHAMPERTY.

The covert maintenance of claims against the State by State officers and their deputies should receive a permanent check by the passage of stringent penal laws.

State officers should be content with the compensation provided by law, and their duty to the people does not permit of a secret partnership in claims, no matter how valid, which may be urged by others against the State.

Information secured by a State officer, through his control of State records, should not be attempted to be used directly or indirectly for his personal benefit.

I recommend that it be made a felony for any State officer or deputy to speculate or encourage speculations respecting any claim or demand against the State, or to aid or abet any other person in any suit upon a claim or demand against the State.

WATER AND FOREST LEGISLATION, AND SOME REASONS FOR MY VETO OF SENATE BILL No. 7.

The Legislature, at its last session in 1901, passed a measure, known as Senate Bill No. 7, apparently, but not really, for the benefit of the irrigation needs of the State, which bill, for the reasons here stated, I was compelled to disapprove.

Since my veto a few persons, with the aid of some few newspapers, have misconstrued the reasons for that veto as well as the motives which prompted it, and have pictured said Senate bill as a most beneficent measure, the disapproval of which it is asserted caused irreparable detriment to the State.

So greatly was the matter mooted that, through the same selfish and improper sources, a denunciation of the veto was made a plank in the last State Democratic platform.

Conceding, for the purposes of argument only, that Senate Bill No. 7 was intrinsically meritorious, still it was not a duty, under my oath of office, to approve it because of its merit alone.

It is not enough that legislative measures carrying large appropriations should be intrinsically meritorious in order to receive Executive sanction.

In the signing of appropriation bills the exercise of the Governor's best judgment is required for the protection of the people of the State from heavy taxation, etc. Measures demanding the payment of large sums of the people's money must not only be praiseworthy in themselves, but must be actually just, urgent, and necessary. In performing his duty to the people the Executive can not protect them from heavy burdens if he give approval to every meritorious bill carrying an appropriation which chances to pass the Senate and Assembly. Meritorious bills appropriating several hundreds of thousands of dollars are introduced at every session of the Legislature and receive legislative approval, but not being actually necessary and urgent, the Governor's discretionary veto in such cases is the only protection of the people of the State from onerous taxation. In the exercise of this discretion the Governor must be guided by the exigencies of each case and must take into consideration the amount of standing appropriations demanded by existing laws, as well as claims against the State, both those accrued and to accrue, in forming a proper estimate of the total appropriations which he can approve.

At the legislative session of 1901, when Senate Bill No. 7 was presented, I deemed it my duty to veto bills which had passed the same Legislature amounting to a total of \$1,283,365.35, in which sum is included the \$107,000 appropriated by the aforesaid Senate bill.

Had I approved all of the bills carrying appropriations which passed the Legislature at that time, such action would justly have deserved very severe criticism.

Now, considering Senate Bill No. 7 upon the assumption that it was a commendable public measure (which, in fact, as presented, it was not), let me ask, Was this bill appropriating \$107,000 necessary, urgent, and indispensable at the time of its passage? Have the people of the State suffered a detriment that can not be remedied at some ensuing legislative session? An answer, to these questions, independently of an exposure of the actual demerits of the bill, will disclose the unfairness of those self-seeking persons who, with pen and tongue, have so frequently and unjustly assailed my veto and position respecting the subject of irrigation.

The following is the full text of the bill:

AN ACT TO PROVIDE FOR THE JOINT INVESTIGATION WITH THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT OF THE WATER RESOURCES OF THE STATE, AND OF THE BEST METHODS OF PRESERVING THE FORESTS THEREOF; APPOINTING A BOARD OF WATER AND FOREST COMMISSIONERS TO CONDUCT SUCH INVESTIGATIONS ON BEHALF OF THE STATE, AND MAKING AN APPROPRIATION FOR THE EXPENSES OF SUCH INVESTIGATIONS.

The People of the State of California, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. There is hereby constituted a Board of Water and Forest Commissioners' composed of three citizens of the State, who shall be appointed by the Governor on or before April first, nineteen hundred and one. No two of such commissioners shall be a resident of the same county.

SEC. 2. Such commissioners shall hold office for the term of two years.

SEC. 3. Before entering upon the discharge of the duties of his office, each of said commissioners shall take an oath or affirmation to support the Constitution of the United States and of this State, and to faithfully and honestly discharge his duties as such commissioner, and shall execute and file with the Secretary of State an official bond, with good and sufficient sureties, to be approved by the Governor, in the pen sum of twenty thousand dollars, conditional for the faithful performance of his duties.

SEC. 4. Such commissioners shall receive no salary. They shall have power to employ a secretary at a salary of not exceeding one hundred dollars per month, and shall be allowed a contingent fund of not exceeding two hundred dollars per month, to defray office and actual traveling expenses, and shall annually account to the Governor for all moneys received and disbursed by them. The said commissioners shall annually, on the first day of September, report fully to the Governor, setting forth in detail the work done and projected during the preceding year, with such recommendations for carrying into effect the purposes of this Act as to them seems best. Such commissioners may receive donations to assist them in carrying out the purposes of this Act, accounting as such commissioners for such donations.

SEC. 5. Said commissioners shall have power to enter into such contracts as may seem best to them with the lawfully authorized representatives of any department of the Federal Government for the purpose of making topographic surveys and a joint investigation of and report on the water resources of the State, the best methods of developing, controlling, and utilizing the same, and the best methods of preserving the forests; *provided, however*, that their expenditures for such purposes shall not be in excess of the amounts to be expended by the department of the Federal Government in collaboration with which any specific work is done. They may also in like manner and subject to the same conditions make such experiments for preserving the forests of the State as may seem best to them and to the representatives of the branch of the Federal Government authorized to undertake such experiments.

SEC. 6. In order to carry out the purposes of this Act, any person or persons employed hereunder are authorized to enter and cross all lands within this State; *provided*, in so doing no damage is done to private property. It shall be a misdemeanor, punishable as provided in such cases, for any person or persons to willfully and maliciously remove or destroy any permanent marks or monuments made or erected by any of such persons.

SEC. 7. The sum of one hundred and seven thousand two hundred dollars is hereby appropriated as a special fund for the purposes specified in this Act, and the Controller of State is hereby authorized and directed to draw warrants upon such fund from time to time upon the requisition of two of such commissioners, and the State Treasurer is hereby authorized and directed to pay such warrants; *provided*, one half of the appropriation herein shall be available in the fifty-third fiscal year, and the remaining one half of said appropriation shall be available in the fifty-fourth fiscal year; *and provided further*, that the part of said appropriation to be available in the fifty-fourth fiscal year shall not be used until there shall be made to the Governor by the said commissioners a satisfactory report, with maps attached, of their operations during the preceding fiscal year, and the Governor shall certify to the Controller the fact of his having received such satisfactory report.

SEC. 8. This Act shall take effect immediately.

It is apparent from the whole context of the bill that the work of the commissioners, to be appointed under its provisions, was intended to be merely preliminary. The commissioners were not given any powers to preserve the forests of the State, or to protect its water resources, and, from the standpoint of the Constitution, no such powers could have been lawfully delegated by the Legislature.

What necessity and urgency existed, then, of appropriating this large amount of money at the session of 1901? Even the framers of the bill did not contemplate that the commissioners who were to be appointed under it could reach a final solution of the best methods of preserving the forests of the State, and make a report in full of its water resources within less than two years, because by Section 2 of the bill they fixed the term of office for that period of time.

The duties of the commissioners are undefined and the character and limit of their work are left for their own determination. It is discretionary with them not only what methods to employ, but even to determine when the work will begin. The only specific injunctions seem to be, first, under Section 4 of the bill, that the commissioners shall annually, "on the first of September, report fully to the Governor in detail the work done and projected during the preceding year," and under Section 7 it is made a condition precedent for their use of the appropriation of the fifty-fourth fiscal year that they shall make to the Governor "a satisfactory report, with maps attached, of their operations during the preceding fiscal year." Under this latitudinarian measure, who, except the commissioners, could place a limit upon their investigations, or determine when they had finished their labors? Who, except the commissioners, could say at the end of two years what problem in forestry or in irrigation remained unsolved? Is it to be assumed that the next Legislature would abolish this all-wise commission when its report should be presented and the \$107,000 appropriated should be expended?

Legislation giving unlimited powers to individuals and commissioners has never been satisfactory. No matter how honest may be the individuals selected to fill public office, still public policy demands that their powers be defined and limited, in order that their private views and interests be subordinated to public duty.

It is evident, therefore, that the only loss sustained by the people of the State by the veto of Senate Bill No. 7 has been the failure to receive the opinions and conclusions of three citizens of unknown lineage, ability, and integrity on the forests and water resources of the State; whereas, on the other hand, the people have been enabled to retain in their pockets the aggregate sum of \$107,000. Balancing this loss and profit, is it not fair to believe that the people could afford to wait until this legislative session, when a proper and more definite bill can be passed, if required,

which will actually outline definite plans and operations for the preservation of the forests and the conservation of the waters?

If this Legislature should, in its wisdom, decide upon the necessity of creating a forest and water commission, it will be enabled in the light of the indefinite Senate Bill No. 7 to impose proper restrictions upon the powers of the commission and outline with certainty the work to be performed.

But the bill itself is not by its terms sufficiently meritorious, nor such as would directly benefit the people, nor, had it received my approval, could it have effected the excellent purposes of its framers and supporters.

Personally I favor, unrestrainedly, and recognize the necessity for, the passage of efficient laws for the preservation of the forests and the conservation of the waters of the State.

I favor also the passage of laws carrying substantial appropriations to effect these objects, but I do not favor the creation of commissions with undefined powers and unlimited authority to control the work and to expend according to their own private views appropriations made for these necessary and beneficial purposes. Public work must be subordinated to public control. The expenditures of public money must be carefully safeguarded by law and strictly accounted for to the people.

Senate Bill No. 7 was far from being a useful public measure. The bill as framed is objectionable upon the following grounds:

First—There is no special duty imposed upon the commissioners, except in Sections 4 and 7, wherein they are merely required to report annually to the Governor their operations and present maps.

Second—There is no limitation upon their power to contract.

Third—There is nothing in the bill directing the commissioners to do any specific work in any particular manner through which the State might receive practical benefit.

Fourth—There is nothing to indicate the feasibility or possibility of any joint action of this commission with any special Federal board or officer, and there is no special Act of Congress which would make such co-operation effective. In the absence of a specific Act of Congress authorizing such joint investigation and providing for a proper plan of operations, the work of this commission would be of no practical benefit.

Fifth—The bill as framed is objectionable, among other things, in this, that it embraces more than one subject, which subjects are even expressed in the title, to wit: "Providing for an *investigation and report on the water resources* of the State," and also for an *investigation and report on the best methods of preserving the forests* of the State.

Such an Act, if passed, would probably be declared unconstitutional and void as opposed to Article IV, Section 24, of the State Constitution.

The extent and vagueness of the powers to be exercised under this measure bring it within the criticism of the Supreme Court of this State,

decided in *People vs. Parks*, 58 Cal. 638, where it was said regarding a bill in no degree less certain nor less extensive in its grant of powers than Senate Bill No. 7, as follows: "Under it may be concealed many subjects which are not expressed in the title"; and again on page 643 of the same report of the case, it is said: "There are powers conferred upon it (the Legislature) alone by the Constitution, and it can not delegate them to any other department of the government or to any agency of its appointment, because it would be confiding to others that legislative discretion which legislators are bound to exercise themselves, and which they can not delegate to any other man or men to be exercised."

The power to conserve the waters of the State and to protect its forests is one eminently reserved to the whole people of the State to be exercised through the Legislature in conformity with the Constitution, and the Legislature can not forego this important function by delegating its exercise to individual commissioners. If the vague powers attempted to be conferred upon the commissioners under the extremely indefinite provisions of this bill could be so realized as to be of practical benefit to the State, the commissioners would necessarily be obliged to decide and determine their own powers and fix the limits under said bill, which functions are purely legislative and, if actually done, would be perhaps void as opposed to the Constitution.

From a sound business view of the matter the bill as prepared was unnecessary in the main, and the appropriation under the circumstances an extravagant and wasteful diversion of the public money. So far as this bill required an investigation of the water resources of the State and the preparation of maps therefor, the history of State legislation upon this subject shows that much of this work has already been done under appropriations made for the State Engineer, an office created by an Act approved March 29, 1878 (Acts 1877-8, p. 634), which office has since been abolished.

The total amount appropriated by the Legislature for the maintenance of the office of State Engineer and the completion of the surveys and work commenced from the creation of the office, March 29, 1878, until 1887, amounted to over \$250,000.

The Act creating that office outlined the work to be performed, specifically defined the duties, and limited the scope of the powers of the office created. Mr. William Ham Hall, who very ably filled the office, did much valuable work in the line of that dimly indicated in Senate Bill No. 7. During his term of office, Mr. Hall compiled two large volumes of a report full of valuable historical and statistical information, and also prepared elaborate detail irrigation maps of Southern California, "great central valley maps," and topographical and irrigation maps of said valleys, all of which have been for a long time and still are for sale

in the office of the Secretary of State. These interesting publications, secured at an expense of over \$250,000 to this State, have been of little practical benefit to the people, and yet the work was done carefully and thoroughly.

In the light of the result of such legislation, it would be as foolish as it is unnecessary for the State to repeat this experience by appropriating more money for more literature.

State legislation upon the important subject of forestry has likewise been unfortunate for the people, because lacking in certainty. Over \$95,000 of appropriations have been expended through a Commission or Board of Forestry from the creation of the board by Act approved March 3, 1885, until its repeal in 1893, and the transfer of its property to the Agricultural Department of the State University by Act approved March 23, 1893. The establishment of a Board of Forestry, by reason of the very *general* terms of the law, was not of such value to the people as to demand its continuance, and the result of this expenditure of money was mainly in adding to the stock of dead State literature in the form of a few consecutive biennial reports.

Nor is the provision in Senate Bill No. 7, requiring the commissioners to co-operate with Federal boards or officers, either judicious in itself or such as would result in practical advantage to the State.

Assuming, in the absence of an Act of Congress that these commissioners could lawfully co-operate with existing Federal boards or officers, the State officers would necessarily be subordinate, both in the methods of operation and in the expenditure of the appropriation. Indeed, the work in such event could only be effected in obedience to the directions and under the regulations of the United States Department of Agriculture. The Federal authorities would, therefore, be supreme, and the work undertaken would be primarily in the interest of the Federal Government and in pursuance of its general policy.

This suggests another reason why such a measure would be unnecessary. The history of congressional legislation upon the subject of the conservation of waters and forests and the reclamation of arid lands shows a well-defined policy of the Federal Government, conformable with the wishes of the people, to assume control and protection at the expense of the Nation, and not of the individual States. In view of this policy, Congress has heretofore for many years made extensive surveys and published valuable maps upon the subject, and vast sums from the national treasury have been expended for these excellent purposes. So generally have the people of the United States accepted and confirmed the policy of the Federal Government in assuming control and expending the national money in this laudable manner, that a plank was inserted in the Republican National Platform of 1900 in the following words:

“In the further pursuance of the constant policy of the Republican party to provide free homes on the public domain, we recommend adequate national legislation to reclaim the arid lands of the United States, reserving control of the distribution of water for irrigation to the respective States and Territories.”

In the proclamations of the Presidents since the time of President Cleveland, under authority of Congress withdrawing public lands from entry and setting aside forest reserves, we perceive the general policy of national control at national expense.

President Roosevelt, in his excellent message to Congress, December 3, 1901, suggesting subjects for examination and legislation, specifically and emphatically approved of this national policy in the following language:

“At present the protection of the forest reserves rests with the General Land Office, the mapping and description of their timber with the United States Geological Survey, and the preparation of plans for their conservative use with the Bureau of Forestry, which is also charged with the general advancement of practical forestry in the United States. These various functions should be united in the Bureau of Forestry, to which they properly belong. * * *

“The forests are natural reservoirs. By restraining the streams in flood and replenishing them in drought, they make possible the use of waters otherwise wasted. They prevent the soil from washing, and so protect the storage reservoirs from filling up with silt. Forest conservation is therefore an essential condition of water conservation.

“The forests alone can not, however, fully regulate and conserve the waters of the arid region. Great storage works are necessary to equalize the flow of streams and to save the flood waters. *Their construction has been conclusively shown to be an undertaking too vast for private effort. Nor can it be best accomplished by the individual States acting alone.*

“Far-reaching interstate problems are involved, and the resources of single States would often be inadequate. It is properly a national function, at least in some of its features. It is as right for the National Government to make the streams and rivers of the arid region useful by engineering works for water storage as to make useful the rivers and harbors of the humid region by engineering works of another kind. The storing of the floods in reservoirs at the headwaters of our rivers is but an enlargement of our present policy of river control, under which levees are built on the lower branches of the same streams.

“The Government should construct and maintain these reservoirs as it does other public works. Where their purpose is to regulate the flow of streams, the water should be turned freely into the channels in the dry season to take the same course under the same laws as the natural flow.

"The reclamation of the unsettled arid public lands presents a different problem. Here it is not enough to regulate the flow of streams. The object of the Government is to dispose of the land to settlers who will build homes upon it. To accomplish this object, water must be brought within their reach. * * *

"There remain, however, vast areas of public land which can be made available for homestead settlement, but only by reservoirs and main-line canals impracticable for private enterprise. These irrigation works should be built by the National Government. The lands reclaimed by them should be reserved by the Government for actual settlers, and the cost of construction should so far as possible be repaid by the land reclaimed. The distribution of the water, the division of streams among irrigators, should be left to the settlers themselves in conformity with State laws and without interference with those laws or with vested rights. The policy of the National Government should be to aid irrigation in the several States and Territories in such manner as will enable the people in the local communities to help themselves, and as will stimulate needed reforms in the State laws and regulations governing irrigation. * * *

"At the very beginning the Government should make it clear, beyond shadow of doubt, its intention to pursue this policy on lines of the broadest public interest. No reservoir or canal should ever be built to satisfy selfish personal or local interests; but only in accordance with the advice of trained experts, after long investigation has shown the locality where all the conditions combine to make the work most needed and fraught with the greatest usefulness to the community as a whole. There should be no extravagance, and the believers in the need of irrigation will most benefit their cause by seeing to it that it is free from the least taint of excessive or reckless expenditure of the public moneys."

From the above excerpts from the President's message, as well as from our knowledge of the declared Federal policy as expressed in congressional legislation, it is evident that the public water sources and forests should be mainly a matter of National, and not State, protection and expense, because the general welfare and not merely State wealth is principally promoted. While I believe in substantial State assistance for State benefit, I am convinced that continuous and large appropriations of hundreds of thousands of dollars should not be expended by the State, enhancing the burdens of taxpayers, for the promotion of work which the Federal Government is both willing and able to undertake.

At the very beginning of my administration I was so impressed with the policy to which the Federal Government was pledged by the

National Republican party that I used in my inaugural address the following words:

"The drought of last year again illustrated the great necessity of the storage of mountain waters and winter rains for irrigation purposes to meet the contingency of dry seasons. The expense of such an undertaking is so far beyond the means of the State, and the advantages are so great to the Federal Government for the irrigation, reclamation, and sale of its public arid lands within the State, that the money to be raised for such purposes properly falls within the domain of Congress.

"The construction of storage reservoirs would induce settlers to take up locations upon the public arid lands, enhancing, through settlement and cultivation, the value of such land, and adding largely to the population and wealth of the State and Nation.

"Our Senators and Representatives in Congress should be requested to introduce a measure to secure Federal aid in this direction."

The truth of these opinions entertained by me in 1899 has been corroborated by the clear enunciation of the Federal policy outlined by President Roosevelt in his message.

In his last message to Congress, in December, 1902, President Roosevelt directed the attention of Congress to the importance of "the inauguration of the system of *nationally aided* irrigation for the arid regions of the far West," thereby advocating the continuance of the policy of appropriations by the Federal Government for the development and storage of waters on the public lands, and the preservation of the forests which are natural sources of water supply.

At the time of the passage of Senate Bill No. 7, appropriating \$107,000, there was awaiting my action Assembly Bill No. 873, passed by the Legislature, appropriating \$250,000 for the purchase, for a State park, of a tract of land situate in Santa Cruz and San Mateo counties containing trees known as *Sequoia sempervirens*. It was represented to me by thousands of citizens, as well as by the promoters of the bill, that these magnificent forest giants were about to be destroyed, and their loss certainly would be irreparable. The bill was argued for its urgency as well as necessity, and the threatened destruction seemed to justify its passage.

The question, therefore, independent of the merits or demerits of Senate Bill No. 7, was to choose between these two measures. On the one hand, was presented to me the probable loss to California of those rare and splendid trees, unequaled for grandeur and beauty by any in the world; on the other hand, Senate Bill No. 7, providing for a preliminary report on water resources and forestry, which report was not required to be presented for a period of two years. To burden the taxpayers with both appropriations on top of the necessarily large appro-

priations for the maintenance of the State and the payment of State claims, would have been a gross injustice and a misuse of Executive discretion.

I feel, therefore, that I was fully justified in choosing the more necessary and urgent measure, and expressing in my veto of Senate Bill No. 7 the following reason :

“ While this measure *might* contribute to important and beneficial results to the State, the large appropriation which it carries, when considered together with the large appropriation demanded in the purchase of the Redwood Park under the terms of Assembly Bill No. 873, make it impossible for me at this session to approve both bills, without resulting in great burden to the taxpayers.”

When the intrinsic defects of Senate Bill No. 7 are considered, it will be conceded by impartial persons that the duty of the Executive was, under the circumstances, to disapprove the bill, because no loss could result thereby to the State. The fact that there was no restriction upon the commissioners in the expenditure of the money proposed to be appropriated, and no direction for any specific work, nor limitation upon their powers, justified me in my action. Good State policy demands that the State should neither surrender to individuals the control of its forests and waters for private experiments nor open to speculative ventures the public money. The State is a trustee for all its citizens, and to resign that trust would be to abandon its sovereign functions. Had the necessity for the passage of this bill existed which is claimed by my critics, it is strange that the Senate and Assembly did not overrule my veto, which they had the power and which it was their duty to do in such an event, if my veto was not just and proper. The acquiescence of the Legislature by refusing to pass the bill over my veto is a distinct indorsement of my policy, and it deserves praise for its reconsideration which saved the taxpayers the payment of \$107,000 through an idle and ill-considered measure from which the State would have reaped no advantage.

But, at all events, the advocates of this mischievous and expensive bill may console themselves with its loss in the fact that if, unmindful of the public welfare, I had given it my approval, the measure itself might have been nugatory by reason of its probable unconstitutionality.

Such laws as you may choose to pass in aid of irrigation should be drawn in a manner not to interfere with vested rights, nor involve the State, inextricably, with Federal management and control, so as to embarrass and subordinate the rights of the State in its waters ; nor entangle, with Federal questions of control, the interests of farmers, fruit-growers, and other users of water so as to necessitate long litigation in Federal courts for their final determination, and postpone for an indefinite time the enjoyment and exercise of those interests.

In conclusion, I wish to repeat and emphasize the fact that I am heartily in favor of all proper and adequate laws which will conserve the waters of the State and safeguard its forests, and I believe in the allowance of sufficient State appropriations to carry into effect practical State projects and plans; but such appropriations should neither be continuous nor excessive, so as to become burdensome to the citizens, nor should the State attempt to trench upon the domain of the Federal Government nor undertake projects and plans which the Nation is willing to execute and the expenses of which it is willing to assume.

THE CRIME OF LIBEL SHOULD BE MADE A FELONY.

The social, moral, and material interests of the State depend upon the honor of the individuals who constitute it.

Material wealth is but a means to the mental, moral, and physical good of the members of a commonwealth.

Public wealth rests primarily upon public honor, and public honor is the aggregate of the good reputations of the people who form the constituent elements. The people, therefore, have a most vital interest in the subject of their reputations, singly as well as collectively.

Commerce moves with public honor and credit, and public honor and credit rest ultimately upon a series of individual confidences.

The light of a good reputation, though centered in personal character, derives its principal brightness and efficiency from sound public judgment.

Our laws, both civil and penal, are strictly framed and multiplied to meet all emergencies in our supreme effort to protect the material property of our State, its citizens, residents, and temporary sojourners.

Our laws, both civil and penal, are numerous and stringent for our physical protection against death, illegal restraint, and bodily injury. Yet, strangely, the greatest of our constitutional rights, that which we most prize, which alone makes life worth the living, upon which depends the right of enjoying life and liberty and of pursuing happiness (Art. I, Sec. 1, Constitution of California)—the right to be preserved in that good reputation and character which we labor and struggle to earn and leave as a heritage to our children—this supreme right is less fortified in law than our most trivial rights of property.

In England, in the latter part of the eighteenth century, when the press had scarcely a voice and human life and liberty were at the beck of an absolute despot, and when the law concerning seditious libels was formulated in the cabinet of the King, and docilely announced from the bench by corrupt and willing judges, it became necessary for a freedom-loving people to resort to a technical defense in favor of the press by claiming that the jury in cases of libel had the right of determining both the law and the fact.

This position, subsequently enacted in the form of a statute by Parliament in the reign of George III., became a safeguard for press utterances in England.

But in this country the press never was enslaved. Breathing the free spirit of the American colonies, it required no such fiction and no such guaranty. The construction and interpretation of our laws by our courts have always strongly favored those accused of crime. It remained, however, for the majority of the framers of our State Constitution to engraft this English provision in our bill of rights, where it now appears in Section 9 of Article I of the present Constitution, in part copied from the old Constitution, its effect being to give the libeler a superior standing among criminals.

An eminent member of the State Constitutional Convention of 1878, now one of the learned Justices of our Supreme Court, in urging the convention to place the criminal libeler upon the plane of other criminals by allowing the judge and not the jury to determine the law of the case, thus tersely and cogently illustrated the point:

“If a thief robs you of your property he has not done you an irreparable injury, for you can acquire more; but when he destroys your character he destroys that by which you acquire property. I am not speaking of character in the sentimental sense. If he should assail your character, by which you earn your living, then he is in fact destroying your property. In that sense character is the dearest thing we have—the most valuable. Now, sir, the man who steals your property must be tried by the ordinary laws of the country, but the man who steals your character must stand above the law, spit in the face of the law, because he has a peculiar profession.”

Unhappily, this sage advice and appeal was unheeded; hence, the libeler stands to-day in this State guarded, beyond all power of legislative interference, by a constitutional provision which makes him an aristocrat among criminals by reason of the singular prerogative which he may claim on his trial, that the law of libel is not to be taken by the jury from the lips of the court nor from the statutes enacted by the people, but must be determined by the jury according to their own interpretation, whims, and prejudices. Notwithstanding that the assassin of character is thus favored and protected by an extraordinary constitutional privilege, even though his dastard crime may destroy the fairest reputations of man and woman and drive the maligned to suicide or to a madhouse, yet, under our present laws, the punishment of this criminal is confined to a bare fine or a limited imprisonment in a county jail, leaving the alternative mode of punishment and the minimum penalty to the mere discretion of a possibly intimidated superior or police judge or justice of the peace.

If the libeler's privilege be greater than that of any other criminal,

in view of the gravity of the crime, should not the grade be raised from misdemeanor to felony?

Public and individual wealth are subordinate to and of less value than public and individual honor and reputation.

Lord Bacon, living in an age of corruption, had a much higher appreciation of the worth of human reputation than would seem to be ours if we judge from the condition of our laws, for he said: "Men's reputations are tender things, and ought to be, like Christ's coat, without a seam."

The present great Emperor of Germany, last November, defending the memory of Mr. Krupp against newspaper defamation of the deceased manufacturer, manifested his abhorrence of the crime of libel in the following strong terms, the force of which must necessarily be impaired in the translation:

"This deed" (speaking of the libel), "with its consequences, is nothing less than murder, for there is no difference between him who mixes and presents a poisonous draught to another and him who, from the safe shelter of his editorial sanctum, with the poisoned darts of his slanders robs his fellowman of his honorable name and kills him by the mental tortures he inflicts."

Howsoever we may cherish our reputations and publicly and privately condemn libel, we have not, as a practical people, given force to our opinions, nor have we sufficiently intrenched ourselves against libelous assaults by the passage of laws meting out penalties commensurate with the gravity of this most flagrant and obnoxious crime.

It is made a felony by our criminal law to steal from the person of another the merest trifle of his personal property, or even, unsuccessfully, to make the attempt.

It is made a felony to creep secretly into another's barn or outhouse with intent to steal the smallest article of value.

But it is only a misdemeanor for one maliciously and deliberately to rob a man or woman of cherished reputation and destroy the honor which years of virtue and honest life have maintained, or foully to invade the privacy of a household and unbosom and distort its family secrets through the dark inuendoes of a cowardly libel.

It is by our law a felony to attempt to rape the lowest courtesan, but audaciously and vindictively to defame the priceless chastity of purest womanhood is simply a misdemeanor hedged around with the quirks and quillets of the law.

It is by our law made a felony to steal a bicycle, horse, mare, gelding, cow, steer, bull, calf, mule, jack, or jenny, and the convicted offender may wear the stripes of the penitentiary for a period extending from a minimum of one year to a maximum of ten years. Still, on the other hand, the penalty for the crime committed by the convicted destroyer

of man's or woman's reputation is only a maximum fine of five thousand dollars, with a nominal sum as a minimum, or an imprisonment in the county jail for a maximum of one year, with a fractional part of a day as a minimum—the determination of the penalty, within those limits, resting on judicial discretion.

With such insufficient penalties imposed upon the crime, it is no wonder that the dignity of the press should be debased and that licentious journalism should be rampant.

The majority of the newspapers of the State, especially the rural press, are generally controlled and owned by brave, moral censors—men whose purpose in life is to purify public opinion, suppress vice and crime, and maintain, by public argument, the rights and liberties of the people. Unhappily, a few glaring instances are to be seen of newspapers conducted by morally irresponsible corporations and certain millionaires which represent, in fact, not the pure and free voice of public opinion, but the business and political interests of the owners, who use them as a means for the attainment of their own ambitions and the expression of their private hates and prejudices.

• With few scruples and millions of dollars at their command, and actively interested in many political movements of the State for their own exaltation, these said proprietors have become such ominous elements as to menace the rights of the people and the security of the State.

Capable of misrepresenting public as well as private interests, when they can not dictate to public officers in the performance of their sworn duties, they do not hesitate to resort to vilification. Even State officials, with the many important interests under their administration, may become their victims, if their insatiate and insolent demands be not obeyed by them. A fine to such millionaire publishers, or a limited imprisonment, which does not place upon them the convict's stripes, is not a source of fear, nor can such minor penalties deter them from the course which ambition or revenge may select.

If timorous or pliant men should, under the present imperfect laws, chance to be elected to public office, it may well be foreseen that such officers may become the mere toys or tools of these ambitious publishers.

The reckless and libelous abuse of private character by a few certain newspaper proprietors is made more dangerous when they guiltily combine or conspire to aid or abet one another in defenses against actions for libel.

The rights of citizens should be protected from such conspiring libelers who thus prostitute the purposes and privileges of a free press; hence it is apparent that the punishment now prescribed by law is inadequate to act as a deterrent for so grave an offense.

It is time to reflect upon this menacing and growing peril. It is time that the people should by law assert their majesty. It is time to preserve the sanctity of good character from the wanton and malicious abuse by the harpies who befoul it. It is time to place a public barrier against newspaper intimidation of private citizens, legislators, and other public officers, and to demonstrate that our State government must not be conducted by and for a few newspapers, but by and for the people.

No honest journalist can deem such necessary action subversive of his liberty and privileges or a limitation of the constitutional rights of the press.

While honest criticism of public officers is both a right and a duty upon the part of newspapers, and while it is also a right and duty to expose malversation or incompetency of all public servants, yet libelous abuse and caricature find no justification when, perchance, the policy of a public officer does not accord with the interests or views of the libeler.

If individual reputations may be torn to shreds at the sport or malignant will of a libeler who stands intrenched behind his money bags, yet public officers ought at least to be permitted to conduct official duties without interference and vilification.

If no constitutional law can be devised by the Legislature to reach this desired end, an amendment to the Constitution tending to abate this alarming evil may in the future become a grave necessity.

At least *for the present*, as a remedy against wanton and libelous assaults upon the reputation of private individuals and public officers, respect for law and decency may possibly be enforced by making the crime of libel a felony, with a maximum penalty of twenty-five years' imprisonment in the State prison and a minimum imprisonment therein of one year.

It seems to me that it would be no injustice to the press of the State, nor curtailment of its proud liberty, to raise the value in law of man's and woman's reputation, especially considering the fact that the privileged libeler may still stand upon his extraordinary constitutional right of having the jurors, and not the court, determine the law.

As it is but just, however, that there should be no special privileges given to one class accused of crime over another, I recommend a constitutional amendment changing Section 9 of Article I of the Constitution, whereby this legal anomaly of now permitting the libeler to submit the law for the determination of the jury be abolished, and the court be given the power to determine the law as in other cases.

PARDONS, COMMUTATIONS, AND REPRIEVES.

Since my first biennial message, January 7, 1901, I have granted seven pardons and five commutations, as specifically set forth, with my reasons, in "Appendix B" to this message, to which reference is made.

This number, added to one pardon and one commutation previously granted, and which are described on pages 38 and 39 of my first biennial message, make a total of eight pardons and six commutations granted during my administration up to the date of writing this message.

Of these, four pardons and one commutation were issued to persons serving in county jails for misdemeanors, and four pardons and five commutations were issued to persons serving sentences for felonies.

There are, besides, over a hundred applications awaiting my decision, while hundreds have been denied by me.

If my sense of duty were to be counteracted by purely charitable feelings I should regret that my record of pardons and commutations has been and will be so very much below that of all of my distinguished predecessors in office. What was said in my first biennial message upon this subject, I repeat as a part of the reasons which have impelled me to so strictly examine the numerous applications presented, and to grant so few of them as compared with the number of those granted by former Executives.

“The tendency of the human mind is not to resist, but to yield to the appeals of unfortunate criminals and their heart-broken relatives. There is a higher duty which the Executive owes to the people. He must not allow his personal sympathies to be swayed. The law-abiding people of the State require protection. Crimes, whether due to weakness of nature or to cool deliberation, must be punished. To liberate criminals upon the appeal of relatives in all instances where the convicts have repented and have served very long and severe sentences, would be practically to declare that crimes should not be punished.”

* * * * *

“In nearly fifty per cent of the cases which have been presented, the applications are accompanied by a petition signed by the jury which convicted the criminal, and by a letter of the trial judge, expressing his opinion that the sentence imposed was, perhaps, too severe, or that the ends of justice would be subserved by the liberation of the convict.

“This means of attempting to shift the responsibility of a severe sentence upon the Executive is not an argument which can have much effect upon me where the trial has been presumably a fair one, and where the evidence tends to prove the guilt of the accused.

“Judges are sworn to do their duty. The trial judge has the case before him, with the living witnesses, whose demeanor and words bear the impress of truth or falsehood. The judge has heard the case, and while the jury may convict, the power of granting a new trial still rests with him.

“Under these circumstances, acting upon the presumption that the sworn officers of the law have done their duty, I have steadfastly disregarded such appeals in clear cases.

"I have patiently examined each case in the light of my duty to the people, and while my heart has many times urged me to sign the paper which would bring joy to the prisoner and to his anxious friends, yet my oath of office and my responsibility to the people to maintain the law have demanded a different course."

GRASSHOPPER PEST.

During the months of June and July and the early part of August large swarms of grasshoppers invaded several counties of this State, doing much damage, particularly in the counties of Placer, El Dorado, Sacramento, Fresno, and Tulare. The counties of Placer and El Dorado were their breeding-grounds, from which places they drifted to adjacent localities and thence southward through the Sacramento and San Joaquin valleys, and scattered in moderate swarms through a few of the counties of Southern California. The damage done and threatened in the county of Sacramento was such as to induce the Supervisors of that county to appeal to the State Board of Horticulture, they being unable to agree with the officers of Placer and El Dorado counties upon a joint plan of action. The members of the Board of Horticulture, upon the opinion of the Attorney-General, found that their powers were too restricted to afford adequate relief, and conferred with me upon the proposition of burning the infested lands.

In view of threatened litigation, if this remedy were resorted to, I advised the members to contract with the owners for the burning of the infested lands, upon the understanding that I should recommend to the Legislature an appropriation covering their estimated loss, not to exceed \$10,000. This plan was not, however, carried out by the board.

Throughout this serious trouble, the excellent practical work, great knowledge, and tact of Prof. C. W. Woodworth, of the College of Agriculture of the State University, were of great value to the farmers and fruit-growers of the State, and his assiduous labors are worthy of high commendation.

Considering this great danger and its probable recurrence in the future, it would be advisable that the law be amended so as to increase the powers of the State Board of Horticulture so as to deal effectively with similar conditions hereafter occurring.

The following recommendations made by Professor Woodworth, in Bulletin No. 142, University of California publications, entitled "Grasshoppers in California," seem to me very pertinent:

"It will be imperative, if the hopper situation is to be controlled in the State, that the laws be so amended that there will be definite provision giving some one in each locality the power to conduct the local fight against the hoppers. Perhaps the best way in which this can be accomplished would be to definitely enlarge the powers of the county

“horticultural boards and specifically make it their duty to look after the hoppers of their county. This has worked very satisfactorily in the grasshopper fights of other States, and there seems no reason why this machinery already created in this State should not be utilized in this way. There will be really no need of creating any new powers, but merely making the powers we have now for fighting scale insects apply also to the fighting of the grasshopper pest. Of course it should be also clearly understood that in this matter these county commissioners shall work under the directions of the competent supervision insisted upon above.

“*State Authority.*—The experience this year in Sacramento and adjacent counties shows that it is very important for the success of this work that there shall be a central authority, equally powerful with the local authority, whose duty it shall be to undertake work where adjacent districts are in danger and where the local authority neglects or fails to act. As the horticultural law now stands there is no one who has any power to step in between counties and prevent the inaction of one resulting in a loss to the other. When the horticultural laws were framed the insects had in view were the scales, which are very slow and poor migrants, so that there was scarcely any danger in one county from the neglect of the authorities of the other. With the grasshopper the situation is entirely different. This matter would be put in the proper shape if the State Board of Horticulture were given the same powers possessed by the county boards, which at present the law expressly denies it.”

FALSE REPORTS CONCERNING THE EXISTENCE OF BUBONIC PLAGUE IN CALIFORNIA.

In my first biennial message, January 7, 1901, I referred, at some length, to the subject of certain false and exaggerated reports concerning the alleged existence of bubonic plague in San Francisco, which, through the interest, ignorance, or recklessness of a few persons, were indiscriminately published in the year 1900, and thereafter intermittently continued.

The falsity of the reports has been frequently proved, but, unfortunately, through the ill-designed efforts and action of Dr. J. J. Kinyoun, assuming to represent the United States Marine Hospital Service at San Francisco, and of the members of the San Francisco Board of Health, much damage nevertheless accrued to the various commercial, industrial, and other productive interests of the State, injuring alike the laborer, merchant, farmer, and fruit-grower.

The temporary quarantine established over the State, June 16, 1900, through the interest, ignorance, overzeal, or possible vindictiveness of Dr. Kinyoun, for a time checked many of our exports and, besides, injured the fair name of our State for health.

For several weeks previous to the said quarantine, after a long and careful personal examination and inquiry in San Francisco, entailing much labor, in which I was assisted by many impartial, eminent physicians, bacteriologists, and representative citizens, I arrived at the true conclusion that no case of bubonic plague had been found to exist in San Francisco or elsewhere in the State.

On June 13, 1900, in response to a telegram of inquiry from the Honorable John Hay, U. S. Secretary of State, I telegraphed to him an exact and detailed report of the situation, together with my conclusion that no case of bubonic plague had existed or was known to exist within our State.

This telegraphic report, which will be found on pages 9 and 10 of my first biennial message, was signed and concurred in by eminent bacteriologists, medical experts, and prominent citizens. However, through the misleading reports of Dr. Kinyoun and his local medical allies, notwithstanding all my efforts as Executive and long and frequent explanations to the United States authorities at Washington, it was difficult to convince the Surgeon-General of the United States Marine Hospital Service of the true condition of the health of San Francisco.

I do not wish, in any manner, to impugn the motives or scientific knowledge of the eminent Surgeon-General for his temporary bias, because he was personally distant from the scene and unacquainted with the methods and policy pursued by Dr. Kinyoun and his assistant plague-advocates. Besides, I am satisfied that if we had been so fortunate at the time as to have had his personal investigation and diagnoses of the various cases upon which Dr. Kinyoun acted, there would have been a summary removal of Dr. Kinyoun and a prompt vindication of the health of the State.

The situation was rendered more critical and my actions for the abatement of the general scare and false rumors obstructed by the policy pursued by a few reckless, selfish, and unpatriotic proprietors of newspapers within this State, who, urged by personal malice, prejudice, or hidden interested motives, published in their personal organs that the plague was in reality epidemic, and that the health of the people would be endangered through the removal of the Federal quarantine.

While the general press of the State sustained my position, yet the fulmination of these false and defamatory publications by this dissident and hostile minority strengthened the position of Dr. Kinyoun and his assistants, and the same vicious reports being circulated widely in other States imperiled our commerce by hampering the exportation of our various products and industries. Dr. Kinyoun, encouraged in his unjust policy by the pernicious assistance of these few newspapers, continued his one-sided examination of the health conditions of San Francisco, and whether through inexperience, ignorance, or other

cause, labeled as plague-stricken nearly every unknown case of death examined by him and found in the Chinese quarter, and characterized as either true plague or a suspicious case many Chinese invalids who were afflicted only with tuberculosis, venereal diseases, and the like.

The roll of so-called plague cases was increased. The report was unjustifiably heralded throughout the world that bubonic plague was epidemic in our State, and Dr. Kinyoun, in an endeavor to vindicate his own outrageous blunders as a physician, on the 16th of June, 1900, publicly announced the Federal quarantine of this State in defiance of the law and the rights of the people of California.

The following telegram sent by me to the President on the day of the quarantine explained in clear terms the character of Dr. Kinyoun's acts against our State:

Telegram from the Governor to President McKinley.

SAN FRANCISCO, CAL., June 16, 1900.

The President, Washington, D. C.:

Dr. Kinyoun, the Federal Quarantine Officer of this port, claiming to act under your authority, has unreasonably and unnecessarily quarantined this State in opposition to my full and fair report to the Honorable Secretary of State, under date June 14, 1900, and also among other things, in opposition to the opinion of Judge Morrow, of the United States Court, rendered yesterday, dissolving the quarantine.

Through Dr. Kinyoun's conduct in the past, as well as his present action, the reputation of the State, the rights of citizens, as well as the rights of foreign subjects, are outrageously impaired. The following is a copy of his last orders served upon the various transportation companies:

"OFFICE OF MEDICAL OFFICER IN COMMAND,
"MARINE HOSPITAL SERVICE, SAN FRANCISCO, QUARANTINE,
"SAN FRANCISCO, CAL., June 15, 1900.

"Santa Fe Railway Company, San Francisco, Cal.:

"GENTLEMEN: In accordance with the law of March 27, 1890, and the regulations made thereunder and promulgated by order of the President under date of May 21, 1900, you are hereby notified and directed until further orders not to issue transportation to any one leaving San Francisco for other States or Territories of the United States, unless on presentation of certificate signed by a Marine Hospital officer. Inspectors of the Marine Hospital Service now stationed at the State borders have been instructed to allow no passengers coming from San Francisco to pass the borders of the State on any common carrier unless a certificate is furnished. This has been made necessary on account of the lifting of the quarantine by order of the Federal court, thereby allowing people who have possibly been exposed to the infection of plague to leave this city for other States.

"Respectfully,

"J. J. KINYOUN,

"Surgeon M. H. S. Quarantine Officer, A. M. R."

I am informed that Dr. Kinyoun transmitted dispatches yesterday to Washington, through official channels, wherein are contained unwarranted statements and improper reflections. He has been advised by the United States District Attorney that his course is unjustifiable, and he refuses to withdraw his last order of general quarantine without further instructions from Washington.

On behalf of the people of California, I respectfully protest against his actions, and request immediate relief for the people of this State, the traveling public, and the commercial interests of the coast.

Your most obedient, humble servant,

HENRY T. GAGE,
Governor of the State of California.

Two days thereafter, namely, on June 18, 1900, upon the order of President McKinley, the quarantine was released; but, although the President acted promptly upon being advised of the true situation, the publicity of the matter gave a plausible reason for some of the States, notably Texas, to quarantine against our products and to hinder travel.

Notwithstanding the summary removal of the quarantine, Dr. Kinyoun did not abate his injurious policy of falsely representing to the Surgeon-General of the United States Marine Hospital Service the existence of plague in San Francisco, thus proving himself a continuous source of peril.

So hostile had Dr. Kinyoun become to the acceptance of any proof against his theory of plague that I am satisfied it was largely through his instrumentality and that of the San Francisco Board of Health, and to uphold their false positions, that three biased alleged experts were subsequently sent from Washington to our coast to make a report to Surgeon-General Wyman whether the plague was epidemic as previously reported, and whether the action ordering the quarantine was justifiable under the circumstances.

It was a very singular coincidence that, at this time, in conjunction with this increased harmful activity of Dr. Kinyoun and the arrival of these alleged experts, certain large capitalists in control of a transcontinental railroad line and of shipping and other interests in the Northwest, were most industriously disseminating the injurious reports of the plague at San Francisco, and were using them as an argument to induce the United States Government to change its transport service from San Francisco to Seattle.

On the 26th day of January, 1901, in the middle of the busy session of the Legislature, I was suddenly notified that these alleged plague experts were sent by the United States medical authorities at Washington and were already in San Francisco secretly making a one-sided examination of the alleged plague with the assistance of Dr. Kinyoun and his plague allies. Alarmed at this grave menace to the general interests of our citizens in the event that this partisan medical body should give publicity to their prejudiced findings, and indignant that our State should be so discourteously treated, I telegraphed as follows to the President:

Telegram from the Governor to President McKinley.

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT, SACRAMENTO, CAL., January 28, 1901.

The President, Executive Mansion, Washington, D. C.:

I have been informed that Treasury Department has sent a commission of experts to this State to examine the pretended plague cases heretofore reported, as well as present health conditions, which commission is now about to commence investigations, ignoring the State authorities in the matter, and proceeding in line with reports heretofore made by Dr. J. J. Kinyoun to Surgeon-General of Marine Hospital Service.

I hope that in this matter of vital interest to the people of California there is no intentional discourtesy on the part of the officer directed by the Treasury Department to supervise this investigation.

In this matter, which concerns deeply the welfare of this State, I respectfully request that co-operation with the State authorities by such experts should be advised, in order that the State may select eminent home bacteriologists and physicians, as well as, if deemed necessary bacteriologists and physicians from other States and countries, to examine the same suspected cases, so as to arrive at a correct and impartial conclusion,

I dislike much now to call your attention to this matter, but the irreparable injury heretofore done to this State by unfair and *ex parte* examinations warrants this appeal.

Your most obedient, humble servant,

HENRY T. GAGE,
Governor of California.

On January 30, 1901, I received in reply a telegram from the Honorable the Secretary of the Treasury, which, while disclaiming discourtesy, was sufficiently indefinite as to justify my belief that the course outlined by the United States medical authorities would be effectively carried out. This I inferred especially from the following sentence of Secretary Gage's telegram, declining State co-operation in the examination of the suspected plague cases, to wit:

"It is expected to ascertain the facts, and the department does not feel it should hamper the commission in its method of investigating and getting at the facts."

Inasmuch as all my efforts with the United States medical authorities were unable to secure up to that date a fair and impartial investigation of the health conditions of the State, so serious did the situation become that on January 31, 1901, I transmitted a special message to the Legislature, then in session, setting forth the gravity of the matter and appealing for necessary legislation and, among other things, I said:

"The previous inaccurate reports respecting the existence of bubonic plague in this State, which has resulted in the injury to the reputation for health, as well as in the injury to its citizens, industries, and commerce, have been the consequence of a system of *ex parte* investigation, without opportunity of State examination or superintendence.

"The repetition of such investigations upon secret lines, without public scrutiny under State authority, as have been heretofore pursued, will imperil the welfare of every citizen and inhabitant of this State, and will bring distress to the farmer, orchardist, horticulturist, manufacturer, tradesman, merchant, as well as to all our marine and land transportation companies.

"The meanest criminal, under the Constitution of the United States, can not be denied the right of being confronted by his accusers, listening to their testimony, and subjecting them to cross-examination; and shall it be contended that the great State of California shall be unjustly denied a similar privilege in the opportunity of facing those who, impugning the public health, as the result of a secret and one-sided examination, might choose to cast an irremovable blemish upon the State's sanitary condition, on which the personal rights and property of her citizens in a large measure depend?

"The State being denied a hearing, I conscientiously believe, therefore, that legislation is immediately and urgently needed by which our State may assume that general and unrestrained control over the subject of the public health within its borders which so vitally concerns her, and which is her inalienable right by virtue of her sovereignty."

Meanwhile the experts, jointly with the assistants employed by Dr. Kinyoun, proceeded with their *ex parte* examination, and not until they had practically finished their outlined course did they apprise me of their presence and of a wish to meet me. The first official notice received from these supposed impartial experts was on February 1, 1901, when I received at Sacramento, while the Legislature was still in session, a formal letter signed by them, dated San Francisco, January 29, 1901, in which letter were contained, with other things, the following:

"Among the orders given to the commission is one stating that the members of the commission are to pay respects on a *suitable occasion to the Governor of the State. In the meantime, the members of the commission are undertaking their investigation with as little publicity as possible.*"

And in fact, there was so little publicity, and it was such a dark-lantern proceeding, that no officer of the State nor unbiased expert was permitted to be present.

The day following, February 2d, I caused a courteous letter to be mailed to said experts, stating, among other contents, that I should be pleased to receive the members of the commission at the State Capitol at such time as the members might deem proper. To this letter I received no reply until February 13, 1901, when I received a letter signed by the experts, expressing their wish to have an opportunity of calling upon me, and requesting me to indicate a time and place.

Although it appeared very singular that these Government experts did not seem to know that official duty ought to have directed them to call at the Executive Department at Sacramento when a matter of such supreme importance to the people of the State was being investigated by them and was depending on their decision, nevertheless, on the receipt of this letter I caused to be mailed a reply reciting the contents of my previous invitation, and named for their convenience February 16, 1901, at 2 P. M., at room 380 of the Palace Hotel, in San Francisco, as the time for meeting.

They attended at this time and place, there being present, at my request, a few representative citizens.

The meeting was purely formal on their part, the experts refusing the proffer of State assistance and evading direct and pertinent inquiries, thereby making it clear that they had already finished their formal duties, and had arrived at a conclusion in accordance with the prejudiced views of Dr. Kinyoun.

On the following day, February 17, 1901, being convinced after another interview with these supposed experts, that their report was completed, I telegraphed the President, setting forth copies of my letters of invitation to them, and among other things, saying:

"The time and place last appointed was the first opportunity given me to meet the members of the commission. At this interview I tendered these gentlemen every assistance the State could render them in the premises, and expressed the desire to be permitted to investigate the question at issue jointly with them. To-day, however, they inform me that their report will be ready for transmission to Washington to-morrow.

"Thus the State has been denied every participation in this investigation, while at the same time the commissioners have been constantly aided by Dr. Kinyoun's assistants. This the commissioners admitted in an interview with me yesterday. Should their report to the Department state that the plague exists here, such conclusion will be regarded by our people as the result of an unfair, unjust investigation. Before such report receives the approval of the Federal authorities at Washington, or be made public, I most earnestly and respectfully request that a reinvestigation be had at once, in which case the Government may appoint three commissioners and the State of California three others, all to have power to select a seventh member in case such commission be equally divided in opinion. The decision of such a commission would and should be regarded and treated by every one as decisive. If this most important but humble request be denied us, then we respectfully submit that before the commissioners' report be made public, and prior to taking any action thereon, the representatives of this State to be sent from here should be accorded a personal hearing in Washington, to the end that undue alarm and consequent injury may be avoided. Whatever differences of opinion may at this time exist as to the existence or non-existence of plague, no one can honestly be of the opinion that the disease is epidemic in San Francisco, nor can anybody seriously contend that ample protective and preventive measures can not be taken in the premises, without even spreading great or any alarm among the people and without disturbing our commercial affairs. I take pleasure in assuring you, notwithstanding anything that may have been said to the contrary, that California wishes to co-operate with the Federal authorities in this most important matter, having in view not only our own but the welfare of the whole people, and I implore you to afford our State an opportunity for such co-operation."

To this telegram the Honorable the United States Secretary of the Treasury replied as follows :

Telegram from Hon. Lyman J. Gage, U. S. Secretary of the Treasury, to the Governor.

WASHINGTON, D. C., February 19, 1901.

His Excellency the Governor of California:

Replying to your telegram of the 7th instant to the President, while the Department does not deem it necessary to join in a new commission as you propose, it is not its purpose to make public the report of the present commission till you are advised of its purport, and even then the matter will be very seriously considered before any action is taken. The Department is in accord with you in your desire to prevent unnecessary alarm and to consider measures with the least possible publicity or disturbance of commercial affairs, and will pursue this policy both with regard to its commission in California and its action at this end. In other words, it will endeavor to prevent undue publicity, and desires to, if possible, avoid publishing any report. The Department accepts with pleasure your suggestion to send a special representative of the State, believing he can familiarize himself with the situation here, and trusting it will result in co-operation.

L. J. GAGE, Secretary.

Realizing that it would be difficult to select, immediately, a representative who would be sufficiently familiar with all the facts to explain the situation to the Federal authorities at Washington, I sent a telegram, on February 19, 1901, to the Secretary of the Treasury, stating, among other things, that if the matter of action on the report of the experts could be deferred until after the adjournment of the Legislature, then sitting, that I would personally present the matter to the Treasury Department. This proposition did not, however, meet the views of the Secretary of the Treasury, who intimated his disapproval of a delay, in a telegram to me dated February 21, 1901, expressing, however, assurances that it was the wish of the Department to avoid publicity and cause the least possible detriment to commercial interests.

While these matters were pending between the United States Treasury and the Executive Department of the State, early in February, it was deemed advisable by the Surgeon-General to remove that very objectionable character, Dr. Kinyoun, whose attitude was so exceedingly adverse to our State interests as to jeopardize the harmony existing between the Executive Department and the United States Marine Hospital Service. Dr. J. H. White was selected in place of Dr. Kinyoun in this particular matter, and while his honesty of purpose can not be gainsaid, it is to be regretted that his personal views were limited and biased by the previous report of the so-called experts that plague was actually epidemic in San Francisco—a report ludicrous by lapse of time and in the light of subsequent events.

Dr. White's personal reports, therefore, to the Surgeon-General, were at least unconsciously colored, and, notwithstanding his tact and wish to impartially investigate the conditions, his course was impeded by the publication of the substance of the report of the alleged experts, and of the personal opinions of Dr. Kinyoun, who had not as yet been removed

from the State, in those few sensational newspapers whose proprietors upheld, for their own selfish interests, the false rumor of the prevalence of plague.

After several consultations with Dr. J. H. White, the Federal officer in charge at San Francisco, I felt that the Surgeon-General of the U. S. Marine Hospital Service might not recede from the position taken, and that some compromise was necessary for the best interests of the State, notwithstanding the fact that plague did not exist. Money was needed also, in the event of an emergency, for the State to rid itself of the odium of plague caused by the said numerous publications; hence, on February 19, 1901, the Legislature passed an Act entitled "An Act to prevent the introduction and provide for the investigation and suppression of contagious or infectious diseases and appropriating money to be used for such purpose," wherein the sum of \$100,000 was authorized to be expended by the State Board of Health under the direction of the Governor for the investigation and suppression of bubonic plague and other infectious and contagious diseases.

Upon the 25th of February, 1901, the United States medical authorities still insisting upon their position that the plague was epidemic in San Francisco, I telegraphed the Secretary of the Treasury, as follows:

Telegram of the Governor to the Secretary of the Treasury.

SACRAMENTO, February 25, 1901.

To HON. LYMAN J. GAGE, Secretary of Treasury, Washington, D. C.:

In reply to your dispatch of date February 21, you are aware that a dispute originally arose between the Federal authorities and the State authorities in reference to health conditions of California; and whereas, since then, the Federal authorities have made investigations in which the State authorities were not allowed to participate; and whereas, the commissioners who prosecuted the investigations for the United States, under such circumstances, have concluded that the health conditions of San Francisco need certain attention; and whereas, heretofore I expressed my views in regard thereto by message to the Legislature of California; still, in view of all of the circumstances and conditions, believing that it will be for the best interest of all concerned, first having been assured by your office that your Department would take the steps hereinafter referred to, if requested, and in the performance thereof would, among other things, be particular to avoid publicity, and that the management would be pursued with the least possible detriment to our commercial interests; and believing that, if the Federal authorities be given control in the premises, all other States of the Union may be better satisfied, and that all general quarantine of this State and of its cities will be thereby avoided, and that all quarantine of other States against this State may be avoided, and so forth, I therefore respectfully request the United States authorities to take charge of the matter within this State and deal with the situation from the standpoint of the report of its commissioners, but without cost or charge to this State, at the same time assuring you of my hearty co-operation.

I thank you for your courtesy, and await your reply.

HENRY T. GAGE,
Governor of the State of California.

On the following day I received from the Secretary of the Treasury this reply, namely:

Telegram of the Secretary of the Treasury to the Governor.

WASHINGTON, D. C., February 26, 1901.

His Excellency the Governor of California, Sacramento, Cal.:

Acknowledging receipt of your telegram of the twenty-fifth, the Department wishes to express its appreciation of your courteous attitude in the matter under consideration, and desires to submit to you the following suggestions, namely, that in the work to be performed, while all ordinary expenses incurred in the payment of its own officers may be met by the Department under the law in accordance with usage, the chief burden should be borne by the City of San Francisco. The Mayor and other necessary local authorities should be notified, as were you, with a view to an understanding as to this matter. No municipality has ever depended financially upon the Government under like circumstances, though there have been numerous parallel cases during epidemics of yellow fever. Even if the Department should be willing, contrary to its announced policy, the matter would have to be brought before Congress for an appropriation, which is now practically impossible, and would moreover give undue publicity. Surgeon White will be the agent of the Department, in charge of the whole situation, which, in view of the return of troops in the near future from the Philippines through San Francisco, will be doubly necessary. Please answer as to above suggestions.

L. J. GAGE, Secretary.

The necessity becoming urgent of appointing representatives from our State to consult with the United States medical authorities at Washington, and remove the existing tension, on February 27, 1901, I appointed able and distinguished citizens—Messrs. John P. Young, Henry T. Scott, T. T. Williams, and W. F. Herrin—to act as Special State Health Commissioners and proceed to Washington and communicate with the authorities in charge concerning the health conditions of San Francisco and of the State. On March 1, 1901, I duly issued commissions to these citizens, and, also, on the same day, issued to the accomplished Mr. Fremont Older a separate commission to represent both the City of San Francisco and the State with the aforesaid commissioners. My selection of the commissioners was most fortunate, for these gentlemen succeeded, as far as it was possible, in convincing the Federal authorities that the health conditions of the State had been misrepresented by those who had reported the plague as epidemic in San Francisco. The work of the commissioners was completed with much tact and wisdom, and I deem it necessary to append their report for the purpose of explaining the work done under State direction for the relief of the people in conformity with the requirements of the Federal authorities. This report is annexed to this message, and also the special report of the State Board of Health, dated August 27, 1901, which are marked "Appendix A," and reference is made thereto.

It will be seen from the annexed report of the Special Health Commissioners that an arrangement was made with Dr. J. H. White, representing the United States Marine Hospital Service, the Mayor of San Francisco, and the State Board of Health, whereby a joint investigation

and cleansing of Chinatown was undertaken under the direction of the Federal medical authorities, the expense of which was to be sustained by the City and County of San Francisco and the State jointly in certain agreed proportions, as shown on page 7 of the report of the commissioners.

In pursuance of this agreement, it appears from the report of the State Board of Health, dated August 27, 1901, set forth in Appendix A, that the work of disinfecting, cleansing, and fumigating Chinatown under the supervision of Dr. J. H. White, representing the United States Marine Hospital Service, was commenced by the State Board of Health April 8, 1901, and occupied upward of seventy days, during which time numerous cases of alleged plague were examined.

In every instance where a complete diagnosis was made by Federal officers, *in the presence of State officers*, the suspicion of plague was fully disproved, which has been since admitted to be the fact by Surgeon-General Wyman through his dispatch to me dated June 18, 1901, which is herein set out at length. This frank official opinion of the Surgeon-General not only rested upon the experience of that joint investigation, but is equally true when applied to the subsequent conditions. What stronger or more conclusive proof in the premises of the non-existence of plague can be adduced than the well-known and recorded fact that during all the time since 1900 there have been fewer deaths in Chinatown in proportion to its population than in any other portion of San Francisco? Is it not the height of absurdity to claim there is an epidemic of plague raging in a given place which presents a smaller death-rate than any other locality? And it is an indisputable fact that the comparative death-rate in San Francisco is exactly as I have here stated it, notwithstanding that the Federal records made early in 1900 contained the report that plague was then epidemic in that city.

The members of the State Board of Health in their aforesaid report summarize their labors as follows:

"The State has scrubbed an area equal to 525 acres, and in addition thereto, fumigated about 30,000,000 cubic feet of dwelling apartments.

"Have seen 307 sick cases and autopsied 103.

"Total cost to date, \$37,518.

"Number of days cleansing Chinatown and visiting the sick, 142.

"*During all of which time we have not observed a single case of bubonic plague.*"

In concluding their report they say:

"At the beginning of this work the Federal authorities who co-operated with us were of the opinion, based upon reports of others, more or less trustworthy, that bubonic plague was prevalent among the Chinese of that city, and that it would be readily found as soon as proper investigation was had. During this period of fumigation, disinfecting, and

"cleansing, no effort was omitted on our part nor on the part of the "Marine Hospital representatives to locate and identify the presence of "plague.

"At the conclusion of the work, as thorough and searching as it could "possibly be made, *no case of bubonic plague was found, nor was any "indication of its having been there discovered. If plague had existed in "San Francisco just prior to this sanitary investigation, it would have "been there during the months of April, May, and June, because no efforts "had been made to suppress it and no precautions taken to prevent its "spread.*

"It is safe, therefore, to say that the evil reports of the presence of "that disease in San Francisco were based upon error in diagnosis upon "the part of incompetent investigators. We take great pleasure in "assuring you that plague does not exist in San Francisco, and that it "never has had lodgment there, nor elsewhere in California."

The people of the State owe a debt of gratitude to the members of the present State Board of Health and their assistants for the zealous, painstaking, and successful discharge of their many difficult duties in this connection.

During the progress of this work of cleansing Chinatown, Dr. White, observing the low mortality and small number of sick among the Chinese in proportion to their numbers, and failing to find a single case of plague, on May 18, 1901, wrote to me deducing an unfavorable conclusion from these good sanitary signs and intimated a bare and unfounded suspicion that the sick and dead were being secretly removed by the Chinese from San Francisco to other towns and cities. Upon this hypothesis he requested leave that he should be authorized through his agents to investigate sickness and deaths in any other town or city in this State.

This demand seemed so unjustifiable, that on May 28, 1901, I telegraphed him as follows:

Telegram of the Governor to Dr. White, U. S. Marine Hospital Service.

SACRAMENTO, May 28, 1901.

DR. J. H. WHITE, *Surgeon Marine Hospital Service,*

No. 420 California Street, San Francisco, Cal.:

You will please take notice that the State authorities have not requested you nor any other officer of the Federal Government to investigate or participate in an examination of the health conditions of the State outside the limits of the City and County of San Francisco, and that the State Board of Health is complying in every respect with the conditions requested by the Federal authorities, and is fully carrying out the agreement with the U. S. Treasury Department.

I have always been ready and desirous of making the most searching investigation into the health conditions of San Francisco and other points within this State, but the investigation should be conducted on fair and honest lines by those representing the Federal Government and the State.

I decline to allow you to assume control of State health affairs, and pursue secret and hidden investigations. The State authorities are now and always have been

abundantly able to look after the health concerns of the State without interference. Your mere suspicion from the improved health of the Chinese district that the sick are being removed from San Francisco, is not only unwarranted as a conclusion, but I know it to be unfounded in fact. I, therefore, decline to authorize your agents, whose responsibility to me is unknown, to do as you have proposed and requested. If there is any city, town, or district within this State where you yourself desire to make examination, let me know, and I will send some one suitably qualified professionally to look over the matter with you. But one-sided secret examinations, such as have been witnessed in San Francisco, to its great detriment, and to that of the State, will not be permitted elsewhere.

If you desire to have a conference with me at any opportune time, I will be pleased to comply with your wish, but communications by mail or telegraph are unsatisfactory.

HENRY T. GAGE, Governor

That the exceptional good health of the Chinese in San Francisco should lead to the inference of suppressed plague was an exceedingly novel position, which, had it not emanated from a high medical authority, might have been characterized as grim humor.

That the humor of Dr. White's position was not perceived by his superior officer will appear from the following telegram afterward received from the accomplished Surgeon-General:

Telegram from U. S. Surgeon-General Wyman to the Governor.

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 18, 1901.

His Excellency GOVERNOR GAGE, Sacramento, Cal.:

Dr. White has arrived, and reports work of cleansing and disinfecting Chinatown, San Francisco, nearly complete, and that he is satisfied the work has been done by your agents under his advice in full compliance with the understanding. A few unfit habitations remain to be condemned; that work is in progress by the San Francisco supervisors, and all will be completed within a few days. *It is a matter of mutual congratulation that no cases have been found during the progress of this work, and that the outlook is so encouraging.* For our mutual protection and interests I believe it very essential that the supplementary work indicated in Dr. White's telegram to you of June 7th should follow, as it will cause continued satisfaction and prevent comment and criticism of both the State and Service, which would otherwise be likely to follow. The bureau here is able, by reason of its central position, to know the sentiments which prevail, and a quiet performance of the labors suggested by Dr. White is in many points advisable from every standpoint. I have read this telegram to the Secretary of the Treasury, who coincides therewith, and if necessary will communicate with you himself. Will you kindly wire your views?

WALTER WYMAN,
Surgeon-General, M. H. S.

Our previous experience with the blundering investigations of Dr. Kinyoun justified me in refusing to permit his successor to pursue *ex parte* examinations throughout the State; hence, I transmitted the following letter to Surgeon-General Wyman:

Letter of the Governor to U. S. Surgeon-General Wyman.

JUNE 24, 1901.

DR. WALTER WYMAN, Surgeon-General M. H. S., Washington, D. C.:

SIR: I am much pleased to receive through yourself assurances that the agreements made by this State have been performed "in full compliance with the understanding," and likewise greatly value the statement, emanating from such high scientific authority as yourself (especially having before us the past grave blunders of others not having

had your wide experience), that now it is certain and a matter of mutual congratulation "no case" (of plague) "has been found during the progress of this work," which result was by me at all times confidently expected.

The State authorities have made thorough and extraordinary investigations, and I am fully advised as to the health conditions of California, and know there is no occasion at this time for the further investigation suggested by Dr. White, and am most happy to report that it will not be necessary for your Department to be further burdened.

However, if it is your pleasure, as a mere precautionary measure, to make further autopsies, or if there is any city, town, or district within this State which you, through your Department, desire to inspect, please be good enough to name such competent persons as you desire and I will most cheerfully send others qualified professionally and in every particular to co-operate and look over the situation with them, and thereby further your highly commendable purpose in that regard. But one-sided or secret examinations (not at all times participated in by the State), such as have, in the past, been witnessed in San Francisco, to its irreparable detriment and to that of the whole State, you can readily see, from the result of your own recent searching and valuable examination, should not, and can not, be again permitted.

I appreciate most deeply your kind offices and shall be glad to co-operate with you in future.

Respectfully yours,

HENRY T. GAGE.

For some time after the cleansing of Chinatown no claim was made of the discovery of additional plague cases. But *the restive spirit of science* was subsequently manifested through the investigations of a certain bacteriologist whom Dr. Kinyoun had left as a legacy to Dr. White; hence reports of alleged cases have been since occasionally published as the result of his *ex parte* investigations.

These reported sporadic cases have been more numerous whenever it was imagined that the vigilance of the State Board of Health had relaxed, and they have been verified only by those medical gentlemen who, at an early stage, favored the theory of Dr. Kinyoun and whose pride of opinion has prevented them from being convinced of their self-deception.

Perhaps it would be only fair to say, that the medical investigators, in most instances, who have contended that plague existed in San Francisco or elsewhere in this State, have been honest in their opinions and purposes, but that their judgments have been warped, their experiments have been hasty and incomplete, their inductions partial and inaccurate, and their conclusions, therefore, necessarily illogical and untrue.

Since writing the foregoing, I have had the great pleasure of meeting in San Francisco that very able gentleman hereinbefore referred to, Surgeon-General Walter Wyman, for many years last past and now having charge of the Marine Hospital Service of the United States, and whose recent visit to California to personally inspect the health conditions of the State will, assuredly, reveal to him the ignorance and vicious conduct of Dr. Kinyoun and his plague adherents. Surgeon-General Wyman is not only a highly distinguished public officer, but also a medical scientist appearing to have very conservative views, and I think it is therefore safe to predict that he and his proficient and accom-

plished assistant, Dr. Glennan, will save us from all further annoyance of threats of improper quarantine and of inaccurate reports growing out of reckless investigations.

One of the dearly-learned lessons taught by this unfortunate plague scare is the duty of our people, while always respecting Federal prerogatives, sacredly to guard the State in the future against all encroachments upon its rights.

FUNDS FOR THE PREVENTION AND SUPPRESSION OF INFECTIOUS AND CONTAGIOUS DISEASES.

Out of the fund of \$100,000 provided by the Act of February 19, 1901, and the fund referred to in the Act approved March 23, 1893, for the prevention and suppression of infectious and contagious diseases, the State Board of Health has, during this administration, necessarily expended to this date the sum of \$72,911.76, leaving a balance of \$66,623.05, as appears from the following report received from the State Controller at the time of this writing:

CONTROLLER'S DEPARTMENT, STATE OF CALIFORNIA,
SACRAMENTO, 2d Jan. 1903.

HON. HENRY T. GAGE, *Governor of California, Sacramento:*

SIR: In answer to your inquiries:

First—"Balance in fund appropriating money to prevent introduction of contagious diseases, approved March 23, 1893, when Governor Gage took office".....	\$39,534 81
Second—"The amount of the fund appropriated by the thirty-fourth Legislature for the prevention of the introduction and for the investigation and suppression of contagious and infectious diseases, approved February 19, 1901".....	100,000 00
Third—"The amount drawn against these funds to date".....	72,911 76
Fourth—"The amount of money for which vouchers have been filed".....	72,911 76
Fifth—"The balance remaining in the appropriations at this date".....	66,623 05

Yours respectfully,

E. P. COLGAN, Controller.

The careful and efficient work done by the State Board of Health in the sanitation of Chinatown, as well as in dispelling the reports of plague, convince me of the great importance of permanently providing for a like emergency disease fund to be at the disposal of the State Board of Health, subject to the conditions in the aforesaid Act of February 19, 1901 (Stats. 1901, page 10).

The Governor of this State, in conformity with the said Act of the Legislature, should always have an emergency fund of from \$100,000 to \$150,000 in readiness to deal properly with sudden and dangerous disease epidemics of all kinds which might hereafter be brought from other States and foreign countries.

CHINATOWN A MENACE—NECESSITY OF STATE ACTION.

Notwithstanding that the reports of plague in the Chinese quarter of San Francisco have been unfounded, this part of the city will always

be somewhat of a menace until better sanitation is there enforced. Its uncleanly state, and the mode of life and habits of many of the Chinese residents, seem to me to need legislative inquiry and appropriate legislation whereby unwholesome conditions may be abated and the various underground places, as far as possible, abolished; and perhaps it might be well, furthermore, to give careful consideration to the advisability of future measures looking to a change in the location of Chinatown.

CIVIL WAR CLAIMS.

On January 4, 1899, in my inaugural address, I called attention to the unsettled claims of the State against the General Government, for the furnishing, equipping, and paying volunteers during the Civil War, amounting to over \$4,000,000, and I recommended that our Senators and Representatives be requested to urge the passage of a law refunding to the State the money so advanced.

Since this recommendation in my inaugural address, I am pleased to note that the State Controller has referred to this important matter especially in his report dated December 1, 1902, where he states that under the Act of Congress, approved February 14, 1902, he hopes that something may be accomplished, and further says that he has been in correspondence with the Auditor of the War Department, and expresses confidence that, with the assistance of our representatives in Congress, success may be expected.

I have little doubt, if the matter be actively attended to by our Senators and Representatives, that Congress will acquiesce, by proper measures, in this just return of the money advanced and expended by the State in defense of the Nation.

One of the serious obstacles to the allowance of this claim, hitherto existing, has been the delegation of these claims to special agents and lobbyists for collection, with a promise of a percentage upon the recovery of these claims. That a great State, having honored and able representatives in Congress, should deputize collection agents, upon promise of commissions, to urge a just and equitable claim against the General Government, is a reflection upon the character of the demand itself, as well as upon the policy of the State.

It was owing to this circumstance, mainly, that a measure, introduced in Congress in 1898, failed to receive approval. Actuated by this conviction, on March 17, 1899, I vetoed Assembly Bill No. 651, having this object in view, entitled "An Act to authorize the Governor to appoint agents to collect from the United States the money advanced by the State of California for the benefit of the United States in aiding the State volunteers mustered into the service of the United States during the rebellion, and allowing them compensation therefor, if successful."

In that veto message (Assembly Journal, 1899, page 1661), I said, among other things :

"If these claims of our State be founded in equity, and I am convinced that they are, the Federal Government will recognize their validity, and will pay them upon proper efforts in Congress by our Senators and Representatives, whose duty it is to secure for the State its legal and equitable demands. If the money belongs to the State, it should collect it through the proper official channels, without employing brokers or appointing partners to share in the collections. The honor of our State ought not to be impugned through the acts of delegated lobbyists, while prosecuting its claims against the National Government."

CLAIMS AGAINST THE UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT ARISING OUT OF
THE SPANISH-AMERICAN WAR—PAYMENT OF VOLUNTEERS.

Early in the year 1900, the late Adjutant-General, W. H. Seamans, under my instructions, assiduously began the difficult task of bringing to a settlement the unpaid claims against the United States Government which arose out of the Spanish-American War, and which were pending under my predecessor's administration.

The payment of an unsettled balance, which had been presented through Governor Budd, was suspended on account of specific objections urged by the United States War Department, and this claim required a new specification of items and statement of differences, and a renewal of the demand, which accounts are still undetermined and awaiting the action of the War Department.

These accounts are for transportation, subsistence, pay of naval militia, and incidental expenses, aggregating \$18,177.98, which are particularly set forth in the last report of Adjutant-General Stone.

In addition to these undecided claims there were collected and prepared, after much care and labor, accounts due many of the California U. S. Volunteers to the Spanish-American War for duty from the time of their enrollment and assembling to the date of their actual muster in the United States service.

The State has not paid nor provided for the payment of these services, but under an Act of Congress, approved July 8, 1898, and as amended March 3, 1899, the United States Government made provision for their payment. By Section 6 of the amendatory Act, it was provided that all claims for such services should be presented in itemized form to the Treasury Department on or before January 1, 1902, or be forever barred.

In view of the fact that comparatively few of the officers and soldiers of the U. S. Volunteers were aware of the provisions of these Acts of Congress, Lieutenant-Colonel Peeler, of the National Guard of California, was detailed on special duty to collect receipts and vouchers from such of the volunteers whom it was possible to reach. Claims and vouchers were finally secured aggregating the sum of \$58,244.86, but it was impossible by reason of the death, absence from the State, and

general dispersion of the volunteers to present complete claims of all the volunteers entitled to pay.

These collected claims were itemized as required by the Acts of Congress and according to the rules of the War Department, and were presented in person in November, 1901, to the department at Washington, by Adjutant-General Seamans. I am much grieved to state that the previous ill-health of Adjutant-General Seamans, added to the rigors of an Eastern winter, resulted in his death on January 3, 1902, a few days before these claims were finally settled, whereby the State of California lost an excellent public officer, a gallant soldier, and an honorable citizen.

On January 7, 1902, the Auditor of the U. S. War Department, by settlement No. 17,333, issued a check to my order in the sum of \$58,151.26 in payment of the claims of the volunteers, which, allowing for excusable errors, was, in substance, a full settlement of the claims as presented by Adjutant-General Seamans.

There being no mode provided by law for the custody and deposit of this large sum, it being held as a trust fund for the numerous volunteers whose vouchers had been presented, and, being satisfied that the payments would necessarily extend over a long period of time by reason of the death and dispersion of the various claimants and of many assignments, I deemed it advisable to place the sum in the care of the State Treasury as a special deposit and cause payments to be made therefrom by checks signed by the Governor, and countersigned by the Adjutant-General, drawn against this special deposit.

It transpired, in fact, as I anticipated, that many of the original claimants had assigned their claims, some had left the State, others were in the army in the Philippines, and a few had died, their heirs presenting the claims of the deceased. Duplicate registers of the accounts and of their payments are kept in the offices of the Governor and Adjutant-General. The present condition of this fund appears in the following reports made to me by the State Treasurer and Adjutant-General, to wit:

TREASURY DEPARTMENT, STATE OF CALIFORNIA,
SACRAMENTO, CAL., December 31, 1902.

HON. HENRY T. GAGE, *Governor of California*:

DEAR SIR: AS "custodian" of the Special (war with Spain) Fund, I beg to submit the following report of transactions in said fund, ending with the close of business on above date:

Number of Governor's warrants paid	2,459
Amount received from Governor for disbursement	\$58,151 26
Aggregate amount of warrants paid	53,425 26
Balance on hand, subject to draft	\$4,726 00

Respectfully submitted,

[Official seal.]

TRUMAN REEVES, State Treasurer,
By D. A. MOULTON, Deputy.

STATE OF CALIFORNIA, ADJUTANT-GENERAL'S OFFICE,
SACRAMENTO, January 1, 1903.

C. I.

His Excellency HENRY T. GAGE, Governor of the State of California, Sacramento, Cal.:

SIR: I have the honor to report to you as follows concerning the disbursement of the fund for the pay of California U. S. Volunteers, Spanish-American War of 1898, from the date of their enrollment to date of their muster into the United States service, or rejection, ending with the close of business, December 31, 1902:

Amount collected from U. S. Government and deposited by Governor Gage with the State Treasurer as "Special Fund (war with Spain)"-----		\$58,151 26
Checks issued and paid-----	\$53,425 26	
Balance in treasury, subject to check-----	4,726 00	
		<u>\$58,151 26</u>
Checks issued-----		\$53,969 26
Checks outstanding, not presented-----	\$544 00	
Checks paid-----	53,425 26	
		<u>\$53,969 26</u>

Very respectfully,

GEO. STONE, Adjutant-General.

N. S. BANGHAM, Assistant Adjutant-General.

In view of the want of statutory provision for the custody of this money so collected, I respectfully recommend that a law be passed providing that the State Treasurer be the custodian, holding the same on special deposit, and payable on the checks of the Governor and Adjutant-General as heretofore. I also join in Adjutant-General Stone's recommendation (among many other good suggestions of that very capable officer) in his last report, for the purpose of a law, which should be made expressly retroactive, as follows:

"That an Act be passed by the Legislature authorizing the payment of money due deceased members of the California Volunteers from the date of enrollment to the date of muster in, or rejection by the medical examiner, to the heirs of such deceased persons, upon proper verification, without obtaining letters of administration."

UNPAID BALANCE OF STATE'S MONEY IN THE CALIFORNIA STATE BANK
OF SACRAMENTO.

Since the year 1895, there has remained on deposit in the California State Bank of Sacramento the sum of \$1,267.99, being an unpaid balance of the appropriation authorized by an Act of the Legislature entitled "An Act to appropriate money to pay the National Guard of California for services rendered by order of the Governor, to enforce the law, in eighteen hundred and ninety-three and eighteen hundred and ninety-four," approved February 25, 1895.

This money has been for this long time deposited in bank unused and has not been drawing interest. While the bank has been at all times anxious and willing to pay said sum to the proper officer, yet there seems to be no one legally authorized to collect the money. I recommend that an Act be passed designating some public officer or officers to collect the money and providing for its proper disposition when so collected.

UNPAID JUDGMENTS AGAINST THE STATE.

The following are the unpaid judgments against the State, according to a statement received by me from the Attorney-General:

Unpaid Judgments against the State of California, December 30, 1902.

Name of Plaintiff.	Court.	Court No.	Date of Judgment.	Nature of Action.	Am't of Judgment
John O. Reis	Sacramento	6,870	Dec. 23, 1896	Indian War bonds	\$33,552 12
A. S. Baldwin	Sacramento	6,866	Dec. 23, 1896	Indian War bonds	7,428 91
W. H. Mead	Sacramento	6,868	Dec. 23, 1896	Indian War bonds	636 64
Samuel Davis	Sacramento	6,869	Oct. 16, 1901	Indian War bonds	38,404 54
Samuel Davis	Sacramento	6,871	June 15, 1896	Indian War bonds	35,260 00
R. Y. Hayne	San Mateo	2,348	Oct. 2, 1902	Legal services	5,000 00
R. Shaw	San Benito	1,196	Nov. 30, 1901	Coyote scalp claims	3,730 00
Benj. Lauer	Modoc	1,311	Feb. 13, 1902	Coyote scalp claims	6,770 00
Benj. Lauer	Modoc	1,314	Feb. 13, 1902	Coyote scalp claims	55 00
John Raggio	Calaveras		Dec. 4, 1902	Coyote scalp claims	1,125 00
James T. Laird	Modoc	1,328	Feb. 13, 1902	Coyote scalp claims	2,400 00
Bank of Commerce	San Diego	11,828	Apr. 24, 1902	Coyote scalp claims	1,320 00
Julia H. Jones	San Francisco	79,940	Apr. 8, 1902	Coyote scalp claims	600 00
Robert R. Potter	Tuolumne		Oct. 10, 1902	Coyote scalp claims	1,315 00
Joseph Quirolo	Amador	1,827	Dec. 5, 1902	Coyote scalp claims	370 00
Wm. Goring	Amador	1,828	Dec. 5, 1902	Coyote scalp claims	550 00
R. P. Marquez	Orange	2,279	Apr. 21, 1902	Coyote scalp claims	140 00
Commercial Bank of Madera	Fresno	9,676		Coyote scalp claims	3,670 00
M. Zirker	Merced	1,898	Nov. 25, 1902	Coyote scalp claims	1,000 00
Geo. Conway	Merced	1,899	Nov. 25, 1902	Coyote scalp claims	290 00
M. A. Forster	Orange	2,280	May 9, 1902	Coyote scalp claims	550 00
Farmers' Exchange Bank of San Bernardino	San Bernardino	8,537	Apr. 25, 1902	Coyote scalp claims	2,365 00
Oscar R. Brown	Mono		Sept. 20, 1902	Coyote scalp claims	1,035 00
Chas. Williams	Butte	4,021	Oct. 8, 1902	Coyote scalp claims	500 00
National Bank of D. O. Mills	Sacramento	9,619	Dec. 6, 1902	Coyote scalp claims	46,980 00
Geo. Hornage	San Joaquin	7,881	Sept. 20, 1902	Coyote scalp claims	465 00
Hakes Investment Co.	San Diego	11,873	Apr. 24, 1902	Coyote scalp claims	5,880 00
M. D. Corey	San Diego	11,874	Apr. 24, 1902	Coyote scalp claims	3,195 00
W. R. Guy	San Diego	11,875	Apr. 24, 1902	Coyote scalp claims	8,655 00
J. R. Hanify	S. F. Justices	91,512	Feb. 7, 1899	Damages—Breakage of State Wharf	260 71
Charles Bickerdike	Sacramento	9,608	Dec. 20, 1902	Coyote scalp claims	59,680 00
C. A. Weaver	Sacramento	9,609	Dec. 20, 1902	Coyote scalp claims	815 00
Chas. A. Palmer	Sacramento	9,610	Dec. 20, 1902	Coyote scalp claims	460 00
Geo. Leonard	Sacramento	9,611	Dec. 20, 1902	Coyote scalp claims	1,040 00
L. C. Waite	Sacramento	9,612	Dec. 20, 1902	Coyote scalp claims	410 00
A. T. Lightner	Sacramento	9,613	Dec. 20, 1902	Coyote scalp claims	4,810 00
John F. Pryor	Sacramento	9,614	Dec. 20, 1902	Coyote scalp claims	3,350 00
E. Weisbaum	Sacramento	9,615	Dec. 20, 1902	Coyote scalp claims	2,085 00
N. Weisbaum	Sacramento	9,616	Dec. 20, 1902	Coyote scalp claims	590 00
W. B. Waldron	Sacramento	9,617	Dec. 20, 1902	Coyote scalp claims	3,835 00
W. S. Hooper	Sacramento	9,526	Dec. 20, 1902	Coyote scalp claims	4,450 00
N. Weisbaum	San Francisco	80,125	Dec. 29, 1902	Coyote scalp claims	640 00

LOSS TO STATE AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY BY CLOSING STATE FAIR.

The assassination of our great and beloved President, William McKinley, occurred during the progress of our State Fair, and at my suggestion, the Directors of the State Board of Agriculture caused the fair to be prematurely closed out of respect for the memory of our lamented President.

I am loth to make any recommendations concerning appropriations, in view of the fact that their reasonableness and expediency must be determined by my distinguished successor; but, in this case, I promised the Directors that I would recommend an appropriation in an amount sufficient to cover the actual loss sustained.

Upon inquiry as to the items of loss, I received from the Directors, through their Secretary, the following communication, and therefore,

in accordance with my promise, I submit the matter for your determination :

SACRAMENTO, CAL., November 17, 1902.

HON. HENRY T. GAGE, *Governor of California, Sacramento, Cal.*

DEAR SIR: In response to your request for information with respect to the loss sustained by the State Agricultural Society by reason of closing the fair on Saturday, September 14, 1901, caused by the death of President McKinley and out of respect to his memory, I am pleased to report as follows:

The exact amount of the loss sustained can not be definitely stated, but it consists of admission fees which would have been received and rebates which the Society was forced to pay to persons who had purchased privileges. These items are, as nearly as they admit of definite statement, as follows:

Admissions to the Park, one day	\$2,325 00
Admissions to the Pavilion, one day	1,500 00
Rebates paid to purchasers of Park privileges	1,708 75
Rebates paid to purchasers of Pavilion privileges	42 00
Loss on sale of daily programmes and cost of printing same	150 00
One-twelfth music contract	163 00
One-twelfth gas and electric light contracts	100 00
One-twelfth Morse Police Patrol contract	70 00
One-twelfth forage	75 00
	<hr/>
	\$6,133 75

The amounts stated above as rebates are the actual amounts paid. The admission fees and sales of programmes are conservative estimates, based upon previous experience, and proportionate to the previous attendance during the fair of 1901.

The above amount represents a clear loss to the Society, as all of our fixed charges had already been incurred, consisting of advertising, help, music, and other contracts, and they were in nowise reduced by the shortening of the fair. The closing of the gates on this day was a serious loss to the Society, and has occasioned us much financial embarrassment. We earnestly trust, through your favorable recommendation, that these losses will be reimbursed.

Very respectfully,

GEORGE W. JACKSON, *Secretary.*

STATE HOSPITALS FOR THE INSANE.

The several State Hospitals for the Insane are well managed by the respective boards, and the result is a most marked improvement in their condition since my assumption of duties.

Under the excellent superintendency of Dr. Crane, the State Hospital at Agnews has become a model asylum, and the former unhappy scandals and reports of horrors existing under previous administrations are no longer heard nor tolerated.

More than a year ago Dr. Crane expressed a wish to resign from his arduous duties on account of impaired health, but he was persuaded to continue in charge of the Hospital until early in December, when, I deeply regret to say, his ill-health compelled him to tender his final resignation, which is a great loss to the inmates of the hospital, whose best interests he had at heart and who received his most tender care and attention.

I am much pleased to state that my plan suggested to the several Trustees, and by them executed, of employing women physicians to

attend the female patients, has been productive of much benefit, and has relieved these institutions from the odium existing under some other administrations.

Respecting this matter, I beg leave to direct your attention to what was said in my first biennial message, namely:

“Female Physicians Appointed.”—At the inception of my administration I perceived the necessity of employing female physicians in the State Hospitals for the Insane, on account of the large number of female patients. I laid the matter before the Lunacy Commission, and am pleased to say that the plan met with the hearty approval of the members of the commission, and two female physicians were appointed, after due examination as to their qualifications—one being assigned to Napa and the other to Stockton, and duty required them to visit the other State asylums.

“The appointment of these female physicians was only made possible by the reduction by the Lunacy Commission in the salaries of the officers and employes of the asylums, by reason of the amendment to the law passed pursuant to the proclamation at the extraordinary session in 1900.”

THE STATE PRISONS.

From reports received this day from the wardens of the State prisons at Folsom and San Quentin, it appears that there are incarcerated in San Quentin 1,490 male prisoners and 23 female prisoners, and in Folsom 788 male prisoners.

The management of these prisons is fully described in the last biennial report of the State Board of Prison Directors, dated November, 1902, where the board, considering the reports of the wardens and clerks of San Quentin and Folsom prisons, among other pertinent matters, say:

“These reports show in detail the financial condition and operation of the prisons and contain other statistical information, which obviates the necessity of our going into the same matters or making a more extended report to you at this time. As will be observed from a perusal of the reports, both prisons are in excellent financial condition and the best of discipline among the prisoners is preserved. Two years ago the reports of the officers at San Quentin showed that a large sum of money had been saved during the two previous years from the sale of grain bags, and their report this year shows the same thing to have continued, and, we believe, as expressed to you in our report at that time, that the manufacture of grain bags at the prison at San Quentin has been a vast benefit to the farmers of this State, not only in preserving the price of all grain bags at the lowest possible figure, but also in preventing combination

"among the dealers. It is our pleasure to report again that the opium traffic at San Quentin is still under control and has in fact been practically completely destroyed, and during the two years last past there has been no opium found in San Quentin prison. * * * The officers of both prisons have been faithful in their attention to duties, and we are pleased to report that most perfect discipline prevails in both prisons."

THE STATE REFORM SCHOOLS.

Upon the assumption of my duties of office and for several months afterward, the condition of the Preston School of Industry was very unsatisfactory.

Notwithstanding the efforts of the Board of Trustees, the inmates were undisciplined and the school was fast becoming demoralized.

Reluctant to make sudden changes where I believed that the officers were apparently capable and their efforts well directed, still, after a personal visit and inspection, I was convinced that the condition of the school could be materially improved by a change in the superintendency, if a proper person could be found. After considering many names submitted for selection, I recommended Rev. C. B. Riddick, of Alameda County, to the trustees, who, accepting my suggestion, appointed him Superintendent.

I have had much reason to be gratified at the selection of this gentleman, whose integrity, capacity, and industry, always above reproach, have resulted in a complete moral and intellectual reformation of the school. The last report of the Preston School of Industry gives a detailed account of its management and present condition, which as well reflects credit upon the Trustees as upon the Superintendent.

I am pleased, also, to say, that the Whittier State School is much improved, and that the disagreements, which existed under the previous management and obstructed, in some degree, its advancement, have been altogether removed, and, under its present officers, careful attention is given to the education of its inmates, and a strict moral discipline maintained.

INSTITUTION FOR THE EDUCATION OF THE DEAF AND THE BLIND.

The Directors of the California Institution for the Education of the Deaf and Blind, and the Superintendent, appear to have zealously performed their duties.

On account of some unknown cause of infection, a serious epidemic of smallpox broke out in May, 1901, endangering, for a time, the lives of the inmates. Through the perfect disinfecting and cleansing measures employed by the State Board of Health by my order, and the skill and care of the physician in charge, the disease was within a comparatively short time effectually suppressed without a single death.

INDUSTRIAL HOME OF MECHANICAL TRADES FOR THE ADULT BLIND.

The good management of the Industrial Home for the Adult Blind under the present Board of Directors, has resulted in making the Home one of the model public institutions, and I take pleasure in quoting from the seventeenth annual report of the Directors the following excerpt to show what has been accomplished:

"When the present board and Superintendent Sanders took charge of the institution, June 1, 1899, its shops had long been closed and its inmates idle. As they rely upon their wages for clothing and comforts, their condition had become forlorn to a pitiful degree. The management preceding us had left a deficit of nearly \$9,000. The commerce of the Home had of course been diverted to other channels, and the task of recovering it by reopening the shops, putting the blind at work and finding a market for their product, was of extreme difficulty. But the experience and keen administrative ability of the blind superintendent, Mr. Joseph Sanders, proved equal to the emergency. The shops were reopened November 1, 1900. From that time to October 31, 1902, the inmates earned and were paid wages amounting to \$6,859.49. The receipts of the fiscal year ending June 30, 1902, were \$13,250.21, or \$1,104.18 per month. The commercial operations of the Home since that date show a steady increase in manufactures and sales. That there is room for the product of the blind inmates is evident when it is known that only ten per cent of the brooms used in California are the product of domestic white labor. In the trade the Home brooms rank as first class. The inmates are urged to keep up the standard of their product, and it is a pleasure to know that their skill is equal to the demand made upon it. * * * The officers and employes of the institution have been attentive and faithful to their duties during the year that has just passed; and are as good a corps of employes as are to be found in any institution of the State."

THE STATE BOARD OF FISH COMMISSIONERS.

I have received the following important communication from the State Board of Fish Commissioners, which, considering the excellent and economic management of the Board, deserves your careful consideration:

SAN FRANCISCO, CAL., September 29, 1902.

HON. HENRY T. GAGE, *Governor State of California, Sacramento, Cal.*:

SIR: Your State Board of Fish Commissioners have the honor to invite your attention to the following pertinent facts relating to the maintenance and improvement of the work under our jurisdiction, for reasons that are herein set forth.

First—The amount of our appropriation is totally inadequate to meet the growing demands of a valuable industry and make necessary hatchery repairs.

Second—To maintain the standard of the two principal hatchery stations for the propagation of salmon and trout, located respectively at Sisson and Tahoe City, we

require additional funds to make such repairs and improvements, as will insure permanency to the fine results already accomplished, besides placing the buildings and grounds in a condition commensurate with the dignity of a great State.

Third—The scope of our work has so broadened that we are unable under our present appropriation for support and maintenance of hatcheries to place them in the condition that their importance to the general good demands.

Fourth—The amount of money necessary to accomplish these ends would make but a very slight draft upon the general funds of the State, while the output of these stations could be increased fully fifty per cent.

After making a careful study of all the conditions and questions involved, it is the judgment of this Board that a special appropriation of \$10,000, to be devoted to hatchery changes and improvements, such as duplicate flume system, additional ponds, a dwelling house for the superintendent of Sisson station, and the purchase of additional land on which it can be located, and the proper fencing of the State's property at Tahoe, would be a sum sufficient to meet these necessary requirements.

The Sisson station is the most important. We have there a larger number of stock fish than ever before in the history of this commission. The success of a station depends upon the guaranteed supply of pure water. That we already have in abundance, and sufficient to double our present output, but we have not the means to construct the necessary flumes and ponds. We have but a single flume, and that poorly protected. Any interruption to the flow of water or temporary breakdown, would result in the loss of millions of fish that have cost the State a large sum to advance to their present state of perfection. Therefore, a flume system in duplicate is imperative. It would be an additional safeguard and good business judgment to locate a modest dwelling for the superintendent on the grounds, following the custom of the U. S. Commission and many States of the Union. Our pond system should be increased, so we could cut out and abandon some of the expensive spawn-taking stations operated in remote sections. We would secure a higher percentage of strong fry, because dangerous and expensive transportation of eggs would be avoided. Our forces could be concentrated, and in every sense would the conditions be improved, and the main purpose for which this commission was created more nearly fulfilled.

Our State already ranks high in the matter of fish propagation. We desire to maintain that standing. Our work furnishes a cheap food-supply to thousands. The poor people of our State are more largely benefited than any other class. In San Francisco our markets are selling food fish every day in the year at retail twenty-five per cent cheaper than they are selling in the New York markets at wholesale.

In the face of increased demand, our salmon supply is steadily increasing since artificial propagation began. At the beginning of the present "close season," September 10th, there was the largest run of salmon in the Sacramento and San Joaquin rivers known in ten years.

This commission planted 400 striped bass (Fingerlings) near Benicia, in the Straits of Carquinez, some eighteen years ago. We are now marketing of this delicious food fish about two million pounds per annum in San Francisco. We have brought about the same conditions in the planting of shad.

We are planting millions of trout fry annually, which afford not only food, but healthful sport for thousands of our people. We are devoting more attention to the propagation of Eastern Brook trout (*Fontinalis*), a most desirable food and game fish, one that will flourish in the smaller streams, especially in the meadows of our high plateaus, where no other trout will remain. We are maintaining and increasing the supply of Rainbow trout in the headwaters of the Sacramento, in the McCloud, and in the Truckee rivers, three of the most famous trout streams of the world, that bring to their attractive banks anglers from all parts of the Union.

The planting of black bass has not received the attention it deserves, because of lack of funds. This valuable fish should be more widely distributed through the barren lakes and reservoirs of the State at the lower elevations, where trout will not flourish, so that a desirable and convenient food-supply would be placed within the reach of many more of our people.

As this Commission has never appeared before the Legislature with a deficiency in any of the funds over which it has control, and has carefully and scrupulously guarded

every cent of expenditure, and because we desire to continue this record, and at the same time increase the scope of our work for the benefit of all our people throughout the State, as well as to maintain the high personnel of the employes of this Board, we most respectfully ask your assistance toward bringing about these desired ends, by presenting this matter to the Legislature of the State.

We have the honor to remain,

Yours respectfully,

CALIFORNIA FISH COMMISSION.

H. W. KELLER,

W. W. VAN ARSDALE,

W. E. GERBER.

CHAS. A. VOGELSANG, Chief Deputy.

SAN FRANCISCO HARBOR IMPROVEMENTS.

The cramped condition of the San Francisco Harbor for the accommodation of the increased shipping which existed at the beginning of my administration has been fortunately removed through the passage of the laws at the extra session of 1900, which permitted the extension of State piers and wharves to a distance of about eight hundred feet, and gave discretion to the Harbor Commissioners to execute leases whereby the rents from such contracts may be applied, in whole or in part, for the construction of new wharves and bulkheads or breakwaters, or the work to be paid for, in whole or in part, from the rents and revenues. Leave having been granted in December, 1900, by the Honorable the Secretary of War to extend the pierhead line to the increased limit provided for in the amendments passed in 1900, many new and substantial wharves have been constructed, thereby affording ample room to meet the increased shipping. It was deemed necessary, in July of last year, for the State Harbor Commissioners to change the pierhead line north of China Basin and Mission Rock, and after submission to the Federal officers, the Honorable the Secretary of War, on October 10, 1902, notified me of the approval of the change in the communication following :

WAR DEPARTMENT, WASHINGTON, October 10, 1902.

SIR: Referring to your letter of July 24th last, in the matter of modification of the established harbor line in San Francisco Harbor at points north and south of China Basin and Mission Rock, I beg to advise you that the subject has been under consideration by the San Francisco Harbor-line Board, which has held a public hearing and afforded parties interested an opportunity to present their views.

The report of the board, dated September 29th ultimo, shows that so much of the application as related to the proposed change south of the basin and rock had been withdrawn by the applicants, and the board has recommended that the pierhead line north of China Basin and Mission Rock be changed as follows:

"Beginning at the intersection of the pierhead line, approved March 24, 1890, with a line drawn at right angles to the bulkhead line (approved on the same date) and from a point on said bulkhead line 100 feet northerly (measured along the bulkhead line) from its intersection with the northerly side of Channel street produced; thence easterly along a continuation of the said line drawn at right angles to the bulkhead line, to a point 800 feet distant from the bulkhead line; thence northerly, at right angles to the line just described, to a point on the pierhead line approved March 24, 1890, distant 20

feet northerly (perpendicular distance) from a line parallel with the northerly line of Bryant street and 980 feet easterly from the westerly line of Spear street."

The recommendation of the Board has been approved by the Chief of Engineers and the Department.

Very respectfully,

ELIHU ROOT, Secretary of War.

HON. HENRY T. GAGE, *Governor of California, San Francisco, California.*

The various and profitable improvements following from the amendments of 1900 are described particularly in the last two reports of the State Harbor Commissioners, and are worthy of commendation.

CALIFORNIA REDWOOD PARK.

I have received the following communication from the California Redwood Park Commission, which I submit for your careful consideration:

"The commissioners appointed under the provisions of an Act entitled 'An Act providing for the creation and management of a California Redwood Park, making an appropriation therefor, and creating a board of five commissioners, with power to make purchases and to manage said California Redwood Park,' report that under the provisions of the Act they have acquired thirty-eight hundred acres of land containing the species of tree known as *Sequoia sempervirens* in the Big Basin, Santa Cruz County, as provided in Section 1 of the Act above alluded to.

"The bill provided that the sum of \$250,000 should be appropriated out of any money in the State Treasury not otherwise appropriated, which sum should be subject to the control of the commission and to be used solely for the purchase of lands suitable for a park; that of the entire sum of \$250,000 but \$50,000 should be available on the first day of January, 1902, and the sum of \$50,000 to become available thereafter on the first day of January in each year to 1906.

"In making the purchase, the commissioners report that the owners of the property accepted the certificate of the commission, that the purchase had been made, and that the purchasers were entitled to the sum already available, and would be entitled to the sums to become available on the first days of January in the years mentioned in Section 2 of the Act; that the title of the property was approved by the Attorney-General, as provided by law, and that deed to the land was placed in escrow in the Anglo-American Bank, San Francisco, and a fully certified record of the entire transaction filed with the Secretary of State.

"The object of the creation and acquirement of a park containing trees of the species known as *Sequoia sempervirens* was clearly declared in the Act creating the commission to make provision for said purchase. It was made incumbent upon the commission to select land from a tract of land commonly known as the Big Basin, situated in

“Santa Cruz County, State of California, on which are growing trees of
“the species known as *Sequoia sempervirens*, and which, in the judgment
“of said commission, is suitable for a park, the purpose being to pre-
“serve a body of these trees from destruction and maintain them for
“the honor of the State of California and for the benefit of succeeding
“generations.

“In making the selection and in consummating the purchase which
“followed such selection, care has been taken to acquire a compact,
“solid body of land which, in the judgment of the commission, is most
“suitable for a park and for the fulfillment of the purpose of the law.

“The forest thus acquired is in many respects the most distinctively
“forested body of land to be found in the State of California. It is in
“fact the only forest region designated by the Act itself suitable for
“the purposes to which it will hereafter be devoted.

“In the delineation and acquirement of this body of forested land,
“the commission has kept steadily in view the legislative intendment,
“and in the accomplishment of results we believe it has discharged its
“duty strictly in accordance with the wishes of the people of the State
“of California, as expressed through its legislative and executive de-
“partments.

“The redwood forests of California may very justly be classed among
“the botanical wonders of the world. They constitute one of the leading
“attractions to tourists, and the possession and preservation of this
“park will undoubtedly augment the volume of annual tourist travel
“to this State. In this way the park becomes a valuable adjunct in
“the way of advertising the natural resources of the State, thus more
“widely disseminating a knowledge of its natural advantages and its
“desirability as a place of residence. The possession and proper main-
“tenance of this park will, therefore, become a contributor to the rein-
“forcement of the capital and population of the State.

“It is a matter worthy of comment that this typical forest is found
“located within a direct distance of fifty miles from San Francisco, the
“chief metropolis of the State, and when lines of communication are
“completed, which its existence as a public recreation ground will call
“into being, it is within practically three hours’ railroad time of San
“Francisco. In the early future it will be practicable to visit it, and
“enjoy its beauties, by the expenditure of only one day’s time. This
“attribute of accessibility will augment its importance as an element
“of interest to those who visit it for pleasure and for scientific research.
“Your commissioners will immediately address themselves to the task
“of securing an extension of transportation lines into the Big Basin,
“and into the margins of the park. In this way only can the benefits
“of this purchase be secured to the State at an early day.

“Having, in pursuance of a deliberative Act of the Legislature, acquired

"this magnificent property, its wise administration will become at once a question of legislative policy. Your commission is in possession of facts which will justify the opinion that it will be made easily accessible at a very early day. Supplementing this general accessibility, it will become necessary to construct roads and trails through the park, and for this purpose a legislative appropriation will be necessary.

"The duty of the preservation of this park attends its ownership by the State, and this will involve an expenditure of money for the preservation of this forest, now the property of the State, and in order that such roads and trails as will make it accessible to the public as a public recreation ground may be constructed, this commission respectfully requests at your hands a recommendation to the Legislature for an appropriation in the sum of \$15,000, to be expended in the preservation and improvement of the park for the next two years, to become available in the sum of \$7,500 on the first day of July, 1903 and in a like sum of \$7,500 on the first day of July, 1904."

THE UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA.

The people of the State are justly proud of the University of California, which is the crown of the common school system, and they do not grudge reasonable taxation for its betterment.

I am glad to report that, under the present Board of Regents, and especially under the excellent management of President Benjamin Ide Wheeler, the University has made more rapid progress than ever before in its history.

In proportion to its growth, and the increased number of special departments of study, the financial requirements of the University have, necessarily, augmented. To meet these immediate demands I deemed it proper to suggest, at the last session of the Legislature, in lieu of other proposed measures, that a continuous appropriation biennially of \$200,000 should be provided to assist in the maintenance of the University and be carried in the General Appropriation Bill. Accordingly the Legislature passed the measure entitled "An Act to provide a continuous appropriation for the support and maintenance of the University of California, to be an item of the General Appropriation Bill," which I duly approved on March 15, 1901.

Inasmuch as the appropriation, under the provisions of this Act, was not to commence until the fifty-fifth fiscal year, I therefore approved a separate appropriation for the sum of \$200,000, payable in three separate installments during the years 1901 and 1902.

Under this allowance, together with the two per cent ad valorem tax allowed for its maintenance, it is perhaps possible that the needs of the University will be fully met, and that the sad spectacle observed under previous administrations of officers of the University lobbying to secure the passage of needed appropriations will not again be witnessed.

If the present allowances be found inadequate to meet the future necessities of the University, I am confident that my able successor in office, being both an alumnus and a regent, and therefore acquainted with its various details, will probably devise some proper and feasible means which will afford it sufficient support without unnecessary burdens upon the people.

CALIFORNIA POLYTECHNIC SCHOOL.

At the last session of the Legislature an Act was passed, approved March 8, 1901, for the establishment, in San Luis Obispo, of the California Polytechnic School, specifying as the purposes: "To furnish to young people of both sexes mental and manual training in the arts and sciences, including agriculture, mechanics, engineering, business methods, domestic economy, and such other branches as will fit the students for the non-professional walks of life."

An appropriation of \$50,000 was provided for the purchase of a site in San Luis Obispo County, and for the construction and furnishing of necessary buildings and its maintenance.

By the terms of the Act, the government of the school is vested in a board of trustees, consisting of the Governor, the State Superintendent of Public Instruction, and five trustees appointed by the Governor, to hold for a term of years.

On January 31, 1902, I appointed as trustees, Messrs. S. C. Smith of Bakersfield, E. J. Wickson of Berkeley, Warren M. John and Wm. Graves of San Luis Obispo, and F. A. Hihn of Santa Cruz. On September 24, 1902, I appointed Mr. R. M. Shackelford of San Luis Obispo to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Mr. Graves. The board met, selected and purchased, as a site, a tract of land of 281.04 acres in San Luis Obispo County, just outside the city of San Luis Obispo, for the sum of \$7,709.30. Plans and specifications for the erection of buildings upon said land have been filed with the State Controller, wherein the estimated cost of the work is \$41,268.00, contracts have been let, and the construction of the buildings is now in progress.

BUREAU OF LABOR STATISTICS—A FREE LABOR BUREAU RECOMMENDED.

Upon my induction into office I considered, and still consider, that the office of Commissioner of the Bureau of Labor Statistics, established by the statute approved March 3, 1883, was intended to directly benefit the laboring classes of the State by supplying the State government with such proper information as should enable it to ascertain the condition of these classes and to provide legislative remedies for their amelioration.

Influenced by this consideration, I departed from the plan of my distinguished predecessors by selecting the appointee directly from the

ranks of labor, and I rejoice to state that, from the present excellent management of the bureau, I have had no cause to regret my selection.

On page 7 of the ninth biennial report of the Bureau of Labor Statistics, the commissioner said:

“ In its original conception this bureau was created in the belief that “ it would in a degree be an exponent and protector of the rights and “ interests of the wage-earners ; that it would be a department of the “ State government in close and intelligent sympathy with their affairs “ to which they might turn for advice and information, and for such “ assistance as could be consistently rendered to them. This being the “ case, it would seem logically to follow that the administration of the “ bureau should be in the hands of such as come from wage-earners “ themselves, and who are conversant, by reason of personal experience “ and association, with those subjects with which the work of the bureau “ deals. Plain, however, as this proposition seems to be, it has remained “ for our present Governor, Henry T. Gage, to be the first in this State “ to take official cognizance of it ; and while the excellence of his choice “ for the office of commissioner may well be a debatable matter, his “ sympathy with the originally conceived idea of the plan and scope “ of the bureau is shown by the fact that its entire staff, under his “ administration, have come to their respective places direct from among “ the wage-workers of the State.”

While the office thus created has furnished valuable information to the State, yet in its practical effect it has not been of immediate use to the laboring classes, principally because the powers of the Commissioner being limited by the statute creating the office to the collection of statistical facts, there were no means by which aid could be afforded to the unemployed in cases of stagnation of labor arising from various industrial causes. The history of industrial depressions in this State shows recurrent periods when surplus labor resulted in idleness in certain lines of employment, while, at the same time, labor was greatly in demand in different lines.

There is, then, an actual need which has been emphasized by the demand of the State Federation of Labor, for making the office of Labor Commissioner of practical use and benefit to the wage-earners.

For this purpose I recommend that a free labor bureau be established as an adjunct to the Bureau of Labor Statistics, which should be under the direct supervision of the Labor Commissioner, and that a sufficient continuing appropriation be allowed for the compensation of necessary assistants and for the payment of contingent expenses.

In the preparation of such a law stringent provisions should be inserted respecting the performance of the duties of the commissioner and his assistants, and providing a remedy in cases of grievance, so as to make the bureau, among many other advantages, an impartial and effective agency for securing work for deserving employés.

ARBITRATION OF DIFFERENCES BETWEEN EMPLOYERS AND EMPLOYÉS.

In this connection the serious industrial differences in this State, as well as the recent unfortunate condition of the coal miners of Pennsylvania, and the effective moral influence of President Roosevelt, resulting in the temporary adjustment of grave trouble between the employers and employés, it would be well to consider the passage of a proper and efficient legislative measure, or, if necessary, a constitutional amendment, framed for the amelioration of such difficulties. It is true that arbitration can not be made compulsory, but measures may be framed whereby the parties to a controversy may be induced to submit their differences to an impartial council or board, which, when so stipulated, may be made binding.

I am aware that a statute is now in effect entitled "An Act to provide for a State Board of Arbitration for the settlement of differences between employers and employés, to define the duties of said board, and to appropriate the sum of twenty-five hundred dollars therefor," approved March 10, 1891, but this statute has proved to be inadequate for the purposes intended, and excepting the expenditure of a portion of the small appropriation by the first and only appointees under the statute, it has been for years an unused law.

In the event of the enactment of a new measure, I recommend that the Governor and Labor Commissioner be made members of such council of arbitration.

The interdependent relations of employers and employés in our commercial and industrial structure are so intimate that the unjust impairment of the rights and privileges of either tends to social and industrial disorganization. As a progressive and liberal people we ought to work harmoniously, and good faith and honesty are the essentials of co-operative harmony.

While the State laws can not trench upon the contracts of individuals nor imperatively fix and adjust upon an equitable basis the rights of employers and employés, yet some fair measure may be passed which, with the assistance of a just and healthy public opinion, will invite and induce the disputants to submit their controversy to the calm decision of a tribunal of arbitration.

CONDITION OF PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS GENERALLY.

All other public institutions are in good condition and greatly improved since my installation in office.

While some complaints have been made and some friction has, at times, marred the harmony and efficiency of one or two public boards whose officers held for terms under my appointment, still while mild reasons existed for a change, which would have been exercised had I been vested with the power of removal, I can correctly state that upon investigation

it was shown that these conditions were exaggerated through the sensationalism of a few hostile newspapers.

Similar conditions existed, and perhaps even in a more intense degree under my very able, painstaking, and honorable predecessor, Governor James H. Budd, whose administration generally was a great credit to the people of the State.

I am convinced that the following remarks of Governor Budd, in his second biennial message in regard thereto, are well applicable to my administration and those differences occurring thereunder, viz.:

"I leave State institutions in far better condition and under better laws than they were when I became Governor. It is impossible, however, that some of the seventeen State institutions shall not be disturbed occasionally by some outbreak or petty quarrel among officials. The correction of these is not possible until the Legislature grants more powers to the Governor. Now, when a trustee is appointed the Governor's power ceases entirely."

CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENTS AND MUNICIPAL CHARTERS.

I venture to call your attention to a matter which, by reason of its disintegrating tendency, seems to me to be portentous of future probable peril to the local sovereignty of the State.

Constitutional amendments, proposing large grants of power, especially to municipalities, have been so often loosely worded by their framers in the Legislature, that after adoption by the people, when judicially construed, it becomes evident that excessive power has been ceded, thereby limiting the sovereign functions of the people.

I strongly favor the right of cities and towns to be free from legislative interference in those purely local concerns which are necessary for their maintenance as municipal bodies. I have a most sincere affection for city and town government.

I subscribe heartily to the following views of De Tocqueville, in his work "Democracy in America," Chapter V, namely: "Municipal institutions are to liberty what primary schools are to science; they bring it within the people's reach; they teach men how to use and how to enjoy it. A nation may establish a system of free government, but without the spirit of municipal institutions it can not have the spirit of liberty."

But the municipal institutions which De Tocqueville had in view and of which he wrote were different from the local sovereignties, like a few of the cities of this State, which, constructed through broad constitutional statutes, are demanding with their every pace new and larger grants of power.

Our State is sovereign in its local sphere because the people constituting it are sovereign, but it still owes a binding allegiance and is

inseparably united to the Nation because the whole people of the United States, as sovereigns, have an equal interest in its welfare, just as the people of California have an equal interest in the welfare of other States.

So, on the other hand, the people of the northern, central, and southern counties have an interest in the City and County of San Francisco, in the cities of Los Angeles and Oakland, and other cities of the State, and the people of these cities and towns, in turn, have an interest in the welfare of those counties and their subdivisions.

In other words, every citizen of California is deeply interested in every part of the State's extensive area.

The pride and jealousy of locality, arising from residence and business interests, which exists among the people in every part of the State, if over-indulged and intensified, may cause them to overlook their wider and more patriotic interests in the development and progress of the State and Nation.

In order to harmonize these jealous and frequently conflicting local interests, and at the same time perpetuate our constitutional rights and privileges, it is necessary that such portion of the people's power which properly constitutes the State's sovereignty should remain perpetually intact. It should not be frittered away by inattentive constitutional concessions nor loose judicial construction.

Every law is either a grant of power or a limitation of right.

Professor Ordonaux, in his excellent work on Constitutional Legislation, says: "Every law, being in the nature either of a command or a prohibition, is a displacement of existing civil relations in which society as well as individuals have acquired rights, and *its possibilities to work harm must be duly estimated as well as its power to do good.*"

Laws of a broad and flexible character definitely limited to purely local needs and concerns are both proper and necessary for the growth and welfare of a municipality; but irrevocable, ambiguous constitutional charters are a lurking peril to the supreme interests of the State.

The members of the Constitutional Convention of 1878, although having the right idea of preserving municipalities from legislative interference with their local interests, did not design that the State should suffer by the provisions inserted in the Constitution providing for municipal organization.

Yet the gradual addition to the Constitution of incautious constitutional amendments relating to municipal charters has tended to abstract from the necessary power of the State.

Constitutional amendments are easily passed at each session of the Legislature, for, unlike laws, the Governor has neither the power of approval nor of disapproval.

When passed by resolution of the Senate and Assembly and submitted

to the people, comparatively few voters really understand the character and purpose of these amendments, when appearing by title and number upon the ballot; hence, as a rule, the electors vote upon them in a very perfunctory manner.

Whether carried or lost, these constitutional amendments generally receive a smaller portion of the popular vote than the several State candidates of the two leading parties. In this apathy of the electors danger is concealed.

While moderate decentralization is essential to municipal liberty, immoderate decentralization leads to disintegration.

Our great and free republic grew from the sovereignty ceded by the several American Colonies, and the strength of the Colonies themselves rose from the cession of rights by the free cities and towns within them. The several elements necessary for statehood which had existed in the municipalities integrated in the State, and the several national elements which had been claimed and controlled by the colonies, were surrendered to and integrated in the republic.

"One nation out of many" has been the proud boast of the freest people on the earth. The reverse policy is now rapidly proceeding.

The municipalities are constantly gaining the sovereignty which the State is losing. Once enfeeble the State by undue and unguarded cessions of its local sovereignty, and instead of sustaining its well-poised balance between the people of the State and the Federal Government, it will become a mere political shadow, unable on the one hand to resist the centripetal force of federalism, or, on the other, the centrifugal force of municipalism.

This policy is not in accord with the form of government which our patriotic forefathers founded, nor is history wanting in illustrations where such a policy has wrought ruin to free political institutions.

I regard this excessive growth of municipal power as a peaceful mode of secession from the State and an unconscious blow against the State's integrity, and, indirectly, an unpatriotic assault upon national existence.

The disruption of the Achaian league, which for one hundred and forty years gave freedom and enlightenment to Greece, was achieved by the craft of Roman statesmen, who, perceiving the love of power and decentralizing tendencies of the cities which formed the federal league, greatly enlarged the power of the cities at the expense of the central sovereign power, until the league, reduced to a name, left the several cities unprotected, a separate prey to Roman tyranny.

In the light of such an example, disproportionate and careless cession of its sovereignty to municipalities is not consistent with the best interests of the State. Municipal leagues exist at the present time throughout the United States whose common object is the extension of municipal powers, and in consequence the limitation of State power.

In view of this massing of opinion toward decentralization, it behooves patriotic legislators to be cautious and conservative in the drafting of constitutional amendments which have for their object the augmentation of municipal power, considering the special provisions of our State Constitution.

A law passed by the Legislature is easily repealed at an ensuing session when found to work injury, but a constitutional amendment hastily passed by the Legislature and inconsiderately adopted by the people, however injurious in its effects, is very difficult to abrogate.

As these amendments inflexibly affect fundamental rights, and as the Governor has no voice in their passage, it becomes your solemn duty to investigate more closely these proposed amendments than proposed laws, and to place them far above and beyond the power and influence of lobbies.

CONCLUSION.

My career in office has not been one of pleasurable ease, nor have I ever sought, at the expense of public duty, my own aggrandizement.

Mistakes may have been made sometimes, perhaps, through want of that diplomatic tact which graces many in public life, and which too often deceives, but for such, and all mistakes, wherever made, I shall be answerable to the judgment of my fellow-citizens in the quiet and just criticism of private life.

Having, however, always kept before me as my guiding light what I conceived to be and cherished as the people's interests, upon this, the eve of retirement, I feel that, actuated by a sense of right and justice to all my fellow-citizens, I have striven with my best and for the best.

HENRY T. GAGE,

Governor of the State of California.

APPENDIX "A"

REPORT OF THE SPECIAL HEALTH COMMISSIONERS

APPOINTED BY THE GOVERNOR TO CONFER WITH
THE FEDERAL AUTHORITIES AT WASHINGTON
RESPECTING THE ALLEGED EXISTENCE OF
BUBONIC PLAGUE IN CALIFORNIA.

SAN FRANCISCO, CAL., September 16, 1901.

HON. HENRY T. GAGE, *Governor State of California*:

SIR: The commissioners appointed by you on the 1st day of March, 1901, to visit Washington in order to confer with the Federal authorities in relation to the alleged prevalence of bubonic plague in the Chinese quarter of San Francisco, and to the more or less positive declarations of intention to place the State of California under quarantine, and who were subsequently invited by you to assist in an advisory capacity in carrying out the agreement reached to cleanse Chinatown, have the honor to report as follows:

In the course of a conference held in your office on the 27th of February, 1901, participated in by the members of your commission, it was developed that a misunderstanding had arisen concerning the attitude of the Executive of the State of California toward the Federal health authorities. Misrepresentations had been made by irresponsible papers, which created the impression in Washington that there was a disposition on your part to obstruct the operations of the United States Marine Hospital Service, and these were being seized upon by peoples having rival interests and were employed as arguments to force the abandonment of San Francisco as a military headquarters, and as the chief base of the Philippine transportation service. Statements were made that the existence of bubonic plague would make the imposition of a quarantine necessary, and it was openly asserted that such action would be followed by the removal of the transport service and military headquarters from an alleged plague-infected city.

At the conference referred to, you laid before your commissioners all the correspondence which had passed between yourself and the Federal health authorities on the subject of the alleged existence of the plague in San Francisco. It plainly disclosed the fact that there was no ground for the assertion freely made that you were placing obstacles in the way of taking precautions; on the contrary, we found in it earnest profes-

sions of a desire to co-operate with the Federal health authorities in order to set at rest the alarming and injurious rumors which were being circulated regarding the prevalence of the disease. In a telegram of February 25, 1901, you said to the Hon. Lyman J. Gage, Secretary of the Treasury, in reply to a dispatch from him regretting your inability to visit Washington and confer with the department regarding the matter:

"I therefore respectfully request the United States authorities to take charge of the matter within this State and deal with the situation from the standpoint of the report of its commissioners, but without charge or cost to this State, at the same time assuring you of my hearty co-operation."

We found that your attitude respecting the assumption of the cost of the preventive measures was prompted by information, conveyed in a semi-official manner, that there was a considerable sum of money at the disposal of the health authorities of the United States, to be used in emergencies such as that which confronted the State. But we noted that the Honorable Secretary of the Treasury assumed that "while all ordinary expenses incurred in the payment of its own officers may be met by the department under the law, and in accordance with usage, the chief burden should be borne by the City of San Francisco." "No municipality," he added, "has ever depended financially upon the Government, under like circumstances, though there have been numerous parallel cases during epidemics of yellow fever." In the course of the conference it was made clear to us, while the Legislature at its session in 1901 had fortunately made an appropriation for health purposes to be expended under your direction, that you did not have the legal right, even if the desire existed, to permit any portion of it to be expended except by State officials. It was also made apparent by telegrams received from Washington that our Senators, instead of assisting in clearing up the situation, were accentuating its gravity by accepting without challenge the allegations that bubonic plague prevailed in San Francisco, and by absolutely disregarding all the evidence which tended to show that the disease did not exist in San Francisco at the time and had not existed.

Accordingly, as the result of the conference of February 27, 1901, and in response to the professed desire of the Secretary of the Treasury, it was decided by you to send a commission to Washington to go over the matter with the authorities in that city and to avert, if possible, the threatened quarantine. The commission left this city on March 3d and arrived in Washington on the 7th. On the morning of the 8th the Secretary of the Treasury was waited upon and your position was fully presented by Mr. W. F. Herrin, who spoke for the commission. He made clear to the Honorable Secretary that, while you were convinced

there was no ground for the assertion that there was or had been bubonic plague in San Francisco (an opinion shared by the members of the commission), you were desirous of co-operating with the Federal health authorities in making their investigations, and in taking such precautions as would serve to allay any apprehension that might have been created outside of California by the alarmist reports published in certain papers, and which had been telegraphed all over the world.

The spokesman of the commission also called the Honorable Secretary's attention to the fact that through misapprehension or design the special commissioners appointed by the Treasury Department for the purpose of ascertaining the existence or non-existence of bubonic plague in San Francisco, did not call upon you until after they had concluded their labors, although you had urged that "co-operation with the State authorities by such experts should be advised in order that the State may select eminent home bacteriologists and physicians, as well as, if deemed necessary, bacteriologists and physicians from other States and countries to examine the same suspected cases, so as to arrive at a correct and impartial conclusion;" and had urged as a reason for making this appeal: "The irreparable injury heretofore done to this State (California) by unfair and *ex parte* examinations."

These and other representations made to the Honorable Secretary influenced him to accede to your very reasonable request that the State should be permitted to protect its interests, and your commission was referred to the Supervising Surgeon-General, Marine Hospital Service, to discuss with him the outlines of a plan of action. A satisfactory agreement was soon reached, the nature of which is disclosed by the following correspondence:

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE OF THE SUPERVISING SURGEON-GENERAL, MARINE HOSPITAL SERVICE,
WASHINGTON, MARCH 11, 1901.

MR. JOHN P. YOUNG, *Chairman Committee Representing the Governor, Mayor of San Francisco, and Business Interests of California, Washington, D. C.:*

SIR: I transmit herewith a letter, dated March 9th, from the Surgeon-General of the Marine Hospital Service, outlining the understanding which has been arrived at between yourselves and this department, as a result of the conference on March 9th.

In transmitting the same, I wish to express the appreciation of this department of the visit of your committee and its spirit of friendly conference. I trust, also, that the results so earnestly desired by both yourselves and the department will be speedily achieved and by methods that may be effective without causing undue alarm.

The department will appreciate an acknowledgment.

Respectfully,

(Signed :) O. L. SPAULDING, Acting Secretary.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE OF THE SUPERVISING SURGEON-GENERAL, MARINE HOSPITAL SERVICE,
WASHINGTON, March 9, 1901.

The Honorable the Secretary of the Treasury:

SIR: Referring to the conference held in accordance with your instructions, after the meeting in your office this forenoon with the representatives of the Governor of

California, the Mayor of San Francisco, the press, the railroads, and the business interests of San Francisco, I have to inform you that an understanding has been reached, stated somewhat informally as follows:

The visiting representatives have expressed a desire for hearty co-operation of the State and city authorities interested in the work, which is made necessary in view of the report of the commission; and they desire, while this work shall be done by the city and State authorities, the services of some expert officer of the Service to give advice as to the methods to be pursued, agreeing that his recommendations shall be carried out, and that the work shall be begun at once.

I have informed them also that so far as can be seen at the present time the principles enunciated in my telegram of January 9, 1901, to Surgeon White, copy of which is inclosed, are about what should be adopted at the present time, with the understanding that it is possible that future developments may require more radical measures, though it is not expected.

It is understood also that the burden of expense falls upon local or State authorities though, of course, the department will meet the salaries and incidental expenditures of its own officers.

It is the desire of the Treasury Department, as well as of the bureau, that these affairs shall be conducted with the least possible interruption to commerce and the least possible excitation of alarm.

Surgeon White, now in San Francisco, is the officer of the Service who will be the representative of the bureau and of the department in this matter, and who, it is understood, is entirely acceptable to all parties.

Respectfully,

(Signed:) WALTER WYMAN,
Supervising Surgeon-General M. H. S.

One inclosure, copy of January 9, 1901, telegram to Surgeon White, San Francisco, Cal.

(Telegram.)

WASHINGTON, D. C., January 9, 1901.

DR. J. H. WHITE, *Occidental Hotel, San Francisco, Cal.:*

Regarding plague in San Francisco, you might say situation not acute. Experience in Oporto, Santos, Glasgow, and climatic conditions in 'Frisco make it more a matter of future menace—as instanced in British Medical Journal of December 1st, page 1614. It was present in Calcutta two years before acknowledged. Therefore, more to prevent future catastrophe than from present alarm, measures should be taken as necessity arises, nor need they be (taken) in such manner as to excite alarm, but should include inspection, isolation, and disinfection, as in smallpox (in same manner).

If assured of this, publication would be unnecessary. Use this as your judgment dictates.

(Signed:) WYMAN.

It is proper to call attention to the telegram which forms a part of this correspondence, as it was freely charged in the press, and by medical journals, that your commission had induced the Federal health authorities to consent to the suppression of facts. It will be noted that the date of the telegram to Dr. J. H. White was January 9th, and that in it Surgeon-General Wyman advised him to take his measures in such a manner as not to excite alarm; and that publication would be unnecessary. This is all your commission asked, and it preferred the request in the full assurance that the only harm that could be done would be that caused by the dissemination of statements calculated to injure the reputation of California by fastening upon it the reputation of being subject to plague.

The arrangement thus reached by your commission was promptly reported to you, and at your request, on our return from Washington, we met in the office of Hon. James D. Phelan, Mayor of San Francisco, to consult with you and that official respecting the mode of carrying out the agreement. At this meeting you indicated the extent to which you thought the State should go in meeting the views of the Federal authorities. Mayor Phelan, however, was unable to make any specific promises on behalf of the city, but expressed a willingness to do all in his power to comply with the demands which would arise as the work of cleansing Chinatown proceeded. The conclusion was reached by those in consultation that the pledge made for you by your commission should be promptly redeemed, and Dr. J. H. White of the Marine Hospital Service, who was in waiting, was called in and asked to outline his plan of campaign. He said that he should require the cleansing, disinfection, and fumigation of the district known as Chinatown; that it would be necessary to provide and maintain a crematory to dispose of the rubbish; a laboratory for bacteriological purposes; a building available for use as a detention barracks; a hospital for any subjects that might be discovered, and a morgue and hall of tranquillity. As Dr. White's large experience in such matters qualified him to speak understandingly, his opinion as to the probable cost of carrying out the cleansing, disinfection, and fumigation, which he said would be necessary, was asked. He answered that he had given the subject some attention, but could not make a close estimate. He thought, however, that the work would necessitate an expenditure of at least \$100,000.

It being impossible at this meeting for Mayor Phelan to definitely state what part of the expense of cleansing Chinatown, and for providing the facilities which Dr. White had demanded, could be assumed by the City of San Francisco, another consultation was arranged for the ensuing day, April 2d. At this conference the following agreement was entered into between yourself, on behalf of the State, and Mayor Phelan, on the part of the city:

"The State will clean up Chinatown in its own way and with its own money. Will fumigate and disinfect until \$25,000 of State money is spent.

"City will erect and maintain a crematory to dispose of rubbish found by the State.

"City will erect and maintain laboratory.

"City will provide and maintain detention barracks and hospital.

"City will provide morgue and hall of tranquillity, and maintain same."

Although this agreement imposed the greater part of the burden of cleansing, disinfecting, and fumigating the Chinese quarter of San Francisco upon the State, your commission, considering the exigency

and the possible consequences of delay, heartily approved the arrangement entered into, and urged that the work be proceeded with at once, in order that the pressure which was undoubtedly being exerted to have the Federal authorities erect a quarantine against California should be relieved. At your request your commission consented to continue acting in its advisory capacity, and agreed with you that it was desirable to have an efficient corps of physicians, acting under the direction of the State Board of Health, to assist in the examination of every alleged case of bubonic plague brought to the attention of the Federal authorities while making their investigations in this city. The importance of this course of action was demonstrated by the results, which fully justified the position taken by you from the beginning, namely, that there was no ground for the charge that cases of genuine bubonic plague had been found in San Francisco.

Although your commission, at the conclusion of this meeting of April 2d, announced to Dr. J. H. White, the official designated by the Federal health authorities to direct and supervise the work of cleansing, disinfecting, and fumigating Chinatown, the readiness of the State to proceed, he postponed the commencement of operations until April 9th. On the morning of that day a force of forty-three men, subsequently largely increased, was put to work, and the instructions of Dr. White were rigidly adhered to, your commissioners taking pains to hear from him at frequent intervals, in order to learn if everything was proceeding according to his desires. The process adopted, as prescribed by Dr. White, and the progress of the work, are fully described in the accompanying report of the State Board of Health, of August 27, 1901. In all 1,185 buildings, containing 16,888 rooms, and numerous hallways, stairways, sinks, yards, basements, sub-basements, water-closets, and roofs were cleansed, disinfected, and fumigated. Fifteen hundred and eleven loads of garbage, or 4,533 cubic yards, were removed by the State force. The carting and burning of this material were done at the expense of the city. The number of men employed daily on all the work ranged from 130 to 150. That the business was done expeditiously and economically will be inferred from the fact that it was accomplished for about one fourth the amount estimated by Dr. White. Those in charge are to be especially commended for the economies practiced in the purchase of supplies. We find from the reports rendered by the State Board of Health that by disregarding the recommendation of Dr. White to purchase sulphur, bichloride of mercury, dutch ovens, etc., in large quantities, a considerable saving was effected. Thus the work of disinfecting and fumigating was thoroughly performed with 300 pounds of sulphur, although the Marine Hospital Service estimated that thirty tons would be necessary. Fifty pans were bought, and twenty only used, but the requisition of the Federal official called for 200.

In addition to the work of cleansing, disinfecting, and fumigating, the State Board of Health undertook the important duty of assisting the Federal health officers in their search for suspicious cases. A doubt having arisen in the minds of Dr. White and his staff regarding the accuracy of the number of sick Chinese reported in the quarter, a corps of five physicians was employed by the State Board of Health to make a house-to-house canvass. These physicians made a daily report of the work performed by them and also a report of a Chinese whom they found sick, giving a history of each case and a diagnosis of the disease. Each block in the quarter was covered by the State's physicians eight times, and in all of the seventeen blocks only 307 sick cases were reported. A morgue was established by the Marine Hospital Service at 638 Merchant Street, and any Chinese man, woman, or child dying in the City and County of San Francisco was, by the order of Dr. White and his associates, immediately removed thereto and treated as a case of bubonic plague until the autopsy proved the contrary. Under an order issued by the City Board of Health of San Francisco, no Chinese person dying in the City and County of San Francisco could be buried until a certificate of death was countersigned by either of the three physicians in charge of the morgue and laboratory conducted by the Federal officials. At all the autopsies the State was represented by one or more physicians, and no autopsy was held without a representative from the State Board being present. The State had as its bacteriologist Dr. S. M. Mouser, who conducted a very thorough and complete investigation in all cases that were considered in any way suspicious.

The wisdom of these precautions was soon made evident. Many cases were reported which were pronounced suspicious by the physicians employed by the Marine Hospital Service, but although between April 8th and August 27th 103 autopsies were performed, not one case was found which could be pronounced bubonic plague. The report of the State Board of Health, which gives the clinical history of these cases and the circumstances attending the autopsies, indicates that there was an eager desire on the part of those who contended that bubonic plague existed in this city to establish that fact. In one instance an attempt was made to quicklime a body in order to destroy the evidence which would conclusively prove that the deceased had died of pulmonary tuberculosis, which fact had been ascertained at the autopsy. Had not the State Board's physicians taken the attitude they did, the evidence is strong that it would have been pronounced a genuine case of plague. Many other circumstances are cited tending to show that there was a disposition manifested to keep up the impression that bubonic plague had prevailed in the city and that it was still present, but the watchfulness of the State Board's representatives prevented any misunderstanding on that point. And in view of the necessity of thorough watchful-

ness in this matter, your commission, at its last meeting with you, approved the continuance by you for at least six months of measures to secure complete information as to all suspected or alleged cases of plague, and generally to see that the health conditions of Chinatown were not in any way misrepresented. The monthly expenses of such measures were then estimated at about \$1,000, and your commission entirely approves this and all other expenses incurred by the State authorities in this whole matter. It is significant in this connection that the latest case of bubonic plague alleged to have been discovered in this city was on April 8th, the day before the State Board commenced its active investigations. After that date no case was discovered, although many were asserted to be such until an autopsy disproved the assertion.

The commission heartily commends the attitude taken by you in your answer to the telegram from Walter Wyman, Surgeon-General, Marine Hospital Service, dated June 18, 1901, which seems to have closed the incident, and in which he says: "It is a matter of mutual congratulation that no cases have been found during the progress of this work" (that is, the cleansing of Chinatown and the investigation of the character of every case of sickness found within its limits), and suggests that certain supplementary work recommended by Dr. White should be carried out. Your declaration that "there is no occasion at this time for the further investigations suggested by Dr. White" is fully concurred in by us, and we trust that the determination expressed by you that "one-sided or secret examinations, such as have in the past been witnessed in San Francisco, to its irreparable detriment and to that of the whole State, * * * can not again be permitted," will be rigidly adhered to.

In conclusion, your commission desires to express the opinion that the result of the steps taken by you has been to wholly disprove the allegation that bubonic plague has existed in San Francisco. Had the same precautions been taken before April 8, 1901, that were adopted after that date, we should not have been menaced with quarantine, nor would we have had imposed upon us the expenditure of a large sum of money, every dollar of which was extorted by the necessity of warding off the evil consequences of the false reports concerning the health of the city and State. There can be no reasonable doubt that the autopsies made prior to April 8, 1901, would have had the same result as those made after that date had there been present doctors who were not interested in creating the impression that San Francisco was plague-infected. The fact that no plague has been found since April 8, 1901, and the further fact that the disease, although it was alleged to have made its appearance on March 6, 1900, did not become epidemic, and that no two cases of what was termed bubonic plague appeared in the same house,

should carry conviction to every candid mind that San Francisco is and has been absolutely free from the disease, and that those who said it existed were either mistaken or deliberately misrepresented the facts.

JOHN P. YOUNG,
WM. F. HERRIN,
T. T. WILLIAMS,
H. T. SCOTT,
Commissioners.

FREMONT OLDER,
Commissioner of the City of San Francisco and of the State.

In signing the above report I desire to express the opinion that in the earlier reports of the existence of plague, the Mayor and Board of Health and other officials of San Francisco were sincere in their belief that the reports of physicians that the plague was here were true. I am of the opinion, however, that later on the judgment of the Board of Health became corrupted by its dislike to confessing mistake and by its desire of proving that its erroneous conclusions were justifiable.

Certainly no blame should attach to officials for taking precautions against disease which excellent authority declared existed. At the same time no excuse should be made for physicians and others who attempted to palm off as plague diseases of a non-contagious character.

T. T. WILLIAMS.

Conference Committee:

W. J. MARTIN.

HUGH HUME.

THE DISINFECTING, CLEANING, AND FUMIGATING OF CHINATOWN, IN THE CITY AND COUNTY OF SAN FRANCISCO, STATE OF CALIFORNIA, BY THE STATE BOARD OF HEALTH.

HEADQUARTERS OF STATE BOARD OF HEALTH,
ROOM NO. 11, FERRY BUILDING,
SAN FRANCISCO, August 27, 1901.)

The work of disinfecting, fumigating, and cleaning of the district known as Chinatown, in the City and County of San Francisco, was commenced April 8, 1901, by the State Board of Health, under the supervision of the Marine Hospital Service of the United States, Dr. J. H. White in charge. The district known as Chinatown and mapped out by Dr. White consisted of the following seventeen blocks:

Block 132, bounded by Pacific and Jackson, Powell and Stockton streets;

Block 133, bounded by Jackson and Washington, Powell and Stockton streets;

Block 134, bounded by Washington and Clay, Powell and Stockton streets;

Block 135, bounded by Clay and Sacramento, Powell and Stockton streets;

Block 136, bounded by Sacramento and California, Powell and Stockton streets;

Block 110, bounded by Broadway and Pacific, Stockton and Dupont streets;

Block 111, bounded by Pacific and Jackson, Stockton and Dupont streets;

Block 112, bounded by Jackson and Washington, Stockton and Dupont streets;

Block 113, bounded by Washington and Clay, Stockton and Dupont streets;

Block 114, bounded by Clay and Sacramento, Stockton and Dupont streets;

Block 115, bounded by Sacramento and California, Stockton and Dupont streets;

Block 89, bounded by New Montgomery avenue and Pacific, Dupont and Kearny streets;

Block 90, bounded by Pacific and Jackson, Dupont and Kearny streets;

Block 91, bounded by Jackson and Washington, Dupont and Kearny streets;

Block 92, bounded by Washington and Clay, Dupont and Brenham place;

Block 93, bounded by Clay and Sacramento, Dupont and Kearny streets;

Block 94, bounded by Sacramento and California, Dupont and Kearny streets.

The blocks on the west side of Stockton street were not cleaned in their entirety; only portions of said blocks are occupied by Chinese, and in no instance was it necessary to invade the premises on the Powell street boundary.

On April 4th the following communication was received at this office from Dr. J. H. White, viz.: "The work of disinfecting, fumigating, and "cleaning the district known as Chinatown will commence at the south-east corner of Stockton and Pacific streets, and follow a southeasterly "course, on account of the prevailing winds."

The State Board of Health was prepared to begin work on April 5th, when Dr. White made a request for postponement until April 8th. At nine o'clock on the morning of April 8, 1901, we commenced work with a force of forty-three men on block 111, beginning on the corner of Stockton and Pacific streets, as per instructions of Dr. White. Under

the instructions of the Marine Hospital people we requested the Chinese to clean their premises, preparatory to having them fumigated, by means of the following process: "All rooms to be fumigated with five per cent "sulphur dioxide for forty hours, with all contents in place. This to be "followed by all textiles to be subjected to a steam disinfection for twenty "minutes in a temperature of 215° Fahr. All goods that could not be "disinfected by steam to be soaked in bichloride of mercury solution, "1 to 1,000, or in five per cent carbolic acid solution. All other things "that do not come under these clauses and incapable of disinfection, such "as foodstuffs, were to be carried to the crematory and burned."

These orders were countermanded and the following plan was substituted, viz.: The floors and walls waist high in the rooms in the various premises to be washed and scrubbed with a saturated lye solution, 1 pound to a 4-gallon bucket of water, and the remaining portion of the walls and ceiling to be sprayed with a 1 to 800 solution of bichloride of mercury. We were obliged to pursue this plan in all storerooms until such time that it was found to be of such character of work that it would be impossible to complete the large storerooms and warehouses short of seven or eight months. By request and after consultation with Dr. White, we were permitted to fumigate those storerooms which contained goods that were not damageable by means of sulphur process of fumigating. In those storerooms and warehouses which contained goods which were easily damaged we were permitted to use a formaldehyde gas.

The men were divided into squads of five each, one of said squad being known as the captain or foreman. These squads were in charge of physicians employed by the State Board of Health, who gave instructions as to the work to be performed and saw that it was properly done. After a building was cleaned with the lye solution, the physician in charge of the squad performing the work in said building would report the same to one of the physicians acting as inspector on the staff of Dr. White, and he in turn would inspect said building and mark it ready for spraying. The building then would be taken in charge by the spraying squad, whose duty it was to spray the walls and ceilings with a bichloride of mercury solution, 1 to 800. After this character of work was completed the building was again inspected by the State Board of Health inspectors, and by them reported to the inspectors on the Federal staff, who in turn inspected the building and approved the work by marking upon each door of the rooms of the building "O. K." and "Bich.," which meant that the rooms and building had been cleaned, fumigated, and disinfected to the satisfaction of the physician acting as inspector on the staff of Dr. White.

This character of work was carried on until all of the 1,185 buildings in the district were completed; in all, 16,888 rooms were cleaned, disin-

fectured, and fumigated, besides numerous hallways, stairways, sinks, yards, basements, sub-basements, water-closets, and roofs. Dirt and filth from these buildings were carried to the street and alleyways, where it was covered with quicklime by a force of men employed by the State, after which it was carted off to the crematory and burned; in all, 1,511 loads of this garbage, or 4,533 cubic yards. The carting and burning of this material were done by the City Board of Health at the expense of the city.

All the dark rooms, alleyways, and stairways were subjected to a coat of whitewash by a squad of men working under instructions of our inspector and at the expense of the State Board. In conjunction with the above, a plumbing inspector was employed, who made a thorough investigation of all the plumbing in the buildings in the district, and where defective plumbing was found notice was served upon the owners or their representatives, and with few exceptions the necessary repairs were made to the satisfaction of our plumbing inspector.

At this point we desire to note that the following plumbing fixtures and materials were used to place the plumbing in a sanitary condition:

- 97 new water-closets were put in.
- 186 new galvanized sinks.
- 46 automatic flush tanks.
- 36 new porcelain urinals.
- 28 slop-hoppers.
- 37 new iron and lead traps.
- 1600 feet cast-iron sewer pipe.
- 27 feet galvanized vent pipe.
- 1200 feet galvanized water pipe.
- 137 water-closets were repaired.
- 48 sinks were repaired.
- 81 slop-hoppers were repaired.

During the work a request came from Dr. White asking that a squad of men be formed, to be known as the "flying squadron." This squad was organized and put in charge of one of the State physicians. The duty of this "flying squadron" was to clean and fumigate the buildings in which alleged cases of bubonic plague had existed; this squad cleaned in all some 34 buildings. The average number of men employed daily on all the work ranged from 135 to 150. The number of physicians employed as inspectors was 6.

A doubt having arisen in the minds of Dr. White and his staff as to the number of sick Chinese reported in the Chinese quarters, a corps of five physicians was employed by the State Board to make a house-to-house canvass in the district known as Chinatown, and to ascertain the truth of this doubt. These physicians made a daily report of the work performed by them, and also a report of the Chinese whom they found

sick, giving a history of the case and their diagnosis of the disease. These reports were made in duplicate, one being placed on file in this office, and the duplicate sent to the office of Dr. White. Each block in the district was covered by our physicians eight different times, and in all of the seventeen blocks only 307 sick cases were reported to this office. Few cases of acute sickness were found, most of the cases being of a chronic character, the majority of whom were suffering from pulmonary tuberculosis.

Herewith is a statement of the deaths among the Chinese and Japanese of this city since 1897, as tabulated by the statistician of the City Board of Health:

Fiscal Year.	Estimated Population.	Male.	Female.	Total.
1897-98 -----	18,000	397	57	454
1898-99 -----	18,000	453	53	506
1899-1900 -----	18,000	454	72	526
July, 1900, to Dec., 1900, inclusive -----	18,000	-----	-----	214
Jan., 1901, to April 30, 1901, inclusive -----	-----	-----	-----	151

A census taken by the State Board of Health, as to the number living in the district known as Chinatown, amounted to 14,281 men, women, and children.

A morgue was established by the Marine Hospital people at 638 Merchant street, in the quarters formerly used as the City Morgue. Any Chinese man, woman, or child dying in the City and County of San Francisco was by the order of Dr. White and his associates immediately removed to this morgue and treated as a case of bubonic plague until the autopsy proved the contrary. The morgue and laboratory of the Federal authorities were conducted by Drs. Flint, M. White, and Ryfkogle. Dr. Flint performed all autopsies, and under an order issued by the City Board of Health of San Francisco, no Chinese person dying in the City and County of San Francisco could be buried until a certificate of death was countersigned by one of the above-named gentlemen, showing that the case was not one of bubonic plague. The morgue and laboratory at the present time are under the direct charge of Drs. Blue, White, and Currie. At all the autopsies the State has been represented by one or more physicians, and no autopsy has been held without a representative from this Board. Specimens were removed from the bodies of those autopsied for the purpose of making bacteriological investigations. The State has as its bacteriologist Dr. S. M. Mouser, who conducts a very thorough and complete investigation in all cases which are considered in any way suspicious.

The hours for holding the autopsies were arranged for 10 A. M. and 3 P. M. daily. From April 8th to August 19th, 93 autopsies have been performed. Many of these cases were looked upon as very suspicious

by the physicians employed by the Marine Hospital Service; but at all times the State Board, through its representatives, has never found a case which could be pronounced as one of bubonic plague, and the report of the State Board's bacteriologist shows the result of a complete investigation.

The following cases have been selected as the ones which were looked upon as suspicious by the physicians in the employ of the Marine Hospital Service.

Woo Poy Wing, 822 Clay street, male, 32 years old, laborer, died at above number on the 7th of April. This case was seen by Dr. Lawlor on the 17th of March, and he obtained a history of pulmonary tuberculosis of over one year's standing. Autopsy made by Dr. Flint revealed the following facts: Glandular system, submaxillary (anterior and posterior), cervica, supra clavicular, right axillary, all negative. Left axillary, found one gland enlarged to the size of almond. The right inguinal glands just felt. The left inguinal just felt. The peritoneal cavity was filled with a cloudy, straw-colored exudate, which contained numerous flocculi. A remark was made at this point that this was very characteristic in plague, and that it was hardly necessary to go on further with the autopsy. At the suggestion of the State's representative, the autopsy was completed, with these findings, viz.: Anatomical diagnosis: Pulmonary tuberculosis, acute peritonitis, tumor of cæcum, intestinal perforation, and arterio sclerosis. Bacteriological diagnosis, negative. Had it not been for the demand on the part of the State's representative at the autopsy this would probably have been reported as a case of plague.

Mark Owau Wing, alias Mae Quon, 735 Jackson street, male, 35 years old, laborer, died April 27th. This case was seen two days before death, and the cause of illness was given as spitting of blood. From a history of the case, a diagnosis of pulmonary tuberculosis was made. Anatomical diagnosis: Pulmonary tuberculosis; chololithiasis; acute parenchymatous degeneration of the kidneys. Bacteriological diagnosis: By the Federal people, distinctly bipolar-stained bacilli; by the State authorities, the bacteriological examination showed a negative result.

This was the case which they endeavored to make out as one of plague, and had it not been for the firm stand taken by our physicians there is no question but that this would have terminated as a pronounced case of bubonic plague. At the autopsy Dr. Flint made no statement concerning plague until he removed one enlarged gland from the right axilla. The right lung was removed and found to be tubercular. Dr. Flint then endeavored to remove the left lung, but found it so firmly adhered and diseased that it was impossible to remove it through the abdominal opening, and he stated that he did not desire to mutilate

the body by making an opening in the chest walls. He further stated that this was a case of pulmonary tuberculosis, and with this diagnosis the State's representative felt satisfied and left the morgue. Later on in the afternoon Dr. Flint was found going through Chinatown in company with a police officer to the building in which the deceased Chinaman had resided, at 735 Jackson Street. The room which he occupied was sealed and locked, but no quarantine was placed on the building. Dr. White immediately made a request that the room be fumigated, which was complied with. That evening the State's representatives demanded that the order given by the Federal people to quicklime the body for burial be countermanded, and a further and more complete autopsy be performed. Our request to non-quicklime the body was granted, as well as postponement of time of burial. The following morning Dr. Flint was interviewed and requested to explain his position in this case. He stated that he desired to await the result of a bacteriological investigation before giving an anatomical diagnosis. He said that if the State desired to make a more complete autopsy they could do so, he would not, but finally admitted that both lungs were completely destroyed by tuberculosis, and the left lung to such an extent that it was impossible to remove it. No further autopsy was insisted on after this admission. We learned that they had inoculated a guinea-pig, but the guinea refused to succumb to their bacilli. The result was that they finally admitted that no evidence of plague had developed from their bacteriological examination, although they were positive in the beginning that they had found bipolar-stained bacilli. The bacteriological investigation made by the State's physicians on the above case gave a negative result.

Mrs. Augusta Feller, white, female, died at the City and County Hospital on April 24th. Anatomical diagnosis: General acute peritonitis; hypostatic congestion of the lungs; cloudy swelling of the liver, kidneys, and heart; chronic fibroid myocarditis. Bacteriological diagnosis: By the Federal people, bipolar-stained bacilli, plague; by the State's authorities, pneumococci.

This was, in the opinion of Dr. Flint, a typical case of plague. This woman resided with her family at 140 Berlin street, and was taken sick on April 15th, while nursing her husband, who was suffering from traumatic pneumonia, the cause of which was a fractured rib produced by the kick of a cow; and on April 19th, on account of the distressed financial circumstances of the family, she was removed to the City and County Hospital and placed under the care of Dr. Charles Rosenthal until the time of her death, and was attended by Dr. Alfred McLaughlin before her removal to the hospital. From Dr. Rosenthal the State received the information that this was a case of acute peritonitis, with double lobular pneumonia, and he signed the death certificate, giving the above-named diseases as the cause of death. Dr. Pillsbury, who

made the autopsy in this case, could not verify the statement of Drs. Flint, Ryfkogle, Kellogg, and others, who claimed that they found plague bacilli. Drs. B. F. Williams and Doddsworth, internes at the City and County Hospital, were present at the autopsy. On the findings of Dr. Flint and others the ward at the hospital in which the woman died was quarantined, pending a more complete bacteriological examination on the part of Dr. Flint and his associates. These physicians were so positive regarding their diagnosis in this case that they went out to the residence of the deceased woman with the intention of taking some of the blood of the sick husband for examination and to Haffkine the children. Upon their arrival at the house, and after getting a history of the husband's illness and injuries, they failed to carry on any further investigation, or to Haffkine the children. They inoculated a guinea-pig with specimens removed from the body of the deceased woman, but the result proved negative. After holding off a bacteriological examination for a week or more, they finally admitted that they had been mistaken, and countersigned the certificate of death, giving as a cause of death acute peritonitis with lobular pneumonia, and ordered the quarantine raised on the ward. The State's representatives had informed the Federal people and their associates that they could give them a complete history of this woman's case from the date of her very recent confinement when she gave birth to a child, up to and including the time of her death, and that they were positive as to their position that this was not a case of bubonic plague. The Federal people and their associates ordered this body quicklimed for burial, yet they permitted a public funeral from an undertaking establishment in the Mission, and published the date and hour of the funeral in the daily papers.

Lee Yick Wau, 622 Jackson street, male, laundryman, 42 years old, suddenly died April 27th. This case was not seen before death, but an investigation before the autopsy was performed revealed the fact that the man had died from the effects of an overdose of Chinese medicine. Dr. Flint stated, before the autopsy began, that this certainly was one of the supposed hidden cases of plague, so often mentioned. At the request of the State's representatives, a complete autopsy was made of the stomach and intestines, and when no cause was found to account for the acute pathological changes in the stomach and intestines, the State's representatives gave the cause as above mentioned, and thus another case was proven to be based on fallacy. Anatomical diagnosis: Acute gastro-enteritis; phthisis; chololithiasis; chronic pleurisy, and chronic interstitial nephritis. Bacteriological diagnosis, negative.

Wong Do Gap, 828 Sacramento street, male, age 40, died May 13th, at the Oriental Dispensary. This case was seen many times clinically for more than one month, and a diagnosis of tubercular adenitis was

made. Anatomical diagnosis: Acute hemorrhagic gastro-intero colitis, caused by chewing and swallowing Dr. Flint's clinical thermometer, chronic nephritis; edema of the lungs; cervical tubercular adenitis of the glands of the left axilla. Bacteriological diagnosis: Federal people found bipolar-stained bacilli, and inoculated a guinea-pig; result proved negative.

Lei Lum or Gee Mon Sui, 625 Dupont street, age 43, laundryman. Autopsied at public morgue, July 7th. Spleen examined by Federal doctors on same day, and pronounced suspicious of plague. This case was reported July 1st, and seen clinically. A diagnosis of pulmonary tuberculosis and stenosis of trachea made. Obstruction in trachea was due to a cicatrix, resulting from a cut in throat with suicidal intent. Patient committed suicide on the 6th, and was examined as above stated. Cultures and inoculations proved bipolar-stained bacilli to be diplococci.

Mon Lung, 4 Clay avenue, child, age four months. This case was treated at the Presbyterian Mission by Dr. Minnie Worley for more than two weeks for pneumonia. Autopsy revealed bipolar-stained organisms in smears from spleen. These appeared to State's representative to be streptococci, not bacilli, as claimed by Federal doctors. Cultures and inoculations proved organisms to be streptococci and the cause of pneumonia.

To the Honorable Board of Health of the State of California:

The undersigned begs to report that on July 6, 1901, he was present at an autopsy of a Chinaman named Lee Ah Wa (?) made by employes of the U. S. Marine Hospital Service, and has since made cultures and inoculations with tissues from the body of said Chinaman, making the usual bacteriological investigations, which led him to the conclusion that said Chinaman died of septicemia hemorrhagica, and not of bubonic plague.

Respectfully submitted,

S. M. MOUSER.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 16, 1901.

Case 64, known as "Saina," a Japanese diva, of 845 Washington street. This was the second body autopsied on July 9th; the first being that of "Moiyo," also from the same place. This case was reported by Dr. Blue at 10 P. M. on July 8th as very suspicious of bubonic plague. Drs. Lawlor and Stone visited the case about midnight on the same day, and found the patient suffering with a fever ranging from 101° to 102° , moderately rapid pulse and breathing, and enlarged inguinal femoral glands on both sides. The glands were about the size of an almond not hulled, surrounded by a slight periglandular edema, and tender upon pressure. The skin over glands on right side showed a well-defined puncture mark, which had been made by Dr. Ryfkogel for the said purpose of withdrawing blood from glands for bacteriological examination. The history of the case previous to visit of Drs. Lawlor and Stone is this: The patient became sick the latter part of June. Dr. M. Regensberger was called in to treat the case. He

made the diagnosis of typhoid fever and gave treatment for same, but since the patient did not show signs of improvement under this treatment, Drs. Carpenter and Evans were called in consultation. Both of these doctors heard murmurs over area of heart, but were not satisfied as to their diagnosis, and therefore a third consultation in the form of a bacteriologist, Dr. Ryfkogel, was called in, who at once pronounced the case bubonic plague, and then made the puncture above-mentioned to confirm his diagnosis. The post mortem showed the following: A chancre on the right side of vulva, the inguinal femoral groups of glands enlarged and surrounded by a non-hemorrhagic periglandular edema. Some of the glands ready to break down by fibrinous necrosis. Smears made from the glands showed the bipolar stained organism only to be present in set of glands on right side where the puncture had been made. The smears made from glands on left side were negative. From the cut surfaces of tumefaction about glands a serous exudate flowed, or rather oozed. The peritoneum, intestines, mesentery and its glands, stomach, and kidneys were found to be normal, not even injected nor hemorrhagic. The spleen was about double its size, soft, pulp structureless, and upon capsule being cut flowed out. Smears made of spleen did not show bipolar-stained organisms. The heart did not show any lesions, not even thickening of valves, although a few atheromatous plaques faintly showed in aorta, this proving that the consulting doctors who heard murmurs as stated above were mistaken. The lower lobes of both lungs were greatly congested, and upon being cut a serous, sanguinous, frothy exudate flowed from same. It should be added here that smears were made from this exudate of lungs, from the heart's blood, and from the mesenteric glands, but none of these smears showed bipolar-stained organisms; this proving clearly that the organisms found in the right group inguinal femoral glands were not found in blood of subject. This is in direct contradiction to findings of bacilli in suspected plague cases elsewhere; the spleen being the organ where the bacilli are found most abundantly, and if at all present, are found in this organ. This is in accordance with the ideas of the Federal doctors, because frequently no other organ in a case is examined.

Cases 63 and 68 were similar in every respect to above cases.

To the Honorable State Board of Health of the State of California:

The undersigned begs to report that at the request of your honorable Board he has made a thorough bacteriological investigation of three Japanese women who died at 845 Washington street, and has arrived at the conclusion hereinafter stated:

These women were named, respectively, Miss Moiyō (No. 63 of autopsies made since April 4th by medical men connected with the U. S. Marine Hospital Service), Miss Saina (No. 64), and Miss M. Kawamura (No. 68). These women were all inmates of a house of prostitution, and were similarly situated as to their habits and mode of life. The post mortem appearances were in many respects similar, except that in case 68 there were marked evidence of syphilis, copper-colored spots appearing on the skin of nearly all parts of the body. There was in each case some enlargement of the inguino-femoral glands, but in no case was the gland broken down or in a state of suppuration.

There were no marked changes in the axillary or cervical glands.

In cases 64 and 68 there was a little enlargement of some of the mesenteric glands. In each case the spleen was somewhat enlarged and friable. In all three cases were found short, rather thick micro-organisms, staining more deeply at the ends than in the middle. Guinea-pigs inoculated with portions of tissue from these dead bodies invariably died in a few days with every evidence of septicemia hemorrhagica. In all these cases the organisms were obtained in pure culture and inoculated into half-grown guinea-pigs, not one of which died nor showed evidence of disease. While the organism found in these cases resembles somewhat that of plague, it equally resembles so many other bacteria that we should hesitate to pronounce on it from its morphology alone. For instance, chicken cholera, swine-plague, the plague of deer, and other wild animals, septicemia hemorrhagica, etc.

Where the greatest bacteriologists in the world differ in opinion on the identity of the organisms above named, should we not hesitate to pronounce hastily and positively by the morphology alone without taking into consideration the clinical aspect of these cases and all other evidence that can be obtained? Returning to the morphology of the organism found in the cases, it will be proper for the writer to state that he has, while investigating these cases, found an organism identical with the one found in the dead subject in every particular. Not only in its morphology, but the culture and reactions are the same throughout. This was obtained in some water from a small lake which was being examined. Since, in examining some urine, he found what is morphologically its prototype. From this last it was convenient to obtain cultures.

Clinically, we have no evidence of the existence of plague. In the first place, there has been no unusual amount of sickness in the Chinese quarter or in the city. Secondly, with the exception of the three cases under consideration, and perhaps two others, there have not been two cases of suspects found in one house nor in the immediate vicinity. This has not been the case in other places where plague has prevailed.

In view of all the facts he has been able to gather he does not hesitate to say he is satisfied that the above mentioned were all cases of septicemia hemorrhagica, and not bubonic plague.

Case 69, a Chinese girl, fifty days old, was submitted to the undersigned for investigation, but as the micro-organism above described was not found, no further investigation was made.

Respectfully submitted.

S. M. MOUSER, M.D.

SAN FRANCISCO, August, 1901.

Wong Chou, 24 Waverly place, age 32; occupation, Chinese doctor. Autopsied August 20, 1901. This case was not seen clinically by the State's representatives before death. Dr. M. White, of the Marine Hospital Service, was notified of the sickness of the above Chinaman by Wong Chung, the interpreter for the Marine Hospital physicians, whereupon Dr. White made a visit to the above place and saw the case clinically one half hour before death. After visiting the case, he immediately notified the physicians representing the State that he had a very suspicious case and one which showed clinically all the evidences and symptoms of a true case of bubonic plague. He was so positive of proving his clinical diagnosis to the satisfaction of the other physicians, that when the case was visited by Drs. Blue and Currie, of the Marine Hospital Service, and Drs. Lawlor, Stone, and Bothe, representing the State Board of Health, with Dr. White, the said Dr. White carried with him to the residence of the said Chinese a quantity of Yersin serum for the purpose of using it on the sick Chinaman. Upon arriving at the residence of the Chinaman, much to the surprise of Dr. White and his

associates, they found that the said Wong Chou had departed to the "Great Unknown." The case was immediately removed to the morgue, where an autopsy was made by Dr. White in the presence of the above-named physicians and representatives from the City Board of Health. The autopsy revealed the following facts: The peritoneum was not injected and the abdominal cavity contained no fluid. Mesentery glands were not enlarged. The spleen was enlarged to more than double its size, of a dark chocolate color. The stomach was normal, but contained about one pint of Chinese medicine, which had an odor of chloral. The lower lobes of the lungs were congested, but contained no tubercles. The heart contained a large ante-mortem clot. The glands in the left inguinal region were slightly enlarged, and over this region the Chinaman had a large plaster of Chinese ointment. On making an incision over the course of the spermatic cord a large quantity of pus exuded; upon further examination a large abscess on the left testicle was found. This no doubt was the cause of the swelling in the region of the left inguinal gland. Smears from the pus showed the infecting organism to be streptococcus. The smears taken from other organs of the body showed that they contained the same organism. Death was due to the streptococci infection, with an acute splenic tumor, and to an overdose of Chinese medicine. Dr. White and his associates seemed to be very much disappointed in a failure to prove their clinical diagnosis of bubonic plague.

TO SUMMARIZE.

The State has scrubbed an area equal to 525 acres, and in addition thereto fumigated about 30,000,000 cubic feet of dwelling apartments.

Have seen 307 sick cases and autopsied 103 cases.

Total cost to date, \$37,518.

Number of days cleansing Chinatown and visiting the sick, 142.

During all of which time we have not observed a single case of bubonic plague.

OFFICE OF CALIFORNIA STATE BOARD OF HEALTH,
SACRAMENTO.

To His Excellency HON. HENRY T. GAGE, Governor of California:

SIR: On March 31, 1901, as executive officer of the State Board of Health, I was authorized and directed by you to incur the necessary expense to render the Chinese quarter of San Francisco thoroughly sanitary, and, incidentally, to eradicate any contagious disease found to exist there. The report of the operations entered upon and carried out by virtue of this order is herewith submitted. At the beginning of this work the Federal authorities who co-operated with us were of the opinion,

based upon reports of others, more or less trustworthy, that bubonic plague was prevalent among the Chinese of that city, and that it would be readily found as soon as proper investigation was had. During this period of fumigation, disinfecting, and cleansing no effort was omitted on our part nor on the part of the Marine Hospital representatives to locate and identify the presence of plague.

At the conclusion of the work, as thorough and searching as it could possibly be made, no case of bubonic plague was found, nor was any indication of its having been there discovered. If plague had existed in San Francisco just prior to this sanitary investigation, it would have been there during the months of April, May, and June, because no efforts had been made to suppress it and no precautions taken to prevent its spread.

It is safe, therefore, to say that the evil reports of the presence of that disease in San Francisco were based upon error in diagnosis upon the part of incompetent investigators. We take great pleasure in assuring you that plague does not exist in San Francisco, and that it never has had lodgment there, nor elsewhere in California.

CALIFORNIA STATE BOARD OF HEALTH.

By W. P. MATHEWS, Secretary.

APPENDIX "B."

LIST OF PARDONS, COMMUTATIONS, AND REPRIEVES

FROM JANUARY 7, 1901, THE DATE OF THE FIRST
BIENNIAL MESSAGE, TO PRESENT DATE.

I.

PARDONS AND COMMUTATIONS OF SENTENCE FROM STATE PRISON.

1.

Name of Prisoner.	County.	Crime.	Sentenced.
Oliver Emerson	Tuolumne ..	Murder, first degree.	..... July, 1899

DECISION.—Whereas, in the month of July, A. D. 1899, at a regular session of the Superior Court, held in and for the County of Tuolumne, in said State, Oliver Emerson was tried and convicted of the crime of murder, first degree, and sentenced to be hanged on the 8th day of March, 1901;

And whereas, the said Oliver Emerson thereafter appealed to the Supreme Court of California from said judgment;

And whereas, said Supreme Court, through Chief Justice Beatty, in affirming the judgment of the lower court, in part said:

Upon this evidence a jury has found—and the finding has been approved by the trial judge—that the defendant is guilty of murder in the highest grade, and that he deserves to suffer the extreme penalty of the law. We are asked to say as a matter of law, that this verdict is so entirely without support in the evidence that it can not stand. But after the most careful consideration of the case we do not feel ourselves justified in setting aside the verdict upon this ground. Certainly the showing against the defendant was not a strong one, as to the question of deliberation, such as characterizes murder of the first degree. He did not seek or provoke the quarrel which was the immediate cause of the killing. He did not show himself at all aggressive in the course of the altercation, and all the evidence shows that he had turned to leave the scene of the trouble, and would have done so but for the conduct of Rodgers and his wife in following him up and angrily demanding to know where he had seen her before. All this is inconsistent with an intention on the part of the defendant to seek the life of Rodgers at that time, and strongly corroborates his claim that he was only induced to fire by the belief that he was in danger of fatal or serious injury from the threatened attack of Rodgers, armed as he was with a stone, which, in the hands of a strong and determined man at close quarters, is always a dangerous and often a deadly weapon. But on the other hand, the long-standing quarrel and bitter hostility of the parties, the preparation for trouble evidenced by the constant carrying of a loaded pistol, and the threat to put Rodgers "where the dogs would not bark at him," were items of evidence from which the jury might infer a premeditated design to kill; and the fact that the fatal wound was inflicted after the deceased had dropped his weapon and had

turned, or was in the act of turning, to run, was evidence which certainly tended to show that defendant was not acting solely with a view of defending himself from death or serious bodily injury. True, none of these circumstances is at all conclusive, nor are all together. Judging by so much as is disclosed by this record, the quarrel between the parties was not exclusively of defendant's seeking, nor was he particularly active in promoting it. On the contrary, the deceased seems to have been the aggressor. The act of defendant in arming himself may well have been prompted, as he claims it was, solely by fear of violence, of which he had been warned. His threat to put Rodgers "where the dogs would not bark at him" may have been idle and meaningless. His second and fatal shot, fired after Rodgers had dropped his weapon and turned to run, may have been caused by a failure to observe, under the excitement of the moment, that his adversary was endeavoring to avoid further conflict. But all these matters and their full significance were for the jury to weigh and determine; and their verdict, having substantial evidence to support it, can not be disturbed unless it is vitiated by some erroneous ruling of the court.

And whereas, verbal recommendation for Executive clemency in this case having been made to me by the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of the State;

And whereas, from an examination of the application for commutation of sentence and from the records and papers on file in this department relating to said case, it appears that the evidence was not sufficient to justify the conviction of the defendant of the crime of murder in the first degree;

February 28, 1901, sentence commuted to imprisonment in the State Prison at San Quentin for the term of fifteen years.

2.

Name of Prisoner.	County.	Crime.	Sentenced.	Term.
Donati C. Probasco..	Siskiyou ..	Murder, second degree....	December, 1893..	21 years.

DECISION.—Whereas, in the month of December, A. D. 1893, at a regular session of the Superior Court, held in and for the County of Siskiyou, in said State, Donati C. Probasco was, after due trial and conviction of the crime of murder in the second degree, sentenced and condemned to undergo an imprisonment in the State Prison at San Quentin for the term of twenty-one years;

And whereas, the said prisoner has been imprisoned in said State Prison since December 1, 1893, and his term of imprisonment would, with deductions for good behavior, end November 1, 1906;

And whereas, said prisoner during his said term has not only shown exemplary conduct and strictly obeyed prison rules and regulations, but rendered great service to the prison authorities, resulting in the saving of the life of one of the guards in the following particulars, as appears by the following words of a report from the Warden of said

prison to the State Board of Prison Directors, dated December 6, 1899, to wit:

This prisoner has shown himself as deserving of some recognition at your hands for his conduct on May 17, 1899, when guard McDonald was murderously assaulted in the jute mill by convict Oppenheimer. While the said guard was apparently at the mercy of such would-be assassin, no other guard being in the immediate vicinity to render assistance, the above-named prisoner, No. 15,688, D. C. Probasco, the only person who saw the assault, ran to the nearest guard, S. R. Yoho, and notified him that his brother guard was about being killed by a prisoner, and led him to the scene of the occurrence. This enabled guard Yoho to render such assistance as to prevent the killing and overpower the assassin. It is beyond doubt that had it not been for the timely warning given by the prisoner Probasco to Mr. Yoho, Mr. McDonald would surely have been stabbed to death.

And whereas, after a full examination of the said facts by the State Board of Prison Directors, the said report of the Warden was fully verified, and the conduct of the prisoner found to be at all times exemplary, and said board after such examination caused its report, under date December 11, 1899, to be submitted to me, wherein they duly recommended that said Donati C. Probasco was deserving of full pardon;

And whereas, it appears to me that, in view of the meritorious conduct of said prisoner, considering the time during which he has been imprisoned in expiation of his crime, this is a proper case for the exercise of Executive clemency, and that the granting of a pardon in this case in recognition of the services of said Probasco will be an example to other convicts that may result in the improvement of their conduct and encourage them to scrupulously obey the prison rules and regulations;

Pardoned May 3, 1901.

3.

Name of Prisoner.	County.	Crime.	Sentenced.	Term.
Patrick Brick	Colusa	Murder, first degree.....	July, 1885.....	..... Life.

DECISION.—Whereas, in the month of July, A. D. 1885, at a regular session of the Superior Court, held in and for the County of Colusa, in this State, Patrick Brick was tried and convicted of the crime of murder in the first degree, and sentenced to be hanged, which judgment and sentence was thereafter affirmed on appeal by the Supreme Court of this State;

And whereas, thereafter in the month of April, 1886, Governor Stone- man commuted the sentence to imprisonment for life on the petitions of numerous persons presented to him from different portions of the United States, among whom were the then Speaker of the House of Representatives, three United States Senators, including Hon. Leland Stanford, the Governor and ex-Governor of the State of Kentucky, besides many citizens of Louisville and St. Louis, where said Patrick Brick formerly

lived, and many citizens of Colusa County, where said homicide was committed, all testifying to his uniform good character while a resident of those places; and after a careful inspection and reading of the testimony in the case, said Governor Stoneman found that the crime was committed in the heat of passion, and that it lacked the elements of malice and premeditation necessary to make it murder in the first degree;

And whereas, petitions have been received by me from many citizens requesting a re-examination of the case and a full pardon;

And whereas, it appears from the records before me that the said Patrick Brick has been actually confined in the State Prison at Folsom for the period of fifteen years, which term of imprisonment, if he had been sentenced to a term less than life, and had been entitled to credits, would be equivalent to a term of imprisonment of about twenty years and seven months;

And whereas, it appears from the records of the officers of the prison that during his long period of imprisonment his conduct has been most exemplary, and that by his expert work on the roofs of the prison he has been of most valuable assistance to the officers, and saved much money to the State;

And whereas, the judge who tried the cause has joined in the application for clemency, as appears from a letter on file among said records;

And whereas, upon an examination of the facts of the case I find that the prisoner was convicted of the crime during a period of great popular excitement, due to the previous murder of Dr. Glenn, committed in the same locality, some few months prior to the killing of Jones by said Patrick Brick, and prejudice was engendered thereby against said Brick. And it further conclusively appears to me that the killing of Jones by said Patrick Brick was in a sudden quarrel and heat of passion, and immediately after being violently assaulted and knocked down by said deceased, so that the highest crime for which said Patrick Brick should have been lawfully convicted, if proper to convict him at all, was manslaughter;

And whereas, the highest punishment prescribed for manslaughter was then and still is ten years' imprisonment;

And whereas, said Patrick Brick has actually served a term of fifteen years' confinement in the State Prison at Folsom;

And whereas, in view of the facts and the good character of said Patrick Brick, both before and after his imprisonment, it appears that justice and clemency require in this case a full and unconditional pardon;

Pardoned May 29, 1901.

4.

Name of Prisoner.	County.	Crime.	Sentenced.
Thomas P. Owens	Sonoma	Murder, first degree .....	..... July, 1900

DECISION.—Whereas, in the month of July, A. D. 1900, at a regular session of the Superior Court, held in and for the County of Sonoma, in said State, Thomas P. Owens was tried and convicted of the crime of murder in the first degree, and was thereafter duly sentenced to be hanged in the State Prison of California at San Quentin, on the 25th day of October, A. D. 1901;

And whereas, a petition signed by many persons, and several letters from divers persons have been presented to me wherein it is alleged that the said Thomas P. Owens was, at the time of the commission of the crime of which he was convicted, irresponsible and insane, and is still insane;

And whereas, upon the said petition and letters I did appoint Dr. F. W. Hatch, General Superintendent of State Hospitals, to visit the said Thomas P. Owens at the State Prison at San Quentin;

And whereas, the said Dr. F. W. Hatch visited said convict Thomas P. Owens, and on the 15th day of October, 1901, made to me a written report as follows:

CALIFORNIA STATE PRISON,
SAN QUENTIN, October 15, 1901.

HON. HENRY T. GAGE, *Governor State of California*:

DEAR SIR: In accordance with your instructions to visit and examine into the mental condition of convict Thomas P. Owens, under sentence of death at the State Prison at San Quentin, I have this day made a careful examination of the said Thomas P. Owens and beg to report as follows:

First—That there is sufficient evidence of present insanity to justify a more prolonged investigation than can be had in the limited time intervening between now and the day set for his execution.

Second—I respectfully request that you grant such reprieve as will enable me to make further investigation before expressing my positive conclusions as to the existing mental condition.

Respectfully yours,

F. W. HATCH, M.D.,
General Superintendent State Hospitals.

And whereas, a doubt having arisen as to the sanity of said Thomas P. Owens, and request having been made by said Dr. F. W. Hatch for a reprieve of sentence, and it appearing to me that a reprieve of sentence for a reasonable time would be consonant with justice in order to allow a full investigation and determination of the prisoner's mental condition;

And whereas, pursuant to said recommendation of Dr. F. W. Hatch, on the 19th day of October, A. D. 1901, I reprieved the sentence of death until Friday, December 20, 1901, and authorized said Dr. F. W. Hatch

to employ such assistant physicians as he might select in making further investigation;

And whereas, on the 11th day of December, A. D. 1901, said Dr. F. W. Hatch and Doctors J. A. Crane and J. D. Young, his assistants, returned to me the following report and recommendation, to wit:

DECEMBER 11, 1901.

HON. HENRY T. GAGE, *Governor of California*:

DEAR SIR: Having been asked to inquire into the mental condition of Thomas P. Owens, now under reprieve of sentence of death in the California State Prison at San Quentin, we beg leave to report that, after a careful review of the history of the man and his family—which history clearly reveals an inherited tendency to brain disease and insanity—together with a close study of his appearance, manner, and conversation, we believe him to be insane at the present time.

And while it may be exceeding our instructions in the case, we also venture it as our opinion that the said Owens was of unsound mind prior to and upon the occasion of the crime for which he stands convicted, and that the action of alcohol upon a brain predisposed to disease, by reason of these inherited tendencies, was largely the occasion of this mental unsoundness and the resulting crime.

The above being the conclusions arrived at by us, there is no alternative offered but to suggest to your Excellency that we believe that the demands of justice will be fully subserved by a commutation of the death penalty to that of imprisonment for life; this course also affording the public immunity from further acts of violence upon the part of the condemned man.

And finally, as this case may require further observation and study, we recommend that for the present he be detained in San Quentin, leaving the place of his final and permanent detention open for future consideration.

Very respectfully,

J. D. YOUNG, M.D.

J. A. CRANE, M.D.

F. W. HATCH, M.D.

And whereas, it appearing to me from said report that the recommendation of a commutation of sentence to life imprisonment is right and proper in the premises and is consonant with justice.

December 12, 1901, sentence commuted to life imprisonment.

5.

Name of Prisoner.	County.	Crime.	Sentenced.	Term.
Marion Miranda	Sonoma.....	Murder, second degree ..	June, 1898.....	..... 12 years.

DECISION.—Whereas, in the month of June, A. D. 1898, at a regular session of the Superior Court, held in and for the County of Sonoma, in said State, Marion Miranda was tried and convicted of the crime of murder in the second degree, and condemned to undergo an imprisonment in the State Prison at San Quentin for the term of twelve years;

And whereas, application for the pardon of said Marion Miranda has been made by several reputable citizens representing that said Miranda was innocent of the crime of which he was convicted, and it appears from the facts and documentary evidence submitted to me that said Marion Miranda was jointly charged with one Pete Bill in the Superior Court of the County of Sonoma, State of California, of the crime of

murdering one Bernardo, and both were found guilty of murder in the second degree. And it appears that the evidence against said Miranda was mainly circumstantial, and that after the sentence of said Miranda and Pete Bill, to wit, on October 3, A. D. 1898, said Pete Bill, being on his deathbed, freely and voluntarily acknowledged the killing of said Bernardo, and exonerated said Marion Miranda from all complicity in said crime, and then and there freely and voluntarily made and subscribed to the following affidavit:

In the Superior Court of the County of Santa Rosa (*sic*), in the State of California,
The People of the State of California, plaintiff, vs. Pete Bill and Marion Miranda,
defendants.

State of California, County of Marin—ss.

I, Pete Bill, one of the above-named co-defendants in the above-entitled action, wherein said defendants were charged with and convicted of the unlawful killing of one Bernardo (whose first name is at present unknown to deponent), of the County of Santa Rosa (*sic*), State of California, on or about the 28th day of May, 1898, being first duly sworn, doth depose and say: That said Marion Maranda and his wife and said Bernardo and deponent and deponent's wife were all together about nine o'clock at night on the above-named date. That about this said time said Marion Maranda and his wife separated themselves from the company of said Bernardo and deponent and deponent's wife, and were not present at the time of the said killing of the said Bernardo. That after the said Marion Maranda and his wife had separated themselves from the company of the said Bernardo and deponent and deponent's wife, as aforesaid, the said Bernardo attempted with force and arms to commit the crime of rape upon the person of the wife of deponent, and declared that he was going to take deponent's wife to his house to live with him. That deponent thereupon resisted the said force of the said Bernardo, and that the said Bernardo did then and there assault deponent with a knife, whereupon deponent pulled a picket off of a fence near by and struck the said Bernardo over the head with the said picket, which said blow killed said Bernardo. That this affidavit is given voluntarily and under no duress and without any inducement from any one or from any source whatsoever, but wholly with the desire to tell the truth; and that this affidavit is the truth, the whole truth, and nothing but the truth, any statement, declaration, affidavit, admission, or confession to the contrary notwithstanding.

PETE BILL.

D. J. Quaid, Jas. F. Shields, Suisun, witnesses.

Subscribed and sworn to before me, this 3d day of October, A. D. 1898.

CHAS. E. ALDEN,

[SEAL.]

Notary Public in and for the County of Marin, State of California.

And whereas, it appears from letters received from Hon. Albert G. Burnett, the judge who tried the cause, and from Hon. Emmett Seawell, the district attorney who prosecuted said cause, that said Marion Miranda was innocent of said crime, and the said judge has written to me the following frank expression of his opinion:

SANTA ROSA, CAL., March 21, 1902.

HON. HENRY T. GAGE, *Governor of the State of California*:

DEAR SIR: In reference to one Miranda, convicted in my court of murder in the second degree, about whom I have written you before, I desire to state that from information received since his conviction, I am of the opinion that he was innocent of any connection with the crime and that he ought to be pardoned.

Yours very truly,

ALBERT G. BURNETT.

Pardoned March 26, 1902.

6.

Name of Prisoner.	County.	Crime.	Sentenced.
Frank R. Donlan	Tulare	Murder, first degree	October, 1900

DECISION.—Whereas, in the month of October, A. D. 1900, at a regular session of the Superior Court, held in and for the County of Tulare, in said State, Frank R. Donlan was tried and convicted of the crime of murder in the first degree, and sentenced to be executed at the State Prison in San Quentin on January 4, 1901;

And whereas, an appeal from said judgment of the said Superior Court was taken to the Supreme Court of California, and, said judgment having been afterward affirmed, the said Frank R. Donlan was on March 21, 1902, in the said Superior Court in and for Tulare County, sentenced to be executed on April 11, 1902, in said State Prison at San Quentin;

And whereas, it was afterward represented to me by several representative citizens of the State that the said Frank R. Donlan at the time of the commission of said crime was irresponsible and that he is now an irresponsible and insane person;

And whereas, in view of said representations, on the 31st day of March, 1902, I appointed Dr. F. W. Hatch, the General Superintendent of State Hospitals, to investigate the case and to make a thorough investigation of the mental condition of said Frank R. Donlan and report to me thereon, and thereupon I granted a reprieve of sentence until Friday, May 9, 1902;

And whereas, I have this day received from Dr. F. W. Hatch a report concerning the said Frank R. Donlan, in which said report Dr. J. D. Young of the Napa State Asylum has joined, which said report is as follows, to wit:

STOCKTON, CAL., May 1, 1902.

HON. HENRY T. GAGE, *Governor of California*:

DEAR SIR: Having been directed by you to inquire into the mental condition of Frank Donlan, under sentence of death, we beg to report that a careful examination of the life history of the condemned shows a marked inheritance to insanity and epilepsy on the father's side. According to the sworn statements of the mother and three brothers of the condemned, he has been subject to epileptic attacks since early childhood. This testimony is corroborated in part by the sworn statement of Dr. F. F. Lord, a practicing physician, that he has seen him in an epileptic seizure, and also by the statement of one Ochoa, a criminal under sentence of death and the cell-mate of Donlan, that he has seen him in convulsions on three separate occasions. Examination shows that he is defective mentally, the defect being due to long-continued epileptic attacks. He committed the crime when under the influence of liquor. The morning after the commission of the crime—according to the physicians who examined him—he was a nervous wreck and “verging on tremens.” Probably no case of epilepsy exists in which there is not more or less mental impairment. We do not assume that the presence of epilepsy in an individual necessarily renders that individual irrespon-

sible for a crime committed, yet when there is epilepsy of years' duration with resultant mental weakness, as in this case, that fact should weigh in determining the measure of punishment in some way proportionate to the degree of moral resistance which can be opposed to crime.

Taking all of these facts into consideration, and it being established that the condemned is mentally defective and a sufferer from epilepsy, we therefore recommend that the death sentence of Donlan be commuted to imprisonment for life.

F. W. HATCH, M.D.

J. D. YOUNG, M.D.

And whereas, from said report it appears that the said Frank R. Donlan was and is an irresponsible person, and that the ends of justice will be subserved in complying with the recommendations of said physicians;

May 5, 1902, sentence commuted to life imprisonment.

7.

Name of Prisoner.	County.	Crime.	Sentenced.	Term.
John Barbeau	Mariposa	Murder, first degree	May, 1895 .....	..... Life.

DECISION.—Whereas, in the month of May, A. D. 1895, at a regular session of the Superior Court, held in and for the County of Mariposa, in said State, John Barbeau was tried and convicted of the crime of murder in the first degree, and condemned to undergo an imprisonment in the State Prison for the term of his natural life;

And whereas, numerous representative citizens have petitioned for his pardon, and from the facts represented to me it clearly appears that the said John Barbeau committed the said homicide under circumstances strongly indicating sufficient provocation and grounds of self-defense, and that under the strongest facts presented against him the crime committed was not above the grade of manslaughter;

And whereas, it appears that the said John Barbeau is an old and infirm man, being about 66 years, and is a veteran of the Civil War, having served gallantly in said war and having been honorably discharged;

And whereas, he has been imprisoned in the State Prison at Folsom for said homicide since June 27, 1895, and has been more than sufficiently punished for the offense shown by the actual facts;

And whereas, the facts and records in the matter of said Barbeau's application for pardon were duly submitted to the Board of State Prison Directors on May 24, 1902, and the said Board adopted and referred to me their findings and recommendation as follows, to wit:

Convict No. 3489, John Barbeau (convicted of the crime of murder, first degree, committed to the State Prison at Folsom to serve a life term by the honorable the Superior Court of Mariposa County, received June 7, 1895), having made application to the Gov-

ernor of California for Executive clemency, and his Excellency Henry T. Gage, Governor, having submitted the application to this Board for its consideration and recommendation, the Board finds and recommends as follows:

It appears from the evidence submitted for consideration that the application for a pardon is signed and urged by citizens of weight and high standing in this community;

That the crime was committed under great provocation, and, considering the quarrelsome temperament of the man killed and his prior attempt upon the life of the petitioner (Barbeau), the killing could almost be said to have been done in self-defense;

It appears that the petitioner is of an inoffensive, mild, and harmless disposition, of a somewhat simple and over-confiding nature, not over strong mentally, and that his life, prior to and since his committing this offense, has been praiseworthy and irreproachable;

It appears that he is an old volunteer soldier, who fought to protect his country in the War of the Rebellion for over five years, and that he now has an opportunity offered to spend the few remaining years of his old age in a National Home for Disabled Volunteer Soldiers;

It appears that Mr. Geo. M. Mott and Mr. T. W. Sheehan, responsible and reputable men, have obtained a legal permit from the Soldiers' Home in Ohio for the admission of the petitioner (Barbeau), and for his proper care and keeping in that institution, and have guaranteed that all transportation expenses will be furnished by them in event that a pardon be granted;

Therefore, this Board does most respectfully recommend to his Excellency Henry T. Gage, Governor of California, that he do pardon the said convict No. 3489, John Barbeau, provided the said Barbeau be placed in some soldiers' home outside the limits of this State, to be properly provided and cared for during the remainder of his life, without further expense to the State of California.

Pardoned June 2, 1902, upon express condition that said John Barbeau be placed in some soldiers' home outside the State, and that he be not permitted to return to this State.

8.

Name of Prisoner.	County.	Crime.	Sentenced.
Gertrudes Almendares	San Diego	Murder, first degree .....	..... July, 1901

DECISION.—Whereas, in the month of July, A. D. 1901, at a regular session of the Superior Court, held in and for the County of San Diego, in said State, Gertrudes Almendares was tried and convicted of the crime of murder in the first degree, and sentenced to death at San Quentin Prison, State aforesaid; that thereafter such proceedings were had that on the first day of August, A. D. 1902, by an order made and given in said Superior Court of the County of San Diego, the Warden of said State Prison at San Quentin was directed to execute the judgment of death on Friday, the 19th day of September, A. D. 1902, between the hours of sunrise and sunset on said day, within the walls of said State Prison;

And whereas, it was thereafter represented to me and made to appear that the said Gertrudes Almendares was insane, and upon such representation I appointed two competent physicians to inquire into the matter of said insanity, to wit, Dr. F. W. Hatch, General Superintend-

ent of State Hospitals of this State, and Dr. J. D. Young, Medical Superintendent of the State Hospital at Stockton, State aforesaid ;

And whereas, said physicians on the 10th day of September, A. D. 1902, presented to me their written report and findings wherein they find and represent that the said Gertrudes Almendarez is now insane, and recommend a commutation of sentence to life imprisonment, which said report is in words and figures following, to wit:

HON. HENRY T. GAGE, *Governor State of California:*

DEAR SIR: In accordance with your instructions to inquire into the mental condition of convict Gertrudes Almendarez, sentenced to be executed at the San Quentin State Prison, we beg to inform you that we have made a careful examination of the condemned, and herewith submit our conclusions.

Examination of Almendarez brings to light a depressed injury of the skull, about four inches in length, on the left parietal bone. The injury was received about five years ago in Mexico. The depression of the skull is well marked, and Almendarez's story that it resulted from a saber cut is, to some extent, substantiated by the general character of the resulting scar.

With this highly probable physical basis as a cause of disturbance of the brain, Almendarez presents the following symptoms of a diseased mind. He has continually, for over two years, labored under the insane idea that fire was being placed upon him by parties unknown to him, but who kept up this form of persecution. His actions in the efforts made to rid himself of the sensation of the application of fire have been consistent with this belief. He has apparently no thought of the death penalty; his only concern being to get away from those who throw fire upon him. He is quarrelsome, has assaulted the Warden, has set fire to his bedding in his cell, and is recognized by the prison authorities as too vicious and dangerous a man with his persecutory beliefs to be placed in a cell with others.

In our opinion Almendarez is insane and a proper subject for Executive clemency.

We therefore recommend the commutation of his sentence to life imprisonment.

F. W. HATCH, M.D.

J. D. YOUNG, M.D.

SACRAMENTO, Sept. 10, 1902.

And whereas, it appears to me that the said Gertrudes Almendarez is now insane, and that the ends of justice will be subserved by commuting the sentence of said Gertrudes Almendarez to life imprisonment, in accordance with the recommendation of the said physicians;

September 18, 1902, sentence commuted to life imprisonment.

II.

LIST OF PARDONS AND COMMUTATIONS OF SENTENCE FROM COUNTY JAILS.

9.

Name of Prisoner.	County.	Crime.	Sentenced.	Term.
Frank Dunphy ----- Thomas Harvey.	Solano -----	Resisting an officer.-----	June, 1901.-----	.....Six months' imprisonment and \$20 fine.

DECISION.—Whereas, in the month of June, A. D. 1901, at a regular session of the Superior Court, held in and for the County of Solano, in

said State, Frank Dunphy and Thomas Harvey were tried and convicted of the crime of resisting an officer, and were respectively condemned to undergo an imprisonment in the county jail of said County of Solano for the term of six months and to pay a fine of twenty dollars ;

And whereas, it appears from several petitions of public officers of the County of Solano and of the City of Vallejo that said Frank Dunphy and Thomas Harvey are each young men of good character, and have heretofore sustained an excellent reputation for peace, quietness, truth, honesty, and integrity, and that this is the first offense charged against them, and that said Frank Dunphy is the sole support of a wife and babe, and that said Thomas Harvey has a widowed mother dependent upon him for support, and after an examination of the transcript of the evidence, for the foregoing, among other reasons, it appears that the law has been fully vindicated, and that the circumstances of the case call for the exercise of Executive clemency ;

Pardoned August 17, 1901.

10.

Name of Prisoner.	County.	Crime.	Sentenced.	Term.
Eunice Hobbs.....	Napa	Assault	October, 1901.....	.....Six months.

DECISION.—Whereas, in the month of October, A. D. 1901, at a regular session of the Superior Court, held in and for the County of Napa, in said State, Eunice Hobbs was tried and convicted of the crime of assault, and sentenced to undergo an imprisonment in the county jail for a term of six months ;

And whereas, it appears from the certificates of two reputable physicians that said Eunice Hobbs was, prior to her incarceration, suffering from severe uterine hemorrhage, and that since her incarceration her infirmity has been aggravated, that her infirmity is devitalizing in the extreme, and that it is impossible, on account of her incarceration, to render her the medical and surgical aid necessary, and that her health is being permanently endangered ;

And whereas, it further appears from a petition signed by the Mayor and other officers of the City of Napa, and by several representative citizens of Napa County, that the confinement of said Eunice Hobbs in said jail is seriously endangering her life, and that she is ill and physically unable to undergo the punishment ;

And whereas, the crime of which said Eunice Hobbs is convicted is only a misdemeanor, and the law does not intend that punishment endangering the life of a person should be inflicted ;

And whereas, it appears that the ends of justice will be promoted by a commutation of said sentence, the said Eunice Hobbs having already been incarcerated for two months, or thereabouts;

December 21, 1901, sentence commuted to expire on December 23, 1901.

11.

Name of Prisoner.	County.	Crime.	Sentenced.	Term.
Fred H. Scott	Alameda	Assault with deadly weapon	November, 1901..	..... 2 years.

DECISION.—Whereas, in the month of November, A. D. 1901, at a regular session of the Superior Court, held in and for the County of Alameda, in said State, Fred H. Scott was tried and convicted of the crime of assault with a deadly weapon and condemned to undergo an imprisonment in the county jail of Alameda for the term of two years;

And whereas, many applications, signed by numerous representative citizens of Alameda County and elsewhere in this State, have been received by me for the pardon of said Fred H. Scott, wherein it is represented and it clearly appears to me that the facts constituting the crime for which said Fred H. Scott was convicted and sentenced show that the said Scott shot at one Harry Wilson, who had attempted to commit rape upon the sister of said Scott, and the said Wilson had circulated false and scandalous stories concerning the reputation of said Scott's sister;

And whereas, it further appears that the said Fred H. Scott had previously borne an unblemished reputation, and was a peaceful and law-abiding citizen;

And whereas, it is further represented, and it appears from the representations of reputable physicians that the said Scott is suffering from hypertrophy of the left ventricle of the heart, which renders his continued confinement dangerous to life;

And whereas, it appears that the said Scott has been continually confined in the said county jail of Alameda since November 14, 1901, and in my opinion the law has been sufficiently vindicated and the ends of justice will be subserved by his immediate pardon;

Pardoned September 20, 1902.

III.

LIST OF REPRIEVES.

Name of Prisoner.	County.	Crime.	Sentenced.
Thomas P. Owens	Sonoma.....	Murder, first degree.....	.....July, 1900

DECISION.—Whereas, in the month of July, A. D. 1900, at a regular session of the Superior Court, held in and for the County of Sonoma, in said State, Thomas P. Owens was tried and convicted of the crime of murder in the first degree, and was thereafter duly sentenced to be hanged in the State Prison of California at San Quentin on the 25th day of October, A. D. 1901;

And whereas, a petition signed by many persons, and several letters from divers persons have been presented to me wherein it is alleged that the said Thomas P. Owens was, at the time of the commission of the crime of which he was convicted, irresponsible and insane, and is still insane;

And whereas, upon the said petition and letters I did appoint Dr. F. W. Hatch, General Superintendent of State Hospitals, to visit the said Thomas P. Owens at the State Prison at San Quentin;

And whereas, the said Dr. F. W. Hatch visited said convict Thomas P. Owens, and on the 15th day of October, 1901, made to me a written report as follows:

CALIFORNIA STATE PRISON,
SAN QUENTIN, October 15, 1901.

HON. HENRY T. GAGE, *Governor State of California*:

DEAR SIR: In accordance with your instructions to visit and examine into the mental condition of convict Thomas P. Owens, under sentence of death at the State Prison at San Quentin, I have this day made a careful examination of the said Thomas P. Owens, and beg to report as follows:

First—That there is sufficient evidence of present insanity to justify a more prolonged investigation than can be had in the limited time intervening between now and the day set for his execution.

Second—I respectfully request that you grant such reprieve as will enable me to make further investigation before expressing my positive conclusions as to the existing mental condition.

Respectfully yours,

F. W. HATCH, M.D.,
General Superintendent, State Hospitals.

And whereas, a doubt having arisen as to the sanity of said Thomas P. Owens, and request having been made by said Dr. F. W. Hatch for a reprieve of sentence, and it appearing to me that a reprieve of sentence for a reasonable time would be consonant with justice in order to allow a full investigation and determination of the prisoner's mental condition;

October 19, 1901, sentence reprieved until December 20, 1901, and subsequently commuted. (See list of Pardons and Commutations, *supra*.)

Name of Prisoner.	County.	Crime.	Sentenced.
Frank R. Donlan	Tulare	Murder, first degree.	October, 1900

DECISION.—Whereas, in the month of October, A. D. 1900, at a regular session of the Superior Court, held in and for the County of Tulare, in said State, Frank R. Donlan was tried and convicted of the crime of murder in the first degree, and afterward duly sentenced to be hanged in the State Prison at San Quentin, this State, on April 11, 1902;

And whereas, it has been represented to me by several representative citizens that at the time of the homicide for which said defendant, Frank R. Donlan, has been convicted and sentenced to be executed, the said Frank R. Donlan was insane and irresponsible, and that he is now an insane and irresponsible person;

And whereas, Dr. F. W. Hatch, General Superintendent of State Hospitals, has been appointed by me to investigate the facts connected with said homicide and to make a thorough investigation of the mental condition of said Frank R. Donlan;

March 31, 1902, sentence reprieved until May 9, 1902, and subsequently commuted. (See list of Pardons and Commutations, *supra*.)

Name of Prisoner.	County.	Crime.	Sentence.
Bert Ross	San Luis Obispo	Murder, first degree.	November, 1901

DECISION.—Whereas, in the month of November, A. D. 1901, at a regular session of the Superior Court, held in and for the County of San Luis Obispo, in said State, Bert Ross was tried and convicted of the crime of murder, and sentenced to be hanged until dead in the State Prison at San Quentin, California, on Friday, January 10, 1902;

And whereas, an appeal has been duly taken by said Bert Ross to the Supreme Court of the United States of America, and a citation to show cause has been issued out of the Circuit Court of the United States, Ninth Circuit, directed to the Warden of the State Prison at San Quentin, requiring him to appear and show cause on January 27, 1902, why the alleged sentence of death should not be reviewed and alleged errors corrected;

And whereas, on January 8, 1902, because of the pendency of said appeal, I reprieved the sentence of said Bert Ross until February 15, 1902;

And whereas, on Friday, February 14, 1902, because of the pendency of said appeal, I again reprieved the sentence of said Bert Ross until May 17, 1902;

And whereas, on Wednesday, May 14, 1902, because of the pendency of said appeal, I again reprieved the sentence of said Bert Ross until August 18, 1902;

And whereas, on Thursday, August 14, 1902, because of the pendency of said appeal, I again reprieved the sentence of said Bert Ross until Monday, November 17, 1902;

And whereas, the said appeal is still pending and undetermined;

And whereas, pending said hearing and determination of the United States Court, it is proper that a further reprieve of the sentence of said Bert Ross should be granted, and to avoid the necessity of having the said defendant, Bert Ross, again brought before the Superior Court of San Luis Obispo County for the purpose of resentence;

November 13, 1902, sentence reprieved until February 16, 1903.

REPORT
OF THE
STATE BOARD OF EXAMINERS

TO THE

THIRTY-FIFTH SESSION OF THE LEGISLATURE OF CALIFORNIA,

1903.

STATE BOARD OF EXAMINERS:

HENRY T. GAGE,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	GOVERNOR.
CHAS. F. CURRY,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	SECRETARY OF STATE.
U. S. WEBB,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	ATTORNEY-GENERAL.

DANIEL KEVANE, SECRETARY AND EX OFFICIO MEMBER.



SACRAMENTO:
W. W. SHANNON, : : : : SUPERINTENDENT STATE PRINTING.
1903.

REPORT OF THE STATE BOARD OF EXAMINERS.

OFFICE OF THE STATE BOARD OF EXAMINERS,
SACRAMENTO, CAL., December 6, 1902.

To the Senate and Assembly of the State of California:

We have the honor to herewith submit a report of the transactions of this Board since December 1, 1900.

The law designates the first and third Mondays of every month as the meeting days of this Board. The increase of business coming before the Board for consideration, and the desirability of prompt settlement with those having claims against the State, have prompted this body to meet oftener. We have held two hundred and eighty-three meetings during the past two years—an average of twelve each month. In this period we have passed upon 11,735 claims, aggregating the sum of \$9,922,608.57, segregated as follows:

Claims presented amounting to	\$9,922,608 57
11,699 claims allowed for sum of	\$9,672,818 51
36 claims rejected, amounting to	25,996 97
<hr/>	
11,735 Total number of claims.	
Amount disallowed from 11,699 claims.....	223,793 09
	<hr/>
	\$9,922,608 57

Total saving in two years, \$249,790.06.

MONEY SAVED BY THE STATE.

During the administrations of Governors Markham and Budd the State Board of Examiners saved to the State the sum of \$324,952.49, exclusive of rejected claims.

In a period of less than four years the present Board has saved, in like manner, the sum of \$475,339.10—nearly \$10,000 per month.

In other words, the saving to the State by the present Board has exceeded the combined savings of the two preceding administrations more than 46 per cent.

CLAIMS FOR WHICH NO APPROPRIATIONS HAVE BEEN MADE.

Claims filed with this Board, under the provisions of Section 663 of the Political Code, are hereby transmitted to your honorable bodies, in accordance with Section 666 of the Political Code, with the recommendation of this Board that appropriations be made to pay the same:

W. C. Van Fleet, legal services.....	\$500 00
Thomas D. Riordan, legal services	250 00
Clark & Henery, building retaining walls and approaches to Riverton bridge.....	892 26
Frank Short, legal services.....	5,000 00
Devlin & Devlin, legal services	8,500 00
Jo D. Sproul, District Attorney, costs.....	85 72
<hr/>	
Total amount of claims.....	\$15,227 98

DEFICIENCIES.

The following is a list of the requests for permission to create deficiencies, with the consents given, and the claims approved as deficiencies under Section 5 of the General Appropriation Act. We recommend that appropriations for their payment be made by the present Legislature:

Tirey L. Ford, Attorney-General, traveling expenses for fifty-third fiscal year.....	\$1,000 00
Tirey L. Ford, Attorney-General, costs and expenses of suits for fifty-third fiscal year.....	5,550 34
George Stone, Adjutant-General, care of State Armory, etc.....	1,200 00
George Stone, Adjutant-General, postage, expressage, etc.....	100 00

DEFICIENCIES IN APPROPRIATION FOR TRANSPORTATION OF INSANE AND PRISONERS.

The Legislature, for a number of years last past, failed to make adequate appropriations for the "transportation of insane and prisoners," consequently the appropriation becomes exhausted before the end of each fiscal year. We recommend that the appropriation for the fifty-fifth and fifty-sixth fiscal years be increased for each year \$5,000, and an additional appropriation of like sum for the fifty-fourth fiscal year.

Following is a list of claims against the appropriation for "transportation of insane and prisoners" during the fifty-second and fifty-third fiscal years, amounting to the sum of \$12,227.05. We recommend that an appropriation be made to pay the same.

DEFICIENCY IN APPROPRIATION FOR TRANSPORTATION OF INSANE.

	<i>Fifty-second Fiscal Year.</i>	Amount Approved.
Sheriff.		
C. A. H. Warfield.....		\$34 85
T. F. Bergin.....		63 00
Theo. Lacy.....		27 75
B. K. Thorn.....		26 75
G. H. Savage.....		9 20
Nat. Stewart.....		31 05
J. D. Collins.....		51 60
H. C. Stanton.....		31 50
R. B. Purvis.....		8 95
J. P. Elwell.....		41 55
R. A. Prouty.....		49 55
Ellen Ducey.....		36 80
W. V. Buckner.....		26 50
E. E. Kirkwood.....		198 35
J. J. Croxon.....		40 00
W. B. Thurman.....		44 70
E. C. Ivins.....		158 35
Jno. P. Moore.....		30 50
J. H. Smith.....		48 65
Frank P. Grace.....		37 25
A. J. Bogard.....		27 85
C. H. Behrens.....		87 75
W. P. Taylor.....		13 05
D. A. Dunlap.....		15 00

DEFICIENCY IN APPROPRIATION FOR TRANSPORTATION OF INSANE—Continued.

*Fifty-second Fiscal Year—Continued.*Amount
Approved.

Sheriff.	Amount Approved.
A. S. Bosquit.....	37 90
R. R. Veale.....	44 20
J. H. Mansfield.....	27 00
T. W. Wilson.....	71 35
S. H. Wilson.....	54 55
M. R. Keef.....	87 50
U. S. Gregory.....	59 10
Chas. Keena.....	100 20
P. Charlebois.....	102 90
M. Besse.....	31 15
D. B. Getchell.....	88 65
R. L. Price.....	38 25
F. T. Johnson.....	71 10
P. M. Coburn.....	18 90
W. A. Hammel.....	742 15
R. J. Langford.....	32 00
C. A. Rouse.....	142 95
O. L. Rogers.....	399 60
J. Lackmann.....	1,462 80
W. F. Sibley.....	94 00
	<hr/> \$4,846 75

DEFICIENCY IN APPROPRIATION FOR TRANSPORTATION OF INSANE.

Fifty-third Fiscal Year.

H. L. Borgwardt.....	\$34 85
T. M. Brown.....	70 40
A. J. Bogard.....	48 05
C. H. Crawford.....	104 00
P. Charlebois.....	57 60
P. M. Coburn.....	24 00
J. J. Croxon.....	27 40
J. D. Collins.....	92 10
D. A. Dunlap.....	27 00
M. Freshour.....	191 00
D. B. Getchell.....	31 95
F. P. Grace.....	161 15
W. A. Hammel.....	495 80
E. C. Ivins.....	72 00
F. S. Jennings.....	173 75
F. T. Johnson.....	19 50
Chas. Keena.....	69 90
M. R. Keef.....	88 50
John Lackmann.....	1,225 80
R. J. Langford.....	40 25
Theo. Lacy.....	29 50
C. A. Rouse.....	89 50
O. L. Rogers.....	302 75
Nat. Stewart.....	31 05
G. H. Savage.....	14 50
W. F. Sibley.....	38 00
W. P. Taylor.....	26 20
R. R. Veale.....	128 90
S. H. Wilson.....	57 50
T. W. Wilson.....	118 20
R. A. Prouty.....	52 75
	<hr/> \$3,943 85

DEFICIENCY IN APPROPRIATION FOR TRANSPORTATION OF PRISONERS.

<i>Fifty-third Fiscal Year.</i>		Amount Approved.
Sheriff		
C. H. Behrens	.....	\$106 00
H. L. Borgwardt	.....	99 80
W. V. Buckner	.....	42 25
A. J. Bogard	.....	56 55
P. Charlebois	.....	80 25
P. M. Coburn	.....	74 35
J. J. Croxon	.....	126 23
J. D. Collins	.....	237 95
D. A. Dunlap	.....	11 20
M. Freshour	.....	60 30
U. S. Gregory	.....	42 30
W. A. Hammel	.....	479 29
F. S. Jennings	.....	84 80
F. T. Johnson	.....	22 75
M. R. Keef	.....	74 65
John Lackmann	.....	424 65
R. J. Langford	.....	34 30
Theo. Lacy	.....	132 80
J. P. Moore	.....	49 50
R. B. Purvis	.....	46 00
B. B. Parker	.....	59 90
C. A. Rouse	.....	709 90
O. L. Rogers	.....	39 35
N. Stewart	.....	12 88
G. H. Savage	.....	30 60
W. F. Sibley	.....	192 90
B. K. Thorn	.....	22 00
W. B. Thurman	.....	27 85
R. R. Veale	.....	23 70
S. H. Wilson	.....	31 45
		<hr/>
		\$3,436 45

OTHER DEFICIENCIES.

DEFICIENCY IN APPROPRIATION FOR ARRESTING CRIMINALS WITHOUT THE STATE.

<i>Fifty-third Fiscal Year.</i>		
George W. McMahon	.....	\$214 50
Charles H. Downing	.....	93 65
Charles H. Taylor	.....	160 85
E. J. Wren	.....	677 30
F. J. Bailey	.....	296 90
Thomas L. Ryan	.....	264 05
W. W. Freeman	.....	472 22
Charles H. Taylor	.....	104 50
John J. Hinters	.....	145 90
Max P. Fisher	.....	123 75
A. Wilson	.....	104 10
George C. Graves	.....	126 10
R. J. Langford and H. S. Bridges	.....	660 50
Ralph Harrison	.....	303 90
		<hr/>
		\$3,748 22
<i>Fifty-fourth Fiscal Year.</i>		
Paul E. Flamer	.....	\$31 97
R. R. Veale	.....	332 20
John J. White	.....	247 67
Jasper Williams	.....	105 40
		<hr/>
		\$717 24

PURCHASE OF BONDS.

There is at the present time in the State School Land Fund the sum of \$972,667.81. In our report to the last session of the Legislature we made the following suggestion: "This fund is constantly increasing, and the Board, owing to the circumscribed class of bonds it is allowed to purchase under the law, has not been able to advantageously invest the money. We therefore recommend that the law be amended to allow the purchase of municipal bonds." We recommend anew the recommendation then made.

Following is a list of bonds purchased for the School Land Fund since December 1, 1900:

128 Monterey County, refunding, \$1,000 each, 4%.....	\$128,000 00
190 Mendocino County, \$500 each, 4%.....	95,000 00
150 Riverside County, \$1,000 each, 4%.....	150,000 00
Total amount of purchase.....	<u>\$373,000 00</u>

FORECLOSING THE INTERESTS OF DELINQUENT PURCHASERS OF STATE SCHOOL LAND.

We respectfully call attention to the following paragraph taken from our last report:

"The manner provided by the Political Code of this State for foreclosing the interests of delinquent purchasers of State school land, and reverting the title to the State when the persons holding the certificates of purchase of land fail to pay interest thereon, is cumbersome and costly, and should be repealed, and we recommend to the Legislature the enactment of a law providing a simpler manner of foreclosure, thus saving to the State annually a large sum of money."

INVENTORY OF STATE PROPERTY.

The Legislature of 1897 enacted a law making it the duty of all State officers or heads of departments of State to file an inventory of State property. Upon investigation we found that this law has in the past been almost ignored, as up to the present time there are little or no records of State property either in the State Capitol or elsewhere, showing either the real or personal property of the State, its location, and value.

On the 15th day of September, 1900, an official letter was addressed by the Secretary of this Board, to the various officers in the State, having either real or personal property in their possession or under their

control; the following shows the value of State property made to us in response to said letter, set out in detail in our last report:

RECAPITULATION.

Number of acres	4,540.51
Value of land	\$2,420,440 00
Value of buildings	8,358,692 35
Value of personal property	1,274,160 82
Total value of State property	\$12,053,293 17

COYOTE SCALP CLAIMS.

The history of these claims is known to most people in the State, beginning with the passage of the Bounty Act in 1891 and ending with the session of the Legislature in 1901. The Legislature of 1901 passed an Act authorizing the holders or owners of claims to bring suits at law for the recovery of the amount claimed to be due on said claims. There were on file in this office at the time of the passage of said last Act, claims aggregating the sum of \$287,825. On these claims suits have been brought to the amount of about \$191,000, leaving a sum unsued for equal to \$96,825, which sum of \$96,825 is saved to the State. On the advice and suggestion of the Governor, this Board employed counsel to represent it in the trial of these claims, in conjunction with the Attorney-General. The trials of these several cases resulted in judgments against the State for some \$60,000 less than the total amount sued for. This saving is exclusive of the \$96,825, above mentioned, and neither of said sums is included in the amount saved to the State as shown on page 3 of this report.

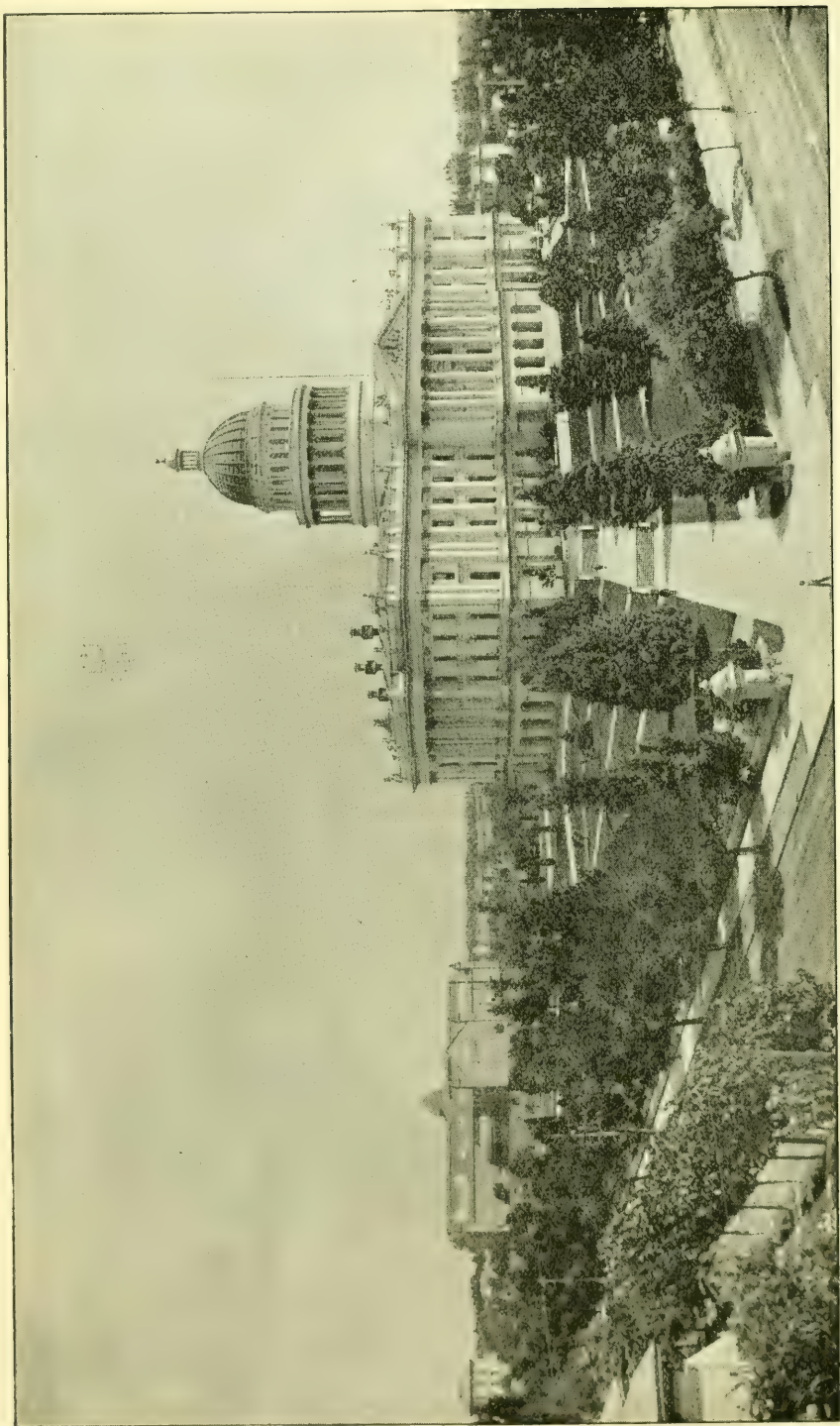
GENERAL REMARKS.

The present Board of Examiners, on entering upon its duties early in January, 1899, found the office incumbered with many claims, amounting to hundreds of thousands of dollars, not acted upon by its predecessors. It affords us pleasure to state in this connection, that we leave the office with every claim audited and disposed of, and fully equipped for the prompt transaction of any business the Board may be called upon to perform.

Respectfully submitted.

HENRY T. GAGE,
Governor.

C. F. CURRY,
Secretary of State.



STATE CAPITOL, SACRAMENTO CITY.

REPORT

OF THE

BOARD OF STATE CAPITOL COMMISSIONERS

TO THE

THIRTY-FIFTH SESSION OF THE LEGISLATURE OF CALIFORNIA,

1903.

BOARD OF STATE CAPITOL COMMISSIONERS:

HON. HENRY T. GAGE, - - - - -	GOVERNOR.
HON. CHARLES F. CURRY, - - - - -	SECRETARY OF STATE.
HON. TRUMAN REEVES, - - - - -	STATE TREASURER.
W. H. DAVIS, SECRETARY.	



SACRAMENTO:

A. J. JOHNSTON, : : : : SUPERINTENDENT STATE PRINTING.

1902.

REPORT OF THE BOARD OF STATE CAPITOL COMMISSIONERS.

SACRAMENTO, September 15, 1902.

To the Senate and Assembly of the State of California:

The last report of the Commission, dated October 1, 1900, showed a balance of the funds appropriated at the thirty-third session of the Legislature for the support of the Capitol grounds, as follows:

1st.	Appropriation for purchase of implements, hose, etc.....	\$3,996 67
2d.	Appropriation for salaries of thirteen employés	10,845 00
3d.	Appropriation for salaries of three policemen	2,700 00
4th.	Appropriation for salary of one watchman, Governor's mansion	810 00
5th.	Appropriation for lighting State Capitol grounds	720 00
6th.	Appropriation for water for State Capitol grounds	1,200 00

These appropriations were expended during the balance of the fifty-second fiscal year, excepting, however, the sum of \$77.81, which remains unexpended, from the appropriation for the purchase of implements, hose, etc.

The thirty-fourth Legislature of California appropriated, for the maintenance of the State Capitol grounds during the fifty-third and fifty-fourth fiscal years, the following sums:

1st.	For purchase of implements and hose, care and improvement of the grounds	\$10,000 00
2d.	For lighting State Capitol grounds	1,728 00
3d.	For water for State Capitol grounds	2,400 00
4th.	For salaries of thirteen employés	28,920 00
5th.	For salary of watchman, Governor's mansion	2,160 00
6th.	For salaries of three policemen	7,200 00

Out of these appropriations there have been expended to September 15, 1902, the following sums:

1st.	Out of appropriation for purchase of implements, etc.	\$5,055 00.	Balance in fund, \$4,945 00
2d.	Out of appropriation for lighting of grounds	936 00.	Balance in fund, 792 00
3d.	Out of appropriation for water for grounds	1,200 00.	Balance in fund, 1,200 00
4th.	Out of appropriation for salaries of thirteen employés	16,870 00.	Balance in fund, 12,050 00
5th.	Out of appropriation for salary of watchman, Governor's mansion	1,260 00.	Balance in fund, 900 00
6th.	Out of appropriation for salaries of three policemen	4,200 00.	Balance in fund, 3,000 00

The thirty-fourth session of the Legislature passed an Act entitled "An Act making an appropriation for establishing and maintaining drinking-fountains in the State Capitol grounds at Sacramento" (Statutes of 1901, page 298). In pursuance of this Act, this Board requested plans, specifications, and bids for drinking-fountains, and accepted the proposition of George B. Stack of Sacramento. Thereafter said Stack, in pursuance of the contract entered into with him, erected three drinking-fountains on the State Capitol grounds, for which this Board paid him the sum of \$1,500, the full amount of the appropriation provided for in said Act.

Within the last two years Thirteenth Street has been improved and an additional area planted to blue-grass; also, the grounds east of Thirteenth Street have been placed in a higher state of cultivation. In view of these improvements the Board feels justified in renewing, in this report, its recommendation that provision be made for the employment of three additional laborers on the grounds.

C. F. CURRY,
TRUMAN REEVES,

Board of State Capitol Commissioners.

W. H. DAVIS,

Secretary Board of State Capitol Commissioners.

BIENNIAL REPORT

OF THE

SECRETARY OF STATE

OF THE

STATE OF CALIFORNIA

FOR THE

FIFTY-SECOND AND FIFTY-THIRD FISCAL YEARS,

BEGINNING JULY 1, 1900, AND ENDING JUNE 30, 1902.

C. F. CURRY, SECRETARY OF STATE.



SACRAMENTO:

A. J. JOHNSTON, : : : : SUPERINTENDENT STATE PRINTING.
1902.

REPORT OF SECRETARY OF STATE.

DEPARTMENT OF STATE,

SACRAMENTO, CAL., October 1, 1902.

To the HON. HENRY T. GAGE, Governor of the State of California :

DEAR SIR: I have the honor to present herewith my second biennial report as Secretary of State, including a statement of all fees received by this office from July 1, 1900, to June 30, 1902, inclusive; together with a list of all corporations, both foreign and domestic, that have filed articles of incorporation in this office since July 1, 1900; also, the names and residences of the agents designated by foreign corporations upon whom service can be made. The report also contains the names of all architects who have been granted licenses under what is known as the "Architect law"; also data concerning the State Capitol, of which I am the custodian, showing receipts and expenditures, and embodying my recommendations.

Aside from the duties of the office proper, much of my time as Secretary of State is consumed in attending to the affairs of the various State commissions of which I am ex-officio a member.

ACTS OF THE EXECUTIVE.

The records of this office show that the Governor has granted 4 pardons, 6 commutations of sentence, and 6 reprieves; has signed 177 restorations to citizenship; has issued 16 proclamations offering rewards; has granted 1,077 orders of release under the Goodwin Act; has signed 866 land patents; has commissioned 1,796 notaries public and 28 commissioners of deeds; has appointed 95 railroad and steamboat police; has made 481 executive appointments; and approved 25 official bonds.

THE OFFICE WORK.

The following statement of the clerical work performed during the two fiscal years ending June 30, 1902, coupled with the financial statement, to be found farther on in this report, shows a very large increase over previous years, particularly so in the filing, recording, and issuing of original certificates of incorporation and the furnishing of certified copies thereof. There were filed, recorded, and issued during the two years ending June 30, 1902, 4,709 certificates, as against 3,257 for the previous two years. During the last two years there were 5,278 copies certified to, 424 trademarks filed and certificates issued, and 49 articles of railroad, telegraph, and telephone corporations filed.

The Legislature of 1901 allowed me two extra clerks for fifteen months.

Notwithstanding such additional help the clerical force is inadequate to keep up with the amount of work, and at times it has been necessary to call upon employes otherwise engaged to assist in performing the required work.

In addition to the foregoing, this office has compiled from the numerous statutes, and had printed in convenient form, the corporation laws of the State, which compilation has been eagerly sought for by corporations and the legal profession.

There has also been compiled the election laws now in force, which book has been in great demand by the political parties and citizens of this State generally.

The adoption, by the last Legislature, of new election laws and of the primary election law has vastly increased the work of this office.

The redistricting of the State into new congressional, senatorial, and assembly districts left the public at sea in reference to the exact situation; hence, I have had maps made showing the districts as they now exist, and at least 7,500 have been sent to citizens and the political parties of the State.

Upon an examination of the financial statement it will be seen that the increase in the receipts, in fees alone, amounts to \$161,504.40.

During the two years from July 1, 1900, to June 30, 1902, there were in this office—

Filed and Recorded.	
Articles of incorporation (of these 49 were railroads).....	4,758
Bonds	25
Trademarks (424 certificates).....	575
Rewards.....	16
Deeds	3
Attested and Recorded.	
Commutations of sentence.....	6
Pardons	4
Reprieves	6
Restorations to citizenship	177
Orders of release	1,077
Land patents.....	866
Filed.	
Designations of agents of foreign corporations.....	527
Certificates of creation of bonded indebtedness	120
Amended articles of incorporation	135
Certificates of increase or decrease of capital stock.....	126
Certificates of continuance of existence.....	7
Certificates of removal of principal place of business	16
Certificates of increase or decrease of number of directors	39
Certificates of change of name	30
Attested Commissions.	
Notarial	1,796
Commissioners of deeds.....	28
Executive appointments	481
Affixing Certificates and Seals to Copies.	
Copies made in this office	576
Copies furnished	4,692
	5,268

In the appended tables will be found a complete list of stationery used by the Legislature during the regular session, and by the State officers for the two fiscal years.

An itemized statement is hereto appended showing the receipts of this department from July 1, 1900, to June 30, 1901, amounting to \$92,340.00. The fees for work of the office amounted to \$86,979.40, while the salary list of the employés for said year amounted to \$18,280, exclusive of the Secretary's salary of \$3,000, showing that this office turned into the State Treasury, for fees alone, \$68,699.40 in excess of salaries paid for conducting the office. In addition, there was paid into the State Treasury the sum of \$5,360.60, derived from the sale of maps, Hall's Irrigation, books and statutes, and ballot paper, for that fiscal year.

For the fiscal year from July 1, 1901, to June 30, 1902, the total receipts amounted to \$133,172.99. The fees for work performed in the office amounted to \$130,965.80, while the salary list of the employés amounted to \$18,280, exclusive of the Secretary's salary, which makes a showing that the office turned into the State Treasury \$112,685.80 in excess of the amount paid for salaries of the office, from fees alone. In addition, \$2,106.19 was paid into the State Treasury from the sale of maps, Hall's Irrigation, books and statutes, and ballot paper.

The total receipts of the office for the fiftieth and fifty-first fiscal years amounted to \$63,653.55; the receipts for the fifty-second and fifty-third fiscal years amounted to \$225,512.99; amount of excess for the last two years, \$161,859.44.

The foregoing data show plainly the vast increase in the amount of work that has been done in this office; that the clerks have had no sinecure positions, and that it has necessitated steady work and long hours to keep up with the work of the office.

THE STATE CAPITOL.

Since my last report many improvements have been made to the building.

The basement, concerning which complaint has for years been made, has been properly cemented, and many windows have been put in to allow fresh air to circulate; thereby greatly improving the health of those who are employed in the building.

The steam pipes in the basement have been properly covered with asbestos, and consequently a large saving of coal is made.

An additional fire-proof room has been added to the over-crowded archives department.

The vault of the State Treasurer has been fixed up for the better protection of the funds.

The vault of the State Controller has been fitted up for the proper

care of his records, and a suitable store-room provided for said officer in the basement.

Rooms have also been fitted up in the basement, where the valuable property of the National Guard is now properly cared for.

The offices of the Secretary of State have had new floors laid therein; also new furniture has been supplied, the old desks, etc., being removed, and those which are more modern being substituted.

The rooms of the Clerk of the Supreme Court have been put in habitable condition.

A room has been fixed up for the exclusive storage of ballot paper.

CONDITION OF THE CAPITOL BUILDING.

The sanitary condition of the building has been much improved by modern plumbing being put in the offices used by the Controller, Attorney-General, and Secretary of State.

The building is over thirty years old, and needs a general overhauling. The plumbing in the various offices should be replaced. The toilets on the first floor are of ancient design, and are in a deplorable condition, and should be torn out and modern ones put in place thereof. The third floor of the building has no toilets whatever, and as more employes are located in offices on that floor than on either of the other floors, the necessity for such conveniences there is apparent.

The attic should be changed into rooms to be used by committees during sessions of the Legislature. The need of more rooms for such purpose is quite evident, oftentimes three and four committees being required to use the same room.

I was in hopes to be able to remove from the attic to the basement the electrical apparatus for lighting the building, but had not the funds to do so.

The stairway to the dome is old and worn out, and should be replaced with an iron one.

I am more than pleased to report that during the past year the city trustees of Sacramento have put two eight-inch water mains through the Capitol grounds up to the building, thereby insuring, in case of fire, much more protection than was formerly the case. What is required to make the water mains more beneficial is to put standpipes to the top of the building.

The building is badly in need of painting, both on the outside and on the inside; also the inner walls should be whitened. It is now about ten years since the building has had a coat of paint.

STATE JANITOR.

In this department are kept the statutes, ballot paper, maps, and supplies, etc., to be furnished to the various State officers, boards, and commissions. The value of stationery supplied to the Legislature of 1901 was \$1,554.71; to the State officers during the fifty-second fiscal year ending June 30, 1901, was \$3,015.30, and during the fifty-third fiscal year ending June 30, 1902, was \$2,175.26.

Stationery Used by State Officers.

	52d Fiscal Year.	53d Fiscal Year.
Governor	\$200 89	\$146 67
Secretary of State	354 07	381 72
Controller	119 10	98 40
Treasurer	53 47	38 75
Attorney-General	290 53	192 27
Surveyor-General	93 48	88 24
Adjutant-General	136 32	94 77
Superintendent of Public Instruction	127 10	104 53
State Printer	83 59	45 63
State Librarian	103 42	73 48
State Janitor	105 17	72 71
Board of Horticulture	74 14	66 76
Supreme Court	83 59	70 52
Board of Equalization	38 25	19 80
Board of Examiners	53 16	47 10
Code Commissioners	65 47	57 38
Commissioner of Public Works	57 91	46 33
State Board of Agriculture	60 14	63 96
Lunacy Commission	76 39	55 41
Commissioner of Highways	51 75	19 73
Board of Health	21 76	17 41
State Gardener	5 35	12 91
Railroad Commissioners	23 11	32 42
State Veterinarian	7 24	13 82
Maintenance of building	729 90	314 54
Totals	\$3,015 30	\$2,175 26

RECOMMENDATIONS.

Heating.—The quantity of fuel now used in the grates in the several rooms is excessive, and the results in heating unsatisfactory. In all modern public buildings heaters are used instead of grates, and not only is it economy to use them, but also more heat is obtained. With grates it is estimated by competent engineers that eighty per cent of the heat created goes up the chimney. The heaters also do away with the expense and trouble in starting fires; no dust or soot is scattered about the room, to the injury of its furnishings and the inconvenience of the occupants. There would be but little additional expense in maintaining the extra heaters, because steam is kept up in the boilers for supplying the large heaters now in use in the several corridors.

State Blue Book.—I hope that the next Legislature will make a liberal appropriation in the printing fund allowed this office, so that at least 7,500 copies of this valuable book may be published for circulation among business men and the legal fraternity and to others in need of such publication. Nearly every principal of the public schools is anxious to have this book for use in school work; and, as is done by other States, every department, both State and National, should be furnished with a copy of this book.

Index to Laws.—The last edition of this valuable work was issued in 1893—nearly ten years ago. The Code Commission has completed an index up to date, but owing to lack of funds, could not have the same printed. This department has on hand 650 volumes of the old Index to Laws that can not be sold unless the index is brought up to date. As these books are priced at \$4.50 each, we are carrying a stock valued at \$2,925, for which there is no demand. If the index were completed and printed, the State would be financially benefited, and the work of attorneys and litigants simplified.

Iron Stairway to Dome.—I would recommend that an appropriation be made for an iron stairway to the top of the dome, for reasons already stated.

Toilets and Sewerage.—New and modern toilets, with proper sewerage and ventilation, should be constructed on the first floor of the Capitol, and toilets constructed on the third floor. On the latter floor are the offices of the State Superintendent of Public Instruction, Lieutenant-Governor, Code Commission, Lunacy Commission, Highway Commissioner, Board of Examiners, and Board of Public Works.

Fire Protection.—Standpipes should be run, on both sides of the building, from the ground to the roof.

Painting and Kalsomining.—The building should be painted on the outside and inside, and the interior walls kalsomined; it is badly needed.

Removal of Lighting Plant.—The electric plant, as it now exists in the attic of the Capitol, should be placed in the basement of the building, to remove an existing danger to the building from electric sparks.

Committee Rooms.—More rooms are required for use of the committees of the Legislature; and the only available place is to construct them in the attic of the Capitol.

Secretary of State's Vault.—The vault of this office contains over 36,000 articles of incorporation, thousands of trademarks, and many other valuable documents. These papers are at present in wooden

pigeon-holes. These wooden receptacles should be replaced with steel cases; then the vault would be strictly fireproof.

Extra Clerks.—It is to be hoped that the coming Legislature will allow this office at least the force of clerks now employed, and make them permanent. When the business of an office increases from \$20,000 per year to \$225,000 per year, and the State is the gainer by \$161,000, it is but right to have a competent force of clerks to do the work.

Fees from Corporations.—The last Legislature wisely increased the fees for filing articles of incorporation, and the State has profited largely therefrom, and this, too, without injuring any one or any interest. I call the attention of the next Legislature to the fact that in other States the fees for filing articles of incorporation of companies whose capital stock is over a million dollars are much higher than they are in this State, and I think that the fees in this State should be graduated for companies having a capital stock of a million dollars or over.

Weather Doors.—Doors of this character should be placed at both the north and the south entrances to the building, as at certain times during the winter season these entrances have to be kept closed, or the wind would break the glass in the doors. Particularly would these doors be required if the building is ever to be heated by steam.

Ballot Paper.—The Legislature makes an appropriation of \$3,500 per fiscal year for ballot paper. This appropriation should be raised, and the fund turned into a revolving fund, as the State receives the same money back as is paid for the paper and no loss is incurred. Much more ballot paper is now required than when this appropriation was made. The primary election law requires twelve of the larger cities to hold primary elections, and considerable ballot paper is necessary for this purpose. San Francisco, by its charter, holds a city election in the odd-numbered years, and also a primary election; that city alone requiring at least 330 reams for each municipal election and about 80 reams for a primary election. Hence, it will be seen that the amount appropriated to buy ballot paper is insufficient.

Assembly and Senate Chambers.—Some action should be taken by the Legislature in the matter of refitting these two rooms. The carpets are very much worn and the desks and chairs are in a bad condition, needing considerable repairing almost continually. I think that these chambers should be supplied with new and modern furniture.

Corporation Laws.—The Act of the Legislature of 1895 (Statutes of 1895, p. 221, *et seq.*), relating to the formation of coöperative associations, should be amended and codified to form a part of the Civil Code,

and as so amended and codified should conform with the general laws of this State regarding the formation of corporations for certain purposes; namely, railroad, telegraph, telephone, insurance, banking, etc. It has been my duty, under the decision of the Supreme Court (130 Cal., p. 39), to refuse to file articles of incorporation formed under said Act of 1895, for the reason that such articles failed to comply with the provisions of the Civil Code as set forth in Sections 291, 293, 294, and 295. The law in many respects is in contravention of the general laws governing corporations, to say nothing about its being in violation of certain provisions of the Constitution, which it is not my duty to question, as all State officers must consider enactments in full force until declared otherwise by a competent tribunal; but I may be permitted to quote from an opinion of the Attorney-General on this very point: "There is merit, to my mind, in your contention that the Act of 1895, under discussion, savors of special legislation. I do not consider it my duty, however, to pass *ex parte* upon the constitutionality of the laws of this State."

I will draft bills, for the consideration of the Legislature, which I believe would place the general laws governing the formation of corporations on a more uniform basis, and I earnestly suggest that you urge upon the members of the Legislature at its next session to coöperate with this office to that end.

The Act of 1899 (Statutes of 1899, p. 111) and the Act of 1901 (Statutes of 1901, p. 108), both relating to foreign corporations doing business in this State, should be amended and codified to form a part of the Civil Code. As these two Acts now stand, there is room for questions to arise as to the duty of the Secretary of State in requiring such corporations to comply with both Acts.

The same will prove true in regard to Section 616 of the Political Code, requiring foreign insurance companies to file a designation of agent with the Insurance Commissioner. This provision should also be set out in the general corporation laws as a part of the Civil Code, thereby placing the office of Secretary of State in a position to be cognizant of the due compliance with the law governing corporations, whether they be domestic or foreign.

Section 24 of the Act creating a Board of Bank Commissioners, as enacted in 1895 (Statutes of 1895, p. 179), so far as it relates to the duties of the Secretary of State, should be set forth in the Civil Code, by adding a new section to Part IV, Title I, Article I.

As it has been held by the Federal courts, as well as by many State supreme courts, that a law relating to telegraph companies included telephone companies, I most respectfully recommend that Part IV, Title I, Chapter I, Sections 291, 293, 294, and 295, and Part IV, Title

VII, Sections 536, 537, 538, 539, and 540, be so amended as to include telephone companies.

In my last biennial report I recommended many changes in laws relating to other subjects, and with but one exception these recommendations were adopted by the Legislature. I therefore again call your attention to the necessity of amending Section 800 of the Political Code, relating to notaries public, to the end that there may be a specified time in which notaries are required to qualify.

Respectfully submitted.

C. F. CURRY,
Secretary of State.

STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS FROM ALL SOURCES.

FIFTY-SECOND FISCAL YEAR—July 1, 1900, to June 30, 1901.

	Maps.	Hall Irrigat'n.	Books and Statutes.	Index to Laws.	Ballot Paper.	Fees.	Totals.
1900—July	\$4 75	-----	\$12 00	-----	\$309 50	\$2,590 00	\$2,916 25
August	-----	-----	-----	-----	64 90	2,685 00	2,749 90
September	1 00	-----	7 50	-----	319 30	2,263 50	2,591 30
October	1 00	-----	21 00	-----	1,794 00	2,868 50	4,684 50
November	3 75	-----	-----	-----	1,549 50	2,542 00	4,095 25
December	-----	-----	-----	-----	398 00	3,285 50	3,683 50
1901—January	13 00	\$5 50	-----	-----	70 00	4,249 85	4,338 35
February	2 00	-----	-----	\$202 50	30 00	3,788 50	4,023 00
March	-----	-----	-----	-----	249 00	10,506 90	10,755 90
April	-----	-----	-----	-----	67 50	13,607 10	13,674 60
May	1 00	-----	66 00	-----	82 00	15,658 20	15,807 20
June	-----	-----	72 00	-----	13 90	22,934 35	23,020 25
Totals	\$26 50	\$5 50	\$178 50	\$202 50	\$4,947 60	\$86,979 40	\$92,340 00

FIFTY-THIRD FISCAL YEAR—July 1, 1901, to June 30, 1902.

1901—July	-----	-----	\$61 00	-----	\$77 50	\$10,276 55	\$10,415 05
August	\$6 00	-----	27 00	-----	-----	9,305 90	9,338 90
September	1 00	-----	9 00	-----	8 40	8,618 10	8,636 50
October	3 00	-----	12 00	-----	810 00	9,322 10	10,147 10
November	-----	-----	40 50	-----	13 90	12,183 75	12,238 15
December	-----	-----	3 00	-----	11 40	10,626 90	10,641 30
1902—January	-----	-----	-----	-----	2 50	12,883 45	12,885 95
February	-----	-----	-----	-----	10 00	10,881 00	10,891 00
March	2 75	-----	-----	-----	96 40	10,622 35	10,721 50
April	4 75	-----	3 00	-----	962 09	13,066 05	14,035 89
May	-----	-----	-----	-----	22 50	12,887 30	12,909 80
June	14 50	-----	-----	-----	5 00	10,292 35	10,311 85
Totals	\$32 00	-----	\$155 50	-----	\$2,019 69	\$130,965 80	\$133,172 99

Receipts, as per report of C. F. Curry, 50th and 51st fiscal years..... \$63,653 55

Receipts, as per statement above, 52d and 53d fiscal years 225,512 99

Amount excess receipts for last two years.....\$161,859 44

Respectfully submitted.

C. F. CURRY,
Secretary of State.

Subscribed and sworn to before me, this 1st day of October, 1902.

J. HOESCH,
Deputy Secretary of State.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS.

STATIONERY, LIGHTS, FUEL, AND SUPPLIES.

Fifty-second Fiscal Year—July 1, 1900, to June 30, 1901.

July 1, 1900—Appropriation	\$10,000 00
Amount expended during fiscal year	9,999 74
July 1, 1901—Balance on hand	\$0 26

Fifty-third Fiscal Year—July 1, 1901, to June 30, 1902.

July 1, 1901—Appropriation	\$10,000 00
Amount expended during fiscal year	9,982 31
July 1, 1902—Balance on hand	\$17 69

REPAIRS TO CAPITOL BUILDING.

Fifty-second Fiscal Year—July 1, 1900, to June 30, 1901.

July 1, 1900—Balance on hand	\$2,622 01
June 30, 1901—Amount expended	2,622 01

Fifty-third Fiscal Year—July 1, 1901, to June 30, 1902.

July 1, 1901—Appropriation	\$12,900 00
June 30, 1902—Expended to date	10,662 13
July 1, 1902—Balance on hand	\$2,237 87

CARPETS AND FURNITURE.

Fifty-second Fiscal Year—July 1, 1900, to June 30, 1901.

July 1, 1900—Appropriation	\$3,000 00
June 30, 1901—Expended to date	2,997 39
July 1, 1901—Balance on hand	\$2 61

Fifty-third Fiscal Year—July 1, 1901, to June 30, 1902.

July 1, 1901—Appropriation	\$3,000 00
June 30, 1902—Expended to date	2,698 73
July 1, 1902—Balance on hand	\$301 27

POSTAGE, EXPRESS, AND TELEGRAPH.

Fifty-second Fiscal Year—July 1, 1900, to June 30, 1901.

July 1, 1900—Appropriation	\$1,500 00
Balance on hand	186 80
	\$1,686 80
June 30, 1901—Expended	1,686 53
July 1, 1901—Balance on hand	\$0 27

Fifty-third Fiscal Year—July 1, 1901, to June 30, 1902.

July 1, 1901—Appropriation	\$1,500 00
June 30, 1902—Expended during fiscal year	1,162 23
July 1, 1902—Balance on hand	\$337 77

WATER FOR CAPITOL BUILDING.**Fifty-second Fiscal Year—July 1, 1900, to June 30, 1901.**

July 1, 1900—Appropriation	\$600 00
June 30, 1901—Expended	600 00

Fifty-third Fiscal Year—July 1, 1901, to June 30, 1902.

July 1, 1901—Appropriation	\$600 00
June 30, 1902—Expended	600 00

CONTINGENT AND TRAVELING EXPENSES.**Fifty-second Fiscal Year—July 1, 1900, to June 30, 1902.**

July 1, 1900—Appropriation	\$250 00
Balance on hand	7 45
	<hr/>
	\$257 45
June 30, 1901—Expended	233 70
	<hr/>
July 1, 1901—Balance on hand	\$23 75

Fifty-third Fiscal Year—July 1, 1901, to June 30, 1902.

July 1, 1901—Appropriation	\$250 00
June 30, 1902—Expended	217 10
	<hr/>
July 1, 1902—Balance on hand	\$32 90

BALLOT PAPER.**Fifty-second Fiscal Year—July 1, 1900, to June 30, 1901.**

July 1, 1900—Appropriation	\$3,500 00
Balance on hand	859 00
	<hr/>
	\$4,359 00
June 30, 1901—Expended	4,350 00
	<hr/>
July 1, 1901—Balance on hand	\$9 00

Fifty-third Fiscal Year—July 1, 1901, to June 30, 1902.

July 1, 1901—Appropriation	\$3,500 00
June 30, 1902—Expended to date	1,600 50
	<hr/>
July 1, 1902—Balance on hand	\$1,899 50

JANITOR'S DEPARTMENT.

ACCOUNT OF STATIONERY AND SUPPLIES DISTRIBUTED.

Fifty-second Fiscal Year—July 1, 1900, to June 30, 1901.

June 30, 1902—Furnished State officers.....	\$3,015 30
Furnished Senate and Assembly officers.....	1,554 71
Total	\$4,570 01

Fifty-third Fiscal Year—July 1, 1901, to June 30, 1902.

June 30, 1902—Furnished State officers.....	\$2,175 26
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RECEIPTS FROM BALLOT PAPER.

Fifty-second fiscal year	\$4,935 10
Fifty-third fiscal year	2,028 59
Total	\$6,963 69

THE STATUTES AND LAWS.

	Number on Hand July 1, 1900.	Number Distributed.	Number on Hand June 30, 1902.
Statutes, 1854	1	0	1
Statutes, 1855	3	0	3
Statutes, 1856	5	0	5
Statutes, 1859	2	0	2
Statutes, 1863-64	2	0	2
Statutes, 1869-70	1	0	1
Statutes, 1875-76	423	1	422
Statutes, 1877-78	364	1	363
Statutes, 1880	248	1	247
Statutes, 1881	350	1	349
Statutes, 1883	233	4	229
Statutes, 1884-85	6	3	3
Statutes, 1886-87	266	1	265
Statutes, 1889	21	1	20
Statutes and Amendments, 1891	1	0	1
Statutes and Amendments, 1893	229	2	227
Statutes and Amendments, 1895	1	1	0
Statutes and Amendments, 1897	156	22	134
Statutes and Amendments, 1899	479	18	461
Statutes and Amendments, 1901 (received, 1901)	2,240	1,859	381
Amendments to Codes, 1873-74	147	1	146
Amendments to Codes, 1875-76	412	0	412
Amendments to Codes, 1877-78	392	0	392
Amendments to Codes, 1880	246	0	246
California Codes, continued in force, 1873	251	1	250
Civil Code, annotated, 1874	4	0	4
Codes of California—Civil, 1871	4	1	3
Practice No. 3, 1871	7	0	7
Political No. 1, 1872	111	1	110
Political No. 2, 1872	166	1	165
Political, 1872	8	0	8
Civil Procedure, 1872	355	0	355
Penal	15	0	15
Penal, 1871-72	5	0	5
Civil Procedure, 1881-83	13	0	13
Penal (pocket edition), 1881-83	19	0	19
Wood's Digest, 1850-58	1	0	1
Wood's Digest, 1850-60	1	0	1
Hittel's, Vol. 1, 1876	26	0	26
Hittel's, Vol. 2, 1876	24	0	24
Hittel's, Vol. 3, 1880	2	0	2
General Laws of California, 1850-64	1	0	1

SUPREME COURT REPORTS.

	Number on Hand July 1, 1900.	Number Distributed.	Number on Hand July 1, 1902.
California Reports—Vol. 41 (1871).....	524	0	524
California Reports—Vol. 42 (1871).....	547	0	547
California Reports—Vol. 43 (1872).....	567	0	567
California Reports—Vol. 44 (1872).....	513	1	512
California Reports—Vol. 45 (1872).....	539	1	538
California Reports—Vol. 46 (1873).....	821	0	821
California Reports—Vol. 122 (1899).....	8	0	8
California Reports—Vol. 127.....	350	350	None
California Reports—Vol. 128.....	350	350	None
California Reports—Vol. 129.....	350	350	None
California Reports—Vol. 130.....	350	350	None
California Reports—Vol. 131.....	350	350	None
California Reports—Vol. 132.....	350	350	None
California Reports—Vol. 133.....	350	350	None
California Reports—Vol. 134.....	350	350	None

OTHER BOOKS.

Index to Laws, 1850 to 1893.....	702	52	650
Constitutional Debates.....	778	93	685
Spanish Laws.....	24	0	24
Hall's Irrigation, Vol. I—Development.....	1,160	10	1,150
Hall's Irrigation, Vol. II—Southern California.....	48	12	36

TRANSACTIONS IN MAPS.

Detail Irrigation Maps—Southern California.....	436	4	432
Detail Irrigation Maps—San Joaquin Valley.....	1,262	5	1,257
Great Central Valley Maps (unmounted).....	1,973	5	1,968
Great Central Valley Maps (mounted).....	194	4	190
Topographical and Irrigation Maps of San Joaquin Valley (unmounted).....	634	9	625
Topographical and Irrigation Maps of San Joaquin Valley (mounted).....	82	2	80

BALLOT PAPER.

Fifty-second Fiscal Year—July 1, 1900, to June 30, 1901.

July 1—Amount appropriated.....	\$3,500 00
July 1—By balance on hand.....	859 00
Total.....	\$4,359 00
July 2—Bought 1,560 reams 15½x25¼, at \$2.50.....	\$3,900 00
July 17—Bought 180 reams 18x30, at \$2.50.....	450 00
	4,350 00

Fifty-third Fiscal Year—July 1, 1901, to June 30, 1902.

July 1—Amount appropriated.....	\$3,500 00
July 5—Bought 200 reams 18x30, at \$2.50.....	\$500 00
Nov. 15—Bought 210 reams 18x30, at \$2.50.....	525 00
June 2—Bought 220 reams 18x30, at \$2.50.....	550 00
June 2—Bought 17 reams 18x20, at \$1.50.....	25 50
	1,600 50
July 1, 1902—By balance.....	\$1,899 50

Ballot Paper, 18 x 16½.

	Reams.
On hand July 1, 1900.....	72
Sold to July 1, 1901.....	9
Balance on hand.....	63

Ballot Paper, 18 x 25½.	
On hand July 1, 1900	9
Sold to July 1, 1901	9
Balance on hand	None
Ballot Paper, 15¼ x 25¼.	
On hand July 1, 1900	1,560
Sold to July 1, 1901	1,425
Balance on hand	134
Ballot Paper, 18 x 30.	
On hand July 1, 1900	350
Sold to July 1, 1901	324
Balance on hand	26
Ballot Paper, 18¼ x 25¼.	
On hand July 1, 1900	525
Sold to July 1, 1901	2
Balance on hand	523
Ballot Paper, 18 x 16½.	
On hand July 1, 1901	63
Sold to July 1, 1902	63
Balance on hand	None
Ballot Paper, 15¼ x 25¼.	
On hand July 1, 1901	134
Sold to July 1, 1902	134
Balance on hand	None
Ballot Paper, 18¼ x 25¼.	
On hand July 1, 1901	523
Sold to July 1, 1902	523
Balance on hand	None
Ballot Paper, 18 x 30.	
On hand July 1, 1901	430
Sold to July 1, 1902	9
Balance on hand	421
Ballot Paper, 18 x 20.	
On hand July 1, 1901	17
Sold to July 1, 1902	None
Balance on hand	17

FEES TO BE COLLECTED BY SECRETARY OF STATE.

CHAPTER LXX.—*An Act to amend section four hundred and sixteen of the Political Code, relating to the fees to be charged by the Secretary of State, and providing for the distribution of the same.*

[Approved February 28, 1901.]

The People of the State of California, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. Section four hundred and sixteen of the Political Code is hereby amended to read:

416. The Secretary of State, for services performed in his office, must charge and collect the following fees:

1. For a copy of any law, resolution, record, or other document or paper on file in his office, twenty cents per folio.
2. For comparing a copy of any law, resolution, record, or other document or paper with the original, or the certified copy of the original, on file in his office, five cents per folio.
3. For affixing certificate and seal of state, unless otherwise provided for, two dollars.
4. For filing articles of incorporation, if the capital stock amounts to twenty-five thousand dollars or less, fifteen dollars; if the capital stock amounts to over twenty-five thousand dollars, and not over seventy-five thousand dollars, twenty-five dollars; if the capital stock amounts to over seventy-five thousand dollars, and not over two hundred thousand dollars, fifty dollars; if the capital stock amounts to over two hundred thousand dollars, and not over five hundred thousand dollars, seventy-five dollars; if the capital stock is over five hundred thousand dollars, and not over one million dollars, one hundred dollars; if the capital stock is over one million dollars, one hundred and fifty dollars; for filing articles of incorporation without capital stock, except coöperative associations, five dollars; for filing articles of incorporation of coöperative associations, formed under the Act of eighteen hundred and ninety-five, and Acts supplementary thereto or amendatory thereof, fifteen dollars.
5. For recording articles of incorporation, twenty cents per folio.
6. For issuing certificate of incorporation, three dollars.
7. For filing certificate of increase of capital stock, five dollars for every ten thousand dollars, or fraction thereof of such increase.

8. For filing certificate of decrease of capital stock, five dollars.
9. For filing notice of removal of principal place of business, five dollars.
10. For filing amended articles of incorporation, unless otherwise provided for, five dollars.
11. For filing certificate of creation of bonded indebtedness, or increase or decrease thereof, five dollars.
12. For issuing certificate of increase or decrease of capital stock, three dollars.
13. For filing certificate of continuance of existence, five dollars.
14. For issuing certificate of continuance of existence, three dollars.
15. For filing claim to trademark, and issuing certificate of filing, five dollars.
16. For issuing certificate of filing of any document, not otherwise provided for, five dollars.
17. For filing certificate of increase or decrease of number of directors, five dollars.
18. For issuing certificate of increase or decrease of number of directors, three dollars.
19. For receiving and recording each official bond, five dollars.
20. For filing notice of appointment of agent, five dollars.
21. For each commission, passport, or other document signed by the Governor and attested by the Secretary of State (pardons, military commissions, and extradition papers excepted), five dollars.
22. For each patent for land issued by the Governor, if for one hundred and sixty acres or less, one dollar; and for each additional one hundred and sixty acres, or fraction thereof, one dollar.
23. For issuing certificate of official character, two dollars.
24. For recording miscellaneous documents or papers, twenty cents per folio.

No member of the Legislature or State officer shall be charged for any search relative to matters appertaining to the duties of their office; nor shall they be charged any fee for a certified copy of any law or resolution passed by the Legislature relative to their official duties.

All fees collected by the Secretary of State, must, at the end of each month, be paid into the state treasury. Twenty-five hundred dollars of such monthly returns shall be credited to and constitute the State Library Fund, and the balance shall be paid into the General Fund of the State.

SEC. 2. This Act shall take effect and be in force from and after the date of its passage.

FOREIGN CORPORATION FEE BILL.

CHAPTER XCIII.—*An Act requiring corporations organized under the laws of another State, Territory, or foreign country, to file a certified copy of their articles of incorporation in the office of the Secretary of State, and a certified copy thereof, duly certified by the Secretary of State of this State, in the office of the County Clerk of the county where its principal place of business is located and also where such corporation owns property, and requiring such corporation to pay to the Secretary of State the same fees as are paid by corporations formed under the laws of the State of California, and providing for a penalty for the violation of the provisions of this Act.*

[Approved March 8, 1901.]

The People of the State of California, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. Corporations organized under the laws of another State, Territory, or of a foreign country, which are now doing business in this State, or which shall hereafter enter this State to do business, or maintain an office in this State, shall file in the office of the Secretary of State of the State of California a certified copy of their articles of incorporation, or of their charters or of the statutes or legislative or executive or governmental act creating them in cases where they are created by charters or statutes or legislative or executive or governmental acts, and a certified copy thereof, duly certified by the Secretary of State of this State, in the office of the County Clerk of the county where its principal place of business is located and also where such corporation owns property.

SEC. 2. For filing and issuing certified copy as required in section one of this Act, corporations formed under the laws of another State, or of a Territory, or of a foreign country, shall pay the same fees as are paid by corporations formed under the laws of this State.

SEC. 3. Every foreign corporation amenable to the provisions of this Act which shall neglect or fail, within ninety days from the date of passage of this Act, to comply with the conditions of the same as herein provided, shall be subject to a fine of not less than five hundred dollars, to be recovered before any court of competent jurisdiction; and it is hereby made the duty of the Secretary of State, as he may be advised that corporations are doing business in contravention of this

Act, to report the fact to the Governor, who shall instruct the District Attorney of the county wherein such corporation has its principal business, or the Attorney-General of the State, or both, as soon as practicable, to institute proceedings to recover the fine herein provided for, and the amount so recovered must be paid into the State treasury to the credit of the General Fund of the State; in addition to which penalty, no foreign corporation as above defined, which shall fail to comply with this Act, can maintain any suit or action, either legal or equitable, in any of the courts of this State, upon any demand, whether arising out of contract or tort, until it has complied with this Act; *provided*, that any corporation described in section one of this Act, which is now doing business in this State, and which has complied with the Act in relation to foreign corporations, approved April first, eighteen hundred and seventy-two, and an Act amendatory thereof, approved March seventeenth, eighteen hundred and ninety-nine, is exempted from the provisions of this Act.

SEC. 4. This Act shall take effect and be in force from and after the date of its passage.

PRICE LIST OF STATUTES, BOOKS, AND MAPS.

The following described statutes, books, and maps, issued from the State Printing Department of California, are for sale by the Secretary of State:

	Price.	Postage.
Amendments to the Codes, 1873-4	\$2 00	\$0 16
Amendments to the Codes, 1875-6	1 50	0 07
Amendments to the Codes, 1877-8	1 50	0 07
Amendments to the Codes, 1880	2 00	0 15
Code of Civil Procedure	3 00	0 24
Code, Penal, 1872	2 00	0 18
Code, Political, volumes 1 and 2, 1872, each	2 00	0 18
Detail Irrigation Maps of Southern California (12 sheets)	3 00	0 12
Detail Irrigation Maps of San Joaquin Valley (10 sheets)	2 50	0 10
Great Central Valley Maps, Sacramento and San Joaquin Valleys, (2 sheets)	1 00	0 06
Same on cloth	2 00	0 10
Topographical and Irrigation Maps, San Joaquin Valley (4 sheets)	1 00	0 06
Same on cloth	2 50	0 10
Hall's Irrigation Development	2 75	0 25
Hall's Irrigation, Southern California	2 75	0 30
Wright's Irrigation Law	Free.	0 02
Reports (3 volumes) Constitutional Convention, 1879	10 00	0 77
Statutes continued in force	3 00	0 30
Statutes, 1875-6	3 00	0 30
Statutes, 1877-8	3 00	0 30
Statutes, 1880	3 00	0 10
Statutes, 1881	2 00	0 10
Statutes, 1883	3 00	0 15
Statutes, 1884-5	3 00	0 10
Statutes, 1886-7	2 50	0 10
Statutes, 1889	3 00	0 30
Statutes, 1893	3 00	0 25
Statutes, 1897	3 00	0 30
Statutes, 1899	3 00	0 30
Statutes, 1901	3 00	0 30
Index to Laws, 1850-1893	4 50	0 30

Postage must be added to price.

Address all orders and send remittances to—

C. F. CURRY, Secretary of State.

STATE CORPORATIONS.

LIST OF ALL CORPORATIONS FILED IN THE OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE
FROM JULY 1, 1900, TO JUNE 30, 1902.

Name.	Place of Business.	Capital Stock	Filed.	No.
A. Andrews Diamond Palace	San Francisco ..	\$100,000	May 22, '02	35,535
A. & C. Prune Coffee Co.	San José	250,000	Feb. 27, '01	32,637
A. & C. Manufacturing Co.	Los Angeles	50,000	Aug. 15, '01	33,840
Aberdeen Mining and Exploration Co.	San Francisco	100,000	Sept. 8, '00	31,435
A. B. Field & Co.	San Francisco	50,000	May 12, '02	35,462
Abramson-Heunisch Glass Co.	San Francisco	460,000	Mar. 22, '01	32,787
A. Brown Co.	Bakersfield	150,000	Mar. 1, '01	32,660
Acacia Oil Co.	Bakersfield	300,000	Dec. 14, '00	31,990
Accountograph Co.	Santa Paula	50,000	June 12, '02	35,665
Acme Development Co.	San José	100,000	April 24, '02	35,328
Acme Land Co.	San Francisco	50	Aug. 2, '00	31,229
Acme Laundry Co.	Los Angeles	30,000	Jan. 22, '01	32,294
Acme Petroleum Co.	Los Angeles	200,000	June 4, '01	33,347
A. Coolot Co.	Sacramento	100,000	Feb. 15, '01	32,532
Acorn Oil Co.	Oakland	300,000	April 27, '01	33,051
Actonoma Oil and Development Co.	Acton	1,000,000	May 15, '01	33,183
Adamson Fruit Co.	Watsonville	25,000	June 13, '02	35,672
Adams Bros. Contract Co.	Los Angeles	25,000	April 8, '01	32,903
Adams Oil Co.	Bakersfield	500,000	April 5, '01	32,888
Adams, Turner & Stevens Co.	Pasadena	30,000	July 10, '01	33,662
Aden Co.	Vallejo	200,000	Nov. 29, '01	34,368
Adin Improvement Association	Adin, Modoc Co.	None	April 29, '01	33,063
Adirondack Oil Co.	Fresno	500,000	Aug. 25, '00	31,355
Adkins, Lowe & Co.	Stockton	20,000	Mar. 17, '02	35,044
Admiral Dewey Mining Co.	San Francisco	300,000	July 10, '00	31,105
Adolph Hromada Co.	San Francisco	30,000	May 17, '01	33,199
Advance Co-operative Bakery	San Francisco	None	July 12, '01	33,669
Advance Machine Co.	Los Angeles	50,000	Mar. 17, '02	35,033
Advocate Press	San Francisco	10,000	Jan. 3, '01	32,123
Ætna Loan Co.	Los Angeles	25,000	Jan. 20, '02	34,675
Ætna Oil Co.	Los Angeles	600,000	Sept. 14, '00	31,459
Ætna Springs Co.	San Francisco	100,000	Oct. 30, '01	34,198
Afro-American Co-operative Association	San Francisco	25,000	Feb. 13, '01	32,502
Afro-American State League of Cal.	Oakland	10,000	Nov. 12, '00	31,784
A. G. Manufacturing Co.	San Francisco	6,000	Feb. 21, '02	34,887
A. G. Oil Co.	Bakersfield	500,000	Jan. 17, '01	32,248
Agua Pura Distillery Co.	Los Angeles	75,000	May 20, '02	35,513
A. Hamburger & Sons.	Los Angeles	200,000	June 26, '01	33,595
A. H. Marten Co.	San José	100,000	Jan. 13, '02	34,624
Ajax Oil Co.	Fresno	100,000	Dec. 10, '00	31,950
A. J. Coffee Co.	San Francisco	50,000	Feb. 17, '02	34,869
A. J. McNicoll Elevator Co.	San Francisco	30,000	June 14, '01	33,488
A. J. Prager & Sons.	San Francisco	200,000	Jan. 7, '02	34,586
Alabama California Oil Co.	Los Angeles	1,000,000	July 8, '01	33,650
Aladdin Oil Co.	Los Angeles	250,000	Sept. 17, '00	31,474
Alameda County Abstract Co.	Oakland	100,000	Feb. 19, '01	32,551
Alameda Garden Homestead Ass'n.	San Francisco	30,000	May 26, '02	35,558
Alameda Home Builders' Co-operative Association	Oakland	None	April 28, '02	35,353
Alameda Sanatorium	Alameda	25,000	Sept. 17, '01	33,974
Alameda Stables	Alameda	10,000	Aug. 16, '01	33,846
Alameda Starch Co.	Alameda	50,000	Dec. 14, '00	31,993
Alamitos Social Club	Los Alamitos	None	May 8, '02	35,435
Alamo Oil Co.	Bakersfield	400,000	Jan. 25, '01	32,327
Alaska Land and Development Co.	San Francisco	200,000	Sept. 21, '01	33,991
Alaska Oil and Guano Co.	San Francisco	250,000	Feb. 16, '01	32,535

State Corporations—Continued.

Name.	Place of Business.	Capital Stock.	Filed.	No.
Alaska Salmon Co.	San Francisco ..	\$200,000	Nov. 14, '00	31,796
Alaskan Coal and Coke Co.	Woodland ..	1,000,000	May 25, '01	33,262
Alberta Oil Co.	San Francisco ..	500,000	Nov. 19, '00	31,822
Albert Elkus ..	Sacramento ..	75,000	July 13, '01	33,684
Albert Rowe Co.	Oakland ..	100,000	Mar. 10, '02	34,993
Albion River Steamship Co.	San Francisco ..	48,000	May 31, '02	35,593
Al Dodge Co.	San Francisco ..	25,000	Dec. 31, '01	34,551
Alexander Duncan Oil Co.	Duncan's Mills ..	100,000	Mar. 28, '02	35,119
Alexander Valley Winery ..	San Francisco ..	30,000	Jan. 22, '01	32,283
Alexandria Oil Co.	Oakland ..	500,000	June 5, '01	33,359
Alhambra Athletic Club ..	Alhambra ..	None	April 4, '02	35,170
Alhambra Oil Co.	San Francisco ..	300,000	Feb. 28, '01	32,644
Alhambra Physical Culture Ass'n ..	Los Angeles ..	None	May 9, '02	35,449
Alhambra Realty Co.	Alhambra ..	25,000	April 25, '02	35,338
Alhambra Wednesday Afternoon Club ..	Los Angeles ..	None	July 23, '00	31,182
A. L. Hobbs Co.	San Francisco ..	50,000	May 11, '02	35,656
Alice Mining Co.	Santa Clara ..	10,000	Oct. 26, '00	31,711
Alki Oil Co.	San Francisco ..	300,000	April 24, '01	33,027
Alleghany Oil Co.	Los Angeles ..	350,000	Aug. 13, '00	31,290
Allen Shipping Co.	San Francisco ..	250,000	May 9, '02	35,446
Alliance Oil Co.	Los Angeles ..	50,000	Sept. 20, '00	31,494
Allied Arts Co. of California ..	Los Angeles ..	10,000	Jan. 28, '01	32,345
Allison Flume Co.	San Diego Co. ..	10,000	May 28, '01	33,279
A. L. Lundy Co.	San Francisco ..	25,000	Dec. 26, '00	32,054
Alma Consolidated Mining and Develop- ment Co.	Pacific Grove ..	300,000	Mar. 21, '01	32,785
Alma Junior Oil Co.	Napa ..	300,000	Feb. 14, '01	32,515
Alma Land and Oil Co.	San Francisco ..	250,000	Feb. 28, '01	32,646
Alma Mining Co.	Oakland ..	25,000	Feb. 5, '01	32,428
Almota Oil Mining Co.	San Francisco ..	250,000	July 14, '00	31,136
Aloha Club ..	Oakland ..	None	Dec. 26, '01	34,516
Alpha and Omega Development Co.	San Francisco ..	75,000	Sept. 4, '01	33,929
Alpha Bread Co.	San Francisco ..	500,000	Jan. 20, '02	34,676
Alphonse Judis Co.	San Francisco ..	100,000	Jan. 2, '02	34,553
Alpine Lumber Co.	San José ..	20,000	April 14, '02	35,257
Alpine Water Co.	San Francisco ..	1,000,000	Nov. 20, '00	31,839
Alpine Water Co.	Los Angeles ..	21,000	May 7, '02	35,427
Altaville Mining Co.	Altaville ..	100,000	Nov. 18, '01	34,298
Altouse Gravel Mining Co.	Eureka ..	75,000	May 16, '02	35,490
Alturas Creamery Association ..	Alturas ..	4,000	Dec. 11, '00	31,960
Aluminum Artificial Limb Co.	San Francisco ..	10,000	July 29, '01	33,758
Amador and Calaveras Reduction and Mining Co.	[Stockton] ..	200,000	April 5, '02	35,175
Amador and El Dorado Mining Co.	San Francisco ..	150,000	July 16, '01	33,693
Amador County Lumber Co.	Jackson ..	25,000	May 21, '01	33,227
Amador Phoenix Gold Mining Co.	Jackson ..	25,000	May 13, '01	33,172
Amador Queen Development Co.	San Francisco ..	100,000	Feb. 20, '01	32,569
Amazon Oil Co.	Los Angeles ..	400,000	Sept. 26, '00	31,524
Ambrose Building Co.	Bakersfield ..	30,000	Mar. 22, '02	35,085
American Mining Co.	Whittier ..	75,000	June 20, '01	33,543
A. Merle Company ..	San Francisco ..	300,000	June 7, '01	33,417
Ames Estate Co.	Oakland ..	75,000	Aug. 7, '01	33,800
Americus Club ..	Los Angeles ..	None	Mar. 3, '02	34,950
America Commercial Co.	San Francisco ..	50,000	April 9, '02	35,208
American Antiseptic Telephone Wafer and Commercial Co.	[Sacramento] ..	75,000	May 24, '02	35,553
American Art Leather Co.	Los Angeles ..	30,000	Aug. 6, '00	31,249
American Automatic Gas Generator Co.	San Francisco ..	50,000	Feb. 18, '02	34,874
American Bottling Co.	West Berkeley ..	25,000	Sept. 17, '01	33,975
American Bond Co.	Los Angeles ..	100,000	May 21, '02	35,525
American Borax Co.	San Francisco ..	550,000	Dec. 28, '01	34,531
American Bowling Alley Co.	San Francisco ..	25,000	Oct. 26, '01	34,171
American Boy Oil Co.	San Francisco ..	500,000	Jan. 29, '01	32,365
American Cash Store ..	Sacramento ..	40,000	July 24, '01	33,738
American Chocolate Factory ..	San Francisco ..	100,000	Feb. 15, '02	34,859
American Condensed Coffee Co.	Oakland ..	25,000	April 9, '02	35,215
American Consolidated Mining Co.	Los Angeles ..	200,000	May 25, '01	33,264
American Consolidated Oil Co.	Visalia ..	2,000,000	Sept. 4, '00	31,414
American Crude Oil Burner Co.	San Francisco ..	200,000	Aug. 10, '01	33,820
American Debater Publishing Co.	Los Angeles ..	50,000	July 15, '01	33,690

State Corporations—Continued.

Name.	Place of Business.	Capital Stock.	Filed.	No.
American Drilling and Development Co.	Bakersfield	\$100,000	Feb. 28, '01	32,647
American Duchess Oil Co.	San Francisco	2,000,000	Dec. 3, '01	34,392
American Engrav'g and Electrotyp'g Co.	Los Angeles	25,000	Aug. 31, '01	33,910
American Fly Paper Co.	San Francisco	100,000	Jan. 28, '01	32,359
American Fibre Co.	San Francisco	20,000	April 17, '01	32,990
American Fruit Packing Co.	San Francisco	100,000	May 11, '01	33,158
American Fuel and Power Co.	San Francisco	25,000	Mar. 29, '01	32,836
American Girl Oil Co.	San Francisco	500,000	Jan. 29, '01	32,366
American Glove Co.	San Francisco	50,000	Aug. 10, '01	33,821
American Gold Dredging Co.	Oakland	200,000	June 22, '01	33,563
American Golden Eagle M. & M. Co.	Los Angeles	200,000	June 22, '01	33,565
American Guarantee and Security Co. of California	San Francisco	100,000	April 12, '02	35,242
American Guaranty and Trust Co.	San Francisco	100,000	Sept. 18, '00	31,486
American Investm't and Developm't Co.	San Francisco	200,000	Nov. 22, '00	31,843
American Kitchen Utensil Co.	San Francisco	1,000	Aug. 22, '01	33,869
American Laundry	Sacramento	50,000	April 12, '02	35,247
American Milling Co.	San Francisco	300,000	Feb. 19, '02	34,877
American Nitre Co.	San Francisco	20,000	April 19, '01	33,001
American Oil Co.	Tehachapi	500,000	Oct. 16, '00	31,651
American Oil and Manufacturing Co.	Stockton	100,000	May 6, '02	35,424
American Percolator Co.	Los Angeles	25,000	Jan. 7, '02	34,588
American Petroleum Supply Co.	San Francisco	500,000	Jan. 14, '01	32,209
American Raisin Packing Co.	Fresno	100,000	Sept. 30, '01	34,038
American Realty Investment Co.	San Francisco	50,000	May 31, '02	35,602
American Ship Masters' Protective Ass'n	San Francisco	None	Jan. 4, '01	32,129
American Shipping Co.	San Francisco	22,000	Mar. 27, '01	32,830
American Steam Laundry Co.	Los Angeles	50,000	Oct. 20, '00	31,670
American Stove Co.	San Francisco	50,000	Aug. 16, '00	31,304
American Wave Motor Co.	Los Angeles	300,000	Feb. 11, '01	32,472
Amestog Estate Co.	Los Angeles	320,000	July 30, '00	31,212
Anaconda Oil Co.	Bakersfield	350,000	Jan. 25, '01	32,324
Anagnak Trading Co.	San Francisco	100,000	Nov. 22, '00	31,840
Anaheim Pacific Mining and Development Co.	San Francisco	1,000,000	Sept. 5, '00	31,420
Anchor Laundry Co.	Los Angeles	60,000	Aug. 31, '00	31,396
Anchor Line Oil Co.	San Francisco	200,000	Feb. 15, '01	32,529
Ancient Channel Mining Co.	San Francisco	50,000	Jan. 14, '02	34,633
Anderson & Chanslor Co.	Los Angeles	50,000	May 13, '01	33,167
Anderson-Bargrower Mfg. Co.	San José	75,000	Feb. 4, '02	34,786
Andrew Welch Co.	San Francisco	100,000	Mar. 16, '01	32,754
Angels Gold Mining Co.	Los Angeles	1,000,000	Aug. 9, '01	33,817
Angelus Hotel Co.	Los Angeles	300,000	Jan. 16, '02	34,651
Angevine Manufacturing Co.	Los Angeles	200,000	July 16, '00	31,140
Anglo-American Oil and Exploration Co.	San Francisco	500,000	Jan. 19, '01	32,267
Anglo-Pacific Development Co.	Oakland	75,000	Jan. 18, '02	34,666
Armand Cailleau, Inc.	San Francisco	75,000	Jan. 17, '02	34,653
Annex Club	San Francisco	None	Sept. 4, '00	31,412
Annex Oil Co.	Oakland	250,000	Dec. 27, '00	32,067
Antelope Valley Improvement Co.	Los Angeles	3,000,000	May 11, '02	35,660
Anti-Saloon League	San José	None	July 3, '00	31,077
Antiseptic Fruit and Egg Packing Co.	San Francisco	50,000	Oct. 16, '00	31,646
A. N. Towne Co.	San Francisco	100,000	July 20, '00	31,169
Anvil Gold Run Mining Co.	San Francisco	100,000	Nov. 16, '00	31,809
Apache Oil Co.	San Francisco	350,000	Feb. 7, '01	32,442
Apex Oil Co.	Los Angeles	400,000	July 20, '00	31,168
Apollo Oil Co.	San Francisco	500,000	Feb. 13, '01	32,498
Appeal Manufacturing and Jobbing Co.	Los Angeles	100,000	Feb. 24, '02	34,892
Arbuckle Oil and Mining Co.	Arbuckle	500,000	April 13, '01	32,957
Arcadia Development Co.	Santa Cruz	75,000	Aug. 3, '01	33,781
Arcata Hardware Co.	Arcata	12,000	May 3, '01	33,093
Arcata Oil Co.	Arcata	250,000	Jan. 5, '01	32,136
Arctic Development Co.	San Francisco	20,000	July 13, '01	33,686
Arlington Oil Co.	Bakersfield	500,000	Jan. 23, '01	32,306
Arctic Mining Co., Ltd.	San Francisco	100,000	Dec. 10, '00	31,949
Arctic Soda Water Co.	Oakland	2,400	Feb. 27, '01	32,631
Ardizzi Olcese Co.	Bakersfield	100,000	May 28, '02	35,577
Arena Oil Co.	Los Angeles	750,000	July 20, '00	31,165
Argonaut Oil Developing Co.	San Francisco	500,000	Mar. 4, '01	32,683
Argosy Oil Co.	Bakersfield	300,000	May 2, '01	33,085

State Corporations—Continued.

Name.	Place of Business.	Capital Stock.	Filed.	No.
Argyle Oil Co.	Oakland	\$300,000	April 22, '01	33,021
Argus Oil Co.	Los Angeles	100,000	Mar. 2, '01	32,671
Arlington Athletic Club.	Bakersfield	5,000	Feb. 7, '02	34,806
Arondo Mining Co.	Los Angeles	100,000	Feb. 10, '02	34,826
Aroostook Crude Oil Co.	Bakersfield	250,000	April 2, '02	35,157
Aroostook Oil Co.	Santa Paula	40,000	Aug. 16, '00	31,303
Art and Architecture Publishing Co.	San Francisco	20,000	Sept. 1, '00	31,401
Artesian Company	Los Angeles	1,000,000	May 26, '02	35,561
Artesian Water Co.	Santa Paula	250,000	Dec. 31, '00	32,089
Artificial Building-Stone Co.	San Francisco	200,000	Sept. 7, '01	33,946
A. S. Cohn Co.	Oakland	50,000	July 11, '01	33,666
Ashland Oil Co.	San Francisco	100,000	July 11, '01	33,665
A. S. Marshall Estate.	Cloverdale	70,000	Jan. 24, '02	34,706
A. S. O'Neil Co.	Los Angeles	20,000	Mar. 4, '01	32,679
Astor Oil and Development Co.	Los Angeles	500,000	Sept. 15, '00	31,471
Astor Oil Co.	Bakersfield	500,000	Sept. 17, '00	31,477
Associated Architect and Engineer	Los Angeles	25,000	April 8, '02	35,201
Associated Charities of Santa Barbara Co.	Santa Barbara	None	Mar. 2, '01	32,670
Associated Oil Co.	San Francisco	40,000,000	Oct. 7, '01	34,076
Associated Physicians Hospital Society	Bakersfield	10,000	Dec. 5, '00	31,917
Associated Property Owners of San Fran.	San Francisco	200,000	April 26, '02	35,342
Associated Railway Employes of Cal.	[Oakland]	None	Feb. 4, '02	34,787
Association of Electrical Mechanics.	San Francisco	25,000	April 3, '02	35,165
Association of Pioneer Women of Cal.	San Francisco	None	Mar. 9, '01	32,714
Assurance Mining Co.	Bakersfield	150,000	Jan. 7, '01	32,148
A. Taylor Sanator'm Tr'n'g Nurse School	San Francisco	25,000	Oct. 26, '01	34,175
Athenian Oil Co.	Oakland	300,000	June 28, '01	33,602
Athens Oil and Development Co.	Oakland	280,000	Jan. 12, '01	32,203
Atlantic Oil Co.	Redding	500,000	Feb. 15, '01	32,523
Atlas Crude Oil Co.	Los Angeles	300,000	July 14, '00	31,135
A. T. Noe Health Co.	San Francisco	50,000	Jan. 23, '02	34,695
Auburn Lumber Co.	[Auburn]	50,000	Jan. 29, '02	34,744
Auburn Rochdale Co.	Auburn	None	April 5, '02	35,188
Augustine Machine Graining Co.	San Francisco	100,000	Aug. 7, '00	31,251
Augustine Manufacturing and Grain- ing Co.	San Francisco	100,000	April 26, '01	33,041
Aurelia Oil Mining and Developing Co.	Corona	200,000	Jan. 8, '01	32,165
Aurora Shipping Co.	San Francisco	80,000	Aug. 19, '01	33,854
Australian Syndicate Mining and De- velopment Co.	San Francisco	600,000	Oct. 15, '00	31,636
Austrian Carniolan Benevolent Society of St. Joseph	San Francisco	None	Apr. 17, '01	32,987
Autioquia Gold Mining Co.	Los Angeles	500,000	Mar. 20, '02	35,064
Autocaville Co.	San Francisco	100,000	Aug. 23, '01	33,874
Auto Economic Oil Burner Co.	San Francisco	100,000	Sept. 13, '01	33,956
Automatic Advertising Co.	San Francisco	100,000	May 8, '02	35,437
Automatic Boiler Feed Water Reg. Co.	San Francisco	25,000	Mar. 5, '01	32,687
Automatic Car Ventilating Co.	San Francisco	2,500,000	Nov. 19, '00	31,827
Automatic Pressure Feed Lubricator Co.	Los Angeles	24,000	Mar. 14, '02	35,018
Automatic Sash Tightening Co.	San Francisco	25,000	Mar. 12, '02	34,998
Automobile and Bicycle Livery	Pasadena	25,000	Oct. 23, '01	34,152
Automobile Club	San Francisco	None	Aug. 9, '01	33,816
Automobile Club of Southern California.	Los Angeles	None	Dec. 13, '00	31,976
Auto Vehicle Co.	Los Angeles	250,000	May 5, '02	35,413
A. Vignier Co.	San Francisco	100,000	Oct. 24, '01	34,160
A. W. Hitt Co.	San Francisco	75,000	Aug. 12, '01	33,824
A. Widemann Co.	Gonzales	120,000	Oct. 10, '01	34,090
A. W. Kenison Co.	Auburn	50,000	Jan. 16, '01	32,235
Ayers Business College	San Francisco	5,000	Mar. 14, '02	35,019
Azusa Foothill Citrus Association	Los Angeles	10,000	May 27, '01	33,272
Aztec Nueva Mining Co.	San Francisco	200,000	June 18, '02	35,704
Backbone Mining Co.	San Francisco	250,000	Sept. 20, '01	33,989
Baden Company	San Francisco	500,000	April 23, '02	35,314
Badger White Oil Co.	Los Angeles	500,000	Dec. 17, '00	32,001
Baer Cigar Manufacturing Co.	Los Angeles	50,000	June 3, '01	33,339
Bailey-Raymond Machine Works	San Francisco	25,000	Dec. 19, '01	34,491
Baird Estate	San Francisco	100,000	Oct. 16, '01	34,115
Baker-Herron Manufacturing Co.	Los Angeles	10,000	Dec. 14, '01	34,465
Bakery Machine Co.	San Francisco	25,000	July 22, '01	33,728

State Corporations—Continued.

Name.	Place of Business.	Capital Stock.	Filed.	No.
Bakersfield Brick Co.	Sacramento	\$10,000	June 19, '01	33,538
Bakersfield Drug Co.	Bakersfield	10,000	Oct. 11, '01	34,095
Bakersfield Elks' Hall Association	Bakersfield	350	Dec. 3, '01	34,390
Bakersfield Iron Works	San Francisco	150,000	Mar. 3, '02	34,952
Bakersfield Laundry Association	Bakersfield	20,000	Oct. 17, '00	31,658
Bakersfield National Athletic Club	Bakersfield	None	July 1, '01	33,626
Bakersfield Oil and Stock Exchange	Bakersfield	200,000	May 1, '01	33,071
Bald Eagle Oil Co.	San Francisco	500,000	Jan. 7, '01	32,154
Bald Eagle Oil Co.	San Francisco	300,000	Mar. 4, '01	32,682
Bald Eagle Junior Oil Co.	Napa	175,000	Feb. 1, '01	32,400
Baldwin Co.	San Francisco	10,000	May 22, '02	35,531
Baldwin Investment Co.	Oakland	50,000	Jan. 30, '01	32,376
Balliet Engineering and Machine Co.	San Francisco	75,000	Mar. 19, '02	35,058
Ballarat Townsite Co. Ltd.	Ballarat	2,000	Nov. 5, '00	31,755
Baltimore White Oil Co.	Los Angeles	300,000	Oct. 8, '00	31,599
B. & E. Company	San Francisco	50,000	June 16, '02	35,693
Bankers' Investment Co.	San Francisco	2,000,000	June 10, '01	33,443
Bank of Alvarado	Alvarado	25,000	Feb. 20, '02	34,882
Bank of Arbuckle	Arbuckle	50,000	June 24, '01	33,570
Bank of Dinuba	Dinuba	25,000	Feb. 15, '02	34,864
Bank of Lincoln	Lincoln	25,000	Mar. 31, '02	35,142
Bank of Richmond	Richmond	30,000	April 17, '02	35,275
Ban-Ki-Pore Co.	San Francisco	200,000	June 6, '01	33,371
Banner Creamery Co.	Smith River	7,000	Feb. 1, '02	34,768
Banner Mine Development Co.	San Francisco	200,000	July 16, '00	31,147
Banner Oil Co.	San Francisco	600,000	Feb. 19, '01	32,558
Banner School and Church Furnish'g Co.	Los Angeles	6,000	Dec. 18, '01	34,485
Banning Hall Association	Banning	1,600	Feb. 15, '02	34,863
Barden's	Los Angeles	10,000	Mar. 24, '02	35,087½
Bard Oil and Asphalt Co.	Los Angeles	2,000,000	Aug. 28, '00	31,373
Bardsdale Canyon Oil Co.	Los Angeles	500,000	May 16, '01	33,191
Bareilles Estate Co.	San Francisco	40,300	July 9, '01	33,656
Barkentine Amaranth Co.	San Francisco	76,000	Sept. 14, '01	33,965
Barkentine Amazon Co.	San Francisco	76,000	Feb. 26, '02	34,907
Barkentine Hawaii Co.	San Francisco	80,000	Jan. 5, '01	32,138
Barkentine Kohala Co.	San Francisco	64,000	June 5, '01	33,360
Barkentine Koko Head Co.	San Francisco	80,000	Oct. 10, '01	34,094
Barkentine Lahaina Co.	San Francisco	80,000	June 5, '01	33,363
Bark Gerard C. Tobey Co.	San Francisco	32,000	Aug. 27, '00	31,362
Bark Homeward Bound Co.	San Francisco	84,000	May 26, '02	35,563
Barker & Kinney	Oakland	100,000	Mar. 11, '01	32,727
Barker Bros.	Los Angeles	150,000	July 8, '01	33,649
Barkley-Stetson-Preston Co.	Los Angeles	500,000	May 10, '01	33,152
Barlo Pass Club	Los Nietos	None	Nov. 18, '01	34,291
Barlow Sanatorium	Los Angeles	100,000	April 28, '02	35,348
Barnhart & Swasey	San Francisco	40,000	Nov. 9, '01	34,250
Barrett Oil Co.	San Francisco	500,000	Feb. 13, '01	32,497
Barrett-Rae Co.	San Francisco	75,000	April 28, '02	35,346
Barricks Gold Amalgamating Co.	San Francisco	75,000	June 12, '01	33,465
Bartlett Co.	S. Buenaventura	20,000	Jan. 29, '01	32,370
Bartlett Logan W'm'n's R'l'f Corps, No. 7	Los Angeles	None	Aug. 13, '00	31,286
Bartlett Music Co.	Los Angeles	100,000	Jan. 24, '01	32,317
Bartlett Paper Can and Box Co.	San Francisco	25,000	Sept. 21, '00	31,507
Barton-Fisher Candy Co.	Sacramento	35,000	Jan. 30, '02	34,754
Barton Oil Co.	Visalia	100,000	Feb. 5, '01	32,429
Barton Oil Co.	Sacramento	500,000	June 8, '01	33,425
Bassford Manufacturing Co.	San Francisco	50,000	May 19, '02	35,505
Bay and River Dredging Co.	San Francisco	100,000	Jan. 16, '01	32,241
Bay Cities Realty Co.	San Francisco	75,000	Mar. 22, '02	35,079
Bay City Athletic Club	San Francisco	100,000	Oct. 25, '00	31,706
Bay City Brick Co.	San Francisco	100,000	Dec. 11, '00	31,966
Bay City Engineering and Supply Co.	San Francisco	40,000	Mar. 14, '02	35,009
Bay City Investment Co.	San Diego	100,000	April 29, '02	35,360
Bay City Market Co.	San Francisco	30,000	Dec. 3, '00	31,905
Bay City Mercantile Co.	San Francisco	25,000	Oct. 9, '01	34,088
Bay Barge and Tug Co.	San Francisco	200,000	April 5, '02	35,177
Bayside Mill and Lumber Co.	Eureka	200,000	Sept. 12, '00	31,443
Bay Oil and Asphalt Co.	Santa Ana	1,000,000	Jan. 29, '01	32,369
Bay Trade Oil Co.	San Francisco	500,000	Mar. 20, '01	32,774
Bay View Brick Co.	San Francisco	20,000	Aug. 27, '01	33,887

State Corporations—Continued.

Name.	Place of Business.	Capital Stock.	Filed.	No.
B. B. Oil Co.	Los Angeles	\$500,000	Dec. 5, '00	31,922
Beach Land Co.	Los Angeles	250,000	June 17, '02	35,697
Beacon Light Oil and Development Co.	San Francisco	300,000	Dec. 20, '00	32,024
Beacon Oil Co.	Los Angeles	1,250,000	Nov. 23, '00	31,846
Beadle Steamship Co.	San Francisco	205,000	Nov. 20, '01	34,313
Bear Flag Oil Co.	Fresno	200,000	Oct. 10, '00	31,605
Beaumont Oil Co.	Santa Barbara	300,000	Feb. 1, '01	32,397
Beautiful Bell Mining Co.	Los Angeles	100,000	Jan. 26, '01	32,340
Beek Bros., Hallstrom & Co.	Los Angeles	10,000	May 21, '02	35,523
Beckwith Power Co.	San Francisco	750,000	Nov. 17, '00	31,821
Bedford Oil Co.	Los Angeles	300,000	July 13, '00	31,131
Bedrock Oil Co.	Los Angeles	500,000	Sept. 18, '00	31,482
Beeger Tanning Co.	Redwood City	100,000	Oct. 2, '01	34,053
Behlow Estate Co.	San Francisco	500,000	Aug. 14, '01	33,834
Behring Sea Improve't and Trading Co.	San Francisco	500,000	April 12, '01	32,942
Behring Sea Packing Co.	San Francisco	25,000	Nov. 30, '00	31,884
Bekin's Van and Storage Co.	Los Angeles	10,000	Mar. 8, '02	34,981
Belgian Benevolent Society	San Francisco	None	Aug. 30, '01	33,902
Belle of Tonopah Mining Co.	San Francisco	500,000	June 20, '02	35,716
Belvedere Transportation Co.	San Francisco	25,000	Dec. 12, '01	34,440
Bender Carriage and Livery Co.	Los Angeles	12,000	Nov. 30, '00	31,886
Benguet Development Co.	San Francisco	25,000	Sept. 24, '01	34,008
Benicia Water Works	San Francisco	300,000	May 2, '01	33,082
Ben Lomond Light Co.	Ben Lomond	2,000	Dec. 21, '00	32,033
Ben Lomond Oil Co.	Santa Cruz	500,000	Feb. 28, '01	32,640
Bennett & Goodall	San Francisco	25,000	Feb. 5, '02	34,791
Bennett Smokeless Furnace Co.	Los Angeles	500,000	Feb. 4, '01	32,423
Benson Mining Co.	Stockton	50,000	April 1, '02	35,148
Bequette Oil Co.	Visalia	9,000	Jan. 16, '01	32,231
Berkeley Board of Trade	Berkeley	None	Oct. 1, '00	31,552
Berkeley Boot and Shoe Co.	Berkeley	50,000	Mar. 20, '02	35,066
Berkeley Crude Oil Co.	Berkeley	300,000	Feb. 14, '01	32,506
Berkeley Equitable Building Associat'n.	Berkeley	25,000	April 15, '02	35,259
Berkeley Hospital Association	Berkeley	None	July 26, '00	31,196
Berkeley Investment Association	San Francisco	66,000	Oct. 15, '01	34,107
Berkeley Pure Milk Creamery	San Francisco	10,000	Feb. 13, '02	34,854
Berkeley Rochdale Co.	Berkeley	None	Feb. 9, '01	32,464
Berkeley Sanatorium Association	Oakland	50,000	June 25, '02	35,747
Bernice Borax and Soda Co.	San Francisco	200,000	April 25, '02	35,339
Berr Gold Mining Co.	San Francisco	100,000	Jan. 16, '01	32,240
Berry Bangs Land Co.	San Francisco	150,000	Oct. 1, '01	34,043
Berryessa Oil Develop't and Com'l Co.	Napa	300,000	Nov. 23, '00	31,849
Berwin & Gassner Co.	San Francisco	50,000	Feb. 11, '01	32,484
Bessie Oil Co.	San Francisco	320,000	Feb. 19, '01	32,557
Beta Oil Co.	San Francisco	1,000	April 29, '02	35,371
Beta Omega of Delta Tan Delta Build- ing and Loan Association	Berkeley	25,000	April 25, '01	33,037
Bethlehem Congregational Church	San Francisco	None	Sept. 29, '00	31,545
Bethlehem's Congregation of the United Norwegian Lutheran Ch'ch of America	[San Francisco]	None	April 18, '02	35,287
Bibo Newman Co.	San Francisco	250,000	May 31, '02	35,601
Bidwell's Bar Gold Mining Co.	Colusa	20,000	Mar. 22, '02	35,080
Bieber Creamery Association	Bieber	3,000	Mar. 11, '01	32,725
Bien Feldheim	San Francisco	25,000	Feb. 5, '02	34,789
Big Bend Wood and Lumber Co.	Wengler	50,000	Mar. 9, '01	32,712
Big Bonanza Mining and Develop't Co.	San Francisco	500,000	Feb. 21, '02	34,891
Big Chief Oil and Mining Co.	Bakersfield	250,000	Nov. 20, '00	31,834
Big Chief Oil Co.	Los Angeles	750,000	Nov. 30, '00	31,885
Big Elk Oil Co.	San Francisco	25,000	Dec. 11, '01	34,439
Big Four Mining, Milling, Power, Tun- nel and Transportation Co.	Los Angeles	2,000,000	Feb. 14, '01	32,519
Big Four Orange Co.	Riverside	100,000	Sept. 23, '01	33,997
Big Four Water Co.	Whittier	5,000	July 26, '00	31,192
Biggs Warehouse Co.	San Francisco	25,000	Aug. 15, '01	33,838
Big Hill Mining Co.	Canada Hill	80,000	Oct. 19, '00	31,666
Big Sespe Oil Co.	Los Angeles	600,000	Aug. 20, '00	31,327
Big Three Mining and Milling Co.	Los Angeles	150,000	Jan. 2, '02	34,554
Big Tree Land and Development Co.	San Francisco	50,000	May 31, '02	35,594
Bill Nye Oil Co.	Los Angeles	25,000	May 17, '01	33,204
Binger-Hermann-Berryessa Oil Co.	Napa	500,000	Dec. 19, '00	32,015

State Corporations—Continued.

Name.	Place of Business.	Capital Stock.	Filed.	No.
Bishop Light and Power Co.	Bishop	\$20,000	April 12, '02	35,235
Bishop of the Protestant Episcopal C'ch.	Los Angeles	None	Aug. 27, '01	33,888
Bissinger & Co.	San Francisco	500,000	Dec. 3, '00	31,900
Black Condor Oil Co.	San Francisco	50,000	May 11, '01	33,161
Black Cress Oil Co.	Tulare	1,000,000	Feb. 23, '01	32,599
Black Geyser Oil Co.	Los Angeles	500,000	July 27, '00	31,199
Black Horse Copper Co.	Los Angeles	100,000	Oct. 29, '00	31,727
Blackstone Oil Co.	San Francisco	375,000	Jan. 23, '01	32,303
Blanche Oil Co.	Los Angeles	20,000	Nov. 23, '00	31,847
Blinn Oil Co.	Los Angeles	200,000	Oct. 22, '00	31,677
Blue Bell Mining Co.	San Francisco	200,000	Nov. 7, '00	31,758
Blue Bird Oil Co.	Los Angeles	1,000,000	Dec. 31, '00	32,097
Blue Chief Mining Co.	Bakersfield	100,000	Aug. 23, '00	31,344
Blue Diamond Oil Co.	Grass Valley	100,000	Oct. 15, '00	31,632
Blue Eagle Gold Mining Co.	San Francisco	100,000	Jan. 17, '02	34,655
Blue Gravel Mining and Milling Co.	San Francisco	30,000	July 12, '00	31,126
Blue Lake Manufacturing Co.	Blue Lake	50,000	Feb. 7, '02	34,811
Blue Lake Town Co.	Los Angeles	51,200	Mar. 12, '02	35,001
Blue Ridge Oil and Development Co.	Napa	200,000	Dec. 20, '00	32,027
Blue Shale Oil Co.	Napa	500,000	Aug. 21, '01	33,865
Blue Slate Mining and Milling Co.	San Francisco	100,000	Aug. 22, '01	33,867
Bluestone Consolidated Mining Co.	San Francisco	100,000	Mar. 15, '01	32,753
Bluff City Gold Mining Co.	San Francisco	75,000	April 1, '02	35,144
Bohemia Association	Bakersfield	None	Mar. 31, '02	35,129
Bohemian Club	Los Angeles	None	Nov. 20, '00	31,836
Bohemian Mining and Milling Co.	San Francisco	200,000	May 16, '02	35,489
Bolinas Bay Oil Co.	San Francisco	300,000	Nov. 23, '00	31,844
Boltinhouse & Schaefer	Palo Alto	10,000	Jan. 29, '02	34,740
Bon Ami Oil and Development Co.	Bakersfield	100,000	Dec. 4, '00	31,908
Bond Baking Co.	Los Angeles	10,000	Aug. 26, '01	33,884
Bonestell & Co.	San Francisco	250,000	June 14, '01	33,497
Bonita Oil Co.	San Francisco	500,000	July 24, '00	31,184
Bonne Terre Land Co.	Los Angeles	8,000	Sept. 17, '00	31,479
Bonnie Bee Quartz Mining and Development Co.	Dutch Flat	100,000	April 16, '01	32,978
Bonnie Blue Bell Mining and Milling Co.	Stockton	200,000	Aug. 21, '00	31,334
Bonnie Brae Packing House Co.	Exeter	5,000	Mar. 1, '01	32,653
Boone & Anderson Co.	Berkeley	25,000	Oct. 15, '01	34,106
Boquillas Land and Cattle Co.	San Francisco	5,000	Jan. 16, '01	32,233
Bosko Oil Co.	Visalia	500,000	Nov. 16, '00	31,810
Boston Crude Oil Development Co.	San Francisco	1,000,000	Oct. 19, '00	31,668
Boston White Oil Co.	Los Angeles	500,000	June 14, '01	33,498
Boulder Mining Co.	Madera	300,000	Sept. 21, '00	31,506
Bouquet Oil Developing Co.	Los Angeles	250,000	Aug. 15, '00	31,296
Bowers Electric Grading, Excavating, and Contracting Co.	San Francisco	100,000	Mar. 5, '01	32,688
Boyle Heights Oil Co.	Los Angeles	250,000	Sept. 25, '00	31,523
B. Pasquale Co.	San Francisco	25,000	Feb. 28, '01	32,645
B. P. Oliver	San Francisco	10,000	Aug. 16, '01	33,842
Bradley Development Co.	San Francisco	100,000	April 4, '01	32,878
Brain-Harms Optical Co.	Los Angeles	25,000	May 31, '02	35,592
Brand & Potter Co.	Eureka	20,000	Mar. 3, '02	34,947
Braun & Prior	San Francisco	75,000	April 18, '02	35,289
Bratton Ditch Co.	Selma	10,000	Aug. 23, '00	31,342
Brethren Church	Pomona	None	Nov. 12, '01	34,264
Brickhandlers' Protective and Benevolent Union of California	San Francisco	None	April 12, '02	35,240
Bridgeport Creamery Co.	Ukiah	10,000	Oct. 23, '00	31,688
Bridge River Hydraulic Mining and Milling Co.	San Francisco	125,000	Dec. 6, '00	31,926
Briscoe Oil and Mineral Co.	Willows	500,000	Dec. 13, '00	31,979
Bristol Packing Co.	San Francisco	96,000	Feb. 15, '01	32,521
British Californian Oil Co.	Los Angeles	1,000,000	June 1, '01	33,317
Britton & Rey Co.	San Francisco	100,000	May 20, '01	33,215
Brizzolara Estate Co.	San Francisco	10,000	Oct. 4, '00	31,577
Broadway Drapery and Furniture Co.	Los Angeles	25,000	Nov. 19, '01	34,302
Broadway Hotel Co.	Los Angeles	25,000	June 1, '01	33,316
Broadway Realty Co.	Los Angeles	250,000	April 10, '01	32,929
Brookdale Oil Co.	Los Angeles	500,000	July 7, '00	31,095
Brooklyn Mining Co.	San Bernardino	200,000	Dec. 12, '01	34,447

State Corporations—Continued.

Name.	Place of Business.	Capital Stock.	Filed.	No.
Brooks-Grant Roller Bearing Inc.	San Francisco ..	\$100,000	Feb. 27, '02	34,919
Brower Printing Co.	San José ..	15,000	April 10, '02	35,221
Brown Fox Oil Co.	Bakersfield ..	500,000	Feb. 23, '01	32,588
Brown Shale Oil Co.	Oakland ..	300,000	Mar. 18, '01	32,763
Brown-Winstanley Manufacturing Co.	Los Angeles ..	50,000	Mar. 31, '02	35,143
Brubaker Oil Co.	Los Angeles ..	1,000,000	Jan. 28, '01	32,343
Brun & Chair.	Napa ..	500,000	Dec. 20, '00	32,023
Brunton Oil Co.	Los Angeles ..	10,000	Sept. 12, '01	33,954
Brydon Bros. Harness and Saddlery Co.	Los Angeles ..	25,000	Mar. 17, '02	35,027
Buchanan Oil Co.	San Francisco ..	500,000	Jan. 22, '01	32,290
Bucher Stock Co.	Alturas ..	25,000	May 9, '02	35,648
Buckeye Oil and Mining Co.	Bakersfield ..	350,000	Feb. 25, '01	32,618
Buddhist Church of Sacramento ..	Sacramento ..	None	June 15, '01	33,517
Buena Park Improvement Co.	Buena Park ..	25,000	Mar. 24, '02	35,689
Buena Piedra Mining Co.	Bakersfield ..	100,000	Feb. 3, '02	34,773
Buena Vista Copper Mining and Reduc- tion Co.	[Jackson] ..	200,000	Aug. 2, '01	33,776
Buena Vista Lake Oil Co.	San Francisco ..	200,000	April 3, '01	32,875
Buena Vista Oil Co.	Oakland ..	500,000	Mar. 20, '01	32,773
Buffalo Burner Co.	San Francisco ..	50,000	Oct. 6, '00	31,588
Buffalo Club.	Compton ..	None	April 24, '01	33,030
Buffalo Oil Co.	San Francisco ..	600,000	Feb. 6, '01	32,432
Buffalo Oil Gas Burner Co.	San Francisco ..	500,000	Nov. 1, '00	31,735
Builders Ass'n of Sacramento County ..	Sacramento ..	None	Oct. 28, '01	34,188
Builder of the World.	Los Angeles ..	None	Oct. 2, '01	34,054
Bullard Co.	Woodland ..	300,000	May 2, '01	33,083
Bullion Quicksilver Co.	San Francisco ..	75,000	Sept. 5, '01	33,935
Buntingville Improvement Association.	Buntingville ..	2,000	April 15, '01	32,971
Burbank Athletic Club ..	Burbank ..	None	June 25, '02	35,750
Burks Oil Co.	San Francisco ..	300,000	June 19, '01	33,536
Burma Roby Mining and Development Co.	San Francisco ..	500,000	Feb. 24, '02	34,898
Burnell, Priest & Coke ..	San Francisco ..	50,000	Mar. 8, '02	34,978
Burnett Building and Loan Association.	San Francisco ..	25,000	Oct. 3, '00	31,569
Burney Mercantile Co.	Burney ..	10,000	May 14, '01	33,176
Burning Springs Oil Co.	Napa ..	500,000	May 4, '01	33,103
Burton Development Co.	Los Angeles ..	30,000	April 5, '01	32,887
Business Men Oil Co.	Los Angeles ..	350,000	Nov. 15, '00	31,803
Butchers' Social Club ..	Los Angeles ..	None	April 10, '02	35,217
Butte County Power Co.	San Francisco ..	1,000,000	Feb. 25, '01	32,612
Butte Gold Dredging Co.	San Francisco ..	200,000	Mar. 15, '02	35,023
Byron Springs Oil Co.	Martinez ..	500,000	Dec. 21, '00	32,030
Cache Creek Oil Co.	San Francisco ..	300,000	Feb. 27, '01	32,626
Cactus Oil Co.	San Francisco ..	1,000,000	Mar. 30, '01	32,848
Cahuenga Pass Knickerbocker Soc'l Club ..	Los Angeles ..	None	April 10, '02	35,220
Cahuenga Social and Athletic Club ..	Los Angeles ..	None	Oct. 28, '01	34,177
Cajon Development Co.	Pasadena ..	75,000	Nov. 20, '01	34,317
Cajon Oil Co.	Los Angeles ..	100,000	Dec. 17, '00	32,000
Calaveras Development Co.	San Francisco ..	100,000	Sept. 4, '01	33,924
Calaveras Eagle Mining Co.	Paso Robles ..	250,000	Sept. 18, '00	31,480
Calaveras River Land and Irrigation Co.	Stockton ..	25,000	Dec. 19, '01	34,490
Caledonia Mining Co.	Bakersfield ..	200,000	Jan. 21, '01	32,273
Caledonia Oil Co.	Oakland ..	250,000	Jan. 10, '01	32,184
Callexico Cattle Co.	Los Angeles ..	200,000	Dec. 19, '01	34,486
Calico Oil Co.	Bakersfield ..	500,000	May 10, '01	33,150
California Aerial Navigation Co.	San Francisco ..	600,000	June 11, '01	33,458
Calif. Alpha of Sigma Alpha Epsilon ..	Santa Clara Co. ..	10,000	Mar. 12, '01	32,728
California and Mexico Fruit Co.	Palo Alto ..	50,000	Jan. 30, '02	34,746
California and Mexico Mining and De- velopment Co.	Los Angeles ..	1,000,000	Nov. 18, '01	34,297
California and Oregon Coast S.S. Co.	San Francisco ..	500,000	Oct. 3, '00	31,571
California and Washington Co.	San Francisco ..	1,000,000	Dec. 17, '00	32,005
California Asparagus Co.	San Francisco ..	1,000,000	June 21, '01	33,551
California Asphalt Paving Co.	San Francisco ..	75,000	June 8, '01	33,432
California Association of Musicians.	Los Angeles ..	None	Sept. 23, '01	34,001
California Athletic Club of Sacramento ..	Sacramento ..	None	Sept. 5, '01	33,932
California Auction Co.	San Francisco ..	250,000	Dec. 5, '00	31,924
California Automobile Co.	San Francisco ..	150,000	Oct. 13, '00	31,628
California Benefit Co.	San Francisco ..	250,000	July 11, '00	31,197

State Corporations—Continued.

Name.	Place of Business.	Capital Stock.	Filed.	No.
California Bellows Manufacturing Co.	San Francisco	\$20,000	Feb. 13, '01	32,492
California Box and Door Co.	Dunsmuir	14,000	June 13, '02	35,674
California Bowling Alley Co.	San Francisco	20,000	Mar. 1, '02	34,941
California Burial Association	Los Angeles	200,000	July 27, '00	31,202
California Café	San Francisco	25,000	June 12, '01	33,472
California Cement and Lime Co.	San Francisco	1,000,000	Feb. 11, '01	32,483
California Central Gas and Electric Co.	San Francisco	1,500,000	Mar. 25, '01	32,809
California Chemical and Specialty Co.	San Francisco	250,000	July 16, '00	31,148
California Choral Association	San Francisco	None	April 12, '02	35,238
California Chrysanthemum Social Club	San Francisco	None	Sept. 22, '00	31,514
California Club of California	San Francisco	None	Mar. 22, '02	35,077
California Colonization Bureau	San Francisco	50,000	May 14, '02	35,475
California Columbia Cure Company	Los Angeles	25,000	April 12, '01	32,937
California Commercial Co. of Los Ang.	Los Angeles	50,000	Sept. 5, '00	31,422
California Commercial Guaranty Co.	San Francisco	20,000	July 27, '01	33,753
California Compressed Fuel Co.	San Francisco	25,000	Nov. 19, '01	34,309
Calif. Consolidated M. and Reduction Co.	San Bernardino	100,000	Jan. 2, '01	32,108
California Cooling Safe Co.	Fresno	10,000	May 9, '02	35,445
California Co-op. Home Building Ass'n.	San Francisco	10,000	Feb. 4, '02	34,788
California Copper King Co.	Los Angeles	5,000,000	Dec. 27, '01	34,525
California Crude Oil Co.	San Francisco	500,000	Oct. 18, '00	31,661
California Cygnet Co.	San Francisco	200,000	June 25, '01	33,588
California Deposit and Maturity Co.	San Francisco	100,000	Dec. 27, '00	32,058
California Dredging Land Co.	San Francisco	20,000	May 22, '02	35,540
California Dresser Co.	San Francisco	75,000	Feb. 25, '02	34,903
California Drilling and Fishing Tool Co.	Los Angeles	50,000	June 30, '02	35,772
California Drill and Iron Works	Bakersfield	100,000	Aug. 29, '01	33,901
California Drill and Iron Works	Kern	100,000	Oct. 15, '00	31,635
California Egg Co.	San Francisco	50,000	Sept. 28, '01	34,027
California Envelope Co.	San Francisco	150,000	Mar. 2, '01	32,664
California Expansion Sprocket and Pulley Co.	Petaluma	25,000	April 23, '01	33,022
California Fancier Publishing Co. Ltd.	Oakland	1,500	Jan. 30, '01	32,379
California Farm Land Association	San Francisco	100,000	Dec. 1, '00	31,895
California Feed and Fuel Co.	Redlands	10,000	May 16, '02	35,491
California Fresh Fruit Exchange	Sacramento	None	May 1, '01	33,073
California Fresno Oil Co.	San Francisco	50,000	Oct. 31, '01	34,203
California Fruit Co.	Ontario	50,000	April 1, '01	32,853
California Fruit Distributors	San Francisco	10,000	May 1, '02	35,386
California Fruit Juice Pulp & Cereal Co.	San Francisco	500,000	Nov. 29, '01	34,371
California Gas and Electric Co.	San Francisco	30,000,000	Dec. 6, '01	34,412
California Glue Works	San Francisco	250,000	Oct. 11, '00	31,616
California Gold and Copper Co.	Nevada Co.	40,000	Aug. 31, '00	31,393
California Graduate Publishing Co.	San Francisco	10,000	Mar. 10, '02	34,988
California Grain-Growers' Association	San Francisco	None	Mar. 19, '02	35,053
California Grape Medicine Co.	San Francisco	50,000	Nov. 8, '00	31,767
California Gravel Gold Mining Co.	San Francisco	1,000	Jan. 26, '01	32,332
California Greenhouse Co.	Oakland	100,000	Sept. 29, '00	31,547
California Historic Landmarks League	San Francisco	None	June 25, '02	35,745
California Home Food Co.	Los Angeles	30,000	July 12, '00	31,122
California Ice Co.	Oakland	100,000	May 7, '02	35,638
California Incandescent Lamp Co.	San Francisco	100,000	Nov. 4, '01	34,219
California Incubator Co.	Petaluma	25,000	April 14, '02	35,248
California Industrial Co.	Los Angeles	2,500,000	Nov. 25, '01	34,346
California Investment and Novelty Co.	San Francisco	25,000	April 30, '02	35,378½
California Investment Co.	San Francisco	100,000	Jan. 8, '01	32,161
California Jockey Club	San Francisco	1,000,000	April 15, '01	32,970
California Liquid Asphalt Co.	San Francisco	10,000	May 9, '01	33,146
California Liquor-Dealers' Association	San Francisco	None	June 24, '01	33,583
California Lumber and Milling Co.	San Francisco	100,000	Sept. 6, '00	31,424
California Manganese Co.	Los Angeles	500,000	Jan. 13, '02	34,625
California-Manila Lumber Commercial Co.	San Francisco	100,000	Mar. 4, '02	34,953
California Medical Aid Society	Los Angeles	100,000	Jan. 7, '02	34,580
California Mill and Manufacturing Co.	Oakland	60,000	May 16, '01	33,192
California Mill Co.	San Francisco	250,000	Nov. 2, '01	34,216
California Mineral Water Co.	San Francisco	75,000	Dec. 12, '01	34,443
California Mobile Transportation Co.	San José	200,000	Jan. 8, '02	34,589
California Motor Co. Inc.	San Francisco	12,000	Sept. 6, '01	33,939

State Corporations—Continued.

Name.	Place of Business.	Capital Stock.	Filed.	No.
California Northwestern Oil Development Co.	San Francisco	\$500,000	Jan. 22, '01	32,287
California Oak Leather Co.	Redwood City	250,000	June 7, '01	33,399
California Oil Asphalt Co.	Bakersfield	100,000	Jan. 4, '02	34,570
California Oil Burner Co.	San Francisco	10,000	Aug. 29, '00	31,378
California Oil Gas Burner Co.	San Francisco	10,000	Oct. 22, '00	31,684
California Oil Land Co.	Los Angeles	10,000	Oct. 26, '00	31,715
California Oil Producing and Investment Co.	Bakersfield	800,000	Oct. 9, '01	34,082
California, Oregon, and Washington Homebuilders' Ass'n	San Francisco	300,000	Mar. 22, '02	35,081
California Outfitting Co.	Oakland	25,000	April 17, '01	32,991
California Oxygen Co.	Los Angeles	25,000	Dec. 9, '01	34,429
California Pacific Oil Co.	Los Angeles	2,500,000	Sept. 27, '00	31,529
California Package Fruit Co.	San Francisco	100,000	April 6, '01	32,893
California Paint Mining and Milling Co.	San Francisco	150,000	Dec. 27, '00	32,064
California Paper and Board Mills	San Francisco	250,000	Aug. 31, '01	33,913
California Patent Investment Co.	Alameda	25,000	May 6, '02	35,623
California Powder Works	San Francisco	6,000,000	Nov. 30, '00	31,890
California Power Co.	San Bernardino	2,500,000	Feb. 8, '01	32,456
California Power Co.	Redlands	2,500,000	July 16, '00	31,149
California Prune Syrup Co.	San Francisco	100,000	July 16, '00	31,139
California Publishing Bureau and Investment Co.	Los Angeles	20,000	Dec. 28, '01	34,532
California Raisin Exchange	Fresno	100,000	Oct. 16, '01	34,114
California Ranch Co.	Los Angeles	200,000	May 1, '02	35,379
California Restaurant and Bakery Co.	San Francisco	200,000	May 25, '01	33,263
California Rose Co.	Los Angeles	15,000	Sept. 13, '01	33,957
California Salt Co.	San Francisco	250,000	April 2, '01	32,867
California Salt Co.	Los Angeles	250,000	April 20, '01	33,015
California Sanitary Dairy Co.	Point Richmond	50,000	Jan. 7, '01	32,150
California Seeds Co.	San Francisco	25,000	May 4, '01	33,099
California Show Case Co.	Los Angeles	25,000	May 12, '02	35,460
California Slate Manufacturing Co.	San Francisco	100,000	Nov. 27, '01	34,363
California Semi-Steel Casting Co.	San Francisco	50,000	Aug. 10, '00	31,272
California Society Colonial Dames	San Francisco	None	Mar. 8, '01	32,709
California Souvenir Co.	Los Angeles	10,000	Oct. 25, '01	34,164
California State Bank of San Bernardino	San Bernardino	50,000	Aug. 2, '01	33,777
California State Association of Opticians	San Francisco	None	Mar. 8, '02	34,975
California State Bar Association	San Francisco	None	May 18, '01	33,212
California State Oil Co.	San Francisco	100,000	June 20, '01	33,542
California Stevedore and Ballast Co.	San Francisco	350,000	Sept. 3, '01	33,923
California Stone and Gravel Co.	Redlands	50,000	Sept. 27, '01	34,021
California Sunset Oil Co.	Los Angeles	300,000	July 21, '00	31,174
California Syndicate Development Co.	Los Angeles	1,000,000	Aug. 22, '00	31,336
California Talking Machine Co.	San Francisco	10,000	May 17, '02	35,493
California Tartar Works	San Francisco	200,000	April 27, '01	33,048
California-Texas Rice-Growers	San Francisco	250,000	April 15, '02	35,258
California Timber Co.	San Francisco	1,000,000	April 14, '02	35,252
California Tool Co.	Santa Paula	20,000	Feb. 14, '02	34,862
California Wall Paper Co.	Los Angeles	20,000	Nov. 15, '01	34,279
California Wheaton Starch Co.	San Francisco	25,000	April 5, '01	32,890
California White Pine Lumber Co.	Los Angeles	200,000	June 20, '02	35,721
California Wood-Working Co.	San Francisco	20,000	April 27, '01	33,052
Calistoga Oil and Development Co.	San Francisco	500,000	Feb. 23, '01	32,592
Calistoga Rochdale Co.	Calistoga	None	Feb. 7, '01	32,439
Calkins Brothers Publishing Co.	San Francisco	25,000	Jan. 30, '01	32,372
Calkins Co.	Los Angeles	100,000	May 9, '02	35,645
Call Oil Co.	Fresno	250,000	Jan. 8, '01	32,160
Cal-Vada Borax Co.	San Francisco	200,000	June 14, '01	33,501
Cameron & Co. Inc.	Napa	15,000	Dec. 24, '01	34,514
Campbell Manufacturing Co.	Oakland	50,000	May 28, '01	33,281
Campo Seco Gold Mining Co.	San Francisco	500,000	Nov. 4, '01	34,223
C. & C. Drill Co.	San Francisco	100,000	April 21, '02	35,366
C. & S. Mining Co.	Coalinga	40,000	Oct. 27, '00	31,724
Canfield & Jackson Development Co.	Bakersfield	20,000	Dec. 11, '00	31,962
Canfield-Chanslor-Doheny Co.	Los Angeles	100,000	Oct. 8, '00	31,594
Canfield Drilling Co.	San Francisco	60,000	Mar. 25, '01	32,816
Cantua Oil and Realty Co.	Sacramento	25,000	June 5, '01	33,358
Capay Oil Co.	Sacramento	520,000	Jan. 23, '01	32,302

State Corporations—Continued.

Name.	Place of Business.	Capital Stock.	Filed.	No.
Capell Cañon Oil Co.	Vacaville	\$500,000	Feb. 27, '01	32,636
Capistrano Oil Co.	Los Angeles	2,000,000	Sept. 14, '00	31,463
Capistrano Water Co.	Capistrano	50,000	July 9, '00	31,100
Capital Creamery Co.	Ferndale	5,000	Mar. 3, '02	34,948
Capital Supply Co.	Sacramento	25,000	Nov. 26, '00	31,871
Capital Oil Co.	Sacramento	250,000	Dec. 4, '00	31,910
Capital Publishing Co.	Los Angeles	20,000	Sept. 3, '01	33,921
Capital Rochdale Co-operative Ass'n.	Sacramento	None	April 18, '01	32,994
Cape Horn Mining Co.	Berkeley	40,000	Oct. 17, '00	31,655
Carbonatus Co.	Los Angeles	100,000	May 3, '02	35,410
Cardiff Coal and Oil Co.	Santa Cruz	250,000	Nov. 2, '00	31,741
Carey Mining and Milling Co.	Oakland	100,000	Nov. 24, '00	31,858
Carisa Cattle Co.	San Luis Obispo	100,000	Nov. 30, '01	34,375
Carisa Oil Co.	San Francisco	800,000	Feb. 5, '01	32,425
Carlock Banking Co.	Fort Jones	100,000	Feb. 4, '02	34,784
Carmen's Social and Benevolent Society of the Pacific Coast	[Oakland]	None	May 9, '02	35,650
Carneros Oil and Development Co.	Tulare City	1,000,000	Feb. 23, '01	32,600
Carr & Stephens, Inc.	Los Angeles	40,000	Dec. 23, '01	34,510
Carr Company	Los Angeles	10,000	May 13, '02	35,467
Carrie Oil Co.	Kern	100,000	Dec. 19, '00	32,019
Carrizo Creek Oil Co.	San Diego	1,000,000	Jan. 3, '01	32,121
Carroll Distilling Co.	San Francisco	25,000	Dec. 6, '01	34,413
Carse Technic Publishing Co.	Los Angeles	10,000	Oct. 1, '00	31,550
Carson Glove Co.	San Francisco	100,000	Feb. 4, '01	32,417
Carter-Rose-Coughlin Co.	Cottonwood	14,000	Oct. 26, '00	31,720
Casa de Paga Gold Mining Co.	San Francisco	500,000	Nov. 19, '00	31,828
Casa de Paga Placer Mining Co.	San Francisco	75,000	May 21, '01	33,232
Cascade Laundry Co. of Sacramento	Sacramento	25,000	May 1, '02	35,385
Cascade Power Co.	San Francisco	20,000	Feb. 24, '02	34,893
Cassa Oil Co.	Fresno	300,000	Feb. 23, '01	32,607
Castiac Co-operative Oil Co.	Los Angeles	500,000	Aug. 9, '00	31,266
Castle Dome Mining and Reduction Co.	Los Angeles	1,000,000	June 4, '01	33,348
Castro Oil Co.	Oakland	300,000	May 1, '01	33,074
Catalog Publishing Co.	San Francisco	10,000	Jan. 15, '02	34,645
Caterers' New Publishing Co.	Los Angeles	10,000	Feb. 27, '02	34,920
C. C. Lightner Co.	San Francisco	5,000	Jan. 2, '00	32,109
Cedar Ridge Oil and Development Co.	Alameda	100,000	Mar. 22, '01	32,792
Celery-Growers' Association	Orange County	None	April 16, '01	32,983
Centinela Gun Club	Los Angeles	5,000	Mar. 1, '02	34,943
Central California Canneries	San Francisco	500,000	Feb. 21, '01	32,576
Central Consolidated Oil Co.	Los Angeles	500,000	July 19, '00	31,161
Central Construction Co.	Oakland	25,000	April 9, '01	32,914
Central Dining Co.	San Francisco	50,000	Jan. 3, '01	32,125
Central Gold Mining Co.	Dutch Flat	100,000	Feb. 12, '01	32,489
Central Investment and Water Co.	San Francisco	500,000	Oct. 23, '01	34,150
Central Land and Trust Co.	Fresno	100,000	July 14, '00	31,138
Central Land, Oil, and Development Co.	San Francisco	1,000,000	Feb. 23, '01	32,596
Central Park Association	Middletown	500	Mar. 9, '01	32,716
Central Petroleum Co.	Los Angeles	150,000	June 4, '01	33,346
Central Presbyterian Church	Los Angeles	None	April 6, '01	32,895
Central Supply Plant	San Francisco	75,000	Aug. 13, '01	33,830
Central Theater Amusement Co.	San Francisco	600,020	Nov. 24, '00	31,864
Central Trust Co.	San Francisco	1,000,000	Jan. 15, '01	32,229
Central Warehouse Co.	Alameda	10,000	Jan. 9, '01	32,169
Centrifugal Ore Press Co.	San Francisco	20,000	Dec. 9, '01	34,423
Century Athletic Club	Los Angeles	None	May 9, '01	33,143
Century Electric Co.	San Francisco	50,000	April 24, '01	33,026
Century Land and Development Co.	San Francisco	100,000	Jan. 12, '01	32,204
Century Manufacturing Co.	San José	200,000	June 27, '01	33,599
Century Mercantile Co.	San Francisco	20,000	April 18, '01	32,997
Century Telephone Device Co.	Berkeley	100,000	April 27, '01	33,053
Cerritos Ranch Ditch Co.	Los Angeles	1,500	April 5, '02	35,172
Chadwick Estate Co.	San Francisco	150,000	Feb. 23, '01	32,590
Chamber of Commerce of Northern San Joaquin County	Lodi	None	April 9, '01	32,916
Champion Oil and Development Co.	Benicia	300,000	Dec. 3, '00	31,903
Champlin Oil and Development Co.	Monticello	200,000	May 13, '01	33,170
Chancellor Club	Fullerton	None	Dec. 10, '00	31,356
Channel City Club	Los Angeles	None	Oct. 24, '01	34,158

State Corporations—Continued.

Name.	Place of Business.	Capital Stock.	Filed.	No.
Channel Found Gold Mining Co.	Oakland	\$100,000	Jan. 17, '02	34,660
Channel and Tunnel Mining Co.	Los Angeles	1,000,000	April 11, '02	35,229
Chanslor-Canfield Midway Oil Co.	Bakersfield	5,000,000	Aug. 15, '01	33,839
Chapman & Johnson	San José	50,000	April 5, '02	35,176
Charles Nelson	San Francisco	770,000	Feb. 9, '01	32,462
Charter Oak Citrus Association	Charter Oak	10,000	April 3, '02	35,159
Chase Rose Co.	Riverside	25,000	Oct. 28, '01	34,181
Charles H. J. Truman & Co.	San Francisco	10,000	Oct. 16, '01	34,111
Charles L. Thompson Co.	San Francisco	10,000	July 3, '01	33,631
Chatsworth Park Social and Athletic Club	Los Angeles	None	Feb. 21, '02	34,890
C. H. Carter	Carters	50,000	Dec. 26, '01	34,522
Cheda Estate Co.	San Rafael	72,000	Oct. 1, '01	34,046
Chee Kung Tong Co.	Los Angeles	None	Aug. 15, '00	31,297
Chee Woey Low Society	Sacramento	None	Jan. 12, '01	32,208
Cherokee Gold Dredging Co.	Oroville	250,000	Feb. 11, '02	34,836
Cherry Valley Lead and Silver Min'g Co.	Los Angeles	150,000	Jan. 16, '01	32,236
C. H. Evans & Co.	San Francisco	25,400	Sept. 25, '01	34,013
Chicago Home Building	Los Angeles	10,000	Mar. 24, '02	35,088
Chicago and San Francisco Portrait Co.	San Francisco	15,000	Dec. 20, '00	32,028
Chicago Crude Oil Co.	Bakersfield	1,000,000	Dec. 22, '00	32,042
Chicago Extension Oil Co.	Bakersfield	500,000	Nov. 26, '00	31,865
Chico Fruit-Packing and Warehouse Co.	Chico	3,000	Nov. 8, '00	31,768
Chico Gas and Electric Co.	San Francisco	100,000	Jan. 30, '01	32,378
Chico Ochre and Mineral Paint Co.	Chico	50,000	July 21, '00	31,172
Chilar Consolidated Mexican Mining Co.	San Francisco	200,000	April 17, '02	35,280
Children's Hospital Society	Los Angeles	None	April 4, '01	32,876
Children's Protective Association	San Francisco	None	Dec. 19, '00	32,017
Chino Co-operative Union	Chino	None	Sept. 3, '01	33,922
Chinese Consolidated Benevolent Ass'n	San Francisco	None	Jan. 25, '01	32,322
Chinese Directory Co.	San Francisco	20,000	Mar. 12, '01	32,732
Chinese Methodist Episcopal Missionary Society of America	San Francisco	None	Sept. 27, '01	34,025
Chinese Miners' Club	San Francisco	None	Sept. 22, '00	31,508
Choppers' Friendship Club, No. 1	San Francisco	None	May 21, '02	35,522
C. H. Reed Co.	San Luis Obispo	50,000	Sept. 5, '01	33,931
Christian Church at Corning	Corning	None	Nov. 17, '00	31,818
Christian Church of Palo Alto	Palo Alto	None	Mar. 22, '01	32,788
Chula Vista Oil Co.	San Diego	1,000,000	April 8, '01	32,899
Chung Sai Yat Po Publishing Co.	San Francisco	10,000	Aug. 25, '00	31,357
Churchill Co.	Yreka	500,000	Feb. 19, '02	34,876
Church of the Redeemer	Los Angeles	None	Sept. 17, '00	31,473
Chutes Company	San Francisco	600,000	Nov. 2, '00	31,744
Cincinnati Club	Los Angeles	None	Aug. 25, '00	31,356
Cisco Mining Co.	San Francisco	300,000	June 7, '01	33,405
Citizens' Oil Co.	Los Angeles	300,000	Oct. 4, '00	31,576
Citizens' Savings Bank of Long Beach	Long Beach	25,000	Jan. 26, '01	32,338
Citrus Association	Chula Vista	2,500	July 18, '01	33,703
Citrus Belt Water Co.	Glendora	35,000	Aug. 8, '00	31,261
City and County Bank	San Francisco	250,000	April 23, '02	35,315
City Dye Works and Laundry Co.	Los Angeles	50,000	June 12, '01	33,470
City Realty Co.	San Francisco	1,000,000	May 2, '02	35,393
City Warehouse Co.	San Francisco	150,000	Aug. 30, '00	31,383
C. J. Heesman	Oakland	100,000	Feb. 28, '02	34,934
C. J. Hendry Co.	San Francisco	100,000	Dec. 16, '01	34,473
Clair Methodist Episcopal Church	Los Angeles	None	May 7, '02	35,434
Clampit Co.	Los Angeles	10,000	Oct. 15, '00	31,638
Clara Barton Hospital	San Francisco	50,000	Jan. 18, '01	32,258
Clara L. Oil and Development Co.	Sacramento	75,000	June 20, '01	33,548
Claravale Improvement Co.	Los Angeles	200,000	June 2, '02	35,606
Claremont Co-operative Water Co.	Claremont	60,000	May 28, '02	35,547
Claremont Improvement Co.	Pomona	15,000	Oct. 21, '01	34,139
Claremont Lemon Association	Claremont	10,000	Oct. 5, '00	31,586
Clarence Oil Co.	Hanford	300,000	Jan. 24, '01	32,312
Clarence Oil Co.	San Francisco	500,000	Jan. 25, '01	32,321
Clark & Taylor Lime Co.	Los Angeles	25,000	Mar. 11, '01	32,723
Clark's Bitters Co.	San Francisco	100,000	Aug. 14, '00	31,291
Clear Lake Oil Co.	Lakeport	500,000	Dec. 27, '00	32,065
Clear Light Oil Co.	San Francisco	500,000	May 29, '01	33,296
Cleve Gold Mining and Milling Co.	Yreka	125,000	April 29, '01	33,058

State Corporations—Continued.

Name.	Place of Business.	Capital Stock.	Filed.	No.
Climax Boiler Compound Co.	San Francisco	\$50,000	Jan. 5, '01	32,142
Clot & Crist Machine Co.	San Francisco	100,000	Dec. 17, '01	32,006
Clover Creek Cinnabar Co.	Redding	300,000	Feb. 7, '01	32,445
Clover Leaf Oil Co.	Palo Alto	250,000	Oct. 24, '00	31,701
Club Hidalgo	San Francisco	None	Sept. 20, '01	33,983
Club Zaragoza	San Francisco	None	June 14, '02	35,684
Clyde Oil Co.	San Francisco	100,000	Oct. 8, '00	31,600
C. M. Mann Co.	San Francisco	100,000	April 19, '02	35,295
Coachella Land and Water Co.	San Francisco	10,000	Nov. 4, '01	34,220
Coachella Valley Producers' Association	Indio	None	Nov. 25, '01	34,347
Coahuila Development Co.	Los Angeles	50,000	Mar. 11, '01	32,722
Coalinga Standard Oil Co.	Fresno	200,000	Feb. 15, '01	32,524
Coast Dairies and Land Co.	Santa Cruz	200,000	Jan. 19, '01	32,263
Coast Line Oil and Development Co.	San Francisco	600,000	April 6, '01	32,892
Coast Metal Works	San Francisco	25,000	Feb. 21, '02	34,885
Coast Novelty Co.	San Francisco	25,000	April 1, '01	32,858
Coast Oil Co.	Santa Cruz	100,000	Feb. 19, '01	32,563
Coast Range Land Co.	San Francisco	15,000	Oct. 29, '00	31,725
Coast Range Water Co.	Fresno	10,000	Jan. 28, '01	32,354
Coast Shipping Co.	San Francisco	1,000,000	Jan. 15, '02	34,641
Coffarin Company	San Francisco	50,000	Feb. 19, '01	32,559
Coffee Club Association of Oakland, Cal.	Oakland	None	Oct. 10, '00	31,607
Coffee Club Association	San Francisco	None	Jan. 30, '01	32,377
Colfax Hotel Co.	Colfax	25,000	Feb. 4, '02	34,781
College City Rochdale Co.	College City	None	July 9, '01	33,657
Collins Walton Crane Co.	Santa Barbara	50,000	April 28, '02	35,349
Coloma Mining Co.	San Francisco	8,000	Jan. 11, '02	34,608
Colony Heights Irrigation Co.	Colony Heights	250,000	Mar. 28, '01	32,835
Colony Improvement Ditch Co.	Hanford	8,000	May 3, '01	33,086
Colorado and California Oil Co.	Selma	256,000	Oct. 26, '00	31,716
Colorado Springs Oil and Development Co.	Bakersfield	75,000	April 1, '01	32,859
Colossal Oil Co.	Bakersfield	500,000	April 19, '01	33,005
Colossus Oil Co.	San José	500,000	May 3, '01	33,096
Colpe Drug Co.	San Mateo	75,000	Dec. 27, '01	34,528
Columbia Cereal Co.	San Francisco	50,000	July 20, '01	33,721
Columbia Mercantile Co.	Oakland	150,000	Jan. 23, '02	34,691
Columbia Mining and Chemical Co. Ltd.	San Francisco	150,000	Aug. 24, '00	31,351
Columbia Mining and Milling Co.	Los Angeles	100,000	Nov. 14, '00	31,793
Columbian Oil Co.	Oakland	500,000	Jan. 15, '01	32,218
Columbian Paraffine Oil Co.	San Francisco	500,000	Jan. 23, '01	32,301
Colusa Consolidated Oil and Refinery Co.	San Francisco	500,000	Jan. 21, '01	32,278
Colusa County Oil Co.	San Francisco	500,000	Mar. 23, '01	32,802
Colusa Gas and Electric Co.	San Francisco	1,000,000	July 31, '01	33,771
Colusa Herald Publishing Co.	Colusa	4,000	July 12, '00	31,119
Colusa Home Oil Co.	Colusa	500,000	Feb. 21, '01	32,581
Colusa Light and Power Co.	San Francisco	100,000	Aug. 11, '00	31,274
Combine, The	San Diego	50,000	Aug. 5, '01	33,790
Combined Oil Land Co.	San Francisco	1,000,000	April 20, '01	33,012
Commercial Delivery Co.	San Francisco	25,000	June 12, '01	33,475
Commercial Engraving Co.	Los Angeles	25,000	Sept. 27, '01	34,023
Commercial Crude Oil Co.	San Francisco	500,000	Mar. 2, '01	32,667
Commercial Sulphur Co.	San Francisco	200,000	Sept. 28, '01	34,032
Commercial Travellers' Oil Co.	Los Angeles	600,000	Aug. 14, '00	31,294
Common Sense Harrow Co.	Fresno	50,000	Dec. 6, '01	34,417
Common Sense Oil Co.	Kern	100,000	Aug. 6, '00	31,244
Commonwealth Gold Mines Ltd.	San Francisco	1,250,000	Jan. 12, '01	32,207
Commonwealth Realty Co.	San Francisco	25,000	Jan. 11, '02	34,620
Compania de Productos Tartaricos Chilenos	San Francisco	40,000	Jan. 3, '02	34,559
Company No. 17	San Francisco	25,000	Dec. 11, '01	34,438
Compton Land, Water, and Electric Co.	Los Angeles	500,000	Feb. 25, '01	32,619
Comstock Oil Co.	Los Angeles	200,000	Sept. 7, '00	31,432
Concepcion Oil Co.	Oakland	300,000	May 1, '01	33,075
Concordia B'ldg Ass'n of Los Angeles	Los Angeles	25,000	April 26, '01	33,038
Concord Fruit Co.	Concord	25,000	June 13, '02	35,673
Concord Oil Land and Developing Co.	Sacramento	100,000	Aug. 15, '00	31,299
Concrete Pipe and Construction Co.	Riverside	250,000	Feb. 9, '01	32,460
Condit Missionary Society	San Francisco	None	May 14, '01	33,175
Condor Oil and Development Co.	Napa	500,000	Feb. 28, '01	32,650
Cone & Ward Co.	Red Bluff	150,000	Feb. 28, '02	34,932

State Corporations—Continued.

Name.	Place of Business.	Capital Stock.	Filed.	No.
Congregation Beth Israel.....	Los Angeles	None	Nov. 12, '00	31,779
Conkling Grocery Co.	San José	\$100,000	April 10, '02	35,224
Conklin Laundry Co.	San Francisco	30,000	Dec. 20, '00	32,025
Conselho San José No. 14, I. D. E. S.	Haywards	None	Feb. 13, '01	32,504
Consolidated Buckhorn and Fortune Oil Co.	Los Angeles	250,000	Aug. 3, '01	33,787
Consolidated California and Gold Tunnel Mines	San Francisco	100,000	Nov. 28, '00	31,878
Consolidated Canal Co.	Fresno	500,000	Aug. 12, '01	33,825
Consolidated Copper Mining Co.	Stockton	200,000	July 15, '01	33,689
Consolidated Jackson Mining Co.	San Francisco	300,000	Dec. 11, '00	31,964
Consolidated Land and Mineral Co.	San Francisco	100,000	Jan. 14, '01	32,210
Consolidated Metal Mining Co.	San Francisco	75,000	Mar. 29, '02	35,125
Consolidated Mines Co.	Los Angeles	3,000,000	July 16, '02	35,686
Consolidated Nine Oil Co.	Bakersfield	500,000	Dec. 5, '00	31,918
Consolidated Pipe Co.	Los Angeles	100,000	May 12, '02	35,459
Consolidated Plumas Mining Co.	San Francisco	1,000,000	Aug. 17, '00	31,308
Constitution Oil Co.	Los Angeles	50,000	Aug. 19, '01	33,853
Consumers' Electric Light and Power Co.	Redding	15,000	May 8, '01	33,126
Consumers' Brewing Co.	San Francisco	200,000	Nov. 20, '01	34,310
Consumers' Mutual Ice and Fuel Co.	Sacramento	125,000	Sept. 26, '01	34,020
Consumers' Salt Co.	San Francisco	250,000	Mar. 6, '01	32,692
Consumers' Seltzer Water Co.	San Francisco	20,000	June 13, '01	33,481
Continental Contracting Co.	San Francisco	500,000	Mar. 17, '02	35,045
Continental Home Association	San Francisco	25,000	Mar. 22, '02	35,076
Continental Investment Co.	San Francisco	200,000	June 27, '02	35,756
Continental Salt and Chemical Co.	San Francisco	200,000	Oct. 16, '00	31,650
Contra Costa Driving Club	Concord	10,000	May 13, '02	35,470
Contra Costa Fruit Co.	Martinez	25,000	July 9, '00	31,097
Contra Costa Paraffine Oil Co.	Alameda	100,000	Aug. 3, '00	31,231
Contractors' Association of Sacramento	Sacramento	None	Dec. 17, '01	34,482
Cook County Oil Co.	San Francisco	400,000	Dec. 22, '00	32,038
Cook Machine Co.	Sacramento	20,000	Jan. 4, '01	32,130
Coolot Realty Co.	Sacramento	1,000,000	May 22, '02	35,543
Co-operative French Bakery of International Union, No. 75	San Francisco	5,000	July 30, '00	31,219
Co-operative Bakery	San Francisco	2,500	May 19, '02	35,501
Co-operative Education Publishing Co.	Oakland	25,000	Mar. 21, '01	32,778
Co-operative Home Builders	San Francisco	25,000	Mar. 19, '02	35,052
Co-operative Investment Co.	San Francisco	100,000	Mar. 20, '02	35,061
Co-operative Investment Co.	San Diego	100,000	May 5, '02	35,417
Co-operative Realty Co.	San Francisco	50,000	Jan. 25, '02	34,716
Cooper's African Methodist Episcopal Zion Church	Oakland	None	Mar. 23, '01	32,799
Copa de Ora Mining Co.	San Diego	500,000	April 14, '02	35,250
Copo de Oro Mining Co.	Pasadena	25,000	July 21, '00	31,175
Copper Bell Mining Co.	San Bernardino	50,000	April 16, '01	32,981
Copper Prince Mining Co.	Los Angeles	500,000	Nov. 14, '00	31,794
Coquille Company	San Francisco	50,000	Oct. 8, '00	31,595
Corinthian Yacht Club	San Diego	None	May 6, '02	35,633
Corliss Gas Engine Co.	San Francisco	50,000	Jan. 18, '02	34,669
Corning Fruit Association	Corning	None	Feb. 8, '02	34,816
Corning Oil and Gas Co.	Corning	100,000	Nov. 23, '00	31,851
Corona Development Co.	Corona	50,000	Aug. 30, '00	31,380
Corona Gas and Electric Co.	San Francisco	50,000	Sept. 30, '01	34,035
Corona Irrigation Co.	Corona	200,000	Feb. 14, '01	32,518
Corona Oil Co.	Fresno	200,000	Oct. 26, '00	31,717
Corona Packing Co.	Corona	15,000	Sept. 16, '01	33,971
Corona Social Club	Corona	None	Nov. 15, '01	34,280
Coronation Mining Co.	San Francisco	20,000	Dec. 4, '00	31,912
Cortes Crude Oil Co.	Los Angeles	300,000	July 9, '00	31,069
Cortoman Mining Co.	Los Angeles	200,000	Oct. 11, '01	34,069
Cosmopolitan Oil Co.	Los Angeles	750,000	Aug. 13, '00	31,289
Cosmopolitan Social Club	Los Angeles	None	April 9, '02	35,209
Cotter Oil Co.	Bakersfield	75,000	April 2, '01	32,869
Cottonwood Irrigation and Mining Co.	Hornbrook	10,000	April 9, '02	35,214
Country Social Club	Los Angeles Co.	None	May 12, '02	35,463
Coupon Investment Co.	Los Angeles	1,000	Sept. 17, '00	31,478
Covina Co-operative Association	Covina	None	Dec. 24, '01	34,512
Covina Electric Co.	Covina	25,000	Aug. 18, '00	31,319

State Corporations—Continued.

Name.	Place of Business.	Capital Stock.	Filed.	No.
Covina Valley Savings Bank	Covina	\$25,000	April 1, '01	32,857
Cowen-Heineberg Co.	San Francisco	50,000	Feb. 25, '02	34,904
Cox Brothers' Co.	San Francisco	10,000	Nov. 8, '01	34,243
Coyote Oil Co.	Bakersfield	500,000	Aug. 25, '00	31,359
Craycroft Brick Co.	Richmond	25,000	May 13, '02	35,469
Crescent Cattle Co.	Los Angeles	200,000	Nov. 26, '00	31,867
Crescent Club	Auburn	5,000	Mar. 6, '02	34,967
Crescent Coal and Navigation Co.	San Francisco	500,000	June 15, '01	33,504
Crescent Commercial Co.	Crescent City	50,000	Oct. 30, '01	34,199
Crescent Feather Co.	San Francisco	75,000	May 6, '02	45,422
Crescent Machine Co.	San Francisco	12,500	Dec. 2, '01	34,383
Crescent Oil Co.	San Francisco	2,000,000	Feb. 14, '01	32,505
Crocker Hotel Co.	San Francisco	1,500,000	May 7, '01	33,123
Cross-Angsbury Lumber Co.	Hanford	125,000	April 16, '02	35,268
Crown Deep Mining Co.	San Francisco	200,000	Jan. 10, '01	32,185
Crown Laundry Co.	Los Angeles	10,000	April 9, '01	32,913
Crown Petroleum Co.	Los Angeles	500,000	Dec. 3, '00	31,897
Crump Crude Oil Co.	Stockton	500,000	July 22, '01	33,724
Crystal Bottling Co.	Los Angeles	75,000	April 21, '02	35,309
Crymery Chemical Co.	San Francisco	12,000	Oct. 13, '00	31,630
Crystal Cream and Butter Co.	San Francisco	15,000	Sept. 16, '01	33,967
Crystal Creek Mining and Smelting Co.	San Bernardino	80,000	July 16, '00	31,146
Crystal Ice and Cold Storage Co.	Los Angeles	100,000	Feb. 24, '02	34,897
Crystal Lake Gold Mining Co.	Benicia	1,000,000	July 27, '00	31,198
Crystal Oil Co.	San Francisco	200,000	Dec. 11, '00	31,965
C. Schilling & Co.	San Francisco	1,000,900	Nov. 14, '00	31,792
C. Solomon, Jr.	San Francisco	100,000	Jan. 3, '01	32,112
Cubbon Oil Co.	Santa Ana	200,000	Sept. 24, '00	31,515
Cucharas Mining Co.	Los Angeles	100,000	Jan. 23, '02	34,700
Culbert Company	Amador City	25,000	Oct. 17, '01	34,118
Culbirth Oil and Development Co.	Los Angeles	300,000	Mar. 25, '01	32,812
Cullen Co.	Redwood City	20,000	Mar. 17, '02	35,035
Cumberland Coal Co.	Oakland	1,000,000	May 11, '02	35,654
Cunningham Well Co.	San Bernardino	16,000	Sept. 28, '00	31,539
Cummings Smelting Co.	San Francisco	30,000	Feb. 5, '01	32,426
Cupertino Union Church	Santa Clara Co.	None	Oct. 24, '00	31,697
Curler Ranch Asphaltum Co.	San Francisco	25,000	April 30, '01	33,068
Currier Tract Water Co.	Los Angeles	10,000	Aug. 27, '00	31,369
Cutter Analytic Laboratory	[Fresno]	50,000	Jan. 10, '02	34,601
Cuyamaca Investment Co.	San Diego	10,000	Aug. 9, '01	33,814
Cyclone Water Co.	Los Angeles	10,000	Dec. 21, '00	32,031
Cypress Avenue Water Co.	Los Angeles	10,000	Sept. 19, '00	31,488
Daggett Oil Co.	San Francisco	500,000	May 3, '01	33,087
Daily News Publishing Co.	San Francisco	10,000	April 15, '01	32,967
Daisy Dean Gold Mining Co.	Chico	20,000	Sept. 12, '00	31,444
Dalton Canyon Water Co.	Los Angeles	50,000	Sept. 15, '00	31,468
Daly Oil Co.	Los Angeles	200,000	April 15, '01	32,962
Daniel Browne Estate Co.	San Francisco	70,000	Nov. 23, '01	34,341
Daniel McLeod & Co.	San Francisco	100,000	Mar. 15, '02	35,022
Danish Creamery Association	Fresno	10,000	Dec. 21, '01	34,501
Dan McGlynn Mining Co.	San Francisco	50,000	Sept. 18, '01	33,981
Danville Oil Co.	San Francisco	500,000	Jan. 28, '01	32,355
Danzig Crude Oil Co.	Los Angeles	750,000	July 5, '00	31,084
Daughters of California Pioneers	San Francisco	None	Jan. 23, '01	32,298
Davidson Cattle Co.	San Francisco	10,000	Feb. 13, '02	34,855
Davies Warehouse Co.	Los Angeles	50,000	April 24, '02	35,330
Davis Distilling Co.	San Francisco	25,000	Aug. 1, '01	33,774
Davis Mining and Smelting Co.	Los Angeles	300,000	Sept. 6, '01	33,938
D. D. Oliphant Co.	San Francisco	25,000	Jan. 14, '02	34,635
Deadwood Placer Mining Co.	San Francisco	48,000	Nov. 29, '01	34,370
D. E. Allison & Co.	San Francisco	50,000	Dec. 31, '00	32,093
Dean & Jones Mining Co.	Los Angeles	250,000	Dec. 19, '01	34,494
Dean Law and Collection Co.	Oakland	5,000	Jan. 12, '01	32,205
Dean Reversible Window Co.	San Francisco	25,000	July 30, '01	33,767
Dean's Drug Co.	Los Angeles	50,000	Oct. 25, '01	34,165
Deep Canyon Gold Mining Co.	San Francisco	50,000	May 26, '02	35,560
Deer Lodge Business College	Los Angeles	10,000	Aug. 18, '00	31,320
Deitemeier Piano Co.	San Francisco	50,000	Nov. 9, '01	34,253
Delano Oil Co.	Bakersfield	500,000	Dec. 7, '00	31,936

State Corporations—Continued.

Name.	Place of Business.	Capital Stock.	Filed.	No.
Del Ray Oil Co.	San Francisco	\$1,000,000	Dec. 19, '00	32,013
Deleware Petroleum Co.	San Francisco	300,000	Aug. 16, '00	31,302
Del Mar Oil Co.	San Diego	500,000	Nov. 30, '00	31,888
Del Norte Meat Co.	Crescent City	40,000	June 2, '02	35,608
Del Rey First Baptist Church	Del Rey	None	July 9, '01	33,654
Del Rosa Water Co.	San Bernardino	15,000	Dec. 14, '01	34,466
Delta Delta Lodge Association	San Francisco	20,000	April 24, '02	35,325
Delta Kappa Epsilon Association	San Francisco	None	May 28, '02	35,574
Delta Mercantile Co.	San Francisco	50,000	April 8, '02	35,204
Delta Oil Co.	San Francisco	300,000	May 23, '01	33,250
Delta Powder Co.	Redwood City	100,000	Oct. 6, '00	31,589
Dempster Estate Co.	San Francisco	300,000	Sept. 18, '00	31,484
Dennis Manufacturing Co.	Sutter Creek	10,000	Sept. 18, '01	33,979
Descanso Hall Association	Descanso	2,000	Sept. 24, '00	31,518
Desert Chief Mining Co.	San Francisco	100,000	Jan. 16, '02	34,650
Desert King Mining Co.	Nevada City	100,000	May 14, '01	33,177
Desert Mining Co.	Los Angeles	250,000	Sept. 21, '00	31,502
Desert Prospecting, Exploration and Development Co. of Needles	Needles	500,000	Oct. 24, '00	31,694
Desert Supply Co.	Bakersfield	20,000	July 17, '01	33,698
De Turk Winery	San Francisco	75,000	May 28, '02	35,578
De Ville Oil Co.	San Francisco	50,000	June 15, '01	33,502
Devil's Gate Oil and Mining Co.	Vacaville	1,000,000	Jan. 15, '01	32,226
Devil's Den Fuel Oil Co.	San Francisco	1,600,000	Jan. 11, '01	32,187
Dew Drop Club	Los Angeles	None	May 12, '02	35,464
Dey Crude Oil Co.	San Francisco	100,000	Dec. 22, '00	32,040
D. H. McLaughlin Co.	Oakland	25,000	Jan. 11, '01	32,195
Diamond Creek Mining and Development Co.	Sacramento	25,000	Oct. 9, '00	31,602
Diamond Fruit Co.	Eureka	20,000	Jan. 12, '01	32,200
Diamond Hardening Compound Co.	San Francisco	25,000	Dec. 20, '01	34,500
Diamond Jubilee Oil Co.	Bakersfield	250,000	Jan. 23, '01	32,305
Dibblee Estate Co.	San Francisco	2,500	Jan. 30, '02	34,749
Dieterle, Simms & Reed Realty and Investment Co.	Los Angeles	10,000	Dec. 10, '01	34,432
Dinkelspeil Estate Co.	San Francisco	150,000	July 27, '00	31,201
Dinuba Odd Fellows' Hall Association	Dinuba	10,000	Dec. 27, '00	32,068
Dirigo Oil Co.	San Francisco	100,000	Nov. 8, '00	31,765
Distilled Ice and Cold Storage Co.	Los Angeles	100,000	Oct. 26, '00	31,710
District No. 40 Agricultural Association	Woodland	None	June 3, '01	33,333
Dividend Oil Co.	Los Angeles	250,000	July 2, '00	31,072
Dixie Oil Co.	Bakersfield	10,000	Jan. 30, '01	32,375
Dixon Oil Co.	Fresno	200,000	April 4, '01	32,883
Dobbs Undertaking Co.	Stockton	10,000	Feb. 15, '02	34,847
Doctor Talcott & Co.	Los Angeles	10,000	Dec. 11, '00	31,959
Dodge Brothers	Los Angeles	50,000	July 18, '00	31,154
Dollar Steamship Co.	San Francisco	265,000	Mar. 16, '01	32,759
Domestic Oil Co.	Los Angeles	50,000	Jan. 28, '01	32,347
Donald Investment Co.	San Francisco	500,000	Sept. 25, '00	31,519
Donald McRae Furniture Co.	San Francisco	100,000	Sept. 25, '00	31,520
Donandt Kratz Co. Inc.	San Francisco	40,000	Dec. 26, '01	34,518
Dorman Catering Co.	Los Angeles	5,000	Nov. 5, '01	34,226
Double Eagle Oil Mining Co.	San Francisco	300,000	Jan. 28, '01	32,351
Downey Social and Athletic Club	Downey	None	Mar. 27, '02	35,115
Downing Fruit Co.	Visalia	50,000	June 14, '02	35,680
Downing Vineyard Co.	Fresno	12,100	July 25, '00	31,190
Drexel Oil Co.	Los Angeles	300,000	Feb. 27, '01	32,629
Dr. Jung Hong Co.	Los Angeles	25,000	Dec. 20, '01	34,498
Druid Temple	San Francisco	25,000	July 16, '00	31,142
Dr. Wong Co.	Los Angeles	10,000	July 20, '01	33,717
Dr. W. P. Burke's Medical and Surgical Sanitarium Co.	Santa Rosa	100,000	Jan. 22, '01	32,293
Dry Lake Oil and Mining Co.	Los Angeles	50,000	Jan. 3, '01	32,120
Dry Process Mining and Milling Co.	Los Angeles	100,000	July 20, '01	33,716
Duff & Doyle	Menlo Park	20,000	Feb. 11, '02	34,835
Duncombe Ambulance Co.	San Francisco	20,000	Feb. 11, '01	32,478
Dundon's Bridge and Construction Co.	San Francisco	70,000	May 3, '01	33,091
Dunn Petroleum Burner Co.	San Francisco	500,000	May 9, '02	35,644
Dupage Oil and Refining Co.	Bakersfield	300,000	Dec. 13, '01	34,457
Dutch Harbor River Mining Co.	San Francisco	100,000	Jan. 21, '01	32,276

State Corporations—Continued.

Name.	Place of Business.	Capital Stock.	Filed.	No.
Dutch Ravine Gold Mining Co.	San Francisco ..	\$300,000	May 15, '02	35,483
Du Val Oil Co.	San Francisco ..	200,000	Nov. 3, '00	31,750
Dyer Law and Collection Co.	Los Angeles ...	25,000	Feb. 3, '02	34,778
Eagle Brewing Co.	San Francisco ..	50,000	April 5, '02	35,187
Eagle Canyon Gold and Silver Mining Co.	San Francisco ..	100,000	Jan. 6, '02	34,578
Eagle Club	Los Angeles ...	None	May 19, '02	35,504
Eagle Cycling Club	Napa	None	Aug. 29, '00	31,377
Eagle Cycling Club House Association ..	Napa	10,000	Nov. 14, '01	34,271
Eagle Mangle and Machine Co.	San Francisco ..	20,000	Dec. 20, '01	34,495
Eagle Oil Co.	San Bernardino ..	300,000	Aug. 13, '00	31,281
Eagle Steam Soda Co.	San Francisco ..	24,000	May 21, '01	33,229
Eagles' Hall and Opera House Co.	Bakersfield ..	50,000	April 24, '02	35,331
Eaglet Oil Co.	San Francisco ..	300,000	Feb. 27, '01	32,633
Earl Orchard Co.	Los Angeles ...	250,000	May 24, '01	33,260
Earl Ventilator Refrigerator Car Co.	Los Angeles ...	100,000	Mar. 4, '01	32,684
East Bay Sanatorium and Training School for Nurses	Oakland	20,000	July 11, '00	31,112
East Gardena Water Co.	Los Angeles Co. ..	26,100	May 7, '02	35,642
East Gate Hall Association	Los Angeles ...	15,000	April 15, '02	35,264
East Oakland U. P. E. C. Hall Ass'n ..	Oakland	10,000	Dec. 29, '00	32,083
East Pasadena Land and Water Co.	Los Angeles Co. ..	64,000	Dec. 23, '01	32,815
East Rumsey Oil and Development Co.	Guinda	200,000	Mar. 22, '01	32,793
East Shore Co.	San Francisco ..	25,000	Dec. 16, '01	34,469
East Side Fruit Association	Pomona	10,000	July 11, '00	31,109
East Side Extension Co.	Visalia	1,809,000	Dec. 12, '00	31,974
Eastern Consolidated Securities Oil Co.	San Francisco ..	75,000	Dec. 9, '01	34,428
Eastern Oil Syndicate	San Francisco ..	500,000	June 1, '01	33,311
Eastern Outfitting Co.	San Francisco ..	250,000	Jan. 20, '02	34,677
Eastern Shoe Manufacturing Co.	San Francisco ..	15,000	May 26, '02	35,556
Eastern Star Oil Co.	Los Angeles ...	2,000,000	June 6, '01	33,366
Eastern Stove and Range Co.	San Francisco ..	50,000	Mar. 31, '02	35,140
Eastman Manufacturing Co.	Oakland	30,000	Jan. 12, '01	32,202
Eastwood Oil Co.	Fresno	200,000	Feb. 9, '01	32,465
E. B. & A. L. Stone Co.	Oakland	500,000	Sept. 29, '00	31,544
E. B. Beck & Co.	San Francisco ..	25,000	Oct. 15, '01	34,108
Ebell of Pomona	Pomona	25,000	April 3, '02	35,166
E. C. Brown Paper Co.	Oakland	25,000	Jan. 16, '01	32,239
Echo Oil Co.	Hanford	200,000	Aug. 6, '00	31,247
Echo Oil Co.	Los Angeles ...	250,000	Aug. 27, '00	31,365
Eclipse Oil and Development Co.	San Francisco ..	400,000	Nov. 15, '00	31,802
Economic Oil Burner Co.	San Francisco ..	300,000	May 17, '01	33,203
Economist Gas Engine Co.	San Francisco ..	50,000	Jan. 26, '01	32,336
E. D. Beattie Printing Co.	San Francisco ..	10,000	June 3, '02	35,612
Edgar Oil Co.	Bakersfield ..	20,000	Sept. 18, '00	31,481
Edgemont Water Co.	Los Angeles ...	500,000	Nov. 15, '01	34,276
Edinburgh Gold Mining Co.	San Francisco ..	200,000	April 18, '02	35,290
Edna Mining and Milling Co.	Los Angeles ...	100,000	Aug. 20, '00	31,329
Edna Oil Co.	San Francisco ..	500,000	Mar. 9, '01	32,715
Edson & Foulke Co.	Gazelle	300,000	Feb. 1, '02	34,760
Eel River Light and Power Co.	Ukiah	50,000	June 18, '02	35,702
E. E. Whaley Co.	San Francisco ..	25,000	May 27, '02	35,570
Egan Brothers	Petaluma	50,000	Mar. 6, '01	32,691
Egegak Packing Co.	San Francisco ..	25,000	Feb. 7, '02	34,810
E. G. Lyons & Raas Co.	San Francisco ..	150,000	Oct. 4, '01	34,066
Eigholz Piano Co.	San Francisco ..	50,000	Jan. 11, '02	34,612
Eight Oil Co.	Oakland	300,000	Feb. 7, '01	32,446
E. J. Wittenberg Co.	San Francisco ..	50,000	Sept. 15, '00	31,465
El Beaumont Consolidated Oil Co.	Santa Barbara ..	300,000	Feb. 23, '01	32,584
El Campo Quarry Co.	El Campo	50,000	Mar. 17, '02	35,036
El Capitan Oil Co.	Fresno	200,000	Dec. 3, '00	31,904
El Cajon Building Association	El Cajon	2,500	Oct. 23, '00	31,686
El Cojo Oil Co.	Los Angeles ...	2,000,000	Aug. 29, '00	31,375
Elder Mining Co.	San Francisco ..	25,000	April 16, '02	35,270
El Dorado County Fruit Growers' Ass'n.	Placerville	None	June 11, '01	33,453
El Dorado Lumber Co.	San Francisco ..	750,000	Oct. 23, '00	31,692
El Dorado Sanatorium	Pasadena	100,000	Nov. 2, '00	31,745
Electric Carriage and Transfer Co.	San Francisco ..	250,000	Oct. 16, '00	31,653
Electrical Construction Co.	San Francisco ..	25,000	Jan. 9, '02	34,597
Electro Geodetic Mining Co.	Los Angeles ...	1,000,000	Aug. 6, '00	31,243

State Corporations—Continued.

Name.	Place of Business.	Capital Stock.	Filed.	No.
Electro Therapeutic Association	Los Angeles	\$25,000	April 17, '02	35,282
Electrolysis-Proof Conduit Mfg. Co.	San Francisco	200,000	Sept. 4, '00	31,409
E. L. Goldstein Co.	San Francisco	72,000	Aug. 10, '00	31,271
Elite Club	Los Angeles	None	May 9, '01	33,140
Elizabeth Lake Reservoir Co.	Los Angeles	6,000	May 9, '01	33,139
El Karnak Oil Co.	San Francisco	500,000	July 13, '01	33,682
Elk Creek Oil and Development Co.	Oakland	250,000	Feb. 18, '01	32,542
Elks' Hall Association	San José	10,000	Mar. 13, '01	32,737
Elks' Hall Association of San Francisco	San Francisco	300,000	June 4, '02	35,616
Elkhorn Club	Los Angeles Co.	None	June 12, '02	35,669
Elkhorn Oil Co.	Bakersfield	150,000	July 5, '00	31,081
Elkhorn Sunset Oil Co.	Bakersfield	500,000	April 2, '01	32,871
Elks' Building Association	Fresno	75,000	May 9, '02	35,444
Elk Tooth Oil Co.	Ferndale	200,000	June 5, '01	33,354
Ellen Winton Gold Mining Co.	San Francisco	100,000	June 15, '01	33,512
Elliot Draying and Teaming Co.	San Francisco	15,000	Aug. 3, '01	33,780
Ellsworth Oil Co.	Los Angeles	400,000	Aug. 31, '00	31,397
El Monte Co-operative Association	Los Angeles	15,000	Aug. 13, '00	31,282
El Monte Social Club	Los Angeles Co.	None	Mar. 22, '02	35,086
El Oro Oil Co.	San Francisco	500,000	Dec. 1, '00	31,894
El Realito Mining and Smelting Co.	San Francisco	500,000	Feb. 13, '01	32,494
El Rio Oil Co.	Sacramento	500,000	Sept. 13, '01	33,960
Ely Machinery Co.	San Francisco	96,000	Dec. 31, '01	34,547
El Zandero Oil Co.	Los Angeles	75,000	Mar. 22, '01	32,791
El Zumo Puro Co.	Visalia	200,000	Nov. 2, '00	31,747
Emanuel Lewis Investment Co.	San Francisco	50,000	Jan. 9, '01	32,171
Emanuel Sisterhood	San Francisco	None	Jan. 25, '02	34,719
Embossed Metal Advertising Co.	San Francisco	25,000	July 28, '00	31,208
Emerald Oil Co.	Los Angeles	50,000	Dec. 13, '00	31,983
Emergency Hospital Association	Los Angeles	100,000	May 13, '01	33,166
Emery Oil Co.	Fresno	500,000	Dec. 27, '00	32,061
E. M. M. Curative Co.	Los Angeles	200,000	Mar. 13, '02	35,002
Emperor Oil Co.	Bakersfield	350,000	Jan. 25, '01	32,326
Empire Oil Co.	Los Angeles	350,000	Oct. 26, '00	31,712
Empire Salt Co.	Los Angeles	400,000	Mar. 31, '02	35,135
Emporium Mercantile Co.	Sonora	25,000	Nov. 19, '01	34,300
Empress Copper and Smelting Co.	San Francisco	500,000	Sept. 21, '01	33,992
Empress Oil Co.	San Francisco	300,000	Feb. 25, '01	32,614
Encinal Oil Co.	San Francisco	500,000	Feb. 18, '01	32,547
Engels Copper Mining Co.	San Francisco	1,000,000	June 19, '01	33,533
Englander Drayage and Warehouse Co.	San Francisco	20,000	Oct. 17, '01	34,120
English and Classical School Co.	Los Angeles	10,000	June 27, '01	33,598
Ennis-Brown Co.	Sacramento	60,500	Nov. 8, '00	31,769
Eno Laba Commercial Co.	San Francisco	75,000	Mar. 29, '01	32,837
Enterprise Co.	Riverside	25,000	Mar. 21, '02	35,075
Enterprise Crude Oil Co.	Bakersfield	500,000	Jan. 22, '01	32,297
Enterprise Laundry Co.	Santa Barbara	5,000	Mar. 4, '02	34,956
Enterprise Laundry Co.	San José	10,000	Aug. 13, '00	31,278
Enterprise Manufacturing Co.	Los Angeles	24,000	May 15, '02	35,482
Enterprise Mercantile Co.	Oakland	20,000	Jan. 4, '02	34,568
Enterprise Rochdale Co.	Oakland	None	Jan. 9, '01	32,174
Enterprise Son Oil Co.	Bakersfield	320,000	Aug. 27, '00	31,363
Epsilon Oil Co.	San Francisco	1,000	April 29, '02	35,363
Equitable Collection Co.	San Francisco	1,500,000	Jan. 15, '01	32,227
Equitable Gas and Electric Co.	Los Angeles	1,000,000	July 18, '01	33,704
Equitable Home Investment Co.	San Francisco	50,000	Feb. 10, '02	34,821
Equitable Indemnity Co.	San Francisco	None	Sept. 5, '01	33,933
Equitable Installment Home Ass'n	San Francisco	25,000	May 21, '02	35,521
Equitable Loan and Investment Co.	Eureka	499,500	April 22, '01	33,020
Equality Oil Co.	San Francisco	500,000	Dec. 14, '00	31,988
Equity Oil and Petroleum Co.	San Francisco	300,000	Mar. 30, '01	32,849
Eschen & Minor Co.	San Francisco	100,000	June 6, '01	33,367
Escondido Orange and Lemon Ass'n	Escondido	None	Nov. 12, '00	31,780
Esparto Creamery Association	[Woodland]	5,000	Dec. 4, '01	34,395
Esperanza Oil Co.	Corona	500,000	Mar. 13, '01	32,736
Esquimaux Gold Mining Co.	San Francisco	200,000	Nov. 30, '01	34,377
Eternal Progressive Beneficiary	Los Angeles	2,500	Sept. 20, '01	33,986
Ethanac Co.	Riverside	400,000	June 8, '01	33,437
Etiwanda Citrus Fruit Association	San Bernardino	None	Aug. 16, '01	33,845
Etna Foundry and Machine Works	Etna	20,000	May 12, '02	35,461

State Corporations—Continued.

Name.	Place of Business.	Capital Stock.	Filed.	No.
Euclid Avenue Water Co.	Pasadena	\$25,000	Dec. 22, '00	32,045
Euclid Fruit Co.	Los Angeles	50,000	Feb. 23, '01	32,589
Euclid Investment Co.	Berkeley	20,000	July 22, '01	33,723
Euclid Oil Co.	Los Angeles	350,000	Aug. 8, '00	31,260
Eureka Boiler Compound Co.	San José	25,000	Oct. 25, '00	317091
Eureka Club	Los Angeles	None	Jan. 24, '01	32,313
Eureka Consolidated Oil Co.	San Francisco	60,000	Mar. 6, '01	32,695
Eureka Crude Oil Co.	Los Angeles	200,000	Jan. 28, '01	32,346
Eureka Home Building Co.	Eureka	25,000	Feb. 27, '02	34,921
Eureka Laundry Co.	San Francisco	10,000	Oct. 4, '00	31,573
Eureka Manufacturing Co.	Oakland	75,000	Mar. 8, '02	34,979
Eureka Mining and Smelting Co.	San Francisco	100,000	Feb. 2, '01	32,412
Eureka Mining Co. of Chihuahua ..	San Francisco	100,000	Mar. 17, '02	35,034
Eureka Portland Cement Co.	San Francisco	1,000,000	May 31, '01	33,305
Eureka Shingle and Mill Co.	Eureka	50,000	May 12, '02	35,458
Eureka Sunset Oil Co.	Bakersfield	600,000	July 20, '00	31,167
Eureka Water Co.	Eureka	500,000	June 25, '02	35,744
Eureka Water Co.	San Francisco	100,000	Feb. 8, '01	32,450
E. Vache & Co.	Brookside	25,000	June 13, '02	35,679
Evangelina Copper Mining Co.	Los Angeles	500,000	June 15, '01	33,508
Even & Even	Napa	25,000	May 11, '02	35,652
Evening Star and Central Mining Co.	San Francisco	100,000	Jan. 25, '02	34,717
E. W. Bennett & Co. Inc.	San Francisco	5,000	Feb. 12, '02	34,845
Excelsior Land Co.	Riverside	250,000	June 12, '02	35,667
Exchange Oil Co.	Bakersfield	150,000	July 14, '00	31,137
Exeter Citrus Association	Exeter	None	June 30, '02	35,766
Ex Mision de Santa Catarina Land Co.	San Francisco	17,600	Aug. 26, '01	33,880
Expansion Oil Co.	San Francisco	500,000	Jan. 4, '01	32,133
Experimental Mining Co.	San José	300,000	June 6, '01	33,382
Export Oil Co.	Los Angeles	200,000	Jan. 28, '01	32,361
Eyre Investment Co.	San Francisco	750,000	Feb. 20, '01	32,572
Faculty Club of the University of California	[Berkeley]	None	Mar. 31, '02	35,139
Fairchild, Dowling & Young Bros.	Oakland	20,000	Mar. 4, '01	32,685
Fairchild-Gilmore-Wilton Co.	Los Angeles	50,000	April 7, '02	35,190
Fair Oaks Development Co.	Sacramento	250,000	Sept. 8, '00	31,437
Fair Oaks Fruit Association	Fair Oaks	None	May 27, '01	33,276
Fair Oaks Ranch Co.	Los Angeles	10,000	Nov. 12, '00	31,781
Fair Oaks Water Co.	Sacramento	250,000	Sept. 8, '00	31,436
Fair Play Oil Land Co.	Sacramento	19,200	July 23, '01	33,732
Fairview Mining Co.	Los Angeles	100,000	Oct. 8, '00	31,597
Fair View Mining Co.	San Francisco	900,000	May 29, '02	35,583
Fairview Oil Co.	San Francisco	500,000	June 7, '01	33,402
Faith Work Association	Los Angeles	None	Mar. 12, '01	32,730
Falcon Oil Co.	San Francisco	200,000	Jan. 11, '01	32,191
Falkenan Assaying Co.	San Francisco	10,000	Mar. 20, '02	35,062
Fancy Fruit Co.	San Francisco	500,000	Jan. 23, '02	34,696
Fandrey Rupture Cure and Truss Co.	Los Angeles	150,000	May 22, '02	35,541
Farley Fruit Co.	Santa Rosa	5,000	April 16, '02	35,265
Farmers and Merchants' Bank of Colusa County	Colusa	100,000	Feb. 13, '02	34,851
Farmers and Merchants' Commission Co.	San Francisco	20,000	Jan. 6, '02	34,575
Farmers' Oil Co.	Los Angeles	250,000	Oct. 18, '00	31,665
Farmers' Transportation Co.	Grimes' Land'g.	25,000	Sept. 4, '01	33,927
Farmington Creamery Co.	Farmington	5,000	Mar. 11, '01	32,724
Farren & Price Co.	San Francisco	25,000	Mar. 19, '02	35,057
F. A. Swain Co.	San Francisco	25,000	May 26, '02	35,555
Faught Cemetery Association	Santa Rosa	None	Jan. 27, '02	34,725
Fauna Oil Co.	Fresno	200,000	Dec. 31, '00	32,095
F. A. Woodward & Co.	San Francisco	20,000	Oct. 10, '01	34,089
Fay Fruit Co.	Los Angeles	150,000	Sept. 28, '00	31,538
F. Chevalier Co.	San Francisco	150,000	Nov. 16, '01	34,281
Fearnot Mining and Milling Co.	Los Angeles	500,000	Feb. 20, '02	34,884
Feather River Oil Co.	San Francisco	160,000	Dec. 12, '00	31,969
Feather River Power Co.	San Francisco	5,000,000	May 29, '02	35,582
Feather Weight Garment Supporter Co.	San Francisco	25,000	Nov. 5, '01	34,227
Federal Burner Manufact'g Supply Co.	San Francisco	15,000	Jan. 30, '02	34,7541
Fette Rupture Curer Truss Co.	Stockton	20,000	July 31, '00	31,220
Fer'd Heim Brewing Co.	Los Angeles	50,000	Feb. 2, '01	32,414

State Corporations—Continued.

Name.	Place of Business.	Capital Stock.	Filed.	No.
Fer'd Heim Brewing Co.	Los Angeles	\$100,000	May 17, '01	33,205
Fernando Lemon-Growers' Association	Fernando	10,000	Jan. 5, '01	32,141
Fernando Mining Development Co.	Los Angeles	500,000	Sept 16, '01	33,970
Fernando Social and Athletic Club	Fernando	None	Jan. 10, '02	34,602
Ferndale Oil Co.	Ferndale	200,000	Oct. 24, '00	31,703
Ferndale Rochdale Co.	Ferndale	None	Oct. 2, '00	31,560
Ferris Co.	Los Angeles	75,000	Mar. 21, '01	32,779
Ferry Drug Co.	San Francisco	20,000	Apr. 14, '02	35,249
Fidelity Loan Concern	Los Angeles	50,000	Aug. 22, '00	31,338
Fieldbrook Co.	Eureka	50,000	Mar. 22, '02	35,084
Fieldbrook Dry House Machine Co.	[Fieldbrook]	25,000	Jan. 27, '02	34,726
Fifteen Three Oil Co.	San Francisco	200,000	Nov. 8, '01	31,766
Figel Grimm Copper Min'g and Mill'g Co.	San Francisco	200,000	Feb. 1, '02	34,762
Figprune Cereal Co.	San José	500,000	Nov. 28, '00	31,877
Fillmore Land and Stock Co.	Fillmore	25,000	Mar. 15, '02	35,024
Fink & Schindler Co.	San Francisco	50,000	Nov. 8, '01	34,246
Finnish Temperance Association	Fort Bragg	None	July 13, '01	33,678
Fire Pulp Plaster Co.	Los Angeles	100,000	May 2, '02	35,402
Fireman's Co-operative Association	Santa Ana	None	Dec. 14, '01	34,467
First Bank of Kern	Kern	50,000	April 3, '01	32,873
First Baptist Church of Oxnard	Oxnard	None	Aug. 1, '00	31,225
First Baptist Church of Fullerton	Fullerton	None	April 8, '02	35,198
First Baptist Church	Sawtelle, Cal.	None	June 20, '02	35,719
First Christian Church of Berkeley	[Berkeley]	None	Dec. 28, '01	34,533
First Christian Church of Santa Paula	Santa Paula	None	April 5, '01	32,885
First Christian Church of Gridley, Cal.	Gridley	None	Oct. 10, '00	31,606
First Congregational Church	Palo Alto	None	May 11, '01	33,163
First Congregational Society of Sebastopol	Sebastopol	None	Aug. 17, '00	31,310
First Congregational Church of Panama	Panama	None	April 12, '02	35,245
First Church of the Nazarene	Cucamonga	None	May 4, '01	33,100
First Church of Christ Scientist of Santa Barbara	Santa Barbara	None	Sept. 7, '00	31,429
First Church of Christ Scientist	Sacramento	None	Feb. 8, '01	32,452
First Church of Christ Scientist	[Corona]	None	Jan. 27, '02	34,723
First C'ch of Christ Scientist of Stockton	[Stockton]	None	June 27, '02	35,754
First Evangelical Lutheran Church of Redlands	Redlands	None	June 30, '02	35,767
First Finnish Evangelical Lutheran C'ch [Berkeley]	[Berkeley]	None	April 17, '02	35,272
First Free Methodist Church of Whittier	Whittier	None	May 6, '02	35,634
First Methodist Episcopal C'ch of Oakley	Oakley	None	Sept. 7, '01	33,945
First Methodist Episcopal C'ch of Hemet	Hemet	None	May 22, '02	35,538
First Presbyterian Church of Oxnard	Oxnard	None	Feb. 15, '01	32,531
First Presbyterian Church	Inglewood	None	Mar. 2, '01	32,669
First Presbyterian Church Society	San Francisco	None	July 23, '01	33,733
First Presbyterian Church of Stent	Stent	None	Aug. 16, '01	33,843
First Presbyterian Church of Alvarado	[Alvarado]	None	April 17, '02	35,276
First Swedish Baptist Church, San José	San José	None	July 11, '00	31,114
First United Presbyterian Church	San Diego	None	June 15, '01	33,516
First United Presbyterian Church	Fresno	None	Mar. 3, '02	34,949
Fischer-Straub Co.	Alameda	12,500	Oct. 13, '00	31,626
Florin Strawberry-Growers' Association	Sacramento Co.	None	Aug. 3, '01	33,783
Flour Gold Mining Co.	San Francisco	60,000	Feb. 12, '02	34,842
Flowing Wells Co.	San Diego	100,000	Jan. 26, '01	32,333
Flume City Oil Co.	Fresno	270,000	Feb. 7, '01	32,441
Flume Creek Lumber Co.	San Francisco	50,000	April 29, '02	35,361
Flynn Coal and Teaming Co.	San Francisco	15,000	Nov. 14, '01	34,270
Folsom Consolidated Co.	San Francisco	100,000	April 25, '02	35,336
Fontana Development Co.	Los Angeles	800,000	Feb. 11, '01	32,470
Footbill Orchard Co.	Auburn	25,000	May 3, '02	35,409
Forest City Oil Co.	Los Angeles	500,000	Jan. 21, '01	32,271
Foresters of America Hall Association	Los Angeles	100,000	Nov. 20, '00	31,831
Foresters Oil and Investment Co.	Los Angeles	650,000	Oct. 25, '00	31,707
Fort Bragg Electric Co.	San Francisco	100,000	June 24, '01	33,575
Fort Miller Power Co.	San Francisco	1,000,000	July 17, '00	31,150
Fortuna Copper Co.	Fortuna	70,000	June 11, '01	33,456
Fortuna Fuel Oil Co.	San Francisco	600,000	Nov. 1, '00	31,738
Fortuna Oil and Development Co.	Santa Paula	500,000	Nov. 16, '00	31,813
Fortuna Oil and Development Co.	Fortuna	200,000	Mar. 26, '01	32,819
Forve Pettibone Co.	Los Angeles	50,000	Dec. 28, '01	34,535

State Corporations—Continued.

Name.	Place of Business.	Capital Stock	Filed.	No.
Foss & Hicks Co.	San José	\$50,000	Sept. 6, '01	33,942
Fouts Grip-Wheel and Traction Co.	San Francisco	10,000	Oct. 13, '00	31,631
Fowler and Fresno Oil Co.	Fowler	300,000	April 1, '01	32,863
Fowler Cemetery Association	Fowler	25,000	April 29, '01	33,056
Foxhall Meat Co.	San Francisco	25,000	April 2, '01	32,868
Fo Yee Coey Co.	Sacramento	None	Oct. 2, '01	34,052
Francis & Johnson	Auburn	12,000	July 29, '01	33,761
Francis Haughton	Corning	50,000	Jan. 12, '01	32,206
Frank Dalton Co.	San Francisco	25,000	June 6, '01	33,394
Frank H. Buck Co.	Vacaville	100,000	Jan. 6, '02	34,576
Frank J. O'Rourke & Co.	San Francisco	25,000	April 23, '02	35,319
Frank K. Matt Co.	Oakland	25,000	Mar. 14, '02	35,008
Frank M. Prindle Co.	San Francisco	1,000	Feb. 1, '01	32,401
Fraternal Club	Los Angeles	30,000	Mar. 12, '01	32,729
Fraternal Co-op. Min'g and Realty Ass'n	Los Angeles	25,000	Feb. 28, '02	34,936
Frederick Mier Co.	Sacramento	100,000	Mar. 29, '01	32,839
Freeman Land and Cattle Co.	Woodland	100,000	Dec. 24, '00	32,052
Fremont Hotel Co.	Los Angeles	100,000	Nov. 18, '01	34,290
Fremont Oil Co.	Los Angeles	600,000	April 10, '01	32,924
French Athletic Club	Los Angeles	None	May 19, '02	35,507
French Baking Co.	Los Angeles	10,000	July 15, '01	33,692
French Laundry Co.	San Francisco	25,000	April 8, '01	32,904
Fresno Bowling Co.	Los Angeles	10,000	Feb. 3, '02	34,777
Fresno Brick and Tile Co.	Fresno	25,000	May 4, '01	33,102
Fresno Buddhist Church	Fresno	None	Oct. 15, '01	34,110
Fresno Coffee Club Association	Fresno	None	Feb. 9, '01	32,466
Fresno County Land Co.	Fresno	50,000	Nov. 27, '01	34,359
Fresno Democrat Publishing Co.	Fresno	50,000	July 11, '00	31,110
Fresno Herndon Oil Co.	Fresno	160,000	April 23, '01	33,025
Fresno Insurance and Realty Co.	Fresno	25,000	April 21, '02	35,307
Fresno Lumber Co.	Fresno	50,000	June 11, '02	35,661
Fresno Midway Oil Co.	Fresno	200,000	Dec. 29, '00	32,085
Fresno Motor Co.	Fresno	100,000	Feb. 19, '01	32,560
Fresno Oil Stock Exchange	Fresno	1,000	Feb. 20, '01	32,568
Fresno People's Institute	Fresno	None	Dec. 13, '00	31,985
Fresno Placer Mining Co.	Fresno	60,000	Sept. 16, '01	33,966
Fresno-San Francisco Oil Co.	Fresno	250,000	Feb. 26, '01	32,621
Fresno Steam Laundry Co.	Fresno	20,000	Dec. 5, '00	31,916
Friends Club	Los Angeles	None	April 18, '02	35,291
Frostless Belt Water Co.	San Dimas	10,000	April 29, '01	33,062
Fruitvale Light, Heat, and Power Co.	Oakland	100,000	Nov. 16, '00	31,812
Fuel, Feed, and Land Co.	Tulare City	25,000	Jan. 18, '01	32,260
Fullerton and Piru Oil Co.	Los Angeles	500,000	Nov. 20, '00	31,832
Fullerton and Sunset Oil Co.	Los Angeles	260,000	Aug. 28, '00	31,372
Fullerton Club	Fullerton	None	Jan. 28, '01	32,350
Fullerton Crude Oil Co.	Los Angeles	300,000	July 9, '00	31,098
Fullerton Home Oil Co.	Fullerton	350,000	July 6, '00	31,089
Fullerton Union Club	Fullerton	None	Mar. 6, '01	32,690
Fulton Cemetery Association	Fulton	None	Mar. 20, '01	32,776
Fuqua Palmer Co.	Yorba	12,000	April 7, '02	35,192
F. W. Butler Co.	San Francisco	25,000	Jan. 28, '02	34,737
Gachupines Mining Co.	San Francisco	200,000	Dec. 14, '00	31,995
Galloway Lithographing Co.	San Francisco	40,000	Sept. 10, '01	33,950
Galvin Gold Dredging Co.	Redding	100,000	Nov. 5, '00	31,754
Gamma Gamma Phi Sorority	Los Angeles	None	Oct. 26, '00	31,718
Gamma Oil Co.	San Francisco	1,000	April 29, '02	35,364
Gamossi Glove Co.	San Francisco	100,000	Mar. 5, '02	34,963
Gamossi Glove Co., No. 10	San Francisco	25,000	June 21, '02	35,726
Garden City Dried Fruit Packing Co.	San José	5,000	Oct. 15, '00	31,643
Garden City Electrical Co.	San José	10,000	Mar. 14, '02	35,017
Garden Grove Irrigation Co., No. 1	Garden Grove	6,600	Dec. 9, '01	34,431
Gardner Sanitarium	Belmont	200,000	Jan. 19, '01	32,265
Garibaldi Club	Los Angeles Co.	None	April 21, '02	35,308
Garibaldi Mining Co.	San Francisco	75,000	Mar. 29, '01	32,838
Gates Drug Co.	San Francisco	20,100	May 25, '01	33,266
Gautner & Mattern Co.	San Francisco	100,000	Nov. 7, '01	34,234
Gazelle Lumber Co.	Yreka	25,000	April 23, '02	35,318
Gem Oil Co.	Merced	200,000	July 23, '00	31,177
General Engineering Co.	San Francisco	200,000	June 5, '02	35,618

State Corporations—Continued.

Name.	Place of Business.	Capital Stock.	Filed.	No.
General Fire Brick and Pig Iron Co.	San Francisco	\$50,000	Nov. 26, '01	34,350
General Gleeves Oil Co.	San Francisco	250,000	Oct. 3, '00	31,564
General Investments Corporation	Los Angeles	100,000	Dec. 13, '00	31,977
Geok Pong Hen Co.	Los Angeles	None	Aug. 6, '00	31,250
Geo. D. Kellogg Packing Co.	Newcastle	25,000	June 17, '02	35,698
Geo. Haas Realty Co.	San Francisco	133,000	Feb. 20, '02	34,883
Geo. H. Foster Co.	San Francisco	25,000	April 1, '01	32,861
Geo. H. Monroe Co.	Fresno	30,000	Sept. 23, '01	34,004
Geo. J. Birkel Co.	Los Angeles	200,000	Jan. 6, '02	34,573
Geo. W. Caswell Co.	San Francisco	50,000	Feb. 2, '01	32,404
George B. Keane Co.	San Francisco	30,000	Dec. 7, '00	31,935
George Brown Estate Co.	San Francisco	300,000	May 29, '02	35,586
George Greenzweig & Co.	San Francisco	50,000	Jan. 16, '01	32,234
George Stierlen Co.	San Francisco	25,000	Feb. 5, '02	34,796
George Walcom Co.	San Francisco	10,000	May 17, '01	33,198
George West & Son Inc.	Stockton	100,000	Feb. 14, '02	34,857
George W. Pennington Sons	San Francisco	19,250	Nov. 24, '00	31,857
German American Oil Co.	Los Angeles	480,000	Oct. 20, '00	31,673
German Baptist Brethren Church.	Inglewood	None	June 24, '01	33,578
German Evangelical Lutheran St. John Church of Oxnard, California	Oxnard	None	Oct. 18, '00	31,663
German Evangelical Lutheran Bethlehem Congregation	Berkeley	None	July 23, '01	33,730
German Evangelical Lutheran St. Peter's Congregation of Lodi	Lodi	None	April 11, '02	35,230
German Evangelical St. Markus Congregation	[Oakland]	None	Mar. 18, '02	35,047
Germania Club	Los Angeles Co.	None	May 14, '02	35,474
Geyserville Rochdale Co.	Geyserville	None	Mar. 20, '02	35,069
G. F. Samberg Co.	San Francisco	50,000	Nov. 7, '01	34,236
G. Ginocchio Co.	San Francisco	50,000	Feb. 4, '01	32,419
Giant Development Co.	Porterville	100,000	Mar. 21, '01	32,782
Giant Rotary Engine Co.	San Francisco	100,000	Dec. 10, '00	31,955
Gibbs Brokerage Co.	San Francisco	25,000	Dec. 16, '01	34,472
Gibbs Co-operative Colony	Gibbs	275	Dec. 7, '01	34,420
Gibbs-Wilson Packing Co.	San Francisco	50,000	April 4, '01	32,882
Gibson Manufacturing Co.	San Francisco	50,000	April 9, '02	35,205
Gill-Millen Co.	Grass Valley	20,000	Mar. 21, '01	32,780
Gill Oil and Mining Co.	Bakersfield	250,000	Mar. 1, '01	32,655
Gilroy Gaslight and Fuel Co.	Gilroy	17,500	Mar. 13, '02	35,006
Gilroy Ice and Laundry Co.	Gilroy	6,000	April 2, '01	32,864
Gilroy Light and Power Co.	San Francisco	75,000	Mar. 8, '02	34,977
Gilroy Oil and Development Co.	San Francisco	300,000	July 12, '00	31,116
Gilt Edge Land and Development Co.	Sacramento	160,000	April 17, '01	32,993
Git Hing Merchants and Laborers Good Government Association of Los Angeles.	Los Angeles	None	June 24, '02	35,742
Giusti Fish Co.	San Francisco	30,000	Aug. 27, '01	33,891
Gladys Gold Mining and Milling Co.	San Francisco	100,000	Mar. 26, '02	35,109
Glendora Lemon Association	Glendora	5,000	Dec. 6, '01	34,410
Glendora Lumber Co.	Glendora	10,000	Jan. 26, '01	32,341
Glen Helen Land Co.	Los Angeles	150,000	Mar. 27, '01	32,831
Glen Helen Water Co.	Los Angeles	150,000	Mar. 27, '01	32,832
Glen Oil Co.	Los Angeles	1,000,000	Dec. 31, '00	32,096
Glenwood Hotel Co.	Riverside	250,000	May 21, '02	35,517
Glenwood Land Co.	San Francisco	20,000	June 8, '01	33,429
Globe Box and Manufacturing Co.	San Francisco	25,000	Mar. 3, '02	34,945
Globe Car Fender Co.	San Francisco	75,000	July 10, '01	33,658
Globe Fruit Co.	Oakland	100,000	Oct. 20, '00	31,674
Globe Light and Power Co.	San José	200,000	June 20, '02	35,714
Globe Real Estate, Oil, and Development Co.	Los Angeles	30,000	Aug. 3, '00	31,230
Globe Stove Co.	San Francisco	50,000	Feb. 3, '02	34,769
Glove Manufacturers Ass'n of California.	San Francisco	None	June 11, '01	33,455
G. M. Bockius Co.	Watsonville	100,000	Sept. 4, '00	31,413
G. M. Kulz Shoe Co.	San Francisco	75,000	May, 6, '02	35,627
God's Christian Church	San Francisco	None	Oct. 20, '00	31,676
Goethe-Landis Colonization Co.	Sacramento	25,000	April 5, '02	35,182
Gold and Copper Extraction Co.	Los Angeles	500,000	July 1, '01	33,622
Gold Coin Oil and Mining Co.	Los Angeles	500,000	Dec. 24, '00	32,046

State Corporations—Continued.

Name.	Place of Business.	Capital Stock.	Filed.	No.
Gold Crown Consolidated Mining Co.	San Francisco	\$100,000	Aug. 31, '01	33,906
Gold Dollar Oil Co.	Los Angeles	500,000	Dec. 12, '00	31,972
Goldfields Mining Co.	San Francisco	100,000	April 17, '01	32,985
Gold Garden Mining Co.	Los Angeles	500,000	May 9, '02	35,649
Gold Mountain Water Co.	Sonora	100,000	July 17, '00	31,152
Gold Peak Mining Co.	San Francisco	1,000,000	May 15, '02	35,484
Gold Point Mining Co.	Colusa	25,000	Nov. 24, '00	31,856
Gold Ridge Mining Co.	Stockton	200,000	June 19, '01	33,535
Gold Run Development Co.	San Francisco	100,000	Dec. 12, '00	31,970
Gold Sand Mining Co.	San Francisco	100,000	Feb. 21, '02	34,888
Gold Standard Oil Producing Co.	San Francisco	250,000	Jan. 11, '01	32,190
Goldstone Bros.	San Francisco	250,000	Aug. 31, '00	31,390
Golden Argus Mining and Milling Co.	Los Angeles	1,000,000	April 2, '02	35,156
Golden Aster Tunnel Mining and Milling Co.	Los Angeles	500,000	Nov. 27, '00	31,874
Golden Bear.	Berkeley	50,000	Mar. 18, '01	32,766
Golden Bell Mining Co.	Los Angeles	300,000	Feb. 4, '01	32,415
Golden Era Mining Co.	Los Angeles	350,000	July 7, '00	31,093
Golden Gate Gold Mining Co.	San Francisco	500,000	Jan. 9, '01	32,172
Golden Gate Laundry	Los Angeles	33,000	Jan. 8, '02	34,596
Golden Gate Salvage and Wrecking Co.	San Francisco	100,000	Sept. 25, '01	34,012
Golden Gate Salt Co.	San Francisco	100,000	Aug. 30, '01	33,903
Golden Gate Shipping Co.	San Francisco	250,000	Feb. 1, '02	34,764
Golden Glance Mining and Development Co.	Marysville	25,000	Sept. 18, '01	33,977
Golden King Mining Co.	Los Angeles	50,000	July 20, '00	31,164
Golden Mining Co. No. 10	Oakland	200,000	Aug. 7, '01	33,801
Golden Reward Oil and Development Co.	San Francisco	300,000	Nov. 16, '00	31,806
Golden State Asparagus Co.	San Francisco	300,000	Dec. 19, '01	34,488
Golden State Automobile Co.	San José	50,000	Feb. 10, '02	34,823
Golden State Oil Co.	San Francisco	100,000	Dec. 28, '00	32,073
Golden State Reversible Window Co.	San Francisco	100,000	Mar. 7, '01	32,698
Golden West Coal and Oil Co.	Elk Creek	250,000	Dec. 29, '00	32,077
Golden West Celery and Produce Co.	Los Angeles	100,000	May 17, '02	35,496
Golden West Packing Co. Inc.	Fresno	100,000	Sept. 21, '00	31,499
Golden West Petroleum and Refin'g Co.	Los Angeles	600,000	Oct. 22, '00	31,683
Golovin Mining Co.	San Francisco	200,000	Jan. 28, '01	32,358
Gonzales Cemetery Association	Gonzales	2,000	Nov. 14, '01	34,274
Goodenough Oil Co.	Los Angeles	500,000	Aug. 27, '00	31,371
Goodenough Oil Co.	Bakersfield	500,000	June 29, '01	33,617
Good Fellows' Social Club	Los Angeles	None	June 10, '01	33,446
Good Hope Improvement Co.	Santa Rosa	25,000	Dec. 30, '01	34,536
Good Hope Mining and Developm't Co.	Selma	500,000	Jan. 16, '01	32,237
Good Luck Oil Co.	Sacramento	500,000	Feb. 26, '01	32,624
Gooding Mercantile Co.	San Bernardino	20,000	Nov. 2, '01	34,213
Goose Nest Lumber and Trans. Co.	[Haywards]	10,000	April 25, '02	35,334
Gosford Land Co.	San Francisco	50,000	Nov. 24, '00	31,859
Gorman Oil Co.	Los Angeles	1,000,000	Aug. 18, '00	31,321
Gould Central Oil Co.	San Francisco	1,000,000	Jan. 21, '01	32,275
Graciosa Oil Co.	Los Angeles	1,000,000	Nov. 9, '00	31,772
Grand Beach Improvement Co.	San Francisco	50,000	Mar. 19, '02	35,059
Grand Central Oil Co.	Los Angeles	770,000	July 2, '00	31,069
Grand Central Oil Development Co.	Bakersfield	200,000	July 2, '00	31,071
Grand Opera House Co.	San Francisco	150,000	July 3, '01	33,630
Grand Pacific Gold Mining Co.	San Francisco	200,000	Oct. 17, '01	34,121
Grand Pacific Gold Mining Co.	Los Angeles	3,000,000	Feb. 10, '02	34,820
Grand Prize Oil Co.	Bakersfield	600,000	Sept. 5, '00	31,421
Grand View Gold Mining Co.	Tuolumne Co.	250,000	Dec. 1, '00	31,896
Grande Fruit Co.	San Francisco	20,000	Mar. 8, '01	32,703
Granite King Mill and Mining Co.	Los Angeles	500,000	June 20, '02	35,715
Grant Oil Co.	Oakland	150,000	Aug. 4, '00	31,238
Grant's System Tonic Co.	San Francisco	100,000	May 22, '02	35,532
Grapevine Coal and Oil Co.	Willows	500,000	Feb. 4, '01	32,420
Grass Valley Rochdale Co.	Grass Valley	None	May 25, '01	33,268
Graves Realty Co.	Los Angeles	150,000	Oct. 23, '01	34,148
Gray & Barbieri Co.	San Francisco	25,000	April 17, '02	35,279
Gray Goose Oil and Mining Co.	San Francisco	200,000	Oct. 23, '00	31,690
Gray Lang [and] Stroh	San Francisco	25,000	July 1, '01	33,621
Grayson Quicksilver Mining Co.	San Francisco	1,000,000	Aug. 19, '01	33,856
Gray Wing Mining Co.	Oakland	100,000	Sept. 25, '01	34,014

State Corporations—Continued.

Name.	Place of Business.	Capital Stock.	Filed.	No.
Great American Oil Co.	San Francisco ..	\$25,000	May 31, '01	33,307
Great Divide Placer Mining Co.	San Francisco ..	100,000	Jan. 31, '01	32,386
Great Eastern Fur Co.	San Francisco ..	5,000	Mar. 9, '01	32,719
Great Eastern Milk Co.	San Francisco ..	100,000	Aug. 13, '00	31,284
Great Gray Eagle Gold Mining Co.	Mayhert ..	50,000	Aug. 8, '01	33,810
Great Japan Oil Co.	San Francisco ..	600,000	Feb. 4, '01	32,422
Great Mogul Oil Co.	Los Angeles ..	1,000,000	Nov. 10, '00	31,777
Great Northern ..	San Francisco ..	25,000	Mar. 13, '02	35,011
Great Northern Coal Co.	Oakland ..	500,000	Mar. 14, '02	35,013
Great Northern Milling, Mining, and Transportation Co.	San Francisco ..	500,000	Nov. 30, '01	34,378
Great Superior Oil Co.	Los Angeles ..	500,000	Aug. 31, '00	31,398
Great Western Improvement Co.	San Francisco ..	25,000	Nov. 16, '01	34,288
Great Western Petroleum Co.	San Francisco ..	200,000	Feb. 28, '01	32,649
Great Western Valve Co.	San Francisco ..	50,000	Oct. 12, '01	34,102
Great Western Vineyards Co.	San Francisco ..	5,000,000	Nov. 22, '01	34,332
G. Reed Guatemala Coffee Plantation Co.	San Francisco ..	1,000,000	Aug. 28, '00	31,374
Greenback Copper Co.	Bakersfield ..	5,000,000	Sept. 4, '00	31,411
Greenback Copper Mining Co.	San Francisco ..	5,000,000	Oct. 16, '00	31,654
Greenbaum Perfumery Co.	San Francisco ..	25,000	April 13, '01	32,956
Green Oil Mining Co.	Santa Paula ..	20,000	June 21, '01	33,552
Green River Oil Co.	Los Angeles ..	1,000,000	Dec. 7, '00	31,938
Greenwood Creamery Co.	Greenwood ..	10,000	Mar. 15, '01	32,752
Gregg-Allen Manufacturing Co.	Los Angeles ..	30,000	April 24, '02	35,329
Greyhound Social Club ..	Los Angeles ..	None	Mar. 27, '02	35,116
Grizzly Mining and Milling Co.	San Francisco ..	200,000	Mar. 11, '01	32,726
Growers' Winery and Distillery Ass'n ..	Fresno ..	None	June 28, '01	33,606
G. Schaeffer Co.	Alameda ..	10,000	June 20, '01	33,541
G. Sieber Co.	Marysville ..	50,000	Jan. 22, '02	34,685
Guadalajara Oil Co.	San Diego ..	1,000	April 4, '01	32,881
Guadalupe Asphalt Co.	San Francisco ..	75,000	May 10, '01	33,154
Guadalupe Cattle and Development Co.	Los Angeles ..	1,000,000	June 23, '02	35,735
Guadalupe Duck Club ..	Santa Barbara ..	5,000	April 7, '02	35,193
Guadalupe Steamship Co.	San Francisco ..	40,000	July 16, '01	33,695
Guelph Power and Water Co.	San Francisco ..	750,000	Mar. 20, '02	35,063
Gulick & Wetherbee ..	San Francisco ..	10,000	May 3, '02	35,406
Gundlach Shoe Co.	Bakersfield ..	50,000	May 10, '01	33,151
Gus M. Marks & Co.	San Francisco ..	10,000	Aug. 14, '01	33,832
G. W. Reynolds ..	San Francisco ..	25,000	May 11, '02	35,657
Gypsy Oil and Development Co.	San Francisco ..	350,000	April 3, '01	32,874
Haas, Baruch & Co.	Los Angeles ..	500,000	April 1, '01	32,856
Hackett Min'g, Mill'g. and Develop. Co.	San Francisco ..	75,000	Feb. 10, '02	34,825
H. A. Gorley & Co.	San Rafael ..	20,000	Jan. 7, '01	32,155
Hahnemann Medical Coll. of the Pacific ..	San Francisco ..	None	Dec. 16, '01	34,477
Hala Canning Co.	San Francisco ..	100,000	May 11, '02	35,658
Half Million Club ..	San Francisco ..	2,000	Nov. 30, '00	31,881
Half Moon Bay Improvement Ass'n ..	San Francisco ..	9,800	Dec. 18, '00	32,008
Half-Tone Co.	San Francisco ..	20,000	June 18, '02	35,701
Hall Association of Improved Order of Red Men of Oak Park ..	Oak Park ..	20,000	Feb. 18, '01	32,539
Hall & Eckis Oil Co.	Los Angeles ..	300,000	Dec. 27, '00	32,060
Hall Estate Co.	San Francisco ..	25,000	Oct. 7, '01	34,075
Hall-Jones Co.	Los Angeles ..	25,000	May 2, '02	35,401
Hallifax Bros. Co.	Sacramento ..	10,000	Mar. 13, '01	32,740
Halpruner Medical Manufacturing Co.	San Francisco ..	100,000	Mar. 30, '01	32,845
Hames Valley Oil Co.	San Francisco ..	250,000	Dec. 26, '00	32,053
Hamilton Gold Mining Co.	San Francisco ..	120,000	Jan. 25, '01	32,319
Hampton Estate Co.	San Francisco ..	71,500	July 11, '01	33,668
Hancock Bros.	San Francisco ..	10,000	Jan. 16, '02	34,652
Hanford Economy Fuel Co.	Hanford ..	100,000	Jan. 22, '01	32,279
Hanford Light and Fuel Co.	San Francisco ..	50,000	Sept. 30, '01	34,034
Hanford Rochdale Co.	Hanford ..	None	Dec. 7, '00	31,931
Hanford Sanger Oil Co.	Hanford ..	300,000	Jan. 31, '01	32,390
Hanks Scientific Instrument Co.	Oakland ..	1,000,000	Dec. 29, '00	32,079
Hansen Boot and Shoe Co.	San Francisco ..	100,000	May 25, '01	33,267
Hardtack Milling and Mining Co.	San Francisco ..	400,000	Jan. 10, '02	34,600
Hardison Investment Co.	Los Angeles ..	500,000	Dec. 13, '00	31,986
Harloe Oil Land Co.	San Francisco ..	1,000	April 24, '01	33,031
Harlow Oil Co.	San Francisco ..	1,500,000	Oct. 18, '00	31,656½

State Corporations—Continued.

Name.	Place of Business.	Capital Stock.	Filed.	No.
Harmonia Club	Los Angeles	None	Nov. 17, '00	31,817
Harmonia White Oil Co.	Los Angeles	\$1,000,000	Oct. 1, '00	31,549
Harrington Gold Mining Co.	San Francisco	75,000	Nov. 4, '01	34,221
Harron, Rickard & McCone	San Francisco	100,000	Oct. 2, '01	34,050
Harter Oil Co.	Los Angeles	250,000	Sept. 22, '00	31,512
Hartson & Sons	Susanville	100,000	Nov. 8, '01	34,244
Harvey Teaming and Draying Co.	San Francisco	10,000	May 19, '02	35,498
Haskell and Vineyard Co.	Los Angeles	50,000	Mar. 29, '01	32,844
Hastings Loan and Trust Co.	Visalia	10,000	Oct. 26, '01	34,174
Haughton Gold Mining Co.	Altaville	100,000	June 14, '02	35,682
Havilah Commercial Co.	Pasadena	50,000	June 7, '01	33,407
Hawkeye Mining and Oil Co.	Los Angeles	100,000	Sept. 13, '00	31,451
Hawkins Manufacturing Co.	San Francisco	1,000,000	Aug. 3, '01	33,784
Haywards Athletic Club	Haywards	None	Oct. 22, '00	31,685
Haywards Warehouse Co.	Haywards	20,000	Mar. 23, '01	32,796
Hazelton Water Co.	Bakersfield	200,000	Feb. 27, '01	32,627
Hazleton Mining Co.	San Francisco	100,000	Oct. 29, '01	34,190
H. C. Morris Co.	Oakland	10,000	Feb. 9, '01	32,457
H. D. Bendixsen Shipbuilding Co.	Eureka	80,000	Oct. 29, '00	31,728
Headlight Oil Co.	San Francisco	250,000	Feb. 19, '01	32,555
Healdsburg Mill and Lumber Co.	Healdsburg	25,000	Mar. 20, '01	32,772
Hearst Oil Co.	San Francisco	100,000	Sept. 27, '00	31,532
Hecla Oil Co.	Los Angeles	100,000	July 25, '00	31,191
Hedges Hotel Co.	San Francisco	25,000	June 17, '02	35,696
Heil Oil Co.	Los Angeles	200,000	Oct. 20, '00	31,672
Helios Gold Mining Co.	San Francisco	50,000	Feb. 3, '02	34,772
Hemet Town Water Co.	Hemet	25,000	Dec. 14, '00	31,991
Hennessy Co.	San Francisco	4,500	May 2, '02	35,397
Henrietta Oil Co.	San Francisco	200,000	Oct. 2, '00	31,561
Henry B. Schindler Co.	San Francisco	50,000	Jan. 6, '02	34,574
Herald Company	Los Angeles	1,000,000	Nov. 26, '00	31,866
Herald Company	San José	50,000	Jan. 14, '01	32,213
Hercules Manufacturing Co.	Stockton	75,000	May 6, '02	35,420
Hermitage Tobacco Co.	San Francisco	100,000	Jan. 2, '02	34,557
Hermosa Beach Land and Water Co.	Los Angeles	200,000	Oct. 26, '00	31,714
Hermosa Beach Water Co.	Los Angeles	200,000	Dec. 4, '01	34,398
Hermosa Club of Gardena, Cal.	Los Angeles Co.	None	May 10, '02	35,655
Hermoso Orange Co.	Riverside	100,000	Sept. 24, '00	31,516
Herndon Oil and Land Co.	Fresno	120,000	April 23, '01	33,024
Hesperian Crude Oil Co.	Chico	500,000	Sept. 12, '00	31,445
H. Graft & Co.	Fresno	50,000	Dec. 24, '00	32,050
H. H. Oil Co.	Vallejo	500,000	May 29, '01	33,298
Hiatt Gold Mining Co.	San Francisco	100,000	Jan. 22, '01	32,281
Hiatt Real Estate and Trading Co.	Yorkville	75,000	June 16, '02	35,685
Hiawatha Oil Co.	San Francisco	100,000	Oct. 15, '00	31,641
Hiawatha Oil Co.	Los Angeles	600,000	July 30, '00	31,213
Hickler Oil Co.	Los Angeles	200,000	Feb. 28, '01	32,648
Hicks Drug Co.	San Francisco	10,000	June 30, '02	35,765
High Gravity Oil Co.	San Francisco	200,000	Jan. 24, '02	34,708
Highgrove Citrus Association	Highgrove	10,000	Oct. 8, '01	34,079
Highland Cove Citrus Co.	Dinuba	25,000	Nov. 21, '01	34,324
Highland Library Club	Highland	None	Jan. 23, '02	34,692
Highland Mary Crude Oil Co.	Bakersfield	250,000	June 19, '01	33,539
Hillside Cemetery Association	Vallejo	None	Aug. 22, '00	31,340
Hine Shingle Co.	Eureka	50,000	Oct. 26, '01	34,176
Hinman Investment Co.	Los Angeles	150,000	July 24, '01	33,734
Hirsch & Stampa Co.	San Francisco	10,000	Nov. 15, '00	31,801
Hisperia Social Club	Hisperia	None	Feb. 26, '02	34,912
H. L. Amstutz & Sons	Napa	25,000	June 21, '02	35,729
H. Lehrke Co.	Los Angeles	30,000	Dec. 31, '00	32,102
H. Moffat Co.	San Francisco	50,000	May 6, '01	33,117
H. M. Sale Drug Co.	Los Angeles	250,000	June 21, '01	33,560
Hodge Brothers Co.	Los Angeles	25,000	Mar. 14, '02	35,010
Hoedus Oil Co.	Madera	1,000,000	Feb. 18, '01	32,544
Hoffman Hardware Co.	Los Angeles	200,000	Aug. 16, '00	31,301
Holden Stock Co.	San Francisco	50,000	Oct. 1, '00	31,551
Holmn & Nathan	San Francisco	50,000	Aug. 28, '01	33,896
Holmes Lime Co.	San Francisco	300,000	June 28, '02	35,762
Hollister Fruit Packing Co.	Hollister	75,000	April 11, '02	35,233
Hollister Mutual Oil Co.	Hollister	50,000	May 8, '01	33,125

State Corporations—Continued.

Name.	Place of Business.	Capital Stock.	Filed.	No.
Hollister Petroleum Development Co.	Hollister	\$500,000	Nov. 14, '00	31,797
Hollister Rochdale Co.	Hollister	None	Sept. 28, '01	34,028
Holtum Brothers	San Francisco	10,000	Aug. 23, '00	31,349
Holy Ghost Society	Petaluma	None	Jan. 24, '02	34,709
Home Cold Distilling Co.	Oakland	1,000,000	Jan. 25, '01	32,320
Home Crude Oil Stove Co.	San Francisco	500,000	Oct. 23, '01	34,153
Home for the Aged of the Little Sisters of the Poor	San Francisco	None	June 21, '01	33,556
Home Ice Co.	Los Angeles	10,000	June 24, '02	35,737
Home Investment Co.	Alameda Co.	50,000	Mar. 12, '01	32,731
Homeseeker Publishing Co.	Los Angeles	10,000	April 18, '02	35,292
Homeseekers' Realty Co.	San Francisco	50,000	Mar. 14, '02	35,014
Homestake Gold Mining Co.	San Francisco	500,000	Dec. 31, '00	32,092
Homestead Oil Co.	Los Angeles	500,000	July 11, '00	31,111
Homestead Oil and Transportation Co.	Fresno	100,000	Feb. 4, '01	32,416
Home Teaming and Transfer Co.	Los Angeles	4,950	May 21, '02	35,529
Home Trust Co.	San Francisco	50,000	June 6, '01	33,395
Hooke-Field Co.	San Francisco	20,000	Jan. 25, '02	34,714
Hooper & Jennings	San Francisco	150,000	Feb. 10, '02	34,819
Hoosac Oil Co.	San Francisco	150,000	Nov. 1, '00	31,740
Hoover University of Physical Culture	San Francisco	None	Jan. 7, '01	32,147
Hopkins Company	San Francisco	500,000	Feb. 8, '01	32,451
Hopkins Investment Co.	San Francisco	500,000	Feb. 13, '01	32,491
Hopland Oil Development Co.	San Francisco	100,000	Aug. 6, '00	31,248
Hornbrook Mercantile Co.	Hornbrook	25,000	April 6, '01	32,897
Horn Mining Co.	San Francisco	25,000	Aug. 3, '01	33,782
Horton Brothers Lumber Co.	Loyalton	75,000	April 4, '02	35,168
Hotchkiss Co.	Oakland	50,000	Oct. 16, '00	31,645
Hotchkiss Ore Reduction Co.	Oakland	5,000,000	Jan. 10, '01	32,175
Hotel Mateo Co.	San Francisco	25,000	Oct. 31, '01	34,205
Hotel Willits	Willits	50,000	Feb. 5, '02	34,793
Household Clothes Dryer Co.	San Francisco	25,000	Jan. 24, '01	32,308
Houseman Oil Co.	Chico	300,000	April 12, '01	32,948
Howard Company	Oakland	250,000	Sept. 14, '00	31,455
Howard Investment Co.	San Francisco	25,000	Aug. 31, '01	33,909
Howe-McLaine Mercantile Co.	Carters	25,000	May 9, '02	35,442
H. P. Smith Co.	San Francisco	20,000	Jan. 24, '02	34,707
H. Shwarz Co.	Napa	75,000	June 14, '01	33,491
Huasna Oil Co.	San Francisco	1,000,000	Feb. 13, '01	32,503
Hub Oil Co.	Los Angeles	100,000	April 8, '01	32,909
Hudson Oil Co.	Arbuckle	500,000	April 20, '01	33,010
Hudyan Remedy Co.	San Francisco	1,000,000	Aug. 20, '00	31,326
Hughson & Allen Mercantile Co.	San Francisco	200,000	April 10, '02	35,225
Huiskamp Mining Co.	Santa Barbara	6,000	Mar. 29, '01	32,843
Hulbert Advertising Co.	Los Angeles	25,000	May 2, '02	35,390
Humboldt Cattle Co.	Santa Rosa	1,000,000	Jan. 21, '02	34,680
Humboldt Door and Sash Co.	Eureka	25,000	April 16, '01	32,980
Humboldt Paraffine Oil and Dev. Co.	San Francisco	400,000	April 10, '01	32,921
Humboldt Petroleum Refining and Transportation Co.	San Francisco	2,000,000	April 26, '01	33,042
Humboldt Shingle Co.	Eureka	50,000	June 25, '02	35,746
Hunting Creek Oil and Developm't Co.	Napa	500,000	Jan. 14, '01	32,214
Huntington Land and Improvement Co.	Los Angeles	100,000	Feb. 12, '02	34,839
Hup Buck Merchants Club	San Francisco	None	Sept. 28, '00	31,540
Hurst Co.	Redding	50,000	Oct. 12, '00	31,622
Hutchinson-Ransome Co.	Oakland	40,000	Oct. 16, '00	31,652
Hyman Estate Co.	Woodland	75,000	Feb. 19, '02	34,875
Hyman Investment Co.	Folsom	200,000	Mar. 12, '02	35,000
Icaria Co-operative Society	Icaria	50,000	May 14, '01	33,179
Ideal Holster Co.	Los Angeles	100,000	Aug. 3, '01	33,786
Ideal Stamp Mill Co.	San Francisco	15,000	Mar. 27, '01	32,829
Idylwild and San Jacinto Transp'n Co.	Los Angeles	10,000	May 16, '01	33,194
Ignoleum Co.	San Francisco	60,000	Aug. 13, '01	33,829
Illinois Crude Oil Co.	Bakersfield	200,000	July 12, '01	33,675
Immanuel Evang. Luth. Church, U. A. C.	[Crockett]	None	Oct. 3, '01	34,058
Imperial Copper Mining Co.	Fresno	250,000	Aug. 11, '00	31,273
Imperial Ginger Ale Co.	San Francisco	100,000	Mar. 17, '02	35,037
Imperial Light, Water, and Power Co.	Los Angeles	100,000	April 24, '02	35,322
Imperial Manufacturing Co.	San Francisco	250,000	Dec. 8, '00	31,942

State Corporations—Continued.

Name.	Place of Business.	Capital Stock.	Filed.	No.
Imperial Mineral Water Co.	San Francisco	\$100,000	Dec. 21, '00	32,034
Imperial Mutual Aid Association	San Francisco	None	Feb. 6, '02	34,801
Imperial Rubber Co.	San Francisco	10,000,000	Aug. 13, '00	31,288
Imperial Salt Co.	San Francisco	1,000,000	April 18, '02	35,288
Imperial Water Co. No. 2.	Los Angeles	1,000,000	Nov. 27, '00	31,875
Imperial Water Co. No. 3.	Los Angeles	1,000,000	Dec. 19, '00	32,018
Imperial Water Co. No. 4.	Los Angeles	125,000	Dec. 18, '00	32,010
Imperial Water Co. No. 5.	Los Angeles	600,000	Feb. 21, '01	32,579
Imperial Water Co. No. 6.	Los Angeles	250,000	May 9, '01	33,144
Improved Buggy Wrench Co.	Anaheim	25,000	May 19, '02	35,508
Inca Treasure Gold Mining Co.	[Redding]	200,000	May 20, '02	35,510
Income Oil Co.	Los Angeles	300,000	Sept. 12, '00	31,448
Indemnity Title and Trust Co.	Los Angeles	400,000	Mar. 12, '02	34,999
Independent Cloak-Makers' Beneficial Ass'n	San Francisco	None	Oct. 24, '00	31,698
Independent Golden Eagle Mining Co.	Oakland	50,000	Aug. 4, '00	31,234
Independent Gas and Power Co.	San Francisco	5,000,000	Jan. 5, '01	32,143
Independent Investment Co.	Alameda	50,000	Jan. 16, '01	32,246
Independent Meat Market	San Diego	10,000	Aug. 9, '01	33,813
Independent True Bible and Spiritualistic Church.	San Francisco	None	Mar. 10, '02	34,991
Independent Water Co.	Glendale	25,000	Jan. 11, '02	34,615
Independent Wood Co.	San Francisco	25,000	June 24, '01	33,580
Industrial Development Co.	San Francisco	100,000	Jan. 4, '01	32,131
Industrial Development Co.	San José	250,000	April 15, '02	35,263
Industrial Sick Benefit Society	San José	None	Oct. 26, '01	34,173
Ing & Allee Co.	Sacramento	25,000	Jan. 28, '01	32,362
Inglewood Social Club	Los Angeles	None	June 27, '02	35,757
Inland Transportation Co.	San Francisco	50,600	Oct. 23, '01	34,155
International Colonizing Co.	Riverside	500,000	Oct. 5, '00	31,581
International Commercial Co.	San Francisco	100,000	Aug. 8, '01	33,811
International Guaranty and Trust Co.	San Francisco	200,000	Dec. 19, '01	34,487
International Mercantile and Trad'g Co.	San Francisco	100,000	Sept. 3, '01	33,917
International Oil and Mineral Land Exchange	San Francisco	50,000	Mar. 8, '02	34,976
Inter Nos Oil and Development Co.	San Francisco	400,000	Mar. 8, '01	32711½
Inventors' Manufacturing Co.	San Francisco	75,000	May 2, '02	35,403
Investors' Agency	San Francisco	25,600	Oct. 19, '01	34,126
Investors' Security and Finance Co.	San Francisco	75,000	Mar. 28, '02	35,121
Investors' Trustee	Sacramento	10,000	July 1, '01	33,625
Invincible Development Co.	Oakland	500,000	Jan. 15, '01	32,220
Inyo Mercantile Co.	Independence	20,000	Oct. 19, '00	31,667
Ione Academy	Ione	5,000	Sept. 3, '01	33,914
Iowa Oil Co.	Whittier	200,000	Sept. 7, '00	31,431
Iris Oil Co.	Los Angeles	200,000	Feb. 19, '01	32,554
Irmandade da Santissima Trindade de North Oakland	[Oakland]	None	Jan. 17, '02	34,657
Irma Oil Co.	Los Angeles	250,000	Jan. 26, '01	32,342
Iron Mountain Mining Co.	Los Angeles	100,000	Feb. 23, '01	32,597
Irvine & Muir Co.	Willits	100,000	Mar. 19, '01	32,769
Isabel Oil Co.	San Francisco	160,000	May 13, '01	33,171
Island Line Shipping Co.	San Francisco	200,000	May 24, '01	33,253
Island Warehouse Co.	San Francisco	5,000	April 14, '02	35,251
Isleton Creamery Co.	Isleton	10,000	July 21, '00	31,176
Italian-Swiss Colony	San Francisco	1,000,000	Dec. 8, '00	31,940
Italian Vineyard Co.	Los Angeles	100,000	Oct. 4, '00	31,574
Ivy Club	Los Angeles	None	May 12, '02	35,465
I X L Packing Co.	San Francisco	25,000	July 31, '00	31,221
J. A. Baxter Co.	Watsonville	25,000	July 28, '00	31,206
Jack Pot Mining and Milling Co.	Los Angeles	20,000	April 12, '01	32,943
Jackson Athletic and Social Club	Jackson	None	May 29, '02	35,590
Jackson County Improvement Co.	San Francisco	250,000	Feb. 15, '01	32,528
Jalama Oil Co.	San Francisco	100,000	June 10, '01	33,450
James H. Babcock Catering Co.	San Francisco	20,000	Feb. 17, '02	34,866
James S. Cannon Co.	San Francisco	5,000	April 27, '01	33,049
Jamestown Mining and Milling Co.	San Francisco	300,000	June 15, '01	33,513
James W. Cochrane Co.	San Rafael	200,000	May 1, '02	35,381
James Young Hardware Co.	Redding	25,000	Jan. 7, '01	32,144
J. Anchell & Co.	Sacramento	15,000	Mar. 2, '01	32,675

State Corporations—Continued.

Name.	Place of Business.	Capital Stock.	Filed.	No.
Japan Brewing Co.	San Francisco ..	\$50,000	June 10, '01	33,449
Japanese Association of America	San Francisco ..	None	Aug. 4, '00	31,236
Japanese Benevolent Society of California ..	San Francisco ..	None	Aug. 3, '01	33,785
Japanese Merchants' Association Club ..	San Francisco ..	None	April 7, '02	35,189
Japanese Protective League	Oakland	None	July 28, '00	31,205
J. B. Brown Music Co.	Los Angeles	25,000	Jan. 11, '02	34,607
J. B. Norton Co.	Pacific Grove ..	15,000	Oct. 29, '00	31,729
J. Brett & Co. Inc.	San Francisco ..	100,000	Feb. 25, '01	32,616
J. C. Bull Jr. Co.	Eureka	50,000	Dec. 27, '01	34,529
J. C. Hall Co.	Craftonville	5,000	July 22, '01	33,727
J. D. French Co.	San Francisco ..	10,000	Mar. 26, '02	35,108
Jeantrout Boudreau Co.	Fresno	25,000	Aug. 30, '00	31,384
Jennings Oil Co.	Clifino	100,000	Jan. 14, '02	34,639
Jenny Lind and Maple Mining Co.	San Francisco ..	500,000	Nov. 18, '01	34,299
Jewett-Blodgett-Beal Oil Co.	Bakersfield	500,000	July 31, '00	31,222
Jewett Oil Co.	Kern	500,000	Aug. 25, '00	31,358
J. E. Whittier Co.	San Francisco ..	10,000	Feb. 27, '02	34,925
J. F. Bedford Co.	Redding	40,000	Oct. 19, '01	34,129
J. F. Parkinson Co.	Palo Alto	125,000	Jan. 17, '02	34,661
J. G. Cohn Co.	Marysville	75,000	Oct. 3, '01	34,059
J. G. James Co.	San Francisco ..	1,200,000	Oct. 9, '00	31,603
J. H. A. Folkers & Brother	San Francisco ..	100,000	April 10, '01	32,931
J. H. Barker Co.	Ukiah	10,000	Feb. 19, '01	32,556
J. H. Marcuse Co.	Marysville	20,000	Feb. 10, '02	34,824
J. H. McDougall Co.	Salinas	300,000	May 31, '02	35,599
J. I. C. Oil Co.	Hanford	100,000	Dec. 27, '00	32,066
J. J. Haviside Co.	San Francisco ..	75,000	June 26, '02	35,751
J. L. Phelps & Co.	Stockton	50,000	Jan. 3, '01	32,113
J. Lynam Manufacturing Co.	San José	24,000	July 5, '01	33,636
J. M. Kimberlin & Co.	San José	100,000	Jan. 14, '02	34,634
J. M. Wilkins Co.	San Francisco ..	20,000	Mar. 20, '02	35,067
John A. Whelan Co.	San Francisco ..	100,000	Mar. 21, '02	35,071
John Breckell Co.	San Francisco ..	300,000	Dec. 29, '00	32,078
John D. Schroeder Co.	San Francisco ..	1,200	Feb. 13, '01	32,496
John Heinlen Co.	San José	100,000	April 10, '01	32,925
John Rapp & Son	San Francisco ..	50	Dec. 29, '00	32,084
John R. Gentry Gold Mining Co.	Los Angeles	250,000	Aug. 12, '01	33,823
John Sheehy Co.	Watsonville	250,000	Dec. 24, '01	34,511
John Stumpf Co.	San Francisco ..	60,000	April 26, '01	33,044
John Thomas Oil Co.	Los Angeles	336,000	Aug. 6, '00	31,246
John T. Porter Co.	Watsonville	500,000	Sept. 3, '01	33,918
John T. Stoll Co.	Sacramento	100,000	Feb. 5, '02	34,795
John Twigg & Sons Co.	San Francisco ..	25,000	July 1, '01	33,618
Jolly Joker Oil Co.	Bakersfield	250,000	May 24, '01	33,257
Jonas M. Levee & Co.	San Francisco ..	50,000	Mar. 17, '02	35,043
Josephine Oil Co.	Tulare	172,299	Sept. 24, '00	31,517
Joseph Rich Co.	San Francisco ..	150,000	May 2, '02	35,398
Joseph H. Rucker & Co.	San José	100,000	June 27, '01	33,600
Journal Publishing Co.	San Francisco ..	25,000	Jan. 24, '02	34,704
J. P. Pon Estate Co.	San Francisco ..	20,000	Nov. 21, '01	34,321
J. P. Sargent Estate Co.	Sargent's Station ..	200,000	Oct. 13, '00	31,629
J. R. Newberry Co.	Los Angeles	200,000	Jan. 11, '02	34,616
J. S. Cain Co.	San Francisco ..	100,000	Feb. 19, '01	32,552
J. S. Dodge Co.	San Francisco ..	25,000	Jan. 5, '01	32,135
J. S. Potts Drug Co.	San Francisco ..	27,000	July 27, '01	33,755
J. S. Potts Oil Land and Development Co.	San Francisco ..	600,000	Aug. 4, '00	31,239
Judgment Brokers	San Francisco ..	100,000	Aug. 13, '00	31,280
Juniper Oil and Development Co.	Bakersfield	500,000	Feb. 28, '01	32,648
Jupiter Crude Oil Co.	Fresno	200,000	Nov. 24, '00	31,854
Jurupa Ditch Co.	West Riverside ..	19,200	Jan. 8, '02	34,593
J. W. Edwards Co.	San Francisco ..	100,000	Jan. 3, '02	34,562
J. W. Kishlar	Riverside	100,000	Jan. 7, '01	32,145
J. W. Schouten Lumber Co.	San Francisco ..	150,000	Nov. 22, '01	34,331
J. W. Wright & Sons Investment Co.	San Francisco ..	500,000	July 3, '00	31,076
Kappa Oil Co.	San Francisco ..	1,000	April 29, '02	35,366
Kappa Sigma Building Association	Stanford Univ'y ..	10,000	June 16, '02	35,630
Kappa Sigma Fraternity Association	Stanford Univ'y ..	None	June 16, '02	35,691
Karl Brown Oil Co.	Bakersfield	250,000	Dec. 6, '00	31,927
Karma Mining Co.	Bakersfield	500,000	Mar. 2, '01	32,674

State Corporations--Continued.

Name.	Place of Business.	Capital Stock.	Filed.	No.
Kaspere Cohn Hospital	Los Angeles	None	June 30, '02	35,769
Kaweah Lime Co.	Visalia	\$50,000	Oct. 23, '01	34,149
Kaweah Oil Co.	Visalia	1,000,000	Feb. 4, '01	32,418
Kayane Oil Co.	Los Angeles	400,000	Oct. 11, '00	31,617
Kearney Vineyard Syndicate	Fresno	2,000,000	Oct. 27, '00	31,723
Keith Oil and Land Co.	San Francisco	1,000,000	Nov. 8, '00	31,764
Keneseth Israel	San Francisco	None	Jan. 23, '02	34,694
Kentucky Social Club	Los Angeles Co.	None	April 3, '02	35,163
Kern County Athletic Club	Bakersfield	5,000	Dec. 31, '00	32,087
Kern County and Eastern Oil Co.	Bakersfield	500,000	Oct. 1, '00	31,534
Kern County Brick and Contract Co.	Bakersfield	50,000	Jan. 10, '01	32,176
Kern County Brokerage Co.	Bakersfield	15,000	April 17, '02	35,283
Kern County Electric Co.	Los Angeles	2,500,000	May 3, '02	35,408
Kern County Investment Co.	Bakersfield	100,000	Dec. 29, '00	32,074
Kern County Iron Works	Bakersfield	20,000	Feb. 20, '01	32,573
Kern County Mutual B. & L. Ass'n	[Kern]	200,000	July 29, '01	33,759
Kern Crude Oil Co.	Sacramento	200,000	Jan. 8, '01	32,166
Kern Consolidated Oil Co.	San Francisco	100,000	Nov. 30, '00	31,891
Kern Crude Oil Co.	Riverside	250,000	Feb. 14, '01	32,512
Kern Development Syndicate	Los Angeles	100,000	Dec. 6, '00	31,925
Kern Investment Co.	San Francisco	100,000	Jan. 28, '01	32,352
Kern King Oil and Development Co.	San José	500,000	Nov. 24, '00	31,860
Kern Oil Development Co.	Los Angeles	250,000	Mar. 16, '01	32,756
Kern Petroleum Co.	Bakersfield	1,000,000	Mar. 1, '01	32,654
Kern Power Co.	Los Angeles	5,000,000	Nov. 19, '01	34,307
Kern River Oil Co.	San Francisco	500,000	Dec. 24, '00	32,043
Kern Sewerage Co.	Bakersfield	25,000	Mar. 18, '02	35,050
Kern Sunset Oil Co.	Bakersfield	100,000	Jan. 8, '01	32,163
Kern Sunset Oil and Development Co.	Bakersfield	350,000	Jan. 8, '01	32,164
Kern Valley Oil Co.	Bakersfield	250,000	April 15, '01	32,965
Kern Western Oil Co.	Los Angeles	500,000	April 20, '01	33,016
Keswick Electric Power Co.	San Francisco	200,000	Aug. 30, '00	31,382
Keswick Water Co.	Vallejo	75,000	July 10, '01	33,661
Keswick Water Works	San Francisco	200,000	Dec. 16, '01	34,471
Kettleman Hills Petroleum Co.	Oakland	200,000	July 18, '00	31,156
Key City Copper Mining Co.	Sacramento	100,000	Aug. 21, '00	31,333
Keystone Produce Co.	Los Angeles	75,000	Mar. 14, '02	35,020
Keystone Oil and Development Co.	Dinuba	150,000	Aug. 25, '00	31,360
Keyt Sewer Gas Trap Co.	San Francisco	50,000	May 9, '02	35,448
Kiel & Evans Co.	Oakland	25,000	Mar. 19, '02	35,056
Killefer-Griffith Manufacturing Co.	Pasadena	25,000	Nov. 18, '01	34,296
Kindler Plumbing Co.	San Diego	20,000	June 17, '01	33,522
King Cons. Mining and Milling Co.	San Diego	200,000	July 5, '00	31,083
King City Athletic Club	King City	None	July 8, '01	33,652
King Land and Development Co.	San Francisco	100,000	Jan. 28, '01	32,357
Kingley Tract Water Co.	Los Angeles	53,000	Dec. 10, '00	31,952
King Philip Oil Co.	San José	400,000	June 6, '01	33,387
King Refining Co.	San Francisco	50,000	May 14, '02	35,479
Kingsburg Building Association	Kingsburg	None	July 25, '01	33,743
Kingsburg Rochdale Co.	Fresno	None	Aug. 10, '00	31,270
Kings County Agricultural Association	Hanford	25,000	Mar. 9, '01	32,721
King Solomon Gold Mining Co.	Pasadena	350,000	Mar. 22, '01	32,795
Kings River Canal Co.	Lemoore	4,000	Oct. 22, '00	31,678
Kings River Canyon Mining Co.	[Visalia]	75,000	Oct. 15, '01	34,109
Kings River Methodist Episcopal Church	Hanford	None	Mar. 8, '02	34,980
King Steffa Co.	Pomona	75,000	July 3, '01	33,635
King Vibrator Co. of California	San Francisco	150,000	Mar. 24, '02	35,096
Kirby Distilling Co.	Fresno	300,000	Jan. 31, '01	32,384
Kirkham Art Tile and Pottery Co.	Pasadena	100,000	Jan. 7, '02	34,587
Kistler Bros. Co.	Cedarville	75,000	May 5, '02	35,414
Klamath Dredging Co.	San Francisco	500,000	May 22, '02	35,539
Klog Mining Co.	San Francisco	10,000	Jan. 17, '01	32,251
Klondyke Jewel Oil Co.	San Francisco	100,000	Nov. 5, '00	31,756
Kimball Brick Co.	San Francisco	50,000	July 29, '01	33,765
Knickerbocker Loan and Trust Co.	San Francisco	75,000	April 9, '02	35,207
Knob Hill Oil Co.	Fresno	25,000	Aug. 6, '00	31,245
Knox Oil and Development Co.	Napa	400,000	Jan. 26, '01	32,331
Kohler & Chase Music House	Sacramento	50,000	Nov. 26, '00	31,873
Konockti Co-operative Association	Finley	\$1 Mem. fee	Aug. 20, '00	31,332
Kopje Oil Co.	Bakersfield	100,000	Jan. 4, '01	32,127

State Corporations—Continued.

Name.	Place of Business.	Capital Stock.	Filed.	No.
Kougarok Mining and Commercial Co.	San Francisco ..	\$12,000	May 8, '01	33,131
Kougroek Mining Co.	San Francisco ..	10,000	Dec. 31, '01	34,546
Kramer Consolidated Oil Co.	Los Angeles ..	600,000	Nov. 2, '00	31,748
Krasky Furniture Manufacturing Co.	San Francisco ..	50,000	Aug. 11, '00	31,276
Krieg Tanning Co.	San Francisco ..	200,000	April 29, '01	33,060
K. T. Oil Co.	Los Angeles ..	250,000	July 2, '00	31,070
La Brea Rancho Oil and Asphaltum Co.	Los Angeles ..	600,000	Sept. 1, '00	31,407
La Breche Oil Co.	San Francisco ..	40,000	July 19, '01	33,713
La Californie ..	San Francisco ..	500,000	Jan. 7, '01	32,153
La Cañada Water Co.	Los Angeles Co. ..	36,000	May 22, '02	35,536
Lacjac Vineyard Co.	San Francisco ..	250,000	Nov. 22, '01	34,333
Ladd Oil Co.	Wheatville ..	96,000	Nov. 30, '00	31,893
Ladies of the Grand Army of the Republic of the State of California ..	San Francisco ..	None	April 29, '02	35,359
Lady Low Oil Co.	Tulare City ..	100,000	Sept. 20, '00	31,493
Lafayette Club ..	Orange County ..	None	May 24, '01	33,259
La Fortuna Oil Co.	Bakersfield ..	500,000	Nov. 5, '01	31,753
Laguna Land and Water Co.	Los Angeles ..	160,000	Aug. 27, '00	31,368
Laguna Seca Oil Co.	San Bern'd'o Co. ..	500,000	May 22, '01	33,243
Laguna Social Club ..	Los Angeles ..	None	Mar. 27, '02	35,118
La Honda Oil Co.	San José ..	500,000	Dec. 19, '00	32,014
La Jolla Tavern Co.	San Diego ..	20,000	Dec. 30, '01	34,543
La Jolla Oil Co.	San Diego ..	500,000	July 26, '00	31,193
Lake and Colusa Oil and Land Co.	San Francisco ..	100,000	Jan. 2, '01	32,105
Lakeport Canning Co.	Lakeport ..	10,000	Feb. 17, '02	34,872
Lake Prince Copper Mining Co.	[Ukiah] ..	50,000	Aug. 17, '01	33,849
Lake View Co.	Bakersfield ..	200,000	Nov. 2, '00	31,742
La Lega Italiana Printing Co.	San Francisco ..	25,000	June 11, '01	33,463
Lamanda Orange and Lemon Ass'n ..	Los Angeles ..	10,000	Sept. 28, '00	31,535
Lamanda Social Club ..	Lamanda ..	None	April 12, '01	32,944
Lambda Chapter of Chi Phi ..	San Francisco ..	None	Mar. 14, '01	32,743
Lambia Realty Co.	San Francisco ..	75,000	Mar. 10, '02	34,983
La Mesa Chiquita Oil Co.	Porterville ..	200,000	Feb. 8, '01	32,448
Land and Oil Co.	Eureka ..	24,000	June 29, '01	33,611
Land Improvement Association ..	Los Angeles ..	110,000	April 20, '01	33,018
Landers Shoe Co.	San Francisco ..	100,000	Feb. 6, '02	34,800
Langrehr Oil and Development Co.	San Diego ..	100,000	April 4, '01	32,880
Lanzenberg Mercantile Co.	Tres Pinos ..	25,000	Feb. 3, '02	34,774
La Palma Club ..	Los Angeles ..	None	Aug. 8, '01	33,806
La Palma Oil and Development Co.	San Francisco ..	500,000	Feb. 25, '01	32,609
Lape Smith Oil Co.	Los Angeles ..	250,000	Jan. 3, '01	32,116
La Primera Oil Co.	San Francisco ..	250,000	Dec. 3, '00	31,899
La Puerta Mining Co.	San Francisco ..	100,000	April 26, '02	35,344
Larrabee Automobile and Mfg. Co.	San Francisco ..	300,000	Mar. 4, '02	34,954
Larson Oil Burner and Furnace Co.	Los Angeles ..	75,000	May 22, '01	33,236
Lassen Butte Oil Co.	Redding ..	1,000,000	Jan. 26, '01	32,335
Lassen Water, Light and Power Co.	Susanville ..	50,000	April 28, '02	35,347
La Superior Union Patriótica Benefica Mexicana ..	[Colton] ..	None	May 24, '02	35,552
Latour Butte Lumber Co.	San Francisco ..	150,000	June 14, '02	35,681
La Verdad Oil Co.	Los Angeles ..	500,000	July 7, '00	31,094
La Verne Irrigation Co.	Glendora ..	25,000	Mar. 17, '02	35,038
Law and Adjustment Co.	San Francisco ..	1,000	Feb. 10, '02	34,828
Lawrence Turling Implement and Manufacturing Co.	Fresno ..	100,000	Feb. 15, '01	32,526
L. D. Powell Co.	Los Angeles ..	50,000	Nov. 26, '01	34,349
Leader Publishing Co.	San Francisco ..	25,000	Dec. 12, '01	34,442
Leased Land Oil Co.	San Francisco ..	5,000,000	July 26, '00	31,195
Leather Grill and Drapery Co.	San Francisco ..	20,000	Mar. 8, '02	34,974
Le Count Brothers Co.	San Francisco ..	100,000	Sept. 13, '00	31,454
Lee Lung Si Tong ..	San Francisco ..	None	Sept. 26, '01	34,017
Le Grand Rochdale Co-operative Co.	Le Grand ..	None	May 11, '01	33,159
Lehman Transportation Co.	Los Angeles ..	50,000	Nov. 9, '00	31,771
Lehrke Estate Co.	San Francisco ..	50,000	Jan. 11, '01	32,194
Lemon Grove Water Co.	San Diego ..	15,000	May 28, '01	33,280
Lemon Home Water, Power, and Light Co.	Orland ..	250,000	July 12, '00	31,115
Lemoore Rochdale Co.	Lemoore ..	None	Oct. 8, '00	31,596
Leucadia Oil Co.	Oakland ..	250,000	July 28, '00	31,207
Leonard-Freefield Co.	Los Angeles ..	10,000	Oct. 27, '00	31,722

State Corporations—Continued.

Name.	Place of Business.	Capital Stock.	Filed.	No.
Leon Millinery Co.	San Francisco	\$15,000	Aug. 30, '00	31,381
Leslie Salt Refining Co.	San Francisco	500,000	April 10, '02	35,227
Lesser-Danziger Co.	San Francisco	50,000	Dec. 6, '01	34,409
Levitt Neckwear Co.	San Francisco	25,000	July 13, '01	33,680
Levy Brothers	San Francisco	75,000	Aug. 27, '01	33,892
Lewis Mining Co.	San Francisco	750,000	May 17, '01	33,197
Lexington Oil Co.	Los Angeles	600,000	Aug. 2, '00	31,228
Liberty Bell Hall Association	Jamestown	10,000	Dec. 5, '01	34,403
Liberty Club	Fullerton	None	Jan. 25, '01	32,328
Lichtenberger-Carter Co.	Los Angeles	25,000	Nov. 16, '01	34,286
Lick Livery and Hack Co.	San José	40,000	Dec. 20, '01	34,497
Lick Woolen Manufacturing Co.	San Francisco	250,000	Jan. 22, '01	32,284
Lighthouse Oil Co.	Los Angeles	300,000	July 23, '00	31,178
Lily Club	Los Angeles	None	Feb. 2, '01	32,406
Limited Oil Co.	Bakersfield	250,000	Jan. 10, '01	32,182
Lincoln Athletic and Social Club	Lincoln	None	June 12, '02	35,668
Lincoln Crude Oil Co.	Los Angeles	300,000	Jan. 17, '01	32,254
Lincoln Investment Co.	San Francisco	50,000	April 12, '02	35,244
Lincoln Oil Co.	Los Angeles	400,000	July 5, '00	31,086
Lincoln Printing Co.	San Francisco	2,500	June 21, '01	33,557
Lincoln Rochdale Co.	Lincoln	None	May 9, '02	35,447
Lincoln Warehouse Co.	San Francisco	10,000	July 26, '00	31,194
Linda Vista Oil Co.	Oakland	250,000	Nov. 23, '00	31,850
Lindsay & Addison Foundry and Machine Works	[Pomona]	50,000	May 17, '02	35,494
Lindsay Citrus Association	San José	25,000	July 31, '01	33,770
Lindsay Citrus Co.	San Francisco	50,000	Jan. 11, '01	32,192
Lindsay Heights Water Co.	Visalia	25,000	May 14, '01	33,181
Lindsay Orange and Lemon Growers' Association	Lindsay	25,000	June 29, '01	33,614
Lingscheid Co.	Red Bluff	10,000	Jan. 22, '02	34,689
Lion Oil Co.	Los Angeles	100,000	July 12, '00	31,118
Lithograph Canyon Oil and Mining Co.	Randsburg	100,000	July 10, '00	31,106
Litigation Protective Syndicate	San Francisco	50,000	Nov. 23, '01	34,342
Little Alaska Gold Washer Co.	Los Angeles	30,000	Jan. 15, '01	32,232
Little Jim Gold Mining Co.	San Francisco	100,000	Oct. 2, '00	31,563
Little Napoleon Oil Co.	Los Angeles	250,000	May 10, '01	33,149
Little Oil Co.	Los Angeles	25,000	May 17, '02	35,495
Little Standard Oil Co.	San Francisco	100,000	Sept. 14, '00	31,462
Little Tonopah Development Co.	San Francisco	100,000	Mar. 27, '02	35,114
Live Oak Oil Co.	Los Angeles	600,000	July 30, '00	31,217
Live Oak Water Co.	Pomona	15,000	Mar. 24, '02	35,092
Livermore Warehouse Co. Inc.	Livermore	50,000	June 4, '01	33,350
Llewellyn Springs Co.	San Francisco	15,000	Oct. 11, '01	34,096
L. N. Cobbledick & Bros.	Oakland	10,000	Jan. 19, '01	32,264
Lodge No. 1, Redlands, Order of Buffaloes	[Redlands]	None	Feb. 5, '02	34,794
Lodi Vineyard	[Lodi]	50,000	June 13, '01	33,477
Lo Kern	Oakland	500,000	Dec. 14, '00	31,989
Loma Linda Association	San Bern'd'o Co.	200,000	Oct. 3, '00	31,566
Lomas Azules Vineyard Co.	San Francisco	100,000	Mar. 15, '02	35,021
Loma Ranch Co.	Fall Brook	10,000	Mar. 20, '02	35,068
Loma Vista Petroleum Co.	Los Angeles	100,000	July 16, '00	31,143
Lombard Warehouse Co.	San Francisco	25,000	Nov. 29, '01	34,372
Lompoc Oil Development Co.	Lompoc	300,000	Sept. 4, '00	31,415
London Crude Oil Co.	Santa Monica	500,000	June 12, '01	33,468
London-Paris Cloak Co.	Oakland	20,000	Jan. 2, '01	32,107
Lone Hill Oil and Mining Co.	San Francisco	1,000,000	Jan. 24, '02	34,710
Lone Star Co-operative Imp't Ass'n.	Lone Star	None	Aug. 2, '01	33,779
Long Beach Bath House Co.	Long Beach	200,000	May 19, '02	35,502
Long Beach Gas Co.	Long Beach	100,000	July 18, '00	31,157
Long Beach Monthly Meeting of the Friends Church of Long Beach	Long Beach	None	Jan. 26, '02	34,721
Long Beach Savings Bank	Long Beach	25,000	Feb. 1, '02	34,765
Long Beach Social Club	Long Beach	None	April 8, '02	35,200
Loomis Fruit-Growers' Association	Loomis	None	April 29, '01	33,064
Lorbeer Laundry Machine Co.	Los Angeles	25,000	July 25, '01	33,742
Lordsburg Brick and Construction Co.	Lordsburg	10,000	June 28, '01	33,608
Lordsburg Lumber Co.	Lordsburg	10,000	Jan. 30, '01	32,380
Lordsburg Water Co.	Los Angeles	36,000	Dec. 5, '00	31,920
Lorraine Mining Co.	San Francisco	500,000	May 3, '01	33,095

State Corporations--Continued.

Name.	Place of Business.	Capital Stock.	Filed.	No.
Los Angeles Abstract and Trust Co.	Los Angeles	\$1,000,000	Jan. 24, '01	32,315
Los Angeles Assaying and Refining Co..	Los Angeles	10,000	April 3, '02	35,158
Los Angeles Athletic Club	Los Angeles	25,000	Feb. 3, '02	34,779
Los Angeles Base Ball Association	Los Angeles	10,000	July 20, '00	31,166
Los Angeles Bowling Investment Co....	Los Angeles	100,000	Sept. 23, '01	34,000
Los Angeles Building and Supply Co....	Los Angeles	50,000	June 19, '02	35,711
Los Angeles Business Men's Ass'n	Los Angeles	25,000	Feb. 28, '02	34,938
Los Angeles City Directory Co.....	Los Angeles	20,000	Nov. 20, '00	31,833
Los Angeles City Oil Co.....	Los Angeles	1,000,000	Oct. 10, '00	31,613
Los Angeles Coffee Club Association	Los Angeles	None	Oct. 7, '01	34,073
Los Angeles College of Law	Los Angeles	None	April 5, '02	35,171
Los Angeles County Co-operative Ass'n.	Los Angeles	None	Aug. 19, '01	33,858
Los Angeles Co-operators	Los Angeles	None	Dec. 21, '01	34,502
Los Angeles Democrat Co.....	Los Angeles	10,000	Jan. 14, '02	34,630
Los Angeles Driving Club	Los Angeles	None	Nov. 28, '00	31,880
Los Angeles Foundry Co.....	Los Angeles	25,000	April 2, '02	35,154
Los Angeles Glass Co.....	Los Angeles	250,000	Feb. 18, '01	32,546
Los Angeles Hospital	Los Angeles	25,000	Dec. 19, '01	34,493
Los Angeles Land Association	Los Angeles	500,000	Feb. 27, '02	34,924
Los Angeles Land Co.....	Los Angeles	250,000	Nov. 11, '01	34,257
Los Angeles Land and Water Co.....	Los Angeles	100,000	June 21, '01	33,559
Los Angeles Litholite Co.....	Los Angeles	100,000	Feb. 10, '02	34,827
Los Angeles Manufacturing Co.....	Los Angeles	50,000	Feb. 1, '02	34,766
Los Angeles Mining Stock Association	Los Angeles	25,000	May 9, '02	35,585
Los Angeles Oaxaca M. and M. Co.	Los Angeles	100,000	Dec. 31, '00	32,099
Los Angeles Oil and Investment Co.	Los Angeles	100,000	July 18, '00	31,155
Los Angeles Oil Producers' Association	Los Angeles	20,000	May 9, '01	33,136
Los Angeles Oil Refining Co.....	Los Angeles	350,000	Feb. 2, '01	32,405
Los Angeles Pacific Boulevard and Development Co.	Los Angeles	1,000,000	Nov. 18, '01	34,293
Los Angeles Petroleum Co.....	Los Angeles	200,000	Feb. 14, '01	32,511
Los Angeles Piano Co.....	Los Angeles	1,000,000	Nov. 7, '01	34,240
Los Angeles Real Estate and Trust Co..	Los Angeles	25,000	Aug. 8, '01	33,807
Los Angeles Realty Syndicate	Los Angeles	200,000	June 21, '02	35,724
Los Angeles Stove and Mfg. Co.....	Los Angeles	25,000	July 25, '01	33,741
Los Angeles Sugar Co.....	Los Angeles	3,000,000	Jan. 19, '01	32,270
Los Angeles Trading Stamp Co.	Los Angeles	7,500	Sept. 14, '01	33,964
Los Angeles Traffic Association	Los Angeles	None	Sept. 13, '00	31,450
Los Angeles Trust Co.....	Los Angeles	1,000,000	Jan. 17, '02	34,659
Los Angeles Union Painters' Club	Los Angeles	None	Jan. 29, '02	34,739
Los Angeles Well Tool Works	Los Angeles	50,000	Jan. 15, '01	32,221
Los Angeles Wrecking Co.....	Los Angeles	20,000	April 2, '01	32,865
Los Angeles Yacht Club Land Ass'n	Los Angeles	50,000	Mar. 26, '02	35,113
Los Angeles and Yukon Mining Co.	Los Angeles	400,000	Oct. 12, '00	31,619
Los Baños Athletic Club	Los Baños	None	April 3, '01	32,872
Los Gatos Canneries	San Francisco	100,000	Mar. 24, '02	35,095
Los Gatos Oil Co.....	San José	500,000	Feb. 14, '01	32,516
Los Molinos Coffee Co.....	San Francisco	50,000	Mar. 4, '01	32,680
Los Osos Mining Co.....	San Francisco	100,000	Dec. 29, '00	32,082
Louis H. Bien Co.....	San Francisco	20,000	Oct. 16, '01	34,112
Louis K. Gold Mining Co.....	Oakland	200,000	Jan. 31, '01	32,387
Louis Phillips Estate	Los Angeles	100,000	Aug. 12, '01	33,826
Low Yuet Merchants Club	San Francisco	None	Jan. 22, '01	32,289
Lower Extension Ditch Co.	Farmerville	4,000	April 8, '02	35,203
Lower Kern Oil and Land Develop'nt Co.	Sacramento	500,000	July 13, '01	33,688
L. P. Degen Belting Co.	San Francisco	75,000	Jan. 3, '02	34,560
L. S. Burt Home for Sick and Injured Co.	Los Angeles	25,000	May 17, '02	35,497
Lucania Mining Co.....	San Francisco	15,000	Dec. 2, '01	34,381
Lucera Oil and Development Co.....	Stockton	250,000	Jan. 15, '01	32,219
Lucero Gold Mining Co.....	Los Angeles	120,000	July 29, '01	33,764
Luckenbach & Co.....	Los Angeles	50,000	Aug. 16, '00	31,305
Lucky Nine Oil Co.....	Bakersfield	600,000	July 24, '00	31,187
Ludwig Catering Co.....	San Francisco	5,000	Aug. 8, '00	31,259
Lud Zobel Co.....	San Francisco	500,000	Dec. 11, '01	34,436
Luehning Company	Suisun	200,000	Feb. 14, '02	34,860
Lumber Dealers' Claims Department	San Francisco	5,000	Oct. 16, '00	31,649
Lundgren-Hicks Co.....	Oakland	5,000	Feb. 24, '02	34,896
Lusk Cab Co.....	Los Angeles	10,000	Oct. 2, '00	31,559
Lustro Oil Co.....	Randsburg	1,000,000	April 15, '01	32,972
Lutheran Christ Church of Alameda	Oakland	None	May 27, '02	35,569
Lyons Boles Co.....	Fresno	50,000	Feb. 8, '01	32,447

State Corporations—Continued.

Name.	Place of Business.	Capital Stock.	Filed.	No.
Mackintosh Oil Co.	San Francisco	\$360,000	Dec. 26, '00	32,056
Mackiernan Co.	Los Angeles	60,000	Jan. 23, '01	32,300
Madera County Crude Oil Co.	Fresno	50,000	Aug. 7, '01	33,804
Madera Crude Oil Co.	Madera	100,000	July 12, '00	31,121
Madera Granite Co.	San Francisco	200,000	Mar. 20, '02	35,070
Madera Panoche Oil Co.	Madera	1,000,000	Jan. 31, '01	32,385
Madera Sewerage Co.	Fresno	30,000	July 20, '01	33,715
Madison Mercantile Co.	San Francisco	25,000	Mar. 17, '02	35,042
Madison Warehouse Co.	Woodland	15,000	June 12, '02	35,666
Magdalena River Colonization Co.	Riverside	500,000	Oct. 5, '00	31,582
Magnesia Asbestos Supply Co.	San Francisco	100,000	Dec. 3, '01	34,391
Magnetic Oil Co.	Los Angeles	200,000	April 22, '01	33,019
Magnolia Commercial Co.	North Ontario	20,000	Mar. 5, '01	32,686
Magnolia Mining Co.	San Francisco	64,000	Dec. 5, '00	31,923
M. A. Gunst Cigar Co.	San Francisco	40,000	June 5, '01	33,355
Main Investment Co.	Santa Ana	50,000	June 24, '01	33,584
Maine State Oil Co.	San Francisco	250,000	Jan. 16, '01	32,245
Maison Riche Catering Co.	San Francisco	50,000	Mar. 17, '02	35,030
Maldonado, Greatzer & Co.	San Francisco	25,000	May 10, '01	33,153
Mammoth Coal Co.	Los Angeles	500,000	May 4, '01	33,101
Mammoth Crude Oil Co.	Los Angeles	250,200	Jan. 3, '01	32,119
Mammoth Electric Co.	Hanford	5,000,000	Oct. 5, '00	31,585
Mammoth Power Co.	Hanford	5,000,000	Oct. 22, '00	31,679
Manasse Block Tanning Co.	Oakland	100,000	Oct. 1, '00	31,553
Manhattan Beach Co.	Los Angeles	150,000	Sept. 7, '01	33,947
Manhattan Loan Co.	San Francisco	25,000	Nov. 19, '01	34,306
Manhattan Oil and Gas Co.	Bakersfield	500,000	Mar. 30, '01	32,846
Manhattan Resturant Co.	San Diego	25,000	Mar. 8, '02	34,982
Mansfield Land and Cattle Co.	Los Angeles	100,000	April 18, '01	32,996
Mansfield Oil and Water Co.	Los Angeles	250,000	July 16, '00	31,145
Manteca Hall Association.	Manteca	2,000	Feb. 13, '02	34,849
Manufacturers' Collecting Agency.	San Francisco	1,000	Nov. 19, '01	34,304
Marigold Mining and Milling Co.	Whittier	24,000	May 11, '02	35,659
Marguerite Mining and Development Co.	San Francisco	1,000,000	Feb. 13, '01	32,500
Marin County Ice Co.	San Rafael	15,000	June 24, '02	35,738
Marin Western Real Estate and Improvement Co.	Sausalito	30,000	July 12, '00	31,124
Marine Exchange	San Francisco	5,000	Jan. 11, '02	34,617
Marine Gasoline Engineer Association.	San Francisco	None	Dec. 30, '01	34,541
Marine Investment Co.	San Francisco	500,000	Jan. 15, '02	34,642
Marine Life Saving Co.	San Francisco	500,000	June 25, '01	33,568
Mariposa Electrical Co.	San Francisco	500,000	July 11, '01	33,667
Mariposa Mining and Development Co.	San Francisco	200,000	June 13, '02	35,675
Mariposa Oil Co.	Oakland	500,000	Sept. 21, '00	31,505
Mariposa Oil Co.	Oakland	200,000	Feb. 23, '01	32,585
Maritime Conserving Co.	Los Angeles	25,000	Sept. 28, '00	31,534
Maritime Oil Co.	San Francisco	500,000	May 18, '01	33,210
Mark Hanna Oil and Mineral Co.	Willows	500,000	April 30, '01	33,067
Mars Consolidated Quartz Mining and Milling Co.	Nevada City	25,000	Sept. 14, '01	33,963
Marshall Floor and Supply Co.	Los Angeles	25,000	Nov. 11, '01	34,261
Marvin Showler Hide Co.	San Francisco	50,000	Nov. 7, '01	34,233
Marysville Woolen Mills	Marysville	100,000	Dec. 13, '00	31,981
Mascot, The	Oakland	25,000	May 29, '01	33,287
Mascot Oil Co.	Bakersfield	500,000	Nov. 11, '01	34,260
Mason Hardware Co.	Ukiah	10,000	April 5, '01	32,884
Masonic Temple Association	San Diego	100,000	Oct. 29, '01	34,191
Masonic Temple Association	Santa Ana	20,000	Jan. 11, '02	34,606
Massie Gold Mining Co.	San Francisco	100,000	April 12, '01	32,935
Master Carpenters' Association	San Diego	None	Aug. 6, '01	33,798
Master Horseshoers' Association	San Francisco	None	Feb. 11, '02	34,833
Master Painters' Association	San Diego	None	May 5, '02	35,418
Mastick-Morrison Co.	San Francisco	25,000	Mar. 14, '02	35,016
Mastodon Copper Co.	San Bernardino	100,000	Sept. 15, '00	31,464
Matheson Mining Co.	Los Angeles	100,000	Mar. 15, '01	32,751
Matson Navigation Co.	San Francisco	1,500,000	Feb. 9, '01	32,463
Matthews-Abbott Co.	Salinas City	72,200	Aug. 27, '01	33,886
Mattole Paraffine Oil Co.	San Francisco	250,000	Aug. 18, '00	31,317
Maturing Investment Co.	Los Angeles	24,500	Jan. 30, '02	34,753
Maud & Coleman	Los Angeles	25,000	May 29, '02	35,589

State Corporations--Continued.

Name.	Place of Business.	Capital Stock.	Filed.	No.
Mauzy & Reid Co.	San Francisco	\$100,000	Feb. 9, '01	32,461
Mavlis Oil Co.	Los Angeles	750,000	Nov. 16, '00	31,808
Maximus Oil Co.	Tulare	1,000,000	Feb. 23, '01	32,598
Mayflower Oil Co.	Fresno	250,000	Sept. 15, '00	31,469
May Oil Co.	Los Angeles	200,000	May 7, '02	35,433
Maypole Mining Co.	Stockton	100,000	July 28, '00	31,209
Maywood Colonies Canning and Olive Pickling Co.	Corning	50,000	Mar. 16, '01	32,758
M. B. Kavanagh Co.	Belvidere	10,000	May 9, '01	33,137
M. B. Moraghan Oyster Co.	San Francisco	100,000	Dec. 12, '00	31,973
McAllister Estate Co.	San Francisco	21,600	Dec. 10, '01	34,433
McAllister, Woodside & Co.	San Francisco	20,000	Nov. 12, '01	34,263
McClellan-Kaust Co.	Los Angeles	35,000	Feb. 11, '01	32,476
McCloud River Association	San Francisco	20,000	Aug. 17, '00	31,309
McCormick-Hauptman Lumber Co.	San Francisco	50,000	April 7, '02	35,191
McCune-Baughman Shoe Co.	San Francisco	150,000	Mar. 6, '01	32,694
McEwen Bros.	San Francisco	25,000	Jan. 18, '02	34,672
McKee Co.	San Francisco	150,000	June 24, '01	33,569
McKendrick Plastic Tile and Marble Finish Co.	San Francisco	100,000	Jan. 23, '02	34,698
McKinley Gold and Copper Co. of Providence Mountains	Los Angeles	500,000	May 2, '02	35,400
McKittrick Eagle Oil Co.	Bakersfield	250,000	Jan. 17, '01	32,249
McKittrick Extension Oil Co.	Bakersfield	350,000	Nov. 1, '00	31,734
McKittrick Oil and Commercial Co.	San Francisco	1,000,000	May 1, '01	33,079
McKittrick Oil and Land Co.	San Francisco	500,000	Mar. 16, '01	32,755
McKittrick Star Oil Co.	Bakersfield	100,000	Nov. 16, '00	31,807
McNab Oil Co.	Santa Cruz	500,000	Feb. 28, '01	32,638
McWhorter Oil Co.	Bakersfield	200,000	Nov. 1, '00	31,736
Meadow Lake Reduction Co.	Sacramento	150,000	May 22, '02	35,542
Medina Oil Co.	San Diego	500,000	Jan. 10, '01	32,183
Mellis & Co.	San Francisco	25,000	April 24, '01	33,028
Meiss-Hunt Alaska Mining and Investment Co.	Sacramento	25,000	Jan. 25, '02	34,720
Memorial Copper Co.	Redding	250,000	Nov. 22, '01	34,326
Memphi Oil Co.	Los Angeles	200,000	Jan. 22, '01	32,295
Mendenhall Springs Co.	San Francisco	20,000	Oct. 30, '01	34,194
Mendocino Copper King Mining Co.	Cloverdale	200,000	June 3, '01	33,319
Mendocino Coast Oil Co.	San Francisco	100,000	Aug. 26, '01	33,885
Mendocino Electric Quicksilver Mining Co.	Cloverdale	100,000	Mar. 1, '01	32,658
Mendocino Lighting Co.	San Francisco	25,000	Sept. 5, '01	33,930
Mentone Power Co.	Los Angeles	500,000	Aug. 16, '01	33,848
Mercantile Crude Oil Co.	San Francisco	200,000	Dec. 18, '00	32,007
Mercantile and Investment Co.	Los Angeles	250,000	Dec. 7, '00	31,939
Mercantile Refining Co.	San Francisco	300,000	Nov. 9, '01	34,252
Merced Rochdale Co.	Merced	None	Nov. 2, '01	34,212
Mercedes Oil and Development Co.	San Francisco	600,000	Mar. 7, '01	32,700
Merchants' Athletic Club	San Francisco	1,000	Nov. 12, '00	31,788
Merchants' Athletic Club	San José	None	Jan. 29, '01	32,371
Merchants' Co-operative Co.	San Francisco	5,000	Nov. 26, '00	31,872
Merchants' Drayage and Warehouse Co.	San Francisco	150,000	July 18, '01	33,702
Merchants' Exchange	San Francisco	None	July 20, '01	33,718
Merchants' Exchange of San Francisco	San Francisco	None	June 5, '01	33,351
Merchants' Exchange Mutual Benefit Association	San Francisco	None	April 9, '02	35,213
Merchants' Gas and Electric Co.	San Francisco	1,000,000	Sept. 20, '00	31,497
Merchants' Ice and Cold Storage Co.	Los Angeles	500,000	Mar. 31, '02	35,138
Merchants' Investment Oil Co.	Los Angeles	800,000	Sept. 22, '00	31,509
Merchants' Transportation Co.	San Francisco	50,000	Dec. 29, '00	32,081
Merchants' Tug-Boat Co. of Manila	San Francisco	200,000	Oct. 12, '00	31,621
Mercury Mining Co.	San Francisco	100,000	Oct. 21, '01	34,133
Mercy Polyclinic for the Sick Poor	San Francisco	None	Aug. 31, '00	31,388
Mericos Oil Co.	Los Angeles	100,000	Nov. 7, '01	34,239
Meridian Oil Co.	Bakersfield	500,000	Aug. 31, '00	31,399
Merriam Company	Oakland	10,000	Nov. 2, '00	31,743
Merryfield Water Co.	Colton	30,000	Aug. 29, '00	31,376
Mesa Development Co.	Porterville	50,000	Dec. 18, '00	32,009
Mescalitan Island Oil and Development Co.	San Francisco	600,000	Mar. 27, '01	32,827

State Corporations—Continued.

Name.	Place of Business.	Capital Stock.	Filed.	No.
Mesquite Oil Co.	Los Angeles	\$400,000	July 19, '00	31,162
Metal Extracting and Refining Co.	Los Angeles	25,000	May 21, '02	35,514
Methodist Episcopal Church	San Dimas	None	May 3, '01	33,088
Methodist Episcopal Church	Gilroy	None	Jan. 4, '02	34,566
Methodist Episcopal Church of Red Bluff	Red Bluff	None	May 16, '02	35,492
Metropolitan Investment Co.	San Francisco	50,000	Mar. 17, '02	35,040
Metropolitan Powder Co.	San Francisco	200,000	Mar. 25, '02	35,101
Metzger-Myers Co.	San Francisco	10,000	Oct. 5, '01	34,067
Mexican Asiatic Co.	San Francisco	500,000	Feb. 5, '02	34,790
Mexican Asphalt Paving and Construction Co.	Los Angeles	500,000	June 20, '02	35,722
Mexican Colonization Land and Development Bureau	Los Angeles	500,000	Jan. 17, '01	32,253
Mexican Eureka Mining Co.	San Rafael	200,000	April 12, '01	32,941
Mexican Petroleum Co.	Los Angeles	10,000,000	Dec. 20, '00	32,029
Mexican Steamship Co.	San Francisco	100,000	Oct. 15, '00	31,640
Mexican Oil and Development Co.	Los Angeles	10,000,000	Oct. 8, '00	31,593
M. Hart	San Francisco	10,000	Feb. 23, '01	32,605
Midas Oil Co.	Chico	300,000	Mar. 22, '01	32,786
Middle California Oil Land and Dev. Co.	San Francisco	600,000	July 5, '01	33,638
Middle River Farming Co.	Los Angeles	750,000	Dec. 16, '01	34,475
Middle Yuba Mining Co.	San Francisco	200,000	Nov. 4, '01	34,222
Midnight Oil Co.	Bakersfield	500,000	Feb. 15, '01	32,525
Miles Standish Oil Co.	Oakland	200,000	May 31, '01	33,302
Military and Navy Athletic Club	Los Angeles	None	June 19, '02	35,708
Millbrae Oil Co.	San Francisco	200,000	Feb. 12, '01	32,488
Miller Mining Co.	Brownville	1,000,000	Feb. 12, '02	34,844
Miller Oil Co.	San Francisco	110,000	Feb. 6, '01	32,436
Mills Land and Water Co.	Pomona	6,000	April 29, '01	33,055
Mill Valley Publishing Co.	Mill Valley	1,500	May 1, '01	33,078
Milpitas Land and Livestock Co.	San José	339,000	May 4, '01	33,112
Milton Oil and Development Co.	San Francisco	10,000	June 7, '01	33,414
Mingo Mountain Mining Co.	San Francisco	400,000	Sept. 28, '01	34,029
Miniature Portrait Co.	San Francisco	10,000	July 13, '01	33,677
Mining Agency Co.	Los Angeles	75,000	Mar. 5, '02	34,961
Minnehaha M. & M. Co. of Indian Creek	Los Angeles	300,000	Jan. 15, '02	34,646
Minnehaha Oil Co.	Los Angeles	200,000	Sept. 21, '00	31,503
Minnewawa Creamery and Supply Co.	Fresno	10,000	Mar. 2, '01	32,662
Minnesota Oil Co.	Fresno	250,000	Feb. 20, '01	32,566
Minor Ranch Oil Co.	Corning	250,000	Feb. 23, '01	32,594
Miocene Oil Co.	Stockton	500,000	July 15, '01	33,691
Miocene Ditch Co.	San Francisco	1,000,000	Feb. 27, '02	34,918
Mission Imp. Building and Loan Ass'n	San Francisco	500,000	Jan. 22, '02	34,687
Mission Meat Co.	San Francisco	5,000	Feb. 26, '02	34,910
Mission Transportation and Refining Co.	Los Angeles	2,500,000	Aug. 1, '01	33,775
Mitchell Steamship Co.	San Francisco	1,000,000	Aug. 20, '00	31,325
M. K. & T. Oil Co.	Oakland	300,000	Jan. 15, '01	32,225
M. Levy & Co. Inc.	Los Angeles	100,000	Aug. 29, '01	33,898
Model Social Club	Oakland	None	Nov. 10, '00	31,776
Modern Home Realty Co.	San Francisco	100,000	Feb. 3, '02	34,776
Modesto Midway Oil Co.	Modesto	425,000	April 12, '01	32,951
Modoc Building Co.	Alturas	10,000	June 14, '02	35,683
Modoc Water Co.	Bakersfield	10,000	Mar. 15, '01	32,749
Mohawk Oil Co.	Bakersfield	250,000	July 5, '00	31,082
Mojave Copper Co.	Bakersfield	1,000,000	Mar. 31, '02	35,131
Mojave Mining and Milling Co.	Los Angeles	500,000	Feb. 23, '01	32,586
Mokelumne Land and Dairy Co.	San Francisco	250,000	Dec. 11, '00	31,968
Monahan & Murphy Co.	S. B'nardino Co.	200,000	May 23, '01	33,248
Monahan & Co.	San Francisco	12,000	May 3, '02	35,404
Monarch Advertising Curtain Co.	San Francisco	5,000	Jan. 31, '01	32,389
Monarch Crude Oil Co.	Los Angeles	300,000	Dec. 3, '00	31,906
Monarch Petroleum Co.	Los Angeles	130,000	June 4, '01	33,345
Mondoro Mining and Milling Co.	Los Angeles	100,000	Jan. 7, '01	32,151
Moneta Co-operative Union	Moneta	None	June 24, '01	33,574
Moneta Oil Co.	San Francisco	250,000	Jan. 21, '01	32,277
Monmouth Oil and Refinery Co.	San Francisco	250,000	Feb. 23, '01	32,603
Mono Marble Co.	Oakland	100,000	Sept. 12, '00	31,442
Monrovia Bee-Keepers' Association	[Monrovia]	300	June 19, '02	35,710
Monrovia Steam Laundry Co.	Los Angeles Co.	5,000	Sept. 3, '01	33,920

State Corporations—Continued.

Name.	Place of Business.	Capital Stock.	Filed.	No.
Montana-Fresno Oil Co.	Fresno	\$280,000	Jan. 14, '01	32,217
Montana-Los Angeles Oil Co.	Los Angeles	75,000	May 1, '01	33,070
Monte Carlo Mining Co.	San Francisco	25,000	May 5, '02	35,622
Montecito Improvement Co.	San Francisco	30,000	Dec. 3, '00	31,898
Monte Cristo Gold Mining Co. of Alaska	Oakland	5,000,000	Aug. 15, '00	31,300
Monte Cristo Mining and Oil Co.	Santa Barbara	28,000	Nov. 28, '00	31,879
Monterey County Water Co.	San Francisco	500,000	Sept. 26, '01	34,018
Monterey Gas and Electric Co.	Los Angeles	200,000	May 6, '02	35,425
Monterey Quicksilver Mining Co.	King City	200,000	Nov. 20, '01	34,311
Monterey Wheel Co.	Monterey	100,000	Mar. 5, '02	34,959
Montgomery & Mullin Lumber Co.	Los Angeles	100,000	Jan. 2, '02	34,552
Monticello Oil Co.	Napa City	400,000	Oct. 31, '00	31,733
Mont Pelee Oil Co.	San Francisco	150,000	June 30, '02	35,763
Moon Gold Mining Co.	Valley Springs	75,000	Nov. 7, '00	31,763
Moore & Cook Co.	Eureka	10,000	May 21, '02	35,516
Moore Floor Co.	Los Angeles	5,000	May 15, '01	33,189
Morgan Valley Oil Co.	Knoxville	200,000	April 17, '01	32,986
Morning-glory Gold Mining Co.	Pasadena	500,000	June 6, '01	33,375
Morning Star Oil Co.	Fresno	100,000	Jan. 14, '01	32,216
Morris-Jones Oil and Fuel Co.	Los Angeles	100,000	July 9, '00	31,103
Morse Investment Co.	San José	10,000	April 13, '01	32,960
Morton Mining and Milling Co.	San Francisco	100,000	Aug. 10, '00	31,269
Mossbrae Falls Water and Power Co.	Dunsmuir	25,000	April 10, '01	32,933
Motor Manufacturing Co.	Eureka	25,000	Feb. 21, '01	32,582
Mount Alamo Mining Co.	Bakersfield	250,000	Dec. 6, '01	34,415
Mount Campbell Improvement Co.	Fresno	100,000	Jan. 24, '02	34,702
Mount Hamilton Oil Co.	Fresno	200,000	Jan. 10, '01	32,180
Mount Hood Mining Co.	San José	120,000	Oct. 10, '00	31,604
Mount Lassen Power Co.	San Francisco	1,000,000	July 17, '00	31,151
Mount Oso Oil Co.	Grayson	24,000	May 16, '01	33,193
Mount Pleasant Consolidated Gold Mining Co.	[San Andreas]	200,000	April 23, '02	35,317
Mount San Bernardino Power Co.	Los Angeles	200,000	Feb. 20, '01	32,574
Mount Shasta Athletic Club	Redding	5,000	Jan. 7, '02	34,583
Mount Shasta Oil and Development Co.	San Francisco	250,000	July 12, '00	31,123
Mount St. Helena Mining Co.	Napa	100,000	Jan. 18, '01	32,259
Mount St. John Oil and Developm't Co.	Napa	500,000	Dec. 15, '00	31,997
Mount Zion Congregational Church of Christ at Railroad Flat	[Railroad Flat]	None	Jan. 31, '02	34,756
Mount Zion Oil and Development Co.	San Francisco	500,000	Feb. 23, '01	32,593
Mountain Boy Oil Co.	Fresno	100,000	Feb. 25, '01	32,615
Mountain Chief Oil Co.	San Francisco	160,000	Nov. 24, '00	31,861
Mountain Queen Gold Mining Co.	San Francisco	500,000	Dec. 5, '00	31,914
Mountain Summit Lime Co.	Los Angeles	50,000	April 1, '01	32,855
Mountain View Orange and Lemon Growers' Association	North Ontario	8,000	July 10, '01	33,664
Mountain Water and Electric Co.	[Stockton]	25,000	May 27, '01	33,274
Mrs. Nettie Harrison Co.	San Francisco	75,000	May 7, '02	35,641
M. S. Dollar Steamship Co.	San Francisco	250,000	July 27, '00	31,197
Mucho Dinero Oil Co.	Stockton	500,000	Feb. 23, '01	32,601
Mueller-Brown Co.	San Francisco	25,000	Jan. 3, '02	34,564
Muller-Byrne Co.	San Francisco	25,000	July 17, '01	33,699
Mundorf Mercantile Co.	Sonora	25,000	Jan. 10, '02	34,605
Murasaki Social and Literary Club	San Francisco	None	Feb. 7, '02	34,812
Murdoch-Bailey-Schiffer Co.	San Francisco	25,000	Dec. 12, '01	34,441
Murdock Land Co.	Chico	100,000	Dec. 3, '00	31,902
Murphy, Grant & Co.	San Francisco	1,000,000	May 18, '01	33,206
Murray M. Harris Organ Co.	Los Angeles	100,000	July 16, '00	31,144
Murrieta Oil and Development Co.	Los Angeles	200,000	Aug. 4, '00	31,233
Murrieta and Piru Consolidated Oil Co.	Los Angeles	500,000	Oct. 8, '00	31,598
Mutual Aid Surety and Supply Co.	San Francisco	100,000	Dec. 28, '00	32,070
Mutual Biscuit Co.	San Francisco	50,000	May 31, '02	35,596
Mutual Building and Loan Association	San Bernardino	500,000	Sept. 24, '01	34,007
Mutual Club	Los Angeles	10,000	Nov. 30, '00	31,892
Mutual Land Co.	San Francisco	32,000	Mar. 8, '01	32,706
Mutual Loan and Investment Co.	Los Angeles	25,000	Nov. 26, '01	34,357
Mutual Oil and Mineral Land Co.	Los Angeles	200,000	Dec. 8, '00	31,947
Mutual Pipe-Line Co.	Bakersfield	100,000	May 17, '01	33,201
Nace Printing Co.	San José	5,000	April 21, '02	35,304

State Corporations--Continued.

Name.	Place of Business.	Capital Stock.	Filed.	No.
Nacimiento Oil Co.	Los Angeles	\$1,000,000	Dec. 17, '00	31,999
Nailless Lid Box Co.	San Francisco	100,000	Feb. 24, '02	34,894
Nam Ping Benevolent Association	San Francisco	None	Jan. 3, '02	34,558
Nanerth Hardware Co.	Los Angeles	25,000	Nov. 9, '01	34,254
Napa and Berryessa Valley Oil Co.	San Francisco	500,000	Dec. 5, '00	31,915
Napa County Copper Mining Co.	St. Helena	1,000,000	Aug. 23, '00	31,343
Napa Monarch Oil and Developm't Co.	Napa	500,000	Feb. 2, '01	32,409
Napa Oil and Mining Co.	Napa	1,000,000	Dec. 8, '00	31,943
Napa Rochdale Co.	Napa	None	May 12, '02	35,456
Napa Rochdale Union	Napa	None	May 29, '02	35,581
Napa Valley Nursery Co.	Napa	15,000	April 18, '02	35,284
Napa Valley Packing Co.	San Francisco	250,000	July 13, '01	33,687
Napoleon Oil Co.	Bakersfield	500,000	Nov. 7, '00	31,760
Napayas Oil Company of California	San Francisco	500,000	Feb. 28, '01	32,641
Nash Grocery Co.	Pasadena	25,000	Dec. 3, '01	34,393
National Automatic Furnace Mills Co. of California	Los Angeles	500,000	Jan. 24, '02	34,701
National Box Factory	San Francisco	50,000	Sept. 27, '00	31,531
National City Fruit Association	National City	600	Dec. 4, '00	31,909
National Coin Holder Co.	San Francisco	25,000	Jan. 18, '02	34,665
National Dairy Co.	San Francisco	10,150	July 9, '01	33,655
National Fancet Co.	San Francisco	25,000	April 10, '01	32,922
National Fibre Co.	San Francisco	500,000	Nov. 26, '01	34,352
National Gas Governor Co.	San Francisco	100,000	Oct. 31, '00	31,732
National Investment Co.	San Francisco	600,000	Jan. 16, '01	32,244
National Manufacturing Co.	San Francisco	250,000	Feb. 7, '01	32,444
National Oil and Investment Co.	Oakland	500,000	Feb. 8, '01	32,449
National Orange Co.	Riverside	800,000	Oct. 11, '01	34,097
National Packing and Cold Storage Co.	San Francisco	50,000	April 15, '02	35,260
National Paraffine Oil Co.	Oakland	500,000	Dec. 24, '00	32,047
National Portable Conveyor Co.	San Francisco	75,000	Oct. 2, '01	34,051
National Securities Co.	San Francisco	251,000	Jan. 28, '02	34,732
National Sporting Club	San Francisco	25,000	Dec. 17, '00	32,002
National Steam Grate Bar Co.	San Francisco	1,000,000	Jan. 17, '02	34,654
National Steamship Co.	San Francisco	200,000	June 24, '01	33,576
National Tooth Crown Co.	San Francisco	5,000	Dec. 13, '00	31,980
National Undertaking Co.	Oakland	25,000	Aug. 10, '01	33,818
National Vinegar and Pickle Co.	Los Angeles	25,000	Sept. 13, '01	33,961
Native Daughters' Improvement Club	S. Buenaventura	None	Nov. 2, '01	34,214
Natural Gas Oil and Development Co.	Visalia	250,000	June 15, '01	33,515
Natural Oil Co.	San Francisco	200,000	Aug. 23, '00	31,347
Naught Five Oil Co.	Los Angeles	200,000	Feb. 1, '01	32,399
Needles Methodist Episcopal Church	Needles	None	June 20, '02	35,720
Needles Oil Co.	Bakersfield	500,000	Dec. 31, '00	32,091
Needles Smelting Co.	Needles	50,000	Aug. 16, '00	31,306
Neo Capilli Co.	San Francisco	300,000	June 6, '01	33,386
Neptune Development Co.	San Francisco	1,500	Sept. 26, '00	31,526
Neptune Oil and Development Co.	Fresno	150,000	Nov. 24, '00	31,853
Neuhaas & Co.	San Francisco	50,000	Nov. 19, '00	31,824
Neukluk Alaska Mining Co.	San Francisco	250,000	Jan. 4, '01	32,128
Neustadter Brothers	San Francisco	1,000,000	Dec. 20, '00	32,021
Nevada Consolidated Mining and Reduction Co.	San Bernardino	200,000	Nov. 30, '00	31,889
Nevada County Bank	Grass Valley	50,000	Oct. 12, '00	31,620
Nevada County Gas and Electric Co.	San Francisco	100,000	May 28, '01	33,282
Nevada County Oil Co.	Nevada City	250,000	Sept. 22, '00	31,513
Nevada Mining and Smelting Co.	Los Angeles	500,000	June 14, '01	33,495
Nevada Oil Co.	San Francisco	500,000	Feb. 5, '01	32,424
Nevada Power, Light, and Water Co.	San Francisco	400,000	May 20, '01	33,221
New Bedrock Gold and Silver Mining Co.	San Francisco	250,000	April 17, '02	35,278
New Bunker Hill Mining Co.	San Francisco	100,000	April 28, '02	35,350
New California Athletic Club	San Francisco	1,000	Aug. 20, '01	33,863
New California Auction Co.	San Francisco	10,000	June 14, '01	33,496
New California Consolidated Quicksilver Mining Co.	San Francisco	50,000	June 21, '02	35,730
New Cash Store Co.	Sacramento	10,000	June 12, '01	33,474
Newcastle Fruit-Growers' Association	Newcastle	None	May 11, '01	33,162
Newcastle Rochdale Co.	Newcastle	None	May 21, '02	35,518
New Era Oil Co.	San Francisco	500,000	Jan. 8, '01	32,162
New Era Oil and Water Co.	Kern	500,000	Aug. 8, '00	31,257

State Corporations—Continued.

Name.	Place of Business.	Capital Stock.	Filed.	No.
New Franklin Oil and Refining Co.	Los Angeles	\$300,000	Oct. 30, '01	34,196
New Gold Bar Mining and Milling Co.	San Francisco	500,000	Mar. 18, '02	35,046
New Golden Crown Mining Co.	San Diego	1,000,000	April 24, '02	35,323
New Independence Quartz Mining Co.	San Francisco	250,000	Jan. 28, '02	34,733
New Jerusalem Church of Los Angeles.	Los Angeles	None	May 22, '01	33,235
New Jupiter Light Oil Co.	Lemoore	500,000	May 17, '01	33,200
New Method Co-operative Laundry Co.	Los Angeles	25,000	July 13, '01	33,681
New Mohawk Mining Co. of Nevada Co.	Sacramento	50,000	Mar. 26, '02	35,110
New Montezuma Mining Co.	San Francisco	200,000	July 20, '01	33,720
New Puritan Oil Co.	San José	100,000	June 5, '01	33,356
New Richmond Oil Co.	Fresno County	200,000	April 13, '01	32,961
New San Francisco Crude Oil Co.	San Francisco	40,000	Jan. 17, '02	34,658
New Vienna Model Bakery	San Francisco	25,000	Aug. 19, '01	33,861
New Western Mining and Milling Co.	Los Angeles	200,000	Dec. 28, '01	34,534
New Weldon Oil Co.	San Francisco	100,000	April 26, '02	35,343
New York Oil and Development Co.	Bakersfield	200,000	Nov. 15, '00	31,805
New York Oil and Improvement Co.	Los Angeles	777,000	Oct. 20, '00	31,671
New York Turkish Baths	Los Angeles	10,000	Feb. 20, '02	34,879
Newell & McIntyre	Eureka	50,000	Sept. 18, '01	33,982
Newhall Mountain Oil Co.	Los Angeles	50,000	Oct. 19, '01	34,127
Newport Gun Club	Pomona	6,000	Mar. 2, '01	32,672
Neyen's Frost Preventer Co.	San Francisco	100,000	June 13, '02	35,670
Niagara Mining Co.	San Francisco	1,250,000	Dec. 31, '01	34,548
Niagara Summit Mining Co.	San Francisco	250,000	April 2, '02	35,153
Nichols-Curtiss Co.	Los Angeles	5,000	Dec. 13, '01	34,458
Nichols Hardware Co.	Chico	50,000	Mar. 22, '02	35,083
Nicholls Estate Co.	Dutch Flat	100,000	Mar. 4, '01	32,677
Nickels & Brown Bros.	Napa	25,000	June 3, '02	35,610
Nile Oil and Development Co.	Oakland	100,000	Feb. 14, '01	32,517
1901 Oil Co.	San Francisco	1,000,000	Feb. 2, '01	32,413
Nineteen Oil Co.	San Francisco	350,000	Feb. 20, '01	32,564
Nineteen Oil Co.	Fresno	200,000	Feb. 20, '01	32,565
Ninth Ward Republican Hall Co.	Sacramento	2,600	June 20, '01	33,547
Nippon California Tour Co.	San Francisco	50,000	May 28, '02	35,580
Nixon Placer Mining Co.	San Francisco	60,000	Feb. 7, '02	34,813
N. N. Shampoo Manufacturing Co.	San Francisco	250,000	Nov. 2, '00	31,749
Nob Hill Water Co.	Visalia	25,000	Mar. 25, '01	32,808
Nolan & George Co.	San Francisco	100,000	Aug. 19, '01	33,857
Nolan, Hewes, George & Earl	San Francisco	100,000	Oct. 21, '01	34,137
Nome Ditch Co.	Los Angeles	25,000	June 26, '02	35,752
Nome and Gloria Oil Co.	San Francisco	200,000	Jan. 28, '01	32,356
Nonnah Oil Co.	Sacramento	75,000	June 20, '01	33,550
Nonpareil Consolidated Oil Co.	San Francisco	200,000	Oct. 18, '00	31,664
Nonpareil Manufacturing Co.	San Francisco	50,000	May 8, '01	33,133
Non-Refillable Bottle Co.	San Francisco	50,000	May 31, '02	35,595
No Percentage Drug Co.	San Francisco	50,000	May 4, '01	33,110
Nordhoff Christian Church or Church of Christ	Nordhoff.	None	June 5, '01	33,357
Norma Oil Co.	Bakersfield	250,000	April 9, '01	32,915
Norman Parrish Estate	San Francisco	32,000	May 1, '01	33,076
North Alaska Canning and Packing Co.	San Francisco	200,000	July 29, '01	33,763
North America Trust Co.	San Francisco	5,000	Aug. 6, '01	33,799
North American Development Co.	Los Angeles	1,000,000	June 24, '01	34,674
North American Fishing, Trading, Shipping, and Commercial Co.	San Francisco	25,000	Feb. 3, '02	34,775
North Branch of the McNally Ditch Co.	[Inyo]	2,000	April 26, '02	35,345
North California Co.	San Francisco	100,000	Oct. 12, '00	31,623
North Coast Development Co.	San Francisco	200,000	April 21, '02	35,302
North End Water Co.	Colton	3,000	Aug. 17, '00	31,313
North Fork Association	Sacramento	5,000	Oct. 21, '01	34,135
Northland Commercial and Development Co.	San Francisco	100,000	Jan. 14, '01	32,212
North Machine Co.	San Francisco	50,000	Sept. 24, '01	34,005
North Ontario Owl Club	North Ontario	None	Jan. 20, '02	34,678
North Palomares Water Co.	Pomona	68,390	Mar. 21, '01	32,783
North Plymouth Mining Co.	San Francisco	300,000	Nov. 23, '00	31,848
North Side Commercial Co.	San Francisco	50,000	Mar. 21, '02	35,073
North Star Oil Co.	Summerland	20,000	Jan. 31, '01	32,388
Northwestern Packing Co.	San Francisco	96,000	Feb. 15, '01	32,522
Northwestern Redwood Co.	San Francisco	500,000	April 26, '01	33,045

State Corporations—Continued.

Name.	Place of Business.	Capital Stock.	Filed.	No.
Northwestern Warehouse Co.	San Francisco	\$30,000	July 14, '00	31,134
Northwood Company	Winters	25,000	May 24, '02	35,551
Northern California Athletic Club	Red Bluff	500	Aug. 7, '00	31,252
Northern California Gold Mining Co.	Redding	100,000	Oct. 13, '00	31,625
Northern California Indian Association.	San José	None	Jan. 27, '02	34,724
Northern California Medical Aid Society.	San Francisco	5,000	Feb. 12, '02	34,846
Northern California Power Co.	San Francisco	2,000,000	Mar. 13, '02	35,012
Northern California Real Estate Co.	San Francisco	75,000	May 14, '02	35,473
Northern Counties Electric Power Co.	San Francisco	250,000	June 5, '02	35,619
Northern Commercial and Mining Co.	San Francisco	50,000	Mar. 27, '01	32,826
Northern Electro Mineral Finding and Mining Co.	[Pasadena]	30,000	Dec. 14, '01	34,461
Northern Giant Oil Co.	Oakland	250,000	Feb. 6, '01	32,431
Northern Headlight M. & M. Co.	San Francisco	12,000	Aug. 10, '01	33,819
Northern Light Oil Co.	Hanford	250,000	Dec. 8, '00	31,946
Northern Oil and Development Co.	Santa Paula	75,000	July 20, '01	33,722
Northern Sierra Madre Mining Co.	San Francisco	1,000,000	Aug. 2, '01	33,778
Northern Trinity Road Co.	San Francisco	100,000	Mar. 3, '02	34,946
Norwalk Social and Athletic Club.	[Los Angeles]	None	April 3, '02	35,161
Notley Brothers	San José	50,000	Mar. 8, '01	32,704
Novitate of Los Gatos	Los Gatos	75,000	Feb. 26, '02	34,909
Noyes Land Co.	Santa Barbara	56,000	Mar. 18, '01	32,764
Noyo Land and Cattle Co.	San Francisco	50,000	June 24, '01	33,577
Nugget Bar Mining Co.	Los Angeles	50,000	Dec. 16, '01	34,478
Nunc Pro Tunc Club	Los Angeles	None	Oct. 24, '00	31,696
Oakland Asphalt Paving Co.	Oakland	100,000	Oct. 26, '00	31,719
Oakland Box Factory	Oakland	50,000	Mar. 17, '02	35,029
Oakland Carriage and Implement Co.	Oakland	20,000	Oct. 17, '00	31,659
Oakland Club	Oakland	None	Jan. 11, '02	34,618
Oakland College of Medicine and Surgery	Oakland	None	Nov. 3, '00	31,752
Oakland Cremation Association	[Oakland]	120,000	June 29, '01	33,609
Oakland Dock and Warehouse Co.	San Francisco	1,000,000	Mar. 5, '01	32,689
Oakland Electrical Co.	Oakland	25,000	July 31, '01	33,769
Oakland French Bakery Co.	Oakland	5,000	Mar. 4, '02	34,957
Oakland Harbor Development Co.	San Francisco	420,000	May 25, '01	33,261
Oakland Home Co.	Oakland	75,000	April 12, '02	35,239
Oakland Hospital and Aid Association ..	Oakland	250,000	June 4, '02	35,617
Oakland Machinery Co.	Oakland	5,000	May 6, '02	35,423
Oakland New Century Club	Oakland	None	Dec. 27, '00	32,062
Oakland Pickle Fact'y and Vinegar W'ks	[Oakland]	20,000	May 6, '02	35,432
Oakland Poultry Association	Oakland	1,000	May 15, '02	35,480
Oakland Realty and Investment Co.	Oakland	300,000	May 9, '01	33,141
Oakland Rochdale Co.	Oakland	None	Jan. 9, '01	32,167
Oakland Soda Works	Oakland	10,000	June 8, '01	33,427
Oakland Sunshine Publishing Co.	Oakland	5,000	Mar. 23, '01	32,797
Oakes Ditch Co.	Visalia	1,700	Dec. 13, '01	34,459
Oak Hill Mining Co.	Santa Cruz	42,000	Feb. 11, '02	34,837
Oasis Mining and Oil Co.	Barstow	500,000	May 10, '01	33,155
Oaxaca Mining and Investment Co.	San Francisco	350,000	Jan. 3, '02	34,565
Obispo Oil Co.	San Francisco	1,000,000	June 7, '01	33,406
O. B. Smith Co.	San Francisco	100,000	Dec. 12, '00	31,971
Occidental Oil Co.	San José	600,000	June 6, '01	33,380
Occidental and Oriental Publishing Co.	San Francisco	10,000	Oct. 23, '01	34,151
Occidental Rochdale Co.	Occidental	None	May 5, '02	35,412
Occidental Supply Co.	San Francisco	10,000	Sept. 27, '01	34,026
Occidental T. & P. Oil Co.	San Francisco	400,000	June 6, '01	33,381
Occidental Water Co.	San Francisco	500,000	April 29, '01	33,057
Ocean Bottom Gold Mining Co.	San Francisco	500,000	Nov. 22, '00	31,841
Ocean Fish Co.	San Diego	75,000	May 28, '02	35,575
Oceania Manufacturing Co.	San Francisco	25,000	May 31, '02	35,598
Ocean Park Bank	Santa Monica	25,000	Mar. 26, '02	35,111
Ocean Park Country Club	Los Angeles	None	June 10, '01	33,448
Ocean Park Floral Co.	Ocean Park	25,000	Feb. 12, '01	32,486
Ocean Park M. E. Church	Los Angeles	None	Nov. 10, '00	31,778
Oceanside Garden Co.	San Francisco	100,000	Dec. 17, '01	34,479
Oceanic Quicksilver Co.	San Francisco	100,000	July 19, '00	31,158
Ocean View Oil and Development Co.	Los Angeles	300,000	July 6, '00	31,090
Ocean View Congregational Church.	San Francisco	None	Mar. 8, '01	32,710
Ocean Wave Oil and Development Co.	San Francisco	500,000	May 9, '01	33,142

State Corporations—Continued.

Name.	Place of Business.	Capital Stock.	Filed.	No.
Otomobile Co.	San Francisco	\$100,000	Jan. 25, '02	34,712
Odd Fellows' Building Association	Orange	25,000	Aug. 4, '00	31,242
Odd Fellows' Hall and Cemetery Ass'n.	Paso Robles	None	July 6, '00	31,087
Odd Fellows' Hall Association	[Campbell]	5,000	Jan. 13, '02	34,627
Odd Fellows' Hall Association	Corona	15,000	Jan. 18, '02	34,668
O. Dwyer Company	San Francisco	50,000	Feb. 11, '01	32,482
Ogalalla Gold Mining Co.	Oakland	25,000	Feb. 26, '02	34,906
O. G. Newhall Co.	Oakland	50,000	July 1, '01	33,623
Ohio Gulch Deep Gravel Mining Co.	Oakland	50,000	May 6, '02	35,626
Ohio Ranch Co.	Los Angeles	20,000	Aug. 26, '01	33,882
Ohio Society of California	San Francisco	None	Dec. 17, '00	32,003
Oil Blast Furnace Smelting Co.	Los Angeles	1,000,000	April 21, '02	35,303
Oil Canyon Co. of Monterey County	Los Angeles	500,000	Mar. 23, '01	32,803
Oil Center Co.	Bakersfield	250,000	Aug. 25, '00	31,361
Oil Era Publishing Co.	Los Angeles	10,000	Oct. 24, '00	31,699
Oil Exchange Club	Fullerton	None	Feb. 14, '01	32,509
Oil Locating and Development Co.	Los Angeles	200,000	Oct. 10, '00	31,611
Oil Spring Co.	Bakersfield	500,000	Mar. 13, '01	32,738
Ojai Olive Co.	Ventura	25,000	Nov. 15, '01	34,278
Ojai Valley Oil Co.	Los Angeles	600,000	Aug. 4, '00	31,241
Olcorse Mining Co.	San Francisco	75,000	May 10, '02	35,455
Old Bank	Hanford	50,000	Nov. 26, '01	34,351
Old Capital Athletic Club	Monterey	None	July 23, '00	31,179
Old Capital Club	Monterey	None	April 24, '01	33,029
Old Field Oil Co.	Los Angeles	250,000	April 1, '01	32,860
Old Mission Club	Capistrano	None	Mar. 25, '01	32,813
Old Reliance Mining Co.	San Francisco	20,000	Sept. 6, '01	33,941
Old Tuolumne Mng. and Developm't Co.	Sacramento	1,000,000	Aug. 18, '00	31,323
Oleander Hall Association	Oleander	1,000	Dec. 6, '01	34,416
Olema Oil Co.	San Francisco	200,000	Oct. 2, '00	31,562
Oleo Crude Oil Co.	San Francisco	200,000	June 25, '01	33,589
Oleum Terra Co.	Los Angeles	16,000	Jan. 9, '01	32,170
Olga Oil Co.	San Francisco	250,000	Feb. 27, '01	32,630
Olinda Crude Oil Co.	Los Angeles	2,000,000	Aug. 31, '00	31,400
Olive Branch Baptist Church, Buckhorn.	Buckhorn	None	April 25, '02	35,337
Olivelands Estates Ltd.	Los Angeles	700,000	Jan. 27, '02	34,728
Olney Petroleum Co.	San Francisco	400,000	Mar. 4, '01	32,678
Olympic Crude Oil Co.	Los Angeles	300,000	Nov. 17, '00	31,820
Omar Oil Co.	Los Angeles	500,000	Sept. 14, '00	31,460
Omicron Oil Co.	San Francisco	1,000	April 29, '02	35,368
Ontario Mining and Reduction Co.	San Francisco	100,000	Feb. 8, '01	32,455
Ontario Power Co.	Los Angeles	500,000	Oct. 28, '01	34,185
Ontario Publishing Co.	Ontario	10,000	May 3, '01	33,089
Ontario Social Club	Ontario	None	May 6, '02	35,632
Op-An-Clean Window Attachment Co.	Oakland	20,000	Sept. 7, '00	31,430
Operatic and Amusement Co.	San Francisco	150,000	Sept. 19, '00	31,489
Ophir Hardware Co.	Oroville	50,000	Dec. 13, '01	34,452
Ophir Mining and Dry Concentrat'g Co.	Los Angeles	200,000	May 29, '02	35,127
Ophir Mining and Investment Co.	San Francisco	600,000	Jan. 17, '01	32,252
Orange Belt Oil Co.	Los Angeles	500,000	Sept. 4, '00	31,406
Orange City Water Co.	Orange	75,000	Sept. 23, '01	34,003
Orange County Mutual B. & L. Ass'n.	Santa Ana	200,000	Mar. 7, '01	32,696
Orchard Crude Oil Co.	San Francisco	500,000	Oct. 10, '01	34,063
Oregon and Pacific R.R. Construction Co.	San Francisco	10,000	June 16, '02	35,687
Organita Mining and Milling Co.	Los Angeles	1,000,000	Feb. 26, '02	34,913
Organita Mining Co.	Los Angeles	100,000	Jan. 7, '01	32,159
Oriental Commercial and Shipping Co.	San Francisco	25,000	July 27, '01	33,752
Oriental Fishing Co.	San Francisco	500,000	Mar. 31, '02	35,141
Oriental Portrait Importing Co.	San José	25,000	April 26, '01	33,043
Oriole Mining Co.	Los Angeles	500,000	May 10, '02	35,452
Orland Hotel Co.	Orland	20,000	April 12, '01	32,950
Oro Fino Developing Co.	Los Angeles	1,000,000	July 6, '01	33,642
Oro Fino Gold Mining Co.	San Francisco	100,000	Nov. 13, '00	31,791
Oro Fino Mining Co.	Hueneme	50,000	Mar. 28, '01	32,833
Oro Fino Oil Co.	Fresno	300,000	Feb. 7, '01	32,440
Oro Mining Co.	Escondido	200,000	April 9, '02	35,211
Oroville Light and Power Co.	San Francisco	225,000	Nov. 15, '01	34,275
Orr & Hines Co.	Los Angeles	25,000	Aug. 23, '00	31,350
Orr's Hot Springs Oil Co.	Ukiah	200,000	Mar. 18, '01	32,768
Ortega Land and Development Co.	San Francisco	1,000,000	Mar. 25, '02	35,105

State Corporations—Continued.

Name.	Place of Business.	Capital Stock.	Filed.	No.
Osborne Oil Co.	Bakersfield	\$200,000	Jan. 31, '01	32,383
Oscar Bonner Oil Co.	Los Angeles	150,000	July 13, '00	31,130
Oshkosh Gold Mining Co.	Los Angeles	1,000,000	Jan. 17, '02	34,656
Ostleyee & Co.	San Francisco	75,000	Sept. 28, '01	34,030
Osteopathic Ass'n of the State of Cal.	Los Angeles	None	Jan. 4, '01	32,126
Out West Co.	Los Angeles	150,000	Mar. 28, '02	35,122
Overland Oil Co.	Bakersfield	500,000	Nov. 20, '00	31,837
Owens Lake Borax Mining and Manufacturing Co.	San Francisco	2,500,000	Sept. 8, '00	31,433
Owens, Varney & Green.	San Francisco	15,000	Jan. 24, '01	32,314
Owl Oil Co.	San Francisco	100,000	Aug. 24, '00	31,354
Oxnard Oil Co.	Oxnard	500,000	Aug. 1, '00	31,224
Oxnard Oil Develop'nt and Trans'n Co.	Oxnard	500,000	Mar. 18, '01	32,760
Oxnard Suburban Electric Co.	[Oxnard]	10,000	May 26, '02	35,559
Oxnard Walnut-Growers' Association, ..	Oxnard	5,000	May 28, '02	35,579
Oxone Spring Co.	San Francisco	300,000	Feb. 14, '01	32,510
Packers' Exchange	San Francisco	50,000	Mar. 22, '02	35,087
Packing-House Equipment Co.	Ontario	25,000	Mar. 1, '02	34,944
Pacific Amusement Co.	Oakland	25,000	May 7, '02	35,428
Pacific Beach Fruit Association.	Pacific Beach	2,250	Jan. 22, '01	32,291
Pacific Brokerage Co.	San Francisco	75,000	May 11, '02	35,653
Pacific Casket Hardware Mfg. Co.	San Francisco	75,000	Feb. 25, '02	34,901
Pacific Cat Club	San Francisco	None	Sept. 5, '00	31,419
Pacific Charter Co.	San Francisco	12,500,000	Dec. 19, '00	32,016
Pacific Club	Santa Monica	None	Jan. 13, '02	34,626
Pacific Coast Advisory and Investment Co. Ltd.	San Francisco	20,000	April 10, '01	32,928
Pacific Coast Athletic Club	San Francisco	None	Nov. 26, '01	34,356
Pacific Coast Business College	San José	10,000	Oct. 23, '00	31,693
Pacific Coast Cork Insulating Co.	San Francisco	50,000	Dec. 30, '01	34,545
Pacific Coast Seeded Raisin Co.	Fresno	300,000	April 29, '01	33,061
Pacific Coast Flax and Fiber Co.	San Francisco	150,000	Aug. 9, '01	33,812
Pacific Coast Glass Works	San Francisco	100,000	Jan. 8, '02	34,594
Pacific Coast Home Supply Ass'n.	Los Angeles	25,000	Feb. 13, '02	34,848
Pacific Coast Mantle and Lighting Co.	[Oakland]	25,000	Aug. 31, '01	33,912
Pacific Coast Manufacturing Co.	Los Angeles	100,000	Dec. 22, '00	32,041
Pacific Coast Novelty Supply Co.	San Francisco	25,000	April 27, '01	33,054
Pacific Coast Oil and Development Co.	San Francisco	100,000	Oct. 22, '00	31,681
Pacific Coast Petroleum Miners' Ass'n.	San Francisco	1,000	June 3, '01	33,322
Pacific Coast Trust Co.	San Francisco	5,000	Mar. 12, '01	32,733
Pacific Curled Hair Co.	San Francisco	10,000	Oct. 20, '00	31,675
Pacific Cycle Pump Co.	Pasadena	50,000	Mar. 22, '01	32,794
Pacific Development Co.	San Francisco	100,000	Mar. 8, '01	32,705
Pacific Electrical Works	Los Angeles	250,000	Sept. 27, '00	31,533
Pacific Electric Co.	San Francisco	50,000	Feb. 27, '01	32,632
Pacific Envelope Co.	San Francisco	25,000	April 2, '02	35,152
Pacific Finance Co.	Los Angeles	100,000	Feb. 16, '01	32,533
Pacific Fish Packing Co.	San Francisco	100,000	Feb. 21, '01	32,575
Pacific Fur Co.	Los Angeles	100,000	July 11, '00	31,108
Pacific Furniture and Lumber Co.	Los Angeles	1,000,000	Jan. 22, '02	34,682
Pacific Grove Museum Association.	Pacific Grove	None	Dec. 14, '00	31,996
Pacific Home Builders' Association.	San Francisco	25,000	Feb. 8, '02	34,815
Pacific Home Building Co.	San Francisco	50,000	Sept. 21, '01	33,993
Pacific Home Co-operative Co.	San Francisco	200,000	Jan. 25, '02	34,715
Pacific Honey Producers	Los Angeles	50,000	Mar. 10, '02	34,985
Pacific Iron Works	Bakersfield	100,000	Dec. 26, '00	32,055
Pacific King Oil Co.	Los Angeles	500,000	Sept. 7, '00	31,426
Pacific Land and Stock Co.	Fresno	30,000	June 21, '02	35,732
Pacific Light and Power Co.	Los Angeles	10,000,000	Mar. 6, '02	34,968
Pacific Mail Order Co.	San Francisco	25,000	Jan. 2, '02	34,556
Pacific Meter Co.	San Francisco	50,000	July 23, '01	33,731
Pacific Mining and Development Co. of Los Angeles	Los Angeles	72,000	Sept. 28, '01	34,033
Pacific Mining and Smelting Co.	San Francisco	600,000	May 6, '01	33,116
Pacific Motor Co.	Oakland	100,000	Aug. 22, '00	31,341
Pacific Music Co.	Los Angeles	100,000	Jan. 31, '02	34,755
Pacific Mutual Home Society	San Francisco	25,000	Mar. 5, '02	34,965
Pacific Oil Co.	Willows	60,000	Mar. 18, '01	32,767
Pacific Oil Co. Ltd.	Los Angeles	350,000	Jan. 3, '01	32,117

State Corporations—Continued.

Name.	Place of Business.	Capital Stock.	Filed.	No.
Pacific Oil Supply Co.	San Francisco	\$50,000	Oct. 2, '00	31,558
Pacific Oil Transportation Co.	San Francisco	300,000	Jan. 22, '02	34,686
Pacific Patent Investment Co.	Oakland	25,000	April 19, '02	35,297
Pacific Patent Protective Co.	San Francisco	250,000	April 4, '02	35,169
Pacific Petroleum Gas Development Co.	Corning	200,000	Mar. 14, '01	32,744
Pacific Pharmaceutical Co.	San Francisco	25,000	Mar. 21, '02	35,074
Pacific Polish and Compound Co.	San Francisco	25,000	June 18, '02	35,705
Pacific Portland Cement Co.	San Francisco	500,000	May 10, '01	33,147
Pacific Reduction Co.	San Francisco	50,000	Feb. 7, '02	34,807
Pacific Rex Development Co.	Hanford	25,000	May 7, '01	33,121
Pacific Sand and Lime Brick Co.	San Francisco	50,000	Nov. 16, '01	34,285
Pacific School of Correspondence	San Francisco	25,000	Aug. 8, '01	33,809
Pacific School of Suggestive Therapeutics	Los Angeles	5,000	Oct. 9, '01	34,087
Pacific Security and Trust Co.	San Francisco	200,000	Jan. 8, '02	34,690
Pacific Shipbuilding Co.	San Francisco	100,000	Mar. 2, '01	32,666
Pacific Sign Manufacturing Co.	San Francisco	5,000	Dec. 26, '01	34,521
Pacific Standard Oil Co.	San Francisco	1,000,000	Aug. 17, '00	31,315
Pacific Trade and Transport Co.	San Francisco	300,000	May 7, '01	33,122
Pacific Tube Co.	San Francisco	1,000,000	May 21, '02	35,520
Pacific Underwriting and Trust Co.	San Francisco	500,000	Nov. 21, '01	34,322
Pacific Union Loan and Investment Co.	San Francisco	75,000	Oct. 11, '01	34,091
Pacific Union Oil Co.	Los Angeles	500,000	July 12, '00	31,127
Pacific Union Pacific Co.	San Francisco	300,000	Oct. 3, '00	31,572
Pacific Vineyard Co.	San Francisco	50,000	April 21, '02	35,301
Pacific Window Glass Co.	San Francisco	300,000	Feb. 5, '02	34,797
Pajaxo Oil Co.	San Francisco	100,000	Dec. 31, '00	32,094
Palm Concert Co.	San Francisco	30,000	Jan. 14, '02	34,640
Palmer-Norman Co.	Los Angeles	10,000	Feb. 28, '02	34,930
Palmer Oil Co.	Bakersfield	600,000	Jan. 21, '01	32,272
Palm of Devil's Den Oil Co.	San Francisco	400,000	Feb. 6, '01	32,437
Palmes Oil and Mining Co.	Bakersfield	25,000	Mar. 17, '02	35,028
Palm Springs Oil Co.	Bakersfield	600,000	Sept. 26, '00	31,525
Palo Alto Stationery Co.	Palo Alto	10,000	May 8, '02	35,438
Palo Verde Mining Co.	Los Angeles		Nov. 27, '01	34,361
Pampa Oil Co.	Bakersfield	320,000	Dec. 8, '00	31,941
Pan-American Oil and Mining Co.	Bakersfield	200,000	May 14, '01	33,180
Pan-American Coffee Co.	San Francisco	300,000	Jan. 3, '01	32,115
Panamint Mining Co.	Los Angeles	200,000	Feb. 18, '01	32,545
Panamint Queen Mining and Mill'g Co.	Los Angeles	1,000,000	Feb. 14, '02	34,856
Panorama Oil Co.	Los Angeles	500,000	April 9, '01	32,917
Pantechinon	San Francisco	5,000	Sept. 20, '00	31,496
Paradise Gold Mining Co.	Fresno	500,000	June 10, '01	33,447
Paraffine Oil Co.	Bakersfield	300,000	Jan. 24, '01	32,316
Paraffine Paint Co.	San Francisco	300,000	Mar. 22, '02	35,082
Paragon Oil Co.	Bakersfield	800,000	Feb. 11, '01	32,471
Paramount Mining Co.	Towles	20,000	May 25, '01	33,270
Paris Oil Co.	Los Angeles	100,000	Nov. 3, '00	31,751
Parker Pump Co.	Los Angeles	50,000	April 1, '01	32,854
Parkinson Book Co.	Stockton	5,000	Dec. 7, '01	34,419
Parlier Oil Co.	Fresno	200,000	June 6, '01	33,378
Parlier Packing Association	Parlier	500	June 25, '02	35,749
Parrott Carriage Manufacturing Co.	San Diego	30,000	May 14, '01	33,178
Partridge & Alford Iron Works	Los Angeles	30,000	Feb. 28, '02	34,989
Pasadena Children's Training Society	Pasadena	None	June 17, '02	35,700
Pasadena Hardware Co.	Pasadena	25,000	Mar. 6, '02	34,969
Pasadena Ice Co.	Pasadena	50,000	Jan. 22, '01	32,286
Pasadena Mutual Oil Co.	Pasadena	200,000	Oct. 30, '00	31,731
Pasadena Novelty Co.	Los Angeles	25,000	May 18, '01	33,213
Pasadena Savings, Trust, and Safe Deposit Co.	[Pasadena]	50,000	Sept. 14, '01	33,962
Paso Robles Consolidated Oil Co.	Los Angeles	600,000	Oct. 15, '00	31,637
Paso Robles Crude Oil Co.	Los Angeles	30,000	Jan. 10, '01	32,179
Paso Robles Quicksilver Mining Co.	[Paso Robles]	50,000	Jan. 13, '02	34,623
Pastime Athletic Club	Sacramento	None	Oct. 29, '01	34,189
Patent Oil Burner Co.	Fresno	10,000	Oct. 29, '01	34,187
Patent Oil Burner Equipment Co.	Stockton	10,000	June 28, '02	35,761
Patron Oil Co.	Bakersfield	800,000	Feb. 11, '01	32,473
Patterson Creek Gold Mining Co.	San Francisco	100,000	Aug. 23, '01	33,875
Patterson Estate Co.	Visalia	20,000	June 3, '01	33,338
Patuxent Oil Co.	San Diego	1,000,000	April 8, '01	32,910

State Corporations—Continued.

Name.	Place of Business.	Capital Stock.	Filed.	No.
Paul Stoll Co.	Red Bluff.	\$10,000	Jan. 5, '01	32,139
Payne Art and Portrait Co.	San Francisco	10,000	Nov. 10, '00	31,774
Payne-Laine Gold Mining Co.	San Francisco	200,000	May 20, '02	35,511
P. B. Seifer Mining Co.	Chico	500,000	Dec. 6, '01	34,414
Pear's Pharmaceutical Co.	Los Angeles	200,000	Sept. 14, '00	31,458
Pearce Mercantile Co.	San Francisco	25,000	Nov. 22, '01	34,330
Pearl Harbor Agricultural Co.	San Francisco	25,000	Aug. 21, '00	31,335
Pearman Oil Co.	San Francisco	500,000	Feb. 19, '01	32,561
Pearson Brothers & Co.	San Francisco	60,000	Nov. 24, '00	31,852
Peerless Ginger Ale Co.	San Francisco	20,000	April 7, '02	35,194
Peerless Pacific Dye Works	Los Angeles	25,000	May 23, '02	35,545
Peerless Table Co.	San Francisco	20,000	Dec. 4, '01	34,400
Pellissier Oil Co.	Los Angeles	50,000	Nov. 9, '00	31,773
Pell's Ione Airship	Ione	20,000	April 16, '02	35,267
Peninsular Gas Co.	Palo Alto	200,000	Jan. 29, '02	34,743
Penn Grove Rochdale Co.	Penn Grove	None	Feb. 28, '02	34,933
Pennsylvania Dredging Co.	San Francisco	150,000	Nov. 22, '01	34,328
Pennsylvania Drilling Co.	Los Angeles	40,000	Oct. 23, '00	31,687
Pennsylvania Lumber Co.	San Francisco	300,000	May 8, '02	35,440
Pennsylvania Oil Co.	McKittrick	100,000	Jan. 14, '01	32,215
Penryn Fruit-Growers' Ass'n	Penryn	None	May 22, '01	33,245
People's Co-operative and Industrial Association	Los Angeles	\$5 Mem. fee	Aug. 17, '00	31,311
People's Co-operative League	Los Angeles	None	April 5, '02	35,179
People's Gas and Electric Co.	San Francisco	3,000,000	Aug. 10, '01	33,822
People's Lighting Co.	Los Angeles	1,000,000	Oct. 20, '01	31,669
People's Oil Co.	Bakersfield	1,000,000	Jan. 12, '01	32,199
Perfection Orange Blend Co.	Los Angeles	20,000	Oct. 29, '00	31,726
Perseus Oil Co.	Los Angeles	200,000	Mar. 7, '01	32,697
Petaluma Camp Sick Benefit Society	Petaluma	None	May 1, '02	35,382
Petaluma Incubator Co.	Petaluma	100,000	May 14, '02	35,476
Petaluma Oil and Development Co.	Petaluma	500,000	Mar. 1, '01	32,632
Petaluma Rochdale Association	Petaluma	None	May 15, '01	33,182
Petaluma Tanning Co.	Petaluma	50,000	June 12, '02	35,663
Peter Musto Co.	Stockton	150,000	Sept. 24, '01	34,009
Peters Bros.	San Francisco	25,000	May 29, '02	35,584
Petersen Land and Live Stock Co.	Fort Bidwell	50,000	June 22, '01	33,566
Petes Valley Land and Cattle Co.	San Francisco	100,000	Dec. 7, '00	31,937
Petrolia Paraffine Oil Co.	San Francisco	100,000	Aug. 29, '00	31,379
Petroleum Basin Oil Co.	Bakersfield	500,000	Dec. 11, '00	31,961
Petroleum King Oil Co.	San Francisco	500,000	Jan. 31, '01	32,382
Peyton Chemical Co.	San Francisco	650,000	Mar. 16, '01	32,757
P. F. Dundon's San Francisco Iron Works	San Francisco	70,000	May 3, '01	33,090
Phelps-Lewis Co.	San Francisco	25,000	Aug. 7, '01	33,803
Phelps Oil Co.	Los Angeles	10,000	June 26, '02	35,753
Phil. B. Bekeart Co.	San Francisco	25,000	May 1, '01	33,072
Philippines Development Co.	San Francisco	400,000	June 13, '01	33,485
Philippine Exploration Co.	San Francisco	500,000	Feb. 14, '02	34,861
Phillips, Smyth & Van Orden	San Francisco	30,000	Mar. 1, '01	32,659
Philosophical Publishing Co.	San Francisco	25,000	Dec. 14, '01	34,462
Philpott-Nally Manufacturing Co.	[Windsor]	10,000	Nov. 13, '01	34,268
Phoenix Iron Works Co.	Oakland	25,000	Feb. 18, '01	32,541
Phoenix Lake Granite Co.	San Francisco	50,000	June 3, '02	35,614
Phoenix Land and Oil Co.	Redding	11,000	Mar. 1, '01	32,651
Phoenix Oil and Fuel Co. of San Francisco	San Francisco	600,000	May 21, '01	33,226
Phoenix Oil Supply Co.	Bakersfield	75,000	Jan. 5, '01	32,140
Photometer Co.	San Francisco	100,000	May 9, '02	35,646
Physicians' Hospital Association	Stockton	50,000	May 21, '02	35,530
Piedmont Oil Co.	San Francisco	500,000	Dec. 17, '00	31,998
Pierce Land and Stock Co.	San Francisco	100,000	Oct. 12, '00	31,618
Pilarcitos Oil Co.	Half Moon Bay	50,000	Jan. 13, '02	34,628
Pilgrim Advent Christian Church	Oakland	None	Dec. 16, '01	34,476
Pilgrim Oil Co.	Bakersfield	500,000	June 28, '01	33,605
Pilot Mutual Gold Mining Co.	Sacramento	100,000	Feb. 1, '01	32,402
Pinal Oil Co.	Santa Maria	200,000	Oct. 7, '01	34,074
Pine Box Manufacturers' Warehouse Co.	San Francisco	75,000	Aug. 23, '01	33,872
Pine Creek Development Co.	Alameda	35,000	May 14, '01	33,174
Pine Flat Non-Assessable Oil Co.	Santa Rosa	500,000	May 3, '01	33,004
Pine Glen Oil Co.	Los Angeles	500,000	Feb. 17, '02	34,870

State Corporations—Continued.

Name.	Place of Business.	Capital Stock.	Filed.	No.
Pine Mountain Oil and Development Co.	Los Angeles	\$500,000	Mar. 9, '01	32,718
Pinkham & McKeivitt	Los Angeles	75,000	Oct. 30, '01	34,202
Pioneer Chinese Merchants' Club	San Francisco	None	Oct. 3, '00	31,570
Pioneer Creamery Co.	Ferndale	5,000	Feb. 9, '01	32,467
Pioneer Drug Co. of Sunset District	San Francisco	5,000	Mar. 11, '02	34,995
Pioneer Gold, Silver and Copper M'g Co.	Redding	200,000	July 5, '00	31,085
Pioneer Hall Co.	Crow's Landing	5,000	Jan. 22, '02	34,683
Pioneer Oil Co.	Hollister	600,000	Sept. 12, '00	31,447
Pioneer Petroleum Co.	Los Angeles	500,000	Nov. 24, '00	31,863
Piru Crude Oil Co.	Los Angeles	400,000	Sept. 4, '00	31,417
Piru King Mining Co.	Long Beach	200,000	April 10, '01	32,926
Piru Oil and Land Co.	Los Angeles	3,000,000	Aug. 4, '00	31,237
Piru River Oil and Milling Co.	Los Angeles	300,000	Sept. 12, '00	31,446
Pismo Packing and Conserving Co.	San Luis Obispo	15,000	Sept. 4, '00	31,410
Pit River Gold and Silver Mining Co.	Redding	20,000	Nov. 6, '01	34,229
P. J. Dreher Co.	Pomona	50,000	Dec. 7, '00	31,930
Planters' Line Shipping Co.	San Francisco	2,500,000	Mar. 23, '01	32,805
Plaza Building Co.	Sacramento	50,000	June 3, '02	35,611
Pleasant Hill Orchard Co.	Santa Rosa	25,000	Oct. 10, '00	31,610
Pleasanton Oil Co.	San Francisco	500,000	Aug. 24, '00	31,353
Pleyto Oil Co.	San Francisco	200,000	Feb. 12, '01	32,490
Plumas Mercantile Co.	Beckwith	50,000	July 12, '01	33,673
Plumas Mining, Milling, and Smelting Co.	San Francisco	200,000	May 20, '02	35,509
Plural Unit Co-operative Co.	San Diego	25,000	June 27, '02	35,758
Plymouth, The	San Francisco	50,000	Dec. 7, '01	34,418
Plymouth Development Co.	San Francisco	300,000	Oct. 1, '00	31,548
Point Arena Rochdale Co.	Point Arena	None	April 20, '01	33,014
Point Richmond Development Co.	San Francisco	200,000	April 19, '02	35,299
Point Richmond Oil Co.	San Francisco	100,000	Aug. 7, '00	31,254
Point Richmond Terminal Co.	San Francisco	800,000	July 25, '00	31,188
Poker Flat Gold Mining and Milling Co.	Downieville	1,000,000	Aug. 26, '01	33,881
Policyholders' Union	San Francisco	75,000	Nov. 11, '01	34,256
Pollard Lumber Co.	San Francisco	300,000	April 24, '02	35,324
Pommer-Eilers Music Co.	San Francisco	50,000	Jan. 28, '02	34,731
Pomona Abstract and Trust Co.	Los Angeles	100,000	Mar. 18, '02	35,049
Pomona and Ontario Light and Fuel Co.	Los Angeles Co.	150,000	Feb. 13, '02	34,850
Pomona Athletic Club	Pomona	None	Nov. 9, '01	34,248
Pomona Foundry and Machine Works	Pomona	50,000	Mar. 25, '01	32,817
Pomona Manufacturing Co.	Pomona	None	Mar. 7, '02	34,972
Pomona Social Club	Pomona	None	June 3, '01	33,324
Poncharica Petroleum Co.	San Francisco	100,000	Sept. 21, '00	31,504
Pope & Talbot	San Francisco	3,000	Mar. 23, '01	32,798
Pope Oil and Mineral Co.	St. Helena	500,000	Mar. 20, '01	32,777
Poplar Co-operative Association	Poplar	None	June 30, '02	35,768
Porter Metal Works	San Francisco	50,000	June 16, '02	35,689
Porterville Citrus Association	Porterville	None	June 26, '01	33,591
Portia Land and Development Co.	San Francisco	150,000	Nov. 12, '00	31,786
Potencia Oil Co.	Los Angeles	600,000	Sept. 12, '00	31,441
Potosi Mining Co.	Los Angeles	100,000	Dec. 20, '00	32,026
Potter Hotel Co.	Los Angeles	500,000	Jan. 4, '02	34,569
Potter Valley Methodist Episcopal Church	Potter Valley	None	Dec. 20, '00	32,020
Potter Water Proofing Process Co.	San Francisco	10,000	Dec. 27, '00	32,063
Postal Union Oil, Mining, and Development Co.	Los Angeles	500,000	Aug. 18, '00	31,322
Power Estate Co.	Auburn	25,000	Sept. 1, '00	31,404
P. P. Bieber & Co.	San Francisco	10,500	April 12, '01	32,949
Practical Oil Co.	San Francisco	1,000,000	May 31, '01	33,308
Prager Co. Inc.	San Francisco	300,000	May 7, '02	35,430
Prairie Flower Gold Quartz Mine	Dutch Flat	100,000	Jan. 25, '02	34,711
Preciado Mining Co.	Santa Ana	1,000,000	Oct. 17, '01	34,119
Premier Oil Co.	Vacaville	1,000,000	Jan. 15, '01	32,228
Premium Creamery Co.	Arcata	5,000	April 1, '01	32,852
Premium Oil Co.	Bakersfield	100,000	Jan. 22, '01	32,296
Presbyterian Church	Fresno	None	July 8, '01	33,651
Presbyterian Church of Corte Madera	Corte Madera	None	Jan. 26, '01	32,337
Presbyterian Church of Morro	Morro	None	July 26, '01	33,750
Presbyterian Church of Red Bank	[Red Bank Crk]	None	Jan. 30, '02	34,748
Press Oil Co.	Bakersfield	500,000	Jan. 16, '01	32,232

State Corporations—Continued.

Name.	Place of Business.	Capital Stock.	Filed.	No.
Press Publishing Co.	Palo Alto	\$10,000	April 28, '02	35,354
Preston Hill Gold Mining Co.	San Francisco	500,000	April 25, '01	33,935
Prevention of Cruelty to Children	Bakersfield	None	Oct. 23, '01	34,146
Primary Oil Co.	Los Angeles	300,000	May 23, '01	33,252
Primrose Club.	Savannah	None	July 29, '01	33,762
Primrose Conserving Co.	Los Angeles	10,000	Nov. 5, '00	31,757
Prince Oil Co.	San Diego	200,000	June 25, '01	33,567
Pringle Brothers Co.	San Francisco	10,000	Feb. 2, '01	32,411
Produce Exchange of Los Angeles	Los Angeles	500	May 26, '02	35,557
Producers' Oil Storage and Transportation Co.	Bakersfield	1,000,000	Sept. 21, '00	31,500
Progressive Improvement Co.	San Francisco	200,000	Dec. 19, '01	34,489
Progressive Oil Co.	Los Angeles	500,000	Nov. 28, '00	31,876
Progressive Oil Co.	Fresno	200,000	Dec. 8, '00	31,944
Progressive Planing Mill Co.	San Francisco	100,000	Nov. 15, '00	31,799
Progress Oil Co.	Sacramento	150,000	Oct. 15, '00	31,639
Prospectors' Benefit Association	Los Angeles	None	April 24, '02	35,320
Prosperity Gold Mine	Jackson	300,000	July 7, '00	31,091
Prosperity Gravel Mining Co.	[Oakland]	250,000	Feb. 12, '02	34,843
Prosperity Oil Co.	San Francisco	1,000,000	Nov. 14, '00	31,795
Prosperity Oil Co.	Nevada City	500,000	Nov. 20, '00	31,838
Provident Mining Co. of California and Alaska	San Francisco	1,000,000	Mar. 1, '01	32,657
Provident Oil Mining Co.	San Francisco	300,000	Nov. 26, '00	31,869
Prudential Improvement Co.	Los Angeles	100,000	Aug. 12, '01	33,827
Prudential Mining and Oil Develop. Co.	Los Angeles	750,000	Aug. 10, '00	31,268
Prudential Realty and Trust Co.	San Francisco	500,000	July 19, '01	33,709
Prudhomme Mining Co.	Los Angeles	200,000	July 10, '01	33,663
Public School Teachers' Annuity and Retirement Ass'n of San Fran., Cal.	San Francisco	None	Sept. 17, '00	31,476
Puente Hill Oil Co.	Los Angeles	350,000	Aug. 17, '00	31,314
Punta Gorda Land and Oil Co.	Los Angeles	500,000	Sept. 13, '00	31,453
Puritan Dining-Room Co.	San Francisco	200,000	July 13, '01	33,679
Puritas Distilled Water Manufac. Co.	[Oxnard]	75,000	Nov. 29, '01	34,369
Puritas Water Co.	San Francisco	300,000	May 22, '01	33,234
Purniton Mining Co.	San Francisco	125,000	Aug. 20, '00	31,328
Pyramid Gold Mining Co.	Los Angeles	160,000	Sept. 4, '00	31,416
Pyramid Oil Co.	Escondido	500,000	Oct. 16, '00	31,647
Pyramid Oil Co.	Los Angeles	1,000,000	Dec. 28, '00	32,069
Pythian Chronicle Publishing Co.	San Francisco	10,000	Feb. 7, '01	32,443
Queen Copper Co.	Los Angeles	1,000,000	Jan. 12, '01	32,198
Queen Esther Oil Co.	San Francisco	100,000	Aug. 31, '00	31,392
Queen Restaurant	Los Angeles	10,000	June 23, '02	35,734
Quines Creek Gold Mining Co.	San Francisco	100,000	Sept. 23, '01	33,999
Quinn Water Pressure Oil Burner Co.	San Francisco	100,000	Feb. 27, '02	34,915
Raab Creamery Co.	Los Angeles	50,000	April 10, '02	35,219
Racine Oil Co.	Oakland	300,000	April 8, '01	32,905
Railway Co-operative Association	San Francisco	10,000	Mar. 13, '02	35,003
Railway Employes' Mutual Investment Society	San José	2,000,000	Nov. 12, '00	31,789
Rainbow Copper Mining Co.	Eureka	75,000	July 10, '01	33,659
Raisin City Oil Co.	Fresno	200,000	Jan. 17, '01	32,250
Rajah Oil Co.	San Francisco	100,000	Sept. 1, '00	31,403
Rambler Copper Mining Co.	Los Angeles	500,000	June 10, '01	33,451
Ramona Club	Los Angeles Co.	None	April 17, '02	35,281
Ramona Oil Co.	Bakersfield	500,000	Mar. 29, '01	32,841
Ranchito Club	Los Angeles	None	July 26, '01	33,748
Rancho Del Mar	Los Angeles	24,000	Dec. 30, '01	34,542
Rancho Del Rio Land and Develop't Co.	Sacramento	100,000	Oct. 17, '00	31,660
Rancho La Presa Oil and Mining Co.	San Diego	5,000,000	July 11, '00	31,113
Rancho Verde Co.	Victor	60,000	Oct. 28, '01	34,183
Rand Oil and Land Co.	Bakersfield	500,000	Mar. 18, '01	32,761
Randsburg Coal and Power Co.	Los Angeles	1,000,000	Feb. 7, '02	34,805
Rapid Addressing Co.	San Francisco	10,000	Feb. 17, '02	34,867
Rasaia Fish Co.	Eureka	10,000	Jan. 12, '01	32,201
Raspiller Brewing Co.	West Berkeley	50,000	April 11, '02	35,232
Rawhide Gold Quartz Mining Co.	Dutch Flat	100,000	Jan. 12, '01	32,196
Rawhide Oil Co.	Oakland	350,000	Dec. 22, '00	32,044

State Corporations—Continued.

Name.	Place of Business.	Capital stock	Filed.	No.
Raymond Estate Co.	Solano County ..	\$50,000	May 6, '02	35,629
Raymond Mining Co.	San Francisco ..	25,000	April 19, '02	35,294
Raymond Oil Co.	Pasadena	500,000	July 9, '00	31,101
Real Del Castillo Mining Co.	Los Angeles	1,000,000	May 2, '02	35,389
Reamer Consolidated Mining Co.	San Francisco ..	75,000	Mar. 21, '02	35,072
Rebel Cork Benevolent Association ..	San Francisco ..	None	April 8, '01	32,901
Recorder Printing and Publishing Co.	San Francisco ..	100,000	Oct. 25, '00	31,705
Recreation Club	Oceanside	None	June 19, '02	35,712
Rector, Wardens, and Vestrymen of All Saints' Church Parish	Palo Alto	None	Feb. 26, '01	32,620
Red Bank Oil Co.	Fresno	300,000	Oct. 15, '00	31,644
Red Bluff Light and Power Co.	San Francisco ..	75,000	April 10, '01	32,919
Red Cross Oil Burner Co.	San Francisco ..	20,000	Sept. 6, '01	33,940
Red Gravel Channel Mining Co.	San Francisco ..	500,000	Nov. 7, '01	34,231
Red Haw Mining Co.	San Francisco ..	300,000	Aug. 28, '01	33,893
Red Hill Mining and Milling Co.	Sacramento	50,000	May 2, '01	33,081
Red Men's Hall Association	San Francisco ..	100,000	Dec. 12, '01	34,444
Red Salmon Canning Co.	San Francisco ..	200,000	Feb. 26, '01	32,622
Red Shield Marble Co.	Oakland	10,000	Feb. 1, '01	32,398
Red Slide Oil Co.	Sacramento	200,000	Oct. 28, '01	34,179
Redding Athletic Club	Redding	500,000	Aug. 22, '00	31,337
Redding Drug and Book Store	Redding	75,000	June 2, '02	35,607
Redding Iron Works	Redding	25,000	May 31, '02	35,600
Redding Light, Power, and Water Co.	San Francisco ..	75,000	Mar. 23, '01	32,804
Redlands Bee-keepers' Association	Redlands	None	Feb. 17, '02	34,868
Redlands Citrus Association	Redlands	1,000	Oct. 6, '00	31,591
Redlands Odd Fellows' Hall Association ..	Redlands	20,000	June 13, '02	35,676
Redlands Orange Co.	Redlands	25,000	Dec. 12, '01	34,451
Redlands Rochdale Co-operative Ass'n.	Redlands	None	May 8, '01	33,132
Redlands Security Co.	Redlands	50,000	Oct. 7, '01	34,072
Redlands Trust Co.	Redlands	50,000	Jan. 30, '02	34,752
Redondo Cemetery Association	Los Angeles	10,000	April 17, '02	35,274
Redondo Development Co.	Los Angeles	150,000	Jan. 14, '02	34,631
Redwood Brewing Co.	Redwood City ..	30,000	April 18, '01	32,998
Redwood City Salt Co.	Redwood City ..	200,000	Feb. 13, '01	32,499
Redwood Manufacturing Co.	Humboldt Co.	35,000	Feb. 11, '01	32,479
Reed Ditch Co.	Fresno	10,000	Feb. 24, '02	34,895
Reeder's Office Indicator	San José	100,000	Dec. 6, '00	31,928
Reedley Winery	San Francisco ..	150,000	Jan. 22, '01	32,282
Reese Water-Proof Manufacturing Co.	Oakland	200,000	May 9, '02	35,643
Regal Oil Co. of Los Angeles	Los Angeles	300,000	Dec. 29, '00	32,080
Regina Oil Co.	San Francisco ..	500,000	Dec. 29, '00	32,076
Reliance Oil Co.	Los Angeles	125,000	July 23, '00	31,181
Reliance Realty and Trust Co. Inc.	San Francisco ..	50,000	April 19, '02	35,298
Relief Hot Springs Co.	Los Angeles	75,000	Mar. 13, '02	35,007
Relief Hot Springs Social Club	[San Jacinto] ..	None	Mar. 25, '02	35,106
Renchita Oil Co.	Fresno	300,000	Dec. 14, '00	31,992
Renovatory Co.	San Francisco ..	20,000	Nov. 22, '01	34,329
Renshaw, Jones & Sutton Co.	Los Angeles	50,000	Mar. 2, '01	32,665
Republican Primary League	San Francisco ..	None	June 14, '01	33,499
Review Publishing Co.	Pomona	10,000	Nov. 19, '00	31,829
Reward Oil Co.	San Francisco ..	100,000	Mar. 9, '01	32,713
Rex Gold Milling Co.	Oakland	500,000	Sept. 11, '01	33,953
Reynolds & Co. Inc.	San Francisco ..	5,000	June 14, '01	33,489
Rheta Consolidated Gold Mining Co.	Stockton	550,000	Mar. 21, '01	32,781
Rhodes Salt and Borax Co.	San Francisco ..	100,000	Aug. 18, '00	31,318
Rialto Cemetery Association	Rialto	None	Dec. 23, '01	34,509
Rialto Citrus Fruit Union	Rialto	1,000	Dec. 9, '01	34,430
Rialto Land and Water Co.	Rialto	100,000	July 28, '00	31,203
Ribbon Rock Mining and Milling Co.	Fresno	25,000	Oct. 23, '01	34,147
Rich Hill Water and Mining Co.	Pasadena	25,000	Aug. 5, '01	33,791
Richards Dental Co.	San Francisco ..	50,000	Nov. 24, '00	31,862
Richmond Brick Co.	San Francisco ..	100,000	Mar. 25, '02	35,102
Richmond Development Co.	San Francisco ..	200,000	Mar. 11, '02	34,996
Richmond Hardware Co.	Richmond	25,000	Jan. 27, '02	34,729
Richmond Land Co.	San Francisco ..	500,000	Feb. 14, '02	34,858
Richmond Light and Water Co.	San Francisco ..	25,000	Nov. 23, '01	34,336
Richmond Mining Co.	San Diego	25,000	June 18, '01	33,528
Richmond Volunteer Fire Co.	Richmond	None	Nov. 9, '01	34,249
Richmond Water Co.	Richmond	10,000	Nov. 15, '00	31,800

State Corporations—Continued.

Name.	Place of Business.	Capital Stock.	Filed.	No.
Richmond White Laundry Co.	San Francisco	\$75,000	April 22, '02	35,312
Rielly Oil Co.	Los Angeles	200,000	July 12, '01	33,670
Rieveley & Larzelere	San Francisco	50,000	Feb. 23, '01	32,591
Rigden-McHenry Building Co.	Los Angeles	25,000	Feb. 27, '02	34,922
Riley Bros.	Crockett	25,000	May 5, '02	35,621
Riley Oil and Developing Co.	San José	50,000	Oct. 5, '00	31,578
Rincon Petroleum Co.	Los Angeles	500,000	July 12, '00	31,128
Rising Star Gold Min'g and Devel. Co.	San Francisco	300,000	Mar. 7, '01	32,699
Rita Oil Co.	Visalia	240,000	Feb. 5, '01	32,430
Rivera Social Club.	Los Angeles Co.	None	June 18, '02	35,707
River Express Co.	Stockton	25,000	May 24, '02	35,548
River Kern Oil Co.	Los Angeles	100,000	Feb. 14, '01	32,513
Riverside Athletic Club	Riverside	None	June 24, '02	35,743
Riverside County Mutual Building and Loan Association.	Riverside	200,000	April 8, '01	32,908
Riverside Creamery Co.	Ferndale	1,000	Feb. 21, '01	32,577
Riverside Light and Fuel Co.	Riverside	150,000	Oct. 26, '01	34,169
Riverside Power Co.	Riverside	250,000	April 10, '01	32,923
Riverside Title and Trust Co.	Riverside	175,000	Jan. 25, '01	32,325
Rix Compressed Air and Drill Co.	San Francisco	10,000	Feb. 6, '01	32,435
Roanoke Oil Co.	Fresno	100,000	Dec. 24, '00	32,049
Robarts Brothers Co.	Eureka	50,000	May 26, '02	35,554
Roberts Ditch Irrigation Co.	Colusa	2,600	April 29, '02	35,362
Roberts Manufacturing Co.	San Francisco	75,000	Aug. 19, '01	33,859
Roberts Oil Co.	Fresno	300,000	Mar. 13, '01	32,735
Robt. L. Garrett & Co.	Los Angeles	12,000	Sept. 14, '00	31,456
Rocco Homestake Nevada Mining Co.	San Francisco	300,000	Sept. 18, '00	31,485
Rochester Oil Co.	Suisun	50,000	Mar. 2, '01	32,661
Rockefeller Oil Co.	San Francisco	100,000	Sept. 18, '00	31,487
Rogers Development Co.	Riverside	250,000	Oct. 2, '00	31,555
Roosevelt Mining and Milling Co.	Pasadena	800,000	April 12, '01	32,940
Roosevelt Oil Co.	Bakersfield	500,000	May 22, '01	33,244
Rosebud Oil Co.	Los Angeles	500,000	Dec. 31, '00	32,098
Rotary Corliss Engine Co.	San Francisco	300,000	Mar. 25, '01	32,806
Rothenberg Co.	San Francisco	150,000	Oct. 18, '00	31,656
Rothe, Ziegler & Co.	Los Angeles	12,000	Aug. 20, '00	31,331
Rough Rider Oil Co.	Los Angeles	500,000	Nov. 22, '00	31,842
Rouleau, Simpson & Millar Title Co.	San Francisco	150,000	Aug. 5, '01	33,793
Round Valley Prospecting and Development Co.	Quincy	50,000	Jan. 3, '01	32,124
Rowland Puente Oil Co.	Covina	500,000	July 30, '00	31,218
Royal Investment Co.	Los Angeles	200,000	May 3, '02	35,407
Royal Packing and Drying Co.	San Francisco	100,000	Mar. 14, '01	32,742
Royal Sunset Oil Co.	Los Angeles	300,000	Oct. 15, '00	31,642
Royer-Warnock Packing Co.	San Francisco	300,000	Feb. 20, '01	32,567
Ruben Co.	Fresno	50,000	Mar. 26, '01	32,820
Rubidoux Fruit Co.	Riverside	25,000	Dec. 12, '01	34,445
Ruby Oil Co.	San Francisco	200,000	Feb. 2, '01	32,407
Rucker-Madsen Co.	San José	50,000	Jan. 26, '01	32,329
Rudolph, Perkins & Lyon.	Berkeley	20,000	July 7, '00	31,092
Ruediger & Loesch Inc.	San Francisco	50,000	Feb. 27, '02	34,916
Rusby Gold Mining Co.	San Francisco	100,000	Oct. 10, '00	31,608
Russell Water, Oil, and Mining Co.	Los Angeles	200,000	Dec. 20, '00	32,022
Russian Oil Co.	Los Angeles	500,000	Jan. 28, '01	32,344
Russian River Oil and Development Co.	Ukiah	100,000	Dec. 29, '00	32,075
Rustlers' Mining Co.	San Francisco	200,000	April 15, '02	35,261
R. W. Pierce Furniture Co.	Los Angeles	75,000	April 10, '02	35,226
S. & S. Oil Co.	San José	100,000	June 6, '01	33,385
Sacramento Buffalo Oil and Development Co.	Sacramento	38,400	May 4, '01	33,113
Sacramento Club	Sacramento	20,000	Aug. 31, '00	31,391
Sacramento Commercial Agency	Sacramento	1,000	Oct. 18, '01	34,124
Sacramento Co-operative Building and Industrial Association	Sacramento	None	May 29, '02	35,591
Sacramento Co-operative Home Society	Sacramento	75,000	Mar. 29, '02	35,126
Sacramento County Cremation Ass'n	Sacramento	25,000	June 22, '01	33,561
Sacramento County Patrons and Farmers' Mutual Fire Insurance Co.	Sacramento	None	May 6, '02	35,421
Sacramento Cracker Co.	Sacramento	50,000	Sept. 18, '01	33,978

State Corporations—Continued.

Name.	Place of Business.	Capital Stock.	Filed.	No.
Sacramento Elks' Hall Association	Sacramento	\$60,000	Feb. 1, '01	32,403
Sacramento Fraternal Hospital Ass'n	Sacramento	40,000	Feb. 11, '02	34,838
Sacramento Gilt Edge Oil Co.	Sacramento	200,000	April 19, '01	33,008
Sacramento Natural Mineral Water Association	Sacramento	None	Jan. 17, '01	32,255
Sacramento Oil Development Co.	Sacramento	32,000	July 9, '00	31,104
Sacramento River Co-operators	Walnut Grove	None	April 9, '02	35,216
Sacramento Rochdale Co.	Sacramento	None	Dec. 10, '00	31,957
Sacramento Soap Co.	Sacramento	25,000	May 31, '02	35,605
Saddle Back Gold Min'g and Mill'g Co.	San Francisco	500,000	Aug. 9, '00	31,264
Sadler & Co.	San Francisco	100,000	Jan. 29, '01	32,367
Safety Oil Co.	Oakland	300,000	Mar. 8, '01	32,702
Sainte Claire Sanatorium	San José	None	Dec. 4, '01	34,401
Salinas Creamery Co.	Salinas	10,000	Dec. 13, '01	34,455
Salinas Valley Harvesting Co.	Salinas Valley	5,000	Mar. 25, '01	32,814
Salinas Water, Light, and Power Co.	Los Angeles	200,000	Nov. 27, '01	34,365
Salinger Mercantile Co.	Oakland	100,000	Feb. 16, '01	32,538
Salisbury Fruit Co.	Los Angeles	25,000	Sept. 29, '00	31,546
Salton Oil Co.	Riverside	30,000	June 17, '01	33,518
Salvator Gold Mining and Milling Co.	Stockton	100,000	April 12, '01	32,952
Samoa Estates Navigation Co.	San Francisco	250,000	Dec. 8, '00	31,945
Samoa Transportation Co.	San Francisco	25,000	Dec. 26, '01	34,519
Samoset Hall Association, Improved Order of Red Men	Vallejo	None	Feb. 26, '01	32,623
Samson Oil Co.	Los Angeles	450,000	July 25, '00	31,189
Samuel Lavenson Estate Co.	Sacramento	200,000	Mar. 8, '01	32,711
Sanborn Oil Co.	Jackson	250,000	May 16, '01	33,195
Sanderson Publishing Co.	Los Angeles	20,000	Jan. 31, '02	34,759
Sandstone Land and Development Co.	Sacramento	32,000	May 13, '01	33,169
Sandstone Mining Co.	Los Angeles	25,000	July 23, '00	31,180
Sanger Creamery Co.	Sanger	5,000	May 2, '02	35,391
Sanitary Watering Trough Co.	San Francisco	50,000	May 2, '02	35,395
Sansinena Land and Oil Co.	Los Angeles	300,000	May 28, '01	33,286
Santos Oil Co.	Sacramento	300,000	Jan. 16, '01	32,247
San Antonio Oil and Development Co.	San Francisco	250,000	Mar. 4, '01	32,676
San Ardo Consolidated Oil Co.	San Francisco	200,000	Sept. 29, '00	31,542
San Benito Vineyards Corporation	San Francisco	500,000	April 28, '02	35,352
San Bernardino Brick Co.	San Bernardino	10,000	April 30, '02	35,373
San Bernardino Gas and Electric Co.	San Bernardino	200,000	Dec. 21, '00	32,032
San Bernardino Power Co.	San Bernardino	300,000	Aug. 5, '01	33,788
San Diego Desert Marble Co.	San Diego	100,000	Feb. 21, '01	32,578
San Diego Desert Oil Co.	San Diego	50,000	Jan. 19, '01	32,262
San Diego Packing Co.	San Diego	50,000	April 26, '02	35,341
San Diego Realty Co.	San Diego	10,000	Oct. 6, '00	31,587
San Diego Sanatorium	San Diego	25,000	Jan. 31, '02	34,757
San Dimas Citrus Union	Los Angeles Co.	25,000	Aug. 27, '00	31,370
San Dimas Lemon Association	San Dimas	25,000	Oct. 8, '00	31,592
San Emidio Canyon Oil Co.	Bakersfield	400,000	Oct. 2, '00	31,557
San Emidio Oil Co. Consolidated	Bakersfield	300,000	Nov. 26, '00	31,870
San Francisco Amusement Directory Co.	San Francisco	5,000	June 6, '01	33,396
San Francisco Art Framing Co.	San Francisco	10,000	Nov. 9, '00	31,770
San Francisco Ballast Co.	San Francisco	60,000	May 8, '02	35,436
San Francisco Candle Co.	San Francisco	50,000	Mar. 23, '01	32,800
San Francisco Chemical Co.	San Francisco	200,000	Aug. 15, '01	33,837
San Francisco Commercial Agency	San Francisco	50,000	Aug. 31, '00	31,389
San Francisco County Manufacturing Co.	San Francisco	25,000	May 21, '01	33,231
San Francisco Crab Fishermen's Union	San Francisco	10,000	Nov. 19, '01	34,301
San Francisco Dairy Exchange	San Francisco	None	Feb. 6, '02	34,804
San Francisco Drug Co.	San Francisco	25,000	May 13, '02	35,472
San Francisco Fish Smoking and Curing Co.	San Francisco	10,000	June 28, '01	33,607
San Francisco Hebrew Relief Society	San Francisco	None	Mar. 22, '02	35,078
San Francisco Investment Co.	San Francisco	300,000	Feb. 28, '02	34,928
San Francisco Jockey Club	San Francisco	2,000,000	Sept. 5, '00	31,418
San Francisco Hotel Co.	San Francisco	300,000	May 7, '01	33,120
San Francisco Longshoremen's Protective Association	San Francisco	None	Dec. 5, '00	31,921
San Francisco Mercantile Union	San Francisco	20,000	April 2, '02	35,155
San Francisco Mining, Trading, and Transportation Co.	San Francisco	250,000	July 9, '00	31,102

State Corporations—Continued.

Name.	Place of Business.	Capital Stock.	Filed.	No.
San Francisco Oil Exchange	San Francisco ..	None	Jan. 22, '01	32,285
San Francisco Optical Co.	San Francisco ..	\$15,000	April 12, '02	35,237
San Francisco Pneumatic Service Co.	San Francisco ..	250,000	Sept. 27, '00	31,530
San Francisco Rochdale Co.	San Francisco ..	None	Sept. 22, '00	31,510
San Francisco Standard Oil and Development Co.	San Francisco ..	50,000	Dec. 13, '00	31,978
San Francisco Stevedoring Co.	San Francisco ..	100,000	April 5, '02	35,178
San Francisco Union Salt Co.	San Francisco ..	50,000	Nov. 20, '01	34,314
San Francisco Wire Mattress Co.	San Francisco ..	25,000	Mar. 30, '01	32,847
San Francisco Wrecking Co.	San Francisco ..	50,000	Jan. 9, '01	32,173
San Gabriel Valley Essential Oil Co.	Los Angeles ..	20,000	Dec. 12, '01	34,446
San Jacinto Irrigation Co.	San Jacinto ..	50,000	June 17, '02	35,695
San Joaquin County Oil and Development Co.	Stockton ..	300,000	July 12, '01	33,674
San Joaquin Honey Co.	Hanford ..	25,000	May 3, '02	35,405
San Joaquin Ice Manufacturing and Cold Storage Co.	Stockton ..	50,000	Jan. 19, '01	32,261
San Joaquin Laundry Association	Fresno ..	50,000	Sept. 13, '01	33,959
San Joaquin Mining Co.	Stockton ..	100,000	Dec. 11, '00	31,958
San Joaquin River Oil Co.	Fresno ..	200,000	May 16, '01	33,196
San Joaquin Valley Development Co.	San Francisco ..	25,000	Oct. 30, '01	34,193
San Joaquin Valley Realty Co.	Stockton ..	50,000	Dec. 2, '01	34,380
San Joaquin Wine Association	Fresno ..	100	Mar. 25, '02	35,107
San José Schnuetzen Park Association ..	San José ..	25,000	Mar. 25, '02	32,811
San José Schuetzen Park Association ..	San José ..	25,000	April 5, '02	35,183
San Juanita Water Co.	Sacramento ..	400,000	Oct. 17, '00	31,657
San Lorenzo Oil and Mining Co.	Bakersfield ..	140,000	May 22, '01	33,239
San Lucia Development Co.	San Francisco ..	200,000	May 16, '01	33,190
San Luis and Carisa Oil Co.	San Luis Obispo ..	50,000	Aug. 19, '01	33,851
San Luis Savings Bank	San Luis Obispo ..	500,000	May 9, '01	33,145
San Marino Land Co.	Los Angeles ..	25,000	June 27, '02	35,755
San Martin Land and Water Co.	San José ..	50,000	Nov. 2, '01	34,211
San Mateo Lumber Co.	San Mateo ..	500,000	Jan. 26, '01	32,334
San Miguel Land and Oil Co.	Sacramento ..	500,000	Oct. 26, '00	31,713
San Miguel Oil and Improvement Co.	San Diego ..	500,000	Aug. 9, '00	31,265
San Nicholas Oil Co.	Los Angeles ..	1,000,000	May 21, '02	35,524
San Pedro Development Co.	Los Angeles Co. ..	60,000	Feb. 28, '02	34,931
San Pedro Land Co.	San Pedro ..	25,000	Dec. 23, '01	34,504
San Pedro Salt Co.	Los Angeles ..	500,000	June 21, '02	35,725
San Ramon Warehouses	San Francisco ..	75,000	July 20, '00	31,170
Santa Ana and Bakersfield Oil Co.	Santa Ana ..	200,000	July 6, '00	31,088
Santa Ana Crude Oil Co.	Santa Ana ..	500,000	Oct. 1, '01	34,045
Santa Ana Hospital Association	Santa Ana ..	10,000	May 6, '02	35,624
Santa Ana Realty Co.	Santa Ana ..	50,000	Mar. 25, '02	35,103
Santa Ana Savings Bank	Santa Ana ..	25,000	May 23, '02	35,546
Santa Barbara Bath House Co.	Los Angeles ..	50,000	Oct. 25, '00	31,708
Santa Barbara Citrus Exchange	Santa Barbara ..	11		
Santa Barbara County Farmers' Mutual Fire Association	[Santa Barbara] ..	None	April 1, '02	35,145
Santa Barbara Co-operative Association ..	Santa Barbara ..	None	Nov. 12, '00	31,783
Santa Barbara Mutual Building and Loan Association	Santa Barbara ..	200,000	May 20, '01	33,220
Santa Clara Canning Co.	Santa Clara ..	100,000	Mar. 20, '01	32,771
Santa Clara County Mill Co.	Alviso ..	100,000	Jan. 15, '02	34,644
Santa Clara Electric College of Medicine ..	San José ..	None	Nov. 7, '00	31,762
Santa Clara Realty and Development Co.	San Francisco ..	25,000	April 17, '02	35,271
Santa Clara Sanatorium	Los Gatos ..	100,000	April 27, '01	33,050
Santa Clara Valley Land Co.	San José ..	400,000	Dec. 7, '00	31,933
Santa Cruz Board of Trade	Santa Cruz ..	None	Aug. 30, '00	31,385
Santa Cruz Oil Co.	Santa Cruz ..	500,000	Dec. 22, '00	32,036
Santa Fé Land Improvement Co.	Los Angeles ..	10,000	Dec. 28, '01	32,072
Santa Fé Ditch Co.	Selma ..	10,000	Oct. 24, '00	31,702
Santa Fé Oil Co.	Stockton ..	400,000	July 2, '00	31,075
Santa Fé Steam Laundry Co.	San Bernardino ..	12,500	Aug. 31, '01	33,905
Santa Felicita Gold Mining and Milling Co.	San Francisco ..	200,000	June 21, '02	35,723
Santa Maria Oil and Gas Co.	Los Angeles ..	500,000	Nov. 13, '00	31,790
Santa Maria Oil Co.	McKittrick ..	280,000	July 24, '00	31,186
Santa Mino Mining Co.	Los Angeles ..	16,000	Oct. 21, '01	34,132
Santa Monica Auditorium Co.	Los Angeles ..	25,000	Mar. 2, '01	32,673
Santa Monica Gun Club	Los Angeles ..	1,000	Dec. 12, '00	31,975

State Corporations—Continued.

Name.	Place of Business.	Capital Stock.	Filed.	No.
Santa Monica Investment Co.	Santa Monica ...	\$75,000	July 6, '01	33,643
Santa Monica Young Men's Christian Association	Los Angeles	None	April 19, '01	33,003
Santa Paula Commercial Co.	Santa Paula	75,000	Mar. 12, '02	34,997
Santa Paula Electric Co.	Santa Paula	200,000	May 12, '02	35,457
Santa Paula Oil Tool Co.	Santa Paula	25,000	Oct. 28, '01	34,182
Santa Paula Walnut Association	Santa Paula	10,000	May 17, '01	33,202
Santa Rita Oil Co.	San Francisco	75,000	Sept. 30, '01	34,041
Santa Rosa Mining and Milling Co.	Los Angeles	350,000	Feb. 13, '01	32,495
Santa Rosa Rochdale Co.	Santa Rosa	None	Dec. 22, '00	32,039
Santa Rosa Undertaking Co.	Santa Rosa	25,000	May 29, '01	33,295
Santa Rosa Woolen Mills	San Francisco	50,000	April 10, '02	35,222
Saratoga Farming Co.	San José	5,000	July 5, '00	31,078
Sargasso Oil Co.	San Francisco	200,000	Feb. 11, '01	32,480
Sargent Gold Mining Co.	San Francisco	100,000	April 9, '02	35,210
Sartorial Oil Co.	Los Angeles	500,000	Aug. 13, '00	31,283
Saticoy Irrigation Co.	Saticoy	7,200	May 2, '02	35,392
Sauer Dough Oil Co.	San Francisco	250,000	Jan. 7, '01	32,157
Savage Oil Co.	San Francisco	100,000	Nov. 1, '00	31,739
Savanna Social Society	Los Angeles Co.	None	April 28, '02	35,358
Saxon Steam Wagon and Automobile Co.	San Francisco	100,000	Feb. 23, '01	32,602
Schaw-Batcher Co. Pipe Works	Sacramento	100,000	Dec. 12, '01	34,450
Schaw-Batcher Co.	Sacramento	400,000	Dec. 12, '01	34,449
Schluckebier Hardware Co.	Petaluma	75,000	April 1, '02	35,149
School of Chirosophy	Los Angeles	None	Nov. 21, '01	34,320
Schooner Kona Co.	San Francisco	64,000	June 5, '01	33,361
Schooner Mahukona Co.	San Francisco	48,000	Mar. 14, '01	32,746
Schooner Solano Co.	San Francisco	53,000	Mar. 29, '01	32,842
Schooner W. H. Marston Co.	San Francisco	85,000	Sept. 27, '00	31,528
Schroth Co.	San Francisco	200,000	Feb. 6, '02	34,799
Schultz-Hansen Co.	San Francisco	50,000	April 12, '02	35,241
Scottish Rite Temple Association	San Francisco	150,000	July 23, '00	31,183
Scott & Gilbert Co.	San Francisco	30,000	Sept. 8, '00	31,438
Scott & Van Arsdale Lumber Co.	San Francisco	3,000,000	Feb. 1, '02	34,767
Scott Valley Athletic Club	Etna	None	May 27, '02	35,566
Scott Oil Burner Co., Inc.	San Francisco	50,000	Dec. 13, '00	31,982
Scripps News Association	San Diego	5,000	April 8, '01	32,898
S. Ducas Co.	San Francisco	50,000	Mar. 25, '02	35,100
Seacoast Land and Oil Co.	Los Angeles	500,000	Aug. 27, '00	31,367
Sea Power Co.	San Francisco	1,000,000	May 13, '01	33,165
Searchlight Development Co.	Los Angeles	500,000	May 22, '02	35,537
Seaside Water Co.	Los Angeles	750,000	June 8, '01	33,425½
Sebastopol Building Association	Sebastopol	10,000	Feb. 11, '01	32,475
Sebastopol Rochdale Co.	Sebastopol	None	April 3, '02	35,164
Sebastopol Winery	San Francisco	30,000	Mar. 19, '01	32,770
Second Church of Christ Scientist	Oakland	None	Dec. 5, '00	31,913
Second United Presbyterian Church	San Francisco	None	Oct. 4, '00	31,575
Section Five Oil Co.	San Francisco	75,000	Dec. 3, '00	31,901
Security Coin Box Co.	Oakland	25,000	Dec. 30, '01	34,537
Security Oil Co.	Los Angeles	500,000	Aug. 20, '00	31,330
Security State Bank of San José	San José	100,000	Mar. 24, '02	35,090
Sedalia and California Oil Co.	Bakersfield	250,000	May 15, '02	35,481
Seelye Well Co.	San Bernardino	3,000	Sept. 7, '01	33,948
Selkirk Oil and Development Co.	San Francisco	250,000	Feb. 12, '01	32,487
Selma Co-operative Dairy Association	Selma	10,000	Aug. 31, '00	31,395
Selma Gold Mining Co.	Fresno	500,000	Jan. 26, '01	32,339
Selma Land Co.	Selma	25,000	Aug. 3, '00	31,232
Selma Light and Water Co.	Selma	100,000	April 20, '01	33,017
Selma Rochdale Co.	Selma	None	Dec. 31, '00	32,101
Seminole Oil Co.	San Francisco	50,000	April 2, '01	32,866
Senator Gold Mining Co.	San Francisco	10,000	Aug. 31, '01	33,911
Sepulveda Crude Oil Co.	Los Angeles	350,000	Oct. 24, '00	31,695
Sequoia Oil Co.	San Francisco	1,000,000	Oct. 10, '00	31,609
Seropian Bros.	San Francisco	100,000	April 24, '02	35,326
Sesame Oil Co.	San Francisco	500,000	Feb. 23, '01	32,604
Sesnon & Liebes	San Francisco	25,000	April 10, '02	35,223
Sespe Crude Oil Co.	Los Angeles	500,000	July 30, '00	31,215
Seven Oil Co.	Bakersfield	250,000	Jan. 3, '01	32,114
Seven Oil Co.	San Francisco	250,000	Dec. 14, '00	31,994
Seventeen Oil Co.	Oakland	250,000	Feb. 1, '01	32,396

State Corporations—Continued.

Name.	Place of Business.	Capital Stock.	Filed.	No.
Seward Mining Co.	San Francisco	\$250,000	Mar. 4, '01	32,681
Sewart Manufacturing Co.	Santa Rosa	75,000	April 1, '02	35,147
Shady Run Mining Co.	Stockton	250,000	Feb. 13, '01	32,493
Shale Mound Oil Co.	Fresno	400,000	Mar. 15, '01	32,750
Shamrock Club	Los Angeles Co.	None	April 28, '02	35,357
Shannon Sectional Crossing Co.	San Francisco	100,000	Jan. 16, '01	32,243
Shasta Coal, Oil, and Land Co.	San Francisco	400,000	Mar. 1, '01	32,656
Shasta Copper Co.	Oakland	100,000	Feb. 19, '01	32,550
Shasta County Smelting and Refin'g Co.	San Francisco	200,000	Oct. 1, '01	34,044
Shasta Laundry Association	San Francisco	60,000	April 14, '02	35,256
Shasta Laundry Co.	San Francisco	5,000	Aug. 14, '00	31,292
Shasta Mountain Copper Co.	San Francisco	5,000,000	May 1, '02	35,384
Shasta Oil Co.	Oakland	300,000	Oct. 3, '00	31,568
Shattuck & Desmond Warehouse Co.	Los Angeles	30,000	April 5, '02	35,173
Shattuck Avenue M. E. Church	Oakland	None	Feb. 14, '01	32,507
S. H. Cheda & Co.	San Rafael	50,100	Dec. 13, '00	31,984
Shea Bocqueraz Co.	San Francisco	200,000	June 13, '01	33,484
Shearer Simplex Gas Machine Co.	San Francisco	250,000	Aug. 14, '00	31,293
Sheehy Estate Co.	San Francisco	200,000	Feb. 12, '01	32,485
Shell Mountain Oil and Mining Co.	Kern City	500,000	Dec. 11, '00	31,963
Shelter Cove Wharf and Warehouse Co.	Stockton	50,000	June 30, '02	35,770
Shingle Gold Mining Co.	Oakland	100,000	May 1, '01	33,077
Ship Challenger Co.	San Francisco	48,000	Dec. 10, '00	31,953
Ship Emily Reed Co.	San Francisco	48,000	Sept. 25, '00	31,522
Ship Henry Villard Co.	San Francisco	48,000	June 5, '01	33,362
Ship Tillie E. Starbuck Co.	San Francisco	80,000	Sept. 1, '00	31,402
Show Bros. Co.	Raymond	20,000	Mar. 28, '02	35,123
S. H. Rambo Co.	Boulder Creek	20,000	Jan. 24, '01	32,310
Siberia Quartz Mining Co.	Nevada Co.	25,000	Jan. 10, '02	34,604
Sierra-Alaska Gold Mining Co.	San Francisco	50,000	April 25, '01	33,036
Sierra Electric Co.	Nevada City	25,000	April 16, '01	32,973
Sierra Leone Mines	San Francisco	250,000	June 19, '01	33,537
Sierra Madre Oil and Development Co.	San Francisco	250,000	Feb. 1, '01	32,394
Sierra Mercantile Co.	Downieville	40,000	July 12, '01	33,672
Sierra Nevada Brewing Co.	Nevada City	60,000	Nov. 7, '00	31,759
Sierra Hydraulic Mining Co.	San Francisco	300,000	Feb. 23, '01	32,583
Sierra Imperial Cons'd Gold Mining Co.	San Francisco	250,000	Mar. 1, '02	34,940
Sierra Investment Co.	San Francisco	500,000	April 8, '01	32,906
Sierra Pelone Oil Co.	Los Angeles	500,000	April 21, '02	35,310
Sierra Queen Gold Mining Co.	Nevada City	100,000	Jan. 8, '02	34,595
Sigma Oil Co.	San Francisco	1,000	April 29, '02	35,369
Signal Mt. Explorat'n and Devel'pm't Co.	San Diego	50,000	Jan. 29, '01	32,364
Signal Mountain Oil Co.	San Diego	250,000	Jan. 22, '01	32,280
Silica Aluminum Paint Co.	Los Angeles	500,000	Sept. 21, '00	31,501
Silva Potter Co.	Placer Co.	10,000	May 21, '01	33,233
Silver Creek Land and Development Co.	Nevada City	60,000	Feb. 19, '01	32,562
Silver King Oil Co.	Los Angeles	500,000	Jan. 15, '01	32,223
Silver Oil Co.	Bakersfield	240,000	Dec. 24, '00	32,051
Silver Star Oil Co.	San Francisco	300,000	Feb. 6, '01	32,434
Simi Consolidated Oil Co.	Ventura	300,000	Aug. 11, '00	31,277
Simi Crude Oil Co.	Los Angeles	750,000	July 5, '00	31,079
Single Sheet Paper Co.	Los Angeles	25,000	Nov. 26, '01	34,355
Sinnemahoning Oil Co.	Palo Alto	225,000	Jan. 2, '01	32,110
Sioc Oil Co.	Los Angeles	600,000	Aug. 1, '00	31,223
Slate Range Gold Mining and Milling Co.	Los Angeles	600,000	Dec. 30, '01	34,540
Sleeping Beauty Mining Co.	San Francisco	25,000	Dec. 17, '01	34,481
Sloan Clay and Development Co.	San Diego	200,000	Oct. 5, '00	31,580
Smith River Copper Mining Co.	Crescent City	25,000	Mar. 5, '02	34,962
Smoke Creek Ranch Co.	San Francisco	500,000	Nov. 20, '01	34,316
Snake River Oil Co.	San Francisco	5,000	May 18, '01	33,211
Snowflake Baking Co.	San Diego	20,000	Oct. 14, '01	34,104
Soboba Lithia Springs Co.	Los Angeles	100,000	Aug. 9, '01	33,815
Sociedade Portuguesa Ramha Santa Izabel	Oakland	None	April 12, '01	32,938
Societa di Beneficenza Italiana Generale Guiseppe Lamasa	San Francisco	None	April 12, '01	32,936
Society for the Protection of Children	San Francisco	None	Jan. 5, '01	32,134
Soconusco Rubber Plantation Co.	San Francisco	1,312,500	Oct. 16, '00	31,648
Solano Bowling Alley Association	Vallejo	10,000	May 7, '02	35,635
Soldak Manufacturing Co.	San Francisco	100,000	May 4, '01	33,105

State Corporations—Continued.

Name.	Place of Business.	Capital Stock.	Filed.	No.
Sommer & Kaufmann	San Francisco ..	\$100,000	April 25, '01	33,033
Somps-Mouret Co.	San Francisco ..	700,000	Mar. 13, '01	32,739
Sonoma Consolidated Quicksilver Co.	[Santa Rosa] ..	1,000,000	June 24, '02	35,741
Sonoma County Improvement Co.	Santa Rosa ..	50,000	Feb. 21, '02	34,889
Sonoma County Gold Mining and Milling Co.	Santa Rosa ..	75,000	April 17, '02	35,273
Sonoma County Oil and Development Co.	Santa Rosa ..	25,000	April 25, '01	33,032
Sonoma Mines Co.	San Francisco ..	200,000	Aug. 22, '01	33,871
Sonoma Tanning Co.	Petaluma ..	25,000	Aug. 28, '01	33,895
Sonora Oil Co.	Sonora ..	400,000	Jan. 19, '01	32,268
Sonora Opera House Co.	Sonora ..	25,000	Oct. 18, '01	34,123
South Alaska Packers' Association	San Francisco ..	1,000,000	Jan. 30, '01	32,381
Southard-McCormick Co.	San Francisco ..	10,000	June 22, '01	33,562
South California Association of Seventh Day Adventists	Los Angeles ..	None	Dec. 16, '01	34,463
South Coast Yacht Club.	Los Angeles ..	25,000	Dec. 6, '01	34,407
South End Warehouse Co.	San Francisco ..	10,000	April 4, '01	32,877
Southland Canning Co.	Los Angeles ..	25,000	April 17, '01	32,992
South Mojave Oil Co.	Los Angeles ..	400,000	Jan. 10, '02	34,599
South River Oil Co.	San Francisco ..	300,000	Feb. 27, '01	32,625
South San Francisco Rochdale Co.	San Francisco ..	None	April 29, '01	33,013
South Side Oil Co.	Bakersfield ..	100,000	Dec. 5, '00	31,919
South Star Oil Co.	Oakland ..	500,000	April 15, '01	32,966
South Sunset Oil Co.	Bakersfield ..	500,000	Sept. 14, '00	31,461
Southern California Artificial Stone and Improvement Co.	Los Angeles ..	200,000	Dec. 24, '01	34,513
Southern California Box Co.	Los Angeles ..	50,000	May 5, '02	35,416
Southern California Brewing Co.	Los Angeles ..	200,000	Sept. 15, '00	31,472
Southern California Brick Co.	Los Angeles ..	75,000	May 13, '02	35,468
Southern California Building Co.	San Bernardino ..	10,000	April 14, '02	35,253
Southern California Business College ..	Los Angeles ..	36,000	Mar. 3, '02	34,951
Southern California Chemical Co.	Los Angeles ..	100,000	Mar. 24, '02	35,091
Southern California Cooks' Association ..	Los Angeles ..	None	Oct. 29, '01	34,192
Southern California Fertilizer Co.	San Bernardino ..	10,000	May 5, '02	35,415
Southern California Sanatorium Co.	[Redlands] ..	250,000	Aug. 24, '01	33,879
Southern Cal. Sporting Ass'n Social Club ..	Los Angeles ..	None	Oct. 15, '01	34,105
Southern California Waiters' Association ..	Los Angeles ..	None	Dec. 10, '00	31,951
Southern California White Oil Co.	Los Angeles ..	600,000	June 6, '01	33,372
Southern Cross Drilling and Oil Co.	Bakersfield ..	250,000	July 5, '00	31,080
Southern Mercantile Co.	Los Angeles ..	20,000	May 6, '02	35,625
Southwestern Development Co.	Santa Barbara ..	10,000	June 10, '01	33,445
Southwestern Oil Co.	Los Angeles ..	500,000	Jan. 3, '01	32,118
Southwest Gas and Electric Co.	Los Angeles ..	1,000,000	Oct. 21, '01	34,136
Southwest Miners' Association	Los Angeles ..	None	Aug. 9, '00	31,267
Southwest Printers' Supply Co.	Los Angeles ..	50,000	Sept. 13, '01	33,958
Sovereign Oil Co.	San Francisco ..	500,000	Oct. 15, '00	31,633
Spanish Ranch Co.	Oroville ..	25,000	Nov. 14, '01	34,272
Speck & Co.	San Francisco ..	50,000	Mar. 5, '02	34,960
Spence Fruit Co.	Los Angeles ..	25,000	July 22, '01	33,725
Spencer Mining and Milling Co.	San Francisco ..	500,000	June 21, '02	35,727
Spencer Oil Co.	Bakersfield ..	300,000	Jan. 7, '01	32,149
Spiral Belt Separator Co.	San Francisco ..	100,000	Feb. 6, '01	32,438
Spiritualist Camp Meeting Ass'n	Los Angeles ..	None	Nov. 7, '00	31,761
Sport Hill Gold Mining Co.	Oakland ..	200,000	Jan. 22, '01	32,288
Springfield Oil Co.	Fresno ..	200,000	Feb. 9, '01	32,468
Spring Hill Mining Co.	San Francisco ..	10,000	Mar. 31, '02	35,136
Spring Oil Co.	San Francisco ..	300,000	Feb. 1, '01	32,395
Spring Ranch Mining Co.	San Francisco ..	12,000	Aug. 7, '00	31,255
Spruance Fruit Co.	Los Angeles ..	50,000	Aug. 24, '01	33,876
Stable and Carriage Owners' Ass'n of S. F.	San Francisco ..	None	June 3, '01	33,320
Standard Brick Co.	Los Angeles ..	25,000	Mar. 10, '02	34,986
Standard Construction Co.	San Francisco ..	100,000	Feb. 25, '01	32,611
Standard Development Co.	San Francisco ..	250,000	April 14, '02	35,255
Standard Fuel and Reduction Co.	Los Angeles ..	500,000	May 20, '01	33,222
Standard Electric Distributing Co.	San Francisco ..	5,000,000	June 3, '01	33,321
Standard Electrical Construction Co.	San Francisco ..	10,000	Mar. 15, '01	32,748
Standard Gold Dredging Co.	Oakland ..	70,000	Mar. 23, '01	32,801
Standard Lumber Co.	San Francisco ..	50,000	Oct. 9, '01	34,085
Standard Machine Works	San Francisco ..	3,000	June 4, '01	33,350
Standard Mining Co.	Sacramento ..	20,000	Mar. 14, '01	32,741

State Corporations—Continued.

Name.	Place of Business.	Capital Stock.	Filed.	No.
Standard Motor Vehicle Co.	San Francisco	\$250,000	Jan. 21, '01	32,274
Standard Novelty Co.	San Francisco	75,000	Aug. 6, '01	33,794
Standard Oil Co.	San José	150,000	Oct. 10, '00	31,615
Standard Oil and Development Co.	San José	100,000	Mar. 20, '01	32,775
Standard Oil Promotion and Inv'm't Co.	San Francisco	5,000,000	Dec. 31, '00	32,090
Standard Optical Co.	San Francisco	50,000	Feb. 16, '01	32,537
Standard Packing Co.	San Francisco	50,000	April 17, '01	32,984
Standard Paper Co., Inc.	San Francisco	100,000	Dec. 31, '00	32,088
Standard Portland Cement Co.	San Francisco	2,000,000	Jan. 26, '02	34,722
Standard Pottery Co.	Los Angeles	5,000	May 10, '02	35,451
Standard Salt Co.	Los Angeles	250,000	Sept. 22, '00	31,511
Standard Weighing and Packing Co.	San Francisco	400,000	Sept. 6, '01	33,936
Stanford Mining and Reduction Co.	Los Angeles	300,000	Jan. 28, '02	34,735
Stanford Oil and Development Co.	Palo Alto	200,000	May 9, '01	33,135
Stanford University Inn Club.	Stanford Univ.	None	Feb. 21, '02	34,886
Stanislaus and West Side Oil Co.	San Francisco	600,000	Feb. 11, '01	32,477
Stanislaus Lumber Co.	San Francisco	10,000	April 12, '02	35,246
Stanislaus Water and Power Co.	San Francisco	2,500,000	May 9, '02	35,450
St. Anthony Mining and Milling Co.	San Francisco	15,000	Aug. 8, '01	33,805
St. Anthony Oil Co.	Los Angeles	500,000	July 30, '00	31,210
St. Elmo Hospital.	San Francisco	25,000	July 25, '01	33,740
St. Helena Fruit Drying and Packing Co.	[St. Helena]	25,000	June 19, '02	35,709
St. Helena Improvement Co.	St. Helena	100,000	May 19, '02	35,499
St. Helena Oil Co.	St. Helena	100,000	April 8, '01	32,907
St. John Development Co.	Willows	500,000	Feb. 4, '01	32,421
St. John's Con. Quicksilver Mining Co.	San Francisco	250,000	Nov. 16, '01	34,289
St. Louis Brewing Co.	San Francisco	90,000	Aug. 8, '00	31,258
St. Louis Fire Brick and Clay Co.	Los Angeles	70,000	Aug. 16, '01	33,847
St. Paul's Church	Bakersfield	None	Sept. 30, '01	34,040
Star Anticline Oil Co.	San Benito Co.	200,000	Aug. 27, '00	31,364
Star Bitters Co.	Sacramento	25,000	April 4, '01	32,879
Star and Crescent Oil Co.	Napa	500,000	April 18, '01	32,995
Star Line Oil Co.	San Francisco	200,000	Jan. 11, '01	32,188
Star Occidental Gold Mining Co.	Los Angeles	500,000	June 15, '01	33,510
State Bank of San Pedro	San Pedro	25,000	Jan. 7, '01	32,146
Steiger & Kerr Stove and Foundry Co.	San Francisco	100,000	Mar. 14, '02	35,015
Stephens Agricultural Livestock Co.	[Madison, Yolo Co.]	600,000	Oct. 17, '01	34,117
Stephens Oil Co.	San Francisco	250,000	Dec. 6, '00	31,929
Stewart Citrus Association	North Ontario	None	Aug. 29, '01	33,900
Stice & Gardner Co.	Red Bluff	25,000	April 10, '02	35,228
Stiles Quartz Mine Co.	Nevada City	500,000	June 18, '01	33,529
Stock, Bond and Investment Syndicate	San Francisco	500,000	Sept. 19, '00	31,492
Stockholders' Oil Co.	San Francisco	30,000	May 4, '01	33,107
Stockton Brick and Pottery Co.	San Francisco	250,000	Aug. 31, '01	33,907
Stockton Chamber of Commerce	Stockton	None	Feb. 27, '01	32,635
Stockton Incubator and Mfg. Co.	Stockton	50,000	May 14, '02	35,478
Stockton Mail Co.	Stockton	100,000	Dec. 4, '01	34,399
Stockton Manufacturing Co.	Stockton	10,000	Dec. 18, '01	34,484
Stockton Rochdale Co.	Stockton	None	Dec. 17, '01	34,480
Stockton Smelting Co.	Stockton	100,000	Oct. 11, '01	34,098
Stockton Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals	Stockton	None	Nov. 1, '00	31,737
Stockton Sunset Oil Co.	Stockton	500,000	Aug. 16, '00	31,307
Stone & Ecklon Co.	San Francisco	25,000	Dec. 26, '01	34,520
Stone Cañon Coal Co.	San Francisco	1,000,000	Sept. 14, '00	31,457
Stony Creek Oil Co.	Elk Creek	300,000	Nov. 30, '00	31,883
Storage and Delivery Co.	San Francisco	1,000,000	Sept. 25, '00	31,521
Stranahan Mining Co.	Chico	75,000	May 6, '02	35,631
Studebaker Brothers Co. of California	San Francisco	100,000	April 5, '01	32,886
Sturgeon Oil Co.	Bakersfield	300,000	Jan. 11, '01	32,189
Sturges Voting Machine Co.	Los Angeles	75,000	Sept. 3, '01	33,915
Suanga Oil Co.	Los Angeles	500,000	Aug. 30, '00	31,386
Suaqui Grande Mining Co.	Los Angeles	100,000	Jan. 4, '01	32,132
Submarine Mining Co.	San Francisco	500,000	Dec. 11, '00	319681
Subscribers' Protective Ass'n of America	Los Angeles	25,000	July 13, '01	33,685
Suburban Electric Light Co.	Oakland	500,000	June 14, '01	33,494
Suburban Land Co.	Los Angeles	250,000	Dec. 5, '01	34,406
Sue Hing Benevolent Association	San Francisco	None	Jan. 25, '01	32,323
Sugar Pine Investment Co.	Fresno	2,000,000	July 24, '00	31,185
Sugar Pine Mining Co.	San Francisco	400,000	Oct. 15, '00	31,634

State Corporations—Continued.

Name.	Place of Business.	Capital Stock.	Filed.	No.
Suisun Improvement Association.....	Suisun	\$6,000	Sept. 15, '00	31,466
Suisun Transportation Co.	Suisun	10,000	April 12, '02	35,243
Sulphur Creek Lubricating Oil Co.	San Francisco	500,000	May 4, '01	33,106
Sulphur Mountain Oil Development Co.	Fullerton	300,000	Aug. 13, '00	31,279
Sulphur Mountain Petroleum Co.	Fullerton	800,000	July 13, '00	31,132
Sulphur Mountain Springs Co.	[Santa Paula]	25,000	April 23, '02	35,316
Sulphur Reef Oil and Development Co.	Bakersfield	200,000	Nov. 17, '00	31,814
Sulphur Springs Oil Co.	Los Angeles	300,000	Nov. 17, '00	31,819
Sultana Oil Co.	Los Angeles	25,000	Aug. 27, '00	31,366
Summerfield Land Co.	San Francisco	100,000	July 18, '00	31,153
Sun Drug Co.	Los Angeles	250,000	Oct. 21, '01	34,131
Sunland Orchard Co.	Ontario	50,000	June 17, '02	35,699
Sunlight Mining and Smelting Co.	Oakland	100,000	June 4, '02	35,615
Sunnyside Water Co.	Tulare Co.	6,000	Mar. 26, '02	35,112
Sunny Slope Land and Water Co.	Los Angeles	250,000	Oct. 23, '01	34,156
Sun Printing and Publishing Co.	San Francisco	100,000	Sept. 8, '00	31,434
Sunset Automobile Co.	San Francisco	100,000	May 7, '02	35,637
Sunset Box Factory	San Francisco	5,000	Oct. 12, '01	34,100
Sunset Center Oil and Development Co.	San Francisco	300,000	Oct. 23, '00	31,689
Sunset Coast Oil Co.	Los Angeles	500,000	July 7, '00	31,096
Sunset Commercial Co.	Los Angeles	1,000,000	Nov. 23, '00	31,845
Sunset Consolidated Oil Co.	Los Angeles	750,000	July 12, '00	31,129
Sunset Electric Light and Power Co.	San Francisco	200,000	Jan. 14, '01	32,211
Sunset Gold Dredging Co.	Oakland	150,000	April 8, '01	32,900
Sunset Library Association	San Francisco	600	Feb. 21, '01	32,580
Sunset O K Oil Co.	Bakersfield	200,000	Nov. 26, '00	31,868
Sunset Park Oil Co.	Los Angeles	250,000	Oct. 25, '00	31,704
Sunset Tanning Co.	San Francisco	150,000	Feb. 11, '01	32,481
Sunset Victor Oil Co.	Los Angeles	300,000	Aug. 1, '00	31,227
Sunset Water Co.	Cucamonga	60,000	Jan. 10, '01	32,186
Sunset Water Co.	Bakersfield	150,000	Oct. 5, '00	31,583
Sunshine Water Heater Co.	San Francisco	200,000	July 2, '00	31,074
Superior Development Co.	Bakersfield	500,000	Dec. 14, '00	31,987
Superior Extension Oil Co.	Bakersfield	500,000	Nov. 15, '00	31,798
Superior Sunset Oil Co.	Bakersfield	500,000	Dec. 17, '00	32,004
Superstition Mountain Oil Co.	San Diego	25,000	Mar. 25, '01	32,810
Supreme Lodge, Friends of the Forest	San Francisco	None	Nov. 16, '00	31,811
Surprise Oil, Mineral, and Mining Co.	Knights Land'g	100,000	Jan. 14, '02	34,638
Sutter Oil and Development Co.	Sacramento	50,000	June 1, '01	33,314
Sutter Home Wine and Distillery Co.	San Francisco	50,000	May 21, '02	35,527
Swan Brewing Co.	Oakland	20,000	April 28, '02	35,356
S. W. Fergusson Co.	Los Angeles	50,000	Jan. 23, '02	34,693
Sweepstake Gold Mining and Ditch Co.	San Francisco	600,000	Sept. 20, '00	31,495
Swiss Relief Society	San Francisco	None	Jan. 19, '01	32,266
Sycamore Oil Co.	Bakersfield	360,000	Dec. 19, '00	32,012
Syndicate Co.	San Francisco	50,000	July 19, '00	31,159
Syndicate Printing Co.	San Francisco	25,000	Mar. 8, '02	34,973
Table Mountain Co.	San José	5,000	Oct. 18, '01	34,122
Table Mountain Oil Co.	Fresno	25,000	April 15, '01	32,964
Tagus Ditch Co.	Visalia	10,000	April 30, '02	35,376
Tahiti Commercial and Sugar Co. Ltd.	San Francisco	200,000	April 25, '01	33,034
Tahiti Land and Trading Co.	San Francisco	300,000	Oct. 24, '00	31,700
Tahoe Club	San Francisco	None	May 26, '02	35,565
Talbot Commercial Co.	San Francisco	100,000	Dec. 28, '00	32,071
Tale Gold Mining and Milling Co.	San Francisco	100,000	Jan. 16, '02	34,649
Talisman Oil Co.	San Francisco	30,000	Aug. 4, '00	31,240
Tamarack Oil Co.	Riverside	100,000	Feb. 25, '01	32,608
Tamarack Oil Development Co.	Riverside	100,000	July 19, '01	33,710
Tampico Land, Lumber, and Development Co.	Los Angeles	300,000	April 5, '02	35,186
Tam O'Shanter Mine and Smelting Co.	Los Angeles	100,000	Aug. 8, '00	31,263
Tarrant-Clisbee Co.	San Francisco	25,000	Sept. 17, '00	31,475
Taylor Brothers' Brick Co.	Redlands	25,000	May 10, '02	35,453
Taylor Irons Co.	Bakersfield	10,000	Mar. 26, '01	32,824
Taylor Ranch Oil Co.	Los Angeles	500,000	Sept. 28, '00	31,537
Techau Tavern Co.	San Francisco	250,000	April 30, '02	35,375
Tehama County Petroleum Co.	Red Bluff	250,000	April 13, '01	32,958
Tehama Oil Co.	Corning	200,000	Jan. 31, '01	32,392
Tejon Oil and Development Co.	Los Angeles	500,000	Nov. 30, '00	31,887

State Corporations—Continued.

Name.	Place of Business.	Capital Stock.	Filed.	No.
Tejunga Oil Co.	Los Angeles	\$500,000	Jan. 22, '01	32,292
Telegraph Hill Mining Co.	San Francisco	75,000	Nov. 22, '01	34,325
Telephone Hygienic Co.	Los Angeles	500,000	Sept. 23, '01	33,998
Telephone Oil Co.	Fresno	300,000	Mar. 28, '01	32,834
Temblor Oil Co.	Los Angeles	500,000	Oct. 10, '00	31,612
Temple Bar Oil Co.	Fresno	2,400	April 16, '01	32,982
Temple Crude Oil Co.	Los Angeles	500,000	Aug. 1, '00	31,227 1/2
Terreno Co.	San Diego	10,000	Nov. 24, '00	31,855
Texas Oil and Land Co.	San Diego	500,000	Feb. 18, '01	32,543
Theater Curtain Advertising Co.	San Francisco	25,000	May 24, '02	35,549
Theodosia B. Shepherd Co.	S. Buenaventura	30,000	May 2, '02	35,394
Theosophical Library Association	Los Angeles	None	Oct. 21, '01	34,138
Theta Delta Chi Building Association.	San Francisco	25,000	May 6, '02	35,630
Theta Oil Co.	San Francisco	1,000	April 29, '02	35,367
31 Oil Co.	Bakersfield	118,000	Oct. 5, '00	31,584
36 Oil Co.	Fresno	500,000	Dec. 24, '00	32,048
Thistle Oil Co.	Stockton	250,000	Jan. 16, '01	32,238
Thomas Devlin Tanning Co.	Arcata	125,000	Aug. 23, '00	31,346
Thomas Mining Co.	Los Angeles	500,000	Jan. 13, '02	34,621
Thompson & Folger Co.	Stockton	300,000	Dec. 13, '01	34,460
Thomson-Bride Co.	San Francisco	50,000	June 30, '02	35,771
Thos. H. B. Varney Co.	San Francisco	25,000	April 29, '01	33,059
Three D. & L. Oil Co.	Oakland	200,000	Feb. 23, '01	32,595
Tibu Oil Co.	Fresno	500,000	Nov. 12, '00	31,787
Tide-Water Oil Producing Co.	Los Angeles	50,000	July 3, '01	33,632
Tierra Oil Co.	Los Angeles	300,000	Aug. 1, '00	31,226
Tiffany Importing Co.	San Francisco	25,000	May 11, '02	35,651
Tighe-Breyfogle Co.	Madera	50,000	Jan. 24, '01	32,318
Tijera Creek Water Co.	Los Angeles	7,810	June 22, '01	33,564
Tilley Gold and Silver Mining Co.	Nevada City	31,250	Aug. 11, '00	31,275
Tillmany Steel Tube Tire Co.	San Francisco	100,000	Oct. 7, '01	34,077
Tioga Oil Co.	Oakland	100,000	Oct. 22, '00	31,682
Title Guarantee and Trust Co.	San Diego	25,000	Feb. 8, '01	32,453
Title Insurance and Guaranty Co.	San Francisco	500,000	May 7, '02	35,639
Titus Co.	San José	50,000	May 7, '02	35,431
Tobasco Agriculture Co.	San Francisco	100,000	Oct. 16, '01	34,113
Tolchester Oil Co.	San Francisco	500,000	Dec. 7, '00	31,932
Toltic Oil Co.	Bakersfield	500,000	Nov. 15, '00	31,804
Tomales Creamery Co.	Tomales	5,000	Feb. 10, '02	34,829
Tomlinson Printing Co.	San Francisco	10,000	Feb. 7, '02	34,808
Tonawanda Oil Co.	Oakland	500,000	June 8, '01	33,426
Tonopah Extension Mining Co.	San Francisco	500,000	May 8, '02	35,441
Tonopah Golden Crown Mining Co. Inc.	San Francisco	250,000	May 22, '02	35,534
Tontine Investment Co.	Los Angeles	100,000	Oct. 5, '01	34,068
Toomey Creek Land and Oil Develop- ment Co.	San Francisco	50,000	Dec. 22, '00	32,037
Top Knot Oil Co.	Santa Ana	200,000	Oct. 5, '00	31,579
Topkuk Ditch Co.	San Francisco	500,000	Feb. 27, '02	34,917
Tower Oil Co.	Tulare	250,000	July 30, '00	31,214
Townley Bros.	San Francisco	50,000	Aug. 24, '01	33,878
Towsley Cañon Oil Co.	Los Angeles	150,000	Nov. 2, '00	31,746
Trades Publishing Co.	San Francisco	10,000	Oct. 23, '00	31,691
Training School for Nurses of the Goch- enaucr-Ketchem Sanitarium of San Diego	San Diego	None	Dec. 21, '00	32,035
Trans-Alaska Co.	San Francisco	100,000	Sept. 3, '01	33,919
Trans-Alaska Mercantile Co.	San Francisco	100,000	Sept. 27, '01	34,022
Transcontinental Oil Co.	Bakersfield	300,000	Jan. 29, '01	32,368
Transfer Oil Co.	Bakersfield	500,000	Sept. 1, '00	31,405
Trans-Pacific Commercial Co.	San Francisco	50,000	Aug. 13, '00	31,285
Travelers' Oil Co.	Bakersfield	500,000	Jan. 31, '01	32,391
Travelers' Petroleum Land Co.	Oakland	25,000	May 8, '01	33,129
Treasure Trove Wrecking Co.	San Francisco	25,000	May 9, '01	33,134
Trebelli School of Vocal Music	San José	None	Aug. 31, '00	31,394
Tres Pinos Oil Co.	San Francisco	500,000	Feb. 8, '01	32,454
Tresposes Mining Co.	Riverside	100,000	Dec. 10, '01	34,434
Trinity Armenian Church.	Fresno	None	Dec. 27, '00	32,059
Trinity County Bank.	Weaverville	25,000	Sept. 13, '00	31,452
Trinity Evangelical Lutheran Church.	Riverside	None	July 12, '00	31,120
Trinity Sugar Pine Co.	Fresno	50,000	Jan. 28, '01	32,349

State Corporations—Continued.

Name.	Place of Business.	Capital Stock.	Filed.	No.
Trinkler Dohrmann Co.	San Francisco ..	\$50,000	Oct. 10, '00	31,614
Troy Laundry Co.	Los Angeles ..	20,000	Feb. 18, '01	32,540
Troy Laundry	Berkeley	75,000	Nov. 8, '01	34,242
Troy Pharmacal Co.	San Francisco ..	25,000	June 3, '02	35,613
Troy Steam Laundry Co.	San Francisco ..	50,000	May 8, '01	33,127
T. S. Hawkins Co.	Hollister	50,000	Nov. 19, '00	31,823
Tubbs Fuel and Feed Co.	Los Angeles ..	10,000	Mar. 20, '02	35,065
Tulare County Citrus Co.	Fresno	100,000	Sept. 29, '00	31,541
Tulare County Citrus Fruit Exchange ..	Visalia	50	July 18, '01	33,701
Tulare Irrigation Extension Co.	Tulare	5,000	Nov. 19, '00	31,826
Tuñã Club of Santa Catalina Island.	[Avalon]	None	Aug. 14, '01	33,833
Tunnel Oil Co.	San Diego	500,000	June 6, '01	33,370
Tung Hing Tong	San Francisco ..	None	Oct. 3, '00	31,567
Tuolumne Fraternal Hall Co.	Tuolumne	5,000	Jan. 22, '02	34,690
Tuolumne River Mining and Power Co.	Los Angeles ..	200,000	Aug. 15, '01	33,831
Tuttletown and Angels Aërial Tramway Co.	San Francisco ..	100,000	Sept. 20, '00	31,498
Tweeddale Co.	San Francisco ..	10,000	Mar. 31, '02	35,137
Tweeddale Water Purifying Co.	San Francisco ..	15,000	July 24, '01	33,735
Twelve-Mile Bar Gold Mining Co.	San Francisco ..	25,000	Aug. 7, '00	31,253
Twentieth Century Athletic Club	San Francisco ..	10,000	Feb. 11, '01	32,469
Twentieth Century Gold Co.	San Francisco ..	1,000,000	May 1, '02	35,380
Twentieth Century Hotel Co.	Los Angeles ..	500,000	May 7, '02	35,640
Twentieth Century Laundry Co.	San Francisco ..	25,000	Aug. 28, '01	33,897
Twentieth Century Oil Co.	Fresno	200,000	Oct. 25, '00	31,709
Twentieth Century Printing and Publishing Co.	Oakland	25,000	July 30, '01	33,768
Twenty-four Oil Co.	Palo Alto	500,000	Jan. 30, '01	32,373
Twenty-three Oil Co.	San Francisco ..	100,000	Jan. 18, '01	32,257
Twinback Hotel Co.	Jamestown	20,000	April 5, '01	32,889
Twin Cities Oil Co.	Nevada City ..	250,000	May 20, '01	33,216
Twin City Ice and Storage Co.	Bakersfield ..	75,000	June 1, '01	33,315
Twiner-Donahue Co.	San Francisco ..	25,000	Sept. 29, '00	31,543
Tyee Hydraulic Mining Co.	Bakersfield ..	250,000	April 20, '01	33,009
Tyler Oil Co.	Los Angeles ..	75,000	Jan. 30, '02	34,751
Typewriter Specialty Co.	San Francisco ..	10,000	Feb. 28, '02	34,929
Ukiah Creamery Co.	Ukiah	10,000	Aug. 19, '01	33,869
Ukiah Mercantile Co.	Ukiah	25,000	Feb. 2, '01	32,410
Ukiah Milling Co.	Ukiah	15,000	April 25, '02	35,340
Ukiah Steam Laundry Co.	Ukiah	6,000	Feb. 28, '02	34,926
Ultimo Mining Co.	San Francisco ..	40,000	June 12, '02	35,664
Uncle John Oil Co.	Whittier	10,000	Sept. 12, '00	31,449
Underground River Mining, Land, and Water Co.	Los Angeles ..	500,000	July 21, '00	31,173
Uniao Portugueza Protectora do Estado da California	[Oakland]	None	Jan. 25, '02	34,718
Universal Aerial Navigation Co.	Fresno	50,000	Mar. 8, '01	32,708
Union Athletic Club	Los Angeles ..	None	July 2, '00	31,073
Union Blue Gravel Mining Co.	San Francisco ..	100,000	Sept. 10, '01	33,949
Union Brokerage Co.	San Francisco ..	25,000	June 29, '01	33,615
Union Club Berkeley	Berkeley	None	Aug. 27, '01	33,889
Union Commission Co.	Santa Barbara ..	45,000	June 23, '02	35,736
Union Commercial Co.	San Francisco ..	75,000	Oct. 19, '01	34,125
Union Consolidated Crude Oil Co.	San Francisco ..	500,000	April 9, '01	32,912
Union Consolidated Gold Mines Co.	Los Angeles ..	50,000	Oct. 22, '00	31,680
Union Consolidated Oil Co.	San Francisco ..	500,000	Jan. 28, '01	32,353
Union Construction Co.	San Francisco ..	100,000	Dec. 8, '00	31,948
Union Contracting and Realty Co.	Los Angeles ..	100,000	Jan. 28, '01	32,360
Union Co-operative Home Co.	San Francisco ..	25,000	May 13, '02	35,471
Union Drug Co.	San Francisco ..	250,000	June 20, '02	35,717
Union Fertilizer Co.	Los Angeles ..	50,000	June 24, '01	34,828
Union Grocery Co.	Pasadena	300,000	Nov. 15, '01	34,277
Union Hat Co.	San Francisco ..	75,000	Jan. 4, '02	34,567
Union Ice Co.	San Francisco ..	2,000,000	Feb. 13, '02	34,853
Union Investment Co.	Los Angeles ..	500,000	Sept. 25, '01	34,015
Union Jack Oil Co.	San Francisco ..	200,000	Sept. 15, '00	31,467
Union Land Co.	Los Gatos	150,000	Jan. 2, '01	32,104
Union Laundry	Sacramento ..	25,000	April 29, '02	35,372
Union Laundry Investment Co.	Los Angeles ..	25,000	Aug. 26, '01	33,883

State Corporations—Continued.

Name.	Place of Business.	Capital Stock.	Filed.	No.
Union Machine Co.	San Francisco	\$50,000	April 19, '01	33,006
Union Mission Army.	San Francisco	None	Dec. 9, '01	34,422
Union Mutual Oil Co.	Los Angeles	600,000	Nov. 20, '00	31,835
Union Oil Tool Co.	Los Angeles	100,000	Feb. 23, '01	32,606
Union Pacific Oil Co.	San Francisco	600,000	June 20, '01	33,546
Union Paper Box Factory.	San Francisco	25,000	May 8, '02	35,439
Union Petroleum Co.	Los Angeles	500,000	Sept. 4, '00	31,408
Union Planing Mills of Los Angeles	Los Angeles	200,000	Feb. 28, '02	24,937
Union Savings Bank Building Co.	Los Angeles	60,000	Mar. 26, '01	32,823
Union Shingle Manufacturing Co.	Arcata	15,000	May 3, '01	33,092
Union Trust Co. of Los Angeles	Los Angeles	600,000	June 13, '02	35,678
Union Wood and Timber Co.	San Francisco	250,000	June 3, '01	33,327
Unique Theatre Co.	San Francisco	100,000	Feb. 20, '01	32,570
United Brethren in Christ	Oakland	None	Mar. 25, '02	35,104
United Brotherhood, Railway Employés	San Francisco	None	May 31, '01	33,303
United Gas and Electric Co.	San Francisco	2,500,000	April 19, '02	35,300
United Gas Construction Co.	San Francisco	1,000,000	Feb. 6, '02	34,803
United Investment Co.	Los Angeles	500,000	April 11, '02	35,234
United Oil Co.	San Francisco	500,000	Jan. 28, '01	32,348
United Oil Producers' Association	San Francisco	1,000,000	Aug. 15, '00	31,298
United States Counter Check Co.	San Francisco	75,000	June 25, '01	33,587
United States Dredging Co.	San Francisco	100,000	Jan. 10, '02	34,603
Universal Manufacturing Co.	San Francisco	100,000	June 8, '01	33,439
Universal Oil Mining Co.	San Francisco	300,000	Feb. 27, '01	32,634
Universal Paint Solvent Co.	San Francisco	100,000	Feb. 27, '02	34,914
Universal Service Society	San Francisco	None	June 10, '01	33,444
University Club of Redlands	Redlands	None	May 19, '02	35,500
University Cream, Milk and Butter Co.	[Alameda]	25,000	Feb. 4, '02	34,785
University Planing Mill Co.	Los Angeles	25,000	Mar. 5, '02	34,966
University Savings Bank	Berkeley	100,000	Mar. 19, '02	35,055
Uphill Ditch Co.	Visalia	7,000	May 1, '01	33,069
Upland Water Co.	North Ontario	40,000	Dec. 4, '00	31,911
Upper Lake Canning Co.	San Francisco	10,000	May 6, '02	35,628
Upsilon Oil Co.	San Francisco	1,000	April 29, '02	35,370
Uricol Chemical Co.	Los Angeles	250,000	Feb. 17, '02	34,871
Ursa Major Development Co.	San Francisco	4,000	Feb. 9, '01	32,458
Ursuline Community	Santa Rosa	None	Mar. 14, '01	32,745
Usona Petroleum Co.	San Francisco	500,000	Feb. 14, '01	32,514
U. S. Promoting and Development Co.	San Francisco	25,000	Feb. 1, '02	34,763
Utica Manufacturing Co.	San Francisco	50,000	Sept. 26, '01	34,016
Utica Oil Co.	Los Angeles	300,000	Feb. 13, '01	32,501
Uyak Bay Gold Mining Co.	San Francisco	200,000	Feb. 26, '02	34,905
Valencia Gold and Copper Mining Co.	San Francisco	200,000	June 26, '01	33,594
Valencia Oil Co.	Santa Cruz	500,000	Feb. 28, '01	32,639
Vallecito Oil Co.	San Diego	10,000	Mar. 21, '01	32,784
Vallecitos Water Co.	San Francisco	10,000	May 25, '01	33,269
Vallejo Athletic Club	Vallejo	2,500	Sept. 28, '00	31,536
Vallejo Coffee Club Association	Vallejo	None	April 17, '01	32,988
Vallejo Coursing Park Association	Vallejo	1,000	Dec. 26, '00	32,057
Vallejo Oil and Development Co.	Napa	500,000	April 26, '01	33,040
Vallejo Rochdale Co.	Vallejo	None	July 27, '01	33,754
Vallejo Tanning Co.	Vallejo	50,000	Aug. 24, '00	31,352
Vallejo Yachting and Rowing Co.	Fairfield	5,000	Mar. 7, '02	34,970
Valley Club	Los Angeles Co.	None	April 3, '02	35,162
Valley Condensed Milk and Cream Co.	Hanford	9,000	Oct. 10, '01	34,092
Valley Counties Power Co.	San Francisco	2,500,000	Jan. 25, '02	34,713
Valley Gas and Fuel Co.	Los Angeles	500,000	Aug. 8, '01	33,808
Valley Ford Rochdale Co.	Valley Ford	None	April 30, '02	35,378
Valley Lands Oil Co.	Sacramento	50,000	July 22, '01	33,726
Valley Planing Co.	Fresno	25,000	Mar. 18, '02	35,048
Valley Savings Bank	Santa Maria	25,000	Aug. 31, '01	33,908
Valley View Oil Co.	Fresno	250,000	Jan. 5, '01	32,137
Valley Water Co.	Hanford	28,000	Jan. 30, '01	32,374
Valverde Oil Co.	Bakersfield	500,000	Feb. 28, '01	32,642
Vancouver Oil Co.	Bakersfield	500,000	Jan. 18, '01	32,256
Vandalia Ditch Co.	Vandalia	6,000	Jan. 24, '01	32,307
Varicosia Company	Los Angeles	250,000	Mar. 10, '02	34,984
Venado Oil and Land Co.	Oakland	500,000	May 24, '01	33,254
Ventura Agricultural Co.	Ventura	200,000	Nov. 7, '01	34,237

State Corporations—Continued.

Name.	Place of Business.	Capital Stock.	Filed.	No.
Ventura County Fruit Exchange	Ventura	\$100	Sept. 30, '01	34,037
Ventura County Meat Association	Santa Paula	25,000	Nov. 18, '01	34,295
Ventura Free Press Co.	Ventura	15,000	Dec. 16, '01	34,474
Ventura Land and Oil Co.	Oakland	100,000	May 4, '01	33,111
Ventura Savings Bank	S. Buenaventura	25,000	Dec. 31, '00	32,086
Ventura Mining Co.	Los Angeles	150,000	July 5, '01	33,637
Ventura Water, Light, and Power Co.	Los Angeles	500,000	April 15, '01	32,963
Venus Mining Co.	Los Angeles	500,000	Dec. 18, '01	32,011
Veratina Oil Co.	San Francisco	150,000	Feb. 27, '01	32,628
Verein Deutscher Aerzte	San Francisco	None	Dec. 20, '01	34,496
Vernon Oil Co.	Oakland	500,000	Feb. 1, '01	32,393
Verona Mining Co.	San Francisco	500,000	Dec. 3, '00	31,907
Verus Pile Cure Co.	Los Angeles	50,000	Mar. 2, '01	32,663
Vesta Oil Co.	Los Angeles	300,000	Aug. 7, '00	31,256
Veta Grande Mining Co.	Bakersfield	1,000,000	April 10, '01	32,934
Vickery, Atkins & Torrey	San Francisco	20,000	Sept. 7, '00	31,428
Victor Engine and Motor Carriage Co.	San Francisco	100,000	June 20, '02	35,713
Victor Gold Mining Co.	Stockton	250,000	Dec. 10, '00	31,954
Visalia and Kaweah Water Co.	Visalia	5,000	Feb. 15, '02	34,865
Visalia Athletic Club	Visalia	1,000	Dec. 19, '01	34,492
Visalia Lumber Co.	Visalia	12,000	May 21, '02	35,528
Visalia Midway Oil Co.	Visalia	500,000	Mar. 9, '01	32,717
Visalia Rochdale Co.	Visalia	None	Jan. 18, '02	34,671
Vista Walnut Ranch Co.	Los Angeles	10,000	Oct. 3, '00	31,565
Virgin Oil Co.	Los Angeles	25,000	Nov. 25, '01	34,345
Vita Oil Co.	San Francisco	500,000	May 21, '02	35,526
Vitalis Mill and Mining Co.	San José	300,000	Jan. 22, '02	34,688
V. M. Greever Co.	Azusa	10,000	Nov. 11, '01	34,259
Volcano Oil Co.	Los Angeles	500,000	July 28, '00	31,204
Volcano Oil Co.	San Francisco	100,000	Feb. 9, '01	32,459
Volcano Springs Oil Co.	Riverside	300,000	June 11, '01	33,457
Vanderlip Oil Co.	Santa Ana	200,000	Feb. 16, '01	32,536
Voogl, Frank & Co.	San Francisco	25,000	Dec. 23, '01	34,507
Voss, Conrad & Co.	San Francisco	100,000	Mar. 26, '01	32,821
Vulcan Gold Mining Co.	Los Angeles	200,000	Nov. 30, '01	34,374
Vulcania Mining Co.	Los Angeles	150,000	Dec. 4, '01	34,394
Vulcan Smelting and Refining Co.	San Francisco	400,000	Aug. 23, '00	31,348
Vulture Mining and Milling Co.	Stockton	150,000	Mar. 25, '01	32,818
Vulture Oil Co.	San Francisco	75,000	Mar. 30, '01	32,850
Wagner-Bullock Electric Co.	San Francisco	200,000	July 25, '01	33,744
Wagram Oil and Mining Co.	Bakersfield	500,000	Feb. 23, '01	32,587
Wah Mark Shung Mo Kung Soo	San Francisco	1,000,000	Jan. 23, '01	32,299
Waldorf Oil and Asphalt Co.	Hanford	500,000	Feb. 25, '01	32,617
Walker Electric Power and Irrigation Co.	Los Angeles	100,000	Mar. 27, '02	35,117
Wallace Bros.	Los Angeles	30,000	Jan. 11, '02	34,614
Wallace Creamery Association	Wallace	10,000	Dec. 31, '00	32,103
Wallace Oil Co.	Fresno	200,000	May 27, '02	35,572
Walsh-Col Co.	San José	100,000	Mar. 27, '01	32,825
Walter Real Estate Co.	San Francisco	128,000	Sept. 21, '01	33,995
Walter Scott	Fresno	50,000	Jan. 7, '01	32,156
Walter S. Mackay & Co.	Oakland	50,000	May 31, '02	35,597
W. A. Powning Co.	San Francisco	25,000	May 31, '02	35,604
Ware Mining Co.	San Francisco	10,000	Oct. 3, '01	34,060
Warner, Whitsel & Co.	Los Angeles	15,000	April 1, '02	35,146
Warren & Bailey Manufacturing Co.	Los Angeles	50,000	Mar. 24, '02	35,093
Washington Brewing and Malting Co.	Oakland	60,000	June 30, '02	35,764
Washington City Oil Co.	Bakersfield	200,000	Jan. 10, '01	32,177
Washington Co.	San Francisco	25,000	Oct. 24, '01	34,159
Washington Oil Co.	San Francisco	350,000	Feb. 5, '01	32,427
Washington Social Club	Los Angeles	None	May 19, '02	35,503
Washoe Briquet Co.	San Francisco	500	Aug. 22, '00	31,339
Wataga Gold Mining Co.	Jackson	100,000	July 27, '00	31,200
Watkins Manufacturing Co.	San José	110,000	Oct. 9, '01	34,086
Watson & Watson, Inc.	San Francisco	500,000	Dec. 31, '01	34,549
Watsonville Cider and Ginger Ale Co.	San Francisco	75,000	April 12, '02	32,939
Watsonville Coast Oil Co.	Santa Cruz	1,000,000	Jan. 28, '01	32,363
Watsonville Gas Co.	San Francisco	50,000	Sept. 30, '01	34,036
Watsonville Masonic Hall Association	Watsonville	50,000	Mar. 20, '02	35,060
Wave Inc.	San Francisco	15,000	June 18, '01	33,530

State Corporations—Continued.

Name.	Place of Business.	Capital Stock.	Filed.	No.
W. B. Whittemore Land and Live St'k Co.	[Alturas]	\$75,000	May 1, '02	35,383
W. B. Raymond Co.	Los Angeles	50,000	June 25, '01	33,585
W. B. Thomas	Oakland	15,000	Jan. 6, '02	34,572
Weaverville Supply Co.	Weaverville	75,000	Jan. 2, '01	32,111
Webfoot Oil Syndicate	Los Angeles	500,000	Jan. 9, '01	32,168
Weber Home Co.	Stockton	150,000	April 26, '01	33,046
Weed & Lee Oil Co.	Bakersfield	300,000	Jan. 10, '01	32,181
Weileman Mfg. and Investment Co.	San Francisco	200,000	May 23, '02	35,544
Weimar Mining Co.	Weimar	15,000	June 3, '01	33,335
Weinstock-Lubin Real Estate Co.	Sacramento	500,000	Nov. 2, '00	31,749
Weisenburger Co.	Watsonville	20,000	Dec. 23, '01	34,505
Wellcome Soap Co.	Los Angeles	50,000	May 15, '01	33,184
Wellington Oil Co.	San Francisco	500,000	Sept. 6, '00	31,423
Wemasau Oil and Development Co.	Sacramento	2,600	Feb. 15, '01	32,520
Wempe Bros.	San Francisco	100,000	April 28, '02	35,355
Wemple Grocery Co.	San José	50,000	Feb. 10, '02	34,822
Wendling-Hoch Adding Machine Co.	San Francisco	5,000	Aug. 8, '01	33,802
Wendling Redwood Shingle Co.	San Francisco	100,000	June 21, '02	35,728
Wentworth Shoe and Leather Co.	San Francisco	50,000	May 2, '02	35,396
Wentworth-Switzer Shoe Co.	San Francisco	100,000	Sept. 19, '00	31,490
Wesley Chapel M. E. Church Ben. Soc.	Los Angeles Co.	None	May 7, '02	35,636
West Adams Heights Association	Los Angeles	300,000	Nov. 29, '01	34,367
West Berkeley Lumber Co.	Alameda Co.	25,000	Aug. 4, '00	31,235
West Coast Brokerage Co.	Los Angeles	10,000	May 26, '02	35,564
West Coast Dredging Co.	San Francisco	200,000	Oct. 18, '00	31,662
West Coast Investment Co.	San Francisco	300,000	Feb. 18, '01	32,548
West Coast Land and Water Co.	Los Angeles	100,000	July 13, '01	33,676
West Coast Oil and Exploration Co.	San Francisco	1,000,000	Jan. 10, '01	32,178
West Coast Rubber Co.	San Francisco	50,000	Feb. 25, '02	34,902
West Coast Supply Co.	Los Angeles	400,000	June 7, '01	33,415
West Disinfecting Co. of California	San Francisco	100,000	May 1, '02	35,387
West End Co.	Los Angeles	500,000	Jan. 2, '01	32,106
West Lake Bowling Co.	Los Angeles	2,000	Mar. 10, '02	34,987
West Lake Drug Co.	Los Angeles	10,000	Oct. 16, '01	34,116
West Lake Social Club	Los Angeles	None	Feb. 14, '01	32,508
Westminster Presbyterian Church	Bakersfield	None	Sept. 13, '01	33,955
Westmoorland Golf Club	Los Angeles	None	Dec. 7, '00	31,934
Westover Lumber Co.	San Francisco	100,000	Jan. 24, '01	32,309
West Pacific Lumber Co.	Los Angeles	100,000	June 13, '02	35,677
West Point Oil Co.	San Francisco	30,000	Mar. 18, '01	32,762
West Range Oil and Gas Co.	Paskenta	500,000	April 13, '01	32,953
West Shore Salt Co.	Redwood City	60,000	Feb. 7, '02	34,809
West Side Irrigation Ass'n	Newman	None	May 20, '02	35,512
West Side Land and Development Co.	[Grayson]	129,500	Jan. 3, '02	34,561
West Side Rochdale Co.	Newman	None	July 12, '00	31,117
West Sunset Oil Co.	Bakersfield	500,000	Nov. 17, '00	31,815
Western Agricultural Contracting Co.	Oxnard	50,000	Feb. 3, '02	34,771
Western Automobile Co.	San Francisco	25,000	Mar. 17, '02	35,039
Western Brown Oil Co.	Bakersfield	250,000	Sept. 15, '00	31,470
Western Co-operative Home Builders	San Francisco	15,000	April 24, '02	35,327
Western Electric and Machinery Co.	Los Angeles	25,000	July 8, '01	33,646
Western Engine and Mobile Co.	San Francisco	100,000	June 24, '01	33,582
Western Engineering and Construct'n Co.	San Francisco	75,000	June 13, '02	35,671
Western Field Co.	San Francisco	20,000	April 5, '02	35,181
Western Fish Co.	San Francisco	100,000	April 26, '01	33,039
Western Fuel Gas and Power Co.	Los Angeles	30,000	April 10, '02	35,218
Western Inventors and Novelty Co.	San Francisco	200,000	June 25, '01	33,586
Western Laundry Machinery Co.	San Francisco	25,000	Jan. 18, '02	34,673
Western Machinery Mill'g and Min'g Co.	Los Angeles	100,000	July 19, '01	33,707
Western Magazine Publishing Co.	San Francisco	50,000	April 28, '01	35,351
Western Manufacturing Co.	San Francisco	25,000	Jan. 23, '01	32,304
Western Mutual B. & L. Association	Los Angeles	2,000,000	June 21, '02	35,731
Western Mutual Oil Co.	Los Angeles	500,000	Nov. 20, '00	31,830
Western Oil Co.	Visalia	250,000	Dec. 31, '00	32,100
Western Ojai Land and Oil Co.	Los Angeles	700,000	July 30, '00	31,216
Western Pacific Land Co.	San Francisco	213,400	Feb. 20, '02	34,880
Western Paper Box Co.	San Francisco	25,000	Feb. 2, '01	32,408
Western Pennsylvania Gold Mining Co.	San Francisco	50,000	July 24, '01	33,736
Western Petroleum Co.	San Francisco	350,000	Feb. 6, '01	32,433
Western Power Co.	Los Angeles	5,000,000	Mar. 25, '02	35,098

State Corporations—Continued.

Name.	Place of Business.	Capital Stock.	Filed.	No.
Western Products Co.	San Francisco ..	\$50,000	Mar. 13, '01	32,734
Western Realty Investment Co.	San Francisco ..	25,000	May 6, '01	33,114
Western Repair and Supply Co.	San Francisco ..	500,000	Jan. 15, '02	34,643
Western Reserve Oil Co.	Los Angeles	50,000	Jan. 3, '01	32,122
Western Salt Co.	San Diego	200,000	Feb. 12, '02	34,841
Western Securities Investment Co.	Los Angeles	25,000	May 15, '01	33,187
Western Security Co.	Los Angeles	25,000	Dec. 26, '01	34,523
Western Shoe Retailer Publishing Co.	San Francisco ..	1,000	Aug. 19, '01	33,852
Western Slope Oil Co.	Los Angeles	300,000	July 30, '00	31,211
Western States and Philippine Islands Educational and Development Society.	[Marysville]	25,000	Jan. 28, '02	34,734
Western Union Oil and Development Co.	Bakersfield	1,000,000	Feb. 18, '01	32,549
Western Wire Works	San Francisco ..	10,000	April 8, '01	32,911
Western Woolen Co. of San Francisco ..	San Francisco ..	50,000	Mar. 15, '02	35,025
Western Wyoming Oil Co.	Los Angeles	500,000	Nov. 6, '01	34,230
W. G. Leale Manufacturing and Development Co.	San Francisco ..	25,000	July 2, '01	33,620
W. G. M. Canning Co.	San Francisco ..	25,000	Jan. 24, '01	32,311
Wheatland Rochdale Co.	Wheatland	None	May 7, '02	35,429
Wheaton, Pond & Harrold	San Francisco ..	100,000	June 26, '01	33,592
Wheeler's Orchard Remedies Co.	San Francisco ..	50,000	Feb. 6, '02	34,798
Wheeler Oil Co.	Fresno	200,000	Mar. 18, '01	32,765
W. H. Harrison Co.	San Francisco ..	10,000	Oct. 30, '01	34,201
Whitson & Co.	San Diego	25,000	April 8, '01	32,902
Whittaker Estate	Galt	390,000	Sept. 12, '00	31,440
Whittier Bank	Whittier	50,000	Sept. 20, '01	33,984
Whittier Board of Trade	Whittier	None	Nov. 26, '01	34,273
Whittier Citrus Association	Los Angeles	25,000	June 20, '01	33,549
Whittier College	Whittier	12	Jan. 7, '02	34,581
Whittier Grande Oil Co.	Los Angeles	500,000	Sept. 8, '00	31,439
Whittier King Oil Co.	Los Angeles	700,000	Oct. 9, '00	31,601
Whittier Monthly Meeting of Friends Church	Whittier	None	Jan. 29, '02	34,741
Whittier Producers' Oil Co.	Pasadena	250,000	Aug. 17, '00	31,316
White Bear Mining Co.	San Francisco ..	75,000	Mar. 4, '02	34,955
White Creek Oil Co.	Fresno	250,000	Feb. 15, '01	32,527
White Cygnet Oil Co.	Oakland	500,000	Nov. 9, '01	34,251
White Dome Oil Co.	San Francisco ..	600,000	April 20, '01	33,011
White Gusher Oil and Development Co. of California	Oakland	250,000	May 29, '01	33,288
White Investment Co.	San Francisco ..	1,000,000	Dec. 3, '01	34,386
White Oaks Oil Co.	San Francisco ..	100,000	Nov. 30, '00	31,882
White River Development Co.	San Francisco ..	500,000	Jan. 26, '01	32,330
White Seal Oil Co.	San Francisco ..	200,000	Mar. 27, '01	32,828
White Star Mining Co.	San Francisco ..	500,000	May 28, '02	35,573
White Star Salt Co.	San Bernardino ..	150,000	June 17, '01	33,524
White Swan Oil Co.	Oakland	500,000	May 29, '01	33,299
Whitesboro Creamery Co.	Whitesboro	20,000	Feb. 15, '01	32,530
W. H. Poston & Co.	Los Angeles	20,000	Sept. 4, '01	33,928
Wilcox Realty Co.	Los Angeles	300,000	Feb. 26, '02	34,911
Wild Goose Oil Co.	San Francisco ..	500,000	July 19, '00	31,160
Wildman Mines Inc.	San Francisco ..	200,000	Jan. 16, '01	32,242
William Nicol Co.	San Francisco ..	25,000	Sept. 30, '01	34,039
William Wolff & Co.	San Francisco ..	500,000	Aug. 1, '01	33,7751
Williams Oil Co.	Williams	200,000	April 10, '01	32,927
Williamson Bros.	San Francisco ..	25,000	Oct. 5, '01	34,069
Willietta Mining and Milling Co.	San Francisco ..	150,000	Oct. 27, '00	31,721
Willis & Martin Co.	Sacramento	15,000	April 5, '01	32,891
Willits Water and Power Co.	Willits	200,000	May 21, '02	35,519
Willow Exploration Co.	San Francisco ..	100,000	Sept. 7, '00	31,427
Willows Creamery	Willows	5,000	Nov. 20, '01	34,318
Wilmington Land Co.	Los Angeles	20,000	Aug. 30, '00	31,387
Wilson Estate Co.	San Francisco ..	600,000	Oct. 2, '00	31,556
Wilson Manufacturing Co.	Sacramento	20,000	Dec. 2, '01	34,385
Wilson's Inc.	San Francisco ..	15,000	Oct. 24, '01	34,157
Windsor and Trenton Winery	San Francisco ..	75,000	Mar. 7, '01	32,701
Wineman Co.	Oxnard	20,000	April 2, '02	35,150
Wing Chong Wo Co.	San Francisco ..	200,000	June 13, '01	33,476
Wing Fook Lee Club	San Francisco ..	5,000	Sept. 27, '00	31,527
Wing Hing Association	Los Angeles	None	Nov. 17, '00	31,816

State Corporations—Continued.

Name.	Place of Business.	Capital Stock.	Filed.	No.
Winnemucca Water and Light Co.	San Francisco	\$100,000	Nov. 12, '00	31,785
Winner Land and Oil Co.	Oakland	50,000	May 23, '01	33,247
Winters Oil and Mining Co.	Winters	300,000	Feb. 19, '01	32,553
Witter Medical Springs.....	San Francisco	50,000	Sept. 18, '00	31,483
Wm. F. Wilson Co.	San Francisco	10,000	Aug. 17, '00	31,312
Wm. H. Hoegee Co.	Los Angeles	150,000	Jan. 12, '01	32,197
Wm. Hoelscher & Co.	San Francisco	200,000	June 18, '02	35,703
W. Newman Co.	San Francisco	50,000	April 13, '01	32,959
W. O. Bigelow Co.	Stockton	50,000	Jan. 3, '02	34,563
Wolf & Frank	San Francisco	25,000	Mar. 13, '02	35,004
Wolfson Estate Co.	Merced	75,000	Dec. 5, '01	34,408
Woman's Auxiliary of the Society of California Pioneers	San Francisco	None	Nov. 16, '01	34,287
Woman's Club House Association	Riverside	15,000	May 2, '02	35,388
Woman's Exchange of Long Beach	Long Beach	1,000	Mar. 22, '01	32,789
Woman's Hospital Association	Los Angeles	20,000	Feb. 11, '01	32,474
Woman's Hosp'l Train'g Sch'l for Nurses	Los Angeles	2,000	Dec. 11, '00	31,967
Wong Benevolent Association	San Francisco	None	Nov. 10, '00	31,775
Woodbridge Wine Co.	Stockton	100,000	Dec. 16, '01	34,470
Woodland Canning, Condensing and Preserving Co.	[Woodland]	20,000	May 22, '02	35,533
Woodland Gas and Electric Co.	Woodland	100,000	Jan. 15, '01	32,224
Woodland Milling Co.	Woodland	35,000	Feb. 4, '02	34,783
Woodland Oil and Development Co.	Woodland	250,000	Feb. 20, '01	32,571
Woodland Rancho Oil Co.	Woodland	225,000	Mar. 14, '01	32,747
Woods Gold Mining Co.	San Francisco	50,000	Mar. 19, '02	35,054
Woodward Amusement Co.	San Francisco	75,000	Jan. 6, '02	34,577
Woodward, Watson & Co.	Oakland	100,000	Oct. 9, '01	34,083
Woodworth Co.	San Francisco	36,000	Oct. 12, '00	31,624
Wooley Sanitarium Co.	Los Angeles	100,000	Mar. 17, '02	35,031
Woolly West Gold Mining Co.	Mokelumne Hill	50,000	Aug. 20, '00	31,324
Worswick Asphalt Paving Co.	Hanford	10,000	Mar. 25, '01	32,807
Worth X-Ray Oil Co.	San Francisco	10,000	Oct. 13, '00	31,627
Worth X-Ray Oil Co.	San Francisco	12,500	Feb. 25, '01	32,613
W. O. W. Hall Co.	Fresno	75,000	June 16, '02	35,688
W. P. Coleman Co.	Sacramento	50,000	April 2, '01	32,870
W. P. Rice Oil Co.	Los Angeles	500,000	Jan. 10, '02	34,598
Wright Pump Manufacturing Co.	Stockton	10,000	July 20, '00	31,163
W. R. Spalding Lumber Co.	Visalia	75,000	Mar. 22, '01	32,790
W. T. Ellis Co.	Marysville	100,000	July 31, '01	33,772
Wunder Bottling Co.	San Francisco	25,000	Sept. 5, '01	33,934
Wunder Brewing Co.	San Francisco	250,000	Nov. 19, '00	31,825
W. W. Hoag Co.	San Francisco	10,000	Mar. 26, '01	32,822
W. W. Sweeney Co.	Los Angeles	60,000	April 12, '01	32,945
Wyoming Illuminating Oil Co.	San Francisco	500,000	Mar. 6, '01	32,693
X-Ray Mining Co.	San Francisco	100,000	Aug. 23, '00	31,345
X-Ray Oil Co.	Fresno	500,000	Aug. 8, '00	31,262
Yancey Lumber Co.	Newman	20,000	Jan. 19, '01	32,269
Yankee Hill Mining Co.	Santa Ana	125,000	June 29, '01	33,613
Yale Oil and Pipe-Line Co.	Los Angeles	300,000	June 30, '02	35,773
Yarrahay Gold Mining Co.	Los Angeles	75,000	April 5, '02	35,185
Yellowstone Oil Co.	San Francisco	300,000	Mar. 9, '01	32,720
Yeong Wo Benevolent Association	Armona	None	Jan. 24, '02	34,705
Yolo and Colusa Oil Land Co.	San Francisco	500,000	Feb. 16, '01	32,534
Yolo Oil Co.	San Francisco	1,000,000	Sept. 19, '00	31,491
Yordi Mercantile Co.	Cloverdale	100,000	Oct. 6, '00	31,590
Yosemite Laundry Co.	San Francisco	25,000	April 9, '02	35,212
Yosemite Transportation Co.	Merced	25,000	Nov. 29, '01	34,373
Yoshino Athletic Club	Los Angeles	None	Nov. 11, '01	34,258
Yuome Loan and Trust Co.	San Francisco	50,000	April 14, '02	35,254
Young Hardware Co.	Napa	25,000	Jan. 14, '02	34,636
Young Men's Hebrew Association	San Francisco	None	Nov. 9, '01	34,255
Yuba Consolidated Gold Mining Co.	San Francisco	100,000	Jan. 7, '01	32,158
Yuba Oil Co.	San Diego	14,000	June 6, '01	33,374
Yut Loy Co.	San Francisco	None	Nov. 12, '00	31,782
Zaca Lake Oil Co.	Los Angeles	750,000	Sept. 6, '00	31,425
Zaca Mountain and Sespe Oil Co.	Los Angeles	500,000	Aug. 15, '00	31,295

State Corporations—Continued.

Name.	Place of Business.	Capital Stock.	Filed.	No.
Zahl Jewelry Manufacturing Co.	Oakland	\$5,000	Jan. 11, '01	32,193
Zahn & Baldwin Mining Co.	San Francisco ..	500,000	April 23, '02	35,313
Z. & M. Development Co.	Bakersfield	10,000	Oct. 29, '00	31,730
Zante Citrus Association	Porterville	None	June 26, '01	33,590
Zaragoza Mining Co.	Los Angeles	1,000,000	June 18, '02	35,706
Z. E. Drake Manufacturing Co.	Modesto	24,000	Oct. 12, '01	34,101
Zem Zem Oil and Development Co.	Napa	300,000	Jan. 7, '01	32,152
Zeta Oil Co.	San Francisco ..	1,000	April 29, '02	35,365
Zinkand Co.	San Francisco ..	75,000	April 21, '02	35,305
Zombro Power Co.	Los Angeles	350,000	Aug. 13, '00	31,287

RAILROAD, TELEPHONE, ELECTRIC, AND TELEGRAPH CORPORATIONS.

Name.	Place of Business.	Capital Stock.	Filed.	No.
Albion and Southeastern Railway Co.	San Francisco	\$1,000,000	May 8, '02	1,010
Auburn Electric Railway Co.	Auburn	50,000	Jan. 2, '01	971
Automatic Direct Line Telephone Co.	San Francisco	250,000	Feb. 21, '02	1,001
Boca and Loyalton Railroad Co.	San Francisco	243,000	Sept. 25, '00	969
California Midland Railroad Co.	Eureka	1,500,000	April 26, '02	1,009
California Midland Railroad Co.	San Francisco	15,000,000	Oct. 8, '01	988
California Pacific Railway Co.	Los Angeles	10,000	April 27, '01	977
Colorado River and Gulf Railroad Co.	Los Angeles	50,000	Mar. 11, '01	972
Copper Belt Railway and Power Co.	San Francisco	2,000,000	Jan. 7, '02	999
Del Monte, Monterey, and Pacific Grove Electric Railway Co.	[Monterey]	200,000	Oct. 24, '01	989
Eureka and Freshwater Railway Co.	San Francisco	200,000	Aug. 22, '00	967
Fresno City Railway Co.	Fresno	500,000	Sept. 25, '01	987
Golovin Bay Railroad Co.	San Francisco	100,000	May 24, '02	1,012
Hetch Hetchy and Yosemite Valleys Railway Co. of California	San Francisco	1,000,000	Aug. 23, '00	968
Home Telephone Co.	Colusa	5,000	May 11, '01	978
Humboldt Railroad Co.	Eureka	2,000,000	Mar. 13, '01	973
Imperial and Gulf Railway Co.	Los Angeles	700,000	May 12, '02	1,005
Independent Telephone and Telegraph Co.	[Oakland]	500,000	June 10, '02	1,014
Inter-Urban Railway Co.	Los Angeles	1,000,000	May 16, '01	980
Klamath Lake Railroad Co.	Klamath Lake Jct.	1,000,000	Dec. 12, '01	994
Los Angeles Electric Incline Railway Co.	[Los Angeles]	60,000	May 15, '02	1,006
Los Angeles, Hermosa Beach, and Redondo Railway Co.	Los Angeles	1,000,000	Dec. 19, '01	997
Los Angeles Pacific Railroad Co.	Los Angeles	2,500,000	June 9, '02	1,013
Los Angeles-Pasadena Traction Co.	Los Angeles	750,000	April 27, '01	976½
Los Angeles Suburban Railway Co.	Los Angeles	1,000,000	May 13, '01	979
Mountain Automatic Telephone Co.	Sonora	50,000	Mar. 20, '01	974
Mountain Valley and Bakersfield Railroad Co.	Bakersfield	600,000	Nov. 1, '00	970
Nevada County Traction Co.	San Francisco	100,000	Mar. 29, '01	975
New Freeport Telephone and Telegraph Co.	Courtland	50,000	Sept. 17, '01	986
North Shore Railroad Co.	San Francisco	6,000,000	Feb. 11, '02	1,000
Oakland and Eastside Railroad Co.	San Francisco	1,000,000	Mar. 6, '02	1,003
Oakland and San José Railway Co.	Oakland	2,500,000	Nov. 20, '01	993
Oakland Transit Consolidated	Oakland	6,500,000	Mar. 29, '02	1,007
Oakland Transit	[Oakland]	6,000,000	Mar. 30, '01	976
Pacific Electric Railway Co.	Los Angeles	10,000,000	Nov. 14, '01	991
San Bernardino Valley Traction Co.	[Redlands]	500,000	June 8, '01	981
San Diego Eastern Railway Co.	San Diego	5,000,000	May 10, '02	1,011
San Francisco and Eureka Railr'd Co.	Eureka	1,000,000	June 30, '02	1,016
San Fran. and Piedmont Railway Co.	Oakland	2,500,000	Dec. 13, '01	995
San Francisco, Oakland, and San José Railway Co.	Oakland	5,000,000	June 13, '02	1,015
Santa Ana and Long Beach Railr'd Co.	[Santa Ana]	250,000	Aug. 1, '01	984
Santa Barbara Consold'd Railway Co.	Santa Barbara	250,000	Aug. 26, '01	985
Santa Clara Valley Electric Railway and Power Co.	[Oxnard]	500,000	Nov. 18, '01	992
Santa Monica, Ocean Park, and Redondo Railroad Co.	Los Angeles	200,000	June 22, '01	983
Shasta Mineral Belt Railway Co.	San Francisco	1,000,000	Dec. 18, '01	996
Southern Pacific Co.	San Francisco	159,455,000	Mar. 8, '02	1,004
Trinity Railway Co.	Redding	100,000	June 17, '01	982
United Railroads of San Francisco	San Francisco	40,000,000	Mar. 4, '02	1,002
Utah, Nevada, and California Railroad Co.	San Francisco	5,000,000	June 3, '01	980½
Vallejo, Benicia, and Napa Valley Railroad Co.	[Los Angeles]	500,000	April 22, '02	1,008
Wheatville Telephone Co.	Fresno County	5,000	Nov. 4, '01	990

FOREIGN CORPORATIONS.

Name.	Place of Business.	Capital Stock.	Filed.	No.
Aërmoter Co.	Illinois	\$300,000	Dec. 26, '01	34,517
A. H. Hart Co.	New York	225,000	Dec. 18, '01	34,483
Alaska Coast Fishing and Pack'g Co.	[Arizona]	500,000	Feb. 28, '02	34,927
Allis-Chalmers Co.	New Jersey	50,000,000	Oct. 9, '01	34,084
Almono Mining Co.	Arizona	300,000	Dec. 27, '01	34,526
Alpine Oil Co.	Arizona	250,000	June 28, '01	33,604
Alsens Portland Cement Works.	Hamburg, Ger.	Mks 5,000,000	April 5, '01	35,174
Altadena Mining and Investment Co.	South Dakota	\$500,000	Feb. 12, '02	34,840
Alva Oil Co.	Kansas City, Mo.	160,000	April 16, '01	32,977
American Bicycle Co.	New Jersey	80,000,000	Sept. 7, '01	33,943
American Bonding and Trust Co. of Baltimore, Md.	Baltimore, Md.	200,000	April 30, '01	33,066
American Book Co.	[New York]	5,000,000	Oct. 2, '01	34,048
American Bridge Co. of New York	New York	100,000	May 31, '01	33,306
American Can Co.	New Jersey	88,000,000	April 18, '01	32,999
American Cycle Manufacturing Co.	New Jersey	8,000,000	Jan. 27, '02	34,727
American Guaranty Co.	Chicago, Ill.	500,000	Mar. 17, '02	35,032
American-Hawaiian Steamship Co.	New Jersey	750,000	Feb. 8, '02	34,814
American House Mining Co.	South Dakota	200,000	April 9, '02	35,202
American Mecca Oil Co.	New Jersey	200,000	Jan. 22, '02	34,684
American Order of Protection	[Nebraska]	None	May 15, '02	35,487
American Ore Reduction and Extrac- tion Co.	Pierre, S. D.	500,000	Dec. 27, '01	34,527
American Press Association	New Jersey	1,000,000	Feb. 8, '02	34,818
American Refrigerator Transit Co.	[New Jersey]	500,000	Nov. 18, '01	34,294
American Tin Plate Co.	New Jersey	50,000,000	Dec. 26, '01	34,524
Anderson & Middleton Lumber Co.	[Washington]	75,000	Oct. 31, '01	34,206
Anglo-Swiss Condensed Milk Co.	New York	fr. 15,000,000	Nov. 8, '01	34,245
Anvil Springs Gold Mining, Milling, and Smelting Co.	[Arizona]	\$1,000,000	Jan. 29, '02	34,742
Arcola Extension Oil Co.	Phoenix, Ariz.	300,000	April 12, '01	32,947
Arcola Oil Co.	West Virginia	300,000	June 8, '01	33,433
Arizona and Arkansas Lead, Zinc, and Copper Mining Co.	Arizona	1,000,000	June 21, '01	33,558
Arizona Western Oil Co.	Arizona	500,000	May 21, '01	33,228
Armijo Oil Co., Ltd.	Phoenix, Ariz.	200,000	May 28, '01	33,285
Armour Car Lines	Jersey City, N. J.	100,000	Mar. 29, '01	32,840
Armour-Cudahy Packing Co.	Illinois	1,500,000	Aug. 20, '01	33,864
Armour Packing Co.	Jersey City, N. J.	7,500,000	April 30, '01	33,065
Arroyo Seco Improvement Co.	New Jersey	175,000	June 28, '02	35,760
Associated Press	New York	None	Feb. 11, '02	34,834
Atchison, Topeka, and Santa Fé Railway Co.	Ter. of Kansas	233,486,000	May 15, '01	33,188
Atlantic, Gulf and Pacific Co.	West Virginia	1,000,000	Oct. 7, '01	34,071
Automatic Focusing Camera Co.	[Arizona]	500,000	Mar. 1, '02	34,942
Babcock & Wilcox Co.	[New Jersey]	225,000	Nov. 16, '01	34,282
Bagdad Mining and Milling Co.	New York	300,000	Oct. 22, '01	34,143
Bank of British North America	England	None	July 25, '01	33,739
Bankers' and Brokers' Oil Co.	Oregon	1,000,000	Oct. 4, '01	34,063
Barnard-Densmore Co.	Arizona	75,000	June 7, '01	33,410
Barton Vineyard Co., Ltd.	England	300,000	Oct. 1, '01	34,047
Beacon Oil Co.	West Virginia	300,000	June 8, '01	33,435
Bear River Exploration Co.	Portland, Me.	1,000,000	June 3, '01	33,326
Bear Valley Oil and Development Co.	Pierre, S. D.	250,000	June 1, '01	33,310
Beaumont Mercantile Storage and Land Co.	[Colorado]	25,000	Oct. 14, '01	34,103
Bella Vista Oil Syndicate	Arizona	1,500,000	June 11, '01	33,459
Bellingham Bay Improvement Co.	[Washington]	5,000,000	Aug. 14, '01	33,835

Foreign Corporations—Continued.

Name.	Place of Business.	Capital Stock.	Filed.	No.
Belmont Oil and Development Co.	Arizona	\$100,000	Aug. 19, '01	33,850
Bemis Bros. Bag Co.	Missouri	1,000,000	Oct. 12, '01	34,102½
Bentley Construction Co.	Wisconsin	2,500	April 25, '02	35,332
Bernalillo Oil Co.	Arizona	5,000,000	May 18, '01	33,208
Big Bug Gold and Copper Mining Co.	Arizona	1,000,000	Aug. 5, '01	33,789
Bisbee West Copper Mining Co.	Bisbee, Ariz.	4,000,000	May 22, '01	33,242
Bishop & Burrell Co.	Portland	50,000	Aug. 24, '01	33,877
Bishop Fishing Tool Co.	Oregon	12,500	Oct. 26, '01	34,172
Black Hills Copper Co.	Arizona	1,500,000	June 7, '01	33,419
Black Mountain Oil and Land Co.	Arizona	500,000	May 5, '02	35,411
Black Oak Gold Mining Co.	Arizona	1,000,000	April 30, '02	35,374
Bolena Oil Co.	Kansas City, Mo.	160,000	April 16, '01	32,975
Bolitho Mining Co.	West Virginia	1,000,000	June 5, '01	33,352
Booklovers' Library	Philadelphia	2,000,000	Dec. 2, '01	34,384
Boston and Oroville Mining Co.	Portland, Me.	1,500,000	June 3, '01	33,325
Boston South Dakota Gold Min'g Co.	Boston	50	Jan. 15, '01	32,230
Boston Woven Hose and Rubber Co.	[Maine]	1,500,000	Nov. 27, '01	34,364
Boulder Mining Co.	Illinois	48,000	Jan. 18, '02	34,662
Bradstreet Co.	Canada	330,000	Nov. 8, '01	34,247
Bridge and Beach Manufacturing Co.	[Missouri]	100,000	July 19, '01	33,705
Brunswick-Balke-Collender Co.	Cincinnati, O.	1,500,000	Dec. 24, '01	34,515
Bully Hill Copper Mining and Smelting Co.	New Jersey	2,500,000	June 4, '01	33,349
Butterick Publishing Co., Ltd.	New York	1,000,000	Oct. 26, '01	34,168
Calaveras Mining, Water, and Power Co.	[Arizona]	200,000	Aug. 28, '01	33,894
California and Oriental Steamship Co.	West Virginia	1,000	June 7, '01	33,404
California-Bangor Slate Co.	Arizona	500,000	Mar. 24, '02	35,094
California Citrus Products Co.	Maine	100,000	Mar. 31, '02	35,132
California Cons. Gold Dredging Co.	Colorado Springs	1,000,000	May 28, '01	33,283
California Consolidated Oil Co.	Phoenix, Ariz.	500,000	April 10, '01	32,920
California Copper Co.	New Jersey	125,000	Nov. 2, '01	34,210
California Crude Oil Co.	Arizona	3,000,000	April 18, '01	33,000
California Development Co.	New Jersey	1,200,000	Nov. 23, '01	34,337
California Fig Syrup Co.	Nevada	1,000,000	April 18, '02	35,285
California Fortune Oil Co.	Arizona	500,000	June 8, '01	33,440
California Home Mining Co.	Oregon	1,000,000	April 5, '02	35,180
California Hydraulic Dredger Co.	Arizona	500,000	May 14, '02	35,477
California King Gold Mines Co.	Arizona	1,250,000	Jan. 31, '02	34,758
California Leather Co.	[New Jersey]	100,000	May 21, '02	35,515
California-Mexican Development Co.	Arizona	120,000	Nov. 2, '01	34,208
California Mineral Oil Co.	Arizona	500,000	Mar. 5, '02	34,964
California Mining Co.	[Washington]	500,000	Jan. 11, '02	34,611
California Mining and Oil Co.	Arizona	5,000,000	May 25, '01	33,265
California Moline Plow Co.	Illinois	50,000	June 1, '01	33,319
California-Nevada Electrical Co.	Arizona	25,000	June 12, '01	33,467
California Oil Co.	Arizona	1,000,000	June 7, '01	33,422
California Oil Fields Ltd.	England	£300,000	June 29, '01	33,610
California Oil Lands Co.	New Jersey	\$100,000	June 18, '01	33,527
California Pastoral and Agricultural Co. Ltd.	[Scotland]	£150,000	Jan. 18, '02	34,664
California Products Co.	Jersey City, N. J.	\$5,000,000	Mar. 4, '01	32,685½
California Riverbed Gold Mining Co.	Pierre, S. D.	500,000	Nov. 19, '01	34,303
California Steel Corporation	Arizona	500,000	Jan. 8, '02	34,592
California Wire Mattress Co.	[Arizona]	50,000	May 24, '02	35,550
Cameron Lake Cattle Co.	Wyoming	100,000	Sept. 16, '01	33,968
Camp Hurst Mining Co.	Arizona	100,000	Sept. 16, '01	33,972
Canadian Pacific Railway	Canada	25,000	Feb. 26, '02	34,908
Carbonized Air Fuel Co.	Arizona	2,500,000	April 3, '02	35,160
Carvin Mechanical Development Co.	Arizona	250,000	Sept. 20, '01	33,988
Central Linen Supply Co.	Arizona	25,000	Mar. 13, '02	35,005
Central Star Oil Co.	Arizona	25,000	June 6, '01	33,365
Century Gold Mining Co.	West Virginia	200,000	Dec. 13, '01	34,454
Chapin Tibbot Commercial Co.	Phoenix, Ariz.	350,000	June 7, '01	33,413
Charter Oil Co.	Washington	500,000	May 26, '02	35,562
Chas. F. Sloane Co.	Arizona	100,000	Oct. 30, '01	34,197
Chattanooga Medicine Co.	Chattanooga	None	Oct. 25, '01	34,197
Chehalis Oil and Mining Co.	Arizona	1,000,000	April 6, '01	32,894
Cherokee Mining Co.	Jersey City, N. J.	300,000	June 14, '01	33,500

Foreign Corporations—Continued.

Name.	Place of Business.	Capital Stock.	Filed.	No.
Cherry Hill Gold Mining Co.	West Virginia	\$350,000	July 21, '00	31,171
Chicago Limited Oil Co.	Arizona	500,000	Dec. 12, '01	34,448
Chicago West Point Co.	Arizona	500,000	June 16, '02	35,692
Chico Commercial Oil Co.	Arizona	500,000	June 1, '01	33,318
Chillicothe Oil and Mining Co.	Missouri	40,000	Dec. 20, '01	34,499
Christian Press Association Publishing Co.	New York	500	June 3, '01	33,323
Christman Motor Carriage Co.	West Virginia	100,000	June 6, '01	33,388
Citizens' Insurance Co.	Missouri	175,000	June 13, '01	33,483
Clear Creek Mining and Leasing Co.	Augusta, Me.	25,000	May 20, '01	33,218
Cluett, Peabody & Co.	New York	2,000,000	Aug. 14, '01	33,836
Coalinga Consolidated Oil Co.	Arizona	100,000	June 8, '01	33,431
Cola Oil Co.	Pierre, S. D.	500,000	May 10, '01	33,148
Colorado Fuel and Iron Co.	[Denver, Colo.]	13,000,000	Nov. 22, '01	34,334
Colorado River Telephone Co.	Arizona	10,000	Jan. 23, '02	34,697
Colt's Patent Fire Arms Manuf'tg Co.	Connecticut	1,200,000	July 5, '01	33,640
Columbia Colonization Co.	Illinois	None	Aug. 12, '01	33,828
Columbia Phonograph Co.	West Virginia	10,000	Oct. 25, '01	34,163
Columbian Oil, Asphalt and Refining Co.	Arizona	1,000,000	Mar. 31, '02	35,128
Commercial Oil and Realty Co.	Phoenix, Ariz.	1,000,000	April 9, '01	32,918
Commercial Union Fire Ins. Co.	New York	200,000	May 15, '01	33,186
Compania Sud Americana de Vapores	[Chili]	500,000	April 19, '02	35,296
Comptoir Nationale des Compte	Paris	fr. 40,000,000	July 24, '01	33,737
Conservative Rubber Production Co.	Arizona	1,200,000	Nov. 2, '01	34,207
Consolidated Crude Oil Co.	Pierre, S. D.	250,000	Feb. 26, '01	32,622½
Consolidated Min'g and Dredging Co.	Pittsburg, Pa.	500	Jan. 15, '01	32,230
Consolidated Oil Companies of California	Arizona	1,000,000	Aug. 29, '01	33,899
Continental Casualty Co.	[Indiana]	500,000	May 9, '02	35,647
Continental Gold Dredging Co.	Maine	250,000	June 14, '01	33,492
Copper King	London, Eng.	£350,000	May 27, '01	33,271
Copper Mountain Mining Co.	Arizona	\$5,000,000	June 24, '01	33,579
Corona Lemon Co.	Missouri	80,500	Mar. 10, '02	34,990
Corona Petroleum Co.	Nogales, Ariz.	500,000	May 29, '01	33,299
Coronado Investment Co.	Arizona	25,000	Oct. 9, '01	34,080
Cortina Land and Oil Co.	Phoenix, Ariz.	500,000	April 12, '01	32,946
Costa Rica Union Mining Co.	West Virginia	100,000	Oct. 8, '01	34,078
Cortez Oil Co.	Missouri	500,000	July 18, '01	33,700
Cosmos Exploration Co.	Nevada	250,000	June 8, '01	33,441
Crane Co.	Illinois	200,000	June 24, '01	33,581
Cribben & Sexton	Illinois	300,000	July 19, '01	33,706
Cripple Creek Oil and Develop't Co.	[Arizona]	500,000	July 25, '01	33,785½
Crosby Gold Mining and Milling Co.	Huron, S. D.	250,000	June 20, '02	35,718
Crucible Steel Co. of America	New Jersey	50,000,000	Feb. 3, '02	34,770
C. T. Bowring & Co. Ltd.	England	£600,000	Oct. 2, '01	34,055
Cunard Oil Co.	West Virginia	\$300,000	June 8, '01	33,436
Dabney Oil Co.	Phoenix, Ariz.	1,000,000	May 31, '01	33,301
Danby Gold Mining Co.	Arizona	1,000,000	Feb. 13, '02	34,852
Danish-American Oil Co.	South Dakota	200,000	May 23, '01	33,246
D. Appleton & Co.	New York	3,000,000	May 2, '01	33,084
Dearborn Drug and Chemical Works	Chicago	2,500	Oct. 21, '01	34,134
Deere Implement Co.	Illinois	150,000	June 7, '01	33,403
De Kalb Fence Co.	Illinois	100,000	Dec. 30, '01	34,538
De Laval Dairy Supply Co.	New Jersey	50,000	April 8, '02	35,197
Del Kern Crude Oil Co.	Pierre, S. D.	325,000	Mar. 26, '01	32,820½
Del Norte Co.	Wisconsin	1,500,000	May 28, '02	35,576
Delores Mining Co.	Arizona	1,250,000	Dec. 30, '01	34,544
Delta Investment Co.	New Jersey	500,000	Nov. 23, '01	34,338
Densmore-Stabler Refining Co.	Arizona	650,000	June 7, '01	33,411
Denver Fillmore Oil Co.	Denver, Colo.	10,000	June 6, '01	33,373
Dirigo Oil Co.	West Virginia	1,000,000	June 15, '01	33,506
Dividend Star Oil Co.	Phoenix, Ariz.	250,000	June 6, '01	33,364
Dixie Queen Oil Co.	Arizona	500,000	May 9, '01	33,138
D. M. Osborne & Co.	New York	300,000	Oct. 3, '01	34,057
Dos Cabezas Consolidated Mines Co.	Arizona	2,000,000	Nov. 20, '01	34,315
Downing Cons. Gold Mining Co.	[Arizona]	300,000	May 29, '01	33,294
Drake Properties	London, Eng.	£200,000	May 15, '02	35,488

Foreign Corporations—Continued.

Name.	Place of Business.	Capital Stock.	Filed.	No.
Dutchess Insurance Co.	Poughk'psie, N. Y.	\$200,000	May 27, '01	33,277
Eastern Consolidated Oil Co.	Maine	5,000,000	July 16, '01	33,697
Eastman Kodak Co.	New York	5,000,000	July 23, '01	33,729
East Puente Oil Co.	Arizona	10,000	Mar. 26, '01	32,818½
Educational Publishing Co.	Massachusetts	5,000	Nov. 12, '01	34,265
E. H. Rollins & Co.	New Hampshire	150,000	May 29, '01	33,291
E. Ingraham Co.	Connecticut	100,000	Dec. 14, '01	34,464
Electric Oil Co.	Arizona	1,000,000	June 7, '01	33,398
Elgin National Watch Co.	Chicago	500,000	Nov. 16, '01	34,283
El Media Oil Co.	Arizona	500,000	June 13, '01	33,478
Empire Construction Co.	Utah	1,000,000	April 13, '01	32,955
Empire State Surety Co.	New York	125,000	Oct. 3, '01	34,056
Empire Transportation Co.	New Jersey	3,000,000	Feb. 4, '02	34,782
Esmore Oil and Development Co.	Kingman, Ariz.	500,000	June 4, '01	33,341
Eugene Dietzen Co.	Illinois	200,000	Mar. 5, '02	34,958
Eureka Crude Oil Co.	Arizona	200,000	Jan. 28, '02	34,736
Eureka Lake and Yuba Canal Co.	New York	2,250,000	May 21, '01	33,230
Eureka Oil and Development Co.	Arizona	500,000	June 17, '01	33,525
Eureka Oil Co. of Colusa County	Pierre, S. D.	500,000	Sept. 26, '01	34,019
Eureka Paraffine Oil Co.	Phoenix, Ariz.	1,000,000	May 29, '01	33,297
Everett Pulp and Paper Co.	Washington	560,000	Nov. 2, '01	34,215
Excelsior and Development Co.	Pierre, S. D.	500,000	June 12, '01	33,473
Excelsior Blue Gravel Mining Co.	South Dakota	500,000	Feb. 20, '02	34,881
Exposed Treasure Gold Mining Co.	New York	1,500,000	June 6, '01	33,393
Exposed Treasure Mining Co.	[New York]	1,500,000	Dec. 27, '01	34,530
Fairbanks, Morse & Co.	Illinois	1,000,000	Dec. 4, '01	34,397
Famosa Oil and Investment Co.	South Dakota	350,000	June 28, '02	35,759
Fearless Oil Co., Ltd.	Arizona	1,000,000	June 7, '01	33,401
Feather River Exploration Co.	New Jersey	250,000	June 26, '01	33,597
Federal Salt Co.	New Jersey	200,000	May 8, '01	33,128
Ferndale Oil Co.	Arizona	500,000	Feb. 8, '02	34,817
Fidelity Assurance	West Virginia	25,000	May 27, '02	35,568
Fidelity Mutual Life Insurance Co.	Pennsylvania	200,000	May 23, '01	33,249
Florence Oil Co.	[Arizona]	100,000	May 29, '01	33,292
Follmer, Clogg & Co.	New York	500,000	Dec. 5, '01	34,404
Frazier Borate Mining Co.	Colorado	175,000	Jan. 20, '02	34,663
Frisbee-Hatch Oil Co.	Pierre, S. D.	500,000	June 11, '01	33,462
Frue Vanning Machine Co.	Michigan	1,500	Mar. 27, '01	32,871½
Fulton Engine Works	Nevada	50,000	June 17, '01	33,523
Fulton Foundry	Nevada	100,000	Aug. 6, '01	33,795
General Conference of Free Baptists.	Maine	None	Feb. 1, '02	34,761
Gen. Convention of Baptist Denomi- nation in U. S. for Foreign Miss'ns	[Massachusetts]	1,000,000	Jan. 8, '02	34,591
German-American Provision Co.	West Virginia	25,000	Sept. 17, '01	33,973
Gibson Oil Co.	Pierre, S. D.	1,000,000	April 15, '01	32,969
Globe Commercial Co.	Kansas City, Mo.	30,000	April 19, '01	33,007
Gold Ridge Mining and Milling Co.	Arizona	500,000	July 20, '01	33,714
Gold Ridge Mining Co.	New Jersey	350,000	Jan. 29, '02	34,738
Gold Standard Oil Producing Co.	Arizona	250,000	June 7, '01	33,409
Gold Tunnel Mining Co.	[Arizona]	5,000,000	April 4, '02	35,167
Golden Gate Advertising Co.	Nevada	100,000	April 18, '02	35,286
Golden Ledge Min'g and Milling Co.	Pierre, S. D.	200,000	June 15, '01	33,507
Goldenrod Oil Co.	Nebraska	250,000	June 11, '01	33,461
Golden State Petroleum Land Co.	Arizona	500,000	June 17, '01	33,526
Golden State Oil and Develop. Co.	Pierre, S. D.	500,000	Sept. 25, '01	34,010
Golden West Mining and Milling Co.	Arizona	500,000	May 4, '01	33,108
Golden West Oil Co.	Nogales, Ariz.	500,000	May 29, '01	33,290
Goodwin Mining Co.	West Virginia	200,000	Dec. 11, '01	34,435
Graham Paper Co.	Missouri	100,000	Nov. 19, '01	34,305
Grand Oil Co.	Nevada	500,000	Jan. 22, '02	34,681
Grand Trunk Western Railway Co.	Detroit, Mich.	6,000,000	Dec. 9, '01	34,427
Grant Oil Co.	Arizona	375,000	Mar. 22, '01	32,795½
Gray Eagle Consolidated Mining Co.	Arizona	1,000,000	June 25, '02	35,748
Gray Gander Oil Co.	Pierre, S. D.	200,000	May 20, '01	33,223
Great American Oil and Develop. Co.	Arizona	800,000	Mar. 8, '01	32,711½
Great Sulphide Mining and Smelt- ing Co.	Arizona	500,000	Oct. 4, '01	34,064

Foreign Corporations—Continued.

Name.	Place of Business.	Capital Stock.	Filed.	No.
Great Western Gold Co.	Arizona	\$10,000,000	May 15, '02	35,486
Guarantee Oil and Refining Co.	West Virginia	300,000	Nov. 20, '01	34,319
Gutta Percha and Rubber Mfg. Co.	New York	25,000	Oct. 22, '01	34,141
Gypsy Queen Petroleum Co.	West Virginia	50	Nov. 12, '00	31787½
H. A. Heppner & Co.	Portland, Or.	1,000	April 6, '01	32,896
Hallwood Cash Register Co.	New Jersey	3,000,000	June 24, '01	33,571
Hammond Lumber Co.	Jersey City, N. J.	1,600,000	Sept. 16, '01	33,969
Hart-Blake Co.	Wisconsin	33,000	June 20, '01	33,544
Hart Crude Oil Co.	South Dakota	1,000,000	Mar. 25, '02	35,099
Hawaiian Fertilizer Co. Ltd.	Honolulu	200,000	Nov. 26, '01	34,354
Hawkeye State Oil Co.	Arizona	500,600	May 10, '02	35,454
Head Camp Pacific Jurisdiction Woodmen of World	Colorado	None	Oct. 22, '01	34,140
Headlight Investment Co.	Carson City, Nev.	1,000	May 10, '01	33,156
Hecla Oil Co.	Arizona	1,000,000	May 7, '01	33,118
Hecla Oil Co.	Kansas City, Mo.	130,000	April 16, '01	32,976
Helvetia Milk Condensing Co.	Illinois	15,000	June 8, '01	33,423
Herring-Hall-Marvin Safe Co.	New Jersey	3,000,000	Oct. 31, '01	34,204
H. F. Dangberg Land and Live Stock Co.	Nevada	200,000	Mar. 18, '02	35,051
Hibernia Oil Co.	South Dakota	300,000	July 5, '01	33,641
Highland Park Oil Co.	South Dakota	500,000	Jan. 11, '02	34,613
Himalaya Mining Co.	Arizona	2,000	July 3, '01	33,634
Home Cold Distilling Co.	South Dakota	1,000,000	Aug. 16, '01	33,841
Howard Oil Co.	Arizona	250,000	June 6, '01	33,397
Howe Scale Co. of 1886	Rutland, Vt.	500,000	April 10, '01	32,930
Hub Oil Co.	Arizona	500,000	Aug. 5, '01	33,792
Humboldt Exploration Co.	New York	1,000,000	Oct. 22, '01	34,144
Humboldt Lands, Timber, Oil, and Minerals Co.	Arizona	500,000	Oct. 19, '01	34,130
Humboldt Union Oil Co.	Arizona	2,000,000	Mar. 24, '02	35,097
Ice and Cold Storage Co.	Carbondale, Pa.	180,000	May 27, '01	33,275
Illinois Central Railroad Co.	Chicago	1,000,000	Oct. 30, '01	34,200
Imperial Land Co.	Arizona	500,000	Nov. 23, '01	34,339
Indiana Oil Co.	Arizona	1,000,000	Aug. 27, '01	33,890
Internation Navigation Co.	New Jersey	15,600,000	Feb. 4, '02	34,740
I X L Crude Oil Co.	Pierre, S. D.	300,000	May 22, '01	33,241
J. B. Inderrieden Co.	Illinois	300,000	Oct. 28, '01	34,186
J. K. Armsby Co.	Illinois	50,000	Oct. 19, '01	34,128
John Bollman Co.	New Jersey	200,000	June 28, '01	33,603
John H. Graves & Co. Inc.	[New Jersey]	100,000	April 2, '02	35149½
John J. Fulton	South Dakota	1,000,000	Sept. 28, '01	34,031
Joseph Dixon Crucible Co.	New Jersey	50,000	Nov. 23, '01	34,343
Kaioia Mining and Milling Co.	[Arizona]	500,000	June 24, '02	35,740
Kansas City Oil Co.	Missouri	180,000	Jan. 15, '02	34,648
Kellogg Commercial Co.	Arizona	50,000	Nov. 25, '01	34,348
Kennebec Oil Co.	Pierre, S. D.	350,000	July 13, '01	33,683
Kern and Sonoma Oil Land and De- velopment Co.	Arizona	1,000,000	Mar. 16, '01	32753½
Kern Crown Oil Co.	Arizona	500,000	June 15, '01	33,505
Kern Jewel Oil Co.	Arizona	500,000	July 3, '01	33,629
Kern River Co.	Maine	1,500,000	Feb. 27, '02	34,923
Kern Treasure Oil Co.	Arizona	500,000	May 8, '01	33,130
Kerr's Reports	Arizona	1,000,000	June 29, '01	33,616
Keswick Crude Oil Co.	Phoenix, Ariz.	100,000	May 31, '01	33,309
Keuffel & Esser Co.	New York	5,000	Sept. 20, '01	33,985
Keystone Driller Co.	Pennsylvania	150,000	Dec. 3, '01	34,389
Kingan & Co. Ltd.	Belfast, Eng.	£800,000	Aug. 31, '01	33,904
Kuner Pickle Co.	Colorado	\$15,000	Sept. 20, '01	33,987
Lady Belle Gold Mining Co.	Maine	100,000	June 5, '02	35,620
Leggett-Wilcox Co.	Maine	50,000	May 29, '02	35,588
Linen Thread Co.	[New Jersey]	25,000	Nov. 5, '01	34,228
Little Badger Gold Mining Co.	Arizona	350,000	Aug. 22, '01	33,870
Little Johnnie Mining Co.	Nevada	2,000,000	July 19, '01	33,708
Live Oak Oil and Development Co.	South Dakota	350,000	July 29, '01	33,760

Foreign Corporations—Continued.

Name.	Place of Business.	Capital Stock.	Filed	No.
Loma Prieta Oil Co.	Pierre, S. D.	\$1,000,000	April 17, '01	32,989
Loma Verde Copper Co.	Tucson, Ariz.	1,000,000	June 3, '01	33,334
Long Beach Alaska Mining and Trading Co.	Arizona	12,000	April 19, '01	33,002
Los Angeles and Pasadena Electric Railway Co.	Arizona	1,000,000	April 1, '01	32,851
Los Angeles Ice and Cold Storage Co.	Delaware	500,000	June 21, '02	35,733
Lowell and California Mining Co.	Arizona	1,000,000	Jan. 6, '02	34,571
Lucky Verde Copper Co.	Arizona	5,000,000	Jan. 11, '02	34,609
Lugonia Co.	West Virginia	40,000	July 12, '01	33,671
Madrone Quicksilver Co.	Arizona	500,000	Jan. 30, '02	34,750
Maricopa and Phoenix and Salt River Valley Railroad Co.	[Arizona]	1,000,000	May 6, '02	35,426
Marigold Dredging Co.	West Virginia	10,000	July 10, '01	33,660
Marin Oil Land Co.	Pierre, S. D.	1,000,000	Nov. 18, '01	34,292
Marshall Gold Mining and Mill'g Co.	West Virginia	2,500	Mar. 2, '01	32,668
Martel Mining Co.	Pierre, S. D.	1,000,000	May 15, '02	35,485
Mascot Mining Co.	Arizona	25,000	June 3, '01	33,336
Mayflower Oil and Land Co.	Arizona	35,000	Feb. 15, '01	32,532
May Queen Oil Land Syndicate	Arizona	2,000,000	May 6, '01	33,115
McAlpine Gold Min'g and Mill'g Co.	[Arizona]	1,500,000	April 16, '02	35,266
McCall Co.	New York	30,000	May 22, '01	33,237
McCormick Harvesting Machine Co.	Chicago, Ill.	2,500,000	May 4, '01	33,104
McGilvray Stone Co.	Colorado	100,000	May 18, '01	33,214
M. C. Harrison & Co.	Washington	25,000	April 17, '02	35,277
McKittrick and Port Harford Oil and Pipe-Line Co.	[Arizona]	600,000	Mar. 11, '02	34,994
Mecca Oil Co.	New Jersey	450,000	April 23, '01	33,023
Mecca Oil Co.	Arizona	1,000,000	June 21, '01	33,554
Mergenthaler Linotype Co.	New York	100,000	April 25, '02	35,335
Methodist Book Concern in the City of New York	New York	None	Dec. 9, '01	34,425
Metropolitan Life Insurance Co.	New York	200,000	Nov. 2, '01	34,217
Michigan Trust Co.	Michigan	200,000	Sept. 23, '01	33,996
Midvale Steel Co.	Pennsylvania	750,000	June 28, '01	33,601
Midway Oil Co.	Portland, Or.	1,000,000	May 4, '01	33,109
Midway Oil Co.	Nevada	100,000	June 18, '01	33,532
Mills Novelty Co.	Illinois	500,000	Nov. 20, '01	34,312
Mingers Mountain Copper Co.	Arizona	3,000,000	June 7, '01	33,420
Miramás-Cape Nome Mining and Dredging Co.	Yuma, Ariz.	30,000	June 6, '01	33,368
Missouri Oil Co.	Missouri	160,000	July 8, '01	33,645
Mitchell Crude Oil Co.	South Dakota	1,000,000	April 25, '02	35,333
Modoc Land and Live Stock Co.	Nevada	300,000	Jan. 2, '02	34,555
Monarch Oil Co.	Arizona	500,000	April 16, '01	32,974
Monumental Label Co.	Baltimore, Md.	30,000	May 29, '01	33,300
Morton Propulsion Co.	Pierre, S. D.	750,000	Sept. 25, '01	34,011
Mt. Shasta Gold Mines Corporation	Pierre, S. D.	1,000,000	May 27, '01	33,273
Mt. Vernon Gold Mines Co.	Wyoming	150,000	Nov. 23, '01	34,340
Mutual Life Insurance Co.	New York	None	May 10, '01	33,157
Mutual Mercantile Agency	New Jersey	2,000,000	July 1, '01	33,619
Mutual Oil and Land Co.	Colorado	10,000	May 15, '01	33,185
Mutual Oil Union	Arizona	500,000	June 14, '01	33,493
Naglee Park Improvement Co.	Arizona	300,000	Jan. 11, '02	34,619
Nameless Mining Co.	West Virginia	500	Mar. 29, '02	35,124
Nanticoke Oil Co.	Arizona	500,000	May 18, '01	33,207
Napoleon Consolidated Mining Co.	Arizona	600,000	Dec. 9, '01	34,426
National Oil Co.	Arizona	1,000,000	July 27, '01	33,756
National Oil Refining Co.	Arizona	1,000,000	Jan. 7, '02	34,584
National Pharmacy Co.	New Jersey	200,000	May 29, '02	35,587
National Sewing Machine Co.	Illinois	350,000	Nov. 13, '01	34,269
National Tube Co.	New Jersey	75,000	May 3, '01	33,097
Navajo Oil Co.	Arizona	600,000	June 3, '01	33,337
Netherlands Fire Insurance Co.	Hague, Holland	1,640,000	June 3, '01	33,331
Nettleton Mining Co.	[Colorado]	20,000	Oct. 4, '01	34,062
Nevada-California-Oregon Railway	Nevada	2,200,000	June 7, '01	33,418
New Amsterdam Casualty Co.	New York	200,000	June 5, '01	33,353
New Calumet Hecla Copper Co.	Arizona	500,000	Jan. 18, '02	34,670

Foreign Corporations—Continued.

Name.	Place of Business.	Capital Stock.	Filed.	No.
Newhall Consolidated Oil Co.	Arizona	\$600,000	June 3, '01	33,328
New Home Sewing Machine Co.	Orange, Mass.	250,000	June 17, '01	33,521
New Jersey Asbestos Co.	New Jersey	350,000	Dec. 3, '01	34,387
New York Belting and Packing Co. .	England	£426,000	Sept. 10, '01	33,951
New York Fire Insurance Co.	New York	\$200,000	May 27, '01	33,278
New York Lubricating Oil Co.	New York	60,000	Dec. 3, '01	34,388
N. K. Fairbank & Co.	Illinois	1,000,000	Jan. 30, '02	34,747
Non-Assessable Oil Co.	Arizona	500,000	June 14, '01	33,487
Non-Refillable Bottle Co.	Arizona	25,000	Dec. 31, '01	34,550
Normal Oil Co.	Arizona	750,000	Mar. 8, '01	32,711½
North American Crude Oil Co.	Missouri	1,000,000	Aug. 21, '01	33,866
North American Investment Co. of the United States	Delaware	100,000	May 19, '02	35,506
North American Oil and Refining Co.	[Wyoming]	15,000	Oct. 2, '01	34,049
North Kern River Crude Oil Co.	Pierre, S. D.	500,000	June 7, '01	33,408
North Ontario Mining and Milling Co.	Arizona	1,500,000	Sept. 20, '01	33,990
North Star Oil Co.	South Dakota	1,000,000	Sept. 4, '01	33,926
Northern California Gold Mining Co.	[Washington]	80,000	Feb. 19, '02	34,878
Northern California Oil and Coal Co.	Arizona	2,000,000	June 12, '01	33,466
Northern Commercial Co.	New Jersey	2,750,000	July 31, '01	33,773
Northren Pacific Railroad Co.	Wisconsin	10,000,000	Jan. 11, '02	34,610
Norton-Drake Co.	Arizona	50,000	Nov. 7, '01	34,235
Occidental Crescent Oil Co.	Pima Co., Ariz.	150,000	June 6, '01	33,379
Occidental El Rey Oil Co.	Arizona	500,000	June 12, '01	33,471
Occidental Globe Oil Co.	Oakland	500,000	June 6, '01	33,384
Occidental King Co.	West Virginia	25	June 7, '01	33,416
Occidental Queen Oil Co.	West Virginia	400,000	June 6, '01	33,389
Occidental Trojan Oil Co.	Arizona	500,000	Nov. 7, '01	34,241
Ocean Accident and Guarantee Cor- poration	England	1,000,000	Nov. 11, '01	34,262
Ohio Oil and Development Co.	Arizona	250,000	Oct. 28, '01	34,184
Old Colony Oil and Development Co.	Arizona	600,000	Mar. 8, '01	32,711½
Oliver Chilled Plow Works	South Bend, Ind. .	500,000	Nov. 27, '01	34,360
Ophir Oil Co.	Arizona	650,000	June 19, '01	33,534
Oregon Short Line R. R. Co.	[Salt Lake]	60,000,000	Dec. 23, '01	34,508
Oriental Gold Mining Co.	New Jersey	500,000	June 13, '01	33,480
Oroville Gold Dredg'g and Expl'n Co.	Phoenix, Ariz.	500,000	April 10, '01	32,932
Otis Elevator Co.	Orange, N. J.	11,000,000	May 20, '01	33,219
Owl Flyer Oil Co.	Pierre, S. D.	250,000	May 22, '01	33,240
Pabst Brewing Co.	Wisconsin	4,000,000	Nov. 16, '01	34,284
Pacific Coast Adjusting Co.	Oregon	20,000	April 22, '02	35,311
Pacific Coast Press	New York	75,000	Nov. 19, '01	34,308
Pacific Cross Tie Co.	Arizona	200,000	Aug. 23, '01	33,873
Pacific Electric Railway Co.	Arizona	200,000	June 17, '01	33,520
Pacific Fuel Oil Co.	Arizona	500,000	April 16, '01	32,979
Pacific Gold Dredging Co., Ltd.	Colorado	300,000	May 28, '01	33,284
Pacific Hardware and Steel Co.	[New Jersey]	1,000,000	Jan. 13, '02	34,622
Pacific Land and Improvement Co.	Reno, Nev.	25,000	June 8, '01	33,442
Pacific Packing and Navigation Co.	New Jersey	25,000,000	Sept. 18, '01	33,980
Pacific Steam Navigation Co.	England	£250,000	April 19, '02	35,293
Pacific U. S. Fence Co.	Portland, Or.	\$35,000	May 9, '02	35,443
Pajaro Valley Oil Co.	Arizona	500,000	June 21, '01	33,555
Palatine Insurance Co., Ltd.	London, Eng.	£100,000	May 23, '01	33,253
Palo Alto Oil Co.	Arizona	\$300,000	July 16, '01	33,696
Panama Railroad Co.	New York	1,000,000	July 9, '01	33,653
Paraffine Oil Co.	Pierre, S. D.	500,000	June 7, '01	33,400
Paragon Oil Co.	Arizona	600,000	June 4, '01	33,344
Par Value Oil Co.	Arizona	500,000	June 14, '01	33,486
Pass & Seymour, Inc.	New York	100,000	Sept. 23, '01	34,002
Patent Title and Guarantee Co.	Delaware	5,000,000	May 12, '02	35,466
Paxton Gold Bond Oil Co.	Arizona	500,000	June 11, '01	33,460
Pennsylvania Co.	Pennsylvania	100,000	Jan. 21, '02	34,679
People's Mutual Telephone Co.	Arizona	5,000,000	Feb. 5, '02	34,792
Petrel Petroleum Co.	Arizona	500,000	Mar. 7, '01	32,695½
Petroleum King Oil Co.	Pierre, S. D.	500,000	June 3, '01	33,329
Philadelphia and San Fran. Oil Co.	Arizona	500,000	Oct. 22, '01	34,145
Pilot Oil Co.	Arizona	500,000	June 6, '01	33,383
Pioneer Mutual Min'g and Expl. Co.	[Arizona]	10,000,000	Dec. 4, '01	34,396

Foreign Corporations—Continued.

Name.	Place of Business.	Capital Stock	Filed.	No.
Pless Dredging and Reclamation Co.	Nevada	\$1,000,000	June 6, '01	33,392
Pless Dredging and Reclamation Co.	Nevada	1,000,000	May 31, '02	35,603
Plumas Box and Lumber Co.	Nevada	50,000	Aug. 19, '01	33,855
Plumas Gold Mining Co.	Portland, Me.	200,000	May 20, '01	33,217
Point Loma Homestead.	New Jersey	25,000	July 19, '01	33,711
Portland Oil Co.	Portland, Or.	1,000,000	June 1, '01	33,313
Potomac Oil Co.	Arizona	2,850,000	Sept. 30, '01	34,042
Presbyterian Board of Publication.	Pennsylvania	None	Sept. 17, '01	33,976
Preservaline Manufacturing Co.	New York	5,000	May 3, '01	33,098
President Oil Co. of San Luis Obispo	Arizona	500,000	Dec. 2, '01	34,379
Price Flavoring Extract Co.	Illinois	500,000	Sept. 24, '01	34,006
Prince Edward Oil Co.	Arizona	350,000	June 6, '01	33,369
Progreso Steamship Co.	New Jersey	50,000	Nov. 2, '01	34,209
Providence Gold and Copper Co.	Arizona	3,000,000	Feb. 28, '02	34,935
Queen Oil Co.	Washington	500,000	July 26, '01	33,751
R. & G. Corset Co.	New Jersey	200,000	Dec. 2, '01	34,382
Ralston Gold Mining Co.	Pierre, S. D.	500,000	Feb. 24, '02	34,900
Randsburg Railway Co.	Phoenix, Ariz.	540,000	June 4, '01	33,340
Randsburg-Santa Fé Reduction Co.	Phoenix, Ariz.	100,000	June 4, '01	33,342
Rawhide Extension Mining Co.	Arizona	800,000	July 29, '01	33,757
Reading Fire Insurance Co.	Pennsylvania	200,000	Oct. 3, '01	34,195
Ready Oil Co.	Phoenix, Ariz.	900,000	April 1, '01	32,862
Red Standard Oil Co.	Pierre, S. D.	500,000	July 25, '01	33,745
Redemption Mining Co.	Arizona	25,000	Dec. 11, '01	34,437
Redondo and Hermosa Beach Railroad Co.	[Arizona]	400,000	Sept. 6, '01	33,937
Remington Arms Co.	New York	400,000	July 2, '01	33,628
Requena Oil Co.	Arizona	500,000	May 21, '01	33,225
Revere Rubber Co.	Massachusetts	500,000	Nov. 7, '01	34,238
Reward Gold Mining and Milling Co.	South Dakota	400,000	June 18, '01	33,531
Richelieu Mining Co.	Arizona	300,000	Mar. 31, '02	35,130
Richmond Oil Co.	Richmond, Mo.	100,000	May 24, '01	33,255
Rincon Water and Power Co.	Dover, Del.	500,000	May 20, '01	33,224
Riverside Gold Mines	London, Eng.	£50,000	Aug. 6, '01	33,796
Rochester Gold Mining Co.	Colorado	\$1,000,000	April 5, '02	35,184
Rock Creek Oil Co.	Arizona	600,000	July 3, '01	33,633
Russell & Co.	Ohio	1,000,000	Oct. 24, '01	34,161
Saginaw Steel Steamship Co.	[New Jersey]	550,000	Oct. 25, '01	34,162
Salinger Bros.	Pierre, S. D.	100,000	May 13, '01	33,164
Salutem Oil Co.	Arizona	300,000	June 11, '01	33,454
Sanborn-Perris Map Co.	New York	100,000	Nov. 27, '01	34,358
San Carlos Junior Oil Mining Co.	West Virginia	200,000	July 8, '01	33,648
San Diego Fruit Co.	Maine	1,500,000	Mar. 31, '02	35,133
San Diego Land Co.	Maine	600,000	April 12, '02	35,236
San Diego Land and Town Co.	Maine	3,150,000	June 8, '01	33,424
San Francisco Breweries Ltd.	England	£210,000	June 8, '01	33,430
San Jacinto Land Co.	England	£50,000	Aug. 6, '01	33,797
San Mateo County Oil Co.	Arizona	\$1,000,000	Nov. 29, '01	34,366
San Pedro, Los Angeles, and Salt Lake Railroad Co.	Utah	25,000,000	April 13, '01	32,954
Santa Ana Tin Mining Co.	Arizona	2,000,000	July 5, '01	33,639
Santa Teresa Quicksilver Co.	Maine	500,000	June 2, '02	35,609
School for the Revival of the Lost Mysteries of Antiquity	[West Virginia]	1,000	July 19, '01	33,712
Scientific Publishing Co.	New York	50,000	Nov. 23, '01	34,335
Seattle Brewing and Malting Co.	[Washington]	1,000,000	Jan. 14, '02	34,637
Sedalia and California Oil Co.	Missouri	250,000	Jan. 14, '02	34,632
Sentinel Oil Co.	Arizona	1,000,000	July 20, '01	33,719
Sequoia Oil and Development Co.	West Virginia	1,200	June 6, '01	33,391
Shasta May Blossom Copper Mining and Smelting Co.	Arizona	1,500,000	June 24, '02	35,739
Shaw Pharmacy	Arizona	12,000	Oct. 4, '01	34,065
Shelby Electric Co.	Shelby, Ohio	100,000	Dec. 9, '01	34,421
Silver Bow Oil Co.	Montana	75,000	Oct. 22, '01	34,142
Sioux Oil Co.	South Dakota	150,000	Nov. 25, '01	34,344
Siskiyou County Oil Co.	South Dakota	500,000	June 13, '01	33,482

Foreign Corporations—Continued.

Name.	Place of Business.	Capital Stock.	Filed.	No.
Siskiyou Mining and Development Ass'n	Arizona	\$600,000	Dec. 13, '01	34,456
Sites Oil and Mineral Co.	Pierre, S. D.	500,000	June 15, '01	33,511
Skookum Oil Co.	Portland, Or.	20,000	June 1, '01	33,312
Skookum Oil Co.	Pierre, S. D.	300,000	Sept. 3, '01	33,916
Smoky City Gold Mining and Milling Co.	Pittsburg, Pa.	250,000	Dec. 23, '01	34,503
Snow Land Exploration and Mining Co.	Phoenix, Ariz.	100,000	June 4, '01	33,343
Snow Mountain Stock Co.	Kansas	24,000	Jan. 13, '02	34,629
Sobra Vista Oil Co.	Arizona	500,000	June 29, '01	33,612
Société Anonyme belge des Petroles de Kern etablie à Bruxelles	[Paris]	70,000	Sept. 21, '01	33,994
Solano County Oil and Dev'm't Co.	Arizona	200,000	Mar. 8, '01	32,711
Solar Furnace and Power Co.	Arizona	400,000	Jan. 30, '02	34,745
Somerset Trust Co.	[Nebraska]	200,000	Jan. 20, '02	34,674
South Bend Oil Co.	Pierre, S. D.	600,000	Dec. 6, '01	34,411
South Bisbee Copper Mining and Townsite Co.	[Arizona]	5,000,000	Dec. 13, '01	34,453
Spool Cotton Co.	New Jersey	100,000	Nov. 12, '01	34,266
Spratt's Patent (America) Ltd.	England	£60,000	Sept. 4, '01	33,974
Squaw Creek Mining Co.	Boise City, Idaho	\$1,250,000	July 16, '00	31,141
Standard Consol't'd Oil and Land Co.	Arizona	1,000,000	June 11, '01	33,464
Standard Fashion Co.	New York	25,000	Nov. 21, '01	34,323
Standard Machine Co.	Rhode Island	100,000	May 7, '01	33,119
Standard Milk Co.	Arizona	500,000	Jan. 27, '02	34,730
Standard Rock Oil Co.	Arizona	300,000	Feb. 11, '02	34,831
Standard Sewing Machine Co.	[Ohio]	2,800,000	Nov. 22, '01	34,327
Standard Wall Paper Co.	New York	125,000	May 23, '01	33,251
Stanley Electric Manufacturing Co.	New Jersey	2,000,000	Jan. 7, '02	34,585
Star Oil Co. of West Virginia	West Virginia	600,000	July 30, '01	33,766
Starry Flag Oil Co.	Arizona	200,000	May 14, '01	33,173
State Fire Insurance Co.	England	4,000,000	June 3, '01	33,330
Stockton Midway Oil Co.	Phoenix, Ariz.	500,000	May 22, '01	33,238
Success Oil Co.	Arizona	350,000	April 15, '01	32,968
Sultana Mining Co.	Delaware	1,000,000	Jan. 23, '02	34,699
Sunlight Mining and Smelting Co.	Arizona	250,000	May 31, '01	33,304
Sunny South Oil Co.	Arizona	500,000	June 6, '01	33,390
Sunset Czar Oil Co.	Arizona	500,000	June 14, '01	33,490
Sunset Gilt Edge Oil Co.	Arizona	250,000	June 15, '01	33,509
Sunset King Oil Co.	Phoenix, Ariz.	300,000	June 6, '01	33,376
Susanville Commercial Co.	[Arizona]	250,000	April 2, '02	35,151
Sweetwater Consolidated Mining and Milling Co. of Mono Co.	[Connecticut]	150,000	Sept. 27, '01	34,024
Sweetwater Water Co.	Maine	1,200,000	Mar. 31, '02	35,134
Syndicate Dredging Co.	New Jersey	150,000	Dec. 14, '01	34,463
Syracuse Oil Co.	Arizona	500,000	June 13, '01	33,479
Taber Gold Mining Co.	Arizona	600,000	Nov. 2, '01	34,218
Texas and California Oil Refining Co.	Delaware	700,000	May 5, '02	35,419
Texas-California Oil Co.	Arizona	500,000	April 8, '02	35,199
Texas Gold Mining and Power Co.	Arizona	200,000	Aug. 20, '01	33,862
Texas-Pacific Railroad Co.	United States	50,000,000	Feb. 11, '02	34,830
Tolliver Aerial Navigation Co.	[Arizona]	1,000,000	April 24, '02	35,321
Tontine Loan and Security Co.	Missouri	2,000	Jan. 15, '02	34,647
Touts' Dredging Co.	Oregon	40,000	June 20, '01	33,545
Tremont Oil Co.	West Virginia	600,000	June 8, '01	33,434
Trinity County Gold Mining Co.	New York	1,000,000	Feb. 11, '02	34,832
Troy Laundry Machinery Co.	New York	100,000	Dec. 9, '01	34,429
Tulare Oil Development Co.	Pierre, S. D.	300,000	June 12, '01	33,464
Tyrer Mining Co.	Oregon	100,000	Sept. 7, '01	33,944
Uncle Sam Copper Co.	Arizona	5,000,000	July 26, '01	33,747
Union Consolidated Gold Mining Co.	Utah	10,000	July 8, '01	33,644
Union Consolidated Oil Co.	West Virginia	5,000,000	July 20, '01	33,718
Union Consolidated Refining Co.	Phoenix, Ariz.	1,500,000	April 8, '02	35,196
Union Distilling Co.	Arizona	500,000	Nov. 26, '01	34,353
Union Feed Co., Ltd.	Honolulu	50,000	Jan. 7, '02	34,582
Union Fence Co.	Illinois	50,000	Dec. 30, '01	34,539
Union Land and Oil Co.	Columbus, Ga.	75,000	May 18, '01	33,209

Foreign Corporations—Continued.

Name.	Place of Business.	Capital Stock.	Filed.	No.
Union Metallic Cartridge Co.	Hartford, Conn.	\$300,000	July 2, '01	33,627
Union Mutual Mining and Dev. Co..	Nevada	750,000	June 26, '01	33,596
Union Mutual Oil Co.	Phoenix, Ariz.	500,000	April 27, '01	33,047
Union Pacific Railroad Co.	Utah	136,000,000	Nov. 30, '01	34,376
United Firemen's Insurance Co.	Philadelphia, Pa.	300,000	July '06, '01	33,749
United Mines Mining Co.	Wilmington, Del.	400,000	Dec. 27, '00	32,671
United Oil Co.	Missouri	100,000	June 17, '01	33,519
United Shirt and Collar Co.	New York	2,000,000	Feb. 24, '02	34,899
United States Consolidated Seeded Raisin Co.	[New York]	300,000	Oct. 4, '01	34,061
United States Glass Co.	Pennsylvania	1,100	April 7, '02	35,195
United Typewriter and Supply Co..	West Virginia	100,000	Nov. 13, '01	34,267
Unitype Company	New Jersey	100,000	Aug. 22, '01	33,868
Usal Redwood Co.	Michigan	500,000	Oct. 9, '01	34,081
Utah-Nevada Co.	Iowa	1,000,000	April 9, '02	35,206
Valencia Copper Mining Co.	[Arizona]	1,000,000	Mar. 17, '02	35,041
Vallejo Oil Co.	Arizona	450,000	June 11, '01	33,452
Ventura Oil Co.	Boston, Mass.	500,000	May 31, '02	356054
Vermont Marble Co.	New York	3,000,000	May 2, '01	33,080
Verona Mining Co.	Arizona	500,000	Nov. 7, '01	34,232
Vesuvius Oil Co.	Phoenix, Ariz.	350,000	Jan. 22, '01	32,2971
Victoria Oil Co.	South Dakota	300,000	July 1, '01	33,624
Visalia Non-Assessable Co.	Arizona	1,000,000	April 19, '01	33,004
Volcan Oil Co.	Arizona	250,000	June 26, '01	33,593
Volcan Oil and Refining Co.	Arizona	550,000	Jan. 24, '02	34,703
Wachusett Shirt Co.	Massachusetts	100,000	Nov. 4, '01	34,225
Waldo Smelting and Mining Co.	Colorado	3,000,000	Mar. 15, '02	35,026
Wallapai Min'g and Developm't Co.	Arizona	1,000,000	June 20, '01	33,540
Ward Land and Stock Co.	Nevada	240,000	June 8, '01	33,438
Ward Land and Stock Co.	Nevada	240,000	Oct. 28, '01	34,178
Washington-California Oil Co.	Washington	750,000	June 8, '01	33,428
Watson & Newell Co.	Rhode Island	500,000	May 27, '02	35,567
Weldon Oil Co. of Ventura	[Nevada]	32,000	Jan. 6, '02	34,579
Weldon Oil Development Co.	Phoenix, Ariz.	500,000	May 11, '01	33,160
Welsbach Street Lighting Co.	Illinois	1,000,000	June 12, '02	35,662
Western Cooperage Co.	Washington	60,000	April 15, '02	35,262
Western Live Stock Co.	Arizona	240,000	June 16, '02	35,694
Western Min'g and Developm't Co.	Arizona	200,000	June 7, '01	33,421
Western Tube Co.	Illinois	750,000	Dec. 5, '01	34,405
Westinghouse Electric and Manufacturing Co.	Pittsburg, Pa.	None	June 3, '01	33,332
Westminster College	Missouri	None	Dec. 5, '01	34,402
Whittall-Tatum Co.	New Jersey	1,800,000	May 8, '01	33,124
White Rock Copper Mining Co.	Maine	1,000,000	April 11, '02	35,231
White Star Oil Co.	Arizona	500,000	May 29, '01	33,293
Widows' and Orphans' Friendly Society	New Jersey	None	May 13, '01	33,168
Wilcox & Gibbs Sewing Machine Co.	[New York]	500,000	Dec. 23, '01	34,506
Wildman Gold Mining Co.	Maine	30,000	Mar. 7, '02	34,971
Wiley B. Allen Co.	Oregon	100,000	Oct. 25, '01	34,166
Winchester Repeating Arms Co.	Connecticut	500,000	June 15, '01	33,514
Wizard Oil Co. of Kern River	Arizona	50,000	Feb. 18, '02	34,873
W. R. Stubbs Contracting Co.	Illinois	100,000	Nov. 27, '01	34,362
Wyckoff, Seamans & Benedict	[New York]	30,000	Aug. 16, '01	33,844
X-Ray Oil and Development Co.	Arizona	300,000	May 24, '01	33,256
Yale Lock Manufacturing Co.	Connecticut	650,000	Nov. 4, '01	34,224
Yawman & Erbe Manufacturing Co..	New York	335,000	Oct. 23, '01	34,154
Yellow Bee Gold Mining Co.	South Dakota	250,000	Sept. 11, '01	33,952
York Coalinga Oil Co.	Arizona	300,000	April 30, '02	35,377
York Syndicate Oil Co.	West Virginia	75,000	Mar. 10, '02	34,989
Yosemite Gold Min'g and Milling Co.	South Dakota	1,000,000	Oct. 28, '01	34,180
Zelma Bell Gold Mining and Dredging Co.	Arizona	250,000	June 7, '01	33,412
Zenith Oil Co.	West Virginia	2,000,000	Sept. 4, '01	33,925

AGENTS OF FOREIGN CORPORATIONS.

DESIGNATION OF AGENTS FILED IN OFFICE OF SECRETARY OF STATE FROM JULY 1, 1900, TO MARCH 8, 1901, WHEN FOREIGN FEE BILL WENT INTO EFFECT.

No.	Name of Corporation.	Agent.	Location.	Filed.
716	American Agri'al Chemical Co.	Wm. E. Lankester	Los Angeles ..	July 30,'00
732	Albany Woolen Mills	J. W. Sanford	San Francisco ..	Sept. 4,'00
735	American Bridge Co.	Frank C. Price	San Francisco ..	Sept. 4,'00
742	Aquila Oil and Mineral Co.	P. T. Whittlesey	Los Angeles ..	Nov. 5,'00
744	Atlas Tack Co. of New Jersey ..	Walter H. Draper	San Francisco ..	Nov. 12,'00
745	American Steel and Wire Co.	George H. Ismon	San Francisco ..	Nov. 16,'00
752	Ashburton Mining Co.	Robert E. Cranston	Folsom	Dec. 6,'00
754	Arizona Oil Co.	C. H. Fancher	Ventura Co.	Dec. 17,'00
763	American Wringer Co.	W. F. Boardman	San Francisco ..	Dec. 27,'00
765	American Improvement Co.	John R. Phillips	Jackson	Jan. 5,'01
767	Arizona Grant Copper Co.	George D. Copeland	Los Angeles ..	Jan. 11,'01
811	Alexander & Baldwin	Wallace M. Alexander	San Francisco ..	Mar. 6,'01
812	American Guild, The	Maurice L. Asher	San Francisco ..	Mar. 8,'01
712	Brown-Gosney Co.	T. A. Brown	Maxwell	July 20,'00
722	Bradley Fertilizer Co.	Wm. E. Lankester	Los Angeles ..	Aug. 11,'00
738	Big Pine Mining Co.	George F. Shelton	San Francisco ..	Oct. 23,'00
799	Buena Vista Oil Co.	William H. Metson	San Francisco ..	Feb. 20,'01
1001	Boston and Oroville Mining Co. ..	W. P. Hammon	Oroville	Oct. 5,'01
803	Buckeye Gold Mining Co.	David Hutchinson	Nevada City ..	Feb. 5,'01
805	Boston-South Dakota Gold Mining Co.	John R. Scupham	Oakland	Feb. 25,'01
704	China Traders Ins. Co. Ltd.	Warren D. Clark	San Francisco ..	July 2,'00
708	California Development Co.	J. W. Swanwick	Los Angeles ..	July 14,'00
711	Cherokee Mining Co.	L. J. Hohl	Cherokee	July 18,'00
713	Cherry Hill Gold Mining Co.	Ezra D. Baker	Yreka	July 21,'00
747	Chittenden California Oil Co.	Percy L. Shuman	Santa Cruz	Nov. 26,'00
750	California Idaho Mining Co. Ltd. ..	W. W. Miller	Pike	Dec. 4,'00
760	Consolidated Mining and Dredging Co.	E. H. Scott	Callahans	Jan. 2,'01
785	Cape Mendocino Oil Co.	J. P. Armstrong	Whittier	Jan. 29,'01
796	Canadian Bank of Commerce	P. A. Crump and H. F. D. Sewell	San Francisco ..	Feb. 16,'01
798	Continental Fruit Express	F. D. Madison	San Francisco ..	Feb. 20,'01
806	Consolidated Crude Oil Co.	S. T. Allen	Oakland	Feb. 26,'01
815	California Products Co.	W. S. Baylis	Fresno	Mar. 4,'01
755	Dutton Oil Co.	Clarence E. Arnold	San Francisco ..	Dec. 17,'00
797	Donner Ice Co.	F. D. Madison	San Francisco ..	Feb. 20,'01
707	Eastern Empire Oil Co.	John J. Shupe	Los Angeles ..	July 13,'00
719	Elaine Oil Co.	B. B. Bush	Riverside	Aug. 8,'00
741	Emery Gold Mining and Water Co.	F. J. Solinsky	San Andreas ..	Oct. 30,'00
792	Esperanza Land and Oil Co.	Robert H. Barth	San Francisco ..	Feb. 9,'01
757	Fort Wayne Gold Production Co. ..	Walter Knight	Sheep Ranch ..	Dec. 22,'00
814	Franklin Baker Co.	J. H. Jellett	San Francisco ..	Feb. 28,'01
733	Grass Valley Exploration Co.	Jacob Weissbein	Grass Valley ..	Sept. 6,'00
743	Great Channel Gold Mining Co.	Henry T. Bell	Forest Hill ..	Nov. 11,'00
775	Great American Oil and Development Co.	M. L. Culver	Alameda	Jan. 19,'01
784	Grand Pacific Oil Co.	A. G. Deardorff	San Francisco ..	Jan. 29,'01
801	Gold Crown M. and M. Co.	R. L. Craig	Los Angeles ..	Feb. 23,'01

Agents of Foreign Corporations—Continued.

No.	Name of Corporation.	Agent.	Location.	Filed.
728	Heine Piano Co.	Alexander B. Swan	San Francisco	Aug. 24, '00
772	Hillside Water Co.	Charles Hirshfeld	California	Jan. 14, '01
731	Indian Canyon Oil Co.	A. M. Cates	Los Angeles	Aug. 30, '00
742	International Co-operative M. Co.	Eugene Germain	Los Angeles	Oct. 31, '00
768	Indiana Gold Dredging and Mining Co.	Oscar B. Perry	Oroville	Jan. 12, '01
776	Inter Nos Oil and Development Co.	M. L. Culver	Alameda	Jan. 4, '01
794	Internationaler Bergmoks- verein Aktiengesellschaft	J. A. Stephens	San Francisco	Feb. 15, '01
717	Kohinoor Oil and Refining Co.	William Wettleson	Los Angeles	Aug. 4, '00
756	Kern Queen Oil Co.	H. C. Zigler	Los Angeles	Dec. 10, '00
773	Klamath River Lumber and Im- provement Co.	John R. Cook	Klamathon	Jan. 16, '01
810	Knickerbocker Oil Co.	G. W. Peer	Oakland	Mar. 6, '01
710	Last Chance Gold Mining Co. of Alaska	C. E. Goodyear	Weaverville	July 2, '00
714	London and Provincial Marine and Gen'l Insurance Co., Ltd.	Edw. Hale	San Francisco	July 24, '00
730	Loma Blanco Litho. Stone Co.	A. M. Cates	Los Angeles	Aug. 30, '00
787	La Grande Summit Oil and De- velopment Co.	A. E. Graupner	San Francisco	Feb. 5, '01
790	La Fiesta Gold Mining Co.	C. W. Gammon	San Francisco	Feb. 9, '01
808	London and San Fran. Oil Ass'n	W. E. McMartin	San Francisco	Feb. 28, '01
724	Mokelumne Mining Co.	William Ware	Wallace	Aug. 17, '00
751	Mariopoa Oil Co.	F. F. Weed	San Francisco	Dec. 4, '00
753	Mayflower Oil and Land Co.	Morris Schwartz	San Francisco	Dec. 11, '00
764	Maryland Casualty Co.	F. W. Voogt	San Francisco	Jan. 2, '01
766	Mineral Mountain Mining Co.	N. F. Ashton	San Francisco	Jan. 10, '01
804	Mountain Copper Co.	Charles P. Eells	San Francisco	Feb. 25, '01
770	Mt. Hamilton Land and Oil Co.	J. F. Krauss	San José	Jan. 14, '01
762	Nevada-California-Oregon R'y	A. J. Floyd	Amedee	Dec. 6, '00
807	New York Insulated Wire Co.	J. H. Ames	San Francisco	Feb. 27, '01
729	Oak Bar Mining Co.	Secretary of State	Sacramento	Aug. 11, '00
791	Orient Oil Co.	Chas. M. Berry	San Francisco	Feb. 9, '01
723	Pacific Postal Tel. Cable Co.	L. W. Storrer	San Francisco	Aug. 13, '00
726	Pacific Auto. Telephone Ex. Co.	F. D. Schuyler	San Francisco	Aug. 21, '00
734	Pacific States Tel. and Tel. Co.	E. J. Zimmer	San Francisco	Sept. 6, '00
736	Pacific Coast Rubber Co.	H. C. Norton	San Francisco	Oct. 6, '00
769	Pioneer Lynn Mining Co.	J. J. Sullivan	Pioneer Mine	Jan. 12, '01
774	Primavera Oil Co.	Fred. Tillman, Jr.	San Francisco	Jan. 18, '01
783	Providence Cons. Gold M'g Co.	J. E. Doolittle	San Francisco	Jan. 24, '01
721	Rincon Crude Oil Co.	B. B. Bush	Riverside	Aug. 10, '00
740	Reward Gold Mining Co.	W. S. Wright	L. Angeles Co.	Oct. 30, '00
705	Shawmut Development Co.	Orestes Pierce	Oakland	July 6, '00
709	Sterling Oil Co.	Oscar E. Farish	Los Angeles	June 28, '00
718	Squaw Creek Mining Co.	William Abbott	Yreka	Aug. 6, '00
737	St. Louis School of Suggestive Therapeutics & Med. Elec'ty.	Dr. G. C. Pitzer	Los Angeles	Oct. 16, '00
748	Sperry & Hutchinson Co.	H. R. Fee	San Francisco	Nov. 26, '00
749	Shasta Consolidated Oil Co.	J. P. Eaton	Redding	Nov. 27, '00
777	Syracuse and Cal. Mining Co.	Alfred H. Tickell	Nevada City	Jan. 19, '01
781	South Fork Mining and Dev. Co.	B. F. Rogers	Igo	Jan. 26, '01
782	Sierra Elec. Power & Water Co.	C. H. Carter	Carters	Jan. 17, '01
817	Supreme Lodge, K. of H.	C. F. Curry	Sacramento	Mar. 9, '01
746	Tontine Savings Association	H. C. O'Neil	San Francisco	Nov. 23, '00
778	Tiger Oil Co.	P. G. Betts	San Francisco	Jan. 21, '01
786	Trinity Copper Co.	Eugene S. Watson	Redding	Feb. 2, '01
789	Twin Lakes Mining Co.	C. W. Gammon	San Francisco	Feb. 9, '01

Agents of Foreign Corporations—Continued.

No.	Name of Corporation.	Agent.	Location.	Filed.
813	Twin Peaks Con. Mining Co.	J. W. McCullough	Manvel	Feb. 27,'01
706	Union Copper Mining Co.	Gilbert McM. Ross	California	July 6,'00
779	U. S. Bottlers' Supply Co.	John C. Shipp	San Francisco.	Jan. 21,'01
795	United States Distributing Co. .	F. O. Broile	San Francisco.	Feb. 15,'01
800	United Pecacho Gold Min'g and Milling Co.	R. L. Craig	Los Angeles ..	Feb. 23,'01
739	Vance Redwood Lumber Co.	G. W. Fenwick	Humboldt Co.	Oct. 30,'00
771	Vacaville Oil Co. Ltd.	G. W. Crystal	Vacaville	Jan. 14,'01
780	Vesuvius Oil Co.	J. S. Potts	San Francisco.	Jan. 22,'01
715	Washington Life Insurance Co.	Howard Perrin	San Francisco.	July 28,'00
720	Western Union Telegraph Co. .	Frank Jaynes	San Francisco.	Aug. 9,'00
761	Welsbach Co.	W. W. Gillespie	San Francisco.	Dec. 29,'00
740½	Wide Awake Gold Mining Co. .	J. L. Fields	Alameda	Nov. 7,'00
758	Western Navigation Co.	Warren Gregory	San Francisco.	Jan. 2,'01
809	Wilbur Womble Mining Co.	D. Jutton	San Francisco.	Mar. 5,'01
788	Yolo Oil and Development Co. .	S. Bloom	San Francisco.	Feb. 6,'01
759	Zelma Bell Gold Mining and Dredging Co.	C. H. Joy	Sacramento...	Dec. 22,'00

LICENSED ARCHITECTS OF CALIFORNIA.

Name.	Residence.
Austin, J. C. W.	Los Angeles
Arnold, Samuel.	Oakland
Anderson, W. J. A.	San Francisco
Armitage, W. H.	San Francisco
Allen, Wm. H.	Los Angeles
Ashby, G. H.	Los Angeles
Aiken, W. C.	Napa

Babson, Seth.	San Francisco
Behrud, G. A.	San Francisco
Bugbee, M. G.	San Francisco
Bradshaw, C. B.	Orange
Barth, H.	San Francisco
Bliss, W. D.	San Francisco
Bradbeer, J. H.	Los Angeles
Bixby, B. B.	Los Angeles
Buchanan, C. W.	Pasadena
Binder, William.	San José
Brinkoff, C. H.	Los Angeles
Blaisdell, Nath.	San Francisco
Bagley, J. W.	Santa Barbara
Banks, W. O.	San Francisco
Brown, C. H.	Los Angeles
Bliesner, W. J.	Los Angeles
Beasley, W.	Stockton
Boese, Fred D.	San Francisco
Blackmann, C. H. E.	Los Angeles
Barnett, A. J.	San Francisco
Barrett, C. H.	Redding
Beasley, Chas.	Stockton
Benton, A. B.	Los Angeles
Bermingham, T. W.	Fresno
Barber, P. J.	Santa Barbara
Blick, Jos. J.	Pasadena
Burnham, F. P.	Los Angeles
Bither, A. S.	Santa Ana
Boggs, A. W.	Riverside
Burton, J. L.	Los Angeles
Bakewell, Jr., J.	Oakland

Curlett, Wm.	San Francisco
Coplin, A. D.	Oakland
Colley, C. J.	San Francisco
Collis, Chonn Otto.	San Francisco
Costerisan, Geo. T.	Los Angeles
Conant, John.	Oakland
Clinch, B. J.	San Francisco
Childs, E. E.	Oakland
Cahill, B. J. S.	San Francisco
Curtiss, J. M.	San Francisco
Cunningham, H. L.	San Francisco
Coffey, A. I.	San Francisco
Coxhead, E.	San Francisco
Coxhead, A.	San Francisco
Copeland, W. G.	San Francisco
Clark, J. J.	San Francisco
Colmesnil, DeG. F.	Napa
Cantin, A. A.	San Francisco
Campbell, A. W.	Sacramento
Chidson, C. R.	San Francisco
Cuthbertson, W. J.	San Francisco
Cutter, W. H.	Los Gatos
Corlett, W. H.	Napa

Name.	Residence.
Cook, C. M.	Oakland
Cebrian, J. C.	San Francisco

Deane, L.	San Francisco
Depierre, Emile.	San Francisco
Davis, F.	Pomona
Day, Clinton.	San Francisco
Dorn, F. R.	Los Angeles
Devlin, C. J. I.	San Francisco
Dolliver, J. W.	San Francisco
Dunn, J. F.	San Francisco
Dodge, G. A.	San Francisco
Driscoll, C. F.	Pasadena
Dobson, W. K.	San José
Darscherd, L.	Los Angeles
Dennis, O. P.	Los Angeles
Dudley, A.	Los Angeles

Everett, O.	San Francisco
Edelman, A. M.	Los Angeles
Edwards, W. B.	Los Angeles
Eager, A. W.	Los Angeles
Edwards, T. M.	San Francisco
Ehrenpfort, A. T.	San Francisco
Elder, C. A.	Los Angeles
Eisen, T. A.	Los Angeles

Frasier, E. M.	San Francisco
Faville, W. B.	San Francisco
Freeman, J. E.	San Francisco
Forsyth, J. H.	Bakersfield
Farr, Albert.	San Francisco
Farwell, Lyman.	Los Angeles
Fellows, A. D.	Auburn
Fitzhugh, Thornton.	Los Angeles

Gill, I. J.	San Diego
Garrett, W. S.	Los Angeles
Greene, H. M.	Pasadena
Greene, C. S.	Pasadena
Garin, E. A.	San Francisco
Griffith, T. R.	Los Angeles
Godart, Jules.	San Francisco
Geilfuss, Henry.	San Francisco
Goff, T. H.	San Bernardino
Geilfuss, Carl.	San Francisco
Geddes, Charles.	San Francisco

Hunt, S. P.	Los Angeles
Hebbard, W. S.	San Diego
Hermann, E. A.	San Francisco
Hodges, C. E.	Palo Alto
Hunt, F. J.	San Francisco
Haupt, O.	Vallejo
Hubbell, C. E.	Los Angeles
Hudson, F. D.	Los Angeles
Harris, F. T.	Redlands
Havens, C. I.	San Francisco
Holmes, E. L.	San Francisco
Hart, R. W.	San Francisco
Harrold, T. R.	Fresno
Herold, R. A.	Sacramento
Hemenway, S. W.	San Francisco

Licensed Architects of California—Continued.

Name.	Residence.	Name.	Residence.
Hoen, E. M.	Sacramento	Macdonald, J. M.	Ontario
Haynes, C. L.	San Francisco	Magee, J. A.	San Geronimo
Hind, W. G.	San Francisco	Mohr, W. H.	Los Angeles
Hess, H.	San Francisco		
Hyde, E. W.	San Francisco	McCall, C. W.	Oakland
Haley, A. L.	Los Angeles	McAfee, C. H.	Long Beach
Hult, J. G.	San Francisco	McDougall, C. C.	San Francisco
Hunt, R. H.	New York	McDougall, G. B.	San Francisco
Hall, I. S.	Santa Paula	McDougall, B. G.	Fresno
Hildebrand, A. A.	San Francisco	McHenry, J.	San Francisco
Howard, J. G.	San Francisco	McKenzie, C. S.	San José
Howard, G. H.	San Francisco	McNally, C. S.	San Francisco
Holland, F. S.	San Francisco	McCarthy, T. J.	Los Angeles
Jones, W. A.	Vallejo	Newson, T. D.	Oakland
Jones, B.	Petaluma	Nordin, Aug.	San Francisco
John, Emil	San Francisco	Newson, J. C.	San Francisco
Johnson, J. A.	Red Bluff	Newson, Sam'l	San Francisco
		Neisser, Edward	Los Angeles
Krempel, J. P.	Los Angeles	Noyes, Frank A., Jr.	Riverside
Klinkert, W.	San José	Nixon, Thos.	Santa Barbara
Kollofrath, Edmund	San Francisco	Neubauer, F. E.	San Francisco
Kohlberg, Herman	San Francisco		
Koenig, William	San Francisco	Oliver, D. F.	San Francisco
Knowles, W. A., Jr.	San Francisco	O'Brien, Matthew	San Francisco
Krafft, J. E.	San Francisco	Oates, W. W.	Stockton
Kidd, J. T.	San Francisco	Olive, L. R.	Santa Cruz
King, Walter	Stockton	O'Connor, P. J.	San Francisco
Kroonen, Leo	Corona	O'Brien, Smith	San Francisco
Krause, J. W.	Los Angeles		
		Parkinson, John	Los Angeles
Lutgens, A. C.	Vallejo	Parmentier, F.	Los Angeles
Lenzen, Theo.	San José	Prussiano, Evangelista	Redlands
Lenzen, L. T.	San José	Porporato, J. A.	San Francisco
Lenzen, J.	San José	Prosse, V. A. de	Oakland
Lenzen, T. W.	San Francisco	Preston, T. E.	Los Angeles
Littlefield, J. H.	San Francisco	Pissis, Albert	San Francisco
Lyon, M. J.	San Francisco	Politeo, M. V.	San Francisco
Levy, L. T.	San Francisco	Pierce, C. V.	San Francisco
Lobdell, F.	San José	Paff, Chas.	San Francisco
Lemme, E. S.	San Francisco	Preston, J. N.	Los Angeles
Locke, S. E.	Los Angeles	Phillips, W. C.	San Luis Obispo
		Pillar, S. L.	Riverside
Morgan, O.	Los Angeles	Palmer, F. E.	Los Angeles
Moore, L. S.	Los Angeles	Pattiani, A. W.	Oakland
Maggs, H. B.	San Francisco		
Molera, E. J.	San Francisco	Quayle, W.	San Diego
Meyers, H. H.	San Francisco		
Marquis, A. W.	San Francisco	Roehrig, F. L.	Los Angeles
Marsh, N. F.	Los Angeles	Reid, M. J.	San Francisco
Mooser, W. J.	San Francisco	Rushforth, Geo.	Stockton
Mathews, W. J.	Oakland	Righetti, Perseo	San Francisco
Meussdorffer, C. A.	San Francisco	Ryland, C. T.	San Francisco
Munsell, W. A. O.	Los Angeles	Rousseau, C. J.	San Francisco
Meyer, F. H.	San Francisco	Rousseau, C. M.	San Francisco
Mitchell, H. D.	San Francisco	Reid, J. W.	San Francisco
Maybeck, B. R.	San Francisco	Ross, T. P.	San Francisco
Miller, Jas. R.	San Francisco	Ridgeway, H.	Los Angeles
Mourot, Julien	Modesto	Rommel, B. E.	San Francisco
Mathews, E. A.	San Francisco	Rabin, F. P.	Colma
Mahoney, W. C.	San Francisco	Ricard, Geo.	Los Angeles
Martens, F. H.	San Francisco	Richardson, A. W.	San Francisco
Mau, C. F.	Oakland	Reamer, R. C.	San Diego
Meeker, G. C.	San José	Russell, C. H.	Ocean Park
Moore, W. P.	Santa Cruz		
Miller, W. J.	San Francisco	Schulze, H. A.	San Francisco
Milwain, A. M.	San Francisco	Swartz, A. C.	Fresno
Mathewson, H. E.	Fresno	Swain, E. R.	San Francisco
Mathews, J. C.	Oakland	Smith, A. W.	Oakland
Martin, M. P.	Los Angeles	Schnaittacher, S.	San Francisco
Munson, L. S.	Bakersfield	Seadler, Jas.	Sacramento

Licensed Architects of California--Continued.

Name.	Residence.	Name.	Residence.
Sutton, A.	San Francisco	Voorhees, F. D.	Oakland
Shea, W. D.	San Francisco	Valk, L. B.	Los Angeles
Salfield, David.	San Francisco	Voelkel, G. E.	Los Angeles
Skilling, C. F.	Los Angeles	Van Trees, F. S.	San Francisco
Schwerdt, P.	San Francisco	Van Cleek, E. L.	Santa Cruz
Stierlen, George.	San Francisco		
Skidmore, C. H.	San Francisco	Welsh, T. J.	San Francisco
Stewart, W. B.	Los Angeles	White, R. H.	San Francisco
Soderberg, Fred.	Oakland	Wright, G. A.	San Francisco
Soule, C. Z.	San Francisco	Weeks, W. H.	Watsonville
Shea, F. T.	San Francisco	Wood, F. B.	San Francisco
Scharff, C. V.	San Francisco	Williams, R. E.	Los Angeles
Stone, L. S.	San Francisco	Walls, J. A.	Los Angeles
Sunderer, A. L.	San José	Willard, D. W.	Redlands
Seeley, E. B.	Oakland	Wilson, F. W.	Santa Barbara
Smith, W. F.	San Francisco	Weaver, M. L.	Visalia
Smith, H. C.	San Francisco	Willcox, W. H.	San Francisco
Siebrand, C. A. L. E.	Vallejo	Weeks, A. J.	San Francisco
Schardin, F. H.	Sacramento	Wolfe, F. D.	San José
Shermund, Henry.	San Francisco	Wilson, C. R.	San Francisco
Starbuck, H. F.	Santa Ana	White, John.	San Francisco
Schroepfer, A. A.	San Francisco	Welsh, M. J.	San Francisco
Saffell, J. M.	Bakersfield	Wharff, W. H.	Berkeley
Shattuck, C. E.	Los Angeles	Willard, A. C.	Riverside
Simons, F. E.	Pasadena	Wolfe, C. E.	Pomona
Seelye, O. L.	Los Angeles	Wackerbarth, A.	Los Angeles
Seehorn, Ira H.	Los Angeles	Wyman, G. H.	Los Angeles
Schmuckert, H. R.	San Francisco	Wood, S. O.	Los Angeles
Sawyer, C. H.	Los Gatos	Waldman, L. L.	Riverside
		Wythe, W. J.	Oakland
Thomas, H. A.	Fresno	Weilbye, J. L.	Pleasanton
Tharp, N. J.	San Francisco	Wells, R. H.	Los Angeles
Toepke, W. H.	San Francisco	Ward, C. R.	San Francisco
Train, R. F.	Los Angeles		
Tobey, Curtis.	San Francisco	Young, Robt. B.	Los Angeles
Tyler, F. M.	Los Angeles		
		Zimmermann, R.	San Francisco
Vogel, E. J.	San Francisco	Zimmer, S. B.	Oakland

BIENNIAL REPORT

OF THE

STATE TREASURER

OF THE

STATE OF CALIFORNIA.

FIFTY-SECOND AND FIFTY-THIRD FISCAL YEARS

JULY 1, 1900, TO JUNE 30, 1902.

TRUMAN REEVES - - - - - STATE TREASURER.



SACRAMENTO:

A. J. JOHNSTON, · : : : : SUPERINTENDENT STATE PRINTING.

1902.

STATE TREASURERS OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA.

RICHARD ROMAN.....	December 22, 1849, to January 2, 1854.
S. A. McMEANS.....	January 2, 1854, to January 7, 1856.
HENRY BATES.....	January 7, 1856, to February 13, 1857.
JAMES L. ENGLISH.....	February 13, 1857, to January 4, 1858.
THOMAS FINDLEY.....	January 4, 1858, to January 6, 1862.
R. R. ASHLEY.....	January 6, 1862, to October 10, 1863.
ROMUALDO PACHECO.....	October 10, 1863, to December 7, 1867.
A. F. CORONEL.....	December 7, 1867, to December 2, 1871.
FERDINAND BAEHR.....	December 2, 1871, to December 4, 1875.
JOSE G. ESTUDILLO.....	December 4, 1875, to January 5, 1880.
JOHN WEIL.....	January 5, 1880, to January 1, 1883.
WM. A. JANUARY.....	January 1, 1883, to December 24, 1884.
D. J. OULLAHAN.....	December 24, 1884, to January 3, 1887.
ADAM HEROLD.....	January 3, 1887, to January 5, 1891.
J. R. McDONALD.....	January 5, 1891, to January 7, 1895.
LEVI RACKLIFFE.....	January 7, 1895, to April 21, 1898. (Died in office, at noon, April 21, 1898.)
W. S. GREEN.....	April 25, 1898; appointed to fill unexpired term.
TRUMAN REEVES.....	January 2, 1899, to January, 1903.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT.

TRUMAN REEVES,
State Treasurer.

DWIGHT A. MOULTON,
Deputy State Treasurer.

F. W. JUDSON,
Bookkeeper.

C. B. REEVES,
Clerk.

GEO. T. COPELAND,
Guard.

FRED'K L. JONES,
Guard.

J. H. BANFIELD,
Guard.

C. T. K. TRACY,
Messenger.

JUNE 30, 1902.

TREASURER'S REPORT.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
STATE OF CALIFORNIA.

SACRAMENTO, July 10, 1902.

To his Excellency HENRY T. GAGE, Governor of California:

DEAR SIR: Pursuant to the requirements of law, I have the honor to herewith present the following report of the financial transactions of this department for the fifty-second and fifty-third fiscal years, ending at the close of business June 30, 1902.

All of which is respectfully submitted.

TRUMAN REEVES,
Treasurer of State of California.

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STATEMENTS

OF

CASH RECEIPTS, PAYMENTS AND BALANCES

(CONDENSED AND DETAILED),

State Indebtedness, State Bonds, Receipts from County Treasurers
in Detail, Receipts from Railroad Companies in Detail,
and Canceled Warrants.

STATEMENT No. $\frac{1}{2}$.

*Kinds of Money on Hand, in the State Treasury Vault, at Close of Business,
June 30, 1902.*

Gold— Double eagles	\$4,000,000 00	
Eagles	154,000 00	
Half eagles	22,000 00	\$4,176,000 00
Silver—Dollars	\$660 00	
Half dollars	90 00	
Quarter dollars	18 00	
Dimes	10 00	778 00
Nickels	\$2 50	
Cents	23	2 73
Legal tender notes		20,981 00
County Treasurers' certificates		995,823 50
Total		\$5,193,585 23

STATEMENT No. 1.

*Showing Cash Balance in the State Treasury at the Close of Business on
June 30, 1902.*

Cash in Treasury, July 1, 1900.....				\$5,020,475 29
Cash receipts during 52d fiscal year.....	\$9,541,329 94			
Transfer receipts during 52d fiscal year.....		\$244,087 13		
Cash and transfer receipts during 52d fiscal year.....			\$9,785,417 07	
Cash receipts during 53d fiscal year.....	9,771,852 28			
Transfer receipts during 53d fiscal year.....		133,410 13		
Cash and transfer receipts during 53d fiscal year.....			9,905,262 41	
Total cash receipts, 52d and 53d fiscal years.....	\$19,313,182 22			
Total transfer receipts, 52d and 53d fiscal years.....		\$377,497 26		
Total cash and transfer receipts, 52d and 53d fiscal years.....				\$19,690,679 48
Total cash.....				\$24,711,154 77
Cash payments during 52d fiscal year.....	\$9,468,565 79			
Transfer payments during 52d fiscal year.....		\$244,087 13		
Cash and transfer payments dur- ing 52d fiscal year.....			\$9,712,652 92	
Cash payments during 53d fiscal year.....	9,671,506 49			
Transfer payments during 53d fi- scal year.....		133,410 13		
Cash and transfer payments dur- ing 53d fiscal year.....			9,804,916 62	
Total cash payments during 52d and 53d fiscal years.....	\$19,140,072 28			
Total transfer payments dur- ing 52d and 53d fiscal years.....		\$377,497 26		
Total cash and transfer pay- ments, 52d and 53d fiscal years.....				\$19,517,569 54
Cash in Treasury, June 30, 1902.....				\$5,193,585 23

STATEMENT No. 2.

Comparative Statement Showing Monthly Receipts and Payments, both Cash and Transfer, during the Fifty-second and Fifty-third Fiscal Years.

Date.	Cash Receipts and Transfers, July 1, 1900, to June 30, 1902, Inclusive.	Cash Payments and Transfers, July 1, 1900, to June 30, 1902, Inclusive.	Totals.
Balance brought forward from 51st fiscal year.			\$5,020,475 29
1900—July	\$378,933 90	\$1,323,668 60	
August	165,160 19	503,541 02	
September	120,880 94	323,662 67	
October	151,820 23	367,873 65	
November	523,314 05	301,122 43	
December	4,917,108 39	1,045,594 68	
1901—January	278,380 51	2,616,268 60	
February	206,342 49	709,290 21	
March	202,284 92	583,268 35	
April	546,894 56	504,721 62	
May	2,093,254 26	911,630 38	
June	201,042 63	522,010 71	
Receipts during 52d fiscal year	\$9,785,417 07		
Payments during 52d fiscal year		\$9,712,652 92	
Receipts exceed payments			72,764 15
Balance to 53d fiscal year, July 1, 1901			\$5,093,239 44
Balance brought forward from 52d fiscal year.			\$5,093,239 44
1901—July	\$516,827 31	\$1,549,880 80	
August	261,276 33	569,986 31	
September	148,507 38	648,404 25	
October	141,815 20	375,218 90	
November	564,285 51	413,947 90	
December	4,802,320 65	739,904 66	
1902—January	301,241 07	2,292,841 03	
February	144,971 77	416,352 91	
March	178,645 26	601,873 15	
April	588,933 85	436,882 78	
May	2,092,769 12	1,423,302 09	
June	163,668 96	336,321 84	
Receipts during 53d fiscal year	\$9,905,262 41		
Payments during 53d fiscal year		\$9,804,916 62	
Receipts exceed payments			100,345 79
Balance to 54th fiscal year, being cash in Treasury at close of business, June 30, 1902.			\$5,193,585 23

STATEMENT No. 3.

Showing the Amount of State Controller's Warrants Remaining Outstanding and Unpaid at Close of Business, June 30, 1902.

Amount of outstanding Controller's warrants at commencement of 52d fiscal year, July 1, 1900.....	\$178,699 11	
Warrants drawn by the Controller upon the State Treasurer during the 52d fiscal year.....	9,487,378 47	
Warrants drawn by the Controller upon the State Treasurer during the 53d fiscal year.....	9,643,013 07	
Total amount of warrants payable during the 51st and 52d fiscal years		\$19,309,090 65
Warrants paid by Treasurer during 52d fiscal year	\$9,468,565 79	
Warrants paid by Treasurer during 53d fiscal year	9,671,506 49	
Warrants canceled during 52d fiscal year.....	19 94	
Warrants canceled during 53d fiscal year.....	417 24	
Total warrants paid and canceled, 52d and 53d fiscal years		19,140,509 46
Total warrants outstanding and remaining unpaid, June 30, 1902.....		\$168,581 19

STATEMENT No. 4.

Showing Amount of Cash in Treasury, Not Covered Into Any Fund and Not Included in any Previous Cash Statement.

(Being cash on hand, to redeem certain outstanding interest coupons, never presented for payment.)

Bonds.	Balance on Hand July 1, 1900.	Payments.	Balance on Hand June 30, 1902.
Pacific Railroad Bonds of 1864—			
Coupon No. 25.....	\$35 00		\$35 00
Coupon No. 27.....	385 00		385 00
Coupon No. 31.....	35 00		35 00
Coupon No. 32.....	70 00		70 00
Coupon No. 36.....	35 00		35 00
Coupon No. 37.....	490 00		490 00
Coupon No. 39.....	35 00		35 00
Totals	\$1,085 00		\$1,085 00

STATEMENT No. 5.

Showing State Debt at the Close of Business, June 30, 1902.

Kind of Debt.	Amount.	Totals.
Outstanding 7% Civil Bonds of 1857, issued under Act of April 28, 1857. Interest has ceased.....	\$3,500 00	
Outstanding 7% Civil Bonds of 1860, issued under Act of April 30, 1860. Interest has ceased.....	500 00	
Outstanding 6% Funded Debt Bonds of 1873, issued under Act of April 2, 1873; held in trust for State School Fund and University Fund; no part of issue being now held by private individuals.....	\$2,277,500 00	
Total funded indebtedness		\$2,281,500 00
Outstanding Controller's Warrants—		
General Fund.....	\$81,245 14	
Dissolved Savings Bank Fund.....	9 32	
S. F. Harbor Improvement Fund.....	2,655 60	
School Book Fund	288 30	
State Printing Fund.....	177 46	
Whittier Reform School Fund	252 52	
Bank Commissioners' Fund	600 00	
Interest and Sinking Fund	70,717 50	
S. F. Depot Sinking Fund	12,000 00	
Contingent Fund, Whittier State School	325 40	
Contingent Fund, Agnews State Hospital.....	309 95	
Total warrant indebtedness		168,581 19
Total indebtedness		\$2,450,081 19

The amount of State Funded Debt Bonds of 1873, being held by the State School Fund to the amount of \$1,526,500, is in the nature of a debt of the State due itself.

Interest ceased on outstanding bonds of 1857 and 1860, July 31, 1875.

The issue of San Francisco Depot Bonds of 1893, amounting to \$600,000, being in the nature of a loan to the Harbor Commissioners, is therefore not a part of the above statement. The principal, interest, and expenses of this bond issue are payable out of a sinking fund, receiving its revenue from moneys collected by the San Francisco Harbor Commissioners, paid into the State Treasury monthly. An account of the transactions relating to this bond issue will be found elsewhere in this report.

STATEMENT

Showing Receipts in Detail into the State Treasury, during the Fifty-second Hand at the Commencement of the Fifty-second Fiscal Year,

Funds.	Treasurer of State.	County Treasurers.
1. General Fund.....	\$398 50	\$3,080,225 19
2. School Fund.....	187,993 69	3,161,835 46
3. Interest and Sinking Fund.....		152,034 75
4. School Land Fund.....	218,044 70	143,775 34
5. School Land Deposit Fund.....		
6. San Francisco Harbor Improvement Fund.....	50,115 00	
7. University Fund.....		233,899 58
8. State University Fund.....		
9. Mining Bureau Fund.....		
10. State Library Fund.....		
11. Supreme Court Library Fund.....		
12. War Bond Fund.....		
13. Yosemite Valley Fund.....		
14. Adult Blind Fund.....		
15. Jute Revolving Fund.....		7,869 59
16. Estates of Deceased Persons Fund.....		
17. Railway Tax Fund.....		
18. Railway Tax Contingent Fund.....		
19. Fish Commission Fund.....		
20. San Quentin State Prison Fund.....		
21. Folsom State Prison Fund.....		
22. Insurance Commissioner's Special Fund.....		
23. Bank Commissioners' Fund.....		
24. State School Book Fund.....		
25. Dissolved Savings Bank Fund.....	584 00	
26. State Printing Fund.....		
27. Special Mendocino Insane Asylum Fund.....		
28. San Diego Harbor Improvement Fund.....	8,400 00	
29. San Francisco Depot Sinking Fund.....		2,342 75
30. Whittier Reform School Fund.....		
31. Building and Loan Association Inspection Fund.....		
32. San Francisco Depot Fund.....		
33. Rock-Crusher Revolving Fund.....		
34. James Saultry Relief Fund.....	597 75	
35. Contingent Fund: Whittier State School.....		
36. " " Preston School of Industry.....		
37. " " Deaf, Dumb, and Blind Asylum.....		
38. " " Stockton State Hospital.....		
39. " " Napa State Hospital.....		
40. " " Agnews State Hospital.....		
41. " " Southern California State Hospital.....		
42. " " Mendocino State Hospital.....		
43. " " Home for Feeble-Minded Children.....		
44. " " San José State Normal School.....		
45. " " Los Angeles State Normal School.....		
46. " " Chico State Normal School.....		
47. " " San Diego State Normal School.....		
48. " " San Francisco State Normal School.....		
49.		
50. Governor's Residence Fund.....	45,448 29	
51. Fund for Support and Maintenance of Veterans' Home.....		
52. Game Preservation Fund.....		
Totals.....	\$511,581 93	\$6,781,982 66

STATEMENT

Funds.	Register of State Land Office.	Commis- sioners of Yosemite Valley.
1. General Fund.....	\$3,162 00	-----
2. School Fund.....	-----	-----
3. Interest and Sinking Fund.....	-----	-----
4. School Land Fund.....	-----	-----
5. School Land Deposit Fund.....	-----	-----
6. San Francisco Harbor Improvement Fund.....	-----	-----
7. University Fund.....	-----	-----
8. State University Fund.....	-----	-----
9. Mining Bureau Fund.....	-----	-----
10. State Library Fund.....	-----	-----
11. Supreme Court Library Fund.....	-----	-----
12. War Bond Fund.....	-----	\$5,652 27
13. Yosemite Valley Fund.....	-----	-----
14. Adult Blind Fund.....	-----	-----
15. Jute Revolving Fund.....	-----	-----
16. Estates of Deceased Persons Fund.....	-----	-----
17. Railway Tax Fund.....	-----	-----
18. Railway Tax Contingent Fund.....	-----	-----
19. Fish Commission Fund.....	-----	-----
20. San Quentin State Prison Fund.....	-----	-----
21. Folsom State Prison Fund.....	-----	-----
22. Insurance Commissioner's Special Fund.....	-----	-----
23. Bank Commissioners' Fund.....	-----	-----
24. State School Book Fund.....	-----	-----
25. Dissolved Savings Bank Fund.....	-----	-----
26. State Printing Fund.....	-----	-----
27. Special Mendocino Insane Asylum Fund.....	-----	-----
28. San Diego Harbor Improvement Fund.....	-----	-----
29. San Francisco Depot Sinking Fund.....	-----	-----
30. Whittier Reform School Fund.....	-----	-----
31. Building and Loan Association Inspection Fund.....	-----	-----
32. San Francisco Depot Fund.....	-----	-----
33. Rock-Crusher Revolving Fund.....	-----	-----
34. James Saultry Relief Fund.....	-----	-----
35. Contingent Fund: Whittier State School.....	-----	-----
36. " " Preston School of Industry.....	-----	-----
37. " " Deaf, Dumb, and Blind Asylum.....	-----	-----
38. " " Stockton State Hospital.....	-----	-----
39. " " Napa State Hospital.....	-----	-----
40. " " Agnews State Hospital.....	-----	-----
41. " " Southern California State Hospital.....	-----	-----
42. " " Mendocino State Hospital.....	-----	-----
43. " " Home for Feeble-Minded Children.....	-----	-----
44. " " San José State Normal School.....	-----	-----
45. " " Los Angeles State Normal School.....	-----	-----
46. " " Chico State Normal School.....	-----	-----
47. " " San Diego State Normal School.....	-----	-----
48. " " San Francisco State Normal School.....	-----	-----
49. -----	-----	-----
50. Governor's Residence Fund.....	-----	-----
51. Fund for Support and Maintenance of Veterans' Home.....	-----	-----
52. Game Preservation Fund.....	-----	-----
Totals	\$3,162 00	\$5,652 27

STATEMENT

Funds.	Warden of Folsom Prison.	Superintend't of State Printing.
1. General Fund.....		
2. School Fund.....		
3. Interest and Sinking Fund.....		
4. School Land Fund.....		
5. School Land Deposit Fund.....		
6. San Francisco Harbor Improvement Fund.....		
7. University Fund.....		
8. State University Fund.....		
9. Mining Bureau Fund.....		
10. State Library Fund.....		
11. Supreme Court Library Fund.....		
12. War Bond Fund.....		
13. Yosemite Valley Fund.....		
14. Adult Blind Fund.....		
15. Jute Revolving Fund.....		
16. Estates of Deceased Persons Fund.....		
17. Railway Tax Fund.....		
18. Railway Tax Contingent Fund.....		
19. Fish Commission Fund.....		
20. San Quentin State Prison Fund.....		
21. Folsom State Prison Fund.....	\$12,056 64	
22. Insurance Commissioner's Special Fund.....		
23. Bank Commissioners' Fund.....		
24. State School Book Fund.....		
25. Dissolved Savings Bank Fund.....		\$80,050 93
26. State Printing Fund.....		
27. Special Mendocino Insane Asylum Fund.....		
28. San Diego Harbor Improvement Fund.....		
29. San Francisco Depot Sinking Fund.....		
30. Whittier Reform School Fund.....		
31. Building and Loan Association Inspection Fund.....		
32. San Francisco Depot Fund.....		
33. Rock-Crusher Revolving Fund.....		
34. James Saultry Relief Fund.....		
35. Contingent Fund: Whittier State School.....		
36. " " Preston School of Industry.....		
37. " " Deaf, Dumb, and Blind Asylum.....		
38. " " Stockton State Hospital.....		
39. " " Napa State Hospital.....		
40. " " Agnews State Hospital.....		
41. " " Southern California State Hospital.....		
42. " " Mendocino State Hospital.....		
43. " " Home for Feeble-Minded Children.....		
44. " " San José State Normal School.....		
45. " " Los Angeles State Normal School.....		
46. " " Chico State Normal School.....		
47. " " San Diego State Normal School.....		
48. " " San Francisco State Normal School.....		
49. Governor's Residence Fund.....		
50. Fund for Support and Maintenance of Veterans' Home.....		
51. Game Preservation Fund.....		
52. Game Preservation Fund.....		
Totals.....	\$12,056 64	\$80,050 93

STATEMENT

Funds.	Trustees Whittier State School.	Trustees Preston School of Industry.
		\$26 34
1. General Fund.....		
2. School Fund.....		
3. Interest and Sinking Fund.....		
4. School Land Fund.....		
5. School Land Deposit Fund.....		
6. San Francisco Harbor Improvement Fund.....		
7. University Fund.....		
8. State University Fund.....		
9. Mining Bureau Fund.....		
10. State Library Fund.....		
11. Supreme Court Library Fund.....		
12. War Bond Fund.....		
13. Yosemite Valley Fund.....		
14. Adult Blind Fund.....		
15. Jute Revolving Fund.....		
16. Estates of Deceased Persons Fund.....		
17. Railway Tax Fund.....		
18. Railway Tax Contingent Fund.....		
19. Fish Commission Fund.....		
20. San Quentin State Prison Fund.....		
21. Folsom State Prison Fund.....		
22. Insurance Commissioner's Special Fund.....		
23. Bank Commissioners' Fund.....		
24. State School Book Fund.....		
25. Dissolved Savings Bank Fund.....		
26. State Printing Fund.....		
27. Special Mendocino Insane Asylum Fund.....		
28. San Diego Harbor Improvement Fund.....		
29. San Francisco Depot Sinking Fund.....		
30. Whittier Reform School Fund.....		
31. Building and Loan Association Inspection Fund.....		
32. San Francisco Depot Fund.....		
33. Rock-Crusher Revolving Fund.....		
34. James Saultry Relief Fund.....		
35. Contingent Fund: Whittier State School.....	\$1,012 77	169 95
36. " " Preston School of Industry.....		
37. " " Deaf, Dumb, and Blind Asylum.....		
38. " " Stockton State Hospital.....		
39. " " Napa State Hospital.....		
40. " " Agnews State Hospital.....		
41. " " Southern California State Hospital.....		
42. " " Mendocino State Hospital.....		
43. " " Home for Feeble-Minded Children.....		
44. " " San José State Normal School.....		
45. " " Los Angeles State Normal School.....		
46. " " Chico State Normal School.....		
47. " " San Diego State Normal School.....		
48. " " San Francisco State Normal School.....		
49. Governor's Residence Fund.....		
50. Fund for Support and Maintenance of Veterans' Home.....		
51. Game Preservation Fund.....		
52. Game Preservation Fund.....		
Totals.....	\$1,012 77	\$196 29

STATEMENT

Funds.	Trustees San José State Normal School.	Trustees Los Angeles State Normal School.
1. General Fund.....		
2. School Fund.....		
3. Interest and Sinking Fund.....		
4. School Land Fund.....		
5. School Land Deposit Fund.....		
6. San Francisco Harbor Improvement Fund.....		
7. University Fund.....		
8. State University Fund.....		
9. Mining Bureau Fund.....		
10. State Library Fund.....		
11. Supreme Court Library Fund.....		
12. War Bond Fund.....		
13. Yosemite Valley Fund.....		
14. Adult Blind Fund.....		
15. Jute Revolving Fund.....		
16. Estates of Deceased Persons Fund.....		
17. Railway Tax Fund.....		
18. Railway Tax Contingent Fund.....		
19. Fish Commission Fund.....		
20. San Quentin State Prison Fund.....		
21. Folsom State Prison Fund.....		
22. Insurance Commissioner's Special Fund.....		
23. Bank Commissioners' Fund.....		
24. State School Book Fund.....		
25. Dissolved Savings Bank Fund.....		
26. State Printing Fund.....		
27. Special Mendocino Insane Asylum Fund.....		
28. San Diego Harbor Improvement Fund.....		
29. San Francisco Depot Sinking Fund.....		
30. Whittier Reform School Fund.....		
31. Building and Loan Association Inspection Fund.....		
32. San Francisco Depot Fund.....		
33. Rock-Crusher Revolving Fund.....		
34. James Saultry Relief Fund.....		
35. Contingent Fund: Whittier State School.....		
36. " " Preston School of Industry.....		
37. " " Deaf, Dumb, and Blind Asylum.....		
38. " " Stockton State Hospital.....		
39. " " Napa State Hospital.....		
40. " " Agnews State Hospital.....		
41. " " Southern California State Hospital.....		
42. " " Mendocino State Hospital.....		
43. " " Home for Feeble-Minded Children.....		
44. " " San José State Normal School.....	\$32 70	
45. " " Los Angeles State Normal School.....		\$162 00
46. " " Chico State Normal School.....		
47. " " San Diego State Normal School.....		
48. " " San Francisco State Normal School.....		
49.		
50. Governor's Residence Fund.....		
51. Fund for Support and Maintenance of Veterans' Home.....		
52. Game Preservation Fund.....		
Totals.....	\$32 70	\$162 00

STATEMENT

Funds.	California- Paris Exposit- tion Com- mission.	Senate and Assembly Committee, President's Reception.
1. General Fund.....	\$15,097 77	\$816 00
2. School Fund.....		
3. Interest and Sinking Fund.....		
4. School Land Fund.....		
5. School Land Deposit Fund.....		
6. San Francisco Harbor Improvement Fund.....		
7. University Fund.....		
8. State University Fund.....		
9. Mining Bureau Fund.....		
10. State Library Fund.....		
11. Supreme Court Library Fund.....		
12. War Bond Fund.....		
13. Yosemite Valley Fund.....		
14. Adult Blind Fund.....		
15. Jute Revolving Fund.....		
16. Estates of Deceased Persons Fund.....		
17. Railway Tax Fund.....		
18. Railway Tax Contingent Fund.....		
19. Fish Commission Fund.....		
20. San Quentin State Prison Fund.....		
21. Folsom State Prison Fund.....		
22. Insurance Commissioner's Special Fund.....		
23. Bank Commissioners' Fund.....		
24. State School Book Fund.....		
25. Dissolved Savings Bank Fund.....		
26. State Printing Fund.....		
27. Special Mendocino Insane Asylum Fund.....		
28. San Diego Harbor Improvement Fund.....		
29. San Francisco Depot Sinking Fund.....		
30. Whittier Reform School Fund.....		
31. Building and Loan Association Inspection Fund.....		
32. San Francisco Depot Fund.....		
33. Rock-Crusher Revolving Fund.....		
34. James Sauntry Relief Fund.....		
35. Contingent Fund: Whittier State School.....		
36. " " Preston School of Industry.....		
37. " " Deaf, Dumb, and Blind Asylum.....		
38. " " Stockton State Hospital.....		
39. " " Napa State Hospital.....		
40. " " Agnews State Hospital.....		
41. " " Southern California State Hospital.....		
42. " " Mendocino State Hospital.....		
43. " " Home for Feeble-Minded Children.....		
44. " " San José State Normal School.....		
45. " " Los Angeles State Normal School.....		
46. " " Chico State Normal School.....		
47. " " San Diego State Normal School.....		
48. " " San Francisco State Normal School.....		
49. " " ".....		
50. Governor's Residence Fund.....		
51. Fund for Support and Maintenance of Veterans' Home.....		
52. Game Preservation Fund.....		
Totals.....	\$15,097 77	\$816 00

No. 6—CONTINUED.

Railroad Companies.	Total Cash Receipts, 52d Fiscal Year.	Total Transfer Receipts, 52d Fiscal Year.	Total Cash and Transfer Receipts, 52d Fiscal Year.	Balances Forward from 51st Fiscal Year, June 30, 1900.	Total All Receipts and Balances During 52d Fiscal Year, Ending June 30, 1901.
\$122,190 43	\$3,324,377 47	\$12,462 00	\$3,336,839 47	\$2,657,970 84	\$5,994,810 31
101,059 41	3,450,980 56	41,053 13	3,492,033 69	1,058,490 36	4,550,524 05
6,228 86	158,263 61		158,263 61	83,179 50	241,443 11
	361,820 04		361,820 04	573,757 96	935,578 00
	8,860 00		8,860 00	46,540 00	55,400 00
	704,668 20		704,668 20	68,706 23	773,374 43
	50,115 00		50,115 00		50,115 00
9,574 07	243,473 65		243,473 65	91 11	243,564 76
				340 47	340 47
	35,334 95		35,334 95	16,605 02	51,939 97
	1,978 54		1,978 54	5,159 10	7,137 64
				2,972 95	2,972 95
	5,652 27		5,652 27	923 63	6,575 90
	3,978 13		3,978 13	929 22	4,907 35
	118,827 87		118,827 87	5,519 20	124,347 07
	7,973 64		7,973 64	90,396 61	98,370 25
598,094 57	598,094 57		598,094 57	2,376 90	600,471 47
				41,053 13	41,053 13
	8,578 34		8,578 34	3,750 17	12,328 51
	97,799 21		97,799 21	173,044 95	270,844 16
	16,999 04		16,999 04	11,828 03	28,827 07
	2,000 00		2,000 00	415 28	2,415 28
	15,507 55		15,507 55	2,544 66	18,052 21
	81,648 63		81,648 63	8,706 18	90,354 81
	1,622 38		1,622 38	6,814 59	8,436 97
	80,050 93	78,000 00	158,050 93	202 62	158,253 55
				1,089 68	1,089 68
	36 00		36 00	89 38	125 38
	8,400 00	55,572 00	63,972 00	22,399 68	86,371 68
	2,342 75		2,342 75	44,231 70	46,574 45
	7,520 45		7,520 45	4,938 01	12,458 46
	11,857 34		11,857 34	2,768 09	14,625 43
	597 75		597 75		597 75
	1,012 77		1,012 77	1,607 05	2,619 82
	169 95		169 95	458 26	628 21
	4,754 19		4,754 19	3,651 03	8,405 22
	14,099 79		14,099 79	10,788 69	24,888 48
	19,602 10		19,602 10	24,726 23	44,328 33
	17,274 25		17,274 25	14,396 04	31,670 29
	11,428 69		11,428 69	7,698 81	19,127 50
	4,406 14		4,406 14	5,754 91	10,161 05
	9,978 80		9,978 80	8,577 59	18,556 39
	32 70		32 70	330 23	362 93
	162 00		162 00	618 82	780 82
	1,273 82		1,273 82	714 10	1,987 92
	82 36		82 36		82 36
	47,618 76	57,000 00	104,618 76	3,318 28	107,937 04
	74 75		74 75		74 75
\$837,147 34	\$9,541,329 94	\$244,087 13	\$9,785,417 07	\$5,020,475 29	\$14,805,892 36

STATEMENT

Showing Receipts, Payments, and Transactions in Each Fund during the

Funds.	Total Cash Receipts.	Total Transfer Receipts.
1. General Fund	\$3,324,377 47	\$12,462 00
2. School Fund	3,450,980 56	41,053 13
3. Interest and Sinking Fund	158,263 61	
4. School Land Fund	361,820 04	
5. School Land Deposit Fund	8,860 00	
6. San Francisco Harbor Improvement Fund	704,668 20	
7. University Fund	50,115 00	
8. State University Fund	243,473 65	
9. Mining Bureau Fund		
10. State Library Fund	35,334 95	
11. Supreme Court Library Fund	1,978 54	
12. War Bond Fund		
13. Yosemite Valley Fund	5,652 27	
14. Adult Blind Fund	3,978 13	
15. Jute Revolving Fund	118,827 87	
16. Estates of Deceased Persons Fund	7,973 64	
17. Railway Tax Fund	598,094 57	
18. Railway Tax Contingent Fund		
19. Fish Commission Fund	8,578 34	
20. San Quentin State Prison Fund	97,799 21	
21. Folsom State Prison Fund	16,999 04	
22. Insurance Commissioner's Special Fund	2,000 00	
23. Bank Commissioners' Fund	15,507 55	
24. State School Book Fund	81,648 63	
25. Dissolved Savings Bank Fund	1,622 38	
26. State Printing Fund	80,050 93	78,000 00
27. Special Mendocino Insane Asylum Fund		
28. San Diego Harbor Improvement Fund	36 00	
29. San Francisco Depot Sinking Fund	8,400 00	55,572 00
30. Whittier Reform School Fund	2,342 75	
31. Building and Loan Association Inspection Fund	7,520 45	
32. San Francisco Depot Fund		
33. Rock-Crusher Revolving Fund	11,857 34	
34. James Saultry Relief Fund	597 75	
35. Contingent Fund: Whittier State School	1,012 77	
36. " " Preston School of Industry	169 95	
37. " " Deaf, Dumb, and Blind Asylum	4,754 19	
38. " " Stockton State Hospital	14,099 79	
39. " " Napa State Hospital	19,602 10	
40. " " Agnews State Hospital	17,274 25	
41. " " Southern California State Hospital	11,428 69	
42. " " Mendocino State Hospital	4,406 14	
43. " " Home for Feeble-Minded Children	9,978 80	
44. " " San José State Normal School	32 70	
45. " " Los Angeles State Normal School	162 00	
46. " " Chico State Normal School	1,273 82	
47. " " San Diego State Normal School		
48. " " San Francisco State Normal School	82 36	
49. " "		
50. Governor's Residence Fund		
51. Fund for Support and Maintenance of Veterans' Home	47,618 76	57,000 00
52. Game Preservation Fund	74 75	
Totals	\$9,541,329 94	\$244,087 13

No. 7.

Fifty-second Fiscal Year, from July 1, 1900, to June 30, 1901, inclusive.

Balances Forward from June 30, 1900.	Total Balances, Cash and Trans- fer Receipts, 52d Fiscal Year.	Total Cash Payments.	Total Transfer Payments.	Total Cash and Transfer Payments. 52d Fiscal Year.	Balances on Hand June 30, 1901.
\$2,657,970 84	\$5,994,810 31	\$3,378,753 29	\$135,000 00	\$3,513,753 29	\$2,481,057 02
1,058,480 36	4,550,524 05	3,467,189 00		3,467,189 00	1,083,335 05
83,179 50	241,443 11	141,435 00	12,462 00	153,897 00	87,546 11
573,757 96	935,578 00	143,617 98		143,617 98	791,960 02
46,540 00	55,400 00	4,440 00		4,440 00	50,960 00
68,706 23	773,374 43	671,356 69	55,572 00	726,928 69	46,445 74
	50,115 00	50,115 00		50,115 00	
91 11	243,564 76	243,564 76		243,564 76	
340 47	340 47	100 00		100 00	240 47
16,605 02	51,939 97	30,147 02		30,147 02	21,792 95
5,159 10	7,137 64	1,433 65		1,433 65	5,703 99
2,972 95	2,972 95				2,972 95
923 63	6,575 90	3,469 66		3,469 66	3,106 24
929 22	4,907 35				4,907 35
5,519 20	124,347 07	118,267 82		118,267 82	6,079 25
90,396 61	98,370 25	743 78		743 78	97,626 47
2,376 90	600,471 47	595,843 05		595,843 05	4,628 42
41,053 13	41,053 13		41,053 13	41,053 13	
3,750 17	12,328 51	7,055 23		7,055 23	5,273 28
173,044 95	270,844 16	99,623 03		99,623 03	171,221 13
11,828 03	28,827 07	1,583 66		1,583 66	27,243 41
415 28	2,415 28	2,184 01		2,184 01	231 27
2,544 66	18,052 21	16,152 20		16,152 20	1,900 01
8,706 18	90,354 81	83,287 26		83,287 26	7,067 55
6,814 59	8,436 97	65 56		65 56	8,371 41
202 62	158,253 55	149,608 91		149,608 91	8,644 64
1,089 63	1,089 68	1,087 45		1,087 45	2 23
89 38	125 38				125 38
22,399 68	86,371 68	24,000 00			62,371 68
44,231 70	46,574 45	37,202 12		37,202 12	9,372 33
4,938 01	12,458 46	7,063 74		7,063 74	5,394 72
2,768 09	14,625 43	9,625 43		9,625 43	5,000 00
	597 75	597 75		597 75	
1,607 05	2,619 82	563 65		563 65	2,056 17
458 26	628 21	203 20		203 20	425 01
3,651 03	8,405 22	4,644 17		4,644 17	3,761 05
10,788 69	24,888 48	8,080 18		8,080 18	16,808 30
24,726 23	44,328 33	19,726 19		19,726 19	24,602 14
14,396 04	31,670 29	15,360 80		15,360 80	16,309 49
7,698 81	19,127 50	15,838 51		15,838 51	3,288 99
5,754 91	10,161 05	7,469 42		7,469 42	2,691 63
8,577 59	18,556 39	460 25		460 25	18,096 14
330 23	362 93	62 88		62 88	300 05
618 82	780 82	251 35		251 35	529 47
714 10	1,987 92	1,545 50		1,545 50	442 42
	82 36				82 36
3,318 28	107,937 04	104,746 64		104,746 64	3,190 40
	74 75				74 75
\$5,020,475 29	\$14,805,892 36	\$9,468,565 79	\$244,087 13	\$9,712,652 92	\$5,093,239 44

STATEMENT

Showing Receipts from County Treasurers during the Fifty-second

Counties.	General Fund.	School Fund.
1. Alameda	\$217,778 18	\$216,620 19
2. Alpine	628 52	1,083 73
3. Amador	11,395 95	12,426 95
4. Butte	34,453 91	33,378 07
5. Calaveras	13,826 82	16,308 88
6. Colusa	30,621 72	28,594 46
7. Contra Costa	39,179 54	37,555 43
8. Del Norte	5,070 30	5,033 82
9. El Dorado	10,077 57	12,157 78
10. Fresno	69,560 77	69,501 44
11. Glenn	25,290 89	28,649 49
12. Humboldt	45,044 40	51,573 91
13. Inyo	4,257 88	6,081 20
14. Kern	35,211 70	42,398 14
15. Kings	17,863 15	17,211 99
16. Lake	8,035 74	8,670 77
17. Lassen	8,041 11	9,027 88
18. Los Angeles	273,569 30	266,726 70
19. Madera	14,184 32	14,563 33
20. Marin	29,048 62	29,360 87
21. Mariposa	5,802 96	5,546 15
22. Mendocino	28,589 42	30,923 96
23. Merced	32,157 34	31,557 33
24. Modoc	7,629 28	8,472 04
25. Mono	2,847 52	4,018 53
26. Monterey	41,855 03	41,925 85
27. Napa	29,739 46	31,004 27
28. Nevada	16,981 99	26,083 46
29. Orange	28,080 74	28,964 41
30. Placer	18,290 10	19,213 04
31. Plumas	5,935 68	6,064 01
32. Riverside	28,874 33	31,364 67
33. Sacramento	86,952 20	89,057 95
34. San Benito	14,539 10	14,876 21
35. San Bernardino	35,302 38	38,287 43
36. San Diego	50,332 93	50,980 01
37. San Francisco	1,062,652 58	1,107,223 07
38. San Joaquin	78,218 55	75,313 36
39. San Luis Obispo	30,842 67	31,888 84
40. San Mateo	35,887 67	31,603 52
41. Santa Barbara	34,016 83	38,533 75
42. Santa Clara	137,059 49	123,822 40
43. Santa Cruz	27,962 52	28,816 65
44. Shasta	20,814 75	24,941 74
45. Sierra	3,822 33	5,631 76
46. Siskiyou	19,261 93	20,847 22
47. Solano	44,006 50	45,638 27
48. Sonoma	61,511 57	65,052 59
49. Stanislaus	27,993 71	28,205 89
50. Sutter	15,652 45	14,204 73
51. Tehama	25,355 62	23,948 36
52. Trinity	3,742 22	4,691 79
53. Tulare	37,086 49	35,600 92
54. Tuolumne	14,494 10	17,743 55
55. Ventura	19,283 89	21,627 23
56. Yolo	40,463 09	36,565 29
57. Yuba	13,045 38	14,670 18
Totals	\$3,080,225 19	\$3,161,835 46

No. 8.

Fiscal Year, from July 1, 1900, to June 30, 1901, inclusive.

Interest and Sinking Fund.	State Uni- versity Fund.	State School Land Fund.	Estates of De- ceased Persons Fund.	Whittier Re- form School Fund.	Totals.
\$10,842 65	\$16,681 00	\$80 00	-----	\$364 10	\$462,366 12
32 04	49 29	102 00	-----	-----	1,895 58
550 97	847 65	120 00	\$142 36	-----	25,483 88
1,682 73	2,588 82	894 21	-----	-----	72,997 74
692 66	1,065 62	1,001 85	-----	-----	32,895 83
1,522 19	2,341 84	362 32	-----	133 00	63,575 53
1,977 00	3,041 53	9 02	-----	-----	81,762 52
252 37	388 26	800 00	733 93	-----	12,278 68
486 23	748 04	3,171 25	127 57	-----	26,768 44
3,502 38	5,388 28	6,777 91	168 00	150 80	155,049 58
1,289 33	1,983 60	80 00	-----	-----	57,293 31
2,208 59	3,397 82	5,071 39	-----	-----	107,296 11
217 07	333 94	4,717 59	-----	-----	15,607 68
1,768 40	2,720 61	17,784 64	-----	-----	99,883 49
871 97	1,341 50	889 24	-----	-----	38,177 85
403 36	620 54	457 15	-----	-----	18,187 56
397 70	611 85	3,998 98	-----	-----	22,077 52
12,944 09	19,914 00	4,160 00	1,617 28	1,147 30	580,078 67
700 33	1,077 44	2,020 00	-----	-----	32,545 42
1,456 44	2,240 68	-----	-----	-----	62,106 61
289 21	444 93	800 00	-----	-----	12,883 25
1,380 16	2,123 33	2,766 41	-----	-----	65,783 28
1,602 93	2,466 02	1,352 12	-----	-----	69,135 74
382 83	588 96	9,971 73	-----	-----	27,044 84
141 95	218 39	1,273 51	-----	-----	8,499 90
2,117 66	3,257 94	4,256 55	-----	-----	93,413 03
1,466 37	2,255 96	600 67	-----	-----	65,066 73
821 35	1,263 60	500 00	-----	75 00	45,725 40
1,392 38	2,142 11	80 00	-----	-----	60,659 64
912 51	1,403 85	477 53	-----	-----	40,297 03
285 78	439 66	2,801 94	-----	-----	15,527 07
1,395 26	2,146 54	1,468 34	-----	-----	65,249 14
4,255 52	6,546 95	-----	-----	-----	186,812 62
741 16	1,140 25	2,440 73	784 10	-----	34,521 55
1,735 55	2,670 07	3,995 92	-----	320 90	82,312 25
2,472 03	3,803 13	6,733 61	-----	-----	114,321 71
52,642 13	80,987 89	-----	1,177 25	-----	2,304,682 92
3,888 85	5,982 83	-----	2,582 41	-----	165,986 00
1,535 37	2,362 09	3,876 74	-----	-----	70,505 71
1,826 46	2,809 93	-----	-----	-----	72,127 58
1,590 64	2,447 16	7,204 04	395 07	16 50	84,203 99
6,647 45	10,226 84	646 39	-----	-----	278,402 57
1,343 60	2,067 08	160 00	-----	-----	60,349 85
1,057 32	1,626 65	4,545 96	-----	-----	52,986 42
194 86	299 78	1,058 76	-----	-----	11,007 49
975 86	1,501 32	18,716 44	-----	-----	61,302 77
2,182 39	3,357 53	-----	-----	-----	95,184 69
3,110 24	4,785 01	107 44	-----	-----	134,566 85
1,412 43	2,172 96	1,472 59	34 65	-----	61,292 23
773 89	1,190 61	-----	-----	-----	31,821 68
1,291 24	1,986 52	1,010 94	-----	-----	53,592 68
190 78	293 52	520 00	-----	-----	9,438 31
1,827 70	2,811 86	6,900 00	-----	-----	84,226 97
734 99	1,130 76	588 39	-----	-----	34,691 79
944 38	1,452 88	3,676 01	-----	33 00	47,017 39
2,007 97	3,089 19	870 00	106 97	102 15	83,204 66
665 05	1,023 17	405 03	-----	-----	29,808 81
\$152,034 75	\$233,899 58	\$143,775 34	\$7,869 59	\$2,342 75	\$6,781,982 66

STATEMENT No. 9.

Showing Receipts from Railroad Companies during Fifty-second Fiscal Year, from July 1, 1900, to June 30, 1901, inclusive.

Railroad Companies.	General Fund.	School Fund.	Interest and Sinking Fund.	State University Fund.	Railway Tax Fund.	Totals.
Gualala River Railroad Co.	\$102 00	\$84 00	\$5 20	\$8 00	\$519 14	\$718 34
Alameda and San Joaquin Railroad Co.	320 22	263 72	16 32	25 12	1,201 06	1,826 44
Sierra Railway Company of California	586 50	483 00	29 90	46 00	3,564 50	4,709 90
Pajaro Valley Consolidated Railroad Co.	510 00	420 00	26 00	40 00	2,033 42	3,029 42
Central Pacific Railroad Co.	33,150 00	27,300 00	1,600 00	2,600 00	168,394 54	233,134 54
South Pacific Coast Railroad Co.	2,574 68	2,120 32	131 26	201 94	11,933 48	16,961 68
Southern Pacific Railroad Co.	56,822 18	46,794 72	2,896 82	4,456 64	269,293 72	380,264 08
Southern California Motor Road Co.	153 00	126 00	7 80	12 00	735 04	1,033 84
Carson and Colorado Railroad Co.	306 00	252 00	15 60	24 00	2,195 42	2,793 02
Randsburg Railway Co.	382 50	315 00	19 50	30 00	2,023 00	2,770 00
North Pacific Coast Railroad Co.	1,530 00	1,260 00	78 00	120 00	6,806 38	9,794 38
San Francisco and San Mateo Electric Railroad Co.	510 00	420 00	26 00	40 00	2,251 52	3,247 52
Santa Fé Pacific Railroad Co.	3,529 20	2,906 40	179 92	276 80	18,404 28	25,296 60
San Francisco and San Joaquin Valley Railroad Co.	5,462 64	4,498 64	278 48	428 44	24,955 10	35,023 30
Southern California Railway Co.	8,697 68	7,162 80	443 42	682 16	45,243 44	62,229 50
Pacific Coast Railway Co.	637 50	525 00	32 50	50 00	3,114 64	4,359 64
Nevada County Narrow-Gauge Railroad Co.	286 88	236 26	14 62	22 50	2,226 70	2,786 96
California Northwestern Railway Co.	5,100 00	4,200 00	260 00	400 00	23,779 02	33,739 02
Nevada-California-Oregon Railway Co.	382 50	315 00	19 50	30 00	2,138 56	2,885 56
Pullman's Palace Car Co.	102 00	84 00	5 20	8 00	519 32	718 52
Pullman's Palace Car Co.	255 00	210 00	13 00	20 00	1,292 56	1,790 56
Sierra Valleys Railway Co.	789 95	1,082 55	39 82	52 47	5,469 73	7,434 52
Totals	\$122,190 43	\$101,059 41	\$6,228 86	\$9,574 07	\$538,094 57	\$837,147 34

STATEMENT No. 10.

List of Warrants Canceled during the Fifty-second Fiscal Year, from July 1, 1900, to June 30, 1901, inclusive.

Date of Issue.	Warrant Number.	To Whom Issued.	Fund.	Amount.	When Canceled.	Duplicate Paid.
Sept. 5, 1899	1943	Mrs. A. Wulf, et al.	Dissolved Savings Bank	\$4 59	Mar. 20, 1901	-----
Oct. 13, 1899	3152	John George.....	General	7 50	Mar. 20, 1901	Mar. 22, 1901
Oct. 25, 1899	3362	C. H. Green	General	3 35	Mar. 20, 1901	-----
Feb. 20, 1900	7822	The Michie Co.....	General	4 50	Mar. 20, 1901	-----
		Total	-----	\$19 94		

STATEMENT

*Showing Receipts in Detail into the State Treasury during the Fifty-third
Hand at the Commencement of the Fifty-third Fiscal Year,*

Funds.	Treasurer of State.	County Treasurers.
1. General Fund	\$398 60	\$2,855,360 38
2. School Fund	170,820 99	3,293,683 80
3. Interest and Sinking Fund		142,164 18
4. School Land Fund	280,016 55	142,534 07
5. School Land Deposit Fund		
6. San Francisco Harbor Improvement Fund		
7. University Fund	49,905 00	236,940 23
8. State University Fund		
9. Mining Bureau Fund		
10. State Library Fund		
11. Supreme Court Library Fund		
12. War Bond Fund		
13. Yosemite Valley Fund		
14. Adult Blind Fund		
15. Jute Revolving Fund		58 83
16. Estates of Deceased Persons Fund		
17. Railway Tax Fund		
18. Railway Tax Contingent Fund		
19. Fish Commission Fund		
20. San Quentin State Prison Fund		
21. Folsom State Prison Fund		
22. Insurance Commissioner's Special Fund		
23. Bank Commissioners' Fund		
24. State School Book Fund		
25. Dissolved Savings Bank Fund	583 20	
26. State Printing Fund		
27. Special Mendocino Insane Asylum Fund		
28. San Diego Harbor Improvement Fund		
29. San Francisco Depot Sinking Fund	8,900 00	9,506 38
30. Whittier Reform School Fund		
31. Building and Loan Association Inspection Fund		
32. San Francisco Depot Fund		
33. Rock-Crusher Revolving Fund		
34. James Saultry Relief Fund	597 90	
35. Contingent Fund: Whittier State School		
36. " " Preston School of Industry		
37. " " Deaf, Dumb, and Blind Asylum		
38. " " Stockton State Hospital		
39. " " Napa State Hospital		
40. " " Agnews State Hospital		
41. " " Southern California State Hospital		
42. " " Mendocino State Hospital		
43. " " Home for Feeble-Minded Children		
44. " " San José State Normal School		
45. " " Los Angeles State Normal School		
46. " " Chico State Normal School		
47. " " San Diego State Normal School		
48. " " San Francisco State Normal School		
49. Game Preservation Fund		
50. Governor's Residence Fund	90,149 23	
51. Fund for Support and Maintenance of Veterans' Home		2,003 75
52. Needles School District, San Bernardino County		
Totals	\$601,371 47	\$6,682,251 62

STATEMENT

Funds.	Superintendent of State Printing.	Register of State Land Office.
1. General Fund		\$2,535 00
2. School Fund		
3. Interest and Sinking Fund		
4. School Land Fund		
5. School Land Deposit Fund		
6. San Francisco Harbor Improvement Fund		
7. University Fund		
8. State University Fund		
9. Mining Bureau Fund		
10. State Library Fund		
11. Supreme Court Library Fund		
12. War Bond Fund		
13. Yosemite Valley Fund		
14. Adult Blind Fund		
15. Jute Revolving Fund		
16. Estates of Deceased Persons Fund		
17. Railway Tax Fund		
18. Railway Tax Contingent Fund		
19. Fish Commission Fund		
20. San Quentin State Prison Fund		
21. Folsom State Prison Fund		
22. Insurance Commissioner's Special Fund		
23. Bank Commissioners' Fund		
24. State School Book Fund	\$126 81	
25. Dissolved Savings Bank Fund	61,738 12	
26. State Printing Fund		
27. Special Mendocino Insane Asylum Fund		
28. San Diego Harbor Improvement Fund		
29. San Francisco Depot Sinking Fund		
30. Whittier Reform School Fund		
31. Building and Loan Association Inspection Fund		
32. San Francisco Depot Fund		
33. Rock-Crusher Revolving Fund		
34. James Saultry Relief Fund		
35. Contingent Fund: Whittier State School		
36. " " Preston School of Industry		
37. " " Deaf, Dumb, and Blind Asylum		
38. " " Stockton State Hospital		
39. " " Napa State Hospital		
40. " " Agnews State Hospital		
41. " " Southern California State Hospital		
42. " " Mendocino State Hospital		
43. " " Home for Feeble-Minded Children		
44. " " San José State Normal School		
45. " " Los Angeles State Normal School		
46. " " Chico State Normal School		
47. " " San Diego State Normal School		
48. " " San Francisco State Normal School		
49. Game Preservation Fund		
50. Governor's Residence Fund		
51. Fund for Support and Maintenance of Veterans' Home		
52. Needles School District, San Bernardino County		
Totals	\$61,864 93	\$2,535 00

STATEMENT

Funds.	Commission- ers Building and Loan Associations.	Board of State Prison Directors.
1. General Fund.....		
2. School Fund.....		
3. Interest and Sinking Fund.....		
4. School Land Fund.....		
5. School Land Deposit Fund.....		
6. San Francisco Harbor Improvement Fund.....		
7. University Fund.....		
8. State University Fund.....		
9. Mining Bureau Fund.....		
10. State Library Fund.....		
11. Supreme Court Library Fund.....		
12. War Bond Fund.....		
13. Yosemite Valley Fund.....		
14. Adult Blind Fund.....		
15. Jute Revolving Fund.....		
16. Estates of Deceased Persons Fund.....		
17. Railway Tax Fund.....		
18. Railway Tax Contingent Fund.....		
19. Fish Commission Fund.....		
20. San Quentin State Prison Fund.....		
21. Folsom State Prison Fund.....		
22. Insurance Commissioner's Special Fund.....		
23. Bank Commissioners' Fund.....		
24. State School Book Fund.....		
25. Dissolved Savings Bank Fund.....		
26. State Printing Fund.....		
27. Special Mendocino Insane Asylum Fund.....		
28. San Diego Harbor Improvement Fund.....		
29. San Francisco Depot Sinking Fund.....		
30. Whittier Reform School Fund.....	\$7,476 52	
31. Building and Loan Association Inspection Fund.....		
32. San Francisco Depot Fund.....		\$4,251 39
33. Rock-Crusher Revolving Fund.....		
34. James Sautry Relief Fund.....		
35. Contingent Fund: Whittier State School.....		
36. " " Preston School of Industry.....		
37. " " Deaf, Dumb, and Blind Asylum.....		
38. " " Stockton State Hospital.....		
39. " " Napa State Hospital.....		
40. " " Agnews State Hospital.....		
41. " " Southern California State Hospital.....		
42. " " Mendocino State Hospital.....		
43. " " Home for Feeble-Minded Children.....		
44. " " San José State Normal School.....		
45. " " Los Angeles State Normal School.....		
46. " " Chico State Normal School.....		
47. " " San Diego State Normal School.....		
48. " " San Francisco State Normal School.....		
49. Game Preservation Fund.....		
50. Governor's Residence Fund.....		
51. Fund for Support and Maintenance of Veterans' Home.....		
52. Needles School District, San Bernardino County.....		
Totals.....	\$7,476 52	\$4,251 39

STATEMENT

Funds.	Auditing Board: Commissioner of Public Works.	Bank of National City.
1. General Fund	\$17 00	
2. School Fund		
3. Interest and Sinking Fund		
4. School Land Fund		
5. School Land Deposit Fund		
6. San Francisco Harbor Improvement Fund		
7. University Fund		
8. State University Fund		
9. Mining Bureau Fund		
10. State Library Fund		
11. Supreme Court Library Fund		
12. War Bond Fund		
13. Yosemite Valley Fund		
14. Adult Blind Fund		
15. Jute Revolving Fund		
16. Estates of Deceased Persons Fund		
17. Railway Tax Fund		
18. Railway Tax Contingent Fund		
19. Fish Commission Fund		
20. San Quentin State Prison Fund		
21. Folsom State Prison Fund		
22. Insurance Commissioner's Special Fund		
23. Bank Commissioners' Fund		
24. State School Book Fund		
25. Dissolved Savings Bank Fund		\$18 73
26. State Printing Fund		
27. Special Mendocino Insane Asylum Fund		
28. San Diego Harbor Improvement Fund		
29. San Francisco Depot Sinking Fund		
30. Whittier Reform School Fund		
31. Building and Loan Association Inspection Fund		
32. San Francisco Depot Fund		
33. Rock-Crusher Revolving Fund		
34. James Saultry Relief Fund		
35. Contingent Fund: Whittier State School		
36. " " Preston School of Industry		
37. " " Deaf, Dumb, and Blind Asylum		
38. " " Stockton State Hospital		
39. " " Napa State Hospital		
40. " " Agnews State Hospital		
41. " " Southern California State Hospital		
42. " " Mendocino State Hospital		
43. " " Home for Feeble-Minded Children		
44. " " San José State Normal School		
45. " " Los Angeles State Normal School		
46. " " Chico State Normal School		
47. " " San Diego State Normal School		
48. " " San Francisco State Normal School		
49. Game Preservation Fund		
50. Governor's Residence Fund		
51. Fund for Support and Maintenance of Veterans' Home		
52. Needles School District, San Bernardino County		
Totals	\$17 00	\$18 73

No. 11—CONTINUED.

[illegible]

STATEMENT

Funds.	Board of Managers Southern California State Hospital.	Board of Managers Mendocino State Hospital.
1. General Fund.....		
2. School Fund.....		
3. Interest and Sinking Fund.....		
4. School Land Fund.....		
5. School Land Deposit Fund.....		
6. San Francisco Harbor Improvement Fund.....		
7. University Fund.....		
8. State University Fund.....		
9. Mining Bureau Fund.....		
10. State Library Fund.....		
11. Supreme Court Library Fund.....		
12. War Bond Fund.....		
13. Yosemite Valley Fund.....		
14. Adult Blind Fund.....		
15. Jute Revolving Fund.....		
16. Estates of Deceased Persons Fund.....		
17. Railway Tax Fund.....		
18. Railway Tax Contingent Fund.....		
19. Fish Commission Fund.....		
20. San Quentin State Prison Fund.....		
21. Folsom State Prison Fund.....		
22. Insurance Commissioner's Special Fund.....		
23. Bank Commissioners' Fund.....		
24. State School Book Fund.....		
25. Dissolved Savings Bank Fund.....		
26. State Printing Fund.....		
27. Special Mendocino Insane Asylum Fund.....		
28. San Diego Harbor Improvement Fund.....		
29. San Francisco Depot Sinking Fund.....		
30. Whittier Reform School Fund.....		
31. Building and Loan Association Inspection Fund.....		
32. San Francisco Depot Fund.....		
33. Rock-Crusher Revolving Fund.....		
34. James Saultry Relief Fund.....		
35. Contingent Fund: Whittier State School.....		
36. " " Preston School of Industry.....		
37. " " Deaf, Dumb, and Blind Asylum.....		
38. " " Stockton State Hospital.....		
39. " " Napa State Hospital.....		
40. " " Agnews State Hospital.....	\$12,778 75	
41. " " Southern California State Hospital.....		
42. " " Mendocino State Hospital.....		\$4,909 30
43. " " Home for Feeble-Minded Children.....		
44. " " San José State Normal School.....		
45. " " Los Angeles State Normal School.....		
46. " " Chico State Normal School.....		
47. " " San Diego State Normal School.....		
48. " " San Francisco State Normal School.....		
49. Game Preservation Fund.....		
50. Governor's Residence Fund.....		
51. Fund for Support and Maintenance of Veterans' Home.....		
52. Needles School District, San Bernardino County.....		
Totals.....	\$12,778 75	\$4,909 30

STATEMENT

Funds.

1.	General Fund
2.	School Fund
3.	Interest and Sinking Fund
4.	School Land Fund
5.	School Land Deposit Fund
6.	San Francisco Harbor Improvement Fund
7.	University Fund
8.	State University Fund
9.	Mining Bureau Fund
10.	State Library Fund
11.	Supreme Court Library Fund
12.	War Bond Fund
13.	Yosemite Valley Fund
14.	Adult Blind Fund
15.	Jute Revolving Fund
16.	Estates of Deceased Persons Fund
17.	Railway Tax Fund
18.	Railway Tax Contingent Fund
19.	Fish Commission Fund
20.	San Quentin State Prison Fund
21.	Folsom State Prison Fund
22.	Insurance Commissioner's Special Fund
23.	Bank Commissioners' Fund
24.	State School Book Fund
25.	Dissolved Savings Bank Fund
26.	State Printing Fund
27.	Special Mendocino Insane Asylum Fund
28.	San Diego Harbor Improvement Fund
29.	San Francisco Depot Sinking Fund
30.	Whittier Reform School Fund
31.	Building and Loan Association Inspection Fund
32.	San Francisco Depot Fund
33.	Rock-Crusher Revolving Fund
34.	James Saultry Relief Fund
35.	Contingent Fund: Whittier State School
36.	“ “ Preston School of Industry
37.	“ “ Deaf, Dumb, and Blind Asylum
38.	“ “ Stockton State Hospital
39.	“ “ Napa State Hospital
40.	“ “ Agnews State Hospital
41.	“ “ Southern California State Hospital
42.	“ “ Mendocino State Hospital
43.	“ “ Home for Feeble-Minded Children
44.	“ “ San José State Normal School
45.	“ “ Los Angeles State Normal School
46.	“ “ Chico State Normal School
47.	“ “ San Diego State Normal School
48.	“ “ San Francisco State Normal School
49.	Game Preservation Fund
50.	Governor's Residence Fund
51.	Fund for Support and Maintenance of Veterans' Home
52.	Needles School District, San Bernardino County

Totals

No. 11—CONTINUED.

Total Cash Receipts, 53d Fiscal Year.	Total Transfer Receipts, 53d Fiscal Year.	Total Cash and Transfer Receipts, 53d Fiscal Year.	Balances Brought Forward from 52d Fiscal Year.	Total all Receipts and Balances during 53d Fiscal Year.
\$3,154,001 43	\$16,828 61	\$3,170,830 04	\$2,481,057 02	\$5,651,887 06
3,570,008 45		3,570,008 45	1,083,335 05	4,653,343 50
148,052 74		148,052 74	87,546 11	235,598 85
422,550 62		422,550 62	791,960 02	1,214,510 64
6,400 00		6,400 00	50,960 00	57,360 00
763,340 92		763,340 92	46,445 74	809,786 66
49,905 00		49,905 00		49,905 00
246,754 55		246,754 55		246,754 55
			240 47	240 47
30,000 00		30,000 00	21,792 95	51,792 95
1,970 23		1,970 23	5,703 99	7,674 22
			2,972 95	2,972 95
4,241 60		4,241 60	3,106 24	7,347 84
12,444 75	5,684 27	18,129 02	4,907 35	23,036 37
136,375 60		136,375 60	6,079 25	142,454 85
58 83		58 83	97,626 47	97,685 30
648,519 30		648,519 30	4,628 42	653,147 72
6,906 25	325 25	7,231 50	5,273 28	12,504 78
159,735 47		159,735 47	171,221 13	330,956 60
10,368 48		10,368 48	27,243 41	37,611 89
2,000 00		2,000 00	231 27	2,231 27
15,660 84		15,660 84	1,900 01	17,560 85
80,738 47		80,738 47	7,067 55	87,806 02
25,335 81		25,335 81	8,371 41	33,707 22
61,732 12		61,732 12	8,644 64	70,376 76
			2 23	2 23
			125 38	125 38
8,900 00	55,572 00	64,472 00	62,371 68	126,843 68
9,506 38		9,506 38	9,372 33	18,878 71
7,476 52		7,476 52	5,394 72	12,871 24
4,251 39		4,251 39	5,000 00	9,251 39
597 90		597 90		597 90
1,910 35		1,910 35	2,056 17	3,966 52
320 72		320 72	425 01	745 73
5,610 41		5,610 41	3,761 05	9,371 46
12,558 55		12,558 55	16,808 30	29,366 85
19,887 48		19,887 48	24,602 14	44,489 62
20,158 69		20,158 69	16,309 49	36,468 18
12,778 75		12,778 75	3,288 99	16,067 74
4,909 30		4,909 30	2,691 63	7,600 93
6,234 61		6,234 61	18,096 14	24,330 75
43 60		43 60	300 05	343 65
345 25		345 25	529 47	874 72
1,379 30		1,379 30	442 42	1,821 72
17 15		17 15		17 15
577 84		577 84	82 36	660 20
2,965 68		2,965 68	74 75	3,040 43
92,317 20	55,000 00	147,317 20	3,190 40	150,507 60
2,003 75		2,003 75		2,003 75
\$9,771,852 28	\$133,410 13	\$9,905,262 41	\$5,093,239 44	\$14,998,501 85

STATEMENT

Showing Receipts, Payments, and Transactions in Each Fund during

Funds.	Total Cash Receipts.	Total Transfer Receipts.
1. General Fund	\$3,154,001 43	\$16,828 61
2. School Fund	3,570,008 45	
3. Interest and Sinking Fund	148,052 74	
4. School Land Fund	422,550 62	
5. School Land Deposit Fund	6,400 00	
6. San Francisco Harbor Improvement Fund	763,340 92	
7. University Fund	49,905 00	
8. State University Fund	246,754 55	
9. Mining Bureau Fund		
10. State Library Fund	30,000 00	
11. Supreme Court Library Fund	1,970 23	
12. War Bond Fund		
13. Yosemite Valley Fund	4,241 60	
14. Adult Blind Fund	12,444 75	5,684 27
15. Jute Revolving Fund	136,375 60	
16. Estates of Deceased Persons Fund	58 83	
17. Railway Tax Fund	648,519 30	
18. Railway Tax Contingent Fund		
19. Fish Commission Fund	6,906 25	325 25
20. San Quentin State Prison Fund	159,735 47	
21. Folsom State Prison Fund	10,368 48	
22. Insurance Commissioner's Special Fund	2,000 00	
23. Bank Commissioners' Fund	15,660 84	
24. State School Book Fund	80,738 47	
25. Dissolved Savings Bank Fund	25,335 81	
26. State Printing Fund	61,732 12	
27. Special Mendocino Insane Asylum Fund		
28. San Diego Harbor Improvement Fund	8,900 00	55,572 00
29. San Francisco Depot Sinking Fund	9,506 38	
30. Whittier Reform School Fund	7,476 52	
31. Building and Loan Association Inspection Fund		
32. San Francisco Depot Fund	4,251 39	
33. Rock-Crusher Revolving Fund	597 90	
34. James Saultry Relief Fund	1,910 35	
35. Contingent Fund: Whittier State School	320 72	
36. " " Preston School of Industry	5,610 41	
37. " " Deaf, Dumb, and Blind Asylum	12,558 55	
38. " " Stockton State Hospital	19,887 48	
39. " " Napa State Hospital	20,158 69	
40. " " Agnews State Hospital	12,778 75	
41. " " Southern California State Hospital	4,909 30	
42. " " Mendocino State Hospital	6,234 61	
43. " " Home for Feeble-Minded Children	43 60	
44. " " San José State Normal School	345 25	
45. " " Los Angeles State Normal School	1,379 30	
46. " " Chico State Normal School	17 15	
47. " " San Diego State Normal School	577 84	
48. " " San Francisco State Normal School	2,965 68	
49. Game Preservation Fund		
50. Governor's Residence Fund	92,317 20	55,000 00
51. Fund for Support and Maintenance of Veterans' Home	2,003 75	
52. Needles School District, San Bernardino County		
Totals	\$9,771,852 28	\$133,410 13

No. 12.

the Fifty-third Fiscal Year, from July 1, 1901, to June 30, 1902, inclusive.

Balances Forward from June 30, 1901.	Total Balances. Cash and Trans- fer Receipts, 53d Fiscal Year.	Total Cash Payments.	Total Transfer Payments.	Total Cash and Transfer Payments.	Balances on Hand June 30, 1902.
\$2,481,057 02	\$5,651,887 06	\$3,450,825 42	\$60,684 27	\$3,511,509 69	\$2,140,377 37
1,083,335 05	4,653,343 50	3,574,651 66		3,574,651 66	1,078,691 84
87,546 11	235,598 85	141,435 00	16,828 61	158,263 61	77,335 24
791,960 02	1,214,510 64	108,033 13		108,033 13	1,106,477 51
50,960 00	57,360 00	4,320 00		4,320 00	53,040 00
46,445 74	809,786 66	736,349 43	55,572 00	791,921 43	17,865 23
	49,905 00	49,875 00		49,875 00	30 00
	246,754 55	175,560 27		175,560 27	71,194 28
240 00	240 47	140 47		140 47	100 00
21,792 95	51,792 95	23,698 97		23,698 97	28,093 98
5,703 99	7,674 22	1,418 78		1,418 78	6,255 44
2,972 95	2,972 95	135 33		135 33	2,837 62
3,106 24	7,347 84	6,845 22		6,845 22	502 62
4,907 35	23,036 37	23,002 18		23,002 18	34 19
6,079 25	142,454 85	42,454 85		42,454 85	100,000 00
97,626 47	97,685 30	3,697 96		3,697 96	93,987 34
4,628 42	653,147 72	645,928 48		645,928 48	7,219 24
5,273 28	12,504 78	7,669 50		7,669 50	4,835 28
171,221 13	330,956 60	157,579 68		157,579 68	173,376 92
27,243 41	37,611 89	1,915 93		1,915 93	35,695 96
231 27	2,231 27	1,851 14		1,851 14	380 13
1,900 01	17,560 85	16,837 40		16,837 40	723 45
7,067 55	87,806 02	84,002 75		84,002 75	3,803 27
8,371 41	33,707 22	2,080 43		2,080 43	31,626 79
8,644 64	70,376 76	98,124 02		68,124 02	2,252 74
2 23	2 23	2 23		2 23	
125 38	125 38				125 38
62,371 68	126,843 68	93,890 00		93,890 00	32,953 68
9,372 33	18,878 71	12,139 16		12,139 16	6,739 55
5,394 72	12,871 24	7,651 27		7,651 27	5,219 97
5,000 00	9,251 39	7,108 68		7,108 68	2,142 71
	597 90	597 90		597 90	
2,056 17	3,966 52	1,266 78		1,266 78	2,699 74
425 01	745 73	291 22		291 22	454 51
3,761 05	9,371 46	7,885 03		7,885 03	1,486 43
16,808 30	29,366 85	8,616 19		8,616 19	20,750 66
24,602 14	44,489 62	17,465 44		17,465 44	27,024 18
16,309 49	36,468 18	18,494 98		18,494 98	17,973 20
3,288 99	16,067 74	3,467 28		3,467 28	12,600 46
2,691 63	7,600 93	5,734 86		5,734 86	1,866 07
18,096 14	24,330 75	12,210 20		12,210 20	12,120 55
300 05	343 65	6 60		6 60	337 05
529 47	874 72	493 13		493 13	381 59
442 42	1,821 72	1,494 12		1,494 12	327 60
	17 15				17 15
82 36	660 20	419 19		419 19	241 01
74 75	3,040 43	1,624 91	325 25	1,950 16	1,090 27
3,190 40	150,507 60	142,214 32		142,214 32	8,293 28
	2,003 75				2,003 75
\$5,093,239 44	\$14,998,501 85	\$9,671,506 49	\$133,410 13	\$9,804,916 62	\$5,193,585 23

STATEMENT

Showing Receipts from County Treasurers during the Fifty-third

Counties.	Needles School District, San Bernardino County.	General Fund.	School Fund.
1. Alameda.....		\$204,542 74	\$232,720 79
2. Alpine.....		711 74	1,227 69
3. Amador.....		10,735 20	15,371 97
4. Butte.....		31,088 39	33,498 25
5. Calaveras.....		12,550 20	16,033 39
6. Colusa.....		27,124 65	30,382 18
7. Contra Costa.....		36,913 80	41,825 48
8. Del Norte.....		4,705 36	5,219 72
9. El Dorado.....		9,168 01	18,183 78
10. Fresno.....		68,595 04	76,772 08
11. Glenn.....		22,107 17	22,958 92
12. Humboldt.....		43,462 08	52,240 98
13. Inyo.....		4,231 49	6,279 37
14. Kern.....		44,458 09	51,981 44
15. Kings.....		17,398 84	18,482 82
16. Lake.....		7,635 11	9,092 54
17. Lassen.....		7,624 84	9,122 65
18. Los Angeles.....		259,983 91	287,133 96
19. Madera.....		13,698 16	15,241 17
20. Marin.....		26,856 81	32,552 04
21. Mariposa.....		4,464 65	5,508 78
22. Mendocino.....		25,011 59	30,926 79
23. Merced.....		28,820 61	52,501 59
24. Modoc.....		7,202 48	8,707 84
25. Mono.....		2,394 94	4,827 88
26. Monterey.....		39,264 51	42,621 85
27. Napa.....		27,208 90	31,549 78
28. Nevada.....		16,061 82	17,581 73
29. Orange.....		24,893 98	28,410 21
30. Placer.....		17,590 01	19,761 29
31. Plumas.....		5,725 88	6,587 83
32. Riverside.....		27,164 26	30,365 65
33. Sacramento.....		79,397 35	122,701 12
34. San Benito.....		13,963 84	17,560 05
35. San Bernardino.....	\$2,003 75	35,009 00	42,098 16
36. San Diego.....		44,105 61	57,038 60
37. San Francisco.....		962,069 53	1,081,571 51
38. San Joaquin.....		71,402 82	77,801 68
39. San Luis Obispo.....		27,685 09	31,164 66
40. San Mateo.....		33,447 40	38,076 78
41. Santa Barbara.....		32,823 20	35,163 06
42. Santa Clara.....		125,467 55	133,792 29
43. Santa Cruz.....		26,570 07	28,294 23
44. Shasta.....		19,435 55	27,547 71
45. Sierra.....		3,316 51	4,591 41
46. Siskiyou.....		18,198 84	21,763 22
47. Solano.....		40,355 53	45,405 22
48. Sonoma.....		57,458 85	69,650 55
49. Stanislaus.....		25,604 47	28,281 86
50. Sutter.....		14,064 18	14,885 45
51. Tehama.....		25,314 49	25,497 82
52. Trinity.....		3,500 05	5,415 57
53. Tulare.....		34,180 68	37,370 68
54. Tuolumne.....		14,875 71	17,715 72
55. Ventura.....		19,849 15	23,620 60
56. Yolo.....		36,190 75	36,378 24
57. Yuba.....		11,778 91	14,625 17
Totals.....	\$2,003 75	\$2,855,360 38	\$3,293,683 80

No. 13.

Fiscal Year, from July 1, 1901, to June 30, 1902, inclusive.

Interest and Sinking Fund.	State University Fund.	State School Land Fund.	Estates of Deceased Per- sons Fund.	Whittier Reform School Fund.	Totals.
\$10,300 57	\$17,167 61	\$80 00	-----	\$110 00	\$464,921 71
36 65	61 09	388 30	-----	-----	2,425 47
522 48	870 80	196 51	-----	-----	27,696 96
1,539 08	2,565 13	2,627 98	-----	-----	71,318 83
634 00	1,056 66	322 46	-----	-----	30,596 71
1,359 40	2,265 67	580 00	-----	-----	61,711 90
1,880 03	3,133 37	177 13	-----	-----	83,929 81
240 79	401 32	2,850 00	-----	-----	13,417 19
441 28	735 45	9,487 79	-----	-----	38,016 31
3,420 74	5,701 25	5,774 68	-----	31 40	160,295 19
1,138 56	1,897 61	220 00	-----	-----	48,322 26
2,172 61	3,621 01	2,316 75	-----	-----	103,813 43
217 93	363 22	978 49	-----	-----	12,070 50
2,261 44	3,769 07	8,307 13	-----	-----	110,777 17
851 79	1,419 65	320 00	-----	-----	38,473 10
387 56	645 93	1,066 40	-----	-----	18,827 54
380 39	633 97	24,920 20	-----	-----	42,682 05
12,369 55	20,615 91	2,528 67	-----	1,278 50	583,910 50
674 99	1,124 99	2,130 00	-----	-----	32,769 31
1,352 94	2,254 90	-----	-----	-----	63,016 69
220 05	366 76	30 00	-----	-----	10,590 24
1,268 66	2,114 44	5,210 53	-----	-----	64,532 01
1,455 91	2,426 51	1,130 00	-----	-----	86,334 62
363 74	606 21	7,901 65	-----	-----	24,781 92
123 34	205 57	1,140 54	-----	-----	8,692 27
2,008 62	3,347 68	1,939 91	-----	-----	89,182 57
1,357 88	2,263 14	110 00	-----	-----	62,489 70
765 70	1,276 15	300 00	-----	-----	35,985 40
1,250 95	2,084 91	-----	\$58 83	-----	56,698 88
885 21	1,475 35	932 91	-----	-----	40,644 77
282 53	470 89	7,089 54	-----	-----	20,156 67
1,309 54	2,182 58	1,690 00	-----	-----	62,712 03
3,973 31	6,622 17	-----	-----	-----	212,693 95
716 22	1,193 69	3,676 89	-----	-----	37,110 69
1,739 25	2,898 76	3,792 34	-----	275 00	87,816 26
2,229 35	3,715 58	10,696 06	-----	-----	117,785 20
48,077 04	80,128 39	-----	-----	7,811 48	2,179,657 95
3,590 41	5,984 03	340 00	-----	-----	159,118 94
1,388 55	2,314 26	1,954 50	-----	-----	64,507 06
1,721 07	2,868 44	40 00	-----	-----	76,153 69
1,590 21	2,650 35	3,187 73	-----	-----	75,414 55
6,110 17	10,183 62	1,122 22	-----	-----	276,675 85
1,275 65	2,126 09	20 00	-----	-----	58,286 04
1,000 97	1,668 28	5,130 86	-----	-----	54,783 37
170 81	284 69	800 00	-----	-----	9,163 42
913 31	1,522 19	5,802 84	-----	-----	48,200 40
2,020 59	3,367 64	-----	-----	-----	91,148 98
2,923 45	4,872 41	1,108 58	-----	-----	136,013 84
1,296 34	2,160 60	740 00	-----	-----	57,983 27
702 90	1,171 52	-----	-----	-----	30,824 05
1,201 16	2,001 92	7,754 91	-----	-----	61,770 30
180 26	300 43	250 00	-----	-----	9,646 31
1,710 83	2,851 38	1,490 00	-----	-----	77,603 57
763 30	1,272 16	1,164 94	-----	-----	35,791 83
983 03	1,638 37	552 49	-----	-----	46,643 64
1,804 44	3,007 40	70 00	-----	-----	77,450 84
606 63	1,011 06	92 14	-----	-----	28,113 91
\$142,164 18	\$236,940 23	\$142,534 07	\$58 83	\$9,506 38	\$6,682,251 62

STATEMENT No. 14.

Showing Receipts from Railroad Companies during Fifty-third Fiscal Year, from July 1, 1901, to June 30, 1902, inclusive

Name of Railroad Company.	General Fund.	School Fund.	Interest and Sinking Fund.	State University Fund.	Railway Tax Fund.	Totals.
Gualala River Railroad Co.	\$93 20	\$86 00	\$4 80	\$8 00	\$521 56	\$713 66
Alameda and San Joaquin Railroad Co.	292 60	270 00	15 06	25 12	1,557 10	2,159 88
Sierra Railway Company of California	582 50	537 50	30 00	50 00	3,670 12	4,870 12
Central Pacific Railroad Co.	30,290 00	27,950 00	1,560 00	2,600 00	178,012 70	240,412 70
North Pacific Coast Railroad Co.	2,352 56	2,170 80	121 16	201 94	11,678 96	16,525 42
Southern Pacific Railroad Co.	52,658 00	48,590 00	2,712 00	4,520 00	290,029 12	398,509 12
Southern California Motor Road Co.	139 80	129 00	7 20	12 00	872 40	1,160 40
Carson and Colorado Railroad Co.	279 60	258 00	14 40	24 00	2,413 28	2,989 28
Randsburg Railway Co.	291 26	268 74	15 00	25 00	1,886 10	2,486 10
North Pacific Coast Railroad Co.	1,338 00	1,290 00	72 00	120 00	6,746 82	9,626 82
San Francisco and San Mateo Electric Railroad Co.	524 26	433 74	27 00	45 00	2,590 82	3,670 82
Santa Fé Pacific Railroad Co.	3,495 00	3,225 00	180 00	300 00	21,689 44	28,889 44
San Francisco and San Joaquin Valley Railroad Co.	6,291 00	5,805 00	324 00	540 00	33,357 98	46,317 98
Southern California Railway Co.	8,155 00	7,525 00	420 00	700 00	52,698 30	69,498 30
Pacific Coast Railway Co.	582 50	537 50	30 00	50 00	3,585 24	4,785 24
Nevada County Narrow-Gauge Railroad Co.	262 12	241 88	13 50	22 50	2,291 46	2,831 46
California Northwestern Railway Co.	2,330 00	2,150 00	120 00	200 00	11,895 44	16,695 44
San Francisco and North Pacific Railway Co.	2,330 00	2,150 00	120 00	200 00	11,895 44	16,695 44
Nevada-California-Oregon Railway Co.	466 00	430 00	24 00	40 00	2,815 10	3,775 10
Pullman's Palace Car Co.	815 50	752 50	42 00	70 00	4,681 28	6,361 28
Sierra Valleys Railway Co.	125 18	115 50	6 44	10 76	805 52	1,063 40
Lake Tahoe Railway and Transportation Co.	116 50	107 50	6 00	10 00	761 02	1,001 02
Pajaro Valley Railroad Co.	406 00	430 00	24 00	40 00	2,064 00	3,024 00
Totals	\$114,336 58	\$105,503 66	\$5,888 56	\$9,814 32	\$648,519 30	\$884,062 42

STATEMENT No. 15.

*List of Warrants Canceled during the Fifty-third Fiscal Year, from
July 1, 1901, to June 30, 1902, inclusive.*

Date of Issue.	Warrant No.	To Whom Issued.	Fund.	Amount.	Date Canceled.	Duplicate Paid.
April 30, 1900.	10051	J. K. Law	General.	\$125 00	June 23, 1902.	-----
July 6, 1900.	64	M. Cooney	General.	3 70	June 23, 1902.	-----
Jan. 12, 1901.	6134	J. D. Jones	General.	16 00	June 23, 1902.	-----
Jan. 12, 1901.	6143	N. Hatch	General.	16 00	June 23, 1902.	-----
Jan. 19, 1901.	7100	J. D. Jones	General.	28 00	June 23, 1902.	-----
Jan. 23, 1901.	7188	E. A. Bullis	General.	5 00	June 23, 1902.	-----
Jan. 23, 1901.	7189	N. Kennedy	General.	5 00	June 23, 1902.	-----
Jan. 23, 1901.	7197	F. H. McConnell	General.	5 00	June 23, 1902.	-----
Jan. 23, 1901.	7200	George Heustis	General.	5 00	June 23, 1902.	-----
Jan. 23, 1901.	7204	E. M. Swasey	General.	6 00	June 23, 1902.	-----
Jan. 23, 1901.	7213	A. J. Sturdevant	General.	4 00	June 23, 1902.	-----
Jan. 23, 1901.	7216	W. Cruse	General.	3 00	June 23, 1902.	-----
Jan. 23, 1901.	7217	W. W. Curnow	General.	3 00	June 23, 1902.	-----
Jan. 23, 1901.	7229	M. I. Fields	General.	3 00	June 23, 1902.	-----
Jan. 23, 1901.	7235	Mrs. A. J. Porter	General.	5 00	June 23, 1902.	-----
Jan. 23, 1901.	7237	A. C. Unsworth	General.	5 00	June 23, 1902.	-----
Jan. 23, 1901.	7238	A. Noble	General.	3 00	June 23, 1902.	-----
Jan. 23, 1901.	7240	Daniel Brown	General.	3 00	June 23, 1902.	-----
Jan. 23, 1901.	7242	O. McFarland	General.	3 00	June 23, 1902.	-----
Jan. 23, 1901.	7243	J. D. Brower	General.	3 00	June 23, 1902.	-----
Jan. 23, 1901.	7244	A. Walton	General.	3 00	June 23, 1902.	-----
Jan. 23, 1901.	7248	G. Hughes	General.	3 00	June 23, 1902.	-----
Jan. 23, 1901.	7249	I. M. Terrill	General.	3 00	June 23, 1902.	-----
Feb. 2, 1901.	8450	A. P. Johnston	General.	6 00	June 23, 1902.	-----
Feb. 2, 1901.	8452	W. H. Dahle	General.	5 00	June 23, 1902.	-----
Feb. 2, 1901.	8455	F. J. Murphy	General.	5 00	June 23, 1902.	-----
Feb. 2, 1901.	8459	J. E. Fleming	General.	5 00	June 23, 1902.	-----
Feb. 2, 1901.	8461	B. W. Perry	General.	4 00	June 23, 1902.	-----
Feb. 2, 1901.	8462	Reba Blood	General.	4 00	June 23, 1902.	-----
Feb. 2, 1901.	8463	Lizzie Baxter	General.	4 00	June 23, 1902.	-----
Feb. 2, 1901.	8470	E. Howard	General.	4 00	June 23, 1902.	-----
Feb. 2, 1901.	8471	Ed O'Neill	General.	3 00	June 23, 1902.	-----
Feb. 2, 1901.	8475	Petter Kenney	General.	3 00	June 23, 1902.	-----
Feb. 2, 1901.	8476	F. Hobro	General.	3 00	June 23, 1902.	-----
Feb. 2, 1901.	8477	A. J. McDonald	General.	3 00	June 23, 1902.	-----
Feb. 2, 1901.	8480	M. F. Giles	General.	5 00	June 23, 1902.	-----
Feb. 2, 1901.	8488	W. W. Benchley	General.	2 50	June 23, 1902.	-----
Feb. 2, 1901.	8494	H. B. Knight	General.	4 00	June 23, 1902.	-----
Feb. 2, 1901.	8495	F. L. Glass	General.	4 00	June 23, 1902.	-----
Feb. 2, 1901.	8496	S. M. Casper	General.	4 00	June 23, 1902.	-----
Feb. 2, 1901.	8498	E. L. Kelsey	General.	4 00	June 23, 1902.	-----
Feb. 2, 1901.	8501	S. Wilson	General.	4 00	June 23, 1902.	-----
Feb. 2, 1901.	8502	Mrs. A. Chynoweth	General.	4 00	June 23, 1902.	-----
Feb. 2, 1901.	8505	P. H. Tyler	General.	4 00	June 23, 1902.	-----
Feb. 2, 1901.	8507	I. J. Hall	General.	4 00	June 23, 1902.	-----
Feb. 2, 1901.	8510	A. B. Evans	General.	4 00	June 23, 1902.	-----
Feb. 2, 1901.	8511	H. T. Smith	General.	6 00	June 23, 1902.	-----
Feb. 2, 1901.	8514	W. J. Kirkpatrick	General.	5 00	June 23, 1902.	-----
Feb. 2, 1901.	8515	J. J. Hillard	General.	4 00	June 23, 1902.	-----
Feb. 2, 1901.	8516	L. M. Sexton	General.	4 00	June 23, 1902.	-----
Feb. 2, 1901.	8520	Mrs. B. J. Eddy	General.	4 00	June 23, 1902.	-----
Feb. 2, 1901.	8523	W. Gaffney	General.	4 00	June 23, 1902.	-----
Feb. 2, 1901.	8526	F. D. Branch	General.	4 00	June 23, 1902.	-----
Feb. 2, 1901.	8529	George Dougherty	General.	3 00	June 23, 1902.	-----
Feb. 2, 1901.	8534	W. S. Reyner	General.	3 00	June 23, 1902.	-----
Feb. 2, 1901.	8535	E. M. Brock	General.	3 00	June 23, 1902.	-----
April 2, 1901.	14040	Pacific Postal Tel. Co.	General.	19 04	June 23, 1902.	-----
April 11, 1901.	14430	George S. McKenzie	General.	7 00	June 23, 1902.	-----
		Total	-----	\$417 24	-----	-----

BONDS

HELD

IN TRUST FOR STATE FUNDS.

TRANSACTIONS IN, AND INTEREST COLLECTIONS THEREON.

The interest when due, and the principal on county bonds when redeemed, are payable at the offices of the several County Treasurers, thereby causing the State much expense in transporting the moneys from the places of payment to the State Treasury. Bonds of counties, in most cases, can only be bought at a premium.

United States bonds are only purchasable at a premium.

On account of these necessary expenditures mentioned above, which are chargeable to the various State funds for which the bonds are held as a benefit, the bonds net a correspondingly lower rate of interest than is indicated.

STATEMENT No. 16.

Showing Transactions in Bonds, and Bonds on Hand, Held by the State Treasurer in Trust for the Benefit of the State School Fund, for the Fifty-second Fiscal Year, being from July 1, 1900, to June 30, 1901, inclusive.

No. of Bonds on Hand.	Class of, and Name of Bonds.	Amount.	Totals.
	State—		
100	State Funded Debt of 1873	\$1,526,500 00	
200	State of California, "San Francisco Depot Bonds," \$1,000 each	100,000 00	
	State of California, "San Francisco Depot Bonds," \$500 each	100,000 00	
			\$1,726,500 00
	County Bonds.		
	County—		
51	Fresno, \$1,000 each	\$51,000 00	
40	Glenn, \$1,000 each	40,000 00	
18	Humboldt, \$1,000 each	18,000 00	
80	Inyo, \$500 each	40,000 00	
235	Kern, \$1,000 each	235,000 00	
32	Kings, \$1,000 each	32,000 00	
77	Los Angeles, \$1,000 each	77,000 00	
100	Los Angeles, \$1,000 each	100,000 00	
208	Los Angeles, \$1,000 each	208,000 00	
8	Los Angeles, \$1,000 each	8,000 00	
478	Lake, \$100 each	47,800 00	
24	Marin, \$500 each	12,000 00	
33	Marin, \$500 each	16,500 00	
142	Marin, \$1,000 each	142,000 00	
54	Mendocino, \$500 each	27,000 00	
36	Mendocino, \$1,000 each	36,000 00	
17	Mendocino, \$500 each	8,500 00	
1	Mendocino, \$500 each	500 00	
166	Merced, \$500 each	83,000 00	
28	Merced, \$200 each	5,600 00	
56	Monterey, \$1,000 each	56,000 00	
10	Placer, \$1,000 each	10,000 00	
8	Placer, \$1,000 each	8,000 00	
10	Mono, \$500 each	5,000 00	
11	San Luis Obispo, \$1,000 each	11,000 00	
16	San Luis Obispo, \$1,000 each	16,000 00	
77	Santa Cruz, \$1,000 each	77,000 00	
30	Santa Clara, \$1,000 each	30,000 00	
23	Santa Clara, \$1,000 each	23,000 00	
52	San Diego, \$1,000 each	52,000 00	
50	San Diego, \$1,000 each	50,000 00	
3	San Diego, \$100 each	300 00	
65	San Diego, \$1,000 each	65,000 00	
12	San Joaquin, \$1,000 each	12,000 00	
32	San Joaquin, \$1,000 each	32,000 00	
25	San Joaquin, \$1,000 each	25,000 00	
47	Shasta, \$1,000 each	47,000 00	
	Forward	\$1,607,200 00	\$1,726,500 00

STATEMENT No. 16—CONTINUED.

No. of Bonds on Hand.	Class of, and Name of Bonds.	Amount.	Totals.
	<i>County Bonds—Continued.</i>		
	Forward	\$1,607,200 00	\$1,726,500 00
	County—		
1	Sacramento, \$1,000 each	1,000 00	
12	Sacramento, \$500 each	6,000 00	
3	Sacramento, \$300 each	900 00	
3	Sacramento, \$200 each	600 00	
80	Sacramento, \$1,000 each	80,000 00	
175	Sacramento, \$1,000 each	175,000 00	
58	Sacramento, \$1,000 each	58,000 00	
21	Trinity, \$500 each	10,500 00	
8	Trinity, \$1,000 each	8,000 00	
5	City and County of San Francisco, Park Im- provement, \$1,000 each	5,000 00	
			2,052,200 00
	Total of bonds, July 1, 1900, for benefit of School Fund		\$3,778,700 00
	<i>Bonds Purchased during 52d Fiscal Year.</i>		
128	Monterey County, \$1,000 each	\$128,000 00	
			128,000 00
	Total		\$3,906,700 00
	<i>Bonds Redeemed during 52d Fiscal Year.</i>		
1	Glenn County, \$1,000 each	\$1,000 00	
33	Los Angeles County, \$1,000 each	33,000 00	
3	San Diego County, \$1,000 each	3,000 00	
3	Monterey County, \$1,000 each	3,000 00	
4	Marin County, \$1,000 each	4,000 00	
24	Marin County, \$500 each	12,000 00	
8	Santa Cruz County, \$1,000 each	8,000 00	
4	Glenn County, \$1,000 each	4,000 00	
1	Mendocino County, \$500 each	500 00	
44	Los Angeles County, \$1,000 each	44,000 00	
8	San Joaquin County, \$1,000 each	8,000 00	
7	Santa Clara County, \$1,000 each	7,000 00	
13	San Diego County, \$1,000 each	13,000 00	
1	Santa Cruz County, \$1,000 each	1,000 00	
53	Monterey County, \$1,000 each	53,000 00	
1	Santa Cruz County, \$1,000 each	1,000 00	
2	Placer County, \$1,000 each	2,000 00	
10	Marin County, \$500 each	5,000 00	
6	Marin County, \$1,000 each	6,000 00	
4	Santa Cruz County, \$1,000 each	4,000 00	
			212,500 00
	Total bonds redeemed, 52d fiscal year		
	Total bonds on hand, June 30, 1901, School Fund		\$3,694,200 00

STATEMENT No. 17.

Showing Transactions in Bonds Held in Trust by the State Treasurer for the Benefit of the State School Fund, during the Fifty-third Fiscal Year, being from July 1, 1901, to June 30, 1902, inclusive.

No of Bonds.	Class of Bonds.	Amount.	Totals.
	Balance of bonds from 52d fiscal year -----	-----	\$3,694,200 00
	<i>Bonds Purchased during 53d Fiscal Year.</i>		
190	Mendocino County, \$500 each -----	\$95,000 00	
	Total purchased, 53d fiscal year -----	-----	95,000 00
	Total bonds -----	-----	\$3,789,200 00
	<i>Bonds Redeemed during 53d Fiscal Year.</i>		
36	Mendocino County, \$1,000 each -----	\$36,000 00	
71	Mendocino County, \$500 each -----	35,500 00	
21	San Diego County, \$1,000 each -----	21,000 00	
78	Los Angeles County, \$1,000 each -----	78,000 00	
23	Marin County, \$500 each -----	11,500 00	
5	Marin County, \$1,000 each -----	5,000 00	
8	Trinity County, \$500 each -----	4,000 00	
2	Placer County, \$1,000 each -----	2,000 00	
13	Santa Cruz County, \$1,000 each -----	13,000 00	
6	Monterey County, \$1,000 each -----	6,000 00	
16	San Luis Obispo County, \$1,000 each -----	16,000 00	
6	San Joaquin County, \$1,000 each -----	6,000 00	
23	Santa Clara County, \$1,000 each -----	23,000 00	
1	Humboldt County, \$1,000 each -----	1,000 00	
4	Glenn County, \$1,000 each -----	4,000 00	
	Total redeemed, 53d fiscal year -----	-----	262,000 00
	Total bonds on hand, June 30, 1902, for the benefit of State School Fund -----	-----	\$3,527,200 00

For a detailed statement of the bonds on hand, June 30, 1902, see Statement No. 18.

STATEMENT

Showing in Detail, Bonds on Hand, June 30, 1902, Held in

No.	Class of Bonds.	Par Value of Each.
State—		
137	State Funded Debt of 1873	\$1,000
1	State Funded Debt of 1873	900,000
1	State Funded Debt of 1873	125,000
1	State Funded Debt of 1873	65,000
1	State Funded Debt of 1873	130,000
1	State Funded Debt of 1873	150,000
1	State Funded Debt of 1873	16,000
1	State Funded Debt of 1873	500
6	State Funded Debt of 1873	500
1	State Funded Debt of 1873	500
100	State of California, "San Francisco Depot Bonds"	1,000
200	State of California, "San Francisco Depot Bonds"	500
Total State Bonds		
County—		
51	Fresno	1,000
31	Glenn	1,000
17	Humboldt	1,000
80	Inyo	500
235	Kern	1,000
32	Kings	1,000
75	Los Angeles	1,000
163	Los Angeles	1,000
478	Lake	100
127	Marin	1,000
166	Merced	500
28	Merced	200
122	Monterey	1,000
14	Placer	1,000
10	Mono	500
190	Mendocino	500
11	San Luis Obispo	1,000
50	Santa Cruz	1,000
23	Santa Clara	1,000
39	San Diego	1,000
47	San Diego	1,000
3	San Diego	100
44	San Diego	1,000
8	San Joaquin	1,000
27	San Joaquin	1,000
20	San Joaquin	1,000
47	Shasta	1,000
1	Sacramento	500
12	Sacramento	300
3	Sacramento	200
3	Sacramento	1,000
80	Sacramento	1,000
175	Sacramento	1,000
58	Sacramento	500
13	Trinity	1,000
8	Trinity	1,000
5	Park Improvement, City and County of San Francisco	1,000
Total County Bonds		
Total State and County Bonds, June 30, 1902, benefit School Fund		

No. 18.

Trust by State Treasurer, for Benefit of State School Fund.

Date of Issue.	Rate of Interest.	Interest Due.	Date of Maturity.	Amount.	Totals.
Jan. 1, 1893	6	Jan. 1—July 1	Matured 1893, not paid.	\$137,000 00	\$1,526,500 00
Jan. 1, 1893	6	Jan. 1—July 1		900,000 00	
Jan. 1, 1893	6	Jan. 1—July 1		125,000 00	
Jan. 1, 1893	6	Jan. 1—July 1		65,000 00	
Jan. 1, 1893	6	Jan. 1—July 1		130,000 00	
Jan. 1, 1893	6	Jan. 1—July 1		150,000 00	
Jan. 1, 1893	6	Jan. 1—July 1		16,000 00	
Jan. 1, 1893	6	Jan. 1—July 1		3,000 00	
Jan. 1, 1893	6	Jan. 1—July 1		500 00	
Jan. 1, 1893	4	Jan. 1—July 1	Jan. 1, 19	\$100,000 00	200,000 00
Jan. 1, 1893	4	Jan. 1—July 1	Jan. 1, 1912	100,000 00	
					\$1,726,500 00
Aug. 12, 1885	6	Jan. 15—July 15	July 15, 1905	\$51,000 00	\$1,800,700 00
June 26, 1893	6	Jan. 1—July 1	July 15, 1913	31,000 00	
July 1, 1893	7	Jan. 1—July 1	July 1, 1913	17,000 00	
Mar. 15, 1890	5	Mar. 15—Sept. 15	Mar. 15, 1910	40,000 00	
Dec. 1, 1898	4½	June 1—Dec. 1	In serials	235,000 00	
Jan. 6, 1896	4	Jan. 1—July 1	Jan. 1, 1906	32,000 00	
Aug. 3, 1889	4½	Jan. 1—July 1	Jan. 1, 1907	75,000 00	
July 1, 1890	5	Jan. 1—July 1	July 1, 1910	163,000 00	
Oct. 7, 1887	5	Apr. 7—Oct. 7	Oct. 7, 1907	47,800 00	
Apr. 1, 1896	4	Jan. 1—July 1	Jan. 1, 1916	127,000 00	
Aug. 1, 1887	4½	Feb. 1—Aug. 1	Aug. 1, 1907	83,000 00	
Aug. 1, 1887	4½	Feb. 1—Aug. 1	Aug. 1, 1907	5,600 00	
Aug. 1, 1888	5	Apr. 1—Oct. 1	Aug. 1, 1908	122,000 00	
Oct. 1, 1894	5	Mar. 20—Sept. 20	In serials	14,000 00	
Feb. 20, 1887	5	Jan. 1—July 1	Mar. 20, 1906	5,000 00	
June 25, 1901	4	Jan. 1—July 1	In serials	95,000 00	
July 1, 1885	6	June 1—Dec. 1	May 4, 1905	11,000 00	
Dec. 1, 1885	4½	Apr. 23—Oct. 23	Dec. 1, 1905	50,000 00	
Oct. 1, 1885	4	Jan. 1—July 1	Oct. 23, 1905	23,000 00	
Jan. 2, 1888	5	Jan. 1—July 1	Jan. 1, 1908	39,000 00	
May 7, 1889	5	Jan. 1—July 1	July 1, 1909	47,000 00	
May 7, 1889	5	Jan. 1—July 1	July 1, 1909	300 00	
July 1, 1886	4½	Jan. 1—July 1	July 1, 1906	44,000 00	
July 1, 1887	4½	Jan. 1—July 1	July 1, 1907	8,000 00	
Mar. 1, 1893	5	Jan. 1—July 1	Jan. 1, 1913	27,000 00	
Aug. 15, 1891	5	Jan. 1—July 1	July 1, 1911	20,000 00	
Feb. 15, 1889	5	Feb. 15—Aug. 15	Feb. 15, 1909	47,000 00	
Jan. 1, 1859	6	1st Monday Jan.	Feb. 1, 1903	1,000 00	
Jan. 1, 1859	6	1st Monday Jan.	Feb. 1, 1903	6,000 00	
Jan. 1, 1859	6	1st Monday Jan.	Feb. 1, 1903	900 00	
Jan. 1, 1859	6	1st Monday Jan.	Feb. 1, 1903	600 00	
Mar. 1, 1888	4	Jan. 1—July 1	Jan. 1, 1908	80,000 00	
Dec. 3, 1892	4½	Jan. 1—July 1	Jan. 1, 1913	175,000 00	
June 26, 1893	4½	Jan. 1—July 1	July 1, 1913	58,000 00	
Sept. 26, 1893	5	Feb. 1—Aug. 1	Aug. 1, 1908	6,500 00	
Sept. 26, 1893	5	Feb. 1—Aug. 1	Aug. 1, 1908	8,000 00	
Apr. 1, 1874	6	Apr. 1—Oct. 1	Apr. 1, 1904	5,000 00	
					\$1,800,700 00
					\$3,527,200 00

STATEMENT No. 19.

Showing Transactions in Bonds, and Bonds on Hand, Held in Trust by the State Treasurer for the University Fund, during the Fifty-second and Fifty-third Fiscal Years, July 1, 1900, to June 30, 1902, inclusive.

Name and Class of Bonds.	Amount.	Totals.	Totals.
State—			
State Funded Debt of 1873, 6%-----	\$751,000 00		
State Bonds -----		\$751,000 00	\$751,000 00
County—			
1 City and County San Francisco, 6%-----	\$1,000 00		
*22 Montgomery Avenue, City and County San Francisco-----	22,000 00		
6 Kern County -----	6,000 00		
County Bonds-----		\$29,000 00	\$29,000 00
Total State and County Bonds, University Fund, July 1, 1900-----			\$780,000 00
<i>Withdrawn during 52d Fiscal Year.</i>			
6 Kern County, delivered to University-----	\$6,000 00	\$6,000 00	\$6,000 00
Total State and County Bonds, June 30, 1902, for the benefit of University Fund-----			\$774,000 00

Detailed List of Bonds on Hand, June 30, 1902, in Trust for University Fund.

State—			
State Funded Debt of 1873, 6%-----	\$751,000 00		\$751,000 00
County—			
1 City and County San Francisco, 6%-----	\$1,000 00		
*22 Montgomery Avenue, San Francisco-----	22,000 00		23,000 00
			\$774,000 00

*No interest has been received on the coupons attached to these bonds since July, 1879.

STATEMENT No. 20.

Showing Bonds on Hand, June 30, 1902, Held in Trust for Other State Funds, as follows:

<i>Owned by "San Francisco Depot Sinking Fund."</i>	
7 United States registered 4% bonds of 1907, \$10,000 each.....	\$70,000 00
140 United States registered 4% bonds of 1925, \$1,000 each.....	140,000 00
5 United States registered 4% bonds of 1925, \$10,000 each.....	50,000 00
Total.....	<u>\$260,000 00</u>
<i>Owned by "Dissolved Savings Bank Fund."</i>	
13 Glenn County 4½% bonds, \$1,000 each	<u>\$13,000 00</u>
<i>In Trust for Benefit of Widow and Minor Heirs, James Saultry, Deceased.</i>	
40 Inyo County 5% bonds, \$500 each	\$20,000 00
NOTE.—Two fifths of the interest collected on the above bonds since March 15, 1899, has been paid into the General Fund, instead of to the heirs of James Saultry, deceased, two minor heirs having become of age.	

STATEMENT

*Showing Amount of Interest Received by State Treasurer on Bonds Held
Fiscal Year—July 1,*

Name of Bond.	Gross Receipts.	* Expenses.
County—		
Fresno	\$3,060 00	\$3 10
Glenn	2,362 50	7 60
Humboldt.....	1,260 00	5 35
Inyo	3,000 00	11 30
Kern	10,785 00	18 50
Kings	1,280 00	2 05
Los Angeles.....	18,146 21	191 30
Lake	2,390 00	6 00
Marin	6,842 93	34 10
Mendocino	3,060 00	6 25
Merced	3,987 00	3 50
Monterey.....	2,894 20	58 90
Placer	850 00	3 05
Mono.....	250 00	-----
San Luis Obispo.....	1,460 00	3 90
Santa Cruz	3,238 85	17 20
Santa Clara	2,120 00	7 35
San Diego	8,055 25	54 25
San Joaquin.....	3,377 50	6 50
Shasta.....	2,350 00	3 50
Sacramento	14,195 00	2 00
Trinity	925 00	4 50
City and County of San Francisco, Park Improvement.....	360 00	60
From county bonds	\$96,249 44	\$450 80
State of California—		
Funded Debt of 1873.....	136,650 00	-----
San Francisco Depot	8,000 00	-----
United States—		
U. S. Registered 4's of 1907	2,800 00	-----
U. S. Registered 4's of 1925	5,600 00	-----
Total interest from bonds, 52d fiscal year	\$249,299 44	\$450 80

* Expenses include charges collecting interest and charges collecting the principal on bonds when redeemed, bonds being redeemable, and interest on bonds being payable, at the respective places where bonds are issued.

No. 21.

in Trust, and the Funds into which it was Paid, during the Fifty-second 1900, to June 30, 1901.

Net Receipts—into what Fund Covered.

School.	School Land.	University.	Dissolved Savings Bank.	Jas. Saultry Relief.	General.	S. F. Depot Sinking.
\$3,056 90						
1,770 90			\$584 00			
1,254 65						
1,992 45				\$597 75	\$398 50	
5,278 25	\$5,278 25	\$210 00				
1,277 95						
17,954 91						
2,384 00						
6,808 83						
2,787 30	266 45					
3,983 50						
2,835 30						
846 95						
250 00						
1,456 10						
3,221 65						
2,112 65						
8,001 00						
3,371 00						
2,346 50						
14,193 00						
920 50						
299 40		60 00				
\$88,403 69	\$5,544 70	\$270 00	\$584 00	\$597 75	\$398 50	
91,590 00		45,060 00				
8,000 00						
						\$2,800 00
						5,600 00
\$187,993 69	\$5,544 70	\$45,330 00	\$584 00	\$597 75	\$398 50	\$8,400 00

SCHOOL LAND FUND.

From interest on bonds	\$5,544 70
From redemption of bonds	212,500 00
Total	\$218,044 70

UNIVERSITY FUND.

From interest on bonds	\$45,330 00
From interest allowed account Perpetual Endowment Fund	4,785 00
Total	\$50,115 00

STATEMENT

*Showing Amount of Interest Received by State Treasurer on Bonds Held in
Year—July 1, 1901,*

Name of Bonds.	Gross Receipts.	* Expenses.
County—		
Fresno	\$3,060 00	\$3 10
Glenn	2,160 00	6 60
Humboldt	1,276 15	8 45
Inyo	3,000 00	10 55
Kern	10,575 00	18 50
Kings	1,280 00	2 40
Los Angeles	14,629 03	185 30
Lake	2,390 00	6 00
Marin	5,680 00	22 20
Mendocino	1,515 00	80 65
Merced	3,987 00	4 00
Monterey	5,120 00	11 10
Placer	750 00	2 90
Mono	250 00	1 25
Mendocino	1,900 00	3 35
San Luis Obispo	1,460 00	31 40
Santa Cruz	2,610 00	15 60
Santa Clara	1,840 00	19 10
San Diego	7,150 00	47 95
San Joaquin	2,985 00	5 20
Shasta	2,350 00	3 50
Sacramento	14,195 00	2 00
Trinity	875 56	18 80
San Francisco, Park Improvement	360 00	60
From county bonds	\$91,397 74	\$510 50
State of California—		
Funded Debt of 1873	136,650 00	-----
San Francisco Depot	8,000 00	-----
United States—		
U. S. Registered 4's of 1907	2,800 00	-----
U. S. Registered 4's of 1925	6,100 00	-----
Total interest from bonds, 53d fiscal year	\$244,947 74	\$510 50

* Expenses include charges collecting interest and charges collecting the principal on bonds when redeemed, bonds being redeemable, and interest on bonds being payable, at the respective places where bonds are issued.

No. 22.

Trust, and the Funds into which it was Paid, during the Fifty-third Fiscal to June 30, 1902.

Net Receipts—into what Fund Covered.

School.	School Land.	University.	Dissolved Savings Bank.	James Saultry Relief.	General.	S. F. Depot Sinking.
\$3,056 90						
1,570 20			\$583 20			
1,267 70						
1,992 95				\$597 90	\$398 60	
	\$10,556 50					
1,277 60						
14,443 73						
2,384 00						
5,657 80						
1,309 55	124 80					
3,983 00						
	5,108 90					
747 10						
248 75						
	1,896 65					
1,098 90	329 70					
2,594 40						
1,820 90						
7,102 05						
2,979 80						
2,346 50						
14,193 00						
856 76						
299 40		\$60 00				
\$71,230 99	\$18,016 55	\$60 00	\$583 20	\$597 90	\$398 60	
91,590 00		45,060 00				
8,000 00						
						\$2,800 00
						6,100 00
\$170,820 99	\$18,016 55	\$45,120 00	\$583 20	\$597 90	\$398 60	\$8,900 00

SCHOOL LAND FUND.

From interest on bonds.....	\$18,016 55
From redemptions	262,000 00
Total	\$280,016 55

UNIVERSITY FUND.

From interest on bonds.....	\$45,120 00
From interest allowed account Perpetual Endowment Fund	4,785 00
Total	\$49,905 00

TRUST DEPOSITS.

Being securities deposited in the State Treasury, through the *Insurance Commissioner*, for the protection of policyholders of certain insurance companies; and securities deposited upon the order of the *State Board of Bank Commissioners*, account of corporations acting as executors and in other capacities.

STATEMENT No. 23.

Deposits with State Treasurer, authorized by State Insurance Commissioner.

Name of Insurance Company Making Deposit.	Kind of Security Deposited.	Amounts.	Total Par Value of Deposits.
Pacific Mutual Life Insurance Co. of California	Notes and mortgages..... Notes and deeds of trust ... Coupon bonds	\$108,000 00 95,000 00 247,000 00	\$450,000 00
British America Assurance Co. of Toronto, Canada	U. S. registered bonds.....		110,000 00
Western Assurance Co. of To- ronto, Canada	U. S. registered bonds.....		110,000 00
The California Mutual Benefit Society	Note and mortgage.....		5,000 00
The Fidelity Mutual Aid Asso- ciation	Certificate of deposit		5,000 00
The Mutual Indemnity Co.....	Coupon bonds		5,000 00
Pacific States Life Assurance Co.	Certificate of deposit		5,000 00
International Indemnity Co.....	Assigned note and mortgage		5,000 00
Ministerial Life Insurance Co. of Los Angeles	Certificates of deposit		5,000 00
Merchants Life Association	U. S. bond.....		1,000 00
Decimal Mutual Life Insurance Co.	Certificate of deposit		10,000 00
Pacific Surety Company of San Francisco	133 coupon bonds.....		100,000 00

STATEMENT No. 24.

Deposits with State Treasurer, authorized by State Board of Bank Commissioners.

Name of Company Making Deposit.	Kind of Security.	Amounts.
California Title Insurance and Trust Company	Mortgages	\$118,401 24
Union Trust Company of San Francisco	Notes and mortgages ..	200,000 00
California Safe Deposit and Trust Company	Notes and mortgages ..	500,000 00
Germania Trust Company	Notes and mortgages ..	107,000 00
Mercantile Trust Company of San Francisco	United States bonds ..	100,000 00
Title Insurance and Trust Company of San Fran..	Coupon bonds	100,000 00

UNITED STATES AID.

The two following statements, Nos. 25 and 26, show the amounts of moneys received by the State of California from the Government of the United States.

STATEMENT No. 25.

Showing, by Months, the Separate Amounts of Money Received by the State Treasurer from the United States Treasurer, as Quarterly Aid from the United States Government, under an Act of Congress of the United States entitled "An Act to Provide Aid to State or Territorial Homes for the Support of Disabled Soldiers and Sailors of the United States," approved August 28, 1888.

Month.	Kind of Receipt.	Amount.	Total.
October, 1900	Draft of United States Treasurer -----	\$10,541 76	
November, 1900	" " " " " -----	15,874 23	
February, 1901	" " " " " -----	17,128 06	
June, 1901	" " " " " -----	1,904 24	
	Total received during 52d fiscal year -----		\$45,448 29
July, 1901	Draft of United States Treasurer -----	\$18,163 48	
October, 1901	" " " " " -----	17,191 25	
December, 1901	" " " " " -----	13,191 60	
January, 1902	" " " " " -----	18,387 20	
April, 1902	" " " " " -----	23,215 70	
	Total received during 53d fiscal year -----		90,149 23
	Total received -----		\$135,597 52

In conformity with the provisions of an Act of the Legislature of the State of California (Statutes 1897), the above receipts from the United States are covered into the State Treasury in like manner as other receipts, and will be found included in the regular statements Nos. 6 and 11, in the fund known as "Fund for Support and Maintenance of the Veterans' Home of California."

STATEMENT No. 26.

Showing Receipts and Disbursements Under Act of Legislature of California, approved March 31, 1891, Expressing Assent of the State of California to the Act of Congress approved August 30, 1890, entitled "An Act to Apply a Portion of the Proceeds of the Public Lands to the More Complete Endowment and Support of the Colleges for the Benefit of Agriculture and the Mechanic Arts, Established Under the Provisions of an Act of Congress, approved July 2, 1862," and to the Purposes of the Grants of Moneys Authorized thereby, and to all the Provisions thereof. (Known also as "The Morrill College Act.")

RECEIPTS.

By State Treasurer, from United States Treasurer, July 1, 1900, to June 30, 1902, inclusive.

Date.	Kind of Receipt.	Purpose.	Amount.	Total.
July 16, 1900	Interior Civil Settlement, Warrant No. 23, Certificate No. 3539, Washington, D. C., July 9, 1900	Annual aid ...	\$25,000 00	\$50,000 00
July 15, 1901	Interior Civil Settlement, Warrant No. 39, Certificate No. 4312, Washington, D. C., July 8, 1901	Annual aid ...	25,000 00	

PAYMENTS.

By State Treasurer, to Treasurer of the University of California, July 1, 1900, to June 30, 1902, inclusive.

Date.	Kind of Payment.	Purpose.	Amount.	Total.
July 16, 1900	Interior Civil Settlement, Warrant No. 23, Certificate No. 3539, Washington, D. C., July 9, 1900	Annual aid ...	\$25,000 00	\$50,000 00
July 15, 1901	Interior Civil Settlement, Warrant No. 39, Certificate No. 4312, Washington, D. C., July 8, 1901	Annual aid ...	25,000 00	

NOTE.—The University of California, having the only established college in this State for the benefit of agriculture and the mechanic arts, receives, through its treasurer, all moneys received by the State of California under the above Act.

TRANSACTIONS

UNDER

“THE SAN FRANCISCO DEPOT ACT.”

APPROVED MARCH 17, 1891.

STATEMENT No. 27.

Showing Condition of the "San Francisco Depot Fund," Created by an Act of the Legislature, approved March 17, 1891, "An Act to provide for the Construction and Furnishing of a General Ferry and Passenger Depot in the City and County of San Francisco."

DR.	CR.
<div>Jan. 7, 1895.</div> <div>Received from sale of bonds:</div> <div>Par value..... \$600,000 00</div> <div>Premium..... 7,125 00</div> <div>Total..... \$607,125 00</div>	<div>June 30, 1900.</div> <div>Total amount expended to date..... \$607,125 00</div>

July 1, 1902. No balance in this fund.

STATEMENT No. 28.

*Showing Transactions in the "San Francisco Depot Sinking Fund" during the Fifty-second and Fifty-third Fiscal Years,
July 1, 1900, to June 30, 1902, inclusive.*

DR.

CR.

Date.	Items.	Amounts.	Date.	Items.	Amounts.
1900. July 1	To amounts brought forward from 51st fiscal year...	\$443,759 00	1900. July 1	By amounts brought forward from 51st fiscal year...	\$421,359 32
1901. June 30	To interest on United States bonds held in trust, belonging to this fund, and received during 52d fiscal year, 4%.....	8,400 00	1901. Jan. 1	By payment of semi-annual interest on San Fran- cisco Depot bonds, per Coupon 15, detached and presented for payment.....	12,000 00
June 30	To twelve monthly transfers from San Francisco Harbor Improvement Fund, as provided by law, at \$4,631 monthly.....	55,572 00	July 1	By payment of semi-annual interest on San Fran- cisco Depot bonds, per Coupon 16, detached and presented for payment.....	12,000 00
1902. June 30	To interest on United States bonds held in trust, belonging to this fund, and received during 53d fiscal year, 4%.....	8,900 00	1902. Jan. 3	By payment of semi-annual interest on San Fran- cisco Depot bonds, per Coupon 17, detached and presented for payment.....	12,000 00
June 30	To twelve monthly transfers from San Francisco Harbor Improvement Fund, as provided by law, at \$4,631 monthly.....	55,572 00	Feb. 21	By payment of semi-annual interest on San Fran- cisco Depot bonds, per Coupon 18, detached and presented for payment.....	12,000 00
				By purchase through National Bank D. O. Mills & Co., of 5 registered U. S. 4% bonds of 1925, issued February 12, 1902, and paid for by Warrant No. 7402, February 21, 1902, for \$69,890. Five bonds, par value..... \$50,000 00 Premium, at 139½..... 19,750 00 Exchange, at \$2 per M..... 140 00	69,890 00
	Total receipts to date, July 1, 1902.....	\$572,203 00		Total payments to date, July 1, 1902.....	\$539,249 32

June 30, 1902—
Balance in fund..... \$32,953 68
Par value of bonds owned by
fund..... 250,000 00
Total par value of fund..... \$282,953 68

CONTINGENT EXPENSES.

STATEMENT No. 29.

Showing Detail of Expenditure of Treasurer's Contingent Fund for Fifty-second Fiscal Year.

1900.				
July	1	By appropriation for 52d fiscal year.....	-----	\$400 00
July	16	To Sunset Telephone and Telegraph Co., July rental.....	\$5 00	
July	16	To J. A. Haskell, cleaning time lock.....	10 00	
July	16	To Postmaster, postage.....	10 00	
July	16	To Postmaster, box rent.....	1 50	
July	16	To Wells, Fargo & Co., Internal Revenue stamps.....	35	
Aug.	6	To Sunset Telephone and Telegraph Co., August rental.....	5 00	
Sept.	4	To Postmaster, postage.....	16 00	
Sept.	14	To Postmaster, postage.....	5 00	
Sept.	14	To F. H. Wing, marking ink.....	25	
Sept.	15	To Sunset Telephone and Telegraph Co., September rental.....	5 00	
Oct.	16	To F. H. Wing, repairs rubber stamp.....	4 75	
Oct.	16	To Postmaster, postage.....	10 00	
Oct.	16	To Postmaster, box rent.....	1 50	
Oct.	16	To John Holler, counterfeit detector.....	3 10	
Oct.	16	To Wells, Fargo & Co., Internal Revenue stamps.....	50	
Oct.	16	To W. F. Purnell, typewriter ribbon.....	75	
Oct.	16	To Mrs. Cuddy, laundry, July and August.....	3 00	
Oct.	18	To Sunset Tel. & Tel. Co., Oct. rental and switching.....	5 45	
Nov.	9	To Sunset Tel. & Tel. Co., Nov. rental.....	5 00	
Dec.	10	To Sunset Tel. & Tel. Co., Dec. rental and switching.....	5 35	
Dec.	10	To Postmaster, postage.....	14 50	
Dec.	10	To Mrs. Cuddy, laundry, September and October.....	3 00	
Dec.	10	To W. F. Purnell, inks.....	1 25	
1901.				
Jan.	2	To Union Ice Co., ice to January 1st.....	26 10	
Jan.	7	To Sunset Telephone and Telegraph Co., January rental.....	5 00	
Jan.	17	To Mrs. Cuddy, laundry, November and December.....	3 00	
Jan.	17	To Postmaster, postage.....	10 00	
Jan.	17	To Treasurer, carriage hire, transportation of coin.....	1 00	
Feb.	6	To Sunset Telephone and Telegraph Co., February rental.....	5 00	
Feb.	6	To Postmaster, postage.....	15 00	
Mar.	7	To Sunset Telephone and Telegraph Co., March rental.....	5 00	
Mar.	7	To Gillenwater, Blue Cañon water to October 1, 1900.....	6 00	
Mar.	7	To Sleeper & Cole, rubber stamps and supplies.....	7 10	
Mar.	7	To Mrs. Cuddy, laundry, January and February.....	3 00	
Mar.	7	To Postmaster, postage.....	10 00	
Mar.	7	To Postmaster, box rent, January quarter.....	1 50	
Mar.	7	To W. F. Purnell, ink.....	50	
Apr.	2	To Postmaster, postage.....	5 00	
Apr.	2	To Postmaster, box rent.....	1 50	
Apr.	2	To Home Directory Co., directory.....	4 00	
Apr.	8	To Sunset Telephone and Telegraph Co., April rental.....	5 00	
May	8	To Postmaster, postage.....	22 00	
May	8	To Mrs. Cuddy, laundry, March and April.....	3 00	
May	8	To W. F. Purnell, pens and thumb tacks.....	1 00	
May	9	To Sunset Telephone and Telegraph Co., May rental.....	5 00	
May	18	To John Breuner Co., repairs on desks.....	9 05	
May	23	To Union Ice Co., ice, four months.....	18 00	
June	7	To Postmaster, postage.....	11 00	
June	7	To John Holler, counterfeit detector.....	3 00	
June	7	To Sunset Telephone and Telegraph Co., June rental.....	5 00	
June	12	To F. W. Judson, traveling expenses.....	12 75	
June	13	To Postmaster, postage.....	15 00	
June	13	To Jones, repairing typewriter.....	5 50	
June	22	To D. A. Moulton, traveling expenses.....	15 80	
June	29	To Kane & Trainor Ice Co., ice, two months.....	9 15	
June	29	To Postmaster, postage.....	21 80	
June	29	To Mrs. Cuddy, laundry, May and June.....	3 00	
June	29	To J. A. Haskell, repairs vault lock.....	10 00	
		Totals.....	\$400 00	\$400 00

STATEMENT No. 30.

*Showing Detail of Expenditure of Treasurer's Contingent Fund for
Fifty-third Fiscal Year.*

1901.			
July	1	By appropriation for 53d fiscal year.....	\$400 00
July	6	To Sunset Telephone and Telegraph Co., July rental.....	\$5 00
Aug.	3	To Western Union Telegraph Co., telegrams.....	80
Aug.	3	To Sunset Tel. & Tel. Co., July switching and August rental.....	5 25
Aug.	10	To Alexander, exchange typewriters, balance.....	55 00
Aug.	10	To Postmaster, box rent.....	1 50
Aug.	10	To W. F. Purnell, pens.....	75
Aug.	14	To H. S. Crocker & Co., San Francisco Directory.....	5 00
Sept.	4	To Sunset Tel. & Tel. Co., September rental and switching.....	5 25
Sept.	16	To Postmaster, postage.....	10 00
Sept.	16	To Mrs. Cuddy, laundry, July and August.....	3 00
Sept.	16	To Whittier, Fuller & Co., paint.....	50
Oct.	3	To Postmaster, postage and box rent.....	11 50
Oct.	3	To L. McCarty, "Statistician".....	3 50
Oct.	3	To Western Union Telegraph Co., telegram.....	25
Oct.	7	To Sunset Telephone and Telegraph Co., October rental.....	5 00
Nov.	7	To Sunset Telephone and Telegraph Co., November rental.....	5 00
Nov.	7	To Western Union Telegraph Co., telegram.....	25
Nov.	7	To Postmaster, postage.....	15 00
Nov.	7	To Mrs. Cuddy, laundry, September and October.....	3 00
Dec.	3	To Sunset Tel. & Tel. Co., December rental and switching.....	5 25
Dec.	6	To Postmaster, postage.....	10 00
Dec.	6	To W. F. Purnell, pens and wax.....	1 25
Dec.	6	To Mrs. Cuddy, laundry, November.....	1 50
Dec.	6	To Western Union Telegraph Co., telegrams.....	50
Dec.	6	To D. A. Moulton, expenses to San Francisco.....	9 65
Dec.	19	To Truman Reeves, traveling expenses.....	21 25
1902.			
Jan.	2	To San Francisco Mint, exchange on silver.....	2 85
Jan.	2	To Ing & Allee, ammonia.....	1 00
Jan.	2	To Postmaster, postage and box rent.....	11 50
Jan.	2	To Kane & Trainor, ice bill.....	21 60
Jan.	8	To Sunset Telephone and Telegraph Co., January rental.....	5 00
Feb.	4	To Sunset Tel. & Tel. Co., February rental and switching.....	5 45
Feb.	4	To H. Megerle, rubber stamp work.....	1 75
Feb.	4	To Mrs. Cuddy, December laundry.....	1 50
Feb.	4	To Western Union Telegraph Co., telegrams.....	45
Feb.	4	To Postmaster, postage.....	10 00
Feb.	4	To Truman Reeves, traveling expenses.....	10 00
Feb.	4	To Sacramento Directory Co., directory.....	4 00
Feb.	4	To W. F. Purnell, memorandum book.....	75
Mar.	6	To Postmaster, postage.....	15 00
Mar.	6	To Mrs. Cuddy, January and February laundry.....	3 00
Mar.	6	To Wells, Fargo & Co., express.....	90
Mar.	6	To Truman Reeves, notary fee.....	50
Mar.	7	To Sunset Telephone and Telegraph Co., March rental.....	5 00
Apr.	7	To Sunset Telephone and Telegraph Co., April rental.....	5 00
Apr.	23	To Postmaster, postage and box rent.....	11 50
Apr.	23	To Mrs. Cuddy, March laundry.....	1 50
Apr.	23	To W. F. Purnell, pens.....	1 00
Apr.	23	To Western Union Telegraph Co., telegrams.....	75
May	10	To Sunset Telephone and Telegraph Co., May rental.....	5 00
June	10	To Sunset Telephone and Telegraph Co., June rental.....	5 00
June	10	To Ing & Allee, ammonia.....	75
June	10	To Postmaster, postage.....	15 00
June	10	To John Holler, counterfeit detector.....	3 05
June	10	To Mrs. Cuddy, April and May laundry.....	3 00
June	10	To W. F. Purnell, pens.....	75
June	26	To Truman Reeves, traveling expenses.....	32 50
June	30	To Postmaster, postage.....	21 50
June	30	To Kane & Trainor Ice Co., ice.....	7 00
June	30	To Mrs. Cuddy, June laundry.....	1 50
Totals.....			\$400 00 \$400 00

I, D. A. Moulton, Deputy Treasurer of State, hereby certify that the foregoing is a true and correct statement, as shown by the records of this office, of the disbursements of the contingent appropriations for this department for the fifty-second and fifty-third fiscal years.

D. A. MOULTON,
Deputy State Treasurer.

Subscribed and sworn to before me, this 1st day of July, 1902.

W. I. FOLEY,
Private Secretary to the Governor

CALIFORNIA.

BIENNIAL REPORT

OF THE

STATE CONTROLLER

FOR THE

FIFTY-SECOND FISCAL YEAR, ENDING JUNE 30, 1901, AND THE FIFTY-
THIRD FISCAL YEAR, ENDING JUNE 30, 1902.

E. P. COLGAN, - - - - State Controller.



SACRAMENTO:

A. J. JOHNSTON, : : : SUPERINTENDENT STATE PRINTING.

1902.



[illegible]

CONTROLLERS OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA.

- J. S. HOUSTON**, elected by Legislature December 22, 1849; took office same day.
- WINSLOW S. PIERCE**, elected September 3, 1851; took office January 5, 1852. Died at Brooklyn, New York, July 29, 1888.
- SAMUEL BELL**, elected September 7, 1853; took office January 2, 1854.
- GEORGE W. WHITMAN**, elected September 5, 1855; took office January 7, 1856. On February 13, 1857, a resolution was passed by the Assembly impeaching Whitman for misdemeanor in office, and on the 24th, articles of impeachment were reported by a committee; the Senate, on March 9th, convened as a high court of impeachment, and on April 21st, Whitman was acquitted; Governor Johnson had, on February 25th, appointed
- EDWARD F. BURTON**, Controller, and he performed the duties of the office until the acquittal of Whitman. Died at Denver, Colorado, May 11, 1891.
- At the election held September 2, 1857,
- JAMES W. MANDEVILLE** was elected Controller, but he did not qualify, having been appointed United States Surveyor-General for California a few days before the election; on January 21, 1858, Governor Weller nominated
- SAMUEL H. BROOKS** for the office, but the Senate refused to confirm, and on the 27th the Governor withdrew the nomination, explaining that it "had been made under a misapprehension of some material facts." On February 4th, the Governor nominated
- AARON R. MELONEY** for the office, and the Senate confirmed. Afterward, on April 26th, because some doubts had been expressed in regard to the regularity of the appointment, the Governor again nominated Meloney, and he was again confirmed. Whitman refused to surrender the office, claiming that he was entitled to hold until his successor should be elected and should qualify, and that as Mandeville had been elected, the Governor had no right to appoint. The matter was taken to the Supreme Court, and a final decision was rendered in Meloney's favor at the July term, 1858. Whitman died in Contra Costa County in 1891.
- A. R. MELONEY**, elected September 1, 1858, to serve out the unexpired term. He died at Lafayette, Contra Costa County, March 1, 1861.
- SAMUEL H. BROOKS**, elected September 7, 1859. Meloney refused to surrender the office, claiming that he was entitled to serve two years from his election. The Supreme Court decided in Brooks's favor at the January term, 1860. Brooks resigned November 20, 1861.
- JAMES S. GILLEN**, appointed by Governor Downey Nov. 20, 1861; took office that day.
- G. R. WARREN**, elected September 4, 1861; took office January 6, 1862.
- GEORGE OULTON**, elected September 2, 1863; took office December 5, 1863.
- ROBERT WATT**, elected September 4, 1867; took office December 7, 1867.
- JAMES J. GREEN**, elected September 6, 1871; took office December 2, 1871. Died in San Francisco, April 13, 1893.
- JAMES W. MANDEVILLE**, elected September 1, 1875; took office December 4, 1875. Died in office February 4, 1876.
- WILLIAM B. C. BROWN**, appointed by Governor Irwin February 6, 1876, and took office the same day. At the next general election, held on November 7, 1876, D. M. Kenfield and Brown were voted for to fill the vacancy, and Kenfield received a majority of about three thousand. Governor Irwin declined to issue a commission to him upon the ground that no proclamation had been issued calling for the election of a Controller. Kenfield applied for a writ of mandate to compel the issuance of the commission, but his petition was dismissed by the Supreme Court at the April term, 1877. Brown died at Sacramento, April 12, 1882.
- D. M. KENFIELD**, elected September 3, 1879; took office January 5, 1880. He died at San Francisco, September 28, 1883.
- JOHN P. DUNN**, elected November 7, 1882; took office January 1, 1883; reelected November 2, 1886; took office January 3, 1887.
- E. P. COLGAN**, elected November 4, 1890; took office January 5, 1891; reelected November 6, 1894; took office January 7, 1895; reelected November 8, 1898; took office January 2, 1899; reelected November 4, 1902.

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REPORT OF STATE CONTROLLER.

CONTROLLER'S DEPARTMENT, STATE OF CALIFORNIA,
SACRAMENTO, December 1, 1902.

To HON. HENRY T. GAGE, *Governor of California*:

SIR: In compliance with law and custom, I have the honor to submit herewith my report of the transactions of this department of the State government for the fifty-second and fifty-third fiscal years, ending June 30, 1901, and June 30, 1902, respectively.

AMOUNT OF MONEY IN STATE TREASURY.

The following comparative exhibits show the Controller's ledger balances in the several funds, the amount of outstanding Controller's warrants, and Treasury balances, the aggregate of which shows the total amount of money in the State Treasury at the close of each fiscal year; also the increase or decrease in the amount of money in the State Treasury at the close of each year as against that of former fiscal years:

ANNUAL STATEMENT

Showing the Condition of the Several Funds at the Close of the Fifty-second Fiscal Year, ending June 30, 1901.

	Balance on Hand.	Warrants Outstanding.	Balance in State Treasury.
General Fund	\$2,407,805 03	\$73,251 99	\$2,481,057 02
School Fund	1,083,335 05		1,083,335 05
Interest and Sinking Fund	16,828 61	70,717 50	87,546 11
State School Land Fund	791,960 02		791,960 02
State School Land Deposit Fund	50,940 00	20 00	50,960 00
San Francisco Harbor Improvement Fund	8,891 30	37,554 44	46,445 74
Mining Bureau Fund	240 47		240 47
State Library Fund	21,792 95		21,792 95
Supreme Court Library Fund	5,611 02	92 97	5,703 99
War Bond Fund	2,972 95		2,972 95
Yosemite Valley Fund	2,518 27	587 97	3,106 24
Adult Blind Fund	2,710 90	2,196 44	4,907 35
Jute Revolving Fund	6,079 25		6,079 25
Estates of Deceased Persons Fund	97,626 47		97,626 47
Railway Tax Fund	4,628 42		4,628 42
Fish Commission Fund	5,161 78	111 50	5,273 28
San Quentin State Prison Fund	171,221 13		171,221 13
Folsom State Prison Fund	27,243 41		27,243 41
Insurance Commissioner's Special Fund	231 27		231 27
Bank Commissioners' Fund	1,900 01		1,900 01
State School Book Fund	7,060 55	7 00	7,067 55
Dissolved Savings Bank Fund	8,371 41		8,371 41
State Printing Fund	8,571 17	73 47	8,644 64
Special Mendocino Insane Asylum Fund	2 23		2 23
San Diego Harbor Improvement Fund	125 38		125 38
San Francisco Depot Sinking Fund	50,371 68	12,000 00	62,371 68
Whittier Reform School Fund	8,527 47	844 86	9,372 33
Building and Loan Ass'n Inspection Fund	5,394 72		5,394 72
Rock-Crusher Revolving Fund	5,000 00		5,000 00
Contingent Fund, Whittier State School	2,022 47	33 70	2,056 17
Contingent Fund, Preston School of Industry	425 01		425 01
Contingent Fund, Deaf, Dumb, and Blind Asy.	3,761 05		3,761 05
Contingent Fund, Stockton State Hospital	16,808 30		16,808 30
Contingent Fund, Napa State Hospital	24,602 14		24,602 14
Contingent Fund, Agnews State Hospital	16,309 49		16,309 49
Contingent Fund, South'n Cal. State Hospital	3,288 99		3,288 99
Contingent Fund, Mendocino State Hospital	2,691 63		2,691 63
Contingent Fund, Home Feeble-Minded Chil.	18,096 14		18,096 14
Contingent Fund, San José State Normal Sch'l	300 05		300 05
Contingent Fund, L. A. State Normal School	529 47		529 47
Contingent Fund, Chico State Normal School	442 42		442 42
Contingent Fund, S. F. State Normal School	82 36		82 36
Fund Support and Maint'ance Veterans' Home	3,190 40		3,190 40
Game Preservation Fund	74 75		74 75
Total amount in State Treasury, exclusive of coupon accounts	\$4,895,747 59	\$197,491 85	\$5,093,239 44
Total amount in several coupon accounts	1,085 00		1,085 00

Recapitulation.

Controller's ledger balance	\$4,895,747 59
Warrants outstanding	197,491 85
Total cash in Treasury, June 30, 1901	\$5,093,239 44
Total in several coupon accounts	1,085 00
Total cash in State Treasury, June 30, 1901	\$5,093,239 44
Total cash in State Treasury, June 30, 1900	5,020,475 29
Increase in State Treasury in 52d fiscal year as against 51st fiscal year	\$72,764 15

ANNUAL STATEMENT

Showing the Condition of the Several Funds at the Close of the Fifty-third Fiscal Year, ending June 30, 1902.

	Balance on Hand.	Warrants Outstanding.	Balance in State Treasury.
General Fund	\$2,059,132 23	\$81,245 14	\$2,140,377 37
School Fund	1,078,691 84		1,078,691 84
Interest and Sinking Fund	6,617 74	70,717 50	77,335 24
State School Land Fund	1,106,477 51		1,106,477 51
State School Land Deposit Fund	53,040 00		53,040 00
San Francisco Harbor Improvement Fund	15,209 63	2,655 60	17,865 23
University Fund	30 00		30 00
State University Fund	71,194 28		71,194 28
Mining Bureau Fund	100 00		100 00
State Library Fund	28,093 98		28,093 98
Supreme Court Library Fund	6,255 44		6,255 44
War Bond Fund	2,837 62		2,837 62
Yosemite Valley Fund	502 62		502 62
Adult Blind Fund	34 19		34 19
Jute Revolving Fund	100,000 00		100,000 00
Estates of Deceased Persons Fund	93,987 34		93,987 34
Railway Tax Fund	7,219 24		7,219 24
Fish Commission Fund	4,835 28		4,835 28
San Quentin State Prison Fund	173,376 92		173,376 92
Folsom State Prison Fund	35,695 96		35,695 96
Insurance Commissioner's Special Fund	380 13		380 13
Bank Commissioners' Fund	123 45	600 00	723 45
State School Book Fund	3,514 97	288 30	3,803 27
Dissolved Savings Bank Fund	31,617 47	9 32	31,626 79
State Printing Fund	2,075 28	177 46	2,252 74
San Diego Harbor Improvement Fund	125 38		125 38
San Francisco Depot Sinking Fund	20,953 68	12,000 00	32,953 68
Whittier Reform School Fund	6,487 03	252 52	6,739 55
Building and Loan Ass'n Inspection Fund	5,219 97		5,219 97
Rock-Crusher Revolving Fund	2,142 71		2,142 71
Bond Fund, Needles School Dis't, S. Ber'no Co.	2,003 75		2,003 75
Contingent Fund, Whittier State School	2,374 34	325 40	2,699 74
Contingent Fund, Preston School of Industry	454 51		454 51
Contingent Fund, Deaf, Dumb, and Blind Asy.	1,486 43		1,486 43
Contingent Fund, Stockton State Hospital	20,750 66		20,750 66
Contingent Fund, Napa State Hospital	27,024 18		27,024 18
Contingent Fund, Agnews State Hospital	17,663 25	309 95	17,973 20
Contingent Fund, South'n Cal. State Hospital	12,600 46		12,600 46
Contingent Fund, Mendocino State Hospital	1,866 07		1,866 07
Contingent Fund, Home Feeble-Minded Chil.	12,120 55		12,120 55
Contingent Fund, San José State Normal Sch'l	337 05		337 05
Contingent Fund, L. A. State Normal School	381 59		381 59
Contingent Fund, Chico State Normal School	327 60		327 60
Contingent Fund, S. D'go State Normal School	17 15		17 15
Contingent Fund, S. F. State Normal School	241 01		241 01
Fund Support and Maintenance Veterans' Home	8,293 28		8,293 28
Game Preservation Fund	1,090 27		1,090 27
Total amount in State Treasury, exclusive of coupon accounts	\$5,025,004 04	\$168,581 19	\$5,193,585 23
Total amount in several coupon accounts	1,085 00		1,085 00

Recapitulation.

Controller's ledger balance	\$5,025,004 04
Warrants outstanding	168,581 19
Total cash in State Treasury, June 30, 1902	\$5,193,585 23
Total in several coupon accounts	\$1,085 00
Total cash in State Treasury, June 30, 1902	\$5,193,585 23
Total cash in State Treasury, June 30, 1901	5,093,239 44
Increase in State Treasury in 53d fiscal year as against 52d fiscal year ..	\$100,345 79

The following statements show the sources of revenue and amount of receipts, the apportionment of receipts to the several funds, and the total disbursements for each of the two fiscal years, details of which will be found in the Appendix:

RECEIPTS.

From What Source.	Fifty-second Fiscal Year.	Fifty-third Fiscal Year.
Property tax.....	\$5,924,157 47	\$5,686,435 22
Poll tax.....	428,907 05	430,186 17
State school lands, 16th and 36th sections—principal.....	142,377 64	142,131 73
State school lands, 16th and 36th sections—interest.....	33,096 97	29,109 00
State school lands, 500,000-acre grant—principal.....	1,280 00	320 00
State school lands, 500,000-acre grant—interest.....	312 75	326 40
Collateral inheritance tax.....	243,586 44	287,053 40
Escheated estates.....	7,973 64	58 83
Tax on possessory claim (Riverside County).....	7 50	7 50
County's portion, board, etc., Whittier State School—Whittier Reform School Fund.....	2,342 75	9,506 38
County's portion, board, etc., Whittier State School—General Fund.....	38,992 30	34,330 05
County's portion, board, etc., Preston School of Industry—General Fund.....	14,562 00	11,111 59
County's portion, board, etc., Home for Feeble-Minded Children—General Fund.....	44,297 50	49,452 50
Costs of foreclosure suits.....	117 70	109 10
Secretary of State, fees of office.....	67,358 15	143,607 80
Secretary of State, sales of Statutes.....	112 50	227 50
Secretary of State, sales of ballot paper.....	4,935 10	2,028 59
Secretary of State, sales of Irrigation Reports.....	5 50	-----
Secretary of State, sales of topographical maps.....	31 00	17 50
Secretary of State, sales of Index to Laws.....	202 50	-----
Surveyor General, fees—General Fund.....	5,748 50	6,476 00
Surveyor-General, fees—School Land Deposit Fund.....	8,860 00	6,400 00
Register of State Land Office, fees.....	3,162 00	2,535 00
Clerk of Supreme Court, fees.....	9,892 70	9,851 15
Insurance Commissioner, collections.....	46,664 13	51,000 26
Superintendent of Public Instruction, sales of State school text-books.....	81,648 63	80,605 66
State Board of Harbor Commissioners, rent of wharves, etc., San Francisco.....	704,668 20	733,340 92
State Board of Harbor Commissioners, rent of wharves, etc., San Diego.....	36 00	-----
Home for Adult Blind, receipts.....	3,978 13	12,444 75
Yosemite Valley Commissioners, rents, privileges, etc.....	5,652 27	4,241 60
Bank Commissioners, collections.....	15,507 55	15,660 84
Superintendent of State Printing, receipts.....	80,050 93	61,732 12
Building and Loan Commissioners, collections.....	7,520 45	7,476 52
Warden of San Quentin—San Quentin Prison Fund.....	97,799 21	159,735 47
Warden of San Quentin—Revolving Jute Fund.....	118,827 87	136,375 60
Fish Commissioners, sales of licenses.....	5,582 50	5,245 00
Fish Commissioners, collections—Fish Commission Fund.....	2,995 84	1,661 25
Fish Commissioners, collections—Game Preservation Fund.....	74 75	2,965 68
Interest on bonds held in trust for School Fund.....	187,993 69	170,820 99
Interest on bonds—University Fund.....	50,115 00	49,905 00
Interest on bonds—General Fund.....	398 50	199 25
Interest on bonds—James Saulty Fund.....	597 75	597 90
Interest on bonds—Dissolved Savings Bank Fund.....	584 00	292 00
Interest on U. S. bonds—S. F. Depot Sinking Fund.....	8,400 00	8,900 00
Accrued interest and premium on bonds—State School Land Fund.....	-----	14,091 10
Redemption of bonds held in trust for School Fund.....	218,044 70	266,124 80
Railroad taxes, State portion.....	239,052 77	235,543 12
Railroad taxes, County portion.....	598,094 57	648,519 30
Folsom Prison, receipts.....	12,056 64	10,368 48
Prison Directors, sales crushed rock—Rock-Crusher Revolving Fund.....	11,857 34	4,251 39
Prison Directors, sales crushed rock—Folsom State Prison Fund.....	4,942 40	-----
Whittier State School, collections.....	1,012 77	1,910 35

RECEIPTS—CONTINUED.

From What Source.	Fifty-second Fiscal Year.	Fifty-third Fiscal Year.
Preston School of Industry, collections.....	\$169 95	\$320 72
San José State Normal School, collections.....	32 70	43 60
Los Angeles State Normal School, collections.....	162 00	345 25
Chico State Normal School, collections.....	1,273 82	1,379 30
San Francisco State Normal School, collections.....	82 36	577 84
San Diego State Normal School, collections.....	-----	17 15
Mendocino State Hospital, collections.....	4,406 14	4,909 30
Southern California State Hospital, collections.....	11,428 69	12,778 75
Agnews State Hospital, collections.....	17,274 25	20,153 69
Stockton State Hospital, collections.....	14,099 79	12,558 55
Napa State Hospital, collections.....	19,602 10	19,887 48
Deaf, Dumb, and Blind Asylum, collections.....	4,754 19	5,610 41
Home for Feeble-Minded Children, collections.....	9,978 80	6,234 61
E. P. Colgan, State Controller, sales pure-wine labels.....	54 50	35 00
State Commission in Lunacy, collections.....	1,682 40	1,929 10
Board of Examiners, collections.....	47 50	42 50
Regents of State University, sales of Geological Reports.....	92 00	-----
Veterans' Home, collections and receipts from U. S. Gov't.....	47,618 76	92,317 20
Trustees State Mining Bureau, sales of furniture.....	35 00	-----
Mendocino Discount Bank, unclaimed deposits.....	595 97	-----
California Paris Exposition Commissioners, balance returned.....	15,097 77	-----
California Savings Bank of San Diego, unclaimed deposits.....	442 41	-----
Superintendent of State Printing, collections.....	-----	132 81
Odd Fellows' Savings Bank, unclaimed deposits.....	-----	20,550 13
Savings Bank of San Diego County, unclaimed deposits.....	-----	4,183 75
Bank of National City, unclaimed deposits.....	-----	18 73
Redemption of bonds, Needles School District, San Bernardino County.....	-----	2,003 75
T. L. Ford, Attorney-General, fine, State vs. Sutter Street Railway Co., etc.....	5,005 25	-----
Money returned by Shasta County.....	75 00	-----
Money returned by Preston School of Industry.....	26 34	-----
Money returned by Senate and Assembly Committees.....	816 00	-----
Money returned by Trustees Chico Normal School.....	-----	100 00
Money returned by Stanislaus County.....	-----	100 00
Money returned by Adjutant-General W. H. Seamans.....	-----	3 25
Money returned by Jno. Lackmann, Sheriff S. F. County.....	-----	5 45
Money returned by Auditing Board, Comm'r Public Works.....	-----	17 00
Canceled warrants.....	19 94	417 24
Total receipts.....	\$9,541,359 88	\$9,772,269 52
<i>Transfer Accounts.</i>		
Transferred from San Francisco Harbor Improvement Fund to San Francisco Depot Sinking Fund.....	\$55,572 00	\$55,572 00
Transferred from Interest and Sinking Fund to General Fund.....	12,462 00	16,823 61
Transferred from General Fund to Fund for Support and Maintenance Veterans' Home of California.....	57,000 00	55,000 00
Transferred from General Fund to State Printing Fund.....	78,000 00	-----
Transferred from Railway Tax Contingent Fund to School Fund.....	41,053 13	-----
Transferred from General Fund to Adult Blind Fund.....	-----	5,684 27
Transferred from Game Preservation Fund to Fish Commission Fund.....	-----	325 25
Total receipts (including transfers).....	\$9,785,447 01	\$9,905,679 65

APPORTIONMENT.

The apportionment of receipts to the different funds was as follows:

	Fifty-second Fiscal Year.	Fifty-third Fiscal Year.
General Fund	\$3,336,854 82	\$3,171,247 28
School Fund	3,492,033 69	3,570,008 45
Interest and Sinking Fund	158,263 61	148,052 74
State School Land Fund	361,820 04	422,550 62
State School Land Deposit Fund	8,860 00	6,400 00
San Francisco Harbor Improvement Fund	704,668 20	763,340 92
University Fund	50,115 00	49,905 00
State University Fund	243,473 65	246,754 55
Mining Bureau Fund		
State Library Fund	35,334 95	30,000 00
Supreme Court Library Fund	1,978 54	1,970 23
War Bond Fund		
Yosemite Valley Fund	5,652 27	4,241 60
Adult Blind Fund	3,978 13	18,129 02
Jute Revolving Fund	118,827 87	136,375 60
Estates of Deceased Persons Fund	7,973 64	58 83
Railway Tax Fund	598,094 57	648,519 30
Railway Tax Contingent Fund		
Fish Commission Fund	8,578 34	7,231 50
San Quentin State Prison Fund	97,799 21	159,735 47
Folsom State Prison Fund	16,999 04	10,368 48
Insurance Commissioner's Special Fund	2,000 00	2,000 00
Bank Commissioners' Fund	15,507 55	15,660 84
State School Book Fund	81,648 63	80,738 47
Dissolved Savings Bank Fund	1,626 97	25,335 81
State Printing Fund	158,050 93	61,732 12
Special Mendocino Insane Asylum Fund		
San Diego Harbor Improvement Fund	36 00	
San Francisco Depot Sinking Fund	63,972 00	64,472 00
Whittier Reform School Fund	2,342 75	9,506 38
Building and Loan Association Inspection Fund	7,520 45	7,476 52
Bond Fund, Needles School District, San Bernardino Co.		2,003 75
Rock-Crusher Revolving Fund	11,857 34	4,251 39
James Saultry Relief Fund	597 75	597 90
Contingent Fund, Whittier State School	1,012 77	1,910 35
Contingent Fund, Preston School of Industry	169 95	320 72
Contingent Fund, Deaf, Dumb, and Blind Asylum	4,754 19	5,610 41
Contingent Fund, Stockton State Hospital	14,099 79	12,558 55
Contingent Fund, Napa State Hospital	19,602 10	19,887 48
Contingent Fund, Agnews State Hospital	17,274 25	20,158 69
Contingent Fund, Southern California State Hospital	11,428 69	12,778 75
Contingent Fund, Mendocino State Hospital	4,406 14	4,909 30
Contingent Fund, Home for Feeble-Minded Children	9,978 80	6,234 61
Contingent Fund, San José State Normal School	32 70	43 60
Contingent Fund, Los Angeles State Normal School	162 00	345 25
Contingent Fund, Chico State Normal School	1,273 82	1,379 30
Contingent Fund, San Diego State Normal School		17 15
Contingent Fund, San Francisco State Normal School	82 36	577 84
Fund for Support and Maintenance Veterans' Home	104,618 76	147,317 20
Game Preservation Fund	74 75	2,965 68
Totals	\$9,785,447 01	\$9,905,679 65

DISBURSEMENTS.

Amount of disbursements from the several funds:

	Fifty-second Fiscal Year.	Fifty-third Fiscal Year.
General Fund.....	\$3,521,677 25	\$3,519,920 08
School Fund.....	3,467,105 88	3,574,651 66
Interest and Sinking Fund.....	153,897 00	158,263 61
State School Land Fund.....	143,499 88	108,033 13
State School Land Deposit Fund.....	4,460 00	4,300 00
San Francisco Harbor Improvement Fund.....	735,760 83	757,022 59
University Fund.....	50,115 00	49,875 00
State University Fund.....	243,564 76	175,560 27
Mining Bureau Fund.....	100 00	140 47
State Library Fund.....	30,147 02	23,698 97
Supreme Court Library Fund.....	1,459 69	1,325 81
War Bond Fund.....		135 33
Yosemite Valley Fund.....	3,503 15	6,257 25
Adult Blind Fund.....	2,196 45	20,805 73
Jute Revolving Fund.....	118,267 82	42,454 85
Estates of Deceased Persons Fund.....	743 78	3,697 96
Railway Tax Fund.....	595,843 05	645,928 48
Railway Tax Contingent Fund.....	41,053 13	
Fish Commission Fund.....	7,166 73	7,558 00
San Quentin State Prison Fund.....	99,623 03	157,579 68
Folsom State Prison Fund.....	1,583 66	1,915 93
Insurance Commissioner's Special Fund.....	2,184 01	1,851 14
Bank Commissioners' Fund.....	16,152 20	17,437 40
State School Book Fund.....	82,400 55	84,284 05
Dissolved Savings Bank Fund.....	6,556 00	2,089 75
State Printing Fund.....	149,619 13	68,228 01
Special Mendocino Insane Asylum Fund.....	1,087 45	2 23
San Diego Harbor Improvement Fund.....		
San Francisco Depot Sinking Fund.....	24,000 00	93,890 00
Whittier Reform School Fund.....	38,046 98	11,546 82
Building and Loan Association Inspection Fund.....	7,063 74	7,651 27
San Francisco Depot Fund.....		
Rock-Crusher Revolving Fund.....	9,625 43	7,108 68
James Saultry Relief Fund.....	597 75	597 90
Contingent Fund, Whittier State School.....	597 35	1,558 48
Contingent Fund, Preston School of Industry.....	203 20	291 22
Contingent Fund, Deaf, Dumb, and Blind Asylum.....	4,644 17	7,885 03
Contingent Fund, Stockton State Hospital.....	8,080 18	8,616 19
Contingent Fund, Napa State Hospital.....	19,726 19	17,465 44
Contingent Fund, Agnews State Hospital.....	15,229 65	18,804 93
Contingent Fund, Southern California State Hospital.....	15,838 51	3,467 28
Contingent Fund, Mendocino State Hospital.....	7,469 42	5,734 86
Contingent Fund, Home for Feeble-Minded Children.....	460 25	12,210 20
Contingent Fund, San José State Normal School.....	62 88	6 60
Contingent Fund, Los Angeles State Normal School.....	251 35	493 13
Contingent Fund, Chico State Normal School.....	1,545 50	1,494 12
Contingent Fund, San Diego State Normal School.....		419 19
Contingent Fund, San Francisco State Normal School.....		142,214 32
Fund for Support and Maintenance Veterans' Home.....	104,746 64	1,950 16
Game Preservation Fund.....		
Totals.....	\$9,731,465 60	\$9,776,423 20

COMPARISON OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES.

From the foregoing exhibits it will be seen that the receipts for the two fiscal years exceed the expenditures to the extent of \$183,237.86, as follows:

Receipts for fifty-second fiscal year	\$9,785,447 01
Receipts for fifty-third fiscal year	9,905,679 65
Total receipts for fifty-second and fifty-third fiscal years	\$19,691,126 66
Disbursements for fifty-second fiscal year	\$9,731,465 60
Disbursements for fifty-third fiscal year	9,776,423 20
Total disbursements for fifty-second and fifty-third fiscal years	\$19,507,888 80
Excess of receipts over expenditures for the two fiscal years	\$183,237 86

NOTE.—Involved in the above expenditures for the fifty-second fiscal year are the following transfers:

Transfer from San Francisco Harbor Improvement Fund to San Francisco Depot Sinking Fund	\$55,572 00
Transfer from Interest and Sinking Fund to General Fund	12,462 00
Transfer from General Fund to Fund Support and Maintenance Veterans' Home	57,000 00
Transfer from General Fund to State Printing Fund	78,000 00
Transfer from Railway Tax Contingent Fund to School Fund	41,053 13
Total transfers for fifty-second fiscal year	\$244,087 13

Transfers for fifty-third fiscal year:

Transfer from San Francisco Harbor Improvement Fund to San Francisco Depot Sinking Fund	\$55,572 00
Transfer from General Fund to Fund Support and Maintenance Veterans' Home	55,000 00
Transfer from Interest and Sinking Fund to General Fund	16,828 61
Transfer from General Fund to Adult Blind Fund	5,684 27
Transfer from Game Preservation Fund to Fish Commission Fund	325 25
Total transfers for fifty-third fiscal year	\$133,410 13

GENERAL FUND.

All moneys received into the State Treasury not specifically appropriated to other funds are credited to the General Fund. Its principal revenue is derived from an ad valorem tax on real and personal property, and from it the ordinary expenses of the State government, other than for school purposes, are paid.

The following statements show the receipts into and disbursements from the General Fund for each of the two fiscal years:

GENERAL FUND—FIFTY-SECOND FISCAL YEAR.

<i>Receipts.</i>	
From property tax	\$2,982,290 89
From property tax on railroads	122,190 43
From interest on Inyo County bonds	398 50
From Clerk of Supreme Court	7,914 16
From Secretary of State	37,309 80
From Insurance Commissioner	44,664 13
From Surveyor-General	5,748 50
From Register State Land Office	3,162 00
From State Commission in Lunacy	1,682 40
From Mining Bureau	35 00
From E. P. Colgan, State Controller	54 50
From State Board of Examiners	47 50
From Attorney-General	5,005 25
From Preston School of Industry	26 34
From California Paris Exhibition Commissioners	15,097 77
From Legislative Committee Presidential Reception	816 00
From counties, care of inmates at Whittier State School	38,992 30
From counties, care of inmates at Home for Feeble-Minded Children	44,297 50
From counties, care of inmates at Preston School of Industry	14,562 00
From canceled warrants	15 35
From possessory claim, Riverside County	7 50
From transfers	12,462 00
From Shasta County	75 00
Total	\$3,336,854 82
Balance at close of fifty-first fiscal year	2,592,627 46
Total	\$5,929,482 28

Disbursements.

Warrants drawn during fifty-second fiscal year	\$3,386,677 25
Transfers	135,000 00
Balance on hand	2,407,805 03
Total	\$5,929,482 28

GENERAL FUND—FIFTY-THIRD FISCAL YEAR.

Receipts.

From property tax	\$2,760,358 74
From property tax on railroads	114,336 58
From Clerk of Supreme Court	7,880 92
From Secretary of State	115,881 39
From Insurance Commissioner	49,000 26
From Surveyor-General	6,476 00
From Register State Land Office	2,535 00
From State Commission in Lunacy	1,929 10
From State Board of Examiners	42 50
From Adjutant-General	3 25
From John Lachmann, Sheriff San Francisco County	5 45
From Auditing Board to Commissioner of Public Works	17 00
From E. P. Colgan, State Controller	35 00
From State Normal School at Chico	100 00
From counties, care of inmates at Whittier State School	34,330 05
From counties, care of inmates at Preston School of Industry	11,111 59
From counties, care of inmates at Home for Feeble-Minded Children	49,452 50
From canceled warrants	417 24
From possessory claim, Riverside County	7 50
From transfers	16,823 61
From interest on Inyo County bonds	398 60
From Stanislaus County	100 00
Total	\$3,171,247 28
Balance at close of fifty-second fiscal year	2,407,805 03
Total	\$5,579,052 31

Disbursements.

Warrants drawn during fifty-third fiscal year	\$3,459,235 81
Transfers	60,684 27
Balance on hand	2,059,132 23
Total	\$5,579,052 31

STATE SCHOOL FUND.

The revenue for the support of common schools arises from property tax, poll tax, and a tax on collateral inheritances; from interest on unpaid principal due from sales of lands granted by the General Government to the State for educational purposes, known as State school lands; from interest on bonds held in trust by the State for the support of common schools, and from the sales of Geological Survey Reports. The money arising from all these sources is known as the State School Fund. The Controller is required by law to report, on the first Monday in January and July of each year, to the Superintendent of Public Instruction, a statement of the securities belonging to the School Fund, of the moneys in the State Treasury subject to apportionment, and the several sources from which they accrued.

The money is apportioned by the Superintendent and paid out on Controller's warrants, issued on presentation of the Superintendent's drafts, in favor of the several County Treasurers.

The amount necessary to be raised for the State School Fund by an ad valorem tax is \$7 for each census child between the ages of five and seventeen years, which census is reported to the Controller by the Superintendent of Public Instruction on or before the 10th day of August of each year.

For the fifty-second fiscal year the tax levy for school purposes was \$2,433,340. The amount actually collected was \$2,556,991.66. From poll tax the receipts were \$428,907.05; from collateral inheritance tax, \$243,586.44; from interest on bonds and on unpaid principal on State school lands, \$221,403.41; and from other sources, \$41,145.13; a total of \$3,492,033.69.

For the fifty-third fiscal year the amount levied was \$2,528,071. The amount collected was \$2,652,475.73; and from other sources the receipts were \$917,532.72; an aggregate for the year of \$3,570,008.45.

The amount apportioned to the several counties in the fifty-second fiscal year was \$3,461,219.69; in the fifty-third fiscal year the amount apportioned was \$3,573,316.56; equal to \$9.68 per child for each year.

The census returns for 1902, made by the County Superintendents and reported to me by the Superintendent of Public Instruction July 3d last, give the aggregate number of school children of the requisite age as 373,999.

The amount necessary to be raised by the tax levy for school purposes for each of the fifty-fifth and fifty-sixth fiscal years is \$2,617,993.

Following is a table showing the amounts expended annually from the State School Fund for the past twenty-three years:

Fiscal year ending June 30, 1880	\$1,516,123 83
Fiscal year ending June 30, 1881	1,797,312 51
Fiscal year ending June 30, 1882	1,882,121 67
Fiscal year ending June 30, 1883	1,883,225 03
Fiscal year ending June 30, 1884	1,869,384 42
Fiscal year ending June 30, 1885	1,839,990 09
Fiscal year ending June 30, 1886	1,894,487 80
Fiscal year ending June 30, 1887	1,982,442 18
Fiscal year ending June 30, 1888	2,180,160 27
Fiscal year ending June 30, 1889	2,552,479 17
Fiscal year ending June 30, 1890	2,655,088 66
Fiscal year ending June 30, 1891	2,615,259 43
Fiscal year ending June 30, 1892	2,339,300 40
Fiscal year ending June 30, 1893	2,844,182 22
Fiscal year ending June 30, 1894	2,389,299 87
Fiscal year ending June 30, 1895	2,794,634 43
Fiscal year ending June 30, 1896	3,037,933 45
Fiscal year ending June 30, 1897	2,961,518 94
Fiscal year ending June 30, 1898	3,073,909 70
Fiscal year ending June 30, 1899	3,114,618 40
Fiscal year ending June 30, 1900	3,497,316 24
Fiscal year ending June 30, 1901	3,461,219 69
Fiscal year ending June 30, 1902	3,573,316 56

The following statements show the receipts into and disbursements from the State School Fund for the two fiscal years covered by this report. Detailed exhibits showing the amounts received from and paid to the several counties are to be found in the Appendix:

STATE SCHOOL FUND—FIFTY-SECOND FISCAL YEAR.

<i>Receipts.</i>	
Balance from fifty-first fiscal year	\$1,058,407 24
Property tax	2,455,932 25
Poll tax	428,907 05
Interest on 500,000-acre grant	312 75
Interest on 16th and 36th sections grant	33,096 97
Interest on bonds	187,993 69
Tax on collateral inheritances	243,586 44
Transfers	41,053 13
Sales of Geological Survey Reports	92 00
Tax on railroads	101,059 41
Total	\$4,550,440 93

Disbursements.

Amount apportioned to County Treasurers	\$3,461,219 69
Restitution of interest, land sold not property of State	5,427 27
Amount annulment certificates of purchase	458 92
Balance subject to next semi-annual apportionment	1,083,335 05
Total	\$4,550,440 93

STATE SCHOOL FUND—FIFTY-THIRD FISCAL YEAR.

<i>Receipts.</i>	
Balance from fifty-second fiscal year	\$1,083,335 05
Property tax	2,546,972 07
Poll tax	430,186 17
Interest on 500,000-acre grant	326 40
Interest on 16th and 36th sections grant	29,109 00
Interest on bonds	170,820 99
Tax on railways	105,503 66
Tax on collateral inheritances	287,053 40
Costs on foreclosure suits	36 76
Total	\$4,653,343 50

Disbursements.

Amount apportioned to County Treasurers	\$3,573,316 56
Restitution of interest, land sold not property of State	1,074 20
Amount annulment certificates of purchase	260 90
Balance subject to next semi-annual apportionment	1,078,691 84
Total	\$4,653,343 50

The interest on the bonds reported in the foregoing statement is the yield from securities held in trust for the State School Fund by the State Treasurer, consisting of bonds of the State of California amounting to \$1,726,500, together with bonds of various counties of this State amounting to \$1,800,700, the whole of which are described as follows:

State Funded Debt Bonds of 1873—6 per cent	\$1,526,500 00
San Francisco Depot Bonds—4 per cent (State bonds)	200,000 00
Fresno County Bonds—6 per cent	51,000 00
Glenn County Bonds—4½ per cent	31,000 00
Humboldt County Bonds—7 per cent	17,000 00
Inyo County Bonds—5 per cent	40,000 00
Kern County Bonds—4½ per cent	235,000 00
Kings County Bonds—4 per cent	32,000 00
Lake County Bonds—5 per cent	47,800 00
Los Angeles County Bonds—5 per cent	163,000 00
Los Angeles County Bonds—4½ per cent	75,000 00
Marin County Bonds—4 per cent	127,000 00
Mendocino County Bonds—4 per cent	95,000 00
Merced County Bonds—4½ per cent	88,600 00
Mono County Bonds—5 per cent	5,000 00
Monterey County Bonds—4 per cent	122,000 00
Placer County Bonds—5 per cent	14,000 00
Sacramento County Bonds—4 per cent	80,000 00
Sacramento County Bonds—6 per cent	8,500 00
Sacramento County Bonds—4½ per cent	233,000 00
San Diego County Bonds—4½ per cent	44,000 00
San Diego County Bonds—5 per cent	86,300 00
San Francisco Park Improvement Bonds—6 per cent	5,000 00
San Joaquin County Bonds—4 per cent	8,000 00
San Joaquin County Bonds—5 per cent	47,000 00
San Luis Obispo County Bonds—6 per cent	11,000 00
Santa Clara County Bonds—4 per cent	23,000 00
Santa Cruz County Bonds—4½ per cent	50,000 00
Shasta County Bonds—5 per cent	47,000 00
Trinity County Bonds—5 per cent	14,500 00

Total securities held in trust for School Fund	\$3,527,200 00
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Since the issuance of the Controller's last biennial report, bonds held in trust for the support of common schools have been redeemed to the amount of \$474,500. During the same time county bonds were purchased to the amount of \$223,000. The decrease of bonds held in trust for the support of common schools is therefore \$251,500.

STATE SCHOOL LAND FUND.

This fund is contributory to the State School Fund, in that it is the recipient of the proceeds from the sales of State school lands, which are invested in bonds, the interest on which is paid into the State School Fund.

The following statement shows the receipts and disbursements during the fifty-second and fifty-third fiscal years:

Receipts.

Balance from fifty-first fiscal year	\$573,639 86
Receipts during fifty-second fiscal year	361,820 04
Receipts during fifty-third fiscal year	422,550 62
Total	\$1,358,010 52

Disbursements.

Warrants issued during fifty-second fiscal year	\$143,499 88
Warrants issued during fifty-third fiscal year	108,033 13
Balance	1,106,477 51
Total	\$1,358,010 52

Again I wish to call attention to the law providing for the investment of moneys for the benefit of the common schools. Section 680 of the Political Code provides "that as often as there is in the State Treasury the sum of ten thousand dollars as the proceeds of the sale of State school lands, the board [State Board of Examiners] must invest the same in the civil funded bonds of this State, or in the bonds of the United States, or in the bonds of the several counties of the State," etc.

The scope of investment is too limited, and should be extended to include bonds of municipalities, school districts, and any securities of good commercial standing.

During the period covered by this report but two purchases of bonds have been made, and there is a net decrease of \$251,500 in the amount of bonds held by the State Treasurer.

The amount of money awaiting investment at this writing (November 1, 1902) is \$973,127.81.

INTEREST AND SINKING FUND.

This fund is intended to meet the interest due on the outstanding Funded Debt Bonds of 1873, held in trust by the State Treasurer for the benefit of the State School Fund and the University Fund, and also the interest due at the rate of six per cent per annum on the sum of \$79,750, belonging to the Endowment Fund of the State University, but by mistake withheld therefrom and appropriated to other State purposes. The amount required annually to meet these payments is \$141,435, which the State Board of Equalization is directed to raise. All moneys remaining in the State Treasury to the credit of this fund on the 15th day of July each year, after the payment of the interest due, the Controller is directed to transfer to the General Fund. Following is a statement of the receipts and disbursements:

Receipts.

Balance from fifty-first fiscal year	\$12,462 00
Receipts during fifty-second fiscal year	158,263 61
Receipts during fifty-third fiscal year	148,052 74
Total	\$318,778 35

Disbursements.

Warrants issued during fifty-second fiscal year.....	\$141,435 00
Warrants issued during fifty-third fiscal year.....	141,435 00
Transfers during fifty-second fiscal year.....	12,462 00
Transfers during fifty-third fiscal year.....	16,828 61
Balance	6,617 74
Total	\$318,778 35

UNIVERSITY FUND.

Into the University Fund is paid the interest on bonds held in trust by the State Treasurer for the benefit of the University. The bonds are purchased with moneys in the Consolidated Perpetual Endowment Fund of the University, controlled exclusively by the Board of Regents.

The amount of bonds on deposit in the State Treasury and held in trust for the support of the University is as follows:

State Funded Debt Bonds of 1873—6 per cent	\$751,000 00
County: San Francisco Montgomery Avenue Bonds—6 per cent	22,000 00
San Francisco Park Improvement Bonds—6 per cent	1,000 00
Total	\$774,000 00

Since the date of the last report of this department, bonds to the amount of \$6,000 have been withdrawn by the Regents of the State University.

STATE UNIVERSITY FUND.

By an Act of the Legislature, approved February 14, 1887, there was levied annually an ad valorem tax of one cent upon each one hundred dollars of value of the taxable property of the State for the support of the University of California. By an Act approved February 27, 1897, an additional tax of one cent was annually levied for the same purpose. The revenue derived from this tax constitutes the State University Fund, and is appropriated to the use and support of the University without reference to fiscal years.

The following table shows the condition of the fund:

Receipts.

Balance from fifty-first fiscal year	\$91 11
Receipts during fifty-second fiscal year	243,473 65
Receipts during fifty-third fiscal year.....	246,754 55
Total	\$490,319 31

Disbursements.

Warrants issued during fifty-second fiscal year.....	\$243,564 76
Warrants issued during fifty-third fiscal year.....	175,560 27
Balance	71,194 28
Total	\$490,319 31

ESTATES OF DECEASED PERSONS FUND.

The recommendation first made in my report of December 15, 1896, relative to the moneys in this fund, I wish to repeat, as follows:

“By an Act approved March 19, 1891, the Legislature authorized and directed the transfer of \$80,000 from the Estates of Deceased Persons Fund to the General Fund, as a loan to said General Fund, without interest. In accordance with the provisions of the law the transfer was made, and the amount has never been returned to the fund to which it belongs. By Section 4, Article IX, of the Constitution, ‘all estates of deceased persons, who may have died without leaving a will or heir, * * * shall be inviolably appropriated to the support of common schools throughout the State.’ I therefore advise and recommend that the incoming Legislature authorize the transfer of \$80,000 from the General Fund to the Estates of Deceased Persons Fund, in repayment of the loan heretofore made, and further authorize and direct the transfer of \$100,000 from the Estates of Deceased Persons Fund to the State School Land Fund, where it may become available for investment in securities, the interest on which is appropriated to the support of our common schools, as provided in the Constitution.”

THE STATE DEBT.

The State debt remains in the same condition as last reported.

Following is a summary of the outstanding bonds:

Series.	Amount.	Rate of Interest.
State Funded Debt Bonds of 1857.....	\$3,500 00	Interest ceased. 6%
State Funded Debt Bonds of 1860.....	500 00	
State Funded Debt Bonds of 1873.....	2,277,500 00	

REBELLION WAR CLAIMS.

In my last biennial report I referred to the claim of this State against the United States, known as the California Rebellion War Claim. This claim represents the amount of money expended by this State during the War of the Rebellion on account of its militia and home guards, \$468,976.54, and on account of volunteers mustered into the service of the Federal Government, \$3,951,915.42, an aggregate of \$4,420,891.96.

The greater portion of the amount expended on account of volunteers was in the way of bounty and extra pay, and interest on the bonds issued to provide necessary funds, and it appears from the rulings of the various Federal officers whose duty it is to pass upon this class of

claims that additional legislation is necessary on the part of Congress before these principal items of California's claim can be allowed and paid.

In the Act of Congress approved February 14, 1902, provision is made for the reopening, examination, and allowance by the Auditor for the War Department of such claims as this of California, not heretofore allowed or disallowed, and if necessary to transmit the same to the Court of Claims for findings of fact or determination of questions of law. Under this provision of law it is hoped that something may be accomplished looking toward the settlement of this claim, and I have already taken up the matter with the Auditor for the War Department by correspondence, and with the assistance of our representatives in Congress I confidently expect ultimate success.

DELINQUENT RAILROAD TAXES.

The delinquent taxes on the Sierra Valleys Railway for the years 1896, 1897, 1898, and 1899 have all been paid since the date of my last report, as more fully appears in the Appendix.

Receiver's certificates bearing interest at the rate of seven per cent per annum have been received for the delinquent taxes for the years 1895, 1896, 1897, 1898, 1899, 1900, and 1901 on the California & Nevada Railroad, and as this property is to be sold at commissioner's sale on November 29, 1902, the outlook is encouraging for the speedy payment of the entire amount of taxes due.

COMMISSIONS FOR COLLECTION OF STATE TAXES.

I noted in my last report that suit had been brought against me, as Controller, to enforce the payment of commissions to county officers for the collection of State taxes, which commissions had been abolished by the Act of the Legislature of February 23, 1893. The action was brought in the name of Yolo County, and upon its determination depended the legality of claims amounting to over a million and a half of dollars. Judgment was rendered on March 19, 1901, in my favor, and the validity of the Act mentioned above upheld.

MUNICIPAL STATISTICS.

Many inquiries reach this office relative to the assessed valuation, bonded indebtedness, and rate of taxation in the several incorporated cities and towns in this State, and in order to present these statistics to the public in an intelligent manner I have endeavored to obtain the necessary information and have compiled it in the form of a statement

published in the Appendix to this report. Unfortunately several cities and towns are missing from the statement, for the reason that I could get no reply to my communications addressed to the officials of the corporations.

ESTIMATE OF EXPENDITURES.

For the fifty-fifth and fifty-sixth fiscal years the General Fund estimate amounts to \$6,559,295; the School Fund, \$5,235,986; and the Interest and Sinking Fund, \$282,870; a total of \$12,078,151, set forth in detail on the pages immediately following.

Respectfully submitted.

E. P. COLGAN,
Controller.

ESTIMATE OF EXPENDITURES

For the Fifty-fifth and Fifty-sixth Fiscal Years, ending June 30, 1904 and 1905.

For What Purpose.	Amount.	Total.
<i>For Legislative Department.</i>		
Per diem and mileage of Lieutenant-Governor and Senators	\$21,500 00	
Per diem and mileage of Assemblymen	42,000 00	
Pay of Officers and Clerks of the Senate	21,000 00	
Pay of Officers and Clerks of the Assembly	23,000 00	
Contingent expenses of the Senate	20,000 00	
Contingent expenses of the Assembly	20,000 00	\$152,500 00
<i>For Judicial Department.</i>		
Salaries of Justices of Supreme Court	\$84,000 00	
State's portion of salaries of Judges of Superior Court	325,500 00	
Salary of Clerk of Supreme Court	6,000 00	
Salary of Chief Deputy Clerk of Supreme Court	4,800 00	
Salaries of Deputy Clerks of Supreme Court	18,000 00	
Salary of Reporter of Decisions of Supreme Court	5,000 00	
Salary of Deputy Reporter of Decisions of Supreme Court	4,800 00	
Salaries of Secretaries of Supreme Court	7,200 00	
Salary of Librarian of Supreme Court Library	3,000 00	
Salaries of Bailiffs and performing the work of Porters of Supreme Court	6,000 00	
Pay of Porter for office of Clerk of Supreme Court	960 00	
Postage and contingent expenses of Supreme Court	250 00	
Postage and contingent expenses of Clerk of Supreme Court	2,200 00	
Expenses of Supreme Court, under Section 47, Code of Civil Procedure	35,800 00	
Salaries of Phonographic Reporters of Supreme Court	10,800 00	514,310 00
<i>For Executive Department.</i>		
Salary of Governor	\$12,000 00	
Salary of Private Secretary to Governor	8,000 00	
Salary of Executive Secretary to Governor	5,200 00	
Salary of Stenographer to Governor	3,200 00	
Pay of Governor's Messenger	2,400 00	
Special contingent expenses (secret service)	10,000 00	
Postage, expressage, telegraphing, traveling, and contingent expenses	4,000 00	44,800 00
<i>For State Board of Examiners.</i>		
Salary of Secretary to Board	\$6,000 00	
Salary of Assistant Secretary to Board	3,600 00	
Salaries of Clerks	11,200 00	
Pay of Porter	960 00	
Postage, expressage, telegraphing, and contingent expenses	500 00	
Traveling expenses	2,000 00	24,260 00
<i>For Secretary of State's Office.</i>		
Salary of Secretary of State	\$6,000 00	
Salary of Deputy Secretary of State	4,800 00	
Salary of Bookkeeper	4,000 00	
Salaries of Clerks	9,600 00	
Salary of Clerk to Janitor	3,200 00	
Salary of Keeper of Archives	4,000 00	
Pay of Porter	960 00	
Postage, expressage, and telegraphing	3,000 00	
Contingent and traveling expenses	500 00	
Salaries of two special Clerks, under Section 422, Political Code, to be expended during the fifty-sixth fiscal year	1,000 00	37,060 00
<i>For Controller's Office.</i>		
Salary of Controller	\$6,000 00	
Salary of Deputy Controller	4,800 00	
Salary of Bookkeeper	4,000 00	
Salary of Expert	4,000 00	
Salaries of Clerks	16,000 00	
Pay of Porter	960 00	
Postage, expressage, and telegraphing	1,600 00	
Contingent and traveling expenses	2,000 00	39,360 00

ESTIMATE OF EXPENDITURES—CONTINUED.

For What Purpose.	Amount.	Total.
<i>For Treasurer's Office.</i>		
Salary of Treasurer	\$6,000 00	
Salary of Deputy Treasurer	4,800 00	
Salary of Bookkeeper	4,000 00	
Salary of Clerk	3,200 00	
Salaries of Watchmen	7,200 00	
Pay of Porter	960 00	
Postage, expressage, telegraphing, contingent, and traveling expenses	800 00	
		\$26,960 00
<i>For Attorney-General's Office.</i>		
Salary of Attorney-General	\$6,000 00	
Salary of Assistant Attorney-General	5,400 00	
Salaries of Deputies Attorney-General	14,400 00	
Salaries of Clerks	6,400 00	
Salary of Stenographer	3,600 00	
Pay of Porter	960 00	
Postage, expressage, telegraphing, and contingent expenses	2,000 00	
Traveling expenses	1,000 00	
Costs and expenses of suits wherein the State is a party in interest	5,000 00	
Office rent of Attorney-General in San Francisco	3,600 00	
		48,360 00
<i>For Surveyor-General's Office.</i>		
Salary of Surveyor-General	\$6,000 00	
Salary of Deputy Surveyor-General	4,800 00	
Salaries of Clerks	12,800 00	
Pay of Porter	960 00	
Postage, expressage, and telegraphing	1,000 00	
Contingent expenses	400 00	
Purchase of, and copying maps and records	3,000 00	
		28,960 00
Traveling expenses of Surveyor-General and Attorney-General when engaged in contests between the State and the United States in relation to land	\$1,000 00	
		1,000 00
<i>For Office of Superintendent of Public Instruction.</i>		
Salary of Superintendent of Public Instruction	\$6,000 00	
Salary of Deputy Superintendent of Public Instruction	4,800 00	
Salary of Clerk	3,200 00	
Salary of Clerk and Stenographer	2,400 00	
Clerical assistance in distributing State school books	4,000 00	
Pay of Porter	960 00	
Postage, expressage, and telegraphing	1,600 00	
Contingent and traveling expenses (including traveling expenses under Section 1532, Political Code)	3,000 00	
		25,960 00
<i>For Military Purposes.</i>		
Salary of Adjutant-General	\$6,000 00	
Salary of Assistant Adjutant-General	4,800 00	
Salary of Clerk and Porter	2,400 00	
Postage, expressage, and telegraphing	1,000 00	
Care of State Armory, cleaning and transportation of arms, traveling and contingent expenses of Adjutant-General	5,000 00	
Target practice and purchase of medals, N. G. C.	16,000 00	
Allowance for Division Headquarters	2,400 00	
Allowance for Brigade Headquarters	6,960 00	
Allowance for Regimental Headquarters and Bands	14,232 00	
Armory rents and other expenses, N. G. C.	208,000 00	
Armory rents, unattached companies, N. G. C.	1,800 00	
Traveling expenses and per diem of officers on detail duty, N. G. C.	6,000 00	
Hospital supplies, N. G. C.	5,000 00	
Furnishing coal and other supplies for, and repairs to training ships, Naval Militia	5,000 00	
Purchase of overcoats, uniforms, and Quartermaster stores, N. G. C.	30,000 00	
Encampment N. G. C.	70,000 00	
		382,592 00

ESTIMATE OF EXPENDITURES—CONTINUED.

For What Purpose.	Amount.	Total.
<i>For State Library.</i>		
Salary of State Librarian	\$6,000 00	
Salaries of Deputies Librarian	7,200 00	\$13,200 00
<i>For State Printing Office.</i>		
Salary of Superintendent of State Printing	\$6,000 00	
Salary of Deputy Superintendent of State Printing	4,800 00	
Postage, expressage, telegraphing, traveling, and contin- gent expense	1,000 00	
For printing, binding, ruling, and all other work performed and materials furnished by the State Printing Office to the following State officers and departments:		
Adjutant-General	3,750 00	
Attorney-General	6,000 00	
Bank Commissioners	2,500 00	
Board of Education	100 00	
Board of Examiners	1,000 00	
Board of Equalization	2,500 00	
Board of Health	1,500 00	
Board of Horticulture	7,500 00	
Board of Pharmacy	150 00	
Building and Loan Commissioners	2,000 00	
Capitol Commissioners	50 00	
Clerk of Supreme Court	5,000 00	
Code Commissioners	3,000 00	
Controller	5,000 00	
Commissioner of Public Works	500 00	
Dairy Bureau	400 00	
Débris Commissioner	50 00	
Dental Examiners	100 00	
Department of Highways	500 00	
Fish Commissioners	1,000 00	
Governor	1,000 00	
Guardian of Marshall Monument	25 00	
Home for Adult Blind	500 00	
Home for Feeble-Minded Children	1,000 00	
Institution for the Deaf, Dumb, and Blind	500 00	
Insurance Commissioner	2,000 00	
Labor Commissioner	1,250 00	
Legislature, Thirty-sixth Session	5,000 00	
Lunacy Commission	5,000 00	
Mineral Cabinet Trustees	35 00	
Mining Bureau Trustees	10,000 00	
Normal School, Chico	1,000 00	
Normal School, Los Angeles	1,500 00	
Normal School, San Diego	1,000 00	
Normal School, San Francisco	750 00	
Normal School, San José	1,500 00	
Pilot Commissioners	50 00	
Preston School of Industry	500 00	
Railroad Commissioners	2,500 00	
Secretary of State	10,000 00	
State Agricultural Society	6,000 00	
State Prison at San Quentin	2,000 00	
State Prison at Folsom	2,000 00	
State University	12,000 00	
Superintendent of Public Instruction	15,000 00	
Superintendent of State Printing	500 00	
Surveyor-General	1,000 00	
Sutter's Fort Trustees	25 00	
Treasurer	750 00	
Veterinarian	100 00	
Whittier State School	500 00	
Yosemite Valley Commissioners	1,000 00	
For printing and material, Blue Book	7,500 00	
For printing and material, Constitutional Amendments	1,200 00	
For lithographing, engraving, half-tone plates, zincotypes, and work of like character	5,000 00	
For insuring State Printing Office and contents	2,600 00	
		156,685 00

ESTIMATE OF EXPENDITURES—CONTINUED.

For What Purpose.	Amount.	Total.
<i>For State Board of Health.</i>		
Salary of Secretary to Board	\$5,000 00	
Salary of Attorney to State and San Francisco Boards of Health	6,000 00	
Traveling and contingent expenses of State Board	3,000 00	\$14,000 00
<i>For Office of Insurance Commissioner.</i>		
Salary of Insurance Commissioner	\$6,000 00	
Salary of Deputy Insurance Commissioner	3,600 00	
Traveling and contingent expenses and attorney's fees of the Insurance Commissioner	1,500 00	11,100 00
<i>For Board of Railroad Commissioners.</i>		
Salaries of Commissioners	\$24,000 00	
Salary of Secretary to Board	4,800 00	
Salary of Bailiff	2,400 00	
Office rent	1,200 00	
Fuel, lights, postage, expressage, and incidental expenses	1,250 00	
Traveling expenses	700 00	
Pay of Stenographer	1,000 00	35,350 00
<i>For State Board of Equalization.</i>		
Salaries of members of the Board	\$24,000 00	
Salary of Clerk	4,800 00	
Pay of Porter	960 00	
Traveling and contingent clerical expenses	10,000 00	
Postage, expressage, telegraphing, and contingent expenses	750 00	40,510 00
<i>For Commissioners for Revision and Reform of the Law.</i>		
Salaries of Commissioners	\$24,000 00	
Salary of Secretary	4,800 00	
Salary of Stenographer	2,400 00	
Postage, expressage, telegraphing, and contingent expenses	500 00	
Pay of Porter	480 00	32,180 00
<i>For Yosemite Valley.</i>		
Salary of Guardian	\$3,000 00	
Traveling expenses of Commissioners	2,500 00	
Care of Yosemite Valley	30,000 00	
Care of Mariposa Big Tree Grove	3,000 00	38,500 00
<i>For Department of Highways.</i>		
Salary of Commissioner	\$6,000 00	
Salary of Secretary	3,000 00	
Salary of Stenographer	2,400 00	
Pay of Porter	960 00	
For traveling and contingent expenses	500 00	12,860 00
<i>For Lake Tahoe Wagon Road.</i>		
Salary of Commissioner	\$1,200 00	
Maintenance of road	8,000 00	9,200 00
<i>For State Mining Bureau.</i>		
Salary of State Mineralogist	\$6,000 00	
Support of Bureau	40,000 00	46,000 00
<i>For Commissioner of Public Works.</i>		
Salary of Commissioner	\$6,000 00	6,000 00
<i>For Débris Commissioner.</i>		
Salary of Commissioner	\$1,200 00	
Salary of Secretary	600 00	1,800 00

ESTIMATE OF EXPENDITURES—CONTINUED.

For What Purpose.	Amount.	Total.
<i>For Hospitals for Insane.</i>		
Support of Stockton State Hospital.....	\$215,000 00	
Salaries of officers and employés of same.....	200,000 00	
Support of Napa State Hospital.....	251,600 00	
Salaries of officers and employés of same.....	193,400 00	
Support of Agnews State Hospital.....	175,000 00	
Salaries of officers and employés of same.....	140,000 00	
Support of Mendocino State Hospital.....	139,830 00	
Salaries of officers and employés of same.....	90,120 00	
Support of Southern California State Hospital.....	190,000 00	
Salaries of officers and employés of same.....	110,000 00	
		\$1,704,950 00
Transportation of insane.....	\$65,000 00	
		65,000 00
<i>For Institution for Deaf, Dumb, and Blind.</i>		
Support.....	\$40,750 00	
Salaries of officers and employés.....	84,000 00	
		124,750 00
<i>For Home for Feeble-Minded Children.</i>		
Support.....	\$180,000 00	
Salaries of officers and employés.....	102,000 00	
		282,000 00
<i>For Home for Adult Blind.</i>		
Support.....	\$28,000 00	
Salaries of officers and employés.....	22,000 00	
		50,000 00
<i>For State Prisons and Reform Schools.</i>		
Support of San Quentin State Prison.....	\$100,000 00	
Salaries of officers and employés of same.....	120,000 00	
Support of Folsom State Prison.....	140,000 00	
Salaries of officers and employés of same.....	105,000 00	
Support of Preston School of Industry.....	55,000 00	
Salaries of officers and employés of same.....	55,000 00	
Support of Whittier State School.....	100,000 00	
Salaries of officers and employés of same.....	100,000 00	
		775,000 00
Transportation of prisoners to State Prisons and children committed to Whittier State School and Preston School of Industry.....	\$60,000 00	
		60,000 00
<i>For State Normal Schools.</i>		
Support, State Normal School at San José.....	\$8,000 00	
Salaries, State Normal School at San José.....	97,000 00	
Care and improvement of grounds, same.....	6,000 00	
Library, museum, and scientific apparatus, same.....	4,000 00	
Support, State Normal School at Los Angeles.....	10,000 00	
Salaries, State Normal School at Los Angeles.....	97,500 00	
Care and improvement of grounds, same.....	3,000 00	
Library, museum, and scientific apparatus, same.....	3,000 00	
Support, State Normal School at Chico.....	6,000 00	
Salaries, State Normal School at Chico.....	60,000 00	
Care and improvement of grounds, same.....	4,000 00	
Library, museum, and scientific apparatus, same.....	3,000 00	
Support, State Normal School at San Diego.....	4,500 00	
Salaries, State Normal School at San Diego.....	60,000 00	
Library, museum, and scientific apparatus, same.....	3,000 00	
Support, State Normal School at San Francisco.....	5,700 00	
Salaries, State Normal School at San Francisco.....	38,000 00	
		412,700 00
<i>For Bureau of Labor Statistics.</i>		
Salary of Commissioner.....	\$6,000 00	
Salary of Deputy Commissioner.....	3,600 00	
Office rent.....	1,200 00	
Salaries of Assistants, traveling and contingent expenses.....	5,000 00	
		15,800 00
<i>For State Board of Horticulture.</i>		
Salary of the Secretary.....	\$4,200 00	
Salary of Clerk to the Secretary.....	1,200 00	
Salary of Clerk of the Publishing and Quarantine Bureau.....	4,200 00	
Use of State Board of Horticulture.....	10,000 00	
		19,600 00

ESTIMATE OF EXPENDITURES—CONTINUED.

For What Purpose.	Amount.	Total.
<i>For Fish Commission.</i>		
Restoration and preservation of game.....	\$15,000 00	
Restoration and preservation of fish	20,000 00	
Support and maintenance of State hatcheries.....	25,000 00	\$60,000 00
<i>For State Dairy Bureau.</i>		
For support of State Dairy Bureau.....	\$10,000 00	10,000 00
<i>For State Veterinarian.</i>		
Salary of State Veterinarian.....	\$4,000 00	
For traveling expenses of same.....	1,000 00	5,000 00
<i>For State Capitol Building and Grounds.</i>		
Pay of employes of State Capitol building and grounds.....	\$55,360 00	
Salaries of Policemen, Capitol grounds.....	7,200 00	
Pay of Elevator Attendant.....	1,800 00	
Repairs to Capitol building and furniture.....	10,000 00	
Purchase of carpets and furniture.....	3,000 00	
Stationery, fuel, lights, and supplies.....	25,000 00	
Water for Capitol building	1,200 00	
Water for Capitol grounds.....	2,400 00	
Lighting Capitol grounds	1,728 00	
Purchase of implements and hose, care and improvements of grounds.....	10,000 00	117,688 00
<i>For Rewards.</i>		
Payment of rewards offered by the Governor....	\$2,500 00	
Payment of rewards offered by the Governor, for illegal voting	500 00	
Payment of rewards for arrest and conviction of highway robbers	2,000 00	
For arresting criminals without the State.....	5,000 00	10,000 00
<i>Miscellaneous.</i>		
Traveling expenses joint board of Normal School Trustees..	\$2,000 00	
Traveling expenses of State Board of Education.....	1,000 00	
Purchase of ballot paper.....	10,000 00	
Official advertising.....	3,000 00	
Payment of interest on \$100,000 to Hastings College of the Law	14,000 00	
Mileage of Presidential Electors	500 00	
Printing pure wine labels	200 00	
Care of State Burial Grounds	200 00	
Salary of Guardian Marshall Monument and Grounds.....	1,200 00	
Aid to State Agricultural Society	30,000 00	
Salary of Guardian of Sutter's Fort.....	1,200 00	
For orphans, half-orphans, etc.....	950,000 00	
Inmates of Veterans' Home.....	90,000 00	1,103,300 00
Total General Fund estimate.....		\$6,559,295 00
School Fund		5,235,986 00
Interest and Sinking Fund.....		282,870 00
Total estimate of the cost of the State government for the fifty-fifth and fifty-sixth fiscal years.....		\$12,078,151 00

DETAILED STATEMENT

Of the manner in which the Appropriations for Postage, Expressage, and Telegraphing in the office of Controller of State were expended for the Fifty-second Fiscal Year, ending June 30, 1901.

1900--July	3--Postage	\$100 00
Aug.	10--Telegraphing	3 89
Sept.	4--Expressage	9 77
	4--Postal cards	5 00
	4--Telegraphing	6 86
	26--Expressage	9 15
Oct.	1--Postage	21 50
	8--Telegraphing	6 15
	8--Expressage	8 05
	16--Postage	20 00
Nov.	9--Expressage	5 35
	9--Telegraphing	7 12
	12--Postage	25 00
Dec.	1--Postage	60 00
	7--Telegraphing	5 51
	7--Expressage	4 06
1901--Jan.	3--Expressage	6 88
	3--Postage	41 00
	5--Telegraphing	14 24
Feb.	12--Expressage	2 95
	12--Postage	37 50
	12--Telegraphing	12 26
Mar.	7--Telegraphing	4 93
	7--Expressage	1 70
	23--Postage	20 00
Apr.	8--Telegraphing	6 95
	8--Expressage	2 70
	13--Postage	100 00
May	13--Expressage	2 05
	13--Telegraphing	16 44
June	13--Expressage	4 28
	13--Telegraphing	15 75
	25--Postage	90 00
Total		\$677 04

The following bills accrued during the fifty-second fiscal year and were paid in the fifty-third fiscal year:

1901--July	1--Expressage	\$8 57
	1--Telegraphing	3 62
Total		\$12 19

For the Fifty-third Fiscal Year, ending June 30, 1902.

1901--Aug.	14--Telegraphing	\$5 70
	14--Expressage	3 48
Sept.	11--Expressage	6 65
	11--Telegraphing	8 67
	17--Postage	100 00
Oct.	5--Telegraphing	6 46
	5--Expressage	3 45
	14--Postage	5 00
Nov.	13--Telegraphing	4 72
	13--Expressage	5 60
Dec.	4--Expressage	2 65
	4--Telegraphing	7 22
	4--Postage	100 30
1902--Jan.	7--Expressage	14 18
	7--Telegraphing	16 71
Feb.	4--Telegraphing	2 80
	4--Expressage	2 20
Mar.	6--Telegraphing	94
	6--Expressage	2 80
	8--Postage	100 00
Apr.	23--Telegraphing	5 91
	23--Expressage	6 25
June	9--Postage	5 00
	9--Expressage	5 60
	9--Telegraphing	19 14
	9--Telegraphing	1 63
	9--Telephone	30 80
Total		\$473 86

The following bills accrued during the fifty-third fiscal year and were paid in the fifty-fourth fiscal year:

1902—July	2—Telephone.....	\$5 00
	12—Expressage.....	5 13
	12—Telegraphing.....	5 86
	Total.....	\$15 99

I, W. W. Douglas, Deputy State Controller, do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true and correct statement, in detail, of the manner in which the appropriations for the Controller's Department were expended, vouchers for all of which are on file in this office.

W. W. DOUGLAS,
Deputy State Controller.

Subscribed and sworn to before me, this 15th day of November, 1902.

J. HOESCH,
Deputy Secretary of State.

DETAILED STATEMENT

Of the manner in which Appropriations for Traveling and Contingent Expenses in the office of Controller of State were expended during the Fifty-second Fiscal Year, ending June 30, 1901.

1900—July	3—Postoffice box rent	\$2 50
	9—Telephone	6 00
	9—Traveling	10 90
	20—Telephone	5 00
	20—Rubber stamps	2 50
Aug.	10—Traveling	104 30
	10—Telephone	12 05
	10—Rubber stamps	1 50
	18—Code citations	17 73
Sept.	12—Repairing water filter, etc.	3 50
	12—Telephone	11 75
	26—Traveling	11 10
	26—Telephone	10 00
Oct.	1—Postoffice box rent	2 50
	8—Telephone	13 90
	23—Traveling	32 75
Nov.	9—Telephone	5 00
	9—Telephone	3 25
	9—Stone jar for filter	6 00
	9—Telephone	14 15
	26—Traveling	25 50
	27—Telephone	5 00
	27—Press clippings	10 00
Dec.	7—Traveling	7 30
	19—Telephone	15 45
1901—Jan.	3—Rubber stamps	3 50
	3—Telephone	5 00
	3—Ice	22 60
	3—California Decisions	6 00
	3—Postoffice box rent	2 50
	3—Traveling	11 25
	18—Telephone	11 95
	18—Washing towels	9 00
	25—Sacramento Directory	4 00
	25—Telephone	5 00
	25—Rubber stamps	9 00
Feb.	12—Telephone	17 05
	26—Traveling	16 60
	26—Telephone	5 00
Mar.	7—Telephone	13 35
	7—Water filter	6 00
	23—Traveling	19 40
	23—Telephone	5 00
Apr.	8—Postoffice box rent	3 85
	8—Telephone	17 65
	23—Telephone	5 00
	23—Traveling	15 45
May	13—Telephone	10 50
	20—Rubber stamps	2 00
	20—Traveling	19 15
	29—Repairing furniture	6 55
	29—Telephone	5 00
June	13—Telephone	11 35
	Total	\$608 33

The following bills accrued during the fifty-second fiscal year and were paid in the fifty-third fiscal year:

1901—July	1—Telephone.....	\$5 00
	1—Washing towels.....	9 00
	1—Press clippings.....	12 00
	1—Code citations.....	2 00
	1—California Decisions.....	6 00
	1—Ice.....	12 35
	15—Telephone.....	22 50
	15—Traveling.....	74 82
Total.....		\$143 67

For the Fifty-third Fiscal Year, ending June 30, 1902.

1901—July	8—Telephone.....	\$6 00
	8—Postoffice box rent.....	2 50
Aug.	7—Traveling.....	22 10
	14—Telephone.....	14 05
Sept.	11—Telephone.....	15 70
Oct.	5—Telephone.....	13 25
	5—Postoffice box rent, rubber stamps.....	22 40
Nov.	13—California Decisions.....	6 00
	13—Telephone.....	17 95
	13—Traveling.....	163 90
	21—Traveling.....	12 25
Dec.	4—Telephone.....	18 90
	4—Repairing water filter.....	2 50
	4—Rubber stamps.....	1 50
	4—Typewriting.....	3 00
	10—Press clippings.....	12 00
	10—Washing towels.....	9 00
	10—Daters.....	5 25
	18—Traveling.....	13 50
1902—Jan.	3—Postoffice box rent.....	2 50
	3—Telephone.....	20 45
	3—Ice.....	18 95
	3—Rubber stamps.....	9 00
	20—Traveling.....	12 55
Feb.	4—Sacramento Directory.....	4 00
	4—Telephone.....	23 95
	4—Repairing typewriter.....	7 50
	4—Traveling.....	10 65
Mar.	6—Telephone.....	18 35
	6—Sundries.....	3 75
	22—Labor, cleaning office.....	5 00
Apr.	23—Telephone.....	21 65
	23—Traveling, etc.....	93 75
June	9—Traveling.....	9 30
Total.....		\$623 10

The following bills accrued during the fifty-third fiscal year and were paid in the fifty-fourth fiscal year:

1902—July	2—California Decisions.....	\$6 00
	2—Rubber stamps.....	2 00
	2—Washing towels.....	9 00
	2—Ice.....	9 30
	7—San Francisco Directory.....	5 00
	12—Press clippings.....	12 00
	12—Telephone.....	10 95
	23—Traveling.....	6 60
Sept.	11—Telephone.....	3 65
Total.....		\$64 50

I, W. W. Douglas, Deputy State Controller, do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true and correct statement, in detail, of the manner in which the appropriations for the Controller's department were expended, vouchers for all of which are on file in this office.

W. W. DOUGLAS,
Deputy State Controller.

Subscribed and sworn to before me, this 15th day of November, 1902.

J. HOESCH,
Deputy Secretary of State.

APPENDIX.

STATEMENT No. 1.

RECEIPTS FOR FIFTY-SECOND FISCAL YEAR.

Statement of Receipts into the State Treasury for the Fifty-second Fiscal Year, ending June 30, 1901.

Counties.	General Fund.	School Fund.	Interest and Sinking Fund.	State University Fund.	Collateral Inheritance Tax.	Estates of Deceased Persons.	Payments Account Home Feeble-Minded Children—General Fund.	Poll Tax.
Alameda	\$212,682 79	\$175,150 53	\$10,842 65	\$16,681 00	\$19,171 51			\$22,251 55
Alpine	628 52	517 60	52 04	49 29				201 65
Amador	10,807 55	8,900 33	550 97	847 65	63 72	\$142 36	\$180 00	3,388 10
Butte	33,007 40	27,182 56	1,682 73	2,588 82	624 59		960 00	5,330 15
Calaveras	13,586 82	11,189 14	692 66	1,065 62	122 74		240 00	4,705 55
Colusa	29,865 59	24,589 31	1,522 19	2,341 84	270 36		300 00	3,610 90
Contra Costa	38,779 54	31,936 08	1,977 00	3,041 53			400 00	5,618 05
Del Norte	4,950 30	4,076 72	252 37	388 26		733 93	120 00	957 10
El Dorado	9,537 57	7,854 47	486 23	748 04	38 48	127 57	540 00	2,343 55
Fresno	68,700 56	56,576 92	3,502 38	5,388 28		168 00	400 00	10,792 45
Glenn	25,290 89	20,827 78	1,289 33	1,983 60	5,355 35			2,136 90
Humboldt	43,322 40	35,677 28	2,208 59	3,397 82	5,401 37	104 05	1,040 00	9,729 43
Inyo	4,257 88	3,506 50	217 07	333 94				1,355 85
Kern	34,637 98	28,566 56	1,768 40	2,720 61	2,485 38		240 00	6,948 70
Kings	17,104 15	14,085 78	871 97	1,341 50			360 00	2,897 25
Lake	7,911 94	6,515 71	403 36	620 54				1,827 60
Lassen	7,801 11	6,424 45	397 70	611 85			240 00	1,631 75
Los Angeles	253,903 49	209,096 99	12,944 09	19,914 00	8,101 34	1,617 28	4,300 00	48,685 95
Madera	13,737 39	11,313 15	700 33	1,077 44			310 00	2,897 55
Marin	28,568 62	23,527 10	1,456 44	2,240 68	2,566 37		480 00	3,267 40
Mariposa	5,672 96	4,671 85	289 21	444 93			130 00	794 00
Mendocino	27,072 46	22,294 97	1,380 16	2,123 33	1,698 48		1,380 00	6,006 45
Merced	31,441 99	25,893 41	1,602 93	2,466 02	1,341 48		440 00	3,641 00
Modoc	7,509 28	6,184 11	382 83	588 96			120 00	1,810 30
Mono	2,784 47	2,293 09	141 95	218 39				681 70
Monterey	41,538 74	34,208 38	2,117 66	3,257 94	741 99			5,326 00
Napa	28,763 46	23,687 55	1,466 37	2,255 96	2,388 46		330 00	4,861 00
Nevada	16,110 97	13,267 85	821 35	1,263 60	8,934 01		450 00	3,770 00
Orange	27,311 99	22,492 23	1,392 38	2,142 11	687 93		240 00	5,784 25

Placer	17,899 23	14,740 53	912 51	1,403 85	294 32	330 00	4,094 14
Plumas	5,605 68	4,616 44	285 78	439 60	---	330 00	1,235 20
Riverside	27,368 53	22,538 79	1,395 26	2,146 54	759 63	210 00	7,738 79
Sacramento	83,473 63	68,742 99	4,255 52	6,546 95	1,200 66	2,050 00	18,646 30
San Benito	14,539 10	11,972 56	741 16	1,140 45	---	---	1,763 25
San Bernardino	34,043 43	28,035 77	1,735 55	2,670 07	314 92	390 00	8,437 70
San Diego	48,489 90	39,932 86	2,472 03	3,803 13	898 48	270 00	8,042 20
San Francisco	1,032,595 65	850,372 88	52,642 13	80,987 89	159,738 74	18,342 50	97,111 45
San Joaquin	76,281 20	62,819 82	3,888 85	5,982 83	179 29	1,520 00	11,962 30
San Luis Obispo	30,116 92	24,802 18	1,535 37	2,362 09	403 75	360 00	5,084 05
San Mateo	35,887 67	29,504 27	1,826 46	2,809 93	118 75	---	1,980 50
Santa Barbara	31,201 23	25,680 13	1,590 64	2,447 16	7,237 63	910 00	4,727 25
Santa Clara	130,392 31	107,381 91	6,647 45	10,226 84	221 58	3,425 00	15,826 45
Santa Cruz	26,355 41	21,704 46	1,343 60	2,067 08	520 64	670 00	6,363 87
Shasta	20,739 75	17,079 79	1,057 32	1,626 65	---	---	7,458 58
Sierra	3,822 33	3,147 81	194 86	299 78	1,087 26	---	1,357 49
Siskiyou	19,141 93	15,763 94	975 86	1,501 32	---	120 00	4,258 00
Solano	42,808 45	35,254 02	2,182 39	3,357 53	4,153 60	490 00	6,219 45
Sonoma	61,008 85	50,242 58	3,110 24	4,785 01	2,623 11	---	12,110 10
Stanislaus	27,705 31	22,816 13	1,412 43	2,172 96	443 77	240 00	3,857 14
Sutter	15,180 19	12,501 33	773 89	1,190 61	---	220 00	1,703 40
Tehama	25,328 12	20,858 45	1,291 24	1,986 52	---	---	3,030 10
Trinity	3,742 22	3,081 83	190 78	293 52	---	---	1,554 30
Tulare	35,851 13	29,524 45	1,827 70	2,811 86	61 46	240 00	4,834 76
Tuolumne	14,417 10	11,872 91	734 99	1,130 76	395 72	---	5,039 20
Ventura	18,524 34	15,255 34	944 38	1,452 88	1,126 60	---	4,858 50
Yolo	39,387 09	32,436 43	2,007 97	3,089 19	361 00	680 00	3,719 20
Yuba	13,045 38	10,743 25	665 05	1,023 17	1,331 97	---	2,550 85
Totals	\$2,982,290 89	\$2,455,932 25	\$152,034 75	\$233,899 58	\$243,586 44	\$44,297 50	\$428,907 05

STATEMENT No. 1—Continued.

Counties.	State School Lands, 16th and 36th Sections. Principal.	State School Lands, 16th and 36th Sections. Interest.	State School Lands, 500,000-Acre Grant. Principal.	State School Lands, 500,000-Acre Grant. Interest.	Costs of Foreclosure Suits.	Payments Account Whittier State School. General Fund.	Payments Account Preston School of Industry. General Fund.	Total from Counties.
Alameda.....	\$80 00	\$46 60	-----	-----	-----	\$1,972 90	\$3,122 49	\$462,002 02
Alpine.....	102 00	354 48	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	1,895 58
Amador.....	120 00	74 80	-----	-----	-----	108 40	-----	25,483 88
Butte.....	894 21	240 77	-----	-----	-----	253 55	232 96	72,997 74
Calaveras.....	1,001 85	231 45	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	32,895 83
Colusa.....	362 32	123 89	-----	-----	-----	396 00	60 13	63,442 53
Contra Costa.....	9 02	1 30	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	81,762 52
Del Norte.....	800 00	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	12,278 68
El Dorado.....	3,171 25	1,921 28	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	26,768 44
Fresno.....	6,777 91	2,132 07	-----	-----	-----	401 55	58 66	154,898 78
Glenn.....	80 00	329 46	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	57,293 31
Humboldt.....	4,111 38	586 23	-----	119 60	-----	-----	682 00	107,400 16
Inyo.....	4,717 59	1,218 85	960 00	-----	-----	-----	-----	15,607 68
Kern.....	17,784 64	4,397 50	-----	-----	-----	67 75	215 97	99,883 49
Kings.....	889 24	228 96	-----	-----	-----	399 00	-----	38,177 85
Lake.....	457 15	327 46	-----	-----	-----	123 80	-----	18,187 56
Lassen.....	3,998 98	971 68	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	22,077 52
Los Angeles.....	4,160 00	482 62	-----	-----	-----	12,553 85	2,811 96	578,931 57
Madera.....	2,020 00	352 63	-----	-----	-----	13 10	123 83	32,545 42
Marin.....	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	62,106 61
Mariposa.....	800 00	80 30	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	12,883 25
Mendocino.....	2,667 71	924 06	-----	-----	\$98 70	-----	136 96	65,783 28
Merced.....	1,352 12	681 41	-----	-----	-----	88 35	187 00	69,135 74
Modoc.....	9,971 73	477 63	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	27,044 84
Mono.....	1,273 51	1,043 74	-----	-----	-----	63 05	-----	8,499 90
Monterey.....	4,256 55	1,649 48	-----	-----	-----	124 70	191 59	93,413 03
Napa.....	600 67	67 26	-----	-----	-----	396 00	250 00	65,066 73
Nevada.....	500 00	111 00	-----	-----	-----	335 95	85 07	45,650 40

Orange	80 00					528 75		60 87	60,659 64
Placer	477 53	84 05							40,297 03
Plumas	2,801 94	212 37							15,527 07
Riverside	1,468 34	327 46				1,288 30			65,241 64
Sacramento		408 00				652 70		775 87	186,812 62
San Benito	2,440 73	1,140 40							34,521 55
San Bernardino	3,995 92	1,499 04							81,991 25
San Diego	6,714 61	2,106 47			19 00	1,235 10		337 93	114,321 71
San Francisco						9,988 90		1,725 53	2,304,586 17
San Joaquin		207 95			144 00			417 35	165,986 00
San Luis Obispo	3,876 74	1,598 86				204 00		101 75	70,505 71
San Mateo									72,127 58
Santa Barbara	7,204 04	888 74				1,905 60			84,187 49
Santa Clara	646 39	392 46				2,845 00		397 18	278,402 57
Santa Cruz	160 00	227 68				581 80		355 31	60,349 85
Shasta	4,545 96	403 37							52,911 42
Sierra	1,058 76	39 20							11,007 49
Siskiyou	18,396 44	798 53		320 00	26 75				61,302 77
Solano		11 20							95,184 69
Sonoma	107 44	54 40			22 40	132 00			134,566 85
Stanislaus	1,472 59	1,088 85						48 40	61,292 23
Sutter						132 00		120 26	31,821 68
Tehama	1,010 94	59 81				27 50			53,582 68
Trinity	520 00	55 66							9,438 31
Tulare	6,900 00	1,180 25				88 20		907 16	84,226 97
Tuolumne	588 39	415 72						77 00	34,691 79
Ventura	3,676 01	386 79				759 55			46,984 39
Yolo	870 00	48 66				396 00			83,102 51
Yuba	405 03	44 11							29,808 81
Totals	\$142,377 64	\$33,096 97	\$1,280 00	\$312 75	\$117 70	\$38,992 30	\$14,562 00		\$6,779,661 46

STATEMENT No. 1—Continued.

Sources.	Amount.	Total.
Total from counties brought forward.....		\$6,779,661 46
<i>From Other Sources.</i>		
Railroad taxes, State portion.....	\$239,052 77	
Railroad taxes, County portion.....	593,094 57	837,147 34
Interest on bonds held in trust for School Fund.....	\$187,993 69	
Interest on bonds, University Fund.....	50,115 00	
Interest on bonds, General Fund.....	398 50	
Interest on bonds, James Saultry Fund.....	597 75	
Interest on bonds, Dissolved Savings Bank Fund.....	584 00	
Interest on U. S. bonds, San Francisco Depot Sinking Fund.....	8,400 00	
Redemption of bonds held in trust for School Fund.....	218,044 70	
County's portion, board, etc., Whittier State School—Whittier Reform School Fund.....	2,342 75	468,476 39
From Secretary of State, fees of office.....	\$67,358 15	
From Secretary of State, sales of Statutes.....	112 50	
From Secretary of State, sales of ballot paper.....	4,935 10	
From Secretary of State, sales of Irrigation Reports.....	5 50	
From Secretary of State, sales of topographical maps.....	31 00	
From Secretary of State, sales of Index to Laws.....	202 50	72,644 75
From Surveyor-General, fees—General Fund.....	\$5,748 50	
From Surveyor-General, fees—School Land Deposit Fund.....	8,860 00	14,608 50
From Register of State Land Office, fees.....	\$3,162 00	
From Clerk of Supreme Court, fees.....	9,892 70	
From Insurance Commissioner, collections.....	46,664 13	
From Superintendent of Public Instruction, sales of State school text-books.....	81,648 63	
From Harbor Commissioners, rent of wharves, etc., San Francisco.....	704,668 20	
From Harbor Commissioners, rent of wharves, etc., San Diego.....	36 00	
From Home for Adult Blind, receipts.....	3,978 13	
From Yosemite Valley Commissioners, receipts.....	5,652 27	
From Bank Commissioners, collections.....	15,507 55	
From Building and Loan Commissioners, collections.....	7,520 45	
From Superintendent of State Printing, receipts.....	80,050 93	958,780 99
From receipts San Quentin Prison—San Quentin Prison Fund.....	\$97,799 21	
From receipts San Quentin Prison—Revolving Jute Fund.....	118,827 87	216,627 08
From Fish Commissioners, sales of licenses.....	\$5,582 50	
From Fish Commissioners, collections—Fish Commission Fund.....	2,995 84	
From Fish Commissioners, collections—Game Preservation Fund.....	74 75	8,653 09
From Folsom Prison, receipts.....	\$12,056 64	
From Prison Directors, sales of crushed rock—Rock-Crusher Revolving Fund.....	11,857 34	
From Prison Directors, sales of crushed rock—Folsom State Prison Fund.....	4,942 40	28,856 38
From Whittier State School, collections.....	\$1,012 77	
From Preston School of Industry, collections.....	169 95	
From San José State Normal School, collections.....	32 70	
From Los Angeles State Normal School, collections.....	162 00	
From Chico State Normal School, collections.....	1,273 82	
From San Francisco State Normal School, collections.....	82 36	
From Stockton State Hospital, collections.....	14,099 79	
From Mendocino State Hospital, collections.....	4,406 14	
From Southern California State Hospital, collections.....	11,428 69	
From Agnews State Hospital, collections.....	17,274 25	
From Napa State Hospital, collections.....	19,602 10	
From Deaf, Dumb, and Blind Asylum, collections.....	4,754 19	
From Home for Feeble-Minded Children, collections.....	9,978 80	
From E. P. Colgan, State Controller, sales pure-wine labels.....	54 50	

STATEMENT No. 1—Continued.

Sources.	Amount.	Total.
From State Commission in Lunacy, collections	\$1,682 40	
From State Board of Examiners, collections	47 50	
From Regents of State University, sales of Geological Reports	92 00	
From Veterans' Home, collections and receipts from U. S. Government	47,618 76	
From Trustees of State Mining Bureau, sales of furniture	35 00	
From Mendocino Discount Bank, unclaimed deposits	595 97	
From California Paris Exposition Commissioners, balance returned	15,097 77	
From California Savings Bank of San Diego, unclaimed deposits	442 41	
From T. L. Ford, Attorney-General, fines, State vs. Sutter Street Railway Co.	5,005 25	
From Riverside County, tax on possessory claim	7 50	
From Shasta County, money returned	75 00	
From Preston School of Industry, money returned	26 34	
From Senate and Assembly Committee	816 00	
		\$155,883 96
Total actual receipts		\$9,541,339 94
From canceled warrants		19 94
Transferred from San Francisco Harbor Improvement Fund to San Francisco Depot Sinking Fund	\$55,572 00	
Transferred from Interest and Sinking Fund to General Fund	12,462 00	
Transferred from General Fund to Fund for Support and Maintenance Veterans' Home of California	57,000 00	
Transferred from General Fund to State Printing Fund	78,000 00	
Transferred from Railway Tax Contingent Fund to School Fund	41,053 13	
		244,087 13
Total receipts		\$9,785,447 01

STATEMENT NO. 2.

RECEIPTS FOR THE FIFTY-THIRD FISCAL YEAR.

Statement of Receipts into the State Treasury for the Fifty-third Fiscal Year, ending June 30, 1902.

Counties.	General Fund.	School Fund.	Interest and Sinking Fund.	State University Fund.	Collateral Inheritance Tax.	Costs of Foreclosure Suits.	Payments Account Whittier State School—Whittier Reform School Fund.	Poll Tax.
Alameda	\$200,002 72	\$184,540 77	\$10,300 57	\$17,167 61	\$23,633 84	-----	\$110 00	\$24,491 30
Alpine	711 74	656 74	36 65	61 09	-----	-----	-----	259 70
Amador	10,144 85	9,361 12	522 48	870 80	1,591 25	-----	-----	4,130 40
Butte	29,883 87	27,575 23	1,539 08	2,565 13	-----	-----	-----	5,748 85
Calaveras	12,310 20	11,359 19	634 00	1,056 66	-----	-----	-----	4,615 90
Colusa	26,395 00	24,355 89	1,359 40	2,265 67	3,625 18	-----	-----	2,252 80
Contra Costa	36,503 80	32,683 76	1,880 03	3,133 37	2,084 27	-----	-----	6,057 45
Del Norte	4,675 36	4,314 17	240 79	401 32	-----	-----	-----	898 75
El Dorado	8,568 01	7,906 10	441 28	735 45	7,206 48	-----	-----	2,189 46
Fresno	66,419 47	61,288 35	3,420 74	5,701 25	-----	-----	31 40	13,668 35
Glenn	22,107 17	20,399 31	1,138 56	1,897 61	499 05	-----	-----	1,885 30
Humboldt	42,187 88	38,925 96	2,172 61	3,621 01	1,541 76	-----	-----	11,484 05
Inyo	4,231 49	3,904 58	217 93	363 22	-----	-----	-----	1,067 85
Kern	43,909 69	40,514 53	2,261 44	3,769 07	528 06	-----	-----	8,806 40
Kings	16,538 54	15,261 24	851 79	1,419 65	-----	-----	-----	3,109 95
Lake	7,525 11	6,943 77	387 56	645 93	-----	-----	-----	1,709 15
Lassen	7,384 84	6,810 15	380 39	633 97	-----	-----	-----	1,634 25
Los Angeles	240,175 48	221,621 15	12,369 55	20,615 91	17,287 84	-----	1,278 50	47,396 68
Madera	13,106 16	12,093 67	674 99	1,124 99	319 77	-----	-----	2,550 60
Marin	26,269 51	24,240 11	1,352 94	2,254 90	5,128 68	-----	-----	3,183 25
Mariposa	4,274 65	3,942 58	220 05	366 76	-----	-----	-----	1,514 50
Mendocino	24,633 26	22,730 26	1,268 66	2,114 44	355 30	-----	-----	6,725 75
Merced	28,268 85	26,084 97	1,455 91	2,426 51	22,788 29	-----	-----	3,006 45
Modoc	7,062 48	6,516 88	363 74	606 21	-----	-----	-----	1,475 30
Mono	2,394 94	2,209 92	123 34	205 57	-----	-----	-----	735 25

Monterey	39,000 51	35,987 60	2,008 62	3,347 68	199 60	4,533 75
Napa	26,365 50	24,328 68	1,357 88	2,263 14	2,287 47	4,921 50
Nevada	14,867 17	13,718 63	765 70	1,276 15	28 50	3,641 40
Orange	24,289 18	22,412 76	1,250 95	2,084 91	28 50	5,968 95
Placer	17,187 79	15,860 99	885 21	1,475 35	---	3,827 52
Plumas	5,485 88	5,002 07	282 53	470 89	---	1,351 10
Riverside	25,427 01	23,443 49	1,309 54	2,182 58	249 20	6,265 55
Sacramento	77,148 31	71,188 36	3,973 31	6,622 17	31,927 56	19,577 20
San Benito	13,906 54	12,832 21	716 22	1,193 69	339 51	2,327 25
San Bernardino	33,770 50	31,161 60	1,739 25	2,898 76	2,530 28	7,034 15
San Diego	43,286 58	39,942 56	2,229 35	3,715 58	5,795 68	9,107 95
San Francisco	933,495 80	861,350 23	45,077 04	80,128 39	128,358 13	91,833 15
San Joaquin	69,713 91	64,328 30	3,590 41	5,984 03	1,113 41	11,647 02
San Luis Obispo	26,961 09	24,878 26	1,388 55	2,314 26	204 25	5,085 95
San Mateo	33,417 40	30,855 81	1,721 07	2,868 44	4,345 07	2,602 70
Santa Barbara	30,876 60	28,491 28	1,590 21	2,650 35	1,313 67	4,904 60
Santa Clara	118,639 11	109,473 86	6,110 17	10,183 62	8,471 34	15,441 05
Santa Cruz	24,768 91	22,855 44	1,275 65	2,126 09	73 48	5,279 91
Shasta	19,435 55	17,934 08	1,000 97	1,668 28	503 22	8,520 94
Sierra	3,316 51	3,000 30	170 81	284 09	---	1,514 31
Siskiyou	17,733 64	16,264 46	913 31	1,522 19	---	5,029 30
Solano	39,233 07	36,202 19	2,020 59	3,367 64	3,353 03	5,847 20
Sonoma	56,763 65	52,378 47	2,923 45	4,872 41	5,261 08	11,940 40
Stanislaus	25,171 06	23,226 52	1,296 34	1,660 60	839 18	3,921 45
Sutter	13,648 18	12,593 82	702 90	1,171 52	554 23	1,737 40
Tehama	23,322 49	21,530 75	1,201 16	2,001 92	645 26	3,103 15
Trinity	3,500 05	3,229 65	180 26	300 43	563 92	1,446 18
Tulare	33,218 62	30,652 36	1,710 83	2,851 38	265 50	5,721 40
Tuolumne	14,826 71	13,675 76	763 30	1,272 16	46 89	3,547 05
Ventura	19,087 10	17,612 56	983 03	1,638 37	---	5,569 95
Yolo	35,036 34	32,329 67	1,804 46	3,007 40	---	3,910 90
Yuba	11,778 91	10,868 95	606 63	1,011 06	1,235 67	2,498 15
Totals	\$2,760,358 74	\$2,546,972 07	\$142,164 18	\$236,940 23	\$287,053 40	\$430,186 17

STATEMENT No. 2—Continued.

Counties.	State School Lands, 16th and 36th Sections—Principal.	State School Lands, 16th and 36th Sections—Interest.	State School Lands, 500,000-Acre Grant—Principal.	State School Lands, 500,000-Acre Grant—Interest.	Payments Account Whittier State School—General Fund.	Payments Account Preston School of Industry—General Fund.	Payments Account Home for Feeble-Minded Children—General Fund.	Total from Counties.
Alameda	\$80 00	\$54 88			\$1,914 00	\$2,636 02		\$464,921 71
Alpine	388 30	331 25			110 35		\$480 00	2,425 47
Amador	196 51	299 20			65 70	298 82		27,696 96
Butte	2,627 98	174 17					840 00	71,318 83
Calaveras	322 46	58 30					240 00	30,596 71
Colusa	580 00	148 31				369 65	360 00	61,711 90
Contra Costa	177 13						410 00	83,929 81
Del Norte	2,850 00	44 80		\$32 00			30 00	13,417 19
El Dorado	9,487 79	881 74					600 00	38,016 31
Fresno	5,774 68	1,815 38			615 50	980 07	580 00	160,295 19
Glenn	220 00	175 26						48,322 26
Humboldt	2,316 75	289 21				314 20	960 00	103,813 43
Inyo	1,306 94	1,306 94						12,070 50
Kern	8,307 13	2,132 45			132 00	246 40	170 00	110,777 17
Kings	320 00	111 63			500 30		360 00	38,473 10
Lake	1,066 40	439 62					110 00	18,827 54
Lassen	24,920 20	678 25					240 00	42,682 05
Los Angeles	2,528 67	828 29			13,685 20	1,843 23	4,280 00	583,910 50
Madera	2,130 00	277 13				132 00	360 00	32,769 31
Marin					17 30		570 00	63,016 69
Mariposa	30 00	51 70					120 00	10,520 24
Mendocino	5,210 53	1,115 48				128 33	250 00	64,532 01
Merced	1,130 00	621 88			132 00	59 76	360 00	86,334 62
Modoc	7,901 65	715 66					140 00	24,781 92
Mono	1,140 54	1,882 71						8,692 27
Monterey	1,939 91	1,900 90			132 00	132 00		89,182 57
Napa	110 00	12 13			283 40		560 00	62,489 70
Nevada	300 00	193 20			482 65	132 00	580 00	35,985 40
Orange					364 80		240 00	56,640 05
Placer	932 91	72 78				72 22	330 00	40,644 77

Plumas	7,089 54	174 66				1,609 75			240 00	20,156 67
Riverside	1,690 00	407 41				354 80	644 24		120 00	62,704 53
Sacramento		8 00				57 30			1,260 00	212,693 95
San Benito	3,676 89	2,061 08				688 50				37,110 69
San Bernardino	3,720 00	1,335 37							550 00	85,812 51
San Diego	10,696 06	2,262 41				369 20	89 83		360 00	117,785 20
San Francisco						5,052 45	888 78		22,632 50	2,179,657 95
San Joaquin	20 00	440 95			\$320 00	16 25	212 66		1,460 00	139,118 94
San Luis Obispo	1,954 50	996 20				264 00			460 00	64,507 06
San Mateo	40 00	293 20							30 00	76,153 69
Santa Barbara	3,187 73	453 51				1,156 60			790 00	75,414 55
Santa Clara	1,122 22	406 04				3,436 50	171 94		3,220 00	276,675 85
Santa Cruz	20 00	85 40				533 60	277 56		990 00	58,286 04
Shasta	5,130 86	589 47								54,783 37
Sierra	800 00	16 80								9,163 42
Siskiyou	5,802 84	469 46				165 20			300 00	48,200 40
Solano		2 80					562 46		560 00	91,148 98
Sonoma	1,108 58	48 20		22 40		132 00	563 20			136,013 84
Stanislaus	740 00	294 71					63 41		270 00	57,983 27
Sutter						143 00	143 00		130 00	30,824 05
Tehama	7,754 91	228 66				132 00			1,110 00	61,020 30
Trinity	250 00	175 82								9,646 31
Tulare	1,490 00	731 42				137 60	474 46		350 00	77,603 57
Tuolumne	1,164 94	446 02					55 00			35,791 83
Ventura	552 49	408 09				762 05				46,643 64
Yolo	70 00	137 67				514 40			640 00	77,450 84
Yuba	92 14	22 40								28,113 91
Totals	\$142,131 73	\$29,109 00	\$320 00	\$326 40	\$34,330 05		\$11,111 59	\$49,452 50		\$6,680,171 54

STATEMENT No. 2—Continued.

Sources.	Amount.	Total.
Total from counties brought forward		\$6,680,171 54
<i>From Other Sources.</i>		
Railroad taxes, State portion	\$235,543 12	
Railroad taxes, County portion	648,519 30	884,062 42
Escheated estates	\$58 83	
Tax on possessory claim (Riverside County)	7 50	
Interest on bonds held in trust for School Fund	170,820 99	
Interest on bonds, University Fund	49,905 00	
Interest on bonds, General Fund	199 25	
Interest on bonds, James Saultry Fund	597 90	
Interest on bonds, Dissolved Savings Bank Fund	292 00	
Interest on U. S. bonds, San Francisco Depot Sinking Fund	8,900 00	
Accrued interest and premium on bonds, State School Land Fund	14,091 10	
Redemption of bonds held in trust for School Fund	266,124 80	510,997 37
From Secretary of State, fees of office	\$143,607 80	
From Secretary of State, sales of Statutes	227 50	
From Secretary of State, sales of ballot paper	2,028 59	
From Secretary of State, sales of topographical maps	17 50	145,881 39
From Surveyor-General, fees—General Fund	\$6,476 00	
From Surveyor-General, fees—School Land Deposit Fund	6,400 00	12,876 00
From Register of State Land Office, fees	\$2,535 00	
From Clerk of Supreme Court, fees	9,851 15	
From Insurance Commissioner, collections	51,000 26	
From Superintendent of Public Instruction, sales of State school text-books	80,605 66	
From Harbor Commissioners, rent of wharves, etc., San Francisco	763,340 92	
From Home for Adult Blind, receipts	12,444 75	
From Yosemite Valley Commissioners, receipts	4,241 60	
From Bank Commissioners, collections	15,660 84	
From Building and Loan Commissioners, collections	7,476 52	
From Superintendent of State Printing, receipts	61,732 12	
From receipts San Quentin Prison—State Prison Fund	159,735 47	
From receipts San Quentin Prison—Jute Revolving Fund	136,375 60	1,304,999 89
From Fish Commissioners, sales of licenses	\$5,245 00	
From Fish Commissioners, collections—Fish Commission Fund	1,661 25	
From Fish Commissioners, collections—Game Preservation Fund	2,965 68	9,871 93
From Folsom Prison, receipts	\$10,368 48	
From Prison Directors, sales crushed rock—Rock-Crusher Revolving Fund	4,251 39	14,619 87
From Whittier State School, collections	\$1,910 35	
From Preston School of Industry, collections	320 72	
From San José State Normal School, collections	43 60	
From Los Angeles State Normal School, collections	345 25	
From Chico State Normal School, collections	1,379 30	
From San Francisco State Normal School, collections	577 84	
From San Diego State Normal School, collections	17 15	
From Mendocino State Hospital, collections	4,909 30	
From Southern California State Hospital, collections	12,778 75	
From Agnews State Hospital, collections	20,158 69	
From Stockton State Hospital, collections	12,558 55	
From Napa State Hospital, collections	19,887 48	
From Deaf, Dumb, and Blind Asylum, collections	5,610 41	
From Home for Feeble-Minded Children, collections	6,234 61	
From E. P. Colgan, State Controller, sales of pure-wine labels	35 00	
From State Commission in Lunacy, collections	1,929 10	
From Board of Examiners, collections	42 50	
From Veterans' Home, collections and receipts from U. S. Government	92,317 20	
From Superintendent of State Printing	132 81	

STATEMENT No. 2—Continued.

Sources.	Amount.	Total.
From Odd Fellows' Savings Bank, unclaimed deposits.....	\$20,550 13	
From Savings Bank of San Diego County, unclaimed deposits.....	4,183 75	
From Bank of National City, unclaimed deposits.....	18 73	
From Needles School District, redemption of bonds, etc....	2,003 75	
From Trustees of Chico Normal School, money returned...	100 00	
From Stanislaus County, money returned.....	100 00	
From Adjutant-General W. H. Seamans, money returned...	3 25	
From John Lachmann, Sheriff of San Francisco, money returned.....	5 45	
From Auditing Board of Public Works, money returned.....	17 00	
		\$208,170 67
Total actual receipts.....		\$9,772,269 52
From canceled warrants.....	\$417 24	
Transferred from San Francisco Harbor Improvement Fund to San Francisco Depot Sinking Fund.....	55,572 00	
Transferred from Interest and Sinking Fund to General Fund.....	16,828 61	
Transferred from General Fund to Fund for Support and Maintenance Veterans' Home of California.....	55,000 00	
Transferred from General Fund to Adult Blind Fund.....	5,684 27	
Transferred from Game Preservation Fund to Fish Commission Fund.....	325 25	
		133,410 13
Total receipts.....		\$9,905,679 65

STATEMENT NO. 3.

EXPENDITURES FOR THE FIFTY-SECOND FISCAL YEAR.

Statement of the Amount of Each Appropriation, the Amount Expended, and the Total Expended during the Fiscal Year ending June 30, 1901.

Date of Act.	Appropriation.	Unexpended Balance.	Appropriation 52d Fiscal Year.	Amount Expended during 52d Fiscal Year.	Amount Unexpended during 52d Fiscal Year.	Total Amount Expended during 52d Fiscal Year.
<i>Legislative Department.</i>						
Mar. 17, 1899	Per diem and mileage Lieutenant-Governor and Senators	-----	\$21,500 00	\$21,305 60	\$194 40	
Mar. 17, 1899	Pay of Officers and Clerks of the Senate	-----	21,000 00	20,053 50	946 50	
Mar. 17, 1899	Contingent expenses of the Senate	-----	11,000 00			
Feb. 5, 1901	Contingent expenses of the Senate	-----	20,000 00	35,996 00	4 00	
Mar. 8, 1901	Contingent expenses of the Senate	-----	5,000 00			
Mar. 17, 1899	Per diem and mileage of Assemblymen	-----	42,000 00	41,070 60	929 40	
Mar. 17, 1899	Pay of Officers and Clerks of the Assembly	-----	28,500 00	28,038 50	461 50	
Mar. 17, 1899	Contingent expenses of the Assembly	-----	15,000 00			
Feb. 8, 1901	Contingent expenses of the Assembly	-----	20,000 00	47,247 39	252 61	
Feb. 28, 1901	Contingent expenses of the Assembly	-----	12,500 00			
Mar. 17, 1899	Legislative printing, Thirty-fourth Session	-----	2,500 00	4,521 89	111 11	\$198,233 48
Mar. 17, 1899	Legislative printing, Thirty-fourth Session	\$2,133 00				
<i>Judicial Department.</i>						
Mar. 17, 1899	State's portion of salaries of Judges of Superior Courts	-----	\$159,250 00	\$156,555 50	\$2,694 50	
Mar. 17, 1899	Salaries of Justices of Supreme Court	-----	42,000 00	42,000 00		
Mar. 17, 1899	Salary of Chief of Supreme Court	-----	3,000 00	3,000 00		
Mar. 20, 1899	Salary of Chief Deputy Clerk of Supreme Court	-----		2,400 00		
Mar. 17, 1899	Salaries of Deputy Clerks of Supreme Court	-----	10,800 00	9,000 00	1,800 00	
Mar. 17, 1899	Salary of Reporter of Decisions, Supreme Court	-----	2,500 00	2,500 00		
Mar. 17, 1899	Salary of Deputy Reporter of Decisions, Supreme Court	-----	2,400 00	2,400 00		
Mar. 17, 1899	Salaries of Secretaries, Supreme Court	-----	3,600 00	3,886 65		
Mar. 17, 1899	Salary of Photographic Reporter, Supreme Court	-----	5,400 00	5,380 00	20 00	
Mar. 17, 1899	Salaries of Bailiffs, Supreme Court	-----	3,000 00	3,000 00		
Mar. 17, 1899	Salaries of Librarian, Supreme Court	-----	1,500 00	1,500 00		
Mar. 17, 1899	Pay of Porter, Clerk of Supreme Court	-----	480 00	480 00		
Mar. 17, 1899	Salaries of Supreme Court Commissioners and Secretary	\$34,733 35		32,400 00	2,333 35	
Mar. 17, 1899	Postage and contingent expenses, Supreme Court	5 75	125 00	83 15	47 60	
Mar. 17, 1899	Postage and contingent expenses, Supreme Court	38 35		32 60	5 75	
Mar. 17, 1899	Postage and contingent expenses, Clerk of Supreme Court	-----	1,100 00	1,062 05	48 08	
Mar. 17, 1899	Postage and contingent expenses, Clerk of Supreme Court	10 13				

STATEMENT No. 3—Continued.

Date of Act.	Appropriation.	Unexpended Balance.	Appropriation 52d Fiscal Year.	Amount Expended during 52d Fiscal Year.	Amount Unexpended during 52d Fiscal Year.	Total Amount Expended during 52d Fiscal Year.
<i>Secretary of State—Continued.</i>						
Mar. 17, 1899	Salary of Bookkeeper, Secretary of State	-----	\$2,000 00	\$2,000 00	-----	-----
Mar. 17, 1899	Salary of Keeper of Archives	-----	2,000 00	2,000 00	-----	-----
Mar. 17, 1899	Salaries of Clerks, Secretary of State	-----	4,800 00	4,800 00	-----	-----
Mar. 20, 1899	Salary of Janitor's Clerk	-----	-----	1,000 00	-----	-----
Mar. 17, 1899	Salaries of Special Clerks (Sec. 422, P. C.)	-----	1,000 00	1,000 00	-----	-----
Mar. 17, 1899	Additional Clerks, Secretary of State	-----	-----	533 40	-----	-----
Mar. 17, 1899	Pay of Porter, Secretary of State	-----	480 00	480 00	-----	-----
Mar. 17, 1899	Postage, expressage, etc., Secretary of State	-----	1,500 00	1,195 64	\$304 36	-----
Mar. 17, 1899	Postage, expressage, etc., Secretary of State	\$306 26	-----	119 46	186 80	-----
Mar. 17, 1899	Contingent and traveling expenses, Secretary of State	-----	250 00	222 70	27 30	-----
Mar. 17, 1899	Printing, binding, etc., Secretary of State	-----	4,500 00	5,209 65	290 35	-----
Feb. 26, 1901	Printing, binding, etc., Secretary of State	-----	1,000 00	134 75	227 05	-----
Mar. 17, 1899	Printing, binding, etc., Constitutional Amendments	362 40	-----	1,200 00	-----	-----
	<i>State Controller.</i>	-----	-----	-----	-----	\$25,895 60
Mar. 17, 1899	Salary of Controller	-----	\$3,000 00	\$3,000 00	-----	-----
Mar. 17, 1899	Salary of Deputy Controller	-----	2,400 00	2,400 00	-----	-----
Mar. 17, 1899	Salary of Bookkeeper, Controller	-----	2,000 00	2,000 00	-----	-----
Mar. 20, 1899	Salary of Expert, Controller	-----	-----	8,000 00	\$2,000 00	-----
Mar. 17, 1899	Salaries of Clerks, Controller	-----	10,000 00	-----	-----	-----
Mar. 17, 1899	Pay of Porter, Controller	-----	480 00	480 00	-----	-----
Mar. 17, 1899	Postage, expressage, etc., Controller	-----	600 00	677 04	12 19	-----
Mar. 17, 1899	Postage, expressage, etc., Controller	\$89 23	-----	-----	89 23	-----
Mar. 17, 1899	Postage, expressage, etc., Controller	114 15	-----	24 92	141 67	-----
Mar. 17, 1899	Contingent and traveling expenses, Controller	-----	750 00	608 33	2 10	-----
Mar. 17, 1899	Contingent and traveling expenses, Controller	86 60	-----	84 50	-----	-----
Mar. 17, 1899	Printing, binding, etc., Controller	-----	1,750 00	2,434 25	65 75	-----
Feb. 26, 1901	Printing, binding, etc., Controller	-----	750 00	-----	-----	-----
Mar. 17, 1899	Printing, binding, etc., Controller	93 15	-----	80 25	12 90	-----
	<i>State Treasurer.</i>	-----	-----	-----	-----	21,789 29
Mar. 17, 1899	Salary of Treasurer	-----	\$3,000 00	\$3,000 00	-----	-----
Mar. 17, 1899	Salary of Deputy Treasurer	-----	2,400 00	2,400 00	-----	-----
Mar. 17, 1899	Salary of Bookkeeper, Treasurer	-----	2,000 00	2,000 00	-----	-----

Mar. 17, 1899	Salary of Clerk, Treasurer	1,600 00	1,600 00	1,600 00	
Mar. 17, 1899	Salaries of Watchmen, Treasurer	3,600 00	3,600 00	3,600 00	
Mar. 17, 1899	Pay of Porter, Treasurer	480 00	480 00	480 00	\$43 95
Mar. 17, 1899	Postage, expressage, etc., Treasurer	356 05	356 05	356 05	
Mar. 17, 1899	Postage, expressage, etc., Treasurer	55 65	55 65	55 65	
Mar. 17, 1899	Printing, binding, etc., Treasurer	546 75	546 75	546 75	53 25
Feb. 26, 1901	Printing, binding, etc., Treasurer	12 30	12 30	12 30	
Mar. 17, 1899	Printing, binding, etc., Treasurer				
<i>Attorney-General.</i>					
Mar. 17, 1899	Salary of Attorney-General	\$3,000 00	\$3,000 00	\$3,000 00	
Mar. 17, 1899	Salary of Assistant Attorney-General	2,700 00	2,700 00	2,700 00	
Mar. 17, 1899	Salaries of Deputies Attorney-General	7,200 00	7,200 00	7,200 00	
Mar. 17, 1899	Salary of Stenographer, Attorney-General	1,800 00	1,800 00	1,800 00	
Mar. 17, 1899	Salaries of Clerks, Attorney-General	3,200 00	3,200 00	3,200 00	
Mar. 17, 1899	Pay of Porter, Attorney-General	480 00	480 00	480 00	
Mar. 17, 1899	Postage, expressage, etc., Attorney-General	900 00	900 00	900 00	
Mar. 17, 1899	Postage, expressage, etc., Attorney-General	315 55	315 55	315 55	\$115 19
Mar. 25, 1901	Postage, expressage, etc., Attorney-General				29
Mar. 17, 1899	Postage, expressage, etc., Attorney-General	351 75	351 75	351 75	
Feb. 14, 1901	Deficiency postage, etc., Attorney-General, fiftieth fiscal year	500 00	487 35	487 35	12 65
Mar. 17, 1899	Traveling expenses, Attorney-General	2,000 00	1,726 09	1,726 09	273 91
Mar. 17, 1899	Costs and expenses of suits, etc.		4 06	4 06	
Mar. 17, 1899	Costs and expenses of suits, etc.	1,200 00	1,200 00	1,200 00	100 00
Mar. 17, 1899	Office rent, Attorney-General, San Francisco	200 00	200 00	200 00	
Mar. 17, 1899	Office rent, Attorney-General, San Francisco	390 06	323 15	323 15	66 91
Mar. 17, 1899	To provide office of Attorney-General with law books				
Mar. 16, 1895	Printing, binding, etc., Attorney-General	2,000 00	3,140 40	3,140 40	59 60
Mar. 17, 1899	Printing, binding, etc., Attorney-General	1,200 00	1,200 00	1,200 00	
Feb. 26, 1901	Printing, binding, etc., Attorney-General	28 05	28 05	28 05	
Mar. 17, 1899	Printing, binding, etc., Attorney-General				
<i>Surveyor-General.</i>					
Mar. 17, 1899	Salary of Surveyor-General	\$3,000 00	\$3,000 00	\$3,000 00	
Mar. 17, 1899	Salary of Deputy Surveyor-General	2,400 00	2,400 00	2,400 00	
Mar. 17, 1899	Salaries of Clerks, Surveyor-General	6,400 00	6,400 00	6,400 00	
Mar. 17, 1899	Pay of Porter, Surveyor-General	480 00	480 00	480 00	
Mar. 17, 1899	Postage, expressage, etc., Surveyor-General	500 00	473 59	473 59	\$16 41
Mar. 17, 1899	Postage, expressage, etc., Surveyor-General		3 70	3 70	73 02
Mar. 17, 1899	Contingent expenses, Surveyor-General	200 00	158 06	158 06	41 94
Mar. 17, 1899	Contingent expenses, Surveyor-General	16 87	12 85	12 85	4 02
Mar. 17, 1899	Purchase and copying of maps	1,500 00	1,375 00	1,375 00	125 00
Mar. 17, 1899	Purchase and copying of maps	125 00	125 00	125 00	

14,050 75

26,908 93

STATEMENT No. 3—Continued.

Date of Act.	Appropriation.	Unexpended Balance.	Appropriation 52d Fiscal Year.	Amount Expended during 52d Fiscal Year.	Total Amount Expended during 52d Fiscal Year.
Surveyor-General—Continued.					
Mar. 17, 1899	Traveling expenses, Surveyor-General and Att'y-General in land suits		\$500 00	\$163 00	\$337 00
Mar. 17, 1899	Traveling expenses, Surveyor-General and Att'y-General in land suits	\$500 00		174 00	326 00
Mar. 17, 1899	Printing, binding, etc., Surveyor-General		350 00	609 00	91 00
Feb. 26, 1901	Printing, binding, etc., Surveyor-General		350 00		
Superintendent of Public Instruction.					
Mar. 17, 1899	Salary of Superintendent of Public Instruction		\$3,000 00	\$3,000 00	
Mar. 17, 1899	Salary of Deputy Superintendent of Public Instruction		2,400 00	2,400 00	
Mar. 17, 1899	Salary of Clerk, Superintendent of Public Instruction		1,600 00	1,600 00	
Mar. 17, 1899	Salary of Clerk and Stenographer, Supt. of Public Instruction		1,200 00	1,200 00	
Mar. 17, 1899	Clerical assistance, Superintendent of Public Instruction		2,000 00	1,998 93	\$1 07
Mar. 17, 1899	Pay of Porter, Superintendent of Public Instruction		480 00	480 00	
Mar. 17, 1899	Postage, expressage, etc., Superintendent of Public Instruction	\$6 26	800 00	727 37	72 63
Mar. 17, 1899	Postage, expressage, etc., Superintendent of Public Instruction			6 24	02
Mar. 17, 1899	Contingent and traveling expenses, Supt. of Public Instruction		1,500 00	1,379 40	120 60
Mar. 17, 1899	Contingent and traveling expenses, Supt. of Public Instruction	129 02		118 45	10 57
Mar. 17, 1899	Printing, binding, etc., Superintendent of Public Instruction		5,000 00		3,820 25
Feb. 26, 1901	Printing, binding, etc., Superintendent of Public Instruction		5,000 00	6,179 75	
State Printing Office.					
Mar. 17, 1899	Salary of Superintendent		\$3,000 00	\$3,000 00	
Mar. 17, 1899	Salary of Deputy Superintendent		2,400 00	2,400 00	
Mar. 17, 1899	Postage, expressage, etc., Superintendent State Printing		500 00	533 53	\$4 98
Mar. 17, 1899	Postage, expressage, etc., Superintendent State Printing	\$38 51			
Mar. 17, 1899	Postage, expressage, etc., Superintendent State Printing	116 52		78 01	38 51
Mar. 17, 1899	Insuring Printing Office and contents		1,300 00	1,300 00	
Mar. 17, 1899	Lithographing, engraving, etc., State Printing Office		2,500 00		
Feb. 26, 1901	Lithographing, engraving, etc., State Printing Office		1,000 00	2,589 90	910 62
Mar. 17, 1899	Lithographing, engraving, etc., State Printing Office	52			
Mar. 17, 1899	Support of State Printing Office	549 82		247 00	302 82
Mar. 17, 1899	Printing, binding, etc., State Printer.		350 00		
Feb. 26, 1901	Printing, binding, etc., State Printer.		250 00	465 25	167 70
Mar. 17, 1899	Printing, binding, etc., State Printer.	32 95			

STATEMENT NO. 3—Continued.

Date of Act.	Appropriation.	Unexpended Balance.	Appropriation during 52d Fiscal Year.	Amount Expended during 52d Fiscal Year.	Amount Unexpended during 52d Fiscal Year.	Total Amount Expended during 52d Fiscal Year.
<i>National Guard of California—Continued.</i>						
Mar. 17, 1899	Hospital supplies		\$1,500 00	\$22 80	\$1,477 20	
Mar. 17, 1899	Hospital supplies	\$1,500 00		43 30	1,456 70	
April 1, 1897	Hospital supplies	410 48		405 25	5 23	\$158,450 11
<i>State Board of Health.</i>						
Mar. 17, 1899	Salary of Secretary		\$2,500 00	\$2,500 00		
Mar. 17, 1899	Salary of Attorney		3,000 00	3,000 00		
Mar. 17, 1899	Traveling and contingent expenses		1,500 00	1,464 09	\$35 91	
Mar. 17, 1899	Traveling and contingent expenses	\$112 94		100 09	12 85	
Mar. 23, 1893	Prevention of introduction of contagious diseases	37,404 66		37,404 66		
Feb. 19, 1901	Prevention of introduction of Asiatic cholera, etc.		100,000 00	4,378 67	95,621 33	
Mar. 17, 1899	Printing, binding, etc., Board of Health	738 50		13 00	725 50	
Mar. 17, 1899	Printing, binding, etc., Board of Health	725 50			529 25	
Mar. 17, 1899	Printing, binding, etc., Board of Health		1,050 00	1,246 25		50,106 76
<i>State Board of Equalization.</i>						
Mar. 17, 1899	Salaries of Members		\$12,000 00	\$12,000 00		
Mar. 17, 1899	Salary of Clerk		2,400 00	2,400 00		
Mar. 17, 1899	Pay of Porter		480 00	480 00		
Mar. 17, 1899	Traveling expenses, etc., Board of Equalization		5,000 00	4,271 10	\$728 90	
Mar. 17, 1899	Postage, expressage, etc., Board of Equalization	\$0 24	375 00	350 84	24 40	
Mar. 17, 1899	Printing, binding, etc., Board of Equalization	320 00		173 25	146 75	
Mar. 17, 1899	Printing, binding, etc., Board of Equalization	146 75			44 50	
Mar. 17, 1899	Printing, binding, etc., Board of Equalization		525 00	1,277 25		20,952 44
Feb. 26, 1901	Printing, binding, etc., Board of Equalization		650 00			
<i>Railroad Commissioners.</i>						
Mar. 17, 1899	Salaries of Commissioners		\$12,000 00	\$12,000 00		
Mar. 17, 1899	Salary of Secretary		2,400 00	2,400 00		
Mar. 17, 1899	Salary of Bailiff		1,200 00	1,200 00		
Mar. 17, 1899	Salary of Stenographer		500 00	500 00		
Mar. 17, 1899	Office rent		600 00	600 00		
Mar. 17, 1899	Fuel, lights, etc., Railroad Commissioners		426 58	426 58	323 42	
Mar. 17, 1899	Fuel, lights, etc., Railroad Commissioners	\$100 25	750 00	90 95	9 30	

Mar. 17, 1899	Traveling expenses of Railroad Commissioners.....			500 00	209 45	290 55
Mar. 17, 1899	Traveling expenses of Railroad Commissioners.....	173 25			28 35	144 90
Mar. 17, 1899	Printing, binding, etc., Railroad Commissioners.....	634 25			13 00	621 25
Mar. 17, 1899	Printing, binding, etc., Railroad Commissioners.....	621 25				
Mar. 17, 1899	Printing, binding, etc., Railroad Commissioners.....			2,100 00	2,721 25	
Mar. 17, 1899	Insurance Commissioner.					20,189 58
Mar. 17, 1899	Salary of Commissioner.....			\$3,000 00	\$3,000 00	
Mar. 17, 1899	Salary of Deputy Commissioner.....			1,800 00	1,800 00	
Mar. 17, 1899	Traveling and contingent expenses of Insurance Commissioner.....	\$750 00			750 00	
Mar. 17, 1899	Printing, binding, etc., Insurance Commissioner.....			750 00		\$350 25
Mar. 17, 1899	Printing, binding, etc., Insurance Commissioner.....			350 00	749 75	
Feb. 26, 1901	Rent, printing, etc., Insurance Commissioner.....			2,000 00		
Mar. 4, 1887	Rent, printing, etc., Insurance Commissioner.....	274 69			2,184 01	
Mar. 4, 1887	State Mining Bureau.					8,483 76
Mar. 17, 1899	Support of State Mining Bureau.....			\$25,000 00	\$22,404 24	\$2,595 76
Mar. 17, 1899	Support of State Mining Bureau.....	\$4,191 72			2,153 40	2,038 32
Mar. 17, 1899	Printing, binding, etc., Mining Bureau.....	2,315 00			203 50	2,111 50
Mar. 17, 1899	Printing, binding, etc., Mining Bureau.....	2,111 50				
Mar. 17, 1899	Printing, binding, etc., Mining Bureau.....			3,500 00	5,640 03	971 47
Mar. 17, 1899	Printing, binding, etc., Mining Bureau.....			1,000 00	100 00	
Feb. 26, 1901	Uses of Mining Bureau (Mining Bureau Fund).....					30,501 17
Mar. 17, 1899	Fish Commission.					
Mar. 17, 1899	Restoration and preservation of game.....			\$2,500 00	\$2,239 87	\$260 13
Mar. 17, 1899	Restoration and preservation of game.....	\$167 50			167 50	
Mar. 17, 1899	Restoration and preservation of fish.....			7,500 00	6,914 55	585 45
Mar. 17, 1899	Restoration and preservation of fish.....	319 55			319 55	
Mar. 17, 1899	Support and maintenance of State Hatcheries.....			10,000 00	9,608 51	391 49
Mar. 17, 1899	Support and maintenance of State Hatcheries.....	527 38			527 38	
Mar. 17, 1899	Costs, etc., suits, violation of fish laws.....	5 27		500 00	237 80	262 20
Mar. 17, 1899	Printing, binding, etc., Fish Commissioners.....	131 25			5 27	
Mar. 17, 1899	Printing, binding, etc., Fish Commissioners.....			350 00	831 25	
Mar. 17, 1899	Printing, binding, etc., Fish Commissioners.....			350 00		
Feb. 26, 1901	Propagation of fish (Fish Commission Fund).....				7,166 73	
Mar. 17, 1899	Bureau of Labor Statistics.					
Mar. 17, 1899	Salary of Commissioner.....			\$3,000 00	\$3,000 00	
Mar. 17, 1899	Salary of Deputy Commissioner.....			1,800 00	1,800 00	
Mar. 17, 1899	Salaries of assistants, Bureau of Labor Statistics.....	\$207 50			4 75	\$202 75
Mar. 17, 1899	Salaries of assistants, Bureau of Labor Statistics.....	202 75				
Mar. 17, 1899	Salaries of assistants, Bureau of Labor Statistics.....			2,500 00	2,694 93	7 82

STATEMENT No. 3—Continued.

Date of Act.	Appropriation.	Unexpended Balance.	Appropriation 52d Fiscal Year.	Amount Expended during 52d Fiscal Year.	Amount Unexpended during 52d Fiscal Year.	Total Amount Expended during 52d Fiscal Year.
<i>Bureau of Labor Statistics—Continued.</i>						
Mar. 17, 1899	Office rent, Bureau of Labor Statistics.....		\$600 00	\$600 00		
Mar. 17, 1899	Printing, binding, etc., Bureau of Labor Statistics.....	\$827 50		41 75	\$785 75	
Mar. 17, 1899	Printing, binding, etc., Bureau of Labor Statistics.....	785 75				
Mar. 17, 1899	Printing, binding, etc., Bureau of Labor Statistics.....		875 00	1,522 50	140 25	
<i>Yosemite Valley and Mariposa Big Tree Grove.</i>						
Mar. 17, 1899	Salary of Guardian.....		\$1,500 00	\$1,500 00		
Mar. 17, 1899	Care of Yosemite Valley.....		10,000 00	9,911 21	\$233 85	
Mar. 17, 1899	Care of Yosemite Valley.....	\$145 06		181 44	9 65	
Mar. 17, 1899	Care of Mariposa Big Tree Grove.....	191 09		649 86	359 79	
Mar. 17, 1899	Care of Mariposa Big Tree Grove.....	9 65				
Mar. 17, 1899	Care of Mariposa Big Tree Grove.....		1,000 00	448 00	745 50	
Mar. 17, 1899	Traveling expenses, Yosemite Valley Commissioners.....	1,193 50		40 85	2,204 65	
Mar. 17, 1899	Traveling expenses, Yosemite Valley Commissioners.....	745 50		18 00	18 00	
Mar. 17, 1899	Traveling expenses, Yosemite Valley Commissioners.....		1,500 00	74 25	31 25	
Mar. 17, 1899	Printing, binding, etc., Yosemite Valley Commissioners.....	36 00				
Mar. 17, 1899	Printing, binding, etc., Yosemite Valley Commissioners.....	18 00				
Mar. 17, 1899	Printing, binding, etc., Yosemite Valley Commissioners.....		87 50			
Mar. 17, 1899	Maintenance of Valley (Yosemite Fund).....			3,503 15		
<i>Board of Horticulture.</i>						
Mar. 17, 1899	Salary of Secretary.....		\$2,100 00	\$1,750 00	\$350 00	
Mar. 17, 1899	Salary of Clerk to Secretary.....		600 00	500 00	100 00	
Mar. 17, 1899	Salary of Quarantine Clerk.....		2,100 00	256 83	13 24	
Mar. 17, 1899	Support of State Board of Horticulture.....	\$270 07				
Mar. 17, 1899	Support of State Board of Horticulture.....	13 24				
Mar. 17, 1899	Support of State Board of Horticulture.....		5,000 00	4,489 61	523 63	
Mar. 17, 1899	Printing, binding, etc., State Board of Horticulture.....		2,500 00			
Feb. 26, 1901	Printing, binding, etc., State Board of Horticulture.....		1,000 00	3,500 00		
<i>Deaf, Dumb, and Blind Asylum.</i>						
Mar. 17, 1899	Support of Deaf, Dumb, and Blind Asylum.....		\$19,900 00	\$19,210 37	\$689 63	
Mar. 17, 1899	Support of Deaf, Dumb, and Blind Asylum.....	\$4,255 87		1,935 67	2,320 20	
Mar. 17, 1899	Salaries of officers, etc., Deaf, Dumb, and Blind Asylum.....		39,750 00	36,234 86	3,515 14	
Mar. 17, 1899	Salaries of officers, etc., Deaf, Dumb, and Blind Asylum.....	3,377 35		3,216 21	161 14	
						\$9,663 93
						16,326 76
						12,596 44

Mar. 17, 1899	Printing, binding, etc., Deaf, Dumb, and Blind Asylum	121 00	140 00	207 50	153 50	65,448 78	
Mar. 17, 1899	Printing, binding, etc., Deaf, Dumb, and Blind Asylum		100 00				
Mar. 17, 1899	Printing, binding, etc., Deaf, Dumb, and Blind Asylum			4,644 17			
Feb. 26, 1901	Uses of Deaf, Dumb, and Blind Asylum (Contingent Fund)						
	<i>Home for Adult Blind.</i>						
Mar. 17, 1899	Support of Home for Adult Blind	\$2,235 17		\$978 50	\$1,256 67	26,573 11	
Mar. 17, 1899	Support of Home for Adult Blind	1,256 67		12,562 55	1,194 12		
Mar. 17, 1899	Support of Home for Adult Blind	6 28		4 45	1 83		
April 1, 1897	Salaries of officers, etc., Home for Adult Blind		10,000 00	9,830 06	109 94		
Mar. 17, 1899	Salaries of officers, etc., Home for Adult Blind	1,459 47		838 85	620 62		
Mar. 17, 1899	Printing, binding, etc., Home for Adult Blind	9 15		4 25	4 90		
Mar. 17, 1899	Printing, binding, etc., Home for Adult Blind	4 90					
Mar. 17, 1899	Printing, binding, etc., Home for Adult Blind		175 00	158 00	121 90		
Mar. 17, 1899	Printing, binding, etc., Home for Adult Blind		100 00				
Feb. 26, 1901	Support of Home for Adult Blind (Adult Blind Fund)			2,196 45			
	<i>Home for Feeble-Minded Children.</i>						
Mar. 17, 1899	Support of Home for Feeble-Minded Children		\$59,500 00	\$49,011 53	\$10,488 47	93,011 87	
Mar. 17, 1899	Support of Home for Feeble-Minded Children	\$13,333 19		4,307 61	9,025 58		
Mar. 17, 1899	Salaries of officers, etc., Home for Feeble-Minded Children		40,000 00	35,768 97	4,231 03		
Mar. 17, 1899	Salaries of officers, etc., Home for Feeble-Minded Children	4,456 72		3,135 76	1,320 96		
Mar. 17, 1899	Printing, binding, etc., Home for Feeble-Minded Children		350 00	327 75	272 25		
Mar. 17, 1899	Printing, binding, etc., Home for Feeble-Minded Children		250 00	460 25			
Feb. 26, 1901	Uses of Home for Feeble-Minded Children (Contingent Fund)						
	<i>Hospitals for Insane.</i>						
Mar. 17, 1899	Support of Stockton State Hospital		\$102,000 00	\$94,756 83	\$7,243 17		206,561 99
Mar. 17, 1899	Support of Stockton State Hospital	\$8,353 01		7,602 69	750 32		
Mar. 17, 1899	Salaries of officers, etc., Stockton State Hospital		98,000 00	87,702 63	10,297 37		
Mar. 17, 1899	Salaries of officers, etc., Stockton State Hospital	9,554 00		7,962 66	1,591 34		
Mar. 17, 1899	Printing, binding, etc., Stockton State Hospital		350 00	457 00	143 00		
Mar. 17, 1899	Printing, binding, etc., Stockton State Hospital		250 00	8,080 18			
Feb. 26, 1901	Uses of Stockton State Hospital (Contingent Fund)						
	<i>Hospitals for Insane.</i>						
Mar. 17, 1899	Support of Napa State Hospital		\$104,250 00	\$95,494 22	\$8,755 78		
Mar. 17, 1899	Support of Napa State Hospital	\$8,790 18		8,770 63	19 55		
Mar. 17, 1899	Salaries of officers, etc., Napa State Hospital		95,250 00	86,231 59	9,018 41		
Mar. 17, 1899	Salaries of officers, etc., Napa State Hospital	10,580 53		7,645 78	2,934 75		

STATEMENT No. 3.—Continued.

Date of Act.	Appropriation.	Unexpended Balance.	Appropriation 5th Fiscal Year.	Amount Expended during 5th Fiscal Year.	Amount Unexpended during 5th Fiscal Year.	Total Amount Expended during 5th Fiscal Year.
	<i>Hospitals for Insane—Continued.</i>					
Mar. 17, 1899	Printing, binding, etc., Napa State Hospital.....	-----	\$350 00	\$585 55	\$14 45	
Feb. 26, 1901	Printing, binding, etc., Napa State Hospital.....	-----	250 00	19,726 19	-----	\$218,453 96
	Uses of Napa State Hospital (Contingent Fund)	-----				
Mar. 17, 1899	Support of Agnews State Hospital.....	-----	\$76,000 00	\$72,058 36	\$3,941 64	
Mar. 17, 1899	Support of Agnews State Hospital.....	\$13,357 22	-----	11,478 99	1,878 23	
Mar. 17, 1899	Salaries of officers, etc., Agnews State Hospital.....	-----	65,500 00	57,957 67	7,542 33	
Mar. 17, 1899	Salaries of officers, etc., Agnews State Hospital.....	7,739 85	-----	5,225 99	2,513 86	
Mar. 17, 1899	Printing, binding, etc., Agnews State Hospital.....	-----	350 00	545 20	54 80	
Feb. 26, 1901	Printing, binding, etc., Agnews State Hospital.....	-----	250 00	15,229 65	-----	162,495 86
	Uses of Agnews State Hospital (Contingent Fund)	-----				
Mar. 17, 1899	Support of Mendocino State Hospital.....	-----	\$53,500 00	\$50,690 76	\$2,809 24	
Mar. 17, 1899	Support of Mendocino State Hospital.....	\$7,413 23	-----	3,994 44	3,418 79	
Mar. 17, 1899	Salaries of officers, etc., Mendocino State Hospital.....	-----	39,000 00	35,824 61	3,175 39	
Mar. 17, 1899	Salaries of officers, etc., Mendocino State Hospital.....	4,655 01	-----	3,138 99	1,516 02	
Mar. 17, 1899	Printing, binding, etc., Mendocino State Hospital.....	-----	245 00	354 15	140 85	
Mar. 17, 1899	Printing, binding, etc., Mendocino State Hospital.....	-----	250 00	2,019 04	-----	
Feb. 26, 1901	Erection of Administration Building, Mendocino State Hospital.....	2,019 04	-----	7,469 42	-----	
April 1, 1897	Uses of Mendocino State Hospital (Contingent Fund).....	1,889 68	-----	1,087 45	2 23	104,578 86
	Uses of Mendocino State Hospital (Sp. Mendocino Asylum F'd)	-----				
Mar. 17, 1899	Support of Southern California State Hospital.....	-----	\$65,000 00	\$61,409 15	\$3,590 85	
Mar. 17, 1899	Support of Southern California State Hospital.....	\$7,049 77	-----	5,881 73	1,168 04	
April 1, 1897	Support of Southern California State Hospital.....	45 18	-----	45 18	-----	
Mar. 17, 1899	Salaries of officers, etc., Southern California State Hospital.....	-----	46,500 00	41,947 15	4,552 85	
Mar. 17, 1899	Salaries of officers, etc., Southern California State Hospital.....	6,255 34	-----	3,768 00	2,517 34	
Mar. 17, 1899	Printing, binding, etc., Southern California State Hospital.....	-----	250 00	471 80	28 20	
Feb. 26, 1901	Printing, binding, etc., Southern California State Hospital.....	-----	250 00	2,645 61	42,354 39	
Mar. 22, 1899	Certain improvements, Southern California State Hospital.....	-----	45,000 00	15,838 51	-----	132,007 13
	Uses of Southern California State Hospital (Contingent Fund)	-----				
Mar. 17, 1899	Transportation of insane.....	-----	\$25,000 00	\$25,000 00	-----	
Mar. 17, 1899	Transportation of insane.....	\$671 85	-----	671 85	-----	
	<i>Transportation of Insane.</i>					

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STATEMENT No. 3—Continued.

Date of Act.	Appropriation.	Unexpended Balance.	Appropriation 52d Fiscal Year.	Amount Expended during 52d Fiscal Year.	Amount Unexpended during 52d Fiscal Year.	Total Amount Expended during 52d Fiscal Year.
Mar. 25, 1901	<i>Preston School of Industry—Continued.</i> Maintenance, etc., water system, Preston School of Industry Uses of Preston School of Industry (Contingent Fund)		\$7,000 00	\$23 50 203 20	\$8,976 50	\$53,431 81
Mar. 17, 1899	<i>Transportation of Prisoners.</i> Transportation of prisoners			\$17,446 91	\$13,453 09	
Mar. 17, 1899	Transportation of prisoners	\$11,945 52	\$31,000 00	1,731 34	10,214 18	
April 1, 1897	Transportation of prisoners	16,426 66		47 50	16,375 16	
	<i>Orphans, Half Orphans, etc.</i> Support of orphans for first half fifty-second fiscal year			\$217,455 31		19,225 75
	Support of orphans for last half fifty-first fiscal year			228,447 43		
	Support of orphans for fiftieth fiscal year			23,672 88		469,575 62
	<i>Veterans' Home.</i> Support of Veterans' Home (Fund)			\$104,749 61		104,749 61
	<i>State Board of Education.</i> Traveling expenses of State Board of Education.		\$500 00	\$609 35		
Mar. 17, 1899	Traveling expenses of State Board of Education.	\$109 35				
Mar. 17, 1899	Printing, binding, etc., State Board of Education.	17 50		15 25	\$2 25	624 60
	<i>State University.</i> Printing, binding, etc., State University		\$5,250 00	\$4,790 00	\$2,960 00	
Mar. 17, 1899	Printing, binding, etc., State University		2,500 00	262 25	84 20	
Feb. 28, 1901	Printing, binding, etc., State University	\$346 45		243,564 76		
Mar. 17, 1899	Support (from ad valorem tax)			50,115 00		
	Support (from interest on bonds)					
	<i>State Normal Schools.</i> Support of State Normal School at San José		\$4,000 00	\$3,460 07	\$539 93	
Mar. 17, 1899	Support of State Normal School at San José	\$636 14		258 98	377 16	
Mar. 17, 1899	Salaries of officers, etc., State Normal School at San José		47,000 00	42,898 10	4,101 90	
Mar. 17, 1899	Salaries of officers, etc., State Normal School at San José	3,979 43		3,955 77	23 66	
Mar. 17, 1899	Library, museum, etc., State Normal School at San José		1,000 00	864 92	135 08	
Mar. 17, 1899	Library, museum, etc., State Normal School at San José	94 30		89 65	4 65	
Mar. 17, 1899	Library, museum, etc., State Normal School at San José					298,732 01

Mar. 17, 1899	Care and improvem't of grounds, State Normal School, San José.	190 39	2,000 00	1,616 02	383 98
Mar. 17, 1899	Care and improvem't of grounds, State Normal School, San José.			130 00	60 39
Mar. 17, 1899	Printing, etc., State Normal School at San José.		750 00	237 00	513 00
Mar. 17, 1899	Printing, binding, etc., State Normal School at San José.		700 00	677 41	272 59
Feb. 26, 1901	Printing, binding, etc., State Normal School at San José.	223 75	250 00	223 75	
Mar. 17, 1899	Printing, binding, etc., State Normal School at San José.			62 88	
Mar. 17, 1899	Uses of State Normal School at San José (Contingent Fund)				
Mar. 17, 1899	Support of State Normal School at Los Angeles	\$592 53	\$4,000 00	\$3,594 74	\$405 26
Mar. 17, 1899	Support of State Normal School at Los Angeles			346 30	246 23
Mar. 17, 1899	Salaries of officers, etc., State Normal School at Los Angeles	2,026 45	47,000 00	48,711 17	315 28
Mar. 17, 1899	Salaries of officers, etc., State Normal School at Los Angeles		1,000 00	988 01	11 99
Mar. 17, 1899	Library, museum, etc., State Normal School at Los Angeles	220 99		184 57	36 42
Mar. 17, 1899	Library, museum, etc., State Normal School at Los Angeles		1,250 00	985 73	264 27
Mar. 17, 1899	Care and improvem't grounds, State Normal School, Los Angeles	311 39		89 20	222 19
Mar. 17, 1899	Care and improvem't grounds, State Normal School, Los Angeles			624 83	19,360 27
Mar. 22, 1899	Certain improvements, State Normal School at Los Angeles	19,984 00		43 10	18 44
Mar. 27, 1895	Purchase of furniture, State Normal School at Los Angeles	61 54			
Mar. 17, 1899	Printing, binding, etc., State Normal School at Los Angeles	131 00	420 00	139 50	530 50
Feb. 26, 1901	Printing, binding, etc., State Normal School at Los Angeles		250 00	131 00	
Mar. 17, 1899	Printing, binding, etc., State Normal School at Los Angeles			251 85	
Mar. 17, 1899	Uses of State Normal School at Los Angeles (Contingent Fund)				
Mar. 17, 1899	Support of State Normal School at Chico	\$91 74	\$2,000 00	\$1,877 73	\$122 27
Mar. 17, 1899	Support of State Normal School at Chico			91 74	
Mar. 17, 1899	Salaries of officers, etc., State Normal School at Chico		28,000 00	25,676 37	2,429 47
Mar. 17, 1899	Salaries of officers, etc., State Normal School at Chico	105 84		498 57	1 43
Mar. 17, 1899	Library, museum, etc., State Normal School at Chico	43 02	500 00	40 40	2 62
Mar. 17, 1899	Library, museum, etc., State Normal School at Chico		1,000 00	940 72	59 28
Mar. 17, 1899	Care and improvement of grounds, State Normal School at Chico	88 05		83 00	5 05
Mar. 17, 1899	Care and improvement of grounds, State Normal School at Chico		280 00	508 25	21 75
Mar. 17, 1899	Printing, binding, etc., State Normal School at Chico		250 00		
Feb. 26, 1901	Printing, binding, etc., State Normal School at Chico			1,545 50	
Mar. 17, 1899	Uses of State Normal School at Chico (Contingent Fund)				
Mar. 17, 1899	Support of State Normal School at San Diego	\$299 21	\$4,500 00	\$4,210 40	\$280 60
Mar. 17, 1899	Support of State Normal School at San Diego			128 42	170 79
Mar. 17, 1899	Salaries of officers, etc., State Normal School at San Diego		23,650 00	23,776 32	2,669 46
Mar. 17, 1899	Salaries of officers, etc., State Normal School at San Diego	2,795 78		31,526 33	
Mar. 22, 1899	Completing one wing, etc., State Normal School at San Diego	31,526 33			
Mar. 17, 1899	Printing, binding, etc., State Normal School at San Diego		245 00	263 25	231 75
Feb. 26, 1901	Printing, binding, etc., State Normal School at San Diego		250 00		
Mar. 17, 1899	Printing, binding, etc., State Normal School at San Diego	117 25		61 25	563 00
Mar. 17, 1899	Printing, binding, etc., State Normal School at San Diego				

54,474 55

56,089 00

31,262 28

59,945 57

STATEMENT NO. 3—Continued.

Date of Act.	Appropriation.	Unexpended Balance.	Appropriation 52d Fiscal Year.	Amount Expended during 52d Fiscal Year.	Amount Unexpended during 52d Fiscal Year.	Total Amount Expended during 52d Fiscal Year.
	<i>State Normal Schools—Continued.</i>					
Mar. 22, 1899	Establishing and maintaining Normal School, San Francisco.	-----	\$10,000 00	\$10,793 98	\$1,134 94	\$10,793 98
Mar. 22, 1899	Establishing and maintaining Normal School, San Francisco.	\$1,918 92	-----	-----	-----	-----
Mar. 17, 1899	Traveling expenses, Joint Board of Normal School Trustees.	-----	\$500 00	\$415 70	\$84 30	-----
Mar. 17, 1899	Traveling expenses, Joint Board of Normal School Trustees.	\$9 70	-----	9 70	-----	425 40
	<i>Support of Common Schools.</i>					
	Paid Alameda County	-----	-----	\$304,728 25	-----	-----
	Paid Alpine County	-----	-----	919 83	-----	-----
	Paid Amador County	-----	-----	26,760 14	-----	-----
	Paid Butte County	-----	-----	41,912 24	-----	-----
	Paid Calaveras County	-----	-----	28,671 38	-----	-----
	Paid Colusa County	-----	-----	19,369 75	-----	-----
	Paid Contra Costa County	-----	-----	40,633 77	-----	-----
	Paid Del Norte County	-----	-----	5,605 85	-----	-----
	Paid El Dorado County	-----	-----	20,868 17	-----	-----
	Paid Fresno County	-----	-----	81,599 22	-----	-----
	Paid Glenn County	-----	-----	12,582 55	-----	-----
	Paid Humboldt County	-----	-----	66,277 47	-----	-----
	Paid Inyo County	-----	-----	10,094 40	-----	-----
	Paid Kern County	-----	-----	32,682 44	-----	-----
	Paid Kings County	-----	-----	23,729 29	-----	-----
	Paid Lake County	-----	-----	15,463 65	-----	-----
	Paid Lassen County	-----	-----	11,125 40	-----	-----
	Paid Los Angeles County	-----	-----	449,628 86	-----	-----
	Paid Madera County	-----	-----	13,540 16	-----	-----
	Paid Marin County	-----	-----	30,773 23	-----	-----
	Paid Mariposa County	-----	-----	11,146 76	-----	-----
	Paid Mendocino County	-----	-----	48,662 30	-----	-----
	Paid Merced County	-----	-----	22,112 85	-----	-----
	Paid Modoc County	-----	-----	15,115 10	-----	-----
	Paid Mono County	-----	-----	3,678 17	-----	-----
	Paid Monterey County	-----	-----	51,649 10	-----	-----
	Paid Napa County	-----	-----	33,478 66	-----	-----
	Paid Nevada County	-----	-----	39,752 31	-----	-----

Paid Orange County	56,299 69			
Paid Placer County	32,850 77			
Paid Plumas County	9,309 63			
Paid Riverside County	46,584 92			
Paid Sacramento County	85,310 53			
Paid San Benito County	17,283 88			
Paid San Bernardino County	65,342 35			
Paid San Diego County	77,503 38			
Paid San Francisco County	750,127 42			
Paid San Joaquin County	73,643 84			
Paid San Luis Obispo County	51,503 40			
Paid San Mateo County	30,656 26			
Paid Santa Barbara County	48,156 39			
Paid Santa Clara County	139,973 54			
Paid Santa Cruz County	53,842 94			
Paid Shasta County	41,132 76			
Paid Sierra County	7,699 83			
Paid Siskiyou County	35,422 78			
Paid Solano County	47,914 92			
Paid Sonoma County	92,906 58			
Paid Stanislaus County	22,599 10			
Paid Sutter County	12,438 18			
Paid Tehama County	26,633 18			
Paid Trinity County	7,333 83			
Paid Tulare County	52,548 74			
Paid Tuolumne County	23,515 32			
Paid Ventura County	38,531 58			
Paid Yolo County	30,985 91			
Paid Yuba County	20,107 04			
<i>State Capitol Building and Grounds.</i>				
Mar. 17, 1899 Pay of employes, Capitol building and grounds	\$27,641 10	\$27,680 00		\$38 90
Mar. 17, 1899 Salaries of policemen, Capitol grounds	3,600 00	3,600 00		57 67
Mar. 17, 1899 Stationery, fuel, lighting, etc.	9,942 33	10,000 00		1 09
Mar. 17, 1899 Stationery, fuel, lighting, etc.	58 15		\$59 24	
Feb. 14, 1901 Stationery, fuel, lighting, etc., fiftieth fiscal year—deficiency	5,000 00	5,000 00		
Feb. 14, 1901 Stationery, fuel, lighting, etc., forty-ninth fiscal year—deficiency	4,025 79	4,025 79		
Mar. 17, 1899 Purchase of implements, hose, etc.	4,397 36		5,628 69	
Mar. 17, 1899 Repairs to Capitol building, etc.	2,460 98		2,622 01	
Mar. 17, 1899 Repairs to Capitol building, etc., fiftieth fiscal year—deficiency	9,958 03	9,958 03		
Feb. 14, 1901 Purchase of carpets and furniture	12 83		15 44	
Mar. 17, 1899 Salary of elevator attendant	900 00	900 00		
Mar. 17, 1899 Lighting State Capitol grounds	504 00	864 00		
Mar. 17, 1899 Lighting State Capitol grounds	141 00		144 00	

3,461,219 69

STATEMENT No. 3—Continued.

Date of Act.	Appropriation.	Unexpended Balance.	Appropriation 52d Fiscal Year.	Amount Expended during 52d Fiscal Year.	Amount Unexpended during 52d Fiscal Year.	Total Amount Expended during 52d Fiscal Year.
State Capitol Building and Grounds—Continued.						
Mar. 17, 1899	Water for State Capitol grounds		\$1,200 00	\$600 00	\$600 00	\$70,474 07
Mar. 17, 1899	Water for State Capitol grounds	\$600 00		600 00		
Mar. 17, 1899	Water for Capitol building		600 00	450 00	150 00	
Mar. 17, 1899	Water for Capitol building	150 00		150 00		
Mar. 17, 1899	Printing, binding, etc., Capitol Commissioners		17 50	29 50	5 50	
Mar. 17, 1899	Printing, binding, etc., Capitol Commissioners	17 50				
Code Commissioners.						
Mar. 17, 1899	Salaries of Commissioners		\$12,000 00	\$12,000 00		19,283 76
Mar. 17, 1899	Salary of Secretary		2,400 00	2,400 00		
Mar. 17, 1899	Salary of Stenographer		1,200 00	1,200 00		
Mar. 17, 1899	Pay of Porter		240 00	240 00		
Mar. 17, 1899	Postage, expressage, etc.	\$65 44		4 83	\$60 61	
Mar. 17, 1899	Postage, expressage, etc.	60 61		303 43	7 18	
Mar. 17, 1899	Postage, expressage, etc.		250 00			
Mar. 17, 1899	Printing, binding, etc.		2,500 00	3,135 50	1,829 00	
Mar. 17, 1899	Printing, binding, etc.	2,464 50				
Commissioner of Public Works.						
Mar. 17, 1899	Salary of Commissioner	\$4,050 00		\$3,569 43	\$430 57	74,118 36
Mar. 17, 1897	To improve and rectify river channels, State of California	153,434 52		70,071 03	83,363 49	
Mar. 17, 1899	Printing, binding, etc., Commissioner of Public Works	251 25		30 25	221 00	
Mar. 17, 1899	Printing, binding, etc., Commissioner of Public Works	221 00		447 65	53 35	
Mar. 17, 1899	Printing, binding, etc., Commissioner of Public Works		\$280 00			
Department of Highways.						
Mar. 17, 1899	Salary of Highway Commissioner		\$3,000 00	\$3,000 00		74,118 36
Mar. 17, 1899	Salary of Secretary, Highway Commissioner		1,500 00	1,500 00		
Mar. 17, 1899	Salary of Stenographer, Highway Commissioner		1,200 00	1,200 00		
Mar. 17, 1899	Traveling and contingent expenses, Highway Commissioner	\$1,232 17		1,121 11	\$141 06	
April 1, 1897	Traveling and contingent expenses, Department of Highways	15 06		3 00	12 06	
Mar. 28, 1899	Repairing and improving Lake Tahoe Wagon Road	18,766 04		21,187 22	5 78	
Mar. 28, 1899	Repairing and improving Lake Tahoe Wagon Road	2,426 96		4,169 08	17,546 00	
Feb. 23, 1899	Constructing free wagon road from Mono Lake Basin	21,715 08		3,541 64	458 36	
Mar. 17, 1899	Maintenance of Lake Tahoe Wagon Road		4,000 00			
Mar. 17, 1899	Maintenance of Lake Tahoe Wagon Road					

Mar. 17, 1899	Maintenance of Lake Tahoe Wagon Road.....	1,692 04	700 00	1,618 15	2 89
Mar. 17, 1899	Printing, binding, etc., Department of Highways.....		350 00	981 85	337 50
Feb. 26, 1901	Printing, binding, etc., Department of Highways.....	249 35			
Mar. 17, 1899	Printing, binding, etc., Department of Highways.....				38,322 05
Mar. 17, 1899	<i>Débris Commissioner.</i>				
Mar. 17, 1899	Salary of Débris Commissioner.....	\$300 00	\$3,600 00	\$1,886 65	\$1,713 35
Mar. 17, 1899	Salary of Débris Commissioner.....			300 00	90 00
Mar. 17, 1899	Salary of Secretary Débris Commissioner.....		1,500 00	1,087 50	412 50
Mar. 17, 1899	<i>Dairy Bureau.</i>				
Mar. 17, 1899	Support of State Dairy Bureau.....		\$2,500 00	\$3,001 65	\$4,498 35
Mar. 4, 1897	Support of State Dairy Bureau.....		5,000 00		4,372 27
Mar. 17, 1899	Support of State Dairy Bureau.....	\$4,721 62		349 35	1,317 00
Mar. 22, 1899	Inspection of dairies, dairy products, etc.....		5,000 00	3,683 00	1,712 75
Mar. 22, 1899	Inspection of dairies, dairy products, etc.....			630 70	152 00
Mar. 17, 1899	Printing, binding, etc., State Dairy Bureau.....	2,343 45	200 00	48 00	
Mar. 17, 1899	<i>Agricultural Societies.</i>				
Mar. 17, 1899	Aid to State Agricultural Society.....		\$15,000 00	\$15,000 00	
Mar. 17, 1899	Aid to Agricultural Society No. 1.....		2,250 00	2,250 00	
Mar. 17, 1899	Aid to Agricultural Society No. 2.....		1,500 00	1,500 00	
Mar. 17, 1899	Aid to Agricultural Society No. 3.....		1,400 00	1,400 00	
Mar. 17, 1899	Aid to Agricultural Society No. 4.....		3,000 00	3,000 00	
Mar. 17, 1899	Aid to Agricultural Society No. 5.....		3,000 00	3,000 00	
Mar. 17, 1899	Aid to Agricultural Society No. 6.....		4,500 00	4,500 00	
Mar. 17, 1899	Aid to Agricultural Society No. 7.....		1,800 00	1,800 00	
Mar. 17, 1899	Aid to Agricultural Society No. 8.....		700 00	700 00	
Mar. 17, 1899	Aid to Agricultural Society No. 9.....		900 00	900 00	
Mar. 17, 1899	Aid to Agricultural Society No. 10.....		1,200 00	1,200 00	
Mar. 17, 1899	Aid to Agricultural Society No. 11.....		900 00	900 00	
Mar. 17, 1899	Aid to Agricultural Society No. 12.....		900 00	900 00	
Mar. 17, 1899	Aid to Agricultural Society No. 13.....		1,800 00	1,800 00	
Mar. 17, 1899	Aid to Agricultural Society No. 15.....		1,400 00	1,400 00	
Mar. 17, 1899	Aid to Agricultural Society No. 16.....		700 00	700 00	
Mar. 17, 1899	Aid to Agricultural Society No. 17.....		1,400 00	1,400 00	
Mar. 17, 1899	Aid to Agricultural Society No. 18.....		900 00	900 00	
Mar. 17, 1899	Aid to Agricultural Society No. 19.....		1,200 00	1,200 00	
Mar. 17, 1899	Aid to Agricultural Society No. 22.....		2,100 00	2,100 00	
Mar. 17, 1899	Aid to Agricultural Society No. 23.....		900 00	900 00	
Mar. 17, 1899	Aid to Agricultural Society No. 24.....		1,800 00	1,800 00	
Mar. 17, 1899	Aid to Agricultural Society No. 25.....		2,100 00	2,100 00	
Mar. 17, 1899	Aid to Agricultural Society No. 27.....		1,800 00	1,800 00	
Mar. 17, 1899	Aid to Agricultural Society No. 28.....		1,200 00	1,200 00	
Mar. 17, 1899	Aid to Agricultural Society No. 28.....				7,712 70

STATEMENT No. 3—Continued.

Date of Act.	Appropriation.	Unexpended Balance.	Appropriation 52d Fiscal Year.	Amount Expended during 52d Fiscal Year.	Amount Unexpended during 52d Fiscal Year.	Total Amount Expended during 52d Fiscal Year.
	<i>Agricultural Societies—Continued.</i>					
Mar. 17, 1899	Aid to Agricultural Society No. 29	-----	\$1,400 00	\$1,400 00	-----	-----
Mar. 17, 1899	Aid to Agricultural Society No. 30	-----	1,400 00	1,400 00	-----	-----
Mar. 17, 1899	Aid to Agricultural Society No. 31	-----	1,400 00	1,400 00	-----	-----
Mar. 17, 1899	Aid to Agricultural Society No. 32	-----	1,400 00	1,400 00	-----	-----
Mar. 17, 1899	Aid to Agricultural Society No. 33	-----	700 00	700 00	-----	-----
Mar. 17, 1899	Aid to Agricultural Society No. 34	-----	1,200 00	1,078 58	\$121 42	-----
Mar. 17, 1899	Aid to Agricultural Society No. 35	-----	1,400 00	1,036 54	363 46	-----
Mar. 17, 1899	Aid to Agricultural Society No. 36	-----	1,800 00	1,800 00	-----	-----
Mar. 17, 1899	Aid to Agricultural Society No. 37	-----	1,200 00	1,200 00	-----	-----
Mar. 17, 1899	Aid to Agricultural Society No. 38	-----	1,400 00	1,400 00	-----	-----
Mar. 17, 1899	Aid to Agricultural Society No. 39	-----	1,400 00	1,400 00	-----	-----
Mar. 17, 1899	Aid to Agricultural Society No. 40	-----	2,100 00	2,100 00	-----	-----
Mar. 17, 1899	Aid to Agricultural Society No. 41	-----	600 00	600 00	-----	-----
Mar. 17, 1899	Aid to Agricultural Society No. 42	-----	1,400 00	1,400 00	-----	-----
Mar. 17, 1899	Aid to Agricultural Society No. 44	-----	1,400 00	1,400 00	-----	\$74,015 12
	<i>Bonds.</i>					
	Purchase of county bonds (State School Land Fund)	-----	-----	\$137,660 84	-----	-----
	Payment of interest on Funded Debt Bonds (Interest and Sinking Fund)	-----	-----	141,435 00	-----	-----
	Payment of interest on San Francisco Depot Bonds (San Francisco Depot Sinking Fund)	-----	-----	24,000 00	-----	-----
	Payment of interest on, relief of James Saulty's widow, etc.	-----	-----	597 75	-----	-----
	<i>Bank Commissioners (Bank Commissioners' Fund).</i>					303,693 59
	Salaries of Bank Commissioners	-----	\$10,800 00	\$10,800 00	-----	-----
	Salary of Secretary, Bank Commissioners	-----	2,400 00	2,400 00	-----	-----
	Traveling expenses, Bank Commissioners	-----	3,452 21	1,627 20	\$1,825 01	-----
	Stationery, fuel, etc., Bank Commissioners	-----	500 00	500 00	-----	-----
	Office rent, Bank Commissioners	-----	900 00	825 00	75 00	-----
	Printing, binding, etc., Bank Commissioners	-----	2,000 00	1,927 50	72 50	-----
Mar. 17, 1899	<i>Building and Loan Commissioners (Building and Loan Association Inspection Fund).</i>					18,079 70
	Salaries of Commissioners	-----	\$7,713 30	\$4,600 00	-----	\$3,113 30

Mar. 17, 1899	Salary of Secretary	1,800 00	1,200 00	600 00	7,894 99
Mar. 17, 1899	Traveling expenses, Building and Loan Commissioners	1,349 21	586 35	762 86	
	Fuel, printing, etc., Building and Loan Commissioners	855 95	197 39	638 56	
	Office rent, Building and Loan Commissioners	700 00	480 00	280 00	
	Printing, binding, etc., Building and Loan Commissioners	1,000 00	822 00	178 00	
	Printing, binding, etc., Building and Loan Commissioners	\$17 75	9 25	8 50	
	Restitution of principal, land sold not property of State (State School Land Fund)		\$4,345 18		4,345 18
	Restitution of interest, land sold not property of State (State School Fund)		\$5,427 27		5,427 27
	Annulment of certificates of purchase (State School Land Fund)		\$1,493 86		1,493 86
	Annulment of certificates of purchase (State School Fund)		\$458 92		458 92
	Surrender of certificates of deposit (School Land Deposit Fund)		\$4,460 00		4,460 00
	Improvement of wharves, docks, etc., San Francisco (San Francisco Harbor Improvement Fund)		\$680,188 83		
Mar. 17, 1899	Printing, binding, etc., San Francisco Harbor Commissioners	\$1,750 00	1,861 75	\$388 25	682,050 58
Feb. 26, 1901	Printing, binding, etc., San Francisco Harbor Commissioners	500 00			595,843 05
	Railroad taxes, county portion (Railway Tax Fund)		\$595,843 05		
	Repayment of deposits (Dissolved Savings Bank Fund)		\$65 56		65 56
	Repayment of escheated estates, etc. (Estates of Deceased Persons Fund)		\$743 78		743 78
	Reissue of canceled warrants		\$151 95		151 95
	<i>Miscellaneous.</i>				
Mar. 18, 1899	Protecting live-stock from contagious diseases, etc.		\$2,500 08	\$3,125 05	
Mar. 17, 1899	Traveling expenses, etc., Commission for Promotion, etc., Legislation in United States.	\$500 00	259 98	240 02	
	Official advertising	1,500 00	434 60	1,065 40	
Mar. 17, 1899	Arresting criminals without limits of State		171 10	608 81	
Mar. 17, 1899	Arresting criminals without limits of State	2,500 00	1,402 25	1,097 75	
Mar. 17, 1899	Salary of Guardian of Marshall Monument		488 00	757 20	
Mar. 17, 1899	Salary of Guardian of Sutter's Fort	600 00	600 00		
Mar. 17, 1899	Salary of Lake Tahoe Wagon Road Commissioner	600 00	600 00		
Jan. 11, 1901	Expenses of Electors of President and Vice-President of U. S.	500 00	459 00	41 00	

STATEMENT No. 3—Continued.

Date of Act.	Appropriation.	Unexpended Balance.	Appropriation 52d Fiscal Year.	Amount Expended during 52d Fiscal Year.	Total Amount Expended during 52d Fiscal Year.
<i>Miscellaneous—Continued.</i>					
Mar. 17, 1899	Printing California pure wine labels		\$100 00	\$54 50	\$54 50
Mar. 9, 1893	Completing and preserving of Sutter's Fort	\$122 50		23 25	99 25
Mar. 17, 1899	Hastings College of the Law, rent of rooms		1,200 00	1,200 00	
Mar. 17, 1899	Hastings College of the Law, rent of rooms	300 00		300 00	
April 1, 1897	Payment of rewards offered by the Governor	2,500 00		2,200 00	300 00
April 1, 1897	Payment of rewards offered by the Governor	2,500 00		2,200 00	300 00
Mar. 17, 1899	Care of State Burial Grounds		100 00	63 80	36 20
Mar. 17, 1899	Care of State Burial Grounds	36 25		23 40	12 85
Mar. 17, 1899	Purchase of ballot paper		3,500 00	4,350 00	9 00
Mar. 17, 1899	Purchase of ballot paper	859 00			
April 1, 1897	Support of soldiers widows, etc.			1,835 36	4,792 90
Mar. 17, 1899	Hastings College of the Law, payment of interest	6,628 26		7,000 00	
Mar. 17, 1899	Hastings College of the Law, payment of interest		7,000 00	3,500 00	3,500 00
Mar. 22, 1899	Payment of costs of suits, foreclosing school lands	544 88		256 75	288 13
Mar. 17, 1899	Printing, bindings, etc., State Agricultural Society		3,500 00	2,231 45	1,768 55
Feb. 26, 1901	Printing, bindings, etc., State Agricultural Society		500 00		
Mar. 17, 1899	Printing, bindings, etc., Lunacy Commission		175 00	288 75	386 25
Feb. 26, 1901	Printing, bindings, etc., Lunacy Commission		500 00		
Mar. 17, 1899	Printing, bindings, etc., Board of Dental Examiners		175 00	24 00	151 00
Mar. 17, 1899	Printing, bindings, etc., Board of Dental Examiners	156 25		6 50	149 75
Mar. 17, 1899	Printing, bindings, etc., Pilot Commissioners		17 50	17 50	
Mar. 17, 1899	Printing, bindings, etc., Trustees State Mineral Cabinet	17 50		35 00	
Mar. 17, 1899	Printing, bindings, etc., Trustees State Mineral Cabinet			6 55	43 45
Mar. 17, 1899	Printing, bindings, etc., State Veterinary Medical Board		50 00	15 00	55 00
Mar. 17, 1899	Printing, bindings, etc., State Board of Pharmacy		70 00		
Mar. 17, 1899	Printing, bindings, etc., Prison Directors		420 00	433 15	6 50
Mar. 17, 1899	Printing, bindings, etc., Prison Directors	19 65			
Mar. 1, 1901	Claim of J. E. Edison		1,500 00	1,500 00	
Mar. 5, 1901	Claim of John S. Wilkins		250 00	250 00	
Feb. 14, 1901	Claim of City of Sacramento		1,050 00	1,050 00	
Feb. 26, 1901	Claim of John E. Raker		256 75	256 75	
Total actual expenditures					\$32,836 72
					\$9,487,378 47

<i>Transfer Account.</i>			
Transferred from San Francisco Harbor Improvement Fund to San Francisco Depot Sinking Fund		\$55,572 00	
Transferred from Interest and Sinking Fund to General Fund		12,462 00	
Transferred from General Fund to Fund for Support and Maintenance Veterans' Home of California		57,000 00	
Transferred from General Fund to State Printing Fund		78,000 00	
Transferred from Railway Tax Contingent Fund to School Fund		41,053 13	
			244,087 13
Total expenditures (including transfers)			\$9,731,465 60

STATEMENT No. 3—Continued.

Recapitulation of Expenditures for Fifty-second Fiscal Year, ending June 30, 1901.

For What Purpose Expended.	Amount.
Legislative Department.....	\$198,233 48
Judicial Department.....	286,321 14
Executive Department.....	36,297 87
Secretary of State.....	25,895 60
State Controller.....	21,789 29
State Treasurer.....	14,050 75
Attorney-General.....	26,908 93
Surveyor-General.....	15,374 20
Superintendent of Public Instruction.....	19,090 14
State Printing Office.....	242,633 37
State Library.....	40,502 02
National Guard of California.....	158,650 11
State Board of Health.....	50,106 76
State Board of Equalization.....	20,952 44
Railroad Commissioners.....	20,189 58
Insurance Commissioner.....	8,483 76
State Mining Bureau.....	30,501 17
Fish Commission.....	28,018 41
Bureau of Labor Statistics.....	9,663 93
Yosemite Valley Commissioners.....	16,326 76
Board of Horticulture.....	12,596 44
Deaf, Dumb, and Blind Asylum.....	65,448 78
Home for Adult Blind.....	26,573 11
Home for Feeble-Minded Children.....	93,011 87
Stockton State Hospital.....	206,561 99
Napa State Hospital.....	218,453 96
Agnews State Hospital.....	162,495 86
Mendocino State Hospital.....	104,578 86
Southern California State Hospital.....	132,007 13
Transportation of insane.....	32,266 60
State Prison at San Quentin.....	379,006 08
State Prison at Folsom.....	124,989 75
Whittier State School.....	93,807 97
Preston School of Industry.....	53,431 81
Transportation of prisoners.....	19,225 75
Support of orphans, half-orphans, etc.....	469,575 62
Veterans' Home.....	104,749 61
State Board of Education.....	624 60
State University.....	298,732 01
State Normal School at San José.....	54,474 55
State Normal School at Los Angeles.....	56,089 00
State Normal School at Chico.....	31,262 28
State Normal School at San Diego.....	59,965 97
State Normal School at San Francisco.....	10,793 98
Joint Normal School Trustees.....	425 40
Support of common schools.....	3,461,219 69
State Capitol Building and Grounds.....	70,474 07
Code Commissioners.....	19,283 76
Commissioner of Public Works.....	74,118 36
Department of Highways.....	38,322 05
Débris Commissioner.....	3,274 15
Dairy Bureau.....	7,712 70
Agricultural Societies.....	74,015 12
Bonds.....	303,693 59
Bank Commissioners.....	18,079 70
Building and Loan Commissioners.....	7,894 99
Restitution of principal, land sold not property of State.....	4,345 18
Restitution of interest, land sold not property of State.....	5,427 27
Annulment of certificates of purchase, State School Land Fund.....	1,493 86
Annulment of certificates of purchase, State School Fund.....	458 92
Surrender of certificates of deposit.....	4,460 00
Improvement of wharves, docks, etc., San Francisco.....	682,050 58
Railroad taxes, county portion.....	595,843 05
Repayment of deposits.....	65 56
Repayment of escheated estates.....	743 78
Reissue of canceled warrants.....	151 95
Miscellaneous.....	32,836 72
Transfers.....	244,087 13
Total expenditures (including transfers).....	\$9,731,465 60

STATEMENT No. 4.

EXPENDITURES FOR THE FIFTY-THIRD FISCAL YEAR.

Statement of the Amount of each Appropriation, the Amount Expended, and the Total Expended, during the Fifty-third Fiscal Year, ending June 30, 1902.

Date of Act.	Appropriation.	Unexpended Balance.	Appropriation 53d Fiscal Year.	Amount Expended during 53d Fiscal Year.	Amount Unexpended during 53d Fiscal Year.	Total Amount Expended during 53d Fiscal Year.
<i>Judicial Department.</i>						
Mar. 21, 1901	State's portion of salaries of Judges of the Superior Court.		\$159,562 50	\$157,310 90	\$2,251 60	
Mar. 17, 1899	State's portion of salaries of Judges of the Superior Court.	\$2,694 50		166 85	2,527 65	
Mar. 21, 1901	Salaries of Justices of Supreme Court		42,000 00	42,000 00		
Mar. 21, 1901	Salary of Clerk of Supreme Court		3,000 00	3,000 00		
Mar. 21, 1901	Salary of Chief Deputy Clerk of Supreme Court		2,400 00	2,400 00		
Mar. 21, 1901	Salaries of Deputy Clerks of Supreme Court		9,000 00	9,000 00		
Mar. 21, 1901	Salaries of Reporter of Decisions, Supreme Court		2,500 00	2,500 00		
Mar. 21, 1901	Salary of Deputy Reporter of Decisions, Supreme Court		2,400 00	2,400 00		
Mar. 21, 1901	Salaries of Secretaries, Supreme Court		4,800 00	4,800 00		
Mar. 21, 1901	Salary of Photographic Reporter, Supreme Court		5,400 00	5,400 00		
Mar. 21, 1901	Salaries of Bailiffs, Supreme Court		3,000 00	3,000 00		
Mar. 21, 1901	Salary of Librarian, Supreme Court		1,500 00	1,500 00		
Mar. 21, 1901	Pay of Porter, Clerk of Supreme Court.		480 00	480 00		
Mar. 21, 1901	Salaries of Supreme Court Commissioners and Secretary		67,000 00	32,400 00	34,600 00	
Mar. 21, 1901	Postage and contingent expenses, Supreme Court.		125 00	36 45	88 55	
Mar. 21, 1901	Postage and contingent expenses, Clerk Supreme Court	47 60		40 85	6 75	
Mar. 17, 1899	Postage and contingent expenses, Clerk Supreme Court		500 00	349 72	150 28	
Mar. 21, 1901	Postage and contingent expenses, Supreme Court Commissioners	48 08		48 08		
Mar. 17, 1899	Postage and contingent expenses, Supreme Court Commissioners		50 00	41 70	8 30	
Mar. 21, 1901	Expenses of Supreme Court, Sec. 47, C. of C. P.		17,900 00	14,999 35	2,900 65	
Mar. 21, 1901	Expenses of Supreme Court, Sec. 47, C. of C. P.	4,832 91		1,600 51	3,232 40	
Mar. 17, 1899	Printing, binding, etc., Clerk of Supreme Court.		1,750 00	1,750 00		
Mar. 21, 1901	Printing, binding, etc., Clerk of Supreme Court.	282 30		282 30		
Mar. 17, 1899	Support of Supreme Court Library (Supreme Court Library Fund)			1,325 81		
<i>Executive Department.</i>						
Mar. 21, 1901	Salary of Governor		\$0,000 00	\$6,000 00		\$286,832 52
Mar. 21, 1901	Salary of Private Secretary to Governor		4,000 00	4,000 00		
Mar. 21, 1901	Salary of Executive Secretary to Governor		2,600 00	2,600 00		
Mar. 21, 1901	Salary of Stenographer to Governor		1,600 00	1,275 65	\$324 35	

STATEMENT No. 4—Continued.

Date of Act.	Appropriation.	Unexpended Balance.	Appropriation 53d Fiscal Year.	Amount Expended during 53d Fiscal Year.	Amount Unexpended during 53d Fiscal Year.	Total Amount Expended during 53d Fiscal Year.
<i>Executive Department—Continued.</i>						
Mar. 21, 1901	Pay of Messenger to Governor					
Mar. 21, 1901	Salary of Secretary, Board of Examiners		\$1,200 00	\$1,200 00		
Mar. 21, 1901	Salary of Assistant Secretary, Board of Examiners		3,000 00	3,000 00		
Mar. 21, 1901	Salaries of Clerks, Board of Examiners		1,800 00	1,800 00		
Mar. 21, 1901	Pay of Porter, Board of Examiners		5,600 00	5,600 00		
Mar. 21, 1901	Salary of Expert, Board of Examiners		480 00	480 00		
Mar. 17, 1899	Salary of Expert, Board of Examiners		2,000 00	1,666 50	\$333 50	
Mar. 21, 1901	Special contingent, Governor (secret service)	\$166 85	5,000 00	166 85	550 00	
Mar. 21, 1901	Postage, expressage, etc., Governor		2,000 00	1,433 70	566 30	
Mar. 17, 1899	Postage, expressage, etc., Governor	247 57		200 14	47 43	
Mar. 21, 1901	Printing, binding, etc., Governor		625 00	624 25	75	
Mar. 17, 1899	Traveling expenses, Board of Examiners and Expert	1,525 00		210 25	1,214 75	
Mar. 21, 1901	Traveling expenses, Board of Examiners and Expert		1,500 00	889 35	610 65	
Mar. 17, 1899	Postage, expressage, etc., Board of Examiners	94 26		61 50	32 76	
Mar. 17, 1899	Postage, expressage, etc., Board of Examiners		250 00	209 36	40 64	
Mar. 21, 1901	Printing, binding, etc., Board of Examiners	75 30		75 30		
Mar. 17, 1899	Printing, binding, etc., Board of Examiners	406 60	250 00	250 00		
				196 75	209 85	\$36,389 60
<i>Secretary of State.</i>						
Mar. 21, 1901	Salary of Secretary of State		\$3,000 00	\$3,000 00		
Mar. 21, 1901	Salary of Deputy Secretary of State		2,400 00	2,400 00		
Mar. 21, 1901	Salary of Bookkeeper, Secretary of State		2,000 00	2,000 00		
Mar. 21, 1901	Salary of Keeper of Archives		2,000 00	2,000 00		
Mar. 21, 1901	Salaries of Clerks, Secretary of State		8,000 00	8,000 00		
Mar. 21, 1901	Salary of Janitor's Clerk, Secretary of State		1,600 00	1,600 00		
Mar. 21, 1901	Pay of Porter, Secretary of State		480 00	480 00		
Mar. 21, 1901	Postage, expressage, etc., Secretary of State		1,500 00	1,162 23	\$337 77	
Mar. 17, 1899	Postage, expressage, etc., Secretary of State	\$491 16		490 89	27	
Mar. 21, 1901	Contingent and traveling, Secretary of State		250 00	217 10	32 90	
Mar. 17, 1899	Contingent and traveling, Secretary of State	34 75		11 00	23 75	
Mar. 21, 1901	Printing, binding, etc., Secretary of State		5,000 00	3,993 75	1,006 25	
Mar. 17, 1899	Printing, binding, etc., Secretary of State	518 00		518 00		

25,872 97

State Controller.

Mar. 21, 1901	Salary of Controller	-----	\$3,000 00	-----	\$3,000 00
Mar. 21, 1901	Salary of Deputy Controller	-----	2,400 00	-----	2,400 00
Mar. 21, 1901	Salary of Bookkeeper, Controller	-----	2,000 00	-----	2,000 00
Mar. 21, 1901	Salary of Expert, Controller	-----	2,000 00	-----	2,000 00
Mar. 21, 1901	Salaries of Clerks, Controller	-----	8,000 00	-----	8,000 00
Mar. 21, 1901	Pay of Porter, Controller	-----	480 00	-----	480 00
Mar. 21, 1901	Postage, expressage, etc., Controller	-----	700 00	-----	473 86
Mar. 17, 1899	Postage, expressage, etc., Controller	\$12 19	-----	12 19	-----
Mar. 21, 1901	Contingent and traveling expenses, Controller	-----	750 00	-----	623 10
Mar. 17, 1899	Contingent and traveling expenses, Controller	143 77	-----	143 67	10
Mar. 21, 1901	Printing, binding, etc., Controller	-----	1,750 00	-----	1,331 50
Mar. 17, 1899	Printing, binding, etc., Controller	78 65	-----	78 65	-----
Mar. 26, 1895	Refurnishing office of State Controller	724 05	-----	82 98	641 07
State Treasurer.					
Mar. 21, 1901	Salary of State Treasurer	-----	\$3,000 00	-----	\$3,000 00
Mar. 21, 1901	Salary of Deputy Treasurer	-----	2,400 00	-----	2,400 00
Mar. 21, 1901	Salary of Bookkeeper, Treasurer	-----	2,000 00	-----	2,000 00
Mar. 21, 1901	Salary of Clerk, Treasurer	-----	1,600 00	-----	1,600 00
Mar. 21, 1901	Salaries of Watchmen, Treasurer	-----	3,600 00	-----	3,600 00
Mar. 21, 1901	Pay of Porter, Treasurer	-----	480 00	-----	480 00
Mar. 21, 1901	Postage, expressage, etc., Treasurer	-----	400 00	-----	337 50
Mar. 17, 1899	Postage, expressage, etc., Treasurer	\$43 95	-----	43 95	-----
Mar. 21, 1901	Printing, binding, etc., Treasurer	-----	375 00	-----	224 50
Mar. 17, 1899	Printing, binding, etc., Treasurer	53 25	-----	53 25	-----

20,625 95

13,739 20

Attorney-General.

Mar. 21, 1901	Salary of Attorney-General	-----	\$3,000 00	-----	\$3,000 00
Mar. 21, 1901	Salary of Assistant Attorney-General	-----	2,700 00	-----	2,700 00
Mar. 21, 1901	Salaries of Deputies Attorney-General	-----	7,200 00	-----	7,200 00
Mar. 21, 1901	Salaries of Clerks, Attorney-General	-----	3,200 00	-----	3,200 00
Mar. 21, 1901	Salary of Stenographer, Attorney-General	-----	1,800 00	-----	1,800 00
Mar. 21, 1901	Pay of Porter, Attorney-General	-----	480 00	-----	480 00
Mar. 21, 1901	Postage, expressage, etc., Attorney-General	-----	1,000 00	-----	993 53
Mar. 17, 1899	Postage, expressage, etc., Attorney-General	\$115 48	-----	113 74	86 47
Mar. 21, 1901	Traveling expenses, Attorney-General	-----	500 00	-----	1 74
Mar. 21, 1901	Costs and expenses of suits, etc.	-----	2,000 00	-----	500 00
Mar. 17, 1899	Costs and expenses of suits, etc.	273 91	-----	270 68	3 33
Mar. 21, 1901	Office rent, Attorney-General, San Francisco	-----	1,200 00	-----	1,100 00
Mar. 17, 1899	Office rent, Attorney-General, San Francisco	100 00	-----	100 00	100 00
Mar. 21, 1901	Purchase of law books	-----	250 00	-----	100 00
Mar. 16, 1895	To provide office of Attorney-General with law books	66 91	-----	249 87	13
			66 50	41	

Mar. 21, 1901	Salary of Copy Editor for State Printer	1,800 00	1,800 00	1,800 00	
Feb. 23, 1901	To pay claims of employes of Printing Office	4,930 65	4,930 65	4,930 65	
Mar. 21, 1901	Postage, expressage, etc., Superintendent of State Printing	500 00	500 00	481 88	\$18 12
Mar. 21, 1901	Lithographing, engraving, etc., State Printing Office	2,500 00	2,500 00	2,500 00	
Feb. 26, 1901	Lithographing, engraving, etc., State Printing Office			908 50	2 12
Mar. 21, 1901	Printing, binding, etc., State Printer	350 00	350 00	239 00	111 00
Mar. 21, 1901	Printing, binding, etc., State Printer			167 70	
Mar. 17, 1899	Legislative printing, thirty-fifth session	2,500 00	2,500 00	164 50	2,335 50
Mar. 21, 1901	Legislative printing, thirty-fourth session			111 11	
Mar. 21, 1901	Support State Printing Office (State Printing Fund)	111 11		69,228 01	
Mar. 17, 1899	Manufacturing school books (State School Book Fund)			84,253 05	
<i>State Library.</i>					
Mar. 21, 1901	Salary of State Librarian	\$3,000 00	\$3,000 00	\$3,000 00	
Mar. 21, 1901	Salaries of Deputies, State Librarian	3,600 00	3,600 00	3,600 00	
Mar. 21, 1901	Pay of Porter, State Librarian	480 00	480 00	480 00	
	Support of State Library (State Library Fund)			23,698 97	
<i>National Guard of California.</i>					
Mar. 21, 1901	Salary of Adjutant-General	\$3,000 00	\$3,000 00	\$2,900 00	\$100 00
Mar. 21, 1901	Salary of Assistant Adjutant-General	2,400 00	2,400 00	2,400 00	
Mar. 21, 1901	Salary of Clerk, etc., Adjutant-General	1,200 00	1,200 00	1,200 00	
Mar. 21, 1901	Salary of Clerk, Adjutant-General	1,600 00	1,600 00	1,600 00	
Mar. 21, 1901	Postage, expressage, etc., Adjutant-General	350 00	350 00	350 00	
Mar. 17, 1899	Postage, expressage, etc., Adjutant-General			35 78	
Mar. 21, 1901	Printing, bindings, etc., Adjutant-General	1,500 00	1,500 00	1,500 00	
Mar. 17, 1899	Printing, bindings, etc., Adjutant-General			268 50	
Mar. 17, 1899	Printing, bindings, etc., Adjutant-General			98,800 00	
Mar. 21, 1901	Armory rents and other expenses, N. G. C.	39,514 99		62,583 71	36,246 29
Mar. 17, 1899	Armory rents and other expenses, N. G. C.	45 12		39,135 96	379 03
Mar. 8, 1899	Unexpended balance Armory rents, etc., 49th & 50th fiscal years			45 12	
Mar. 21, 1901	Armory rents, etc., unattached companies, N. G. C.	900 00	900 00	375 00	525 00
Mar. 21, 1901	Care of State Armory, etc.	900 00	900 00	900 00	
Mar. 17, 1899	Care of State Armory, etc.			170 85	
Mar. 21, 1901	Target practice	4,000 00	4,000 00	1,535 23	
Mar. 17, 1899	Target practice			5,340 22	2,464 77
Mar. 21, 1901	Purchase of uniforms, etc.	10,000 00	10,000 00	1,535 23	
Mar. 17, 1899	Purchase of uniforms, etc.			5,340 22	9,214 61
Mar. 17, 1899	Allowance Division Headquarters	4,535 99		4,534 73	1 26
Mar. 21, 1901	Allowance Division Headquarters	300 00	300 00	900 00	300 00
Mar. 17, 1899	Allowance Brigade Headquarters			2,610 00	750 00
Mar. 21, 1901	Allowance Brigade Headquarters	874 00	870 00	870 00	4 00
Mar. 17, 1899	Allowance Regimental Headquarters			5,022 00	1,674 00
Mar. 21, 1901	Allowance Regimental Headquarters			1,674 00	1,361 07
Mar. 17, 1899	Encampment, N. G. C.	3,035 07		1,399 85	28,600 15
Mar. 21, 1901					

170,214 40

30,778 97

STATEMENT NO. 4—Continued.

Date of Act.	Appropriation.	Unexpended Balance.	Appropriation 53d Fiscal Year.	Amount Expended during 53d Fiscal Year.	Amount Unexpended during 53d Fiscal Year.	Total Amount Expended during 53d Fiscal Year.
<i>National Guard of California—Continued.</i>						
Mar. 17, 1899	Encampment, N. G. C.	\$28,706 95		\$19,043 76	\$9,663 19	
Mar. 21, 1901	Furnishing coal, etc., training ship "Marion"		\$1,500 00	507 51	992 49	
Mar. 17, 1899	Furnishing coal, etc., training ship "Marion"	2,051 71		1,887 41	164 30	
Mar. 21, 1901	Traveling expenses of officers on detail duty		2,000 00	1,184 40	815 60	
Mar. 17, 1899	Traveling expenses of officers on detail duty	1,558 54		2,229 78	1,328 76	
Mar. 17, 1899	Hospital supplies	2,933 90		2,448 54	485 36	
Feb. 26, 1901	Claims and expenses Companies B and D, N. G. C.		455 38	455 38		
April 1, 1897	Annual allowance	11,916 14		70 80	11,845 34	\$164,233 92
<i>State Board of Health.</i>						
Mar. 21, 1901	Salary of Secretary		\$2,500 00	\$2,500 00		
Mar. 21, 1901	Salary of Attorney		3,000 00	3,000 00		
Mar. 21, 1901	Traveling and contingent expenses		1,500 00	1,437 05	\$62 95	
Mar. 17, 1899	Traveling and contingent expenses	\$48 76		16 00	32 76	
Mar. 21, 1901	Printing, binding, etc., State Board of Health		700 00	561 50	138 50	
Mar. 17, 1899	Printing, binding, etc., State Board of Health	529 25		529 25		
Feb. 19, 1901	Prevention of introduction of Asiatic cholera, etc.	95,621 33		22,478 85	73,142 48	30,522 65
<i>State Board of Equalization.</i>						
Mar. 21, 1901	Salaries of Members		\$12,000 00	\$12,000 00		
Mar. 21, 1901	Salary of Clerk		2,400 00	2,400 00		
Mar. 21, 1901	Pay of Porter		480 00	480 00		
Mar. 21, 1901	Traveling expenses, etc., Board of Equalization		5,000 00	4,677 40	\$322 60	
Mar. 17, 1899	Traveling expenses, etc., Board of Equalization	\$728 90		728 90		
Mar. 21, 1901	Postage, expressage, etc., Board of Equalization		375 00	339 88	35 12	
Mar. 17, 1899	Postage, expressage, etc., Board of Equalization	24 40		24 40		
Mar. 21, 1901	Printing, binding, etc., Board of Equalization		375 00	195 25	179 75	
Mar. 17, 1899	Printing, binding, etc., Board of Equalization	44 50		44 50		
<i>Railroad Commissioners.</i>						
Mar. 21, 1901	Salaries of Commissioners		\$12,000 00	\$12,000 00		
Mar. 21, 1901	Salary of Secretary		2,400 00	2,400 00		
Mar. 21, 1901	Salary of Bailiff		1,200 00	1,200 00		
Mar. 21, 1901	Salary of Stenographer		500 00	500 00		
Mar. 21, 1901	Office rent		600 00	600 00		20,890 33

Mar. 21, 1901	Fuel, lights, etc., Railroad Commissioners				313 39	\$311 61
Mar. 17, 1899	Fuel, lights, etc., Railroad Commissioners				159 95	172 77
Mar. 21, 1901	Traveling expenses, Railroad Commissioners				315 81	34 19
Mar. 17, 1899	Traveling expenses, Railroad Commissioners				105 05	329 40
Mar. 21, 1901	Printing, binding, etc., Railroad Commissioners				1,100 00	
	<i>Insurance Commissioner.</i>					18,694 20
Mar. 21, 1901	Salary of Commissioner				\$3,000 00	
Mar. 21, 1901	Salary of Deputy Commissioner				1,800 00	
Mar. 21, 1901	Traveling and contingent expenses, Insurance Commissioner				1,000 00	\$500 00
Mar. 17, 1899	Traveling and contingent expenses, Insurance Commissioner					350 00
Mar. 21, 1901	Printing, binding, etc., Insurance Commissioner				750 00	
Mar. 17, 1899	Printing, binding, etc., Insurance Commissioner				60 00	402 50
Mar. 4, 1887	Rent, printing, etc., Insurance Commissioner				1,851 14	148 86
	<i>State Mining Bureau.</i>					8,611 14
Mar. 21, 1901	Support of State Mining Bureau				\$29,500 00	\$4,116 62
Mar. 17, 1899	Support of State Mining Bureau				5,000 00	1,756 24
Mar. 21, 1901	Printing, binding, etc., State Mining Bureau					
Mar. 17, 1899	Printing, binding, etc., State Mining Bureau				971 47	
	Uses of Mining Bureau (Mining Bureau Fund)					
	<i>Fish Commission.</i>					34,103 16
Mar. 21, 1901	Restoration and preservation of game				\$3,511 40	\$238 60
Mar. 17, 1899	Restoration and preservation of game				260 13	
Mar. 21, 1901	Restoration and preservation of fish				6,953 70	566 30
Mar. 17, 1899	Restoration and preservation of fish				585 45	
Mar. 21, 1901	Support and maintenance of State Hatcheries				391 49	1,093 11
Mar. 17, 1899	Support and maintenance of State Hatcheries				634 75	115 25
Mar. 21, 1901	Costs, etc., suits, violation of fish laws				262 20	
Mar. 17, 1899	Costs, etc., suits, violation of fish laws				658 00	1,342 00
Mar. 8, 1901	Propagation of steelhead trout				311 25	188 75
Mar. 21, 1901	Printing, binding, etc., Fish Commissioners				7,558 00	
	Propagation of fish (Fish Commission Fund)				1,624 91	
	Protecting, etc., game (Game Preservation Fund)					
	<i>Bureau of Labor Statistics.</i>					31,638 17
Mar. 21, 1901	Salary of Commissioner				\$3,000 00	
Mar. 21, 1901	Salary of Deputy Commissioner				1,800 00	
Mar. 21, 1901	Salaries of assistants, etc., Bureau of Labor Statistics				2,476 21	\$23 79
Mar. 17, 1899	Salaries of assistants, etc., Bureau of Labor Statistics				2 95	4 87
Mar. 21, 1901	Office rent, Bureau of Labor Statistics				600 00	

STATEMENT No. 4—Continued.

Date of Act.	Appropriation.	Unexpended Balance.	Appropriation 53d Fiscal Year.	Amount Expended during 53d Fiscal Year.	Amount Unexpended during 53d Fiscal Year.	Total Amount Expended during 53d Fiscal Year.
<i>Yosemite Valley and Mariposa Big Tree Grove.</i>						
Mar. 21, 1901	Salary of Guardian	-----	\$1,500 00	\$1,500 00	-----	-----
Mar. 21, 1901	Care of Yosemite Valley	-----	10,000 00	9,908 13	\$91 87	-----
Mar. 17, 1899	Care of Yosemite Valley	\$233 85	-----	232 58	1 27	-----
Mar. 21, 1901	Care of Mariposa Big Tree Grove.	-----	875 00	434 88	440 12	-----
Mar. 17, 1899	Care of Mariposa Big Tree Grove.	359 79	-----	359 79	-----	-----
Mar. 21, 1901	Traveling expenses, Yosemite Valley Commissioners.	-----	850 00	219 27	630 73	-----
Mar. 17, 1899	Traveling expenses, Yosemite Valley Commissioners.	-----	-----	550 85	1,753 80	-----
Mar. 28, 1901	Certain improvements, Yosemite Valley.	2,204 65	25,000 00	4,643 53	20,356 47	-----
Mar. 21, 1901	Printing, binding, etc., Yosemite Valley Commissioners.	-----	87 50	70 00	17 50	-----
Mar. 17, 1899	Printing, binding, etc., Yosemite Valley Commissioners.	31 25	-----	31 25	-----	-----
	Maintenance of Valley (Yosemite Fund).	-----	-----	6,257 25	-----	\$24,207 53
<i>Board of Horticulture.</i>						
Mar. 21, 1901	Salary of Secretary	-----	\$2,100 00	\$1,989 15	\$110 85	-----
Mar. 21, 1901	Salary of Clerk to Secretary	-----	600 00	600 00	-----	-----
Mar. 17, 1899	Salary of Clerk to Secretary	\$100 00	-----	100 00	-----	-----
Mar. 21, 1901	Salary of Quarantine Clerk	-----	2,100 00	2,100 00	-----	-----
Mar. 21, 1901	Support of State Board of Horticulture.	-----	5,000 00	3,034 21	1,965 79	-----
Mar. 17, 1899	Support of State Board of Horticulture.	523 63	-----	523 63	-----	-----
Feb. 28, 1901	Claim of State Board of Horticulture.	-----	1,957 01	1,956 01	1 00	-----
Mar. 21, 1901	Printing, binding, etc., State Board of Horticulture.	-----	2,500 00	2,500 00	-----	12,803 00
<i>Deaf, Dumb, and Blind Asylum.</i>						
Mar. 21, 1901	Support of Deaf, Dumb, and Blind Asylum.	-----	\$19,000 00	\$17,036 42	\$1,963 58	-----
Mar. 17, 1899	Support of Deaf, Dumb, and Blind Asylum.	\$3,009 83	-----	3,007 89	1 94	-----
Mar. 21, 1901	Salaries of officers, etc., Deaf, Dumb, and Blind Asylum.	-----	40,000 00	36,634 88	3,365 12	-----
Mar. 17, 1899	Salaries of officers, etc., Deaf, Dumb, and Blind Asylum.	3,676 28	-----	3,671 32	4 96	-----
Mar. 21, 1901	Printing, binding, etc., Deaf, Dumb, and Blind Asylum.	-----	125 00	41 00	84 00	-----
Mar. 17, 1899	Printing, binding, etc., Deaf, Dumb, and Blind Asylum.	153 50	-----	125 00	28 50	-----
	Uses of Deaf, Dumb, and Blind Asylum (Contingent Fund).	-----	-----	7,885 03	-----	68,401 54
<i>Home for Adult Blind.</i>						
Mar. 21, 1901	Support of Home for Adult Blind	-----	\$12,500 00	\$11,461 40	\$1,038 60	-----
Mar. 17, 1899	Support of Home for Adult Blind	\$1,194 12	-----	1,194 01	11	-----
Mar. 21, 1901	Salaries of officers, etc., Home for Adult Blind.	-----	10,000 00	9,234 20	765 80	-----

Mar. 17, 1899	Salaries of officers, etc., Home for Adult Blind	790 56	790 55	01	43,757 79
Mar. 21, 1901	Printing, binding, etc., Home for Adult Blind	121 90	150 00		
Mar. 17, 1899	Support of Home for Adult Blind (Adult Blind Fund)		20,805 73		
<i>Home for Feeble-Minded Children.</i>					
Mar. 21, 1901	Support of Home for Feeble-Minded Children		\$42,406 24	\$8,533 76	
Mar. 17, 1899	Support of Home for Feeble-Minded Children	\$19,514 05		15,118 32	
Mar. 21, 1901	Salaries of officers, etc., Home for Feeble-Minded Children		35,693 71	3,306 29	
Mar. 17, 1899	Salaries of officers, etc., Home for Feeble-Minded Children	5,551 99		3,332 83	
Mar. 21, 1901	Printing, binding, etc., Home for Feeble-Minded Children		350 00	2,219 16	
Mar. 17, 1899	Printing, binding, etc., Home for Feeble-Minded Children	272 25			
Mar. 17, 1899	Uses of Home for Feeble-Minded Children (Contingent Fund)		12,033 39		98,544 15
<i>Hospitals for Insane.</i>					
Mar. 21, 1901	Support of Stockton State Hospital		\$95,694 50	\$9,755 50	
Mar. 17, 1899	Support of Stockton State Hospital	\$7,993 49	7,907 61	85 88	
Mar. 21, 1901	Salaries of officers, etc., Stockton State Hospital		88,330 47	9,169 53	
Mar. 17, 1899	Salaries of officers, etc., Stockton State Hospital	11,888 71		3,885 90	
Mar. 25, 1901	Repair of boilers, Stockton State Hospital		2,500 00	1 57	
Mar. 17, 1899	Printing, binding, etc., Stockton State Hospital	143 00			
Mar. 17, 1899	Uses of Stockton State Hospital (Contingent Fund)		8,616 19		211,193 01
Mar. 21, 1901	Support of Napa State Hospital		\$99,264 65	\$9,665 35	
Mar. 17, 1899	Support of Napa State Hospital	\$8,775 33	8,772 17	3 16	
Mar. 21, 1901	Salaries of officers, etc., Napa State Hospital		84,967 48	10,032 52	
Mar. 17, 1899	Salaries of officers, etc., Napa State Hospital	11,953 16		4,080 43	
Mar. 17, 1899	Printing, binding, etc., Napa State Hospital	14 45			
Mar. 17, 1899	Uses of Napa State Hospital (Contingent Fund)		17,465 44		218,356 92
Mar. 21, 1901	Support of Agnews State Hospital		\$73,009 36	\$9,985 64	
Mar. 17, 1899	Support of Agnews State Hospital	\$5,819 87	5,747 18	72 69	
Mar. 21, 1901	Salaries of officers, etc., Agnews State Hospital		58,157 87	5,592 13	
Mar. 17, 1899	Salaries of officers, etc., Agnews State Hospital	10,561 19		5,254 68	
Mar. 17, 1899	Salaries of officers, etc., Agnews State Hospital		5,306 51	4,074 35	
Mar. 25, 1901	Artesian well, Agnews State Hospital		925 65		
Mar. 25, 1901	Erection of water towers, etc., Agnews State Hospital		44 95	4,955 05	
Mar. 25, 1901	Printing, binding, etc., Agnews State Hospital	54 80			
Mar. 17, 1899	Uses of Agnews State Hospital (Contingent Fund)		18,804 93		162,051 25
Mar. 21, 1901	Support of Mendocino State Hospital		\$54,430 74	\$7,519 26	
Mar. 17, 1899	Support of Mendocino State Hospital	\$6,228 03	6,164 72	63 31	
Mar. 21, 1901	Salaries of officers, etc., Mendocino State Hospital		37,416 29	3,683 71	
Mar. 17, 1899	Salaries of officers, etc., Mendocino State Hospital	4,691 41		1,234 21	
Mar. 25, 1901	Purchase of additional lands, etc., Mendocino State Hospital		3,457 00	713 98	
Mar. 25, 1901			20,286 02		

STATEMENT No. 4—Continued.

Date of Act.	Appropriation.	Unexpended Balance.	Appropriation 53d Fiscal Year.	Amount Expended during 53d Fiscal Year.	Amount Unexpended during 53d Fiscal Year.	Total Amount Expended during 53d Fiscal Year.
<i>Hospitals for Insane—Continued.</i>						
Mar. 17, 1899	Printing, binding, etc., Mendocino State Hospital Uses of Mendocino State Hospital (Contingent Fund). Uses of Mendocino State Hospital (Special Mendocino Insane Asylum Fund)-----	\$140 85 2 23	----- ----- -----	\$106 25 5,734 86 2 23	\$33 75 ----- -----	\$127,598 11
Mar. 21, 1901	Support of Southern California State Hospital.	-----	\$70,450 00	\$58,096 80	\$12,353 20	138,284 87
Mar. 17, 1899	Support of Southern California State Hospital.	\$4,758 89	-----	4,674 09	84 80	
Mar. 21, 1901	Salaries of officers, etc., Southern California State Hospital.	-----	46,500 00	42,321 99	4,178 01	
Mar. 17, 1899	Salaries of officers, etc., Southern California State Hospital.	7,070 19	-----	3,877 16	3,193 03	
Mar. 22, 1899	Certain improvements, Southern California State Hospital.	42,354 39	-----	25,819 35	16,535 04	
Mar. 17, 1899	Printing, binding, etc., Southern California State Hospital.	28 20	-----	28 20	-----	30,427 20
Mar. 17, 1899	Uses of Southern California State Hospital (Contingent Fund).	-----	-----	3,467 28	-----	
Mar. 21, 1901	<i>Transportation of Insane.</i>	-----	-----	-----	-----	
Mar. 21, 1901	Transportation of insane	-----	\$27,500 00	\$27,505 45	-----	
Feb. 26, 1901	By amount returned by J. Lackmann, February 10, 1902	-----	5 45	-----	-----	
Mar. 25, 1901	Transportation of insane 49th, 50th, 51st, and 52d fiscal years— deficiency ----- Claims for conveying children to Home for Feeble-Minded.	\$2,517 30 ----- -----	----- 404 45 -----	----- 2,517 30 404 45	----- ----- -----	310,878 71
Mar. 21, 1901	<i>State Prisons.</i>	-----	-----	-----	-----	
Mar. 21, 1901	Support of State Prison at San Quentin.	-----	\$50,000 00	\$41,667 49	\$8,332 51	
Mar. 17, 1899	Support of State Prison at San Quentin.	-----	-----	8,348 56	-----	
Mar. 21, 1901	Salaries of officers, etc., State Prison at San Quentin.	-----	60,000 00	54,999 63	5,000 37	
Mar. 17, 1899	Salaries of officers, etc., State Prison at San Quentin.	5,000 08	-----	5,000 00	08	310,878 71
Mar. 21, 1901	Printing, binding, etc., State Prison at San Quentin.	-----	750 00	750 00	-----	
Mar. 17, 1899	Printing, binding, etc., State Prison at San Quentin.	78 50	-----	78 50	-----	
Mar. 17, 1899	Uses of San Quentin Prison (San Quentin Prison Fund).	-----	-----	157,579 68	-----	
Mar. 17, 1899	Purchase of jute (Jute Revolving Fund) -----	-----	-----	42,454 85	-----	
Mar. 21, 1901	Support of State Prison at Folsom.	-----	\$60,000 00	\$48,404 80	\$11,595 20	310,878 71
Mar. 17, 1899	Support of State Prison at Folsom.	\$11,247 39	-----	9,855 45	1,391 94	
Mar. 21, 1901	Salaries of officers, etc., State Prison at Folsom.	-----	47,500 00	43,520 78	3,979 22	
Mar. 17, 1899	Salaries of officers, etc., State Prison at Folsom.	3,997 05	-----	3,971 66	25 39	
Mar. 21, 1901	Printing, binding, etc., State Prison at Folsom.	-----	700 00	700 00	-----	

STATEMENT No. 4—Continued.

Date of Act.	Appropriation.	Unexpended Balance.	Appropriation 53d Fiscal Year.	Amount Expended during 53d Fiscal Year.	Amount Unexpended during 53d Fiscal Year.	Total Amount Expended during 53d Fiscal Year.
State Board of Education.						
Mar. 21, 1901	Traveling expenses, State Board of Education		\$500 00	\$409 00	\$31 00	\$186 50
Mar. 21, 1901	Printing, binding, etc., State Board of Education		17 50	17 50		
State University.						
Mar. 21, 1901	Printing, binding, etc., State University		\$5,250 00	\$5,250 00		
Mar. 17, 1899	Printing, binding, etc., State University	\$3,044 20		3,044 20		
Mar. 8, 1901	Uses, benefit, etc., University of California		50,000 00	50,000 00		
Mar. 8, 1901	Support and maintenance, University of California		200,000 00	125,000 00	\$75,000 00	
	Support of (from ad valorem tax)			175,560 27		408,729 47
	Support of (from interest on bonds)			49,875 00		
State Normal Schools.						
Mar. 21, 1901	Support of Normal School at San José		\$4,000 00	\$2,863 73	\$1,136 27	60,004 90
Mar. 17, 1899	Support of Normal School at San José	\$917 09		916 77	32	
Mar. 21, 1901	Salaries of officers, etc., Normal School at San José		48,500 00	48,158 96	341 04	
Mar. 17, 1899	Salaries of officers, etc., Normal School at San José	4,125 56		4,106 66	18 90	
Mar. 21, 1901	Library, museum, etc., Normal School at San José		1,000 00	710 34	289 66	
Mar. 17, 1899	Library, museum, etc., Normal School at San José	139 73		137 38	2 35	
Mar. 21, 1901	Care and improvement of grounds, Normal School at San José		2,000 00	1,705 73	294 27	
Mar. 17, 1899	Care and improvement of grounds, Normal School at San José	444 67		441 64	3 03	
Mar. 21, 1901	Printing, binding, etc., Normal School at San José		700 00	634 50	15 50	
Mar. 21, 1901	Printing, binding, etc., Normal School at San José	272 59		272 59		
Mar. 17, 1899	Uses of Normal School at San José (Contingent Fund)			6 60		
Mar. 21, 1901	Support of Normal School at Los Angeles		\$4,000 00	\$3,417 74	\$582 26	60,004 90
Mar. 17, 1899	Support of Normal School at Los Angeles	\$651 49		651 32	17	
Mar. 21, 1901	Salaries of officers, etc., Normal School at Los Angeles		47,000 00	46,740 60	259 40	
Mar. 21, 1901	Library, museum, etc., Normal School at Los Angeles		1,000 00	980 66	19 34	
Mar. 17, 1899	Library, museum, etc., Normal School at Los Angeles	48 41		48 04	37	
Mar. 21, 1901	Care and improvement of grounds, Normal School at Los Angeles		1,000 00	804 86	95 14	
Mar. 17, 1899	Care and improvement of grounds, Normal School at Los Angeles	486 46		484 23	2 23	
Mar. 22, 1899	Certain improvements, Normal School at Los Angeles	19,360 27		15,990 70	6,869 57	
Mar. 25, 1901	Certain improvements, Normal School at Los Angeles		3,500 00			
Mar. 21, 1901	Printing, binding, etc., Normal School at Los Angeles		420 00	134 25	285 75	
Mar. 17, 1899	Printing, binding, etc., Normal School at Los Angeles	530 50		530 50		

Uses of Los Angeles Normal School (Contingent Fund)				493 13	
Mar. 24, 1901	Support of Normal School at Chico.			\$1,817 71	\$182 29
Mar. 17, 1899	Support of Normal School at Chico.			121 70	57
Mar. 21, 1901	Salaries of officers, etc., Normal School at Chico	\$122 27		27,571 66	528 34
	By amount returned by Trustees, Sept. 17, 1901			100 00	
Mar. 17, 1899	Salaries of officers, etc., Normal School at Chico.	2,429 47		2,428 63	84
Mar. 21, 1901	Library, museum, etc., Normal School at Chico.			458 33	41 67
Mar. 17, 1899	Library, museum, etc., Normal School at Chico.	4 05		4 00	05
Mar. 21, 1901	Care and improvement of grounds, Normal School at Chico			959 95	40 05
Mar. 17, 1899	Care and improvement of grounds, Normal School at Chico	64 33		64 25	08
Mar. 21, 1901	Printing, binding, etc., Normal School at Chico.			280 00	
Mar. 17, 1899	Printing, binding, etc., Normal School at Chico.	21 75		21 75	
	Uses of Chico Normal School (Contingent Fund)			1,494 12	
Mar. 21, 1901	Support of Normal School at San Diego.			\$1,902 69	\$97 31
Mar. 17, 1899	Support of Normal School at San Diego.	\$460 39		460 39	282 52
Mar. 21, 1901	Salaries of officers, etc., Normal School at San Diego.			27,217 48	358 65
Mar. 17, 1899	Salaries of officers, etc., Normal School at San Diego.	2,669 46		2,310 81	
Mar. 21, 1901	Printing, binding, etc., Normal School at San Diego.			200 00	
Mar. 17, 1899	Printing, binding, etc., Normal School at San Diego.	287 75		287 75	
Mar. 21, 1901	Support of Normal School at San Francisco.			\$2,298 75	\$201 25
Mar. 17, 1899	Salaries of officers, etc., Normal School at San Francisco.			14,499 47	1,500 53
Mar. 21, 1901	Printing, binding, etc., Normal School at San Francisco.			250 00	
Mar. 22, 1899	Establishing and maintenance Normal School at San Francisco.	\$1,134 94		1,134 94	
	Uses of San Francisco Normal School (Contingent Fund)			419 19	
Mar. 21, 1901	Traveling expenses Joint Board of Normal School Trustees.			\$465 70	\$284 30
Support of Common Schools.					
	Paid Alameda County.			\$318,842 08	
	Paid Alpine County.			804 64	
	Paid Amador County.			26,663 76	
	Paid Butte County.			42,685 60	
	Paid Calaveras County.			28,018 88	
	Paid Colusa County.			29,288 72	
	Paid Contra Costa County.			41,828 16	
	Paid Del Norte County.			6,350 16	
	Paid El Dorado County.			19,915 84	
	Paid Fresno County.			90,780 88	
	Paid Glenn County.			12,173 92	
	Paid Humboldt County.			68,676 56	
	Paid Inyo County.			9,776 08	

70,276 03

35,222 10

32,379 12

18,002 35

465 70

STATEMENT No. 4—Continued.

Date of Act.	Appropriation.	Unexpended Balance.	Appropriation 53d Fiscal Year.	Amount Expended during 53d Fiscal Year.	Amount Unexpended during 53d Fiscal Year.	Total Amount Expended during 53d Fiscal Year.
	<i>Support of Common Schools—Continued.</i>					
	Paid Kern County.....			\$35,452 64		
	Paid Kings County.....			25,057 04		
	Paid Lake County.....			15,515 84		
	Paid Lassen County.....			10,065 36		
	Paid Los Angeles County.....			476,697 52		
	Paid Madera County.....			14,470 96		
	Paid Marin County.....			31,910 32		
	Paid Mariposa County.....			10,787 20		
	Paid Mendocino County.....			48,742 72		
	Paid Merced County.....			23,045 68		
	Paid Modoc County.....			14,828 48		
	Paid Mono County.....			3,924 56		
	Paid Monterey County.....			50,875 28		
	Paid Napa County.....			34,059 12		
	Paid Nevada County.....			38,928 32		
	Paid Orange County.....			58,216 00		
	Paid Placer County.....			32,630 88		
	Paid Plumas County.....			9,454 96		
	Paid Riverside County.....			47,815 60		
	Paid Sacramento County.....			88,822 24		
	Paid San Benito County.....			17,094 88		
	Paid San Bernardino County.....			68,934 32		
	Paid San Diego County.....			75,741 84		
	Paid San Francisco County.....			884,143 36		
	Paid San Joaquin County.....			72,876 80		
	Paid San Luis Obispo County.....			50,723 84		
	Paid San Mateo County.....			31,285 44		
	Paid Santa Barbara County.....			46,942 24		
	Paid Santa Clara County.....			144,680 16		
	Paid Santa Cruz County.....			54,569 68		
	Paid Shasta County.....			41,963 92		
	Paid Sierra County.....			7,287 04		
	Paid Siskiyou County.....			36,600 64		
	Paid Solano County.....			49,236 40		
	Paid Sonoma County.....			94,065 92		

STATEMENT No. 4—Continued.

Date of Act.	Appropriation.	Unexpended Balance.	Appropriation 53d Fiscal Year.	Amount Expended during 53d Fiscal Year.	Amount Unexpended during 53d Fiscal Year.	Total Amount Expended during 53d Fiscal Year.
Code Commissioners—Continued.						
Mar. 21, 1901	Postage, expressage, etc.		\$325 00	\$38 90	\$286 10	\$16,073 90
Mar. 21, 1901	Printing, binding, etc.		1,250 00	195 00	1,055 00	
Commissioner of Public Works.						
Mar. 21, 1901	Salary of Commissioner		\$3,000 00	\$3,000 00		61,837 24
Mar. 21, 1901	Printing, binding, etc., Commissioner of Public Works		250 00	70 25	\$179 75	
Mar. 17, 1899	Printing, binding, etc., Commissioner of Public Works	\$53 35		27 00	26 35	24,640 50
Mar. 17, 1897	To improve and rectify river channels, State of California	83,363 49		58,739 99	24,640 50	
	By amount returned by Auditing Board, February 19, 1902		17 00			
Department of Highways.						
Mar. 21, 1901	Salary of Highway Commissioner		\$3,000 00	\$3,000 00		5,000 44
Mar. 21, 1901	Salary of Secretary, Department of Highways		1,500 00	1,500 00		
Mar. 21, 1901	Salary of Stenographer, Department of Highways		1,200 00	1,200 00		8,048 45
Mar. 21, 1901	Pay of Porter, Department of Highways		480 00	480 00		
Mar. 21, 1901	Traveling and contingent expenses, Department of Highways		500 00	168 19	\$331 81	61,837 24
Mar. 17, 1899	Traveling and contingent expenses, Department of Highways	\$141 06		102 65	38 41	
Mar. 21, 1901	Printing, binding, etc., Department of Highways		500 00	46 50	453 50	8,612 41
Mar. 17, 1899	Printing, binding, etc., Department of Highways	337 50		15 25	322 25	
Feb. 23, 1899	Construction of free wagon road from Mono Lake Basin	17,546 00		2,099 82	15,446 18	
Lake Tahoe Wagon Road.						
Mar. 21, 1901	Salary of Lake Tahoe Wagon Road Commissioner		\$600 00	\$600 00		8,048 45
Mar. 21, 1901	Maintenance of Lake Tahoe Wagon Road		4,000 00	3,999 52	\$0 48	
Mar. 17, 1899	Maintenance of Lake Tahoe Wagon Road	\$461 25		460 92	33	
Débris Commissioner.						
Mar. 21, 1901	Salary of Débris Commissioner		\$600 00	\$600 00		8,048 45
Mar. 21, 1901	Salary of Secretary, Débris Commissioner		300 00	225 00	\$75 00	
Mar. 21, 1901	Traveling expenses, etc., Débris Commissioner		300 00	246 45	53 55	243,031 00
Mar. 21, 1901	Printing, binding, etc., Débris Commissioner		20 00	8 00	12 00	
Mar. 17, 1897	Construction of works for restraining, etc., of debris	\$250,000 00		6,969 00	243,031 00	
Dairy Bureau.						
Mar. 4, 1897	Support of Dairy Bureau		\$5,000 00	\$3,447 43	\$1,552 57	

Mar. 4, 1897	Support of Dairy Bureau	\$4,498 35	306 46	4,191 89
Mar. 24, 1899	Inspection of dairies, dairy products, etc.	1,317 00	1,211 85	105 15
Mar. 21, 1901	Printing, binding etc., Dairy Bureau	250 00	57 25	192 75
	<i>Agricultural Societies.</i>			
Mar. 21, 1901	Aid to State Agricultural Society		\$15,000 00	
Mar. 21, 1901	Aid to Agricultural Society No. 2		1,875 00	
Mar. 21, 1901	Aid to Agricultural Society No. 4		1,875 00	
Mar. 21, 1901	Aid to Agricultural Society No. 6		2,800 00	
Mar. 21, 1901	Aid to Agricultural Society No. 8		875 00	
Mar. 21, 1901	Aid to Agricultural Society No. 9		1,125 00	
Mar. 21, 1901	Aid to Agricultural Society No. 11		1,125 00	
Mar. 21, 1901	Aid to Agricultural Society No. 16		875 00	
Mar. 21, 1901	Aid to Agricultural Society No. 18		1,125 00	
Mar. 21, 1901	Aid to Agricultural Society No. 23		1,250 00	
Mar. 21, 1901	Aid to Agricultural Society No. 24		1,125 00	
Mar. 21, 1901	Aid to Agricultural Society No. 33		875 00	
Mar. 21, 1901	Aid to Agricultural Society No. 34		750 00	
Mar. 21, 1901	Aid to Agricultural Society No. 40		1,800 00	
Mar. 21, 1901	Aid to Agricultural Society No. 41		750 00	
Mar. 21, 1901	Aid to Agricultural Society No. 28		750 00	
Mar. 17, 1899	Printing, binding, etc., State Agricultural Society	\$1,200 00	1,160 39	\$39 61
Mar. 17, 1899	Printing, binding, etc., State Agricultural Society	1,768 55	3,000 00	
	<i>State Veterinarian.</i>			
Mar. 21, 1901	Salary of State Veterinarian		\$2,000 00	
Mar. 21, 1901	Traveling and contingent expenses, State Veterinarian		500 00	
	<i>Bonds.</i>			
	Purchase of County Bonds (State School Land Fund)		\$105,231 50	
	Purchase of U. S. Bonds (S. F. Depot Sinking Fund)		69,890 00	
	Payment of interest on Funded Debt Bonds (Interest and Sinking Fund)		141,435 00	
	Payment of interest on S. F. Depot Bonds (S. F. Depot Sinking Fund)		24,000 00	
	Payment of interest on Indian War Bonds, 1852 (General Fund)		79,840 32	
	Payment of Indian War Bonds (War Bond Fund)		135 83	
	Payment of interest, relief of James Saulty's widow, etc.		597 90	
	<i>Bank Commissioners (Bank Commissioners' Fund).</i>			
	Salaries of Bank Commissioners		\$10,800 00	
	Salary of Secretary, Bank Commissioners		2,400 00	
	Traveling expenses, Bank Commissioners		2,142 85	
				421,130 05
				39,133 94
				2,500 00
				5,022 99

STATEMENT No. 4—Continued.

Date of Act.	Appropriation.	Unexpended Balance.	Appropriation 53d Fiscal Year.	Amount Expended during 53d Fiscal Year.	Amount Unexpended during 53d Fiscal Year.	Total Amount Expended during 53d Fiscal Year.
Mar. 17, 1899	<i>Bank Commissioners (Bank Commissioners' Fund)—Continued.</i>					
	Stationery, fuel, etc., Bank Commissioners		\$1,243 00	\$1,119 55		\$17,437 40
	Office rent, Bank Commissioners		975 00	975 00		
	<i>Building and Loan Commissioners (Building and Loan Association Inspection Fund).</i>					
	Salaries of Commissioners		\$7,813 30	\$5,000 00	\$2,813 30	
	Salary of Secretary		1,900 00	1,200 00	700 00	
	Traveling expenses, Building and Loan Commissioners		1,477 86	602 70	875 16	
	Office rent, Building and Loan Commissioners		760 00	480 00	280 00	
	Fuel, printing, etc., Building and Loan Commissioners		920 08	368 57	551 51	
	Printing, binding, etc., Building and Loan Commissioners	\$186 50		63 50	123 00	7,714 77
	Restitution of principal, land sold not property of State (State School Land Fund)			\$2,300 60		2,300 60
	Restitution of interest, land sold not property of State (State School Fund)			\$1,074 20		1,074 20
	Annulment of certificates of purchase (State School Land Fund)			\$501 03		501 03
Mar. 17, 1899	Annulment of certificates of purchase (State School Fund)			\$260 90		260 90
	Surrender of certificates of deposits (School Land Deposit Fund)			\$4,300 00		4,300 00
	Improvement of wharves, docks, etc., San Francisco (San Francisco Harbor Improvement Fund)			\$701,450 59		701,843 59
	Printing, binding, etc., San Francisco Harbor Commissioners	\$393 00		333 00		645,928 48
	Railroad taxes, county portion (Railway Tax Fund)			\$645,928 48		
	Repayment of deposits (Dissolved Savings Bank Fund)			\$2,089 75		2,089 75
	Repayment of escheated estates (Estates of Dec'd Persons F'd)			\$3,657 96		3,657 96

STATEMENT No. 4—Continued.

Date of Act.	Appropriation.	Unexpended Balance.	Appropriation 53d Fiscal Year.	Amount Expended during 53d Fiscal Year.	Amount Unexpended during 53d Fiscal Year.	Total Amount Expended during 53d Fiscal Year.
	<i>Transfer Account.</i>					
	Transferred from San Francisco Harbor Improvement Fund to San Francisco Depot Sinking Fund			\$55,572 00	-----	
	Transferred from General Fund to Fund for Support and Maintenance of Veterans' Home of California			55,000 00	-----	
	Transferred from Interest and Sinking Fund to General Fund			16,828 61	-----	
	Transferred from General Fund to Adult Blind Fund			5,684 27	-----	
	Transferred from Game Preservation Fund to Fish Commission Fund			325 25	-----	\$133,410 13
	Total expenditures (including transfers)			-----	-----	\$9,776,423 20

STATEMENT No. 4—Continued.

Recapitulation of Expenditures for Fifty-third Fiscal Year, ending June 30, 1902.

For What Purpose Expended.	Amount.
Judicial Department.....	\$286,832 52
Executive Department.....	36,389 60
Secretary of State.....	25,872 97
State Controller.....	20,625 95
State Treasurer.....	13,739 20
Attorney-General.....	26,307 92
Surveyor-General.....	14,948 55
Superintendent of Public Instruction.....	21,938 85
State Printing Office.....	170,214 40
State Library.....	30,778 97
National Guard of California.....	164,233 92
State Board of Health.....	30,522 65
State Board of Equalization.....	20,890 33
Railroad Commissioners.....	18,694 20
Insurance Commissioner.....	8,611 14
State Mining Bureau.....	34,103 16
Fish Commission.....	31,638 17
Bureau of Labor Statistics.....	7,879 16
Yosemite Valley Commissioners.....	24,207 53
Board of Horticulture.....	12,803 00
Deaf, Dumb, and Blind Asylum.....	68,401 54
Home for Adult Blind.....	43,757 79
Home for Feeble-Minded Children.....	98,544 15
Stockton State Hospital.....	211,193 01
Napa State Hospital.....	218,356 92
Agnews State Hospital.....	162,051 25
Mendocino State Hospital.....	127,598 11
Southern California State Hospital.....	138,284 87
Transportation of insane.....	30,427 20
State Prison at San Quentin.....	310,878 71
State Prison at Folsom.....	129,092 21
Whittier State School.....	116,278 09
Preston School of Industry.....	50,268 41
Transportation of prisoners.....	26,628 98
Orphans, half orphans, etc.....	482,465 66
Veterans' Home.....	142,714 32
State Board of Education.....	486 50
State University.....	408,729 47
State Normal School at San José.....	60,004 90
State Normal School at Los Angeles.....	70,276 03
State Normal School at Chico.....	35,222 10
State Normal School at San Diego.....	32,379 12
State Normal School at San Francisco.....	18,602 35
Joint Board of Normal School Trustees.....	465 70
Support of common schools.....	3,573,316 56
State Capitol building and grounds.....	65,140 18
Rewards.....	3,334 00
Code Commissioners.....	16,073 90
Commissioner of Public Works.....	61,837 24
Department of Highways.....	8,612 41
Lake Tahoe Wagon Road.....	5,060 44
Débris Commissioner.....	8,048 45
Dairy Bureau.....	5,022 99
Agricultural Societies.....	39,153 94
State Veterinarian.....	2,500 00
Bonds.....	421,130 05
Bank Commissioners.....	17,437 40
Building and Loan Commissioners.....	7,714 77
Restitution of principal, land sold not property of State.....	2,300 60
Restitution of interest, land sold not property of State.....	1,074 20
Annulment of certificates of purchase, State School Land Fund.....	501 03
Annulment of certificates of purchase, State School Fund.....	260 90
Surrender of certificates of deposit.....	4,300 00
Improvement of wharves, docks, etc., San Francisco.....	701,843 59
Railroad taxes, county portion.....	645,928 48
Repayment of deposits.....	2,089 75
Repayment of escheated estates.....	3,697 96
Miscellaneous.....	61,576 45
Transfers.....	133,410 13
Total receipts (including transfers).....	\$9,776,423 20

STATEMENT No. 5.

Showing the Condition of the Several Funds for the Fifty-second and Fifty-third Fiscal Years.

GENERAL FUND.

June 30, 1901—To warrants issued	\$3,386,677 25	July 1, 1900—By balance ...	\$2,592,627 46
June 30, 1901—To transfers ...	135,000 00	June 30, 1901—By receipts ...	3,324,392 82
June 30, 1901—To balance	2,407,805 03	June 30, 1901—By transfers ..	12,462 00
	<u>\$5,929,482 28</u>		<u>\$5,929,482 28</u>
June 30, 1902—To warrants issued	\$3,459,235 81	July 1, 1901—By balance ...	\$2,407,805 03
June 30, 1902—To transfers ...	60,684 27	June 30, 1902—By receipts ...	3,154,418 67
June 30, 1902—To balance	2,059,132 23	June 30, 1902—By transfers ..	16,828 61
	<u>\$5,579,052 31</u>		<u>\$5,579,052 31</u>
		July 1, 1902—By balance ...	\$2,059,132 23

SCHOOL FUND.

June 30, 1901—To warrants issued	\$3,467,105 88	July 1, 1900—By balance ...	\$1,058,407 24
June 30, 1901—To balance	1,083,335 05	June 30, 1901—By receipts ...	3,450,980 56
	<u>\$4,550,440 93</u>	June 30, 1901—By transfers ..	41,053 13
			<u>\$4,550,440 93</u>
June 30, 1902—To warrants issued	\$3,574,651 66	July 1, 1901—By balance ...	\$1,083,335 05
June 30, 1902—To balance	1,078,691 84	June 30, 1902—By receipts ...	3,570,008 45
	<u>\$4,653,343 50</u>		<u>\$4,653,343 50</u>
		July 1, 1902—By balance ...	\$1,078,691 84

INTEREST AND SINKING FUND.

June 30, 1901—To warrants issued	\$141,435 00	July 1, 1900—By balance ...	\$12,462 00
June 30, 1901—To transfers ...	12,462 00	June 30, 1901—By receipts ...	158,263 61
June 30, 1901—To balance	16,828 61		
	<u>\$170,725 61</u>		<u>\$170,725 61</u>
June 30, 1902—To warrants issued	\$141,435 00	July 1, 1901—By balance ...	\$16,828 61
June 30, 1902—To transfers ...	16,828 61	June 30, 1902—By receipts ...	148,052 74
June 30, 1902—To balance	6,617 74		
	<u>\$164,881 35</u>		<u>\$164,881 35</u>
		July 1, 1902—By balance ...	\$6,617 74

STATEMENT No. 5--Continued.

STATE SCHOOL LAND FUND.

June 30, 1901—To warrants issued	\$143,499 88	July 1, 1900—By balance ...	\$573,639 86
June 30, 1901—To balance	791,960 02	June 30, 1901—By receipts ...	361,820 04
	<u>\$935,459 90</u>		<u>\$935,459 90</u>
June 30, 1902—To warrants issued	\$108,033 13	July 1, 1901—By balance ...	\$791,960 02
June 30, 1902—To balance	1,106,477 51	June 30, 1902—By receipts ...	422,550 62
	<u>\$1,214,510 64</u>		<u>\$1,214,510 64</u>
		July 1, 1902—By balance ...	\$1,106,477 51

SCHOOL LAND DEPOSIT FUND.

June 30, 1901—To warrants issued	\$4,460 00	July 1, 1900—By balance ...	\$46,540 00
June 30, 1901—To balance	50,940 00	June 30, 1901—By receipts ...	8,860 00
	<u>\$55,400 00</u>		<u>\$55,400 00</u>
June 30, 1902—To warrants issued	\$4,300 00	July 1, 1901—By balance ...	\$50,940 00
June 30, 1902—To balance	53,040 00	June 30, 1902—By receipts ...	6,400 00
	<u>\$57,340 00</u>		<u>\$57,340 00</u>
		July 1, 1902—By balance ...	\$53,040 00

SAN FRANCISCO HARBOR IMPROVEMENT FUND.

June 30, 1901—To warrants issued	\$680,188 83	July 1, 1900—By balance ...	\$39,983 93
June 30, 1901—To transfers ...	55,572 00	June 30, 1901—By receipts ...	704,668 20
June 30, 1901—To balance	8,891 30		
	<u>\$744,652 13</u>		<u>\$744,652 13</u>
June 30, 1902—To warrants issued	\$701,450 59	July 1, 1901—By balance ...	\$8,891 30
June 30, 1902—To transfers ...	55,572 00	June 30, 1902—By receipts ...	763,340 92
June 30, 1902—To balance	15,209 63		
	<u>\$772,232 22</u>		<u>\$772,232 22</u>
		July 1, 1902—By balance ...	\$15,209 63

UNIVERSITY FUND.

June 30, 1901—To warrants issued	\$50,115 00	June 30, 1901—By receipts ...	\$50,115 00
June 30, 1901—To balance			
	<u>\$50,115 00</u>		<u>\$50,115 00</u>
June 30, 1902—To warrants issued	\$49,875 00	July 1, 1901—By balance ...	-----
June 30, 1902—To balance	30 00	June 30, 1902—By receipts ...	\$49,905 00
	<u>\$49,905 00</u>		<u>\$49,905 00</u>
		July 1, 1902—By balance ..	\$30 00

STATEMENT No. 5—Continued.

STATE UNIVERSITY FUND.

June 30, 1901—To warrants is- sued -----	\$243,564 76	July 1, 1900—By balance ---	\$91 11
June 30, 1901—To balance ----		June 30, 1901—By receipts ---	243,473 65
	<u>\$243,564 76</u>		<u>\$243,564 76</u>
June 30, 1902—To warrants is- sued -----	\$175,560 27	July 1, 1901—By balance ---	
June 30, 1902—To balance ----	71,194 28	June 30, 1902—By receipts ---	\$246,754 55
	<u>\$246,754 55</u>		<u>\$246,754 55</u>
		July 1, 1902—By balance ---	\$71,194 28

MINING BUREAU FUND.

June 30, 1901—To warrants is- sued -----	\$100 00	July 1, 1900—By balance ---	\$340 47
June 30, 1901—To balance ----	240 47	June 30, 1901—By receipts ---	
	<u>\$340 47</u>		<u>\$340 47</u>
June 30, 1902—To warrants is- sued -----	\$140 47	July 1, 1901—By balance ---	\$240 47
June 30, 1902—To balance ----	100 00	June 30, 1902—By receipts ---	
	<u>\$240 47</u>		<u>\$240 47</u>
		July 1, 1902—By balance ---	\$100 00

STATE LIBRARY FUND.

June 30, 1901—To warrants is- sued -----	\$30,147 02	July 1, 1900—By balance ---	\$16,605 02
June 30, 1901—To balance ----	21,792 95	June 30, 1901—By receipts ---	35,334 95
	<u>\$51,939 97</u>		<u>\$51,939 97</u>
June 30, 1902—To warrants is- sued -----	\$23,698 97	July 1, 1901—By balance ---	\$21,792 95
June 30, 1902—To balance ----	28,093 98	June 30, 1902—By receipts ---	30,000 00
	<u>\$51,792 95</u>		<u>\$51,792 95</u>
		July 1, 1902—By balance ---	\$28,093 98

SUPREME COURT LIBRARY FUND.

June 30, 1901—To warrants is- sued -----	\$1,459 09	July 1, 1900—By balance ---	\$5,091 57
June 30, 1901—To balance ----	5,611 02	June 30, 1901—By receipts ---	1,978 54
	<u>\$7,070 11</u>		<u>\$7,070 11</u>
June 30, 1902—To warrants is- sued -----	\$1,325 81	July 1, 1901—By balance ---	\$5,611 02
June 30, 1902—To balance ----	6,255 44	June 30, 1902—By receipts ---	1,970 23
	<u>\$7,581 25</u>		<u>\$7,581 25</u>
		July 1, 1902—By balance ---	\$6,255 44

STATEMENT No. 5—Continued.

YOSEMITE FUND.

June 30, 1901—To warrants is- sued	\$3,503 15	July 1, 1900—By balance	\$369 15
June 30, 1901—To balance	2,518 27	June 30, 1901—By receipts	5,652 27
	<u>\$6,021 42</u>		<u>\$6,021 42</u>
June 30, 1902—To warrants is- sued	\$6,257 25	July 1, 1901—By balance	\$2,518 27
June 30, 1902—To balance	502 62	June 30, 1902—By receipts	4,241 60
	<u>\$6,759 87</u>		<u>\$6,759 87</u>
		July 1, 1902—By balance	\$502 62

ADULT BLIND FUND.

June 30, 1901—To warrants is- sued	\$2,196 45	July 1, 1900—By balance	\$929 22
June 30, 1901—To balance	2,710 90	June 30, 1901—By receipts	3,978 13
	<u>\$4,907 35</u>		<u>\$4,907 35</u>
June 30, 1902—To warrants is- sued	\$20,805 73	July 1, 1901—By balance	\$2,710 90
June 30, 1902—To balance	34 19	June 30, 1902—By receipts	12,444 75
	<u>\$20,839 92</u>	June 30, 1902—By transfers	5,684 27
			<u>\$20,839 92</u>
		July 1, 1902—By balance	\$34 19

JUTE REVOLVING FUND.

June 30, 1901—To warrants is- sued	\$118,267 82	July 1, 1900—By balance	\$5,519 20
June 30, 1901—To balance	6,079 25	June 30, 1901—By receipts	118,827 87
	<u>\$124,347 07</u>		<u>\$124,347 07</u>
June 30, 1902—To warrants is- sued	\$42,454 85	July 1, 1901—By balance	\$6,079 25
June 30, 1902—To balance	100,000 00	June 30, 1902—By receipts	136,375 60
	<u>\$142,454 85</u>		<u>\$142,454 85</u>
		July 1, 1902—By balance	\$100,000 00

ESTATES OF DECEASED PERSONS FUND.

June 30, 1901—To warrants is- sued	\$743 78	July 1, 1900—By balance	\$90,396 61
June 30, 1901—To balance	97,626 47	June 30, 1901—By receipts	7,973 64
	<u>\$98,370 25</u>		<u>\$98,370 25</u>
June 30, 1902—To warrants is- sued	\$3,697 96	July 1, 1901—By balance	\$97,626 47
June 30, 1902—To balance	93,987 34	June 30, 1902—By receipts	58 83
	<u>\$97,685 30</u>		<u>\$97,685 30</u>
		July 1, 1902—By balance	\$93,987 34

STATEMENT No. 5—Continued.

RAILWAY TAX FUND.

June 30, 1901—To warrants is-sued	\$595,843 05	July 1, 1900—By balance	\$2,376 90
June 30, 1901—To balance	4,628 42	June 30, 1901—By receipts	598,094 57
	<u>\$600,471 47</u>		<u>\$600,471 47</u>
June 30, 1902—To warrants is-sued	\$645,928 48	July 1, 1901—By balance	\$4,628 42
June 30, 1902—To balance	7,219 24	June 30, 1902—By receipts	648,519 30
	<u>\$653,147 72</u>		<u>\$653,147 72</u>
		July 1, 1902—By balance	\$7,219 24

FISH COMMISSION FUND.

June 30, 1901—To warrants is-sued	\$7,166 73	July 1, 1900—By balance	\$3,750 17
June 30, 1901—To balance	5,161 78	June 30, 1901—By receipts	8,578 34
	<u>\$12,328 51</u>		<u>\$12,328 51</u>
June 30, 1902—To warrants is-sued	\$7,558 00	July 1, 1901—By balance	\$5,161 78
June 30, 1902—To balance	4,835 28	June 30, 1902—By receipts	6,906 25
	<u>\$12,393 28</u>	June 30, 1902—By transfers	325 25
			<u>\$12,393 28</u>
		July 1, 1902—By balance	\$4,835 28

SAN QUENTIN PRISON FUND.

June 30, 1901—To warrants is-sued	\$99,623 03	July 1, 1900—By balance	\$173,044 95
June 30, 1901—To balance	171,221 13	June 30, 1901—By receipts	97,799 21
	<u>\$270,844 16</u>		<u>\$270,844 16</u>
June 30, 1902—To warrants is-sued	\$157,579 68	July 1, 1901—By balance	\$171,221 13
June 30, 1902—To balance	173,376 92	June 30, 1902—By receipts	159,735 47
	<u>\$330,956 60</u>		<u>\$330,956 60</u>
		July 1, 1902—By balance	\$173,376 92

FOLSOM PRISON FUND.

June 30, 1901—To warrants is-sued	\$1,583 66	July 1, 1900—By balance	\$11,828 03
June 30, 1901—To balance	27,243 41	June 30, 1901—By receipts	16,999 04
	<u>\$28,827 07</u>		<u>\$28,827 07</u>
June 30, 1902—To warrants is-sued	\$1,915 93	July 1, 1901—By balance	\$27,243 41
June 30, 1902—To balance	35,695 96	June 30, 1902—By receipts	10,368 48
	<u>\$37,611 89</u>		<u>\$37,611 89</u>
		July 1, 1902—By balance	\$35,695 96

STATEMENT No. 5—Continued.

INSURANCE COMMISSIONER'S SPECIAL FUND.

June 30, 1901—To warrants is- sued	\$2,184 01	July 1, 1900—By balance	\$415 28
June 30, 1901—To balance	231 27	June 30, 1901—By receipts	2,000 00
	<u>\$2,415 28</u>		<u>\$2,415 28</u>
June 30, 1902—To warrants is- sued	\$1,851 14	July 1, 1901—By balance	\$231 27
June 30, 1902—To balance	380 13	June 30, 1902—By receipts	2,000 00
	<u>\$2,231 27</u>		<u>\$2,231 27</u>
		July 1, 1902—By balance	\$380 13

BANK COMMISSIONERS' FUND.

June 30, 1901—To warrants is- sued	\$16,152 20	July 1, 1900—By balance	\$2,544 66
June 30, 1901—To balance	1,900 01	June 30, 1901—By receipts	15,507 55
	<u>\$18,052 21</u>		<u>\$18,052 21</u>
June 30, 1902—To warrants is- sued	\$17,437 40	July 1, 1901—By balance	\$1,900 01
June 30, 1902—To balance	123 45	June 30, 1902—By receipts	15,660 84
	<u>\$17,560 85</u>		<u>\$17,560 85</u>
		July 1, 1902—By balance	\$123 45

STATE SCHOOL BOOK FUND.

June 30, 1901—To warrants is- sued	\$82,400 55	July 1, 1900—By balance	\$7,812 47
June 30, 1901—To balance	7,060 55	June 30, 1901—By receipts	81,648 63
	<u>\$89,461 10</u>		<u>\$89,461 10</u>
June 30, 1902—To warrants is- sued	\$84,284 05	July 1, 1901—By balance	\$7,060 55
June 30, 1902—To balance	3,514 97	June 30, 1902—By receipts	80,738 47
	<u>\$87,799 02</u>		<u>\$87,799 02</u>
		July 1, 1902—By balance	\$3,514 97

DISSOLVED SAVINGS BANK FUND.

June 30, 1901—To warrants is- sued	\$65 56	July 1, 1900—By balance	\$6,810 00
June 30, 1901—To balance	8,371 41	June 30, 1901—By receipts	1,626 97
	<u>\$8,436 97</u>		<u>\$8,436 97</u>
June 30, 1902—To warrants is- sued	\$2,089 75	July 1, 1901—By balance	\$8,371 41
June 30, 1902—To balance	31,617 47	June 30, 1902—By receipts	25,335 81
	<u>\$33,707 22</u>		<u>\$33,707 22</u>
		July 1, 1902—By balance	\$31,617 47

STATEMENT No. 5--Continued.

STATE PRINTING FUND.

June 30, 1901—To warrants is- sued	\$149,619 13	July 1, 1900—By balance	\$139 37
June 30, 1901—To balance	8,571 17	June 30, 1901—By receipts	80,050 93
	<u>\$158,190 30</u>	June 30, 1901—By transfers	78,000 00
			<u>\$158,190 30</u>
June 30, 1902—To warrants is- sued	\$63,228 01	July 1, 1901—By balance	\$8,571 17
June 30, 1902—To balance	2,075 28	June 30, 1902—By receipts	61,732 12
	<u>\$70,303 29</u>		<u>\$70,303 29</u>
		July 1, 1902—By balance	\$2,075 28

SAN DIEGO HARBOR IMPROVEMENT FUND.

June 30, 1901—To warrants is- sued		July 1, 1900—By balance	\$89 38
June 30, 1901—To balance	\$125 38	June 30, 1901—By receipts	36 00
	<u>\$125 38</u>		<u>\$125 38</u>
June 30, 1902—To warrants is- sued		July 1, 1901—By balance	\$125 38
June 30, 1902—To balance	\$125 38	June 30, 1902—By receipts	
	<u>\$125 38</u>		<u>\$125 38</u>
		July 1, 1902—By balance	\$125 38

SAN FRANCISCO DEPOT SINKING FUND.

June 30, 1901—To warrants is- sued	\$24,000 00	July 1, 1900—By balance	\$10,399 68
June 30, 1901—To balance	50,371 68	June 30, 1901—By receipts	8,400 00
	<u>\$74,371 68</u>	June 30, 1901—By transfers	55,572 00
			<u>\$74,371 68</u>
June 30, 1902—To warrants is- sued	\$93,890 00	July 1, 1901—By balance	\$50,371 68
June 30, 1902—To balance	20,953 68	June 30, 1902—By receipts	8,900 00
	<u>\$114,843 68</u>	June 30, 1902—By transfers	55,572 00
			<u>\$114,843 68</u>
		July 1, 1902—By balance	\$20,953 68

WHITTIER REFORM SCHOOL FUND.

June 30, 1901—To warrants is- sued	\$38,046 98	July 1, 1900—By balance	\$44,231 70
June 30, 1901—To balance	8,527 47	June 30, 1901—By receipts	2,342 75
	<u>\$46,574 45</u>		<u>\$46,574 45</u>
June 30, 1902—To warrants is- sued	\$11,546 82	July 1, 1901—By balance	\$8,527 47
June 30, 1902—To balance	6,487 03	June 30, 1902—By receipts	9,506 38
	<u>\$18,033 85</u>		<u>\$18,033 85</u>
		July 1, 1902—By balance	\$6,487 03

STATEMENT No. 5—Continued.

BUILDING AND LOAN ASSOCIATION INSPECTION FUND.

June 30, 1901—To warrants is- sued	\$7,063 74	July 1, 1900—By balance.....	\$4,938 01
June 30, 1901—To balance	5,394 72	June 30, 1901—By receipts.....	7,520 45
	<u>\$12,458 46</u>		<u>\$12,458 46</u>
June 30, 1902—To warrants is- sued	\$7,651 27	July 1, 1901—By balance.....	\$5,394 72
June 30, 1902—To balance	5,219 97	June 30, 1902—By receipts.....	7,476 52
	<u>\$12,871 24</u>		<u>\$12,871 24</u>
		July 1, 1902—By balance.....	\$5,219 97

ROCK-CRUSHER REVOLVING FUND.

June 30, 1901—To warrants is- sued	\$9,625 43	July 1, 1900—By balance.....	\$2,768 09
June 30, 1901—To balance	5,000 00	June 30, 1901—By receipts.....	11,857 34
	<u>\$14,625 43</u>		<u>\$14,625 43</u>
June 30, 1902—To warrants is- sued	\$7,108 68	July 1, 1901—By balance.....	\$5,000 00
June 30, 1902—To balance	2,142 71	June 30, 1902—By receipts.....	4,251 39
	<u>\$9,251 39</u>		<u>\$9,251 39</u>
		July 1, 1902—By balance.....	\$2,142 71

SPECIAL MENDOCINO INSANE ASYLUM FUND.

June 30, 1901—To warrants is- sued	\$1,087 45	July 1, 1900—By balance.....	\$1,089 68
June 30, 1901—To balance.....	2 23	June 30, 1901—By receipts.....	-----
	<u>\$1,089 68</u>		<u>\$1,089 68</u>
June 30, 1902—To warrants is- sued	\$2 23	July 1, 1901—By balance.....	\$2 23
June 30, 1902—To balance.....	-----	June 30, 1902—By receipts.....	-----
	<u>\$2 23</u>		<u>\$2 23</u>
		July 1, 1902—By balance.....	-----

RAILWAY TAX CONTINGENT FUND.

June 30, 1901—To warrants is- sued	\$41,053 13	July 1, 1900—By balance.....	\$41,053 13
June 30, 1901—To transfers.....	-----	June 30, 1901—By receipts.....	-----
June 30, 1901—To balance.....	-----		<u>\$41,053 13</u>
	<u>\$41,053 13</u>		
		July 1, 1901—By balance.....	-----

STATEMENT No. 5—Continued.

WAR BOND FUND.

June 30, 1901—To warrants is- sued		July 1, 1900—By balance	\$2,972 95
June 30, 1901—To balance	\$2,972 95	June 30, 1901—By receipts	
	<u>\$2,972 95</u>		<u>\$2,972 95</u>
June 30, 1902—To warrants is- sued	\$135 33	July 1, 1901—By balance	\$2,972 95
June 30, 1902—To balance	2,837 62	June 30, 1902—By receipts	
	<u>\$2,972 95</u>		<u>\$2,972 95</u>
		July 1, 1902—By balance	\$2,837 62

JAMES SAULTRY RELIEF FUND.

June 30, 1901—To warrants is- sued	\$597 75	July 1, 1900—By balance	
June 30, 1901—To balance		June 30, 1901—By receipts	\$597 75
	<u>\$597 75</u>		<u>\$597 75</u>
June 30, 1902—To warrants is- sued	\$597 90	July 1, 1901—By balance	
June 30, 1902—To balance		June 30, 1902—By receipts	\$597 90
	<u>\$597 90</u>		<u>\$597 90</u>
		July 1, 1902—By balance	

CONTINGENT FUND, WHITTIER STATE SCHOOL.

June 30, 1901—To warrants is- sued	\$597 35	July 1, 1900—By balance	\$1,607 05
June 30, 1901—To balance	2,022 47	June 30, 1901—By receipts	1,012 77
	<u>\$2,619 82</u>		<u>\$2,619 82</u>
June 30, 1902—To warrants is- sued	\$1,558 48	July 1, 1901—By balance	\$2,022 47
June 30, 1902—To balance	2,374 34	June 30, 1902—By receipts	1,910 35
	<u>\$3,932 82</u>		<u>\$3,932 82</u>
		July 1, 1902—By balance	\$2,374 34

STATEMENT No. 5—Continued.

CONTINGENT FUND, PRESTON SCHOOL OF INDUSTRY.

June 30, 1901—To warrants is- sued	\$203 20	July 1, 1900—By balance	\$458 26
June 30, 1901—To balance	425 01	June 30, 1901—By receipts	169 95
	<u>\$628 21</u>		<u>\$628 21</u>
June 30, 1902—To warrants is- sued	\$291 22	July 1, 1901—By balance	\$425 01
June 30, 1902—To balance	454 51	June 30, 1902—By receipts	320 72
	<u>\$745 73</u>		<u>\$745 73</u>
		July 1, 1902—By balance	\$454 51

CONTINGENT FUND, DEAF, DUMB, AND BLIND ASYLUM.

June 30, 1901—To warrants is- sued	\$4,644 17	July 1, 1900—By balance	\$3,651 03
June 30, 1901—To balance	3,761 05	June 30, 1901—By receipts	4,754 19
	<u>\$8,405 22</u>		<u>\$8,405 22</u>
June 30, 1902—To warrants is- sued	\$7,885 03	July 1, 1901—By balance	\$3,761 05
June 30, 1902—To balance	1,486 43	June 30, 1902—By receipts	5,610 41
	<u>\$9,371 46</u>		<u>\$9,371 46</u>
		July 1, 1902—By balance	\$1,486 43

CONTINGENT FUND, STOCKTON STATE HOSPITAL.

June 30, 1901—To warrants is- sued	\$8,080 18	July 1, 1900—By balance	\$10,788 69
June 30, 1901—To balance	16,808 30	June 30, 1901—By receipts	14,099 79
	<u>\$24,888 48</u>		<u>\$24,888 48</u>
June 30, 1902—To warrants is- sued	\$8,616 19	July 1, 1901—By balance	\$16,808 30
June 30, 1902—To balance	20,750 66	June 30, 1902—By receipts	12,558 55
	<u>\$29,366 85</u>		<u>\$29,366 85</u>
		July 1, 1902—By balance	\$20,750 66

STATEMENT No. 5—Continued.

CONTINGENT FUND, NAPA STATE HOSPITAL.

June 30, 1901—To warrants issued	\$19,726 19	July 1, 1900—By balance	\$24,726 23
June 30, 1901—To balance	24,602 14	June 30, 1901—By receipts	19,602 10
	<u>\$44,328 33</u>		<u>\$44,328 33</u>
June 30, 1902—To warrants issued	\$17,465 44	July 1, 1901—By balance	\$24,602 14
June 30, 1902—To balance	27,024 18	June 30, 1902—By receipts	19,887 48
	<u>\$44,489 62</u>		<u>\$44,489 62</u>
		July 1, 1902—By balance	\$27,024 18

CONTINGENT FUND, AGNEWS STATE HOSPITAL.

June 30, 1901—To warrants issued	\$15,229 65	July 1, 1900—By balance	\$14,264 89
June 30, 1901—To balance	16,309 49	June 30, 1901—By receipts	17,274 25
	<u>\$31,539 14</u>		<u>\$31,539 14</u>
June 30, 1902—To warrants issued	\$18,804 93	July 1, 1901—By balance	\$16,309 49
June 30, 1902—To balance	17,663 25	June 30, 1902—By receipts	20,158 69
	<u>\$36,468 18</u>		<u>\$36,468 18</u>
		July 1, 1902—By balance	\$17,663 25

CONTINGENT FUND, SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA STATE HOSPITAL.

June 30, 1901—To warrants issued	\$15,838 51	July 1, 1900—By balance	\$7,698 81
June 30, 1901—To balance	3,288 99	June 30, 1901—By receipts	11,428 69
	<u>\$19,127 50</u>		<u>\$19,127 50</u>
June 30, 1902—To warrants issued	\$3,467 28	July 1, 1901—By balance	\$3,288 99
June 30, 1902—To balance	12,600 46	June 30, 1902—By receipts	12,778 75
	<u>\$16,067 74</u>		<u>\$16,067 74</u>
		July 1, 1902—By balance	\$12,600 46

STATEMENT No. 5—Continued.

CONTINGENT FUND, MENDOCINO STATE HOSPITAL.

June 30, 1901—To warrants issued	\$7,469 42	July 1, 1900—By balance	\$5,754 91
June 30, 1901—To balance	2,691 63	June 30, 1901—By receipts	4,406 14
	<u>\$10,161 05</u>		<u>\$10,161 05</u>
June 30, 1902—To warrants issued	\$5,734 86	July 1, 1901—By balance	\$2,691 63
June 30, 1902—To balance	1,866 07	June 30, 1902—By receipts	4,909 30
	<u>\$7,600 93</u>		<u>\$7,600 93</u>
		July 1, 1902—By balance	\$1,866 07

CONTINGENT FUND, HOME FOR FEEBLE-MINDED CHILDREN.

June 30, 1901—To warrants issued	\$460 25	July 1, 1900—By balance	\$8,577 59
June 30, 1901—To balance	\$18,096 14	June 30, 1901—By receipts	9,978 80
	<u>\$18,556 39</u>		<u>\$18,556 39</u>
June 30, 1902—To warrants issued	\$12,210 20	July 1, 1901—By balance	\$18,096 14
June 30, 1902—To balance	12,120 55	June 30, 1902—By receipts	6,234 61
	<u>\$24,330 75</u>		<u>\$24,330 75</u>
		July 1, 1902—By balance	\$12,120 55

CONTINGENT FUND, SAN JOSÉ STATE NORMAL SCHOOL.

June 30, 1901—To warrants issued	\$62 88	July 1, 1900—By balance	\$330 23
June 30, 1901—To balance	300 05	June 30, 1901—By receipts	32 70
	<u>\$362 93</u>		<u>\$362 93</u>
June 30, 1902—To warrants issued	\$6 60	July 1, 1901—By balance	\$300 05
June 30, 1902—To balance	337 05	June 30, 1902—By receipts	43 60
	<u>\$343 65</u>		<u>\$343 65</u>
		July 1, 1902—By balance	\$337 05

STATEMENT No. 5—Continued.

CONTINGENT FUND, LOS ANGELES STATE NORMAL SCHOOL.

June 30, 1901—To warrants is- sued	\$251 35	July 1, 1900—By balance	\$618 82
June 30, 1901—To balance	529 47	June 30, 1901—By receipts	162 00
	<u>\$780 82</u>		<u>\$780 82</u>
June 30, 1902—To warrants is- sued	\$493 13	July 1, 1901—By balance	\$529 47
June 30, 1902—To balance	381 59	June 30, 1902—By receipts	345 25
	<u>\$874 72</u>		<u>\$874 72</u>
		July 1, 1902—By balance	\$381 59

CONTINGENT FUND, CHICO STATE NORMAL SCHOOL.

June 30, 1901—To warrants is- sued	\$1,545 50	July 1, 1900—By balance	\$714 10
June 30, 1901—To balance	442 42	June 30, 1901—By receipts	1,273 82
	<u>\$1,987 92</u>		<u>\$1,987 92</u>
June 30, 1902—To warrants is- sued	\$1,494 12	July 1, 1901—By balance	\$442 42
June 30, 1902—To balance	327 60	June 30, 1902—By receipts	1,379 30
	<u>\$1,821 72</u>		<u>\$1,821 72</u>
		July 1, 1902—By balance	\$327 60

CONTINGENT FUND, SAN DIEGO STATE NORMAL SCHOOL.

June 30, 1901—To warrants is- sued		July 1, 1900—By balance	
June 30, 1901—To balance		June 30, 1901—By receipts	
June 30, 1902—To warrants is- sued		July 1, 1901—By balance	
June 30, 1902—To balance	\$17 15	June 30, 1902—By receipts	\$17 15
	<u>\$17 15</u>		<u>\$17 15</u>
		July 1, 1902—By balance	\$17 15

CONTINGENT FUND, SAN FRANCISCO STATE NORMAL SCHOOL.

June 30, 1901—To warrants is- sued		July 1, 1900—By balance	
June 30, 1901—To balance	\$82 36	June 30, 1901—By receipts	\$82 36
	<u>\$82 36</u>		<u>\$82 36</u>
June 30, 1902—To warrants is- sued	\$419 19	July 1, 1901—By balance	\$82 36
June 30, 1902—To balance	241 01	June 30, 1902—By receipts	577 84
	<u>\$660 20</u>		<u>\$660 20</u>
		July 1, 1902—By balance	\$241 01

STATEMENT No. 5—Continued.

FUND, SUPPORT AND MAINTENANCE VETERANS' HOME OF CALIFORNIA.

June 30, 1901--To warrants is-		July 1, 1900--By balance	\$3,318 28
sued	\$104,746 64	June 30, 1901--By transfers	57,000 00
June 30, 1901--To balance	3,190 40	June 30, 1901--By receipts	47,618 76
	<u>\$107,937 04</u>		<u>\$107,937 04</u>
June 30, 1902--To warrants is-		July 1, 1901--By balance	\$3,190 40
sued	\$142,214 32	June 30, 1902--By transfers	55,000 00
June 30, 1902--To balance	8,293 28	June 30, 1902--By receipts	92,317 20
	<u>\$150,507 60</u>		<u>\$150,507 60</u>
		July 1, 1902--By balance	\$8,293 28

GAME PRESERVATION FUND.

June 30, 1901--To warrants is-		July 1, 1900--By balance	-----
sued	-----	June 30, 1901--By receipts	\$74 75
June 30, 1901--To balance	\$74 75		<u>\$74 75</u>
	<u>\$74 75</u>		<u>\$74 75</u>
June 30, 1902--To warrants is-		July 1, 1901--By balance	\$74 75
sued	\$1,624 91	June 30, 1902--By receipts	2,965 68
June 30, 1902--To transfers	325 25		
June 30, 1902--To balance	1,090 27		
	<u>\$3,040 43</u>		<u>\$3,040 43</u>
		July 1, 1902--By balance	\$1,090 27

NEEDLES SCHOOL DISTRICT, SAN BERNARDINO CO. BOND FUND.

June 30, 1902--By receipts	\$2,003 75
	<u>\$2,003 75</u>
July 1, 1902--By balance	\$2,003 75

STATEMENT No. 6.

Amount Received for School Purposes from Property Tax, Collateral Inheritance Tax, Poll Tax, and from Interest on State School Lands, from the several Counties of the State, and from other sources, for the Fifty-second Fiscal Year, ending June 30, 1901, and Total Distributed to the several Counties for the same time.

Counties.	Property Tax.	Poll Tax.	Interest on Lands.	Collateral Inheritance Tax.	Total Amount Received.	Amount Apportioned.
Alameda	\$175,150 53	\$22,251 55	\$46 60	\$19,171 51	\$246,620 19	\$304,728 25
Alpine	517 60	211 65	354 48		1,083 73	919 83
Amador	8,900 33	3,388 10	74 80	63 72	12,426 95	26,760 14
Butte	27,182 56	5,330 15	240 77	624 59	33,378 07	41,912 24
Calaveras	11,189 14	4,765 55	231 45	122 74	16,308 88	28,671 38
Colusa	24,589 31	3,610 90	123 89	270 86	28,594 46	19,369 75
Contra Costa	31,936 08	5,618 05	1 30		36,555 43	40,633 77
Del Norte	4,076 72	957 10			5,024 82	6,105 85
El Dorado	7,854 47	2,343 55	1,921 28	38 48	12,157 78	20,868 17
Fresno	56,576 92	10,792 45	2,132 07		69,501 44	81,599 22
Glenn	20,827 78	2,136 90	329 46	5,355 35	28,649 49	12,582 55
Humboldt	35,677 28	9,729 43	705 83	5,461 37	51,573 91	66,277 47
Inyo	3,506 50	1,355 85	1,218 85		6,081 20	10,094 40
Kern	28,566 56	6,948 70	4,397 50		42,398 14	32,682 44
Kings	14,085 78	2,897 25	228 96		17,211 99	23,729 29
Lake	6,515 71	1,827 60	327 46		8,670 77	15,463 65
Lassen	6,424 45	1,631 75	971 68		9,027 88	11,125 40
Los Angeles	209,096 99	48,685 95	842 62	8,101 34	268,726 90	449,628 56
Madera	11,313 15	2,897 55	352 63		14,534 33	13,540 16
Marin	23,527 10	3,267 40			26,794 50	30,773 23
Mariposa	4,671 85	794 00			5,465 85	11,146 76
Mendocino	22,294 97	6,006 45	924 06	2,566 37	29,360 87	30,773 23
Merced	25,893 41	3,641 00	681 44	80 30	30,923 96	48,662 30
Modoc	2,293 09	1,810 30	477 63	1,698 48	30,215 85	22,112 85
Monro	6,184 11	681 70	1,043 74		8,472 04	15,115 10
Monterey	5,326 06	5,326 06	1,649 48		4,018 53	3,678 17
Napa	23,668 38	4,861 00	741 99		41,925 85	51,649 10
Nevada	13,267 85	3,770 60	67 26	2,388 46	31,004 27	33,478 66
Orange	22,492 23	5,784 25	111 00	8,934 01	26,083 46	39,752 31
Placer	14,740 53	4,094 14		28,964 41	26,083 46	56,299 69
Plumas	4,616 41	1,235 20	84 05	687 93	19,213 04	32,850 77
Riverside	22,538 79	7,738 79	212 37		6,064 01	9,309 63
Sacramento	68,742 99	18,646 30	327 46	759 63	31,364 67	46,584 92
San Benito	11,972 56	1,763 25	408 00	1,260 66	89,058 05	85,310 53
San Bernardino	28,035 77	8,437 70	1,140 40		14,876 21	17,283 88
			1,499 04	314 92	35,287 43	65,342 35

San Diego	39,932 86	8,042 20	2,106 47	898 48	50,980 91	77,503 38
San Francisco	850,372 88	97,111 45		159,738 74	1,107,223 07	750,127 42
San Joaquin	62,819 82	11,962 30	351 95	179 29	75,313 36	73,643 84
San Luis Obispo	24,802 18	5,084 05	1,598 86	403 75	31,888 94	51,503 40
San Mateo	29,504 27	1,980 50		118 75	31,003 52	30,656 26
Santa Barbara	25,680 13	4,727 25		7,237 63	38,533 75	48,156 39
Santa Clara	107,381 91	15,826 45	888 74	221 58	123,822 40	139,973 54
Santa Cruz	21,704 46	6,363 87	392 46	520 64	28,816 65	53,842 94
Shasta	17,079 79	7,458 58	403 37		24,941 74	41,132 76
Sierra	3,147 81	1,357 49	39 20	1,087 26	5,031 76	7,699 83
Siskiyou	15,673 94	4,258 00	825 28		20,847 22	35,422 78
Solano	35,254 02	6,219 45	11 20	4,153 60	45,638 27	47,914 92
Sonoma	50,242 58	12,110 10	70 80	2,623 11	65,052 59	92,906 58
Stanislaus	22,816 13	3,857 14	1,088 85	443 77	28,205 89	22,599 10
Stutter	12,501 33	1,703 40			14,204 73	12,438 18
Tehama	20,858 45	3,030 10	59 81		23,948 36	26,633 18
Trinity	3,081 83	1,554 30	55 66		4,631 89	7,333 83
Tulare	29,524 45	4,834 76	1,180 25	61 46	35,700 92	52,548 74
Tuolumne	11,872 91	5,059 20	415 72	395 72	17,743 55	23,515 32
Ventura	15,255 34	4,858 50	386 79	1,136 60	21,627 23	38,531 58
Yolo	32,436 43	3,719 20	48 66	361 00	36,565 29	39,985 91
Yuba	10,743 25	2,550 85	44 11	1,351 97	14,670 18	29,107 04
Totals	\$2,455,932 25	\$428,907 05	\$33,409 72	\$243,586 44	\$3,161,835 46	\$3,461,219 69
Total amount received from counties					\$2,918,249 02	
Total amount received from interest on bonds					187,983 69	
Total amount received from tax on railways					101,059 41	
Total amount received from tax on collateral inheritances					243,586 44	
Transfers					41,053 13	
Sales of Geological Survey Reports					92 00	
Total receipts					\$3,492,033 69	\$3,461,219 69
Balance unapportioned from fifty-first fiscal year					1,038,407 24	5,427 27
Total					\$4,550,440 93	458 92
						1,083,335 05
By balance apportioned						
By restitution of interest, land sold not property of State						
By annulment certificates of purchase						
By balance subject to next semi-annual apportionment						
Total						\$4,550,440 93

Credit.

STATEMENT No. 7.

Amount Received for School Purposes from Property Tax, Collateral Inheritance Tax, Poll Tax, and from Interest on State School Lands, from the several Counties of the State, and from other sources, for the Fifty-third Fiscal Year, ending June 30, 1902, and Total Distributed to the several Counties for the same time.

Counties.	Property Tax.	Poll Tax.	Interest on Lands.	Collateral Inheritance Tax.	Total Amount Received.	Amount Apportioned.
Alameda	\$184,540 77	\$24,491 30	\$54 88	\$23,033 84	\$232,720 79	\$318,842 08
Alpine	656 74	239 70	331 25	---	1,227 69	804 64
Amador	9,361 12	4,120 40	299 20	1,591 25	15,371 97	26,663 76
Butte	27,575 23	5,748 85	174 17	---	33,498 25	42,685 60
Calaveras	11,359 19	4,615 90	58 30	---	16,033 39	28,018 88
Colusa	24,355 89	2,252 80	148 31	3,625 18	30,382 18	39,288 72
Contra Costa	33,683 76	6,057 45	---	2,084 27	41,825 48	41,828 16
Del Norte	4,314 17	828 75	76 80	---	5,219 72	6,350 16
El Dorado	7,906 10	2,189 46	881 74	7,206 48	18,183 78	19,915 84
Fresno	61,288 35	13,068 35	1,815 38	---	76,772 08	90,780 85
Glenn	20,399 31	1,885 30	175 26	499 05	22,975 68	12,173 92
Humboldt	38,925 96	11,484 05	289 21	1,541 76	52,240 97	68,676 56
Inyo	3,904 58	1,067 85	1,306 94	---	6,279 37	9,776 08
Kern	40,514 53	8,806 40	2,132 45	528 06	51,981 44	35,452 64
Kings	15,261 24	3,109 95	111 63	---	18,482 82	25,057 04
Lake	6,943 77	1,709 15	439 62	---	9,092 54	15,515 84
Lassen	6,810 15	1,634 25	678 25	---	9,122 65	10,665 36
Los Angeles	221,621 15	47,396 68	828 29	17,287 84	287,133 96	476,697 52
Madera	12,093 67	2,550 60	277 13	319 77	15,241 17	14,470 96
Marin	24,240 11	3,183 25	---	5,128 68	32,552 04	31,908 32
Mariposa	3,942 58	1,514 50	51 70	---	5,508 78	10,787 20
Mendocino	22,730 26	6,725 75	1,115 48	353 30	30,926 79	48,742 72
Merced	26,084 97	3,006 45	621 88	22,788 29	52,501 59	23,045 68
Modoc	6,516 88	1,475 30	715 66	---	8,707 84	14,828 40
Mono	2,209 92	735 25	1,882 71	---	4,827 88	3,924 56
Monterey	35,987 60	4,533 75	1,900 90	199 60	42,621 85	50,875 28
Napa	24,328 68	4,921 50	12 13	2,287 47	31,549 78	34,059 12
Nevada	13,718 63	3,641 40	193 20	28 50	17,581 73	38,928 32
Orange	22,412 76	5,968 95	---	28 50	28,410 21	58,216 00
Placer	15,860 99	3,827 52	72 78	---	19,761 29	32,630 88
Plumas	5,062 07	1,351 10	174 66	---	6,587 83	9,454 96
Riverside	23,443 49	6,265 55	407 41	249 20	30,365 65	47,815 60
Sacramento	71,188 36	19,577 20	8 00	31,927 56	122,701 12	88,822 24
San Benito	12,832 21	2,327 25	2,061 08	339 51	17,560 05	17,094 88

San Bernardino.....	31,161 60	7,034 15	1,335 37	2,530 28	42,061 40	68,934 32
San Diego.....	39,942 56	9,107 95	2,262 41	5,725 68	57,038 60	75,741 84
San Francisco.....	861,380 23	91,833 15	-----	128,358 15	1,081,571 51	884,143 36
San Joaquin.....	64,328 30	11,647 02	712 95	1,113 41	77,801 68	72,876 80
San Luis Obispo.....	25,878 26	5,085 95	996 20	204 25	32,164 66	50,723 84
San Mateo.....	30,835 81	2,602 70	293 20	4,345 07	38,076 78	31,285 44
Santa Barbara.....	28,491 28	4,904 80	453 51	1,313 67	35,163 06	46,942 24
Santa Clara.....	109,473 86	15,441 05	406 04	8,471 34	133,792 29	144,680 16
Santa Cruz.....	22,855 44	5,279 91	85 40	73 48	28,294 23	54,569 68
Shasta.....	17,934 08	8,520 94	589 47	503 22	27,547 71	41,963 92
Sierra.....	3,060 30	1,514 31	16 80	-----	4,591 41	7,287 04
Siskiyou.....	16,264 46	5,029 30	469 46	-----	21,763 22	36,600 64
Solano.....	36,202 19	5,847 20	2 80	3,353 03	46,405 22	49,234 40
Stanislaus.....	23,226 52	11,940 40	70 60	5,261 08	69,650 55	94,665 92
Sutter.....	12,593 82	3,921 45	294 71	839 18	28,281 86	22,002 24
Tehama.....	21,520 75	1,737 40	-----	564 23	12,460 00	12,460 00
Trinity.....	3,229 65	3,103 15	228 66	563 92	26,497 82	28,265 04
Tulare.....	30,652 36	5,721 40	175 82	645 26	5,415 57	7,606 72
Tuolumne.....	13,675 76	3,547 05	731 42	265 50	37,370 16	53,630 24
Ventura.....	17,612 56	5,599 95	446 02	46 89	17,715 72	23,452 90
Yolo.....	32,329 67	3,910 90	408 09	-----	23,620 60	39,859 92
Yuba.....	10,868 95	2,498 15	137 67	-----	36,378 24	30,345 92
Totals.....	\$2,546,972 07	\$430,186 17	\$29,435 40	\$287,053 40	\$3,293,647 04	\$3,573,316 56
Total amount received from counties.....	-----	-----	-----	-----	\$3,006,593 64	-----
Total amount received from interest on bonds.....	-----	-----	-----	-----	170,820 99	-----
Total amount received from tax on railways.....	-----	-----	-----	-----	106,503 66	-----
Total amount received from tax on collateral inheritances.....	-----	-----	-----	-----	287,053 40	-----
Total amount received from costs on foreclosure suits.....	-----	-----	-----	-----	36 76	-----
Total receipts.....	-----	-----	-----	-----	\$3,570,008 45	-----
Balance unapportioned from fifty-second fiscal year.....	-----	-----	-----	-----	1,083,335 05	-----
Total.....	-----	-----	-----	-----	\$4,653,343 50	-----
<i>Credit.</i>						
By balance apportioned.....	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	\$3,573,316 56
By restitution of interest, land sold not property of State.....	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	1,074 20
By annulment certificates of purchase.....	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	260 90
By balance subject to next semi-annual apportionment.....	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	1,078,631 84
Total.....	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	\$4,653,343 50

STATEMENT

Statement of Amounts of Taxes Due State and Counties from various Railroads

Railroad and County.	No. of Miles in State.	No. of Miles in Counties.	Value Per Mile.	Total Assessment.	Apportioned to Counties.	Value Apportioned Inside Corporate Limits.
<i>Central Pacific Rail- road Co.</i>	746.76		\$17,408 53	\$13,000,000		
Alameda		33.14			\$1,447,346	\$406,663
Butte		45.00			783,384	8,704
Fresno		32.00			557,073	52,225
Madera		29.06			505,892	
Merced		36.75			639,764	25,459
Nevada		30.25			526,608	
Placer		112.75			1,962,813	91,894
Sacramento		41.00			713,750	43,521
San Francisco		2.46			42,825	42,825
San Joaquin		56.75			987,935	34,817
Santa Clara		8.50			147,973	22,805
Shasta		82.08			1,428,893	39,866
Sierra		2.15			37,428	
Siskiyou		83.18			1,448,042	
Stanislaus		22.63			393,955	26,113
Sutter		10.00			174,085	
Tehama		40.54			705,742	17,408
Tulare		12.65			220,218	
Yuba		15.87			276,274	39,169
Totals	746.76	746.76	\$17,408 53	\$13,000,000	\$13,000,000	\$850,969
<i>Southern Pacific Railroad Co.</i>	2,122.21		\$10,500 00	\$22,283,205		
Alameda		11.90			\$124,950	\$98,700
Amador		8.00			84,000	
Butte		13.90			145,950	
Calaveras		10.46			109,830	
Colusa		33.91			356,055	
Contra Costa		80.05			840,525	14,750
El Dorado		30.55			320,775	6,720
Fresno		148.93			1,563,765	
Glenn		45.70			479,850	5,250
Kern		131.23			1,377,915	30,975
Kings		23.32			244,860	10,395
Los Angeles		199.18			2,091,390	254,730
Madera		21.00			220,500	
Merced		52.50			551,250	8,400
Monterey		130.03			1,365,315	
Napa		47.43			498,015	48,163
Orange		25.15			264,075	47,565
Riverside		92.60			972,300	
Sacramento		49.25			517,125	31,500
San Benito		17.65			185,325	7,875
San Bernardino		33.06			347,130	30,922
San Diego		87.79			921,795	
San Francisco		7.36			77,280	77,280
San Joaquin		71.59			751,695	10,500
San Luis Obispo		72.60			762,300	61,425
San Mateo		25.10			263,550	44,835
Santa Barbara		58.57			614,985	39,375
Santa Clara		67.10			704,550	58,695
Santa Cruz		27.15			285,075	27,405
Solano		73.45			771,225	56,595
Sonoma		30.52			320,460	8,956
Stanislaus		56.86			597,030	
Sutter		26.63			279,615	
Tehama		17.29			181,545	
Tulare		107.33			1,126,965	26,250
Ventura		86.80			911,400	21,000
Yolo		87.80			921,900	19,036
Yuba		12.47			130,935	15,435
Totals	2,122.21	2,122.21	\$10,500 00	\$22,283,205	\$22,283,205	\$1,062,732

No. 8.

Upon Assessments made by the State Board of Equalization for the Year 1900.

Value Apportioned Outside Corporate Limits.	County Rates (Lesser rate Inside Corporate Limits.)	State Taxes. Rate, .498.	County Taxes.	Total State and County Taxes.	First Installment.	Second Installment.
					Paid Nov. 20, 1900.	Paid April 27, 1901.
		\$64,740 00			\$32,370 00	\$32,370 00
\$1,040,683	.752—1.152		\$15,046 78		7,523 39	7,523 39
774,680	.852—1.252		9,773 16		4,886 58	4,886 58
504,848	.902—1.202		6,539 34		3,269 67	3,269 67
505,892	1.852		9,369 12		4,684 56	4,684 56
614,305	.912—1.252		7,923 28		3,961 64	3,961 64
526,608	1.752—2.102		11,069 30		5,534 65	5,534 65
1,871,419	1.102—1.452		28,180 16		14,090 08	14,090 08
670,229	1.102—1.152		8,200 64		4,100 32	4,100 32
	1.127		482 64		241 32	241 32
953,118	.752— .952		9,335 50		4,667 75	4,667 75
125,168	.602—1.002		1,391 46		695 73	695 73
1,389,027	1.202—1.502		21,342 38		10,671 19	10,671 19
37,428	2.502		936 44		468 22	468 22
1,448,042	.852—1.152		16,681 44		8,340 72	8,340 72
367,842	.852—1.052		4,092 18		2,046 09	2,046 09
174,085	1.252		2,179 54		1,089 77	1,089 77
688,334	.952—1.252		8,783 66		4,391 83	4,391 83
220,218	.702—1.002		2,206 58		1,103 29	1,103 29
237,105	1.502—1.802		4,860 94		2,430 47	2,430 47
\$12,149,031		\$64,740 00	\$168,394 54	\$233,134 54	\$116,567 27	\$116,567 27
		\$110,970 36			Paid Nov. 20, 1900.	Paid April 27, 1901.
					\$55,485 18	\$55,485 18
\$26,250	.752—1.152		\$1,044 62		522 31	522 31
84,000	1.452		1,219 68		609 84	609 84
145,950	.852—1.252		1,827 30		913 65	913 65
109,830	1.402		1,539 82		769 91	769 91
356,055	.602— .902		3,211 62		1,605 81	1,605 81
825,775	.802—1.102		9,218 34		4,609 17	4,609 17
314,055	1.422—1.752		5,597 80		2,798 90	2,798 90
1,563,765	.902—1.202		18,796 46		9,398 23	9,398 23
474,600	.622— .852		4,076 24		2,038 12	2,038 12
1,346,940	.937—1.202		16,480 46		8,240 23	8,240 23
234,465	.772—1.052		2,546 82		1,273 41	1,273 41
1,836,660	.83534—1.33534		26,653 38		13,326 69	13,326 69
220,500	1.852		4,083 66		2,041 83	2,041 83
542,850	.912—1.252		6,873 08		3,436 54	3,436 54
1,365,315	1.002		13,680 46		6,840 23	6,840 23
449,852	.842—1.142		5,542 84		2,771 42	2,771 42
216,510	.902—1.252		3,139 74		1,569 87	1,569 87
972,300	1.102—1.452		14,117 80		7,058 90	7,058 90
485,625	1.102—1.152		5,941 52		2,970 76	2,970 76
177,450	.802—1.052		1,929 92		964 96	964 96
316,208	.952—1.352		4,569 50		2,284 75	2,284 75
921,795	1.082—1.582		14,582 80		7,291 40	7,291 40
	1.127		870 94		435 47	435 47
741,195	.752— .952		7,135 14		3,567 57	3,567 57
700,875	.952—1.302		9,710 16		4,855 08	4,855 08
218,715	.595—1.122		2,720 74		1,360 37	1,360 37
575,610	.802—1.202		7,234 62		3,617 31	3,617 31
645,855	.602—1.002		6,824 80		3,412 40	3,412 40
257,670	1.202—1.652		4,586 12		2,293 06	2,293 06
714,630	.652—1.052		7,886 90		3,943 45	3,943 45
311,504	.752—1.152		3,655 88		1,827 94	1,827 94
597,030	.852—1.052		6,280 76		3,140 38	3,140 38
279,615	1.252		3,500 78		1,750 39	1,750 39
181,545	.952—1.252		2,272 94		1,136 47	1,136 47
1,100,715	.702—1.002		11,213 44		5,606 72	5,606 72
890,400	1.652—2.052		18,617 92		9,308 96	9,308 96
902,864	.542— .852		7,795 58		3,897 79	3,897 79
115,500	1.502—1.802		2,313 14		1,156 57	1,156 57
\$21,220,473		\$110,970 36	\$269,293 72	\$380,264 08	\$190,132 04	\$190,132 04

STATEMENT

Railroad and County.	No. of Miles in State.	Number of Miles in Counties.	Value Per Mile.	Total Assessment.	Apportioned to Counties.	Value Apportioned Inside Corporate Limits.
<i>outh Pacific Coast Railroad Co.</i>	96.16		\$10,500 00	\$1,009,680		
Alameda		31.46			\$330,330	\$88,830
Santa Clara		37.00			388,500	28,035
Santa Cruz		27.70			290,850	22,680
Totals	96.16	96.16	\$10,500 00	\$1,009,680	\$1,009,680	\$139,545
<i>Southern California Motor Road Co.</i>	12.00		\$5,000 00	\$60,000		
Riverside		6.00			\$30,000	\$16,900
San Bernardino		6.00			30,000	11,750
Totals	12.00	12.00	\$5,000 00	\$60,000	\$60,000	\$28,650
<i>Carson and Colorado Railroad Co.</i>	107.62		\$1,115 03	\$120,000		
Inyo		74.25			\$82,791	
Mono		33.37			37,209	
Totals	107.62	107.62	\$1,115 03	\$120,000	\$120,000	
<i>California North-western Railway Co. (lessees)</i>	165.32		\$12,097 74	\$2,000,000		
Marin		29.50			\$356,884	\$24,195
Mendocino		25.80			312,122	7,258
Sonoma		110.02			1,330,994	59,922
Totals	165.32	165.32	\$12,097 74	\$2,000,000	\$2,000,000	\$91,375
<i>Santa Fé Pacific Railroad Co.</i>	242.542		\$5,706 27	\$1,384,000		
Kern		35.914			\$204,930	
San Bernardino		206.628			1,179,070	
Totals	242.542	242.542	\$5,706 27	\$1,384,000	\$1,384,000	
<i>San Francisco & S. J. Valley Ry. Co.</i>	306.03		\$7,000 00	\$2,142,210		
Fresno		56.99			\$398,930	\$6,020
Kern		41.47			290,290	23,100
Kings		27.79			194,530	8,750
Madera		26.47			185,290	
Merced		40.80			285,600	10,080
San Joaquin		26.01			182,070	19,250
Stanislaus		20.76			145,320	
Tulare		65.74			460,180	26,530
Totals	306.03	306.03	\$7,000 00	\$2,142,210	\$2,142,210	\$93,730
<i>Southern California Railway Co.</i>	487.265		\$7,000 00	\$3,410,855		
Los Angeles		85.754			\$600,278	\$151,158
Orange		62.691			438,837	42,560
Riverside		97.076			679,532	158,487
San Bernardino		136.592			956,144	83,160
San Diego		105.152			736,064	182,560
Totals	487.265	487.265	\$7,000 00	\$3,410,855	\$3,410,855	\$617,925
<i>North Pacific Coast Railroad Co.</i>	84.50		\$7,100 58	\$600,000		
Marin		58.50			\$415,385	\$30,177
Sonoma		26.00			184,615	
Totals	84.50	84.50	\$7,100 58	\$600,000	\$600,000	\$30,177

No. 8—Continued.

Value Apportioned Outside Corporate Limits.	County Rates (Lesser Rate Inside Corpo- rate Limits.	State Taxes. Rate, .498.	County Taxes.	Total State and County Taxes.	First | Second Installment. | Installment.	
					Paid Nov. 20, 1900.	Paid April 27, 1901.
		\$5,028 20			\$2,514 10	\$2,514 10
\$241,500	.752—1.152		\$3,450 08		1,725 04	1,725 04
360,465	.602—1.002		3,780 62		1,890 31	1,890 31
268,170	1.202—1.652		4,702 78		2,351 39	2,351 39
\$870,135		\$5,028 20	\$11,933 48	\$16,961 68	\$8,480 84	\$8,480 84
					Paid Nov. 20, 1900.	Paid April 27, 1901.
		\$298 80	\$376 44		\$149 40	\$149 40
\$13,100	1.102—1.452		358 60		188 22	188 22
18,250	.952—1.352				179 30	179 30
\$31,350		\$298 80	\$735 04	\$1,033 84	\$516 92	\$516 92
					Paid Nov. 20, 1900.	Paid April 27, 1901.
		\$597 60	\$1,450 50		\$298 80	\$298 80
\$82,791	1.752		744 92		725 25	725 25
37,209	2.002				372 46	372 46
\$120,000		\$597 60	\$2,195 42	\$2,793 02	\$1,396 51	\$1,396 51
					Paid Nov. 23, 1900.	Paid April 27, 1901.
		\$9,960 00	\$4,026 62		\$4,980 00	\$4,980 00
\$332,689	.802—1.152		4,659 04		2,013 31	2,013 31
304,864	1.102—1.502		15,093 36		2,329 52	2,329 52
1,271,072	.752—1.152				7,546 68	7,546 68
\$1,908,625		\$9,960 00	\$23,779 02	\$33,739 02	\$16,869 51	\$16,869 51
					Paid Nov. 22, 1900.	Paid April 13, 1901.
		\$6,892 32	\$2,463 26		\$3,446 16	\$3,446 16
\$204,930	.937—1.202		15,941 02		1,231 63	1,231 63
1,179,070	.952—1.352				7,970 51	7,970 51
\$1,384,000		\$6,892 32	\$18,404 28	\$25,296 60	\$12,648 30	\$12,648 30
					Paid Nov. 22, 1900.	Paid April 13, 1901.
		\$10,668 20	\$4,777 08		\$5,334 10	\$5,334 10
\$392,910	.902—1.202		3,428 06		2,388 54	2,388 54
267,190	.937—1.202		2,021 96		1,714 03	1,714 03
185,780	.772—1.052		3,431 58		1,010 98	1,010 98
185,290	1.852		3,541 44		1,715 79	1,715 79
275,520	.912—1.252		1,694 80		1,770 72	1,770 72
162,820	.752—.952		1,528 76		847 40	847 40
145,320	.852—1.052		4,531 42		764 38	764 38
433,650	.702—1.002				2,265 71	2,265 71
\$2,048,480		\$10,668 20	\$24,955 10	\$35,623 30	\$17,811 65	\$17,811 65
					Paid Nov. 22, 1900.	Paid April 13, 1901.
		\$16,986 06	\$7,259 92		\$8,493 03	\$8,493 03
\$449,120	.83531—1.33531		5,345 28		3,629 96	3,629 96
396,277	.902—1.252		9,312 10		2,672 64	2,672 64
521,045	1.102—1.452		12,594 42		4,656 05	4,656 05
872,984	.952—1.352		10,731 72		6,297 21	6,297 21
553,504	1.082—1.582				5,365 86	5,365 86
\$2,792,930		\$16,986 06	\$45,243 44	\$62,229 50	\$31,114 75	\$31,114 75
					Paid Nov. 21, 1900.	Paid April 24, 1901.
		\$2,988 00	\$4,679 62		\$1,494 00	\$1,494 00
\$385,208	.802—1.152		2,126 76		2,339 81	2,339 81
184,615	.752—1.152				1,063 38	1,063 38
\$569,823		\$2,988 00	\$6,806 38	\$9,794 38	\$4,897 19	\$4,897 19

STATEMENT

Railroad and County.	No. of Miles in State.	No. of Miles in Counties.	Value Per Mile.	Total Assessment.	Apportioned to Counties.	Value Apportioned Inside Corporate Limits.
<i>Pacific Coast Rail- way Co.</i>	76.10		\$3,285 15	\$250,000		
San Luis Obispo		39.50			\$129,763	\$5,749
Santa Barbara		36.60			120,237	
Totals	76.10	76.10	\$3,285 15	\$250,000	\$250,000	\$5,749
<i>Pajaro Valley Con- solidated R. R. Co.</i>	34.90		\$5,730 66	\$200,000		
Monterey		34.11			\$195,473	
Santa Cruz		.79			4,527	
Totals	34.90	34.90	\$5,730 66	\$200,000	\$200,000	
<i>Nevada County Nar- row Gauge R. R. Co.</i>	22.50		\$5,000 00	\$112,500		
Nevada		18.78			\$93,900	\$4,900
Placer		3.72			18,600	
Totals	22.50	22.50	\$5,000 00	\$112,500	\$112,500	\$4,900
<i>Nevada-California- Oregon Ry. Co.</i>	50.86		\$2,949 23	\$150,000		
Lassen		47.60			\$140,385	
Sierra		3.26			9,615	
Totals	50.86	50.86	\$2,949 23	\$150,000	\$150,000	
<i>Alameda and San Joaquin R. R. Co.</i>	35.88		\$3,500 00	\$125,580		
Alameda		2.79			\$9,765	
San Joaquin		33.09			115,815	\$7,000
Totals	35.88	35.88	\$3,500 00	\$125,580	\$125,580	\$7,000
<i>Sierra Railway Co. of California</i>	56.50		\$4,070 80	\$230,000		
Stanislaus		19.00			\$77,345	
Tuolumne		37.50			152,655	
Totals	56.50	56.50	\$4,070 80	\$230,000	\$230,000	
<i>Randsburg Railway Co.</i>	29.66		\$5,057 32	\$150,000		
Kern		.66			\$3,337	
San Bernardino		29.00			146,663	
Totals	29.66	29.66	\$5,057 32	\$150,000	\$150,000	
<i>Gualala River Rail- road Co.</i>	12.00		\$3,333 33	\$40,000		
Mendocino		5.00			\$16,667	
Sonoma		7.00			23,333	
Totals	12.00	12.00	\$3,333 33	\$40,000	\$40,000	
† <i>Sierra Valleys Rail- way Co.</i>	30.70		\$1,750 00	\$53,725		
Lassen		5.00			\$8,750	
Plumas		25.70			44,975	
Totals	30.70	30.70	\$1,750 00	\$53,725	\$53,725	

† Also penalties on delinquency paid.

No. 8—Continued.

Value Apportioned Outside Corporate Limits.	County Rates (Lesser Rate Inside Corpo- rate Limits).	State Taxes Rate, .498.	County Taxes.	Total State and County Taxes.	First Installment.	Second Installment.
		\$1,245 00			Paid Nov. 22, 1900.	Paid Jan. 10, 1901.
					\$622 50	\$622 50
\$124,014	.952—1.302		\$1,669 40		834 70	834 70
120,237	.802—1.202		1,445 24		722 62	722 62
\$244,251		\$1,245 00	\$3,114 64	\$4,359 64	\$2,179 82	\$2,179 82
		\$996 00			Paid Nov. 20, 1900.	Paid Nov. 20, 1900.
					\$498 00	\$498 00
\$195,473	1.002		\$1,958 64		979 32	979 32
4,527	1.202—1.652		74 78		37 39	37 39
\$200,000		\$996 00	\$2,033 42	\$3,029 42	\$1,514 71	\$1,514 71
					Paid Nov. 23, 1900.	Paid April 26, 1901.
		\$560 26			\$280 13	\$280 13
\$89,000	1.752—2.102		\$1,956 62		978 31	978 31
18,600	1.102—1.452		270 08		135 04	135 04
\$107,600		\$560 26	\$2,226 70	\$2,786 96	\$1,393 48	\$1,393 48
		\$747 00			Paid Nov. 26, 1900.	Paid April 24, 1901.
					\$373 50	\$373 50
\$140,385	1.352		\$1,898 00		949 00	949 00
9,615	2.502		240 56		120 28	120 28
\$150,000		\$747 00	\$2,138 56	\$2,885 56	\$1,442 78	\$1,442 78
		\$625 38			Paid Nov. 19, 1900.	Paid April 29, 1901.
					\$312 69	\$312 69
\$9,765	.752—1.152		\$112 50		56 25	56 25
108,815	.752— .952		1,088 56		544 28	544 28
\$118,580		\$625 38	\$1,201 06	\$1,826 44	\$913 22	\$913 22
		\$1,145 40			Paid Nov. 19, 1900.	Paid April 24, 1901.
					\$572 70	\$572 70
\$77,345	.852—1.052		\$813 66		406 83	406 83
152,655	1.402—1.802		2,750 84		1,375 42	1,375 42
\$230,000		\$1,145 40	\$3,564 50	\$4,709 90	\$2,354 95	\$2,354 95
		\$747 00			Paid Nov. 21, 1900.	Paid April 18, 1901.
					\$373 50	\$373 50
\$3,337	.937—1.202		\$40 12		20 06	20 06
146,663	.952—1.352		1,982 88		991 44	991 44
\$150,000		\$747 00	\$2,023 00	\$2,770 00	\$1,385 00	\$1,385 00
		\$199 20			Paid Nov. 8, 1900.	Paid April 17, 1901.
					\$99 60	\$99 60
\$16,667	1.102—1.502		\$250 34		125 17	125 17
23,333	.752—1.152		268 80		134 40	134 40
\$40,000		\$199 20	\$519 14	\$718 34	\$359 17	\$359 17
		\$267 56			†Paid Mar. 23, 1901.	†Paid Mar. 23, 1901.
					\$133 78	\$133 78
\$8,750	1.352		\$118 30		59 15	59 15
44,975	1.502		675 52		337 76	337 76
\$53,725		\$267 56	\$793 82	\$1,061 38	\$530 69	\$530 69

STATEMENT

Railroad and County.	No. of Miles in State.	No. of Miles in Counties.	Value Per Mile.	Total Assessment.	Apportioned to Counties.	Value Apportioned Inside Corporate Limits.
<i>*California and Nevada Railroad Co.</i>	23.00		\$2,173 91	\$50,000		
Alameda		5.50			\$11,957	\$9,565
Contra Costa		17.50			38,043	
Totals	23.00	23.00	\$2,173 91	\$50,000	\$50,000	\$9,565
<i>San Francisco and San Mateo (Electric) Railroad Co.</i>	28.329		\$7,059 90	\$200,000		
San Francisco		21.309			\$150,440	\$150,440
San Mateo		7.02			49,560	
Totals	28.329	28.329	\$7,059 90	\$200,000	\$200,000	\$150,440
<i>Pullman's Palace Car Co.</i> (Rolling stock owned entirely by P. P. C. Co., operated over So. Cal. Ry. and Santa Fé Pacific Railroad).	556.00		\$71 94	\$40,000		
Rolling Stock—						
Kern		35.91			\$2,584	
Los Angeles		56.45			4,061	\$1,346
Orange		62.63			4,506	437
Riverside		24.66			1,774	1,227
San Bernardino		310.66			22,350	855
San Diego		65.69			4,725	1,812
Totals	556.00	556.00	\$71 94	\$40,000	\$40,000	\$5,677
<i>Pullman's Palace Car Co.</i> (one fourth interest with C.P. and S.P.R.R. Co's)	1,456.84		\$68 84	\$100,000		
Rolling Stock—						
Alameda		11.90			\$817	\$645
Butte		45.00			3,089	34
Contra Costa		59.85			4,109	78
Fresno		117.80			8,086	206
Kern		117.83			8,088	202
Los Angeles		117.48			8,064	459
Madera		50.06			3,437	
Merced		70.45			4,836	109
Nevada		30.25			2,077	
Placer		112.75			7,730	360
Riverside		92.60			6,357	
Sacramento		41.00			2,815	171
San Bernardino		33.06			2,270	202
San Diego		87.79			6,026	
San Joaquin		76.05			5,220	137
Shasta		82.08			5,634	157
Sierra		2.15			148	
Siskiyou		83.18			5,710	
Solano		45.05			3,093	217
Stanislaus		47.83			3,284	103
Sutter		10.00			687	
Tehama		40.54			2,783	68
Tulare		53.07			3,643	171
Yolo		13.20			907	
Yuba		15.87			1,090	154
Totals	1,456.84	1,456.84	\$68 84	\$100,000	\$100,000	\$3,473

* Delinquent and suit pending.

No. 8—Continued.

Value Apportioned Outside Corporate Limits.	County Rates (Lesser Rate Inside Corporate Limits).	State Taxes Rate, .498.	County Taxes.	Total State and County Taxes.	First Installment.	Second Installment.
		\$249 00			*Delinquent. \$124 50	*Delinquent. \$124 50
\$2,392	.752—1.152		\$99 48		49 74	49 74
38,043	.802—1.102		419 24		209 62	209 62
\$40,435		\$249 00	\$518 72	\$767 72	\$383 86	\$383 86
					Paid Nov. 22, 1900.	Paid Nov. 22, 1900.
		\$996 00			\$498 00	\$498 00
	1.127		\$1,695 46		847 73	847 73
\$49,560	.595—1.122		556 06		278 03	278 03
\$49,560		\$996 00	\$2,251 52	\$3,247 52	\$1,623 76	\$1,623 76
					Paid Oct. 19, 1900.	Paid April 15, 1901.
		\$199 20			\$99 60	\$99 60
\$2,584	.937—1.202		\$31 06		15 53	15 53
2,715	.8353 $\frac{1}{3}$ —1.3353 $\frac{1}{3}$		47 50		23 75	23 75
4,069	.902—1.252		54 88		27 44	27 44
547	1.102—1.452		21 46		10 73	10 73
21,495	.952—1.352		298 74		149 37	149 37
2,913	1.082—1.582		65 68		32 84	32 84
\$34,323		\$199 20	\$519 32	\$718 52	\$359 26	\$359 26
					Paid Oct. 19, 1900.	Paid April 15, 1901.
		\$498 00			\$249 00	\$249 00
\$172	.752—1.152		\$6 84		3 42	3 42
3,055	.852—1.252		38 54		19 27	19 27
4,031	.802—1.102		45 04		22 52	22 52
7,880	.902—1.202		96 58		48 29	48 29
7,886	.937—1.202		96 68		48 34	48 34
7,605	.8353 $\frac{1}{3}$ —1.3353 $\frac{1}{3}$		105 38		52 69	52 69
3,437	1.852		63 66		31 83	31 83
4,727	.912—1.252		60 18		30 09	30 09
2,077	1.752—2.102		43 66		21 83	21 83
7,370	1.102—1.452		110 98		55 49	55 49
6,357	1.102—1.452		92 30		46 15	46 15
2,644	1.102—1.152		32 34		16 17	16 17
2,068	.952—1.352		29 88		14 94	14 94
6,026	1.082—1.582		95 34		47 67	47 67
5,083	.752—.952		49 42		24 71	24 71
5,477	1.202—1.502		84 14		42 07	42 07
148	2.502		3 70		1 85	1 85
5,710	.852—1.152		65 78		32 89	32 89
2,876	.652—1.052		31 66		15 83	15 83
3,181	.852—1.052		34 34		17 17	17 17
687	1.252		8 60		4 30	4 30
2,715	.952—1.252		34 64		17 32	17 32
3,472	.702—1.002		35 98		17 99	17 99
907	.542—.852		7 72		3 86	3 86
936	1.502—1.802		19 18		9 59	9 59
\$96,527		\$498 00	\$1,292 56	\$1,790 56	\$895 28	\$895 28

STATEMENT No. 8—Continued.

Summary by Roads.

Name.	No. of Miles in State.	Value per Mile.	Total Assessment.	State Taxes.	County Taxes.	Total State and County Taxes.	First Installment.	Second Installment.
Central Pacific Railroad Company	746.76	\$17,408.53	\$13,000,000	\$64,740.00	\$168,394.54	\$233,134.54	\$116,567.27	\$116,567.27
South Pacific Coast Railroad Company	96.16	10,500.00	1,009,680	5,028.20	11,933.48	16,961.68	8,480.84	8,480.84
Southern Pacific Railroad Company	2,122.21	10,500.00	22,283,265	110,970.36	269,293.72	380,264.08	190,132.04	190,132.04
Southern California Motor Road Company	12.00	5,000.00	60,000	298.80	735.04	1,033.84	516.92	516.92
Carson and Colorado Railroad Company	107.62	1,115.03	120,000	597.60	2,195.42	2,793.02	1,396.51	1,396.51
California Northwestern Railway Company (lessees)	165.32	12,097.74	2,000,000	9,960.00	23,779.02	33,739.02	16,869.51	16,869.51
Santa Fé Pacific Railroad Company	242.542	5,706.27	1,384,000	6,892.32	18,404.28	25,296.60	12,648.30	12,648.30
San Francisco and San Joaquin Valley Railway Co.	306.03	7,000.00	2,142,210	10,668.20	24,955.10	35,623.30	17,811.65	17,811.65
Southern California Railroad Company	487.265	7,000.00	3,410,855	16,986.06	45,243.44	62,229.50	31,114.75	31,114.75
North Pacific Coast Railroad Company	84.50	7,100.58	600,000	2,988.00	6,806.38	9,794.38	4,897.19	4,897.19
Pacific Coast Railway Company	76.10	3,285.15	250,000	1,245.00	3,114.64	4,359.64	2,179.82	2,179.82
Pajaro Valley Consolidated Railroad Company	34.90	5,730.66	200,000	996.00	2,033.42	3,029.42	1,514.71	1,514.71
Nevada County Narrow-Gauge Railroad Company	22.50	5,000.00	112,500	560.26	2,226.70	2,786.96	1,393.48	1,393.48
Nevada-California-Oregon Railway Company	50.86	2,949.23	150,000	747.00	2,138.56	2,885.56	1,442.78	1,442.78
Alameda and San Joaquin Railroad Company	35.88	3,500.00	125,580	625.38	1,201.06	1,826.44	913.22	913.22
Sierra Railway Company of California	56.50	4,070.80	230,000	1,145.40	3,564.50	4,709.90	2,354.95	2,354.95
Randsburg Railway Company	29.66	5,057.32	150,000	747.00	2,023.00	2,770.00	1,385.00	1,385.00
Gualala River Railroad Company	12.00	3,333.33	40,000	199.20	519.14	718.34	359.17	359.17
Sierra Valleys Railway Company	30.70	1,750.00	53,725	267.56	793.82	1,061.38	530.69	530.69
California and Nevada Railroad Company	23.00	2,173.91	50,000	249.00	518.72	767.72	383.86	383.86
San Francisco and San Mateo Electric Railroad Co.	28.329	7,059.90	200,000	996.00	2,251.52	3,247.52	1,623.76	1,623.76
Total railroads	4,770.836	-----	\$47,571,755	\$236,907.34	\$592,125.50	\$829,032.84	\$414,516.42	\$414,516.42
Rolling stock—								
Pullman's Palace Car Company (individual cars)	556.00	\$71.94	\$40,000	\$199.20	\$519.32	\$718.52	\$359.26	\$359.26
Pullman's Palace Car Company (association cars)	1,456.84	68.64	100,000	498.00	1,292.56	1,790.56	895.28	895.28
Grand totals	6,783.676	-----	\$47,711,755	\$237,604.54	\$593,937.38	\$831,541.92	\$415,770.96	\$415,770.96

STATEMENT No. 8—Continued.

Recapitulation by Counties.

County.	Value Apportioned to County.	Total Tax Due County.	First Installment.	Second Installment.
Alameda	\$1,925,165 00	\$19,760 30	\$9,880 15	\$9,880 15
Amador	84,000 00	1,219 68	609 84	609 84
Butte	932,423 00	11,639 00	5,819 50	5,819 50
Calaveras	109,830 00	1,539 82	769 91	769 91
Colusa	356,055 00	3,211 62	1,605 81	1,605 81
Contra Costa	882,677 00	9,682 62	4,841 31	4,841 31
El Dorado	320,775 00	5,597 80	2,798 90	2,798 90
Fresno	2,527,854 00	30,209 46	15,104 73	15,104 73
Glenn	479,850 00	4,076 24	2,038 12	2,038 12
Inyo	82,791 00	1,450 50	725 25	725 25
Kern	1,887,144 00	22,539 64	11,269 82	11,269 82
Kings	439,390 00	4,568 78	2,284 39	2,284 39
Lassen	149,135 00	2,016 30	1,008 15	1,008 15
Los Angeles	2,703,793 00	34,066 18	17,033 09	17,033 09
Madera	915,119 00	16,948 02	8,474 01	8,474 01
Marin	772,269 00	8,706 24	4,353 12	4,353 12
Mendocino	328,789 00	4,909 38	2,454 69	2,454 69
Merced	1,481,450 00	18,397 98	9,198 99	9,198 99
Mono	37,209 00	744 92	372 46	372 46
Monterey	1,560,788 00	15,639 10	7,819 55	7,819 55
Napa	498,015 00	5,542 84	2,771 42	2,771 42
Nevada	622,585 00	13,069 58	6,534 79	6,534 79
Orange	707,418 00	8,539 90	4,269 95	4,269 95
Placer	1,989,143 00	28,561 22	14,280 61	14,280 61
Plumas	44,975 00	675 52	337 76	337 76
Riverside	1,689,963 00	23,920 10	11,960 05	11,960 05
Sacramento	1,233,690 00	14,174 50	7,087 25	7,087 25
San Benito	185,325 00	1,929 92	964 96	964 96
San Bernardino	2,683,627 00	35,775 04	17,887 52	17,887 52
San Diego	1,668,610 00	25,475 54	12,737 77	12,737 77
San Francisco	270,545 00	3,049 04	1,524 52	1,524 52
San Joaquin	2,042,735 00	19,303 42	9,651 71	9,651 71
San Luis Obispo	892,063 00	11,379 56	5,689 78	5,689 78
San Mateo	313,110 00	3,276 80	1,638 40	1,638 40
Santa Barbara	735,222 00	8,679 86	4,339 93	4,339 93
Santa Clara	1,241,023 00	11,996 88	5,998 44	5,998 44
Santa Cruz	580,452 00	9,363 68	4,681 84	4,681 84
Shasta	1,434,527 00	21,426 52	10,713 26	10,713 26
Sierra	47,191 00	1,180 70	590 35	590 35
Siskiyou	1,453,752 00	16,747 22	8,373 61	8,373 61
Solano	774,318 00	7,918 56	3,959 28	3,959 28
Sonoma	1,859,402 00	21,144 80	10,572 40	10,572 40
Stanislaus	1,216,934 00	12,749 70	6,374 85	6,374 85
Sutter	454,387 00	5,688 92	2,844 46	2,844 46
Tehama	890,070 00	11,091 24	5,545 62	5,545 62
Tulare	1,811,006 00	17,987 42	8,993 71	8,993 71
Tuolumne	152,655 00	2,750 84	1,375 42	1,375 42
Ventura	911,400 00	18,617 92	9,308 96	9,308 96
Yolo	922,807 00	7,803 30	3,901 65	3,901 65
Yuba	408,299 00	7,193 26	3,596 63	3,596 63
Totals	\$47,711,755 00	\$593,937 38	\$296,968 69	\$296,968 69

STATEMENT

Statement of Amounts of Taxes Due State and Counties from Various Railroads

Railroad and County.	No. of Miles in State.	Number of Miles in Counties.	Value Per Mile.	Total Assessment.	Apportioned to Counties.	Value Apportioned Inside Corporate Limits.
<i>Central Pacific Rail- way Co.</i>	746.76		\$17,408 53	\$13,000,000		
Alameda		83.14			\$1,447,346	\$406,663
Butte		45.00			783,384	8,704
Fresno		32.00			557,073	52,225
Madera		29.06			505,892	
Merced		36.75			639,764	25,460
Nevada		30.25			526,608	
Placer		112.75			1,962,813	91,394
Sacramento		41.00			713,750	43,520
San Francisco		2.46			42,825	42,825
San Joaquin		56.75			987,935	34,817
Santa Clara		8.50			147,973	22,805
Shasta		82.08			1,428,893	39,866
Sierra		2.15			37,428	
Siskiyou		83.18			1,448,042	
Stanislaus		22.63			393,955	26,112
Sutter		10.00			174,085	
Tehama		40.54			705,742	17,408
Tulare		12.65			220,218	
Yuba		15.87			276,274	39,169
Totals	746.76	746.76	\$17,408 53	\$13,000,000	\$13,000,000	\$850,968
<i>Southern Pacific Rail- road Co.</i>	2,098.79		\$10,768 11	\$22,600,000		
Alameda		11.90			\$128,140	\$101,220
Amador		8.00			86,145	
Butte		13.90			149,677	
Calaveras		10.46			112,634	
Colusa		33.91			365,147	
Contra Costa		80.05			861,987	18,737
El Dorado		30.55			328,966	6,892
Fresno		148.93			1,603,695	1,938
Glenn		45.70			492,103	5,384
Kern		131.23			1,413,099	31,755
Kings		23.32			251,112	17,130
Los Angeles		201.48			2,169,559	286,001
Madera		21.00			226,130	
Merced		52.50			565,326	8,615
Monterey		130.03			1,400,177	
Napa		47.43			510,731	49,393
Orange		25.15			270,818	48,780
Riverside		92.60			997,127	
Sacramento		49.25			530,329	32,304
San Benito		17.65			190,057	8,074
San Bernardino		40.53			436,431	31,712
San Diego		87.79			945,332	
San Francisco		7.36			79,253	79,253
San Joaquin		71.59			770,889	10,768
San Luis Obispo		72.60			781,765	62,992
San Mateo		25.10			270,280	45,980
Santa Barbara		57.68			621,105	40,380
Santa Clara		67.10			722,540	60,194
Santa Cruz		27.15			292,354	28,105
Solano		73.45			790,918	61,914
Sonoma		30.52			328,643	9,185
Stanislaus		56.86			612,275	
Sutter		26.63			286,755	
Tehama		17.29			186,180	
Tulare		107.33			1,155,741	26,920
Ventura		54.50			586,862	10,768
Yolo		87.80			945,440	19,517
Yuba		12.47			134,278	15,829
Totals	2,098.79	2,098.79	\$10,768 11	\$22,600,000	\$22,600,000	\$1,119,740

No. 9.

Upon Assessments made by the State Board of Equalization for the Year 1901.

Value Apportioned Outside Corporate Limits.	County Rates (Lesser Rate Inside Corporate Limits).	State Taxes. Rate, .48.	County Taxes.	Total State and County Taxes.	First Installment.	Second Installment.
					Paid Nov. 15, 1901.	Paid April 26, 1902.
		\$62,400 00			\$31,200 00	\$31,200 00
\$1,040,683	.77 —1.17		\$15,307 30		7,653 65	7,653 65
774,680	.97 —1.37		10,697 54		5,348 77	5,348 77
504,848	.97 —1.27		6,918 14		3,459 07	3,459 07
505,892	2.02		10,219 02		5,109 51	5,109 51
614,304	.92 —1.27		8,035 90		4,017 95	4,017 95
526,608	1.77 —2.17		11,427 40		5,713 70	5,713 70
1,871,419	1.12 —1.47		28,533 46		14,266 73	14,266 73
670,230	1.47 —1.42		10,157 00		5,078 50	5,078 50
	1.0762		460 88		230 44	230 44
953,118	.87 —1.27		12,407 50		6,203 75	6,203 75
125,168	.62 —1.02		1,418 10		709 05	709 05
1,389,027	1.17 —1.52		21,579 64		10,789 82	10,789 82
37,428	2.52		943 18		471 59	471 59
1,448,042	1.02 —1.27		18,390 14		9,195 07	9,195 07
367,843	1.11 —1.37		5,329 28		2,664 64	2,664 64
174,085	1.22		2,123 84		1,061 92	1,061 92
688,334	.71 —1.02		7,144 60		3,572 30	3,572 30
220,218	.72 —1.02		2,246 22		1,123 11	1,123 11
237,105	1.52 —1.72		4,673 56		2,336 78	2,336 78
\$12,149,032		\$62,400 00	\$178,012 70	\$240,412 70	\$120,206 35	\$120,206 35
		\$108,480 00			Paid Nov. 15, 1901.	Paid April 26, 1902.
					\$54,240 00	\$54,240 00
\$26,920	.77 —1.17		\$1,094 36		547 18	547 18
86,145	1.47		1,266 32		633 16	633 16
149,677	.97 —1.37		2,050 58		1,025 29	1,025 29
112,634	1.42		1,599 40		799 70	799 70
365,147	.62 —.92		3,359 36		1,679 68	1,679 78
843,250	1.02 —1.32		11,322 02		5,661 01	5,661 01
322,074	1.59 —1.92		6,293 40		3,146 70	3,146 70
1,601,757	.97 —1.27		20,361 10		10,180 55	10,180 55
486,719	.85 —1.12		5,497 02		2,748 51	2,748 51
1,381,344	.72 —1.02		14,318 34		7,159 17	7,159 17
233,982	.76 —1.04		2,563 60		1,281 80	1,281 80
1,883,558	.92 —1.52		31,261 28		15,630 64	15,630 54
226,130	2.02		4,567 82		2,283 91	2,283 91
556,711	.92 —1.27		7,149 48		3,574 74	3,574 74
1,400,177	1.02		14,281 80		7,140 90	7,140 90
461,338	.83 —1.16		5,761 48		2,880 74	2,880 74
222,038	.92 —1.32		3,379 68		1,689 84	1,689 84
997,127	1.37 —1.77		17,649 14		8,824 57	8,824 57
498,025	1.47 —1.42		7,546 82		3,773 41	3,773 41
181,983	1.07 —1.42		2,670 54		1,335 27	1,335 27
404,719	1.12 —1.52		6,506 90		3,253 45	3,253 45
945,332	1.17 —1.77		16,732 38		8,366 19	8,366 19
	1.0762		852 92		426 46	426 46
760,121	.87 —1.27		9,747 22		4,873 61	4,873 61
718,773	1.02 —1.37		10,489 70		5,244 85	5,244 85
224,300	.795 —1.36		3,416 02		1,708 01	1,708 01
580,725	1.12 —1.52		9,279 28		4,639 64	4,639 64
662,346	.62 —1.02		7,129 12		3,564 56	3,564 56
264,249	1.07 —1.52		4,317 30		2,158 65	2,158 65
729,004	.77 —1.17		9,006 08		4,503 04	4,503 04
319,458	.80 —1.15		3,747 24		1,873 62	1,873 62
612,275	1.11 —1.37		8,388 16		4,194 08	4,194 08
286,755	1.22		3,498 40		1,749 20	1,749 20
186,180	.71 —1.02		1,899 04		949 52	949 52
1,128,821	.72 —1.02		11,707 80		5,853 90	5,853 90
576,094	1.12 —1.52		8,877 22		4,438 61	4,438 61
925,923	.55 —.87		8,162 88		4,081 44	4,081 44
118,449	1.52 —1.72		2,277 92		1,138 96	1,138 96
\$21,480,260		\$108,480 00	\$290,029 12	\$398,509 12	\$199,254 56	\$199,254 56

STATEMENT

Railroad and County.	No. of Miles in State.	Number of Miles in Counties.	Value Per Mile.	Total Assessment.	Apportioned to Counties.	Value Apportioned inside Corporate Limits.
<i>South Pacific Coast Railway Co.</i> -----	96.16		\$10,500 00	\$1,009,680		
Alameda -----		31.46			\$330,330	\$88,830
Santa Clara -----		37.00			388,500	28,035
Santa Cruz -----		27.70			290,850	22,680
Totals -----	96.16	96.16	\$10,500 00	\$1,009,680	\$1,009,680	\$139,545
<i>Southern California Motor Road Co.</i> ----	12.00		\$5,000 00	\$60,000		
Riverside -----		6.00			\$30,000	\$16,900
San Bernardino -----		6.00			30,000	11,750
Totals -----	12.00	12.00	\$5,000 00	\$60,000	\$60,000	\$28,650
<i>Carson and Colorado Railway Company.</i> ----	107.62		\$1,115 03	\$120,000		
Inyo -----		74.25			\$82,791	
Mono -----		33.37			37,209	
Totals -----	107.62	107.62	\$1,115 03	\$120,000	\$120,000	
<i>San Francisco and N. Pacific Ry. Co.</i> ----	165.32		\$12,097 74	\$2,000,000		
(<i>Calif'a-Northwestern Ry. Co., Lessee.</i>)						
Marin -----		29.50			\$356,884	\$24,195
Mendocino -----		25.80			312,122	7,258
Sonoma -----		110.02			1,330,994	59,922
Totals -----	165.32	165.32	\$12,097 74	\$2,000,000	\$2,000,000	\$91,375
<i>Santa Fe Pacific R. R. Company</i> -----	242.542		\$6,184 50	\$1,500,000		
Kern -----		35.914			\$222,110	
San Bernardino -----		206.628			1,277,890	
Totals -----	242.542	242.542	\$6,184 50	\$1,500,000	\$1,500,000	
<i>S. F. and San Joa- quin Valley Ry. Co.</i> ----	374.71		7,205 57	\$2,700,000		
Contra Costa -----		55.41			\$399,261	\$6,917
Fresno -----		56.99			410,646	9,799
Kern -----		41.46			298,743	23,706
Kings -----		27.68			199,450	9,367
Madera -----		26.44			190,515	
Merced -----		40.36			290,817	10,376
San Joaquin -----		39.50			284,620	15,492
Stanislaus -----		21.14			152,326	
Tulare -----		65.73			473,622	25,796
Totals -----	374.71	374.71	\$7,205 57	\$2,700,000	\$2,700,000	\$101,453
<i>Southern California Railway Company.</i> ----	487.265		\$7,182 95	\$3,500,000		
Los Angeles -----		85.754			\$615,967	\$155,109
Orange -----		62.691			450,306	43,672
Riverside -----		97.076			697,292	162,270
San Bernardino -----		136.592			981,133	88,422
San Diego -----		105.152			755,302	187,403
Totals -----	487.265	487.265	\$7,182 95	\$3,500,000	\$3,500,000	\$636,876

No. 9—Continued.

Value Apportioned Outside Corporate Limits.	County Rate (Lesser Rate Inside Corporate Limits).	State Taxes. Rate, .48.	County Taxes.	Total State and County Taxes.	First Installment.	Second Installment.
		\$4,846 46			Paid Nov. 15, 1901.	Paid April 26, 1902.
					\$2,423 23	\$2,423 23
\$241,500	.77 —1.17		\$3,509 54		1,754 77	1,754 77
360,465	.62 —1.02		3,850 56		1,925 28	1,925 28
268,170	1.07 —1.52		4,318 86		2,159 43	2,159 43
\$870,135		\$4,846 46	\$11,678 96	\$16,525 42	\$8,262 71	\$8,262 71
					Paid Nov. 15, 1901.	Paid April 26, 1902.
		\$288 00			\$144 00	\$144 00
\$13,100	1.37—1.77		\$463 40		231 70	231 70
18,250	1.12—1.52		409 00		204 50	204 50
\$31,350		\$288 00	\$872 40	\$1,160 40	\$580 20	\$580 20
					Paid Nov. 15, 1901.	Paid April 26, 1902.
		\$576 00			\$288 00	\$288 00
\$82,791	1.67		\$1,882 60		691 30	691 30
37,209	2.77		1,030 68		515 34	515 34
\$120,000		\$576 00	\$2,413 28	\$2,989 28	\$1,494 64	\$1,494 64
					Paid Nov. 22, 1901.	Paid April 26, 1902.
		\$9,600 00			\$4,800 00	\$4,800 00
\$332,689	.77—1.14		\$3,978 96		\$1,989 48	\$1,989 48
304,864	1.12*—1.52		4,715 22		2,357 61	2,357 61
1,271,072	.80—1.15		15,096 70		7,548 35	7,548 35
\$1,908,625		\$9,600 00	\$23,790 88	\$33,390 88	\$16,695 44	\$16,695 44
					Paid Nov. 20, 1901.	Paid April 15, 1902.
		\$7,200 00			\$3,600 00	\$3,600 00
\$222,110	.72—1.02		\$2,265 52		1,132 76	1,132 76
1,277,890	1.12—1.52		19,423 92		9,711 96	9,711 96
\$1,500,000		\$7,200 00	\$21,689 44	\$28,889 44	\$14,444 72	\$14,444 72
					Paid Nov. 20, 1901.	Paid April 15, 1902.
		\$12,960 00			\$6,480 00	\$6,480 00
\$392,344	1.02—1.32		\$5,249 50		2,624 75	2,624 75
400,847	.97—1.27		5,185 80		2,592 90	2,592 90
275,037	.72—1.02		2,976 06		1,488 03	1,488 03
190,083	.76—1.04		2,048 04		1,024 02	1,024 02
190,515	2.02		3,848 40		1,924 20	1,924 20
280,441	.92—1.27		3,657 06		1,828 53	1,828 53
269,128	.87—1.27		3,552 70		1,776 35	1,776 35
152,326	1.11—1.37		2,086 86		1,043 43	1,043 43
447,826	.72—1.02		4,753 56		2,376 78	2,376 78
\$2,598,547		\$12,960 00	\$33,357 98	\$46,317 98	\$23,158 99	\$23,158 99
					Paid Nov. 20, 1901.	Paid April 15, 1902.
		\$16,800 00			\$8,400 00	\$8,400 00
\$460,858	.92—1.52		\$8,432 04		4,216 02	4,216 02
406,634	.92—1.32		5,769 34		2,884 67	2,884 67
535,022	1.37—1.77		11,692 98		5,846 49	5,846 49
892,711	1.12—1.52		14,559 52		7,279 76	7,279 76
567,899	1.17—1.77		12,244 42		6,122 21	6,122 21
\$2,863,124		\$16,800 00	\$52,698 30	\$69,498 30	\$34,749 15	\$34,749 15

*This rate, "inside," should be 1.02 instead of 1.12. \$7.26 refunded to railway company by county, June 11, 1902.

STATEMENT

Railroad and County.	No. of Miles in State.	Number of Miles in Counties.	Value Per Mile.	Total Assessment.	Apportioned to Counties.	Value Apportioned Inside Corporate Limits.
<i>North Pacific Coast Railroad Company</i>	84.50		\$7,100 58	\$600,000		
Marin		58.50			\$415,385	\$30,177
Sonoma		26.00			184,615	
Totals	84.50	84.50	\$7,100 58	\$600,000	\$600,000	\$30,177
<i>Pacific Coast Railway Company</i>	76.10		\$3,285 15	\$250,000		
San Luis Obispo		39.50			\$129,763	\$5,748
Santa Barbara		36.60			120,237	
Totals	76.10	76.10	\$3,285 15	\$250,000	\$250,000	\$5,748
<i>Pajaro Valley Consolidated R. R. Co.</i>	32.90		\$6,079 02	\$200,000		
Monterey		32.11			\$195,197	
Santa Cruz		.79			4,803	
Totals	32.90	32.90	\$6,079 02	\$200,000	\$200,000	
<i>Nevada County Narrow Gauge R. R. Co.</i>	22.50		\$5,000 00	\$112,500		
Nevada		18.78			\$93,900	\$4,900
Placer		3.72			18,600	
Totals	22.50	22.50	\$5,000 00	\$112,500	\$112,500	\$4,900
<i>Nevada-California-Oregon Railway Co.</i>	99.86		\$2,002 80	\$200,000		
Lassen		96.60			\$193,470	
Sierra		3.26			6,530	
Totals	99.86	99.86	\$2,002 80	\$200,000	\$200,000	
<i>Alameda and San Joaquin R. R. Co.</i>	35.88		\$3,500 00	\$125,580		
Alameda		2.79			\$9,765	
San Joaquin		33.09			\$115,815	\$7,000
Totals	35.88	35.88	\$3,500 00	\$125,580	\$125,580	\$7,000
<i>Sierra Railway Co. of California</i>	56.30		\$4,440 50	\$250,000		
Stanislaus		19.50			\$86,590	
Tuolumne		36.80			163,410	
Totals	56.30	56.30	\$4,440 50	\$250,000	\$250,000	
<i>Randsburg Railway Co.</i>	29.66		\$4,214 43	\$125,000		
Kern		.66			\$2,782	
San Bernardino		29.00			122,218	
Totals	29.66	29.66	\$4,214 43	\$125,000	\$125,000	
<i>Gualala River Railroad Co.</i>	12.00		\$3,333 33	\$40,000		
Mendocino		5.00			\$16,667	
Sonoma		7.00			23,333	
Totals	12.00	12.00	\$3,333 33	\$40,000	\$40,000	

No. 9—Continued.

Value Apportioned Outside Corporate Limits.	County Rates (Lesser Rate Inside Corporate Limits).	State Taxes. Rate, .48.	County Taxes.	Total State and County Taxes.	First Installment.	Second Installment.
		\$2,880 00			Paid Nov. 12, 1901. \$1,440 00	Paid April 23, 1902. \$1,440 00
\$385,208	.77—1.14		\$4,623 74		2,311 87	2,311 87
184,615	.80—1.15		2,123 08		1,061 54	1,061 54
\$569,823		\$2,880 00	\$6,746 82	\$9,626 82	\$4,813 41	\$4,813 41
		\$1,200 00			Paid Nov. 18, 1901. \$600 00	Paid Nov. 18, 1901. \$600 00
\$124,015	1.02—1.37		\$1,757 64		878 82	878 82
120,237	1.12—1.52		1,827 60		913 80	913 80
\$244,252		\$1,200 00	\$3,585 24	\$4,785 24	\$2,392 62	\$2,392 62
		\$960 00			Paid Nov. 22, 1901. \$180 00	Paid Nov. 22, 1901. \$180 00
\$195,197	1.02		\$1,991 00		995 50	995 50
4,803	1.07—1.52		73 00		36 50	36 50
\$200,000		\$960 00	\$2,064 00	\$3,024 00	\$1,512 00	\$1,512 00
		\$540 00			Paid Nov. 22, 1901. \$270 00	Paid April 25, 1902. \$270 00
\$89,000	1.77—2.17		\$2,018 04		1,009 02	1,009 02
18,600	1.12—1.47		273 42		136 71	136 71
\$107,600		\$540 00	\$2,291 46	\$2,831 46	\$1,415 73	\$1,415 73
		\$960 00			Paid Nov. 25, 1901. \$480 00	Paid April 25, 1902. \$480 00
\$193,470	1.37		\$2,650 54		1,325 27	1,325 27
6,530	2.52		164 56		82 28	82 28
\$200,000		\$960 00	\$2,815 10	\$3,775 10	\$1,887 55	\$1,887 55
		\$602 78			Paid Nov. 12, 1901. \$301 39	Paid April 28, 1902. \$301 39
\$9,765	.77—1.17		\$114 24		57 12	57 12
108,815	.87—1.27		1,442 86		721 43	721 43
\$118,580		\$602 78	\$1,557 10	\$2,159 88	\$1,079 94	\$1,079 94
		\$1,200 00			Paid Nov. 23, 1901. \$600 00	Paid April 19, 1902. \$600 00
\$86,590	1.11—1.37		\$1,186 28		593 14	593 14
163,410	1.02—1.52		2,483 84		1,241 92	1,241 92
\$250,000		\$1,200 00	\$3,670 12	\$4,870 12	\$2,435 06	\$2,435 06
		\$600 00			Paid Nov. 11, 1901. \$300 00	Paid April 23, 1902. \$300 00
\$2,782	.72—1.02		\$28 38		14 19	14 19
122,218	1.12—1.52		1,857 72		928 86	928 86
\$125,000		\$600 00	\$1,886 10	\$2,486 10	\$1,243 05	\$1,243 05
		\$192 00			Paid Nov. 20, 1901. \$96 00	Paid April 18, 1902. \$96 00
\$16,667	1.12—1.52		\$253 34		126 67	126 67
23,333	.80—1.15		268 32		134 16	134 16
\$40,000		\$192 00	\$521 66	\$713 66	\$356 83	\$356 83

STATEMENT

Railroad and County.	No. of Miles in State.	Number of Miles in Counties.	Value Per Mile.	Total Assessment.	Apportioned to Counties.	Value Apportioned Inside Corporate Limits.
<i>Sierra Valleys Rail- way Co.</i>	30.50	-----	\$1,761 47	\$53,725	-----	-----
Lassen		4.20			\$7,400	
Plumas		26.30			46,325	
Totals	30.50	30.50	\$1,761 47	\$53,725	\$53,725	
<i>*California and Ne- vada R. R. Co.</i>	23.00	-----	\$2,173 91	\$50,000	-----	-----
Alameda		5.50			\$11,957	\$9,565
Contra Costa		17.50			38,043	
Totals	23.00	23.00	\$2,173 91	\$50,000	\$50,000	\$9,565
<i>Lake Tahoe Ry. and Transportation Co.</i>	14.80	-----	\$3,378 37	\$50,000	-----	-----
Nevada		1.10			\$3,717	
Placer		13.70			46,283	
Totals	14.80	14.80	\$3,378 37	\$50,000	\$50,000	
<i>San Francisco and San Mateo Electric Railway Co.</i>	29.362	-----	\$7,662 90	\$225,000	-----	-----
San Francisco		21.574			\$165,320	\$165,320
San Mateo		7.788			59,680	
Totals	29.362	29.362	\$7,662 90	\$225,000	\$225,000	\$165,320
<i>Pullman's Palace Car Company</i>	2,726.19	-----	\$128 34	\$350,000	-----	-----
Alameda		8.25			\$1,058	\$737
Butte		45.00			5,776	64
Colusa		33.91			4,354	
Contra Costa		115.25			14,797	346
Fresno		144.08			18,495	385
Glenn		28.90			3,710	64
Kern		195.24			25,066	757
Kings		27.70			3,556	201
Los Angeles		174.67			22,422	3,259
Madera		55.46			7,120	
Merced		111.45			14,308	373
Monterey		110.00			14,120	
Nevada		30.25			3,885	
Orange		48.00			6,160	780
Placer		112.75			14,476	673
Riverside		92.60			11,887	
Sacramento		46.00			5,908	321
San Benito		4 00			518	96
San Bernardino		353.38			45,367	378
San Diego		153.47			19,705	3,234
San Francisco		8.00			1,029	1,029
San Joaquin		110.64			14,203	404
San Luis Obispo		71.00			9,115	751
San Mateo		25.00			3,207	548
Santa Barbara		38.00			4,879	162
Santa Clara		57.00			7,315	717
Shasta		82.08			10,546	295
Sierra		2.15			275	
Siskiyou		83.18			10,682	
Solano		43.50			5,586	407
Stanislaus		69.63			8,939	192
Sutter		10.00			1,283	
Tehama		57.83			7,427	128
Tulare		119.70			15,365	780
Yolo		42.25			5,424	
Yuba		15.87			2,037	289
Totals	2,726.19	2,726.19	\$128 34	\$350,000	\$350,000	\$17,370

*Delinquent and suit pending.

No. 9—Continued.

Value Apportioned Outside Corporate Limits.	County Rates (Lesser Rate Inside Corporate Limits).	State Taxes. Rate, .48.	County Taxes.	Total State and County Taxes.	First Installment.	Second Installment.
					Paid Nov. 25, 1901.	Paid April 25, 1902.
		\$257 88			\$128 94	\$128 94
\$7,400	1.37		\$101 38		50 69	50 69
46,325	1.52		704 14		352 07	352 07
\$53,725		\$257 88	\$805 52	\$1,063 40	\$531 70	\$531 70
		\$240 00			Delinquent.	Delinquent.
\$2,392	.77—1.17		\$101 64		\$120 00	\$120 00
38,043	1.02—1.32		502 16		50 82	50 82
					251 08	251 08
\$40,435		\$240 00	\$603 80	\$843 80	\$421 90	\$421 90
		\$240 00			Paid Nov. 20, 1901.	Paid Nov. 20, 1901.
\$3,717	1.77—2.17		\$80 66		\$120 00	\$120 00
46,283	1.12—1.47		680 36		40 33	40 33
					340 18	340 18
\$50,000		\$240 00	\$761 02	\$1,001 02	\$500 51	\$500 51
		\$1,080 00			Paid Oct. 25, 1901.	Paid Jan. 9, 1902.
	1.0762		\$1,779 18		\$540 00	\$540 00
\$59,680	.795—1.36		811 64		889 59	889 59
					405 82	405 82
\$59,680		\$1,080 00	\$2,590 82	\$3,670 82	\$1,835 41	\$1,835 41
		\$1,680 00			Paid Oct 21, 1901.	Paid April 28, 1902.
			\$9 42		\$840 00	\$840 00
\$321	.77 —1.17		78 88		4 71	4 71
5,712	.97 —1.37		40 06		39 44	39 44
4,354	.62 —.92		194 28		20 03	20 03
14,451	1.02 —1.32		233 72		97 14	97 14
18,110	.97 —1.27		41 38		116 86	116 86
3,646	.85 —1.12		253 40		20 69	20 69
24,309	.72 —1.02		36 42		126 70	126 70
3,355	.76 —1.04		321 26		18 21	18 21
19,163	.92 —1.52		143 82		160 63	160 63
7,120	2.02		180 40		71 91	71 91
13,935	.92 —1.27		144 02		90 20	90 20
14,120	1.02		84 30		72 01	72 01
3,885	1.77 —2.17		78 18		42 15	42 15
5,380	.92 —1.32		210 44		39 09	39 09
13,803	1.12 —1.47		210 40		105 22	105 22
11,887	1.37 —1.77		84 04		105 20	105 20
5,587	1.47 —1.42		7 02		42 02	42 02
422	1.07 —1.42		688 06		3 51	3 51
44,989	1.12 —1.52		329 38		344 03	344 03
16,471	1.17 —1.77		11 08		164 69	164 69
	1.0762		178 76		5 54	5 54
13,799	.87 —1.27		122 24		89 38	89 38
8,364	1.02 —1.37		40 52		61 12	61 12
2,659	.795 —1.36		73 50		20 26	20 26
4,717	1.12 —1.52		71 74		36 75	36 75
6,598	.62 —1.02		159 26		35 87	35 87
10,251	1.17 —1.52		6 92		79 63	79 63
275	2.52		135 66		3 46	3 46
10,682	1.02 —1.27		63 72		67 83	67 83
5,179	.77 —1.17		121 96		31 86	31 86
8,747	1.11 —1.37		15 66		60 98	60 98
1,283	1.22		75 36		7 83	7 83
7,299	.71 —1.02		154 38		37 68	37 68
14,585	.72 —1.02		47 18		77 19	77 19
5,424	.55 —.87		34 46		23 59	23 59
1,748	1.52 —1.72				17 23	17 23
\$332,630		\$1,680 00	\$4,681 28	\$6,361 28	\$3,180 64	\$3,180 64

STATEMENT No. 9—Continued.

Summary by Roads.

Name.	No. of Miles in State.	Value per Mile.	Total Assessment.	State Taxes.	County Taxes.	Total State and County Taxes.	First Installment.	Second Installment.
Central Pacific Railroad Company	746.76	\$17,408 53	\$13,000,000	\$62,400 00	\$178,012 70	\$240,412 70	\$120,206 35	\$120,206 35
South Pacific Coast Railway Company	96.16	10,500 00	1,009,680	4,846 46	11,678 96	16,525 42	8,262 71	8,262 71
Southern Pacific Railroad Company	2,098.79	10,768 11	22,600,000	108,480 00	290,029 12	398,509 12	199,254 56	199,254 56
Southern California Motor Road Company	12.00	5,000 00	60,000	288 00	872 40	1,160 40	580 20	580 20
Carson and Colorado Railway Company	107.62	1,115 03	120,000	576 00	2,413 28	2,989 28	1,494 64	1,494 64
San Francisco and North Pacific Railway Company	165.32	12,067 74	2,000,000	9,600 00	23,790 88	33,390 88	16,695 44	16,695 44
Santa Fé Pacific Railroad Company	242.542	6,184 50	1,500,000	7,200 00	21,689 44	28,889 44	14,444 72	14,444 72
San Francisco and San Joaquin Valley Railway Co.	374.71	7,205 57	2,700,000	12,960 00	33,357 98	46,317 98	23,158 99	23,158 99
Southern California Railroad Company	487.265	7,182 95	3,500,000	16,800 00	52,038 30	69,438 30	34,749 15	34,749 15
North Pacific Coast Railroad Company	84.50	7,100 58	600,000	2,880 00	6,746 82	9,626 82	4,813 41	4,813 41
Pacific Coast Railway Company	76.10	3,285 15	250,000	1,200 00	3,585 24	4,785 24	2,392 62	2,392 62
Pajaro Valley Consolidated Railroad Company	32.90	6,079 02	200,000	960 00	2,064 00	3,024 00	1,512 00	1,512 00
Nevada County Narrow Gauge Railroad Company	22.50	5,000 00	112,500	540 00	2,291 46	2,831 46	1,415 73	1,415 73
Nevada-California-Oregon Railway Company	99.86	2,002 80	206,000	960 00	2,815 10	3,775 10	1,887 55	1,887 55
Alameda and San Joaquin Railroad Company	35.88	3,500 00	125,580	602 78	1,557 10	2,159 88	1,079 94	1,079 94
Sierra Railway Company of California	56.30	4,440 50	250,000	1,200 00	3,670 12	4,870 12	2,435 06	2,435 06
Randsburg Railway Company	29.66	4,214 43	125,000	600 00	1,886 10	2,486 10	1,243 05	1,243 05
Gualala River Railroad Company	12.00	3,533 33	40,000	192 00	521 66	713 66	356 83	356 83
Sierra Valleys Nevada Railway Company	30.50	1,761 47	53,725	257 88	805 52	1,063 40	531 70	531 70
California and Nevada Railroad Company	23.00	2,173 91	50,000	240 00	603 80	843 80	421 90	421 90
Lake Tahoe Railway and Transportation Company	14.80	3,378 37	50,000	240 00	761 02	1,001 02	500 51	500 51
San Francisco and San Mateo Electric Railway Co.	29.362	7,462 90	225,000	1,080 00	2,590 82	3,670 82	1,835 41	1,835 41
Total railroads	4,878.529	-----	\$48,771,485	\$234,105 12	\$614,441 82	\$878,544 94	\$439,272 47	\$439,272 47
Pullman's Palace Car Company	2,726.19	\$128 34	350,000	1,680 00	4,681 28	6,361 28	3,180 64	3,180 64
Grand totals	7,604.719	-----	\$49,121,485	\$235,783 12	\$649,123 10	\$884,906 22	\$442,453 11	\$442,453 11

STATEMENT No. 9—Continued.

Recapitulation by Counties.

County.	Value Apportioned to County.	Total Tax Due County.	First Installment.	Second Installment.
Alameda	\$1,928,596 00	\$20,136 50	\$10,068 25	\$10,068 25
Amador	86,145 00	1,266 32	633 16	633 16
Butte	938,837 00	12,827 00	6,413 50	6,413 50
Calaveras	112,634 00	1,599 40	799 70	799 70
Colusa	369,501 00	3,399 42	1,699 71	1,699 71
Contra Costa	1,314,088 00	17,267 96	8,633 98	8,633 98
El Dorado	328,966 00	6,293 40	3,146 70	3,146 70
Fresno	2,589,909 00	32,698 76	16,349 38	16,349 38
Glenn	495,813 00	5,538 40	2,769 20	2,769 20
Inyo	82,791 00	1,382 60	691 30	691 30
Kern	1,961,800 00	19,841 70	9,920 85	9,920 85
Kings	454,118 00	4,648 06	2,324 03	2,324 03
Lassen	200,870 00	2,751 92	1,375 96	1,375 96
Los Angeles	2,807,948 00	40,014 58	20,007 29	20,007 29
Madera	929,657 00	18,779 06	9,389 53	9,389 53
Marin	772,269 00	8,602 70	4,301 35	4,301 35
Mendocino	328,789 00	4,968 56	2,484 28	2,484 28
Merced	1,510,215 00	19,022 84	9,511 42	9,511 42
Mono	37,209 00	1,030 68	515 34	515 34
Monterey	1,609,494 00	16,416 82	8,208 41	8,208 41
Napa	510,731 00	5,761 48	2,880 74	2,880 74
Nevada	628,110 00	13,610 40	6,805 20	6,805 20
Orange	727,284 00	9,227 20	4,613 60	4,613 60
Placer	2,042,172 00	29,697 68	14,848 84	14,848 84
Plumas	46,325 00	704 14	352 07	352 07
Riverside	1,736,306 00	30,015 92	15,007 96	15,007 96
Sacramento	1,249,987 00	17,787 86	8,893 93	8,893 93
San Benito	190,575 00	2,677 56	1,338 78	1,338 78
San Bernardino	2,893,039 00	43,445 12	21,722 56	21,722 56
San Diego	1,720,339 00	29,306 18	14,653 09	14,653 09
San Francisco	288,427 00	3,104 06	1,552 03	1,552 03
San Joaquin	2,173,462 00	27,329 04	13,664 52	13,664 52
San Luis Obispo	920,643 00	12,369 58	6,184 79	6,184 79
San Mateo	333,167 00	4,268 18	2,134 09	2,134 09
Santa Barbara	746,221 00	11,180 38	5,590 19	5,590 19
Santa Clara	1,266,328 00	12,469 52	6,234 76	6,234 76
Santa Cruz	588,007 00	8,709 16	4,354 58	4,354 58
Shasta	1,439,439 00	21,738 90	10,869 45	10,869 45
Sierra	44,233 00	1,114 66	557 33	557 33
Siskiyou	1,458,724 00	18,525 80	9,262 90	9,262 90
Solano	796,504 00	9,069 80	4,534 90	4,534 90
Sonoma	1,867,585 00	21,235 34	10,617 67	10,617 67
Stanislaus	1,254,085 00	17,112 54	8,556 27	8,556 27
Sutter	462,123 00	5,637 90	2,818 95	2,818 95
Tehama	899,349 00	9,119 00	4,559 50	4,559 50
Tulare	1,864,946 00	18,861 96	9,430 98	9,430 98
Tuolumne	163,410 00	2,483 84	1,241 92	1,241 92
Ventura	586,862 00	8,877 22	4,438 61	4,438 61
Yolo	950,864 00	8,210 06	4,105 03	4,105 03
Yuba	412,589 00	6,985 94	3,492 97	3,492 97
Totals	\$49,121,485 00	\$649,123 10	\$324,561 55	\$324,561 58

STATEMENT No. 10.
Delinquent Taxes on Railways, Assessed by the State Board of Equalization.
SIERRA VALLEYS RAILWAY COMPANY. (Paid March 23, 1901.)

	Total Assessment.	State Tax.	Delinquency Penalties on State Tax.	Interest on State Tax.	Lassen County Taxes.	Delinquency Penalties Thereon.	Interest Thereon.	Plumas County Taxes.	Delinquency Penalties Thereon.	Interest Thereon.	Totals.
1896...	\$75,000 00	\$321 74	\$24 12	\$35 54	\$298 60	\$22 38	\$23 62	\$1,081 22	\$81 09	\$85 53	\$1,973 84
1897...	53,725 00	274 00	20 55	29 73	139 12	10 44	11 01	939 98	70 50	74 39	1,569 72
1898...	53,725 00	262 18	19 65		141 04	10 59		904 90	67 86		1,406 22
1899...	53,725 00	322 88	24 21		122 42	9 18		854 08	64 05		1,396 82
1900...	53,725 00	267 56	6 69		118 30	2 96		675 52	16 89		1,087 92
Totals		\$1,448 36	\$95 22	\$65 27	\$819 48	\$55 55	\$34 63	\$4,455 70	\$300 39	\$159 92	\$7,434 52

APPORTIONMENT.

General Fund.....	\$789 95
School Fund (including all delinquency penalties).....	1,082 55
Interest and Sinking Fund.....	39 82
State University Fund.....	52 47
Railway Tax Fund, Lassen County (taxes, \$819 48; interest, \$34 63).....	854 11
Railway Tax Fund, Plumas County (taxes, \$4,455 70; interest, \$159 92).....	4,615 62
Total payment.....	\$7,434 52

Values of Property and Amounts of Taxes Charged to Tax Collectors for the Year 1901 (Exclusive of Values of Railroads Assessed by the State Board of Equalization, and Taxes Due Thereon).

Counties.	Inside.	Inside.	Inside.	Outside.	Outside.	Outside.	Inside & Outside.	Inside.	Outside.	Inside & Outside.	Inside.	Outside.	Inside & Outside.	Inside & Outside.
	Value of Real Estate and Improvements.	Value of Personal Property and Amount of Money.	Total Value of Taxable Property.	Value of Real Estate and Improvements.	Value of Personal Property and Amount of Money.	Total Value of Taxable Property.	Total Value of Taxable Property, exclusive of Railroads Assessed by the State Board of Equalization.	Amount of Tax for State Purposes, Rate, 3 cents each \$100.	Amount of Tax for State Purposes, Rate, 48 cents each \$100.	Total Amount of Tax for State Taxes.	Amount of Tax for County Purposes.	Amount of Tax for County Purposes.	Total Amount of County Tax.	Total State and County Taxes.
Alameda	\$58,972,350	\$8,264,395	\$67,236,745	\$17,215,650	\$3,045,039	\$20,260,689	\$87,497,434	\$322,736 38	\$97,251 31	\$419,987 69	\$517,722 94	\$237,050 06	\$754,773 00	\$1,174,760 69
Alameda				267,018	43,810	300,828	300,828	1,443 97	1,443 97	2,887 94		6,527 97	7,971 94	
Alameda				3,952,567	695,377	4,647,944	4,647,944	21,877 58	21,877 58	43,755 16		67,000 10	88,572 68	
Alameda				10,159,434	1,717,338	11,876,772	11,876,772	57,098 38	57,098 38	114,196 76		171,776 52	242,888 52	
Alameda				4,456,199	805,885	5,262,084	5,262,084	25,344 38	25,344 38	50,688 76		75,368 78	101,113 16	
Alameda				9,530,015	1,150,460	10,680,475	11,443,405	5,660 34	5,660 34	11,300 68		192,988 30	274,928 98	
Alameda				1,570,755	11,007,040	12,577,795	14,141,158	67,877 57	67,877 57	135,755 14		162,793 93	200,550 07	
Alameda				258,489	1,861,274	2,119,763	2,119,763	10,598 81	10,598 81	21,197 62		186,663 28	207,861 90	
Alameda				606,630	2,567,870	3,174,500	3,711,560	2,911 82	2,911 82	5,823 64		6,421 46	12,245 10	
Alameda				1,787,780	2,781,696	4,569,476	28,210,398	33,940 39	33,940 39	67,880 78		102,469 87	170,350 65	
Alameda				8,073,293	910,949	8,984,242	9,011,405	4,324 84	4,324 84	8,648 68		100,624 63	109,273 31	
Alameda				1,780,599	1,861,274	3,641,873	11,393,249	22,827 22	22,827 22	45,654 44		155,338 12	178,165 56	
Alameda				1,342,577	641,757	1,984,334	1,804,334	8,660 04	8,660 04	17,320 08		30,129 32	38,789 76	
Alameda				2,841,814	10,894,901	13,736,705	18,975,099	14,784 81	14,784 81	29,569 62		162,127 99	191,697 61	
Alameda				4,972,711	752,086	5,724,797	6,578,397	6,510 66	6,510 66	13,021 32		50,868 14	56,889 46	
Alameda				2,434,344	436,599	2,870,943	3,176,230	1,461 49	1,461 49	2,922 98		3,623 31	4,585 39	
Alameda				1,164,882	3,297,960	4,462,842	4,462,842	21,914 21	21,914 21	43,828 42		50,868 14	56,889 46	
Alameda				2,519,980	2,656,690	5,176,670	100,242,421	368,396 81	368,396 81	736,793 62		886,925 37	1,245,710 99	
Alameda				4,371,065	889,250	5,260,315	5,260,315	25,729 37	25,729 37	51,458 74		108,277 75	134,047 12	
Alameda				6,395,290	772,440	7,167,730	11,325,385	19,969 28	19,969 28	39,938 56		31,018 02	51,956 58	
Alameda				1,814,487	282,100	2,096,587	2,096,587	10,063 62	10,063 62	20,127 24		52,833 99	62,900 23	
Alameda				9,906,996	1,273,939	11,180,935	10,315,465	50,245 74	50,245 74	100,491 48		145,285 36	195,776 84	
Alameda				1,743,943	1,039,943	2,783,886	11,085,043	5,109 66	5,109 66	10,219 32		140,773 82	150,993 14	
Alameda				1,775,427	3,003,805	4,779,232	14,418 26	14,418 26	28,836 52		45,657 34	60,076 10	75,733 44	
Alameda				267,260	1,100,067	1,367,327	1,100,067	5,280 32	5,280 32	10,560 64		30,471 87	36,752 19	
Alameda				1,739,640	1,680,182	3,419,822	16,425,832	78,843 89	78,843 89	157,687 78		167,543 49	206,381 48	
Alameda				8,472,983	1,024,670	9,497,653	11,584,572	5,440 92	5,440 92	10,881 84		31,188 03	37,629 87	
Alameda				3,695,335	615,450	4,310,785	6,448,230	10,259 73	10,259 73	20,519 46		37,782 98	45,242 44	
Alameda				6,640,845	835,370	7,476,215	10,519,250	14,606 57	14,606 57	29,213 14		38,686 03	47,899 17	
Alameda				1,040,255	670,544	1,710,799	6,764,540	3,247 77	3,247 77	6,495 54		34,160 74	40,658 28	
Alameda				1,684,900	361,779	2,046,679	2,046,679	9,824 06	9,824 06	19,648 12		31,169 52	38,993 58	
Alameda				4,360,800	444,015	4,804,815	10,512,403	27,396 42	27,396 42	54,792 84		80,045 23	100,838 07	
Alameda				13,040,460	1,576,760	14,617,220	33,114,430	88,786 60	88,786 60	177,573 20		219,864 08	277,437 28	
Alameda				868,610	4,602,635	5,471,245	9,976,173	4,988 08	4,988 08	9,976 16		28,833 99	35,814 15	
Alameda				4,777,769	790,720	5,568,489	13,555,446	22,977 39	22,977 39	45,954 78		53,613 92	66,568 91	
Alameda				5,384,516	968,313	6,352,829	18,247,325	57,066 98	57,066 98	114,133 96		138,171 45	170,215 41	
Alameda				10,429,290	1,610,773	12,040,063	415,146,827	1,983,104 77	1,983,104 77	3,966,209 54		4,446,296 15	5,432,505 32	
Alameda				16,049,290	1,610,773	17,659,063	54,767 86	54,767 86	109,535 72		221,261 88	275,801 60	347,063 48	
Alameda				1,254,951	8,307,661	9,562,612	11,391,838	8,539 60	8,539 60	17,079 20		131,695 59	162,774 79	
Alameda				1,679,510	1,848,690	3,528,200	14,184,085	6,081 64	6,081 64	12,163 28		170,022 22	212,185 50	
Alameda				1,930,360	1,850,360	3,780,720	11,623,410	5,305 65	5,305 65	10,611 30		138,681 49	170,292 79	
Alameda				19,748,785	28,257,515	48,006,300	30,905,760	60,654,635	94,794 60	189,449 20		243,142 25	313,238 75	
Alameda				6,684,860	6,288,730	12,973,590	10,634,960	20,861 90	20,861 90	41,723 80		46,006 66	57,730 46	
Alameda				1,460,751	6,684,407	8,145,158	7,936,011	6,007 70	6,007 70	12,014 40		16,643 77	20,658 17	
Alameda				1,301,705	1,464,671	2,766,376	1,465,371	7,121 78	7,121 78	14,243 56		37,431 35	45,553 13	
Alameda				5,708,189	1,300,484	7,008,673	7,633,104	2,519 36	2,519 36	5,038 72		89,004 60	110,043 32	
Alameda				4,269,381	11,351,054	15,620,435	16,737,860	50,842 38	50,842 38	101,684 76		145,867 04	176,531 80	
Alameda				9,885,656	2,134,770	12,020,426	24,146,664	30,460 89	30,460 89	60,921 78		109,407 28	134,368 06	
Alameda				838,255	1,443,785	2,282,040	8,900,070	4,719 82	4,719 82	9,439 64		15,759 95	19,199 59	
Alameda				5,929,336	5,929,336	11,858,672	5,929,336	29,646 68	29,646 68	59,293 36		134,290 96	163,584 32	
Alameda				1,606,775	8,681,865	10,288,640	10,965,625	6,641 26	6,641 26	13,283 52		72,008 50	85,292 02	
Alameda				1,240,490	1,240,490	2,480,980	1,240,490	6,202 45	6,202 45	12,404 90		37,431 35	45,553 13	
Alameda				1,962,714	1,567,624	3,529,338	13,959,151	9,421 02	9,421 02	18,842 04		14,311 54	18,153 58	
Alameda				7,679,830	7,679,830	15,359,660	6,281,260	4,470 19	4,470 19	8,940 38		10,518 28	13,029 66	
Alameda				6,077,726	1,914,686	7,992,412	8,071,181	3,977 06	3,977 06	7,954 12		8,846 66	11,029 66	
Alameda				11,077,655	1,914,686	12,992,341	13,018,422	6,024 22	6,024 22	12,048 44		11,368 76	14,029 22	
Alameda				475,600	3,196,105	3,671,705	5,051,485	1,541 30	1,541 30	3,082 60		28,207 25	34,289 85	
Alameda				\$531,512,279	\$170,810,811	\$702,323,090	\$424,517,515	\$65,397,465	\$489,914,980	\$1,192,238,070	\$3,371,135 02	\$2,351,363 89	\$5,722,499 01	\$7,060,169 34
Alameda				\$170,810,811	\$702,323,090	\$873,133,901	\$424,517,515	\$65,397,465	\$489,914,980	\$1,192,238,070	\$3,371,135 02	\$2,351,363 89	\$5,722,499 01	\$7,060,169 34
Alameda				\$702,323,090	\$170,810,811	\$873,133,901	\$424,517,515	\$65,397,465	\$489,914,980	\$1,192,238,070	\$3,371,135 02	\$2,351,363 89	\$5,722,499 01	\$7,060,169 34
Alameda				\$170,810,811	\$702,323,090	\$873,133,901	\$424,517,515	\$65,397,465	\$489,914,980	\$1,192,238,070	\$3,371,135 02	\$2,351,363 89	\$5,722,499 01	\$7,060,169 34
Alameda				\$702,323,090	\$170,810,811	\$873,133,901	\$424,517,515	\$65,397,465	\$489,914,980	\$1,192,238,070	\$3,371,135 02	\$2,351,363 89	\$5,722,499 01	\$7,060,169 34
Alameda				\$170,810,811	\$702,323,090	\$873,133,901	\$424,517,515	\$65,397,465	\$489,914,980	\$1,192,238,070	\$3,371,135 02	\$2,351,363 89	\$5,722,499 01	\$7,060,169 34
Alameda				\$702,323,090	\$170,810,811	\$873,133,901	\$424,517,515	\$65,397,465	\$489,914,980	\$1,192,238,070	\$3,371,135 02	\$2,351,363 89	\$5,722,499 01	\$7,060,169 34
Alameda				\$170,810,811	\$702,323,090	\$873,133,901	\$424,517,515	\$65,397,465	\$489,914,980	\$1,192,238,070	\$3,371,135 02	\$2,351,363 89	\$5,722,499 01	\$7,060,169 34
Alameda				\$702,323,090	\$170,810,811	\$873,133,901	\$424,517,515	\$65,397,465	\$489,914,980	\$1,192,238,070	\$3,371,135 02	\$2,351,363 89	\$5,722,499 01	\$7,060,169 34
Alameda				\$170,810,811	\$702,323,090	\$873,133,901	\$424,517,515	\$65,397,465	\$489,914,980	\$1,192,238,070	\$3,371,135 02	\$2,351,363 89	\$5,722,499 01	\$7,060,169 34
Alameda				\$702,323,090	\$170,810,811	\$873,133,901	\$424,517,515	\$65,397,465	\$489,914,980	\$1,192,238,070	\$3,371,135 02	\$2,351,363 89	\$5,722,499 01	\$7,060,169 34
Alameda				\$170,810,811	\$702,323,090	\$873,133,901	\$424,517,515	\$65,397,465	\$489,914,980	\$1,192,238,070	\$3,371,135 02	\$2,351,363 89	\$5,722,499 01	\$7,060,169 34
Alameda				\$702,323,090	\$170,810,811	\$873,133,901	\$424,517,515	\$65,397,465	\$489,914,980	\$1,192,238,070	\$3,371,135 02	\$2,351,363 89	\$5,722,499 01	\$7,060,169 34
Alameda				\$170,810,811	\$702,323,090	\$873,133,901	\$424,517,515	\$65,397,465	\$489,914,98					

Tax

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Real F
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ment:

215,6⁹
257,0⁴
952,8⁸
159,4⁵
456,1⁶
530,0²
007,0⁷
805,2⁴
567,8²
857,7⁸
073,3¹
561,7²
342,5⁶
353,0³
972,7⁴
434,8⁴
133,0⁵
919,9⁹
371,0²
395,2⁴
314,4¹
906,9⁹
749,0⁷
775,4⁰
332,8⁹
739,6⁸
472,6⁹
695,3¹
340,8⁶
048,3⁵
384,9⁸
360,8¹
040,4³
402,5³
977,7⁹
384,5⁸

049,2¹
357,6⁶
555,8²
355,0⁴
257,5²
604,8⁵
223,6¹
320,7³
708,1⁰
381,0⁶
546,7⁸
356,2⁴
121,0¹
75,0⁷
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STATEMENT No. 12.

Values of Property and Amounts of Taxes Charged to Tax Collectors for the Year 1902 (Exclusive of Values of Railroads Assessed by the State Board of Equalization, and Taxes Due Thereon).

Counties.	Inside.	Inside.	Inside.	Outside.	Outside.	Outside.	Inside & Outside.	Inside.	Outside.	Inside & Outside.	Inside.	Outside.	Inside & Outside.	Inside.	Outside.	Inside & Outside.	Inside & Outside.
	Value of Real Estate and Improvements.	Value of Personal Property and Amount of Money.	Total Value of Taxable Property.	Value of Real Estate and Improvements.	Value of Personal Property and Amount of Money.	Total Value of Taxable Property.	Total Value of Taxable Property, Exclusive of Railroads, Assessed by the State Board of Equalization.	Amount of Tax for State Purposes, Rate, 38.2 Cents each \$100.	Amount of Tax for State Purposes, Rate, 38.2 Cents each \$100.	Total Amount of State Taxes.	Amount of Tax for County Purposes.	Amount of Tax for County Purposes.	Total Amount of County Taxes.	Total State and County Taxes.	Total State and County Taxes.	Total State and County Taxes.	Total State and County Taxes.
Alameda	\$60,966,400	\$8,225,367	\$69,191,767	\$17,249,250	\$3,058,823	\$20,307,773	\$89,499,540	\$264,312 55	\$77,575 09	\$341,888 24	\$800,584 04	\$267,502 56	\$858,087 10	\$1,997,976 34			
Alpine				271,554	45,564	317,508	317,508	1,217 04	1,217 04			6,429 31	6,429 31	7,648 35			
Amador				3,888,222	616,878	4,505,100	4,505,100	17,210 62	17,210 62			70,627 18	70,627 18	87,837 80			
Butte	924,225	329,351	1,253,576	9,992,410	1,807,881	11,800,291	13,055,867	4,788 66	45,077 11	49,865 77	13,388 19	173,228 27	186,616 46	236,482 23			
Calaveras				4,713,780	844,120	5,557,900	5,557,900	21,231 18	21,231 18			76,032 07	76,032 07	97,263 25			
Colusa	551,090	226,093	777,183	9,383,303	1,175,548	10,558,851	11,339,031	2,968 84	40,834 79	43,803 63	5,038 14	102,209 65	107,243 79	150,549 42			
Contra Costa	968,300	688,065	1,656,365	10,985,895	3,222,534	14,208,429	15,804,694	6,097 73	54,276 20	60,373 93	19,442 51	215,848 95	235,126 46	295,500 39			
Del Norte	194,105	143,615	337,720	2,255,235	387,736	2,642,971	2,642,971	1,289 62	9,213 90	10,503 52	2,830 62	26,919 04	29,749 66	40,253 18			
El Dorado	431,555	154,455	586,010	2,730,620	468,705	3,199,325	3,785,335	2,338 56	12,221 42	14,559 98	8,837 03	58,163 73	67,000 76	81,460 74			
Fresno	6,159,816	1,414,079	7,573,895	18,611,659	2,773,182	21,384,841	28,692,636	27,915 78	81,690 09	109,605 87	70,739 45	271,159 78	341,899 23	451,506 10			
Glenn	366,092	141,330	507,422	3,151,312	596,136	3,747,448	4,343,584	1,343 87	34,935 46	36,279 33	9,524 15	137,637 08	147,161 23	193,800 32			
Humboldt	137,120	1,371,907	1,509,027	2,700,727	1,781,182	4,481,909	5,193,551	19,426 26	63,284 82	72,731 08	41,620 66	169,929 56	211,549 62	284,280 70			
Inyo				1,399,557	517,881	1,917,438	1,917,438	7,324 61	7,324 61			31,024 15	31,024 15	38,348 76			
Kern	2,679,225	767,786	3,447,011	13,217,576	3,214,317	16,431,893	19,878,904	13,167 58	62,769 83	75,937 41	25,094 24	192,370 91	218,138 65	268,308 32			
Kings	1,025,393	359,318	1,424,711	4,988,715	857,432	5,846,147	6,703,579	5,442 40	27,318 55	32,760 95	10,086 95	69,976 69	79,717 64	97,536 19			
Lake	265,110	38,131	303,241	2,416,241	433,352	2,850,193	3,153,434	1,158 38	10,877 74	12,046 12	4,148 35	53,241 00	57,389 95	69,436 07			
Lassen				2,249,888	1,292,762	3,542,650	3,542,650	529,364 17	13,532 93	539,903 10	52,006 10	67,809 03	72,015 07	85,539 03			
Los Angeles	71,300,870	15,051,007	86,351,877	24,881,060	2,876,482	27,757,542	33,704,919	329,964 17	104,505 81	434,369 98	706,358 35	1,529,638 27	1,654,877 04	1,880,515 31			
Madison				4,394,640	972,005	5,366,645	5,366,645	16,304 72	20,385 98	29,504 45	34,490 00	50,698 63	85,189 73	120,074 51			
Marin	3,871,690	396,875	4,268,565	4,268,565	789,983	5,058,548	5,058,548	16,304 72	13,199 73	29,504 45	34,490 00	50,698 63	85,189 73	120,074 51			
Mariposa				1,548,906	343,508	1,892,414	2,192,412	8,375 01	8,375 01			55,204 94	63,579 95	71,959 95			
Merced	1,792,128	549,590	2,341,718	6,974,633	1,304,586	8,279,219	9,583,806	8,904 52	31,626 62	40,530 94	26,603 60	133,357 76	140,021 36	200,552 30			
Mendocino	850,335	218,444	1,068,779	1,968,779	1,501,351	3,470,130	3,971,481	4,052 73	43,815 98	47,898 71	9,277 00	138,706 47	148,983 47	196,832 18			
Mercer	91,963	64,100	156,063	1,350,492	1,208,818	2,559,310	2,559,310	11,090 48	12,286 83	23,377 31	7,445 24	44,925 16	46,470 40	58,927 23			
Monterey				2,222,057	1,034,432	3,256,489	3,256,489	3,951 53	3,951 53			21,909 27	21,909 27	25,860 80			
Munich	2,865,620	960,670	3,826,290	14,681,805	1,942,575	16,624,380	16,624,380	68,506 28	68,506 28			163,239 24	168,239 24	232,745 82			
Napa	1,664,540	477,485	2,142,025	6,496,590	1,064,625	7,561,215	11,387,435	14,616 42	28,883 76	43,500 18	36,655 85	95,119 83	131,775 68	172,578 86			
Nevada	2,558,850	569,635	3,128,485	3,885,915	645,015	4,530,930	5,175,945	8,184 10	16,466 42	24,652 52	35,735 82	99,142 80	124,878 62	149,529 14			
Orange				6,063,150	942,760	7,005,910	10,731,365	11,939 24	29,034 48	40,969 82	25,566 22	88,837 03	114,403 25	155,397 07			
Pacifica				1,075,480	674,455	1,750,000	1,750,000	2,032 41	27,194 87	29,227 28	90,436 67	105,857 69	133,091 96	158,931 64			
Plumas				5,227,296	691,995	5,919,291	6,611,286	8,303 47	8,303 47			35,170 23	43,473 70	58,647 93			
Riverside	15,319,390	3,669,790	18,989,180	12,966,970	1,500,090	14,467,060	16,967,150	22,611 69	180,164 64	202,776 33	68,117 67	80,097 96	147,797 96	187,797 96			
Sacramento	688,160	212,990	901,150	4,710,470	728,570	5,439,040	6,157,510	3,327 79	31,632 00	35,000 79	22,960 39	8,809 96	67,737 62	76,544 58			
San Benito	5,367,635	849,560	6,217,195	7,608,210	617,050	8,225,260	9,842,310	31,038 50	54,788 07	85,826 57	75,725 06	131,462 72	207,179 78	264,919 85			
San Bernardino	9,556,520	1,038,084	10,594,604	5,245,538	621,488	5,867,026	6,488,514	23,727 88	23,727 88	46,455 76	157,246 26	163,630 60	237,276 96	340,914 56			
San Diego	288,435,344	131,332,344	419,767,688	1,682,322	16,892,372	18,574,694	19,967,066	1,604,248 02	1,604,248 02	3,208,496 04	5,149,552 15	10,358,104 15	15,567,656 15	25,825,760 15			
San Francisco	4,743,709	2,737,519	7,481,228	16,392,375	1,678,697	18,061,072	20,000,000	47,889 29	69,023 85	116,908 14	102,505 45	220,081 50	322,586 75	439,479 89			
San Joaquin	1,377,756	233,540	1,611,296	2,860,410	497,700	3,358,110	3,855,810	10,926 76	44,375 24	55,302 00	26,401 58	161,237 78	187,639 36	242,941 36			
San Luis Obispo	7,248,175	1,728,185	8,976,360	10,188,320	1,101,315	11,289,635	12,390,945	35,100 15	16,862 12	51,962 27	134,887 48	164,887 48	219,774 96	284,662 44			
San Mateo	17,351,220	2,243,530	19,594,750	2,243,530	2,243,530	4,487,060	5,730,590	11,187 85	117,657 30	128,844 65	139,249 46	325,567 61	465,117 07	649,380 17			
Santa Barbara	3,819,715	686,570	4,506,285	5,626,890	706,235	6,333,125	7,039,360	24,192 69	24,192 69	41,408 69	50,380 26	99,304 22	149,684 28	191,601 27			
Santa Clara	1,433,381	417,870	1,851,251	5,283,944	1,851,251	7,135,195	7,986,446	7,071 78	26,608 77	33,680 55	18,445 74	96,260 05	114,705 79	147,916 54			
Santa Cruz	128,620	32,165	160,785	1,285,950	152,485	1,438,435	1,590,885	642 47	5,494 52	6,137 29	3,242 95	34,062 05	37,305 05	48,557 10			
Shasta	357,807	162,660	520,467	5,999,265	1,061,752	7,061,017	7,862,772	1,868 19	9,345 97	11,214 16	89,496 80	128,812 92	140,009 72	182,826 29			
Siskiyou	3,444,766	972,941	4,417,707	11,390,312	1,061,752	12,452,064	13,513,816	27,460 43	47,499 85	74,960 28	63,875 49	126,838 37	155,884 80	212,761 17			
Solano	5,254,240	1,081,970	6,336,210	15,828,523	2,063,055	17,891,578	24,367,788	24,357 12	68,345 82	92,702 94	54,707 88	217,919 43	272,627 81	365,350 30			
Sonoma				8,301,000	1,005,120	9,306,120	10,307,565	3,826 52	37,459 38	41,284 90	8,692 98	119,538 28	128,231 52	166,476 42			
Stanislaus				281,605	1,001,445	1,283,050	1,564,645	5,866 169	2,468 73	8,334 90	83,182 15	105,650 88	124,032 80	159,680 68			
Sutter	1,033,035	374,275	1,407,310	1,033,035	374,275	1,407,310	1,407,310	5,375 92	5,375 92			1,611 50	1,611 50	1,993 42			
Tehama				1,862,155	315,120	2,177,275	2,177,275	1,802 120	1,802 120			7,828 10	7,828 10	9,656 30			
Trinity				10,512,766	1,061,993	11,574,759	12,636,752	7,092 22	46,624 59	53,716 81	14,258 70	136,456 97	150,714 97	204,341 78			
Yuba	1,422,011	434,591	1,856,602	717,315	212,280	929,595	929,595	3,551 05	21,296 73	24,847 78	6,674 49	67,904 23	74,5				

STATEMENT No. 13.

Delinquent Taxes Charged to Tax Collectors for the Years 1900 and 1901 (being Exclusive of the Delinquent Taxes Due Upon Railroads Assessed by the State Board of Equalization).

Counties.	Assessment Year of 1900.			Assessment Year of 1901.		
	Delinquent Tax on Real Estate for State Purposes.	Delinquent Tax on Personal Property and Money for State Purposes.	Total Tax Delinquent for State Purposes.	Delinquent Tax on Real Estate for State Purposes.	Delinquent Tax on Personal Property and Money for State Purposes.	Total Tax Delinquent for State Purposes.
Alameda.....	\$9,799 61	\$4,019 23	\$13,818 84	\$9,468 07	\$4,178 02	\$13,646 09
Alpine.....	9 62		9 62	17 90	5 30	23 20
Amador.....	4,849 25		4,849 25	968 69	44 56	1,013 25
Butte.....	840 36	68 99	909 35	2,248 65	78 95	2,327 60
Calaveras.....	1,289 04	54 04	1,343 08	1,019 14	155 66	1,174 80
Colusa.....	423 98	61 55	485 53	742 57	101 95	844 52
Contra Costa.....	2,350 00	116 13	2,466 13	3,258 01	656 77	3,914 78
Del Norte.....	118 92	8 09	127 01	184 45		184 45
El Dorado.....	882 08	49 42	931 50	951 37	56 35	1,007 72
Fresno.....	3,096 75	181 69	3,278 44	2,951 65	146 31	3,097 96
Glenn.....	270 91	14 13	285 04	234 51	75 38	309 89
Humboldt.....	872 91	109 64	982 55	852 60	103 15	955 75
Inyo.....	498 74		498 74	358 46		358 46
Kern.....	1,895 01	171 62	2,066 63	2,752 81	228 91	2,981 72
Kings.....	1,190 61	74 01	1,264 62	884 78	67 38	952 16
Lake.....	459 76	29 18	488 94	518 15		518 15
Lassen.....	757 75	30 85	788 60	723 92	141 46	865 38
Los Angeles.....	13,383 71	602 87	13,986 58	10,181 09	420 12	10,601 21
Madera.....	748 22	174 15	922 37	581 38	195 05	776 43
Marin.....	348 72	113 17	461 89	294 69		294 69
Mariposa.....	867 54	39 22	906 76	1,227 86	47 56	1,275 42
Mendocino.....	1,668 05	114 39	1,782 44	1,279 99	80 67	1,360 66
Merced.....	903 11	72 58	975 69	241 25	15 66	256 91
Modoc.....	523 36	59 85	583 21	287 09	36 55	323 64
Mono.....	120 96	40 12	161 08	174 47	21 43	195 90
Monterey.....	1,230 03	155 07	1,385 10	972 81	83 30	1,056 11
Napa.....	588 13	59 32	647 45	520 80	28 33	549 13
Nevada.....	786 24	30 45	816 69	800 29	29 88	830 17
Orange.....	674 67	43 38	718 05	718 80	29 52	748 32
Placer.....	1,240 43	35 44	1,275 87	1,219 95	32 39	1,252 34
Plumas.....	546 61	41 09	587 70	379 33	124 81	504 14
Riverside.....	2,671 14		2,671 14	1,648 89	142 37	1,791 26
Sacramento.....	795 35		795 35	646 52		646 52
San Benito.....	760 92	33 63	794 55	305 26	30 57	335 83
San Bernardino.....	2,881 23	59 90	2,941 13	2,476 55	47 08	2,523 63
San Diego.....	4,230 20	67 39	4,297 59	3,261 49	82 93	3,344 42
San Francisco.....	22,723 56	38,991 67	61,715 23	23,512 62	37,438 34	60,950 96
San Joaquin.....	1,095 63	51 01	1,146 64	847 56	165 97	1,013 53
San Luis Obispo.....	1,453 76	578 31	2,032 07	1,079 27	82 09	1,161 36
San Mateo.....	1,018 47	6 39	1,024 86	580 32	73 00	653 32
Santa Barbara.....	1,562 31	60 78	1,623 09	2,957 98	53 38	3,011 36
Santa Clara.....	4,019 30	255 88	4,275 18	2,922 72	216 76	3,139 48
Santa Cruz.....	619 80		619 80	667 63		667 63
Shasta.....	1,416 47	84 31	1,500 78	1,269 02	71 47	1,340 49
Sierra.....	599 22	29 06	628 28	496 78	15 38	512 16
Siskiyou.....	998 89	61 94	1,060 83	801 55	59 09	860 64
Solano.....	1,085 81	48 76	1,134 57	885 21	41 06	926 27
Sonoma.....	801 04		801 04	719 17	46 40	765 57
Stanislaus.....	416 03	38 99	455 02	310 21	42 96	353 17
Sutter.....	164 57	15 21	179 78	183 22	4 08	187 30
Tehama.....	941 43	96 14	1,037 57	874 70	108 09	982 79
Trinity.....	418 55	26 62	445 17	482 77	37 46	520 23
Tulare.....	1,368 91	66 82	1,435 73	945 36	80 09	1,025 45
Tuolumne.....	1,926 02	92 28	2,018 30	2,138 46	70 78	2,209 24
Ventura.....	901 98		901 98	240 78		240 78
Yolo.....	740 57	40 74	781 31	1,025 28	86 63	1,111 91
Yuba.....	437 54	115 49	553 03	420 26	28 46	448 72
Totals.....	\$109,283 78	\$47,390 99	\$156,674 77	\$98,715 11	\$46,209 86	\$144,924 97

STATEMENT No. 13.

Delinquent Taxes Charged to Tax Collectors for the Years 1900 and 1901 (being Exclusive of the Delinquent Taxes Due Upon Railroads Assessed by the State Board of Equalization).

Counties.	Assessment Year of 1900.			Assessment Year of 1901.		
	Delinquent Tax on Real Estate for State Purposes.	Delinquent Tax on Personal Property and Money for State Purposes.	Total Tax Delinquent for State Purposes.	Delinquent Tax on Real Estate for State Purposes.	Delinquent Tax on Personal Property and Money for State Purposes.	Total Tax Delinquent for State Purposes.
Alameda.....	\$9,799 61	\$4,019 23	\$13,818 84	\$9,468 07	\$4,178 02	\$13,646 09
Alpine.....	9 62	-----	9 62	17 90	5 30	23 20
Amador.....	4,849 25	-----	4,849 25	968 69	44 56	1,013 25
Butte.....	840 36	68 99	909 35	2,248 65	78 95	2,327 60
Calaveras.....	1,289 04	54 04	1,343 08	1,019 14	155 66	1,174 80
Colusa.....	423 98	61 55	485 53	742 57	101 95	844 52
Contra Costa.....	2,350 00	116 13	2,466 13	3,258 01	656 77	3,914 78
Del Norte.....	118 92	8 09	127 01	184 45	-----	184 45
El Dorado.....	882 08	49 42	931 50	951 37	56 35	1,007 72
Fresno.....	3,096 75	181 69	3,278 44	2,951 65	146 31	3,097 96
Glenn.....	270 91	14 13	285 04	234 51	75 38	309 89
Humboldt.....	872 91	109 64	982 55	852 60	103 15	955 75
Inyo.....	498 74	-----	498 74	358 46	-----	358 46
Kern.....	1,895 01	171 62	2,066 63	2,752 81	228 91	2,981 72
Kings.....	1,190 61	74 01	1,264 62	884 78	67 38	952 16
Lake.....	459 76	29 18	488 94	518 15	-----	518 15
Lassen.....	757 75	30 85	788 60	723 92	141 46	865 38
Los Angeles.....	13,383 71	602 87	13,986 58	10,181 09	420 12	10,601 21
Madera.....	748 22	174 15	922 37	581 38	195 05	776 43
Marin.....	348 72	113 17	461 89	294 69	-----	294 69
Mariposa.....	867 54	39 22	906 76	1,227 86	47 56	1,275 42
Mendocino.....	1,668 05	114 39	1,782 44	1,279 99	80 67	1,360 66
Merced.....	903 11	72 58	975 69	241 25	15 66	256 91
Modoc.....	523 36	59 85	583 21	287 09	36 55	323 64
Mono.....	120 96	40 12	161 08	174 47	21 43	195 90
Monterey.....	1,230 03	155 07	1,385 10	972 81	83 30	1,056 11
Napa.....	588 13	59 32	647 45	520 80	28 33	549 13
Nevada.....	786 24	30 45	816 69	800 29	29 88	830 17
Orange.....	674 67	43 38	718 05	718 80	29 52	748 32
Placer.....	1,240 43	35 44	1,275 87	1,219 95	32 39	1,252 34
Plumas.....	546 61	41 09	587 70	379 33	124 81	504 14
Riverside.....	2,671 14	-----	2,671 14	1,648 89	142 37	1,791 26
Sacramento.....	795 35	-----	795 35	646 52	-----	646 52
San Benito.....	760 92	33 63	794 55	305 26	30 57	335 83
San Bernardino.....	2,881 23	59 90	2,941 13	2,476 55	47 08	2,523 63
San Diego.....	4,230 20	67 39	4,297 59	3,261 49	82 93	3,344 42
San Francisco.....	22,723 56	38,991 67	61,715 23	23,512 62	37,438 34	60,950 96
San Joaquin.....	1,095 63	51 01	1,146 64	847 56	165 97	1,013 53
San Luis Obispo.....	1,453 76	578 31	2,032 07	1,079 27	82 09	1,161 36
San Mateo.....	1,018 47	6 39	1,024 86	580 32	73 00	653 32
Santa Barbara.....	1,562 31	60 78	1,623 09	2,957 98	53 38	3,011 36
Santa Clara.....	4,019 30	255 88	4,275 18	2,922 72	216 76	3,139 48
Santa Cruz.....	619 80	-----	619 80	667 63	-----	667 63
Shasta.....	1,416 47	84 31	1,500 78	1,269 02	71 47	1,340 49
Sierra.....	599 22	29 06	628 28	496 78	15 38	512 16
Siskiyou.....	998 89	61 94	1,060 83	801 55	59 09	860 64
Solano.....	1,085 81	48 76	1,134 57	885 21	41 06	926 27
Sonoma.....	801 04	-----	801 04	719 17	46 40	765 57
Stanislaus.....	416 03	38 99	455 02	310 21	42 96	353 17
Sutter.....	164 57	15 21	179 78	183 22	4 08	187 30
Tehama.....	941 43	96 14	1,037 57	874 70	108 09	982 79
Trinity.....	418 55	26 62	445 17	482 77	37 46	520 23
Tulare.....	1,368 91	66 82	1,435 73	945 36	80 09	1,025 45
Tuolumne.....	1,926 02	92 28	2,018 30	2,138 46	70 78	2,209 24
Ventura.....	901 98	-----	901 98	240 78	-----	240 78
Yolo.....	740 57	40 74	781 31	1,025 28	86 63	1,111 91
Yuba.....	437 54	115 49	553 03	420 26	28 46	448 72
Totals.....	\$109,283 78	\$47,390 99	\$156,674 77	\$98,715 11	\$46,209 86	\$144,924 97

STATEMENT No. 14.

Amounts of State Taxes Levied, Amounts Collected, and Amounts Delinquent in the Several Counties, for and on Account of Property Tax for the Years 1900 and 1901.

Counties.	Tax of 1900—July 1, 1900, to June 30, 1901.			Tax of 1901—July 1, 1901, to June 30, 1902.		
	Amounts Levied.	Amounts Collected.	Balance Due State.	Amounts Levied.	Amounts Collected.	Balance Due State.
Alameda	\$421,485 37	\$407,666 53	\$13,818 84	\$419,987 89	\$406,341 60	\$13,646 09
Alpine	1,422 56	1,412 94	9 62	1,443 97	1,420 76	23 21
Amador	21,517 71	20,329 20	1,188 51	21,877 58	20,114 42	1,763 16
Butte	64,734 27	63,537 91	1,196 36	63,022 43	59,624 16	3,398 27
Calaveras	25,763 45	23,858 99	1,904 46	25,544 38	23,416 82	2,127 56
Colusa	57,895 93	57,293 00	602 93	54,925 62	53,765 35	1,161 27
Contra Costa	77,836 80	73,884 41	3,952 39	75,417 19	71,328 14	4,089 05
Del Norte	9,403 36	9,237 38	165 98	9,828 70	9,368 65	460 05
El Dorado	18,577 87	17,663 66	914 21	17,815 20	16,776 94	1,038 26
Fresno	133,928 51	130,185 95	3,742 56	135,409 87	131,702 96	3,706 91
Glenn	49,320 65	49,035 60	285 05	45,654 74	45,344 87	309 87
Humboldt	84,049 04	83,066 49	982 55	86,879 27	85,953 52	925 75
Inyo	8,814 15	8,317 55	496 60	8,660 04	8,301 28	358 76
Kern	66,334 87	64,247 16	2,087 71	91,080 33	87,925 75	3,154 58
Kings	33,308 96	32,213 53	1,095 43	34,136 57	33,146 95	989 62
Lake	15,075 29	14,929 37	145 92	15,245 90	14,727 75	518 15
Lassen	15,346 47	14,571 95	774 52	15,830 25	14,934 74	895 51
Los Angeles	483,678 25	469,791 68	13,886 57	481,163 61	470,338 63	10,824 98
Madera	26,127 24	25,212 38	914 86	25,729 37	24,884 07	845 30
Marin	55,663 67	55,433 50	230 17	54,148 24	53,834 85	313 39
Mariposa	10,105 91	9,066 86	1,039 05	10,063 62	8,267 84	1,795 78
Mendocino	51,113 66	49,086 25	2,027 41	49,514 23	48,016 25	1,497 98
Merced	60,490 57	60,268 11	222 46	58,317 82	58,064 23	253 59
Modoc	14,374 78	13,770 37	604 41	14,418 26	14,038 74	379 52
Mono	5,724 35	5,530 99	193 36	5,280 32	5,036 17	244 15
Monterey	80,732 27	79,116 51	1,615 76	78,843 99	77,804 58	1,039 41
Napa	55,446 24	54,798 79	647 45	54,020 97	53,471 84	549 13

Nevada.....	31,836 74	31,015 16	821 58	30,951 50	30,118 63	832 87
Orange.....	51,139 35	50,366 27	773 08	50,492 41	49,380 89	1,111 52
Placer.....	35,034 45	33,780 96	1,253 49	33,866 33	32,619 50	1,246 83
Plumas.....	10,247 43	9,656 71	590 72	9,824 06	9,319 97	504 09
Riverside.....	52,110 96	49,532 61	2,578 35	50,459 53	48,702 88	1,756 65
Sacramento.....	163,807 28	162,500 56	1,246 72	158,949 25	158,208 72	740 53
San Benito.....	29,034 93	28,200 63	834 30	28,022 95	27,649 42	373 53
San Bernardino.....	66,191 66	63,316 66	2,875 00	65,066 14	62,408 53	2,657 61
San Diego.....	91,596 81	87,105 75	4,491 06	87,589 56	84,221 48	3,368 08
San Francisco.....	2,042,531 83	1,980,809 79	61,722 04	1,983,104 77	1,922,049 91	61,054 86
San Joaquin.....	149,097 39	147,872 02	1,225 37	143,506 56	142,477 70	1,028 86
San Luis Obispo.....	56,860 64	55,287 88	1,572 76	54,681 02	53,513 61	1,167 41
San Mateo.....	70,444 63	69,419 77	1,024 86	68,083 60	67,558 55	525 05
Santa Barbara.....	64,132 77	60,232 36	3,900 41	63,505 65	60,435 30	3,070 35
Santa Clara.....	252,636 62	248,361 44	4,275 18	243,142 25	240,002 77	3,139 48
Santa Cruz.....	50,745 70	50,117 69	628 01	51,047 80	50,375 47	672 33
Shasta.....	38,251 92	35,631 72	2,620 20	38,092 85	36,168 45	1,924 40
Sierra.....	7,209 99	6,561 82	648 17	7,129 78	6,583 41	546 37
Siskiyou.....	36,648 19	35,932 31	715 88	36,158 89	35,491 66	667 23
Solano.....	83,424 35	83,289 78	134 57	80,323 57	79,397 30	926 27
Sonoma.....	119,019 83	116,989 88	2,029 95	115,903 49	114,220 22	1,683 27
Stanislaus.....	53,907 01	53,447 01	460 00	51,759 95	51,315 49	444 46
Sutter.....	29,735 98	29,409 54	326 44	28,331 21	27,871 50	459 71
Tehama.....	49,618 87	48,573 51	1,045 36	48,312 66	47,329 77	982 89
Trinity.....	7,385 52	6,713 82	671 70	7,526 39	6,798 75	727 64
Tulare.....	67,480 37	66,340 81	1,139 56	66,960 72	65,813 97	1,146 75
Tuolumne.....	28,348 88	26,520 00	1,828 88	30,054 05	27,844 81	2,209 24
Ventura.....	37,039 79	36,166 58	873 21	38,742 63	38,502 09	240 54
Yolo.....	76,035 69	75,774 15	861 54	72,389 43	71,343 04	1,056 39
Yuba.....	25,419 43	24,911 03	508 40	24,248 85	23,778 86	469 99
Totals.....	\$5,825,847 21	\$5,667,425 28	\$158,421 93	\$5,722,499 01	\$5,569,514 51	\$152,984 50

STATEMENT No. 15.

Mileage and Commissions for Assessing, Collecting, and Paying in State Taxes for the Fifty-second and Fifty-third Fiscal Years, ending June 30, 1901, and June 30, 1902, respectively.

Counties.	Fifty-second Fiscal Year—July 1, 1900, to June 30, 1901.			Fifty-third Fiscal Year—July 1, 1901, to June 30, 1902.		
	Treasurers' Mileage.	Assessors' Com'sions at 6 per cent on Personal Property.	Total.	Treasurers' Mileage.	Assessors' Com'sions at 6 per cent on Personal Property.	Total.
Alameda.....	\$72 80	\$804 79	\$877 59	\$72 80	\$849 54	\$922 34
Alpine.....	180 00	8 67	188 67	180 00	7 70	187 70
Amador.....	47 20	34 49	81 69	47 20	37 90	85 10
Butte.....	62 40	146 38	208 78	62 40	113 33	175 73
Calaveras.....	58 40	56 04	114 44	58 40	63 42	121 82
Colusa.....	64 00	100 18	164 18	64 00	97 49	161 49
Contra Costa.....	71 20	692 45	763 65	71 20	509 13	580 33
Del Norte.....	200 00	2 18	202 18	200 00	5 07	205 07
El Dorado.....	48 80	55 67	104 47	48 80	43 88	97 68
Fresno.....	135 20	288 20	423 40	135 20	414 99	550 19
Glenn.....	70 40	116 31	186 71	70 40	68 79	139 19
Humboldt.....	200 00	148 20	348 20	200 00	180 12	380 12
Inyo.....	200 00	16 42	216 42	200 00	16 71	216 71
Kern.....	200 00	275 38	475 38	200 00	708 29	908 29
Kings.....	173 60	85 31	258 91	173 60	131 25	304 85
Lake.....	163 20	26 61	189 81	163 20	23 99	187 19
Lassen.....	146 40	52 86	199 26	146 40	47 60	194 00
Los Angeles.....	200 00	1,121 75	1,321 75	200 00	1,158 00	1,358 00
Madera.....	118 40	69 92	188 32	118 40	69 06	187 46
Marin.....	76 80	107 39	184 19	76 80	115 01	191 81
Mariposa.....	124 80	34 05	158 85	124 80	28 08	152 88
Mendocino.....	164 00	64 74	228 74	164 00	69 23	233 23
Merced.....	91 20	119 86	211 06	91 20	113 31	204 51
Modoc.....	200 00	44 39	244 39	200 00	46 77	246 77
Mono.....	200 00	15 32	215 32	200 00	8 71	208 71
Monterey.....	156 80	135 05	291 85	156 80	127 80	284 60
Napa.....	48 80	90 13	138 93	48 80	97 30	146 10
Nevada.....	56 80	95 27	152 07	56 80	118 81	175 61
Orange.....	200 00	94 10	294 10	200 00	94 58	294 58
Placer.....	29 60	51 09	80 69	29 60	48 66	78 26
Plumas.....	108 80	11 90	120 70	108 80	10 22	119 02
Riverside.....	200 00	92 79	292 79	200 00	93 62	293 62
Sacramento.....	526 79	526 79	526 79	459 42	459 42	459 42
San Benito.....	138 40	48 09	186 49	138 40	32 57	170 97
San Bernardino.....	200 00	134 00	334 00	200 00	125 28	325 28
San Diego.....	200 00	422 37	622 37	200 00	362 61	562 61
San Francisco.....	67 20	10,198 06	10,265 26	67 20	11,080 63	11,147 83
San Joaquin.....	38 40	236 03	274 43	38 40	223 75	262 15
San Luis Obispo.....	200 00	146 16	346 16	200 00	126 33	326 33
San Mateo.....	84 00	171 29	255 29	84 00	128 27	212 27
Santa Barbara.....	200 00	174 23	374 23	200 00	162 82	362 82
Santa Clara.....	102 40	365 09	467 49	102 40	441 21	543 61
Santa Cruz.....	164 00	93 43	257 43	164 00	99 11	263 11
Shasta.....	141 60	137 07	278 67	141 60	152 28	293 88
Sierra.....	95 20	5 25	100 45	95 20	5 91	101 11
Siskiyou.....	200 00	131 42	331 42	200 00	100 69	300 69
Solano.....	32 00	284 47	316 47	32 00	216 87	248 87
Sonoma.....	112 80	254 09	366 89	112 80	252 90	365 70
Stanislaus.....	61 60	136 82	198 42	61 60	104 34	165 94
Sutter.....	40 00	53 43	93 43	40 00	52 98	92 98
Tehama.....	108 00	117 00	225 00	108 00	128 79	236 79
Trinity.....	172 80	10 82	183 62	172 80	15 93	188 73
Tulare.....	168 80	149 58	318 38	168 80	170 26	339 06
Tuolumne.....	80 00	163 94	243 94	80 00	164 35	244 35
Ventura.....	200 00	80 21	280 21	200 00	87 28	287 28
Yolo.....	16 00	130 32	146 32	16 00	118 44	134 44
Yuba.....	41 60	74 28	115 88	41 60	89 86	131 46
Totals.....	\$6,934 40	\$19,302 13	\$26,236 53	\$6,934 40	\$20,466 24	\$27,400 64

STATEMENT No. 16.

The Valuation of Real and Personal Property, and the Rate of Taxation on each One Hundred Dollars, from the Organization of the State Government to the year 1902, inclusive.

Year.	Total Assessed Value of Property in California.	Value of Personal Property.	Percentage of Personal Property.	State Rate of Taxation.
1850	\$57,670,689	\$13,968,797	24.22	.50
1851	49,231,052	20,935,116	42.52	.65
1852	64,579,375	24,213,395	37.49	.65
1853	95,335,646	33,674,000	35.32	.60
1854	111,191,630	39,040,428	35.11	.60
1855	103,887,193	34,858,319	33.56	.60
1856	115,007,440	40,942,699	35.60	.70
1857	126,059,461	59,149,630	46.92	.70
1858	125,955,877	54,185,728	43.01	.60
1859	131,060,279	56,580,344	43.17	.60
1860	148,193,540	68,369,383	46.06	.60
1861	147,811,617	73,350,591	49.62	.60
1862	160,369,071	74,014,666	46.15	.77
1863	174,104,955	80,496,645	46.23	.92
1864	179,164,730	78,117,375	43.60	1.25
1865	183,534,312	79,782,436	43.47	1.15
1866	200,368,826	92,490,635	46.15	1.13
1867	212,205,339	100,105,600	47.17	1.13
1868	237,483,175	105,112,083	44.26	1.00
1869	260,563,879	104,723,592	40.19	.97
1870	277,538,134	108,001,588	38.90	.865
1871	267,868,126	86,174,230	32.17	.865
1872	637,232,823	219,942,323	34.51	.50
1873	528,747,043	118,425,520	22.20	.50
1874	611,495,197	210,779,127	34.46	.649
1875	618,083,315	199,243,292	32.07	.605
1876	595,073,177	140,431,866	23.60	.735
1877	586,953,022	128,780,824	21.77	.63
1878	584,578,036	118,304,451	20.23	.55
1879	549,220,968	112,325,850	20.45	.625
1880	666,399,985	174,514,906	26.18	.64
1881	659,835,762	160,058,309	24.24	.655
1882	608,642,036	134,048,419	22.02	.596
1883	765,729,430	167,338,644	21.85	.497
1884	821,078,767	166,394,997	20.26	.452
1885	859,512,384	172,760,681	20.09	.544
1886	816,446,700	151,937,132	18.60	.56
1887	956,740,805	165,663,387	17.31	.608
1888	1,107,952,700	173,273,458	15.63	.504
1889	1,111,550,979	170,661,836	15.35	.722
1890	1,101,137,290	169,489,475	15.39	.58
1891	1,239,647,063	189,599,783	15.29	.446
1892	1,275,816,228	187,008,874	14.66	.434
1893	1,216,700,283	173,853,273	14.59	.576
1894	1,205,918,403	163,581,104	13.56	.493
1895	1,133,282,013	157,726,988	13.92	.685
1896	1,266,593,065	187,976,540	14.84	.429
1897	1,089,373,316	152,449,506	13.99	.51
1898	1,132,230,221	158,694,274	14.01	.488
1899	1,193,764,673	164,070,620	13.75	.601
1900	1,218,292,457	184,380,015	15.13	.498
1901	1,241,705,803	189,506,344	15.26	.48
1902	1,290,750,465	200,164,271	15.50	.382

STATEMENT

Values of Property in, and Indebtedness of, each County for

Counties.	Classification	Value of Real Estate	Value of Improvements on Real Estate	Value of Personal Property	Money and Solvent Credits	Total Value of Property as Returned by Auditors
Alameda	3d	\$48,312,625	\$28,302,075	\$10,728,513	\$199,196	\$87,842,409
Alpine	57th	143,960	113,058	40,835	2,975	300,828
Amador	35th	2,541,105	1,408,862	580,714	24,663	4,555,344
Butte	23d	8,643,484	2,242,770	1,908,677	145,278	12,940,209
Calaveras	33d	2,955,205	1,500,955	828,840	36,745	5,321,745
Colusa	42d	9,012,147	1,054,093	1,261,425	115,380	11,443,045
Contra Costa	19th	8,928,290	2,994,800	3,423,233	419,520	15,765,843
Del Norte	55th	1,509,485	307,000	216,623	15,336	2,048,444
El Dorado	40th	1,984,320	1,084,485	607,130	34,665	3,710,600
Fresno	7th	19,145,610	5,077,454	3,797,852	159,904	28,180,820
Glenn	47th	7,702,983	736,430	957,363	114,629	9,511,405
Humboldt	11th	12,430,028	2,654,165	2,488,725	527,031	18,099,949
Inyo	53d	873,609	467,429	456,107	5,400	1,802,545
Kern	26th	13,352,562	2,433,697	3,256,716	125,115	19,168,090
Kings	37th	5,050,855	1,045,963	930,426	84,541	7,111,785
Lake	45th	1,997,135	705,250	432,675	43,400	3,178,460
Lassen	51st	1,610,540	523,238	1,043,709	121,293	3,298,780
Los Angeles	2d	58,317,915	27,350,190	*13,948,007	904,544	100,520,956
Madera	44th	3,751,325	199,710	971,150	18,100	5,360,285
Mariu	29th	7,439,870	2,772,360	1,095,745	28,660	11,336,635
Mariposa	49th	1,421,687	392,800	279,700	2,400	2,096,687
Mendocino	14th	6,882,306	1,699,980	1,649,751	99,428	10,331,465
Merced	39th	9,447,007	1,134,269	1,528,572	37,714	12,147,562
Modoc	48th	1,253,685	521,742	1,180,861	47,517	3,003,805
Mono	56th	487,817	344,990	259,774	7,486	1,100,067
Monterey	16th	12,013,470	2,709,070	1,566,687	117,735	16,406,962
Napa	27th	3,577,405	3,578,535	1,741,905	176,725	11,254,570
Nevada	21st	2,743,560	2,600,560	1,056,515	47,595	6,448,230
Orange	15th	6,806,895	2,359,155	1,271,505	80,705	10,518,260
Placer	28th	4,162,405	1,946,745	843,170	103,165	7,055,485
Plumas	50th	1,235,685	449,215	358,179	3,600	2,046,679
Riverside	20th	6,145,633	3,276,495	1,027,710	62,565	10,512,403
Sacramento	5th	19,186,880	8,957,580	4,425,010	576,560	33,096,030
San Benito	43d	4,095,760	955,085	739,985	37,335	5,828,165
San Bernardino	10th	8,630,575	3,654,750	1,162,465	75,320	13,523,110
San Diego	9th	11,576,509	4,142,928	2,370,922	151,261	18,241,620
San Francisco	1st	192,447,170	97,234,922	35,638,501	37,779,400	413,099,993
San Joaquin	8th	19,381,381	6,400,391	3,542,528	525,610	29,849,910
San Luis Obispo	25th	8,098,064	1,589,731	1,527,446	178,100	11,393,341
San Mateo	32d	8,553,555	3,444,480	1,996,400	157,355	14,151,790
Santa Barbara	17th	8,907,497	2,601,810	1,625,290	89,050	13,223,647
Santa Clara	4th	32,042,965	13,688,205	4,544,520	378,945	50,654,635
Santa Cruz	13th	6,483,880	2,836,155	1,236,050	78,875	10,634,960
Shasta	22d	4,257,684	1,786,207	1,779,393	99,581	7,922,865
Sierra	54th	985,370	335,390	158,788	5,883	1,485,371
Siskiyou	24th	4,497,258	1,572,526	1,263,284	200,036	7,533,104
Solano	12th	10,934,513	3,691,076	1,982,964	119,060	16,727,613
Sonoma	6th	14,924,995	5,960,280	2,896,014	354,205	24,135,594
Stanislaus	38th	7,658,665	1,410,585	1,603,805	110,270	10,783,325
Sutter	46th	4,279,917	841,156	744,854	36,429	5,902,336
Tehama	36th	6,352,405	1,685,760	1,841,100	132,065	10,011,330
Trinity	52d	784,495	461,995	283,719	37,789	1,567,998
Tulare	18th	9,768,265	2,126,474	1,904,965	129,657	13,929,361
Tuolumne	34th	3,542,590	1,910,890	779,490	28,290	6,261,260
Ventura	30th	5,276,014	1,449,979	1,210,404	134,984	8,071,381
Yolo	31st	10,940,581	2,362,151	1,570,218	210,532	15,083,482
Yuba	41st	2,653,155	1,340,940	939,455	118,295	5,051,845
Totals		\$680,270,651	\$276,849,326	\$189,506,344	\$45,957,997	\$1,192,584,318

NOTE.—Where two rates of taxation are given, the lesser rate is that levied upon property situate

* Includes "solvent credits."

† Includes special school tax of 35 cents.

No. 17.

the Year 1901, and Rate of Taxation (State Rate, 48 Cents).

Value of Railroads as Assessed by State Board of Equalization	Grand Total Value of All Property	Original Value of Mort- gages	Assessed Value of University and Other State Mort- gages	Funded Debt	Floating Debt, with Estimated Interest	Total County In- debtedness	Total State and County Rate of Taxation, Each \$100	
\$1,928,596	\$89,771,005	\$17,006,400	\$425,275		\$30,922	\$30,922	1.25	-1.65
	300,828	17,087			15,882	15,882		2.65
86,145	4,641,489	441,561					1.45	-1.85
938,837	13,879,046	2,127,503	357,855	\$38,000	4,770	42,770	1.10	-1.40
112,634	5,434,379	373,715			2,500	2,500	1.50	-1.80
369,501	11,812,546	1,722,979					1.60	-2.00
1,314,088	17,079,931	3,166,725					2.07	-2.40
	2,048,444	145,650		2,900		2,900	1.45	-1.75
328,966	4,039,566	345,990		65,000		65,000	1.33	-1.60
2,589,909	30,770,729	4,565,740		80,000		80,000	1.25	-1.65
495,813	10,007,218	1,726,644		48,000		48,000	1.20	-1.50
	18,099,949	2,159,537		18,000		18,000	1.24	-1.52
82,791	1,885,336	181,267		60,000		60,000	1.67	-2.17
1,961,800	21,129,890	1,142,776		235,000		235,000		1.85
454,118	7,565,903	1,175,260		32,000		32,000	1.40	-2.00
	3,178,460	418,806		47,800		47,800	1.25	-1.62
200,870	3,499,650	252,510					3.00	
2,807,948	103,828,904	5,386,305	273,000	419,500		419,500	1.60	-2.00
929,657	6,289,942	529,010					1.25	-1.62
772,269	12,108,904	2,285,060	45,000	135,500		135,500	1.40	-1.80
	2,096,587	97,963		10,000		10,000	1.60	-2.00
328,789	10,660,254	1,479,663	16,000	95,000		95,000	1.40	-1.75
1,510,215	13,657,777	1,882,383		128,900		128,900		2.00
	3,003,805	181,637					3.25	
37,209	1,137,276	54,800		5,000		5,000	1.31	-1.64
1,609,494	18,016,456	2,138,110		128,000	5,120	133,120	2.25	-2.65
510,731	11,765,301	1,408,705					1.40	-1.80
628,110	7,076,340	420,320					1.60	-1.95
727,284	11,245,544	287,605		95,000		95,000		2.00
2,042,172	9,097,657	1,002,420		56,000		56,000	1.85	-2.25
46,325	2,093,004	168,384		35,100		35,100	1.95	-1.90
1,736,306	12,248,709	700,083					1.55	-1.90
1,249,987	34,346,017	1,947,710	30,000	404,500	18,395	422,895	1.60	-2.00
190,575	6,018,740	1,810,110		18,000		18,000	1.65	-2.25
2,893,039	16,416,149	1,001,485					1.5562	
1,720,339	19,961,959	1,858,762		151,000	5,000	156,000	1.35	-1.75
288,427	413,888,420	48,077,827	443,850	250,000		250,000	1.50	-1.85
2,173,462	32,023,372	4,760,348		126,000		126,000	1.275	-1.84
920,643	12,313,984	1,958,298		76,000		76,000	1.60	-2.00
333,167	14,484,957	1,373,050		48,000		48,000	1.10	-1.50
746,221	13,969,868	2,245,257					1.55	-2.00
1,266,328	51,920,963	8,672,980		70,000		70,000	1.65	-2.00
588,007	11,222,967	1,587,110		63,000		63,000	3.00	
1,439,439	9,362,304	522,184		47,000		47,000	1.50	-1.75
44,233	1,529,604	74,865		5,500		5,500	1.25	-1.65
1,458,724	8,991,828	787,517		46,200		46,200	1.28	-1.63
796,504	17,524,117	2,832,549					1.59	-1.85
1,867,585	26,003,179	3,538,630		113,000		113,000	1.70	
1,254,085	12,037,410	2,368,230			26,244	26,244	1.19	-1.50
462,123	6,364,459	1,078,848		11,000		11,000	2.90	
899,349	10,910,679	1,352,760	15,000	37,500		37,500	1.20	-1.50
	1,567,998	104,032		21,000		21,000	1.50	-2.00
1,864,946	15,794,307	1,931,166					1.60	-2.00
163,410	6,424,670	406,095					1.03	-1.35
586,862	8,658,243	1,182,212		2,000		2,000	2.00	-2.20
950,864	16,034,346	2,128,480						
412,589	5,464,434	747,960						
\$49,121,485	\$1,241,705,803	\$149,341,064	\$1,605,980	\$3,224,400	\$108,833	\$3,333,233		

within the limits of incorporated cities or towns, such property being exempt from road tax.

STATEMENT

Values of Property in, and Indebtedness of, each County for

Counties.	Classification	Value of Real Estate	Value of Improvements on Real Estate	Value of Personal Property	Money and Solvent Credits	Total Value of Property as Returned by Auditor
Alameda	3d	\$49,586,250	\$28,629,400	\$10,493,569	\$790,321	\$89,499,540
Alpine	57th	149,021	122,533	43,619	2,355	317,508
Amador	35th	2,519,952	1,368,570	597,578	19,300	4,505,400
Butte	23d	8,632,520	2,284,115	1,991,588	145,644	13,033,867
Calaveras	33d	3,079,235	1,634,545	816,575	27,545	5,557,900
Colusa	42d	8,873,688	1,060,705	1,258,621	148,017	11,336,031
Contra Costa	19th	8,946,960	2,947,135	3,541,264	369,335	15,804,694
Del Norte	55th	2,164,810	284,530	264,758	32,469	2,746,567
El Dorado	40th	2,050,990	1,111,185	605,740	17,420	3,755,335
Fresno	7th	19,062,599	5,708,876	3,741,631	179,530	28,692,636
Glenn	47th	7,755,707	756,704	1,029,656	97,770	9,639,837
Humboldt	11th	13,105,197	2,781,385	2,648,942	504,027	19,039,551
Inyo	53d	888,734	510,823	511,579	6,302	1,917,438
Kern	26th	13,103,218	2,793,583	3,904,011	78,092	19,878,904
Kings	37th	4,889,929	1,134,179	1,175,218	83,017	7,282,343
Lake	45th	1,973,774	707,577	438,239	33,844	3,153,434
Lassen	51st	1,707,270	542,618	1,155,238	137,524	3,542,650
Los Angeles	2d	65,849,635	29,932,295	*16,979,898	947,591	113,709,419
Madera	44th	3,710,760	653,880	957,455	14,550	5,336,645
Marin	29th	7,487,160	2,847,090	1,156,220	30,640	11,521,110
Mariposa	49th	1,425,603	423,303	343,456	50	2,192,412
Mendocino	14th	6,893,935	1,862,826	1,744,119	109,976	10,610,856
Merced	39th	9,619,004	1,200,134	1,687,342	32,453	12,538,933
Modoc	48th	1,380,315	562,140	1,217,978	55,990	3,216,423
Mono	56th	479,024	333,351	212,016	10,041	1,034,432
Monterey	16th	11,983,465	2,698,340	1,864,065	78,810	16,624,680
Napa	27th	5,758,530	3,603,680	1,763,905	261,370	11,387,485
Nevada	21st	2,713,900	2,636,965	1,046,800	55,350	6,453,015
Orange	15th	6,794,560	2,427,440	1,401,740	107,625	10,731,365
Placer	28th	4,152,370	2,016,405	853,135	97,165	7,119,075
Plumas	50th	1,403,979	454,166	311,990	3,550	2,173,685
Riverside	20th	6,213,261	3,435,125	1,133,760	87,575	10,869,721
Sacramento	5th	19,024,760	9,261,370	4,642,140	524,740	33,453,210
San Benito	43d	4,124,150	947,065	914,500	21,860	6,010,575
San Bernardino	10th	8,694,265	4,181,550	1,326,685	139,925	14,342,425
San Diego	9th	11,118,441	4,083,623	2,391,823	112,211	17,706,098
San Francisco	1st	191,804,510	96,631,790	89,854,306	41,678,038	419,968,644
San Joaquin	8th	19,593,450	6,542,634	3,775,726	688,490	30,600,300
San Luis Obispo	25th	8,119,553	1,635,801	1,918,251	167,559	11,841,164
San Mateo	32d	8,540,345	3,584,225	2,043,095	309,300	14,476,965
Santa Barbara	17th	9,093,647	2,715,033	1,591,720	97,730	13,498,130
Santa Clara	4th	31,991,200	13,879,835	4,315,865	408,190	50,595,090
Santa Cruz	13th	6,515,450	2,931,195	1,308,775	84,030	10,839,450
Shasta	22d	4,742,351	1,984,974	1,988,256	101,317	8,816,898
Sierra	54th	1,070,220	344,650	188,080	3,670	1,606,620
Siskiyou	24th	4,795,303	1,561,765	1,291,345	217,440	7,865,853
Solano	12th	10,919,982	3,915,096	1,923,852	110,841	16,869,771
Sonoma	6th	15,238,458	5,884,305	2,845,535	299,490	24,267,788
Stanislaus	38th	7,592,585	1,428,255	1,669,130	117,595	10,807,565
Sutter	46th	4,271,815	835,420	722,015	36,880	5,866,160
Tehama	36th	6,389,255	1,715,550	1,932,990	121,440	10,161,215
Trinity	52d	747,871	438,564	290,764	21,921	1,502,120
Tulare	18th	9,493,443	2,441,334	1,999,730	127,486	14,061,993
Tuolumne	34th	3,586,930	2,097,115	799,410	21,200	6,504,655
Ventura	30th	5,451,481	1,538,445	1,492,140	90,369	8,572,435
Yolo	31st	10,859,671	2,312,360	1,416,970	215,240	14,804,241
Yuba	41st	1,301,395	1,301,395	995,705	118,095	5,114,105
Totals		\$600,833,411	\$283,659,152	\$200,525,513	\$50,408,285	\$1,225,426,361

NOTE.—Where two rates of taxation are given, the lesser rate is that levied upon property situate
 * Includes "solvent credits."
 † Includes special school tax of 36.3 cents.

No. 18.

the Year 1902, and Rate of Taxation (State Rate, 38.2 Cents).

Value of Railroads as Assessed by State Board of Equaliza- tion	Grand Total Value of All Property	Original Assessed Value of Mortgages	Assessed Value of University and other State Mor- tgages	Funded Debt	Floating Debt, with Estimated Interest.	Total County In- debtedness	Total State and County Rate of Taxation, Each \$100
\$2,203,785	\$91,703,325	\$16,802,675	\$422,725		\$29,099 60	\$29,099 60	1.25 -1.65
	317,580	15,850			16,322 15	16,322 15	2.40
120,000	4,625,400	403,463					1.95
1,119,474	14,173,341	2,135,503	284,108	\$38,000	3,560 00	41,560 00	1.45 -1.85
156,900	5,714,800	408,235					1.75
513,977	11,850,008	1,663,796					1.03 -1.35
1,730,096	17,534,790	2,693,590					1.60 -1.90
	2,746,567	399,113		2,000		2,000 00	1.22 -1.50
458,250	4,243,585	325,985		49,000		49,000 00	1.89 -2.20
3,386,053	32,078,689	4,123,635		80,000		80,000 00	1.35 -1.65
690,040	10,329,877	1,740,040		44,000		44,000 00	1.13 -1.40
	19,039,551	2,242,990		17,000		17,000 00	1.20 -1.60
82,791	2,000,229	151,409		60,000		60,000 00	2.00
2,679,188	22,558,092	1,460,212		235,000		235,000 00	1.11 -1.40
590,551	7,872,894	1,097,677		32,000		32,000 00	1.09 -1.40
	3,153,434	420,095		47,800	6,253 00	54,053 00	1.75 -2.25
200,870	3,743,520	287,601					1.85
14,106,792	117,816,211	4,060,185	297,450	333,500		333,500 00	1.20 -1.80
1,133,240	6,469,885	502,085					2.25
771,837	12,292,947	2,127,195		127,000		127,000 00	1.19 -1.55
	2,192,412	90,283		9,000		9,000 00	2.90
329,547	10,940,403	1,476,088		92,500		92,500 00	1.50 -2.00
1,887,837	14,426,770	1,968,965	37,890	128,900		128,900 00	1.25 -1.60
	3,216,423	216,708					1.50 -1.85
37,209	1,071,641	48,930		5,000		5,000 00	2.50
2,162,974	18,787,654	1,964,320		122,000	4,880 00	126,880 00	1.40
711,450	12,098,935	1,445,090					1.34 -1.64
718,616	7,171,631	442,305					2.05 -2.45
1,156,596	11,887,961	230,515		90,000		90,000 00	1.20 -1.55
2,347,500	9,466,575	1,012,870		52,000		52,000 00	1.60 -1.95
82,594	2,256,279	191,148		35,100		35,100 00	2.00
2,628,664	13,498,385	670,789		150,000		150,000 00	1.50 -2.00
1,569,534	35,022,744	1,569,410	30,000	392,500	17,855 00	410,355 00	1.90 -1.85
265,103	6,275,678	1,351,345		10,000		10,000 00	1.37 -1.70
4,358,173	18,700,598	798,575					1.60 -2.00
2,635,516	20,341,614	1,897,975		130,000	4,000 00	134,000 00	1.75 -2.25
376,710	420,345,354	48,690,939	337,340	250,000		250,000 00	1.6082
2,706,817	33,307,117	4,401,256		108,000		108,000 00	1.20 -1.60
1,230,168	13,071,332	1,713,352		57,000		57,000 00	1.35 -1.73
458,307	14,935,272	1,316,760		48,000		48,000 00	1.205 -1.77
1,779,484	15,277,614	2,156,529					1.45 -1.85
1,574,692	52,169,782	8,150,645		42,000		42,000 00	1.04 -1.44
703,241	11,542,691	1,377,585		50,000		50,000 00	1.50 -1.95
1,661,616	10,478,514	533,549		43,000		43,000 00	1.40 -1.75
130,042	1,736,662	85,445		2,900		2,900 00	2.31 -2.75
1,683,885	9,549,738	849,886		35,200		35,200 00	1.35 -1.60
1,108,583	17,978,354	2,817,906					1.00 -1.40
1,996,416	26,264,204	3,561,345		107,000		107,000 00	1.24 -1.60
1,596,273	12,403,838	2,321,870			5,000 00	5,000 00	1.28 -1.60
601,889	6,468,049	1,065,548		11,000		11,000 00	1.80
1,082,732	11,243,967	1,361,270	15,000	33,000		33,000 00	1.20 -1.50
	1,502,120	81,168		17,500	73 00	17,573 00	2.90
2,444,553	16,506,546	2,003,621					1.15 -1.50
184,000	6,688,655	861,325					1.10 -1.60
826,061	9,398,496	1,135,326		2,000		2,000 00	1.50 -1.90
1,323,637	16,127,878	1,983,546					.95 -1.30
508,320	5,622,425	615,220					1.65 -2.00
\$64,812,603	\$1,290,238,964	\$145,521,044	\$1,424,513	\$3,088,900	\$87,042 75	\$3,175,942 75	

within the limits of incorporated cities or towns, such property being exempt from road tax.

† University mortgages deducted.

STATEMENT No. 19.

Statement Showing the Population, Assessed Valuation, Rate of Taxation, and Bonded Indebtedness of the several Incorporated Cities and Towns of this State.

City or Town.	County.	Population— Census of 1900.	Value of Land.	Value of Improvements.	Value of Personal Property.	Amount of Money and Solvent Credits.	Total Value of all Property.	Rate of Tax on Each \$100.	Total Taxes.	Bonded Indebted- ness.	Rate of In- terest.
Anaheim	Orange	1,456	\$267,211	\$268,759	\$77,731	\$2,500	\$616,201	\$1.25	\$7,702 51	\$28,275	6
Alameda	Alameda	17,359	6,324,207	4,498,225	995,050	6,400	11,823,882	1.25	147,798 82	253,075	4-5
Antioch	Contra Costa	674					275,698		137,898 00		5
Bakersfield	Kern	4,836	1,073,625	1,132,940	514,797	50,275	2,771,637	*		40,000	4½-5
Berkeley	Alameda	16,801	6,666,028	3,620,025	309,975		10,596,028		105,880 28	138,300	
Chico	Butte	2,649	393,250	596,735	319,905	30,200	1,340,090	1.63	21,256 49	45,000	5
Corona	Riverside	1,434	330,766	135,580	61,910	4,600	592,856	.85			
Colusa	Colusa	1,443	193,144	408,930	184,707	23,480	810,261	1.10	8,912 14		
Crescent City	Del Norte	699	61,110	133,005	111,786	6,819	312,720	.30	938 16		
Eureka	Humboldt	7,327	2,117,342	1,230,560	640,951	306,813	4,355,666	1.00	39,143 23	115,000	4½
Ferndale	Humboldt	846	198,615	145,835	116,375	18,505	479,330	.93	4,532 77	11,400	5
Fresno	Fresno	12,470	3,207,954	2,637,524	539,196	31,610	6,416,284	1.255	79,482 11	80,500	5
Fort Bragg	Mendocino	1,590			18,281		383,621	.75	2,720 59		
Fort Valley	Nevada	4,789	246,905	805,511	297,676	18,757	1,388,849	.75	10,416 37	37,000	7
Hollister	San Benito	1,315	302,595	338,630	207,160	47,755	886,140	1.00		30,625	6
Kern	Kern	3,000	212,627	335,399	147,222	3,129	698,377				13-4
Los Angeles	Los Angeles	102,479	49,787,895	22,768,215	15,442,232	1,262,525	86,716,497	+	951,867 11	3,241,275	14-5
Martinez	Contra Costa	1,500	229,159	205,095	95,560	54,925	584,739	.75	4,385 54		
Marysville	Yuba	3,497	432,235	913,583	481,777	117,491	1,945,086			19,500	5-8
Merced	Merced	1,950	432,933	442,410	203,262	17,272	1,095,877	1.00	10,958 77	37,000	5
Modesto	Stanislaus	2,024	293,740	444,965	218,205	43,315	1,000,225	1.40	14,003 15	46,750	6
Napa	Napa	4,036	713,530	1,143,010	508,200	177,805	2,542,545	.85	21,611 63	13,500	5
National City	San Diego	1,200	336,781	153,656	64,680	18,649	593,766	.55	3,263 71		
Nevada City	Nevada	3,250	315,241	536,358	87,950		939,549	1.00		73,000	6
Oakland	Alameda	66,960	25,224,302	14,691,851	5,129,090	540,500	46,585,743	1.26	562,841 51	373,500	4-5-8
Oceanside	San Diego	330					218,754	1.30		5,250	7
Orange	Orange	1,216	219,163	173,710	68,891	3,740	407,504	.75	3,498 40		
Pacific Grove	Monterey	1,411					999,497	.75	7,496 23		
Palo Alto	Santa Clara	1,658					1,112,500	1.26		110,000	5

Pasadena	Los Angeles	9,117	5,574,315	3,653,930	1,038,086	174,177	10,440,508	1.55	161,827 87	351,000	4-5-7
Petaluma	Sonoma	3,871	1,058,573	826,585	376,490	32,901	2,351,522	1.20	28,218 12	11,000	5
Pomona	Los Angeles	5,526					2,215,721	1.75	40,518 82		
Red Bluff	Tehama	2,790	417,615	615,420	286,975	87,300	2,407,310	.85	11,962 13	32,375	4
Redding	Shasta	2,940	472,015	569,985	254,421	44,410	1,340,831	.85	12,325 00	10,500	5
Redlands	San Bernardino	4,797	2,691,126	1,970,145	434,844		5,096,115	1.03	52,489 93	55,000	4½-6
Redwood City	San Mateo	2,250	260,530	275,735	110,325	4,970	5,651,560	1.34	8,740 01	32,000	
Riverside	Riverside	7,983	2,919,555	2,438,335	529,735	27,565	5,915,190	1.00	59,151 90	145,250	4-5
Sacramento	Sacramento	29,282	7,481,125	6,634,175	3,570,210		17,085,510	1.23	217,531 12	30,000	5
St. Helena	Napa	1,582	309,855	471,405	222,295	33,450	1,037,005	.55	5,703 08		
Salinas City	Monterey	3,304	739,945	611,595	213,040	41,390	1,605,970	1.25	20,074 62	70,250	5
San Bernardino	San Bernardino	8,000	1,485,035	1,080,600	333,205	36,725	2,935,565	1.20	35,226 18	56,000	6
San Buenaventura	Ventura	2,470	464,670	405,505	340,970	22,890	1,234,015	.80	9,872 28	11,250	5
San Diego	San Diego	17,700	8,847,920	1,965,735	1,314,944	26,229	12,154,828	1.45	176,245 00	839,000	4½-5
San Francisco	San Francisco	342,782	191,804,510	96,631,790	89,854,306	41,678,038	419,908,644	1.6082	5,149,552 15	250,000	6
San Jacinto	Riverside	583	73,066	73,230	35,560	1,695	183,551	1.90		35,000	
San José	Santa Clara	21,500	9,233,388	4,936,340	1,993,180	204,205	15,767,113	1.245	225,625	225,625	4½-5
Santa Ana	Orange	5,934	925,720	802,840	406,705	33,115	2,168,380	1.96	42,600 24	85,000	4½-6
Santa Barbara	Santa Barbara	6,864	2,536,082	1,507,815	606,764	56,000	4,706,661	1.35		160,000	4½-5
Santa Clara	Santa Clara	3,650	678,200	485,435	231,360	39,210	1,434,205	1.00	14,342 05	78,000	5
Santa Cruz	Santa Cruz	5,659	1,799,990	985,330	355,830	38,555	3,179,705	2.15	68,353 98	120,000	5
Santa Rosa	Sonoma	6,673	2,107,121	1,536,785	537,220	83,640	4,264,866	1.25	53,308 35	157,575	4
Sausalito	Marin	1,628	466,620	309,370	112,815	1,355	890,160	.65	5,796 04		
South Pasadena	Los Angeles	1,001	723,014	407,475	95,788	1,390	1,227,867	.75			
Stockton	San Joaquin	17,506	6,675,824	4,396,206	2,052,730	213,887	13,338,647	1.66	215,408 50	156,400	4-5-6
Suisun	Solano	624	89,745	170,325	142,777	6,000	408,847	1.00	4,080 00	35,700	6
Ukiah	Mendocino	2,500	310,194	343,540	108,927	69,413	832,074		8,320 74	37,900	
Vallejo	Solano	7,965	1,086,232	1,353,563	438,089	22,747	2,900,631	1.35	39,158 52	253,900	5-6
Watsonville	Santa Cruz	3,650	493,715	529,080	238,375	27,455	1,288,625	.97		56,000	5
Willows	Glenn	900	158,487	208,694	131,051		498,232	.70	3,487 62		
Woodland	Yolo	2,886					1,949,350	1.38	26,901 03	72,150	5
Yreka	Siskiyou	1,250	101,992	267,885	151,955	28,350	550,182	.80	4,401 46	2,000	7

+ Old City, \$1.20; annex of 1896, \$1.03; annex of 1899, \$1.00.

* Old Berkeley, \$1.02; first annex, \$0.945; second annex, \$0.895.

The following incorporated cities and towns are missing from this statement: Auburn, Benicia, Cloverdale, Hanford, Healdsburg, Hollister, Lakeport, Paso Robles, San Leandro, San Luis Obispo, Santa Monica, San Rafael, Sonoma, Tulare City, Vacaville, Visalia, Yuba City.

STATEMENT No. 20.

Showing the Number and Kind of Pure California Wine Labels Purchased, and by whom, during the Fifty-second Fiscal Year, ending June 30, 1901.

Date.	Purchaser.	Number and Kind.	Amount.
July 17, 1900	Crown Distilleries Co., San Francisco	10,000 bottles.	\$15 00
Aug. 31, 1900	Goldberg, Bowen & Co., San Francisco.....	10,000 bottles.	15 00
Oct. 8, 1900	Richard Heney Jr., Mountain View	1,000 packages.	2 00
Feb. 11, 1901	Goldberg, Bowen & Co., San Francisco	10,000 bottles.	15 00
	Total sales .....	.....	\$47 00

For the Fifty-third Fiscal Year, ending June 30, 1902.

Aug. 12, 1901	Goldberg, Bowen & Co., San Francisco.....	10,000 bottles.	\$15 00
Apr. 29, 1902	Goldberg, Bowen & Co., San Francisco.....	10,000 bottles.	15 00
	Total sales .....	.....	\$30 00

EXHIBITS

SHOWING THE

ASSESSED VALUE OF PROPERTY

AS RETURNED BY COUNTY AUDITORS FOR THE YEAR 1902,

AND THE

INDEBTEDNESS OF THE COUNTIES OF THE STATE.

1902.

ALAMEDA COUNTY.

*Number of Acres of Land, Values of the Several Classes of Property, and Rate of Taxation,
for the year 1902.*

Number of acres of land	451,418.22
Value of real estate other than city and town lots	\$15,145,850 00
Value of improvements thereon	4,189,900 00
Value of city and town lots	34,863,125 00
Value of improvements thereon	24,439,500 00
Value of improvements on real estate assessed to others than the owners of such real estate	56,125 00
Total value of real estate	50,008,975 00
Total value of improvements on real estate	28,685,525 00
Value of personal property	10,437,444 00
Amount of money and solvent credits	790,321 00
Total amount of preceding items	89,922,265 00
Value of railroads assessed by State Board of Equalization	2,203,785 00
Grand total value of all property	92,126,050 00
Total value of mortgages, trust deeds, and other debt obligations assessed, including University mortgages, etc.	16,802,675 00
Assessed value of mortgages held by University of California, Deaf, Dumb, and Blind Asylum, and other State institutions	422,725 00
Rate of taxation on each \$100:	
State	Inside, .382; outside, .382
County	Inside, .868; outside, 1.268
Total	Inside, 1.25; outside, 1.65

Indebtedness.

Floating debt, principal	\$29,099 60
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Description and Value of Public Buildings.

Blocks 42 and 43 in City of Oakland	\$400,000 00
Court House, Jail, Receiving Hospital, Hall of Records, and fixtures	350,000 00
County Hospital and grounds.	75,000 00
Total	\$825,000 00

ALPINE COUNTY.

*Number of Acres of Land, Values of the Several Classes of Property, and Rate of Taxation,
for the year 1902.*

Number of acres of land	53.174
Value of real estate other than city and town lots	\$148,331 00
Value of improvements thereon	120,133 00
Value of city and town lots	690 00
Value of improvements thereon	2,400 00
Total value of real estate	149,021 00
Total value of improvements on real estate	122,533 00
Value of personal property	43,619 00
Amount of money and solvent credits	2,335 00
Total amount of preceding items	317,508 00
Grand total value of all property	317,508 00
Total value of mortgages, trust deeds, and other debt obligations assessed	15,850 00
Rate of taxation on each \$100:	
State382
County	2.018
Total	2.40

Indebtedness.

Floating debt, principal	\$16,322 15
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Description and Value of Public Buildings.

Court House	\$2,000 00
Jail	400 00
Safe	400 00
Vault	500 00
Poor-house	300 00
Total	\$3,600 00

*Number of Acres of Land, Values of the Several Classes of Property, and Rate of Taxation,
for the year 1902.*

Description and Value of Public Buildings.

BUTTE COUNTY.

for the year 1902.		875,559
Number of acres of land		
Value of real estate other than city and town lots		\$7,849,920 00
Value of improvements thereon		1,038,155 00
Value of city and town lots		782,600 00
Value of improvements thereon		1,245,960 00
Total value of real estate		8,632,520 00
Total value of improvements on real estate		2,284,115 00
Value of personal property		1,991,588 00
Amount of money and solvent credits		145,644 00
Total amount of preceding items		13,053,867 00
Value of railroads assessed by State Board of Equalization		1,119,474 00
Grand total value of all property		14,173,341 00
Total value of mortgages, trust deeds, and other debt obligations assessed, including University mortgages, etc.		2,135,503 00
Assessed value of mortgages held by University of California, Deaf, Dumb, and Blind Asylum, and other State institutions		284,108 00
Rate of taxation on each \$100:		
State	Inside, .382; outside, .382	
County	Inside, 1.061; outside, 1.468	
Total	Inside, 1.45; outside, 1.85	

Funded Debt. Name by which Bonds are Known.	Date of Act under which Bonds were Issued.	Amount of Bonds Issued.	Year of Issue.	Amount of Bonds Outstanding.	Year of Maturity.	Rate of Interest.	Interest—When Payable.
38 Butte Co. bonds.	County Gov. Act of 1895	\$38,000 00	1897	\$38,000 00	1911	5%	Jan. 1, July 1

Total amount of bonds outstanding	\$38,000 00
Floating debt, principal	3,560 00
Total debt	<u>\$41,560 00</u>

Description and Value of Public Buildings.

Block 20, town of Oroville, and brick Court House.....	\$20,000 00
County Infirmary and 60 acres of land.....	30,000 00
Total.....	\$50,000 00

CALAVERAS COUNTY.*Number of Acres of Land, Values of the Several Classes of Property, and Rate of Taxation
for the year 1902.*

Number of acres of land.....	450,929.52
Value of real estate other than city and town lots.....	\$2,904,870 00
Value of improvements thereon.....	1,030,260 00
Value of city and town lots.....	174,365 00
Value of improvements thereon.....	604,285 00
Total value of real estate.....	3,079,235 00
Total value of improvements on real estate.....	1,634,545 00
Value of personal property.....	816,575 00
Amount of money and solvent credits.....	27,545 00
Total amount of preceding items.....	5,557,900 00
Value of railroads assessed by State Board of Equalization.....	156,900 00
Grand total value of all property.....	5,714,800 00
Total value of mortgages, trust deeds, and other debt obligations assessed.	408,235 00
Rate of taxation on each \$100:	
State.....	.382
County.....	1.368
Total.....	1.75

Description and Value of Public Buildings.

Court House and County Buildings.....	\$25,000 00
County Almshouse.....	15,000 00
Total.....	\$40,000 00

COLUSA COUNTY.*Number of Acres of Land, Values of the Several Classes of Property, and Rate of Taxation,
for the year 1902.*

Number of acres of land.....	603,301.50
Value of real estate other than city and town lots.....	\$8,597,172 00
Value of improvements thereon.....	502,891 00
Value of city and town lots.....	276,516 00
Value of improvements thereon.....	557,814 00
Total value of real estate.....	8,873,688 00
Total value of improvements on real estate.....	1,060,705 00
Value of personal property.....	1,253,621 00
Amount of money and solvent credits.....	148,017 00
Total amount of preceding items.....	11,336,031 00
Value of railroads assessed by State Board of Equalization.....	513,977 00
Grand total value of all property.....	11,850,008 00
Total value of mortgages, trust deeds, and other debt obligations assessed.	1,663,796 00
Rate of taxation on each \$100:	
State.....	Inside, .382; outside, .382
County.....	Inside, .648; outside, .968
Total.....	Inside, 1.03; outside, 1.35

Description and Value of Public Buildings.

Court House and grounds.....	\$35,000 00
Hall of Records.....	25,000 00
Hospital and grounds.....	20,000 00
Jail.....	20,000 00
Total.....	\$100,000 00

CONTRA COSTA COUNTY.

*Number of Acres of Land, Values of the Several Classes of Property, and Rate of Taxation,
for the year 1902.*

Number of acres of land	459,941
Value of real estate other than city and town lots	\$8,261,010 00
Value of improvements thereon	2,016,665 00
Value of city and town lots	685,950 00
Value of improvements thereon	930,470 00
Total value of real estate	8,946,960 00
Total value of improvements on real estate	2,947,135 00
Value of personal property	3,541,264 00
Amount of money and solvent credits	369,335 00
Total amount of preceding items	15,804,694 00
Value of railroads assessed by State Board of Equalization	1,730,096 00
Grand total value of all property	17,534,790 00
Total value of mortgages, trust deeds, and other debt obligations assessed	2,693,590 00
Rate of taxation on each \$100:	
State	Inside, .382; outside, .382
County	Inside, 1.218; outside, 1.519
Total	Inside, 1.60; outside, 1.90

Description and Value of Public Buildings.

Hall of Records	\$16,000 00
Court House and block of land	20,000 00
Hospital building and grounds	12,000 00
Total	\$48,000 00

DEL NORTE COUNTY.

*Number of Acres of Land, Values of the Several Classes of Property, and Rate of Taxation
for the year 1902.*

Number of acres of land	170,260.56
Value of real estate other than city and town lots	\$2,103,710 00
Value of improvements thereon	151,525 00
Value of city and town lots	61,100 00
Value of improvements thereon	133,005 00
Total value of real estate	2,164,810 00
Total value of improvements on real estate	284,530 00
Value of personal property	264,758 00
Amount of money and solvent credits	32,469 00
Total amount of preceding items	2,746,567 00
Grand total value of all property	2,746,567 00
Total value of mortgages, trust deeds, and other debt obligations assessed	399,113 00
Rate of taxation on each \$100:	
State	Inside, .382; outside, .382
County	Inside, .838; outside, 1.118
Total	Inside, 1.22; outside, 1.50

Indebtedness.

Funded Debt. Name by which Bonds are Known.	Date of Act under which Bonds were Issued.	Amount of Bonds Issued.	Year of Issue.	Amount of Bonds Out- standing.	Year of Ma- turity.	Rate of Interest	Interest— When Payable.
Court House bonds	Mar. 14, 1883	\$12,000 00	1884	\$2,000 00	1904	7%	May 1, Nov. 1

Total amount of bonds outstanding \$2,000 00

Description and Value of Public Buildings.

Court House	\$12,000 00
County Jail	2,000 00
County Hospital	4,500 00
Total	\$18,500 00

EL DORADO COUNTY.*Number of Acres of Land, Values of the Several Classes of Property, and Rate of Taxation,
for the year 1902.*

Number of acres of land	583,606
Value of real estate other than city and town lots	\$1,913,120 00
Value of improvements thereon	708,620 00
Value of city and town lots	137,870 00
Value of improvements thereon	397,220 00
Value of improvements on real estate assessed to others than the owners of such real estate	5,345 00
Total value of real estate	2,050,990 00
Total value of improvements on real estate	1,111,185 00
Value of personal property	605,740 00
Amount of money and solvent credits	17,420 00
Total amount of preceding items	3,785,335 00
Value of railroads assessed by State Board of Equalization	458,250 00
Grand total value of all property	4,243,585 00
Total value of mortgages, trust deeds, and other debt obligations assessed	325,985 00
Rate of taxation on each \$100:	
State	Inside, .382; outside, .382
County	Inside, 1.508; outside, 1.818
Total	Inside, 1.89; outside, 2.20

Indebtedness.

Funded Debt. Name by which Bonds are Known.	Date of Act under which Bonds were Issued.	Amount of Bonds Issued.	Year of Issue.	Amount of Bonds Out- standing.	Year of Ma- turity.	Rate of Inter- est	Interest— When Payable.
El Dorado Co. bonds	County Gov. Act of 1883	\$200,000 00	1887	\$49,000 00	1907	5%	June 1, Dec. 1

Total amount of bonds outstanding	\$49,000 00
Cash in the County Treasury applicable to payment of indebtedness	2,500 00

Description and Value of Public Buildings.

Court House, Jail, etc.	\$20,000 00
County Hospital	15,000 00
Total	\$35,000 00

FRESNO COUNTY.*Number of Acres of Land, Values of the Several Classes of Property, and Rate of Taxation,
for the year 1902.*

Number of acres of land	1,532,967
Value of real estate other than city and town lots	\$15,413,889 00
Value of improvements thereon	2,526,578 00
Value of city and town lots	3,648,710 00
Value of improvements thereon	3,058,923 00
Value of improvements on real estate assessed to others than the owners of such real estate	123,375 00
Total value of real estate	19,062,599 00
Total value of improvements on real estate	5,708,876 00
Value of personal property	3,741,631 00
Amount of money and solvent credits	179,530 00
Total amount of preceding items	28,692,636 00
Value of railroads assessed by State Board of Equalization	3,386,053 00
Grand total value of all property	32,078,689 00
Total value of mortgages, trust deeds, and other debt obligations assessed	4,123,635 00
Rate of taxation on each \$100:	
State	Inside, .382; outside, .382
County	Inside, .968; outside, 1.268
Total	Inside, 1.35; outside, 1.65

Indebtedness.

Funded Debt. Name by which Bonds are Known.	Date of Act under which Bonds were Issued.	Amount of Bonds Issued.	Year of Issue.	Amount of Bonds Outstanding.	Year of Maturity.	Rate of Interest.	Interest—When Payable.
Bridge bonds.....	Mar. 14, 1883	\$80,000 00	1885	\$80,000 00	1905	6%	Jan. & July, each year.
Total amount of bonds outstanding.....							\$80,000 00

Description and Value of Public Buildings.

Court House, Jail, and grounds.....	\$900,000 00
County Hospital, and grounds.....	57,500 00
County Orphanage, and grounds.....	10,000 00
Total.....	\$967,500 00

GLENN COUNTY.*Number of Acres of Land, Values of the Several Classes of Property, and Rate of Taxation, for the year 1902.*

Number of acres of land.....	615,917
Value of real estate other than city and town lots.....	\$7,597,290 00
Value of improvements thereon.....	554,229 00
Value of city and town lots.....	158,417 00
Value of improvements thereon.....	202,475 00
Total value of real estate.....	7,755,707 00
Total value of improvements on real estate.....	756,704 00
Value of personal property.....	1,029,656 00
Amount of money and solvent credits.....	97,770 00
Total amount of preceding items.....	9,639,837 00
Value of railroads assessed by State Board of Equalization.....	690,040 00
Grand total value of all property.....	10,329,877 00
Total value of mortgages, trust deeds, and other debt obligations assessed.....	1,740,040 00
Rate of taxation on each \$100:	
State.....	Inside, .382; outside, .382
County.....	Inside, .748; outside, 1.018
Total.....	Inside, 1.13 ; outside, 1.40

Indebtedness.

Funded Debt. Name by which Bonds are Known.	Date of Act Under which Bonds were Issued.	Amount of Bonds Issued.	Year of Issue.	Amount of Bonds Outstanding.	Year of Maturity.	Rate of Interest.	Interest—When Payable.
Glenn County Court House and Jail bonds.....	Mar. 31, 1891	\$80,000 00	1893	\$44,000 00	1913	4%	Jan. & July
Total amount of bonds outstanding.....							\$44,000 00
Cash in the County Treasury applicable to payment of indebtedness.....							850 72

Description and Value of Public Buildings.

Court House and Jail.....	\$125,000 00
County Hospital.....	10,000 00
Total.....	\$135,000 00

HUMBOLDT COUNTY.

Number of Acres of Land, Values of the Several Classes of Property, and Rate of Taxation, for the year 1902.

Number of acres of land	1,421,361.28
Value of real estate other than city and town lots	\$10,720,272 00
Value of improvements thereon	1,024,260 00
Value of city and town lots	2,384,925 00
Value of improvements thereon	1,757,125 00
Total value of real estate	13,105,197 00
Total value of improvements on real estate	2,781,385 00
Value of personal property	2,648,942 00
Amount of money and solvent credits	504,027 00
Total amount of preceding items	19,039,551 00
Grand total value of all property	19,039,551 00
Total value of mortgages, trust deeds, and other debt obligations assessed	2,242,990 00
Rate of taxation on each \$100:	
State	Inside, .382; outside, .382
County	Inside, .818; outside, 1.218
Total	Inside, 1.20 ; outside, 1.60

Indebtedness.

Funded Debt. Name by which Bonds are Known.	Date of Act under which Bonds were Issued.	Amount of Bonds Issued.	Year of Issue.	Amount of Bonds Outstanding.	Year of Maturity.	Rate of Interest.	Interest—When Payable.
Klamath Road b'ds	Mar. 1, 1891.	\$25,000 00	1893	\$17,000 00	1913	7%	Jan. & July

Total amount of bonds outstanding	\$17,000 00
Cash in the County Treasury applicable to payment of indebtedness	746 27

Description and Value of Public Buildings.

Block of land, \$2,500; Receiving Hospital thereon, \$2,000; Old Hospital grounds, \$3,000	\$7,500 00
Plaza, \$40,000; Court House, \$170,000; furniture, \$10,000	220,000 00
Hospital grounds, \$5,000; improvements and furniture, \$37,000	42,000 00
Lot 6, block 109, E. W. Clark's second addition, \$100; house and lot in Blue Lake, \$250	350 00
Total	\$269,850 00

INYO COUNTY.

Number of Acres of Land, Values of the Several Classes of Property, and Rate of Taxation, for the year 1902.

Number of acres of land	201,108
Value of real estate other than city and town lots	\$811,471 00
Value of improvements thereon	353,001 00
Value of city and town lots	77,263 00
Value of improvements thereon	157,822 00
Total value of real estate	888,734 00
Total value of improvements on real estate	510,823 00
Value of personal property	511,579 00
Amount of money and solvent credits	6,302 00
Total amount of preceding items	1,917,438 00
Value of railroads assessed by State Board of Equalization	82,791 00
Grand total value of all property	2,000,229 00
Total value of mortgages, trust deeds, and other debt obligations assessed	151,409 00
Rate of taxation on each \$100:	
State .....	.382
County	1.618
Total	2.00

Indebtedness.

Funded Debt. Name by which Bonds are Known.	Date of Act under which Bonds were Issued.	Amount of Bonds Issued.	Year of Issue.	Amount of Bonds Out- standing.	Year of Ma- turity.	Rate of Interest.	Interest— When Payable.
County bonds, 1890	May 8, 1884 ..	\$70,500 00	1890	\$60,000 00	1910	5%	{Mar. 15th & Sept. 15th
Total amount of bonds outstanding							\$60,000 00

Description and Value of Public Buildings.

Court House and grounds at Independence	\$10,000 00
Branch Jails at Bishop, Lone Pine, Keeler, and Ballarat	1,400 00
Total	\$11,400 00

KERN COUNTY.*Number of Acres of Land, Values of the Several Classes of Property, and Rate of Taxation,
for the year 1902.*

Number of acres of land	2,795,530
Value of real estate other than city and town lots	\$11,779,944 00
Value of improvements thereon	1,222,900 00
Value of city and town lots	1,323,274 00
Value of improvements thereon	1,546,908 00
Value of improvements on real estate assessed to others than the owners of such real estate	23,775 00
Total value of real estate	13,103,218 00
Total value of improvements on real estate	2,793,583 00
Value of personal property	3,904,011 00
Amount of money and solvent credits	78,092 00
Total amount of preceding items	19,878,904 00
Value of railroads assessed by State Board of Equalization	2,679,188 00
Grand total value of all property	22,558,092 00
Total value of mortgages, trust deeds, and other debt obligations assessed	1,460,212 00
Rate of taxation on each \$100:	
State	Inside, .382; outside, .382
County	Inside, .728; outside, 1.018
Total	Inside, 1.11 ; outside, 1.40

Indebtedness.

Funded Debt. Name by which Bonds are Known.	Date of Act under which Bonds were Issued.	Amount of Bonds Issued.	Year of Issue.	Amount of Bonds Out- standing.	Year of Ma- turity.	Rate of Interest.	Interest— When Payable.
Kern County Re- funding bonds	April 1, 1897	\$235,000 00	1899	\$235,000 00	1915	4½%	June & Dec.
Total amount of bonds outstanding							\$235,000 00
Cash in the County Treasury applicable to payment of indebtedness							3,113 85

Description and Value of Public Buildings.

Court House	\$85,000 00
Hospital	20,000 00
Jail	35,000 00
Total	\$140,000 00

KINGS COUNTY.

Number of Acres of Land, Values of the Several Classes of Property, and Rate of Taxation, for the year 1902.

Number of acres of land.....	655,453
Value of real estate other than city and town lots.....	\$4,465,763 00
Value of improvements thereon.....	539,562 00
Value of city and town lots.....	424,166 00
Value of improvements thereon.....	594,617 00
Total value of real estate.....	4,889,929 00
Total value of improvements on real estate.....	1,134,179 00
Value of personal property.....	1,175,218 00
Amount of money and solvent credits.....	83,017 00
Total amount of preceding items.....	7,282,343 00
Value of railroads assessed by State Board of Equalization.....	590,551 00
Grand total value of all property.....	7,872,894 00
Total value of mortgages, trust deeds, and other debt obligations assessed	1,097,677 00
Rate of taxation on each \$100:	
State.....	Inside, .382; outside, .382
County.....	Inside, .708; outside, 1.018
Total.....	Inside, 1.09; outside, 1.40

Indebtedness.

Funded Debt. Name by which Bonds are Known.	Date of Act under which Bonds were Issued.	Amount of Bonds Issued.	Year of Issue.	Amount of Bonds Outstanding.	Year of Maturity.	Rate of Interest.	Interest—When Payable.
Court House.....	Mar. 24, 1893	\$32,000 00	1896	\$32,000 00	1906	4%	Jan. 1, July 1

Total amount of bonds outstanding..... \$32,000 00

Description and Value of Public Buildings.

Court House.....	\$40,000 00
Jail, and grounds.....	10,000 00
County Hospital.....	4,000 00
Total.....	\$54,000 00

LAKE COUNTY.

Number of Acres of Land, Values of the Several Classes of Property, and Rate of Taxation, for the year 1902.

Number of acres of land.....	342,416
Value of real estate other than city and town lots.....	\$1,800,927 00
Value of improvements thereon.....	485,414 00
Value of city and town lots.....	172,847 00
Value of improvements thereon.....	222,163 00
Total value of real estate.....	1,973,774 00
Total value of improvements on real estate.....	707,577 00
Value of personal property.....	438,239 00
Amount of money and solvent credits.....	33,844 00
Total amount of preceding items.....	3,153,434 00
Grand total value of all property.....	3,153,434 00
Total value of mortgages, trust deeds, and other debt obligations assessed.	420,095 00
Rate of taxation on each \$100:	
State.....	Inside, .382; outside, .382
County.....	Inside, 1.368; outside, 1.868
Total.....	Inside, 1.75; outside, 2.25

Indebtedness.

Funded Debt. Name by which Bonds are Known.	Date of Act under which Bonds were Issued.	Amount of Bonds Issued.	Year of Issue.	Amount of Bonds Outstanding.	Year of Maturity.	Rate of Interest.	Interest—When Payable.
Lake County bonds	March, 1883	\$47,800 00	1887	\$47,800 00	1907	5%	April & Oct.

Total amount of bonds outstanding	\$47,800 00
Floating debt, principal	6,000 00
Floating debt, interest	253 00
Total debt	\$54,053 00

Description and Value of Public Buildings.

Two-story brick Court House and brick Jail Annex; one-story brick Hall of Records. Total value	\$26,284 00
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LASSEN COUNTY.*Number of Acres of Land, Values of the Several Classes of Property, and Rate of Taxation, for the year 1902.*

Number of acres of land	461,817
Value of real estate other than city and town lots	\$1,659,858 00
Value of improvements thereon	398,513 00
Value of city and town lots	47,412 00
Value of improvements thereon	144,105 00
Total value of real estate	1,707,270 00
Total value of improvements on real estate	542,618 00
Value of personal property	1,155,238 00
Amount of money and solvent credits	137,524 00
Total amount of preceding items	3,542,650 00
Value of railroads assessed by State Board of Equalization	200,870 00
Grand total value of all property	3,743,520 00
Total value of mortgages, trust deeds, and other debt obligations assessed	287,601 00
Rate of taxation on each \$100:	
State .....	.382
County	1.468
Total	1.85

Description and Value of Public Buildings.

Two-story frame Court House, one-story stone Jail, one-story stone Recorder's office, two-story frame Hospital, 165 acres of land—block 22, town of Susanville. Total value	\$15,000 00
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LOS ANGELES COUNTY.*Number of Acres of Land, Values of the Several Classes of Property, and Rate of Taxation, for the year 1902.*

Number of acres of land	1,112,635
Value of real estate other than city and town lots	\$20,168,420 00
Value of improvements thereon	4,312,595 00
Value of city and town lots	45,681,215 00
Value of improvements thereon	25,917,150 00
Total value of real estate	65,849,635 00
Total value of improvements on real estate	30,229,745 00
Value of personal property	16,979,898 00
Amount of money and solvent credits	1,103,059 00
Total amount of preceding items	114,162,337 00
Value of railroads assessed by State Board of Equalization	4,106,792 00
Grand total value of all property	118,269,129 00
Total value of mortgages, trust deeds, and other debt obligations assessed, including University mortgages, etc.	4,060,185 00
Assessed value of mortgages held by University of California, Deaf, Dumb, and Blind Asylum, and other State institutions	297,450 00
Rate of taxation on each \$100:	
State	Inside, .382; outside, .382
County	Inside, .818; outside, 1.418
Total	Inside, 1.20; outside, 1.80

Indebtedness.

Funded Debt. Name by which Bonds are Known.	Date of Act under which Bonds were Issued.	Amount of Bonds Issued.	Year of Issue.	Amount of Bonds Out- standing.	Year of Ma- turity.	Rate of Interest	Interest— When Payable.
Bonds of 1884 -----	Mar. 3, 1881 -	\$84,500 00	1884	\$11,500 00	1904	6%	} Jan. 1st and July 1st.
Bonds of 1885 -----	Mar. 4, 1883 -	437,000 00	1885	100,000 00	1905	4½%	
Bonds of 1887 -----	Mar. 4, 1883 -	200,000 00	1887	69,000 00	1907	4%	
Bonds of 1890 -----	Mar. 4, 1883 -	300,000 00	1890	153,000 00	1910	5%	
Total amount of bonds outstanding-----							\$333,500 00
Cash in the County Treasury applicable to payment of indebtedness-----							3,522 62

Description and Value of Public Buildings.

New Court House and lot -----	\$990,000 00
Old County Jail -----	94,500 00
County Hospital -----	80,000 00
County Farm -----	95,000 00
Temple Street lot and new County Jail in course of construction-----	27,500 00
Total -----	\$1,287,000 00

MADERA COUNTY.*Number of Acres of Land, Values of the Several Classes of Property, and Rate of Taxation,
for the year 1902.*

Number of acres of land -----	731,200
Value of real estate other than city and town lots -----	\$3,477,515 00
Value of improvements thereon -----	439,710 00
Value of city and town lots -----	233,245 00
Value of improvements thereon -----	204,705 00
Value of improvements on real estate assessed to others than the owners of such real estate -----	9,465 00
Total value of real estate -----	3,710,760 00
Total value of improvements on real estate -----	653,880 00
Value of personal property -----	957,455 00
Amount of money and solvent credits -----	14,550 00
Total amount of preceding items -----	5,336,645 00
Value of railroads assessed by State Board of Equalization -----	1,133,240 00
Grand total value of all property -----	6,469,885 00
Total value of mortgages, trust deeds, and other debt obligations assessed Rate of taxation on each \$100: -----	502,085 00
State -----	.382
County -----	1.868
Total -----	2.25

Description and Value of Public Buildings.

Jail building and grounds -----	\$20,000 00
Hospital building and grounds -----	15,000 00
Court House -----	125,000 00
Total -----	\$160,000 00

MARIN COUNTY.

Number of Acres of Land, Values of the Several Classes of Property, and Rate of Taxation, for the year 1902.

Number of acres of land	326,558
Value of real estate other than city and town lots	\$5,186,075 00
Value of improvements thereon	988,925 00
Value of city and town lots	2,301,085 00
Value of improvements thereon	1,858,165 00
Total value of real estate	7,487,160 00
Total value of improvements on real estate	2,847,090 00
Value of personal property	1,156,220 00
Amount of money and solvent credits	30,640 00
Total amount of preceding items	11,521,110 00
Value of railroads assessed by State Board of Equalization	771,837 00
Grand total value of all property	12,292,947 00
Total value of mortgages, trust deeds, and other debt obligations assessed	2,127,195 00
Rate of taxation on each \$100:	
State	Inside, .382; outside, .382
County	Inside, .808; outside, 1.168
Total	Inside, 1.19 ; outside, 1.55

Indebtedness.

Funded Debt. Name by which Bonds are Known.	Date of Act under which Bonds were Issued.	Amount of Bonds Issued.	Year of Issue.	Amount of Bonds Out- standing.	Year of Ma- turity.	Rate of Inter- est	Interest— When Payable.
Railroad refunding bonds	Mar. 23, 1882	\$160,000 00	1896	\$127,000 00	1916	4%	Jan. 1, July 1
Total amount of bonds outstanding							\$127,000 00

Description and Value of Public Buildings.

Court House, Jail, and lot	\$100,000 00
Hospital and Poor Farm	15,000 00
Total	\$115,000 00

MARIPOSA COUNTY.

Number of Acres of Land, Values of the Several Classes of Property, and Rate of Taxation, for the year 1902.

Number of acres of land	335,304
Value of real estate other than city and town lots	\$1,384,358 00
Value of improvements thereon	316,983 00
Value of city and town lots	41,245 00
Value of improvements thereon	106,320 00
Total value of real estate	1,425,603 00
Total value of improvements on real estate	423,303 00
Value of personal property	343,456 00
Amount of money and solvent credits	50 00
Total amount of preceding items	2,192,412 00
Grand total value of all property	2,192,412 00
Total value of mortgages, trust deeds, and other debt obligations assessed	90,283 00
Rate of taxation on each \$100:	
State .....	.382
County	2.518
Total	2.90

REPORT OF THE STATE CONTROLLER.

Indebtedness.

Funded Debt. Name by which Bonds are Known.	Date of Act Under which Bonds were Issued.	Amount of Bonds Issued.	Year of Issue.	Amount of Bonds Out- standing.	Year of Ma- turity.	Rate of Interest.	Interest— When Payable.
Mariposa County bonds.....	1893	\$15,000 00	1895	\$9,000 00	1910	6%	Semi-annu'ly

Total amount of bonds outstanding \$9,000 00
 Cash in the County Treasury applicable to payment of indebtedness 1,191 00

Description and Value of Public Buildings.

Court House and annex.....	\$15,000 00
County Jail.....	8,000 00
Branch Jails.....	1,000 00
County Hospital.....	5,000 00
Total.....	\$29,000 00

MENDOCINO COUNTY.*Number of Acres of Land, Values of the Several Classes of Property, and Rate of Taxation,
for the year 1902.*

Number of acres of land.....	1,448,137
Value of real estate other than city and town lots.....	\$6,355,723 00
Value of improvements thereon.....	1,077,240 00
Value of city and town lots.....	538,212 00
Value of improvements thereon.....	785,586 00
Total value of real estate.....	6,893,935 00
Total value of improvements on real estate.....	1,862,826 00
Value of personal property.....	1,744,119 00
Amount of money and solvent credits.....	109,976 00
Total amount of preceding items.....	10,610,856 00
Value of railroads assessed by State Board of Equalization.....	329,547 00
Grand total value of all property.....	10,940,403 00
Total value of mortgages, trust deeds, and other debt obligations assessed.....	1,476,088 00
Rate of taxation on each \$100:	
State.....	Inside, .382; outside, .382
County.....	Inside, 1.118; outside, 1.618
Total.....	Inside, 1.50; outside, 2.00

Indebtedness.

Funded Debt. Name by which Bonds are Known.	Date of Act under which Bonds were Issued.	Amount of Bonds Issued.	Year of Issue.	Amount of Bonds Out- standing.	Year of Ma- turity.	Rate of Interest.	Interest— When Payable.
Mendocino County 4% bonds.....	1897	\$95,000 00	1901	\$92,500 00	1938	4%	Jan. 1, July 1

Total amount of bonds outstanding..... \$92,500 00
 Cash in the County Treasury applicable to payment of indebtedness..... 1,000 00

Description and Value of Public Buildings.

Court House, and grounds.....	\$40,000 00
Jail.....	10,000 00
Hall of Records.....	12,000 00
County Farm, and buildings.....	18,000 00
Vacant lot.....	500 00
Total.....	\$80,500 00

MERCED COUNTY.

*Number of Acres of Land, Values of the Several Classes of Property, and Rate of Taxation,
for the year 1902.*

Number of acres of land.....	1,154,358
Value of real estate other than city and town lots.....	\$9,149,594 00
Value of improvements thereon.....	615,343 00
Value of city and town lots.....	469,410 00
Value of improvements thereon.....	571,481 00
Value of improvements on real estate assessed to others than the owners of such real estate.....	13,310 00
Total value of real estate.....	9,619,004 00
Total value of improvements on real estate.....	1,200,134 00
Value of personal property.....	1,687,342 00
Amount of money and solvent credits.....	32,453 00
Total amount of preceding items.....	12,538,933 00
Value of railroads assessed by State Board of Equalization.....	1,887,837 00
Grand total value of all property.....	14,426,770 00
Total value of mortgages, trust deeds, and other debt obligations assessed, including University mortgages, etc.....	1,968,965 00
Assessed value of mortgages held by University of California, Deaf, Dumb and Blind Asylum, and other State institutions.....	37,890 00
Rate of taxation on each \$100:	
State.....	Inside, .382; outside, .382
County.....	Inside, .868; outside, 1.218
Total.....	Inside, 1.25; outside, 1.60

Indebtedness.

Funded Debt. Name by which Bonds are Known.	Date of Act under which Bonds were Issued.	Amount of Bonds Issued.	Year of Issue.	Amount of Bonds Out- standing.	Year of Ma- turity.	Rate of Interst.	Interest— When Payable.
Co. bonds of 1883....	Mar. 3, 1881	\$65,500 00	1883	\$26,000 00	1903	5%	Semi-annu'ly
Co. bonds of 1887....	Mar. 4, 1885	102,900 00	1887	102,900 00	1907	4½%	Semi-annu'ly

Total amount of bonds outstanding.....	\$128,900 00
Cash in the County Treasury applicable to payment of indebtedness.....	2,702 59

Description and Value of Public Buildings.

Court House building.....	\$75,000 00
County Jail.....	30,000 00
Branch Jails.....	2,000 00
County Hospital and grounds.....	7,000 00
Total.....	\$114,000 00

MODOC COUNTY.

*Number of Acres of Land, Values of the Several Classes of Property, and Rate of Taxation,
for the year 1902.*

Number of acres of land.....	358,754
Value of real estate other than city and town lots.....	\$1,338,379 00
Value of improvements thereon.....	392,045 00
Value of city and town lots.....	41,936 00
Value of improvements thereon.....	170,095 00
Total value of real estate.....	1,380,315 00
Total value of improvements on real estate.....	562,140 00
Value of personal property.....	1,217,978 00
Amount of money and solvent credits.....	55,990 00
Total amount of preceding items.....	3,216,423 00
Grand total value of all property.....	3,216,423 00
Total value of mortgages, trust deeds, and other debt obligations assessed.....	216,708 00
Rate of taxation on each \$100:	
State.....	Inside, .382; outside, .382
County.....	Inside, 1.118; outside, 1.468
Total.....	Inside, 1.50; outside, 1.85

Description and Value of Public Buildings.

Court House square, Court House, Jail, and Recorder's office.....	\$10,000 00
County Hospital and Poor Farm.....	3,000 00
Total.....	\$13,000 00

MONO COUNTY.

Number of Acres of Land, Values of the Several Classes of Property, and Rate of Taxation, for the year 1902.

Number of acres of land	154,400
Value of real estate other than city and town lots	\$459,324 00
Value of improvements thereon	242,486 00
Value of city and town lots	19,700 00
Value of improvements thereon	90,865 00
Total value of real estate	479,024 00
Total value of improvements on real estate	333,351 00
Value of personal property	212,016 00
Amount of money and solvent credits	10,041 00
Total amount of preceding items	1,034,432 00
Value of railroads assessed by State Board of Equalization	37,209 00
Grand total value of all property	1,071,641 00
Total value of mortgages, trust deeds, and other debt obligations assessed	48,930 00
Rate of taxation on each \$100:	
State .....	.382
County	2.118
Total	2.50

Indebtedness.

Funded Debt. Name by which Bonds are Known.	Date of Act under which Bonds were Issued.	Amount of Bonds Issued.	Year of Issue.	Amount of Bonds Outstanding.	Year of Maturity.	Rate of Interest.	Interest—When Payable.
Mono County b'ds.	Mar. 31, 1883	\$35,000 00	1886	\$5,000 00	1906	5%	Semi-annu'ly
Total amount of bonds outstanding							\$5,000 00
Cash in the County Treasury applicable to payment of indebtedness							536 00

Description and Value of Public Buildings.

One-story stone County Jail	\$5,000 00
Four Branch Jails	600 00
Two-story frame Court House	40,000 00
County Hospital	1,800 00
Total	\$47,400 00

MONTEREY COUNTY.

Number of Acres of Land, Values of the Several Classes of Property, and Rate of Taxation, for the year 1902.

Number of acres of land	1,347 704
Value of real estate other than city and town lots	\$10,558,265 00
Value of improvements thereon	1,576,590 00
Value of city and town lots	1,425,200 00
Value of improvements thereon	1,121,750 00
Total value of real estate	11,983,465 00
Total value of improvements on real estate	2,698,340 00
Value of personal property	1,864,065 00
Amount of money and solvent credits	78,810 00
Total amount of preceding items	16,624,680 00
Value of railroads assessed by State Board of Equalization	2,162,974 00
Grand total value of all property	18,787,654 00
Total value of mortgages, trust deeds, and other debt obligations assessed	1,964,280 00
Rate of taxation on each \$100:	
State .....	.382
County	1.018
Total	1.40

Indebtedness.

Funded Debt. Name by which Bonds are Known.	Date of Act under which Bonds were Issued.	Amount of Bonds Issued.	Year of Issue.	Amount of Bonds Outstanding.	Year of Maturity.	Rate of Interest.	Interest—When Payable.
Refunding bonds..	1901	\$128,000 00	1901	\$122,000 00	1921	4%	Semi-annu'ly

Total amount of bonds outstanding	\$122,000 00
Floating debt, principal.....	4,880 00
Total debt	\$126,880 00
Cash in the County Treasury applicable to payment of indebtedness	3,030 21

Description and Value of Public Buildings.

Court House, Jail, and furniture	\$70,000 00
Old Court House lot.....	20,000 00
Hospital and furniture.....	15,000 00
Total	\$105,000 00

NAPA COUNTY.*Number of Acres of Land, Values of the Several Classes of Property, and Rate of Taxation, for the year 1902.*

Number of acres of land	403,970
Value of real estate other than city and town lots.....	\$4,793,380 00
Value of improvements thereon	2,057,485 00
Value of city and town lots	965,150 00
Value of improvements thereon	1,546,195 00
Total value of real estate.....	5,758,530 00
Total value of improvements on real estate.....	3,603,680 00
Value of personal property	1,763,905 00
Amount of money and solvent credits	261,370 00
Total amount of preceding items	11,387,485 00
Value of railroads assessed by State Board of Equalization	711,450 00
Grand total value of all property	12,098,935 00
Total value of mortgages, trust deeds, and other debt obligations assessed.....	1,445,090 00
Rate of taxation on each \$100:	
State	Inside, .382; outside, .382
County	Inside, .958; outside, 1.258
Total	Inside, 1.34 ; outside, 1.64

Description and Value of Public Buildings.

Court House, Jail, and grounds	\$120,000 00
County Hospital and grounds	10,000 00
Total	\$130,000 00

NEVADA COUNTY.*Number of Acres of Land, Values of the Several Classes of Property, and Rate of Taxation, for the year 1902.*

Number of acres of land	472,150
Value of real estate other than city and town lots	\$2,312,845 00
Value of improvements thereon	1,373,070 00
Value of city and town lots	401,055 00
Value of improvements thereon	1,263,895 00
Total value of real estate.....	2,713,900 00
Total value of improvements on real estate.....	2,636,965 00
Value of personal property	1,046,800 00
Amount of money and solvent credits	55,350 00
Total amount of preceding items	6,453,015 00
Value of railroads assessed by State Board of Equalization	718,616 00
Grand total value of all property	7,171,631 00
Total value of mortgages, trust deeds, and other debt obligations assessed.....	442,305 00
Rate of taxation on each \$100:	
State	Inside, .382; outside, .382
County	Inside, 1.668; outside, 2.068
Total	Inside, 2.05 ; outside, 2.45

Description and Value of Public Buildings.

Court House	\$100,000 00
County Hospital	20,000 00
Town lots	6,500 00
Law Library	3,000 00
Total	\$129,500 00

ORANGE COUNTY.

*Number of Acres of Land, Values of the Several Classes of Property, and Rate of Taxation,
for the year 1902.*

Number of acres of land	444,488.78
Value of real estate other than city and town lots	\$5,458,575 00
Value of improvements thereon	1,204,575 00
Value of city and town lots	1,335,985 00
Value of improvements thereon	1,222,865 00
Value of improvements on real estate assessed to others than the owners of such real estate	23,750 00
Total value of real estate	6,794,560 00
Total value of improvements on real estate	2,451,190 00
Value of personal property	1,377,990 00
Amount of money and solvent credits	107,625 00
Total amount of preceding items	10,731,365 00
Value of railroads assessed by State Board of Equalization	1,156,596 00
Grand total value of all property	11,887,961 00
Total value of mortgages, trust deeds, and other debt obligations assessed	230,515 00
Rate of taxation on each \$100:	
State	Inside, .382; outside, .382
County	Inside, .818; outside, 1.168
Total	Inside, 1.20; outside, 1.55

Indebtedness.

Funded Debt. Name by which Bonds are Known.	Date of Act under which Bonds were Issued.	Amount of Bonds Issued.	Year of Issue.	Amount of Bonds Out- standing.	Year of Ma- turity.	Rate of Interest	Interest— When Payable.
Orange Co. bonds..	April 1, 1897	\$100,000 00	1899	\$90,000 00	1920	4 1/4%	Jan. 1, July 1

Total amount of bonds outstanding	\$90,000 00
Cash in the County Treasury applicable to payment of indebtedness	245 77

Description and Value of Public Buildings.

Court House and Jail lot, Santa Ana	\$8,000 00
Court House	100,000 00
Jail	20,000 00
Branch Jails	300 00
Total	\$128,300 00

PLACER COUNTY.

*Number of Acres of Land, Values of the Several Classes of Property, and Rate of Taxation,
for the year 1902.*

Number of acres of land	621,340
Value of real estate other than city and town lots	\$3,779,775 00
Value of improvements thereon	1,166,865 00
Value of city and town lots	372,595 00
Value of improvements thereon	849,540 00
Total value of real estate	4,152,370 00
Total value of improvements on real estate	2,016,405 00
Value of personal property	853,135 00
Amount of money and solvent credits	97,165 00
Total amount of preceding items	7,119,075 00
Value of railroads assessed by State Board of Equalization	2,347,500 00
Grand total value of all property	9,466,575 00
Total value of mortgages, trust deeds, and other debt obligations assessed	1,012,870 00
Rate of taxation on each \$100:	
State	Inside, .382; outside, .382
County	Inside, 1.218; outside, 1.568
Total	Inside, 1.60; outside, 1.95

Indebtedness.

Funded Debt. Name by which Bonds are Known.	Date of Act Under which Bonds were Issued.	Amount of Bonds Issued.	Year of Issue.	Amount of Bonds Outstanding.	Year of Maturity.	Rate of Interest.	Interest—When Payable.
Court House bonds	Co. Gov. Act	\$80,000 00	1894	\$52,000 00	\$4000 yr'ly	5%	Apr. 1 & Oct. 1

Total amount of bonds outstanding \$52,000 00
 Cash in the County Treasury applicable to the payment of indebtedness..... 5,026 61

Description and Value of Public Buildings.

Court House \$160,000 00
 Hospital 15,000 00
 Total \$175,000 00

PLUMAS COUNTY.*Number of Acres of Land, Values of the Several Classes of Property, and Rate of Taxation, for the year 1902.*

Number of acres of land 328,802.91
 Value of real estate other than city and town lots \$1,371,401 00
 Value of improvements thereon 314,920 00
 Value of city and town lots 32,578 00
 Value of improvements thereon 139,246 00
 Total value of real estate 1,403,979 00
 Total value of improvements on real estate 454,166 00
 Value of personal property 311,990 00
 Amount of money and solvent credits 3,550 00
 Total amount of preceding items 2,173,685 00
 Value of railroads assessed by State Board of Equalization 82,594 00
 Grand total value of all property 2,256,279 00
 Total value of mortgages, trust deeds, and other debt obligations assessed 191,148 00
 Rate of taxation on each \$100:
 State382
 County 1.618
 Total 2.00

Indebtedness.

Funded Debt. Name by which Bonds are Known.	Date of Act under which Bonds were Issued.	Amount of Bonds Issued.	Year of Issue.	Amount of Bonds Outstanding.	Year of Maturity.	Rate of Interest.	Interest—When Payable.
Bond Fund No. 1..	April 1, 1897	\$35,100 00	1899	\$35,100 00	1934	4%	Apr. 8, Oct. 8

Total amount of bonds outstanding \$35,100 00

Description and Value of Public Buildings.

Court House and Jail \$15,000 00
 Hall of Records 9,000 00
 Hospital 3,000 00
 County property as inventoried 14,915 00
 Total \$41,915 00

RIVERSIDE COUNTY.

Number of Acres of Land, Values of the Several Classes of Property, and Rate of Taxation, for the year 1902.

Number of acres of land	911,773.49
Value of real estate other than city and town lots	\$5,106,547 00
Value of improvements thereon	2,016,705 00
Value of city and town lots	1,106,714 00
Value of improvements thereon	1,418,420 00
Total value of real estate	6,213,261 00
Total value of improvements on real estate	3,435,125 00
Value of personal property	1,133,760 00
Amount of money and solvent credits	87,575 00
Total amount of preceding items	10,869,721 00
Value of railroads assessed by State Board of Equalization	2,628,664 00
Grand total value of all property	13,498,385 00
Total value of mortgages, trust deeds, and other debt obligations assessed	670,789 00
Rate of taxation on each \$100:	
State	Inside, .382; outside, .382
County	Inside, 1.118; outside, 1.618
Total	Inside, 1.50; outside, 2.00

Indebtedness.

Funded Debt. Name by which Bonds are Known.	Date of Act under which Bonds were Issued.	Amount of Bonds Issued.	Year of Issue.	Amount of Bonds Out- standing.	Year of Ma- turity.	Rate of Interest.	Interest— When Payable.
Court House bonds	April 1, 1897	\$150,000 00	1902	\$150,000 00	1942	4%	Semi-annu'ly
Total amount of bonds outstanding							\$150,000 00

Description and Value of Public Buildings.

Hospital	\$27,485 97
Jail	36,683 00
Total	\$64,168 97

SACRAMENTO COUNTY.

Number of Acres of Land, Values of the Several Classes of Property, and Rate of Taxation, for the year 1902.

Number of acres of land	607,525
Value of real estate other than city and town lots	\$10,626,590 00
Value of improvements thereon	1,633,740 00
Value of city and town lots	8,398,170 00
Value of improvements thereon	7,594,380 00
Value of improvements on real estate assessed to others than the owners of such real estate	33,450 00
Total value of real estate	19,024,760 00
Total value of improvements on real estate	9,261,570 00
Value of personal property	4,642,140 00
Amount of money and solvent credits	524,740 00
Total amount of preceding items	33,453,210 00
Value of railroads assessed by State Board of Equalization	1,569,534 00
Grand total value of all property	35,022,744 00
Total value of mortgages, trust deeds, and other debt obligations assessed, including University mortgages, etc.	1,569,410 00
Assessed value of mortgages held by University of California, Deaf, Dumb, and Blind Asylum, and other State institutions	30,000 00
Rate of taxation on each \$100:	
State	Inside, .382; outside, .382
County	Inside, 1.518; outside, 1.468
Total	Inside, 1.90; outside, 1.85

Indebtedness.

Funded Debt. Name by which Bonds are Known.	Date of Act under which Bonds were Issued.	Amount of Bonds Issued.	Year of Issue.	Amount of Bonds Out- standing.	Year of Ma- turity.	Rate of Interst.	Interest— When Payable.
Bonds of 1859 -----	April 24, 1858	\$600,000 00	1859	\$39,500 00	1903	6 %	..... Annually
Bonds of 1888 -----	Mar. 14, 1883	84,000 00	1888	80,000 00	1908	4 %	Semi-annu'ly
Bonds of 1892 -----	Mar. 31, 1891	220,000 00	1892	175,000 00	1912	4 1/2 %	Semi-annu'ly
Bonds of 1893 -----	Mar. 31, 1891	75,000 00	1893	58,000 00	1913	4 1/2 %	Semi-annu'ly
Bonds of 1895 -----	Mar. 24, 1894	95,000 00	1895	40,000 00	1905	4 1/2 %	Semi-annu'ly
Total amount of bonds outstanding -----							\$392,500 00
Floating debt, principal -----							17,855 00
Total debt -----							\$410,355 00

Description and Value of Public Buildings.

Court House and Jail -----	\$150,000 00
Court House site -----	55,000 00
Hall of Records -----	75,000 00
Hospital and Farm -----	131,000 00
Total -----	\$411,000 00

SAN BENITO COUNTY.*Number of Acres of Land, Values of the Several Classes of Property, and Rate of Taxation,
for the year 1902.*

Number of acres of land -----	545,390
Value of real estate other than city and town lots -----	\$3,840,680 00
Value of improvements thereon -----	572,375 00
Value of city and town lots -----	283,470 00
Value of improvements thereon -----	374,690 00
Total value of real estate -----	4,124,150 00
Total value of improvements on real estate -----	947,065 00
Value of personal property -----	914,500 00
Amount of money and solvent credits -----	24,860 00
Total amount of preceding items -----	6,010,575 00
Value of railroads assessed by State Board of Equalization -----	265,103 00
Grand total value of all property -----	6,275,678 00
Total value of mortgages, trust deeds, and other debt obligations assessed -----	1,351,345 00
Rate of taxation on each \$100:	
State -----	Inside, .382; outside, .382
County -----	Inside, .988; outside, 1.318
Total -----	Inside, 1.37; outside, 1.70

Indebtedness.

Funded Debt. Name by which Bonds are Known.	Date of Act under which Bonds were Issued.	Amount of Bonds Issued.	Year of Issue.	Amount of Bonds Out- standing.	Year of Ma- turity.	Rate of Interst.	Interest— When Payable.
Court House bonds	Mar. 14, 1883.	\$40,000 00	1887	\$10,000 00	1907	5 %	Jan. & July
Total amount of outstanding bonds -----							\$10,000 00

Description and Value of Public Buildings.

Court House -----	\$40,000 00
Jail -----	10,000 00
County Hospital -----	6,500 00
Total -----	\$56,500 00

SAN BERNARDINO COUNTY.

*Number of Acres of Land, Values of the Several Classes of Property, and Rate of Taxation,
for the year 1902.*

Number of acres of land	461,372
Value of real estate other than city and town lots	\$6,982,185 00
Value of improvements thereon	2,329,240 00
Value of city and town lots	1,712,080 00
Value of improvements thereon	1,782,310 00
Total value of real estate	8,694,265 00
Total value of improvements on real estate	4,181,550 00
Value of personal property	1,326,685 00
Amount of money and solvent credits	139,925 00
Total amount of preceding items	14,342,425 00
Value of railroads assessed by State Board of Equalization	4,358,173 00
Grand total value of all property	18,700,598 00
Total value of mortgages, trust deeds, and other debt obligations assessed	798,575 00
Rate of taxation on each \$100:	
State	Inside, .382; outside, .382
County	Inside, 1.218; outside, 1.618
Total	Inside, 1.60; outside, 2.00

Description and Value of Public Buildings.

Court House, Hall of Records, and grounds	\$250,000 00
County Jails and grounds	20,000 00
County Hospital and grounds	25,000 00
Total	\$295,000 00

SAN DIEGO COUNTY.

*Number of Acres of Land, Values of the Several Classes of Property, and Rate of Taxation
for the year 1902.*

Number of acres of land	1,199,658.215
Value of real estate other than city and town lots	\$4,270,261 00
Value of improvements thereon	975,277 00
Value of city and town lots	6,848,180 00
Value of improvements thereon	3,108,346 00
Total value of real estate	11,118,441 00
Total value of improvements on real estate	4,083,623 00
Value of personal property	2,391,823 00
Amount of money and solvent credits	112,211 00
Total amount of preceding items	17,706,098 00
Value of railroads assessed by State Board of Equalization	2,635,516 00
Grand total value of all property	20,341,614 00
Total value of mortgages, trust deeds, and other debt obligations assessed	1,897,975 00
Rate of taxation on each \$100:	
State	Inside, .382; outside, .382
County	Inside, 1.368; outside, 1.868
Total	Inside, 1.75; outside, 2.25

Indebtedness.

Funded Debt. Name by which Bonds are Known.	Date of Act under which Bonds were Issued.	Amount of Bonds Issued.	Year of Issue.	Amount of Bonds Out- standing.	Year of Ma- turity.	Rate of Interst.	Interest— When Payable.
Refunding	Mar. 18, 1885	\$117,000 00	1886	\$40,000 00	1906	4 $\frac{1}{2}$ %	Jan. and July
Road and Bridge	Mar. 14, 1883	100,000 00	1888	39,000 00	1908	5 %	Jan. and July
Refunding	Feb. 26, 1889	96,000 00	1889	51,000 00	1909	5 %	Jan. and July

Total amount of bonds outstanding	\$130,000 00
Floating debt, principal	4,000 00
Total debt	\$134,000 00

Description and Value of Public Buildings.

Court House and Jail and grounds	\$175,000 00
County Hospital and Poor Farm	15,000 00
Lots in Old Town, Julian, and Oceanside	200 00
Total	\$190,200 00

SAN FRANCISCO CITY AND COUNTY.

*Number of Acres of Land, Values of the Several Classes of Property, and Rate of Taxation.
for the year 1902.*

Number of acres of land	27,000
Value of real estate other than city and town lots	\$2,647,510 00
Value of improvements thereon	380,400 00
Value of city and town lots	189,157,000 00
Value of improvements thereon	96,251,390 00
Total value of real estate	191,804,510 00
Total value of improvements on real estate	96,631,790 00
Value of personal property	89,854,306 00
Amount of money and solvent credits	41,678,038 00
Total amount of preceding items	419,968,644 00
Value of railroads assessed by State Board of Equalization	376,710 00
Grand total value of all property	420,345,354 00
Total value of mortgages, trust deeds, and other debt obligations assessed, including University mortgages, etc.	48,690,939 00
Assessed value of mortgages held by University of California, Deaf, Dumb, and Blind Asylum, and other State institutions	337,340 00
Rate of taxation on each \$100:	
State	.382
County	1.2262
Total	1.6082

Indebtedness.

Funded Debt. Name by which Bonds are Known.	Date of Act under which Bonds were Issued.	Amount of Bonds Issued.	Year of Issue.	Amount of Bonds Outstanding.	Year of Maturity.	Rate of Interest.	Interest—When Payable.
Park Improvement Bonds, 1874-1875..	April 4, 1870 Mar. 30, 1872	\$250,000	'74-75	\$250,000	1904	6%	April & Oct.
Total amount of bonds outstanding							\$250,000 00

Description and Value of Public Buildings.

Park reservations, public squares, and improvements	\$13,000,000 00
Fire department lots and improvements, apparatus, furniture, etc.	1,791,000 00
Police department lots, improvements and furnishings	140,000 00
Fire alarm and police telegraph, apparatus, and for underground system, etc.	200,000 00
City Hall, Hall of Justice, county jails, hospitals, almshouses, lots, and improvements and furniture	7,510,000 00
Cemetery reservation	580,000 00
Sundry lots	275,000 00
Channel Street lots from Ninth to Eighteenth Streets	110,000 00
School lots, improvements, libraries, furniture, etc.	5,500,000 00
Total	\$29,106,000 00

SAN JOAQUIN COUNTY.

*Number of Acres of Land, Values of the Several Classes of Property, and Rate of Taxation,
for the year 1902.*

Number of acres of land	875,444.20
Value of real estate other than city and town lots	\$13,554,366 00
Value of improvements thereon	1,671,887 00
Value of city and town lots	6,039,084 00
Value of improvements thereon	4,870,747 00
Total value of real estate	19,593,450 00
Total value of improvements on real estate	6,542,634 00
Value of personal property	3,775,726 00
Amount of money and solvent credits	688,490 00
Total amount of preceding items	30,600,300 00
Value of railroads assessed by State Board of Equalization	2,706,817 00
Grand total value of all property	33,307,117 00
Total value of mortgages, trust deeds, and other debt obligations assessed	4,401,256 00
Rate of taxation on each \$100:	
State	Inside, .382; outside, .382
County	Inside, .818; outside, 1.218
Total	Inside, 1.20; outside, 1.60

Indebtedness.

Funded Debt. Name by which Bonds are Known.	Date of Act under which Bonds were Issued.	Amount of Bonds Issued.	Year of Issue.	Amount of Bonds Outstanding.	Year of Maturity.	Rate of Interest.	Interest—When Payable.
Court House bonds.	Mar. 14, 1883	\$250,000 00	1887	\$61,000 00	1907	4%	Semi-annually
County Jail bonds.	Mar. 14, 1883	50,000 00	1891	20,000 00	1911	5%	Semi-annually
County Hosp'l bonds	Mar. 31, 1891	50,000 00	1893	27,000 00	1913	5%	Semi-annually

Total amount of bonds outstanding..... \$108,000 00
Cash in the County Treasury applicable to payment of indebtedness..... 27,968 00

Description and Value of Public Buildings.

Court House Square, \$225,000; Court House, \$350,000..... \$575,000 00
County Jail, \$80,000; Jail lots, \$12,000..... 92,000 00
Old Hospital grounds (36 acres)..... 20,000 00
County Hospital, \$60,000; County Farm, \$12,000..... 72,000 00
Total..... \$759,000 00

SAN LUIS OBISPO COUNTY.*Number of Acres of Land, Values of the Several Classes of Property, and Rate of Taxation, for the year 1902.*

Number of acres of land..... 1,500,572
Value of real estate other than city and town lots..... \$7,282,243 00
Value of improvements thereon..... 728,485 00
Value of city and town lots..... 837,310 00
Value of improvements thereon..... 899,271 00
Value of improvements on real estate assessed to others than the owners of such real estate..... 8,045 00
Total value of real estate..... 8,119,553 00
Total value of improvements on real estate..... 1,635,801 00
Value of personal property..... 1,918,251 00
Amount of money and solvent credits..... 167,559 00
Total amount of preceding items..... 11,841,164 00
Value of railroads assessed by State Board of Equalization..... 1,230,168 00
Grand total value of all property..... 13,071,332 00
Total value of mortgages, trust deeds, and other debt obligations assessed..... 1,713,352 00
Rate of taxation on each \$100:
State..... Inside, .382; outside, .382
County..... Inside, .948; outside, 1.348
Total..... Inside, 1.33; outside, 1.73

Indebtedness.

Funded Debt. Name by which Bonds are Known.	Date of Act under which Bonds were Issued.	Amount of Bonds Issued.	Year of Issue.	Amount of Bonds Outstanding.	Year of Maturity.	Rate of Interest.	Interest—When Payable.
County bonds.....	Mar. 3, 1881	\$20,000 00	1882	\$4,000 00	1902	5%	Feb. & Aug.
County bonds.....	Mar. 14, 1883	52,000 00	1885	33,000 00	1905	6%	Jan. & July
County bonds.....	Mar. 31, 1891	20,000 00	1891	20,000 00	1911	5%	Mar. & Sept.

Total amount of bonds outstanding..... \$57,000 00
Cash in the County Treasury applicable to payment of indebtedness..... 7,458 31

Description and Value of Public Buildings.

County Court House, grounds, and Hall of Records..... \$89,100 00
Hospital and grounds, and Water Works..... 38,000 00
Lots in City of San Luis Obispo..... 5,000 00
Total..... \$132,100 00

SAN MATEO COUNTY.

Number of Acres of Land, Values of the Several Classes of Property, and Rate of Taxation, for the year 1902.

Number of acres of land	281,161
Value of real estate other than city and town lots	\$6,900,170 00
Value of improvements thereon	2,525,480 00
Value of city and town lots	1,640,175 00
Value of improvements thereon	948,445 00
Value of improvements on real estate assessed to others than the owners of such real estate	110,300 00
Total value of real estate	8,540,345 00
Total value of improvements on real estate	3,584,225 00
Value of personal property	2,043,095 00
Amount of money and solvent credits	309,300 00
Total amount of preceding items	14,476,965 00
Value of railroads assessed by State Board of Equalization	458,307 00
Grand total value of all property	14,935,272 00
Total value of mortgages, trust deeds, and other debt obligations assessed	1,316,760 00
Rate of taxation on each \$100:	
State	Inside, .382; outside, .382
County	Inside, .823; outside, 1.388
Total	Inside, 1.205; outside, 1.77

Indebtedness.

Funded Debt. Name by which Bonds are Known.	Date of Act under which Bonds were Issued.	Amount of Bonds Issued.	Year of Issue.	Amount of Bonds Outstanding.	Year of Maturity.	Rate of Interest.	Interest—When Payable.
Road bonds — re-funded	Co. Gov. Act	\$48,000 00	1898	\$48,000 00	1908	4½%	October 3d, annually
Total amount of bonds outstanding							\$48,000 00
Cash in the County Treasury applicable to payment of indebtedness							2,160 00

Description and Value of Public Buildings.

Court House, and land	\$26,800 00
Jail	8,000 00
County Farm and Hospital (139.07 acres)	16,000 00
Total	\$50,800 00

SANTA BARBARA COUNTY.

Number of Acres of Land, Values of the Several Classes of Property, and Rate of Taxation, for the year 1902.

Number of acres of land	1,119,042
Value of real estate other than city and town lots	\$6,413,682 00
Value of improvements thereon	991,965 00
Value of city and town lots	2,679,965 00
Value of improvements thereon	1,720,978 00
Value of improvements on real estate assessed to others than the owners of such real estate	2,090 00
Total value of real estate	9,093,647 00
Total value of improvements on real estate	2,715,033 00
Value of personal property	1,591,720 00
Amount of money and solvent credits	97,730 00
Total amount of preceding items	13,498,130 00
Value of railroads assessed by State Board of Equalization	1,779,484 00
Grand total value of all property	15,277,614 00
Total value of mortgages, trust deeds, and other debt obligations assessed	2,156,529 00
Rate of taxation on each \$100:	
State	Inside, .382; outside, .382
County	Inside, 1.068; outside, 1.468
Total	Inside, 1.45; outside, 1.85

Description and Value of Public Buildings.

Part of blocks 106 and 123, City of Santa Barbara; Hospital, farm, and improvements, Court House, Jail, Hall of Records, vaults, furniture, and fixtures; value	\$140,000 00
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SANTA CLARA COUNTY.

*Number of Acres of Land, Values of the Several Classes of Property, and Rate of Taxation,
for the year 1902.*

Number of acres of land	716,241.71
Value of real estate other than city and town lots	\$21,066,220 00
Value of improvements thereon	7,253,595 00
Value of city and town lots	10,924,980 00
Value of improvements thereon	6,626,240 00
Total value of real estate	31,991,200 00
Total value of improvements on real estate	13,879,835 00
Value of personal property	4,315,865 00
Amount of money and solvent credits	408,190 00
Total amount of preceding items	50,595,090 00
Value of railroads assessed by State Board of Equalization	1,574,692 00
Grand total value of all property	52,169,782 00
Total value of mortgages, trust deeds, and other debt obligations assessed	8,150,645 00
Rate of taxation on each \$100:	
State	Inside, .382; outside, .382
County	Inside, .658; outside, 1.058
Total	Inside, 1.04; outside, 1.44

Indebtedness.

Funded Debt. Name by which Bonds are Known.	Date of Act under which Bonds were Issued.	Amount of Bonds Issued.	Year of Issue.	Amount of Bonds Out- standing.	Year of Ma- turity.	Rate of Interst.	Interest— When Payable.
Bonds of 1885, W. P. R. R.	Mar. 14, 1883	\$45,000 00	1885	\$23,000 00	1905	4%	Apr. 23d & Oct. 23d.
Bonds of 1890	Mar. 14, 1883	45,000 00	1890	19,000 00	1910	4½%	Jan. 1st & July 1st.

Total amount of bonds outstanding \$42,000 00

Description and Value of Public Buildings.

Court House and Jail	\$400,000 00
Hall of Records	285,000 00
Infirmary and forty-five acres	60,000 00
Almshouse and two hundred and ten acres	51,000 00
Jail at Santa Clara	3,000 00
Quarry, jail, and ten acres	2,000 00
Jail at Palo Alto	250 00
Jail and lot at Saratoga	300 00
Two lots in New Mountain View	300 00
One lot in Old Mountain View	50 00
Land, engines, pumps, tanks, and pipe lines for sprinkling	120,000 00
Total	\$921,900 00

SANTA CRUZ COUNTY.

*Number of Acres of Land, Values of the Several Classes of Property, and Rate of Taxation,
for the year 1902.*

Number of acres of land	265,044.48
Value of real estate other than city and town lots	\$4,238,865 00
Value of improvements thereon	1,388,065 00
Value of city and town lots	2,276,585 00
Value of improvements thereon	1,543,130 00
Total value of real estate	6,515,450 00
Total value of improvements on real estate	2,931,195 00
Value of personal property	1,308,775 00
Amount of money and solvent credits	84,030 00
Total amount of preceding items	10,839,450 00
Value of railroads assessed by State Board of Equalization	703,241 00
Grand total value of all property	11,542,691 00
Total value of mortgages, trust deeds, and other debt obligations assessed	1,377,885 00
Rate of taxation on each \$100:	
State	Inside, .382; outside, .382
County	Inside, 1.118; outside, 1.568
Total	Inside, 1.50; outside, 1.95

Indebtedness.

Funded Debt. Name by which Bonds are Known.	Date of Act under which Bonds were Issued.	Amount of Bonds Issued.	Year of Issue.	Amount of Bonds Out- standing.	Year of Ma- turity.	Rate of Inter- est.	Interest— When Payable.
Bonds of 1885	Mar. 14, 1883	\$190,000 00	1885	\$50,000 00	1905	4½%	June & Dec.

Total amount of bonds outstanding..... \$50,000 00
 Cash in the County Treasury applicable to payment of indebtedness..... 809 21

Description and Value of Public Buildings.

Court House and grounds.....	\$85,000 00
Hall of Records	10,000 00
Old County Jail	2,000 00
New County Jail	25,000 00
County Hospital and lot	10,000 00
Total	\$132,000 00

SHASTA COUNTY.*Number of Acres of Land, Values of the Several Classes of Property, and Rate of Taxation,
for the year 1902.*

Number of acres of land	1,182,943
Value of real estate other than city and town lots	\$4,161,386 00
Value of improvements thereon	1,132,558 00
Value of city and town lots	580,965 00
Value of improvements thereon	852,416 00
Total value of real estate	4,742,351 00
Total value of improvements on real estate	1,984,974 00
Value of personal property	1,988,256 00
Amount of money and solvent credits	101,317 00
Total amount of preceding items	8,816,898 00
Value of railroads assessed by State Board of Equalization	1,661,616 00
Grand total value of all property	10,478,514 00
Total value of mortgages, trust deeds, and other debt obligations assessed	533,549 00
Rate of taxation on each \$100:	
State	Inside, .382; outside, .382
County	Inside, 1.018; outside, 1.368
Total	Inside, 1.40; outside, 1.75

Indebtedness.

Funded Debt. Name by which Bonds are Known.	Date of Act under which Bonds were Issued.	Amount of Bonds Issued.	Year of Issue.	Amount of Bonds Out- standing.	Year of Ma- turity.	Rate of Inter- est.	Interest— When Payable.
Bonds of 1889	1888	\$60,000 00	1889	\$43,000 00	1909	5%	{ Feb. 15th, & Aug. 15th

Total amount of bonds outstanding..... \$43,000 00

Description and Value of Public Buildings.

Court House and grounds.....	\$40,000 00
Jail	20,000 00
Hospital and grounds	12,000 00
Total	\$72,000 00

SIERRA COUNTY.

Number of Acres of Land, Values of the Several Classes of Property, and Rate of Taxation, for the year 1902.

Number of acres of land.....	321,354.91
Value of real estate other than city and town lots.....	\$1,038,470 00
Value of improvements thereon.....	183,785 00
Value of city and town lots.....	31,750 00
Value of improvements thereon.....	160,865 00
Total value of real estate.....	1,070,220 00
Total value of improvements on real estate.....	344,650 00
Value of personal property.....	188,080 00
Amount of money and solvent credits.....	3,670 00
Total amount of preceding items.....	1,606,620 00
Value of railroads assessed by State Board of Equalization.....	130,042 00
Grand total value of all property.....	1,736,662 00
Total value of mortgages, trust deeds, and other debt obligations assessed.....	85,445 00
Rate of taxation on each \$100:	
State.....	Inside, .382; outside, .382
County.....	Inside, 1.928; outside, 2.368
Total.....	Inside, 2.31; outside, 2.75

Indebtedness.

Funded Debt. Name by which Bonds are Known.	Date of Act Under which Bonds were Issued.	Amount of Bonds Issued.	Year of Issue.	Amount of Bonds Outstanding.	Year of Maturity.	Rate of Interest.	Interest—When Payable.
Funded Debt bonds	Mar. 14, 1883	\$28,600 00	1883	\$2,900 00	1903	7%	May & Nov.
Total amount of bonds outstanding.....							\$2,900 00

Description and Value of Public Buildings.

Court House.....	\$7,500 00
County Hospital.....	3,000 00
Office building, and vault.....	2,000 00
Total.....	\$12,500 00

SISKIYOU COUNTY.

Number of Acres of Land, Values of the Several Classes of Property, and Rate of Taxation, for the year 1902.

Number of acres of land.....	1,505,637
Value of real estate other than city and town lots.....	\$4,542,276 00
Value of improvements thereon.....	935,345 00
Value of city and town lots.....	253,027 00
Value of improvements thereon.....	626,420 00
Total value of real estate.....	4,795,303 00
Total value of improvements on real estate.....	1,561,765 00
Value of personal property.....	1,291,345 00
Amount of money and solvent credits.....	217,440 00
Total amount of preceding items.....	7,865,853 00
Value of railroads assessed by State Board of Equalization.....	1,683,885 00
Grand total value of all property.....	9,549,738 00
Total value of mortgages, trust deeds, and other debt obligations assessed.....	849,886 00
Rate of taxation on each \$100:	
State.....	Inside, .382; outside, .382
County.....	Inside, .968; outside, 1.218
Total.....	Inside, 1.35; outside, 1.60

Indebtedness.

Funded Debt. Name by which Bonds are Known.	Date of Act under which Bonds were Issued.	Amount of Bonds Issued.	Year of Issue.	Amount of Bonds Outstanding.	Year of Maturity.	Rate of Interest.	Interest—When Payable.
Bond fund of 1883..	Mar. 14, 1883	\$69,800 00	1884	\$23,200 00	1904	6%	Semi-annually
Bond fund of 1890..	Mar. 14, 1883	30,000 00	1890	12,000 00	1910	6%	Semi-annually

Total amount of bonds outstanding.....	\$35,200 00
Cash in the County Treasury applicable to payment of indebtedness.....	2,593 19

Description and Value of Public Buildings.

Court House and grounds.....	\$30,000 00
County Jail.....	15,000 00
County Hospital.....	10,000 00
Total.....	\$55,000 00

SOLANO COUNTY.*Number of Acres of Land, Values of the Several Classes of Property, and Rate of Taxation, for the year 1902.*

Number of acres of land.....	512,770
Value of real estate other than city and town lots.....	\$9,804,429 00
Value of improvements thereon.....	1,571,073 00
Value of city and town lots.....	1,115,553 00
Value of improvements thereon.....	2,329,213 00
Value of improvements on real estate assessed to others than the owners of such real estate.....	14,810 00
Total value of real estate.....	10,919,982 00
Total value of improvements on real estate.....	3,915,096 00
Value of personal property.....	1,923,852 00
Amount of money and solvent credits.....	110,841 00
Total amount of preceding items.....	16,869,771 00
Value of railroads assessed by State Board of Equalization.....	1,108,583 00
Grand total value of all property.....	17,978,354 00
Total value of mortgages, trust deeds, and other debt obligations assessed.....	2,817,906 00
Rate of taxation on each \$100:	
State.....	Inside, .382; outside, .382
County.....	Inside, .618; outside, 1.018
Total.....	Inside, 1.00; outside, 1.40

Description and Value of Public Buildings.

Court House and grounds.....	\$40,000 00
Hospital and grounds.....	10,000 00
Jails.....	10,000 00
Total.....	\$60,000 00

SONOMA COUNTY.*Number of Acres of Land, Values of the Several Classes of Property, and Rate of Taxation, for the year 1902.*

Number of acres of land.....	874,510.80
Value of real estate other than city and town lots.....	\$12,448,733 00
Value of improvements thereon.....	3,379,790 00
Value of city and town lots.....	2,789,725 00
Value of improvements thereon.....	2,504,515 00
Total value of real estate.....	15,238,458 00
Total value of improvements on real estate.....	5,884,305 00
Value of personal property.....	2,845,535 00
Amount of money and solvent credits.....	299,490 00
Total amount of preceding items.....	24,267,788 00
Value of railroads assessed by State Board of Equalization.....	1,996,416 00
Grand total value of all property.....	26,264,204 00
Total value of mortgages, trust deeds, and other debt obligations assessed.....	3,561,345 00
Rate of taxation on each \$100:	
State.....	Inside, .382; outside, .382
County.....	Inside, .858; outside, 1.218
Total.....	Inside, 1.24; outside, 1.60

Indebtedness.

Funded Debt. Name by which Bonds are Known.	Date of Act under which Bonds were Issued.	Amount of Bonds Issued.	Year of Issue.	Amount of Bonds Outstanding.	Year of Maturity.	Rate of Interest.	Interest—When Payable.
Railroad bonds	April 24, 1886	\$300,000 00	1886	\$107,000 00	1906	4 $\frac{1}{2}$ %	Semi-annu'ly

Total amount of bonds outstanding..... \$107,000 00

Description and Value of Public Buildings.

Court House	\$250,000 00
Jail and lot	40,000 00
County Hospital, etc.	31,000 00
Hall of Records, etc.	36,000 00
Furniture, etc.	20,000 00
Total	\$377,000 00

STANISLAUS COUNTY.

Number of Acres of Land, Values of the Several Classes of Property, and Rate of Taxation, for the year 1902.

Number of acres of land	898,444
Value of real estate other than city and town lots	\$7,119,940 00
Value of improvements thereon	707,120 00
Value of city and town lots	472,645 00
Value of improvements thereon	715,135 00
Value of improvements on real estate assessed to others than the owners of such real estate	6,000 00
Total value of real estate	7,592,585 00
Total value of improvements on real estate	1,428,255 00
Value of personal property	1,669,130 00
Amount of money and solvent credits	117,595 00
Total amount of preceding items	10,807,565 00
Value of railroads assessed by State Board of Equalization	1,596,273 00
Grand total value of all property	12,403,838 00
Total value of mortgages, trust deeds, and other debt obligations assessed	2,321,870 00
Rate of taxation on each \$100:	
State	Inside, .382; outside, .382
County	Inside, .898; outside, 1.218
Total	Inside, 1.28; outside, 1.60

Indebtedness.

Floating debt, principal..... \$5,000 00

Description and Value of Public Buildings.

Court House, \$75,000, and block, \$15,000	\$90,000 00
Wood house lot	1,000 00
Hospital building, \$14,500, and grounds, \$2,000	16,500 00
Branch Jails	1,200 00
Total	\$108,700 00

SUTTER COUNTY.

*Number of Acres of Land, Values of the Several Classes of Property, and Rate of Taxation,
for the year 1902.*

Number of acres of land	374.513
Value of real estate other than city and town lots	\$4,193,140 00
Value of improvements thereon	670,200 00
Value of city and town lots	78,705 00
Value of improvements thereon	165,220 00
Total value of real estate	4,271,845 00
Total value of improvements on real estate	835,420 00
Value of personal property	722,015 00
Amount of money and solvent credits	36,880 00
Total amount of preceding items	5,866,160 00
Value of railroads assessed by State Board of Equalization	601,889 00
Grand total value of all property	6,468,049 00
Total value of mortgages, trust deeds, and other debt obligations assessed	1,065,548 00
Rate of taxation on each \$100:	
State .....	.382
County	1.418
Total	1.80

Indebtedness.

Funded Debt. Name by which Bonds are Known.	Date of Act under which Bonds were Issued.	Amount of Bonds Issued.	Year of Issue.	Amount of Bonds Out- standing.	Year of Ma- turity.	Rate of Interest.	Interest— When Payable.
Road bonds	Mar. 14, 1883	\$11,000 00	1883	\$11,000 00	1903	6%	Jan. and July

Total amount of bonds outstanding

\$11,000 00

Description and Value of Public Buildings.

Court House and Jail	\$21,000 00
Hall of Records	20,000 00
Hospital	1,000 00
Total	\$42,000 00

TEHAMA COUNTY. .

*Number of Acres of Land, Values of the Several Classes of Property, and Rate of Taxation,
for the year 1902.*

Number of acres of land	1,527,265
Value of real estate other than city and town lots	\$5,848,895 00
Value of improvements thereon	856,235 00
Value of city and town lots	540,340 00
Value of improvements thereon	859,315 00
Total value of real estate	6,389,235 00
Total value of improvements on real estate	1,715,550 00
Value of personal property	1,932,990 00
Amount of money and solvent credits	123,440 00
Total amount of preceding items	10,161,215 00
Value of railroads assessed by State Board of Equalization	1,082,752 00
Grand total value of all property	11,243,967 00
Total value of mortgages, trust deeds, and other debt obligations assessed, including University mortgages, etc.	1,361,270 00
Assessed value of mortgages held by University of California, Deaf, Dumb, and Blind Asylum, and other State institutions	15,000 00
Rate of taxation on each \$100:	
State	Inside, .382; outside, .382
County	Inside, .818; outside, 1.118
Total	Inside, 1.20; outside, 1.50

REPORT OF THE STATE CONTROLLER.

Indebtedness.

Funded Debt. Name by which Bonds are Known.	Date of Act under which Bonds were Issued.	Amount of Bonds Issued.	Year of Issue.	Amount of Bonds Outstanding.	Year of Maturity.	Rate of Interest.	Interest—When Payable.
Funded Debt of 1896	Mar. 14, 1887	\$25,500 00	1896	\$13,000 00	1916	4%	--- Annually
Funded Debt of 1896	Mar. 14, 1887	30,000 00	1896	20,000 00	1916	4%	--- Annually

Total amount of bonds outstanding \$33,000 00
 Cash in the County Treasury applicable to payment of indebtedness. 370 67

Description and Value of Public Buildings.

Court House, Hall of Records, Jail, grounds, and appurtenances \$60,000 00
 County Hospital and grounds 15,000 00
 Total \$75,000 00

TRINITY COUNTY.

Number of Acres of Land, Values of the Several Classes of Property, and Rate of Taxation, for the year 1902.

Number of acres of land 463,979
 Value of real estate other than city and town lots \$717,745 00
 Value of improvements thereon 345,185 00
 Value of city and town lots 30,126 00
 Value of improvements thereon 93,379 00
 Total value of real estate 747,871 00
 Total value of improvements on real estate 438,564 00
 Value of personal property 290,764 00
 Amount of money and solvent credits 24,921 00
 Total amount of preceding items 1,502,120 00
 Grand total value of all property 1,502,120 00
 Total value of mortgages, trust deeds, and other debt obligations assessed 81,168 00
 Rate of taxation on each \$100:
 State382
 County 2.518
 Total 2.90

Indebtedness.

Funded Debt. Name by which Bonds are Known.	Date of Act Under which Bonds were Issued.	Amount of Bonds Issued.	Year of Issue.	Amount of Bonds Outstanding	Year of Maturity.	Rate of Interest.	Interest—When Payable.
Trinity Co. bonds...	Mar. 14, 1883	\$47,500 00	1889	\$17,500 00	1908	5%	Feb. and Aug.
Total amount of bonds outstanding							\$17,500 00
Floating debt, principal							73 00
Total debt							\$17,573 00
Cash in the County Treasury applicable to payment of indebtedness							351 35

Description and Value of Public Buildings.

Court House and lot \$10,000 00
 County Hospital 5,000 00
 Town lots 1,000 00
 Total \$16,000 00

TULARE COUNTY.

*Number of Acres of Land, Values of the Several Classes of Property, and Rate of Taxation,
for the year 1902.*

Number of acres of land	1,374,244
Value of real estate other than city and town lots	\$8,796,599 00
Value of improvements thereon	1,382,724 00
Value of city and town lots	696,844 00
Value of improvements thereon	1,058,610 00
Total value of real estate	9,493,443 00
Total value of improvements on real estate	2,441,334 00
Value of personal property	1,999,730 00
Amount of money and solvent credits	127,486 00
Total amount of preceding items	14,061,993 00
Value of railroads assessed by State Board of Equalization	2,444,553 00
Grand total value of all property	16,506,546 00
Total value of mortgages, trust deeds, and other debt obligations assessed	2,003,624 00
Rate of taxation on each \$100:	
State	Inside, .382; outside, .382
County	Inside, .768; outside, 1.118
Total	Inside, 1.15 ; outside, 1.50

Description and Value of Public Buildings.

Court House building and block	\$100,000 00
County Hospital	18,500 00
County Farm (44% acres)	2,000 00
County Jail and grounds	24,000 00
Seven Branch Jails	1,050 00
Total	\$145,550 00

TUOLUMNE COUNTY.

*Number of Acres of Land, Values of the Several Classes of Property, and Rate of Taxation,
for the year 1902.*

Number of acres of land	337,983.67
Value of real estate other than city and town lots	\$3,353,860 00
Value of improvements thereon	1,597,470 00
Value of city and town lots	233,070 00
Value of improvements thereon	484,245 00
Value of improvements on real estate assessed to others than the owners of such real estate	15,400 00
Total value of real estate	3,586,930 00
Total value of improvements on real estate	2,097,115 00
Value of personal property	799,410 00
Amount of money and solvent credits	21,200 00
Total amount of preceding items	6,504,655 00
Value of railroads assessed by State Board of Equalization	184,000 00
Grand total value of all property	6,688,655 00
Total value of mortgages, trust deeds, and other debt obligations assessed	861,325 00
Rate of taxation on each \$100:	
State	Inside, .382; outside, .382
County	Inside, .718; outside, 1.218
Total	Inside, 1.10 ; outside, 1.60

Description and Value of Public Buildings.

Court House, \$100,000; Jail, \$10,000; Branch Jails, \$1,500	\$111,500 00
County Hospital (females)	1,800 00
County Hospital	12,000 00
Total	\$125,300 00

VENTURA COUNTY.

*Number of Acres of Land, Values of the Several Classes of Property, and Rate of Taxation,
for the year 1902.*

Number of acres of land	670,355
Value of real estate other than city and town lots	\$4,846,493 00
Value of improvements thereon	827,075 00
Value of city and town lots	604,988 00
Value of improvements thereon	532,945 00
Value of improvements on real estate assessed to others than the owners of such real estate	178,425 00
Total value of real estate	5,451,481 00
Total value of improvements on real estate	1,538,445 00
Value of personal property	1,492,140 00
Amount of money and solvent credits	90,369 00
Total amount of preceding items	8,572,435 00
Value of railroads assessed by State Board of Equalization	826,061 00
Grand total value of all property	9,398,496 00
Total value of mortgages, trust deeds, and other debt obligations assessed	1,135,326 00
Rate of taxation on each \$100:	
State	Inside, .382; outside, .382
County	Inside, 1.118; outside, 1.518
Total	Inside, 1.50; outside, 1.90

Indebtedness.

Funded Debt. Name by which Bonds are Known.	Date of Act under which Bonds were Issued.	Amount of Bonds Issued.	Year of Issue.	Amount of Bonds Out- standing.	Year of Ma- turity.	Rate of Interst.	Interest— When Payable.
Re-issue of Ventura County Bonds, March 22, 1872	Aug. 9, 1882	\$20,000 00	1882	\$2,000 00	1903	5%	Jan. 1, July 1

Total amount of bonds outstanding	\$2,000 00
Cash in the County Treasury applicable to payment of indebtedness	1,035 52

Description and Value of Public Buildings.

Court House and lot	\$60,000 00
Jail	20,000 00
County Hospital and lot	12,000 00
Total	\$92,000 00

YOLO COUNTY.

*Number of Acres of Land, Values of the Several Classes of Property, and Rate of Taxation,
for the year 1902.*

Number of acres of land	596,459
Value of real estate other than city and town lots	\$10,080,970 00
Value of improvements thereon	1,043,049 00
Value of city and town lots	778,701 00
Value of improvements thereon	1,256,161 00
Value of improvements on real estate assessed to others than the owners of such real estate	13,150 00
Total value of real estate	10,859,671 00
Total value of improvements on real estate	2,312,360 00
Value of personal property	1,416,970 00
Amount of money and solvent credits	215,240 00
Total amount of preceding items	14,804,241 00
Value of railroads assessed by State Board of Equalization	1,323,637 00
Grand total value of all property	16,127,878 00
Total value of mortgages, trust deeds, and other debt obligations assessed	1,983,546 00
Rate of taxation on each \$100:	
State	Inside, .382; outside, .382
County	Inside, .568; outside, .918
Total	Inside, .95; outside, 1.30

<i>Description and Value of Public Buildings.</i>	
Court House	\$30,000 00
Hall of Records	20,000 00
County Hospital	10,000 00
Total	\$60,000 00

YUBA COUNTY.

*Number of Acres of Land, Values of the Several Classes of Property, and Rate of Taxation,
for the year 1902.*

Number of acres of land	357,265
Value of real estate other than city and town lots	\$2,283,675 00
Value of improvements thereon	430,875 00
Value of city and town lots	415,235 00
Value of improvements thereon	870,520 00
Total value of real estate	2,698,910 00
Total value of improvements on real estate	1,301,395 00
Value of personal property	995,705 00
Amount of money and solvent credits	118,095 00
Total amount of preceding items	5,114,105 00
Value of railroads assessed by State Board of Equalization	508,320 00
Grand total value of all property	5,622,425 00
Total value of mortgages, trust deeds, and other debt obligations assessed	615,220 00
Rate of taxation on each \$100:	
State	Inside, .382; outside, .382
County	Inside, 1.268; outside, 1.618
Total	Inside, 1.65; outside, 2.00

<i>Description and Value of Public Buildings.</i>	
Court House	\$20,000 00
Hall of Records and furniture	30,000 00
Jail	6,000 00
Hospital	25,000 00
Total	\$81,000 00

BIENNIAL REPORT
OF THE
ATTORNEY-GENERAL
OF THE
STATE OF CALIFORNIA,
1900-1902.



SACRAMENTO:
A. J. JOHNSTON, : : : : : SUPERINTENDENT STATE PRINTING.
1902.

TIREY L. FORD, - - ATTORNEY-GENERAL.

C. N. POST, - - - - Assistant Attorney-General.

GEORGE A. STURTEVANT, - - - Deputy Attorney-General.

WILLIAM M. ABBOTT, - - - Deputy Attorney-General.

A. A. MOORE, JR., - - - Deputy Attorney-General.

GEORGE FRANCIS, - - - Phonographic Reporter.

RANSOM CAREY VAN FLEET, - - - Clerk.

KATE V. HANNON, - - - Clerk.

SACRAMENTO OFFICE:

State Capitol.

SAN FRANCISCO OFFICE:

Room 1205 Claus Spreckels Building.

REPORT OF THE ATTORNEY-GENERAL.

STATE OF CALIFORNIA, OFFICE OF ATTORNEY-GENERAL,
SACRAMENTO, September 13, 1902.

To His Excellency HENRY T. GAGE, *Governor of California:*

SIR: Pursuant to the requirements of Section 470 of the Political Code, I herewith transmit my official report, covering the work of this office for the two years ending September 1, 1902.

A comparison of this report with my last biennial report will show that there is a constant increase in the volume of business annually coming before the office, and that such increase is, naturally, in direct proportion to the growth of the State industrially and in population.

While each department has grown apace, the development is more marked in that branch devoted to civil litigation, and, much of the time, the work of that department has taxed the energies of the entire office force.

The following reference is made to a few of the more important matters of this nature which have demanded attention:

RAILROAD COMMISSIONERS *vs.* SOUTHERN PACIFIC COMPANY.

This was one of the most important cases that has arisen in our State courts since the adoption of the present Constitution in 1879. Under the provision of our State Constitution, which (except under certain prescribed conditions) prohibits the raising of railroad rates when once lowered for purposes of competition, complaint was made to the State Board of Railroad Commissioners that the Southern Pacific Company, after lowering rates for the purpose of competing with the San Francisco & San Joaquin Valley Railway Company, had thereafter raised such rates without first obtaining the consent of the Railroad Commission, as required by law.

The validity of the constitutional provision in question, as tested by the limitations of the Federal Constitution; the power of the Railroad Commissioners to "hear and determine" complaints against railroad and other transportation companies; the legal force and effect of the decisions and orders of the Railroad Commission; in short, the power of the people, through their legally constituted authorities, to deal with the great problem of transportation, was here put to a supreme and final test.

The trial court upheld the Constitution in the particulars referred to, and sustained the Railroad Commission in the exercise of the power thus conferred upon that body. An appeal was taken by the Railroad Company to the Supreme Court, and there the judgment of the lower court was reversed, the appellate court holding that the hearing by the Commission was an *examination*, and not a *judgment* or *determination* not subject to review by the courts, and the cause was therefore remanded for trial *de novo* upon the facts. The case has been tried and is now under submission with the Superior Court.

YOLO COUNTY vs. COLGAN.

This was a test case brought to recover from the State certain commissions claimed to be due for the collection of State taxes by the several counties, and involved, ultimately, about a million and a half dollars. The lower court gave judgment for the State; the plaintiff appealed, and, after the filing of most exhaustive briefs by both parties, the judgment of the lower court was affirmed. Immediately thereafter some twenty-five cases, theretofore commenced in the Superior Courts of the various counties, which were pending the result of this appeal and which presented claims against the State aggregating some \$300,000, were dismissed by stipulation of the parties.

ESTATE OF MAHONY.

This was an appeal to the Supreme Court of the State, from an order directing the payment of collateral inheritance tax by certain nephews and nieces, heirs of the deceased. The appellate court held unconstitutional the so-called "non-resident nephew and niece" clause of the Collateral Inheritance Tax Law, and brought all nephews and nieces, wherever domiciled, within the law of the State and subject to the tax, thus saving to the State School Fund thousands of dollars. The question was a novel one, raising points new to the jurisprudence of this State, and the court, in rendering its decision, followed closely the line of argument presented in the briefs of this office.

ESTATE OF MINER.

This is a proceeding commenced in the Superior Court by petition of certain alleged heirs of the deceased, to recover from the State Treasury some \$3,000, escheated to the State in 1879. There appears to have been a degree of laxity shown by my predecessors toward similar matters, and petitions of this sort seem to have been allowed to be granted as a matter of course. In order to determine the title of the State to these moneys, an appeal was taken by me from the order granting the petition in this case, and the matter is now under submission with the Supreme Court. The hearing of a number of other petitions of a like nature has been continued, pending the result of this appeal. The aggregate amount in the State Treasury, involved, is over \$80,000.

OIL RATE CASES.

Several actions were commenced in the State and Federal courts, to enjoin the Board of Railroad Commissioners from enforcing the rates fixed by the Board for the transportation of oil. After the filing of carefully prepared and voluminous pleadings by this office on behalf of the defendant Board, that body compromised the suits by abandoning the rates in controversy and establishing new rates, which were accepted by the plaintiff corporations.

STATE *vs.* CALIFORNIA & NEVADA RAILROAD COMPANY.

Commencing with 1896, and up to and including 1901, suits had been annually commenced against the corporation named, to recover delinquent taxes, penalties and costs for the fiscal year. Simultaneously with the commencement of the respective actions, petitions were filed by the State in the United States Circuit Court, in an action there pending wherein a receiver had been appointed for the corporation. Said petitions asked that receiver's certificates be issued for the amounts claimed. Early in 1901 I caused positive steps to be taken, looking to an immediate enforcement of the State's claims, and soon thereafter receiver's certificates were issued in full for over \$7,000, such certificates bearing interest at the rate of eight per cent per annum.

STATE *vs.* SIERRA VALLEYS RAILWAY COMPANY.

A series of actions had been commenced against this company to recover delinquent taxes and penalties for several years, and judgments were had therein in favor of the State. The defendant evinced no disposition to pay the judgments, and I caused executions to be issued and the rolling stock of the company then in operation to be seized by the Sheriff. The company thereupon came forward and paid the judgments, amounting to some \$4,600.

PEOPLE *vs.* WELLS, FARGO & Co.

This action was instituted by my predecessor in the Superior Court of this State, but was removed by defendant to the United States Circuit Court, where it was pending when I assumed office. I had it remanded to the State court, where I obtained judgment against the express company; whereupon an appeal was taken to the Supreme Court of the State. Meantime the Supreme Court of the United States rendered its decision in a precisely similar case from the State of Michigan, deciding in favor of the express company there a party, and the Supreme Court of this State, acting upon the law as there laid down, reversed the judgment of the lower court in the case here. Both cases involved the right of the express company to decline to forward express packages without the prepayment by the shipper of the revenue tax of one cent for each package forwarded, or rather, for the receipt therefor.

STATE vs. SONOMA COUNTY.

This is an action brought by the State to recover some \$6,000, the defendant county's proportion of the cost of maintenance of certain inmates of the California Home for the Care and Training of Feeble-Minded Children committed from said county. Judgment was rendered in the Superior Court in favor of the defendant; the State appealed, and the case is now under submission with the Supreme Court. Suits against seven other counties, involving some \$11,000 additional, are pending the result of this appeal.

The statutes concerning the State institution named show that it was the legislative intention that the claims of the State contended for should be charges against the several counties, but these statutes are so loosely drawn that there is grave doubt as to the result of the litigation above reported.

STATE vs. RENO MILL AND LUMBER COMPANY.

The defendant allowed the taxes upon its lands to become delinquent and its lands to be sold to the State, but continued cutting timber therefrom. An action was commenced to recover the value of the timber so cut, and to restrain the further cutting thereof. The defendant thereupon paid the delinquent taxes, penalties, and costs, amounting to over \$3,000, and redeemed its lands from the tax sale.

BOND INVESTMENT COMPANIES.

In December, 1900, a joint communication was received by me from the Commissioners of Building and Loan Associations and the Insurance Commissioner, requesting that I commence actions to restrain the following companies from the further transaction of business in this State, viz.: Pacific Mutual Debenture Company, Debenture Investment Company of San Francisco, National Mutual Maturity Company, Western Mutual Investment Company, and the American Guarantee and Trust Company, all with offices in San Francisco. The companies named were engaged in the sale of so-called "investment bonds," in one form or another, and concerns of a similar nature had been declared by the Supreme Court of Ohio and by the Attorney-General of the United States to be conducting an unlawful business. I at once took the matter up with each of the companies, and after rather extensive correspondence and negotiation, they all agreed to cease doing business in California and to liquidate their outstanding bonds. With the exception of the Pacific Mutual Debenture Company, so far as I have been able to determine, the companies entering into the agreement have lived up to its terms. I commenced suit against the Pacific Mutual Debenture Company and secured a permanent injunction restraining the further

collection of installments, and directing them to wind up the business of their so-called "Series A and B" contracts. I subsequently commenced an action to dissolve the corporation and to recover a fine of \$5,000 for the violation of its franchise, which action is now pending.

"COYOTE SCALP" CASES.

On March 23, 1901, an Act was approved authorizing suits against the State on claims or demands arising under an Act of the Legislature approved March 31, 1891, entitled "An Act fixing a bounty on coyote scalps."

Section 2 of the Act provides that service of summons in such suits shall be made upon the Attorney-General, whose duty it shall be to defend all such suits. Under this authority, summonses in forty-eight different actions have been served upon this office, involving about \$200,000. I have appeared and answered on behalf of the State in forty-seven of these, the appearance in the one last served not yet being due. Thirty-three of these cases have been tried and submitted, and in twelve of them judgments have been rendered against the State for the amount of \$35,660. In twenty of the cases tried and submitted judgments have not been rendered.

In the case of John J. Bauer vs. State, for \$11,770, judgment was rendered for the State, the plaintiff being unable to show ownership of the claims sued upon. From this judgment the plaintiff is about to prosecute an appeal.

There yet remain fifteen cases to be disposed of, in which summonses have been served upon this office.

The work attendant upon the trial of these cases has been enormous, and has taken the entire time and attention of a Deputy Attorney-General for almost a year. In one action alone, covering some ten thousand scalps, there are 2,300 distinct counts or causes of action. The trial of those actions which were either brought or transferred to the Superior Court of Sacramento County, of themselves consumed about six weeks' continuous attendance in court.

In the trial of these matters thus far, I have insisted upon the production of the original affidavits filed by the claimants with the Board of Supervisors, together with the order of the Board and the certificate issued by the Board thereon, and also proof of the plaintiff's ownership of the claim.

From an examination of the complaints it was discovered that in many instances precisely the same claims were sued upon in two or more different actions, each plaintiff basing his cause of action upon an alleged assignment of the claim. It therefore became necessary to pre-

pare a statement showing the name of every claimant and the data with relation to his claim. This entailed the writing and classification of some 7,500 index-cards, upon the completion of which it was found that about ten per cent of the claims were sued upon more than once, owing, in most cases, to several different assignments by the claimant. In the trial of the cases, these duplicate causes of action were either eliminated entirely, or settled as between the different plaintiffs, so that judgment against the State might be recovered by but one of them.

The expense attendant upon the defense of these actions has crippled, and threatens to continue to materially cripple, the funds of this office. A legislative appropriation made for the defense of these suits failed to meet with Executive approval.

MODOC LYNCHING CASES.

I embody in this communication a copy of a letter transmitted to your Excellency under date of March 15, 1902, which, although at some length, sets forth as concisely as possible a history of the so-called "Modoc Lynching Cases":

SIR: On the morning of May 31, 1901, five persons were lynched at Lookout, Modoc County, in this State, by a masked mob of nineteen men.

The names of the men so lynched were: Calvin Hall, an old man of seventy-four years of age, and a member of the Grand Army of the Republic; James Hall, his son by an Indian mother, to whom Calvin Hall was married by contract thirty years ago, and whom he divorced by agreement in writing eighteen years ago; Frank Hall, an Indian, adopted when a nursing by Calvin Hall's Indian wife; Martin Wilson, aged thirteen years, son of the one-time wife of Calvin Hall by a man named Wilson, whom she married subsequent to her divorce from Hall; and one Daniel Yantis, a white man.

On the 25th of May, 1901, the five persons lynched were arrested upon a complaint charging them with burglary in having stolen some harness from a barn belonging to one J. W. Leventon.

On the following Monday morning, May 27th, the charge of burglary was dismissed as to Calvin Hall, and the hearing of the charge against the other four persons continued.

Immediately upon the dismissal of the charge of burglary against Calvin Hall, one Robinson Dunlap lodged a charge of petit larceny against him before the Justice of the Peace of the township, upon which charge Hall was permitted to go upon his own recognizance, the trial thereof being set for May 31st, at 1:30 p. m.

The hearing of the burglary charge against the other prisoners was finally set for June 5, 1901.

On the afternoon of Thursday, May 30th, J. W. Brown, a deputy constable, together with four other men, went to Calvin Hall's home, and without warrant of authority, took him into custody and to the village of Lookout, where he was detained by Brown.

At about 1:45 o'clock of the morning of May 31st, a crowd of nineteen men, with faces covered with barley sacks, entered the bar-room of Myers's Hotel at Lookout, in Modoc County, where three men, *i. e.*, Frank Hall, James Hall, and Daniel Yantis, and the boy Martin Wilson, under guard of said deputy constable Brown and one Sid. Goyette, were sleeping on the floor. The three men and the boy were seized by the mob, their hands pinioned behind them, gags put into their mouths, hangman's nooses put around their necks, and they were all then hurried to the bridge, about three hundred feet away, that spans the Pitt River, and the ends of the ropes around their necks tied to the railing of the bridge, their bodies thrown over the side of the bridge, and thus hanged.

The mob then proceeded back to the hotel, entered the parlör where Calvin Hall was sleeping on a sofa, bound and gagged him, and took him to the bridge and hanged him in the same manner as the other four were hanged.

On June 3, 1901, I received the following telegram from the Hon. J. W. Harrington, Judge of the Superior Court of Modoc County:

"ALTURAS, June 3, 1901.

"HON. TIREY L. FORD, *Attorney-General, Sacramento.*

"Have called Grand Jury for Friday 7th, 10 A. M. Send me an experienced State's attorney, for Friday, 10 A. M. My attorney is young and inexperienced and can not conduct successfully an investigation of so horrible a crime to be submitted to the Grand Jury. Must have assistance. Answer.

"J. W. HARRINGTON, Judge."

In response to the above telegram, I, on June 4, 1901, sent to Judge Harrington the following telegram:

"SAN FRANCISCO, June 4, 1901.

"HON. J. W. HARRINGTON, *Alturas, Modoc County, Cal.*

"Will send deputy to coöperate with and assist District Attorney.

"TIREY L. FORD, *Attorney-General.*"

I also, on June 4, 1901, sent to Mr. E. C. Bonner, District Attorney of Modoc County, the following telegram:

"SAN FRANCISCO, June 4, 1901.

"MR. E. C. BONNER, *Alturas, Modoc County, Cal.*

"Will send deputy to coöperate with and assist you in examination before Grand Jury next Friday. Have you good stenographic reporter there to accurately report testimony and proceedings? Answer.

"TIREY L. FORD, *Attorney-General.*"

In answer to the last above telegram, Mr. Bonner telegraphed me as follows: .

"ALTURAS, CALIF., June 5, 1901.

"HON. ATTORNEY-GENERAL, *San Francisco.*

"Thousand thanks for deputy. We have competent stenographic reporter. Bring detective.

"E. C. BONNER, *District Attorney.*"

In conformity with the desire of the Judge and the District Attorney of Modoc County, I dispatched Hon. Charles N. Post, Assistant Attorney-General, and Hon. George A. Sturtevant, Deputy Attorney-General, to Alturas, Modoc County, where they arrived on June 7, 1901, and immediately, in conjunction with Mr. Bonner, proceeded with the investigation of the Lookout lynching before the Grand Jury of Modoc County.

The investigation lasted until late in June, 1901, a large number of witnesses being examined in the meantime.

The Grand Jury found indictments against Robert E. Leventon, Isom Eades, and James W. Brown for the murder of Martin Wilson.

The arraignment of the persons so indicted came on to be heard in July, 1901. The attorneys for the defense raised every legal objection possible to the indictments, and at the urgent request of both the Judge and the District Attorney of Modoc County, I dispatched Hon. George A. Sturtevant, Deputy Attorney-General, to Alturas to aid and assist the District Attorney at the arraignment of the indicted men.

As soon as Eades, Leventon, and Brown had been arraigned, their attorneys sought their release by suing out a writ of habeas corpus in the Supreme Court of this State, but the petitioners were finally remanded for trial. Defendants then filed an objection to the Hon. J. W. Harrington, alleging his disqualification to preside at the trial of their cases, and, in that behalf, petitioned the Superior Court of Modoc County to have another Judge called in to conduct such trial. Their objection was overruled and petition denied. Thereupon defendants filed a petition in the Supreme Court of this State for a writ of prohibition to prevent Hon. J. W. Harrington from trying their cases. The Supreme Court denied the petition and dismissed the writ.

In July I employed Mr. Eugene Thacker, an expert detective, to go to Modoc County

to investigate said lynching. Mr. Thacker gathered much valuable information, which aided the prosecution greatly at the subsequent trial of J. W. Brown.

On the 20th day of October, 1901, I received a letter from Mr. E. C. Bonner, District Attorney of Modoc County, in which he suggested the dismissal of the indictments previously found against the above named Brown, Eades, and Leventon.

Believing that a dismissal of the indictments against these defendants would be highly discreditable to the State, I could not see my way clear to follow the suggestion of the District Attorney, and so directed that officer to have the trials of Brown, Eades, and Leventon set at as early a date as possible.

In accordance with my direction the trial of J. W. Brown was set for November 25, 1901.

I detailed Assistant Attorney-General Charles N. Post and Deputy Attorney-General George A. Sturtevant to attend and conduct the trial of defendant Brown, and those gentlemen departed for Alturas on November 21, 1901, where they arrived on November 23, 1901. The trial of Brown opened on the 25th of November, 1901, and was concluded on the 27th day of February, 1902. On the 6th day of December, 1901, it became necessary for Mr. Sturtevant to leave Alturas temporarily to try a case in another part of the State, and Mr. Post secured the services of Mr. James T. Boyd, District Attorney of Lassen County, to assist in conducting the prosecution of Brown during Mr. Sturtevant's absence. Mr. Boyd displayed such activity and legal skill that he was retained during the whole trial, Mr. Sturtevant returning to Alturas on the 21st day of December, 1901, and remaining to the end of the trial.

During the trial two of the participants in the lynching, viz.: John Hutton and Claude Morris, confessed to Judge Post their participation in the lynching, under promise of immunity from punishment, and both took the witness stand and testified on behalf of the prosecution. Their testimony was fully corroborated by circumstances, and by declarations of defendant Brown, and a perfect case was made out by the prosecution.

I found it necessary, during the trial, to have two, and a part of the time three, men of known personal courage at Alturas, in order that the attorneys engaged in the prosecution might be protected from threatened personal violence and feel secure in the discharge of their official duties.

During the early part of the trial I sent Mr. Thomas Gibson, one of the ablest members of the San Francisco detective force, to Alturas, to assist the prosecution in gathering certain evidence, this being rendered necessary by reason of the absolute failure on the part of the Sheriff's office of Modoc County to furnish any evidence whatever in the case. Mr. Gibson rendered the prosecution splendid service. The same may also be said of Mr. Daniel Miller, who was employed in a not dissimilar capacity.

Immediately upon receiving the confessions of Hutton and Morris, the representatives of this office proceeded against the men mentioned in their confessions as being those who were engaged in the lynching.

As a result I submit the following concerning the persons who are now in custody for having committed the lynching:

E. S. Trowbridge, Orrin A. Trowbridge, R. L. Nichols, Fred Roberts, Harry Roberts, J. W. Leventon, Claude Marcus, and J. R. Meyers are held by the Sheriff of Modoc County upon complaints charging them with murder, sworn to by Mary Lorenz, daughter of Calvin Hall, and lodged before the Hon. J. W. Harrington, Superior Judge, sitting as a magistrate.

The above named men have been in custody since the fourth day of January, last, by virtue of said complaints, not having yet had a preliminary examination.

The following named persons are held by the Sheriff of Modoc County by virtue of indictments, as follows: J. W. Brown, 5 indictments; Jervais Kresge, 5 indictments; A. S. Colburn, 5 indictments; Claude Brown, 1 indictment; Sam Parks, 1 indictment; Louis Palmentier, 5 indictments; W. J. McDaniels, 5 indictments; Henry Knox, 5 indictments; J. J. Potter, 5 indictments; Isom Eades, 5 indictments; Robert Leventon, 5 indictments.

Claude Morris and John Hutton were both indicted five times, the indictments being

dismissed, upon motion of the prosecution, in order that they might become witnesses for the People.

Robert Leventon, J. W. Brown, and Isom Eades have each been severally duly arraigned upon the indictments against them, respectively. J. W. Brown has been tried upon one of the indictments found against him, and a verdict of acquittal rendered by the jury. None of the others have been arraigned.

The preliminary examination of E. S. Trowbridge, Orrin A. Trowbridge, R. I. Nichols, Fred Roberts, Harry Roberts, J. W. Leventon, Claude Marcus, and J. R. Meyers is set for Monday, the 17th instant; but under present conditions, as more specifically detailed hereafter, it would seem to be useless to proceed at present with such examinations.

In the prosecution of the foregoing matters, including the long and tedious trial of the defendant Brown, I have thus far expended over \$5,000, of which sum, after the exhaustion of the funds of this office at my disposal, I was compelled to advance some \$1,000, or, to be exact, \$3,924. In making these advances I was assisted by the deputies in my office, and also had the approval and consent of the State Board of Examiners. I should be pleased to have you recommend to the Legislature the making of an appropriation to cover the advances thus made, and such other advances as may be necessary to carry the work of this office through the present fiscal year.

At this point, I desire to say that, previous to and during the trial of J. W. Brown, the three newspapers published in Modoc County persistently misrepresented and maligned the prosecution, and denounced the representatives of this office as "Head hunters," "Blood-money hunters," etc.

After nine days of elaborate argument, the case of J. W. Brown was finally submitted to the jury at 10:30 P. M. of February 27, 1902, and in less than half an hour the jury had agreed upon a verdict of "not guilty." There were but two ballots taken, the first resulting in ten votes for acquittal, one for conviction, and one blank. The next ballot showed all twelve votes for acquittal.

This gross miscarriage of justice is greatly to be deplored, but it should not be permitted to stand in the way of a full and vigorous prosecution of the nineteen defendants now confined in the Modoc county jail. There are, however, several obstacles in the way of such prosecution that are at present insurmountable. It is the unanimous opinion of the representatives of this office who had been connected with these cases that it will be impossible to secure another jury in Modoc County with which to try any of the accused men.

In response to an inquiry of mine put to the Superior Judge of that county, I received the following telegraphic reply:

"ALTURAS, March 8, 1902.

"HON. TIREY L. FORD, *San Francisco*: Satisfied another jury can not be obtained.
"HARRINGTON."

I am reliably informed that friends of the defendants have systematically attempted to disqualify jurors all over Modoc County, by methods which need not here be detailed, and this, added to the publication by the metropolitan and local journals of what purported to be the evidence in the case, and which publications were generally circulated and eagerly read all over the county, has, in my opinion, rendered it impossible to secure another jury in that county.

It must be remembered that Modoc County has a population of only about five thousand, with an eligible jury list of only a few hundred—a little less than three hundred, I believe. A hundred of those were examined in selecting the jury in the Brown case, and it is perfectly apparent to those who have a knowledge of the situation that the daily and weekly reports of the Brown trial, running through a period of over three months, and which reports were read with eagerness, and discussed with universal and unabating interest in every part of Modoc County, left such opinions in the minds of the remaining eligible jurors as to render it absolutely useless to attempt to secure another jury in Modoc County in respect to the same crime for which defendant Brown was tried.

As there is at present no constitutional method by which the cases can be transferred to another county for trial, the nineteen men now in custody will go free, unless legislation is had providing for either of two remedies, to wit: the summoning of trial jurors

from adjacent counties, or the transfer of the place of trial to another county on motion of the prosecution.

The latter method was attempted by our Legislature some years ago, but the Supreme Court of this State held that the Legislature was without the needed constitutional authority to so provide. Nor has the Legislature present authority to provide for the summoning of jurors without the county.

In order, therefore, to make it possible to employ either remedy, it will be necessary for the Legislature to propose a constitutional amendment embodying either or both of the remedies suggested and to submit the same to the people for adoption or rejection.

The heinousness of the Modoc lynching was such that it would seem that a special session of the Legislature might be warrantably called, and such constitutional amendment submitted to the people to be voted upon at the general election to be held in November next.

In order to prosecute these murders it will be necessary for the Legislature to appropriate a liberal sum of money with which to employ special counsel to appear for the People, as the volume of current business in this office is such as to require the undivided attention of its entire force.

A thorough examination of the lives and habits of the men lynched convinces me that Calvin Hall was a member of the Grand Army of the Republic, and a sober, industrious, upright citizen; that his son, James Hall, was an inoffensive, industrious young man, and that Martin Wilson was only thirteen years and seven months of age; that no incriminating charge had ever previously been made against either Frank Hall or Daniel Yantis; and that the cowardly murder of these men while in the custody of the law was a crime so atrocious in its nature that the honor of this State has been indelibly tarnished and can only be vindicated by a stern and uncompromising prosecution of its perpetrators.

Respectfully submitted,

TIREY L. FORD,
Attorney-General.

Subsequent to the transmission of the communication above quoted, the indictments and complaints standing against the persons therein referred to, were dismissed by the court, upon its own motion, acting upon the advice of this office. The reason for this action, as will appear from a reading of my letter of March 15, 1902, was the impossibility of securing another jury in Modoc County with which to try the accused men. I have since learned that this state of affairs has arisen in several of our smaller counties, and that like miscarriages of justice have resulted therefrom. I would therefore strongly urge that legislation be recommended, having in view the amendment of the State Constitution so that, where exist such conditions as arose in Modoc County, trial jurors may be summoned from adjacent counties, or the place of trial transferred to another county on motion of the prosecution.

In the prosecution of these and the Coyote Scalp cases I was compelled to incur expenses that exhausted the funds at the disposal of my office, and to secure the consent of the State Board of Examiners to the incurring of additional expenses to the amount of \$6,502.49, of which I personally advanced \$4,968.65, the balance of \$1,533.84 being carried by the respective claimants awaiting action by the next Legislature. I would therefore ask that an appropriation be recommended to the next Legislature covering the additional expenses thus incurred, namely, \$6,502.49.

SO-CALLED COÖPERATIVE HOME-BUILDING CONCERNS.

Through the frequency of unofficial inquiries addressed to this office, my attention has been called to a number of concerns pretending to do a mutual home-building business in this State. Although the matter has not been brought to my attention officially, and although I have not, owing to the pressure of other official matters, had the time to give it the investigation which it undoubtedly deserves, yet I am strongly of the belief that these concerns are conducting a business which is unsound in principle and which is calculated to benefit merely a few of their earlier members, to the detriment or total financial loss of their later members. In all probability, the majority of the contracts entered into by the concerns with their members are impossible of fulfillment on the part of the concerns making them, and, perhaps, the degree of uncertainty as to the time of maturity, so called, of any one contract, is such as to constitute an element of chance sufficient to amount to a lottery scheme.

The allurements offered of perchance obtaining almost immediate possession of a home, built to one's order, upon the payment of less than a month's rent, and of purchasing that home at a rate far less than the average month's rent; the apparent simplicity of the scheme; the absence of all interest charges, and the abstruse mathematical calculations involved in determining the soundness or unsoundness of the schemes, have enabled them to secure an alarming foothold in certain portions of the State. I would therefore suggest that immediate steps be taken by the Legislature looking to a full and impartial investigation of the matters referred to, and the enactment of such statutory provisions as will protect the interests of the people.

LEAVE-TO-SUE CASES.

Of the thirty-three applications for leave to use the name of the People of the State of California as plaintiff, made during the two years covered by this report, twenty were granted, ten were denied, and three are pending the filing of briefs with this office, either on behalf of the applicants or of the proposed defendants. Nineteen of these applications involve disputes over title to office, and the remaining fourteen sought to test the legality of the exercise of corporate power, either public or private. These applications have been granted or refused, as I deemed the public interest required. I have endeavored to so exercise this prerogative as to protect the individual from spiteful litigation, and also to prevent the private assumption of public rights. In each case I have examined the facts and the law, not only as presented by the briefs of the parties, but also independently, as though I were myself com-

mencing the proceeding. At the beginning of my administration I found it necessary to adopt certain rules governing applications of this nature, so that no injustice might be done to either party, and that the proceedings might be conducted with uniformity.

CRIMINAL APPEALS.

During the two years last past, one hundred and twenty-two criminal appeals have reached this office, thus showing a slight falling off in this department, as to the number of cases. One hundred and twelve criminal briefs have been written by this office, however, during the period named, many of them involving questions of the gravest importance and requiring an unusual amount of labor and research. This branch of work formerly represented the principal portion of the official duties of the Attorney-General, but it has been overshadowed in point of volume of business by the civil litigation. This enormous increase in the civil business of the office, as indicated in my report of two years ago, arises from the fact that all civil litigation affecting State officers, boards, and commissions was formerly conducted by specially employed counsel, while now, by virtue of recent legislation, it is a part of the work officially devolving upon this office.

It may not be out of place to here suggest that many of the appeals taken in criminal cases are frivolous, to the extent of being absurd, presenting no new points for decision, but merely attempting to have reviewed questions, if any, which have, time and again, been emphatically and finally passed upon by our Supreme Court. The evident intent of such appeals is to postpone, for the time being, the execution of the judgment, as is clearly evidenced by the fact that no briefs are filed in many of them on behalf of the appellant, and the judgments are affirmed upon the record, on motion of this office. This is an abuse for which remedy should be found by proper legislation, inasmuch as it entails upon the county and the State a large and unwarranted expense for printing, and unnecessarily consumes the time and attention of the various officers of the court.

OPINIONS AND CONSULTATIONS.

During the two years ending August 31, 1902, I have written two hundred and fifty-one opinions, in response to requests therefor from the various officers, boards, and commissions of the State, and from the several District Attorneys. This branch of the office business, while not as voluminous as during the first two years of my administration, has involved a vast amount of work and the constant attention of several members of my office force. I have not included in the above estimate many responses to officials of other States and to Federal officers

respecting some law or rule of procedure of this State, numerous oral consultations, and inquiries answered by mailing copies of opinions already written.

The decrease in the number of requests for opinions during the last two years is accounted for by the fact that the various State and county officers who took up their duties simultaneous with the beginning of my administration, naturally found themselves confronted with many new questions arising in the conduct of the affairs of their respective offices, and not having the experience nor the precedents established during the terms of their predecessors to guide them, they sought the advice of this office, either directly or through the District Attorneys. It is safe to assume that as changes in administration occur, requests for opinions will be correspondingly as numerous.

I would urgently recommend the propriety of having the opinions heretofore rendered by this office compiled, printed, and indexed, in book form, and thus made available for distribution to the various county and State officers. Much of the value (to the people) of the work of this department is lost through the lack of publicity given to it, and the inaccessibility of the results of its labors to those whom such results directly concern.

To this department was assigned the task of passing upon the titles to various properties about to be acquired by the State, or in which the State was interested, prominent among which may be mentioned the sites for restraining barriers upon the Yuba River, the State reservation of which the California Redwood Park Commission has assumed control, the lands purchased by the Polytechnic School at San Luis Obispo, and the grounds for the annual encampment of the National Guard at Santa Cruz. This work involved a careful examination, checking and rechecking of numerous volumes of abstracts of title, the collection of the data necessary to bring those abstracts down to date, and the untangling of the many snarls usually arising in such matters.

BOARD OF EXAMINERS.

As a member of the State Board of Examiners I have, either in person or by my Assistant, attended the innumerable meetings of that body and assisted in auditing the many thousand claims coming before it annually, involving millions of dollars. While precise data as to the number and amount of these claims have not been obtainable for the period covered by this report, yet they could not well have been less than for the two years preceding, during which time there were some ten thousand claims, aggregating over \$7,500,000.

STATE COMMISSION IN LUNACY.

Either in person or by my Assistant, I have, as a member of the State Commission in Lunacy, attended from one to four meetings of that body monthly, and in the same manner have attended various joint quarterly meetings of the Medical Superintendents of the several State Hospitals and the Commission, held at Napa, Sacramento, Stockton, and Ukiah.

The work of the Commission will, however, be reported to you through other channels, and further reference thereto is therefore unnecessary here.

STATE BOARD OF MILITARY AUDITORS.

The State Board of Military Auditors consists of the Governor, the Adjutant-General, and the Attorney-General, and upon the last two named has devolved almost entirely the auditing of the many military claims against the State. I have thus assisted in auditing some 1,081 of such claims, involving nearly \$300,000.

The law, as it now stands, requires that if the Attorney-General act as a member of the Board of Military Auditors, he do so personally, while, by express provision, the Assistant Attorney-General may act as a member of the Board of Examiners and of the Commission in Lunacy. I would suggest the wisdom and convenience of so amending the law that the Assistant Attorney-General might also act as a member of the Board of Military Auditors.

CLERICAL WORK OF THE OFFICE.

As I stated in my previous report, I have found the clerical force of the office to be entirely inadequate to the work necessary to an efficient discharge of the duties imposed by law upon the Attorney-General. As a makeshift I have constantly been compelled to draw upon my contingent and costs of suits funds for the payment of extra clerical help, which, in turn, has seriously crippled the office in other directions. The clerical force is required to write from ten to fifteen official communications daily; to write all opinions in triplicate, and to number, file, and index such opinions, by subject reference, in duplicate; to type-write all briefs, pleadings, and other documents in civil cases, of which there is never less than eighty-five or ninety before the office at any one time; to write all briefs and papers in criminal appeals, of which thirty-five or forty are always open; to index, file, and docket papers in civil litigation, criminal appeals, "leave to sue" cases, and escheated estates, and to keep registers of actions showing the proceedings in all such matters; to file and keep a general index of miscellaneous papers and

reports; to keep a general letter-book index, and to copy, mail, and index all letters and correspondence; to keep account books of the various funds of the office and to see to the payment of the various items of expenditure; to read proof upon all copy sent to the State Printer; to keep a daily journal of the matters coming up, and to advise the members of the office force of the entries therein, in order that no defaults may be taken; to prepare for the deputies in charge of the various departments their monthly reports to the Attorney-General; to serve papers, announce visitors, answer telephones, and run general errands. It will therefore be perfectly apparent that two clerks and a shorthand reporter are wholly insufficient clerical assistance for two very busy law offices, one at Sacramento and the other in San Francisco, employing the continual services of five attorneys, and transacting the immense volume of business briefly outlined in this report. I would therefore earnestly request that such recommendations be made to the Legislature as will result in the allowance to this office of at least one additional clerk, and the making of an appropriation for the payment of the salary of such clerk.

REPORTS OF DISTRICT ATTORNEYS.

Following up the practice inaugurated by me at the making of my last biennial report, and under the requirements of Section 470 of the Political Code, I accompany this report with reports from the District Attorneys of the following counties: Alameda, Alpine, Amador, Colusa, Del Norte, El Dorado, Fresno, Humboldt, Inyo, Kings, Lake, Los Angeles, Marin, Mariposa, Mendocino, Napa, Nevada, Orange, Plumas, Riverside, San Benito, San Bernardino, San Diego, San Francisco, San Joaquin, San Luis Obispo, San Mateo, Santa Barbara, Santa Clara, Santa Cruz, Sierra, Solano, Stanislaus, Sutter, Trinity, Tulare, Tuolumne, Ventura, and Yuba.

Although requested from all alike, no reports have been received from the remaining eighteen counties.

The total number of persons informed against or indicted in the counties reporting was 2,536, of which 132 cases were pending at the date of the reports, and in 1,619 of which, or about sixty-four per cent, convictions were had.

CONCLUSION.

In conclusion, I would state that the work of this office is all current, and that it has been my policy to constantly keep it so, although this at times has been difficult, particularly in view of the lack of clerical assistance.

On September 10th I forwarded to you my resignation of office, to

take effect September 15, 1902. This communication is therefore written upon the eve of my retirement from the department of the State government of which I have been in charge for almost four years. Before relinquishing my duties, I desire to publicly acknowledge my deep and abiding appreciation of the earnest support and untiring efforts of my able and energetic assistants, without which the gratifying results herein briefly outlined could not have been accomplished.

I desire to further add, that from a long and intimate acquaintance with the gentleman who is about to succeed me, I have perfect confidence that the affairs of the State devolving upon the department of which he is to assume control will be most ably, economically, and judiciously administered by him, and that it is my sincere belief that the public interest and welfare entrusted to the keeping of this office could not be placed in better hands.

Respectfully submitted.

TIREY L. FORD,
Attorney-General.

SCHEDULE "A."

CASES IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES.

Cordelia Botkin, Plaintiff in Error, vs. The People of the State of California, Defendant in Error. Appeal from a judgment of conviction had in the Superior Court of the City and County of San Francisco on February 4, 1899. Appeal dismissed, on motion of defendant in error, February 10, 1902. Closed.

J. Ellis Rodley, Plaintiff in Error, vs. The People of the State of California, Defendant in Error. Appeal from an order and judgment of the Supreme Court of the State of California, affirming a judgment of conviction theretofore had in the Superior Court of Butte County. Appeal dismissed, on motion of defendant in error, November 4, 1901. Closed.

John E. Sexton, Plaintiff in Error, vs. The People of the State of California, Defendant in Error. Appeal from an order and judgment of the Supreme Court of the State of California, affirming a judgment of conviction theretofore had in the Superior Court of El Dorado County. Motion to dismiss appeal denied, and cause placed on regular calendar of United States Supreme Court for argument.

Bert Ross, Appellant, vs. Martin Aguirre, Warden, etc., Respondent. Appeal from an order of the United States Circuit Court, Northern District of California, denying petition for writ of habeas corpus. Transcript of record served, July 10, 1902.

J. D. Spreckels, Appellant, vs. George W. Wittman, Appellee. Appeal from an order of the United States Circuit Court, Northern District of California, denying petition for writ of habeas corpus. Citation served, July 17, 1902.

W. S. Leake, Appellant, vs. George W. Wittman, Appellee. Appeal from an order of the United States Circuit Court, Northern District of California, denying petition for writ of habeas corpus. Citation served, July 17, 1902.

SCHEDULE "B."

CIVIL CASES IN UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT.

Mercantile Trust Company, Complainant, vs. Atlantic & Pacific Railroad Company, Defendants; State of California, Petitioner. By three separate petitions that delinquent State and county taxes, and penalties, for three different fiscal years, aggregating \$6,681.10, be allowed as preferred claims against defendant company, and that an order be made directing receivers to pay same. Petitions dismissed, on motion of petitioner, it appearing that petitioner had no cause of action.

Charles H. Smith, Complainant, vs. California & Nevada Railroad Company, et al., Defendants; State of California, Petitioner. By three separate petitions that delinquent taxes, and penalties, for three different fiscal years, be allowed as preferred claims against defendant company, and that an order be made directing receiver to pay same. Petition filed July 30, 1896, for \$1,457.57; August 4, 1897, for \$1,282.76; and August 3, 1898, for \$1,601.63. On March 23, 1901, receiver's certificates issued in full payment for the above amounts, and on March 23, 1902 stipulation filed discharging State's lien. Closed.

Charles H. Smith, Complainant, vs. California & Nevada Railroad Company, et al., Defendants; State of California, Petitioner. As last above case; petition filed July 26, 1901, for \$1,243.31. Receiver's certificate issued for \$1,243.31 on March 12, 1902, and petition dismissed. Closed.

Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fé Railway Company, Complainant, vs. Board of Railroad Commissioners, etc., et al., Defendants. By complaint in equity to enjoin the enforcement of rates for transportation of oil. On April 17, 1902, compromised by abandonment by Railroad Commissioners of disputed rate and establishment of a new rate of seventy-five per cent of one abandoned. Dismissed by stipulation. Closed.

Southern California Railway Company, Complainant, vs. Board of Railroad Commissioners, etc., et al., Defendants. Same as last case.

Santa Fé Pacific Railroad Company, Complainant, vs. Board of Railroad Commissioners, etc., et al., Defendants. Same as last case.

SCHEDULE "C."

CIVIL CASES IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE
STATE OF CALIFORNIA.

John O. Reis, Plaintiff and Respondent, vs. State of California, Defendant and Appellant. By complaint in the Superior Court of Marin County, transferred to Sacramento County, for judgment, on account of Indian War Bonds, for \$33,972.12, with interest on amount represented by each coupon mentioned in said complaint, from its date of maturity. Judgment for plaintiff, December 23, 1896; motion for new trial denied. On November 28, 1899, judgment and order reversed in department. Rehearing granted, and on August 2, 1901, judgment and order affirmed in bank.

A. S. Baldwin, Plaintiff and Respondent, vs. State of California, Defendant and Appellant. Same as *Reis vs. State, supra*, except that action is for \$7,428.91.

M. H. Mead, Plaintiff and Respondent, vs. State of California, Defendant and Appellant. Same as *Reis vs. State, supra*, except that action is for \$536.64.

People, etc., Respondent, vs. Bank of Mendocino et al., Appellants. By complaint in the Superior Court of Mendocino County to enjoin defendants from further transaction of business, except for purposes of liquidation. Judgment for plaintiff. Defendants appealed from order denying motion to modify judgment, and on May 29, 1901, order affirmed. Closed.

Lucy Jane Harvey, Respondent, vs. Board of Trustees of Whittier State School, et al., Appellants. By complaint in the Superior Court of Los Angeles County for \$785 damages for violation of terms of lease. Judgment for plaintiff, and defendants appealed. On July 3, 1902, respondent given forty days additional time to file brief.

Board of Railroad Commissioners, et al., Appellants, vs. Market Street Railway Company, et al., Respondents. In the Superior Court of City and County of San Francisco, by mandamus to compel defendants to produce for examination of plaintiffs the books and papers required in

SCHEDULE "C"—Continued.

subpœna set out in complaint. Judgment for defendants, refusing writ and dismissing action. Plaintiffs appealed, and on May 15, 1901, judgment affirmed. Closed.

In the matter of the Estate of James Miner, deceased. In the Superior Court of Sacramento County, by petition of Harriet N. Connell to withdraw \$3,134.21, escheated moneys in State Treasury to credit of said estate. Judgment and decree for petitioner; respondents appealed, and on May 16, 1901, cause submitted on briefs.

F. M. Sponogle, Appellant, vs. J. R. Curnow, et al., as Board of Managers Agnews State Hospital, Respondents. In the Superior Court of Santa Clara County, by petition for writ of certiorari to review action of defendant board in removing petitioner from office of Superintendent of Agnews State Hospital. Judgment for defendants; petitioner appealed, and on June 17, 1902, judgment affirmed. Closed.

Lydia M. Stevens, Appellant, vs. Truman Reeves, as State Treasurer, etc., et al., Respondents. In the Superior Court of Alameda County, by complaint to annul mortgage executed by plaintiff and deposited with defendant as security of International Indemnity Company, an insurance company. Judgment for defendant Reeves, and plaintiff appealed; respondents' brief filed October 19, 1900, and appellant given time to reply.

State of California, by E. P. Colgan, as State Controller, Appellant, vs. County of Sonoma, Respondent. In the Superior Court of Sonoma County, by complaint for \$6,033, maintenance of inmates in Home for Feeble-Minded Children. Demurrer to complaint sustained; plaintiff declined to amend, and appealed from order sustaining demurrer. Appellant's reply brief filed August 29, 1901.

Jeremiah F. Sullivan, et al., Respondents, vs. Henry T. Gage, et al., as State Board of Examiners, Appellants. In the Superior Court of City and County of San Francisco, by mandamus to compel defendants to approve plaintiffs' claim, pursuant to requirements of Act of March 27, 1899. Judgment for plaintiffs; defendants appealed, and filed opening brief March 4, 1902.

Southern Pacific Company, et al., Petitioners, vs. The Superior Court of the State of California, in and for the City and County of San Francisco, et al., Respondents. Petition for writ of prohibition, prohibiting respondents from proceeding further in action of Edson, et al., etc., vs. Southern Pacific Company, et al., pending the appeal therein. Dismissed by

SCHEDULE "C"—Continued.

court, being in effect disposed of by decision in *Edson, et al., vs. Southern Pacific Company, et al.*

W. F. Buttle, Appellant, vs. M. J. Wright, etc., Respondent. In the Superior Court of City and County of San Francisco, by mandamus to compel defendant to approve plaintiff's application to purchase State lands. Demurrer sustained and petition denied; petitioner appealed, and on July 12, 1902, filed reply brief.

People, etc., by Tiley L. Ford, Attorney-General, Appellant, vs. C. F. Curry, as Secretary of State, etc., Respondent. In the Superior Court of City and County of San Francisco, by complaint for injunction restraining defendant from certifying and proposing Constitutional Amendment No. 22 of Legislature of 1899. Demurrer to complaint sustained; plaintiff declined to amend, and judgment entered for defendant; plaintiff appealed, and on September 18, 1900, judgment affirmed. Petition for modification of opinion, and petition for rehearing, denied. Closed.

In the matter of the Estate of Timothy Mahony, deceased. Appeal from an order of the Superior Court of City and County of San Francisco, directing deduction of collateral inheritance tax and State and county taxes upon final distribution. On June 4, 1901, order affirmed; petition for rehearing denied. Closed.

In the matter of the Estate of Francis Stock, deceased. Appeal from an order of the Superior Court of Santa Clara County, directing deduction of collateral inheritance tax upon final distribution. On December 5, 1901, order affirmed. Closed.

County of Los Angeles, by John H. Gish, Tax Collector, Respondent, vs. S. O. Eikenberry, Appellant. In the Superior Court of Los Angeles County, to recover \$26, retail liquor license. Judgment for plaintiff; defendant appealed, and on January 30, 1901, judgment affirmed. Closed.

County of Santa Barbara, Appellant, vs. Savings and Loan Society, et al., Respondents. In the Superior Court of Santa Barbara County, by complaint to recover delinquent taxes, and for a decree directing sale of real estate and payment of taxes from proceeds. Judgment for defendant, and plaintiff appealed. Cause argued and submitted May 9, 1902.

Toland and Andrews, Respondents, vs. County of Ventura, Appellant. In the Superior Court of Ventura County, by complaint to recover \$500 as attorneys' fees for services in prosecution of criminal action. Judg-

SCHEDULE "C"—Continued.

ment for plaintiffs, and defendant appealed. Judgment reversed, January 28, 1902. Closed.

Alameda County, Appellant, vs. Henry Evers, Respondent. In the Superior Court of Alameda County, by complaint to recover \$696.60, and costs, unlawfully obtained by defendant from plaintiff while acting as coroner of plaintiff. Demurrer sustained; plaintiff declined to amend, and appealed from order sustaining demurrer. On March 22, 1902, judgment and order affirmed. Closed.

C. K. McClatchy, et al., Respondents, vs. W. P. Mathews, etc., Appellant. In the Superior Court of Sacramento County, by petition for mandamus compelling defendant to produce for plaintiffs' inspection, certain reports, etc. Judgment for plaintiffs, and peremptory writ issued. Defendant appealed, and on December 31, 1901, judgment reversed. Closed.

I. H. Polk, Appellant, vs. State of California, Respondent. In the Superior Court of Los Angeles County, by complaint to recover \$7,709.50, for services to Board of Railroad Commissioners as expert. Judgment for defendant; plaintiff appealed, and on July 25, 1902, cause assigned to Department Two, and submitted.

County of San Luis Obispo, Respondent, vs. Henry T. Gage, et al., as State Board of Examiners, etc., Appellants. In the Superior Court of Sacramento County, by petition for mandamus compelling State Board of Examiners to allow claim of plaintiff for \$571.99, support of orphans, etc. Judgment for plaintiff; defendants appealed, and cause argued and submitted in bank on August 14, 1902.

Humboldt County, Respondent, vs. O. D. Stern, Appellant. In the Superior Court of Humboldt County, by complaint to recover \$486.50, illegally paid to defendant for alleged services rendered. Judgment for plaintiff; defendant appealed, and on March 19, 1902, judgment affirmed. Closed.

Catesby C. Thom, Appellant, vs. County of Los Angeles, Respondent. In the Superior Court of Los Angeles County, by complaint to recover \$350, services as member of County Board of Education. Demurrer partially sustained and partially overruled, and judgment rendered for plaintiff on demurrer for \$70.19. Plaintiff appealed, and on March 20, 1902, judgment reversed. Closed.

R. E. Leventon, Petitioner, vs. J. W. Harrington, Judge of the Superior Court of Modoc County, Respondent. Petition for writ of prohibition,

SCHEDULE "C"—Continued.

prohibiting respondent from proceeding with trial of petitioner. On October 11, 1901, petition dismissed. Closed.

County of El Dorado, Respondent, vs. George H. Gilbert, Appellant. In the Superior Court of El Dorado County, to recover \$1,022.90, illegally held by defendant, and received by him as Tax Collector, etc. Judgment for plaintiff; defendant appealed, and on October 12, 1901, respondent's brief filed.

Columbia Savings Bank, Respondent, vs. County of Los Angeles, Appellant. In the Superior Court of Los Angeles County, to recover \$828.90, taxes paid by plaintiff under protest. Judgment for plaintiff; defendant appealed, and on July 25, 1902, cause assigned to Department One, and submitted.

John Porco, Respondent, vs. State Board of Barber Examiners, Appellant. In the Superior Court of Napa County, by mandamus to compel issuance to plaintiff of a barber's certificate, etc. Judgment for plaintiff; defendants appealed, and on July 31, 1902, filed their opening brief.

Benjamin F. Bledsoe, Petitioner, vs. E. P. Colgan, as State Controller, Respondent. By petition for writ of mandamus to compel issuance of warrant for salary of petitioner as Superior Judge of San Bernardino County. On April 16, 1902, argued and submitted on briefs to be filed; April 30, 1902, briefs all filed.

In the matter of the Estate of Cornelia E. Campbell, deceased. Appeal from an order of the Superior Court of the City and County of San Francisco, directing payment of \$488.70, collateral inheritance tax on final distribution. Transcript filed July 28, 1902.

SCHEDULE "D."

CIVIL CASES IN SUPERIOR COURTS OF THE
STATE OF CALIFORNIA.

People, ex rel. W. H. H. Hart, Attorney-General, Plaintiff, vs. Oakland Water Front Company, et al., Defendants. By complaint in the Superior Court of Alameda County to quiet title and for injunction. Complaint filed October 6, 1893; judgment for defendants, on demurrers, March 26, 1894; plaintiff appealed, and on September 13, 1897, judgment reversed and cause remanded, with leave to plaintiff to amend complaint if so advised. On March 21, 1902, action dismissed, without prejudice, on motion of defendants. Closed.

People, ex rel. E. P. Colgan as State Controller, etc., Plaintiff, vs. J. N. E. Wilson, et al., Defendants. By complaint in the Superior Court of Sacramento County for judgment for \$3,735.51 against defendant Wilson as principal and his sureties, and for interest and costs. Judgment for plaintiff. Two executions issued, but not yet returned.

Samuel Davis, Plaintiff, vs. State of California, Defendant. By complaint in the Superior Court of Marin County, transferred to Sacramento County, for \$38,404.54, account of Indian War Bonds, with legal interest, etc. Complaint filed February 27, 1895, and trial of cause continued, pending decision of Supreme Court in *Reis vs. State*; after which decision the cause was tried and submitted, and on October 16, 1902, judgment rendered for plaintiff as prayed for. Closed.

People, etc., Plaintiff, vs. Board of Supervisors of the City and County of San Francisco, Defendants. By mandamus in the Superior Court of City and County of San Francisco to compel payment, by defendants, to State Treasurer, of \$7,811.48, account maintenance of inmates at Whittier State School. Petition filed April 30, 1896. On December 27, 1901, amount claimed, *i. e.*, \$7,811.48, paid by defendants to State Controller, and on April 28, 1902, action dismissed. Closed.

People, etc., et al., Plaintiffs, vs. N. M. Orr, et al., Defendants. By complaint in the Superior Court of Sacramento County to recover from defendant as principal, and his sureties, \$12,501.08, misappropriated as Treasurer of Stockton State Hospital. Complaint filed June 25, 1896;

SCHEDULE "D"—Continued.

June 24, 1897, trial commenced, and the Court, of its own motion, referred the case to Court Commissioner; report of Commissioner filed February 3, 1899; trial resumed June 25, 1900; trial completed and cause submitted September 24, 1900. On January 31, 1901, submission set aside, upon motion of the Court.

People, etc., Plaintiff, vs. California & Nevada Railroad Company, Defendant. By complaint in the Superior Court of Sacramento County to recover \$1,445.57, delinquent taxes and penalties, and for costs, etc. Claim paid and action dismissed March 30, 1901. (See *Smith vs. California & Nevada R. R. Co.*, Schedule "B.") Closed.

People, etc., Plaintiff, vs. Fresno Loan and Savings Bank, et al., Defendants. By complaint in the Superior Court of Fresno County, to enjoin defendants from further transaction of business, except for purposes of liquidation. Judgment for plaintiff June 8, 1897; no appeal; notice of motion to vacate judgment filed April 29, 1902. Hearing of motion continued indefinitely.

People, etc., Plaintiff, vs. Sierra Valleys Railway Company, Defendant. By complaint in the Superior Court of City and County of San Francisco, to recover \$1,829.15, delinquent taxes and penalties, and for costs. Judgment for plaintiff January 19, 1900. On March 23, 1901, claim of plaintiff for \$1,829.15 paid by defendant, and satisfaction of judgment entered. Closed.

People, etc., Plaintiff, vs. California & Nevada Railroad Company, Defendant. By complaint in the Superior Court of Sacramento County to recover \$1,282.76, delinquent taxes and penalties, and for costs. Claim paid and action dismissed March 30, 1901. (See *Smith vs. California & Nevada R. R. Co.*, Schedule "B.") Closed.

James C. Daly, Plaintiff, vs. State of California, Defendant. By complaint in the Superior Court of City and County of San Francisco, for \$10,000, legal services in Southern Pacific Company vs. Board of Railroad Commissioners. Judgment for plaintiff, September 3, 1898, for \$11,050, and interest until paid. Satisfaction of judgment filed and entered January 10, 1902. Closed.

J. C. Bull, Plaintiff, vs. M. J. Wright, etc., Defendant. By mandamus in the Superior Court of Fresno County, to compel defendant to approve application of plaintiff to purchase State lands. On June 6, 1902, cause dismissed, on motion of defendant. Closed.

SCHEDULE "D"—Continued.

People, etc., Plaintiff, vs. Sierra Valleys Railway Company, Defendant. By complaint in the Superior Court of City and County of San Francisco to recover \$1,454.59, delinquent taxes and penalties, and for costs. Judgment for plaintiff January 24, 1900. Claim paid in full March 23, 1901, and satisfaction of judgment entered. Closed.

In the matter of the Estate of Jacob Smith, deceased. In the Superior Court of Sacramento County, by petition of Mrs. Catherine Clemens to recover from State Treasury \$200, escheated to the State. Pending determination of appeal in the matter of the Estate of James Miner, deceased.

In the matter of the Estate of John Vennie, deceased. In the Superior Court of Sacramento County, by petition of Samuel Vennie to withdraw \$561.17, escheated moneys in State Treasury to credit of said estate. Partially heard, and on October 29, 1898, continued for further evidence.

County of Sonoma, Plaintiff, vs. Gil P. Hall, et al., Defendants. By complaint in the Superior Court of Sonoma County to recover \$1,000 on official bond, and costs. Judgment for plaintiff, and defendants appealed. Judgment and order reversed and cause remanded, with directions to court below to sustain demurrer to amended complaint as to all causes of action arising more than three years before the commencement of the action. Remittitur filed June 7, 1901, and on June 17, 1901, cause dismissed, and motion to tax costs dismissed. Closed.

County of Sonoma, Plaintiff, vs. Gil P. Hall, et al., Defendants. By complaint in the Superior Court of Sonoma County to recover \$4,613.38, and costs. Judgment for plaintiff, and defendants appealed. For subsequent proceedings, see case last above reported. Closed.

In the matter of the Estate of Judith Prudhon, deceased. In the Superior Court of Sacramento County, by petition of Judith Riley to withdraw escheated moneys from State Treasury to the credit of said estate. Demurrer overruled, and respondents declining to amend, their default entered. Judgment for petitioner, November 20, 1901. Closed.

The People of the State of California, by Tirey L. Ford, Attorney-General, Plaintiff, vs. Wells, Fargo & Co. (a corporation), Defendant. In the Superior Court of City and County of San Francisco, to compel defendants to forward express packages without requiring shipper to provide revenue stamp. Judgment for plaintiff on pleadings. Defendant appealed, and judgment affirmed in department; rehearing granted, and judgment reversed in bank, with instructions to court

SCHEDULE "D"—Continued.

below to dismiss at respondent's costs. Judgment entered April 12, 1902, in favor of defendant for \$71.80, stipulated costs. Closed.

County of Yolo, Plaintiff, vs. E. P. Colgan, etc., Defendant. In the Superior Court of Yolo County, transferred to Sacramento County, by mandamus to compel defendant to deduct from settlement of County Treasurer \$26,771.20, accrued commissions, etc. Judgment for defendant; plaintiff appealed, and judgment affirmed in bank. Petition for rehearing denied. On July 25, 1901, cause dismissed by stipulation. Closed.

NOTE.—After the Supreme Court decision in this case, cases of similar character, in which the following counties were plaintiff, each case pending in the Superior Court of plaintiff county, were dismissed by stipulation, without prejudice or costs: Alameda, Butte, Calaveras, Del Norte, El Dorado, Lassen, Mariposa, Mono, Marin, Madera, Merced, Nevada, Orange, Placer, Riverside, San Joaquin, San Mateo, Sacramento, San Benito, Shasta, Sierra, San Bernardino, Stanislaus, and Yuba.

E. P. Colgan, as Controller, etc., Plaintiff, vs. Board of Managers of Napa State Hospital, et al., Defendants. In the Superior Court of Sacramento County, by mandamus to compel defendants to refund to State Treasury certain unexpended moneys at end of fiscal year. On April 7, 1899, judgment rendered, ordering moneys paid into State Treasury. Closed.

In the matter of the Estate of George Shaw, deceased. In the Superior Court of Sacramento County, by petition of Mrs. Ellen Perkins to withdraw escheated moneys in State Treasury to credit of said estate. Pending decision in matter of Estate of James Miner, deceased.

L. S. Sherman, Plaintiff, vs. M. J. Wright, etc., Defendant. In the Superior Court of Sacramento County, by mandamus to compel defendant to approve application of plaintiff to purchase State lands. Judgment for plaintiff, and defendant appealed. Judgment reversed, August 6, 1900. New trial denied, and cause dismissed, November 11, 1901. Closed.

L. F. J. Wrinkle, Plaintiff, vs. M. J. Wright, etc., Defendant. In the Superior Court of Sacramento County, by mandamus to compel defendant to approve application of plaintiff to purchase State lands. Judgment for plaintiff on demurrer to answer. Defendant appealed, and on June 6, 1902, judgment reversed and court below directed to overrule demurrer to first and fourth defenses in the answer.

People, etc., Plaintiff, vs. Sierra Valleys Railway Company, Defendant. In the Superior Court of City and County of San Francisco, by com-

SCHEDULE "D"—Continued.

plaint to recover \$1,405.52, delinquent taxes and penalties, and for costs. Claim paid in full and action dismissed, March 29, 1901. Closed.

In the matter of the Estate of John Connolly, deceased. In the Superior Court of Sacramento County, by petition of Margaret C. Barry, et al., to recover \$36.29, escheated moneys in State Treasury to credit of said estate. Pending decision in the matter of the Estate of James Miner, deceased.

State of California, Plaintiff, vs. County of Alameda, Defendant. In the Superior Court of Sacramento County, by complaint for \$7,030, for maintenance of inmates in Home for Feeble-Minded Children. Pending decision in *State vs. Sonoma County*, Schedule "C."

State of California vs. Mariposa County. Same as above, except for \$70.

State of California vs. County of Mendocino. Same as above, except for \$890.

State of California vs. Monterey County. Same as above, except for \$240.

State of California vs. County of San Benito. Same as above, except for \$710.

State of California vs. County of Tehama. Same as above, except for \$1,020.

State of California vs. County of Ventura. Same as above, except for \$1,710.

H. E. Miller, Petitioner, vs. James McNaughton, et al., as Trustees State Normal School at San José, Defendants. In the Superior Court of Santa Clara County, by mandamus to compel defendants to issue to plaintiff a diploma. Defendants' demurrer to second amended petition sustained, and on October 19, 1899, judgment entered for defendants. Closed.

Jeremiah F. Sullivan, et al., Plaintiffs, vs. E. P. Colgan, as State Controller, etc., Defendant. In the Superior Court of City and County of San Francisco, by mandamus to compel defendant to issue his warrant pursuant to requirements of Act of March 27, 1899. Pending decision in *Sullivan et al., vs. Gage et al.*, Schedule "C."

In the matter of the Estate of Hugh Green, deceased. In the Superior Court of Sacramento County, by petition to withdraw escheated moneys from State Treasury. Answer filed October 1, 1900.

SCHEDULE "D"—Continued.

San Francisco & San Mateo Electric Railway Company, Plaintiff, vs. Truman Reeves, as State Treasurer, etc., Defendant. In the Superior Court of City and County of San Francisco, by complaint to recover \$2,502, taxes alleged to have been unlawfully paid, and costs. Pending result of appeal in *S. F. & S. M. E. R. R. Co. vs. City and County of San Francisco, et al.*

E. B. Edson, et al., as and constituting the Board of Railroad Commissioners of the State of California, Plaintiffs, vs. Southern Pacific Railroad Company, et al., Defendants. In the Superior Court of City and County of San Francisco, by complaint to restrain defendants from disobeying an order of the Board of Railroad Commissioners, directing defendants to restore their competitive rates for the carriage of passengers between the cities of Fresno and San Francisco. Motion for injunction granted, and on July 10, 1900, judgment entered for plaintiffs. Defendants appealed, and on May 23, 1901, judgment reversed. Petition for rehearing denied. May 28-29, 1902, cause tried and submitted on briefs. Plaintiffs' opening brief filed June 26, 1902, and defendants given until September 1, 1902, to reply.

Pacific Coast Steamship Company, Plaintiff, vs. State of California, Defendant. In the Superior Court of City and County of San Francisco, by complaint for \$2,345.75, damages for loss of goods stored on State wharf. Plaintiff's answer to defendant's cross-complaint filed October 18, 1900.

Isaac Whisler, Plaintiff, vs. California Mutual Benefit Society, a corporation, Truman Reeves, State Treasurer, and A. J. Clunie, Insurance Commissioner, etc., Defendants. In the Superior Court of Calaveras County, transferred to City and County of San Francisco, by complaint to recover \$870, insurance, etc. (Securities of defendant company, as certified by Insurance Commissioner, on file with State Treasurer.) Demurrers of defendants overruled, and on November 26, 1900, defendants Clunie and Reeves allowed additional time to answer.

Truman Reeves, as State Treasurer, Plaintiff, vs. M. T. Dusenbury, Lydia M. Stevens, the International Indemnity Company, et al., Defendants. In the Superior Court of Alameda County, by complaint to foreclose mortgage security deposited with plaintiff by defendant International Indemnity Company. June 10, 1902, judgment ordered for defendants.

In the matter of the Estate of Joseph Goode, deceased. In the Superior Court of Sacramento County, by petition of Emma Lea, et al., to

SCHEDULE "D"—Continued.

recover \$3,097.58, escheated moneys in State Treasury to credit of said estate. Decree for petitioner, March 21, 1902.

People, etc., Plaintiff, vs. California & Nevada Railroad Company, Defendant. In the Superior Court of Sacramento County, by complaint to recover \$418.05, delinquent taxes and penalties, and for costs of suit and interest. Claim paid in full March 30, 1901, and action dismissed. (See *Smith vs. C. & N. R. R. Co.*, Schedule "B.")

James Kenny, Plaintiff, vs. Tirey L. Ford, Attorney-General, etc., Defendant. In the Superior Court of Mendocino County, by petition for writ of mandate compelling defendant to commence an action in quo warranto against the Bank of Mendocino. On January 26, 1901, judgment entered for defendant, dismissing petition. Closed.

People, etc., ex rel. Frank H. Gould, et al., Building and Loan Commissioners, Plaintiffs, vs. Equitable Building and Loan Association, et al., Defendants. In the Superior Court of Alameda County, by complaint in quo warranto to enjoin defendants from further transaction of business. On January 16, 1901, judgment for plaintiff, enjoining defendant from further transaction of business, except for liquidation purposes. Closed.

Henry E. Miller, Plaintiff, vs. Morris Elmer Daily, et al., as President, etc., of the State Normal School at San José, Defendants. In the Superior Court of Santa Clara County, by petition for writ of mandate to compel defendants to admit plaintiff as a pupil into the San José Normal School. Judgment for plaintiff; defendants appealed, and on April 4 1902, judgment affirmed. June 6, 1902, judgment for \$32.30, costs, etc., paid by defendants, and satisfaction of judgment entered. Closed.

Joel L. Hubble, Plaintiff, vs. M. J. Wright, Defendant. In the Superior Court of San Luis Obispo County, for writ of mandate to compel defendant to file plaintiff's application to purchase State lands. Demurrer of defendant filed December 22, 1900. Action thereafter dismissed, on motion of plaintiff. Closed.

C. J. Tracy and Josie Pursley, Plaintiffs, vs. M. J. Wright, etc., Defendant. In the Superior Court of City and County of San Francisco, for injunction restraining defendant from proceeding further toward perfecting title to certain lands, etc. On April 10, 1902, amended answer, demurrer, and notice of motion for leave to file same, served and filed. Motion argued and submitted May 23, 1902, and on May 27, 1902, motion ordered granted.

SCHEDULE "D"—Continued.

Robert Schaezlein and Benjamin Burrige, Plaintiffs, vs. F. V. Meyers, Labor Commissioner, etc., Defendant. In the Superior Court of City and County of San Francisco, to annul certain order of defendant as Labor Commissioner, for injunction, and for \$500 damages, costs, etc. On May 9, 1901, defendant's demurrer to complaint sustained, and action ordered dismissed. Closed.

People, etc., by E. P. Colgan, Controller, Plaintiff, vs. The City and County of San Francisco, Defendant. In the Superior Court of County of Sacramento, to recover \$805, ballot paper furnished defendant, and for costs. Judgment for plaintiff on December 26, 1901. On March 10, 1902, claim approved by City Attorney of the City and County of San Francisco for \$813.00, and interest at seven per cent from date of judgment, and filed with Clerk of Board of Supervisors of defendant. Claim paid in full by defendant. Closed.

Wm. F. Buttle, Plaintiff, vs. Bartlett Cooper, M. J. Wright, etc., et al., Defendants. In the Superior Court of Monterey County, to annul application of defendant Cooper to purchase State lands. On May 4, 1901, amended complaint filed, omitting M. J. Wright as a party defendant. Closed.

Daniel E. Hayes et al., as Directors, and M. G. Aguirre, as Warden, etc., Plaintiffs, vs. Joseph Levy, Defendant. In the Superior Court of City and County of San Francisco, by complaint to recover \$3,552.50, unlawful conversion of grain bags, with interest and costs. Answer of defendant filed July 5, 1901.

California & Northern Railway Company, Plaintiff, vs. The State of California, John A. Sinclair, et al., Defendants. In the Superior Court of Humboldt County, to condemn right of way through certain lands, for railway purposes. On March 5, 1902, judgment that plaintiff have use of land for railroad purposes, on payment of \$14.87 and costs. On June 19, 1902, \$14.87 paid by plaintiff, and satisfaction of judgment entered. Closed.

California & Northern Railway Company, Plaintiff, vs. The State of California, Peter Johansen, et al., Defendants. In the Superior Court of Humboldt County, to condemn right of way through certain lands for railway purposes. On June 6, 1902, judgment that plaintiff have use of land for railroad purposes, on payment of \$12.85 and costs. On June 19, 1902, \$12.85 paid by plaintiff, and satisfaction of judgment entered. Closed.

SCHEDULE "D"—Continued.

California & Northern Railway Company, Plaintiff, vs. The State of California, Defendant. In the Superior Court of Humboldt County, to condemn right of way through certain lands for railway purposes. On March 5, 1902, judgment that plaintiff have use of land for railroad purposes, on payment of \$4.07 and costs. On June 19, 1902, \$4.07 paid by plaintiff, and satisfaction of judgment entered. Closed.

In the matter of the Estate of Thomas Riordan, deceased. In the Superior Court of Sacramento County, by petition of Margaret Gubbins to recover \$707.38 in State Treasury to credit of said estate. Hearing of petition ordered off calendar on May 21, 1901, to be reset on motion.

Thomas L. Moran, Plaintiff, vs. M. J. Wright, etc., Defendant. In the Superior Court of Sacramento County, for writ of mandate to compel defendant to file plaintiff's application to purchase State lands. Off calendar, to be reset on motion.

W. F. Phillips, Plaintiff, vs. M. J. Wright, etc., Defendant. In the Superior Court of Sacramento County, for writ of mandate to compel defendant to file plaintiff's application to purchase State lands. Complaints in intervention of Snow, Lake, and Gilman filed July 19, 1901.

Corona Irrigation District (a corporation), Plaintiff, vs. The State of California, Defendant. In the Superior Court of Riverside County, by complaint to condemn right of way for canal. Action dismissed August 21, 1901, on motion of plaintiff. Closed.

The State of California, by E. P. Colgan, etc., Plaintiff, vs. The Reno Mill and Milling Company, Defendant. By complaint to recover \$5,000, value of timber cut from State lands, and for costs. On August 18, 1902, action dismissed, on motion of plaintiff. (Misnomer of party defendant; see new action commenced against Reno Mill and Lumber Company, below.) Closed.

John J. Bauer, Plaintiff, vs. State of California, Defendant. In the Superior Court of Sacramento County, by complaint to recover \$11,770, account of claims for bounty on coyote scalps. Complaint filed March 25, 1901; on July 23, 1902, judgment ordered for defendant.

The State of California, by E. P. Colgan, etc., Plaintiff, vs. Reno Mill and Lumber Company (a corporation), Defendant. In the Superior Court of Sacramento County, by complaint to recover \$5,000, value of timber cut from State lands, and for costs. On October 10, 1901, delinquent taxes and penalties, amounting to \$3,044.36, paid by defendant, land redeemed, and judgment of dismissal entered. Closed.

SCHEDULE "D"—Continued.

The San Francisco Law and Collection Company (a corporation), Plaintiff, vs. The State of California, Defendant. In the Superior Court of Sacramento County, by complaint to recover \$28,685, account of claims for bounty on coyote scalps. Cause tried and submitted July 11, 1902.

The People of the State of California, by Tirey L. Ford, Attorney-General, Plaintiff, vs. Reno Mill and Lumber Company (a corporation), Defendant. In the Superior Court of Plumas County, for injunction restraining defendant from cutting timber from State lands, and for \$15,000 damages. Action dismissed, by stipulation of parties. (See *State vs. Reno Mill and Lumber Co., supra.*) Closed.

R. Shaw, Plaintiff, vs. The State of California, Defendant. In the Superior Court of San Benito County, by complaint to recover \$3,730, account of claims for bounty on coyote scalps. On November 30, 1901, judgment for plaintiff for \$3,730. Closed.

People of the State of California, Plaintiff, vs. Pacific Debenture Company (a corporation), Defendant. In the Superior Court of City and County of San Francisco, by complaint to enjoin defendants from further transaction of business. On October 24, 1901, restraining order given, restraining defendant from collecting installments on series A and B; and ordered that defendant wind up business of series A and B.

George Engwicht, Plaintiff, vs. Pacific States Life Assurance Company, Truman Reeves, etc., Defendants. In the Superior Court of City and County of San Francisco, by complaint to collect \$436 insurance, from the deposit in the State Treasury. Demurrers of defendants to amended complaint overruled July 1, 1902.

E. D. McCabe, Plaintiff, vs. E. P. Colgan, State Controller, etc., Defendant. In the Superior Court of City and County of San Francisco, for writ of mandate compelling issuance of warrant for \$93.35, salary of plaintiff as Commissioner of Building and Loan Associations. Cause tried, and judgment for plaintiff as prayed for. Notice of motion for new trial filed April 29, 1902.

Corona Irrigation Company (a corporation), Plaintiff, vs. The State of California, Defendant. In the Superior Court of Riverside County, to condemn right of way for canal. Defendant's demurrer to complaint served and filed October 9, 1901.

People, ex rel. Attorney-General, Plaintiff, vs. A. Alper, N. Ohlandt, et al., Defendants. In the Superior Court of Contra Costa County, for

SCHEDULE "D"—Continued.

injunction restraining defendant from removing buildings from land sold to State for delinquent taxes. Demurrer of defendants filed October 10, 1901. Case dismissed, on payment of \$4,000 to plaintiff, in settlement of delinquent taxes and penalties. Closed.

E. R. Elliott, et al., Plaintiffs, vs. The State of California, Defendant. In the Superior Court of City and County of San Francisco, by complaint to quiet title. Action abandoned; see *Elliott vs. State, infra*. Closed.

John Ashurst, Plaintiff, vs. M. J. Wright, etc., Defendant. In the Superior Court of Sacramento County, by petition for writ of mandate to compel defendant to issue to plaintiff patent to State lands. Submitted on demurrer, November 20, 1901.

Sacramento Electric, Gas and Railway Company (a corporation), Plaintiff, vs. Robert M. Fitzgerald, et al., as Directors, etc., Defendants. In the Superior Court of Sacramento County, for injunction to restrain defendants from interfering with use of canal claimed by plaintiff, at Folsom. Demurrer to plaintiff's complaint filed December 9, 1901. Argument on demurrer continued by stipulation, indefinitely, to be reset on motion.

Henry B. Converse, Plaintiff, vs. G. W. Watts, as Commandant of Veterans' Home of California, Defendant. In the Superior Court of Napa County, by complaint to annul proceedings discharging plaintiff from Home. Cause tried and submitted, and on November 25, 1901, judgment ordered for defendant. Closed.

A. E. Packwood, Plaintiff, vs. M. J. Wright, etc., Defendant. In the Superior Court of Kern County, for writ of mandate compelling defendant to file application of plaintiff to purchase State lands. On December 2, 1901, judgment for plaintiff. Closed.

J. W. Thompson, et al., Trustees Christian Church of Hollister, Plaintiffs, vs. J. J. Croxon, Tax Collector, etc., Defendant. In the Superior Court of San Benito County, by complaint to enjoin collection of taxes on church property. On February 3, 1902, cause dismissed, without prejudice, on motion of plaintiff. Closed.

E. R. Elliott, et al., Plaintiffs, vs. State of California, Defendant. In the Superior Court of Stanislaus County, by complaint to quiet title. Judgment for plaintiff on December 31, 1901. Closed.

SCHEDULE "D"—Continued.

California & Northern Railway Company, Plaintiff, vs. State of California, Frank E. Herrick, et al., Defendants. In the Superior Court of Humboldt County, to condemn right of way through State lands, for railroad purposes. Answer of defendant State served and filed March 5, 1902.

Benjamin Lauer, Plaintiff, vs. State of California, Defendant. In the Superior Court of Modoc County, by complaint to recover \$6,770, account of claims for bounty on coyote scalps. Cause tried, and judgment for plaintiff February 13, 1902, for \$6,770. Closed.

Benjamin Lauer, Plaintiff, vs. State of California, Defendant. In the Superior Court of Modoc County, by complaint to recover \$55, account of claims for bounty on coyote scalps. Cause tried, and judgment rendered for plaintiff on February 13, 1902, for \$55. Closed.

Southern Pacific Company, Plaintiff, vs. Board of Railroad Commissioners, etc., Defendants. In the Superior Court of City and County of San Francisco, for injunction to enjoin enforcement of rates adopted by defendants for the transportation of oil. On April 17, 1902, case compromised by abandonment by Railroad Commissioners of disputed rate and establishment of a new rate equal to seventy-five per cent of one abandoned. Cause dismissed by stipulation of parties. Closed.

G. S. Brand, Plaintiff, vs. E. P. Colgan, etc., Defendant. In the Superior Court of Sacramento County, by petition for writ of mandate to compel defendant to issue warrant in favor of R. Buckingham, the assignor of plaintiff. June 21, 1902, cause tried, and submitted on briefs.

W. L. Wood, Plaintiff, vs. The State of California, Defendant. In the Superior Court of Sacramento County, by complaint to recover \$2,565, account of claims for bounty on coyote scalps. Cause tried and submitted June 4, 1902.

John Raggio, Plaintiff, vs. The State of California, Defendant. In the Superior Court of Calaveras County, by complaint to recover \$1,125, account of claims for bounty on coyote scalps. Answer of defendant filed March 8, 1902.

James T. Laird, Plaintiff, vs. The State of California, Defendant. In the Superior Court of Modoc County, by complaint to recover \$2,500, account of claims for bounty on coyote scalps. Cause tried and submitted February 13, 1902, and judgment rendered for \$2,400 in favor of plaintiff. Closed.

SCHEDULE "D"—Continued.

William Sims, as Trustee, etc., et al., Plaintiffs, vs. The People of the State of California, Defendants. In the Superior Court of Solano County, by petition for leave to mortgage trust estate of "Good Templars' Home for Orphans." Answer of defendant filed. On May 12, 1902, hearing continued indefinitely.

Bank of Commerce (a corporation), Plaintiff, vs. The State of California, Defendant. In the Superior Court of San Diego County, by complaint to recover \$1,320, account of claims for bounty on coyote scalps. Cause tried and submitted April 24, 1902, and judgment rendered for plaintiff for \$1,320. Closed.

J. C. Cullen, as Receiver of the Property of the Pacific States Life Assurance Company, Plaintiff, vs. Truman Reeves, State Treasurer, etc., et al., Defendants. In the Superior Court of City and County of San Francisco, by complaint to recover possession of certificate of deposit made by insurance company for \$5,000. Cause tried and submitted July 11, 1902; submission vacated July 16, 1902; second amended complaint filed, and cause resubmitted.

Julia H. Jones, Plaintiff, vs. The State of California, Defendant. In the Superior Court of City and County of San Francisco, by complaint to recover \$600, account of claims for bounty on coyote scalps. Cause tried and submitted April 8, 1902, and judgment rendered for plaintiff for \$600. Closed.

Eureka & Freshwater Railway Company, Plaintiff, vs. The State of California, Frank E. Herrick, et al., Defendants. In the Superior Court of Humboldt County, to condemn right of way through State lands for railroad purposes. Demurrer of defendant State served and filed April 8, 1902.

James French, Plaintiff, vs. The State of California, Defendant. In the Superior Court of Sacramento County, transferred to Placer County, by complaint to recover \$390, account of claims for bounty on coyote scalps. Answer of defendant filed March 19, 1902.

Robert R. Potter, Plaintiff, vs. State of California, Defendant. In the Superior Court of Sacramento County, transferred to Tuolumne County, by complaint to recover \$1,260, account of claims for bounty on coyote scalps. Answer of defendant filed March 19, 1902.

Joseph Quirolo, Plaintiff, vs. State of California, Defendant. In the Superior Court of Amador County, by complaint to recover \$385, account

SCHEDULE "D"—Continued.

of claims for bounty on coyote scalps. Answer of defendant filed March 22, 1902.

William Going, Plaintiff, vs. State of California, Defendant. In the Superior Court of Amador County, by complaint to recover \$535, account of claims for bounty on coyote scalps. Answer of defendant filed March 26, 1902.

R. P. Marquez, Plaintiff, vs. State of California, Defendant. In the Superior Court of Orange County, by complaint to recover \$140, account of claims for bounty on coyote scalps. Cause tried and submitted April 21, 1902, and judgment entered for plaintiff for \$140. Closed.

Commercial Bank of Madera (a corporation), Plaintiff, vs. State of California, Defendant. In the Superior Court of Fresno County, by complaint to recover \$3,825, account of claims for bounty on coyote scalps. Answer of defendant filed April 15, 1902.

M. Zirker, Plaintiff, vs. State of California, Defendant. In the Superior Court of Merced County, by complaint to recover \$1,035, account of claims for bounty on coyote scalps. Answer of defendant filed April 14, 1902.

George Conway, Plaintiff, vs. State of California, Defendant. In the Superior Court of Merced County, by complaint to recover \$290, account of claims for bounty on coyote scalps. Answer of defendant filed April 14, 1902.

The Producers Bank, Plaintiff, vs. State of California, Defendant. In the Superior Court of Tulare County, by complaint to recover \$14,720, account of claims for bounty on coyote scalps. Answer of defendant filed April 8, 1902.

M. A. Forster, Plaintiff, vs. State of California, Defendant. In the Superior Court of Orange County, by complaint to recover \$550, account of claims for bounty on coyote scalps. Cause tried and submitted April 21, 1902, and judgment rendered for plaintiff for \$550. Closed.

Charles Bickerdike, Plaintiff, vs. State of California, Defendant. In the Superior Court of Sacramento County, by complaint to recover \$72,330, account of claims for bounty on coyote scalps. Cause tried and submitted July 23, 1902.

C. A. Weaver, Plaintiff, vs. State of California, Defendant. Same as last case, except for \$1,100.

SCHEDULE "D"—Continued.

Chas. A. Palmer, Plaintiff, vs. State of California, Defendant. Same as last case, except for \$485.

George Leonard, Plaintiff, vs. State of California, Defendant. Same as last case, except for \$1,040.

L. C. Waite, Plaintiff, vs. State of California, Defendant. Same as last case, except for \$685.

A. T. Lightner, Plaintiff, vs. State of California, Defendant. Same as last case, except for \$4,810.

John F. Pryor, Plaintiff, vs. State of California, Defendant. Same as last case, except for \$3,360.

E. Weisbaum, Plaintiff, vs. State of California, Defendant. Same as last case, except for \$2,545.

N. Weisbaum, Plaintiff, vs. State of California, Defendant. Same as last case, except for \$645.

W. B. Waldron, Plaintiff, vs. State of California, Defendant. Same as last case, except for \$4,840.

W. S. Hooper, Plaintiff, vs. State of California, Defendant. Same as last case, except for \$5,310.

N. Weisbaum, Plaintiff, vs. State of California, Defendant. In the Superior Court of City and County of San Francisco, by complaint to recover \$150, account of claims for bounty on coyote scalps. Answer of defendant filed April 9, 1902.

Farmers' Exchange Bank of San Bernardino, Plaintiff, vs. State of California, Defendant. In the Superior Court of San Bernardino County, by complaint to recover \$2,365, account of claims for bounty on coyote scalps. Cause tried and submitted on April 25, 1902, and judgment rendered for plaintiff for \$2,365. Closed.

Eli Henderson, Plaintiff, vs. State of California, Defendant. In the Superior Court of Fresno County, by complaint to recover \$7,295, account of claims for bounty on coyote scalps. Answer of defendant filed April 14, 1902.

G. W. Dowda, Plaintiff, vs. State of California, Defendant. In the Superior Court of Fresno County, by complaint to recover \$3,845, account of claims for bounty on coyote scalps. Answer of defendant filed April 14, 1902.

SCHEDULE "D"—Continued.

In the matter of the Estate of William Warren, deceased. In the Superior Court of Sacramento County, by petition to recover from State Treasury \$1,705.55, escheated to the State. Hearing of petition continued, pending decision in the matter of the Estate of James Miner, deceased.

Oscar R. Brown, Plaintiff, vs. State of California, Defendant. In the Superior Court of Mono County, by complaint to recover \$1,040, account of claims for bounty on coyote scalps. Cause tried and submitted August 4, 1902.

Charles Williams, Plaintiff, vs. State of California, Defendant. In the Superior Court of Butte County, by complaint to recover \$500, account of claims for bounty on coyote scalps. Answer of defendant filed April 16, 1902.

The County of Butte, Plaintiff, vs. Henry T. Gage, et al., as State Board of Examiners, etc., Defendants. In the Superior Court of Sacramento County, by petition for writ of mandate to compel approval of claims for maintenance of orphans. Demurrer of defendants filed to petition, and hearing continued by stipulation pending decision in Supreme Court in case of *County of San Luis Obispo vs. Gage, et al.*

Humboldt Railroad Company, Plaintiff, vs. State of California, John A. Sinclair, et al., Defendants. In the Superior Court of Humboldt County, to condemn right of way through State lands for railway purposes. May 8, 1902, demurrer of defendant State served and filed.

Humboldt Railroad Company, Plaintiff, vs. The State of California, Peter Johansen, et al., Defendants. Same as last case, but involving different lands.

Humboldt Railroad Company, Plaintiff, vs. The State of California, John A. Sinclair, et al., Defendants. Same as last case, but involving different lands.

John E. Tucker, as Administrator, etc., Plaintiff, vs. The State of California, Defendant. In the Superior Court of Merced County, by complaint to recover \$185, account of claims for bounty on coyote scalps. Answer of defendant filed May 9, 1902.

John E. Tucker, Plaintiff, vs. The State of California, Defendant. In the Superior Court of Merced County, by complaint to recover \$400, account of claims for bounty on coyote scalps. Answer of defendant filed May 8, 1902.

SCHEDULE "D"—Continued.

Bank of San Mateo County, Plaintiff, vs. The State of California, Defendant. In the Superior Court of San Mateo County, by complaint to recover \$750, account of claims for bounty on coyote scalps. Answer of defendant filed May 13, 1902.

The National Bank of D. O. Mills, Plaintiff, vs. The State of California, Defendant. In the Superior Court of Sacramento County, by complaint to recover \$49,680, account of claims for bounty on coyote scalps. Cause tried and submitted July 23, 1902.

George Hornage, Plaintiff, vs. The State of California, Defendant. In the Superior Court of San Joaquin County, by complaint to recover \$465, account of claims for bounty on coyote scalps. Answer of defendant filed May 13, 1902.

San Francisco Law and Collection Company, Plaintiff, vs. The State of California, Defendant. In the Superior Court of Sacramento County, by complaint to recover on account of bounty on coyote scalps. Cause tried, and submitted on July 23, 1902.

People, etc., by Tirey L. Ford, Attorney-General, Plaintiff, vs. The Pacific Debenture Company (a corporation), Defendant. In the Superior Court of City and County of San Francisco, by quo warranto to forfeit franchise of defendant, to dissolve defendant, and to recover \$5,000 fine. Demurrer filed, and on April 24, 1902, cause continued, to be reset.

W. L. Wood, Plaintiff, vs. State of California, Defendant. In the Superior Court of Sacramento County, by complaint to recover \$75, account of bounty on coyote scalps. Cause tried and submitted July 23, 1902.

People, etc., ex rel. Tirey L. Ford, Attorney-General, Plaintiff, vs. George S. McComb and Powell Frederick, Defendants. In the Superior Court of City and County of San Francisco, by quo warranto to determine title to office of Clerk of Justices' Court of the City and County of San Francisco. Defendant McComb answered and filed cross-complaint; defendant Powell answered to complaint and cross-complaint. On June 4, 1902, cause submitted on agreed statement of facts, and judgment rendered, declaring defendant McComb entitled to the office.

Robert Y. Hayne, Plaintiff, vs. State of California, Defendant. In the Superior Court of San Mateo County, by complaint to recover \$5,000 for legal services rendered to Board of Railroad Commissioners in so-called "grain rate" cases. Answer of defendant served and filed August 15, 1902.

SCHEDULE "D"—Continued.

Hakes Investment Company, Plaintiff, vs. State of California, Defendant. In the Superior Court of San Diego County, by complaint to recover \$5,880, account of claims for bounty on coyote scalps. Cause tried, and on April 24, 1902, judgment rendered for plaintiff for \$5,880. Closed.

M. D. Corey, Plaintiff, vs. State of California, Defendant. In the Superior Court of San Diego County, by complaint to recover \$3,195, account of claims for bounty on coyote scalps. Cause tried, and on April 24, 1902, judgment rendered for plaintiff for \$3,195. Closed.

W. R. Guy, Plaintiff, vs. State of California, Defendant. In the Superior Court of San Diego County, by complaint to recover \$9,435, account of claims for bounty on coyote scalps. Cause tried and submitted, and on April 24, 1902, judgment for plaintiff for \$8,655. Closed.

People, etc., Plaintiff, vs. Atlantic & Pacific Railroad Company, Defendant. In the Superior Court of Sacramento County, by complaint to recover \$2,657.85, delinquent taxes and penalties. Dismissed on motion of plaintiff, August 22, 1902, it appearing that plaintiff has no cause of action. Closed.

People, etc., Plaintiff, vs. Atlantic & Pacific Railroad Company and Santa Fé Pacific Railroad Company, Defendants. In the Superior Court of Sacramento County, by complaint to recover \$1,815.94, delinquent taxes and penalties. On August 22, 1902, dismissed on motion of plaintiff, it appearing that plaintiff has no cause of action. Closed.

SCHEDULE "E."**CIVIL CASES BEFORE SPECIAL TRIBUNALS.**

Los Angeles Traffic Association, Complainant, vs. Southern Pacific Company et al., Defendants. By complaint before the Board of Railroad Commissioners for an order directing defendants to desist from unlawful discrimination against complainant in rates of freight charges, etc. On February 12, 1901, demurrer to complaint sustained, thirty days to amend. No amendments filed. Closed.

SCHEDULE "F."

CRIMINAL CASES IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE
STATE OF CALIFORNIA.

People, etc., Respondent, vs. George Walker, Appellant. Charged with embezzlement by information in the Superior Court of City and County of San Francisco; convicted, and sentenced to four years' imprisonment. Appealed, and on July 9, 1900, in department, ordered that order of September 30, 1898, be affirmed, and appeal from judgment and all other orders dismissed. Department judgment vacated and cause submitted in bank, and on March 8, 1901, judgment reversed.

People, etc., Respondent, vs. W. E. Rushing, Appellant. Charged with forgery by information in the Superior Court of Fresno County; convicted, and sentenced to five years' imprisonment. Defendant appealed, and on November 8, 1900, judgment affirmed.

People, etc., Respondent, vs. William Sullivan, Appellant. Charged with murder by indictment in the Superior Court of Tulare County; convicted of murder in the first degree, and sentenced to death. Appealed, and on August 23, 1900, judgment affirmed. Petition for rehearing denied.

People, etc., Respondent, vs. Simon Anderson, Appellant. Charged with murder by information in the Superior Court of Humboldt County; convicted of manslaughter, and sentenced to three and one half years' imprisonment. Appealed, and on January 12, 1901, judgment reversed and defendant ordered discharged.

People, etc., Respondent, vs. James F. O'Brien, Appellant. Charged with rape by information in the Superior Court of Alameda County; convicted, and sentenced to seven years' imprisonment. Appealed, and on September 17, 1900, judgment reversed.

People, etc., Respondent, vs. Oliver Emerson, Appellant. Charged with murder by information in the Superior Court of Tuolumne County; convicted of murder in the first degree, and sentenced to death. Appealed, and on November 27, 1900, judgment affirmed.

People, etc., Respondent, vs. C. C. Sullivan, Appellant. Charged with burglary by information in the Superior Court of Alameda County;

SCHEDULE "F"—Continued.

convicted of burglary in the first degree, and sentenced to life imprisonment. Appealed, and on March 1, 1901, judgment affirmed.

People, etc., Respondent, vs. Charles Harlan, Appellant. Charged with rape by information in the Superior Court of Sacramento County; convicted, and sentenced to forty years' imprisonment. Appealed, and on May 23, 1901, judgment affirmed.

People, etc., Respondent, vs. Charles Johnson, Appellant. Charged with assault to commit rape by information in the Superior Court of City and County of San Francisco; convicted, and sentenced to nine years' imprisonment. Appealed, and on February 9, 1901, judgment affirmed.

People, etc., Respondent, vs. Ida F. Nolan, Appellant. Charged with assault to commit murder by information in the Superior Court of City and County of San Francisco; convicted, and sentenced to fine of \$500, or 250 days in jail. Appealed, and on August 16, 1901, judgment affirmed, on motion of respondent, for want of appearance by appellant.

People, etc., Respondent, vs. E. J. Cole, Appellant. Charged with forgery by information in the Superior Court of Sacramento County; convicted, and sentenced to eight years' imprisonment. Appealed, and on September 17, 1900, judgment reversed.

People, etc., Respondent, vs. Fred Benc, Appellant. Charged with rape by information in the Superior Court of Tulare County; convicted, and sentenced to five years' imprisonment. Appealed, and on October 1, 1900, judgment affirmed.

People, etc., Respondent, vs. G. G. Young, Appellant. Charged with murder by information in the Superior Court of Mendocino County; convicted of manslaughter, and sentenced to ten years' imprisonment. Appealed, and on February 9, 1901, judgment affirmed.

People, etc., Respondent, vs. W. A. Brandes, Appellant. Charged with murder by information in the Superior Court of Alameda County; convicted of murder in the second degree, and sentenced to life imprisonment. Appealed, and on January 15, 1901, judgment reversed.

People, etc., Appellant, vs. Samuel B. Terrill, Respondent. Charged with embezzlement by information in the Superior Court of Santa Clara County. People appealed from an order granting motion to set aside information, and on December 27, 1900, judgment affirmed.

People, etc., Respondent, vs. Harry P. Clarke, Appellant. Charged with murder by information in the Superior Court of Los Angeles County;

SCHEDULE "F"—Continued.

convicted of murder in the second degree, and sentenced to life imprisonment. Appealed, and on December 14, 1900, judgment affirmed. Petition for rehearing denied.

People, etc., Respondent, vs. John Breen, Appellant. Charged with arson by information in the Superior Court of San Joaquin County; convicted of arson in the second degree, and sentenced to ten years' imprisonment. Appealed, and on September 18, 1900, judgment affirmed.

People, etc., Respondent, vs. Fred Canning, Appellant. Charged with rape by information in the Superior Court of Alameda County; convicted, and sentenced to Preston School of Industry during period of minority. Appealed, and on August 20, 1900, judgment affirmed, on motion of respondent, for want of appearance by defendant.

People, etc., Respondent, vs. Tony Rice and Jack Brooks, Appellants. Charged with murder by information in the Superior Court of Fresno County; convicted of murder in the second degree, and sentenced to life imprisonment. Appealed, and on January 2, 1901, judgment affirmed. Petition for rehearing denied.

People, etc., Respondent, vs. A. Arlington, Appellant. Charged with grand larceny by information in the Superior Court of Alameda County; convicted, and sentenced to life imprisonment. Appealed, and on December 29, 1900, judgment affirmed.

People, etc., Respondent, vs. Justin A. Brown, Appellant. Charged with murder by information in the Superior Court of Kern County; convicted of murder in the first degree, and sentenced to life imprisonment. Appealed, and on December 3, 1900, judgment affirmed.

People, etc., Respondent, vs. Benjamin Leipsic, Appellant. Charged with embezzlement by information in the Superior Court of City and County of San Francisco; convicted, and sentenced to five years' imprisonment. Appealed, and on September 17, 1900, judgment reversed.

People, etc., Respondent, vs. William P. Mendenhall, Appellant. Charged with assault to murder by information in the Superior Court of City and County of San Francisco; convicted, and sentenced to five years' imprisonment. Appealed, and on January 15, 1901, reversed in department; rehearing granted, and on January 13, 1902, judgment affirmed in bank.

SCHEDULE "F"—Continued.

People, etc., Respondent vs. Lem Deo, Appellant. Charged with murder by information in the Superior Court of Yuba County; convicted of murder in the first degree, and sentenced to life imprisonment. Appealed, and on March 13, 1901, judgment affirmed.

People, etc., Respondent, vs. Vernea Shears, Appellant. Charged with murder by information in the Superior Court of Riverside County; convicted of manslaughter, and sentenced to ten years' imprisonment. Appealed, and on March 31, 1901, judgment affirmed.

People, etc., Respondent, vs. W. J. Goldsworthy, Appellant. Charged with burglary by information in the Superior Court of San Joaquin County; convicted of burglary in the first degree, and sentenced to fourteen years' imprisonment. Appealed, and on December 8, 1900, judgment affirmed.

People, etc., Respondent, vs. Hieronymus Hartman, Appellant. Charged with bigamy by information in the Superior Court of San Bernardino County; convicted, and sentenced to two years' imprisonment. Appealed, and on November 13, 1900, judgment affirmed.

People, etc., Respondent, vs. Robert Bishop, Appellant. Charged with arson by indictment in the Superior Court of Alameda County; convicted, and sentenced to five years' imprisonment. Appealed, and on December 4, 1901, judgment affirmed.

People, etc., Respondent, vs. George Warren, et al., Appellants. Charged with grand larceny by indictment in the Superior Court of San Luis Obispo County; convicted, and sentenced to four years' imprisonment. Appealed, and on December 18, 1900, judgment affirmed.

People, etc., Respondent, vs. J. A. Warren, et al., Appellants. Charged with grand larceny by indictment in the Superior Court of San Luis Obispo County; convicted, and sentenced to four years' imprisonment. Appealed, and on December 18, 1900, judgment affirmed.

People, etc., Respondent, vs. Samuel M. Findley, Appellant. Charged with embezzlement by indictment in the Superior Court of San Luis Obispo County; convicted, and sentenced to eight years' imprisonment. Appealed, and on March 22, 1901, judgment affirmed.

People, etc., Respondent, vs. John Machado, et al., Appellants. Charged with grand larceny by indictment in the Superior Court of San Luis Obispo County; convicted, and sentenced to five years' imprisonment. Appealed, and on December 18, 1900, judgment affirmed.

SCHEDULE "F"—Continued.

People, etc., Respondent, vs. George Suesser, Appellant. Charged with murder by information in the Superior Court of Monterey County; convicted of murder in the first degree, and sentenced to death. Appealed, and on May 9, 1901, judgment reversed.

People, etc., Respondent, vs. Bert Ross, Appellant. Charged with murder by indictment in the Superior Court of San Luis Obispo County; convicted, and sentenced to death. Appealed, and on October 1, 1901, judgment affirmed.

People, etc., Respondent, vs. Thomas F. Grimes, Appellant. Charged with murder by information in the Superior Court of Placer County; convicted of murder in the second degree, and sentenced to twenty-four years' imprisonment. Appealed, and on February 26, 1901, judgment affirmed.

People, etc., Respondent, vs. Quon Long Young, Appellant. Charged with assault with deadly weapon by information in the Superior Court of San Diego County; convicted, and sentenced to sixty days in county jail. Appealed, and on October 15, 1900, appeal dismissed and judgment affirmed for want of appearance of appellant.

People, etc., Respondent, vs. Ramon Tapia, Appellant. Charged with murder by information in the Superior Court of San Diego County; convicted of murder in the first degree, and sentenced to life imprisonment. Appealed, and on February 21, 1901, judgment reversed.

People, etc., Respondent, vs. Thomas A. Kelly, Appellant. Charged with offering to be filed a false and forged bail bond, by indictment in the Superior Court of City and County of San Francisco; convicted, and sentenced to three and one half years' imprisonment. Appealed, and on May 21, 1901, judgment reversed.

People, etc., Respondent, vs. Z. Williams, Appellant. Charged with rape by information in the Superior Court of Los Angeles County; convicted, and sentenced to eighteen years' imprisonment. Appealed, and on May 31, 1901, judgment reversed.

People, etc., Respondent, vs. E. V. Meth ever, Appellant. Charged with murder by information in the Superior Court of Los Angeles County; convicted of murder in the first degree, and sentenced to death. Appealed, and on March 25, 1901, judgment affirmed.

People, etc., Respondent, vs. R. A. Bird, Appellant. Charged with forgery by information in the Superior Court of Los Angeles County;

SCHEDULE "F"—Continued.

convicted, and sentenced to six years' imprisonment. Appealed, and on March 19, 1901, judgment reversed.

People, etc., Respondent, vs. John Hittel, Appellant. Charged with arson by information in the Superior Court of Napa County; convicted of arson in the second degree, and sentenced to five years' imprisonment. Appealed, and on February 15, 1901, judgment affirmed.

People, etc., Respondent, vs. Thomas P. Owens, Appellant. Charged with murder by information in the Superior Court of Sonoma County; convicted of murder in the first degree, and sentenced to death. Appealed, and on April 16, 1901, judgment affirmed.

People, etc., Respondent, vs. Gonzales Smith, et al., Appellants. Charged with murder by information in the Superior Court of Kern County; convicted of manslaughter, and sentenced to ten years' imprisonment. Appealed, and on November 5, 1901, judgment affirmed.

People, etc., Respondent, vs. Samuel B. Terrill, Appellant. Charged with forgery by indictment in the Superior Court of Santa Clara County; convicted, and sentenced to four years' imprisonment. Appealed, and on May 29, 1901, judgment affirmed.

People, etc., Respondent, vs. George Rowell, Appellant. Charged with burglary by information in the Superior Court of Los Angeles County; convicted, and sentenced to five years' imprisonment. Appealed, and on May 25, 1901, judgment affirmed.

People, etc., Appellant, vs. Eulogio Castro, Respondent. Charged with rape by indictment in the Superior Court of San Bernardino County; convicted, and new trial granted. People appealed from order allowing new trial. On May 22, 1900, order allowing new trial affirmed.

People, etc., Respondent, vs. Charles Goodwin, Appellant. Charged with seduction by information in the Superior Court of Alameda County; convicted, and sentenced to five years' imprisonment. Appealed, and on April 3, 1901, judgment affirmed.

People, etc., Respondent, vs. K. J. Mooney, Appellant. Charged with arson by information in the Superior Court of Merced County; convicted of arson in the second degree, and sentenced to five years' imprisonment. Appealed, and on February 26, 1901, judgment affirmed.

People, etc., Respondent, vs. Alfred Peller, Appellant. Charged with assault to murder by information in the Superior Court of Sierra County; convicted of assault with a deadly weapon, and sentenced to two years' imprisonment. Appealed, and on May 8, 1901, judgment affirmed.

SCHEDULE "F"—Continued.

People, etc., Respondent, vs. Bernard Ward, Appellant. Charged with embezzlement by information in the Superior Court of City and County of San Francisco; convicted, and sentenced to seven years' imprisonment. Appealed, and on October 11, 1901, judgment affirmed.

People, etc., Appellant, vs. Samuel B. Terrill, Respondent. Charged with forgery by information in the Superior Court of Santa Clara County; on the trial, the court directed a verdict for the defendant. People appealed from an order directing such verdict, and on April 27, 1901, order affirmed. Petition for rehearing denied.

People, etc., Appellant, vs. Edward E. Young, Respondent. Charged with unlawful fishing by information in the Superior Court of San Diego County; on the trial, the court directed a verdict for the defendant. People appealed from the order directing such verdict. On January 14, 1901, appeal dismissed, on motion of appellant.

People, etc., Respondent, vs. N. H. McLean, Appellant. Charged with embezzlement by information in the Superior Court of Los Angeles County; convicted, and sentenced to ten years' imprisonment. Appealed; and on January 4, 1902, judgment affirmed.

People, etc., Appellant, vs. G. W. Simpton, Respondent. Charged with perjury by indictment in the Superior Court of the City and County of San Francisco; demurrer to indictment sustained, and People appealed from the order sustaining the demurrer. On July 16, 1901, order sustaining demurrer affirmed.

People, etc., Appellant, vs. Adolph Sylvia, Respondent. Charged with subornation of perjury by indictment in the Superior Court of the City and County of San Francisco. Demurrer to indictment sustained, and People appealed from the order sustaining the demurrer. On August 15, 1901, appeal dismissed by stipulation of parties, case being, in effect, disposed of by decision in *People vs. Simpton, supra*.

People, etc., Respondent, vs. Charles Compton, Appellant. Charged with forgery by information in the Superior Court of Los Angeles County; convicted, and sentenced to eleven years' imprisonment. Appealed, and on April 26, 1901, judgment reversed.

People, etc., Respondent, vs. Patrick A. Kelly, Appellant. Charged with grand larceny by information in the Superior Court of Alameda County; convicted, and sentenced to five years' imprisonment. Appealed, and on April 6, 1901, judgment affirmed.

SCHEDULE "F"—Continued.

People, etc., Respondent, vs. P. J. Wynn, Appellant. Charged with obtaining money under false pretenses by indictment in the Superior Court of City and County of San Francisco; convicted, and sentenced to three years' imprisonment. Appealed, and on May 29, 1901, judgment affirmed. Petition for rehearing denied.

People, etc., Respondent, vs. Pedro Gallego, Appellant. Charged with murder by indictment in the Superior Court of San Luis Obispo County; convicted of murder in the second degree, and sentenced to twenty years' imprisonment. Appealed, and on June 26, 1901, judgment reversed.

People, etc., Respondent, vs. William Wilder, Appellant. Charged with grand larceny by information in the Superior Court of Contra Costa County; convicted, and sentenced to eight years' imprisonment. Appealed, and on September 24, 1901, judgment affirmed.

People, etc., Respondent, vs. Mary McMahon, Appellant. Charged with embezzlement by information in the Superior Court of City and County of San Francisco; convicted, and sentenced to one and one half years' imprisonment. Appealed, and on June 26, 1901, judgment affirmed.

People, etc., Respondent, vs. W. F. Gordon, Appellant. Charged with embezzlement by information in the Superior Court of San Joaquin County; convicted, and sentenced to six years' imprisonment. Appealed, and on July 6, 1901, judgment affirmed.

People, etc., Respondent, vs. Robert L. Battle, Appellant. Charged with assault to murder by information in the Superior Court of Riverside County; convicted of assault, and sentenced to \$300 fine or seventy-five days in jail. Appealed, and on April 10, 1901, appeal dismissed, by stipulation of parties.

People, etc., Respondent, vs. Charles Parks, Appellant. Charged with rape by information in the Superior Court of Solano County; convicted, and sentenced to twenty years' imprisonment. Appealed, and on March 21, 1901, judgment affirmed.

People, etc., Respondent, vs. Joseph Teshara, Appellant. Charged with murder by information in the Superior Court of Santa Cruz County; convicted of murder in the second degree, and sentenced to ninety years' imprisonment. Appealed, and on November 21, 1901, judgment reversed.

People, etc., Respondent, vs. Manuel Amaya, Appellant. Charged with murder by information in the Superior Court of Santa Cruz County; convicted of murder in the second degree, and sentenced to life imprisonment.

SCHEDULE "F"—Continued.

ment. Appealed, and on November 21, 1901, judgment affirmed. Petition for rehearing denied.

People, etc., Respondent, vs. John F. Healy, Appellant. Charged with assault with a deadly weapon by information in the Superior Court of City and County of San Francisco; convicted, and sentenced to two years in county jail. Appealed, and on August 15, 1901, judgment affirmed, for want of appearance on behalf of appellant.

People, etc., Respondent, vs. Walter Brady, et al., Appellants. Charged with burglary by information in the Superior Court of San Joaquin County; convicted of burglary in the first degree, and sentenced to five years' imprisonment. Appealed, and on July 6, 1901, judgment affirmed as to defendant Brady and reversed as to defendant Helms.

People, etc., Respondent, vs. Eugene Stork, Appellant. Charged with forgery by information in the Superior Court of Los Angeles County; convicted, and sentenced to seven years' imprisonment. Appealed, and on July 16, 1901, judgment affirmed. Petition for rehearing denied.

People, etc., Respondent, vs. Edward Rodriguez, Appellant. Charged with burglary by information in the Superior Court of Santa Cruz County; convicted of burglary in the second degree, and sentenced to two and one half years' imprisonment. Appealed, and on September 11, 1901, judgment reversed.

People, etc., Respondent, vs. M. W. Westlake, Appellant. Charged with murder by information in the Superior Court of Sacramento County; convicted of murder in the first degree, and sentenced to life imprisonment. Appealed, and on November 18, 1901, judgment affirmed.

People, etc., Respondent, vs. John W. McNeil, Appellant. Charged with murder by information in the Superior Court of Solano County; convicted of manslaughter, and sentenced to ten years' imprisonment. Appealed, and on August 12, 1901, judgment affirmed, for want of appearance on behalf of appellant.

People, etc., Appellant, vs. Ida Mack, Respondent. Charged with assault to murder by information in the Superior Court of San Diego County; found not guilty, and defendant ordered discharged. People appealed from an order denying motion for new trial. Appeal dismissed, April 18, 1902.

People, etc., Respondent, vs. Albert C. Enwright, Appellant. Charged with murder by information in the Superior Court of Mono County;

SCHEDULE "F"—Continued.

convicted of murder in the second degree, and sentenced to ten years' imprisonment. Appealed, and on November 20, 1901, judgment reversed.

People, etc., Respondent, vs. Frank Matthai, Appellant. Charged with murder by information in the Superior Court of Napa County; convicted of manslaughter, and sentenced to five years' imprisonment. Appealed, and on January 31, 1902, judgment reversed.

People, etc., Respondent, vs. Frank R. Donlan, Appellant. Charged with murder by information in the Superior Court of Tulare County; convicted of murder in the first degree, and sentenced to death. Appealed, and on February 14, 1902, judgment affirmed. Petition for rehearing denied.

People, etc., Respondent, vs. Miguel Figueroa, Appellant. Charged with rape by information in the Superior Court of Los Angeles County; convicted, and sentenced to fourteen years' imprisonment. Appealed, and on September 17, 1901, judgment affirmed.

People, etc., Respondent, vs. Isaac Daily, Appellant. Charged with murder by information in the Superior Court of Kings County; convicted of murder in the first degree, and sentenced to death. Appealed, and on February 16, 1901, judgment affirmed.

People, etc., Respondent, vs. James D. Prather, Appellant. Charged with perjury by indictment in the Superior Court of Sacramento County; convicted, and sentenced to eight years' imprisonment. Appealed, and on November 1, 1901, judgment affirmed. Petition for rehearing denied.

People, etc., Respondent, vs. John A. Howard, Appellant. Charged with attempting to obtain money under false pretenses by information in the Superior Court of Tulare County; convicted, and sentenced to four years' imprisonment. Appealed, and on December 30, 1901, judgment affirmed.

People, etc., Respondent, vs. Edward Webber, Appellant. Charged with burglary by information in the Superior Court of Solano County; convicted of burglary in the second degree, and sentenced to four years' imprisonment. Appealed, and on August 10, 1901, judgment reversed.

People, etc., Respondent, vs. J. A. Warren, et al., Appellants. Charged with grand larceny by indictment in the Superior Court of San Luis Obispo County; convicted, and sentenced to three years' imprisonment. Appealed, and on September 26, 1901, judgment reversed.

SCHEDULE "F"—Continued.

People, etc., Respondent, vs. W. D. Miller, Appellant. Charged with murder by information in the Superior Court of Alameda County; convicted of manslaughter, and sentenced to ten years' imprisonment. Appealed, and on December 13, 1901, judgment affirmed. Petition for rehearing denied.

People, etc., Respondent, vs. Charles H. Tilley, Appellant. Charged with receiving stolen property by information in the Superior Court of Fresno County; convicted, and sentenced to six months in county jail. Appealed, and on December 12, 1901, judgment reversed.

People, etc., Respondent, vs. Joe Totman, Appellant. Charged with rape by information in the Superior Court of Fresno County; convicted, and sentenced to twenty years' imprisonment. Appealed, and on December 20, 1901, judgment affirmed.

People, etc., Respondent, vs. Wm. H. Prather, et al., Appellants. Charged with grand larceny by information in the Superior Court of Sacramento County; convicted, and sentenced to ten years' imprisonment. Appealed, and on October 25, 1901, judgment affirmed. Petition for rehearing denied.

People, etc., Respondent, vs. Frank Nishiyama, Appellant. Charged with uttering fictitious check, by information in the Superior Court of Los Angeles County; convicted, and sentenced to three years' imprisonment. Appealed, and on January 2, 1902, judgment affirmed.

People, etc., Respondent, vs. Francisco Ochoa, Appellant. Charged with murder by information in the Superior Court of Kern County; convicted, and sentenced to death. Appealed, briefs filed, and on May 6, 1902, continued to San Francisco term.

People, etc., Respondent, vs. Fred Hansted, Appellant. Charged with making and uttering fictitious writing, by indictment in the Superior Court of City and County of San Francisco; convicted, and sentenced to five years' imprisonment. Appealed, and on December 23, 1901, judgment reversed.

People, etc., Respondent, vs. John H. Coxe, Appellant. Charged with embezzlement by information in the Superior Court of Los Angeles County; convicted, and sentenced to five years' imprisonment. Appealed, and on November 21, 1901, judgment affirmed.

People, etc., Appellant, vs. Nettie R. Craven-Fair, Respondent. Charged with perjury by indictment in the Superior Court of City and County of

SCHEDULE "F"—Continued.

San Francisco; defendant's motion to set aside indictment granted, and People appealed from the order granting the motion. Argued and submitted February 4, 1902.

People, etc., Respondent, vs. James Joy, Appellant. Charged with burglary by information in the Superior Court of City and County of San Francisco; convicted of burglary in the second degree, and sentenced to five years' imprisonment. Appealed, and on December 7, 1901, judgment affirmed.

People, etc., Respondent, vs. Amos K. Zeigler, Appellant. Charged with murder by information in the Superior Court of Santa Cruz County; convicted, and sentenced to life imprisonment. Appealed, and on February 6, 1902, judgment reversed.

People, etc., Respondent, vs. Henry Altmeyer, Appellant. Charged with burglary by information in the Superior Court of City and County of San Francisco; convicted of burglary in the second degree, and sentenced to seven years' imprisonment. Appealed, and on December 4, 1902, judgment reversed.

People, etc., Respondent, vs. John Lapique, Appellant. Charged with forgery by information in the Superior Court of City and County of San Francisco; convicted, and sentenced to nine years' imprisonment. Appealed, and on December 17, 1901, affirmed in department; rehearing granted, and on January 7, 1902, judgment reversed in bank.

People, etc., Respondent, vs. William Eaton, Appellant. Charged with rape by information in the Superior Court of County of Alameda; convicted, and sentenced to forty-five years' imprisonment. Appealed, and on March 24, 1902, judgment affirmed.

People, etc., Respondent, vs. Charles Ardell, Appellant. Charged with grand larceny by information in the Superior Court of Fresno County; convicted, and sentenced to ten years' imprisonment. Appealed, and on December 10, 1901, judgment affirmed.

People, etc., Respondent, vs. William Keith, Appellant. Charged with rape by information in the Superior Court of Yolo County; convicted, and sentenced to fifteen years' imprisonment. Appealed, and on April 16, 1902, judgment reversed.

People, etc., Respondent, vs. James F. Wheelock, Appellant. Charged with murder by information in the Superior Court of Butte County; convicted, and sentenced to death. Appealed, and on March 31, 1902, judgment affirmed.

SCHEDULE "F"—Continued.

People, etc., Respondent, vs. J. P. W. Davis, Appellant. Charged with arson by information in the Superior Court of Shasta County; convicted of arson in the second degree, and sentenced to ten years' imprisonment. Appealed, and on December 23, 1901, judgment affirmed.

People, etc., Respondent, vs. William Baumgartner, Appellant. Charged with violating sepulture by information in the Superior Court of Merced County; convicted, and sentenced to one and one half years' imprisonment. Appealed, and on December 14, 1901, judgment reversed.

People, etc., Respondent, vs. Emmett Rhew, Appellant. Charged with violating sepulture by information in the Superior Court of Merced County; convicted, and sentenced to one and one half years' imprisonment. Appealed, and on December 14, 1901, judgment reversed.

People, etc., Respondent, vs. Joseph Fitzgerald, Appellant. Charged with arson by information in the Superior Court of City and County of San Francisco; convicted of arson in the first degree, and sentenced to twenty years' imprisonment. Appealed, briefs filed, and on November 13, 1901, submitted on briefs.

People, etc., Respondent, vs. Frank Lopez, Appellant. Charged with assault to murder by information in the Superior Court of City and County of San Francisco; convicted of assault with a deadly weapon, and sentenced to ten years' imprisonment. Appealed, and on December 6, 1901, judgment affirmed.

People, etc., Respondent, vs. William Wilson, Appellant. Charged with robbery by information in the Superior Court of San Joaquin County; convicted, and sentenced to life imprisonment. Appealed, and on January 13, 1902, judgment affirmed.

People, etc., Respondent, vs. Robert McFarlane, Appellant. Charged with murder by information in the Superior Court of Merced County; convicted of manslaughter, and sentenced to eight years' imprisonment. Appealed, and on November 30, 1901, judgment reversed. Petition for rehearing denied.

People, etc., Respondent, vs. F. M. Chrisman, Appellant. Charged with grand larceny in the Superior Court of Kings County; convicted, and sentenced to three and one half years' imprisonment. Appealed, and on December 31, 1901, judgment affirmed. Petition for rehearing denied.

People, etc., Respondent, vs. Fred Smith, Appellant. Charged with burglary by information in the Superior Court of Yolo County; con-

SCHEDULE "F"—Continued.

victed of burglary in the second degree, and sentenced to five years' imprisonment. Appealed, and on April 4, 1902, judgment reversed.

People, etc., Respondent, vs. James Burns, Appellant. Charged with robbery by information in the Superior Court of City and County of San Francisco; convicted of an attempt to commit robbery, with a prior conviction, and sentenced to nineteen years' imprisonment. Appealed, and on May 29, 1902, judgment reversed.

People, etc., Respondent, vs. Ray Fahey, Appellant. Charged with robbery by information in the Superior Court of Sacramento County; convicted, and sentenced to life imprisonment. Appealed, and on November 12, 1901, submitted on the record and affirmed.

People, etc., Respondent, vs. James Richards, Appellant. Charged with robbery by information in the Superior Court of Merced County; convicted, and sentenced to seven years' imprisonment. Appealed, and on March 22, 1902, judgment reversed.

People, etc., Respondent, vs. Eber Barber, Appellant. Charged with forgery by information in the Superior Court of Sacramento County; convicted, and sentenced to ten years' imprisonment. Appealed, and on November 12, 1901, argued and submitted, and on November 21, 1901, judgment reversed. Petition for rehearing denied.

People, etc., Respondent, vs. A. Monroe, Appellant. Charged with selling liquor to an Indian, by information in the Superior Court of Fresno County; convicted, and sentenced to \$500 fine or 250 days in county jail. Appealed, briefs filed, and on November 13, 1901, submitted on briefs.

People, etc., Respondent, vs. William Day, Appellant. Charged with crime against nature by information in the Superior Court of Alameda County; convicted, and sentenced to ten years' imprisonment. Appealed, and on January 17, 1902, judgment affirmed.

People, etc., Respondent, vs. F. L. Hite, Appellant. Charged with assault to commit robbery by information in the Superior Court of Tehama County; convicted, and sentenced to three years' imprisonment. Appealed, and on December 14, 1901, judgment affirmed. Petition for rehearing denied.

People, etc., Respondent, vs. Charles Gilbert Adams, Appellant. Charged with murder by information in the Superior Court of City and County of San Francisco; convicted of murder in the second degree, and

SCHEDULE "F"—Continued.

sentenced to twenty-five years' imprisonment. Appealed, and on May 6, 1902, argued and submitted.

People, etc., Respondent, vs. John A. Gray, Appellant. Charged with seduction by information in the Superior Court of Riverside County; convicted, and sentenced to \$1,500 fine or 750 days in county jail. Appealed, and on April 18, 1902, argued and submitted.

People, etc., Respondent, vs. Juan Gonzales, et al., Appellants. Charged with murder by information in the Superior Court of San Benito County; convicted of murder in the first degree, and sentenced to death. Appealed, and on June 25, 1902, judgment reversed. Petition for rehearing denied.

People, etc., Respondent, vs. Gertrudes Almendares, Appellant. Charged with murder by information in the Superior Court of San Diego County; convicted of murder in the first degree, and sentenced to death. Appealed, and on June 25, 1902, judgment affirmed, on motion of respondent, for want of appearance on behalf of appellant.

People, etc., Respondent, vs. Arthur Ennis, Appellant. Charged with perjury by information in the Superior Court of San Joaquin County; convicted, and sentenced to five years' imprisonment. Appealed, and on February 4, 1902, argued and submitted.

People, etc., Respondent, vs. Ralph A. Huntington, Appellant. Charged with murder by information in the Superior Court of City and County of San Francisco; convicted of manslaughter, and sentenced to ten years' imprisonment. Appealed, and on March 3, 1902, cause submitted on briefs.

People, etc., Respondent, vs. Jan John, Appellant. Charged with perjury in Superior Court of Santa Clara County; convicted, and sentenced to ten years' imprisonment. Appealed, and on February 4, 1902, argued and submitted.

People, etc., Respondent, vs. Lew Fook, Appellant. Charged with murder by information in the Superior Court of City and County of San Francisco; convicted of murder in the first degree, and sentenced to life imprisonment. Appealed, and on August 1, 1902, respondent's brief filed.

People, etc., Appellant, vs. Joseph B. Seeley, Respondent. Charged with bribery by information in the Superior Court of Marin County; demurrer to information sustained, without leave to amend, and judgment

SCHEDULE "F"—Continued.

ordered for defendant. People appealed from order sustaining demurrer, and on July 8, 1902, judgment and order reversed. Petition for rehearing denied.

People, etc., Respondent, vs. Fred Rader, Appellant. Charged with murder by information in the Superior Court of Marin County; convicted of murder in the second degree, and sentenced to twenty-five years' imprisonment. Appealed, and on April 11, 1902, judgment affirmed.

People, etc., Respondent, vs. Frank Feliz, Appellant. Charged with grand larceny by information in the Superior Court of San Luis Obispo County; convicted, and sentenced to ten years' imprisonment. Appealed, and on June 11, 1902, judgment affirmed.

People, etc., Respondent, vs. Horace Jefferson Dobbins, Appellant. Charged with murder by information in the Superior Court of Solano County; convicted, and sentenced to life imprisonment. Appealed, and on May 6, 1902, continued to San Francisco calendar, no appearance having been made on behalf of appellant.

People, etc., Respondent, vs. Lee Look, Appellant. Charged with murder by information in the Superior Court of Santa Clara County; convicted, and sentenced to death. Appealed, and on May 6, 1902, argued and submitted; respondent's and appellant's supplemental points and authorities subsequently filed.

People, etc., Respondent, vs. J. W. Taylor, Appellant. Charged with grand larceny by information in the Superior Court of San Joaquin County; convicted, and sentenced to two years' imprisonment. Appealed, and on June 12, 1902, judgment affirmed.

People, etc., Respondent, vs. Bert Ross, Appellant. Charged with murder by information in the Superior Court of San Luis Obispo County; convicted, and sentenced to death. Appealed, and on April 16, 1901, appeal dismissed, on motion of respondent, no appearance having been made on behalf of appellant.

People, etc., Respondent, vs. John Doe Swist, Appellant. Charged with crime against nature by information in the Superior Court of San Joaquin County; convicted, and sentenced to eight years' imprisonment. Appealed, and on June 11, 1902, judgment affirmed.

People, etc., Respondent, vs. John M. Chretien, Appellant. Charged with forgery by information in the Superior Court of City and County

SCHEDULE "F"—Continued.

of San Francisco; convicted, and sentenced to ten years' imprisonment. Appealed, and respondent's brief filed June 11, 1902.

People, etc., Respondent, vs. Marvin Ford, Appellant. Charged with robbery by information in the Superior Court of City and County of San Francisco; convicted, and sentenced to ten years' imprisonment. Appealed, and on August 7, 1902, respondent's brief filed.

People, etc., Respondent, vs. John Fitzgerald, Appellant. Charged with murder by information in the Superior Court of County of San Mateo; convicted of murder in the second degree, and sentenced to thirty-five years' imprisonment. Appealed, and on May 6, 1902, continued to San Francisco term.

People, etc., Respondent, vs. A. H. Carpenter, Appellant. Charged with subornation of perjury by indictment in the Superior Court of San Joaquin County; convicted, and sentenced to five years' imprisonment. Appealed, and on May 20, 1902, judgment reversed. Petition for rehearing denied.

People, etc., Respondent, vs. Frank Cebulla, Appellant. Charged with murder by information in the Superior Court of Stanislaus County; convicted of manslaughter, and sentenced to eight years' imprisonment. Appealed, and on April 17, 1902, submitted on briefs.

People, etc., Respondent, vs. B. F. Goodin, Appellant. Charged with injuring public highway by information in the Superior Court of Colusa County; convicted, and sentenced to four months in county jail. Appealed, and on May 29, 1902, judgment reversed.

People, etc., Respondent, vs. A. J. Matuszewski, Appellant. Charged with petit larceny, with prior conviction, by information in the Superior Court of Los Angeles County; convicted, and sentenced to five years' imprisonment. Appealed, and on July 7, 1902, respondent's brief filed.

People, etc., Respondent, vs. J. F. Jacobs, Appellant. Charged with obtaining money under false pretenses by information in the Superior Court of Monterey County; convicted, and sentenced to two years' imprisonment. Appealed, and on April 17, 1902, judgment affirmed, on motion of respondent, no appearance having been made on behalf of appellant.

People, etc., Respondent, vs. Edward Webber, Appellant. Charged with burglary by information in the Superior Court of Solano County; convicted of burglary in the second degree, and sentenced to five years'

SCHEDULE "F"—Continued.

imprisonment. Appealed, and on May 8, 1902, submitted on briefs on file.

People, etc., Respondent, vs. Samuel McDannels, Appellant. Charged with assault to murder by information in the Superior Court of Fresno County; convicted, and sentenced to fourteen years' imprisonment. Appealed, and on August 9, 1902, judgment reversed.

People, etc., Respondent, vs. Louis Klee, Appellant. Charged with embezzlement by information in the Superior Court of Ventura County; convicted, and sentenced to two years' imprisonment. Appealed, and on May 7, 1902, submitted on briefs on file.

People, etc., Respondent, vs. Chew Lan Ong, Appellant. Charged with murder by information in the Superior Court of City and County of San Francisco; pleaded guilty, and sentenced to death. Appealed, and on July 7, 1902, respondent's brief filed.

People, etc., Respondent, vs. Fillipo Poggi, Appellant. Charged with selling and furnishing intoxicating liquor to an Indian, by information in the Superior Court of San Diego County; convicted, and sentenced to \$500 fine or 250 days in county jail. Appealed; transcript filed March 24, 1902.

People, etc., Appellant, vs. Joseph Bush, Respondent. Charged with false imprisonment by information in the Superior Court of Napa County; convicted, and a new trial granted. People appealed from the order granting new trial. Transcript filed March 27, 1902.

People, etc., Respondent, vs. Bartolo Curiale, Appellant. Charged with rape by information in the Superior Court of San Bernardino County; convicted, and sentenced to ten years' imprisonment. Appealed, and on July 7, 1902, respondent's brief filed.

People, etc., Respondent, vs. James H. Barker, Appellant. Charged with assault to commit rape by information in the Superior Court of City and County of San Francisco; convicted, and sentenced to fourteen years' imprisonment. Appealed, and on July 22, 1902, respondent's brief filed.

People, etc., Respondent, vs. M. B. Wilmot, Appellant. Charged with rape by information in the Superior Court of Monterey County; convicted, and sentenced to twelve years' imprisonment. Appealed, and on August 16, 1902, respondent's brief filed.

SCHEDULE "F"—Continued.

People, etc., Respondent, vs. A. J. Landis, Appellant. Charged with forgery by indictment in the Superior Court of Butte County; convicted, and sentenced to seven years' imprisonment. Appealed, and on August 2, 1902, appellant's reply brief filed.

People, etc., Respondent, vs. David Miller, Appellant. Charged with burglary by information in the Superior Court of San Mateo County; pleaded guilty, and sentenced to ten years' imprisonment. Appealed, and on August 15, 1902, continued by stipulation to Los Angeles term.

People, etc., Respondent, vs. F. A. Mack, Appellant. Charged with robbery by information in the Superior Court of City and County of San Francisco; convicted, and sentenced to twenty years' imprisonment. Appealed; transcript filed May 16, 1902.

People, etc., Respondent, vs. Peter W. McGlade, Appellant. Charged with forgery by indictment in the Superior Court of City and County of San Francisco; convicted, and sentenced to eight years' imprisonment. Appealed, and on August 14, 1902, respondent's brief filed.

People, etc., Respondent, vs. Jack French, Appellant. Charged with grand larceny by information in the Superior Court of Mendocino County; convicted, and sentenced to five years' imprisonment. Appealed, and on July 21, 1902, stipulated to submit on briefs on file.

People, etc., Respondent, vs. Albert Meyers, Appellant. Charged with grand larceny by information in the Superior Court of Mendocino County; convicted, and sentenced to five years' imprisonment. Appealed and on July 21, 1902, stipulated to submit on briefs on file.

People, etc., Respondent, vs. J. B. Seely, Appellant. Charged with libel by information in the Superior Court of Tulare County; convicted, and sentenced to six months in county jail. Appealed, and on August 7, 1902, respondent's brief filed.

People, etc., Respondent, vs. Ed. Morton, Appellant. Charged with robbery by indictment in the Superior Court of Monterey County; convicted, and sentenced to ten years' imprisonment. Appealed, and on July 16, 1902, respondent given twenty days to file brief.

People, etc., Respondent, vs. Fred Derbert, Appellant. Charged with rape by information in the Superior Court of Sonoma County; convicted, and sentenced to thirty years' imprisonment. Appealed, and on July 21, 1902, respondent given twenty days to file brief.

SCHEDULE "F"—Continued.

People, etc., Respondent, vs. Daisy Jackson, Appellant. Charged with embezzlement by information in the Superior Court of San Diego County; convicted, and sentenced to two years' imprisonment. Appealed; transcript filed June 27, 1902.

People, etc., Respondent, vs. W. F. B. Goodrich, Appellant. Charged with embezzlement by information in the Superior Court of San Joaquin County; convicted, and sentenced to five years' imprisonment. Appealed, and on August 8, 1902, respondent given twenty days to file brief.

People, etc., Respondent, vs. Robert E. Glaze, Appellant. Charged with murder by information in the Superior Court of City and County of San Francisco; convicted of murder in the first degree, and sentenced to life imprisonment. Appealed, and on August 4, 1902, appellant allowed to September 1, 1902, to file brief.

People, etc., Respondent, vs. H. R. Hall, et al., Appellants. Charged with grand larceny by information in the Superior Court of San Diego County; convicted, and sentenced to ten years' imprisonment. Appealed, and on August 4, 1902, appeal dismissed, on motion of respondent, on showing that appellants were fugitives from justice.

People, etc., Respondent, vs. Bernard Ward, Appellant. Charged with embezzlement by information in the Superior Court of City and County of San Francisco, and convicted. This is an appeal from an order made after judgment, to wit, an order of the Superior Court correcting an order theretofore made in said matter. Transcript on appeal filed July 22, 1902.

People, etc., Respondent, vs. James Philbon, Appellant. Charged with grand larceny by information in the Superior Court of City and County of San Francisco; convicted, and sentenced to twelve years' imprisonment. Appealed; transcript filed July 22, 1902.

People, etc., Respondent, vs. Thomas Benton Parent, Appellant. Charged with perjury by information in the Superior Court of Madera County; convicted, and sentenced to two years' imprisonment. Appealed; transcript filed August 5, 1902.

SCHEDULE "G."

**CASES WHEREIN LEAVE HAS BEEN GRANTED TO SUE IN
THE NAME OF THE PEOPLE.**

People, ex rel. McKimmon, vs. Modesto Irrigation District. In the Superior Court of Stanislaus County, to declare defendant district illegally organized. Judgment for plaintiff, and defendant appealed. On April 18, 1902, by stipulation, judgment and order reversed, with directions to court below to enter judgment on findings in favor of defendant and against plaintiff, such reversal to be without costs. Closed.

People, ex rel. John F. Silva, vs. M. McNamara, et al. In the Superior Court of Sutter County, to declare Levee District No. 6 illegally organized. Judgment for defendant; plaintiff appealed, and on December 20, 1900, judgment affirmed. Closed.

People, ex rel. John Hall, vs. Arrowhead Reservoir Company. In the Superior Court of San Bernardino County, to declare defendant's franchise to toll road expired. On January 22, 1901, cause dismissed, on motion of plaintiff, without trial.

People, ex rel. M. W. Wilcox, vs. George De Latour. In the Superior Court of County of Santa Clara, transferred to City and County of San Francisco, to abate public nuisance, i. e., cream of tartar works. On November 16, 1900, cause dismissed without prejudice, on motion of plaintiff. Closed.

People, etc., vs. Rosenstein-Cohn Cigar Company. In the Superior Court of Los Angeles County, to dissolve corporation defendant for non-compliance with laws governing foreign corporations. Judgment for defendants; plaintiff appealed, and on December 28, 1900, judgment affirmed. Closed.

People, ex rel. Charles H. Frost, vs. Los Angeles Terminal Railway Company. In the Superior Court of Los Angeles County, to enjoin defendant from exercising franchise granted by City of Pasadena by Ordinance No. 401. Citation continued to November 7, 1898. No further proceedings had. Closed.

SCHEDULE "G"—Continued.

People, ex rel. F. J. Fogg, vs. Perris Irrigation District. In the Superior Court of Riverside County, to declare defendant district illegally organized. Judgment for plaintiff October 17, 1898; defendant appealed, and on March 21, 1901, judgment reversed. Petition for rehearing denied.

People, ex rel. A. J. Condee, vs. Alessandro Irrigation District. In the Superior Court of Riverside County, to declare defendant illegally organized. Notice of motion to dismiss filed January 8, 1902.

People, ex rel. B. W. Jauchius, vs. Tulare Irrigation District. In the Superior Court of Tulare County, to declare defendant illegally organized. On April 5, 1902, affidavit and request of Attorney-General for dismissal of action mailed to County Clerk.

People, ex rel. Thomas H. Hicks, vs. Nat Stewart. In the Superior Court of Santa Barbara County, to determine right of defendant to office of Sheriff of Santa Barbara County. Judgment for defendant; plaintiff appealed, and on March 20, 1900, judgment reversed. Petition for rehearing denied.

People, ex rel. Attorney-General, vs. Stockton Savings and Loan Society. In the Superior Court of San Joaquin County, by complaint to escheat to the State real property alleged to be unlawfully held by defendant corporation. Judgment for defendant; plaintiff appealed, and on August 10, 1901, judgment affirmed. Closed.

People, ex rel. Attorney-General, vs. Stockton Electric Railroad Company. In the Superior Court of San Joaquin County, by complaint to escheat to the State real property alleged to be unlawfully held by defendant corporation. Judgment for defendant; plaintiff appealed, and on August 10, 1901, judgment affirmed.

People, ex rel. J. W. Skelton, vs. City of Los Angeles. In the Superior Court of Los Angeles County, by complaint to declare certain territory not within the City of Los Angeles. Judgment for defendant on demurrer; plaintiff appealed, and on July 9, 1901, judgment affirmed.

People, ex rel. Grant Dewlaney, vs. H. L. Williams, et al. In the Superior Court of Santa Barbara County, by complaint to enjoin defendants from boring for oil on certain lands in the town of Summerland, claimed to be public parks. Answer to amended complaint filed March 23, 1901.

People, ex rel. C. N. Sterry, vs. Richard Green, et al. In the Superior Court of Los Angeles County, by complaint to abate a public nuisance, *i. e.*, certain oil wells. On June 4, 1900, trial of cause continued indefinitely.

SCHEDULE "G"—Continued.

People, ex rel. M. Rickard, vs. J. W. Hugus, et al. In the Superior Court of Los Angeles County, to determine right of defendants to act as officers of Lamanda Sanitary District, and to declare said district illegally organized. Demurrer to complaint ordered off calendar March 2, 1900, to be reset on motion.

People, ex rel. H. C. Werner, vs. Frank S. Goodspeed, et al. In the Superior Court of Los Angeles County, to determine right of defendants to act as officers of North Pasadena Sanitary District, and to declare said district illegally organized. Demurrer to complaint ordered off calendar March 2, 1900, to be reset on motion.

People, ex rel. Louis Feusier, vs. Samuel H. Brooks. In the Superior Court of City and County of San Francisco, to determine title of defendant to office of Treasurer of City and County of San Francisco. On March 12, 1900, demurrer overruled.

People, ex rel. Charles N. Champion, vs. Fruitvale Quarry Co., et al. In the Superior Court of Alameda County, to abate a public nuisance, *i. e.*, a rock quarry. Action dismissed November 1, 1900, on motion of plaintiff. Closed.

People, ex rel. Charles W. Slack, as Regent of University of California, vs. Manzanita Water Company. In the Superior Court of Santa Clara County, to dissolve defendant corporation. On June 21, 1901, dismissed by stipulation of parties, each party to pay its own costs. Closed.

People, ex rel. W. P. Bagley, vs. Henry Prindle. In the Superior Court of Sonoma County, to determine title of defendant to office of City Recorder of Santa Rosa. On December 3, 1900, demurrer to complaint dropped from calendar, to be reset on motion.

People, ex rel. Henry Prindle, vs. Harrison White, et al. In the Superior Court of Sonoma County, to determine title of defendants to office of members of Common Council of Santa Rosa. Demurrer to complaint filed November 17, 1900.

People, ex rel. Martin Murphy, vs. Al. G. Col. In the Superior Court of Santa Clara County, to determine title of defendant to office of Auditor of Santa Clara County. Judgment for plaintiff; defendant appealed, and on March 25, 1901, judgment reversed, and court below directed to enter judgment upon findings in favor of defendant. Closed.

People, ex rel. Owen D. Richardson, vs. C. W. Cobb. In the Superior Court of Santa Clara County, to determine title of defendant to office

SCHEDULE "G"—Continued.

of Justice of the Peace of San José. Judgment for plaintiff; defendant appealed, and on May 29, 1901, judgment reversed.

People, ex rel. Attorney-General, vs. J. S. Wheeler. In the Superior Court of Plumas County, to determine title of defendant to office of County Physician of Plumas County. Judgment for defendant on demurrer; plaintiff appealed, and on June 25, 1902, judgment affirmed. Closed.

People, ex rel. Benjamin F. Bledsoe, vs. John L. Campbell. In the Superior Court of San Bernardino County, to determine title of defendant to office of Superior Judge of San Bernardino County. Judgment for plaintiff; defendant appealed, and cause argued and submitted April 17, 1902.

People, ex rel. James Borland, vs. N. W. Boyd. In the Superior Court of Mono County, to determine title of defendant to office of Supervisor of Mono County. On May 5, 1902, demurrer to complaint sustained; thirty days to amend.

People, ex rel. George Goard, vs. William H. Proseus. In the Superior Court of Sierra County, to determine title of defendant to office of school trustee of Table Rock School District. On August 1, 1901, action dismissed, on motion of plaintiff. Closed.

People, etc., vs. Perris Irrigation District. In the Superior Court of San Diego County, by complaint to dissolve defendant district. Judgment for defendant on demurrer; plaintiff appealed, and on March 24, 1902, filed opening brief.

People, ex rel. D. Russell, vs. Town of Loyalton. In the Superior Court of Sierra County, to dissolve defendant corporation. On August 9, 1901, judgment rendered for defendant.

People, ex rel. P. E. Walline, vs. Town of Ontario. In the Superior Court of San Bernardino County, to determine portion of town illegally annexed thereto. Answer of defendant served and filed May 8, 1902.

People, ex rel. Montgomery Bros., vs. Hanford Union High School District, et al. In the Superior Court of Kings County, to declare Excelsior School District illegally annexed to Hanford Union High School District. Complaint filed May 26, 1902.

People, ex rel. Arthur J. Brady, vs. Brown's Valley Irrigation District. In the Superior Court of Yuba County, to declare defendant illegally

SCHEDULE "G"—Continued.

organized. On June 10, 1902, order made for removal of cause to United States Circuit Court.

People, ex rel. Fabius T. Finch, vs. J. M. Williamson, et al. In the Superior Court of City and County of San Francisco, to determine title of defendants to office as members of Board of Health of City and County of San Francisco. On July 26, 1902, cause dismissed, on motion of Attorney-General. Closed.

People, ex rel. A. M. Gardner, vs. L. F. Dozier. In the Superior Court of Napa County, to determine title of defendant to office of Superintendent of Napa State Hospital. Leave to sue issued June 27, 1902.

SCHEDULE "H."
FINANCIAL STATEMENT.

FIFTY-SECOND FISCAL YEAR.

	Appropriation.	Amount Expended.	Balance.
CONTINGENT FUND.			
Balance from fifty-first fiscal year.....	\$0 29		
Appropriation for fifty-second fiscal year.....	900 00		
Special appropriation.....	315 55		
Amount expended during fifty-second fiscal year.....		\$1,214 10	
Balance from fifty-second fiscal year.....			\$1 74
TRAVELING FUND.			
Balance from fifty-first fiscal year.....	\$2 97		
Appropriation for fifty-second fiscal year.....	500 00		
Amount expended during fifty-second fiscal year.....		\$487 35	
Balance from fifty-second fiscal year.....			\$15 62
COSTS OF SUITS FUND.			
Appropriation for fifty-second fiscal year.....	\$2,000 00		
Amount expended during fifty-second fiscal year.....		\$1,996 77	
Balance from fifty-second fiscal year.....			\$3 23
LIBRARY FUND.			
Balance from fifty-first fiscal year.....	\$382 31		
Amount expended during fifty-second fiscal year.....		\$381 90	
Balance from fifty-second fiscal year.....			\$0 41
RENT FUND.			
Appropriation for fifty-second fiscal year.....	\$1,200 00		
Amount expended during fifty-second fiscal year.....		\$1,200 00	
PRINTING FUND.			
Appropriation for fifty-second fiscal year.....	\$2,000 00		
Amount expended during fifty-second fiscal year.....		\$2,000 00	

FIFTY-THIRD FISCAL YEAR.

CONTINGENT FUND.			
Appropriation for fifty-third fiscal year.....	\$1,000 00		
Amount expended during fifty-third fiscal year.....		\$999 53	
Balance from fifty-third fiscal year.....			\$0 47
TRAVELING FUND.			
Appropriation for fifty-third fiscal year.....	\$500 00		
Amount expended during fifty-third fiscal year.....		\$500 00	
COSTS OF SUITS FUND.			
Appropriation for fifty-third fiscal year.....	\$2,000 00		
Amount expended during fifty-third fiscal year.....		\$2,000 00	
LIBRARY FUND.			
Balance from fifty-second fiscal year.....	\$3 41		
Appropriation for fifty-third fiscal year.....	250 00		
Amount expended during fifty-third fiscal year.....		\$253 28	
Balance from fifty-third fiscal year.....			\$0 13
RENT FUND.			
Appropriation for fifty-third fiscal year.....	\$1,200 00		
Amount expended during fifty-third fiscal year.....		\$1,200 00	
PRINTING FUND.			
Appropriation for fifty-third fiscal year.....	\$2,600 00		
Amount expended during fifty-third fiscal year.....		\$2,474 00	
Balance from fifty-third fiscal year.....			\$126 00

SCHEDULE "I."

**STATEMENT OF DEFICIENCIES ALLOWED BY STATE
BOARD OF EXAMINERS TO FUNDS OF THE ATTOR-
NEY-GENERAL.**

COSTS OF SUITS FUND.		
Deficiency allowance by State Board of Examiners	\$5,550 19	
Expense incurred against deficiency		\$5,550 19
TRAVELING FUND.		
Deficiency allowance by State Board of Examiners	1,000 00	
Expense incurred against deficiency		952 30
Total deficiency allowances	\$6,550 19	
Total expenses incurred against deficiencies		\$6,502 49

NOTE.—The prosecution of the "Modoc Lynching Cases," in the Superior Court of Modoc County, at a cost to the Attorney-General's office of over \$5,000, constituted the main cause for the creation of the above deficiencies. The trials of so-called coyote scalp cases, and the necessity of the employment of additional clerical assistance, because of the total inadequacy of the regular staff, were contributing causes.

SCHEDULE "J."

REPORTS OF DISTRICT ATTORNEYS FOR THE TWO YEARS ENDING JUNE 30, 1902.

CRIMINAL PROSECUTIONS IN THE SUPERIOR COURTS.

ALAMEDA COUNTY—John J. Allen, District Attorney.

Population of County according to Federal Census of 1900, 130,197.

NATURE OF OFFENSE.	Number of Persons Informed Against or Indicted	STATUS, UP TO AND INCLUDING TRIAL.							NATURE OF JUDGMENT.				Disch'd on H. C. after Judg't.	APPEALS SUP'M CT.			
		Dismissals	Acquittals	Convictions	Disch'd on Hab. Cor.	Reduced to Misdemeanor	Insane before Trial	Pending before Trial	Fugitive before Trial	Death	State Prison	State Schools		Charitable Institutions	Sentence Suspended	Affirmed	Reversed	Pending
Murder	5	--	3	1	--	--	1	--	--	1	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Manslaughter	1	--	1	--	--	1	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Assault to murder	2	--	1	--	--	1	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Assault, deadly weapon	25	4	2	3	--	15	--	1	--	--	2	--	--	--	--	--	--
Rape	3	1	--	2	--	--	--	--	--	2	--	--	--	--	1	--	--
Assault to rape	3	--	--	1	--	1	--	1	--	1	--	--	--	--	1	--	--
Crime against nature	4	--	--	3	--	--	--	1	--	3	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Assault to commit crime against nature	4	--	--	1	--	3	--	--	--	1	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Seduction	1	1	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Bigamy	1	--	--	1	--	--	--	--	--	1	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Abduction	1	--	--	1	--	--	--	--	--	1	--	--	--	--	--	--	1
Robbery	12	1	--	10	--	1	--	--	--	2	8	--	--	--	--	--	--
Assault to commit robbery	1	--	--	--	--	1	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Burglary	42	4	--	26	1	--	1	3	7	25	--	--	1	--	--	--	--
Grand larceny	34	4	2	20	--	1	--	--	7	17	2	--	1	--	--	--	--
Attempt to commit grand larceny	1	--	--	1	--	--	--	--	--	1	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Petit larceny with prior conviction	3	--	--	3	--	--	--	--	--	2	--	--	1	--	--	--	--
Forgery	8	1	--	5	--	--	--	2	--	5	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Passing fictitious writing	2	--	--	2	--	--	--	--	--	2	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Embezzlement	2	1	1	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Obtaining money or prop- erty, false pretenses	1	--	--	1	--	--	--	--	--	1	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Extortion	2	2*	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Injuring public jail	1	--	--	1	--	--	--	--	--	1	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Incorrigible minors	1	--	--	1	--	1	--	--	--	--	1	--	2	--	--	--	--
Miscellaneous felonies	5	--	--	4	--	1	--	--	--	1	1	--	--	--	--	--	--
Totals	165	19	10	87	1	24	2	3	19	69	12	--	5	--	2	--	1

*After conviction and new trial granted.

SCHEDULE "J"—Continued.

ALPINE COUNTY—W. N. Thornburg, District Attorney.

Population of County according to Federal Census of 1900, 509.

NATURE OF OFFENSE.	Number of Persons Informed Against or Indicted	STATUS, UP TO AND INCLUDING TRIAL.						NATURE OF JUDGMENT.				APPEALS SUP'M CT.						
		Dismissals	Acquittals	Convictions	Disch'd on Hab. Cor.	Reduced to Misdem'r	Insane before Trial	Fugitive before Trial	Pending for Trial	Death	State Prison	State Schools	Charitable Institutions	Sentence Suspended	Disch'd on H. C. after Judg't.	Affirmed	Reversed	Pending
Bribery	1								1									
Perjury, and subornation of perjury	1								1									
Totals	2								2									

AMADOR COUNTY—C. P. Vicini, District Attorney.

Population of County according to Federal Census of 1900, 11,000.

Assault, deadly weapon ..	1					1												
Rape	1			1							1							
Crime against nature ..	1			1							1							
Robbery	1					1												
Burglary	3			3							3							
Grand larceny	11		1	10							10							
Passing fictitious writing ..	1			1							1							
Totals	19		1	16		2					16							

COLUSA COUNTY—I. G. Zumwalt, District Attorney.

Population of County according to Federal Census of 1900, 7,364.

Murder	1			1														
Assault to murder	4	3		1														
Assault to rape	1		1								1							
Burglary	2	1		1														
Grand larceny	3	1		2														
Resisting officer	2								2									
Injuring public highway ..	2		1	1														
Totals	15	5	2	6					2									

DEL NORTE COUNTY—John L. Childs, District Attorney.

Population of County according to Federal Census of 1900, 2,408.

Murder	1			1							1							
Assault to murder	2		1	1							1							
Seduction	1	1																
Burglary	3			3							3							
Grand larceny	1					1												
Counterfeiting	1		1															
Totals	9	1	2	5		1					5							

SCHEDULE "J"—Continued.

EL DORADO COUNTY—Abe Darlington, District Attorney.

Population of County according to Federal Census of 1900, 8,986.

NATURE OF OFFENSE.	Number of Persons Informed Against or Indicted	STATUS, UP TO AND INCLUDING TRIAL.							NATURE OF JUDGMENT.				Disch'd on H. C. after Judg't.	APPEALS SUP'M CT.			
		Dismissals	Acquittals	Convictions	Disch'd on H. C. Cor.	Reduced to Misdem't.	Insane before Trial	Fugitive before Trial	Pending for Trial	Death	State Prison	State Schools		Charitable Institutions	Sentence Suspended	Affirmed	Reversed	Pending
Murder	1			1						1							
Assault to murder	2			1		1					1						
Assault, deadly weapon	5	1	1			2											
Burglary	6			6							6						
Grand larceny	2		2														
Totals	16	1	3	9		3				1	8						

FRESNO COUNTY—O. L. Everts, District Attorney.

Population of County according to Federal Census of 1900, 37,862.

Murder	7	1	4	2							2						
Assault to murder	9			8		6	1				3						1
Assault, deadly weapon	40	8	4	26		23					3						
Administering poison, etc.	1								2								
Mayhem	1		1						1								
Rape	5	1		4							3						2
Assault to commit crime against nature	1		1												1		
Incest	1								1								
Placing wife in house of prostitution	2			2							1						
Abduction	3	1		2							2						
Robbery	4	1		2					1		2						
Burglary	59	4	2	53							47		10				1
Attempt to commit burglary	1	1															
Grand larceny	39	4	6	27				1			23	3	4				
Attempt to commit grand larceny	1	1														1	
Receiving stolen property	2		1	1													
Forgery	7		2	5							5						
Embezzlement	11		1	9		2		1			6						
Obtaining money or property under false pretenses	1		1														
Arson	2	1						1									
Conspiracy	1	1															
Lewd and lascivious acts	2	2															
Passing opium into jail	2			2							2						
Criminal libel	1		1														
False impersonation	1			1													
Attempt to sell liquor to Indians	1			1													
Committing public nuisance	1	1															
Selling liquor to Indians	5			4		3		1									
Destroying ditch	3							3									
Petit larceny with prior conviction	2		1	1							1						
Resisting an officer	4	2						2									
Incorrigible minors	6			6								5	1				
Totals	227	29	25	156		34	1	1	13		100	8	1	14		1	4

SCHEDULE "J"—Continued.

HUMBOLDT COUNTY—E. C. Cooper, District Attorney.

Population of County according to Federal Census of 1900, 27,104.

NATURE OF OFFENSE.	Number of Persons Informed Against or Indicted	STATUS, UP TO AND INCLUDING TRIAL.							NATURE OF JUDGMENT.				Disch'd on H. C. after Judgt.	APPEALS SUP'M CT.		
		Dismissals	Acquittals	Convictions	Disch'd on Hab. Cor.	Reduced to Misdem'r.	Insane before Trial	Pending before Trial	Death	State Prison	State Schools	Charitable Institutions		Sentence Suspended	Affirmed	Reversed	Pending
Murder	1							1								
Manslaughter	1			1												
Assault to murder	1							1								
Assault, deadly weapon	2			2												
Burglary	4		1	2				1								
Grand larceny	6	2	1	3												
Forgery	1			1												
Embezzlement	1			1												
Incorrigible minors	1			1												
Totals	18	2	2	11				3								

INYO COUNTY—Wm. D. Dehy, District Attorney.

Population of County according to Federal Census of 1900, 4,377.

Murder	2		2														
Assault to murder	1	1															
Assault, deadly weapon	2	1						1									
Rape	1	1															
Grand larceny	2		2														
Selling liquor to Indians	3		1	2													
Totals	11	3	5	2				1									

KINGS COUNTY—Rowen Irwin, District Attorney.

Population of County according to Federal Census of 1900, 9,871.

Murder	1			1					1						1		
Assault to murder	2	1		1					1								
Assault, deadly weapon	2			2*									2†				
Rape	2	1	1														
Incest	1	1															
Seduction	1	1															
Burglary	13	4	1	8						8							
Attempt to commit burglary	1			1						1							
Grand larceny	10	3	1	6						6					1		
Forgery	3	1		2						2							
Incorrigible minors	3			3							2	1					
Miscellaneous felonies	1	1															
Totals	40	13	3	24				3†	1	18	2	1	2†		2		

* Simple assault. † Fine. ‡ New cases.

SCHEDULE "J"—Continued.

LAKE COUNTY—M. S. Sayre, District Attorney.

Population of County according to Federal Census of 1900, 6,017.

NATURE OF OFFENSE.	Number of Persons Informed Against or Indicted	STATUS, UP TO AND INCLUDING TRIAL.							NATURE OF JUDGMENT.					Disch'd on H. C. after Judge's	APPEALS SUP'M Ct.		
		Dismissals	Acquittals	Convictions	Disch'd on Hab. Cor.	Insane before Trial	Fugitive before Trial	Pending for Trial	Death	State Prison	State Schools	Charitable Institutions	Sentence Suspended		Affirmed	Reversed	Pending
Murder	3	---	1	2*	---	---	---	---	---	2	---	---	---	---	---	2	
Assault, deadly weapon	2	---	---	2	---	---	---	---	---	1	1†	---	---	---	---	---	
Rape	1	---	1	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	
Burglary	2	---	---	2	---	---	---	---	---	2	---	---	---	---	---	2	
Obtaining money or prop- erty, false pretenses	1	---	---	1	---	---	---	---	---	1	---	---	1	---	---	---	
Furnishing liquor to In- dians	5	---	---	5	---	---	---	---	---	1	4†	---	---	---	---	---	
Totals	14	---	2	12	---	---	---	---	---	7	---	---	1	---	---	4	

* Convicted of manslaughter.

† Fine.

‡ County Jail.

LOS ANGELES COUNTY—James C. Rives, District Attorney.

Population of County according to Federal Census of 1900, 170,298.

Murder	15		8	6				1		6					1		1
Manslaughter	1		1														
Assault to murder	18	3	1	1		12		1		1							
Assault, deadly weapon	28	3	2	7		16				7							
Rape	11	2	4	5						3	1			1			1
Assault to rape	3		2	1						1							
Incest	2	1		1													1
Bigamy	1		1														
Robbery	22	6	5	11						11							3
Burglary	132	32	11	84		1	2	2		67	17						1
Grand larceny	104	19	8	59		8	2	8		44	15						
Petit larceny with prior conviction	14			12		2				12							
Receiving stolen property	1	1															
Forgery	17	5		12						12					1		
Passing fictitious writing	2			2						2							
Embezzlement	14	7	2	4		1				4							
Obtaining money or prop- erty, false pretenses	2		2														
Arson	3	1	2														
Perjury and subornation of perjury	2	2															
Extortion	1			1						1							
Miscellaneous felonies	41	16	16	6		3				6					2		
Totals	434	98	65	212		43	4	12		177	33				3	2	7

SCHEDULE "J"—Continued.

MARIN COUNTY—Hugh J. McIsaac, District Attorney.

Population of County according to Federal Census of 1900, 16,300.

NATURE OF OFFENSE.	Number of Persons Informed Against or Indicted	STATUS, UP TO AND INCLUDING TRIAL.							NATURE OF JUDGMENT.				Disch'd on H. C. after Judgt.	APPEALS SUP'M CT.		
		Dismissals	Acquittals	Convictions	Disch'd on Hab. Cor.	Reduced to Misdem'r	Inane before Trial	Fugitive before Trial	Pending for Trial	Death	State Prison	State Schools	Sentence Suspended	Charitable Institutions	Affirmed	Pending Reversed
Murder	3			3						1	2					
Assault to murder	3		2	1							1					
Rape	3	1				1			1							
Crime against nature	2		1						1							
Grand larceny	4	1	1	2							2					
Arson	1			1							1					
Attempted trainwrecking	1														1	1
Bribery	1	1														
Perjury, and subornation of perjury	1								1							
Totals	18	3	4	7		1			3	1	6				1	1

MARIPOSA COUNTY—J. J. Trabucco, District Attorney.

Population of County according to Federal Census of 1900, 4,720.

Murder	2			2							2				1	
Manslaughter	1			1							1					
Assault to murder	1			1							1					
Burglary	1			1							1					
Grand larceny	1			1							1					
Totals	6			6							6				1	

MENDOCINO COUNTY—W. G. Poage, District Attorney.

Population of County according to Federal Census of 1900, 20,465.

Murder	1	1														
Manslaughter	1			1							1					
Assault to murder	2	1	1								1					
Assault, deadly weapon	5	2		1		2										
Robbery	3	2				1					2					
Burglary	4		1	2		1					2					
Grand larceny	11	7		4							4					2
Receiving stolen property	1	1														
Forgery	2			1			1				1					
Embezzlement	2	1						1								
Arson	1	1														
Bribery	1			1							1					
Injuring public jail	1					1										
Miscellaneous felonies	13	4				9										
Totals	48	20	2	10		14		1	1		9					2

Column of convictions does not tally with the State Prison column, because one person convicted of assault with deadly weapon was sent to County Jail for 200 days.

SCHEDULE "J"—Continued.

NAPA COUNTY—Theo. A. Bell, District Attorney.

Population of County according to Federal Census of 1900, 16,451.

NATURE OF OFFENSE.	Number of Persons Informed Against or Indicted	STATUS, UP TO AND INCLUDING TRIAL.						NATURE OF JUDGMENT.				Disch'd on H. C. after Judgt.	APPEALS SUP'M CT.		
		Dismissals	Acquittals	Convictions	Disch'd on Hab. Cor.	Reduced to Misdem't.	Insane before Trial	Fugitive before Trial	Pending for Trial	Death	State Prison	State Schools	Charitable Institutions	Sentence Suspended	Pending
Murder	3*		1	1				1							
Manslaughter	1			1											1
Assault, deadly weapon	1														
Administering poison, etc.	2			1		1				1		1†			
Committing lewd and lascivious act on child.															
§ 288 P. C.	1			1							1				
Robbery	2	1		1							1				
Burglary	2			2							2				
Grand larceny	3			3							3				
Attempt to commit grand larceny	1		1												
Forgery	1			1							1				
Passing fictitious writing	1			1							1				
Arson	1			1							1				
Bribery	1			1							1				
Resisting an officer	1			1									1		
False imprisonment	3			3†							1				1
Totals	23	1	2	18		1		1	1	1	12		1		1

*One case tried twice; first trial resulted in conviction of manslaughter; judgment reversed, and second trial resulted in an acquittal. † County jail. ‡ Two were sentenced to county jail.

NEVADA COUNTY—E. B. Power, District Attorney.

Population of County according to Federal Census of 1900, 17,789.

Assault to murder	2			1		1				1					
Mayhem	2		1	1		1				1					
Burglary	5			5							5				
Grand larceny	1			1							1				
Forgery	1			1							1				
Presenting false claim to county	1	1													
Incorrigible minors	4			4							4				
Miscellaneous felonies	4	2		2											
Totals	20	3	1	15		1				9	4				

SCHEDULE "J"—Continued.

ORANGE COUNTY—R. Y. Williams, District Attorney.

Population of County according to Federal Census of 1900, 19,696.

NATURE OF OFFENSE.	Number of Persons Informed Against or Indicted	STATUS, UP TO AND INCLUDING TRIAL.					NATURE OF JUDGMENT.					Disch'd on H. C. after Judg't.	APPEALS SUP'M CT.			
		Dismissals	Acquittals	Convictions	Disch'd on Heb. Cor.	Insane before Trial	Fugitive before Trial	Pending for Trial	Death	State Prison	State Schools		Charitable Institutions	Sentence Suspended	Affirmed	Reversed	Pending
Murder	1		1	2						2						
Assault to murder	2			2						2						
Assault, deadly weapon	2			1						1						
Rape	1			1												
Robbery	3	2	1													
Burglary	11			11						7	4					
Grand larceny	5	1	1	3						2	1					
Forgery	1			1						1						
Passing fictitious writing	2			2												
Arson	1		1							2						
Totals	29	3	4	22						17	5					

PLUMAS COUNTY—U. S. Webb, District Attorney.

Population of County according to Federal Census of 1900, 4,657.

Assault to murder	1	1															
Assault to rape	1		1														
Robbery	1			1						1							
Grand larceny	1	1															
Totals	4	2	1	1						1							

RIVERSIDE COUNTY—Lyman Evans, District Attorney.

Population of County according to Federal Census of 1900, 17,897.

Murder	2	1		1						1							
Manslaughter	1			1						1							
Assault to murder	8			4		4				4							
Rape	2			2						2							
Assault to rape	1			1						1							
Crime against nature	1			1						1							
Seduction	1			1*													1
Obtaining money or property, false pretenses	1	1															
Attempted trainwrecking	1		1														
Incorrigible minors											4						
Totals	18	2	1	11		4				10	4						1

* Fined \$1,500 by Court.

SCHEDULE "J"—Continued.

SAN BENITO COUNTY—John L. Hudner, District Attorney.

Population of County according to Federal Census of 1900, 6,633.

NATURE OF OFFENSE.	Number of Persons Informed Against or Indicted	STATUS, UP TO AND INCLUDING TRIAL.							NATURE OF JUDGMENT.				Disch'd on H. C. after Judge't.	APPEALS SUP'M CT.		
		Dismissals	Acquittals	Convictions	Disch'd on Hab. Cor.	Insane before Trial	Fugitive before Trial	Pending for Trial	Death	State Prison	State Schools	Charitable Institutions		Sentence Suspended	Affirmed	Reversed	Pending
Murder	3		1	2					2							2
Assault, deadly weapon	2			2*						1†						
Assault to rape	1			1						1						
Burglary	1			1						1						
Grand larceny	6	1	1	4						1	1		2			
Forgery	1			1						1						
Totals	14	1	2	11					2	5†	1		2			2

* One of simple assault. † And one fined.

SAN BERNARDINO COUNTY—J. W. Curtis, District Attorney.

Population of County according to Federal Census of 1900, 27,929.

Murder	6	1	2	1			1	1		1							
Assault to murder	10	2		8		4				4	3*	1†					
Assault, deadly weapon	2		2														
Rape	2			2						2							1
Crime against nature	2			2						2							
Robbery	10	1	2	6			1			6							
Burglary	25	6	3	13				3		11	2						
Grand larceny	10	4		6						5	1						
Petit larceny with prior conviction	2			2						2							
Forgery	7	3		4						4							
Embezzlement	2		1	1		1					1*						
Criminal libel	1			1								1†					
Injuring public jail	2			2						2							
Selling liquor to Indians	8		1	7		6				1		5*	1†				
Miscellaneous felonies	2	1						1									
Totals	91	18	11	55		11		2	5	40	3	9*	3†				1

* County jail. † Fined.

SAN DIEGO COUNTY—T. L. Lewis, District Attorney.

Population of County according to Federal Census of 1900, 35,090.

Murder	5		1	4					1	3						1	
Assault to murder	3		2	1						1							
Assault, deadly weapon	8	2	3	1		1		1		1							
Rape	1	1															
Assault to rape	1					1											
Robbery	1	1															
Burglary	4		1	3						3							
Grand larceny	14	2	3	8		1				5	1		2*				2
Embezzlement	5	1		4						4							1
Totals	42	7	10	21		3		1	1	17	1		2*		1		3

* Fugitive after conviction and before judgment.

SCHEDULE "J"—Continued.

CITY AND COUNTY OF SAN FRANCISCO—L. F. Byington, District Attorney.

Population of County according to Federal Census of 1900, 342,782.

NATURE OF OFFENSE.	Number of Persons Informed Against or Indicted	STATUS UP TO AND INCLUDING TRIAL.							NATURE OF JUDGMENT.				Disch'd on H. C. after judg't.	APPEALS SUP'M CT.			
		Dismissals	Acquittals	Convictions	Disch'd on Hab. Cor.	Died Pending Trial	Insane before Trial	Fugitive before Trial	Pending for Trial	Death	State Prison	State Schools		County Jail	Sentence Suspended	Affirmed	Reversed	Pending
Murder	40	2	10	17	1		1		9	2	15						
Manslaughter	9	2	2	5							5						
Assault to murder	70		7	58			1		4		15		43				
Assault, deadly weapon	74	4	5	63			1		1		11		52				
Administer'g poison, etc.	2			2							2						
Mayhem	1			1							1						
Rape	9	2	4	3								1	2				
Assault to rape	13	1	1	11							8	2	1				
Crime against nature	10			9				1			6		3				
Assault to commit crime against nature	5	2		3							2			1			
Seduction	4	2	1						1								
Bigamy	1			1							1						
Placing wife in house of prostitution	2			1					1		1						
Enticing female to enter house of prostitution	2			2							2						
Robbery	88	7	11	59	1			1	9		41	3	15				
Assault to commit rob- bery	20	5	3	20	1				1		15		5				
Burglary	209	5	14	170		1	1		18		150	4	10	6			
Attempt to commit bur- glary	12		1	10	1						5	3	2				
Grand larceny	110	11	11	81				3	4		45	8	28				
Attempt to commit grand larceny	1			1							1						
Petit larceny with prior conviction	11			10	1						9		1				
Receiving stolen prop'ty	8	4	2	2							1		1				
Forgery	14			14							13*						
Passing fictitious writing	1			1							1						
Embezzlement	15			6	3			3	3		5		1				
Obtaining money or property under false pretenses	6	2	1	2				1			2						
Arson	2			2							2						
Attempt to commit arson	1		1														
Perjury, and suborna- tion of perjury	6			2					4								
Miscellaneous felonies	3			3					2		3						
Totals	759	49	74	559	8	1	4	9	57	2	362*	21	164	7			

* And one insane after conviction and before judgment.

SCHEDULE "J"—Continued.

SAN JOAQUIN COUNTY—A. H. Ashley, District Attorney.

Population of County according to Federal Census of 1900, 35,452.

NATURE OF OFFENSE.	Number of Persons Informed Against or Indicted	STATUS, UP TO AND INCLUDING TRIAL.						NATURE OF JUDGMENT.					Disch'd on H. C. after Judgt.	APPEALS SUP'M CT.			
		Dismissals	Acquittals	Convictions	Disch'd on Hab. Cor.	Reduced to Misdem'r	Insane before Trial	Fugitive before Trial	Pending for Trial	Death	State Prison	State Schools		Charitable Institutions	Sentence Suspended.	Affirmed	Reversed	Pending
Murder	4		1	1							1						
Manslaughter				2							2						
Assault to murder	11	1	1	2		1					2						
Assault, deadly weapon	7	1		6		5					3						
Rape	3			3							3						
Assault to commit crime against nature	2			2							2					1	
Robbery	12		1	8	2	1					8					1	
Burglary	54	4		43	1	6					41	2				1	1
Grand larceny	20	4	2	13		1					13					1	
Petit larceny with prior conviction	4	1		1		2					1						
Forgery	2			2							2						
Passing fictitious writing	2			1		1					1						
Embezzlement	3			3							3					1	1
Obtaining money or property, false pretenses	2			2							2						
Arson	4	2		2							2						
Perjury, and subornation of perjury	4		1	3							3					1	1
Injuring public jail	1			1							1						
Crimes against election laws	3	2	1														
Miscellaneous felonies	4	1	3														
Totals	142	16	10	95	3	17			1		90	2				5	2

SAN LUIS OBISPO COUNTY—A. E. Campbell, District Attorney.

Population of County according to Federal Census of 1900, 16,637.

Murder	2		1	1						1						1	
Assault to murder	3		1	1					1		1						
Assault, deadly weapon	1		1														
Rape	1					1											
Assault to rape	1			1							1						
Attempt to commit incest	1	1															
Burglary	5	1		3		1					3						
Grand larceny	5	1		3			1				3					1	
Forgery	2			2							2						
Embezzlement	3			3							3					1	
Perjury, and subornation of perjury	2	1	1														
Totals	26	4	4	14		2	1		1	1	13					2	1

SCHEDULE "J"—Continued.

SAN MATEO COUNTY—Joseph J. Bullock, District Attorney.

Population of County according to Federal Census of 1900, 12,094.

NATURE OF OFFENSE.	Number of Persons Informed Against or Indicted	STATUS, UP TO AND INCLUDING TRIAL.						NATURE OF JUDGMENT.				Disch'd on H. C. after Judg't.	APPEALS SUP'M CT.			
		Dismissals	Acquittals	Convictions	Disch'd on Hab. Cor.	Insane before Trial	Fugitive before Trial	Pending for Trial	Death	State Prison	State Schools		Charitable Institutions	Sentence Suspended	Affirmed	Reversed	Pending
Murder	5		2	2				1		2						
Assault to murder	4			4						4						
Assault, deadly weapon	7		1	4	1			1								
Assault to rape	1		1													
Robbery	2			2						2						
Burglary	7			7						7						
Grand larceny	3			2						2			1			
Embezzlement	1							1								
Obtaining money or prop- erty, false pretenses	1			1						1						
Arson	1		1													
Injuring public jail	1			1						1						
Totals	33		5	23	1			3		19			1			

SANTA BARBARA COUNTY—E. W. Squier, District Attorney.

Population of County according to Federal Census of 1900, 18,934.

Murder	1		1													
Assault to murder	4	2	2													
Assault, deadly weapon	7	6			1											
Seduction	1	1														
Robbery	1	1														
Burglary	9	4		5						5						
Grand larceny	6	1		5						5						
Receiving stolen property	1			1						1						
Forgery	1			1						1						
Embezzlement	1	1														
Incorrigible minors	10			10							10					
Totals	42	16	3	22		1				12	10					

SANTA CRUZ COUNTY—Benj. K. Knight, District Attorney.

Population of County according to Federal Census of 1900, 21,512.

Murder	3			3					1	2					1	1
Assault to murder	3	1			2											
Assault, deadly weapon	2			2						2						
Rape	1	1														
Assault to rape	1			1						1						
Burglary	10	1		8	1					7			1		1	
Grand larceny	4			3	1					3						
Arson	1							1								
Miscellaneous felonies	1			1						1						
Totals	26	3		18	1	3		1	1	16			1		2	1

SCHEDULE "J"—Continued.

SANTA CLARA COUNTY—James H. Campbell, District Attorney.
Population of County according to Federal Census of 1900, 60,216.

NATURE OF OFFENSE.	Number of Persons Informed Against or Indicted	STATUS, UP TO AND INCLUDING TRIAL.							NATURE OF JUDGMENT.				Disch'd on H. C. after Judgt.	APPEALS SUP'M Ct.		
		Dismissals	Acquittals	Convictions	Disch'd on Hab. Cor.	Reduced to Misdem'r.	Insane before Trial	Fugitive before Trial	Death	State Prison	State Schools	Charitable Institutions		Sentence Suspended	Affirmed	Reversed	Pending
Murder	6		2	3			1		2	1						2
Assault, deadly weapon	1			1						1						
Rape	2			2						2						
Assault to rape	1							1*								
Incest	2		1					1								
Bigamy	1			1						1†						
Robbery	2	1		1						1						
Burglary	28		3	24		1				19	5					
Grand larceny	16	3	1	11		1				8	3					
Petit larceny with prior conviction	1			1						1						
Forgery	1			1						1						
Passing fictitious writing	1			1						1						
Embezzlement	4		2	1		1				1						
Perjury, and subornation of perjury	1			1						1						1
Aiding prisoner to escape	1			1						1						
Injuring public jail	1					1										
Mutilating public records	1							1								
Totals	70	4	9	49		4	1	1*	2	2	39	8				3

* Died pending trial.

† County jail.

SIERRA COUNTY—Frank R. Wehe, District Attorney.
Population of County according to Federal Census of 1900, 4,017.

Murder	1							1								
Assault, deadly weapon	2			1		1				1					1	
Burglary	1			1						1						
Totals	4			2		1			1	2					1	

SOLANO COUNTY—Frank R. Devlin, District Attorney.
Population of County according to Federal Census of 1900, 24,143.

Murder	5		1	4						4					1	1
Assault to murder	3			3						3*						
Assault, deadly weapon	5	1		3			1†			3*						
Rape	1			1						1					1	
Lascivious acts with child, § 288 Penal Code	1			1						1						
Robbery	1			1						1						
Burglary	15			13				2		12	1				1	1
Grand larceny	4			4						4						
Attempt to commit grand larceny	1			1						1						
Petit larceny with prior conviction	1			1						1						
Forgery	3			3						3						
Embezzlement	1			1						1						
Resisting an officer	2			2						2*						
Totals	43	1	1	38			1†	2		29†	1				2	2

* County jail.

† Released on own recognizance.

† Also 8 to county jail.

SCHEDULE "J"—Continued.

STANISLAUS COUNTY—J. M. Walthall, District Attorney.

Population of County according to Federal Census of 1900, 9,550.

NATURE OF OFFENSE.	Number of Persons Informed Against or Indicted	STATUS, UP TO AND INCLUDING TRIAL.						NATURE OF JUDGMENT.				Disch'd on H. C. after Judgt.	APPEALS SUP'M CT.		
		Dismissals	Acquittals	Convictions	Disch'd on Hab. Cor.	Reduced to Misdem T.	Insane before Trial	Pending before Trial	Fugitive before Trial	Death	State Prison	State Schools	Sentence Suspended	Charitable Institutions	Pending
Murder	3		1	1		1*					1				1
Assault to murder	2							2							
Assault, deadly weapon	1	1													
Robbery	3	1		2							2				
Burglary	3	2	1					3			2				
Grand larceny	2			2							2				
Petit larceny with prior conviction	1			1							1				
Embezzlement	1			1							1				
Attempted trainwrecking	2	1		1								1			
Perjury, and subornation of perjury	1	1													
Injuring public jail	2			2							2				1
Threats to commit murder	2			2									2		
Totals	28	6	2	14		1*		5		11	1	2			2

* Died pending trial.

SUTTER COUNTY—A. C. McLaughlin, District Attorney.

Population of County according to Federal Census of 1900, 5,886.

Assault, deadly weapon	2			2							2*				
Burglary	9	1	1	7							5	2			
Grand larceny	1			1							1				
Totals	12	1	1	10							6†	2			

* County jail.

† Also 2 in county jail.

TRINITY COUNTY—D. J. Hall, District Attorney.

Population of County according to Federal Census of 1900, 4,383.

Murder	1			1							1				
Assault, deadly weapon	2			1		1					1				
Burglary	1			1							1				
Grand larceny	4		1	1		1	1*				1				
Totals	8		1	4		2	1*				4				

* Died pending trial.

SCHEDULE "J"—Continued.

TULARE COUNTY—J. A. Allen, District Attorney.

Population of County according to Federal Census of 1900, 18,375.

NATURE OF OFFENSE.	Number of Persons Informed Against or Indicted	STATUS, UP TO AND INCLUDING TRIAL.						NATURE OF JUDGMENT.				Disch'd on H. C. after Judgt.	APPEALS SUP'M CT.			
		Dismissals	Acquittals	Convictions	Reduc'd on Hab. Cor.	Insane before Trial	Fugitive before Trial	Pending for Trial	Death	State Prison	State Schools		Charitable Institutions	Sentence Suspended	Affirmed	Reversed	Pending
Murder	3		1	2					2					1		1
Assault to murder	2	1		1						1						
Assault, deadly weapon	5	2	1	1	1											
Rape	2	1						1								
Selling liquor to Indians (high-grade misdeme'n'r)	2		1	1												
Burglary	13	1		11			1			6	5					
Grand larceny	4	1		3						3						
Forgery	3			3						3						
Attempt to obtain money or property under false pretenses	1			1						1				1		
Throwing stone at train	2			1	1											
Criminal libel	1			1												1
Lewd and lascivious act	1			1						1						
Totals	39	6	3	26		2		2	2	15	5			2		2

TUOLUMNE COUNTY—F. P. Otis, District Attorney.

Population of County according to Federal Census of 1900, 11,166.

Assault to murder	3			2				1		2							
Assault, deadly weapon	1	1															
Bigamy	1						1										
Burglary	3		1	2							1	1					
Grand larceny	1	1															
Forgery	1			1							1						
Totals	10	2	1	5				1	1		4	1					

VENTURA COUNTY—F. W. Ewing, District Attorney.

Population of County according to Federal Census of 1900, 14,367.

Murder	1			1						1							
Assault to murder	3	2		1						1							
Assault, deadly weapon	5			5						5							
Rape	3	3															
Assault to rape	1	1															
Robbery	7	3		4							4						
Burglary	9	4		5						5							
Grand larceny	9	2		5		1	1			6							1
Passing fictitious writing	1			1						1							
Injuring public jail	1			1						1							
Incorrigible minors	12	1		11							2						
Miscellaneous felonies	2	1				1											
Totals	54	17		34		2	1			24	2						1

SCHEDULE "J"—Continued.

YUBA COUNTY—E. P. McDaniel, District Attorney.

Population of County according to Federal Census of 1900, 8,620.

NATURE OF OFFENSE.	Number of Persons Informed Against or Indicted	STATUS, UP TO AND INCLUDING TRIAL.							NATURE OF JUDGMENT.				Disch'd on H. C. after Judg't.	APPEALS SUP'M CT.			
		Dismissals	Acquittals	Convictions	Disch'd on Hab. Cor.	Reduced to Misdem't.	Insane before Trial	Fugitive before Trial	Pending for Trial	Death	State Prison	State Schools		Charitable Institutions	Sentence Suspended	Affirmed	Reversed	Pending
Murder	2			2						2							
Assault to murder	1			1						1							
Assault, deadly weapon	4		2	2						2							
Rape	2			1		1*				1							
Robbery	4			4						4							
Burglary	6	3	1	2						2							
Attempt to commit bur- glary	1			1						1							
Grand larceny	6		1	5						5							
Forgery	1			1						1							
Obtaining money or prop- erty, false pretenses	1					1											
Throwing opium into jail	1			1						1							
Totals	29	3	4	20		1	1*			20							

* Died pending trial.

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BIENNIAL REPORT

OF THE

ADJUTANT GENERAL

OF THE

STATE OF CALIFORNIA

FOR THE TWO YEARS ENDING JUNE 30, 1902.

1901-1902.



SACRAMENTO:

W. W. SHANNON, : : : : SUPERINTENDENT STATE PRINTING.
1903.

REPORT.

ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE,

SACRAMENTO, CAL., September 1, 1902.

To His Excellency, GOVERNOR HENRY T. GAGE, Commander-in-Chief:

SIR: I have the honor to submit the following report, as required by law, for the two years ending June 30, 1902, with accompanying statistics showing the condition of the enrolled militia of the State, the National Guard and the Naval Militia.

ENROLLED MILITIA.

From the reports of the Brigadier Generals for the year 1901, as required by Section 1902, Political Code, being the latest reports on file, the total enrolled militia of the State is 226,814. This enrollment is of little practical value, and is only made in compliance with the old militia law of the United States, which requires returns of the same to be made annually to the Adjutant General of the U. S. Army. In an Act now before Congress, mention of which will be made later in this report, this obsolete system is done away with.

NATIONAL GUARD.

Since the report for June 30, 1900, the organized strength of the Guard has been increased by one company of infantry, in addition to a company of Veteran Reserves. On April 19, 1901, four companies of the First Infantry were detached from that regiment and organized as a battalion of coast artillery.

Under the provisions of an Act of the Legislature approved March 23, 1901, the Naval Militia was segregated from the National Guard proper and designated simply as the "Naval Militia of California," and, instead of reporting to, and being under the command of, the Major General commanding the Division, National Guard of California, that organization was required to report direct to the Commander-in-Chief.

At this date the National Guard consists of three signal corps, four troops of cavalry, four batteries of coast artillery, forty-seven companies of infantry, and one company of Veteran Reserves, aggregating, with the staff of the Commander-in-Chief, general officers, and general staff, 327 officers and 3,350 enlisted men. This force is organized into one division (commanded by Major General John H. Dickinson), and three

brigades—the First, commanded by Brigadier General C. F. A. Last, consisting of one Signal Corps, Troops C and D, Cavalry, and the Seventh Regiment of Infantry; the Second, commanded by Brigadier General R. H. Warfield, consisting of one Signal Corps, Troop A, Cavalry, the First Battalion of Artillery, the First Regiment of Infantry, and the Fifth Regiment of Infantry; the Third, commanded by Brigadier General M. W. Muller, consisting of one Signal Corps, Troop B, Cavalry, the Second Regiment of Infantry, and the Sixth Regiment of Infantry.

There are 278 National Guard officers on the Retired List.

NAVAL MILITIA.

As mentioned above, the Naval Militia was segregated from the National Guard proper on April 1, 1901, by G. O. No. 4, A. G. O., in accordance with an Act of the Legislature approved March 23, 1901, amending Sections 1912 and 1962 of the Political Code. This force consists of seven divisions, organized into one battalion, commanded by Captain Thomas A. Nerney, and aggregating 36 officers and 460 enlisted men. Under the provisions of the Act above referred to, the headquarters and staff of the battalion were reorganized, an election being held for a captain, commander, lieutenant commander, chief engineer, with the rank of lieutenant commander, and one lieutenant; and all staff officers were recommissioned. Pay and medical departments were provided for, and the organization made to conform as nearly as possible to the regulations of the U. S. Navy.

There are 6 Naval Militia officers on the Retired List.

CHANGES IN ORGANIZATION OF GUARD.

No organizations of the Guard have been disbanded during the two years ending June 30, 1902, and but one company of infantry mustered—that at Talbert, Orange County, on December 8, 1900, which was attached to the Seventh Infantry as Company H.

There was also mustered on May 8, 1901, a company of veterans of the Civil War, known as "Company A, Veteran Reserves of California," located at Oakland. This organization was mustered as an independent company under the provisions of an Act of the Legislature approved March 8, 1901, and is provided for by a special appropriation of the Legislature. This company is composed of good material, and would be very efficient for ordinary service or garrison duty.

Under the provisions of an Act of the Legislature approved March 23, 1901, amending Sections 1982 and 1984 of the Political Code, the organization of the regiments and of the battalions and companies composing the National Guard was changed so as to conform as nearly as possible to the organization of the U. S. Army. Provision was made in the law for slight variations applicable to the needs of the National

Guard service. The details of the changes in the organization, under this Act, are prescribed in G. O. No. 4, series of 1901, A. G. O., to which reference is made. There is but one twelve-company regiment in the service, the Seventh. Under the provisions of the Act above referred to, the three nine-company regiments—the Second, the Fifth, and the Sixth—have been given a three-battalion organization, and, therefore, have the same number of field and staff officers as a twelve-company regiment. The First Infantry, having eight companies, is organized into two battalions.

It having been considered advisable to have the artillery branch of the service represented by an organization within the National Guard, the First Battalion of Artillery was organized by the transfer of four companies from the First Infantry, constituting a battalion of coast artillery, with a complete battalion organization of officers and non-commissioned officers. This battalion is under command of Major H. P. Bush, a veteran officer of the National Guard, and is a fine organization. Reference is hereby made to the report of Major Thomas Wilhelm, U. S. A. (retired), now Colonel and Inspector General of Rifle Practice on the Staff of the Commander-in-Chief, who made the annual inspection of the Artillery Battalion. Colonel Wilhelm's recommendation that the Secretary of War be asked for permission to instruct the men of this battalion in heavy gun drill at the Presidio has been acted upon and is receiving attention at Washington.

SANITARY CORPS.

The Corps is well organized and equipped with everything necessary for any ordinary service that may be required. The general hospital conducted by the Corps at the Division Encampment in 1901 was in every way satisfactory. The work performed by the Corps at the encampments held during the present year up to the date of this report has shown high efficiency. Very little was done toward the reorganization of the Corps after the Spanish-American War until the spring of 1901, and as yet the records and paper work of the organization are not satisfactory. This condition is doubtless due more to the law under which the Corps is operating and the insufficiency of the appropriation for its maintenance, than from any lack of interest on the part of officers and men. The Corps is organized as a separate department similar to that of the United States service, and details of officers and men are made to various organizations. Thus, as the force is small and greatly scattered, it is hard to foster a feeling of common interest and pride, and the fact that they are simply detailed for duty with regimental organizations does not give them the feeling that they are interested in and belong to said organization. Many are of the opinion that for the National Guard service the regimental organization of this

department is preferable. However, it is hoped that with a better understanding of the law and regulations governing the Corps better results may be obtained. Sufficient appropriation should be made for each detachment of the Sanitary Corps, for the purpose of providing proper quarters and the maintenance of the same, and I recommend that the Legislature be asked for an appropriation of money sufficient to purchase ambulances for the Corps.

ARMS, EQUIPMENTS, AND CAMP EQUIPAGE.

The Guard is equipped as follows:

Infantry Soldier.—Springfield rifle, caliber .45, with sling, web belt, bayonet, and scabbard.

Blanket, shelter-tent half, shelter-tent poles, canteen with strap, haversack with strap, meat can, knife, fork, spoon, and tin cup.

Cavalry Soldier.—U. S. magazine carbine, caliber .30, web belt, saber, and revolver.

Saddle (complete), bridle (complete), halter, saddlebags, saddle blanket, nosebag, surcingle, carbine scabbard, saber belt, blanket, poncho, shelter-tent half, shelter-tent poles, canteen with cavalry strap, meat can, knife, fork, spoon, and tin cup.

Enlisted Men of Signal Corps.—Same as for cavalry.

Sanitary Corps.—Same as for infantry, without arms. Privates carry pouch and litter sling.

Coast Artillery.—Same as for infantry.

Regimental Non-Commissioned Staff Officers.—Same as for infantry, with the exception that a revolver and non-commissioned officer's sword and waist belt are issued in lieu of rifle and equipment.

Officers.—No equipment is furnished to officers, they being required to furnish their own.

The equipment as stated above is the same as that furnished to the U. S. Army, except that the infantry is still using the Springfield rifle, caliber .45, instead of the U. S. magazine rifle, caliber .30; and the cavalry lacks the watering bridle, lariat, and picket pin.

There is a complete equipment of hospital tents, wall tents, and field ranges. The tents are the U. S. Government issue of standard size and pattern. The field ranges issued to each headquarters and company are of two kinds: the Buzzacott, and the Donavin-Myers No. 5; both purchased in 1900, and of the latest pattern.

So far as arms, equipment, and camp equipage are concerned, the Guard is in a position to take the field for an extended period of time at a moment's notice.

Since November 21, 1901, it has been possible to draw from the Gov-

ernment the U. S. magazine rifle and carbine, caliber .30, the same to be charged against the State's allotment. Owing to the fact, however, that the Guard was greatly in need of other equipment, and, moreover, if the appropriation was applied to the securing of the .30-caliber arm and no other supplies, it would still take a number of years to re-equip the Guard; therefore, it was deemed expedient to only order carbines of the .30-caliber to partially equip the Cavalry and Signal Corps. With the prospect of the passage of the Act now before Congress known as the "Dick" bill, which provides for the exchange of the Springfield rifle, caliber .45, for the U. S. magazine rifle, caliber .30, without expense to the State, it is not deemed best at this time to use any more of the State's allotment for this purpose.

The Naval Militia is armed with the Lee magazine rifle, caliber .45, and Colt's revolver, caliber .38. The equipment of the men is practically the same as that of the U. S. Navy. There is also in use by the Naval Militia the U. S. S. "Marion" and one steam cutter, located at San Francisco; the U. S. S. "Pinta," located at San Diego; one steam cutter, located at San Pedro; nine small boats and equipments, in addition to those constituting a part of the equipment of the "Marion" and "Pinta," three three-inch breechloading rifles, five one-pounder Hotchkiss rapid-fire guns, and one Accles gun, caliber .30. The ships loaned to the State by the Navy Department for the use of the Naval Militia are old wooden vessels, entirely obsolete, and are in such condition that they can not be moved under their own steam. These vessels should be replaced by more modern vessels suitable to the present needs of the Naval Militia. Repeated applications have been made to the Navy Department for the loan of a serviceable vessel, but so far without success.

UNIFORMS.

The uniforming of the Guard in progress at the time of the submission of the last biennial report was duly completed, and each enlisted man of the Guard was supplied with a blouse, trousers, forage cap, campaign hat, and leggings. In addition, there were issued to nearly every company thirty-two overcoats. A majority of the organizations of the Guard have provided themselves with the field, or khaki, uniform from company funds.

Each enlisted man of the Naval Militia is uniformed with a blue shirt or blouse, blue trousers, blue cap, and leggings. In addition, most of the divisions have supplied themselves with the white uniform out of their division funds.

The Legislature of 1901 appropriated \$10,000 for the purchase of uniforms and quartermaster's supplies, and uniforms and supplies have been contracted for which will exhaust this fund. The appropriation was only sufficient to provide a few uniforms to each organization, and

the next Legislature should make a reasonable appropriation for new uniforms for the Guard. The man who gives his time to the service of the State should at least be decently clad, and be furnished a uniform in which he can take some pride. Reference is made to the reports of the Uniform Board, herewith submitted.

The Uniform Board at present consists of Major General John H. Dickinson, Colonel N. S. Bangham, and Colonel Thomas Wilhelm, said board being appointed under the provisions of Section 2027 of the Political Code.

ENCAMPMENTS.

The entire National Guard assembled at Santa Cruz in June, 1901, under the command of Major General John H. Dickinson. This was the first time for many years that the Guard had been assembled in one encampment, and the instruction imparted to general and staff officers in the assembling of and caring for the troops was valuable. The attendance at the encampment was good, being larger than was anticipated; consequently, the expense for transportation and subsistence exceeded the estimates, and a deficiency of \$4,310.76 in the encampment fund for that year was incurred. All claims against the fund were settled, with the exception of that for transportation, and the total amount of the deficiency was deducted from the claim of the Southern Pacific Company. For a detailed report upon this encampment, reference is made to the report of Colonel Thomas Wilhelm, Staff of the Commander-in-Chief, and also to the report of Major General John H. Dickinson, herewith submitted.

For the year 1902 encampments prior to June 30th were held by the following organizations: The First Battalion of Artillery, at Stockton, Cal., June 14th to 22d; the Fifth Regiment of Infantry, at Ukiah, Cal., June 21st to 29th; the Sixth Regiment of Infantry, at Merced, Cal., May 15th to 24th; Troop A, Cavalry, a practice march through Sonoma Valley, June 21st to 29th; Company A, Veteran Reserves, at Healdsburg, June 16th to 23d. The reports of the commanding officers of these camps are submitted herewith.

The appropriation for encampments is not sufficient for putting the Guard into camp for seven days once every two years. The appropriation for this purpose should be increased.

CRUISE OF THE NAVAL MILITIA.

The Naval Militia was assembled for a cruise and drill on board the U. S. S. "Philadelphia" during the months of September and October, 1901, under the supervision of officers of the U. S. Navy. This cruise was of much practical benefit to the organization, and reference is made to the report of the commanding officer, herewith submitted.

The Navy Department again offered the use of a vessel for a cruise of

the Naval Militia during the present year, but owing to the uncertainty as to the exact time upon which the vessel would be available, it was deemed impracticable and the cruise was abandoned.

INSPECTIONS.

Following the custom in many Eastern States, the inspection of the Guard for the year 1901 was held at the time of the Division Encampment at Santa Cruz. Owing to the fact, however, that the inspection was not made by the regular inspectors, but by a number of officers specially detailed for that purpose from Division headquarters, thereby resulting in a great variety in the gradings and markings, and the result being unsatisfactory, the reports of said inspection are not submitted herewith.

The inspection for the year 1902 was held between April 5th and July 1st, and the result, tabulated from the reports of the various inspectors, is submitted herewith.

TARGET PRACTICE.

The Firing Regulations for Small Arms were amended on April 30, 1901. The principal change effected was in the adoption of the figure targets as now used in the U. S. Army instead of the Blunt target as heretofore used. On April 22, 1902, the regulations were amended by considerably increasing the requirements necessary for qualification.

The reports of target practice for the year 1901 show the number of men qualifying in the various classes as follows:

With rifle—"Distinguished marksmen," 109; "sharpshooters," 98; "riflemen," 426; "marksmen," 296.

With revolver—"First-class men," 95; "second-class men," 66; "third-class men," 70; "fourth-class men," 45.

This shows a large increase over the number qualifying for the year 1900. The appropriation for target practice is entirely insufficient, and the only way that this department has been able to carry out the prescribed course of target practice during the last two years is due to the fact that a large supply of ammunition had accumulated during the period that organizations of the National Guard were in the U. S. Volunteer service. Just prior to the Spanish-American War the number of rounds required to be used by each man firing with the rifle was increased from twenty to sixty-five, and for those firing with the revolver from twenty to forty, thus increasing the amount of ammunition required more than threefold. No corresponding increase, however, was made in the appropriation, and to carry out the system now in force will require more money. Sufficient ammunition should not only be furnished for the record practice required, but at least as much more for the purpose of preliminary practice. As it now stands, the individual members of the

Guard, or the organizations thereof, are compelled to furnish their own ammunition for the purpose of preliminary practice; otherwise they would not be qualified to make a creditable showing at the regular State practice. This is the most important branch of a soldier's education, and, owing to the changed conditions of our present civilization, few young men outside of the military organizations learn the use of firearms; whereas in the early days of the Republic nearly every young man was proficient in their use. A great difficulty is experienced in a number of cities in obtaining the necessary ranges, and the cost of providing the same is too great a tax to be borne by the organizations. The State should make an appropriation for the purpose of acquiring and maintaining ranges near the cities of San Francisco and Los Angeles.

PROPERTY ACCOUNTS.

A revision of the blanks used in the transfer of and accounting for property has been made. The blanks as now used are those in use in the U. S. Army, adapted to the requirements of the National Guard. Separate sets of blanks are used for the transfer of and accounting for ordnance stores and quartermaster's supplies. There has been considerable improvement in the paper work of officers in this connection, but there is still much to be desired. Many officers are careless in the preparation of their papers and do not follow the instructions upon the same, thereby causing a large amount of correspondence and resulting in much confusion. Although the directions upon the blanks are very explicit, many officers will take up or drop property without submitting the proper vouchers therefor, and a constant supervision is necessary to secure the proper making of returns. This is as much a part of the education of an officer as the drill regulations, and a very important qualification.

BOARDS OF SURVEY.

The last biennial report of this department refers to the work of the boards of survey for the year 1900, but at the time of the submission of said report the reports relating to U. S. Government property had not been submitted to or passed upon by the War Department. Upon examination of the returns made to the War Department of the property of the United States for which the Governor was accountable, it was found that no credits had been obtained for years for property lost or destroyed. Company commanders had been provisionally released from responsibility for the loss or destruction of stores, upon reports of said boards, but no corresponding credit had been obtained from the Government. Therefore, the reports of boards of survey filed in the Adjutant General's office, relating to Government property from the year 1895 to 1900, inclusive, that were in proper form, were presented to

the War Department for settlement. Favorable action was secured upon all of the reports, and stores were authorized by the War Department to be dropped from the return of the Governor, amounting to \$4,201.63.

CAMP SITE.

The deed for the tract of land selected for the State Camp of Instruction by the commission provided for in the Act of the Legislature approved March 4, 1899, was duly executed March 27, 1901, and is filed in the office of the Secretary of State. The property is situated near Santa Cruz, and was donated to the State by that city. The Division Encampment of 1901 was held upon this tract, but it was found to be rather small for so large a body of troops. It would answer very well for a regimental or brigade encampment, but, owing to the fact of the lack of means of transportation and of funds to use in putting the grounds in proper condition, none of the regimental commanders desired to camp upon the site this year. With a sufficient appropriation to properly grade and lay out the grounds, this site could be made an ideal camp ground. It will never be desirable for encampment purposes, however, until the street railway system of Santa Cruz is extended to the camp site.

NATIONAL LEGISLATION.

An Act to promote the efficiency of the militia, and commonly known as the "Dick" bill, was introduced at the last session of Congress, and was passed by the House of Representatives. It was read twice in the Senate and referred to the Committee on Military Affairs, and there is reason to believe that the same will become a law upon the reassembling of Congress in December. This Act will prove a great benefit to the National Guard of all the States, and bring the National Guard organizations into closer relations with the regular military establishment.

CLAIMS AGAINST THE UNITED STATES ON ACCOUNT OF THE SPANISH-AMERICAN WAR OF 1898.

There are claims pending against the United States Government arising out of and incidental to the Spanish-American War of 1898, as follows:

For transportation.....	\$393 45
For subsistence.....	2,036 11
For incidental expenses.....	4,777 90
For pay of Naval Militia guard on "Marion," etc.....	4,820 23
Suspended on claim made October 1, 1898, as per statement of differences, November 16, 1898.....	6,150 29
Total	<u>\$18,177 98</u>

These claims, including a reply to the statement of differences above referred to, were presented to the Auditor for the War Department by the late W. H. Seamans, Adjutant General, on November 6, 1901. This

office has been informed by the Auditor that the original claims in the above amount, aggregating \$12,027.69, have been entered as the third installment of the State's claims against the Government, and that the reply to the statement of differences will be considered with and applied to the vouchers that have been suspended in the first installment, and that the adjudication of the same will be made at the earliest practicable date.

PAY OF U. S. VOLUNTEERS.

At the time of the assembling of the National Guard for enrollment as U. S. Volunteers for the Spanish-American War of 1898, no provision was made by the State for paying the men from the date of their enrollment and assembling to the date of their muster into the United States service or rejection. The enlisted men were entitled to pay from the State at the rate of \$2 per day and the officers to pay at the rate fixed by the United States for pay of their grade. The time these men served varied from nine days for the First Infantry to fifteen days for a portion of the Eighth Infantry. No attempt was made by the State administration at that time to pay these men. If this had been done and the payments made by the State upon proper payrolls, the State would have been reimbursed by the General Government. In the year 1900, the late W. H. Seamans, Adjutant General, took this matter up and undertook to secure individual vouchers from officers and men for the money due them, the same to be presented as vouchers to a claim of the State to be made against the General Government. Lieutenant Colonel R. L. Peeler was placed upon special duty for the purpose of collecting these vouchers, in connection with other work connected with the Spanish-American War claims, and his report, which was published in the last biennial report of this department, gives the result of his labors. Up to that time vouchers to a little more than \$48,000 had been collected. The State's claim for this money was not filed by General Seamans until November 6, 1901, so as to include as many claimants as possible before the expiration of the time fixed. The matter could not be longer delayed, however, as the Act of Congress under which these claims were made provided that they should be filed prior to January 1, 1902, or be forever barred. In the meantime, vouchers for about \$10,000 additional had been collected and the total amount of the State's claim as filed for this purpose was \$58,244.86. General Seamans presented this claim in person and was successful in securing the speedy allowance of the same to the amount of \$58,151.26, as per settlement No. 17,333 by the Auditor for the War Department on January 7, 1902. The disbursement of this money has caused much additional work in this office, as the claimants were widely scattered and it has been difficult to locate many of them. Individual checks were issued for the amount due each man, showing the organization, the dates of his enrollment and muster-in or

rejection, the number of days, the rate per day, and the amount. These checks were signed by the Governor and countersigned by the Adjutant General, and were drawn upon the State Treasurer as custodian of this fund, with whom the money had been deposited as a special trust fund. Prior to July 1, 1902, 2,340 checks had been issued against the fund, amounting to \$50,874.10. There has been much misunderstanding concerning this matter, and it has been difficult to explain to those men who had not filed their vouchers in time to be included in the State's claim, above referred to, the reason why they should not receive pay as well as the others. The making of these explanations has necessitated a large amount of correspondence and a great deal of additional work in this department. An Act was introduced in the last Congress to extend the time within which claims could be filed, but did not secure passage. Since the filing of the State's claim against the Government, many officers and men have filed vouchers for this pay, with the understanding from this office that if Congress should extend the time within which claims could be filed, a supplemental claim would be made by the State for the payment of the same. These men are manifestly entitled to this pay, and if Congress does not enact the necessary legislation to provide for settlement of their just claims by the General Government, the State Legislature should make provision for paying them. It is estimated that there are still 1,500 officers and men entitled to pay, aggregating \$35,000.

EXCHANGE OF STORES AND SUPPLIES ON ACCOUNT OF SPANISH-AMERICAN WAR.

There is still due the State from the United States Government on account of stores transferred at the time of the Spanish-American War, ordnance stores to the value of \$2,335.96, there having been drawn during the past two years on this account ordnance stores to the value of \$2,056. The stores to be drawn under this account have to be in kind, and others can not be substituted. The specific stores that are still due the State are not needed at present, as the Guard is completely equipped with such articles.

There was no provision for the exchange of quartermaster's supplies, until the Act of Congress approved May 26, 1900. Under the provisions of this Act the State made claim on March 11, 1901, and received from the Government, quartermaster's supplies to the value of \$2,191. These supplies had been transferred to the U. S. Volunteers at the time of the war, but no cash payment was made for the same, as they were Government property, and no provision had been made for replacing them until the Act above referred to.

COLORS OF U. S. VOLUNTEERS.

The colors of but one of the organizations of the California Volunteers serving in the Spanish-American War of 1898 have been deposited in this office—those of the First Battalion of Heavy Artillery, California U. S. Volunteers. These colors were received from Major Frank S. Rice, commanding the battalion, on September 20, 1899, together with a history of the same. The proper place for the custody and preservation of the colors of these organizations should be the State Capitol, as is the custom in other States, both in justice to the State and to the members of the several organizations. Proper provision should be made for the care and preservation of these flags, and the present holders directed to turn them over to the State. Congress evidently intended that this should be done, for an Act was passed providing that volunteer regiments be permitted to retain their regimental colors upon being mustered out of the service of the United States, to be delivered to the respective State authorities. It may be said that some of the colors of the California regiments were presented to the organizations, but being possessed by the organization they became the property of the State and not of individuals.

UNIVERSITY CADETS.

From the report of First Lieutenant Henry De H. Waite, U. S. Army (retired), Professor of Military Science and Tactics, University of California, at Berkeley, for the year ending June 30, 1902, the following facts concerning this organization are obtained: The organization consists of one regiment of infantry, consisting of twelve companies, one band, one signal detachment, and one artillery detachment. About sixty outdoor drills and ninety indoor drills were held during the year, the average attendance at the same being 675—an increase over previous years. Seven formal reviews were held. A portion of the cadets were instructed in target practice and signaling. The rifle team of the University won the intercollegiate championship for the year 1902. The discipline and efficiency are excellent.

DEATH OF ADJUTANT GENERAL.

On January 3, 1902, Brigadier General W. H. Seamans, Adjutant General of the State of California, died at Washington, D. C., where he had gone as the official agent of the State to collect the money due the State on account of claims arising out of the Spanish-American War. The principal object of his trip was realized in the settlement of the claim for the pay of U. S. Volunteers, but the rigors of an Eastern winter proved too severe for one whose health had been impaired by long and faithful service in the Civil War. His remains were brought to

California and received all the honors to which his rank entitled him, and were interred at the Presidio of San Francisco, Cal. A brief history of his life will be found in G. O. No. 1, series of 1902, A. G. O.

RECOMMENDATIONS.

I respectfully make the following recommendations, reference to many of which have been made in the preceding report:

First—That, in view of the probable passage of the "Dick" bill by Congress, a board of officers be appointed to prepare and submit to the next Legislature a revision of the laws governing the National Guard; and, also, that a sufficient appropriation be made for the publication of the laws and the rules and regulations governing the National Guard, when the same are revised and amended.

Second—That a State arsenal be built at Sacramento for the proper storage and care of the military supplies belonging to the State. The storage room now at the disposal of this department is entirely inadequate and unsuited. By combining the State arsenal with an armory for the Sacramento organizations of the National Guard a large amount of money that is now paid for rent by these organizations could be saved to the State and the building would practically pay for itself in a reasonable time.

Third—That an Act be passed by the Legislature authorizing the payment of money due deceased members of the California Volunteers from the date of enrollment to the date of muster-in or rejection by the medical examiner, to the heirs of such deceased persons upon proper verification, without obtaining letters of administration.

Fourth—That an appropriation of \$35,000 be made, the same or so much thereof as may be necessary, to be used for the payment of the amounts due members of the California U. S. Volunteers for the Spanish-American War of 1898, from the date of their enrollment to the date of their muster-in or rejection by the medical examiner. At the time the vouchers were presented to the United States Government for this purpose, in 1901, many of these men could not be reached. Those who have not been paid are in justice entitled to the same consideration as those who have, and the Legislature should make the necessary provision to redeem the obligation of the State.

Fifth—That a sufficient appropriation for encampment purposes be made so that the entire Guard can be encamped for at least ten days in each year.

Sixth—That the annual appropriation for target practice be increased to \$10,000.

Seventh—That provision be made by the Legislature for acquiring and maintaining State target ranges near the cities of San Francisco and Los Angeles.

Eighth—That an appropriation of \$50 per month for each detachment of the Sanitary Corps be made, as now provided for in Section 2094, Political Code. Although the section referred to provides for the payment of this allotment, no money was appropriated by the last Legislature to cover the same. Also that a sufficient appropriation be made to purchase ambulances.

Ninth—That an emergency fund be established to be used for the pay, travel, and subsistence of the Guard when ordered out in case of war, insurrection, rebellion, or resistance to the execution of the laws of the State, or for any other necessary purpose; said fund also to be available for the expense of troops ordered out as escort to deceased officers or State officials entitled to military honors. Expenditures from that fund to be made only under direct authorization of the Governor.

Tenth—That a sufficient appropriation be made to compile and print five thousand copies of a history and record of the California Volunteers in the Spanish-American War.

Eleventh—That a military storekeeper and State armorer be appointed for the care and proper keeping of the military stores at the State arsenal, at a monthly salary of \$75.

Twelfth—That the weaker companies of the National Guard be disbanded. There are quite a number of organizations that are barely maintained to the minimum standard and their condition does not warrant the expenditure of money by the State.

I have the honor to submit herewith the following as appendices to this report:

- Appendix No. 1—Statement of appropriations and expenditures for military purposes, 52d and 53d fiscal years.
- “ “ 2—Statement of money received and disbursed by the Adjutant General.
- “ “ 3—Statement of accounts with United States Government.
- “ “ 4—Account of arms, accouterments, ammunition, and military property belonging to the State, or issued to the State by the United States, showing to what organizations issued.
- “ “ 5—Statement showing status of fund for pay of troops and furnishing supplies, N. G. C., 1893-94.
- “ “ 6—Statement of enrolled militia.
- “ “ 7—Statement of organized strength of the National Guard and Naval Militia in detail.
- “ “ 8—Statement of dates of organization of regiments, companies, troops, and Naval Militia.
- “ “ 9—Statement of certificates of service issued.
- “ “ 10—Statement of exempt certificates issued.
- “ “ 11—Statement of honorary membership certificates issued.
- “ “ 12—Statement of service medals issued.
- “ “ 13—General orders issued during two years ended June 30, 1902.
- “ “ 14—Special orders issued during two years ended June 30, 1902.
- “ “ 15—Tabulated result of inspection of 1902.
- “ “ 16—Report of Colonel Thomas Wilhelm on Division Encampment, 1901.
- “ “ 17—Report of Major General John H. Dickinson on Division Encampment, 1901, accompanied by reports of staff officers

- Appendix No. 18—Report of Captain Thomas A. Nerney on cruise of Naval Militia, 1901.
“ “ 19—Report of Major H. P. Bush on encampment of First Battalion of Artillery, 1902.
“ “ 20—Report of Colonel A. K. Whitton on encampment of Fifth Infantry, 1902.
“ “ 21—Report of Colonel W. R. Johnson on encampment of Sixth Infantry, 1902.
“ “ 22—Report of Captain Charles Jansen on encampment of Troop A, Cavalry, 1902.
“ “ 23—Report of Colonel Thomas Wilhelm on First Battalion of Artillery.
“ “ 24—Reports of Uniform Board.
“ “ 25—List of Adjutants General.
“ “ 26—Register of officers, active list.

Very respectfully,

GEO. STONE,
Adjutant General, State of California.

APPENDIX No. 1.

APPROPRIATIONS AND EXPENDITURES FOR MILITARY PURPOSES, 52d AND 53d FISCAL YEARS.

APPROPRIATIONS AND EXPENDITURES FOR THE FIFTY-SECOND FISCAL YEAR, ENDING JUNE 30, 1901.

Salary of Adjutant General.

To appropriation	\$3,000 00	
By W. H. Seamans		\$3,000 00
	\$3,000 00	\$3,000 00

Salary of Assistant Adjutant General.

To appropriation	\$2,400 00	
By N. S. Bangham		\$2,400 00
	\$2,400 00	\$2,400 00

Salary of Clerk, Adjutant General's Office.

To appropriation	\$1,600 00	
By G. E. S. Barnes		\$1,600 00
	\$1,600 00	\$1,600 00

Salary of Clerk and Porter, Adjutant General's Office.

To appropriation	\$1,200 00	
By Howard S. McIntire		\$1,200 00
	\$1,200 00	\$1,200 00

Postage, Expressage, and Telegraphing, Adjutant General's Office.

To appropriation	\$350 00	
To balance from fifty-first fiscal year	19 52	
By General W. H. Seamans, postage		\$109 49
By Colonel N. S. Bangham, postage		45 00
By Wells, Fargo & Co., expressage		69 48
By Western Union Telegraph Co., telegraphing		82 90
By Sunset Telephone and Telegraph Co., telephoning		62 65
	\$369 52	\$369 52

FIFTY-SECOND FISCAL YEAR—Continued.

Care of State Armory, Cleaning and Transportation of Arms, Traveling and Contingent Expenses of the Adjutant General.

To appropriation	\$900 00	
By General W. H. Seamans, travel and expense		\$510 80
By Colonel N. S. Bangham, travel and expense		8 50
By Howard S. McIntire, travel and expense		18 50
By Joseph Bauquier, labor State Arsenal		172 45
By Flint & Son, drayage		13 30
By Mrs. R. Butler, drayage		12 00
By J. S. Easterbrooks, drayage		18 25
By F. W. Dohrmann, Jr., drayage and labor		9 00
By Whisky Hill Water Co., well water		6 00
By Buffalo Brewing Co., ice		12 35
By Egan Bros., rent of filter		6 00
By Mason's Steam Laundry, towel supply		2 25
By Sunset Telephone and Telegraph Co., telephoning		47 95
By Margaret Minderman, typewriting		10 00
By J. H. Watkins, clerical services		5 00
By George N. Randle, clerical services		10 00
By L. P. McCarthy, three copies "Statistician"		9 50
By Howard S. McIntire, repairs to typewriter		4 50
By Wyckoff, Seamans & Benedict, rent of typewriter		18 00
By H. S. Crocker Co., stationery		2 65
By W. H. Seamans, subscription to Army and Navy Journal		3 00
	\$900 00	\$900 00

Allowance, Division Headquarters.

To appropriation	\$1,200 00	
To unexpended balance from fifty-first fiscal year	75 00	
By commanding officer, Division		\$1,200 00
By unexpended balance		75 00
	\$1,275 00	\$1,275 00

Allowance, Brigade Headquarters.

To appropriation	\$3,360 00	
To unexpended balance from fifty-first fiscal year	98 00	
By commanding officer, First Brigade		\$874 00
By commanding officer, Second Brigade		1,380 00
By commanding officer, Third Brigade		1,200 00
By unexpended balance		4 00
	\$3,458 00	\$3,458 00

Allowance, Regimental Headquarters and Bands.

To appropriation	\$6,552 00	
By unexpended balance from fifty-first fiscal year	1,473 47	
By commanding officer, First Battalion of Artillery		\$56 00
By commanding officer, First Infantry		1,228 00
By commanding officer, Second Infantry		1,068 00
By commanding officer, Fifth Infantry		1,068 00
By commanding officer, Sixth Infantry		1,068 00
By commanding officer, Seventh Infantry		1,252 40
By commanding officer, Naval Militia		924 00
By unexpended balance		1,361 07
	\$8,025 47	\$8,025 47

FIFTY-SECOND FISCAL YEAR—Continued.

Armory Rents, and Other Expenses.

To appropriation	\$93,000 00	
To unexpended balance from fifty-first fiscal year	5,357 62	
<i>Quarterly Allowance—</i>		
By three Signal Corps		\$3,393 00
By four Troops of Cavalry		9,600 00
By First Battalion of Artillery (4 batteries, one quarter)		1,200 00
By First Infantry (12 companies, three quarters; 8 companies, one quarter)		13,200 00
By Second Infantry (9 companies)		10,800 00
By Fifth Infantry (8 companies, full allowance)		9,600 00
By Fifth Infantry (Co. I, half allowance)		600 00
By Sixth Infantry (8 companies, full allowance)		9,600 00
By Sixth Infantry (Co. I, half allowance)		600 00
By Seventh Infantry (11 companies, except Co. H)		13,200 00
By Seventh Infantry (Co. H, from December 8, 1900)		676 26
By Naval Militia (7 divisions)		8,400 00
By Sanitary Corps (5 detachments, one quarter)		722 50
<i>Annual Allowance—</i>		
By three Signal Corps		445 00
By four Troops of Cavalry		940 00
By First Battalion of Artillery		940 00
By First Infantry		1,880 00
By Second Infantry		2,115 00
By Fifth Infantry (8 companies)		1,880 00
By Fifth Infantry (Co. I, half allowance)		120 00
By Sixth Infantry (8 companies)		1,880 00
By Sixth Infantry (Co. I, half allowance)		120 00
By Seventh Infantry (11 companies)		2,585 00
By Seventh Infantry (Co. H, from December 8, 1900)		135 00
By Naval Militia (7 divisions)		1,645 00
<i>Miscellaneous—</i>		
By Examining Board, First Brigade		122 50
By Examining Board, Second Brigade		387 50
By Examining Board, Third Brigade		152 50
By Examining Board, Naval Militia		20 00
By Lieut. Col. A. Huber, inspecting 5th Div., N. M. C.		2 50
By Lieut. Col. C. J. Evans, inspecting 4th Div., N. M. C.		2 50
By Maj. J. W. F. Diss, Board of Survey, First Brigade		40 00
By Lieut. Col. T. J. Hay, Board of Survey, Third Brigade		57 50
By Maj. J. A. Margo, Board of Survey, Second Brigade		35 00
By Capt. D. A. Smith, expenses and per diem of officers, Nipert court-martial		146 85
By Lieut. Col. T. J. Hay, special inspection, Co. B, 6th Inf.		10 00
By Lieut. Col. J. J. Dwyer, services members Naval Militia court of inquiry		163 43
By George W. Smith, services as reporter, Naval Militia court of inquiry		222 00
By George W. Smith, services as reporter, O'Neil court-martial ..		31 50
By J. L. Holland, services as reporter, O'Neil court-martial		35 00
By Lieut. Col. J. J. Dwyer, services of officers, O'Neil court-martial		114 65
By Maj. Gen. J. H. Dickinson, expenses board on camp site		80 20
By Lieut. Col. A. J. Pedlar, services, medical examining board ..		2 50
By Capt. J. A. Margo, services, muster Co. A, Veteran Reserves ..		2 70
By Col. Winslow Anderson, expenses for Sanitary Corps		3 00
By N. S. Bangham, A. A. G., dues paid Interstate National Guard Officers' Association, 1900-1901		70 00
By unexpended balance		379 03
	\$98,357 62	\$98,357 62

FIFTY-SECOND FISCAL YEAR—Continued.

Traveling Expenses of Officers on Detail Duty.

To appropriation	\$2,000 00	
To unexpended balance from fifty-first fiscal year	903 94	
By Lieut. Col. C. H. Murphy, meeting of Inspectors of Rifle Practice at Sacramento		\$7 10
By 1st Lieut. F. Z. Pirkey, I. R. P., Second Infantry		57 95
By 1st Lieut. W. H. Tobin, I. R. P., First Infantry		6 35
By 1st Lieut. J. R. Graham, I. R. P., Sixth Infantry		56 80
By 1st Lieut. G. C. Thaxter, I. R. P., Seventh Infantry		98 80
By Lieut. W. G. Morrison, meeting of Inspectors of Rifle Practice at Sacramento		7 35
By Col. J. F. Burgin, meeting of Inspectors of Rifle Practice at Sacramento		9 35
By Col. J. W. Guthrie, examining board, Third Brigade		31 06
By Col. N. S. Bangham, special details, inspection, board of survey, uniform board, etc.		144 85
By Capt. D. A. Smith, elections		6 50
By Maj. W. A. Desborough, elections		13 10
By Maj. L. S. Schmidt, elections		11 05
By Maj. W. W. Douglas, elections and Acting Inspector of Rifle Practice		30 60
By Maj. M. Pirkey, Acting I. R. P., Second Infantry		9 00
By Capt. A. E. Stearns, Acting I. R. P., Second Infantry, and elections		16 00
By 1st Lieut. J. A. Blair, Acting I. R. P., Second Infantry		32 40
By 1st Lieut. Ira A. Robie, Acting I. R. P., Second Infantry		3 40
By 1st Lieut. J. F. Summers, Acting I. R. P., Fifth Infantry		8 40
By Gen. W. H. Seamans, special details		217 75
By Capt. F. L. Reynolds, Acting I. R. P., Seventh Infantry		19 40
By Capt. John Zittinger, Acting I. R. P., Second Infantry		16 70
By 1st Lieut. J. G. Lee, Acting I. R. P., Second Infantry		9 20
By Maj. J. W. F. Diss, inspection First Brigade		123 10
By Lieut. Col. T. J. Hay, inspection Third Brigade		155 10
By Lieut. Col. A. Huber, inspection Naval Militia		23 00
By Lieut. Col. C. J. Evans, inspection Naval Militia		10 10
By Maj. J. A. Margo, inspection Second Brigade		30 95
By Commander R. H. Miner, inspection Naval Militia		40 35
By Capt. T. A. Nerney, inspection Naval Militia		83 25
By 1st Lieut. Jos. Barrow, acting I. R. P., Fifth Infantry		5 40
By Capt. P. L. Bush, elections		3 85
By Capt. C. W. Agee, acting I. R. P., Sixth Infantry		6 40
By Lieut. Col. E. A. Forbes, acting I. R. P., Second Infantry		10 50
By Lieut. Col. J. J. Dwyer, expenses officers, O'Neil court-martial		105 10
By Col. Thos. Wilhelm, I. G. R. P., and special detail		50 60
By Col. W. D. McCarthy, inspection of camp site		19 45
By Maj. Gen. J. H. Dickinson, inspection of camp site		47 60
By Capt. S. H. Finley, muster Co. H, Seventh Infantry		5 00
By Col. J. R. Berry, board on rations for encampment		32 67
By Lieut. Col. A. J. Pedlar, examining board for retirement		3 30
By 1st Lieut. P. J. Divver, acting I. R. P., Second Infantry		5 20
By unexpended balance		1,329 91
	\$2,903 94	\$2,903 94

Target Practice and Purchase of Medals.

To appropriation	\$4,000 00	
To unexpended balance from fifty-first fiscal year	2,581 59	
By Chas. Sonntag & Co., 234,000 rounds 45-70 cartridges		\$5,148 00
By Union Metallic Cartridge Co., ammunition		621 42
By Shreve & Co., medals		430 80
By National Bank of D. O. Mills & Co., expenses of championship contest		226 95
By N. S. Bangham, targets purchased of U. S. Government		142 00
By J. A. Lafferty & Son, livery		2 50
By J. E. Finlayson, typewriting report		9 92
	\$6,581 59	\$6,581 59

FIFTY-SECOND FISCAL YEAR—Continued.

Hospital Supplies.

To appropriation	\$1,500 00	
To unexpended balance from fifty-first fiscal year	1,500 00	
By H. S. Davis, supplies for Second Infantry encampment		\$22 80
By Mack & Co., supplies for U. S. S. "Marion"		43 30
By Col. Winslow Anderson, six orderly pouches from U. S. Government		135 18
By Redington & Co., miscellaneous supplies and drugs		356 90
By Payot, Upham & Co., stationery		55 30
By R. E. Revalk & Co., typewriter		105 00
By Ray & Behan, deodorizers		18 00
By A. Berbert & Bro., surgical instruments and dressings		375 50
By Arnold & Walsh, furniture, bedding, etc.		1,175 73
By Shea, Bocqueraz & Co., liquors		49 90
By T. W. McAuliffe & Co., medicines		136 03
By Minneapolis Furniture Co., furniture		41 00
By unexpended balance		485 36
	\$3,000 00	\$3,000 00

Encampment.

To unexpended balance from fifty-first fiscal year	\$28,706 95	
By commanding officer, Division, expenses of encampment at Santa Cruz, June, 1901		\$20,389 26
By Southern Pacific Co., transportation on account of encampment at Santa Cruz, June, 1901		8,317 69
	\$28,706 95	\$28,706 95

Note.—The claim of the Southern Pacific Company for transportation, approved by Major General John H. Dickinson, commanding the Division, was for \$12,628.45, but the same could only be allowed for \$8,317.69, the balance in the fund; thereby leaving a deficiency of \$4,310.76.

Purchase of Uniforms, Overcoats, and Quartermaster's Stores.

To unexpended balance from fifty-first fiscal year	\$24,634 59	
By Pettibone Bros. Mfg. Co., blouses, trousers, and overcoats		\$16,429 42
By J. M. Litchfield & Co., caps and chevrons		1,278 84
By W. H. Seamans, Q. M. Gen., purchase of leggings from U. S. Government		98 70
By G. C. Kammerer, making Naval Militia uniforms		1,281 25
By A. Schuneman, services as inspector		143 25
By Holbrook, Merrill & Stetson, 36 Buzzacott field ranges		1,554 00
By Lieut. Col. J. G. Giesting, Recorder, per diem of Board		150 00
By J. E. Finlayson, services as clerk and expenses		516 25
By H. D. Walter, uniform for orderly		20 00
By Wyckoff, Seamans & Benedict, typewriter		108 00
By Joseph Bauquier, labor		40 00
By W. H. Seamans, Q. M. Gen., cash paid for labor		5 00
By Col. Thos. Wilhelm, purchase of blankets, tents, poles, etc., from U. S. Government		2,948 62
By Col. Thos. Wilhelm, per diem of Board		50 00
By unexpended balance		1 26
	\$24,634 59	\$24,634 59

Furnishing Coal and Other Supplies for the Training Ship "Marion," Naval Battalion.

To appropriation	\$1,500 00	
To unexpended balance from fifty-first fiscal year	1 00	
By George Fritch, coal		\$1,081 64
By Goodall, Perkins & Co., fresh water		77 00
By Shipowners and Merchants' Tugboat Co., towing		175 00
By J. Todt, lockers and locks		30 00
By J. J. Haviside, repairing lifts, etc.		50 00
By Taylor & Pritchard, repairing galley		7 50
By Madison, Bruce & Sellers, hardware, oil, supplies, etc.		79 86
	\$1,501 00	\$1,501 00

FIFTY-SECOND FISCAL YEAR—Continued.

Furnishing Coal and Other Supplies for the Training Ship "Pinta," Naval Battalion.

To appropriation	\$1,000 00	
To unexpended balance from fifty-first fiscal year	1,000 00	
By Clarke & Bryant, repairs		\$110 00
By James Shera, carpenter work		50 00
By Jones & Butler, painting		250 00
By Southern Pacific Co., freight on launch		78 15
By Baker Iron Works, repairs to launch attached to "Pinta"		1,347 55
By unexpended balance		164 30
	\$2,000 00	\$2,000 00

Printing, Binding, Ruling, and all Other Work Performed, and Materials Furnished
by the State Printing Office.

To appropriation	\$1,575 00	
To unexpended balance from fifty-first fiscal year	559 25	
To additional appropriation for fifty-second fiscal year	100 00	
By printing General Orders		\$429 00
By printing Special Orders		98 25
By printing blanks		323 50
By printing blank books and bindings		179 00
By printing letterheads, envelopes, etc.		83 50
By printing "Register of Officers"		121 00
By printing Biennial Report, 1899-1900		1,000 00
	\$2,234 25	\$2,234 25

APPROPRIATIONS AND EXPENDITURES FOR THE FIFTY-THIRD FISCAL YEAR,
ENDING JUNE 30, 1902.

Salary of Adjutant General.

To appropriation	\$3,000 00	
By W. H. Seamans		\$1,525 00
By George Stone		1,375 00
By unexpended balance		100 00
	\$3,000 00	\$3,000 00

Salary of Assistant Adjutant General.

To appropriation	\$2,400 00	
By N. S. Bangham		\$2,400 00
	\$2,400 00	\$2,400 00

Salary of Clerk, Adjutant General's Office.

To appropriation	\$1,600 00	
By G. E. S. Barnes		\$1,600 00
	\$1,600 00	\$1,600 00

FIFTY-THIRD FISCAL YEAR—Continued.

Salary of Clerk and Porter, Adjutant General's Office.

To appropriation	\$1,200 00	
By Howard S. McIntire		\$1,200 00
	\$1,200 00	\$1,200 00

Postage, Expressage, and Telegraphing, Adjutant General's Office.

To appropriation	\$350 00	
By General W. H. Seamans, postage		\$20 00
By Colonel N. S. Bangham, postage		44 91
By Howard S. McIntire, postage		56 00
By Welis, Fargo & Co., expressage		73 87
By Western Union Telegraph Co., telegraphing		83 66
By Postal Telegraph Cable Co., telegraphing		6 71
By Sunset Telephone and Telegraph Co., telephoning		64 85
	\$350 00	\$350 00

Note.—There are unpaid claims against this fund to the amount of \$82.88, which should be provided for by the Legislature.

Care of State Armory, Cleaning and Transportation of Arms, Traveling and Contingent Expenses of the Adjutant General.

To appropriation	\$900 00	
By General W. H. Seamans, travel and expense		\$168 65
By General George Stone, travel and expense		32 50
By Colonel N. S. Bangham, travel and expense		71 80
By E. M. O'Reilly, clerical services <i>in re</i> pay of U. S. Volunteers, 1898		228 00
By Joseph Bauquier, labor State Arsenal, and supplies		236 35
By J. S. Easterbrooks, drayage		42 50
By Egan Bros., rent of filter		11 85
By Kane-Trainor Ice Co., ice		9 90
By Mason's Steam Laundry, towel supply		80
By John T. Stoll, oil, soap, and sponges		6 75
By Pioneer Box Co., boxes		5 50
By Thomson-Diggs Co., hardware		2 30
By Sunset Telephone and Telegraph Co., telephoning		48 25
By Henry E. Sleeper, rubber stamps		7 85
By Wyckoff, Seamans & Benedict, rental of typewriter, carbon paper, etc.		17 00
By George Boyne, draping office		10 00
	\$900 00	\$900 00

Note.—There are unpaid claims against this fund of over \$1,100, which should be provided for by the Legislature.

Allowance, Division Headquarters.

To appropriation	\$1,200 00	
By commanding officer, Division		\$1,200 00
	\$1,200 00	\$1,200 00

Allowance, Brigade Headquarters.

To appropriation	\$3,360 00	
By commanding officer, First Brigade		\$900 00
By commanding officer, Second Brigade		1,320 00
By commanding officer, Third Brigade		1,140 00
	\$3,360 00	\$3,360 00

FIFTY-THIRD FISCAL YEAR—Continued.

Allowance, Regimental Headquarters and Bands.

To appropriation	\$6,696 00	
By commanding officer, First Battalion of Artillery		\$288 00
By commanding officer, First Infantry		996 00
By commanding officer, Second Infantry		1,068 00
By commanding officer, Fifth Infantry		1,068 00
By commanding officer, Sixth Infantry		1,068 00
By commanding officer, Seventh Infantry		1,284 00
By commanding officer, Naval Militia		924 00
	\$6,696 00	\$6,696 00

Armory Rents and Other Expenses.

To appropriation	\$98,800 00	
<i>Quarterly Allowance—</i>		
By three Signal Corps		\$3,519 00
By four Troops of Cavalry		9,600 00
By First Battalion of Artillery (4 batteries)		4,800 00
By First Infantry (8 companies)		9,600 00
By Second Infantry (9 companies)		10,800 00
By Fifth Infantry (9 companies)		10,800 00
By Sixth Infantry (9 companies)		10,800 00
By Seventh Infantry (12 companies)		14,400 00
By Naval Militia (7 divisions)		8,400 00
By Sanitary Corps (5 detachments)		1,200 00
<i>Annual Allowance—</i>		
By three Signal Corps		390 00
By four Troops of Cavalry		800 00
By First Battalion of Artillery		800 00
By First Infantry		1,600 00
By Second Infantry		1,800 00
By Fifth Infantry		1,800 00
By Sixth Infantry		1,800 00
By Seventh Infantry		2,400 00
By Naval Militia		1,400 00
<i>Miscellaneous—</i>		
By Examining Board, First Brigade		40 00
By Examining Board, Second Brigade		365 00
By Examining Board, Third Brigade		160 00
By Examining Board, Naval Militia		65 00
By per diem and subsistence, Armory guards during strike in San Francisco		257 75
By per diem of officers and expense, Bruce court-martial		221 50
By per diem and expense for guard of honor, funeral of Adjutant General W. H. Seamans		125 71
By J. W. Summerfield, services as reporter, Sloat court-martial		73 00
By Lieut. Col. W. G. Schreiber, per diem, Board of Survey, First Brigade		45 00
By Maj. P. F. Simonds, per diem, Board of Survey, Third Brigade		72 50
By Maj. E. V. Kelley, per diem, Board of Survey, Third Brigade		65 00
By unexpended balance		600 54
	\$98,800 00	\$98,800 00

Note.—There are outstanding claims against this fund sufficient to exhaust the most of the balance shown as unexpended.

Armory Rents and Other Expenses of the Unattached Companies of the National Guard.

To appropriation	\$900 00	
By Company A, Veteran Reserves		\$500 00
By unexpended balance		400 00
	\$900 00	\$900 00

FIFTY-THIRD FISCAL YEAR—Continued.

. Traveling Expenses of Officers on Detail Duty.

To appropriation	\$2,000 00	
By Col. Thos. Wilhelm, special details and as Inspector General of Rifle Practice		\$59 75
By Col. J. W. Guthrie, examining board, Third Brigade		45 35
By Maj. A. A. Hanks, elections		3 25
By Col. N. S. Bangham, special details		276 10
By 1st Lieut. E. H. Harvey, Acting I. R. P., Second Infantry		21 20
By Maj. P. F. Simonds, Acting I. R. P., court-martial and board of survey		187 55
By Maj. F. Z. Pirkey, I. R. P.		22 50
By Commander R. H. Miner, board of survey, examining board, and inspection		94 15
By Col. J. T. Harrington, account Bruce court-martial		11 80
By Maj. W. W. Greer, Acting I. R. P., Second Infantry		8 90
By Capt. A. E. Stearns, Acting I. R. P., Second Infantry		10 20
By Capt. J. A. Blair, Acting I. R. P., Second Infantry, elections and court-martial		39 40
By 2d Lieut. Ira Hochheimer, Acting I. R. P., Second Infantry		20 20
By Maj. W. D. Crichton, Bruce court-martial		14 40
By Lieut. Col. T. J. Hay, Bruce court-martial		9 20
By Col. H. I. Seymour, Bruce court-martial		12 30
By Maj. Marion Pirkey, Bruce court-martial and inspection		34 20
By Capt. Lon Bond, Bruce court-martial		26 65
By Capt. Geo. H. Voss, Bruce court-martial		22 70
By Maj. D. A. Smith, election and inspection		14 50
By Maj. W. W. Douglas, Acting I. R. P., Third Brigade		9 00
By Lieut. Col. C. J. Evans, inspection Signal Corps		65 00
By Capt. John Zittinger, election		8 30
By 1st Lieut. G. C. Thaxter, I. R. P., Seventh Infantry		83 45
By Lieut. Col. W. G. Schreiber, inspection First Brigade		70 25
By Maj. E. V. Kelley, inspection Third Brigade		126 45
By Maj. Chas. T. Poulter, inspection		2 50
By Capt. M. W. Simpson, inspection		2 45
By 1st Lieut. Dwight L. Strong, inspection and Acting I. R. P., Fifth Infantry		5 00
By Capt. G. H. Wethern, election		3 50
By unexpended balance		689 80
	\$2,000 00	\$2,000 00

Target Practice and Purchase of Medals.

To appropriation	\$4,000 00	
By Chas. Sonntag & Co., ammunition		\$444 50
By Union Metallic Cartridge Co., ammunition		22 00
By N. S. Bangham, cash paid U. S. Government for 20,000 caliber .30 cartridges		511 20
By N. S. Bangham, cash paid U. S. Government for 4,500 targets		145 00
By Joseph Bauquier, ammunition		20 00
By Shreve & Co., medals		523 28
By California State Bank, expenses Championship Contest		313 75
By unexpended balance		2,020 27
	\$4,000 00	\$4,000 00

Hospital Supplies.

To appropriation	\$1,500 00	
By unexpended balance		\$1,500 00
	\$1,500 00	\$1,500 00

FIFTY-THIRD FISCAL YEAR—Continued.

Encampment.

To appropriation	\$30,000 00	
By commanding officer, Naval Militia, cruise, 1901		\$1,399 85
By Maj. H. P. Bush, subsistence and supplies for camp First Battalion of Artillery at Stockton, June, 1902		1,398 75
By Union Transportation Co., transportation First Battalion of Artillery		197 50
By Col. N. S. Bangham, cash paid for subsistence and supplies for camp Sixth Infantry at Merced, May, 1902		2,337 33
By Capt. Chas. Jansen, subsistence and supplies camp Troop A, Cavalry, June, 1902		750 00
By Capt. C. K. King, subsistence and supplies camp Company A, Veteran Reserves, June, 1902		284 78
By unexpended balance		23,631 79
	\$30,000 00	\$30,000 00

Purchase of Uniforms, Overcoats, and Quartermaster's Stores.

To appropriation	\$10,000 00	
By Col. Thos. Wilhelm, purchase of cloth for Naval Militia uniforms		\$481 51
By Col. Thos. Wilhelm, freight, drayage, etc., on supplies		32 18
By M. J. Meyers & Son, drum major's uniform		15 00
By J. E. Finlayson, salary as clerk and incidentals		256 70
By unexpended balance		9,214 61
	\$10,000 00	\$10,000 00

Furnishing Coal and Other Supplies for Training Ship "Marion," Naval Battalion.

To appropriation	\$1,500 00	
By Revere Rubber Co., hose		\$51 00
By Shipowners and Merchants' Tugboat Co., towing		40 00
By R. Dunsmuir's Sons Co., coal		394 53
By Larkin & Co., repairing and painting guns		120 80
By United Engineering Works, repairs		97 00
By Spring Valley Water Works, fresh water		6 15
By California Electrical Works, wiring		22 38
By Speck Manufacturing Co., repairs		16 25
By Western Repair and Supply Co., paints, oil, rope, etc.		409 07
By unexpended balance		342 82
	\$1,500 00	\$1,500 00

Furnishing Coal and Other Supplies for, and for Repairs on, the Training Ship "Pinta," Naval Battalion.

To appropriation	\$1,000 00	
By Ross Lumber and Mill Co., lumber		\$19 00
By I. M. Kimball, sails		45 00
By Spreckels Bros. Commercial Co., towage		10 00
By J. A. Heath, supplies		26 31
By unexpended balance		899 69
	\$1,000 00	\$1,000 00

FIFTY-THIRD FISCAL YEAR—Continued.

Printing, Binding, Ruling, and all Other Work Performed, and Materials Furnished
by the State Printing Office.

To appropriation	\$1,500 00	
By printing General Orders		\$359 25
By printing Special Orders		86 00
By printing blanks		643 25
By printing blank books		68 25
By printing letterheads, envelopes, etc.		123 50
By printing special reports		74 00
By printing payrolls, blanks, etc., for payment of U. S. Volunteers		110 00
By miscellaneous printing and work		35 75
	\$1,500 00	\$1,500 00

Claims and Expenses of the Battalion Officers and Enlisted Men of Companies B and
D, Second Infantry, N. G. C., Who Performed Active Service Under Orders
at Colusa, Cal., August 26-27, 1897.

July 1, 1901—To appropriation	\$455 38	
Oct. 16, 1901—By W. H. Seamans, Adjutant General, amount of payrolls and claims on file		\$455 38
	\$455 38	\$455 38

Note.—All unexpended balances in the fifty-third fiscal year are carried over to and become available for use in the fifty-fourth fiscal year. In most cases where unexpended balances are shown in the fifty-third fiscal year claims are outstanding or expenditures have been authorized sufficient to exhaust the same.

STATEMENT OF EXPENDITURES OF UNEXPENDED BALANCE OF APPROPRIATION FOR
ARMORY RENTS AND OTHER EXPENSES OF THE NATIONAL GUARD FOR THE
FORTY-NINTH AND FIFTIETH FISCAL YEARS, UNDER ACT OF MARCH 8, 1899.

To balance of appropriation unexpended as per last report	\$1,268 31	
By salary Lieut. Col. R. L. Peeler, on detail duty		\$772 50
By traveling expenses Lieut. Col. R. L. Peeler, on detail duty		22 75
By supplies furnished U. S. Volunteers		283 84
By transportation furnished U. S. Volunteers		5 40
By services of orderly		7 80
By telegrams, telephones, and expressage		68 65
By postage		45 12
By rubber stamps		7 25
By rent of typewriter		55 00
	\$1,268 31	\$1,268 31

STATE OF CALIFORNIA, }
COUNTY OF SACRAMENTO. } ss.

GEORGE STONE, Adjutant General of California, being duly sworn, says that the amounts certified to in the foregoing tables, under the heads of Postage, Expressage, Telegraphing, Care of State Armory, Cleaning and Transportation of Arms, Traveling and Contingent Expenses of the Adjutant General's office, were expended for the purposes mentioned, to the best of his knowledge and belief.

GEO. STONE,
Adjutant General of California.

Subscribed and sworn to before me, this 15th day of September, 1902.

W. I. FOLEY,
Private Secretary to Governor.

APPENDIX No. 2.

STATEMENT OF MONEY RECEIVED AND DISBURSED BY
THE ADJUTANT GENERAL.

	<i>Dr.</i>	<i>Cr.</i>
1900.		
July 1—To balance cash on hand	\$150 61	
Sept. 5—To B. R. Woodworth for 3 pairs old leggings	75	
Sept. 15—To Lester Nichols for 22 old dress coats and helmets	27 50	
Dec. 5—To W. Stokes Kirk for 1,450 old dress coats, 1,150 old helmets, 250 old caps	425 00	
Dec. 11—To Lieutenant Thos. Rutledge for one web belt and plate, lost	1 25	
1901.		
May 23—To W. Stokes Kirk for expense of packing and drayage on uniforms	19 04	
June 1—To Captain C. W. Agee for—		
1 bayonet scabbard, lost	81	
9 gunslings, lost, at 48 cents	4 32	
Oct. 10—To Captain E. A. Selfridge for stores lost by Lieut. Seymer—		
1 blouse	3 50	
1 haversack and strap	1 36	
1 canteen and strap	1 01	
1 hat	75	
1902.		
Jan. 9—To Major S. H. Finley, stores lost, as follows—		
1 canteen and strap	1 01	
1 meat can	28	
3 pairs of leggings, at 38 cents	1 14	
2 shelter-tent halves and poles, at \$1.46	2 92	
1900.		
July 1—By T. C. Jones, rent of storeroom		\$45 00
Oct. 19—By N. S. Bangham, cash paid for labor		2 00
Oct. 19—By Joseph Bauquier, labor		40 00
Dec. 22—By Joseph Bauquier, cash expended in repacking stores		23 75
Dec. 24—By Joseph Bauquier, labor		14 00
1901.		
Feb. 1—By Joseph Bauquier, labor		45 00
Mar. 4—By F. W. Dohrmann, for labor, drayage, etc., on uniforms		15 30
1902.		
Jan. 9—By U. S. Government for stores lost		33 67
June 30—Balance on hand		422 53
	\$641 25	\$641 25

APPENDIX No. 3.

STATEMENT OF ACCOUNTS WITH U. S. GOVERNMENT.

ACCOUNT WITH THE U. S. WAR DEPARTMENT UNDER THE APPROPRIATION FOR
ARMING AND EQUIPPING THE MILITIA.

1900.			
July 1—	To balance to credit of State	\$156 19	
July 13—	To preliminary allotment for year ending June 30, 1901	15,527 02	
1901.			
Jan. 15—	To final allotment for year ending June 30, 1901	3,590 62	
Aug. 27—	To allotment for year ending June 30, 1902	19,117 64	
1900.			
Aug. 3—	By 120 Colt's revolvers, caliber .38		\$1,440 00
	3 packing boxes for revolvers		12 00
	900 tin cups		135 00
	900 knives		63 00
	900 forks		45 00
	1,000 spoons		25 00
	2,300 woolen blankets		7,544 00
	1,000 shelter tents, complete (2,000 halves)		2,740 00
	By packing, labor, etc.		154 24
1901.			
Jan. 2—	By 1 primer extracting tool, with pins (bench)		1 93
	1 upper die, resizing (bench)		1 67
	30 saddles, cavalry, without carbine boot and strap		432 90
	25 bridles, curb, cavalry, complete		104 50
	120 pistol holsters, caliber .38		94 80
	200 rear sights, complete, for Springfield rifle, caliber .45, model 1884		322 00
	100 triggers		8 00
	100 trigger screws		1 00
	100 breech block caps		4 00
	100 breech block cap screws		1 00
	1,000 firing pins		100 00
	200 firing pin screws		2 00
	50 thumb pieces		8 00
	50 breech screws		10 50
	100 upper bands, complete		21 00
	100 main springs		22 00
	50 hammers		13 50
	200 tumblers		72 00
	100 guard bow swivel screws		1 00
Mar. 9—	By 2,550 blanket bags		3,442 50
	2,550 pairs blanket-bag shoulder straps		1,428 00
	2,550 pairs blanket-bag coat straps		969 00
May 14—	By tentage to the Sixth and Seventh Regiments, California Volunteer Infantry, in 1898 by U. S. mustering officer, as follows (one third listed price):		
	6 hospital tents, with flies and poles		95 82
	38 wall tents, with flies and poles		265 24
	758 shelter tents, complete (1,516 halves)		1,000 56
Sept. 25—	By error in credit given August 29, 1899, for ordnance stores furnished in the war with Spain; charged at half price, as follows:		
	161 bayonets		94 99
	634 cartridge belts		317 00
	650 cartridge belt plates or fasteners		81 25
	1 brass hook attachment for bayonet scabbard		05
Amounts forward		\$38,391 47	\$21,074 45

ACCOUNT WITH THE U. S. WAR DEPARTMENT—Continued.

1901.		Amounts forward.....	\$38,391 47	\$21,074 45
Sept. 14—By	60 Colt's revolvers, caliber .38			660 00
	2 packing boxes for revolvers, caliber .38			8 00
	60 pistol holsters, caliber .38			47 40
	350 cavalry cartridge belts, caliber .30			665 00
	350 saber attachments			129 50
	80 cavalry saddles, complete			1,144 00
	70 cavalry curb bridles, complete			287 00
	260 pairs saddle bags			1,287 00
	220 halters, complete			422 40
	150 canteen straps, short, for saddle			30 00
	150 nosebags			165 00
	360 links (strap and snap hook)			79 20
	360 surcingles			244 80
	360 pairs spurs and straps			324 00
	500 tin cups			50 00
	500 knives			20 00
	500 forks			20 00
	500 spoons			15 00
	380 blanket bags			380 00
	380 pairs blanket-bag shoulder straps			190 00
	380 pairs blanket-bag coat straps			182 40
	200 bayonet scabbards, hook attachment, cali- ber .45			142 00
	55 N. C. O. swords, steel scabbards			247 50
	55 N. C. O. waist belts and plates			46 20
	55 sliding frogs for N. C. O. waist belts			12 65
	1 officer's saddle cloth, Adjutant General's De- partment, with insignia			7 50
	1 officer's saddle cloth, Medical Department, with insignia			7 50
	1 officer's saddle cloth, Pay Department, with insignia			7 50
	1 officer's saddle cloth, Inspector General's De- partment, with insignia			7 50
	1 officer's saddle cloth, Corps of Engineers, with insignia			7 50
	65 stencil outfits, complete			85 15
	65 marking outfits, complete			229 45
	500 wool blankets			1,630 00
	360 rubber ponchos			493 20
	250 wall tents, complete, with poles and pins (except flies)			3,745 00
	50 shelter tents, complete, with poles and pins (100 halves)			152 00
	65 company marking stamps			146 25
	65 sets stencil			52 00
	By packing, labor, etc., prior to shipment			135 66
Nov. 29—By	250 U. S. magazine carbines, caliber .30			3,072 50
	250 carbine scabbards, for caliber .30			550 00
	50 screwdrivers for carbine, caliber .30			6 50
	250 oilers for carbine, caliber .30			10 00
	250 barrack cleaning rods for carbine, caliber .30			25 00
	250 covers for breech mechanism			50 00
	250 front sight covers			7 50
	13 arm chests			58 50
Dec. 12—By	1 primer extracting tool			4 00
	1 upper die, for rifle, for shell resizing tool			1 30
1902.				
June 30—By	balance to credit of State			26 46
			\$38,391 47	\$38,391 47

**ACCOUNT WITH U. S. NAVY DEPARTMENT, UNDER THE APPROPRIATION FOR
ARMING AND EQUIPPING THE NAVAL MILITIA.**

The following stores have been received on this account and charged to the State during the two years ended June 30, 1902:

120 loaded rounds for Hotchkiss 1-pounder	\$180 00
960 saluting rounds for Hotchkiss 1-pounder.....	332 78
1 7½-inch navy compass	40 00
1 36-foot steam cutter and equipment.....	5,845 00
1 set of boat covers for U. S. S. "Marion".....	179 40
60 U. S. magazine rifles, caliber .30, with bayonet scabbards, cartridge belts, gunslings, barrack cleaning rods, screwdrivers, small arm oilers, and sight covers	1,041 36
30,000 ball cartridges, caliber .30.....	840 00
3 arm chests.....	12 15
400 pairs of leggings	272 80
Total	\$8,743 49

Requisitions have been made for stores to the value of about \$7,500 not included in the above.

The approximate balance to the credit of the State on this account, as per letter from the Assistant Secretary of the Navy under date of June 23, 1902, was \$10,021.91.

ACCOUNT OF ARMS, ACCOUTERMENTS, AMMUNITION, AND MILITARY PROPERTY

Belonging to the State, or Issued to the State by the United States, Showing to What Organizations Issued.

NATIONAL GUARD—ORDNANCE STORES.

Articles.	State Arsenal.	General Headquarters, Staff Officers, and Miscellaneous	Sanitary Corps	Signal Corps and Cavalry	First Battalion of Artillery.	First Infantry	Second Infantry	Fifth Infantry	Sixth Infantry	Seventh Infantry	Totals.
Field guns, 10-lb Parrotts and 12-lb. Napoleons (old).		3		1			1			2	7
Gatling guns		3			1		1			1	6
Gatling gun carriages		3			1	1	1			1	7
Gatling gun limbers											1
Springfield rifles, caliber .45.								‡ 586	§ 667	¶ 842	3,730
Springfield carbines, caliber .45	*+246	60			276	480	573				240
Magazine rifles, caliber .30	*123			117							1
Magazine carbines, caliber .30.	1										1
Colt's revolvers, caliber .38	22	71	2	250	6	20	18	18	18	22	250
Colt's revolvers, caliber .45	*39			355				4			552
Smith & Wesson revolvers, caliber .45.	*52			1							44
Light cavalry sabers.	*21	3		2							54
Non-commissioned officers' swords.	11			350							374
Headless shell extractors for Springfield rifle, caliber .45.	11	2			6	6	9	9	12	9	64
Screwdrivers for Springfield rifle, caliber .45.	60				24	48	62	41	146		381
Tumbler punches for Springfield rifle, caliber .45.	140				239	479	409	414	186	5	1,872
Spring vises for Springfield rifle, caliber .45.	92				48	96	83	82	8	7	416
Wooden wiping rods for Springfield rifle, caliber .45.					12	24	20	20	3	1	80
Barrack cleaning rods for carbine, caliber .30					120	240	224	200	270	360	1,537
Covers for breech mechanism for carbine, caliber .30.	123										250
Front sight covers for carbine, caliber .30.				250							250
				250							250

* Unserviceable. † 31 bayonets short. ‡ 2 bayonets short. § 10 extra bayonets. ¶ 7 extra bayonets.

[illegible]

* Unserviceable.

NATIONAL GUARD—ORDNANCE STORES—Continued.

Articles.	State Arsenal.	General Headquarters, Staff Officers, and Miscellaneous	Sanitary Corps	Signal Corps and Cavalry	First Battalion of Artillery	First Infantry	Second Infantry	Fifth Infantry	Sixth Infantry	Seventh Infantry	Total
Targets, A.	2,000										2,000
Targets, B.	1,950										1,950
Targets, A-d	450										450
Skirmish-target frames (silhouettes), D, E, F, each		3		18	12	15	30	30	30	40	145
Arm chests	21			7	5	26	27	35	48	36	226
Marking outfits	1			7	5	9	10	10	10	13	65
Stencil outfits	1					9	10	10	10	13	65

NATIONAL GUARD—QUARTERMASTER'S SUPPLIES.

Blankets, woolen	{ *21 }	65	86	434	372	562	480	617	510	635	3,815
Blouses	{ 33 }	69	82	667	257	571	599	693	676	1,046	4,660
Caps, forage		79	81	495	240	532	629	674	748	973	4,451
Coats, khaki		3		110		186	507		414	597	1,704
Coats, uniform (mounted)								25	90		113
Coats, uniform (foot)				255							255
Gauntlets, leather	40	59	91	523	280	558	639	677	657	821	4,345
Hats, campaign		3		102				25	117		247
Helmets, felt	74			123							197
Leggings, leather, pairs	{ *670 }	78	87	464	351	521	582	579	589	748	5,063
Leggings, canvas, pairs	{ 394 }										48
Overalls		46	63	48							48
Overcoats				206	94	268	340	280	344	317	1,958
Ponchos	4			356							360
Stable frocks				48							48
Trousers, foot (khaki)				124			507		414	597	1,642
Trousers, mounted (khaki)				61							61
Trousers, foot		29	84		298	616	596	696	623	1,015	3,957

	17	752	4	10	14	12	13	743
Trousers, mounted								
Bugles	*4							62
Buzzacott ovens (old style)	1	4					1	11
Field ranges (Donavin-Myers No. 5)		4						36
Field ranges (Donavin-Myers No. 3)	2						10	
Field ranges (Buzzacott)	1							1
Field ranges (Buzzacott)	7	3	4					36
Camp colors								4
FFlags	1	3						4
National colors								10
Regimental colors								3
Field hospital flags	1						1	2
Guidons	6	7						2
Drums	1							19
Stamps, marking	1	7	5	9	12	4	8	26
Stencil plates, sets	3	7	5	9	10	10	13	65
Hospital tents	*1		1	2	2	2	6	35
Hospital tents	3	10						
Hospital-tent flies	*1		1	2	2	2	6	35
Hospital-tent poles, ridge	11		1	2	2	2	6	42
Hospital-tent poles, upright	22		2	4	4	4	12	84
Shelter-tent halves	*2	335	350	510	570	571	748	3,726
Shelter-tent poles	1,000	331	350	510	560	570	748	4,720
WWall tents	26	88	80	125	148	151	182	999
WWall tents	*8							
WWall-tent flies	*9	14		125	135	5	184	602
WWall-tent poles, ridge	187	88	80	125	148	151	182	1,152
WWall-tent poles, upright	374	176	160	250	280	302	364	2,304
WWall-tent pins, large	560	185	18	1,286	1,516	1,386	1,928	7,563
WWall-tent pins, small	960	280	1,468	2,306	2,576	2,589	3,444	18,780
Shelter-tent pins	4,000	1,116	1,371	2,200	2,850	2,865	3,775	22,590
Trumpets	1	8	1,750	2,550	2,850	2,865		9

* Unserviceable.

SIGNAL CORPS PROPERTY.

The following signal equipment is issued to the Signal Corps:

10 heliographs.	43 canvas kits.	5 sounders.
7 binoculars.	17 lanterns.	2 telescope holders.
9 telescopes.	43 torches.	1 telephone switchboard.
50 signal flags.	8 telegraph keys.	

MEDICAL PROPERTY.

The following described property has been issued to the Sanitary Corps, and is divided among the several detachments of the Corps on duty with the various organizations:

7 medical and surgical military field chests and contents.	1 pair scales and weights, Army No. 1.	60 feather pillows.
7 field operating tables.	1 pair U. S. Army prescription scales.	132 sheets.
12 orderly pouches (State pattern).	1 ointment slab.	126 pillowcases.
6 orderly pouches (U. S. pattern).	5 spatulas.	256 towels.
115 McCarthy belts (hospital corps pouches) and contents.	2 evaporating dishes, porcelain.	48 napkins.
60 litters.	5 graduates.	50 straw ticks.
67 litter slings.	2 alcohol lamps.	24 flannel night shirts.
1 combination sterilizer, portable.	1 alcohol lamp, large size.	6 patent folding chairs.
1 steel enameled sterilizer.	2 razors.	6 steamer chairs.
1 sterilizer, copper.	1 razor hone and strop.	1 refrigerator.
1 minor operating set.	1 eye spud.	4 commodes and vessels.
1 general operating case.	1 Kelly operating cushion.	74 folding chairs.
1 operating table, steel enameled.	1 rubber air-cushion.	22 folding tables.
1 stand and alcohol lamp for sterilizer.	1 bandage roller.	3 lanterns, 8 x 12, with reflectors.
6 steel enameled trays.	2 glass needle cases.	36 lanterns.
3 steel enameled pus basins.	4 glass dressing containers.	1 hand garden sprinkler.
1 steel enameled irrigating stand.	1 chest for instruments.	6 brooms.
2 steel enameled dressing tables.	2 hypodermic syringes.	3 rakes.
2 steel enameled pails.	1 Esmarch chloroform inhaler.	3 shovels.
6 steel enameled basins, large size.	1 ether inhaler.	1 tool chest and contents.
2 basin stands with basin and pitcher.	6 assorted surgical scissors.	1 oil stove.
1 hot-water boiler, copper.	1 bandage shear.	1 piece linoleum (22 yds.).
1 pair of rubber operating gloves.	1 stomach tube.	60 large agate cuspidors.
1 Faradic battery.	1 rectal speculum.	2 galvanized-iron ash barrels.
6 hæmostatic forceps.	1 atomizer.	1 water cooler.
1 urine analysis set.	1 probang.	72 table knives.
2 hot-water bags.	1 rectal tube.	72 table forks.
2 fountain syringes.	3 pairs crutches.	72 teaspoons.
1 phonendoscope.	2 enameled urinals.	72 tablespoons.
1 aspirator.	3 enameled bed pans.	24 pepper and salt boxes.
3 clinical thermometers.	6 dental forceps.	24 large plates.
3 bath thermometers.	6 ice caps.	48 agate plates.
2 house thermometers.	6 magic atomizers.	72 soup plates.
4 mortars and pill pestles.	1 tongue depressor.	10 iron pots.
	1 nasal speculum.	2 large forks.
	1 ear speculum.	2 large spoons.
	2 thumb forceps.	24 galvanized-iron buckets.
	3 enameled washstands, complete, with basins and pitchers.	48 white enameled basins.
		12 white enameled dippers.
		24 enameled cups.
		24 enameled saucers.
		1 typewriter.
		1 capillary bath.
		2 wire baskets.
		1 letter press.
	60 beds.	
	60 mattresses.	
	90 blankets.	

In addition to the articles enumerated above, there is also an adequate supply of medicines, antiseptics, disinfectants, hospital stores, appliances, dressings, etc., in the possession of the Corps, for any ordinary service.

NAVAL MILITIA.

Articles.	Headquarters.	1st Division.	2d Division.	3d Division.	4th Division.	5th Division.	6th Division.	Engineer Div.	Total.
1-pounder Hotchkiss rapid-fire gun, complete, with field carriage, limbers, and drag ropes.	1		3			1			5
Accessories and spare parts for Hotchkiss gun	1		3			1			5
3-inch breech-loading rifle, complete				1	2				*3
Gatling gun (Accles) with landing carriage and mount, complete	1								1
Boats and equipments				2	2	2	3		*9
Lee magazine rifles, caliber .45	18	65	89	69	65	70	80	50	506
Bayonets for Lee rifle	18	53	89	71	65	70	80	50	496
Rifle magazines for Lee rifle		247	240	276	361	280	280	50	1,734
Bayonet scabbards for Lee rifle.		38	94	72	53	70	70	50	447
Cartridge belts, caliber .45	28	36	91	71	53	70	70	50	469
Gunslings for Lee rifle	18	21	89	69	65	70	80	50	462
U. S. magazine rifles, caliber .30.	60								60
Bayonet scabbards for caliber .30 rifle	60								60
Cartridge belts, caliber .30	60								60
Gunslings for caliber .30 rifle.	60								60
Barrack cleaning rods, caliber .30	60								60
Screwdrivers, caliber .30	12								12
Small arm oilers	60								60
Sight and muzzle covers	60								60
Arm chests	3				4	3	5		15
Colt's revolvers, caliber .38	29	1	32	20	17	15	15		129
Revolver holsters	36		19	18	17	15	15	9	129
Revolver belts	4	25	25	17		15	15		101
Revolver cartridge boxes	33	17	25	26	25				126
Revolver packs, rings, and plugs			30	12	22				64
Cutlasses	3	22	12	12	18		4	9	80
Cutlass scabbards	3	28	12	12	25		4	9	93
Cutlass belts	3		12	12	18			9	54
Cutlass frogs			12	12	18		4	9	55
Single sticks	12				22				34
.22-caliber rifles				1		2			3
Ponchos		84	94	74	120				372
Poncho straps		1	50	136	63				250
Haversacks	71	121	117	95	100	100	100		704
Haversack straps	71	112	117	95	100	100	100		695
Canteens	40	148	121	93	100	100	100		702
Canteen straps		131	121	93	100	100	100		645
Hammocks, clews and lashings.	160						16	34	210
White clothesbags	125			72	75	100	100	50	522
Blankets		34	58	1					93
Petty officer's uniforms	7	1	2						10
Drum major's and bandmaster's uniforms	2								2
Uniform coats (band)	24								24
Uniform trousers (band)	24								24
Uniform caps (band)	24								24
Shoulder belts for band	20								20
Blue shirts		119	87	94	96	90	127	92	705
Blue trousers		106	77	81	96	90	126	93	669
Blue hats or caps		144	73	75	96	92	129	79	688
White jumpers or shirts		42	58	73	36	60	45	24	338
White trousers		39	58	53	36	60	36	24	306
White hats		6	8			58		70	142
Blue jean jackets								80	80
Blue jean trousers								80	80
Watch caps		43	72	60	60	46	50	24	355
Leggings	400	86	81	60	61	59	70		817

* Loaned by Navy Department.

NAVAL MILITIA—Continued.

Articles.	Headquarters	1st Division	2d Division	3d Division	4th Division	5th Division	6th Division	Engineer Div.	Total
Neckerchiefs		26	64	15	44	47	53	34	283
Lanyards		28	87	48	110	95	50		418
Wall tents and poles						12			12
Wall-tent flies						2			2
Screwdrivers			46	44					90
Bristle wipers			22	44					66
Reloading-tools, sets, caliber .45	2		2	2	1				5
Bugles		1	1	2	1		1		6
Flags	3				1				4
Ensigns	2			3					5
Battalion flag				1					1
Pennants				4					4
Signal flags				11					11
Compass					1				1
Taffrail log for launch								1	1
Back cloth for gig	1								1
Bass drum and cymbals	1								1
Dynamos	1								1
12-horsepower engine	1								1
Rifle ball cartridges, caliber .45		400		6,860	6,838	4,750	7,155		26,003
Revolver ball cartridges, caliber .38							784		784
Ball cartridges for Accles gun, caliber .30	10,000								10,000
Rifle ball cartridges, caliber .30	30,000								30,000
Common shell for 1-pounder Hotchkiss gun						56			56
Armor-piercing shell for 1-pounder Hotchkiss gun	120								120
Saluting shells for 1-pounder Hotchkiss gun	747								747
Canister for 1-pounder Hotchkiss gun						284			284
Drill cartridges						10			10

In addition to the property enumerated above, the following described articles are charged to the State by the Navy Department, and are in use by one or more divisions:

- 1 steam cutter, 36-foot, and equipment, attached to U. S. S. "Marion."
- 1 compass, 7½-inch (U. S. S. "Marion").

For Hotchkiss Rapid-Fire Guns, 1-pounders:

- 4 deck circles (U. S. S. "Marion").
- 3 chests drill cartridges (U. S. S. "Marion").
- 7 cage stands (U. S. S. "Marion").
- 3 cage stand circles (U. S. S. "Marion").
- 3 carriages (recoil mount), (U. S. S. "Marion").
- 1 hydraulic top carriage (U. S. S. "Marion").
- 5 chests (U. S. S. "Marion").
- 4 shovels (U. S. S. "Marion").

For 3-inch Navy Gun:

- 2 shell boxes (Third and Fourth Divisions).
- 2 shrapnel boxes (Third and Fourth Divisions).
- 2 Bristol sponges and rammers (Third and Fourth Divisions).
- 2 Bristol sponge caps (Third and Fourth Divisions).
- 1 sponge bucket (Third and Fourth Divisions).

NAVAL MILITIA—Continued.

In addition to that enumerated above, the following described property is loaned to the State by the Navy Department for the use of the Naval Militia:

U. S. S. "Marion" and equipment, at San Francisco.
 U. S. S. "Pinta" and equipment, at San Diego.
 1 steam cutter and equipment, at San Pedro.
 2 flagstuffs.
 1 yoke.
 1 breaker and stand.
 1 set spars.
 1 D. E. machine, pattern "C," complete.
 1 supply box.
 1 wire box.
 1 set boat fittings.
 1 box spindles and pins.
 1 set boat spars.
 12 exercise torpedoes, pattern "D," empty.
 12 secondary spars (boats).
 4 blocks.
 2 boat hooks.
 2 awning stanchions.
 5 suits boat sails.
 3 sets leak stoppers.

The following medical property has been issued to the Naval Militia:

21 haversacks.	3 moss pads.	1 pitcher.
22 tourniquets.	2 pillows.	1 basin.
5 marking flags.	8 sheets.	1 slop pail.
3 Wills' naval stretchers.	6 pillowcases.	1 cuspidor.
28 brassards.	2 spreads.	Also a supply of medicines,
1 table for sick bay.	12 towels.	surgical dressings, etc.

APPENDIX No. 5—"Statement Showing Status of Funds for Pay of Troops and Furnishing Supplies, N. G. C., 1893-94."—Omitted, on account of lack of funds for printing.

APPENDIX No. 6.

STATEMENT OF ENROLLED MILITIA.

Number of Persons Between the Ages of Eighteen and Forty-five Years of Age, Subject to Military Duty in Each County, as Shown by Returns of Brigadier Generals, Made for the Year 1901.

County.	Number.	County.	Number.
Alameda	16,362	Plumas	517
Alpine	114	Riverside	3,208
Amador	2,175	Sacramento	8,285
Butte	2,153	San Diego	5,504
Colusa	1,740	San Bernardino	3,478
Calaveras	2,454	Santa Barbara	3,853
Contra Costa	2,961	San Benito	1,596
El Dorado	1,080	San Luis Obispo	2,527
Fresno	5,473	San Joaquin	5,919
Glenn	1,553	Santa Cruz	3,928
Humboldt	5,914	Santa Clara	8,510
Inyo	605	San Francisco	46,332
Kern	3,375	San Mateo	1,955
Kings	2,119	Shasta	4,098
Lake	531	Siskiyou	3,931
Lassen	914	Sierra	759
Los Angeles	18,862	Solano	4,673
Marin	2,166	Sonoma	9,724
Mariposa	1,002	Sutter	731
Madera	1,617	Stanislaus	1,390
Merced	1,351	Tehama	1,641
Mendocino	2,505	Trinity	597
Modoc	804	Tulare	3,640
Mono	396	Tuolumne	2,990
Monterey	2,300	Ventura	3,264
Napa	2,932	Yolo	784
Nevada	3,214	Yuba	1,480
Orange	2,461		
Placer	2,367	Total	226,814

APPENDIX No. 7.

ORGANIZED STRENGTH OF THE NATIONAL GUARD AND
NAVAL MILITIA IN DETAIL, JUNE 30, 1902

NATIONAL GUARD.

Organization.	Location.	Commiss- ioned	Enlisted	Aggre- gate	Totals
Staff of Commander-in-Chief.....		20		20	20
General Officers and Staffs		44	6	50	50
Sanitary Corps		23	74	97	97
Signal Corps.					
First Brigade	Los Angeles	2	39	41	
Second Brigade	San Francisco	2	34	36	
Third Brigade	Sacramento	1	20	21	
Totals		5	93	98	98
Cavalry.					
Troop A	San Francisco	3	56	59	
Troop B	Sacramento	3	54	57	
Troop C	Salinas	3	51	54	
Troop D	Los Angeles	3	48	51	
Totals		12	209	221	221
First Battalion of Artillery.					
Field, Staff, and Band	San Francisco	4	26	30	
Battery A	San Francisco	3	62	65	
Battery B	San Francisco	3	64	67	
Battery C	San Francisco	3	70	73	
Battery D	San Francisco	3	59	62	
Totals		16	281	297	297
First Infantry.					
Field, Staff, and Band	San Francisco	14	31	45	
Company A	San Francisco	3	57	60	
Company B	San Francisco	3	47	50	
Company C	San Francisco	3	55	58	
Company D	San Francisco	3	47	50	
Company E	San Francisco	2	56	58	
Company F	San Francisco	3	51	54	
Company G	San Francisco	3	54	57	
Company H	San Francisco	2	53	55	
Totals		36	451	487	487
Second Infantry.					
Field, Staff, and Band	Sacramento	14	25	45	
Company A	Chico	3	49	52	
Company B	Colusa	3	52	55	
Company C	Nevada City	2	61	63	
Company D	Marysville	2	55	57	
Company E	Sacramento	3	51	54	
Company F	Woodland	3	51	54	
Company G	Sacramento	3	48	51	
Company H	Placerville	3	56	59	
Company I	Grass Valley	2	51	53	
Totals		38	505	543	543

NATIONAL GUARD—Continued.

Organization.	Location.	Commis- sioned	Enlisted	Agree- gate	Totals
Fifth Infantry.					
Field, Staff, and Band	San José	15	29	44	580
Company A	Oakland	3	49	52	
Company B	San José	3	61	64	
Company C	Petaluma	3	52	55	
Company D	San Rafael	3	58	61	
Company E	Santa Rosa	2	62	64	
Company F	Oakland	3	55	58	
Company G	Alameda	2	55	57	
Company H	Napa	3	64	67	
Company I	Livermore	3	55	58	
Totals		40	540	580	
Sixth Infantry.					
Field, Staff, and Band	Stockton	16	28	44	535
Company A	Stockton	3	55	58	
Company B	Stockton	3	54	57	
Company C	Fresno	2	58	60	
Company D	Modesto	3	49	52	
Company E	Visalia	3	51	54	
Company F	Fresno	3	47	50	
Company G	Bakersfield	3	50	53	
Company H	Merced	3	48	51	
Company I	Hanford	3	53	56	
Totals		42	493	535	
Seventh Infantry.					
Field, Staff, and Band	Los Angeles	14	26	40	679
Company A	Los Angeles	2	48	50	
Company B	San Diego	3	50	53	
Company C	Los Angeles	3	49	52	
Company D	Pomona	3	49	52	
Company E	Anaheim	3	49	52	
Company F	Los Angeles	3	49	52	
Company G	Redlands	3	51	54	
Company H	Talbert	2	53	55	
Company I	Pasadena	3	47	50	
Company K	San Bernardino	3	55	58	
Company L	Santa Ana	3	53	56	
Company M	Riverside	3	52	55	
Totals		48	631	679	
Veteran Reserves.					
Company A, Veteran Reserves	Oakland	3	67	70	70
Grand totals		327	3,350	3,677	3,677

NAVAL MILITIA.

Headquarters, Staff, and Band	San Francisco	12	37	49	496
First Division	San Francisco	3	79	82	
Second Division	San Francisco	4	51	55	
Third Division	San Diego	4	47	51	
Fourth Division	Santa Cruz	3	53	56	
Fifth Division	Eureka	3	60	63	
Sixth Division	Santa Barbara	3	58	61	
Engineer Division	San Francisco	4	75	79	
Totals		36	460	496	

Number of National Guard officers on Retired List 278

Number of Naval Militia officers on Retired List 6

APPENDIX No. 8.

DATES OF ORGANIZATION OF REGIMENTS, COMPANIES,
TROOPS, AND NAVAL MILITIA.

Location.	Name of Organization.	Date Organized.
SIGNAL CORPS—		
Los Angeles	First Brigade	May 28, 1890
San Francisco	Second Brigade	Apr. 30, 1889
Sacramento	Third Brigade	Formerly 4th Brigade July 17, 1889
CAVALRY—		
San Francisco	Troop A	Formerly Lt. Baty. A July 27, 1849
Sacramento	Troop B	Formerly Lt. Baty. B Sept. 27, 1866
Salinas	Troop C	Aug. 5, 1895
Los Angeles	Troop D	Aug. 9, 1895
FIRST BATTALION OF		
ARTILLERY		
San Francisco	Battery A	Organized by transfer of Companies C, F, G, and K from First Infantry Apr. 19, 1901
		Formerly Co. F, 1st Inf., which was formed Dec. 7, 1895, from consolidat'n of
		Baty. D, 2d Art. May 28, 1868
		Baty. F, 2d Art. Mar. 18, 1878
San Francisco	Battery B	Formerly Co. G, 1st Inf. Jan. 9, 1879
San Francisco	Battery C	Formerly Co. C, 1st Inf. Aug. 31, 1855
San Francisco	Battery D	Formerly Co. K, 1st Inf., which was formerly Baty. E, 2d Art. July 24, 1882
FIRST INFANTRY		
San Francisco		Dec. 9, 1895, formed from consolidation of—
		1st Inf. May 8, 1861
		2d Art. June 1, 1881
		3d Inf. June 21, 1883
San Francisco	Company A	Dec. 7, 1895, formed from consolidation of—
		Co. A, 3d Inf. Apr. 18, 1883
		Co. E, 3d Inf. Apr. 18, 1883
San Francisco	Company B	Dec. 7, 1895, formed from consolidation of—
		Co. B, 1st Inf. May 31, 1854
		Co. D, 1st Inf. June 15, 1861
San Francisco	Company C	Formerly Co. I, 1st Inf., which was—
		Baty. C, 2d Art. Nov. 27, 1871
San Francisco	Company D	Formerly Co. C, 3d Inf. Mar. 7, 1871
San Francisco	Company E	Formerly Co. D, 3d Inf. Apr. 18, 1883
San Francisco	Company F	Formerly Co. L, 1st Inf., which was—
		Co. F, 1st Inf. Dec. 9, 1858
San Francisco	Company G	Formerly Co. M, 1st Inf., which was formed Dec. 7, 1895, from consolidation of
		Baty. G, 2d Art. Apr. 8, 1878
		Baty. H, 2d Art. Aug. 7, 1863
San Francisco	Company H	Dec. 7, 1895, formed from consolidation of—
		Co. B, 3d Inf. May 22, 1885
		Co. F, 3d Inf. Sept. 24, 1883
SECOND INFANTRY		
Sacramento		Dec. 9, 1895, formed from consolidation of—
		8th Inf. Oct. 31, 1891
		1st Art. Mar. 19, 1880
Chico	Company A	Dec. 7, 1895, formed from consolidation of—
		Co. A, 8th Inf. Apr. 5, 1875
		Co. F, 8th Inf. Oct. 17, 1891
Colusa	Company B	Formerly Co. B, 8th Inf. Oct. 10, 1887

DATES OF ORGANIZATION OF REGIMENTS, COMPANIES, AND TROOPS—Continued.

Location.	Name of Organization.	Date Organized.
SECOND INFANTRY—Continued.		
Nevada City.....	Company C.....	Dec. 7, 1895, formed from consolidation of—
		Co. C, 2d Inf..... Apr. 18, 1863
		Co. H, 2d Inf..... June 3, 1893
Marysville.....	Company D.....	Formerly Co. C, 8th Inf..... Dec. 19, 1889
Sacramento.....	Company E.....	Nov. 26, 1883
Woodland.....	Company F.....	Mar. 5, 1881
Sacramento.....	Company G.....	July 29, 1870
Placerville.....	Company H.....	Oct. 16, 1899
Grass Valley.....	Company I.....	July 14, 1897
FIFTH INFANTRY		
San José.....		Nov. 26, 1887
Oakland.....	Company A.....	Sept. 1, 1861
San José.....	Company B.....	Aug. 30, 1863
Petaluma.....	Company C.....	June 29, 1869
San Rafael.....	Company D.....	May 14, 1885
Santa Rosa.....	Company E.....	June 10, 1885
Oakland.....	Company F.....	Sept. 23, 1878
Alameda.....	Company G.....	June 1, 1893
Napa.....	Company H.....	Formerly Baty. B, 2d Art..... May 27, 1893
Livermore.....	Company I.....	Apr. 20, 1900
SIXTH INFANTRY		
Stockton.....		Feb. 21, 1888
Stockton.....	Company A.....	Sept. 7, 1861
Stockton.....	Company B.....	May 21, 1884
Fresno.....	Company C.....	June 15, 1885
Modesto.....	Company D.....	Oct. 29, 1887
Visalia.....	Company E.....	Dec. 9, 1887
Fresno.....	Company F.....	Jan. 26, 1888
Bakersfield.....	Company G.....	May 25, 1893
Merced.....	Company H.....	May 24, 1893
Hanford.....	Company I.....	Mar. 14, 1900
SEVENTH INFANTRY		
Los Angeles.....		Dec. 9, 1895, formed from consolidation of—
		7th Inf..... May 5, 1888
		9th Inf..... Feb. 8, 1890
Los Angeles.....	Company A.....	June 9, 1881
San Diego.....	Company B.....	Dec. 7, 1895, formed from consolidation of—
		Co. A, 9th Inf..... Sept. 7, 1889
		Co. B, 9th Inf..... Oct. 12, 1881
Los Angeles.....	Company C.....	July 18, 1894
Pomona.....	Company D.....	Formerly Co. D, 9th Inf..... Oct. 28, 1887
Anaheim.....	Company E.....	Apr. 28, 1900
Los Angeles.....	Company F.....	Dec. 20, 1887
Redlands.....	Company G.....	Formerly Co. G, 9th Inf..... June 3, 1893
Talbert.....	Company H.....	Dec. 8, 1900
Pasadena.....	Company I.....	Formerly Co. B, 7th Inf..... Dec. 23, 1889
San Bernardino.....	Company K.....	Formerly Co. E, 9th Inf..... Oct. 29, 1887
Santa Ana.....	Company L.....	Formerly Co. F, 9th Inf..... Jan. 6, 1890
Riverside.....	Company M.....	Formerly Co. C, 9th Inf..... Jan. 3, 1890
NAVAL MILITIA BATT'N		
San Francisco.....		Oct. 21, 1891
San Francisco.....	First Division.....	Formerly Co. C..... Sept. 3, 1891
San Francisco.....	Second Division.....	Formerly Co. D..... Sept. 29, 1891
San Diego.....	Third Division.....	Formerly Co. A..... Sept. 12, 1891
Santa Cruz.....	Fourth Division.....	Formerly Co. E..... June 13, 1895
Eureka.....	Fifth Division.....	Formerly Co. A, 10th Inf..... Feb. 10, 1879
Santa Barbara.....	Sixth Division.....	July 10, 1897
San Francisco.....	Engineer Division.....	Aug. 30, 1897

APPENDIX No. 9—"Statement of Certificates of Service Issued"—Omitted, on account of lack of funds for printing.

APPENDIX No. 10—"Statement of Exempt Certificates Issued"—Omitted, on account of lack of funds for printing.

APPENDIX No. 11—"Statement of Honorary Membership Certificates Issued"—Omitted, on account of lack of funds for printing.

APPENDIX No. 12—"Statement of Service Medals Issued"—Omitted, on account of lack of funds for printing.

APPENDIX No. 13.

GENERAL ORDERS ISSUED DURING TWO YEARS ENDED
JUNE 30, 1902.

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS, STATE OF CALIFORNIA,
ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE, SACRAMENTO, CAL., July 31, 1900.
GENERAL ORDERS, }
No. 7. }

I. Commissions have been issued to the following named officers, National Guard of California, since the date of General Orders No. 3, c. s., A. G. O., viz.:

Staff of Commander-in-Chief.

John B. Wright, to be Colonel and Chief Engineer, with rank from January 8, 1891; vice self, reappointed.

Francis E. Beck, to be Colonel and Paymaster General, with rank from July 24, 1900; vice Chadbourne, retired.

Winslow Anderson, to be Colonel and Surgeon General, with rank from July 24, 1900; vice Gallway, honorably discharged.

John S. Young, to be Lieutenant Colonel and Aid-de-Camp, with rank from January 8, 1891; vice self, reappointed.

William D. Sanborn, to be Lieutenant Colonel and Aid-de-Camp, with rank from April 1, 1891; vice self, reappointed.

Frank McLaughlin, to be Lieutenant Colonel and Aid-de-Camp, with rank from June 18, 1891; vice self, reappointed.

Herbert Choynski, to be Lieutenant Colonel and Aid-de-Camp, with rank from January 19, 1895; vice self, reappointed.

Josiah R. Howell, to be Lieutenant Colonel and Aid-de-Camp, with rank from December 25, 1897; vice self, reappointed.

Elias W. Runyon, to be Lieutenant Colonel and Aid-de-Camp, with rank from April 14, 1900; vice Andrews, retired.

William W. Foote, to be Lieutenant Colonel and Aid-de-Camp, with rank from April 14, 1900; vice Bush, honorably discharged.

Ben C. Truman, to be Lieutenant Colonel and Aid-de-Camp, with rank from April 14, 1900; vice Hansen, honorably discharged.

Robert J. Northam, to be Lieutenant Colonel and Aid-de-Camp, with rank from July 24, 1900; vice Gassen, retired.

James B. Lankershim, to be Lieutenant Colonel and Aid-de-Camp, with rank from July 24, 1900; vice Ogden, retired.

Samuel J. Hendy, to be Lieutenant Colonel and Aid-de-Camp, with rank from July 24, 1900; vice Vail, retired.

Reuel D. Robbins, Sr., to be Lieutenant Colonel and Aid-de-Camp, with rank from July 24, 1900; vice Beck, promoted.

Second Brigade Staff.

James A. Margo, to be Major and Inspector, with rank from April 11, 1898; vice Jansen, commissioned Captain, Troop A, Cavalry.

Philip J. Perkins, to be Major and Commissary, with rank from April 13, 1900; vice Margo, commissioned Inspector Second Brigade.

Abbot A. Hanks, to be Major and Signal Officer, with rank from April 13, 1900; vice Evans, promoted.

Third Brigade Staff.

Varney W. Gaskill, to be Major and Inspector, with rank from April 14, 1900; vice Rice, transferred.

Signal Corps.

Edward A. Selfridge, to be Captain of Signal Corps, Second Brigade, with rank from May 31, 1900; vice Hewes, promoted.

First Infantry.

Victor D. Duboce, to be Colonel, with rank from May 10, 1900; vice Smith, failed to report under Act of March 21, 1899, and honorably discharged.

Thos. F. O'Neil, to be Lieutenant Colonel, with rank from May 10, 1900; vice Duboce, promoted.

George Filmer, to be Major, with rank from May 10, 1900; vice Boxton, retired.

John F. Connolly, to be Major, with rank from May 10, 1900; vice Tilden, retired.

Thomas J. McCreagh, to be Major, with rank from May 10, 1900; vice Sime, failed to report under Act of March 21, 1899, and honorably discharged.

Charles E. Goodell, to be Captain of Company C, with rank from February 28, 1900; vice Dumbrell, retired.

George J. Petty, to be First Lieutenant of Company C, with rank from February 28, 1900; vice Goodell, promoted.

Joseph N. Ross, Jr., to be Second Lieutenant of Company C, with rank from February 28, 1900; vice Petty, promoted.

William E. Wehser, to be Second Lieutenant of Company E, with rank from February 28, 1900; vice Robertson, promoted.

William A. Varney, to be First Lieutenant of Company F, with rank from February 28, 1900; vice Nippert, promoted.

Walter S. Gratton, to be Second Lieutenant of Company G, with rank from May 7, 1900; vice Swasey, promoted.

Louie F. Guedet, to be First Lieutenant of Company H, with rank from May 10, 1900; vice Davis, failed to report under Act of March 21, 1899, and honorably discharged.

William B. Corcoran, to be Second Lieutenant of Company I, with rank from February 28, 1900; vice Tobin, promoted.

Frank E. Young, to be Second Lieutenant of Company K, with rank from February 28, 1900; vice Seeley, term expired.

Richard Collopy, to be Second Lieutenant of Company M, with rank from February 28, 1900; vice Hogan, failed to report under Act of March 21, 1899, and honorably discharged.

Second Infantry.

C. L. Miel, to be Captain and Chaplain, with rank from June 27, 1900; vice Ottmann, term expired.

Frank J. Ruhstaller, to be First Lieutenant of Company G, with rank from June 25, 1900; vice de Fiennes, resigned.

John M. Milliken, to be Second Lieutenant of Company G, with rank from June 25, 1900; vice Ruhstaller, promoted.

Fifth Infantry.

Edwin G. Hunt, to be Captain of Company A, with rank from April 26, 1900; vice Poulter, promoted.

John C. Ellis, to be First Lieutenant of Company A, with rank from April 26, 1900; vice Hunt, promoted.

Jerry W. Claypool, to be Second Lieutenant of Company E, with rank from May 21, 1900; vice Bean, resigned.

Henry T. Bennett, to be Captain of Company F, with rank from April 30, 1900; vice Wenk, resigned.

George W. Nickerson, to be Second Lieutenant of Company F, with rank from April 30, 1900; vice Bennett, promoted.

George H. Wethern, to be Captain of Company G, with rank from April 2, 1900; vice Simpson, resigned.

Carl M. Warner, to be Captain of Company I, with rank from April 20, 1900; original John F. Summers, to be First Lieutenant of Company I, with rank from April 20, 1900; original.

George W. Meyers, to be Second Lieutenant of Company I, with rank from April 20, 1900; original.

Sixth Infantry.

Francis W. Mixter, to be First Lieutenant of Company E, with rank from December 5, 1899; vice Adams, term expired.

Franklin F. Barton, to be Second Lieutenant of Company E, with rank from December 5, 1899; vice Spier, term expired.

Elbert Wilson, to be First Lieutenant of Company F, with rank from April 5, 1900; vice Collins, resigned.

Frederick O. Trowbridge, to be Second Lieutenant of Company F, with rank from April 5, 1900; vice Wilson, promoted.

Seventh Infantry.

Melville P. Frasier, to be Captain and Adjutant, with rank from April 14, 1900; vice Twining, resigned.

Arthur W. Bradbury, to be Captain of Company A, with rank from April 23, 1900; vice Wankowski, promoted.

George O. Lockwood, to be First Lieutenant of Company A, with rank from April 23, 1900; vice Bradbury, promoted.

Shirley L. Holt, to be Second Lieutenant of Company A, with rank from April 23, 1900; vice Crawford, resigned.

John M. Smith, to be Captain of Company B, with rank from April 27, 1900; vice Dodge, promoted.

Harry S. Griffith, to be First Lieutenant of Company B, with rank from April 27, 1900; vice Lemon, resigned.

Charles T. Tichborne, to be Second Lieutenant of Company B, with rank from April 27, 1900; vice Smith, promoted.

John H. Simms, to be First Lieutenant of Company C, with rank from May 23, 1900; vice Follmer, resigned.

Charles H. Brown, to be Second Lieutenant of Company C, with rank from May 23, 1900; vice Simms, promoted.

Alba M. Hurtt, to be First Lieutenant of Company D, with rank from March 31, 1900; vice Reynolds, commissioned Battalion Adjutant.

Wilmot W. Midgley, to be Second Lieutenant of Company D, with rank from March 31, 1900; vice Hurtt, promoted.

John F. Ahlborn, to be Captain of Company E, with rank from April 28, 1900; original.

Charles J. Fay, to be First Lieutenant of Company E, with rank from April 28, 1900; original.

Thomas B. Johnson, to be Second Lieutenant of Company E, with rank from April 28, 1900; original.

J. Fred Schmeiser, to be Second Lieutenant of Company F, with rank from May 21, 1900; vice Wing, promoted.

Edwin L. Barrows, to be Second Lieutenant of Company K, with rank from May 21, 1900; vice Schlott, term expired.

Curtis F. Huse, to be Captain of Company M, with rank from April 30, 1900; vice Pann, term expired.

Sanitary Corps.

Edwin Bunnell, to be Captain and Assistant Surgeon, with rank from May 10, 1900; vice Somers, resigned. Captain Edwin Bunnell is hereby assigned to duty with the Signal Corps of the National Guard of California, and will report directly to the Division Commander. (Approved June 18, 1900.)

Naval Militia.

Harry B. Roff, to be Ensign, Fourth Division, with rank from March 7, 1900; vice Armstrong, term expired.

II. Certificates of re-election have been issued to the following named officers, National Guard of California, since the date of General Orders No. 3, c. s., A. G. O., viz.:

Cavalry.

E. W. Elfendahl, re-elected First Lieutenant of Troop A, February 21, 1900, with rank from January 18, 1898.

First Infantry.

Thomas J. Cunningham, re-elected Captain of Company K, June 14, 1900, with rank from July 28, 1891.

Edward D. Finley, re-elected First Lieutenant of Company K, June 14, 1900, with rank from July 28, 1891.

Second Infantry.

John Zittinger, re-elected Captain of Company G, April 16, 1900, with rank from February 28, 1898.

Frank J. Ruhstaller, re-elected Second Lieutenant of Company G, April 16, 1900, with rank from February 28, 1898.

Fifth Infantry.

Charles E. Haven, re-elected Captain of Company E, May 21, 1900, with rank from January 27, 1896.

Sixth Infantry.

George W. Stewart, re-elected Captain of Company E, May 17, 1900, with rank from March 29, 1898.

Seventh Infantry.

T. B. Thomas, re-elected Captain of Company D, March 31, 1900, with rank from January 25, 1898.

O. P. Sloat, re-elected Captain of Company K, May 21, 1900, with rank from April 13, 1898.

Walter A. Greenleaf, re-elected First Lieutenant of Company L, April 27, 1900, with rank from March 7, 1898.

Louis L. Vestal, re-elected Second Lieutenant of Company L, April 27, 1900, with rank from March 7, 1898.

III. Commissions have been issued to the following named officers of the University Cadets, all with rank from May 16, 1900:

To be Colonel: John Robert Moulthrop.

To be Lieutenant Colonel: Harrison Sidney Robinson.

To be Majors: Robert Hilliard Collins, Percival Dolman.

To be Captains: Ernest Warner Oliver, William Anderson Scott Foster, Joseph Vincent de Laveaga, George A. Harker, Jack Dietrich Hoffman, Edward Gerhard Kuster, Arthur Clarence Babson, Arthur Gould Tasheira, Paul Selby, Maxwell Latham McCullough, Roland Letts Oliver, Edwin Letts Oliver.

To be First Lieutenants: William Franklin Neiman, William Halsted Hilton, Major Walter Dinkelspiel, John Carroll Nicholls, Jesse Leroy Dibert, Arthur William Goodfellow, Victor Hendricks Henderson, Howard Squires, John A. McGee.

By order of the Commander-in-Chief.

W. H. SEAMANS, Adjutant General.

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS, STATE OF CALIFORNIA,
GENERAL ORDERS, { ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE, SACRAMENTO, CAL., August 16, 1900.
No. 8. }

With deep regret the Commander-in-Chief announces the death of Victor D. Duboce, Colonel First Regiment of Infantry, N. G. C., which occurred at San Francisco, August 15, 1900.

Colonel Duboce entered the National Guard of California as a—
Private of Company F, Second Infantry, October 8, 1878;
Appointed Corporal Company F, Second Infantry, May 10, 1881;
Appointed Sergeant Company F, Second Artillery, April 3, 1883;
Appointed Captain and Aid-de-Camp, Second Brigade Staff, April 22, 1889;
Appointed Major and Quartermaster, Second Brigade Staff, February 7, 1890;
Appointed Major and Paymaster, Second Brigade Staff, May 13, 1891;
Appointed Major and Inspector, Second Brigade Staff, March 8, 1892;
Placed on Retired List, May 24, 1895;
Appointed Major and Brigade Inspector, Second Brigade Staff, June 26, 1895;
Elected Lieutenant Colonel, First Infantry, January 31, 1896;
Mustered into United States Volunteer service as Lieutenant Colonel, First California Volunteer Infantry, May 6, 1898;
Promoted Colonel, April 25, 1899;
Mustered out with his regiment, September 21, 1899;
Reported for duty in the National Guard as Lieutenant Colonel, First Infantry, November 29, 1899;
Elected Colonel, First Infantry, May 10, 1900;
Colonel Duboce's record in the Guard is that of a faithful and painstaking officer; while his efficient and gallant service with his regiment in the Philippines is one that reflects credit upon the State.

His death, coming as a direct result of the arduous campaign in the tropics, is peculiarly sad, and his life was given for his country as truly as if he had met death facing the enemy's bullets.

The usual badge of mourning will be worn by the officers of the First Infantry, and the colors of the regiment will be draped in mourning for thirty days.

By order of the Commander-in-Chief.

W. H. SEAMANS, Adjutant General.

General Orders No. 9 announced result of target practice for 1899, and is omitted on account of lack of funds for printing.

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS, STATE OF CALIFORNIA,
GENERAL ORDERS, { ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE, SACRAMENTO, CAL., October 10, 1900.
No. 10. }

I. Commissions have been issued to the following named officers, National Guard of California, since the date of General Orders No. 7, c. s., A. G. O., viz.:

Second Brigade Staff.

Philip L. Bush, to be Captain and Aid-de-Camp, with rank from April 14, 1900; vice Hanks, promoted.

Cavalry.

Charles F. Wells, to be First Lieutenant of Troop A, with rank from July 18, 1900; vice Elfendahl, resigned.

Edward H. Carr, to be Second Lieutenant of Troop A, with rank from July 18, 1900; vice Burnett, resigned.

James H. Hayes, to be First Lieutenant of Troop B, with rank from June 29, 1900; vice Lindenfeld, resigned.

First Infantry.

George T. Ballinger, to be Captain of Company A, with rank from July 10, 1900; vice Connolly, promoted.

Benjamin B. Sturdivant, to be Captain of Company B, with rank from July 10, 1900; vice Filmer, promoted.

Albert F. Ramm, to be First Lieutenant of Company B, with rank from July 10, 1900; vice Sturdivant, promoted.

Walter N. Kelly, to be Second Lieutenant of Company B, with rank from July 10, 1900; vice Ramm, promoted.

Charles G. White, to be Captain of Company D, with rank from July 10, 1900; vice McCreagh, promoted.

Gabriel Stephens, Jr., to be First Lieutenant of Company D, with rank from July 10, 1900; vice White, promoted.

Second Infantry.

Joseph A. Blair, to be First Lieutenant and Quartermaster, with rank from June 27, 1900; vice Plant, retired.

Fifth Infantry.

Horatio E. Harvey, Jr., to be First Lieutenant of Company G, with rank from July 26, 1900; vice Wethern, promoted.

William E. Hinds, to be Second Lieutenant of Company G, with rank from July 26, 1900; vice McDonell, term expired.

Sixth Infantry.

Asa R. Newell, to be First Lieutenant of Company B, with rank from May 28, 1900; vice Eaton, commissioned Battalion Adjutant.

Frederick W. Confer, to be Second Lieutenant of Company B, with rank from May 28, 1900; vice Ferguson, term expired.

Seventh Infantry.

John D. Mathews, to be First Lieutenant of Company K, with rank from May 21, 1900; vice Seccombe, promoted.

II. Certificates of re-election have been issued to the following named officers, National Guard of California, since the date of General Orders No. 7, c. s., A. G. O., viz.:

First Infantry.

Henry F. McGurren, re-elected Second Lieutenant of Company D, May 25, 1900, with rank from October 8, 1897.

Second Infantry.

Philip J. Divver, re-elected First Lieutenant of Company D, June 18, 1900, with rank from October 14, 1895.

Fifth Infantry.

Louis W. Juilliard, re-elected Major, June 29, 1900, with rank from September 16, 1893.

Franklin W. Bush, re-elected Captain of Company H, July 2, 1900, with rank from July 1, 1896.

Sixth Infantry.

William Bruce, re-elected Captain of Company B, May 28, 1900, with rank from January 8, 1896.

III. It is with deep regret that the Commander-in-Chief announces the death of Brigadier General John Hewston, Jr., retired, which occurred August 17, 1900.

He was commissioned Major and Ordnance Officer, Second Brigade, C. S. M., May 14, 1862, with rank from May 12, 1862; Major and Assistant Adjutant General, Second Brigade, C. S. M., April 3, 1863, with rank from March 21, 1863; Brigadier General, Second Brigade, C. S. M., January 21, 1864, with rank from February 24, 1864; Brigadier General, Second Brigade, N. G. C., November 1, 1866, with rank from February 24, 1864, and served as such until resignation was accepted, January 4, 1875. Placed on the "Retired List" September 8, 1897, under the provisions of the Act of the Legislature approved April 1, 1897.

IV. The annual inspection and muster of the National Guard will be held during the month of November.

The various brigade commanders will arrange the details for the inspection of their respective brigades.

Organizations will be paraded in undress uniforms with campaign hats and leggings. Full field equipment will be worn, with blankets and shelter tents rolled.

The Major General commanding the Division will arrange the details for the inspection of the Naval Militia other than the Third and Sixth Divisions.

Colonel N. S. Bangham, Assistant Adjutant General, will inspect the Third and Sixth Divisions, Naval Militia.

The Naval Militia will be paraded in blue service uniforms with leggings, and full equipment as infantry so far as issued.

In addition to inspection as infantry, divisions supplied with three-inch breech-loading rifles or Hotchkiss one-pounders will be required to drill with same, and, when practicable, boat drill will also be required.

All inspectors detailed under the provisions of this order are hereby authorized and directed to condemn and destroy all State property worn out in the service or worthless. All unserviceable U. S. Government property will be shipped to the Adjutant General, Sacramento, charges prepaid, except that in possession of the Naval Militia, which will be shipped to Captain N. T. James, U. S. S. "Marion," San Francisco.

Great care will be exercised in the preparation of muster rolls. Commanding officers will give this matter their personal supervision, giving especial attention to the record of service of each man, to the end that the same may be absolutely correct.

As soon as dates have been assigned to the different commands for their inspection, copies of such assignments, or orders, will be sent to the Inspector General for his information.

V. Paragraph 327, Rules and Regulations for the National Guard of California, is hereby amended to read as follows:

327. Any person elected or appointed as a commissioned officer, who fails to pass the examination ordered by the Examining Board, as provided in sections one thousand nine hundred and seventy-four and one thousand nine hundred and seventy-five of the Political Code, State of California, shall not be eligible to re-election or re-appointment for the same office, or for election or appointment to any other commissioned office of higher grade until after the expiration of six months from the date of his failure to pass said examination.

VI. Paragraph 1019, Rules and Regulations for the National Guard of California, is hereby amended to read as follows:

1019. The uniform of an officer on the retired list is that of his actual rank in his regiment or corps when retired, except that the number of the regiment or insignia of corps or department will not be worn. A retired officer when detailed for active duty will continue to wear the uniform herein prescribed, without regard to the rank which properly belongs to the office, the duties of which he is detailed to perform.

VII. Commanding officers to whom orders are sent are charged with their distribution to the proper commands and persons interested. The following is the basis of distribution:

General Orders—One official signed copy for each headquarters, company, troop, signal corps, or Naval Militia division, and one for each officer or man interested.

One copy for each staff or line officer.

One extra copy for each company, troop, signal corps, or Naval Militia division.

Five extra copies for each headquarters.

Special Orders—One official signed copy for each headquarters, company, troop, signal corps, or Naval Militia division, and one for each officer or man interested.

Three extra copies for each headquarters.

Owing to the limited appropriation for postage, it is impossible to mail orders to retired officers. Those that desire orders will make application yearly to the Adjutant General's office to be placed on the mailing list, inclosing twenty-five cents in postage stamps.

All commanding officers, immediately upon issuing orders, will cause to be mailed direct to this office two copies of the same, in addition to copy forwarded through channels.

VIII. Officers whose commands are supplied with woolen blankets are especially charged with the importance of having them thoroughly cared for, and they will require the same to be frequently inspected and aired. Blankets when not in use will be packed in tight boxes or chests, completely lined with tarred paper; care being taken to protect the blankets from actual contact with the tarred surface by additional wrapping paper. Any other precautions necessary will be taken to insure their protection from moths or other damage.

IX. "Service-in-war" chevrons of gold lace as prescribed by Regulations for the U. S. Army are hereby authorized to be worn on undress blouses, but will not be worn on field or khaki blouses. (For regulations concerning chevrons, see General Orders Nos. 6 and 7, series of 1899, A. G. O.)

X. Commanding officers who are responsible for U. S. Government or State property, desiring to leave the limits of their commands, will apply for leave of absence a sufficient length of time prior to their intended departure to allow an inventory of said property to be taken by the officer who is to assume command and control of the property. An inventory will also be taken when the permanent commander returns from leave, memorandum receipts being given in each instance, and duplicate forwarded to this office.

By order of the Commander-in-Chief.

W. H. SEAMANS, Adjutant General.

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS, STATE OF CALIFORNIA,
GENERAL ORDERS, { ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE, SACRAMENTO, CAL., December 31, 1900.
No. 11. }

I. Commissions have been issued to the following named officers, National Guard of California, since the date of General Orders No. 10, c. s., A. G. O., viz.:

Staff of Commander-in-Chief.

Jeff E. Doolittle, to be Lieutenant Colonel and Aid-de-Camp, with rank from September 22, 1892; vice self, reappointed.

George H. Pippy, to be Lieutenant Colonel and Aid-de-Camp, with rank from September 20, 1895; vice self, reappointed.

Second Brigade Staff.

Herbert L. Partridge, to be Major and Inspector of Rifle Practice, with rank from August 22, 1900; vice Hosmer, promoted.

Third Brigade Staff.

Edwin Van Ness Kelly, to be Major and Inspector of Rifle Practice, with rank from October 23, 1900; vice Lane, returned to Retired List.

William N. Harris, to be Captain and Aid-de-Camp, with rank from September 21, 1900; vice Johnson, resigned.

Signal Corps.

Walter L. Williams, to be First Lieutenant commanding Signal Corps, Third Brigade, with rank from August 20, 1900; vice Harvey, resigned.

First Infantry.

Thomas F. O'Neil, to be Colonel, with rank from October 30, 1900; vice Duboce, deceased.

John F. Connolly, to be Lieutenant Colonel, with rank from October 30, 1900; vice O'Neil, promoted.

William R. Robertson, to be Major, with rank from October 30, 1900; vice Connolly, promoted.

Joseph A. Brown, to be First Lieutenant of Company A, with rank from July 10, 1900; vice Ballinger, promoted.

Charles L. O'Donnell, to be Second Lieutenant of Company A, with rank from July 10, 1900; vice Brown, promoted.

Andrew H. Irving, to be Second Lieutenant of Company F, with rank from August 9, 1900; vice Brown, term expired.

William N. Swasey, to be Captain of Company G, with rank from October 22, 1900; vice Sutcliffe, resigned.

Walter Scott Grattan, to be First Lieutenant of Company G, with rank from October 22, 1900; vice Swasey, promoted.

Philip J. Neumann, to be Second Lieutenant of Company G, with rank from October 22, 1900; vice Grattan, promoted.

William L. Wall, to be First Lieutenant of Company M, with rank from February 28, 1900; vice Carroll, term expired.

William L. Wall, to be Captain of Company M, with rank from July 10, 1900; vice O'Neil, promoted.

Richard Collopy, to be First Lieutenant of Company M, with rank from July 10, 1900; vice Wall, promoted.

Frank W. Newbert, to be Second Lieutenant of Company M, with rank from July 10, 1900; vice Collopy, promoted.

Second Infantry.

Ira A. Robie, to be Captain and Adjutant, with rank from June 27, 1900; vice Greer, promoted.

William Rawson, to be First Lieutenant of Company F, with rank from October 1, 1900; vice Wallace, resigned.

Ernest G. Griffin, to be Second Lieutenant of Company F, with rank from October 1, 1900; vice Rawson, promoted.

Fifth Infantry.

Albert N. Boyen, to be First Lieutenant and Inspector of Rifle Practice, with rank from September 25, 1900; vice Borlini, resigned.

Thomas H. Derby, to be Captain of Company B, with rank from August 20, 1900; vice Partridge, promoted.

Gary L. Holtum, to be First Lieutenant of Company B, with rank from August 20, 1900; vice Derby, promoted.

Clair C. Marckres, to be Second Lieutenant of Company B, with rank from August 20, 1900; vice Holtum, promoted.

Sixth Infantry.

Arthur S. Crites, to be Second Lieutenant of Company G, with rank from May 29, 1900; vice Whittam, resigned.

Seventh Infantry.

Walter Jameson, to be first Lieutenant and Commissary, with rank from October 8, 1900; vice Austin, honorably discharged.

Edwin J. Underwood, to be First Lieutenant of Company G, with rank from September 12, 1900; vice Smallwood, term expired.

Sanitary Corps.

Thomas D. Maher, to be Captain and Assistant Surgeon, with rank from November 26, 1900; vice Rethers, honorably discharged.

Charles D. McGettigan, to be Captain and Assistant Surgeon, with rank from April 16, 1900; vice Hamlin, transferred.

Zachary T. Malaby, to be Captain and Assistant Surgeon, with rank from August 30, 1900; vice Fitzgibbon, resigned.

Naval Militia.

Clinton J. Smith, to be Ensign Sixth Division, with rank from March 27, 1900; vice Noble, promoted.

II. The assignment of Captain Oliver D. Hamlin, Assistant Surgeon, Sanitary Corps, N. G. C., to duty on the staff of the Colonel of the Fifth Infantry as Assistant Surgeon of said regiment, is hereby canceled, and Captain Hamlin will report to the Surgeon General awaiting orders.

Charles D. McGettigan having been commissioned Captain and Assistant Surgeon, Sanitary Corps, is hereby assigned to duty on the staff of the Colonel of the Fifth Infantry as Assistant Surgeon of said regiment; vice Hamlin, transferred.

Zachary T. Malaby having been commissioned Captain and Assistant Surgeon, Sanitary Corps, is hereby assigned to duty with the Cavalry of the National Guard of California, vice Fitzgibbon, resigned, and will report direct to the Division Commander.

Thomas D. Maher having been commissioned Captain and Assistant Surgeon, Sanitary Corps, is hereby assigned to duty on the staff of the Colonel of the First Infantry as Assistant Surgeon of said regiment; vice Rethers, honorably discharged.

(Approved December 22, 1900.)

III. It is with deep sorrow that the Commander-in-Chief announces the death of Major Richard P. Hammond, Jr., retired, which occurred in San Francisco, September 20, 1900.

His record of service in the National Guard of California is as follows: Commissioned First Lieutenant and Ordnance Officer Third Infantry, with rank from November 10, 1883; Major and Ordnance Officer Second Brigade, with rank from December 24, 1885; transferred to Engineer Department April 30, 1888; placed on Retired List May 20, 1891.

IV. Paragraph 881, Rules and Regulations for the National Guard of California, is hereby revoked, and Paragraph 921, Article LXXV, U. S. Army Regulations, is substituted therefor.

The said Paragraph 921, U. S. Army Regulations, reads as follows: "When a court sits in closed session, the Judge Advocate will withdraw, and when legal advice or assistance is required, it will be obtained in open court."

The rule laid down in the above quotation will hereafter govern in all courts-martial held in the State of California.

(Approved November 28, 1900.)

V. Commanding officers of infantry regiments will make arrangements as to the days upon which the various companies of their commands will parade for skirmish firing for the year 1900; the said firing to be held during the month of November or December.

This firing is in competition for the trophy now held by Company C, Second Infantry, and will be governed by the Rules and Regulations prescribed in General Orders No. 12, series 1899, A. G. O.

(Approved November 3, 1900.)

VI. Attention is called to Paragraph 663, Rules and Regulations, National Guard of California, and commanding officers will comply therewith. Many commanding officers are careless in making and forwarding reports and returns, and the practice must be stopped. Hereafter the names of commanding officers who fail to have monthly returns, quarterly returns of property, or quarterly demands for allowances, on file in this office within twenty-one (21) days after the expiration of the time for which the same are made, will be announced in orders, unless the delay is occasioned by some unusual circumstance or condition satisfactorily explained to these Headquarters.

By order of the Commander-in-Chief.

W. H. SEAMANS, Adjutant General.

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS, STATE OF CALIFORNIA,
GENERAL ORDERS, { ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE, SACRAMENTO, CAL., March 14, 1901.
No. 1. }

I. Commissions have been issued to the following named officers, National Guard of California, since the date of General Orders No. 11, series of 1900, A. G. O., viz.:

Signal Corps.

Fred L. Martin, to be First Lieutenant commanding Signal Corps, Third Brigade, with rank from January 4, 1901; vice Williams, resigned.

Cavalry.

Earl W. Jonas, to be Second Lieutenant of Troop D, with rank from December 7, 1900; vice Putnam, resigned.

First Infantry.

Henry F. McGurren, to be First Lieutenant and Battalion Adjutant, with rank from December 21, 1900; vice Harloe, resigned.

T. Philip O'Brien, to be First Lieutenant and Battalion Adjutant, with rank from December 21, 1900; vice Middleton, resigned.

Fifth Infantry.

Frederick W. H. Petersen, to be Second Lieutenant of Company A, with rank from December 13, 1900; vice Downie, resigned.

Theodore M. Marois, to be Second Lieutenant of Company H, with rank from January 7, 1901; vice Wright, term expired.

Sixth Infantry.

W. C. Grove, to be First Lieutenant of Company D, with rank from November 9, 1900; vice Walthall, resigned.

Claude T. Spivey, to be Second Lieutenant of Company F, with rank from January 10, 1901; vice Trowbridge, resigned.

Seventh Infantry.

George H. Magill, to be Captain of Company H, with rank from December 8, 1900; original.

Justin H. Stewart, to be First Lieutenant of Company H, with rank from December 8, 1900; original.

Harry E. Mitchell, to be Captain of Company M, with rank from January 7, 1901; vice Huse, resigned.

Ernest A. Meacham, to be First Lieutenant of Company M, with rank from January 7, 1901; vice Mitchell, promoted.

Samuel M. Bloom, to be Second Lieutenant of Company M, with rank from January 7, 1901; vice Bayley, term expired.

Sanitary Corps.

Theodore Rethers, to be Major and Surgeon, with rank from June 8, 1900; vice McCarthy, promoted.

II. Certificates of re-election have been issued to the following named officers, National Guard of California, since the date of General Orders No. 11, series of 1900, A. G. O., viz.:

Fifth Infantry.

Harry L. Gunn, re-elected First Lieutenant of Company H, July 2, 1900, with rank from July 1, 1896.

III. Theodore Rethers, having been commissioned Major and Surgeon, Sanitary Corps, is hereby assigned to duty on the staff of the Colonel of the First Infantry as Surgeon of said regiment; vice McCarthy, promoted. (Approved January 18, 1901.)

IV. It is with deep regret that the Commander-in-Chief announces the death of Colonel George W. Granniss, retired, which occurred January 26, 1901, at San Francisco.

He enlisted in the Independent City Guard (San Francisco) in 1856; discharged in 1858; elected Second Lieutenant of the Sotoyome Guard (Sonoma) in 1858; enlisted in Company B (City Guard), First Infantry, in 1860; appointed Corporal October 29, 1861; Sergeant, August 14, 1862; First Sergeant, July 31, 1863; elected Junior Second Lieutenant, July 6, 1865; Senior Second Lieutenant, September 18, 1865; First Lieutenant, September, 1865; Captain, October 16, 1866; Major, First Infantry, November 19, 1868; Lieutenant Colonel, November 1, 1869; Colonel, February 27, 1875; resigned, November 13, 1877; appointed Colonel and Chief Engineer, staff of Commander-in-Chief, January 26, 1880. Placed on the Retired List, January 26, 1883.

V. In accordance with Paragraph VI, General Orders No. 11, series of 1900, A. G. O., the names of the following commanding officers whose returns for the month of January, 1901, were not received at these Headquarters within twenty-one days after the close of the month, are hereby announced:

Captain George E. Lawrence, Signal Corps, First Brigade.
 Lieutenant Wm. G. Morrison, First Division, Naval Militia.
 Lieutenant Thos. S. Harloe, Second Division, Naval Militia.
 Lieutenant Roscoe Howard, Third Division, Naval Militia.
 Lieutenant Carl E. Lindsay, Fourth Division, Naval Militia.
 Captain B. B. Sturdivant, Company B, First Infantry.
 First Lieutenant J. H. Jordan, Company E, First Infantry.
 Captain J. A. McMartin, Company E, Second Infantry.
 Captain F. M. Miller, Company I, Second Infantry.
 Captain E. G. Hunt, Company A, Fifth Infantry.
 Captain C. M. Warner, Company I, Fifth Infantry.
 First Lieutenant A. R. Newell, Company B, Sixth Infantry.
 Captain C. W. Agee, Company H, Sixth Infantry.
 Captain P. M. Norboe, Company I, Sixth Infantry.
 Captain Truman Cole, Company C, Seventh Infantry.
 Captain T. B. Thomas, Company D, Seventh Infantry.
 Captain F. L. Reynolds, Company F, Seventh Infantry.
 Captain H. E. Higbey, Company G, Seventh Infantry.
 First Lieutenant J. H. Stewart, Company H, Seventh Infantry.
 This shows great carelessness and neglect on the part of commanding officers, and greater promptness must be observed.

VI. Upon the recommendation of Major J. A. Margo, Inspector, Second Brigade, N. G. C., the Cadet Company, First Infantry, N. G. C., located at San Francisco, First Lieutenant Monroe E. Deutsch commanding, is hereby disbanded, in accordance with the provisions of Section 1938, Political Code, it being deemed inexpedient to longer maintain a cadet company in connection with the National Guard.

First Lieutenant W. H. Tobin, First Infantry, is hereby detailed as Mustering Officer, and charged with the supervision of the preparation of all papers and the return of all State and United States property in connection with the muster-out and disbandment of said company.

The commanding officer of said company will furnish the Mustering Officer with four copies of a muster roll, accounting for the officers and enlisted men of said company who have been borne upon the rolls of said company since the annual muster and inspection of 1898. The commanding officer will furnish discharge certificates to the enlisted men of his command, the date of the discharge to be the date of this order; these discharge certificates to be signed by the company commander and countersigned by the Mustering Officer. After being countersigned, the commanding officer of the company is charged with the distribution of discharge certificates to the persons entitled thereto.

First Lieutenant Monroe E. Deutsch will turn over to First Lieutenant Tobin all State and United States property in his possession.

The commanding officer of said company will not be discharged until all the requirements of this order are complied with.

No allowances will be made to the commanding officer of the First Infantry for said cadet company for the time subsequent to May 6, 1898.

VII. The "Firing Regulations for Small Arms, 1898," for the government of the U. S. Army, will hereafter regulate the small arms target practice in the National Guard of California, except as follows:

First—As to the provisions relating to skirmish firing, company volley firing, practice at disappearing and moving targets, and field practice; in lieu thereof will be substituted the "Rules and Regulations" adopted for skirmish firing in General Orders No. 12, series 1899, A. G. O., and any amendments thereto;

Second—As to the number of shots, scores, and other requirements necessary for qualification, which will be announced in future orders;

Third—As to those directions in the 1898 regulations which apply solely to the United States magazine rifle or carbine; where such directions occur, the provisions of "Blunt's Small Arms Firing Regulations," relating to Springfield rifle or carbine, caliber .45, will be held to apply;

Fourth—As to mounted practice for cavalry, which will not be required.

It is the intention to include individual skirmish firing, similar to that prescribed in Chapter IV, "Firing Regulations for Small Arms, 1898," as a part of the qualification for State medals and bars, beginning with the year 1902. Commanding officers will, therefore, at once make arrangements for providing their commands with suitable ranges, and practice them in said firing.

A supply of figure targets has been ordered from the Ordnance Department, U. S. Army, and will be issued to commands as soon as received.

Target practice for the year 1901 will be held on dates between May 1, 1901, and December 31, 1901, inclusive, at the discretion of brigade, regimental, or battalion commanders. The number and character of practices will conform to regulations.

VIII. The Board of Location and Organization of the National Guard of California having favorably acted upon a call for the organization of a company of infantry at Talbert, Orange County, and the record of the proceedings had thereunder having been received at this office and approved, and said company having been organized and sworn into the service of the State on December 8, 1900, said company is hereby listed as Company H, Seventh Infantry, N. G. C., and declared to be mustered into the service, to date from said December 8, 1900. (Approved January 11, 1901.)

By order of the Commander-in-Chief.

W. H. SEAMANS, Adjutant General.

[NOTE.—General Orders No. 11 is the last of the series of 1900.]

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS, STATE OF CALIFORNIA,
ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE, SACRAMENTO, CAL., March 28, 1901.

GENERAL ORDERS, }
No. 2. }

I. Commissions have been issued to the following named officers, National Guard of California, since the date of General Orders No. 1, c. s., A. G. O., viz.:

First Infantry.

William H. Tobin, to be Captain and Adjutant, with rank from January 10, 1901; vice Kelleher, retired.

Joseph P. McQuade, to be Captain and Chaplain, with rank from January 17, 1901; original.

Andrew J. Ruddock, to be First Lieutenant and Inspector of Rifle Practice, with rank from January 10, 1901; vice Tobin, promoted.

George J. Petty, to be Captain of Company C, with rank from January 21, 1901; vice Goodell, resigned.

Joseph N. Ross, Jr., to be First Lieutenant of Company C, with rank from January 21, 1901; vice Petty, promoted.

John J. Hyer, to be Second Lieutenant of Company C, with rank from January 21, 1901; vice Ross, promoted.

James H. Jordan, to be Captain of Company E, with rank from February 13, 1901; vice Robertson, promoted.

William E. Wehser, to be First Lieutenant of Company E, with rank from February 13, 1901; vice Jordan, promoted.

Second Infantry.

Preston F. Simonds, to be Captain of Company C, with rank from February 9, 1901; vice Nihell, retired.

Benedict A. Bost, to be First Lieutenant of Company C, with rank from February 9, 1901; vice Simonds, promoted.

Fifth Infantry.

John R. Hunter, to be Second Lieutenant of Company I, with rank from January 24, 1901; vice Meyers, resigned.

Sixth Infantry.

Willis Pike, to be First Lieutenant and Commissary, with rank from February 19, 1901; vice Harris, promoted.

Seventh Infantry.

Samuel M. Saltmarsh, to be First Lieutenant of Company C, with rank from January 16, 1901; vice Simms, resigned.

Wilmot W. Midgley, to be First Lieutenant of Company D, with rank from February 5, 1901; vice Hurtt, resigned.

Nathan C. Pedley, to be Second Lieutenant of Company D, with rank from February 5, 1901; vice Midgley, promoted.
 Louis L. McClary, to be Second Lieutenant of Company H, with rank from March 4, 1901; original.

II. A certificate of re-election has been issued to the following named officer, National Guard of California, since the date of General Orders No. 1, c. s., A. G. O., viz.:

Second Infantry.

Levi W. Nicholson, re-elected Second Lieutenant of Company C, February 9, 1901, with rank from May 1, 1897.

III. In accordance with Paragraph VI, General Orders No. 11, series of 1900, A. G. O., the names of the following commanding officers whose returns for the month of February, 1901, were not received at these Headquarters within twenty-one days after the close of the month, are hereby announced:

Captain George E. Lawrence, Signal Corps, First Brigade.
 First Lieutenant E. P. Seymer, Signal Corps, Second Brigade.
 Lieutenant William G. Morrison, First Division, Naval Militia.
 Lieutenant Thomas S. Harloe, Second Division, Naval Militia.
 Lieutenant Carl E. Lindsay, Fourth Division, Naval Militia.
 Lieutenant William T. Bonney, Engineer Division, Naval Militia.
 Captain B. B. Sturdivant, Company B, First Infantry.
 First Lieutenant J. H. Jordan, Company E, First Infantry.
 Captain Frances Warren, Company H, First Infantry.
 Captain Fred M. Miller, Company I, Second Infantry.
 Captain J. P. Parnau, Company A, Sixth Infantry.
 Captain Charles W. Agee, Company H, Sixth Infantry.
 Captain A. W. Bradbury, Company A, Seventh Infantry.
 Captain Truman Cole, Company C, Seventh Infantry.
 Captain T. B. Thomas, Company D, Seventh Infantry.
 Captain George H. Magill, Company H, Seventh Infantry.
 The receipt of monthly returns at these Headquarters is delayed in some instances by the necessity for returning same for correction, which company commanders can avoid by care in the preparation of returns; in other instances, there seems to be an unusual delay at intermediate headquarters. All commanding officers are directed to give this matter their careful attention.

IV. In accordance with Section 2022, Political Code, State of California, the First, Second, and Third Brigades of the National Guard will assemble and encamp for discipline and drill at the State Camp of Instruction at Santa Cruz, California, on June 15, 1901, for a period of eight days, exclusive of the time necessary for transportation. The camp will be under the command of Major General John H. Dickinson, commanding Division, National Guard of California. Per diem will not be allowed nor paid from the State appropriation to officers, enlisted men, or musicians. Tentage will be issued to those organizations of the Guard having none, upon their arrival at camp. This is to be strictly a camp of instruction. Major General John H. Dickinson is charged with the execution of this order. He will arrange the details, including transportation, subsistence, and supplies, the expenditure for which is not to exceed the allotment for that purpose, to be hereafter made.

By order of the Commander-in-Chief.

W. H. SEAMANS, Adjutant General.

GENERAL ORDERS, }
 No. 3. }
 GENERAL HEADQUARTERS, STATE OF CALIFORNIA,
 ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE, SACRAMENTO, CAL., March 29, 1901.

I. The following Acts of the Legislature are published for the information and government of all concerned:

CHAPTER XCV.

An Act to provide for independent and unattached companies of the National Guard of the State of California, and to provide for the manner of making allowances for the use and support of such companies.

[Approved March 8, 1901.]

The people of the State of California, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. Any military organization composed of veterans of the Civil War, and having the minimum number required to constitute a company, if, upon the required examination they be found capable of efficient service to the State in the performance of active, garrison, or other military duty, may be organized and mustered into the military service of the State, notwithstanding the members thereof may be over the age of forty-five years; and such companies or organizations when so constituted shall be

mustered into, and become a part of, the National Guard of the State, and shall be subject to all the laws regulating and governing the National Guard, except that they shall be deemed and considered independent, unattached companies, acting under the direct orders of the Commander-in-Chief.

SEC. 2. Such companies shall receive such allowances as may be approved and allowed by the State Board of Military Auditors out of any moneys appropriated for the use of such companies; *provided, however*, that such allowances shall in no case exceed the sum of five hundred dollars for any one of such companies for any one fiscal year.

SEC. 3. This Act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

CHAPTER CLXXXIV.

An Act to amend sections nineteen hundred and twelve, nineteen hundred and seventeen, nineteen hundred and eighteen, nineteen hundred and twenty, nineteen hundred and thirty-six, nineteen hundred and thirty-nine, nineteen hundred and forty-six, nineteen hundred and sixty-two, nineteen hundred and eighty-two, nineteen hundred and eighty-four, nineteen hundred and eighty-five, two thousand and seventy-six, two thousand and seventy-seven, two thousand and ninety-four; to repeal sections nineteen hundred and eighty-one, nineteen hundred and eighty-three, nineteen hundred and ninety, nineteen hundred and ninety-two, two thousand and thirty-two; and to add a new section, to be known and numbered as section nineteen hundred and seventy-three a, all of and to the Political Code of the State of California, relating to the National Guard.

[Approved March 23, 1901.]

The people of the State of California, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. Section nineteen hundred and twelve of the Political Code of California is hereby amended to read as follows:

1912. The organized uniformed militia of the State of California shall be known as the National Guard of California and the Naval Militia of California. This force shall not exceed sixty-five companies, of which fifty-six companies shall be cavalry, artillery, infantry, or signal corps, as the board of location and organization may direct, and five divisions of the Naval Militia, and the other four companies shall be distributed to such arms of the service as the board of location and organization may direct. The National Guard and Naval Militia must be located throughout the State with reference to the military wants thereof, means of concentration, and other military requirements. The word "division," as used in this section in connection with the Naval Militia, shall have the same meaning and effect as "company" when used in connection with the infantry, and the Naval Militia shall receive its proportion of any appropriation made for the support of the National Guard.

SEC. 2. Section nineteen hundred and seventeen of the Political Code of California is hereby amended to read as follows:

1917. His staff consists of one adjutant general, with the rank of brigadier general; one assistant adjutant general, one chief engineer, one paymaster general, one judge-advocate general, one inspector general of rifle practice, one surgeon general, each with the rank of colonel; sixteen aids-de-camp, with rank of lieutenant colonel; one aid-de-camp, with the rank of commander; and two staff orderlies, with the rank of sergeant major, appointed by and holding office at the pleasure of the commander-in-chief, or until their successors are appointed and qualified.

SEC. 3. Section nineteen hundred and eighteen of the Political Code of California is hereby amended to read as follows:

1918. The Commander-in-Chief, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, must appoint one major general, and for each brigade of the National Guard of California one brigadier general, who must be citizens of the United States and of the State; have served at least four years as officers either in the National Guard of California or in the United States military service, or in both, two years of which service shall have been as a field officer; and the brigadier generals must be residents of localities within the brigades for which they are appointed. They take rank according to the date assigned them in their commissions, which shall be from the time of their appointment, and hold their office until their successors are appointed and qualified.

SEC. 4. Section nineteen hundred and twenty of the Political Code of California is hereby amended to read as follows:

1920. Any officer of a regiment, battalion, or company accepting any staff appointment, is held to have resigned the commission held by him at the time of said appointment.

SEC. 5. Section nineteen hundred and thirty-six of the Political Code of California is hereby amended to read as follows:

1936. 1. All officers, warrant officers, non-commissioned officers, musicians, and privates of the National Guard and Naval Militia who comply with all military duties, as provided by law and regulations, are entitled to the following privileges and exemptions, viz.: Exemption from road tax and head tax of every description, except poll tax provided for in article thirteen, section twelve of the Constitution; exemption from jury duty, and service on any posse comitatus. All officers, warrant officers, non-commissioned officers, musicians, and privates who have faithfully served in the military service of this State for the space of seven consecutive years, and received the certificate of the Adjutant General certifying the same, are thereafter exempted from

further military and jury duty, except in time of war. And the Adjutant General must issue such certificate of exemption when it appears that the party applying is entitled to the same.

2. All members of the National Guard of California who served in the United States Volunteers, or in the United States Army or Navy, during the Spanish-American War of eighteen hundred and ninety-eight, or who served or may be serving during the insurrection in the Philippine Islands, and who, within one hundred and fifty days from the date of their honorable discharge therefrom, either reported for duty under the Act of March twenty-first, eighteen hundred and ninety-nine, Statutes of California, or entered the National Guard by enlistment or commission, or who may hereafter do so, shall be granted continuous service for any and all purposes regarding privileges and exemptions provided by law for members of the National Guard; *provided*, that an officer shall not have credit for continuous service as an officer unless he re-enters the National Guard in the capacity of an officer; and, also, that the men who entered the United States Volunteer service in any of the volunteer organizations of this State under the calls of the President dated April twenty-third and May twenty-fifth, eighteen hundred and ninety-eight, and who were not at the time they entered such service members of the National Guard, and who, within one hundred and fifty days from the date of their honorable discharge therefrom, entered the National Guard by enlistment or commission, shall be granted continuous service for any and all purposes regarding privileges and exemptions provided by law for members of the National Guard from the time they entered said United States Volunteer service; *provided*, that an officer shall not have credit for continuous as an officer, unless he was an officer in said United States Volunteer service and enters the National Guard as an officer as above provided.

3. Officers and enlisted men heretofore or hereafter honorably discharged or mustered out of the service by reason of the disbandment or consolidation of any organization, or by the provisions of any Act of the Legislature, shall be, and the same are hereby entitled to all the privileges and exemptions mentioned in this section, upon making a proper application therefor; *provided*, they shall have served at least five years continuously in the National Guard.

4. Former members of the National Guard or Naval Militia who have been honorably discharged for "expiration of term of service," or on account of "removal," and have returned to the limits of their commands, and officers who have resigned, been honorably discharged, or whose terms have expired, who re-enlist or re-enter the National Guard or Naval Militia within ninety days from the date of their discharge or the expiration of their term of office, will be given credit for continuous service, and the enlistment considered consecutive.

SEC. 6. Section nineteen hundred and thirty-nine of the Political Code of California is hereby amended to read as follows:

1939. The laws, articles of war, and the rules and regulations for the government of the Army of the United States, so far as the same may be applicable and not inconsistent with the laws of this State, and the rules and regulations prescribed by the Commander-in-Chief, constitute the rules and regulations for the government of the National Guard.

SEC. 7. Section nineteen hundred and forty-six of the Political Code of California is hereby amended to read as follows:

1946. The insignia of the Veterans of the Mexican War, the Military Order of the Loyal Legion, the Grand Army of the Republic, and of armies or army corps, indicating actual services in the field, medals presented by the United States, any State, or by the Native Sons of the Golden West, indicating service in the Spanish-American War, and badges indicating long and faithful service in the National Guard of this and other States, and State decorations for marksmanship, may be worn by officers and men of the National Guard entitled to them, upon the left breast, in one line on the uniform coat or service blouse, the top of the ribbons on a line with the armpit, in the order named above, from right to left. No other medals, badges, ribbons, or decoration shall be worn.

SEC. 8. Section nineteen hundred and sixty-two of the Political Code of California is hereby amended to read as follows:

1962. 1. The numerical strength, rank, titles, and insignia of rank of the companies, troops, and batteries, and their officers and men, of the National Guard and divisions of the Naval Militia shall conform to the laws, rules, and regulations of the United States Army and Navy, so far as the same may be effectively applicable; and upon changes being made in the said laws, rules, and regulations of the United States Army and Navy, the Commander-in-Chief shall cause changes to be made in rules and regulations of the National Guard and Naval Militia to correspond thereto, so far as they may be effectively applicable as aforesaid.

2. Each company, troop, battery, or division of the Naval Militia, may have not to exceed ten honorary members, who shall pay fifty dollars per annum each into the company, troop, battery, or naval division treasury, and shall thereupon be entitled to all exemptions to which those on the active list are entitled, and shall not be required to drill or perform any military duty by reason of such membership.

3. The Naval Militia shall be commanded by a captain. There shall also be the following commissioned officers, viz.: One commander, one lieutenant commander, who, in order of rank, in the absence or disability of the superior, shall perform his duties, and shall at all times assist the commanding officer in the performance of his duties; one chief engineer, with the rank of lieutenant commander, and one lieutenant. The

lieutenant shall be subject to detail by the commanding officer of the Naval Militia as navigating and ordnance officer or such other proper detail as such commanding officer may desire. The above officers to be elected in the same manner and to hold office for the same term as field officers of the National Guard, and immediately upon approval of this Act an election shall be ordered for all of said officers. All elections for officers in the Naval Militia shall be ordered by the Commander-in-Chief. There may also be a chaplain, who shall be of the same grade and rank as in the United States Navy, who shall be appointed by the Commander-in-Chief upon recommendation of the commanding officer of the Naval Militia. Each division of the Naval Militia shall be commanded by a lieutenant, and shall include one lieutenant junior grade, two ensigns, and not less than fifty nor more than one hundred petty officers and seamen. The commissioned officers of each division shall be elected in the same manner and hold office for the same term as company officers of the National Guard. The lieutenant and the lieutenant junior grade of the engineer division shall each hold the grade of passed assistant engineer, and the ensigns of the engineer division shall each hold the grade of assistant engineer. All engineer officers shall be recognized engineers or machinists of at least two years standing. The officers of the pay department of the Naval Militia shall be staff officers, on the staff of the commanding officer of the Naval Militia, and consist of the following commissioned officers, viz.: One paymaster with the rank of lieutenant commander, one passed assistant paymaster with the rank of lieutenant, and there may be one assistant paymaster with the rank of ensign, all to be appointed and qualified as are other staff officers. The medical department of the Naval Militia shall be allowed the following commissioned officers, viz.: One chief surgeon with the rank of lieutenant commander, one surgeon with the rank of lieutenant, and there may be to each division of the Naval Militia one assistant surgeon with the rank of lieutenant junior grade. The appointment of the commissioned officers of the medical department of the Naval Militia shall be made by the Commander-in-Chief, upon the recommendation of the commanding officer of the Naval Militia, and no person shall receive the appointment of chief surgeon, surgeon, or assistant surgeon unless he is a licensed graduate of a medical school, and unless he shall have been examined and approved by a medical board, consisting of not less than three surgeons, designated by the Commander-in-Chief, upon the recommendation of the surgeon general. The warrant officers, chief petty officers, and petty officers of the Naval Militia shall be the same as in the United States Navy, and of such numbers as the exigencies of the service may require. Warrants for warrant officers may be issued by the Adjutant General upon the recommendation of the commanding officer of the Naval Militia. Chief petty officers and petty officers shall be appointed by the commanding officer of the Naval Militia. A band of musicians may be enlisted by the commanding officer of the Naval Militia, to consist of not less than twenty nor more than twenty-five members, to be organized and rated the same as in the United States Navy.

4. The organization of the Naval Militia shall conform generally to the provisions of the laws of the United States; and the system of discipline and exercise shall conform, as nearly as may be, to that of the Navy of the United States, as it now is, or may hereafter be, prescribed by Congress. When not otherwise provided for, the government of the Naval Militia shall be controlled by the provisions of the Political Code relating to the National Guard of California, and the Governor shall have power to alter, divide, annex, consolidate, or disband the same, whenever, in his judgment, the efficiency of the State forces will thereby be increased, and he shall have power to make such rules and regulations as may be deemed proper for the use, government, and instruction of the Naval Militia; but such rules and regulations shall conform as nearly as practicable to those governing the United States Navy.

5. The duty of the Naval Militia required by law, or any part of it, may be performed afloat in United States vessels. Officers and men of the Naval Militia mustered temporarily into the service of the United States for instruction and drill, and receiving compensation therefor from the United States, shall not, during the same term, be entitled to compensation from the State.

6. The Governor is authorized to apply to the President of the United States for the detail of commissioned and petty officers of the Navy, to act as inspectors and instructors in the art of naval warfare.

7. The Naval Militia battalion and divisions shall receive the same allowance from the State as infantry battalions and companies.

SEC. 9. A new section is hereby added to the Political Code of California, to be known and numbered as section nineteen hundred and seventy-three *a*, and to read as follows: 1973*a*. 1. Any officer who was upon the "retired list" of the National Guard, and entered the United States Army or Navy for service during the Spanish-American War or in the Philippine Islands, shall be again placed upon the retired list, with the same rank he had on the retired list at the time of his entry into such United States service, upon his application, after his honorable discharge from said United States service, and any officer of the National Guard, who was on the active list and entered the said United States service, may be placed upon the "retired list," after his honorable discharge from said service, with the rank held by him in the National Guard, at the time of his acceptance of a commission in the United States Army or Navy; *provided*, he shall have had eight years' continuous service or ten years not continuous, including both service in the National Guard and in the United States Army.

2. Any officer heretofore or hereafter honorably discharged or mustered out of the service by reason of the disbandment or consolidation of any organization, or by the

provisions of any Act of the Legislature, shall be entitled to be placed upon the "retired list" upon his application therefor, with the rank held by him at the time of such discharge; *provided*, he shall have had five years' continuous service as an officer in the National Guard.

SEC. 10. Section nineteen hundred and eighty-one of the Political Code of California is hereby repealed.

SEC. 11. Section nineteen hundred and eighty-two of the Political Code of California is hereby amended to read as follows:

1982. A regiment of the National Guard consists of not less than eight nor more than twelve companies. Each regiment of twelve companies shall be divided into three battalions; regiments of a less number of companies than twelve, into two or three battalions, at the discretion of the Commander-in-Chief.

SEC. 12. Section nineteen hundred and eighty-three of the Political Code of California is hereby repealed.

SEC. 13. Section nineteen hundred and eighty-four of the Political Code of California is hereby amended to read as follows:

1984. The organization of a regiment, and of the battalions and companies composing the same, shall be the same as are now provided for or may hereafter be provided for by the laws and regulations governing the United States Army, and the staff of a colonel commanding a regiment shall, at all times, be the same as that of a colonel commanding a regiment in the United States Army; *provided*, that in addition thereto there may be appointed upon the staff of a colonel an inspector of rifle practice with the rank of first lieutenant; *provided*, that where there are sufficient troops of cavalry in any one brigade, but not sufficient to constitute a regiment, they may be organized by the Commander-in-Chief into a squadron, and be commanded by a major, and shall have such other officers as the Commander-in-Chief may designate; and also, if at any time there are sufficient batteries of artillery to constitute a battalion or regiment, the same may be organized in such manner and with such battalion and regimental officers as the Commander-in-Chief may direct; *provided*, that when a regiment is composed of less than twelve companies, the number of officers of such regiment shall be proportionately less, in the discretion of the Commander-in-Chief; and *provided further*, that the Commander-in-Chief may, in his discretion, at any time, reduce or increase the number of non-commissioned officers and privates.

2. No person shall be eligible for election as a field officer until he shall have served at least two years in the National Guard of this State, or in the United States military service, as a line officer.

3. All regimental or battalion staff officers shall be nominated by their respective commanders, and if such nomination be approved by the Commander-in-Chief, they shall be commissioned accordingly and shall hold office at the pleasure of the officer making the nomination, or until their successors are nominated and qualified.

SEC. 14. Section nineteen hundred and eighty-five of the Political Code of California is hereby amended to read as follows:

1985. Field officers are elected by the commissioned officers of the companies comprising a regiment or battalion; and if the regiment or battalion is already formed, by the field and company officers thereof, and they shall hold office for the term of four years. Company, troop, and battery officers are elected by the members of such organization, and shall hold office for the term of two years. Two months previous to the expiration of the term of service of any officer, or upon a vacancy occurring among the officers of any organization, the general of brigade to which the same is attached must order an election therefor and designate an officer to preside thereat, who must give ten days' notice of his appointment, of the time and place of holding the election, and of the office to be filled, which notice shall be issued and promulgated as orders usually are in the command.

SEC. 15. Section nineteen hundred and ninety of the Political Code of California is hereby repealed.

SEC. 16. Section nineteen hundred and ninety-two of the Political Code of California is hereby repealed.

SEC. 17. Section two thousand and thirty-two of the Political Code of California is hereby repealed.

SEC. 18. Section two thousand and seventy-six of the Political Code of California is hereby amended to read as follows:

2076. The following officers may appoint courts-martial:

1. The Commander-in-Chief for the trial of all officers of the National Guard and Naval Militia, of retired officers and all officers of the staff of the Commander-in-Chief.

2. The major general for the trial of all officers and enlisted men of the National Guard, except retired officers and officers of the staff of the Commander-in-Chief.

3. Brigadier generals for the trial of all officers and soldiers in their respective brigades, except field officers.

4. The commanding officers of regiments, of the Naval Militia, and of unattached battalions, for the trial of all warrant officers and enlisted men in their respective commands. For the trial of enlisted men of regiments or battalions, the commanding officer thereof may at any time appoint a summary court-martial, to consist of one officer whose rank is not below that of a captain, if in the National Guard, or if in Naval Militia that of a lieutenant. For the trial of enlisted men of unattached companies, troops, or batteries, the brigade commander may, at any time, appoint a summary court-martial, to consist of a first lieutenant.

SEC. 19. Section two thousand and seventy-seven of the Political Code of California is hereby amended to read as follows:

2077. Courts-martial appointed under the provisions of this chapter are organized in like manner, and subject to the laws, rules and regulations, and articles of war governing courts-martial in the United States Army and Navy, and have the same power and authority as such courts-martial, so far as the same may be applicable and not inconsistent with the laws of this State. They have the same power to compel the attendance of witnesses when summoned by them, to preserve order in and about the court-room during sessions, and to punish for contempt, as the judges of the superior court have under the laws of this State.

SEC. 20. Section two thousand and ninety-four of the Political Code of California is hereby amended to read as follows:

2094. There must be audited and allowed by the board of military auditors, and paid out of the appropriation for military purposes, upon the warrant of the State Controller, to the commanding officer of each infantry or artillery company of the National Guard, the sum of one hundred dollars per month; to the commanding officer of each light battery having not less than four guns, with which they regularly drill and parade, and to the commanding officer of each troop of cavalry, the sum of two hundred dollars per month; and to the commanding officer of each division of the Naval Militia the sum of one hundred dollars per month; the sum so paid to be used for armory rent, care of arms, and proper incidental expenses of the company. There must also be audited, allowed, and paid out of the same appropriation, to the commanding officer of each regiment or battalion, the sum of six dollars per month for each company in his command, for clerical expenses, stationery, printing, postage, and proper incidental expenses; and if the regiment or battalion has more than four companies, and has attached to it an organized and uniformed band of not less than twenty people, the additional sum of thirty-five dollars per month for such band; to the major general, twelve hundred dollars per annum; to the brigadier general of each brigade, five dollars per month for each company in his brigade, and to each company a sum necessary for uniforms and to keep the same in repair, not to exceed one hundred and fifty dollars per annum; and to the Adjutant General, eight thousand dollars per annum, to be expended by him in promoting rifle practice. There must be audited and allowed by the board of military auditors, and paid out of the appropriation for military purposes, to the surgeon in charge of each detachment of the sanitary corps on duty with a regiment, and to the chief surgeon of the Naval Militia, the sum of fifty dollars per month, for rent and proper incidental expenses of such detachment. Demands shall be made and presented in the same manner as for the expenses of a company of the National Guard.

SEC. 21. All Acts and parts of Acts in conflict herewith are hereby repealed.

SEC. 22. This Act shall take effect immediately.

By order of the Commander-in-Chief.

W. H. SEAMANS, Adjutant General.

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS, STATE OF CALIFORNIA,
ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE, SACRAMENTO, CAL., April 12, 1901.
GENERAL ORDERS, }
No. 4. }

I. In accordance with an Act of the Legislature, approved March 23, 1901, amending Sections 1982 and 1984 of the Political Code, relating to the National Guard, the organization of the National Guard of California, where not otherwise provided for, is established as follows:

Each regiment of infantry shall consist of one colonel, one lieutenant colonel, three majors, three extra captains, to be available for detail as regimental adjutant, quartermaster, and commissary; three extra first lieutenants, to be available for detail as battalion adjutants; one inspector of rifle practice, with the rank of first lieutenant; three extra second lieutenants, to be available for detail as battalion quartermasters and commissaries; one sergeant major, one quartermaster sergeant, one commissary sergeant, three battalion sergeants major, two color sergeants, with rank of battalion sergeants major; one band, and not less than eight nor more than twelve companies, organized into three battalions; *provided*, that regiments of eight companies shall have but two majors, two extra first lieutenants, two extra second lieutenants, and two battalion sergeants major, and shall be organized into but two battalions.

Each infantry band shall consist of one chief musician, one principal musician, one drum major, who shall have the rank of a first sergeant, four sergeants, four corporals, and not less than nine nor more than fourteen privates.

Each infantry company shall consist of one captain, one first lieutenant, one second lieutenant, one first sergeant, one quartermaster sergeant, four sergeants, six corporals, two cooks, two musicians, one artificer, and not less than thirty nor more than fifty privates.

There may also be a chaplain for each regiment of infantry, appointed by the Commander-in-Chief, upon the recommendation of the regimental commander.

The extra captains, first lieutenants, and second lieutenants provided for, shall be appointed or nominated, and recommended to the Commander-in-Chief for commission by the regimental commander; the appointment of battalion adjutants, and battalion

quartermasters and commissaries will be made by the regimental commander upon the recommendation of the battalion commanders. In addition to detail as regimental and battalion staff officers, the extra officers provided for shall be available for such other details as may be authorized by law and regulations.

All regimental officers are line officers, except inspectors of rifle practice and chaplains, who shall be classed as staff officers.

Each regiment of infantry, for the purpose of drill and instruction, will be organized into three battalions, designated, respectively, first battalion, second battalion, and third battalion; *provided*, that regiments of eight companies will be organized into but two battalions.

Companies will, as soon as practicable, be permanently assigned to battalions by the regimental commander, who will also designate the field officer, battalion staff, and sergeant major of each battalion. Companies will be assigned to battalions with reference to location and means of concentration; *provided*, that where possible, companies will be assigned to battalions in the order of their letter designations, as provided in the U. S. Army.

The regimental commander will appoint the non-commissioned staff of the regiment, which consists of the sergeant major, quartermaster sergeant, commissary sergeant, two or three battalion sergeants major, according to the number of battalions, and two color sergeants; the appointment of battalion sergeants major will be made upon the recommendation of the battalion commanders.

The non-commissioned officers of the band will be appointed by the regimental commander, upon the recommendation of the regimental adjutant.

Company quartermaster sergeants, sergeants, and corporals of companies will be appointed by the regimental commander, upon the recommendation of the company commander.

The first sergeant will be selected and appointed from the sergeants of his company by the company commander, said appointment to be approved by the regimental commander, and announced in orders. Musicians, artificers, and cooks will be appointed by the company commander.

Each troop of cavalry shall consist of one captain, one first lieutenant, one second lieutenant, one first sergeant, one quartermaster sergeant, six sergeants, six corporals, two cooks, two farriers and blacksmiths, one saddler, one wagoner, two trumpeters, and not less than twenty-five nor more than fifty privates.

Troop quartermaster sergeants, sergeants, and corporals of troops of cavalry will be appointed by the commanding officer of the brigade to which the troop is attached, upon the recommendation of the troop commander.

The first sergeant will be selected and appointed from the sergeants of his troop by the troop commander, said appointment to be approved by the brigade commander, and announced in orders. Cooks, farriers and blacksmiths, saddlers, wagoners, and trumpeters will be appointed by the troop commander.

All regimental staff officers, except inspectors of rifle practice and chaplains, will be re commissioned, and will be reappointed or nominated by the various regimental commanders as captains or first lieutenants of such regiment; vacancies remaining or created by the Act of March 23, 1901, will be filled as soon as practicable. Officers re commissioned in same grade will not be required to be examined; those commissioned in a higher grade will take the prescribed examination.

The necessary changes to make the non-commissioned officers and enlisted force correspond to the provisions of this order will be made by the various commanding officers as soon as practicable.

II. Paragraph 49, Rules and Regulations for the National Guard of California, is hereby amended to read as follows:

49. Before any commanding officer, or any officer under bond, shall be relieved from responsibility for any money or property of the State or United States, he will be required to take duplicate receipts from his successor in command or office, and forward one copy through military channels to the Adjutant General's office. He will also prepare a statement in duplicate of his receipts and disbursements of State money since his last account current was rendered; also, a statement of headquarters', company, or organization funds on hand, other than State money, for which he is responsible; also, a statement of all the outstanding indebtedness of the headquarters, company, or organization. These statements will be sworn to as full, true, and correct before a notary public or an officer of the Guard of the rank of a field officer, or above; and one copy will be delivered to his successor in command, or office, and the other forwarded with the receipt for property.

Upon the reception of these receipts and statements, if satisfactory, the Adjutant General shall note the same upon the bond given by the said officer, and notify that officer that his account is settled. Such settlement, however, will not act as a bar to any proceedings against said officer, under his bond, for misappropriation of money or property of the State, or of the United States, that may have occurred previous to the date of said settlement.

Upon receipt at the Adjutant General's office of the resignation or application to be retired of an officer responsible for property, and the approval of the same, an order will be issued relieving him of command, or duty, and designating an officer to assume command, receipt for the property, and execute a bond for the same; *provided*, that the command and property will not be transferred until the officer designated has delivered

the receipts and bond to the officer relieved, who will forward one of the receipts, and the bond, together with his financial statements, herein provided for, through channels to the Adjutant General's office; *provided also*, that the officer relieved shall not transfer any money to his successor until expressly directed to do so by the Adjutant General. The receipts, statements, and bond being satisfactory, the resignation will be accepted or the officer placed on the Retired List.

The same procedure will be had when a commanding officer is commissioned in a higher grade; he will make the financial statements provided for herein, the next officer in rank will assume command by virtue of his commission, execute receipts and bond, and deliver same to the officer promoted, and all of said papers will be forwarded by such officer with his qualification in his new office.

An officer responsible for property applying for leave of absence, will accompany said application with a memorandum receipt for said property from the officer to be left in charge, and on his return to duty will execute and file a like receipt.

III. In accordance with an Act of the Legislature, approved March 23, 1901, amending Sections 1912 and 1962 of the Political Code, and providing for the reorganization of the Naval Militia, that organization is hereby segregated from the National Guard organization, and will hereafter be known and designated as the Naval Militia of California.

The Naval Militia will hereafter be under the direct orders of the Commander-in-Chief, and the commanding officer of that organization will immediately upon the receipt of this order report in writing direct to these Headquarters. (Approved April 1, 1901.)

IV. A board of officers to control and apportion the expense for the maintenance of the U. S. S. "Marion," as a training ship for the Naval Militia of the State of California, is hereby established, to consist of the commanding officer of the Naval Militia, who shall be chairman of the board, and the commanding officers of the several divisions of the Naval Militia having quarters on board of that ship.

The expenses not otherwise provided for for the maintenance of the U. S. S. "Marion" as a training ship for the Naval Militia shall be paid out of the allowances provided by law for the headquarters and for the several divisions of the Naval Militia having quarters on board of said ship.

Such expenses shall be incurred and apportioned only on the advice and consent of the board of officers herein provided for, unless otherwise ordered by the Commander-in-Chief.

The expenses so incurred shall be equitably apportioned by the said board to the headquarters and to the several divisions having their quarters on said ship, and the amounts so apportioned shall be promptly paid to the senior officer of the pay department on duty with the ship, who shall disburse the same in accordance with the directions of the board.

The officer of the pay department receiving and disbursing such funds shall give a bond for the faithful performance of his duty, in the sum of two thousand (2,000) dollars, to be approved by the Adjutant General, and he shall make a quarterly report to the Adjutant General, under oath, of his receipts and disbursements, accompanied by vouchers.

By order of the Commander-in-Chief.

W. H. SEAMANS, Adjutant General.

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS, STATE OF CALIFORNIA,
GENERAL ORDERS, } ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE, SACRAMENTO, CAL., April 19, 1901.
No. 5 }

I. Commissions have been issued to the following-named officers, National Guard of California, since the date of General Orders No. 2, c. s., A. G. O., viz.:

Staff of Commander-in-Chief.

Thomas Wilhelm, to be Colonel and Inspector General of Rifle Practice, with rank from April 1, 1901; vice Burgin, retired.

Second Brigade Staff.

Henry E. Curzon, to be Major and Inspector of Rifle Practice, with rank from January 24, 1901; vice Partridge, retired.

Sanitary Corps.

William J. Hanna, to be Major and Surgeon, with rank from December 2, 1900; vice Atkinson, resigned.

James H. Barr, to be Captain and Assistant Surgeon, with rank from July 6, 1900; vice Tooley, resigned.

Halleck H. Look, to be Captain and Assistant Surgeon, with rank from December 2, 1900; vice Hanna, promoted.

Alexander S. Keenan, to be Captain and Assistant Surgeon, with rank from November 26, 1900; vice O'Brien, honorably discharged.

A commission has been issued to the following named officer of the Naval Militia of California since the date of General Orders No. 2, c. s., A. G. O., viz.:

John M. Corcoran, to be Ensign Second Division, with rank from March 5, 1901; vice Burke, term expired.

II. William J. Hanna having been commissioned Major and Surgeon, Sanitary Corps, is hereby assigned to duty on the staff of the Colonel of the Second Infantry as Surgeon of said regiment; vice Atkinson, resigned.

James H. Barr having been commissioned Captain and Assistant Surgeon, Sanitary Corps, is hereby assigned to duty on the staff of the Colonel of the Second Infantry as Assistant Surgeon of said regiment; vice Tooley, resigned.

Halleck H. Look having been commissioned Captain and Assistant Surgeon, Sanitary Corps, is hereby assigned to duty on the staff of the Colonel of the Second Infantry as Assistant Surgeon of said regiment; vice Hanna, promoted.

Alexander S. Keenan having been commissioned Captain and Assistant Surgeon, Sanitary Corps, is hereby assigned to duty on the staff of the Colonel of the First Infantry as Assistant Surgeon of said regiment; vice O'Brien, honorably discharged.

III. In accordance with the action of the Board of Location and Organization of the National Guard, at a meeting held April 18, 1901, directing a reorganization of the First Regiment of Infantry into a regiment of eight companies, the transfer of Companies C, F, G, and K of said regiment to batteries of coast artillery, and the organization of the same into the "First Battalion of Artillery," said companies are hereby detached from the First Regiment of Infantry, and will hereafter be known and designated as follows:

- Company F to be Battery A, First Battalion of Artillery;
- Company G to be Battery B, First Battalion of Artillery;
- Company C to be Battery C, First Battalion of Artillery;
- Company K to be Battery D, First Battalion of Artillery.

The individual batteries of the First Battalion of Artillery shall be organized as batteries of coast artillery.

Company I, First Regiment of Infantry, will hereafter be known and designated as Company C, First Regiment of Infantry; Company L, First Regiment of Infantry, will hereafter be known and designated as Company F, First Regiment of Infantry; Company M, First Regiment of Infantry, will hereafter be known and designated as Company G, First Regiment of Infantry.

Major William R. Robertson and First Lieutenant Henry F. McGurren, Battalion Adjutant, First Regiment of Infantry, are hereby relieved from duty with the regiment, and will report direct to the commanding officer of the Second Brigade, awaiting orders.

In addition to his present duties, Captain Thomas J. Cunningham will assume command of the First Battalion of Artillery, and detail the necessary staff and non-commissioned staff; he will report to these headquarters, through headquarters of Second Brigade, immediately on receipt of these orders. All officers will act under their present commissions until recommissioned in the artillery, and the commanding officer of the Second Brigade will immediately order an election for major of the battalion.

All expenses incurred by reason of the change of equipment, insignia, chevrons, and stripes, or other requirements, made necessary by the transfer of these four companies of the First Infantry to the artillery branch of the service, are to be borne by said companies, and no expense will be charged to the State on account of said transfer.

IV. In accordance with Section 1984, Political Code, as amended March 23, 1901, providing for the organization of a battalion of artillery, the organization of the First Battalion of Artillery is established as follows:

The battalion shall consist of one major, three extra first lieutenants, to be available for detail as battalion adjutant, quartermaster, and commissary, or such other details as may be authorized by law and regulations; one battalion sergeant major, one battalion quartermaster sergeant, who shall rank next after the battalion sergeant major; one battalion commissary sergeant, who shall rank next after the battalion quartermaster sergeant; one electrician sergeant, who shall rank next after the battalion commissary sergeant; two color sergeants, who shall have the rank of first sergeants, and four batteries.

Each battery shall consist of one captain, one first lieutenant, one second lieutenant, one first sergeant, one quartermaster sergeant, six sergeants, eight corporals, two musicians, two mechanics, two cooks, and not less than thirty five nor more than seventy-eight privates; *provided*, that when the total strength of any battery is seventy-five or more, there may be seven sergeants and ten corporals, and when the total strength of any battery is ninety or more, there may be eight sergeants and twelve corporals; but the maximum strength of one hundred and three will not be exceeded.

The extra first lieutenants provided for are line officers, and shall be appointed or nominated, and recommended to the Commander-in-Chief for commission by the battalion commander.

The battalion commander will appoint the non-commissioned staff of the battalion. Battery quartermaster sergeants, sergeants, and corporals will be appointed by the battalion commander, upon the recommendation of the battery commander.

The first sergeant will be selected and appointed from the sergeants of his battery by the battery commander, said appointment to be approved by the battalion commander and announced in orders. Musicians, mechanics, and cooks will be appointed by the battery commander.

The necessary changes to make the non-commissioned officers and enlisted force correspond to the provisions of this order will be made by the various commanding officers as soon as practicable.

By order of the Commander-in-Chief.

W. H. SEAMANS, Adjutant General.

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS, STATE OF CALIFORNIA,
GENERAL ORDERS, } ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE, SACRAMENTO, CAL., April 30, 1901.
No. 6. }

I. The following firing regulations for small arms, having been adopted by the officers designated in Section 2031, Political Code, will hereafter govern the small arms target practice in the National Guard of California and the Naval Militia of California:

FIRING REGULATIONS FOR SMALL ARMS.

1. The firing regulations for small arms governing the U. S. Army will govern target practice, except where provided otherwise by these regulations.

2. The provisions of the Army regulations relating to skirmish firing, company volley firing, practice at disappearing and moving targets, and field practice, will not be held to apply at the present time; and until such time as it may be possible to comply with them, skirmish firing will be held under such special regulations as may be from time to time adopted.

3. Those directions in the Army regulations which apply solely to the U. S. magazine rifle or carbine will not be held to apply; where such directions occur, the provisions of "Blunt's Small Arms Firing Regulations" relating to Springfield rifle or carbine, caliber .45, will govern.

4. The practice season shall be at such time and of such duration in each year as the Commander-in-Chief may designate.

5. General, division, brigade, regimental, and unattached battalion commanders will keep a complete record of all target practice of their respective headquarters. The commanding officer of each company, troop, battery, signal corps, and naval militia division shall keep a complete record of all target practice held in his command. Two copies of a report of the record practice held in each year shall be made by the commanding officer, on blank forms furnished by the Adjutant General. Separate reports will be made of skirmish firing in like manner. The Inspector of Rifle Practice shall carefully examine and certify to the correctness of these reports, and within five days after the completion of the last practice, forward to the Inspector General of Rifle Practice, through military channels, one copy of such report, and return the second copy to the commanding officer making report. These reports must be forwarded so as to reach the Inspector General of Rifle Practice within twenty-five days after completion of practice, and intermediate headquarters will indorse thereon the time of receipt and forwarding. The Inspector General of Rifle Practice shall, within twenty days after his receipt of same, forward all reports to the Adjutant General, together with his report, as prescribed in Section 2008 of the Political Code.

6. The small arms target practice of the Naval Militia will be inspected by officers designated for that purpose, and will be under the general supervision of the Inspector General of Rifle Practice.

7. No arms except those issued by the State shall be used at any regularly authorized practice. All ammunition shall either be furnished by the State, or shall be of such a standard as may be designated.

Officers of companies, troops, batteries, signal corps, and divisions will practice with the arm of their commands. General, field, and staff officers will practice with revolvers. Non-commissioned staff officers and band musicians may practice with either rifle or revolver, at the discretion of their commanding officer.

8. Each officer and enlisted man firing with the rifle will be allowed annually 65 rounds of ammunition, and the same will be fired as follows:

At rectangular targets:

- One score of 5 shots at each of the 200, 300, and 500 yard ranges, at first practice.
- One score of 5 shots at each of the 200, 300, and 500 yard ranges, at second practice.
- One score of 5 shots at each of the 200, 300, and 500 yard ranges, at third practice.

The positions for firing at each practice shall be as follows:

- Two hundred yards—3 shots standing; 2 shots kneeling or sitting.
- Three hundred yards—2 shots kneeling or sitting; 3 shots prone.
- Five hundred yards—5 shots prone.

The above number of shots, fired as designated, will constitute the record practice.

At skirmish targets:

A total of 20 shots in the manner designated, for the purpose of instruction.

9. Each officer and enlisted man firing with the revolver will be allowed annually 40 rounds of ammunition, and the same will be fired as follows:

One score of 10 shots at each of four practices at the 50-yard range, which will constitute the record practice. Mounted practice for cavalry will not be required.

10. The classification for those firing with the rifle shall be as follows:

A "distinguished marksman" is one who makes a total annual score at the three ranges of 192.

A "sharpshooter" is one who makes a total annual score at the three ranges of 180.

A "rifleman" is one who makes a total annual score at the three ranges of 142.

A "marksman" is one who makes a total annual score at the three ranges of 112.

11. The classification for those firing with the revolver shall be as follows:

A "first class man" is one who in firing the prescribed number of shots makes 90 per cent of the possible aggregate score.

A "second class man" is one who in firing the prescribed number of shots makes 80 per cent of the possible aggregate score.

A "third class man" is one who in firing the prescribed number of shots makes 70 per cent of the possible aggregate score.

A "fourth class man" is one who in firing the prescribed number of shots makes 60 per cent of the possible aggregate score.

12. Medals and bars for various classes will be awarded as follows:

Rifle.

Distinguished marksman: Medal with gold bar.

Sharpshooter: Medal with silver bar.

Rifleman: Medal with bronze bar.

Revolver.

First class: Medal with gold bar.

Second class: Medal with silver bar.

Third class: Medal with bronze bar.

After the first qualification a bar only will be awarded.

13. The names of those who have attended sixty per cent of the drills for the year ending on the last day of the month preceding the one in which the last practice is held, and who have qualified in any of the classifications, will be announced in orders from General Headquarters.

14. Those qualifying as "distinguished marksmen" with the rifle, or "first class men" with the revolver, will be entitled to compete for the State championship, which shall be decided under such regulations as the Commander-in-Chief may prescribe. Suitable medals will be provided for each year's contest.

II. The firing regulations adopted in G. O. No. 14, A. G. O., November 30, 1896, and all amendments thereto, are rescinded.

III. The target practice season, as heretofore announced in G. O. No. 1, c. s., A. G. O., will open May 1, 1901, and close December 31, 1901.

The commanding officers of regiments and independent battalions will make arrangements as to the days upon which the record practice of their commands will be held, and detail officers to inspect same when a regular Inspector of Rifle Practice can not be present.

Brigade commanders will make similar arrangements for the cavalry and signal corps in their commands.

The provisions of Paragraphs IV, V, VI, and VII of G. O. No. 4, series of 1900, A. G. O., will apply to the target practice for the year 1901.

IV. Ammunition for record practice will be issued by the Chief of Ordnance. Rifle ammunition will contain 70 grains of black powder and 405 grains of lead. Revolver ammunition will be Colt's revolver cartridges, caliber .38 long.

V. The targets recently issued will not be invoiced to officers receiving them, but will be taken up and accounted for on quarterly property returns.

By order of the Commander-in-Chief.

W. H. SEAMANS, Adjutant General.

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS, STATE OF CALIFORNIA,
GENERAL ORDERS, { ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE, SACRAMENTO, CAL., May 16, 1901.
No. 7. }

I. Commissions have been issued to the following named officers, National Guard of California, since the date of General Orders No. 5, c. s., A. G. O., viz.:

Staff of Commander-in-Chief.

Frank A. Vail, to be Lieutenant Colonel and Aid-de-Camp, with rank from May 27, 1895; vice Foote, resigned.

Randolph H. Miner, to be Commander and Aid-de-Camp, with rank from May 2, 1901; original.

Division Staff.

T. Waln-Morgan Draper, to be Lieutenant Colonel and Engineer Officer, with rank from April 17, 1901; vice Murphy, resigned.

Frederick J. H. Rickon, to be Lieutenant Colonel and Quartermaster, with rank from April 25, 1901; vice Stanley, retired.

Third Brigade Staff.

Porter C. Thede, to be Major and Brigade Inspector, with rank from April 17, 1901; vice Gaskill, honorably discharged.

First Battalion of Artillery.

Hyman P. Bush, to be Major, with rank from May 4, 1901; original.

The following named officers of the First Infantry were recommissioned in the First Battalion of Artillery, N. G. C., on April 19, 1901, by reason of the transfer made in accordance with the provisions of G. O. No. 5, c. s., A. G. O.:

Firmin A. Nippert, to be Captain of Battery A, with rank from February 28, 1900.

William A. Varney, to be First Lieutenant of Battery A, with rank from February 28, 1900.

Andrew H. Irving, to be Second Lieutenant of Battery A, with rank from August 9, 1900.

William N. Swasey, to be Captain of Battery B, with rank from October 22, 1900.

Walter Scott Grattan, to be First Lieutenant of Battery B, with rank from October 22, 1900.

Philip J. Neumann, to be Second Lieutenant of Battery B, with rank from October 22, 1900.

George J. Petty, to be Captain of Battery C, with rank from January 21, 1901.

Joseph N. Ross, Jr., to be First Lieutenant of Battery C, with rank from January 21, 1901.

John J. Hyer, to be Second Lieutenant of Battery C, with rank from January 21, 1901.

Thomas J. Cunningham, to be Captain of Battery D, with rank from July 28, 1891.

Edward D. Finley, to be First Lieutenant of Battery D, with rank from July 28, 1891.

Frank E. Young, to be Second Lieutenant of Battery D, with rank from February 28, 1900.

First Infantry.

Thomas W. Costello, to be Second Lieutenant of Company E, with rank from February 13, 1901; vice Wehser, promoted.

Fifth Infantry.

David A. Smith, to be Captain, with rank from June 1, 1891; vice self, recommissioned under Act of March 23, 1901.

Sixth Infantry.

Lucien Beer, to be Captain of Company G, with rank from April 9, 1901; vice Hayden, resigned.

Seventh Infantry.

Frank L. Reynolds, to be Lieutenant Colonel, with rank from March 30, 1901; vice Dodge, retired.

Solomon H. Finley, to be Major, with rank from March 30, 1901; vice Weller, resigned.

II. Commissions have been issued to the following named officers, Naval Militia of California, since the date of General Orders No. 5, c. s., A. G. O., viz.:

Thomas A. Nerney, to be Captain, with rank from April 16, 1901; vice James, honorably discharged.

George W. Bauer, to be Commander, with rank from April 16, 1901; original.

George R. Kingsland, to be Lieutenant Commander and Chief Engineer, with rank from November 23, 1897; vice self, re-elected and re-commissioned under Act of March 23, 1901.

Clare A. Noble, to be Lieutenant Commander, with rank from April 16, 1901; original.

George E. Kammerer, to be Lieutenant, with rank from April 16, 1901; original.

III. Commissions have been issued to the following named officers of the University Cadets, all with rank from May 15, 1901:

To be Colonel: Charles W. McConaughy.

To be Lieutenant Colonel: Walter B. Bakewell.

To be Majors: Ralph T. Fisher, Nathan M. Moran, Glenn L. Allen.

To be Captains: Richard W. Harvey, Benton A. Hammond, Frank G. Goodenow, John W. S. Butler, Carl L. Carlson, Walter W. Bradley, James O. Osborn, Samuel C. Faneuf, John E. Gustafson, Edgar W. Alexander, William B. Greeley, Ralph H. Curtis, Henry C. Melone, Eugene W. Roland, Eelry J. Magor, Cornelius G. Dall, Walter E. Conlin, Jack D. Hoffman.

To be First Lieutenants: Donald T. Baker, Johann F. E. Clewe, Frank E. Howard, Otto P. Rathke, Courtney L. Barham, Franklin U. Bugbee, Warren V. Richardson, Walter N. Frickstad, Laurence L. Greene, Carl Schilling, Frank L. Mulgrew.

IV. It is with deep regret that the Commander-in-Chief announces the death of Brigadier General Josiah Howell, N. G. C., retired, which occurred in San Francisco, April 29, 1901.

He was commissioned Brigadier General, with rank from July 25, 1864, and commanded the Fourth Brigade from that time until November 30, 1874, when he resigned. He was placed on the "retired list" September 8, 1897, under the provisions of an Act of the Legislature approved April 1, 1897. He rendered the State long and valuable service.

V. In accordance with Paragraph VI, G. O. No. 11, series of 1900, A. G. O., the names of the following commanding officers whose returns or demands were not received at these Headquarters within twenty-one days after the expiration of the time for which the same were made, are announced:

Monthly Returns for March.

Captain George E. Lawrence, Signal Corps, First Brigade.
 Captain John D. Fredericks, Troop D, Cavalry.
 Captain Fred M. Miller, Company I, Second Infantry.
 Captain George R. Andrews, Company F, Sixth Infantry.
 Captain John M. Smith, Company B, Seventh Infantry.
 Captain Truman Cole, Company C, Seventh Infantry.
 Captain Frank L. Reynolds, Company F, Seventh Infantry.
 Captain George H. Magill, Company H, Seventh Infantry.
 Captain O. P. Sloat, Company K, Seventh Infantry.
 Captain H. E. Mitchell, Company M, Seventh Infantry.

Returns of Property for Quarter ending March 31, 1901.

Captain George E. Lawrence, Signal Corps, First Brigade.
 First Lieutenant F. W. Winham, Troop C, Cavalry.
 Captain John D. Fredericks, Troop D, Cavalry.
 Captain Francis Warren, Company H, First Infantry.
 Captain Fred M. Miller, Company I, Second Infantry.
 Captain D. W. Morris, Company D, Sixth Infantry.
 Captain A. W. Bradbury, Company A, Seventh Infantry.
 Captain John M. Smith, Company B, Seventh Infantry.
 Captain Truman Cole, Company C, Seventh Infantry.
 Captain John F. Ahlborn, Company E, Seventh Infantry.
 Captain Frank L. Reynolds, Company F, Seventh Infantry.
 Captain H. E. Higbey, Company G, Seventh Infantry.
 Captain George H. Magill, Company H, Seventh Infantry.
 Captain P. A. Collins, Company I, Seventh Infantry.
 Captain O. P. Sloat, Company K, Seventh Infantry.
 Captain H. E. Mitchell, Company M, Seventh Infantry.

Demands for Quarter ending March 31, 1901.

Captain George E. Lawrence, Signal Corps, First Brigade.
 First Lieutenant F. W. Winham, Troop C, Cavalry.
 Captain John D. Fredericks, Troop D, Cavalry.
 Captain James H. Jordan, Company E, First Infantry.
 Captain Francis Warren, Company H, First Infantry.
 Captain Fred M. Miller, Company I, Second Infantry.
 Captain D. W. Morris, Company D, Sixth Infantry.
 Captain A. W. Bradbury, Company A, Seventh Infantry.
 Captain John M. Smith, Company B, Seventh Infantry.
 Captain Truman Cole, Company C, Seventh Infantry.
 Captain John F. Ahlborn, Company E, Seventh Infantry.
 Captain Frank L. Reynolds, Company F, Seventh Infantry.
 Captain H. E. Higbey, Company G, Seventh Infantry.
 Captain George H. Magill, Company H, Seventh Infantry.
 Captain P. A. Collins, Company I, Seventh Infantry.
 Captain O. P. Sloat, Company K, Seventh Infantry.
 Captain H. E. Mitchell, Company M, Seventh Infantry.

The delay in the receipt of returns and demands from the organizations of the First Brigade was evidently caused largely by delay at brigade headquarters, according to the office marks on the papers, with the exception of those from the commanding officers of Companies C, F, and K, Seventh Infantry, in which cases the fault clearly lies with the company commanders.

VI. Colonel N. S. Bangham, Assistant Adjutant General of California, and Colonel Thomas Wilhelm, Inspector General of Rifle Practice, are appointed members of the Uniform Board, N. G. C., vice Colonel A. D. Cutler and Lieutenant Colonel J. G. Geisting, relieved. (Approved May 4, 1901.)

By order of the Commander-in-Chief

W. H. SEAMANS, Adjutant General.

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS, STATE OF CALIFORNIA,
GENERAL ORDERS, {
No. 8. }

ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE, SACRAMENTO, CAL., May 29, 1901.

I. The following Manual of Tent Pitching, prepared by a board of officers of the U. S. Army, consisting of Major Wirt Davis, Fifth Cavalry; Captain George H. Paddock, Fifth Cavalry; Captain Calvin D. Cowles, Twenty-third Infantry; Captain William B. Wheeler, Eighteenth Infantry; and Captain Charles McClure, Eighteenth Infantry, with First Lieutenant Everard E. Hatch, Eighteenth Infantry, as recorder; and extensively used in the Army, is authorized to be used in the National Guard of California, and all canvas drills will hereafter be conducted in accordance therewith:

MANUAL OF TENT PITCHING.

1. The interval between front poles of common tents, in line, is six paces; of wall tents, eight paces, and between doors of conical wall tents, ten paces. Between the front poles of a common and a wall tent, seven paces, and from front pole of rectangular tent to the door of an adjacent conical wall tent, eight paces plus half the width of the rectangular tent. These intervals may be varied to suit circumstances.

2. If ground permits, a temporary color line may be established between line of officers' tents and flank of column. (For position of color line, see Drill Regulations and Manual of Guard Duty.)

3. In order that all the tents may be pitched promptly, their positions should be marked as soon as the lines of the company streets are established. This is done by stepping off from the point marked by the guide on the flank nearest the officers' tents the intervals, noted above, corresponding to the tents used, and marking same with bayonets, pins, or otherwise; the points thus found determining the positions of the front poles of rectangular tents, and the centers of the doors of conical wall tents. (For directions as to laying out camp, see Drill Regulations.)

4. When the baggage wagons arrive, the men fall in and the major commands (or captains, if so directed):

Pitch Tent.

At this command, as many squads of four men each as there are tents to be pitched, under non-commissioned officers, will procure the tents, poles, pins, and mauls or axes, and pitch the tents.

The first sergeant's tent will be pitched on the flank toward the line of officers' tents.

If different kinds of tents are pitched together, their fronts should be accurately aligned on the company street.

5. To pitch common, wall, or hospital tent:

Spread the tent out on the ground which it is to occupy when pitched, insert the ridge and upright poles, slip the pins of uprights through the ridge pole and tent. The fly, if used, is now placed in position over tent and the loops of the long guys (for hospital tent) over the front and rear pole pins. Drive a small pin at the point designated for the front pole of the tent, over which slip the door loops; one man then goes to each corner, all draw bottom of tent taut and square, the front on the line of company street or other designated line, and fasten it with pins through the corner loops; then stepping outward on the prolongation of the diagonal of the tent one and a half paces for common, two for wall, and two and a half for hospital tents, each securely sets a long pin (short one for common tents), over which is passed the extended corner guy rope. Two men now go to each upright pole and raise the tent to a convenient height from the ground. One man then quits each pole, both enter the tent and re seize the poles, all together raise the tent until the upright poles are vertical. One man then supports each pole, while the other two tighten the corner guys, beginning on the windward side. The tent being thus temporarily secured, all set the guy pins and fasten guy ropes and set the wall pins. The guy pins should be inclined slightly toward the tent, the wall pins slightly from the tent; the interior pins, guy and wall, on a line with the corresponding pins at the corners. If desired, all pins may be driven before the tent is raised.

6. To pitch conical wall tent:

The position of the front door having been established, drive two pins two feet apart, to mark same; then measure with the tent pole from the middle point between these pins directly backward, the far end of the pole determining the center of the tent, which is also marked with a pin. The tripod, opened out flat, is placed with ring over the center pin, and the pole is laid on the ground, pin end at the center pin. All now bring the canvas over the tripod till its center comes to the center pin and door at the front pins, over which the wall loop at each side of door is slipped and the tent spread out

over its position. The guy pins are then driven about two paces from the edge of the tent, each on a line with a seam, and the guy ropes placed over them. When the pins are set, one man creeps under the canvas, slightly raises the tent, and places the pin of the pole through the plate attached to the chains at the top of the tent, and, raising the pole, sets it in the ring of the tripod. The hood is placed from the outside over the pole pin by one of the men, who then enters the tent by creeping under and assists in raising the tripod, which being done the guys are tightened, the wall pins driven, the hood guys fastened, and the tent straightened. The guy pins should be inclined slightly toward the tent, the wall pins slightly from the tent.

7. To strike a common, wall, hospital, or conical tent:

At the command: 1. *Strike Tent*, 2. *Down* (or last note of The General), the men first remove the wall pins and all the guy pins except the four corner pins of the square tents and the quadrant pins of the conical wall tents. Each man then removes a guy from the pins, and holds the tent until the last note of The General is sounded, or the command *down* is given, when the tent is lowered to the indicated side. A good general rule would be to have the tents always fall to the right throughout the camp, unless otherwise ordered.

The canvas is then rolled up and tied; the poles, or tripod and pole, fastened together; and the pins collected.

TO PITCH AND STRIKE SHELTER TENTS.

School of the Company.

8. Movements that may be executed toward either flank are explained as toward but one flank, it being necessary to substitute the word "left" for "right," or the reverse, to have the command and explanation of the corresponding movement toward the other flank.

9. Being in line at a halt, arms at the order and knapsacks slung: 1. *Stack*, 2. *ARMS*. Dress the line back three paces in the rear of the line of stacks, order file-closers to cover the guides, and fill all vacancies in the rear rank.

1. *To the right (or left) take shelter tent intervals*, 2. *MARCH (or double time march)*, 3. *FRONT*.

The rear rank does not fall back. The left guide stands fast, all other men face to the right and move off at the command *march*. Intervals are taken on a single line, the rear rank men passing beyond and placing themselves on the right of their front rank men. Intervals are obtained by clasping hands and extending the arms horizontally to their full length, when the men have approximately gained their intervals. All dress to the left toward the point of rest, and at the command *front*, drop their hands by their sides.

Mark ALIGNMENT.

At this command, each front rank man sticks his bayonet, back to the rear, in the ground touching his heels in the angle made by his feet, to mark the point for the front pole of the tent.

Pitch TENT.

At this command, knapsacks are unslung and each front and rear rank man pitch a tent together, as follows: The shelter halves are buttoned together. Each front rank man inserts his pole in the tent and holds the pole vertically at the point marked by the bayonet. The rear rank men pin down the front corners of the tent on the established line, stretching the canvas taut, and set the front guy pin a pole's length in front of the pole and attach the guy rope. Both go to the rear, put up the rear pole, square the tent and fasten it in rear as in front, stretching the back of the tent by driving the rear center pin well to the rear, after which the remaining pins are driven; they then place their knapsacks against the front corner pins, flap up, top to front, knapsack resting on the roll, if any, and stand at attention one pace in front of their tents, each opposite his own half, aligning to the left.

The tent should be accurately aligned toward the point of rest.

10. 1. *Strike TENT*, 2. *Down* (or last note of The General).

At the first command, the rear rank men will go to the rear of the tents, all the pins will be removed, the front rank men holding the front poles, the rear rank men the rear poles; at the command *down*, all of the tents are lowered to the right, unless otherwise ordered, rolled up neatly with pins inside, either with or without the overcoat, and strapped on top of the knapsack, the latter being placed at the feet as in *unslung knapsack*, and each man stands at attention, aligning toward the point of rest. The poles should be inserted in the knapsack, on each side, so as to be in a vertical position when on the back, metal ends down, to prevent injury to rifles.

1. *Sling*, 2. *KNAPSACK*.

1. *To the right (or left) assemble*, 2. *MARCH (or double time march)*. The guide, or in his absence the right front rank man, stands fast, the other men close to their proper places.

11. To pitch tents in two lines facing each other on opposite sides of company street: Stack arms; form column of platoons, in rear at the desired distance, flank of column parallel to the line of stacks. The captain directs platoon commanders to establish their platoons opposite their respective flanks of the stacks, and then commands: 1. *To the right (or left) take shelter tent intervals, first platoon faced to the rear*, 2. *MARCH*. At the command *march*, the second platoon takes intervals as already explained. The left guide of the first platoon faces to the rear and stands fast. All the other men of the

first platoon face to the right, and take intervals as already explained, except they face to the rear on arriving on the line. All take intervals from and dress toward the point of rest. Before the company is assembled, the platoon which faced to the rear should be faced about.

School of the Battalion.

12. To pitch shelter tents: Being in line at a halt, the major commands: 1. *Stack*, 2. *ARMS*. (For color line;) moves the battalion back to clear the stacks; wheels it about by fours, and halts it at the desired distance from the line of stacks; forms column of platoons or companies to the right (or left). The battalion may be faced about, marched to the rear, faced about and broken into column by right or left of companies rear into column, or by executing fours right or left companies or platoons column right or left, and then forming column of companies or platoons.

1. *To the right (or left) take shelter tent intervals*, 2. *MARCH (or double time march)*. Platoon or company commanders will command *front* as soon as their subdivisions are dressed. The major then commands: *Mark ALIGNMENT*. After which, *Pitch TENT*. Tents will be pitched as in the school of the company.

Commanders of subdivisions will repeat the major's commands and see that they are promptly executed.

Stacks may be made in column of platoons or companies and shelter tent intervals taken as already explained, each subdivision falling back three paces to clear the stacks.

Before taking intervals in column, the guides who are to stand fast should cover.

If desired to have the tents in two lines on opposite sides of the company streets, facing each other, it may be done by the same commands and means as in the school of the company.

13. If it is desired to encamp the battalion in line of battle, it should be formed in line of platoon columns before taking shelter tent intervals.

TO PITCH SHELTER TENTS FOR CAVALRY.

School of the Troop.

14. The troop being in line mounted, the troop commander gives the prescribed commands for dismounting, and, without forming rank, the horses are unsaddled by the proper command and the saddle of each trooper is placed on the ground about one yard in front of the horse's head. The arms, equipments, and blankets are placed on the saddles, as prescribed in Cavalry Drill Regulations. The horses are then led forward and tied (the picket line having been stretched about fifteen yards in front of the troop in line). At the command, *Tie to the line*, the odd numbers move straight to front, cross the picket line, turn the horses to the left about, and tie on the line at intervals of about two yards, just opposite their saddles. The even numbers follow and tie between the odd numbers on the near side of the picket line just opposite their saddles. The even numbers place their saddles on the line of the saddles of the odd numbers; and all stand in rear of their saddles.

15. The captain then commands: 1. *Procure shelter tents and take shelter tent intervals*, 2. *MARCH*.

At the command *march*, the men open their blanket rolls, procure their shelter halves, poles, and pins, and, moving to the rear, take their places, with intervals of about two paces on the original line of the troop, about fifteen yards in rear of the picket line, all dressing toward the guidon, verifying intervals from him by clasping the hands of the men on their right and left, extending their arms horizontally to their full extent. At the command *front*, all drop their hands by their sides. Before clasping hands, each man drops his shelter half at his feet. The first sergeant takes his place between the guidon and the man next him, all other file-closers on the flank opposite the guidon. All note their numbers, whether even or odd.

The captain commands: *Mark ALIGNMENT*.

At this command, the even-numbered men stand fast, the odd-numbered men mark with a pin the point of the angle made by the feet of the even-numbered men.

The captain then commands: *Pitch TENT*.

At this command, the first sergeant and guidon, and each number one and two, and each three and four, pitch a tent together, as explained for infantry.

Tents are struck as for infantry. Each trooper takes his own shelter half, poles, and pins, makes his blanket roll, and packs his saddle.

16. If desired by the commanding officer, owing to the nature and extent of the ground, the tents may be pitched by the foregoing method in two parallel lines by dividing the troop into two parts as nearly equal as practicable, one part forming in rear of the other at about five yards, or other desired distance, so that the parallel line, fifteen yards from the picket line, is midway between the rear of front line and front of rear line of tents.

17. The following method of pitching shelter tents for cavalry may also be used at the discretion of the commanding officer:

The troop being in line mounted is dismounted, the horses are unsaddled and tied to the line, as already explained. The men then return, each standing just in rear of his own saddle, which he aligns at once toward the guidon. The guidon verifies the alignment of the odd numbers, and the first sergeant that of the even numbers, each commanding *front* upon completion of the alignment.

At the command *Pitch Tent*, the men procure their shelter halves, numbers one and two approach three and four, respectively, and button their halves together, the pomels of the saddles of numbers three of the front line and of numbers four of the rear line determining the position of the front poles of the tents. The tents are pitched as prescribed for infantry. The men then stand at attention one pace in front of their own saddles, which are not removed unless otherwise ordered, all aligning themselves toward the guidon.

The first sergeant and guidon pitch their tent together in line with the odd numbers in front line. File closers and odd files pitch their tents on the opposite flank.

At the command : 1. *Strike Tent*, 2. *Down* (or the last note of *The General*), tents are struck as for infantry ; the blanket rolls are then made and the saddles packed.

School of the Squadron.

18. Intervals are taken and tents pitched by the same commands and means as in the school of the troop.

II. The following definitions of the terms "light marching order" and "heavy marching order" for infantry, are announced :

LIGHT MARCHING ORDER.—Clothing: Uniform trousers, blue shirt, leggings, campaign hat, shoes, socks, drawers, undershirt. The blouse may be worn instead of the blue shirt, or with it, if necessary. Officers usually wear blouse. If desired for parade, inspection, or other ceremony, commanding officers may authorize white shirts, collars, and gloves to be worn.

Equipment: Rifle, cartridge belt, ammunition, bayonet scabbard, haversack, canteen, meat can, tin cup, knife, fork, spoon. Instead of rifle, officers wear sword, revolver, and holster.

HEAVY MARCHING ORDER.—Clothing: Same as light marching order, with blouse and overcoat in addition ; also, extra pair of shoes, socks, drawers, and undershirt.

Equipment: Same as light marching order, with blanket bag, blanket, shelter tent half, poles, pins, and guy rope, in addition. Officers rarely, if ever, use blanket bag. If the blanket roll is used, the blanket bag is discarded.

III. The following method of wearing equipment is authorized and prescribed :

The haversack is put on first, straps being worn over left shoulder, the haversack on right side, somewhat to rear, and sufficiently below the belt to make marching easy.

The canteen strap is put on next, the strap over right shoulder, the canteen below belt on left side, somewhat to rear.

The cartridge or sword belt is worn over all these straps, except the rear strap of canteen.

The blanket bag is then put on. This is packed to keep its rectangular form, so that a part of every article in it can be seen when opened, the top presenting a neat, rectangular, and even appearance. The blanket is seen along the front and rear edges of the bag, the other articles between, the toes or heels of the shoes showing.

The overcoat is rolled in a neat, compact roll as long as bag is wide, usually and preferably in shelter tent half, and strapped on top of blanket bag, the unused end of straps being coiled into rolls on top of overcoat.

The shelter tent poles are placed vertically on each side of the bag, projecting out of it, metal ends down.

The cup is hung on the back canteen strap, down against the canteen, so that the mouth of the cup will fall against the back, or it may be hung on strap below blanket bag. The mess kit is in haversack.

In case the blanket roll is used, it is slung over left shoulder and under right arm. The articles usually carried in blanket bag are placed in roll.

The triangular part of shelter tent half is folded in ; the blanket is then placed on half, and other articles placed on blanket, so that no poles or pins will fall in bend. The articles are rolled, by two or three men if possible, into the tightest possible roll, commencing along longest side of rectangle. The ends are then brought together and tied by guy rope of shelter tent.

The poncho may be worn in light or heavy marching order. When in the former, it may be made into a roll by itself and worn over the shoulder, same as the roll in heavy marching order, or it may be folded and hung over the cartridge belt. In heavy marching order, it is outside the shelter tent half, rubber side in.

IV. This department is indebted to Captain B. C. Morse, Seventeenth Infantry, Aid on the staff of Major General W. R. Shafter, commanding Department of California, for data from which this order was prepared.

By order of the Commander-in-Chief.

W. H. SEAMANS, Adjutant General.

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS, STATE OF CALIFORNIA,
 ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE, SACRAMENTO, CAL., June 1, 1901.
 GENERAL ORDERS, {
 No. 9. }

I. Commissions have been issued to the following named officers, National Guard of California, since the date of General Orders No. 7, c. s., A. G. O., viz.:

Staff of Commander-in-Chief.

Charles Sonntag, to be Lieutenant Colonel and Aid-de-Camp, with rank from May 17, 1901; vice Truman, resigned.

Third Brigade Staff.

George A. Nihell, to be Major and Engineer Officer, with rank from April 20, 1901; vice Rice, resigned.

First Infantry.

The following named officers have been recommissioned by reason of the change in the letter designation of their companies, made April 19, 1901, in G. O. No. 5, c. s., A. G. O.:
 Frank K. Moore, to be Captain of Company C, with rank from February 28, 1900.

Henry G. Mathewson, to be First Lieutenant of Company C, with rank from February 28, 1900.

William B. Corcoran, to be Second Lieutenant of Company C, with rank from February 28, 1900.

John F. Eggert, to be Captain of Company F, with rank from October 18, 1894.
 Albert C. Adler, to be Second Lieutenant of Company F, with rank from November 22, 1894.

William L. Wall, to be Captain of Company G, with rank from July 10, 1900.

Richard Collopy, to be first Lieutenant of Company G, with rank from July 10, 1900.

Frank W. Newbert, to be Second Lieutenant of Company G, with rank from July 10, 1900.

The following commissions have been issued in the regular manner:
 Frederick W. Dohrmann, Jr., to be Captain, with rank from April 30, 1901; original, under Act of March 23, 1901.

Albert C. Adler, to be Captain, with rank from April 30, 1901; original, under Act of March 23, 1901.

William H. Whitlow, to be Second Lieutenant of Company D, with rank from April 12, 1901; vice McGurran, promoted.

Second Infantry.

Preston F. Simonds, to be Major, with rank from May 18, 1901; original, under Act of March 23, 1901.

Albert E. Stearns, to be Captain, with rank from July 1, 1895; original, under Act of March 23, 1901.

Joseph A. Blair, to be Captain, with rank from April 29, 1901; original, under Act of March 23, 1901.

Edwin H. Harvey, to be First Lieutenant, with rank from April 29, 1901; original, under Act of March 23, 1901.

Compton Gault, to be First Lieutenant, with rank from May 22, 1901; original, under Act of March 23, 1901.

Ira Hockheimer, to be Second Lieutenant, with rank from May 12, 1901; original, under Act of March 23, 1901.

Landis A. Walling, to be Second Lieutenant, with rank from May 22, 1901; original, under Act of March 23, 1901.

Thomas Rutledge, to be Captain of Company B, with rank from April 26, 1901; vice Weyand, resigned.

James H. Porter, to be First Lieutenant of Company B, with rank from April 26, 1901; vice Rutledge, promoted.

Max Miersen, to be First Lieutenant of Company H, with rank from April 10, 1901; vice Walling, resigned.

Thomas F. Smith, to be Second Lieutenant of Company H, with rank from April 10, 1901; vice Miersen, promoted.

John R. Tyrrell, to be First Lieutenant of Company I, with rank from May 4, 1901; vice Witter, resigned.

Fifth Infantry.

David A. Smith, to be Major, with rank from May 11, 1901; original, under Act of March 23, 1901.

Milton W. Simpson, to be Captain, with rank from May 1, 1901; original, under Act of March 23, 1901.

Seventh Infantry.

John E. Sullivan, to be Captain, with rank from April 26, 1901; original, under Act of March 23, 1901.

Walter Jameson, to be Captain, with rank from April 26, 1901; original, under Act of March 23, 1901.

Ernest A. Reynolds, to be First Lieutenant, with rank from January 25, 1898; original, under Act of March 23, 1901.

Sanitary Corps.

Frank A. St. Sure, to be Captain and Assistant Surgeon, with rank from May 1, 1901; vice Rottanzy, honorably discharged.

II. Certificates of re-election have been issued to the following named officers, National Guard of California, since the date of G. O. No. 7, c. s., A. G. O.:

Cavalry.

Michael J. Burke, re-elected Captain of Troop C, August 27, 1900, with rank from August 5, 1895.

Frederick W. Winham, re-elected First Lieutenant of Troop C, August 27, 1900, with rank from August 5, 1895.

Charles J. Fulle, re-elected First Lieutenant of Troop C, August 27, 1900, with rank from November 15, 1897.

Frank M. Vierra, re-elected Second Lieutenant of Troop C, August 27, 1900, with rank from August 5, 1895.

Second Infantry.

W. H. Curson, re-elected Captain of Company F, April 29, 1901, with rank from April 21, 1899.

III. Frank A. St. Sure, having been commissioned Captain and Assistant Surgeon, Sanitary Corps, is hereby assigned to duty on the staff of the commanding officer of the Fifth Infantry as Assistant Surgeon of said regiment; vice Rottanzy, honorably discharged.

IV. The annual inspection and muster of the National Guard of California will be held during the Division Encampment at Santa Cruz, Cal., June 15 to 22, 1901. The exact dates upon which the various organizations are to be inspected will be determined and announced by the commanding officer of the Division, who will also prescribe the dress and equipment to be worn, and give necessary instructions as to other details.

The attention of commanding officer is called to Paragraphs 668 to 680, inclusive, of the Regulations, concerning the preparation of muster rolls; great care will be exercised in this matter, especial attention being given to the record of service of each man, to the end that the same may be absolutely correct. The wording of the form under the heading "money account since last muster" will be so changed as to show the following:

Cash on hand July 1, 1900.

Cash received per account current September 30, 1900.

Cash received per account current December 31, 1900.

Cash received per account current March 31, 1901.

Cash received up to and including May 31, 1901.

Expended per account current September 30, 1900.

Expended per account current December 31, 1900.

Expended per account current March 31, 1901.

Expended up to and including May 31, 1901.

Balance on hand June 1, 1901.

Commanding officers will carefully inventory property in their possession, and be prepared to certify to the condition and whereabouts of all property not taken to camp and submitted to view of inspector.

A supply of blank muster rolls has been forwarded to brigade and regimental commanders, who will distribute same; care should be taken that these blanks are used; any copies of older forms remaining on hand will be destroyed.

V. Paragraphs 1, 6, 9, 10, and 12 of the "Regulations for the Government of the Sanitary Corps, National Guard of California," as adopted in G. O. No. 5, series of 1900, A. G. O., are amended to read as follows:

1. The enlisted strength shall be as follows:

One hospital sergeant for duty in the Surgeon General's office.

Two hospital sergeants for duty in the Division Surgeon's office.

One hospital sergeant for duty in each Brigade Surgeon's office.

One hospital sergeant for duty with each regiment.

The hospital sergeants assigned to the Surgeon General's, Division, and Brigade Surgeon's offices, and the one assigned to each regiment, shall be appointed as such, and shall be uniformed, rank as, and perform the duties of hospital stewards.

One hospital sergeant, who shall be detailed as such, and shall be uniformed, rank as, and perform the duties of acting hospital steward, for each battalion or squadron.

One private for each company, troop, battery, or signal corps.

6. Enlistment papers will be executed in duplicate, with the report of examination, as provided in Paragraph 2, attached, and will be forwarded by the commanding officer of the regiment direct to the chief surgeon of the division, who will render to the Adjutant General a monthly return, accompanied by one of each set of enlistment papers, said return to be forwarded through office of Surgeon General.

9. Hospital sergeants with the grade of hospital stewards will be appointed by the Commander-in-Chief on the recommendation of the senior medical officer of the com-

mand to which they are to be assigned, said recommendation to be approved by the Surgeon General, after having passed a satisfactory examination before a board of medical officers convened for the purpose. All recommendations for appointment as hospital sergeants with the grade of hospital stewards will be sent to the Surgeon General, who will designate the members of a board to conduct the examination, under such rules and regulations as shall be prescribed by him. The proceedings of the board, with their recommendations in each case, will be submitted to the Surgeon General for his approval, and will then be forwarded, with the recommendation for appointment, to the Adjutant General.

10. Hospital sergeants, with the grade of acting hospital stewards, will be detailed by the Commander-in-Chief, upon recommendation and examination, as provided for appointments of sergeants as stewards.

12. Hospital sergeants, with the grade of hospital stewards, though liable to discharge, will not be reduced. The detail of a hospital sergeant, with the grade of acting hospital steward, may be revoked by the regimental commander upon the recommendation of the surgeon under whom he is serving, or by sentence of a court-martial.

VI. The following changes having been made in the regulations pertaining to the uniform of the U. S. Army, relating to chevrons, the same are announced for the government of the Guard:

Chevrons for overcoats of infantry shall be made of white cloth instead of dark blue cloth as heretofore.

Hospital Stewards.—Three bars and an arc of one bar of emerald green cloth, inclosing a modified maltese cross two inches wide and two inches high of the same cloth—the bars and cross to have a narrow white border.

Acting Hospital Stewards.—The same as for a hospital steward, omitting the arc.

Privates of the Hospital Corps.—Device consisting of a modified maltese cross two inches wide and two inches high of emerald green cloth, having a white border, and to be worn on both sleeves of the blouse, midway between the elbow and shoulder, and on the overcoat below the elbow, one half inch above the cuff.

Color Sergeant.—Three bars and a star.

By order of the Commander-in-Chief.

W. H. SEAMANS, Adjutant General.

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS, STATE OF CALIFORNIA,
ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE, SACRAMENTO, CAL., June 7, 1901.
GENERAL ORDERS, }
No. 10. }

I. Commissions have been issued to the following named officers, National Guard of California, since the date of General Orders No. 9, c. s., A. G. O.:

Sanitary Corps.

Aloysius P. O'Brien, to be Captain and Assistant Surgeon, with rank from May 17, 1901; original, position created by organization of First Battalion of Artillery, April 19, 1901. Captain O'Brien is hereby assigned to duty on the staff of the commanding officer of the First Battalion of Artillery, as Assistant Surgeon.

First Battalion of Artillery.

Josiah R. Howell, to be First Lieutenant, with rank from May 21, 1901; original, position created by organization of First Battalion of Artillery.

Sanford L. Goldstein, to be First Lieutenant, with rank from May 22, 1901; original, position created by organization of First Battalion of Artillery.

First Infantry.

Martin H. Wilkins, to be Second Lieutenant, with rank from April 30, 1901; original, under Act of March 23, 1901.

Fifth Infantry.

Charles E. Haven, to be Captain, with rank from January 27, 1896; original, under Act of March 23, 1901.

James A. Margo, to be Captain, with rank from May 31, 1901; original, under Act of March 23, 1901.

Paul Coulter, to be First Lieutenant, with rank from May 1, 1901; original, under Act of March 23, 1901.

Clement R. Argues, to be Second Lieutenant, with rank from May 23, 1901; original, under Act of March 23, 1901.

Sixth Infantry.

Henry L. Thoman, to be First Lieutenant, with rank from May 29, 1901; original, under Act of March 23, 1901.

G. M. Boles, to be Second Lieutenant, with rank from June 1, 1901; original, under Act of March 23, 1901.

Seventh Infantry.

George L. McKeeby, to be Captain, with rank from May 25, 1901; original, under Act of March 23, 1901.

Thomas B. Johnson, to be First Lieutenant, with rank from May 25, 1901; original, under Act of March 23, 1901.

Alvurus R. Stedman, to be Second Lieutenant, with rank from May 2, 1901; original, under Act of March 23, 1901.

Walter A. Greenleaf, to be Captain of Company L, with rank from May 20, 1901; vice Finley, promoted.

Louis L. Vestal, to be First Lieutenant of Company L, with rank from May 20, 1901; vice Greenleaf, promoted.

II. A commission has been issued to the following named officer of the Naval Militia of California since the date of General Orders No. 9, c. s., A. G. O.:

George E. Goodfellow, to be Lieutenant Commander and Chief Surgeon, with rank from May 6, 1901; original, under Act of March 23, 1901.

III. The annual inspection and muster of the Naval Militia of California will be held during the month of June, 1901. Captain Thomas A. Nerney, commanding the Naval Militia of California, will inspect the various divisions of the Militia, and will make such arrangements as to dates and other details of the inspection as he may deem proper. Colonel Thomas Wilhelm, Staff of the Commander-in-Chief, will inspect the headquarters, staff, and band of the Naval Militia on such date as he may designate. The inspectors detailed under the provisions of this order are hereby authorized to condemn and destroy all State property worn out in the service or worthless; all unserviceable U. S. Government property will be shipped, charges prepaid, to the headquarters of the Naval Militia, U. S. S. "Marion," San Francisco. The attention of commanding officers is called to that portion of Paragraph IV, G. O. No. 9, c. s., A. G. O., relating to the preparation of muster rolls, which will apply to the Naval Militia; and the directions concerning money account will also apply, with the exception that the account will be brought down to the date of inspection.

IV. In compliance with the provisions of Section 2018 of the Political Code, the various organizations of the National Guard of California will parade in their respective localities on Thursday, July 4, 1901, in celebration of the one hundred and twenty-fifth anniversary of the independence of the United States. This parade will be by regiment, battalion, or company, as directed by brigade commanders. This order will also apply to the Naval Militia of California, the manner of the parade to be determined by the commanding officer. Parade reports will be forwarded to General Headquarters not later than July 25, 1901.

V. Lieutenant Thomas S. Harloe, Second Division, N. M. C., will report for duty to the commanding officer of the Division, N. G. C., at the State Camp of Instruction at Santa Cruz, Cal., on June 15, 1901, with four men, four Hotchkiss one-pounder guns, and 500 rounds of saluting ammunition. In addition to the three guns now in his possession, Lieutenant Harloe will take the one issued to Naval Militia headquarters, Captain Thomas A. Nerney being hereby authorized and directed to turn said gun over to Lieutenant Harloe for this purpose. This detail will continue during the Division Encampment, at the termination of which Lieutenant Harloe will again report to the commanding officer of the Naval Militia of California. Transportation, quarters, and subsistence will be furnished by the commanding officer of the Division, N. G. C.

VI. In accordance with Paragraph VI, G. O. No. 11, series of 1900, A. G. O., the names of the following commanding officers whose returns for the month of April, 1901, were not received at these Headquarters within twenty-one days after the close of the month, are hereby announced:

Ensign John F. Murphy, First Division, Naval Militia of California.

Lieutenant Thomas S. Harloe, Second Division, Naval Militia of California.

Lieutenant Roscoe Howard, Third Division, Naval Militia of California.

Lieutenant Carl E. Lindsay, Fourth Division, Naval Militia of California.

Lieutenant Wm. T. Bonney, Engineer Division, Naval Militia of California.

First Lieutenant Fred L. Martin, Signal Corps, Third Brigade.

Captain John D. Fredericks, Troop D, Cavalry.

Captain B. B. Sturdivant, Company B, First Infantry.

Captain Francis Warren, Company H, First Infantry.

Captain Fred M. Miller, Company I, Second Infantry.

Captain J. P. Parnau, Company A, Sixth Infantry.

Captain D. W. Morris, Company D, Sixth Infantry.

Captain George W. Stewart, Company E, Sixth Infantry.

Captain George H. Magill, Company H, Seventh Infantry.

Captain O. P. Sloat, Company K, Seventh Infantry.

Captain H. E. Mitchell, Company M, Seventh Infantry.

The delay in receipt of return of Company A, Sixth Infantry, was evidently caused by a mistake at regimental headquarters, which necessitated the return of paper for correction.

There is no excuse or necessity for the lack of attention to the matter of returns on the part of the commanding officers, which the above list indicates. If a large number of commanding officers can forward their returns so that they reach these Headquarters within the proper time, as they do, there is no reason why every one cannot do so.

VII. Attention of applicants for service medals is called to the fact that money order or draft must accompany application, made payable to Shreve & Co., San Francisco, Cal.

VIII. Attention of commanding officers is called to the fact that a change was made in the blanks for report of target practice, issued this year, by adding a "Summary of Practice"; this will be carefully filled out by the commanding officer and certified to, and reports of target practice will only be made on blanks having this addition.

By order of the Commander-in-Chief.

W. H. SEAMANS, Adjutant General.

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS, STATE OF CALIFORNIA,
ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE, SACRAMENTO, CAL., August 3, 1901.

GENERAL ORDERS, }
No. 11. }

I. Commissions have been issued to the following named officers, National Guard of California, since the date of General Orders No. 10, c. s., A. G. O.:

Second Brigade Staff.

Sam L. Naphtaly, to be Major and Brigade Inspector, with rank from June 3, 1901; vice Margo, resigned.

Sanitary Corps.

Francis M. Bruner, to be Captain and Assistant Surgeon, with rank from February 9, 1901; vice Roblee, promoted. Captain Bruner is hereby assigned to duty on staff of Colonel of Seventh Infantry, as Assistant Surgeon. (Approved June 11, 1901.)

Cavalry.

Samuel Schestedt, to be Second Lieutenant of Troop B, with rank from June 3, 1901; vice Lee, resigned.

First Infantry.

William H. Tobin, to be Captain, with rank from January 10, 1901; original, recommissioned under Act of March 23, 1901.

Fred A. Marriott, to be Second Lieutenant, with rank from July 1, 1901; original, under Act of March 23, 1901.

Bernard M. Clancy, to be First Lieutenant of Company F, with rank from May 23, 1901; vice Curzon, promoted.

Herman G. Stindt, to be Second Lieutenant of Company F, with rank from June 11, 1901; vice Adler, promoted.

Second Infantry.

Michael J. Brock, to be Second Lieutenant of Company I, with rank from May 4, 1901; vice Richards, resigned.

Fifth Infantry.

Dwight Strong, to be First Lieutenant, with rank from May 23, 1901; original, under Act of March 23, 1901.

George E. Caldwell, to be Second Lieutenant, with rank from June 8, 1901; original, under Act of March 23, 1901.

Sixth Infantry.

George W. Stewart, to be Major, with rank from July 10, 1901; original, under Act of March 23, 1901.

Robert D. Young, to be Second Lieutenant, with rank from May 25, 1901; original, under Act of March 23, 1901.

Arthur M. Doll, to be First Lieutenant of Company A, with rank from April 9, 1901; vice Wollam, resigned.

Frederick A. Spence, to be Second Lieutenant of Company A, with rank from April 9, 1901; vice Doll, promoted.

Charles F. Walden, to be Second Lieutenant of Company B, with rank from June 8, 1901; vice Confer, resigned.

Seventh Infantry.

Henry G. Meacham, to be Second Lieutenant, with rank from June 1, 1901; original, under Act of March 23, 1901.

J. Fred Schmeiser, to be Captain of Company F, with rank from May 20, 1901; vice Reynolds, promoted.

J. Irving McKenna, to be Second Lieutenant of Company F, with rank from May 20, 1901; vice Schmeiser, promoted.

Byron W. Allen, to be First Lieutenant of Company K, with rank from June 8, 1901; vice Mathews, resigned.

Frank C. Hossler, to be Second Lieutenant of Company L, with rank from June 8, 1901; vice Vestal, promoted.

Company A, Veteran Reserves.

Charles K. King, to be Captain, with rank from May 8, 1901; original.

Henry H. Woodruff, to be First Lieutenant, with rank from May 8, 1901; original.

John C. Donnell, to be Second Lieutenant, with rank from May 8, 1901; original.

II. Under the Act of the Legislature approved February 20, 1872, a commission has been issued to Rex W. Sberer, Military Instructor and Commandant of Cadets, St. Matthew's School, San Mateo, as Major, National Guard of California, with rank from July 22, 1901; vice Kirk, resigned.

III. Commissions have been issued to the following named officers, Naval Militia of California, since the date of General Orders No. 10, c. s., A. G. O.:

Douglas White, to be Lieutenant Commander and Paymaster, with rank from May 6, 1901; original, under Act of March 23, 1901.

Charles R. Alberger, to be Lieutenant and Passed Assistant Paymaster, with rank from January 23, 1900; original, under Act of March 23, 1901.

Emanuel J. Louis, to be Ensign and Assistant Paymaster, with rank from May 6, 1901; original, under Act of March 23, 1901.

Frank Van Vleck, to be Lieutenant, Engineer Division, with rank from May 10, 1901; vice Bonney, term expired.

M. Ray Costerisan, to be Lieutenant Junior Grade, Engineer Division, with rank from May 10, 1901; vice Van Vleck, promoted.

Melville Wilkinson, to be Ensign, Engineer Division, with rank from May 10, 1901; vice Poole, term expired.

IV. Certificates of re-election have been issued to the following named officers, National Guard of California, since the date of General Orders No. 10, c. s., A. G. O.:

Second Infantry.

Lon Bond, re-elected Captain of Company A, May 29, 1901, with rank from June 17, 1899.

Sixth Infantry.

Edward Jones, re-elected Captain of Company C, May 17, 1901, with rank from June 23, 1899.

John A. Devlin, re-elected First Lieutenant of Company C, May 17, 1901, with rank from June 23, 1899.

W. S. Scott, re-elected Second Lieutenant of Company C, May 17, 1901, with rank from June 23, 1899.

V. A certificate of re-election has been issued to the following named officer, Naval Militia of California, since the date of General Orders No. 10, c. s., A. G. O.:

William Speck, re-elected Ensign, Engineer Division, May 10, 1901, with rank from February 17, 1899.

VI. That portion of Paragraph XI, G. O. No. 10, c. s., A. G. O., detailing Captain Thomas A. Nerney to inspect the various divisions of the Naval Militia of California, is hereby amended in so far as the same relates to the Fourth Division. Lieutenant Thomas S. Harloe, Second Division, N. M. C., will act in place of Captain Nerney as inspecting officer of the said division and will make such arrangements as to date and other details as he may deem proper. (Approved June 17, 1901.)

VII. The Board of Location and Organization of the National Guard of California having favorably acted upon a petition from an organization of veterans of the Civil War, known as "Company A, Veteran Reserves of California," located at Oakland, Alameda County, California, to be organized and mustered into the military service of the State as an independent, unattached company, under the provisions of an Act of the Legislature approved March 8, 1901, and the records of the proceedings had thereunder having been received at this office and approved, and said company having been organized and sworn into the service of the State on May 8, 1901, said company is hereby listed as Company A, Veteran Reserves of California, and declared to be mustered into the service, to date from said May 8, 1901. (Approved July 12, 1901.)

VIII. In addition to the organization of the First Battalion of Artillery as established and provided for in Paragraph IV, G. O. No. 5, c. s., A. G. O., the following is authorized:

One band, which shall consist of one chief musician, one chief trumpeter, one principal musician, one drum major, who shall have the rank of a first sergeant, four sergeants, four corporals, and not less than eight nor more than thirteen privates.

This band is authorized with the provision that no allowance for the same will be made the commanding officer of the First Battalion of Artillery, reference being made to Section 2094 of the Political Code, which governs such allowances. (Approved July 31, 1901.)

IX. In accordance with Paragraph VI, G. O. No. 11, series of 1900, A. G. O., the names of the following commanding officers whose monthly returns were not received at these Headquarters within twenty-one days after the expiration of the time for which the same were made, are announced:

Monthly Returns for May, 1901.

Captain Francis Warren, Company H, First Infantry.
 Captain Fred M. Miller, Company I, Second Infantry.
 First Lieutenant A. R. Newell, Company B, Sixth Infantry.
 Captain Edward Jones, Company C, Sixth Infantry.
 Captain John F. Ahlborn, Company E, Seventh Infantry.
 Captain George H. Magill, Company H, Seventh Infantry.
 Captain O. P. Sloat, Company K, Seventh Infantry.
 Captain H. E. Mitchell, Company M, Seventh Infantry.
 Ensign John F. Murphy, First Division, Naval Militia of California.
 Lieutenant Thos. S. Harloe, Second Division, Naval Militia of California.
 Lieutenant Roscoe Howard, Third Division, Naval Militia of California.
 Lieutenant Carl E. Lindsay, Fourth Division, Naval Militia of California.
 Ensign Henley C. Booth, Sixth Division, Naval Militia of California.
 Lieutenant Wm. T. Bonney, Engineer Division, Naval Militia of California.

Monthly Returns for June, 1901.

First Lieutenant Fred L. Martin, Signal Corps, Third Brigade.
 Captain Francis Warren, Company H, First Infantry.
 First Lieutenant John R. Tyrrell, Company I, Second Infantry.
 Captain J. B. Dickson, Company C, Fifth Infantry.
 Captain D. W. Morris, Company D, Sixth Infantry.
 Captain George R. Andrews, Company F, Sixth Infantry.
 Captain Lucien Beer, Company G, Sixth Infantry.
 First Lieutenant R. Vandenheuvel, Company H, Sixth Infantry.
 Captain P. M. Norboe, Company I, Sixth Infantry.
 Captain Truman Cole, Company C, Seventh Infantry.
 Captain John F. Ahlborn, Company E, Seventh Infantry.
 Captain H. E. Higbey, Company G, Seventh Infantry.
 Captain H. E. Mitchell, Company M, Seventh Infantry.
 Ensign John F. Murphy, First Division, Naval Militia of California.
 Lieutenant Roscoe Howard, Third Division, Naval Militia of California.
 Lieutenant Carl E. Lindsay, Fourth Division, Naval Militia of California.
 Ensign Henley C. Booth, Sixth Division, Naval Militia of California.

Owing to the Division Encampment occurring near the close of the quarter ending June 30, 1901, and many commanding officers being delayed in the settlement of their accounts by matters connected therewith, the names of officers delinquent with property returns and demands for said quarter will not be announced; but the attention of commanding officers is called to the fact that these papers should be forwarded within the same time as is required for monthly returns.

X. From the reports of the U. S. Army officers serving as professors of military science and tactics at the various institutions herein named, the following list of the names of the most distinguished students in military science and tactics graduating in the year 1901 at each institution is announced:

University of California—Berkeley.

Charles W. McConaughy, Cadet Colonel, of San Francisco.
 Walter B. Bakewell, Cadet Lieutenant Colonel, of Oakland.
 Ralph T. Fisher, Cadet Major, of Oakland.

St. Matthew's Military School—San Mateo.

Wesley E. Crothers, Cadet Captain, of San José.
 Felix Lysander Nordyke, Cadet Second Lieutenant and Adjutant, of Redding

Mount Tamalpais Military Academy—San Rafael.

Fred S. Bair, of Arcata.

Tulio Gutierrez, of San Salvador, Central America.

Ed. L. Snell, of San José.

By order of the Commander-in-Chief.

W. H. SEAMANS, Adjutant General.

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS, STATE OF CALIFORNIA,
 GENERAL ORDERS, } ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE, SACRAMENTO, CAL., August 5, 1901.
 No. 12. }

I. The championship contest for first and second class State medals for rifle and revolver practice for the year 1900 will be held at the National Guard target range at Sacramento, Cal., on Saturday, September 7, 1901, firing to commence at ten o'clock A. M. All members qualifying as "Distinguished Marksmen" with rifle, or as "First Class Men" with revolver, in the practice for the year 1900, and who are still members of the Guard on September 7, 1901, will be allowed to compete in this contest. The ammunition used will be furnished by the State, and shall be such as is prescribed in Paragraph IV, G. O. No. 6, c. s., A. G. O. Springfield rifles, caliber .45, and Colt's revolvers, caliber .38, will be used in this contest. Transportation, and subsistence to the amount of two dollars (\$2.00), to non-residents, while in Sacramento, will be furnished by the State to competitors. The Inspector General of Rifle Practice will supervise the competition, which will be governed by the rules prescribed in "Firing Regulations for Small Arms," adopted in G. O. No. 6, c. s., A. G. O., except that inasmuch as the qualifying scores for this contest were fired on the "Blunt" target, with elliptical bull's-eye and divisions, the same target will be used in this contest, instead of the figure targets heretofore authorized for this year's regular target practice.

II. The following named members of the National Guard of California qualified as "Distinguished Marksmen" or "First Class Men" for the year 1900, according to the report of the Acting Inspector General of Rifle Practice, filed in this office July 27, 1901, and are therefore entitled to participate in the championship contest, provided they are still members of the Guard at the date thereof:

REVOLVER.

Rank and Name.	Organization.	Total Score.
Lieutenant Colonel A. Huber	Division Staff	181
Lieutenant Colonel C. J. Evans	Division Staff	182
Major H. A. Wegener	Staff Second Brigade	182
Lieutenant Colonel E. A. Forbes	Second Infantry	183
Major M. Pirkey	Second Infantry	182
First Lieutenant F. Z. Pirkey	Staff Second Infantry	185
First Lieutenant J. G. Lee	Staff Second Infantry	189
First Lieutenant W. Jameson	Staff Seventh Infantry	181
Gunner H. A. Harris	Staff Naval Militia	182
Sergeant W. C. Prichard	Signal Corps, Second Brigade	181
First Lieutenant O. J. Boden	Troop B, Cavalry	184
Sergeant T. S. Kelly	Troop B, Cavalry	182
Private R. B. Lee	Troop B, Cavalry	180
Captain M. J. Burke	Troop C, Cavalry	182
First Lieutenant C. J. Fulle	Troop C, Cavalry	185
Second Lieutenant F. M. Viera	Troop C, Cavalry	187
Sergeant E. Dougherty	Troop C, Cavalry	182
Corporal J. L. O'Malley	Troop C, Cavalry	183
Private G. Kopman	Troop C, Cavalry	180
Private A. G. Metz	Troop C, Cavalry	180
Private J. H. Riley	Troop C, Cavalry	182
Colonel J. W. Guthrie	Retired List	181

RIFLE.

Private C. Meyer	Company C, First Infantry	195
Captain Francis Warren	Company H, First Infantry	194
Captain F. K. Moore	Company I, First Infantry	196
Quartermaster Sergeant G. W. Thomasson	Company A, Second Infantry	201
Private S. C. Salisbury	Company A, Second Infantry	192
First Lieutenant Thomas Rutledge	Company B, Second Infantry	192
Second Lieutenant Henry Dickson	Company B, Second Infantry	192
Sergeant E. F. Mason	Company B, Second Infantry	192
Sergeant H. G. Smith	Company B, Second Infantry	195
Quartermaster Sergeant J. R. Joseph	Company B, Second Infantry	193
Musician S. C. Smith	Company B, Second Infantry	195
Private C. H. Manville	Company B, Second Infantry	193
Private J. R. Thompson	Company B, Second Infantry	193

RIFLE—Continued.

Rank and Name.	Organization.	Total Score.
Private L. J. Gilmour	Company B, Second Infantry	192
Captain G. H. Voss	Company D, Second Infantry	194
Sergeant C. Slattery	Company D, Second Infantry	194
Private W. A. Sutfin	Company D, Second Infantry	201
Captain J. A. McMartin	Company E, Second Infantry	193
First Lieutenant J. F. Sherburn	Company E, Second Infantry	196
Second Lieutenant L. C. Moore	Company E, Second Infantry	195
Sergeant W. L. Thompson	Company E, Second Infantry	192
Sergeant W. W. Martin	Company E, Second Infantry	196
Corporal M. L. Perkins	Company E, Second Infantry	196
Corporal E. J. Lothhammer	Company E, Second Infantry	193
Corporal M. G. O'Lea	Company E, Second Infantry	194
Corporal B. S. Mitchell	Company E, Second Infantry	199
Private C. C. Folger	Company E, Second Infantry	194
Private C. A. Gardner	Company E, Second Infantry	199
Private F. A. Gardner	Company E, Second Infantry	200
First Lieutenant William Rawson	Company F, Second Infantry	192
Second Lieutenant E. G. Griffin	Company F, Second Infantry	195
Sergeant C. H. Turner	Company F, Second Infantry	194
Second Lieutenant J. M. Milliken	Company G, Second Infantry	196
First Sergeant J. L. Guth	Company G, Second Infantry	202
Sergeant A. J. Pettitdier	Company G, Second Infantry	199
Sergeant G. B. Morley	Company G, Second Infantry	201
Corporal B. J. Finley	Company G, Second Infantry	201
Corporal C. J. Larrabee	Company G, Second Infantry	193
Private P. Cook	Company G, Second Infantry	203
Private W. H. Gordon	Company G, Second Infantry	193
Private C. Lucey	Company G, Second Infantry	194
Private J. P. Schardin	Company G, Second Infantry	202
Private J. G. Thomas	Company G, Second Infantry	202
First Sergeant A. N. Boyen	Company D, Fifth Infantry	193
Sergeant F. B. Moulton	Company D, Fifth Infantry	200
First Lieutenant F. W. Mixer	Company E, Sixth Infantry	193
Corporal P. B. Beville	Company E, Sixth Infantry	192
Corporal W. S. Hudleson	Company M, Seventh Infantry	195

III. Captain John Zittinger, commanding Company G, Second Infantry, National Guard of California, is hereby detailed as Range Officer for the championship rifle and revolver contest for State medals to be held at Sacramento on Saturday, September 7, 1901. He will make all necessary arrangements for the contest, and have the ranges ready for firing at 10 o'clock A. M.; he will report to and be under the orders of the Inspector General of Rifle Practice.

IV. The full report of the Acting Inspector General of Rifle Practice for the year 1900 will be published in orders after the championship contest is held.

V. The attention of all commanding officers and inspectors of rifle practice is called to G. O. No. 6, c. s., A. G. O., adopting new "Firing Regulations for Small Arms," and particularly to Paragraph I of said regulations, which provides that the firing regulations for small arms governing the U. S. Army will govern target practice, except where provided otherwise. This, of course, necessitates a change in the targets heretofore used, Paragraphs 347 and 348, "Firing Regulations for Small Arms, 1898," for the Army, describing the targets now authorized. Copies of these regulations have been furnished all headquarters and commands. An ample supply of the authorized figure targets, for all commands of the Guard, was issued from this office on April 13, 1901.

By order of the Commander-in-Chief.

W. H. SEAMANS, Adjutant General.

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS, STATE OF CALIFORNIA,
GENERAL ORDERS, } ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE, SACRAMENTO, CAL., September 14, 1901.
No. 13.

I. Commissions have been issued to the following named officers, National Guard of California, since the date of General Orders No. 11, c. s., A. G. O.:

Third Brigade Staff.

Frank Z. Pirkey, to be Major and Commissary, with rank from August 3, 1901; vice Desborough, resigned.

First Battalion of Artillery.

Frank E. Young, to be First Lieutenant of Battery D, with rank from July 29, 1901; vice Finley, term expired.

Ashley R. Farless, to be Second Lieutenant of Battery D, with rank from July 29, 1901; vice Young, promoted.

First Infantry.

Henry G. Mathewson, to be Captain of Company D, with rank from July 5, 1901; vice White, resigned.

Frank W. Newbert, to be First Lieutenant of Company G, with rank from July 8, 1901; vice Collopy, resigned.

Louis Graham, to be Second Lieutenant of Company G, with rank from July 8, 1901; vice Newbert, promoted.

Second Infantry.

John F. Sherburn, to be Captain of Company E, with rank from June 6, 1901; vice McMartin, resigned.

Loyal C. Moore, to be First Lieutenant of Company E, with rank from June 6, 1901; vice Sherburn, promoted.

Charles M. Mayberry, Jr., to be Second Lieutenant of Company E, with rank from June 6, 1901; vice Moore, promoted.

Fifth Infantry.

Charles H. Holmes, Jr., to be Captain of Company E, with rank from July 15, 1901; vice Haven, commissioned Captain, Fifth Regiment of Infantry.

Sixth Infantry.

Daniel G. Bambauer, to be Captain of Company H, with rank from August 27, 1901; vice Agee, retired.

John R. Graham, to be First Lieutenant of Company H, with rank from May 27, 1897; vice Vandenheuvel, term expired.

Linden A. Hooper, to be Second Lieutenant of Company H, with rank from August 27, 1901; vice Bambauer, promoted.

Seventh Infantry.

J. Irving McKenna, to be First Lieutenant of Company F, with rank from June 10, 1901; vice Wing, resigned.

Benjamin C. Robinson, to be Second Lieutenant of Company F, with rank from June 10, 1901; vice McKenna, promoted.

II. Commissions have been issued to the following named officers, Naval Militia of California, since the date of General Orders No. 11, c. s., A. G. O.:

Thomas B. W. Leland, to be Lieutenant, First Division, with rank from July 23, 1901; vice Morrison, resigned.

Henry P. Smith, to be Lieutenant Junior Grade, Second Division, with rank from July 23, 1901; vice Kammerer, promoted.

Henley C. Booth, to be Lieutenant, Sixth Division, with rank from June 4, 1901; vice Noble, promoted.

Clinton J. Smith, to be Lieutenant Junior Grade, Sixth Division, with rank from June 4, 1901; vice Hunt, resigned.

Owen H. O'Neill, to be Ensign, Sixth Division, with rank from June 4, 1901; vice Booth, promoted.

Fred R. Maulsby, to be Ensign, Sixth Division, with rank from June 4, 1901; vice Smith, promoted.

III. Certificates of re-election have been issued to the following named officers, National Guard of California, since the date of General Orders No. 11, c. s., A. G. O.:

First Battalion of Artillery.

Thomas J. Cunningham, re-elected Captain of Battery D, July 29, 1901, with rank from July 28, 1891.

Cavalry.

S. W. Kay, re-elected Captain of Troop B, July 31, 1901, with rank from June 16, 1899.

O. J. Boden, re-elected First Lieutenant of Troop B, July 31, 1901, with rank from June 16, 1899.

Sixth Infantry.

Richard K. Whitmore, re-elected Major, May 18, 1901, with rank from February 15, 1897.

David W. Morris, re-elected Captain of Company D, July 23, 1901, with rank from September 12, 1896.

IV. Captain W. W. Mead, U. S. N., commanding U. S. S. "Philadelphia," having announced to this department that he will be prepared to take the Naval Militia of California on a practice cruise on or about the 15th of September, the several divisions will assemble for the purpose of the cruise in accordance with orders to be issued by Captain T. A. Nerney, commanding the Naval Militia of the State, who will place himself in communication with Captain Mead and arrange with him the details of the cruise.

The officers and men of the Naval Militia may consider themselves signally fortunate in having the opportunity to make this cruise on board the U. S. S. "Philadelphia" and under the instruction of skillful and experienced officers of the Navy, and should make a special effort to turn out in full force to secure the benefits which will accrue to them from the cruise. (Approved August 20, 1901.)

V. An Act of the Legislature, approved March 23, 1901, having provided that the organizations of the National Guard should conform to similar organizations in the U. S. Army, and General Orders No. 4, c. s. A. G. O., issued in accordance with said Act, having provided that each troop of cavalry should have but one first lieutenant, the following instructions are issued in regard to the assimilation of the first lieutenants thereby made supernumerary:

All first lieutenants will be continued in the service until the expiration of their present commissions. Upon the expiration of the commission of the first lieutenant who was the senior at the date of the passage of the above-mentioned Act, an election will be ordered in the usual manner. Upon the expiration of the commission of the first lieutenant who was the junior, said officer will be honorably discharged, unless in the meantime he may have been recommissioned in another grade or re-elected in place of the senior first lieutenant.

VI. The First Battalion of Artillery, N. G. C., is hereby authorized to carry national and battalion colors, the same to conform to regulations for the U. S. Army, except that in the center stripe of the national color the words "1st Battalion of Artillery, N. G. C." shall be embroidered, and in the battalion color the word "California" will be placed above the crossed cannon and the words "First Battalion of Artillery" below.

The rings heretofore authorized for the pike of the national color of the First Regiment of Infantry, in Paragraph VIII, G. O. No. 3, series of 1900, A. G. O., are hereby authorized to be placed on the pike of the national color of the First Battalion of Artillery, the batteries of said battalion having participated in the service indicated by said rings while attached to said regiment. The five rings authorized will be inscribed as follows: "Spanish-American War, 1898"; "Malate Trenches, July 31 and August 1, 1898"; "Manila, August 13, 1898"; "Filipino Insurrection, February 5 to March 21, 1899"; "Island of Negros, March 23 to July 4, 1899."

VII. The following list of officers of the Naval Militia, National Guard of California, honorably discharged by reason of the reorganization of the Naval Militia of California, as provided for by the Act of the Legislature approved March 23, 1901, is hereby announced:

Captain Nathaniel T. James; date of discharge, May 4, 1901, on account of election and qualification of successor under provisions of said Act.

Lieutenant Commander and Executive Officer Thomas A. Nerney; date of discharge, May 4, 1901, on account of office being abolished by said Act; Lieutenant Commander Nerney elected and qualified as Captain.

Lieutenant and Paymaster Douglas White; date of discharge, July 30, 1901, on account of office being abolished by said Act; Lieutenant White appointed and qualified as Lieutenant Commander and Paymaster.

Lieutenant and Aid Charles R. Alberger; date of discharge, July 31, 1901, on account of office being abolished by said Act; Lieutenant Alberger appointed and qualified as Lieutenant and Passed Assistant Paymaster.

VIII. An Act of the Legislature, approved March 23, 1901, having provided for a segregation of the Naval Militia of California from the National Guard proper, and also provided for a separate organization of the Medical Department of said Naval Militia, the following officers commissioned in the Sanitary Corps, National Guard of California, with naval rank, and assigned to the Naval Militia in General Orders No. 3, series of 1898, A. G. O., being now supernumerary, are hereby honorably discharged:

Lieutenant Junior Grade Joseph G. Morrissey, Assistant Surgeon.

Ensign Benjamin A. Plant, Assistant Surgeon.

IX. The skirmish firing for the year 1901 will be held under the regulations adopted for such firing for 1899 in General Orders No. 12, series of 1899, A. G. O., with the following exceptions:

The firing may be held at any time, in the discretion of regimental commanders, either before or after the completion of the course of practice at rectangular targets.

The regulations will apply to the First Battalion of Artillery as well as the infantry regiments.

The firing regulations for small arms governing the U. S. Army will govern in all cases not fully provided for, the same having superseded "Blunt's."

X. The commanding officers of those companies that will have facilities for practicing in skirmish firing during this year will immediately make requisition direct on this office for one thousand rounds of ball cartridges for use in such firing.

XI. In accordance with Paragraph VI, General Orders No. 11, series of 1900, A. G. O., the names of the following commanding officers whose returns for the month of July, 1901, were not received at these Headquarters within twenty-one days after the close of the month, are hereby announced:

First Lieutenant H. E. Sabine, Signal Corps, First Brigade.

Captain Francis Warren, Company H, First Infantry.

First Lieutenant A. R. Newell, Company B, Sixth Infantry.
 First Lieutenant R. Vandenheuvel, Company H, Sixth Infantry.
 Captain Truman Cole, Company C, Seventh Infantry.
 Captain H. E. Higbey, Company G, Seventh Infantry.
 Captain O. P. Sloat, Company K, Seventh Infantry.
 Ensign John F. Murphy, First Division, Naval Militia of California.
 Lieutenant Carl E. Lindsay, Fourth Division, Naval Militia of California.
 Ensign Henley C. Booth, Sixth Division, Naval Militia of California.
 Lieutenant Frank Van Vleck, Engineer Division, Naval Militia of California.
 By order of the Commander-in-Chief.

W. H. SEAMANS, Adjutant General

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS, STATE OF CALIFORNIA,
 GENERAL ORDERS, } ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE, SACRAMENTO, CAL., September 14, 1901.
 No. 14. }

I. The following proclamation by the Governor is published for the information and guidance of all concerned:

PROCLAMATION.

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT, STATE OF CALIFORNIA, SACRAMENTO.

At this time of a nation's sorrow, the People of the State of California join in the deep grief shared by their fellow-citizens in all the States and Territories of the Union, on account of the sad and untimely death, on this 14th day of September, A. D. 1901, of our grand and good President, William McKinley.

The despicable assassin whose murderous shot deprived America of one of her greatest Presidents, has, by his base act, struck a coward's blow at popular liberty and human rights.

To the list of sacrifices of those whose eminent statesmanship was guided by a devotion to American liberty, and by sincere love for their fellowmen, our Republic now dependently adds to the revered and lamented names of Lincoln and Garfield, her beloved son, the martyred William McKinley.

In public testimony of the sorrow of the People of the State of California, for the loss of their illustrious President and noble citizen, William McKinley, I, as the Chief Executive of the State, do hereby order that the flags be placed and kept at half-mast on all the State buildings for thirty days from this date. I do further order that the day which shall hereafter be selected and set apart for the funeral of President McKinley be and the same is hereby declared to be a public holiday for general prayer and mourning.

In witness whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of this State to be hereunto affixed, this 14th day of September, A. D. 1901.

[SEAL.]

(Signed:) HENRY T. GAGE,
 Governor of the State of California.

Attest: C. F. CURRY, Secretary of State.

II. Commanding officers at the location of the various armories and in command of vessels of the Naval Militia will direct that flags be displayed in accordance therewith.

III. Officers of the National Guard and the Naval Militia will wear the usual badge of mourning for a period of thirty days.

By order of the Commander-in-Chief.

W. H. SEAMANS, Adjutant General.

General Orders No. 15 announced result of target practice for 1900, and is omitted on account of lack of funds for printing.

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS, STATE OF CALIFORNIA,
 GENERAL ORDERS, } ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE, SACRAMENTO, CAL., November 12, 1901.
 No. 16. }

I. Commissions have been issued to the following named officers, National Guard of California, since the date of General Orders No. 13, c. s., A. G. O.:

Second Brigade Staff.

Philip J. Perkins, to be Major and Signal Officer, with rank from April 13, 1900; vice Hanks, resigned.

Richard E. Warfield, to be Captain and Aid-de-Camp, with rank from October 1, 1901; vice Naphtaly, promoted.

Signal Corps.

Joseph J. Blick, to be Captain of Signal Corps, First Brigade, with rank from July 18, 1901; vice Lawrence, retired.

Fifth Infantry.

Edward H. Pearce, to be Second Lieutenant, with rank from August 15, 1901; original, under Act of March 23, 1901.

Jerry W. Claypool, to be First Lieutenant of Company E, with rank from July 15, 1901; vice Holmes, promoted.

George F. Kohler, to be Second Lieutenant of Company E, with rank from July 15, 1901; vice Claypool, promoted.

Sixth Infantry.

Frederick W. Ward, to be Captain, with rank from November 25, 1899; original, recommissioned under Act of March 23, 1901.

William G. Dozier, Jr., to be Captain, with rank from August 9, 1901; original, under Act of March 23, 1901.

Willis Pike, to be Captain, with rank from August 9, 1901; original, under Act of March 23, 1901.

Charles A. Spier, to be First Lieutenant, with rank from August 9, 1901; original, under Act of March 23, 1901.

Henry Kroeckel, to be First Lieutenant and Inspector of Rifle Practice, with rank from October 10, 1901; vice Graham, resigned.

J. Sub. Johnson, to be Second Lieutenant, with rank from August 9, 1901; original, under Act of March 23, 1901.

Francis W. Mixter, to be Captain of Company E, with rank from September 24, 1901; vice Stewart, promoted.

Franklin F. Barton, to be First Lieutenant of Company E, with rank from September 24, 1901; vice Mixter, promoted.

Stephen E. Rice, to be Second Lieutenant of Company E, with rank from September 24, 1901; vice Barton, promoted.

Seventh Infantry.

Frank Willard, to be Second Lieutenant, with rank from June 9, 1901; original, under Act of March 23, 1901.

Lawrence D. Collins, to be First Lieutenant of Company I, with rank from September 23, 1901; vice Jones, term expired.

William E. King, to be Second Lieutenant of Company I, with rank from September 23, 1901; vice Collins, promoted.

II. A commission has been issued to the following named officer, Naval Militia of California, since the date of General Orders No. 13, c. s., A. G. O.:

Attilio H. Giannini, to be Lieutenant and Surgeon, with rank from July 30, 1901; original, under Act of March 23, 1901.

III. Certificates of re-election have been issued to the following named officers, National Guard of California, since the date of General Orders No. 13, c. s., A. G. O.:

Signal Corps.

Horace E. Sabine, re-elected First Lieutenant of Signal Corps, First Brigade, July 18, 1901, with rank from July 8, 1897.

Cavalry.

Archibald C. Freeman, re-elected First Lieutenant of Troop D, October 18, 1901, with rank from January 12, 1900. Re-elected under the provisions of Paragraph V, G. O. No. 13, c. s., A. G. O.; vice White, term expired.

Fifth Infantry.

Joshua B. Dickson, re-elected Captain of Company C, September 13, 1901, with rank from July 7, 1899.

V. J. B. Cheda, re-elected Captain of Company D, July 26, 1901, with rank from June 30, 1899.

Sixth Infantry.

Howard J. Haley, re-elected First Lieutenant of Company G, August 13, 1901, with rank from June 23, 1899.

IV. A certificate of re-election has been issued to the following named officer, Naval Militia of California, since the date of General Orders No. 13, c. s., A. G. O.:

Charles V. Otto, re-elected Lieutenant of Fifth Division, June 27, 1901, with rank from June 15, 1897.

V. It is with deep regret that the Commander-in-Chief announces the death of Colonel Wm. P. Sullivan, Jr., retired, which occurred at San Francisco, November 11, 1901.

His record in the National Guard is as follows: Enlisted in Company H, Third Infantry, Second Brigade, December 2, 1878; appointed First Sergeant January 19, 1880;

(letter of company changed to C, then transferred to First Infantry as Company A, in August 1881); elected First Lieutenant August 29, 1881; re-elected August 29, 1883; appointed Captain and Adjutant First Infantry August 7, 1885; elected Major First Infantry January 11, 1888; elected Colonel First Infantry March 27, 1891; placed on retired list June 3, 1895.

VI. The Commander-in-Chief also regrets to announce the death of the Honorable Elisha W. McKinstry, which occurred at San José, on November 1, 1901. He served as Adjutant General of the State of California from April 30, 1851, to May 2, 1852.

VII. Lieutenant Colonel C. J. Evans, Signal Officer, Division, N. G. C., will, between November 1st and 15th, 1901, make a careful inspection of all signal equipment, telephonic and telegraphic apparatus, in possession of the various commanding officers of the Signal Corps, for the purpose of ascertaining the condition, availability, and adequateness of the same; and is authorized and directed to condemn and destroy all of said property worn out in the service or worthless.

He is also directed to make an inspection of the personnel of each corps, in order to ascertain its efficiency in military signaling and telegraphy, and the extent of the knowledge and degree of proficiency of officers and men as to their technical duties in such work.

Lieutenant Colonel Evans will fix the exact dates for the inspection of each corps, and notify the Brigade Signal Officer of the same. (Approved October 21, 1901.)

VIII. The following assignments of officers of the Naval Militia of California, to the ships loaned to the State by the Navy Department for use as training ships, are hereby made:

1. Captain Thomas A. Nerney, in addition to his duties as commanding officer of the Naval Militia, is assigned to command the U. S. S. "Marion";

Commander George W. Bauer, assigned to the U. S. S. "Marion," to assist the commanding officer;

Lieutenant George E. Kammerer, assigned to the U. S. S. "Marion" as executive officer;

Lieutenant Frank Van Vleck, in addition to his duties as commanding officer of the Engineer Division, assigned to the U. S. S. "Marion" as Chief Engineer;

Lieutenant Charles R. Alberger, Passed Assistant Paymaster, assigned to the U. S. S. "Marion";

Lieutenant Attilio H. Giannini, Surgeon, assigned to the U. S. S. "Marion."

In addition to the above, the following officers are also assigned to the U. S. S. "Marion," and will report, in writing, to the commanding officer, at once:

Lieutenant Thomas S. Harloe, Second Division;

Lieutenant Thomas B. W. Leland, First Division;

Lieutenant Junior Grade Henry C. Peterson, First Division;

Lieutenant Junior Grade Henry P. Smith, Second Division;

Ensign William Speck, Engineer Division;

Ensign John F. Murphy, First Division;

Ensign John M. Corcoran, Second Division.

2. Lieutenant Roscoe Howard, in addition to his duties as commanding officer of the Third Division, is assigned to command the U. S. S. "Pinta";

Lieutenant Junior Grade Frank L. Sargent, Third Division, assigned to the U. S. S. "Pinta" as executive officer;

Ensigns Joseph P. Sexton and Donald M. Stewart, Third Division, are assigned to the U. S. S. "Pinta," and will report to the commanding officer, in writing, at once.

3. In future, all assignments of officers to duty on board ship will be made from these Headquarters.

4. Warrant officers, pay clerks, chief petty officers, and petty officers will be assigned by the commanding officer of the Naval Militia.

IX. In accordance with Paragraph VI, General Orders No. 11, series of 1900, A. G. O., the names of the following commanding officers whose returns or demands were not received at these Headquarters within twenty-one days after the expiration of the time for which the same were made, are announced:

Monthly Returns for August.

First Lieutenant H. E. Sabine, Signal Corps, First Brigade.

Captain B. B. Sturdivant, Company B, First Infantry.

Captain Francis Warren, Company H, First Infantry.

Captain W. H. Curson, Company F, Second Infantry.

First Lieutenant John R. Tyrrell, Company I, Second Infantry.

First Lieutenant A. R. Newell, Company B, Sixth Infantry.

Captain D. W. Morris, Company D, Sixth Infantry.

Captain George R. Andrews, Company F, Sixth Infantry.

First Lieutenant R. Vandenheuevel, Company H, Sixth Infantry.

Captain A. W. Bradbury, Company A, Seventh Infantry.

Ensign John F. Murphy, First Division, Naval Militia of California.

Lieutenant Roscoe Howard, Third Division, Naval Militia of California.

Lieutenant Carl E. Lindsay, Fourth Division, Naval Militia of California.

Lieutenant Frank Van Vleck, Engineer Division, Naval Militia of California.

Monthly Returns for September.

First Lieutenant L. F. Guedet, Company H, First Infantry.
 First Lieutenant John R. Tyrrell, Company I, Second Infantry.
 Captain D. W. Morris, Company D, Sixth Infantry.

Returns of Property for Quarter ending September 30, 1901.

First Lieutenant H. E. Sabine, Signal Corps, First Brigade.
 First Lieutenant L. F. Guedet, Company H, First Infantry.
 First Lieutenant John R. Tyrrell, Company I, Second Infantry.
 Captain D. W. Morris, Company D, Sixth Infantry.

Demands for Quarter ending September 30, 1901.

First Lieutenant H. E. Sabine, Signal Corps, First Brigade.
 First Lieutenant L. F. Guedet, Company H, First Infantry.
 First Lieutenant John R. Tyrrell, Company I, Second Infantry.
 Captain D. W. Morris, Company D, Sixth Infantry.

Owing to the fact that the Naval Militia was on a cruise in the U. S. S. "Philadelphia" at the time that monthly returns for September, and quarterly returns and demands for the quarter ending September 30, 1901, should have been prepared, the names of those officers of the Naval Militia delinquent with said returns and demands are omitted.

The above lists show much improvement, but there is no reason why *all* returns should not be in these Headquarters at the proper time, unless delay is occasioned by some unusual circumstance.

Attention is called to the fact that the names of no officers of the Cavalry, First Battalion of Artillery, or the Fifth Regiment of Infantry appear in above lists; this record should be emulated by all other organizations.

By order of the Commander-in-Chief.

W. H. SEAMANS, Adjutant General.

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS, STATE OF CALIFORNIA,

GENERAL ORDERS, } ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE, SACRAMENTO, CAL., November 13, 1901.
 No. 17. }

I. The sum of \$10,000.00 is available for the purchase of uniforms and quartermaster's stores during the current two years, and in order that the fund may be expended in the purchase of the most necessary articles for the National Guard and Naval Militia, each company, division, and detachment commander will forward to the Uniform Board, through regular channels, on or before January 1, 1902, a statement showing the number of hats, caps, leggings, trousers, blouses, and overcoats now on hand and serviceable, and a requisition for such of these articles as will be needed to complete the equipment of his command. The commanding officer of the division, and each brigade, regimental, and battalion commander will make a like statement and requisition as to the needs of the enlisted men attached to their respective headquarters. These requisitions will be approved or disapproved by intermediate commanding officers, who will carefully examine the same and satisfy themselves that the articles for which requisition is made are absolutely needed.

II. The following are the sizes and measurements of the various articles of clothing issued by the Quartermaster's Department:

FOR THE NATIONAL GUARD.

Blouses.

Sizes.	Length of Blouse.	Length of Sleeves.	Width at Hand.	Size of Neck.	Width of Collar.	Width of Back.	Size of Armhole.	Size of Breast.	Size of Waist.
	Inches.	Inches.	Inches.	Inches.	Inches.	Inches.	Inches.	Inches.	Inches.
0.....	27	31½	12	16	1¾	6¾	15½	32	29
1.....	27	31	12	16	1¾	7	16	34	31
2.....	27½	31½	12	16½	1¾	7½	17	35	32
3.....	28	32½	12	17	1¾	7¾	18	36	33
4.....	28½	32½	12	17	1¾	7¾	18	37	34
5.....	29	33	12	18	1¾	8	19	38	35
6.....	30	33½	12½	19	1¾	8	19	39	36
7.....	30¼	34	12½	19	1¾	8	20	40	38
8.....	30½	34½	13	19½	1¾	8¼	21	42	40
9.....	31	34	13	19½	1¾	8½	22	44	40

FOR THE NATIONAL GUARD—*Continued.**Trousers, Foot and Mounted.*

Sizes.	Waist.	Seat.	Crotch.	Outside Seam.	Inside Seam.	Knee.	Bottom.
	Inches.	Inches.	Inches.	Inches.	Inches.	Inches.	Inches.
1	31	36	23	41	31	17½	19
2	32	36	23	40	30	17½	19
3	32	37	23	43	33	17¾	19¼
4	32	38	24	42	32	18	19¾
5	33	38	24	41¼	31	18¼	19¾
6	33	39	24	44½	34	18¼	19¾
7	34	39	25	42½	32	18½	20¼
8	34	40	25½	45½	35	18½	20¼
9	36	41	26	42¾	32	19	20½
10	36	41	26	44	33	19	20½
11	38	43	26	45	34	19½	21
12	40	44	26½	44¼	33	19½	21

Overcoats.

Sizes.	Length of Coat.	Length of Cape.	Breast Measure.	Waist Measure.	Length of Sleeve.	Length of Collar.
	Inches.	Inches.	Inches.	Inches.	Inches.	Inches.
1	44½	24½	36	34	32½	17
2	45	25½	38	36	33	17½
3	46	26½	41	39	33½	18½
4	47	27½	44	42	34	19½
5	48	28½	45	44	34½	20
6	49	29	46	46	35	20½

Campaign Hats and Caps.

Sizes.	1	2	3	4	5	6
Corresponding trade size.....	6¾	6⅞	7	7⅞	7¼	7⅝
Circumference of head .....ins.	20⅞	21¼	21⅝	22	22⅝	22¾

Canvas Leggings.

To be made in three sizes, and numbered 1, 2, and 3, and to be of the following measurements when finished:

	No. 1.	No. 2.	No. 3.
	Inches.	Inches.	Inches.
Height at edge of front piece.....	14½	15½	16½
Width at top around calf, outside.....	15⅞	15¼	16
Width around ankle, outside.....	11⅜	11¾	12¼
Width around bottom, outside.....	15⅞	16¼	16¾

FOR THE NAVAL MILITIA.

Cloth Trousers.

Sizes.	Waist.	Inseam.	Bottom.	Knee.	Seat.
	Inches.	Inches.	Inches.	Inches.	Inches.
1.....	35	33	24	23	42
2.....	33	33	24	23	40
3.....	34	32	23½	23	40
4.....	32	32	23½	22½	39
5.....	33	31	23¼	22½	39
6.....	32	31	23	22	38
7.....	31	30	23	22	38
8.....	30	30	22½	21½	37
9.....	31	29	22	21½	36
10.....	29	29	22	21½	36

Blue Overshirts.

Sizes.	Chest.	Sleeve.	Length of Garment.
	Inches.	Inches.	Inches.
1.....	48	34	33½
2.....	46	33½	33
3.....	44	32½	32
4.....	42	31½	31
5.....	40	30½	30
6.....	39	30	29½

Overcoats.

Sizes.	Breast.	Sleeve.	Length of Garment.
	Inches.	Inches.	Inches.
6.....	44	33	37
5.....	42	32½	36¼
4.....	40	32	35½
3.....	38	31	35
2.....	36	31	34½
1.....	34	30½	34

Hats and Caps.

Hats and caps will be ordered by regular trade sizes.

III. Articles of uniform, clothing, equipage, arms, or equipment exceeding in value a total amount of twenty-five dollars will not be purchased by commanding officers from State funds, in any one quarter, without the approval of the Quartermaster General or the Chief of Ordnance.

By order of the Commander-in-Chief.

W. H. SEAMANS, Adjutant General.

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS, STATE OF CALIFORNIA,
GENERAL ORDERS, } ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE, SACRAMENTO, CAL., December 23, 1901.
No. 18. }

I. Before a general court-martial which convened at Stockton, Cal., pursuant to Special Orders No. 8, Headquarters Third Brigade, N. G. C., on October 1, 1901, of which Colonel H. I. Seymour, Second Infantry, N. G. C., was president, and Major W. D. Crichton, Third Brigade Staff, N. G. C., was judge advocate, was arraigned and tried CAPTAIN WILLIAM BRUCE, Company B, Sixth Regiment of Infantry, N. G. C.

Charge I—"Conduct to the prejudice of good order and military discipline."
Specification 1—"In this, that Captain William Bruce, Sixth Regiment of Infantry, National Guard of California, issued to Ralph P. Lane, of Stockton, California, a check

for \$150.00 on the Farmers and Merchants' Bank of Stockton, in payment of armory rent due to Ralph P. Lane, Captain William Bruce knowing at the time of issuing this check that he had no money on deposit with the Farmers and Merchants' Bank, and also knowing that he had no account with said bank. This in the City of Stockton, County of San Joaquin, State of California, on November 16, 1900."

Specification 2—"In this, that Captain William Bruce, Sixth Regiment of Infantry, National Guard of California, did dishonorably fail to pay to Jackson & Earl, a firm of merchants in Stockton, California, a just and legal debt for articles of merchandise furnished his command and in which the said Captain William Bruce was frequently appealed to for payment. The said Captain William Bruce having had sufficient money furnished him by the State of California to make said payment. This in the City of Stockton, County of San Joaquin, State of California, on or about the 10th day of January, 1901."

Specification 3—"In this, that Captain William Bruce, Company B, Sixth Regiment of Infantry, National Guard of California, having under the law of the State of California in his official capacity had in his trust public State money to the amount of fourteen hundred and twenty-one dollars and thirty-eight cents (\$1,421.38), more or less, for disbursement in the support of his the said company, did violate said trust by failing to apply said money according to the requirements of said trust, or account for the same as required by law and regulations. This at or near the City of Stockton, County of San Joaquin, State of California, between September 30, 1899, and August 30, 1901."

Charge II—"Making false returns in violation of the 8th Article of War."

Specification—"In this, that Captain William Bruce, Company B, Sixth Regiment of Infantry, National Guard of California, did make and certify to a return relating to his money accounts with the State of California, showing that he, the said Captain William Bruce, had in his possession or deposited with the San Joaquin Valley Bank of Stockton, California, the sum of thirteen hundred and twenty-three dollars and thirty-three cents (\$1,323.33), for which he was accountable to the State of California, said return being false and the said Captain William Bruce knowing at the time he made the return that said return was false. This in the City of Stockton, County of San Joaquin, State of California, on or about July 13, 1900."

PLEA.—To which charges and specifications the accused, Captain William Bruce, Company B, Sixth Regiment of Infantry, N. G. C., pleaded as follows:

Charge I.

To Specification 1, "Not guilty."

To Specification 2, "Not guilty."

To Specification 3, "Not guilty."

To the Charge, "Not guilty."

Charge II.

To the Specification, "Not guilty."

To the Charge, "Not guilty."

FINDING.—The court finds the accused, Captain William Bruce, Company B, Sixth Regiment of Infantry, as follows:

Charge I.

Of Specification 1, "Not guilty."

Of Specification 2, "Not guilty."

Of Specification 3, "Guilty."

Of the Charge, "Guilty."

Charge II.

Of the Specification, "Guilty."

Of the Charge, "Guilty."

SENTENCE.—The court does therefore sentence him, the said Captain William Bruce, "To be dismissed from the military service of the State of California."

II. The proceedings, finding, and sentence of the general court-martial in the foregoing case of Captain William Bruce, Company B, Sixth Regiment of Infantry, N. G. C., having been approved by Brigadier General M. W. Muller, commanding Third Brigade, N. G. C., the reviewing authority, and the record forwarded for the action of the Governor of the State of California, the following are his orders thereon:

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT, STATE OF CALIFORNIA, }
SACRAMENTO, December 23, 1901. }

The sentence in the foregoing case of Captain William Bruce, Company B, Sixth Infantry, "to be dismissed from the military service of the State of California," is confirmed and will be duly executed.

HENRY T. GAGE,
Governor of the State of California.

III. In accordance with the foregoing Executive order, the sentence in the foregoing case of Captain William Bruce, Company B, Sixth Regiment of Infantry, N. G. C., will take effect January 4, 1902, from which date Captain Bruce will cease to be an officer of the National Guard of California.

By order of the Commander-in-Chief.

W. H. SEAMANS, Adjutant General.

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS, STATE OF CALIFORNIA,
 GENERAL ORDERS, } ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE, SACRAMENTO, CAL., December 31, 1901.
 No. 19. }

I. Commissions have been issued to the following named officers, National Guard of California, since the date of General Orders No. 16, c. s., A. G. O.:

Signal Corps.

Emmet R. Jones, to be First Lieutenant of Signal Corps, Second Brigade, with rank from October 31, 1901; vice Seymer, resigned.

First Infantry.

William B. Corcoran, to be First Lieutenant of Company C, with rank from October 14, 1901; vice Mathewson, promoted.

Henry Stolzenwald, to be Second Lieutenant of Company C, with rank from October 14, 1901; vice Corcoran, promoted.

Francis J. Driscoll, to be Second Lieutenant of Company H, with rank from October 16, 1901; vice O'Brien, promoted.

II. Certificates of re-election have been issued to the following named officers, National Guard of California, since the date of General Orders No. 16, c. s., A. G. O.:

Second Infantry.

Charles A. Swisler, re-elected Captain of Company H, October 26, 1901, with rank from October 16, 1899.

Fifth Infantry.

Curtis C. Covalt, re-elected First Lieutenant of Company F, October 21, 1901, with rank from September 25, 1899.

Seventh Infantry.

Truman Cole, re-elected Captain of Company C, October 16, 1901, with rank from June 21, 1899.

III. In accordance with Paragraph VI, General Orders No. 11, series of 1900, A. G. O., the names of the following commanding officers whose returns were not received at these Headquarters within twenty-one days after the expiration of the time for which the same were made, are announced:

Monthly Returns for October.

First Lieutenant L. F. Guedet, Company H, First Infantry.

Captain H. E. Higbey, Company G, Seventh Infantry.

Captain George H. Magill, Company H, Seventh Infantry.

Captain O. P. Sloat, Company K, Seventh Infantry.

Lieutenant T. B. W. Leland, First Division, Naval Militia of California.

Lieutenant Thomas S. Harloe, Second Division, Naval Militia of California.

Lieutenant Roscoe Howard, Third Division, Naval Militia of California.

Lieutenant Carl E. Lindsay, Fourth Division, Naval Militia of California.

Lieutenant H. C. Booth, Sixth Division, Naval Militia of California.

Lieutenant Frank Van Vleck, Engineer Division, Naval Militia of California.

Monthly Returns for November.

Captain D. G. Bambauer, Company H, Sixth Infantry.

Captain Truman Cole, Company C, Seventh Infantry.

Captain O. P. Sloat, Company K, Seventh Infantry.

Captain H. E. Mitchell, Company M, Seventh Infantry.

Lieutenant T. B. W. Leland, First Division, Naval Militia of California.

Lieutenant H. C. Booth, Sixth Division, Naval Militia of California.

Lieutenant Frank Van Vleck, Engineer Division, Naval Militia of California.

IV. The attention of officers making demands and submitting accounts is again called to the necessity of care in their preparation, particular attention being called to Paragraph IX, General Orders No. 2, and Paragraph IX, General Orders No. 3, series of 1900, A. G. O.

All "accounts current" should show the dates of all receipts and disbursements, the quarter for which an allowance is received, or the source of other receipts, to whom and on what account disbursements are made, giving as much of the data shown in the vouchers as is possible. If desired, a statement of expenditures may be made on the typewriter, and attached to the printed form of "account current"; but in all cases all balances and totals will be entered on the prescribed blank, and the certificate duly filled out.

V. Attention is called to the fact that many officers of the National Guard, responsible for property, have failed to report the result of an inventory of the property in their charge, taken immediately on return from the camp at Santa Cruz in June last. Said inventory was directed to be made in a letter from this office under date of June 29, 1901, and the data contained in the inventories is necessary in tracing property lost at camp. All officers who have not forwarded such inventories will do so immediately.

VI. Officers responsible for property applying for leave of absence will comply with Paragraph X, General Orders No. 10, series of 1900, A. G. O., and Paragraph 49, Rules and Regulations, as amended in General Orders No. 4, c. s., A. G. O.

VII. That portion of General Orders No. 15, c. s., A. G. O., which states that medal No. 4660 is awarded to Private J. B. Blair, Company H, Second Infantry, N. G. C., for target practice for the year 1900, is rescinded; the same being an error, as said Blair only qualified as "marksman," and is therefore not entitled to the State decoration.

VIII. Attention of commanding officers and inspectors of rifle practice is called to the necessity for care and promptness in preparing and forwarding reports of target practice for the season just closed. Reports will *only be made* on the blanks provided for this year's practice, as referred to in Paragraph VIII, General Orders No. 10, c. s., A. G. O.

The reports for the practice of the year 1900 did not reach this office until seven months after the close of the target-practice season, and many complaints were received as to the delay in the awarding of State decorations, which was caused by carelessness and delay in preparing and forwarding reports by commanding officers and inspectors of rifle practice.

IX. The Attorney General, in an opinion dated November 11, 1901, has held that the cost of securing the bond required by law to be given by a company commander can not be paid out of the funds of the company appropriated for its use by the State. In accordance with said opinion no expenditures by company commanders for the purpose of procuring such bonds will be approved hereafter.

By order of the Commander-in-Chief.

W. H. SEAMANS, Adjutant General.

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS, STATE OF CALIFORNIA,
GENERAL ORDERS, { ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE, SACRAMENTO, CAL., January 3, 1902.
No. 1. }

It is with profound sorrow that the Commander-in-Chief announces the death of Brigadier General W. H. Seamans, Adjutant General of the State of California, which occurred at Washington, D. C., on Friday, January 3, 1902.

William Henry Seamans was born in Harford, Susquehanna County, Pennsylvania, September 14, 1834. He removed to Boston, Massachusetts, in 1852, and in 1856 came to California. He returned to Massachusetts at the outbreak of the Civil War, and entered the military service of the United States at Boston, October, 1861, under authority from Major General Benjamin F. Butler, to raise the tenth company for his "Eastern Bay State" (30th Massachusetts) Regiment of Volunteer Infantry, forming part of the New England Division in the expedition against New Orleans. Commissioned First Lieutenant, Company K, 30th Massachusetts Volunteer Infantry, February 20, 1862, was present at Ship Island at the capture of Fort Jackson, and at St. Philip, New Orleans, Vicksburg, and Baton Rouge. Resigned August 1, 1862, because of physical disability, resulting from exposure in line of duty in malarial swamps of Louisiana. Recommissioned Captain Company G, 41st Massachusetts Volunteer Infantry (afterwards changed to 3d Massachusetts Cavalry) November 1, 1862, and ordered to command of camp at Boxford, Massachusetts; attached to Division Staff of General Cuvier Grover, 19th Army Corps, December 17, 1862, and assigned to duty as provost marshal at Baton Rouge. At the conclusion of his heroic services in the campaign and the battles of Baton Rouge, Port Hudson, and Bayou La Fourche, he again had to resign on account of physical disability July 23, 1863.

On April 19, 1870, he received through the Governor of Massachusetts a testimonial of the people's gratitude for his patriotism.

He became a member of the Grand Army of the Republic in 1868, holding the office of Post Commander four times. Joined the Massachusetts Commandery, Military Order of Loyal Legion of the United States, January 6, 1875, and was transferred to the California Commandery on February 11, 1878, having again come to California after the close of the Civil War. He was Commander-in-Chief of the Army and Navy Republican League of California at the time of his death.

He has filled many positions of honor and trust under the Federal and State Governments.

He was appointed Adjutant General and ex officio Chief of Staff, Quartermaster General, Commissary General, Inspector General, and Chief of Ordnance of the State of California on June 1, 1899, and under his able administration of the Adjutant General's office the re-organization and re-equipment of the National Guard was completed upon the muster-out of the same from the United States service in the Spanish-American War.

He died while absent from the State at the National Capital in the discharge of the duties of his office.

General Seamans was a noble gentleman, a gallant soldier, and delightful companion. His death is deeply mourned by all who knew him, and heartfelt sympathy is tendered to his grief-stricken widow and daughter.

The flag will be placed at half-staff on all armories of the National Guard, and at half-mast on vessels of the Naval Militia, until after the funeral, and the usual badges of mourning will be worn for thirty days.

By order of the Commander-in-Chief.

N. S. BANGHAM, Assistant Adjutant General.

GENERAL ORDERS, }
No. 2. }

STATE OF CALIFORNIA, ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE,
SACRAMENTO, March 15, 1902.

I. Commissions have been issued to the following named officers, National Guard of California, since the date of General Orders No. 19, series of 1901, A. G. O.:

Staff of Commander-in-Chief.

George Stone, to be Brigadier General and Adjutant General of the State of California, with rank from January 13, 1902; vice Seamans, deceased.

Division Staff.

Charles James Evans, to be Colonel and Assistant Adjutant General, Division Staff, with rank from March 6, 1902; vice Miles, retired.

Cavalry.

Charles J. Fulle, to be Captain of Troop C, with rank from January 20, 1902; vice Burke, resigned.

First Infantry.

Martin H. Wilkins, to be First Lieutenant and Inspector of Rifle Practice, with rank from July 1, 1901; vice Tobin, promoted.

Herbert D. Walter, to be Second Lieutenant, with rank from January 22, 1902; vice Wilkins, promoted.

Walter N. Kelly, to be First Lieutenant of Company B, with rank from November 18, 1901; vice Ramm, resigned.

John O'Keefe, to be Second Lieutenant of Company B, with rank from November 18, 1901; vice Kelly, promoted.

Reginald H. Kelley, to be First Lieutenant of Company D, with rank from November 29, 1901; vice Stephens, resigned.

Second Infantry.

James E. M. Taylor, to be Captain, with rank from December 4, 1901; original, under Act of March 23, 1901.

Benedict A. Bost, to be Captain of Company C, with rank from October 28, 1901; vice Simonds, promoted.

John P. Kilroy, to be First Lieutenant of Company C, with rank from October 28, 1901; vice Bost, promoted.

Fifth Infantry.

Leonard M. Farrell, to be Second Lieutenant of Company B, with rank from December 9, 1901; vice Marckres, resigned.

George B. Rodd, to be Second Lieutenant of Company C, with rank from January 6, 1902; vice Kenneally, resigned.

Eugene W. Smith, to be First Lieutenant of Company D, with rank from November 8, 1901; vice Barrow, resigned.

Joseph K. Hawkins, to be Second Lieutenant of Company D, with rank from November 8, 1901; vice Smith, promoted.

Curtis C. Covalt, to be Captain of Company F, with rank from January 6, 1902; vice Bennett, resigned.

George W. Nickerson, to be First Lieutenant of Company F, with rank from January 6, 1902; vice Covalt, promoted.

William E. Hinds, to be First Lieutenant of Company G, with rank from November 14, 1901; vice Harvey, resigned.

John R. Hunter, to be First Lieutenant of Company I, with rank from November 14, 1901; vice Summers, resigned.

Joseph O. McKown, to be Second Lieutenant of Company I, with rank from November 14, 1901; vice Hunter, promoted.

Sixth Infantry.

Asa R. Newell, to be Captain of Company B, with rank from February 3, 1902; vice Bruce, dismissed from the service.

Charles M. Hamrick, to be First Lieutenant of Company E, with rank from February 11, 1902; vice Barton, resigned.

Ira E. Wilson, to be Captain of Company F, with rank from December 5, 1901; vice Andrews, term expired.

Claud T. Spivy, to be First Lieutenant of Company F, with rank from December 5, 1901; vice Wilson, promoted.

Seventh Infantry.

Frank C. Prescott, Jr., to be Captain, with rank from March 3, 1902; vice McKeeby, resigned.

August C. F. Dee, to be Second Lieutenant of Company C, with rank from September 11, 1901; vice Brown, resigned.

Herman Stern, to be Second Lieutenant of Company E, with rank from November 25, 1901; vice Johnson, promoted.

II. Commissions have been issued to the following named officers, Naval Militia of California, since the date of General Orders No. 19, series of 1901, A. G. O.:

Charles C. Falk, to be Lieutenant Junior Grade and Assistant Surgeon, with rank from June 20, 1901; original, under Act of March 2, 1901.

Alfred John Murrieta, to be Lieutenant Junior Grade and Assistant Surgeon, with rank from September 6, 1901; original, under Act of March 23, 1901.

Frank W. Simpson, to be Ensign, First Division, with rank from January 21, 1902; vice Smith, resigned.

Joseph J. Prophy, to be Ensign, Second Division, with rank from January 14, 1902; vice Kelly, resigned.

III. Certificates of re-election have been issued to the following named officers, National Guard of California, since the date of General Orders No. 19, series of 1901, A. G. O.:

Second Infantry.

William H. White, re-elected First Lieutenant of Company A, January 15, 1902, with rank from January 20, 1900.

Joseph L. Garthaffner, re-elected Second Lieutenant of Company A, January 15, 1902, with rank from January 20, 1900.

George H. Voss, re-elected Captain of Company D, November 25, 1901, with rank from April 27, 1896.

Seventh Infantry.

Philip A. Collins, re-elected Captain of Company I, January 20, 1902, with rank from October 25, 1899.

IV. A certificate of re-election has been issued to the following named officer, Naval Militia of California, since the date of General Orders No. 19, series of 1901, A. G. O.:

Thomas S. Harloe, re-elected Lieutenant of Second Division, January 14, 1902, with rank from October 17, 1899.

V. Commissions have been issued to the following named officers of the University Cadets, all with rank from February 7, 1902:

To be Captains: John Markley, Jr., Shirley C. Walker, Calvin O. Esterly.

To be First Lieutenants: Philip T. Clay, Clarence C. Dakin, Harry A. Holzer.

VI. It is with deep regret that the Commander-in-Chief announces the death of Captain William C. Little, retired, which occurred at Oakland, California, January 15, 1902; and also of Captain Charles W. Agee, retired, which occurred at Albany, Missouri, February 9, 1902.

Captain William C. Little served the State long and faithfully as follows: Enlisted in the City Guard (Independent), September 18, 1856; (mustered into California State Militia, March 11, 1858); elected Second Lieutenant, March 11, 1858; re-elected, April 24, 1860; appointed Major and Aid-de-Camp, First Division, May 29, 1860; reappointed, 1861; appointed Adjutant, First Infantry, 1862; elected Captain, Company B, First Infantry, August 8, 1862; elected Major, First Infantry, October 5, 1866; elected Lieutenant Colonel, First Infantry, March 14, 1868; resigned, 1868; elected Captain, Oakland Guard, 1868; resigned, 1869; elected Captain, Oakland Light Cavalry, July —, 1877; (mustered into National Guard of California, September 23, 1878); and commissioned Captain, September 23, 1878. Placed on the Retired List, March 2, 1882.

Captain Charles W. Agee enlisted in Company H, Sixth Infantry, N. G. C., on May 6, 1899, and was commissioned Captain, with rank from November 11, 1899. He was placed on the Retired List, by reason of disability incurred in the service, on July 16, 1901.

VII. Commanding officers of the National Guard will not make returns of property for the quarter ending March 31, 1902, until new blanks for ordnance property and quartermaster's supplies, now in course of preparation, are furnished them for that purpose from this office. Great care will be exercised in the preparation of the first return on the new blanks, which conform as nearly as possible to those in use in the U. S. Army.

Property not now returned, and for which headings have been provided on the new blanks, will be taken up and accounted for on the proper line, the return to be accompanied by a certificate of the officer, stating from what source the same was received.

In the case of property that has been invoiced to officers by the Chief of Ordnance or the Quartermaster General, that is expendable, and a portion of which has already been expended or used up in service without being accounted for in returns or covered by certificates of expenditure, the original amount issued will be taken up, and the expenditure shown on this return, accompanied by proper certificate, even though the expenditure may have been made in a previous quarter.

VIII. In accordance with Paragraph VI, General Orders No. 11, series of 1900, A. G. O., the names of the following commanding officers whose returns or demands were not received at these Headquarters within twenty-one days after the expiration of the time for which the same were made, are announced:

Monthly Returns for December, 1901.

NATIONAL GUARD.

Captain J. D. Fredericks, Troop D, Cavalry.
 Captain J. J. Blick, Signal Corps, First Brigade.
 Captain Lucien Beer, Company G, Sixth Infantry.
 Captain H. E. Mitchell, Company M, Seventh Infantry.

NAVAL MILITIA.

Lieutenant T. B. W. Leland, First Division.
 Lieutenant Frank Van Vleck, Engineer Division.

Monthly Returns for January, 1902.

NATIONAL GUARD.

Captain J. J. Blick, Signal Corps, First Brigade.
 Captain Truman Cole, Company C, Seventh Infantry.
 Captain H. E. Mitchell, Company M, Seventh Infantry.

NAVAL MILITIA.

Lieutenant T. B. W. Leland, First Division.
 Lieutenant Roscoe Howard, Third Division.
 Lieutenant H. C. Booth, Sixth Division.
 Lieutenant Frank Van Vleck, Engineer Division.

Returns of Property for Quarter ending December 31, 1901.

NATIONAL GUARD.

First Lieutenant F. L. Martin, Signal Corps, Third Brigade.
 First Lieutenant John R. Tyrrell, Company I, Second Infantry.
 Captain Lucien Beer, Company G, Sixth Infantry.
 Captain Truman Cole, Company C, Seventh Infantry.

NAVAL MILITIA.

Lieutenant Carl E. Lindsay, Fourth Division.

Demands for Quarter ending December 31, 1901.

NATIONAL GUARD.

Captain J. J. Blick, Signal Corps, First Brigade.
 First Lieutenant F. L. Martin, Signal Corps, Third Brigade.
 First Lieutenant John R. Tyrrell, Company I, Second Infantry.
 Captain Lucien Beer, Company G, Sixth Infantry.
 Captain Truman Cole, Company C, Seventh Infantry.

The names of the commanding officers of a number of organizations whose returns did not reach this office within the proper time are omitted from the above lists, for the reason that the papers seem to have been forwarded by them in time to have been received within the time specified, but were delayed in transmission.

By order of the Commander-in-Chief.

GEORGE STONE, Adjutant General.

STATE OF CALIFORNIA, ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE,
SACRAMENTO, March 17, 1902.

GENERAL ORDERS, {
No. 3.

I. The annual inspection and muster of the National Guard and Naval Militia of California will be held between April 15th and July 1st. The inspection will be made by Brigade Inspectors and officers detailed from these Headquarters. Brigade commanders will arrange details and designate dates for inspection and muster of their respective brigades, and forward copies of all orders relating thereto direct to the Inspector General for his information.

II. The commanding officer of the Naval Militia will fix the dates for the inspection and muster of the headquarters and several divisions of his command.

III. Infantry, Artillery, Cavalry, and Signal Corps organizations will be paraded in light marching order, but with cap and without leggings. The dress and equipment of the Naval Militia will be as ordered by the commanding officer thereof.

IV. The field and staff of the several regiments of infantry will be inspected and mustered at regimental headquarters on a date designated for the inspection and muster of one or more companies of their respective regiments.

Transportation, only, will be allowed for regimental field and staff from their homes to place of muster.

V. The inspecting officers acting under the provisions of this order, are hereby authorized and directed to condemn and destroy any and all State property found to be worn out in service.

Boards of survey will be announced from these Headquarters in due time, for action upon the loss of State and United States Government property, or damage to same caused by other than ordinary wear, and to determine the responsibility for such loss or damage.

VI. Inspecting officers are hereby advised that the Commander-in-Chief requires a thorough performance of the duty assigned them herewith. Commanding officers will exercise unusual care in the preparation of the muster rolls of their commands.

By order of the Commander-in-Chief.

GEORGE STONE, Adjutant General.

STATE OF CALIFORNIA, ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE,
SACRAMENTO, April 19, 1902.

GENERAL ORDERS, {
No. 4.

I. Commissions have been issued to the following named officers, National Guard of California, since the date of General Orders No. 2, c. s., A. G. O.:

Division Staff.

George H. Bower, to be Lieutenant Colonel and Signal Officer, with rank from March 13, 1902; vice Evans, promoted.

First Battalion of Artillery.

Francis V. Keesling, to be First Lieutenant of Battery D, with rank from March 10, 1902; vice Young, resigned.

First Infantry.

Willis L. Gott, to be Second Lieutenant of Company D, with rank from February 7, 1902; vice Whitlow, resigned.

Thomas William Costello, to be Captain of Company H, with rank from March 19, 1902; vice Warren, resigned.

Fifth Infantry.

Leonard Moreno, to be Second Lieutenant of Company F, with rank from January 6, 1902; vice Nickerson, promoted.

Sixth Infantry.

Charles F. Walden, to be First Lieutenant of Company B, with rank from February 3, 1902; vice Newell, promoted.

Roy K. Edwards, to be Second Lieutenant of Company B, with rank from February 3, 1902; vice Walden, promoted.

William E. Carrico, to be Second Lieutenant of Company F, with rank from March 13, 1902; vice Spivy, promoted.

II. Certificates of re-election have been issued to the following named officers, National Guard of California, since the date of General Orders No. 2, c. s., A. G. O.:

Cavalry.

Charles Jansen, re-elected Captain of Troop A, February 19, 1902, with rank from February 21, 1900.

John D. Fredericks, re-elected Captain of Troop D, January 10, 1902, with rank from October 27, 1899.

Sixth Infantry.

Paul M. Norboe, re-elected Captain of Company I, March 19, 1902, with rank from March 14, 1900.

William Van Buckner, re-elected First Lieutenant of Company I, March 19, 1902, with rank from March 14, 1900.

Benoni B. McGinnis, re-elected Second Lieutenant of Company I, March 19, 1902, with rank from March 14, 1900.

III. Upon the request of the Brigade Commander, that portion of Paragraph I, G. O. No. 3, c. s., A. G. O., is hereby amended in so far as to allow the inspection and muster of the Third Brigade to be held between April 5th and July 1st. (Approved March 26, 1902.)

IV. Upon the request of Captain Thomas A. Nerney, Commanding Officer, Naval Militia of California, Lieutenant George E. Kammerer is hereby relieved from further duty on board the U. S. S. "Marion," and as Executive Officer thereof. Lieutenant George E. Kammerer is hereby detailed as Ordnance Officer of the Naval Militia, and he will report to the Commanding Officer thereof for such duty. (Approved April 11, 1902.)

V. Under the provisions of Section 2022, Political Code, the Sixth Regiment of Infantry, N. G. C., will assemble for discipline and drill at Merced, Cal., on May 15, 1902, for a period of not less than seven days, exclusive of the time necessary for transportation.

Owing to the limited appropriation for encampment purposes, the full allowances as provided in Section 2022 can not be paid; and, therefore, a fixed amount will be allotted from the appropriation, to be designated in future instructions, and the expenses for this encampment will be approved and paid to the amount of said allotment only.

Per diem will not be allowed or paid from the State appropriation to officers, enlisted men, or musicians.

The Quartermaster General will issue the necessary transportation orders to the regimental commander. (Approved April 11, 1902.)

VI. Under the provisions of Section 2022, Political Code, the Fifth Regiment of Infantry, N. G. C., will assemble for discipline and drill at Ukiah, Cal., on June 21, 1902, for a period of not less than seven days, exclusive of the time necessary for transportation.

Owing to the limited appropriation for encampment purposes, the full allowance as provided in Section 2022 can not be paid; and, therefore, a fixed amount will be allotted from the appropriation, to be designated in future instructions, and the expenses for this encampment will be approved and paid to the amount of said allotment only.

Per diem will not be allowed or paid from the State appropriation to officers, enlisted men, or musicians.

The Quartermaster General will issue the necessary transportation requests to the regimental commander.

VII. The following named members of the National Guard of California are hereby announced as having qualified at target practice in the classes designated for the year 1900, in accordance with statements made by their commanding officer and the Inspector of Rifle Practice, recently received at this office, omissions having occurred in the original reports. The class or grade is designated by abbreviations, as follows: "S," Sharpshooter; "R," Rifleman; and State decorations are hereby awarded as designated in accordance with the provisions of Firing Regulations for Small Arms:

RIFLE PRACTICE—200, 300, AND 500 YARDS.

First Infantry.

Company	Medal No.	Rank.	NAME.	Totals 1st, 2d, and 3d Practices.			Total	Class
				200 Yds.	300 Yds.	500 Yds.		
E	472	Captain.....	Wm. R. Robertson.....	66	59	58	183	S
E	529	2d Lieut.....	Wm. E. Wehser.....	56	56	58	170	R
I	3014	Sergeant....	Clarence A. Son.....	59	51	54	164	R

VIII. The following named members of the field and staff, First Infantry, N. G. C., having qualified at target practice in the classes indicated, for the year 1900, as announced in Paragraph I, G. O. No. 15, series of 1901, A. G. O.; and under Paragraph IX, G. O. No. 4, series of 1900, and Paragraph II, G. O. No. 15, series of 1901, A. G. O., being entitled to bars for the years 1898 and 1899, the same are hereby awarded as follows:

Lieutenant Colonel John F. Connolly, "Rifleman";
Major George Filmer, "Sharpshooter";
Major Thomas J. McCreagh, "Rifleman";
Captain William H. Tobin, "Sharpshooter";
Lieutenant Herman Huber, "Rifleman."

By order of the Commander-in-Chief.

GEORGE STONE, Adjutant General.

GENERAL ORDERS, }
No. 5. }

STATE OF CALIFORNIA, ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE,
SACRAMENTO, April 22, 1902.

I. The following changes and amendments to Firing Regulations for Small Arms for the National Guard of California having been adopted by the officers designated in Section 2031 of the Political Code, are hereby announced and approved:

Paragraph 10 is amended to read as follows:

10. The classification for those firing with the rifle shall be as follows:

A "distinguished marksman" is one who makes a total annual score at the three ranges of 200.

A "sharpshooter" is one who makes a total annual score at the three ranges of 190.

A "rifleman" is one who makes a total annual score at the three ranges of 160.

A "marksman" is one who makes a total annual score at the three ranges of 130.

Paragraph 11 is amended to read as follows:

11. The classification for those firing with the revolver shall be as follows:

A "first class man" is one who, in firing the prescribed number of shots, makes 96 per cent of the possible aggregate score.

A "second class man" is one who, in firing the prescribed number of shots, makes 92 per cent of the possible aggregate score.

A "third class man" is one who, in firing the prescribed number of shots, makes 85 per cent of the possible aggregate score.

A "fourth class man" is one who, in firing the prescribed number of shots, makes 76 per cent of the possible aggregate score.

II. In accordance with Paragraph 4, Firing Regulations for Small Arms, the target practice season for the current year will open May 1, 1902, and close December 31, 1902.

The commanding officers of regiments and independent battalions will make arrangements as to the days upon which the record practice of their commands will be held, and detail officers to inspect same when a regular Inspector of Rifle Practice can not be present.

Brigade commanders will make similar arrangements for the cavalry and signal corps in their commands.

III. Retired officers and officers on the Staff of the Commander-in-Chief may report to any Inspector of Rifle Practice, who will forward their scores, properly certified, to the Inspector General of Rifle Practice for consolidation in one report.

General, field, staff officers, and non-commissioned staff officers, and also officers or enlisted men absent from their commands with leave, may report to any Inspector of Rifle Practice, who will forward their scores, properly certified, to the Inspector of Rifle Practice of the organization of which they are members, to be entered on the proper report.

The practice of entering scores of members of one organization on the report of another will be discontinued.

IV. Those officers or enlisted men who are unable to appear at any regular practice, the reason for whose absence is acceptable to their commanding officer, may be allowed to complete their score at any subsequent practice, in the discretion of said commanding officer and Inspector. Officers or men commissioned or enlisted after the beginning of the practice for the year may also be allowed to complete their scores in like manner.

V. No score will be accepted by these Headquarters unless same has been actually supervised and attested by an Inspector of Rifle Practice, or a duly authorized officer, and a copy of the order so authorizing must be filed with said headquarters. Particular attention of inspecting officers is called to Paragraph 5, Small Arms Firing Regulations. The attention of all commanding officers is also called to Section 2020 of the Political Code.

VI. Company and other commanders preparing rolls for reports or target practice will take particular care to enter the number of State Medal held by each officer and enlisted man, in column for that purpose.

VII. Owing to the large number of organizations reporting the impracticability of securing the necessary ranges for individual skirmish firing, it is deemed expedient to abandon the idea of including an individual qualification in such firing as a requirement for the awarding of medals for the present year. Commanding officers are directed, however, to endeavor to secure such ranges for the use of their commands as soon as possible.

VIII. The skirmish firing for the year 1902 will be by company, and will be held under the regulations adopted for such firing for 1899 in General Orders No. 12, series of 1899, A. G. O., with the following exceptions: The firing may be held at any time, in the discretion of regimental commanders, either before or after the completion of the course of practice at rectangular targets; the regulations will apply to the First Battalion of Artillery as well as the infantry regiments; the firing regulations for small arms governing the U. S. Army will govern in all cases not fully provided for, the same having superseded "Blunt's."

All company commanders who are able to secure ranges will practice their commands in this firing, and will make requisition on the Chief of Ordnance, direct, for one thousand rounds of ammunition for that purpose.

IX. The Cavalry and Signal Corps will continue to practice with the revolver, qualification with the carbine not being required for the present year. Company commanders will secure ranges as soon as possible, however, upon which the .30-caliber U. S. magazine carbine can be fired with safety. Great care will be exercised to prevent accidents when firing with the arm.

X. Ammunition for record practice will be issued by the Chief of Ordnance. Rifle ammunition will contain 70 grains of black powder and 405 grains of lead. Revolver ammunition will be Colt's revolver cartridges, caliber .38 long.

By order of the Commander-in-Chief.

GEORGE STONE, Adjutant General.

Appendix No. 14—"Special Orders issued during the two years ended June 30, 1902"—Omitted, on account of lack of funds for printing.

APPENDIX No. 15.

TABULATED RESULT OF INSPECTION AND MUSTER OF THE NATIONAL GUARD AND NAVAL MILITIA FOR THE YEAR 1902,

Held between April 5th and July 1st.

Compiled from reports of Inspectors.

NATIONAL GUARD.

	Total Strength.		Present.		Absent.		Per Cent Present.	Average Merit.
	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.		
FIRST BRIGADE.								
Commanding General and Staff.....	11	2	6	1	5	1	53	-----
Signal Corps.....	2	39	2	39	-----	-----	100	95
Troop C.....	3	47	3	44	-----	3	94	91
Troop D.....	3	47	3	44	-----	3	94	91
Seventh Infantry.								
Field, Staff, and Band.....	15	27	9	18	6	9	64	83
Sanitary Corps Detachment.....	4	15	2	10	2	5	63	84
Company A.....	2	48	2	42	-----	6	88	91
Company B.....	3	47	2	37	1	10	78	87
Company C.....	3	51	3	29	-----	22	59	84
Company D.....	3	47	3	43	-----	4	92	90
Company E.....	3	46	3	30	-----	16	67	82
Company F.....	3	49	3	35	-----	14	73	85
Company G.....	3	49	3	37	-----	12	77	87
Company H.....	2	52	2	38	-----	14	74	81
Company I.....	3	43	2	39	1	4	89	90
Company K.....	3	50	3	30	-----	20	62	83
Company L.....	3	48	2	40	1	8	82	88
Company M.....	3	51	3	49	-----	2	96	91
SECOND BRIGADE.								
Commanding General and Staff.....	11	1	9	-----	2	1	75	-----
Signal Corps.....	2	32	2	32	-----	-----	100	98
Troop A.....	4	51	4	47	-----	4	92	93
First Battalion of Artillery.								
Field, Staff, and Band.....	4	24	3	22	1	2	89	96
Sanitary Corps Detachment.....	1	1	1	1	-----	-----	100	97
Battery A.....	3	63	3	61	-----	2	97	94
Battery B.....	3	60	3	57	-----	3	95	94
Battery C.....	3	69	3	68	-----	1	98	94
Battery D.....	3	57	3	54	-----	3	95	91
First Infantry.								
Field, Staff, and Band.....	14	36	14	30	-----	6	88	94
Sanitary Corps Detachment.....	3	12	2	12	1	-----	93	99
Company A.....	3	52	3	44	-----	8	85	91
Company B.....	3	55	3	45	-----	10	82	90
Company C.....	3	49	3	47	-----	2	96	94
Company D.....	3	49	2	38	1	11	77	88
Company E.....	2	52	2	33	-----	19	64	86
Company F.....	3	51	3	35	-----	16	70	85
Company G.....	3	52	3	44	-----	8	85	91
Company H.....	3	58	3	33	-----	25	59	80

NATIONAL GUARD—Continued.

	Total Strength.		Present.		Absent.		Per Cent Present.	Average Ment.
	Officers	Men	Officers	Men	Officers	Men		
SECOND BRIGADE—Continued.								
Fifth Infantry.								
Field, Staff, and Band	14	30	14	26		4	91	95
Sanitary Corps Detachment	2	10	2	10			100	100
Company A	3	48	3	41		7	86	91
Company B	2	49	2	35		14	72	81
Company C	3	49	3	43		6	88	89
Company D	3	48	3	47		1	98	88
Company E	2	53	2	35		18	67	87
Company F	3	54	3	52		2	96	92
Company G	1	49	1	46		3	94	92
Company H	3	47	3	33		14	72	92
Company I	3	50	3	43		7	86	86
THIRD BRIGADE.								
Commanding General and Staff	12		10		2		83	
Signal Corps	1	19	1	16		3	85	95
Troop B	3	50	3	41		9	83	95
Second Infantry.								
Field, Staff, and Band	13	31	12	21	1	10	75	94
Sanitary Corps Detachment	3	12	2	8	1	4	66	86
Company A	3	51	3	51			100	94
Company B	3	55	1	53	2	2	93	96
Company C	3	60	3	51		9	85	94
Company D	2	51	2	43		8	85	91
Company E	3	47	3	39		8	84	87
Company F	3	49	3	36		13	75	94
Company G	3	47	3	39		8	84	88
Company H	3	54	3	44		10	82	95
Company I	1	48	1	33		15	69	89
Sixth Infantry.								
Field, Staff, and Band	15	28	14	22	1	6	83	95
Sanitary Corps Detachment	3	12	2	9	1	3	73	86
Company A	2	50	2	38		12	77	84
Company B	3	51	3	43		8	85	85
Company C	3	47	3	39		8	84	86
Company D	3	47	3	34		13	74	76
Company E	3	50	3	48		2	96	90
Company F	3	47	3	36		11	78	85
Company G	3	56	3	46		10	83	90
Company H	3	52	3	37		15	72	85
Company I	3	50	3	43		7	86	88

NAVAL MILITIA.

Headquarters, Staff, Warrant and Chief Petty Officers	12	16	9	15	3	1	85	93
Band		21		19		2	90	98
First Division	4	48	4	40		8	84	87
Second Division	4	46	3	33	1	13	72	81
Third Division	3	52	2	34	1	18	65	84
Fourth Division	3	58	3	49		9	85	89
Fifth Division	3	54	3	41		13	77	83
Sixth Division								
Engineer Division—								
San Francisco detachment	2	33	1	14	1	19	42	63
Los Angeles detachment								

APPENDIX No. 16.

REPORT OF COLONEL THOMAS WILHELM ON DIVISION
ENCAMPMENT, 1901.

SAN FRANCISCO, CAL., July 15, 1901.

BRIG. GEN. W. H. SEAMANS, *Adjutant General, State of California*:

Pursuant to instructions I respectfully forward to you the following report, giving my impressions, from personal observation, of the recent mobilization at Santa Cruz, California, of the Division of National Guard of this State, commanded by Major General John H. Dickinson, N. G. C.

The concentration of the troops took place by virtue of the following General Order:

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS, STATE OF CALIFORNIA,
GENERAL ORDERS, 1 ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE, SACRAMENTO, CAL., March 28, 1901.
No. 2.)

(Extract.)

IV. In accordance with Section 2022, Political Code, State of California, the First, Second, and Third Brigades of the National Guard will assemble and encamp for discipline and drill at the State Camp of Instruction at Santa Cruz, California, on June 15, 1901, for a period of eight days, exclusive of the time necessary for transportation. The camp will be under the command of Major General John H. Dickinson, commanding Division, National Guard of California. Per diem will not be allowed nor paid from the State appropriation to officers, enlisted men, or musicians. Tentage will be issued to those organizations of the Guard having none, upon their arrival at camp. This is to be strictly a camp of instruction. Major General John H. Dickinson is charged with the execution of this order. He will arrange the details, including transportation, subsistence, and supplies, the expenditure for which is not to exceed the allotment for that purpose to be hereafter made.

By order of the Commander-in-Chief.

(Signed:) W. H. SEAMANS,
Adjutant General.

THE CAMP SITE.

The camp was located on the State military reservation, which contains one hundred and forty acres, with the privileges of sufficient maneuvering ground east of and adjacent to it, and something over two miles in an easterly direction from the railway station and principal business of the town.

The reservation is situated on elevated ground, or table-land, nearly three hundred feet above the town and bay, and is cut into on the south side by three deep ravines, and might be called the first great terrace back of Santa Cruz. The camp affords a lovely view of the picturesque village and surrounding productive country, as well as of the beautiful Bay of Monterey. Considering all advantages, I should question an effort to find a more delightful site for military purposes in the State of California. The acreage contains sufficient space for the display of a division of troops, but by the arrangement of the different regiments or brigades in camp a slight contraction was necessary. The ground for the maneuvers was somewhat limited; this latter, however, was well overcome by the Major General commanding in his orders for the various

exercises of his command. This moderate congestion was due to the fact that a part of the ground was unavailable on account of cultivation. While the surface is slightly rolling, it is not sufficiently so to make the camp uncomfortable, or to relieve the site of its pleasing appearance. The drainage is excellent; the gentle slopes of the reservation place the ground within easy reach of the best sanitary requirements.

The camp ground is generally surrounded by trees or shrubbery of various kinds. The southern point, on which the cavalry and signal corps were located, was cultivated by its former owner as a park, and should not have been assigned to mounted troops; notwithstanding the utmost care, considerable damage was done to trees that required the time of a generation to raise.

Referring to the adaptability of the situation for a summer camp, especially in point of comfort for the men, one is reminded of the temperature, which is always moderated by the bracing ocean breeze, and with the buoyancy of the splendid climate so delightful in all Southern California, the hardship of the troops was brought to the minimum.

THE CAMP.

The camp was for the most part constructed by detachments sent to Santa Cruz a day in advance of their regiments. The tents were pitched with military correctness and in accordance with a plan indicated by the stakes of the Engineer Officer.

The latrines were placed on the abrupt slopes in the timber and undergrowth below the crest which surrounded the command, and well out of sight, also well removed from the contamination of the camp proper. The kitchens and cook fires were excellently located near the bank or crest, making an easy deposit for the débris; and for the short length of time these troops were in camp no great amount of disinfectants was necessary. Every attention was paid by the medical department in this connection. If, however, a cantonment should be maintained a greater length of time than the one in question, much care would have to be exercised as to its healthful state. But for a camp of eight days the action of the weather in this respect is all that is necessary between the withdrawal of the troops and reoccupation.

Should the entire division be again concentrated at Santa Cruz, I think it will be seen that some advantages would be gained by a considerable alteration in the location of organizations. This, for three reasons: convenience, cleanliness, as to dust, etc., and to relieve the congestion of the camp. I would suggest that one brigade be placed on the ground last utilized for maneuvers, two brigades on the old ground, the hospital and hospital corps where they were last located, division headquarters and the artillery battalion on the site occupied by the Seventh Infantry, the Naval Reserve, should it again be required, where the cavalry was, and all mounted troops on the field east of the location of General Last's brigade. This would very much lessen the open traffic through the camps and enable the regimental streets to have proper width; it would also give better distances for brigade and regimental headquarters. It is impossible to have cleanly or inviting messes at open roadways. While supplies must be hauled into camp, public vehicles and mounted persons not connected with the troops should be excluded, and roads can and should be constructed suitable to such regulations.

ARRIVAL OF TROOPS.

I arrived at Santa Cruz on the 14th of June, a day prior to that fixed for the incoming of the troops and the formal beginning of camp duty. I observed with some care the arrival of the different organizations and their march to their destination. Excepting great variety of collars, the men all appeared well as to dress and equipment. A few organizations had their packs transported by drays from the railway station. This was commendable and thoughtful, since the march covered some distance in the heat and dust, and the men being unaccustomed to the usual heavy military pack of the soldier, it would hardly seem necessary to impose the task of heavy marching order upon men not very well acquainted with the practice, when such can be had in camp exercises of shorter duration. However, with some exceptions, the packs carried by the men were neat, well adjusted, and looked well. The marching could be improved. In several of the corps distance was lost, the columns irregular, and the men somewhat unsteady. There was very little straggling on the way and the men reached camp in good shape and spirits. The large amount of unnecessary luggage transported with the men augmented the baggage far beyond reason.

An extra allowance of blankets, or a little extra bedding, could hardly be objected to under the circumstances, especially when applied to soldiers who are only a short time from home comforts; but to ship by rail or wagon, the tonnage as shown by these organizations out for a few days' duty, is not consistent with the work in hand, and while it is important to make the men comfortable, it is objectionable to allow them to encumber themselves with articles not needed. The necessary impedimenta is sufficiently difficult, and organizations should be carefully instructed in this respect.

SANITARY.

Colonel William D. McCarthy, the division surgeon, an experienced officer of the military service of the United States, with his corps of assistants, gave his undivided and energetic attention to the healthful requirements of the troops, and in my inspection of the camp and effort to find faulty or neglected conditions in the sanitary measures, I was agreeably disappointed. In my long experience in camp life I never saw better control in the interests of health. The hospital and accommodations for the same were most excellent, the attendance and appointments were superb. The arrangements, or preparations, covered all possibilities. In my conversation with Colonel Winslow Anderson, the efficient Surgeon General of the State, the highest praise was given by that officer to the medical department of the division.

This part of my report is necessarily brief, since criticism is out of the question.

ENGINEER DEPARTMENT.

Lieutenant Colonel T. W. M. Draper, the division engineer, who was very much interested in his work in the matter of the comfort and convenience of the command, especially as to maps, roads, water supply, the laying out of the cantonment, etc., accomplished his duty exceedingly well, considering the fact that all conditions were yet new and naturally not well within the control of that capable officer.

Through the generosity of the citizens of Santa Cruz, who furnished the means, and under the supervision of the engineer department, a permanent system of water pipes was placed into and through the camp. This system conveys excellent water over the reservation. The supply is obtained at the foot of the hill at the camp, and is pumped into two tanks, one of 5,000 gallons, the other of 10,000 gallons capacity, each of sufficient elevation to force the water to all points convenient to the troops.

It would be well here to mention the difficulties under which this department labors, on account of the absence of competent enlisted men as assistants. There seems to be no system by which details of men with any knowledge of the profession can be had. It was observed that in the important work of the department detachments were ordered to assist the engineer officer without the slightest regard to any understanding of the duties required of them, and they were absolutely unserviceable. This is an important department, and the service should, by all means, be provided with a permanent corps, composed of professional engineers as officers, and selected enlisted men, by legislative concessions.

QUARTERMASTER'S DEPARTMENT.

The Division Quartermaster's Department, in charge of Lieutenant Colonel Frederick J. H. Rickon, aided by Major J. W. A. Off, and other assistants, was well managed. In addition to a good military understanding, this department should have an excellent knowledge in the business world, for its duties are varied and important; it is loaded down with endless trust, such as providing shelter, clothing, fuel, forage, and other supplies, the purchase, hire, and care of animals, the work of transportation, and, in general, all things for the comfort and convenience of a command.

Upon the arrival of the troops the department was found to be in better shape than was expected, judging from the lack of knowledge prior to the encampment, as to the equipment or property on hand, and, though somewhat handicapped by the demands of inexperienced troops, there were less shortcomings than an experienced officer might expect to find.

However, there is cause for criticism, especially with reference to the large amount of extra and unnecessary baggage carried by the troops. While the railway company may transport with the men personal effects, free of charge, the cost of wagon transportation or drayage must be considered. This extra tonnage is cumbersome and exceedingly unmilitary, to say nothing of lumbering up the tents and camp with effects far beyond the requirements of the soldier's kit or needs. This can be controlled by the Quartermaster's Department, assisted by the regimental and detachment commanders, upon receipt of orders for field or camp duty.

It was observed that the animals of some of the mounted troops were very irregularly fed; so much so that their service might have been regarded as doubtful. Upon inquiry as to the cause, it was found that the issue of grain, hay, and straw was distributed to the animals without any regard to the regulation allowance per animal, resulting in over and under feeding. For this, detachment commanders are responsible, and should be held to account for inattention.

The excessive amount of fuel on hand at the conclusion of camp service indicated carelessness or want of judgment in making contracts, and must serve as an expensive experience for future mobilization.

Just after the camp was broken it was seen that one of the regiments had left more than one half of its tent pins in the ground, and throughout the camp, excepting the ground occupied by the Seventh Infantry, many small piles of unused tent pins were found abandoned, and labor had to be employed at considerable expense to pick up and care for this property. This is unpardonable carelessness, and should have been looked into by the regimental quartermasters.

The indiscriminate cutting of tent poles, as observed, should be prohibited. Now and then new uprights may be shortened, but in most cases a little depression made in the ground with a spade will serve the purpose, thus leaving the poles for future use where the tents may have to be pitched on irregular ground.

The department is embarrassed by the lack of proper assistants. There should be a non-commissioned staff of quartermaster sergeants, at least one for the division quartermaster, and one for each brigade quartermaster. These men should be selected with reference to special fitness and distinct from regimental organizations. Temporary details for such work are exceedingly unsatisfactory.

COMMISSARY DEPARTMENT.

The Commissary Department, in charge of Lieutenant Colonel Adolph Huber, was also well managed. The supplies for the men were obtained by contract, as well as by purchase in open market. They were most excellent. The fresh beef was of the best, and was issued so soon after its receipt that deterioration could hardly be expected; nevertheless, some of it was suspended upon racks in the full rays of the sun when it could have been more or less protected from the heat by a covering of canvas. Here, too, the details of men for issues were temporary, and could not render the service that would be expected from a permanent non-commissioned staff, which should, by all means, be authorized for this department. The commissary officer has sufficient work without performing that of enlisted men.

Generally throughout the camp the cooking was very good; it was done on improved field ovens by details of competent soldiers, and professional cooks hired for the purpose. At some of the kitchens considerable food was wasted. This was due to the lack of proper supervision on the part of the first sergeants, or non-commissioned officers designated for that duty, whom the captains should hold responsible for such work. Generally the tables were supplied with tableware owned by the companies, all in good taste, and necessary under the circumstances, but exceedingly hard to keep clean on account of the deluge of dust from the near-by roads not in the best control of higher authorities, though it is said that a sufficient number of sprinkling carts could not be obtained. Be this as it may, the fact remains that the men suffered and the distress should have been removed.

There was no lack of supplies, and no complaints were made excepting in one or two instances, which upon investigation were found unworthy of attention. This department deserves much credit, since it so excellently supplied the division under disadvantages, especially with reference to some inexperience on the part of detachments.

SIGNAL DEPARTMENT.

This department, under command of Lieutenant Colonel C. J. Evans, can not receive too much praise. In a short space of time after reaching camp the department put the commanding general in communication by wire with his entire command and the outer world. It was particularly efficient in keeping in touch with the extended field maneuvers, and I take pleasure in saying that, considering the duty in hand, I have not within my long experience seen better work performed with more alacrity than was accomplished by this body of men.

Notwithstanding this good work, the establishment is defective in its organization. There appears to be in existence a separate signal corps for each brigade. This at once indicates the possibility of embarrassment or confusion in responsibility and authority. The law should authorize a general corps for the entire Guard, placed in charge of a chief, with a general supervision of the department, and detachments should be allowed for brigades.

The present method may continue to work well, but the chances are against it under the varied circumstances liable to occur at any time.

NAVAL MILITIA.

The excellent detachment of the Naval Reserve, designated by Captain Thomas A. Nerney and commanded by Lieutenant Thomas S. Harloe, gave ample credit to this branch of the service, notwithstanding the disappointment in the shipment of its guns which were ordered from the steamer "Marion," and expected to reach the cantonment with the troops.

These guns arrived at Santa Cruz three days late and their absence marred the camp service to a considerable extent. The delay, it is reported, was wholly due to some misunderstanding or carelessness on the part of railway employés.

When the guns did arrive the work of the detachment was continued in demonstrating its usefulness as an important auxiliary of the land forces in camp, as well as in the extended field maneuvers which are generally not easily accomplished successfully without the aid of artillery. Though the guns were of small caliber, they served well in the school of comprehensive demonstration.

The use of the term "militia" as applied by the law to the naval force of the State seems to me unfortunate; it is now hardly synonymous with the highest meaning of the word "military," and in modern times has come to signify the undisciplined domestic or great latent forces subject to be called for the defense of a nation in its very last extremity.

The Constitution of the United States and the several Acts of Congress from 1792, including the Act of July 17, 1862, have made use of the word "militia" in connection with the enrollment of the masses for defense, but they refer mostly, or in a general sense, to the unorganized bodies of men hastily converted into armed organizations. This was very different from the general understanding to-day regarding formed and disciplined troops.

The National Guard of a State is already in voluntary service and has for its object immediate duty under discipline in constructed units. The military forces of the States are now generally authorized as

National Guard; hence it is believed that the term "militia" is no longer a good appellation for troops constantly in readiness for service such as the military guard of a State.

The Naval Reserve of California is as far superior to what is now commonly known as "militia" as the professional is above the amateur, and should for various reasons be relieved of the inappropriate designation.

EQUIPMENTS OR PROPERTY.

The ordnance, clothing, camp equipage, etc., and, indeed, the supplies in general furnished for the use of the National Guard of this State for all purposes, were examined with much interest. I have inspected the military establishments of a number of States and found the troops supplied with fine equipments, but none to surpass those in the hands of the State Guard of California, either in quantity or quality. With the exception of some shortage of canvas, which necessitated the hiring of some tents (not of the army regulation pattern) to supply the deficiency, the property and stores generally are ample, yet furnished with an excellent display of reasonable economy.

The rifles and carbines of the troops, although things of the past, are in good service condition as far as they can be made so for the work expected of them; but the time is at hand when the old Springfield arms should be replaced by the small caliber.

The horse equipments are of the army pattern and apparently in the hands of men who take good care of them, thus saving to the State the frequent purchase of articles or parts lost or carelessly broken.

The canteens, haversacks, knapsacks or blanket bags, are of the regulation pattern and very good, but need more uniformity in marking. This can be done by directing the undeviating use of the regulation stencils or marking kits.

The clothing is also of the regular army pattern, and for the most part obtained by contract through the Uniform Board, and is made of good material. Exceptions might be taken to the fit of many of the garments; the best attention has not been given in the matter of sizes. Overcoats need not be issued to all the men in this climate. Twenty to a company will serve for the required guard duty or detached service at night.

The brown tents recently purchased from the United States Government by authority of the War Department are well made and of superb material; the fabric is of the twelve-ounce army duck. The color of the canvas, if it can be made permanent, is a very great improvement over the white shelter. This is especially noticeable in the subdued light induced by the dye, and is particularly grateful to patients in the hospital tents, who are so much relieved from the glare of the light. Upon my inspection of eighty-six of these tents after a two-weeks' exposure to the sun, I found them more or less faded; the sides exposed to the strongest light were most affected.

The tent poles are not the best. They are thin, brash, and easily broken.

Some time prior to the cantonment it was suggested that a storehouse be constructed at a suitable place on the reservation. I then expressed my convictions against it, for two reasons: the inadequacy of funds for the right kind of a building, and the absence of any means for its proper care.

The State military property is extensive and very valuable and of a tonnage that leaves no question as to great economy in storing it where it is required for use. Now that the State has a permanent camp ground at a place as convenient as possible for the scattered military organizations, I urgently recommend an appropriation for a suitable stone building to be located on the camp site, properly cared for and of sufficient dimensions to store all State property belonging to the National Guard which is required only for camp purposes. This would keep all this expensive camp equipage intact at one place, and under proper protection, as well as for immediate use. By the present method the transportation of camp appurtenances is not only very great, but the property is unavoidably more or less loosely scattered throughout the State and much of it, necessarily, without good storage.

Experience has shown the fallacy of the arguments in favor of allowing small organizations to go into camp separately. This consumes public property for work and improvement that can and should be accomplished in the armories.

A camp has no value unless it is devoted to instruction beyond the reach of home stations.

ADMINISTRATION.

In my effort to obtain information in regard to the internal management of the National Guard I was at once brought face to face with a lack of appreciation of the importance of the paper work essential to the service. There seems to be no display of promptness in attending to official communications in the subordinate commands. In my conversation with the chief quartermaster of the Division and others just prior to the encampment, I was informed that at none of the brigade headquarters could exact data be obtained as to the quantity, quality, and kind of equipment, etc., on hand among the troops for the coming concentration. This is due to the fact that official channels are more or less ignored; reports, returns, requisitions, and other communications are not sufficiently scrutinized at the various headquarters in transmission. They must all pass through intermediate commanders, and should be recorded so that they and their staff officers may have a complete record and know precisely what the organizations of their commands have on hand or may require.

It is not expected that the Adjutant General's office can know what supplies or equipment is necessary to replace shortage due to wear and tear or augmentation of organizations unless the best attention is paid to reports.

Upon the near approach of the field duty in question it was simply impossible to furnish the troops needed requisites in time for that duty. There should be no such circumstances. Should the Guard, or any portion of it, be required for immediate service, a knowledge of the facilities for such service should at once be obtainable through the chiefs of staff corps.

The paper work should be held to the regulations of the Adjutant General's office at Sacramento and so directed as to require the quarterly or frequent returns to be made systematically through the regular channels to the Adjutant General of the State. This would entirely set aside all reason for any statement to the effect that intermediate commanders and their staff officers are not in a position to know the conditions of their commands.

Upon further investigation it was found that when official channels were observed, the delay in the return of papers was of a nature that frequently required direct communication, regardless of propriety, in order to hasten administrative work. Such papers as can have no bearing upon intermediate headquarters, or any control by them, may be sent direct, but they are few and well understood. No officer from the highest to the lowest can disregard official channels and yet expect an intelligent administration or a proper acquaintance with the troops. Instances are known where several letters have had to be written in pursuit of important papers wholly neglected by the recipients. It is shown in one case that eight communications had to be written to a subordinate before the official information asked for in the first could be obtained. Surely this is inattention that deserves severe rebuke. When an officer is willing to hold a commission, he should be equally willing to perform the duties pertaining to it.

PERSONNEL.

There is much to be said for the enlisted men of the National Guard of California. I have observed these men with great interest. Coupled with the fact that without material compensation they are willing to give their time for military purposes in preparation for the defense of the State, is the difficulty they have in getting the instructions they are so much in earnest to obtain. They are excellent men and come from that class of the population always called upon to fight the battles of the Nation. To find that they do it well and most completely, we need only look at history.

The officer is the important individual of the service, clothed with a responsibility not always fully comprehended. Where the lives of men may at any moment be placed in the hands of a commander, it is important for that commander to apply himself as much as possible to a study and knowledge of his profession. To him the soldier looks for instruction and protection, and when the officer is incapable of imparting the one or giving the other, the service of the soldier can not be otherwise than inefficient.

Of various infractions of military propriety, it was frequently noticed that officers and enlisted men together visited drinking saloons and treated each other to intoxicants at public bars. This at once shows the entire absence of a proper understanding of their duties as officers and enlisted men. Whatever the home relationship, such an example here is destructive. Military efficiency is out of the question where there is such familiarity under such circumstances. The soldier can not have the right kind of respect for the officer who does not deport himself in a way unqualifiedly demanded by his position. These conditions are well known but not always appreciated, and, perhaps, may not be until the command is called for duty and placed in a strait where the men will ignore the officer, and deplorable failure the result.

Among the requirements in the officer's make-up are dignity, strength of character, careful attention to the needs of the soldier, and absolute justice, for there is no man so utterly helpless and forlorn as the soldier commanded by an incompetent officer. The enlisted man feels this incompetence and in his thoughts doubts and condemns his commander, and mentally, if not openly, questions every order and duty. The officer may not at once discover the cause of this attitude, but he will

sooner or later be humiliated by failure. Discipline is an indispensable condition for the existence of good troops. It imparts cohesion and flexibility in an armed body of men. Where there is no discipline, an army is without control. First, an efficient officer; second, discipline; which latter may be defined as follows:

Discipline, in military affairs, is a general name for the rules and regulations prescribed and enforced for the proper conduct and subordination of officers and enlisted men. This is the technical meaning. In a higher sense, discipline is the *habit of obedience*. The individual acquires the habit of subordinating his own will or inclinations to those of his superior in rank without surrendering self-respect or individual rights. Without these qualifications a command is not efficient.

The principle is a good one where the colonel commands the officers of his regiment and holds them to a punctilious performance of all details that properly fall to them in connection with their men. They should be particularly careful in the accounts, and in keeping themselves well informed concerning the necessary wants of the soldiers. It is not admitted among well-regulated troops that the regimental commander can give the best attention to his own duties and at the same time assume the functions of the subordinate officers to whom he and the regulations must delegate the details, and whose business it is in their turn to perform those duties commensurate with their positions under the general supervision of the colonel.

The mobilization of the State troops was authorized for the higher information of the command, taking for granted that the detailed instructions preparatory to the concentration had been accomplished at home stations. It soon developed that the best attention had not been given in armories, and the work of the camp was hampered by the absence of a knowledge of many of the first principles; among them, for instance, instruction in guard duty and its importance, the duties of a sentinel, and how performed, manner of saluting, respect to colors, care of dress, handling the rifle, setting-up of the soldier, company guide, length and rapidity of step, the importance of keeping the body erect, looking to the front, keeping proper distance, etc. All these faults do not apply to the entire Guard, but are defects too frequently observed. Under the circumstances there would have been wisdom in officers' call each day purely for the purpose of imparting information touching these subjects, when so much relating to the details could have been communicated to the men without books or loss of time.

The general order issued by the commanding general inaugurating the duties of the concentrated division is an excellent one. It outlines a system of work covering all requirements without imposing hardships upon the command. Concerning the exercises, the order at once indicates a school for the higher and more extended military instructions, taking for granted that the work in the drill halls had had sufficient attention to bring the troops to a proficiency consistent with and preparatory to the work contemplated by the order. In this there was considerable disappointment. But it is another of the conditions showing the very great importance of bringing the various organizations together for comparison and emulation, and a better knowledge of the profession. It is evident that the field officers do not give the best attention to the interior economy of their regiments. Much depends upon the attentive supervision expected from them in this connection.

Since the officers should inspire confidence and loyalty through a good understanding of their duties, it may not be out of place here to give an idea as to the conditions that should exist between the officers and enlisted men. We will take for example the captain and his company, as follows:

There is no position in an army that will give as much satisfaction in return for an honest, capable, and conscientious discharge of his duty as that of a captain or commanding officer of a company. There is a reward in having done his full duty to his company that no disappointment of distinction, no failure, can deprive him of; his seniors may overlook him in giving credits, unfortunate circumstances may defeat his fondest hopes, and the crown of laurel may never rest upon his brow, but the reward that follows upon a faithful discharge of his duty to his company he can not be deprived of by any disaster, neglect, or injustice. He receives it when he looks upon his little command, and sees the harmony, comfort, and discipline that prevail; he feels it when he comes to part with his men in the due course of promotion, or as they individually take their discharge after a faithful service; he remembers it when, in after years, no matter if rank and honors have in the meantime fallen upon him, he meets an old soldier who with respect and affection still calls him his captain. He is a small sovereign, powerful and great within his little domain, but no imbecile monarch ever suffered more from intrigues, factions, and encroachments than an incapable company commander. No tyrant king must contend more with rebellions, insurrections, and defections than an arbitrary and unjust captain, and no wise and beneficent ruler ever derived more heartfelt homage, more faithful service, or more patriotic devotion than a just, competent, and faithful commander receives from his company. They will love him truly, they will obey him faithfully, and whilst there is life they will stand by him in the hour of battle.

The command of a company divides itself into two kinds of duty, requiring very different capacity, viz.: *government* and *administration*. The former requires force of character, judgment, and discretion, and has often been well performed without much capacity for the latter. Administration requires a certain amount of knowledge absolutely indispensable to a discharge of a duty.

Government.—Under this head may be included instructions in drill regulation and discipline, the preservation of order and subordination, and the cultivation of a military spirit and pride in the profession among men. It involves the appointing and reduction of non-commissioned officers, and the subject of rewards and punishments.

Administration.—Providing the clothing and subsistence of soldiers, and attending to the transportation of the men and their supplies, belong under this head. They involve the keeping of the records of the company and the accounts of the men, the drawing and distributing of supplies, and the care and accountability of public or company property. The efficient administration of the affairs of a company greatly facilitates the discipline and government of the company, makes the men content and cheerful in the performance of their duties, and attaches them to their commander.

By the foregoing criticism it must not be understood that much good work and commendable accomplishments of the National Guard of California are overlooked. Great credit is due this body of men for the

proficiency attained under the adverse circumstances that obtain in the widely separated organizations, and for the considerable time given by the individuals from their necessary avocations for military improvement.

No troops are perfect, and these, like all others, are assembled for instructions, and must have much praise for their progress.

I was not situated so as to report intelligently upon the efficiency in the drills or field maneuvers of the Division. This will, no doubt, be embraced in the observations of the commanding general, or the reports of such officers, directly connected with the command, as may have been designated by him for the purpose, and who have had the opportunity to observe in detail the daily exercises of the troops.

Respectfully submitted.

THOS. WILHELM, U. S. A.,
Colonel, and I. G. R. P., N. G. C.

APPENDIX No. 17.

**REPORT OF MAJOR GENERAL JOHN H. DICKINSON ON
DIVISION ENCAMPMENT, 1901,**

Accompanied by Reports of Staff Officers.

REPORT ON "CAMP GAGE," HELD AT SANTA CRUZ, CAL., JUNE 14-23, 1901.

Submitted by Major General John H. Dickinson, Commanding Division, N. G. C.

SAN FRANCISCO, CAL., September 22, 1902.

To the Adjutant General of California, Sacramento, Cal.:

SIR: I have the honor to submit the following report of and concerning the encampment of the Division of the National Guard of California, held at Santa Cruz, California, commencing with June 14 and ending with June 23, 1901. The camp was named "Camp Gage," in honor of his Excellency, Hon. Henry T. Gage, Governor of California and Commander-in-Chief of its National Guard. This report has been delayed because of the interruption in settling up encampment matters, caused by the sudden and unexpected death of the late Adjutant General W. H. Seamans, who was very much interested in the camp, and worked very hard for its success, and in whose death the National Guard has lost a very good friend.

The attendance at this encampment was exceedingly satisfactory, considering the somewhat demoralized condition of the National Guard, as a result of the late war, and the further fact that some commands were unable to bring their full strength, because the occupations of many of their members required them, particularly at that time of the year, to remain at home. The average was about seventy per cent of the full strength of the Division.

QUARTERMASTERS.

The Quartermaster's Department was ably managed by Lieutenant Colonel Frederick J. H. Rickon, who was recently appointed Quartermaster on my staff, and who is an officer of large experience in the Quartermaster's Department of the Regular Army, of the Volunteer Army, and of the National Guard. The transportation of the entire Division to and from camp, its baggage and all stores and equipments, was handled entirely through this department. Lieutenant Colonel Rickon was unable to be present during the latter half of the encampment, so Brigadier General C. F. A. Last, commanding First Brigade, very kindly consenting thereto, Major J. W. A. Off, Quartermaster, First Brigade, was detailed to perform the duties of Division Quartermaster. This he did most ably and successfully, and to his executive ability and untiring efforts is largely due the successful administration of this department, and I here desire to thank Major Off, in behalf of the Division and myself, for the very intelligent and successful performance of his duties in this capacity.

COMMISSARY.

The Subsistence Department was ably conducted by Lieutenant Colonel Adolph Huber, Commissary on my staff, an officer of long experience in the Guard and in his department. His compilation of the ration return, forwarded herewith and marked Appendix A, is fully approved by me. The ration was an exceptionally good one, both in quality and quantity, and that it should not have cost more than it did, \$0.3071 for each ration, speaks exceedingly well for the management of this department; for, considering the haste with which everything had to be purchased, handled, and delivered, the cost is usually a great deal more than it would be under normal conditions at a permanent encampment or military post.

SANITARY CORPS.

For purposes of administration, the Sanitary Corps was consolidated under the command of Colonel W. D. McCarthy, Division Surgeon. A general field hospital was established, fully equipped in every respect, and ably managed, which was a great credit to the Medical Corps of the National Guard and to the State of California itself. It is the only time in the history of the State that such a hospital has been established and maintained. Two trained female nurses from San Francisco, as well as the members of the Sanitary Corps of the various regiments, were in constant attendance. Two surgeons were also on duty day and night, and an ambulance was always kept ready to answer any and every call, both day and night. Fortunately it had to be used but seldom, as the health of the camp was exceptionally good. But one accident of a serious nature occurred, and that was the accidental shooting, by himself, with a blank cartridge, of Owen Donohue, of Company H, Fifth Infantry Regiment, which occurred upon the last day of the encampment. He was properly attended to and sent home to his family in charge of a surgeon and an assistant, where he was turned over to his family and their physician, in whose charge he remained some days, when he was removed to a hospital in the City of San Francisco, where he died, as I am informed, from blood-poisoning. I have heard some reports to the effect that his death was due to the negligence of the surgeons of the National Guard who attended him. I have caused diligent inquiry and investigation to be made in the premises, and as a result, am positive that such was not the case in any degree, and that if his death was due to negligence at any time, it occurred after he was turned over by our surgeons. We offered his family to furnish Donohue with all proper medical attention necessary at his home in Napa, but they courteously declined, saying they preferred their family physician.

ENGINEER DEPARTMENT.

The camp was laid out under the supervision of Lieutenant Colonel T. Waln-Morgan Draper, Engineer Officer on my staff, a man of large experience in his profession as an engineer, in the service of the National Guard of Colorado, and also in the Volunteer Army during the late war. The lack of Engineer Officers in brigades and regiments was severely felt at this encampment, and notwithstanding that the commanding officers had been warned and advised regarding this deficiency, they failed to make the necessary appointments and relied upon details, which, with one or two exceptions, were most unsatisfactory. I trust

that some system will be adopted by which a Corps of Engineers can be established and officered upon the general plan of the Sanitary Corps as it now exists. The arrangement of the Sanitary Corps seems to work well under the present system, and I believe that it is practicable for a similarly organized Engineer Corps to be established and maintained at a very slight additional cost to the State, but at a very great advantage to the National Guard. Lieutenant Colonel Draper has submitted quite a voluminous report covering practice marches of the three brigades and other details of the camp, which report I submit, marked Appendix B. Some of his suggestions as to the grounds, etc., I approve, others I do not, but do not consider it necessary at this time to enter into these matters at any length.

SIGNAL CORPS.

The various detachments were consolidated, during encampment, under the command of Lieutenant Colonel C. J. Evans, Chief Signal Officer, and as they were mounted, they were able to and did make many expeditions in the surrounding country, in the performance of their duty. The work done by the Corps was very satisfactory, and showed great improvement and the result of intelligent and careful training. With the present Signal Corps of the National Guard, communication can be kept up within reasonable distance in any part of the State, independent of commercial telegraph or telephone system, and when fully equipped the Corps will compare most favorably with any other in the United States, not excepting those of the Regular Army.

Lieutenant Colonel Evans's report I forward herewith, marked Appendix C.

CAVALRY.

The four troops of cavalry were consolidated into a squadron, under command of the senior Captain present, and encamped together for administrative purposes. They performed the duties allotted to them with great promptness and effectiveness. In drills on the practice marches and in patrol duty, it would be difficult to find a more effective body of men than these four troops of cavalry proved to be, and considering that they were dependent for horses upon what they could hire, they were well mounted and able to march and parade in a most creditable manner.

PAYMASTER.

Under the supervision of Lieutenant Colonel A. B. C. Dohrmann, Paymaster Division, a system of accounts and checks was used which rendered it quite impossible for any mistake to occur and at the same time everything was very simple and very plain, not only to those who had dealings with the Division or any portion of it, but also to the officers and men of the Division itself.

The expenses of the encampment have been summarized in a separate statement, forwarded herewith and marked Appendix D.

ASSISTANT ADJUTANT GENERAL.

Colonel D. E. Miles, since retired, Assistant Adjutant General on the Division Staff, supervised and conducted the work of his department with great ability. Reports of attendance and of the usual details attendant upon a military encampment were required and furnished and consolidated, so that the effective force of the command was known

at any and all times. Colonel Miles was faithfully and ably assisted by the aids, Major L. S. Schmitt and Major C. L. Hewes, the latter of whom has since been promoted to the office of Lieutenant Colonel and Signal Officer.

DIVISION STAFF.

The conduct of the business of the Adjutant General's office was most creditable.

U. S. ARMY INSPECTORS.

At my request, Major General W. R. Shafter, commanding the Department of the Pacific, very kindly detailed two officers of the Regular Army, Major George S. Young and Captain Elmer W. Clark, who spent the entire week with us in camp. I can not speak too highly of them, nor thank them too sincerely for the interest they took in the encampment. They were ready at all times to answer any and all questions propounded to them by the officers and to give instructions both in the field and in the tent, and I am glad to say that they were kept very busy, as the officers were intent upon learning all they could about their respective duties; and I here thank Major Young and Captain Clark most heartily for their assistance given me personally, and for their attention to the officers and men of the National Guard, during the encampment at Camp Gage.

CEREMONIES.

During the week we were honored by a visit from His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief, Governor Henry T. Gage, who reviewed the Division and expressed himself as well pleased with its appearance and movements. During the week also, Major General W. R. Shafter, U. S. A., now retired, who has always been a sincere friend of the National Guard, and who has always assisted us in every way that he could, both officially and otherwise, visited us and participated in the review given to the Commander-in-Chief, and he also expressed himself as pleased with the appearance and movements of the Division.

MARCHES.

During the encampment, each of the three brigades was sent out for a practice march, accompanied by a troop of cavalry, a detachment of the Signal Corps, and a detachment of the Sanitary Corps, the men being required to carry their rations, blankets, and equipment, as only two wagons were allowed to each brigade for the transportation of headquarters' baggage, hospital stores, etc. Each command remained out one night, camping at a distance of from seven to ten miles from the main camp, and engaging in such maneuvers as the General commanding the march directed, both going and returning.

I am satisfied that these marches were of great benefit, for they gave the officers and men an idea of the moving and the handling of a large body of troops and in caring for their equipments, etc., in the field, and also furnished a change from the regular routine of all former Division encampments.

CAMP GROUNDS.

The grounds donated by the City of Santa Cruz, for encampment purposes, are ample for the various commands as they now are. The

Division camp was somewhat cramped in two or three of the commands, on account of the difficulty in getting the water-supply properly distributed. This being the first encampment held upon the grounds, the citizens of Santa Cruz very kindly put in for us the water pipes and tanks for the supplying of water, but instead of getting the water, as they originally expected, from a reservoir by gravity, they were obliged to take the water from a creek at the bottom of the hill and pump it up to the encampment grounds. As this was not known until very near the encampment time, we were unable to have the water distributed as we should like to have done, and therefore had to crowd the troops more than would otherwise have been necessary. The camp site itself is a very healthy one, and there was sufficient room for all purposes.

STAFF ADMINISTRATION.

I desire to call your particular attention to the fact that at this encampment everything pertaining to the Quartermaster's, Commissary's, Paymaster's, Signal Corps', Assistant Adjutant General's, and other departments was conducted as nearly as could be in accordance with regulations, and was attended to personally by the various officers of these staff departments, the officers of the Division Staff performing the duties of Chiefs of Departments; that all the officers of these various departments who were present at camp, performed the duties allotted to and expected of them under the rules of the U. S. Army as well as of those governing the National Guard, and it was so done for the first time in the history of our National Guard. I am satisfied that this system has had the very best effect upon the staff officers throughout the State, and that the lessons there learned have already borne fruit in the encampments held during the present year, and will continue to bear fruit in all future time. An officer, to properly respect his position, must be called upon to perform the duties which pertain to it, and unless he does, he naturally loses interest and fails to keep up the education necessary to their proper performance, and there is no educator so good as actual experience in an encampment or in active service.

In conclusion, I desire to thank the officers and men of the National Guard of California for the interest and zeal with which they participated in and performed their duties at Camp Gage. It is a considerable undertaking to bring three thousand men together on one day, and take them into camp to remain eight days and provide them with all the necessaries of life while so encamped, and to maintain good order and discipline and health. As is usually remarked, everything gets to running smoothly about the time the encampment ends, and while this is true to a great extent, it speaks well for the National Guard that it is able to accomplish so much in so short a time and under adverse circumstances, since transporting and providing for so many men and their baggage strain the Quartermaster's, Commissary's and Medical Departments to their utmost limit. That they should be able to get into "good running order about the time the encampment ends," speaks volumes for the intelligence and zeal with which these duties were performed, and no greater argument can be advanced in favor of the holding of encampments of the National Guard.

Respectfully submitted.

(Signed:) JOHN H. DICKINSON,
Major General Commanding Division, N. G. C.

APPENDIX A.

HEADQUARTERS DIVISION,
NATIONAL GUARD OF CALIFORNIA.Office of the Division Commissary,
Lieut. Col. Adolph Huber.

MILLS BUILDING, SAN FRANCISCO, August 13, 1901.

To the Adjutant General, Division, N. G. C.:

SIR: I have the honor to report herewith on the subsistence of troops of this command at Camp Gage, Santa Cruz, in part of the month of June, 1901, and beg to make such recommendations as will better facilitate the operating of this department in the future.

The period for which troops were subsisted commenced June 13th, on the arrival of the advance guard, and ended June 25th, when all organizations had reached their respective home stations. During the period, a total of 23,838 rations were issued, including issues to civilian employes. The quality and variety of the ration were good and generally satisfactory. The quantity per ration, as provided in schedule on ration return blanks, sample of which is inclosed herein, proved to be an ample allowance, with the exception of two of the components, viz.: fresh beef and potatoes, and I am of the opinion that it was not the quantity of these components that was insufficient, as it was the inexperience, or lack of judgment and prudence, manifested in preparing, cooking, and serving same, for I personally observed in one instance that unnecessary waste, due to carelessness, was the direct cause of shortage. The money value of stores issued in excess of the regular allowance provided for was, however, very little, amounting to less than one third of a cent per ration on the total number issued. The ordinary wastage, resulting from issuing and shrinkage, was exceedingly light. An allowance in weight on shanks of fresh beef, together with shrinkage, occasioned an actual wastage on this component of about three per cent.

Four hundred pounds of fresh meat was condemned by the Sanitary Department as unfit for issue, owing to deterioration caused by exposure. While every precaution was taken to preserve stores, there was a lack of necessary facilities for properly protecting same, and I urge that a commissary storehouse be erected, as such a structure is indispensable for thorough preservation of subsistence supplies awaiting transfer to troops.

The forwarding of requisitions to this department, and the drawing of rations, were performed in a most dilatory manner. Punctuality was entirely disregarded, and the listlessness that prevailed was most flagrant, displaying no pretention to military discipline. Rigid measures should be taken to have this service properly and promptly performed, as such apathy hampers this department and causes general dissatisfaction in subsisting troops.

The total amount expended for the 23,838 rations issued, including cost of supplies, salaries of employes, and the cash allowance of 5 cents per ration, was \$7,322.86, or a net cost of \$0.3071 for each ration.

Respectfully submitted.

(Signed:) ADOLPH HUBER,
Lieutenant Colonel and Division Commissary.

APPENDIX B.

HEADQUARTERS DIVISION,
NATIONAL GUARD OF CALIFORNIA.

Office of the Division Engineer,
Lieut. Col. T. Waln-Morgan Draper.

MILLS BUILDING, SAN FRANCISCO, September 1, 1901.

To the Assistant Adjutant General, Division, N. G. C.,

Mills Building, San Francisco:

SIR: In submitting my report of the Division Encampment of the National Guard of California, at Camp Gage, Santa Cruz, California, I find it necessary to draw attention to various matters bearing upon my department, prior to my appointment as Engineer Officer on your staff.

CAMP SITE.

The camp site, or rather, what might be more properly termed "The California State Military Reservation," came into possession of the commonwealth—quoting from "a communication from the commissioners appointed for the purpose, to His Excellency the Governor, Hon. Henry T. Gage, dated San Francisco, December 20, 1899," as follows:

"The undersigned, acting under and by virtue of the authority therein conferred upon them, by an Act of Legislature, entitled 'An Act to establish a camp of instruction for the National Guard of the State of California, and to authorize the acquisition, by donation, of a site for the same,' approved March 4, 1899 (Statutes 1899, page 65), beg leave to report that the City of Santa Cruz, having received, by bequest, a tract of land known as the 'De Laveaga Heights,' embracing upward of 600 acres, offered to donate to the State of California such portion of said tract as might be required. No offer has been received from any other source. The commissioners named in said Act have visited the proposed camp site at Santa Cruz, twice, and have thoroughly examined it and carefully considered its position and availability from every standpoint."

The communication goes on to recite further: "After consulting with the Mayor and other officials of the City of Santa Cruz, and considering the matter fully, we beg leave to recommend that the offer of Santa Cruz be accepted, and that a deed be accepted by the State to a portion of the land mentioned, to about 130 acres, with the right to use such portion of the remainder as the commanding officer of any encampment sees fit to use during such encampment. The City of Santa Cruz to furnish all necessary water for any encampment; the same to be piped to such places as may be indicated, when the camp shall be established. The City of Santa Cruz to care for and keep the camp site in good condition, together with any building and property thereon, and to have the use of the camp site when the same is not occupied by the troops, but the same is not to be plowed or cultivated in any manner. The said City of Santa Cruz also to provide not less than three arc lights during the encampment, free of charge."

The report of the commissioners having been favorably acted upon, the deed was prepared and executed the 27th day of March, 1901, by

the proper authorities of the City and of the County of Santa Cruz to the State of California, for 130 acres in fee simple and the use of upwards of 470 acres, or the balance of the De Laveaga tract, for maneuvers, drills, etc. In their report, the commissioners stated that the tract of land offered was everything that could be desired. Whilst fully concurring in the selection of this site for a military reservation, to be used principally for encampments of the Guard, and in all statements made by the commissioners as to the location, sanitary condition, accessibility, etc., a serious error, in my opinion, was made when only 130 acres were deeded for a permanent site to the State. The addition of 70 acres, which the City and the County of Santa Cruz would have been glad to deed, would have been very wise, leaving a balance of 400 acres for maneuvering purposes. This contention was immediately and amply proven on the first opportunity that the Guard was encamped on the site, viz.: at the recent Division camp, when it became necessary to crowd the troops into a space too small for them, in order to reserve the plateau to the southwest for drill and review purposes. Had this tract been available for tentage, the congestion so evident in the main camp could have been most materially relieved to the end that greater comfort, order, and discipline might be maintained. A much larger level space, a little farther south and across a small ravine, should have been included in the acreage deeded to the State originally. This particular tract, not being within the limits of the 130 acres deeded to the State, but forming part of the De Laveaga tract, had been leased by the City of Santa Cruz to a man who had raised a large crop of hay and who refused to remove his crop. I understand that some public-spirited citizens of Santa Cruz purchased this crop, and partially removing it, placed the ground for the last two days of the encampment at the disposal of the troops. This could have been avoided if the State had owned a sufficient acreage, instead of having merely the use of all land over 130 acres and under 600 acres, during the encampment. I have been told that this could not occur again; further, that another Division Encampment is most remote, which is hardly an answer, as the tendency is toward larger mobilization of troops in every direction. The Secretary of War will bring before Congress, I am reliably informed, a bill to insure the mobilization of large bodies of the United States Regulars and State troops at annual periods. What more probable than that the State reservation should be selected for such mobilization? Even without this, the movement is toward larger Guards, longer encampments, and schools of instruction. I have been informed that the City of Santa Cruz would be glad to deed a further acreage to the State, and can see no possible reason why an effort in this direction should not be made. A board appointed for this purpose could, with the experience of the recent Division Encampment before it, readily select whatever additional acreage is necessary. Such board should be convened at once. Further, when this property was left to the City of Santa Cruz, it was with the understanding that it should be used for park purposes, and consequently it is not at all improbable that the City of Santa Cruz may lay out a public park on that portion of the tract not owned by the State. Should this be done, it is very questionable whether the State could acquire further acreage for its military reservation.

The City of Santa Cruz carried out its agreement to furnish water to the troops during the recent encampment, and laid pipe wherever

directed to do so by the Division Engineer. This did not include the laying of any pipe for camp purposes on the present review and parade ground. Whether the City of Santa Cruz would be willing to extend this pipe system, necessitating also an increase in the number of water tanks, is a question I am not prepared to answer; but, should it not be willing to do so, the State on its part should supply the deficiency.

I would therefore respectfully recommend that a complete survey be made of the entire tract of 600 acres, which has been done only partially and most inaccurately; that the City and the County of Santa Cruz be requested to deed the additional acreage required to the State, accompanied with a more distinct agreement as to the uses the part not deeded should be put to; that the final tract owned by the State should be distinctly marked by monuments, and that the whole should be properly laid out for military purposes. It is my opinion that, should the additional and needed acreage be acquired, the whole tract owned by the State could be used for the encampment of between 5,000 and 6,000 men, and give them at the same time additional territory for all necessary maneuvers. The time to act upon this is the present, as the land will undoubtedly become more valuable as time goes by. It is well, also, to draw your attention to the fact that the present officials of the City and the County of Santa Cruz are friendly to the Guard, but may at any time be succeeded by those who are not so well disposed.

The De Laveaga military reservation is located about two miles from the City Hall, back of Santa Cruz; the elevations of the tract above sea-level vary from 270 to 300 feet. The same forms a table-land, or mesa, and is the first marked elevation of ground going back from the sea. The actual camp site, as shown by the accompanying map, is cut into on the south by three deep ravines, and it may be said that several other ravines render a large part of the De Laveaga Heights tract unavailable for camping purposes. The surface of the plateau, reached by an excellent wagon road constructed by the City of Santa Cruz, is not entirely flat, but could be made so with very little expenditure. It is not necessary, and, in fact, it is not desirable, that a site on which troops are to be encamped should be made absolutely level—quite the contrary; but there are a number of gullies and slight elevations which seriously detract from the acreage available for tenting purposes. The drainage of the tract is all that could be desired; it slopes from the table-land rapidly and upon all sides. The slopes of the gullies and cuts are covered with brush and timber, which should be carefully preserved and cared for. The plateau itself is fringed all around with a growth of brush and trees. It is traversed by a good wagon road, and is accessible by means of rail and water from all points of the State. It might be well in the future, as the importance of the reservation increases, to have the railroad company construct a spur from its main line to a point near the reservation. This would save a great deal in the way of transportation of quartermaster and commissary stores, as well as a gain in landing in rapidly, and carrying away the troops directly from the encampments.

As an appendix to my own report, I have added reports of the brigade engineers, who carried out, under orders from myself, the details of locating the three brigades on the camp site. The only diversion from the camp plan, as originally designed by me, was in the case of the First Brigade, where it was found expedient to arrange the

tents in a different manner from that first contemplated. Major J. H. Dockweiler, Engineer Officer, First Brigade, gives, in his report, the reasons for that change, which I approved, and appends a map showing the changes. The location of the First Brigade remained unchanged, only a different arrangement of the tents having been made. The camp as laid out in the plan gave room for the encampment of 3,000 men and officers, forming three brigades, or one division. There were numerous methods shown on the plan, for laying out camps. This was done for two purposes: first, on account of the character of the ground and the limited terrain; and secondly, as an object lesson to the troops to show different methods of laying out a camp, preserving the necessary and usual uniformity in the commands. Had more ground been available, a much better and more uniform plan of camp could have been had.

No funds or time was available to make a complete topographical survey of the camp site, and consequently I had to take the outlines from a preliminary survey made by the City Surveyor of Santa Cruz, who showed on his plan a level territory of larger acreage than actually existed. He assured me that this was correct, but I subsequently ascertained that he had taken the fringe of trees and brush surrounding the table-land as his highest contour, whereas, as a matter of fact, this contour existed above his lines all around the camp site at a higher elevation, ranging from five to twenty-five feet. In laying out the work at the camp, I subsequently discovered this to be the case, but still it was possible to encamp the Division on the territory. In any future Division camp, I would recommend that the Sanitary Corps be given the exclusive territory embraced in that tongue of the table-land recently occupied by the Cavalry and Signal Corps; that the Division Headquarters be located at the head of the tract occupied at the last encampment by the First Brigade; that the Cavalry and Signal Corps be located where the Second Brigade had its headquarters; and that the First Brigade be located on the tract recently occupied by the Third Brigade; the Third Brigade, Quartermaster, and Commissary Departments occupying the present review and parade ground. This, of course, is all subject to changes as the different commands increase or decrease in size, and could be better worked out after a thorough topographical survey of the reservation has been made.

THE WORK OF THE ENGINEERS.

It had been contemplated by the Division commander, when he issued General Orders No. 4, that the brigade engineer officers and the officers designated as regimental engineers should be detailed to report two days before camp, to the Division Engineer. This would have given the Division Engineer eight engineer officers—three brigade and five regimental; but the orders were misunderstood, or, at least, not carried out. It would have been possible for this force to have detailed officers to accompany the brigade commanders on their practice marches and other maneuvers made, and have had reports of everything concerning the Engineer Department that occurred during the encampment. As a matter of fact, the only brigade engineer to report was Major J. H. Dockweiler, of the First Brigade, the officers of the Second and Third Brigades failing to attend the camp. The Colonel of the Seventh Infantry and the Colonel of the Fifth Infantry detailed officers as acting

engineers, but they had to perform so many other duties, both staff and line, that it was impossible for these two gentlemen to be made effective for this purpose; consequently, the technical reports of the various movements during the camp are defective. I wish especially to draw attention, however, to the able manner in which Captain Norboe, acting Brigade Engineer Officer of the Third Brigade, mapped and reported on the practice march of that command; and to the very full report of Major Dockweiler, both on the camp and on the practice march of the First Brigade. Having, therefore, an engineer force limited practically to Major Dockweiler and myself, with occasional assistance from Captain Norboe and one or two other acting engineers, the plans, as outlined, were very meagerly carried out. The details to have been made under General Orders No. 4 of the Division, comprise a detail for the entire encampment; but, for above reasons, it was not done.

The Division commander also contemplated, and so instructed the Division Engineer, having a series of lectures on military field engineering held by the Division Engineer for the instruction of the officers of the Division. These lectures were prepared, but opportunity was lacking to hold lyceums.

The Division Engineer issued a printed sheet of instructions in reference to elementary military field engineering, which was distributed widely among the officers of the Division, and a copy of which is appended to this report.

Unfortunately, the military law of the State allows of but three engineers in addition to the Division Engineer—one for each brigade. I understand that formerly there were regimental engineers, which would have given a somewhat larger force to operate with than that recently available. The United States Government, as well as other countries, is constantly increasing its engineer forces, and the engineer to-day, in civil life, is growing more important in every possible enterprise. As warfare becomes more scientific and technical, this movement is bound to increase. Men must be specially trained for the work and none but professional engineers should be allowed commissions in the National Guard as engineer officers. To show the importance of the engineer service in the recent war with Spain, a special Act of Congress, prepared by the highest military authorities in the country, provided a brigade of three regiments of U. S. Volunteer Engineers, the officers of which came from the very best technical men in the United States; and, at the present session of Congress, when the army was increased, a regiment of engineers was provided for in place of the former battalion of four companies. It would seem, in this day of technical and scientific advancement, which is spreading in every direction, that it would be better to have increased rather than to have diminished the military engineer force of the State; and I have ventured to append to my report the outlines of a bill for an engineer staff corps and one company of engineers, which is modeled on the same lines as is that of the U. S. Engineer Department, and in the preparation of which suggested bill I have had able assistance from U. S. Army officers. As such a bill would need legislative enactment, I have made a recommendation to do temporary service until proper legislation can be procured.

The actual work done by the engineers during the tour of duty at Camp Gage was: first, the laying out of the camp; second, running the lines and supervising the water system and pumping plant; and third,

supervising the erection of an additional tank, capacity 10,000 gallons, there being already on the ground a tank of 5,000 gallons capacity. In addition thereto, engineers accompanied the brigades in their practice marches and maneuvers and bivouacs, and have reported on same. Field books, with printed and typewritten instructions, were distributed to all the officers of the staffs, which instructions they were to read and follow out, and to note in the field books the movements made by the troops to which they were attached. There was also procured a modest engineering outfit, which, however, did not comprise any surveying instruments. This, in the future, should be attended to, and a proper technical and scientific apparatus should be acquired, and officers and men trained in the use of same.

It was not possible to give any illustration of entrenchment work or other military field engineering, as the time was too limited. If the encampment had been for thirty days, instead of a week, matters of this kind, which are of the greatest importance when in the field in actual warfare, can and should be attended to. In the presence of an enemy, an officer in charge of a small body of troops should be able to know what material to use and how to use it to the best purpose and with the greatest rapidity. He should know how and where to select a camp site for his command; he should know how to throw a bridge across a stream, or how to destroy one to cover his retreat. These, and numerous other things, are important, and are constantly occurring; and it is not possible, without a proper organization of engineers, to inculcate these very necessary details in the care of troops by those in command.

WATER SUPPLY.

In May, the Division Engineer, accompanied the Commanding General to Santa Cruz, to examine the camp site and lay out the water system. In conference with the city authorities of Santa Cruz, who seemed willing to do all in their power, it was decided to adopt the city engineer's survey of the camp site. This, as already stated, was found to be erroneous; however, the line of pipe to conform with it and supply the future camp was staked out by the Division Engineer, and on these lines the pipes were subsequently laid. On account of the city authorities having ordered their pipe from the East, there was considerable delay in placing same in position, and this was not done in time nor in a satisfactory manner. As a matter of fact, pipes were still being laid when the troops arrived, whereas the understanding had been that everything should be in readiness and the water running through the pipes a week before the period fixed for the mobilization of the troops. This was needful for testing the system and cleansing the pipes. The size of pipe specified, two-inch, was secured and was found sufficient, and the necessary number of plugs was put in. The pumping plant was in no way satisfactory. It had been supposed that the city would purchase a proper plant, but as a matter of fact, it did not do so, but rented a pump from the Joshua Hendy Company, of San Francisco, and made a contract with some parties owning a portable boiler to pump the water from Branciforte Creek, 80 feet above sea-level, up an elevation of 225 feet to the table-land; across this, and thence up a further elevation of 30 feet to the 10,000-gallon general distributing tank. It was also agreed that the city should build two 5,000-gallon tanks, in addition to the one already existing on the property, and the

positions of these tanks were staked out; however, without consulting with the proper authorities, the City of Santa Cruz erected one 10,000-gallon tank. This and the 5,000-gallon tank in existence, were situated on trestle platforms about 30 feet above the elevation of the plateau, so that the course of the water from Branciforte Creek at the pumping point made it necessary to first raise the same 225 feet; thence on a level across the plateau to the 10,000-gallon tank; thence a vertical height of 30 feet; in all, a distance of about 1,000 feet of two-inch pipe and three elbows.

Another fault to be found with the water system was that the pipes were not buried sufficiently deep; in consequence, the sun heated the water and made it more or less unpalatable, although no fault could be found with the sanitary condition of the water, which, I am informed by the surgeons, was not the cause of any sickness during the encampment.

The location of the pumping plant was on the right, or south, side of Branciforte Creek, and the agreement by the city, as made with the pumping people, I am informed, was that a minimum of 2,800 gallons of water should be delivered in the tanks per hour. As a matter of fact, this amount was never reached, although the pumping plant ran almost incessantly night and day. For the two days prior to the mobilization of the troops, it was with great difficulty that even the small advance guard at the camp was supplied with water. However, conditions improved as the machinery got down to working order and the leaks in the pipes were stopped, and, on the whole, the pumping service was fairly satisfactory, reaching a minimum supply of 2,000 gallons per hour. It would seem to me that a permanent pumping plant, capable of supplying 5,000 gallons per hour, is an absolute necessity, with a permanent building of brick or stone, which should be regarded as one of the camp outposts. The location of this pumping plant was not on the reservation, but a permanent one should undoubtedly be located within the confines of the State's property. The further extension of the pipe-line to supply the present review and parade ground is a necessity, and this should include another local supply tank of 5,000 gallons. The water for the camp was all supplied from the 10,000-gallon tank, which was located on the main road traversing the reservation near the First Brigade camp, and which supplied directly, through a pipe, the Cavalry and Signal Corps, and the stables. The supply for the First, Second, and Third Brigades, Division Headquarters, and Sanitary Corps was from and through the 5,000-gallon tank, located in the rear of the First Infantry. There is an abundance of water for 5,000 men and 1,000 horses in Branciforte Creek, and steps should be taken to guard its sanitary condition, by condemnation and the preservation of its water, it being practically the only available source from which the reservation can be supplied.

The whole question of water supply, both from a sanitary and an available standpoint, should be speedily attended to. In fact, all matters pertaining to the camp site should be taken in hand by a board of engineers, for the future preservation and usefulness of the State's property. As it is now, we have a piece of territory with a poorly constructed water system and more or less unsanitary and impracticable conditions, with no satisfactory arrangements for the future as to the permanent and essential water supply.

LATRINES.

The Division Engineer was called upon to submit designs for latrines and he submitted two, permanent and temporary, a blueprint of which is attached to this report. The funds available were not sufficient to build the first class of permanent ones, but it was found that the design submitted for the temporary sinks answered all purposes. These latrines were approved by the Sanitary Corps, and should be available for several years, if properly taken care of. They were located out of sight, and well below the fringe of trees and brush, and their position selected with a view to their not being near the kitchens and as far from the tents as possible. They worked well in every particular, so far as I could judge. There were thirty-one latrines built, and they cost \$23.57 each.

Sketches were also made for a permanent building for the use and storage of quartermaster and commissary stores. Funds were not available, however, for the erection of the same. Such a building, or buildings—for there should be at least two, one for each department—should have early consideration, as well as a watchman's house, permanent fencing, and gates.

A point should be selected on the reservation for a battery of four to six pieces, where instruction in the use of artillery could be given.

For detailed reports on the practice marches made by the three brigades, I refer you to the appended reports. The Engineer Officers were especially instructed to note the topography of the country passed through, its availability for defense and attack, possible camp sites, advantages or disadvantages for wood, water, and forage, roads, trails, railroads; in fact, all things necessary for a knowledge of the country. Field books, with special instructions, were furnished brigade and regimental officers, by your orders, for the noting of all these points; but I regret to report that the few books turned in contain no information of the country marched through, which comprised three distinct routes to and from the camp. This is to be regretted, as a knowledge of the immediate camp vicinity would be of value for future operations.

There are, of course, numerous suggestions that could be made, but this should be left to a board of officers, who could decide on the best means of using the reservation, for the instruction of the Guard.

Respectfully,

(Signed:) T. WALN-MORGAN DRAPER,
Lieutenant Colonel and Division Engineer Officer, N. G. C.

CAMP GAGE, CAL., June 19, 1901.

To LIEUT. COL. T. WALN-MORGAN DRAPER,

Division Engineer Officer, N. G. C.:

SIR: I have the honor to transmit herewith a map of the territory covered by the Third Brigade in a march from Camp Gage, June 17th, and to submit therewith the report.

Leaving quarters, brigade left the confines of the military reservation where the camp road intersects the public highway from Santa Cruz to Soquel, near where the highway crosses Branciforte Creek, about three

hundred yards east of the County Hospital. The march was then up the cañon of Branciforte Creek, along the public road, which is very narrow, in places not exceeding twenty-four feet in width. The roadbed is very good, being firm and affording good footing for horses, not excessively dusty, with no steep hills either ascending or descending. Some of the bridges are old and would probably require some repairs if a large force was to be conducted over them. The road is fenced on both sides a greater part of its length and usually flanked with a dense growth of heavy timber or undergrowth. The slopes of the hills on either side are steep, sometimes rocky, and nearly always covered with dense brush, which would be extremely difficult to penetrate, excepting an occasional narrow ridge which may be bare.

The crest of the hills on either side are from one half to one and a half miles distant, for the most part devoid of timber and affording excellent positions for the artillery of an enemy to play upon a column on the road.

There are no outlets from the cañon by which to take wagon trains and artillery, excepting the roads shown on the accompanying map, and noted in the note-book furnished: as Granite Creek, station 27; Happy Valley Creek, station 47; and up either branch of the road at McGary's.

Wood and water are plentiful all along the line.

Forage for animals is plentiful.

Produce for subsistence can be obtained at the farms, but only in limited quantities.

The site of the bivouac was chosen for its comfortable position without regard to tactical considerations.

Protection to the line of march could only be effectually afforded by flankers and outposts in strong force, occupying the adjacent ridges running parallel to the line of march.

An enemy once in possession of the heights, with artillery, would have the column at its mercy, and owing to the steep, brushy slopes intervening would have practically an impregnable position.

No water seems to be available on the heights.

The return march to Camp Gage being over the same road as traversed in going out, no journal was kept of the march, excepting to check some of the observations of the former march going out.

Respectfully,

(Signed:) P. M. NORBOE,
Captain Sixth Infantry, N. G. C.,
Acting Engineer Officer, Third Brigade.

Armory Company I,
Sixth Infantry Regiment, Third Brigade, N. G. C.

HANFORD, CAL., September 3, 1901.

To LIEUT. COL. T. WALN-MORGAN DRAPER,
Engineer Officer, Division, N. G. C.,
San Francisco, Cal.:

SIR: Replying to your request for a report from me, as Engineer Officer, Third Brigade, N. G. C., at Camp Gage, June 15th to 23d, I have to say:

My duties as Engineer Officer during the encampment consisted of:

1. Keeping a journal of the operations of Third Brigade during a practice march and bivouac June 16th and 17th, a report of which, with map of the route, I submitted at the time.

2. Making a sketch of the camps of the Second Infantry and Sixth Infantry, comprising Third Brigade, a blueprint of which map I have the honor to transmit under separate cover.

I also transmit, under separate cover, the field book furnished me by Division Engineer's office.

Very respectfully,

(Signed:) P. M. NORBOE,
Captain Sixth Infantry,
Detailed Engineer Officer, Third Brigade.

HEADQUARTERS SECOND BRIGADE, N. G. C.,
OFFICE OF THE BRIGADE ENGINEER,
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL., July 31, 1901.

To LIEUT. COL. T. WALN-MORGAN DRAPER,
Division Engineer Officer, National Guard of California:

SIR: In compliance with a letter from your headquarters, dated July 19, 1901, requesting a report from this office on Camp Gage at Santa Cruz, California, during the month of June, 1901, I have the honor to report that, pursuant to your request, I proceeded to Santa Cruz, California, on the 26th day of May, 1901, arriving at that place on same date.

Under your direction I assisted in laying out the camp of the Second Brigade, National Guard of California, which was done in accordance with plans laid out and designed by yourself under instruction of Major General John H. Dickinson, and approved by him May 9, 1901. The camp was laid out on a reservation deeded to the State of California for the use of the National Guard of California for encampment purposes, at a place known as Laveaga Heights, Santa Cruz, California, and which Heights are at an elevation of about 270 to 310 feet above the level of the sea, and situated about two miles northeast of the center of the City of Santa Cruz, having an area of 130 acres.

The surface of this reservation is very irregular, comprising four foothill spurs separated by deep gulches, and all merging together at the northeastern portion of the reservation. The northerly spur, which commences at the southwesterly portion of the reservation, running thence in a northeasterly direction to where it merges with the others (comprising an area of about 50 acres), was selected for the main camp of the several brigades, exclusive of the camp site occupied by the troops of Cavalry, Signal Corps, and corrals for the various horses of the Division, which occupied the spur immediately south of the main camp site.

The Second Brigade occupied the central portion of this spur, being on the immediate left of the Third Brigade and extending to the right of the First Brigade, having a front of about 525 feet and a depth of 550 feet.

The camp was laid out in the following manner: The Fifth Infantry Regiment on the right, the First Infantry on their immediate left, and the First Battalion of Artillery on the left of the First Infantry Regiment, all fronting to the south. The company streets of each command were laid out parallel to each other.

The Fifth Infantry Regiment camp was laid out so that the tents should be pitched in columns of companies, each parallel to the other; four companies facing northeast and five companies facing southwest toward the main street. Each company had a separate street, excepting the two companies which faced the main street. The width of the company street was designed to be 20 feet, and the main street 45 feet. The company officers' tents were on the flank of their respective commands, in the order of their rank, facing on the same street with their commands, being separated from the latter by an intervening space of 20 feet. The tents of the field and staff were in line in rear of, and parallel to, those of the company commanders—field on the right, and staff on the left, and were separated by a regimental street of 45 feet. The tents of the band and non-commissioned staff officers were in the rear of the tents of the field and staff, and were separated by a street of 25 feet. The regimental officers' mess and kitchens were situated about 150 feet, and the companies' kitchens about 250 feet, to the rear of the tents of the non-commissioned officers. The camp of this regiment was laid out in the form of a rectangle, being 275 feet front and 250 feet in depth (not including the kitchens).

The First Infantry Regiment camp was laid out so that the tents should be pitched on two company streets running parallel to each other, being in width 36 feet, and having four companies on each street; two of each four companies facing the other, with the tents of the company commanders on the flank of their several commands facing the company street, being distant from their commands 20 feet. The field and staff were situated in two rows to the rear and parallel to the tents of the company commanders nearest them, distant 25 feet. The band and non-commissioned staff officers were in line immediately to the rear, being separated by a distance of 25 feet. The regimental mess and kitchen were situated about 35 feet to the left of the line of the tents of the field and staff; and the companies' kitchens were situated about 50 feet to the left of the regiment opposite the rear company on the left of line and immediately in the rear of the tents of the First Battalion of Artillery. This camp was laid out in the shape of a rectangle, being 125 feet front and 450 feet in depth.

First Battalion of Artillery camp was laid out in two company streets parallel to each other, being in width 36 feet. The tents of each company were arranged to be pitched in line facing each other; the tents of the company officers in line, parallel to the flanks of the columns, facing the company streets and on the same line with their commands, and were separated therefrom by a space 35 feet in width. The artillery officers' mess and kitchen were situated on the left of the command, about 80 feet distant from Headquarters. The battalion's kitchens were situated on the left of the command, about 100 feet distant. This camp was laid out in the shape of a rectangle, being about 125 feet front and 250 feet in depth (not including the kitchens).

Headquarters Second Brigade tents were designed to be laid out in the rear of the Fifth Infantry Regiment, being separated therefrom by a

brigade street of 65 feet, which street at this width did not extend beyond the left line of the regiment named, and was finally merged into the regimental street of the First Infantry. The brigade mess and kitchen were situated about 50 feet to the rear of the left line of the Headquarters' tents.

All the sinks were constructed of redwood and were placed at a convenient distance from the various commands; each command being assigned a separate sink. They were situated about the brink of the gulch surrounding the camp, whereby excellent drainage was obtained, which insured excellent sanitary conditions.

The kitchens were all situated conveniently to the various commands, and each company was supplied with tables of sufficient size.

The camp was supplied with water pumped from a creek about 1,400 feet north of the camp site, through a two-inch pipe-line, to two storage tanks of about 10,000 gallons capacity each; from the tanks the water was distributed throughout the camp by a two-inch pipe-line.

After completing my duties I returned to San Francisco, and owing to the recent strike among the labor unions in San Francisco, which involved the men employed in the business with which I am connected, and other important matters, I was unable to return to camp at the encampment.

Respectfully submitted.

(Signed:) J. H. HENDY,
Major and Engineer Officer, Second Brigade, N. G. C.

Practice March, Second Brigade.

SAN FRANCISCO, September 7, 1901.

To the Commanding Officer, Second Brigade, N. G. C.:

SIR: I have the honor to make the following report of the practice march of the Second Brigade while at Camp Gage. I was detailed as Engineer Officer of the brigade in the absence of Major Hendy, and proceeded to the Division Engineer Officer the day prior to our starting out (July 18th) for instructions. No other of the engineers having appeared, the Division Engineer made a few general statements with reference to the idea and plan of the practice march. After the conference we were to go over some of the ground in the neighborhood in order to locate routes and camp sites. However, owing to other matters we were not able to go, and in the afternoon of that day I left to choose a route and camp site. Before going we had practically decided that the road to Capitola and the town itself would afford the best facilities for the practice march. I went to Capitola, via Soquel, and, with the Quartermaster, made arrangements for forage, wood, etc., for the camp, and selected a camp site, with running water piped through the grounds, permanent latrines, and stables for horses, as well as good camping grounds for the men. I reported what had been the result of our trip, to the General commanding the brigade, and it was decided to start the march the next afternoon at 3 o'clock. Accordingly, orders were issued for the assembling of the troops at 3 P. M., in heavy marching order, with rations for the trip. The meat ration was cooked before leaving Camp Gage and transported in bulk in the wagons. We started punctu-

ally at 3 o'clock, in the following order: Advance guard; Fifth Infantry; First Infantry; First Battalion of Artillery, with two guns; the wagon train; the Cavalry and Signal Corps (mounted) bringing up the rear, as rear guard. We marched from 3 until 3:18, and rested ten minutes; then proceeded on our route, as shown by the arrows in "Map of the Route." When we arrived at No. 2 we encountered cavalry fire from the front. There being a high bluff just in front of the road on which we were marching, as shown, we were unable to find out the direction the enemy had taken. However, the advance guard charged upon them, and they fled. At this point, fearing further attack and not having sufficient mounted troops to protect the baggage, we placed the wagons in front of the First Infantry. We marched until 4:15, and rested fifteen minutes, then proceeded on our way. As we were about to enter Capitola we were fired upon from the high bluff on the opposite side of the river from our proposed camp site. Fearing the enemy would approach us from the flank, we placed a gun on a bluff at point "A" on "Map of the Camp." This bluff commanded the approaches by way of the road through Capitola, and artillery could be trained across the river or along the road from Soquel. Under cover of this gun, and the other, which had been placed so as to protect the troops from the rear, the camp was pitched, as shown in the "Map of the Camp," at 5:10 P. M. The camp was not opened that night at all. Fearing renewed attacks by the enemy that night (in greater numbers), we stationed a detachment of Signal Corps at points No. 4 and No. 5 on "Map of the Route." The point at No. 5 commanded a view of both approaches to Capitola, while No. 4 was on a tank-house and at such an elevation as to be in communication with No. 5 at all times by flag; heliograph, or torch. Post No. 4 was connected with the camp by a metallic telegraph circuit, which was completed about 12 P. M. We thus were in a position to know of the approach of an armed party at least an hour before they could arrive at our camp. With this protection we did not deem it very necessary to post a very extensive guard. However, at 8 P. M., a temporary camp guard was posted, in order to protect the camp proper. At 11 P. M. a permanent guard was formed, consisting of thirty-six members. We selected three points, marked "Guard tent," B, and C, which controlled all approaches to the camp, and we posted five men at each of these places, with instructions to stop all passers-by. In order to make sure that these sentries would keep in a position to stop all and not lapse in slumber and allow troopers to come into our camp, we established a cavalry patrol consisting of four men, whose duty it was to ride around the road encircling our camp and shown on "Map of the Route." These men rode in twos and in opposite directions, so that every twenty minutes each sentry was visited, thereby insuring the greatest vigilance. At about 3 A. M., the mounted patrol reported cavalry in the direction of Soquel, but as they were suspected they approached no nearer.

Reveille was sounded at 5:30, and all the guards were taken in. Each division of the command then placed its own guard for the protection of its property. Camp was opened until 12 M. After lunch, we proceeded to pack for the return march. We left Capitola at 1:30 P. M., June 20th. The "Map of Camp" is self-explanatory, and shows the positions of the different detachments, etc. The return march was made on the road shown on the "Map of the Route," and the two signal detachments were picked up as we passed by, and were added to

the column. We marched twenty minutes, then halted until 2 P. M., and again resumed the march, halting at 2:45 until 3 P. M. When we were about a mile and a half from Camp Gage, our advance guard discovered some cavalry skirting about in a suspicious manner, and suspecting some attack, took extra precautions. When under cover of some buildings, two battalions, one from each regiment, were moved forward and a sham advance guard formed. Distances were shortened, so as to make it appear from the camp as though no change in the order of march had been made. We then took up the march again and proceeded toward the camp. When the point No. 6 was reached, the two battalions extra in the advance guard under command of Lieutenant Colonel Hayes, took the lower road, which breaks off precipitously, and can not be seen from the camp, at No. 1, the main column turning to the right, as shown by the arrows; thus giving the appearance of the main column, with its regular advance guard (which had been again spread out), moving toward Camp Gage. The main column halted for quite awhile, in order to give Colonel Hayes opportunity to enter the camp simultaneously from the rear. At the given time the column was started, and reached the main gate just as Colonel Hayes and his men fired some volleys and entered the camp from the rear. The advance guard, during the whole trip, exercised the greatest vigilance and care, and skulked far out on either side of the road. We arrived at quarters at Camp Gage at 4:30 P. M., June 20th.

Trusting that from the perusal of this report and the maps accompanying, you may be able to obtain the entire happenings, ground traveled, and camp site, I remain,

Respectfully,

(Signed:) SAM L. NAPHTALY,
Major and Inspector Second Brigade.

I neglected to remark that on the return trip one of the orderlies was thrown from his horse and received a broken wrist, which was cared for by the surgeon, thus giving the ambulance and Sanitary Corps a little field duty.

Report of March of Second Brigade from "Camp Gage" to Capitola.

The Second Brigade, N. G. C., General Warfield commanding, left Camp Gage June 19, 1901, at 2:30 P. M., with one day's rations and shelter tents.

After marching about a mile from the camp, the brigade turned to the left, following a road leading in a southeast direction and running parallel to the coast, and distant about two miles. Country thickly populated and road fenced on both sides. An advance, rear guard, and flankers were thrown out, and a sharp lookout kept for the enemy. Three miles from camp, at a bridge crossing a ravine, the advance guard was fired upon by cavalry troops supposed to be the enemy, numbers unknown. The outposts fell back on the main body; Major Julliard's battalion advanced and commenced firing. The enemy immediately withdrew, taking an easterly direction to the hills. There were no casualties. The brigade resumed the march. Passed through the town of Soquel and arrived at Capitola at 6 P. M., and camped for the night on the east side of Soquel Creek.

At 1 P. M. the next day, June 20th, the brigade broke camp and started on the return march. On arriving about a mile and a half from Camp Gage, a battalion, composed of Companies L and M of the First Infantry and Company A of the Fifth Infantry, under command of Major Filmer, left the main column, and advancing up a ravine in the rear of the camp, succeeded in surprising the camp and capturing the Division Headquarters. The main column entered camp by the main road, arriving at 5 P. M.

(Signed:) D. STRONG,
First Lieutenant, Fifth Infantry,
Officer detailed for report.

HEADQUARTERS FIRST BRIGADE, N. G. C.,
LOS ANGELES, CAL., August 6, 1901.

To LIEUT. COL. T. WALN-MORGAN DRAPER,
Division Engineer, N. G. C.,
Mills Building, San Francisco, Cal.:

SIR: I beg leave to submit the following report:

In compliance with General Orders No. 1, Headquarters First Brigade, dated June 1, 1901, I reported to Major J. W. A. Off, Brigade Quartermaster, at 2 P. M., June 12, 1901, and proceeded by train with the officers and men designated in above orders, to Santa Cruz, where we arrived at 7 A. M., June 13, 1901, having left Los Angeles at 3 P. M. on the 12th.

Upon my arrival I immediately reported to Lieutenant Colonel F. J. H. Rickon, acting Division Engineer, with whom I proceeded to Camp Gage, where I was shown by him the site allotted to the First Brigade, and given "Map of the Military Reservation of the State of California, showing a Division Camp, being a portion of Laveaga Heights, Santa Cruz, Cal., laid out and designed under instructions of Major General J. H. Dickinson, by Lieutenant Colonel T. Waln-Morgan Draper, Division Engineer Officer, N. G. C., May 1, 1901."

An examination of the site showed me that the space between the fence and the edge of the bluff was not wide enough to permit the arrangement of the company streets as set forth on said map. I reported said fact to Lieutenant Colonel F. J. H. Rickon, who instructed me to lay out the camp to conform to the ground available.

Second Lieutenant Samuel T. Bloom, Company M, who had been detailed Acting Regimental Engineer, by Regimental Orders No. 8, had reported to me upon my arrival at Santa Cruz, and I assigned a detail of men to him, also taking one myself, and had the camp laid out by evening.

The baggage and camp equipment having all arrived on the ground during the day, were distributed in their proper places.

By Saturday noon, June 15th, all tents, including kitchens, had been pitched by the advance detail.

Saturday noon, June 15th, I proceeded to the Southern Pacific Railroad Company depot, to await the arrival of the First Brigade, which took place at 2 P. M.

As instructed by Regimental Orders No. 8, detailing him, Second Lieutenant Samuel T. Bloom reported back to his company upon arrival of the brigade.

I accompanied the brigade to Camp Gage, where it arrived at about 3:30 P. M.

CAMP GAGE.

Camp Gage is situated upon what is called Laveaga Heights, about two and one half miles northeast from the town of Santa Cruz, California, and about three miles from the Pacific Ocean.

It is a table-land or plateau having an elevation of about 300 feet above the sea. Two main roads lead from Santa Cruz to the camp, one running along Branciforte Cañon, which bounds the reservation on the western and northern sides, and leaving the main road about two thirds of a mile above the mouth of the cañon, climbs the side of the cañon and emerges at the northeastern boundary of the camp; the other enters the reservation at its southwestern corner. Both of the roads are of good width, with no heavy grades, and each has a substantial bridge across Branciforte Creek. A little way west of said creek, both roads join in one road, which crosses San Lorenzo River by a substantial bridge, thence leading to main street of Santa Cruz. The road leading most directly to the camp from Santa Cruz, leads up to the southwest corner of the reservation, which is the base of the hills which form the left-hand mouth of Branciforte Cañon.

From this point a newly-graded road, about 30 feet wide, with a comparatively even and uniform grade, leads in a general northerly direction for a distance of a third of a mile, the last 400 yards being along the side of a comparatively thickly-wooded gulch, which brings one to the top of the hills or edge of the plateau; thence it takes a northerly course along the plateau.

When the plateau is reached the road is fenced in on both sides, and a row of large cypress trees align the same on each side. The road is about 60 feet wide. This road divides the camp into two parts, the camp proper lying on the westerly and northerly sides, while the parade ground is on the other side.

The plateau on the westerly and northerly side is about half a mile long in its longest direction, northeasterly and southwesterly, and varying in width from 40 to 300 yards.

The south end of this plateau is divided into two arms or spurs by means of a gully which enters Branciforte Cañon a little to the left of the main road (where entrance is first gained to the reservation by way of Santa Cruz), and runs in a northeasterly course about 400 yards to its head, where it is about 100 yards west of the road through camp.

The most westerly of the two spurs thus formed is very narrow at its southern extremity, and gradually increases to about 200 yards in width where the gully heads. The other spur is about 100 yards wide at its southern extremity, which it maintains for 100 yards in length, when it suddenly narrows on the west side to about 40 yards, and gradually increases from there on to 100 yards at the head of the swale which forms the head of the gully. Both of these spurs are very thickly covered with scrub oak and cypress trees, as well as the flanks of the gullies which bound them.

Going northeast 150 yards from where the two spurs fork, the plateau quickly narrows to about 50 yards, and from here on it varies from 40 to 70 yards in width to its eastern extremity, which is marked by a road which leads from the road on the south of the plateau, northerly, by an even and rather steep grade along the side of the northern slope of the reservation, into the bottom of Branciforte Cañon, where it joins the Branciforte road south of the bridge which crosses the creek at this point, and which is the second bridge across said creek above the mouth of the cañon at the southwest corner of the reservation, and which bridge is about two thirds of a mile above said mouth. This road is about four yards wide, and passes through a very thickly-wooded side hill having a slope of about 45 degrees.

The northern and eastern limits of the plateau are formed by the left side of Branciforte Cañon, which is about 70 yards deep. This side of the cañon is very steep and is covered with scrub oak and redwood trees and a dense growth of underbrush, passage through which is barely possible, save by means of the trail cut through the same.

The plateau lying on the easterly and southerly side of the road leading through the camp is designated as the parade ground, and is about 500 yards long by 150 yards wide, and stretches south from where the road strikes the plateau first, and is bounded on the west by the gully which is followed by the road; on the east by a gully which heads within 50 yards of the road.

From the head of the last gully the table-land is broken by virtue of the gullies which head very near the road, thus forming rather narrow reaches which stretch to the south and are joined together near the road by a narrow strip of level ground.

Save on the most westerly slope and in some of the gullies there is no timber or brush, the land being farmed for grain.

SURROUNDING COUNTRY.

The general character of the country surrounding the camp is as follows:

To the north is a series of hills covered with some timber, and dense brush generally, cut up by deep cañons, which have a general southerly course to the ocean. Most of these cañons head in or near the celebrated redwood groves, distant some ten miles north of the reservation. Small streams of running water are found in each cañon, and very good roads, with substantial bridges of a sufficient width to pass all arms of the service. Fuel in abundance.

To the east the country is rather rolling, being a succession of hills and gullies of rather gentle slope and practically free from timber and brush.

To the south and southwest is a flat, very highly cultivated, having an elevation of about seventy feet above the sea, at the base of the hills, and gradually sloping to the Pacific Ocean, distant some three miles from the camp.

To the west is Santa Cruz, a town of about 15,000 inhabitants, lying on the Pacific Ocean, which is reached by two lines of railway from the north, one the Narrow Gauge, running to San Francisco only, the other the Southern Pacific Railroad Company, broad gauge, running north and south.

It is about four miles from camp to the S. P. R. R. Company depot.

FIRST BRIGADE CAMP.

The First Brigade camp was laid out upon the northeasterly portion of the plateau lying north of the main road through the reservation, and just east of and adjoining the Division camp gate.

The 10,000-gallon water tank was between the Second and Third Battalions; Headquarters being to the east of said tank.

The company streets were laid off at right angles to the road, each company having an entire street.

There were five tents on each side of the street, spaced 15 feet, center to center, with streets 20 feet wide, at the head of which were two tents for the company officers, facing north down the street and at right angles to the other tents.

The officers' tents were next to the road.

There were twelve 9 by 9 feet wall tents to each company.

The companies were separated by a 10-foot alley and the battalions by a 20-foot alley from each other.

The Majors' and Adjutants' tents were placed on the right of their battalions. On the side farthest from the company officers a 30-foot street ran parallel to the road, and the kitchens were placed upon the north side of the street.

The water-pipes also ran along on this side of the street.

The sinks were north of the kitchens, below the crest of the slope, and were well screened by timber.

Regimental headquarters were on the right of the First Battalion, and faced west down the 30-foot street, the regimental staff being to the left, the band and non-commissioned staff being to the rear and parallel thereto.

To the rear of the non-commissioned staff, and 20 feet from the road, was the hospital tent facing regimental headquarters and parallel thereto, and to the right of the hospital and in line with its front were the surgeons.

One hundred feet to the rear of regimental headquarters, parallel thereto, and facing the 30-foot street, were brigade headquarters, with the staff placed on either side; the orderlies' tents being placed in the rear.

To the rear of the brigade headquarters street, near the road, facing east, were the guard-house tents.

The regimental officers' mess was on the right flank of the regimental headquarters street, just below the crest of the slope.

Brigade officers' mess was on the right of the brigade street and a little to the rear.

WATER SUPPLY.

Camp Gage is supplied with water by means of two tanks, one of 5,000, the other of 10,000 gallons capacity, both of which are situated about 30 feet above the ground and the water is pumped into them by means of a temporary plant located on the right side of Branciforte Creek, near the most easterly bridge across the stream, which is situated north of the center of the camp.

The elevation of the pumping plant is 80 feet above the sea, and the water is forced up about 245 feet, through about 1,000 feet of two-inch main, and is distributed throughout the camp by means of two-inch pipes leading from said tanks.

Numerous hydrants, conveniently placed, afford ample facilities. The water is most excellent, and Branciforte Creek furnishes an abundant supply.

WOOD.

Oak wood, cut to stove size, was delivered in convenient piles throughout the camp. The surrounding country can furnish unlimited quantities of fuel.

SURVEY.

On Monday, June 17th, I was ordered to report to Lieutenant Colonel Waln-Morgan Draper at 1 P. M. of that day.

At the appointed hour I accompanied his party on a survey of the country lying to the north of the camp. We visited, by way of Santa Cruz, the San Lorenzo Cañon, going up same as far as the powder mills, then returning to the mouth of Branciforte Cañon, and proceeded up the same to a point six miles north of the camp, where we found Brigadier General Muller, commanding Third Brigade, preparing to bivouac. Returning from there to camp, where we arrived at 5:45 P. M.

PRACTICE MARCH AND TERRANE PASSED THROUGH.

Tuesday morning, June 18th, at 5:30 o'clock, I left with the First Brigade, Brigadier General C. F. A. Last, commanding, on a march to the Big Trees. The brigade took the main road on the south side of its camp, and proceeded northerly about a quarter of a mile, where a road turns to the north, which it followed. The road leads into Branciforte Cañon, along the north slope of the camp, is rather steep, 4 yards wide, and passes through oak and redwood, thick and dense brush, and is about a quarter of a mile long from the plateau to the bottom of the cañon.

The main road is here entered and we followed the same northeasterly, and at 20 yards crossed a bridge over Branciforte Creek, and proceeded about half a mile along the road up the cañon, when head of column was ordered back and we proceeded along the first cañon west of Branciforte Cañon, the road leading to which branches off to the left at the bridge just mentioned.

Proceeding north on the left bank of the stream in the cañon, by an ordinary mountain road about 4 yards wide, at half a mile a school house lies on east side of road.

Hills, rather steep, are covered with a few trees and heavy brush; grade of road not heavy.

About 1,000 yards from Branciforte a road leads off to the right, northeasterly along the left side of the cañon, in which flows a small stream; 50 yards farther on, a bridge crosses said cañon stream, the bed of which is about 30 feet below bridge floor. Bridge is about 20 yards long, and substantial.

Leaving the bridge the road has about a ten per cent grade for a distance of 200 yards, at the head of which a group of houses lie to the left of the road.

Continuing along road occasional short stretches of from 40 to 50 yards of ten per cent grades are encountered until a point distant one and one half miles north from Branciforte is reached. Here the road turns at right angles to the west (nicely kept farmhouse and garden lying to

left of road) and crosses small bridge across stream flowing down the cañon, thence ascends slope (about eight per cent grade) of right side of cañon, leaving same and enters upon level stretch of road.

Country rather heavily wooded and covered with brush, through which we have so far passed.

Proceed along a flat lying between hills, cultivated ground on both sides of road, and following a general northerly course, with rather heavy growth of redwood timber. The second mile is reached, in which vicinity some stretches of the road have a ten per cent grade for 30 or 40 yards.

Here a small spring is found on the left side of the road, which now descends rather sharply for 100 yards, and makes a turn of 160 degrees to the left, climbing by means of a newly-graded road a side hill having a grade of twelve per cent for a distance of about 200 yards, when it strikes a flat and joins an old road, running northerly.

Proceeding northerly along the old road, a large flat, several square miles in extent and marshy in spots, is passed through. The road, however, is good.

At three miles a school house is found at a point where the road forks on each side of it, we taking the left-hand road, and proceed northerly across flat, and at four miles a farm house and lily pond lie to right of road. Road has passed over a sandy stretch.

From here road begins to descend, and about 300 yards north of lily pond road enters cañon, at the head of which is a gorge, about 40 yards wide, with a bluff 20 yards high on right bank of stream, which now flows northerly.

Following said stream we pass on down grade, not very steep, through territory very hilly and covered thickly with redwood stumps and some standing timber. The road is about 4 yards wide.

Proceeding in a general northeasterly direction at six and a half miles cross bridge; at seven miles cross bridge over San Lorenzo River, and enter town of Felton, situated on the Narrow-Gauge Railroad leading from Santa Cruz to San Francisco.

Thence from Felton by a good wagon road southeasterly at eight and a half miles arrive bivouac at noon. The bivouac is on the right bank of the San Lorenzo River, whose channel is about 40 yards wide and 10 yards below the adjoining banks, opposite the Big Tree Grove, which lies on the left bank.

The country surrounding is very heavily wooded with redwood trees and covered with brush.

The south side of the bivouac was the road leading across the San Lorenzo River to the Big Trees.

The west side was formed by the Narrow-Gauge switch leading toward Felton, the east side by the river, and the north side undefined, as it is all covered with large and small timber.

The road leading from Felton to Santa Cruz, along which we came, passes about 50 yards west of the bivouac and some 20 yards higher elevation.

On Wednesday morning, June 19th, at 7:30 o'clock, we broke camp and proceeded southerly along the main road to Santa Cruz.

The road is built upon the mountain side, which in places has a slope of nearly 60 degrees, and steep in all places, and is about 7 yards wide with a very easy and uniform grade.

The Narrow-Gauge Railroad passes on the same side of the cañon (the right) as the road, but some distance below it.

Both sides of the cañon are covered with a heavy growth of redwood and other trees. At about two miles south of bivouac the cañon widens out and the railroad and wagon road and bottom of cañon are not much apart, either in distance or elevation.

Going a quarter of a mile farther south, the cañon has dropped off rather abruptly, both road and railroad high above its bed.

At about three miles south of bivouac, road crosses under railroad; at three and a half miles, road is about on level with bed of cañon and powder mills to left of road.

Several isolated buildings of the powder mill lie in the cañon north of the main buildings at this point.

Continuing south and following the road, at six miles Santa Cruz is reached, from whence we took the main road and returned to Camp Gage by the southwest entrance, lying opposite to the one by which we left camp, arriving at our quarters between 12 and 1 P. M.

My physical condition was such on the two days occupied on the march that I was unable to make any sketches or take any notes; hence I am unable to accompany this report with a map of the route, and all matters contained in this report bearing upon the same are written from memory entirely.

Upon my return to camp I reported to Lieutenant Colonel T. Waln-Morgan Draper, Division Engineer, who, in view of my indisposition, practically relieved me of any assignment or detail for the remainder of the encampment.

On Saturday, June 22, 1901, the First Brigade broke camp, it having properly cleaned up, as well as burnt, the refuse of its camp site, and about 3 P. M. proceeded to the Southern Pacific Railroad Company's depot at Santa Cruz, where it took the train, I leaving with the first section at 7 P. M., and arriving in Los Angeles the following day, Sunday, June 22, 1901, at 3 P. M.

I hereto append a plan of the camp of the First Brigade, N. G. C.

Very respectfully,

(Signed:) J. H. DOCKWEILER,
Major and Engineer Officer, First Brigade, N. G. C.

Field and Camp Instructions.

OFFICE OF DIVISION ENGINEER OFFICER,
June 15, 1901.

RECONNAISSANCES.

Nothing should escape the observation of an officer detailed for this character of work. He should note all matters appertaining to the territory traversed, sketching the topography as he travels.

Among the most important matters are: Water supply; fuel; climate; roads, condition of; trails; distances; streams, or other bodies of water; railroads, equipment of same, condition of roadbed and rolling stock; buildings, character of; woods or forest; character of the country, whether hilly, mountainous, level, or otherwise; ascertain points for defense or

attack; feasibility of transporting wagons and artillery; possibility of obtaining supplies from the country for a given number of men and animals.

Sufficient details should be given in report to enable the commanding officer to fully understand the situations.

CAMPS.

Sanitary Sites.—Should be located on a divide or saddle, unless too much exposed or too distant from water and fuel; or near the top of a slope, preferably the south side, or on the banks of a stream, unless the same is in a deep valley or ravine.

Unsanitary Sites.—Swamps, or close in their neighborhood; deep cuts, cañons, or ravines.

Defensible Sites.—Are those affording the best protection from fire and observation of the enemy, and at the same time give a free field of fire to the advance of an attacking party.

Non-Defensible Sites.—Those points which can be attacked or commanded from levels greater than the camp location itself. Such a site would be a valley or cañon, or that can be approached by an enemy under cover of brush, woods, rocks, or other obstacles.

Camp Requisites.—In the selection of a camp site, temporary or otherwise, the following should be borne in mind: Proximity of good water, defensibility, fuel, sanitation, grass or forage. When a camp site has been selected, the first duty for the person in command is to secure and guard the water supply from contamination by his own party, or their animals, or from a possible attack by the enemy. Second, the necessary fuel should be secured or located. Third, the excavation of a sufficient number of shallow trenches for latrines, even if the camp is to be for a night only. In leaving a camp these trenches should be filled and marked. All refuse from kitchens and the policing of the camp before its abandonment should be buried or burned.

Proposed Legislation.

Be it enacted, etc.:

That a Corps of Engineers be organized as a part of the National Guard of California.

That the Corps of Engineers shall consist of one chief of engineers, with rank of colonel; one lieutenant colonel; three majors; four captains; and four first lieutenants.

That the enlisted force of the Corps of Engineers shall consist of one company, to be organized as follows: One first sergeant, one quartermaster sergeant, eight sergeants, ten corporals, two musicians, two cooks, thirty-eight first-class and thirty-eight second-class privates; *provided*, that the Governor may, in his discretion, increase the number of sergeants to the company to twelve, the number of corporals to eighteen, the number of first-class privates to sixty-four, and the number of second-class privates to sixty-four.

The officers of the Corps of Engineers shall be professional engineers, and selected by appointment by the Governor, after due examination as to professional fitness.

The sergeants, corporals, and privates of the Corps of Engineers shall be selected from artisans and classed according to clerical and mechanical skill.

One captain and two first lieutenants may be assigned to duty with the company by the Governor, upon the recommendation of the Chief of Engineers, for such tour of duty as he may find necessary and requisite.

All officers of the Corps of Engineers shall be assigned to duty by the Governor, upon the recommendation of the Chief of Engineers, according to the requirements of the service.

Organization of a Temporary Engineer Corps.

As the Legislature does not meet for a year and a half, it is impossible to organize a regular Engineer Corps, as provided for in the suggested bill preceding this. However, the Political Code of the State of California, Section 1984, provides that the organization of all regiments or battalions shall be the same as that of the Regular Army of the United States, which latter provides, in Section 10 of "An Act to increase the efficiency of the permanent military establishment of the United States," approved February 2, 1901, that each regiment shall have fifteen captains, fifteen first lieutenants, and fifteen second lieutenants, which officers are to be utilized by the regimental commander in whatever capacities he may see fit. The military law of California does not specify, except by detail, for the regimental engineers, but each regimental commander may appoint a properly qualified officer as regimental engineer officer. The Division has its engineer officer and the brigades are provided with engineer officers, and it would seem but proper that each of the five regimental commanders shall detail one of the surplus captains as regimental engineer officer. In this way there would be provided for, one division, three brigade, and five regimental engineer officers, a total of nine. No officer should be commissioned unless he is a duly and properly qualified engineer and should be able to pass examination, not only in military duties, but as an engineer, and should show qualification in that respect.

I would further provide for the enlistment of one hundred men as engineer soldiers, allowing twenty to each of the five regiments. Of these twenty enlisted men, there should be five sergeants, five corporals, five first-class privates, and five second-class privates. These officers would be attached to the regiment and under the command of the regimental engineer officer.

While the officers must be selected for their skill as military, civil, electrical, mechanical, or topographical engineers, the enlisted men should be from every branch of the engineer profession and of mechanical skill: Machinists, steam engineers, blacksmiths, carpenters, plumbers, telegraphers, topographers, draftsmen, photographers, railroadmen, riggers, boatmen, and those skilled in the use of explosives.

Engineer troops are armed and equipped as infantry, so there would be no difference in that respect between them and infantrymen. But

their uniform is different, consisting of a dark blue blouse and pants, and stripes and chevrons for the non-commissioned officers are scarlet piped with white. The insignia of the Engineer Corps is a castle.

This would provide the National Guard with a skilled Engineer Corps ready for duty at any time, instead of the present loose and objectionable method, and would attract a class of men which is very desirable to the Guard.

APPENDIX C.

HEADQUARTERS DIVISION, N. G. C.,
OFFICE OF DIVISION SIGNAL OFFICER,
SAN FRANCISCO, August 14, 1901.

TO MAJ. GEN. J. H. DICKINSON,
*Commanding Division, N. G. C.,
San Francisco, Cal.:*

SIR: I have the honor to submit the following report upon the operations of the Signal Corps during the encampment of the National Guard, at Camp Gage, Santa Cruz, from June 15 to June 23, 1901:

When the order for the encampment was published, the Signal Corps found itself sadly in want of the proper equipment for service in the field.

It is true, the Brigade Corps were possessed of heliographs, torches, and flags, a few acetylene lanterns, and a limited number of telegraph instruments; but the heliographs were of an antiquated pattern, the torches of a kind long ago relegated to obscurity by the U. S. Army Signal Corps, and the telegraph instruments, being wound, with few exceptions, to different electrical resistances, were not susceptible of use upon the same circuit.

The corps was entirely lacking in wire, insulators, batteries, telephones, and other electrical apparatus necessary to the maintenance of lines of communication, according to the methods employed in modern armies. This deficiency was a vital defect, and to remedy it was the first duty at hand.

The Chief Signal Officer brought the matter to the attention of the Division Commander, and was empowered to purchase a quantity of No. 16 copper wire with double weather-proof insulation for temporary telegraph lines, and the necessary implements for use in stringing and connecting telegraph and telephone wires. Through the courtesy of the manager of the Pacific States Telephone and Telegraph Company, the Chief Signal Officer obtained the use of six Bell telephones, an operator's telephone, an exchange switchboard, three miles of galvanized iron wire, with insulators and batteries, and other appliances necessary to a telephone system. Suitable telephone poles were furnished by the Quartermaster's Department. Thus supplied, the Signal Corps was enabled to establish a complete exchange telephone system in camp, and to operate to a limited extent a temporary telegraph line.

By Thursday, June 13th, the advance details arrived at camp, and after the supplies had been hauled from the depot to the camp ground, the work of setting up the telephone system was commenced.

A central office was established at Signal Corps Headquarters, located at the head of Cavalry Ridge. Telephones were put in at Division

Headquarters, each Brigade Headquarters, and at the Cavalry stables, all connecting with central by complete metallic circuits.

The Sunset Telephone and Telegraph Company ran a line from their central station at Santa Cruz to Camp Gage central, where a switch was put in, by means of which this line could be connected with the camp system when required, so that communication was possible from any telephone in camp to any point on the general telephone system of California. This arrangement proved of great convenience, and the system was in constant use from early morning until late at night.

The three Brigade Signal Corps arrived in camp on Saturday, June 15th, and having been detached from their respective brigades, in conformity with orders from Division Headquarters, reported for duty to the Division Signal Officer.

The First Corps, consisting of two officers, twenty-six men, three civilians, and twenty-eight horses, under Captain George E. Lawrence, commanding, and First Lieutenant Horace E. Sabine, arrived by rail from Los Angeles.

The Second Corps, consisting of one officer, twenty-four men, two civilians, and twenty-five horses, under Captain E. A. Selfridge, Jr., commanding, proceeded by boat from San Francisco to Alviso, and marched thence to camp. Captain Selfridge brought with his command three ambulances for the Sanitary Corps. He was accompanied also by Major A. A. Hanks, Signal Officer, Second Brigade, and Captain R. Gibbons, Assistant Surgeon.

The Third Corps, consisting of one officer, thirteen men, and fourteen horses, under First Lieutenant Fred L. Martin, commanding, arrived by rail from Sacramento. Major W. W. Douglas, Acting Signal Officer, Third Brigade, accompanied this command.

Major M. T. Owens, Acting Signal Officer, First Brigade, and First Lieutenant E. P. Seymer, Second Corps, were prevented by pressure of business from attending the encampment.

The Signal Corps was organized by the detail of First Lieutenant H. E. Sabine, as Acting Adjutant, Captain E. A. Selfridge, Jr., as Acting Quartermaster, and First Lieutenant F. L. Martin as Acting Commissary.

For ceremonial purposes, the three corps, mounted, formed a squadron, Major Hanks being detailed to command it, with Sergeant W. P. Garfield and Musician R. L. Delamater as Acting Sergeant Major and Trumpeter, respectively.

A detachment of Naval Reserve, consisting of eight petty officers and one warrant officer, under command of Lieutenant T. S. Harloe, was quartered and messed with the Signal Corps and attached to it for administrative purposes.

In addition to the building, maintenance, and operation of the telephone system, the Signal Corps supplied details of signal men to accompany each brigade upon its practice march.

Major Douglas and Lieutenant Martin, with eighteen men, operated with the Third Brigade on June 17th and 18th.

An outpost station of four men was established by them about one mile from Camp Gage and five and a half miles from the brigade camp. This station communicated with Camp Gage by means of heliograph and acetylene lanterns, and was connected with the brigade camp by wire.

Lieutenant Martin's report states that great difficulty was experienced in operating the telegraph line, owing to insufficient battery. Through the oversight of Lieutenant Seymer, who had been detailed Acting

Quartermaster before the encampment, the cells of gravity battery, which had been procured from the Western Union Telegraph Company, through the courtesy of its manager, were not shipped from San Francisco, and consequently the cells of dry battery had to be relied upon. These latter proved very unsatisfactory over so long a circuit, although they were later used with facility over shorter circuits.

The outpost station, left unprotected and isolated at a great distance from the brigade camp, was captured early on Tuesday morning, by a superior force of signalmen operating with the First Brigade.

The Third Brigade detail, less the four men captured, returned to camp on the afternoon of June 18th, bringing with them two cavalrymen captured from the First Brigade.

Captain Lawrence was detailed with seventeen men to accompany the First Brigade upon its march to the Big Trees. Lieutenant Martin having taken the available electrical equipment with him, Captain Lawrence had to depend entirely upon flags and acetylene lanterns as the means of communication. His report shows that it was impracticable to maintain communication with Camp Gage during the advance of the brigade, as it would require more men than he had with him to establish a chain of flag stations along the tortuous route of march. The signal operations were limited to flag sending during the maneuvers practiced by this brigade on its return march.

The detail returned to camp on Wednesday afternoon, and presented an excellent appearance as it passed by in the review tendered to the Major General by Brigadier General Last. Captain Lawrence brought with him four men captured from Lieutenant Martin. He reported having lost one man, Sergeant Connor, supposed to have been captured by the Third Brigade. Sergeant Connor had been detailed to take up the telegraph wire captured from Lieutenant Martin, and while so doing, was surprised by the Third Brigade cavalry. He succeeded in escaping, but without his horse and equipments, and arrived in camp on foot. His horse and equipments were recovered later in Santa Cruz.

On Tuesday morning, while both the Third and First Brigades were on the march, a signal station of observation, in charge of Major Hanks, was posted on a hill to the north of camp. From this station was reported the movement of the First Brigade on its outward march, as long as visible, and approach of the Third Brigade to Camp Gage.

On Wednesday afternoon, June 19th, Major Hanks and Lieutenant Sabine, with eighteen men, accompanied the Second Brigade upon its practice march to Capitola.

This detachment maintained excellent communication with Camp Gage by means of telegraph, heliograph, flag, and acetylene lantern.

The country covered by these lines of communication being open, the principal problems for the signalist were the protection of his outposts and the selection of the best locations for stations, both of which problems were solved by the Signal officer in command with judgment and skill.

Reconnaissance detachments sent out from Camp Gage to observe the movements of the Second Brigade reported fully, and Camp Gage was duly apprised of the time the brigade broke camp at Capitola, of the progress of its return march, and of the proximity of its approach to camp.

On Thursday morning Captain Selfridge was ordered to report, with five additional men, to Major Hanks at Capitola, and on that afternoon the entire detachment returned to camp with the Second Brigade.

On Friday morning the Signal Corps notified Division Headquarters, by flag message, of the arrival of Major General Shafter, U. S. A., at camp, in time for firing the personal salute of honor, and later the notice of the arrival of His Excellency, Governor Henry T. Gage, Commander-in-Chief of the National Guard, was sent to Division Headquarters by telegraph, a line having been laid and put into operation for that purpose.

The Signal Corps, in squadron formation, participated in the review held in honor of the Commander-in-Chief on Friday afternoon, being attached temporarily to the First Brigade.

On Saturday morning the work of breaking camp commenced.

The Second Corps started upon its return march to San Francisco early in the morning, accompanied by Captain M. R. Gibbon, Assistant Surgeon. The telephone system was dismantled and the parts packed for reshipment to San Francisco, the main line telephone being transferred to Division Headquarters, where it remained until the closing of camp on Sunday morning.

The First Corps broke camp on Saturday afternoon, and returned to Los Angeles by train.

The Third Corps also broke camp on Saturday afternoon, and slept under shelter tents that night, returning to Sacramento the following morning by rail.

The Naval Reserve detachment was directed to report to the Assistant Adjutant General of the Division for further duty.

It is a matter of regret that the encampment was of such short duration. The Signal Corps was scarcely organized, and the routine of camp duties had scarcely fallen into smooth working order, when the time came to dismantle the lines of communication and break camp.

That the signal operations of camp were successfully conducted, is due to the untiring efforts of officers and men, who toiled with unremitting zeal, and without regard to the specified hours of duty. And this result was obtained in the face of a double disadvantage—first, the corps was without departmental organization up to the very commencement of camp duty; and secondly, the electrical equipment of the corps was insufficient for the work in hand.

The lack of departmental organization is a serious drawback. The three Brigade Signal Corps are widely separated geographically, and completely isolated departmentally. Until this encampment they had, practically, no intercourse with one another. They were responsible to no central authority clothed with power to secure uniformity of instruction and efficiency. Each corps proceeded upon its own individual line of instruction, and it is therefore extremely gratifying to the Chief Signal Officer that the three corps should have harmonized so well in the performance of their varied duties; and it is an earnest of what they will be able to accomplish when they shall have been organized into a separate department, and their signal instruction directed by a single authority. Organization means system, and system is essential to success.

It seems proper to state here, also, that the three Brigade Signal Corps should be of uniform size. This can be accomplished by an order from the Adjutant General's office. At present, the First and Second Corps are of the maximum size, while the Third Corps is allowed but twenty-five men. No valid reason exists why this corps should not be recruited to forty-five men. In fact, there are many things to be said in its favor. It gives a better company organization and allows of a

wider range of signal operations. It permits, under the present law, of more than one commissioned officer, which any company commander will affirm to be a distinct advantage in company government. And, lastly, in the present instance, it will afford opportunity for promotion to a faithful and efficient officer. For these reasons I recommend and urge that the Third Brigade Signal Corps be increased to the maximum of forty-five men.

As to signal equipment, I can only reiterate what has been urged again and again: That the Legislature be induced to appropriate a sufficient sum of money to purchase a complete signal and electrical equipment for the Signal Corps. Signal stores can not be drawn, like quartermaster and ordnance stores, from the Federal Government. The special technical equipment for the corps can be secured only by purchase. No appropriation for this purpose has been made since 1889, the year the Brigade Signal Corps were organized. The present equipment is entirely inadequate, and what there is of it is obsolete.

Great strides have been made in means of military communication in late years, principally along electrical lines.

The California Signal Corps should be kept abreast of the times in equipment, so that it may not fall behind other Signal Corps in efficiency. To this end an appropriation by the Legislature, for the purchase of signal and electrical equipment, is absolutely necessary.

In conclusion, sir, I have the honor to report that I found the officers and men of the Signal Corps department capable, intelligent, zealous, and energetic.

On account of the limited number of officers in this department, duties were multiplied and sometimes became burdensome. But they were performed in a thorough and satisfactory manner and without complaint. It would be invidious to make comparisons, although special mention is due to Captain Selfridge, who, in addition to his duties as company commander, undertook those of corps quartermaster, and later was appointed camp forage master, the duties of which office he performed in such a manner as to win high praise from the Division Quartermaster; and to Lieutenant Martin, who assumed the duties of corps commissary in addition to those of company commander.

The men of the advance detail deserve special mention also. Their duties were arduous to a great degree, but they were performed with a faithfulness, an intelligence, and a skill that insured the best results.

Where duties are so many and the knowledge required so varied, it would be most surprising if all the men of the three brigade corps were found equally advanced in every branch of signal work; but it is noteworthy that no duty connected with signal operations was left unperformed for lack of knowledge or ability on the part of officers or men.

This is the first time that the entire Signal Corps of the State has encamped together, and such good results have been derived from their association that the experience should be repeated. I recommend, therefore, that the three corps be assembled together in camp next year, unattached to other organizations, so that the entire time of the corps may be devoted to instruction in the technical duties of this branch of the military service.

Respectfully submitted.

(Signed:) CHAS. J. EVANS,
Lieutenant Colonel and Signal Officer, Division, N. G. C.,
Chief Signal Officer, Camp Gage.

APPENDIX No. 18.

**REPORT OF CAPTAIN THOMAS A. NERNEY ON CRUISE OF
NAVAL MILITIA, 1901.**

U. S. S. "MARION" (3D RATE),
HEADQUARTERS NAVAL MILITIA OF CALIFORNIA,
SAN FRANCISCO, October 23, 1901.

To the Adjutant General, Sacramento, Cal.:

SIR: In compliance with General Orders No. 5, A. G. O., dated August 20, 1901, the several divisions of the Naval Militia of California were ordered to assemble for a cruise and drill on board the U. S. S. "Philadelphia" during the months of September and October, 1901.

Herewith are copies of General Orders No. 5, dated August 31, 1901, from Naval Militia Headquarters, which form part of this report.

On September 23, 1901, the members of the First, Second, and Engineer Divisions, N. M. C., from the U. S. S. "Marion," as per list of officers, warrant officers, and crew hereto attached and made part of this report, went aboard the U. S. S. "Philadelphia" in San Francisco Bay, on which date the ship proceeded to sea and arrived at Point Conception on the night of the 24th. On the morning of the 25th the ship proceeded to Beecher's Bay, Santa Rosa Island. On the afternoon of the 26th the ship left for Santa Barbara, arriving at that point in the evening of the same day, and remained until the 27th, then returned to San Francisco, arriving on the morning of the 29th, when the members of the Naval Militia were disembarked.

The total number of Naval Militia on this cruise was four commissioned officers, three warrant officers, and sixty-five men.

The routine of drill and instruction was as per printed schedule, herewith attached and made part of this report.

The officers and men on this cruise received much valuable instruction and were treated in the best possible manner by both officers and men of the Navy.

The second section, or southern cruise, of the Naval Militia of California, was arranged with the commanding officer to commence on the 4th of October, and accordingly on that date Captain Thomas A. Nerney, Boatswain John J. Foley, Gunner's Mate D. J. O'Hearn, Chief Pay Yeoman H. L. Towers, Cook Kuhl, and two mess boys went aboard.

At 4:30 P. M. of this date the "Philadelphia" got under way for Santa Cruz harbor, arriving at 7:50 A. M., October 5, 1901.

At Santa Cruz one officer and twenty-five enlisted men of the Fourth Division were taken on board at 9:45 A. M., October 5, 1901. (See list attached, which forms part of this report.) Issued twenty-five hammocks, clews, and lashings to Lieutenant Lindsay of this division. Up anchor and under way at 1:30 P. M. for Santa Barbara, Cal., October 6, 1901. Arrived off Santa Barbara at 2 P. M., and took on board Lieutenant Commander Clare A. Noble, together with one officer and sixteen enlisted

men of the Sixth Division, N. M. C., as per list attached, which forms part of this report. Took on stores at 3:30 P. M., and got under way at 10 P. M. for San Pedro, Cal.

October 7th arrived off San Pedro and came to anchor at 8 A. M. At 10 A. M. took on board one officer and thirty-four enlisted men of the Engineer Division from Los Angeles, Cal. At 11:45 A. M. got under way for San Diego and arrived off Coronado at 8:45 P. M., same day.

October 8th sent in steam launch and one cutter at 6 A. M. to San Diego for officers and men of Third Division. Purchased supplies and sent off two officers, one pay clerk, and twenty-five enlisted men (as per list attached) to the "Philadelphia," at 10 A. M. The ship got under way at noon and commenced the regular routine drill the same as done with the northern cruise and per printed routine hereto attached.

After the instructions were through with, the "Philadelphia" returned to San Francisco, arriving on the 17th of October, 1901, at 4 P. M. The several divisions were disembarked at the places they were taken on board.

On account of delay in the arrival of the "Philadelphia," the Fifth Division from Eureka were unable to go on the cruise. They came to San Francisco by steamer, but were allowed to return before the arrival of the "Philadelphia." The list of officers and men who came to San Francisco is herewith attached and forms part of this report.

As per itemized list herewith submitted, the total expense of both cruises, including the transportation of the Fifth Division to and from Eureka, was \$1,399.85.

That cruises on regular ships of the Navy are both beneficial and instructive there can be no doubt, but unless sufficient notice of the date of the proposed cruise can be given ahead of time, an injustice is done many of the best men and officers.

All those taking part in both cruises were energetic, willing, and enthusiastic in their work, and well deserved the praise given them by the officers of the Navy.

At this time I desire to thank all the officers and crew of the "Philadelphia" for their kindness and courtesy to the members of the Naval Militia, and to mention particularly Lieutenant Commander Hughes, the Executive Officer, who was ready at all times to give instructions and attention to those under my command.

Respectfully,

THOMAS A. NERNEY,

Captain Commanding Naval Militia of California.

APPENDIX No. 19.

**REPORT OF MAJOR H. P. BUSH ON ENCAMPMENT, FIRST
BATTALION OF ARTILLERY, 1902.**

HEADQUARTERS, FIRST BATTALION ARTILLERY, N. G. C.,
815 ELLIS STREET, SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

To the Adjutant General, Sacramento, Cal.:

SIR: In accordance with permission granted by G. O. No. 6, c. s., General Headquarters, this command left its armory on Saturday, June 14th, at 7 o'clock P. M., for the annual encampment at Stockton, arriving there early on the morning of the 15th.

The camp was pitched at a place known as Oak Grove, about two miles from the center of the city and easily accessible by electric car lines. While the tents of the command were in the open, which enabled us to make liberal allowance for intervals between the tents, and wide streets, thus allowing for currents of air and good ventilation, the hospital kitchens, and mess tables were under the shelter of large trees in an adjacent grove. The field in front of the camp afforded ample space for all drill purposes, which consisted mainly of extended order formations both by company and battalion, and such other movements as the space of our armory prevents.

No instruction in guard or sentry duty was necessary, as the command had been instructed therein in the armory during the past six months, a guard being mounted there and sentries posted each drill night. This enabled the command to utilize the time usually required for such instruction for other purposes. The guard duty was well performed and exhibited the careful instruction the men had received at their armory.

The general routine of duty, with but slight variation, was as follows: 5 A. M., reveille, setting-up exercises; 5:25 A. M., breakfast; 6:15 A. M., company drill; 7 A. M., recall; 7:15 A. M., sick call; 7:30 A. M., battalion drill; 8:30 A. M., recall; 8:45 A. M., fatigue call; 9:05 A. M., recall; 9:15 A. M., inspection; 9:45 A. M., guard mount; 10:15 A. M., first sergeant's call; 10:30 A. M., camp open; 12 M., lunch; 5:30 P. M., camp closed; 6 P. M., dinner; 7 P. M., battalion parade; 7:30 P. M., retreat; 10:30 P. M., tattoo; 11 P. M., taps.

On the 21st the battalion was maneuvered against an imaginary enemy, blank cartridges having been furnished to the men. The deployments were well executed and the fire discipline well maintained by the company commanders and squad leaders. The problem was a defense of the camp, the enemy routed, and a counter attack on the part of the defenders. Captain W. N. Swasey was in command of the outpost and subsequently of the counter attack.

The sanitary condition of the camp was excellent, and I have the honor to refer to the report of Lieutenant Colonel G. F. Hanson, Surgeon, Second Brigade, N. G. C. (a copy of which is hereto attached), who kindly volunteered to accompany the battalion, the Assistant Surgeon being unable to attend.

Through the kindness of Major General R. P. Hughes, U. S. A., we were furnished with one of the army ambulances.

Lieutenant J. J. Hyer, of Battery C, acted as quartermaster and commissary, and my thanks are due for his indefatigable attention to these duties.

While the ration was more extensive and in greater variety than the army ration, the expense thereof was but slightly in excess; it consisted of the following:

Breakfast: Beefsteak, mutton chops, potatoes, eggs, mush, bread, butter, tea, coffee, milk, stewed fruit.

Lunch: Cold meats, bread, butter, tea, coffee, fruit, berries.

Dinner: Soup, roast meats, stewed meats, fish, potatoes, bread, butter, fruit, tea, coffee, milk.

The command was reviewed by yourself and Brigadier General R. H. Warfield, and inspected by officers of Major General Dickinson's staff, the General also visiting the camp; while Colonel N. S. Bangham, the Assistant Adjutant General, after whom the camp was named, honored us with his presence for several days.

I regret the loss of the services of Captain G. J. Petty during the latter part of the camp, caused by the sudden death of his brother.

Captain E. G. Eisen, retired, detailed as adjutant of the battalion, was constantly on duty, and to his efforts much of the success of the camp is due.

In closing my report, I consider it but just for me to compliment the officers and men of the battalion for their attendance, discipline, and appearance.

Very respectfully yours,

H. P. BUSH,
Major Commanding.

Report of Hospital Department of First Battalion of Artillery, N. G. C., During Encampment at Stockton in June, 1902.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 8, 1902.

To MAJOR H. P. BUSH, *Commanding Artillery Battalion, N. G. C.:*

SIR: I beg herewith to submit report of Hospital Department of your battalion during the recent week's encampment at Camp Bangham, Stockton, California.

The location of the camp, from a sanitary point of view, proved to be excellent, ground dry, and camp surrounded by level open country, with free access for prevailing westerly coast breeze each afternoon. The kitchens and dining tables being located in a convenient grove of large oak trees, gave the officers and men protection from the heat of the sun and consequent comfort during mess.

The ration proved to be of excellent quality and none had to be condemned. An excavation alongside the kitchens had to be filled and its use as a garbage dump by the cooks stopped.

The latrines, both for officers and men, were commodious and well located, and after being placed in a sanitary condition were easily kept in order.

The general health of the battalion was exceptionally good. Not a case of sickness of sufficient severity to require assignment to the hospital wards occurred during the week among either officers or men. Minor ailments, such as headaches and constipation, and trivial accidents, such as sprains, bruises, and abrasions, appeared in moderate numbers, and the records are now on file with the hospital steward.

Respectfully submitted.

(Signed:) G. F. HANSON,
Lieutenant Colonel and Surgeon, Second Brigade, N. G. C.,
Acting Surgeon.

APPENDIX No. 20.

**REPORT OF COLONEL A. K. WHITTON ON ENCAMPMENT
OF FIFTH INFANTRY, 1902.**

HEADQUARTERS FIFTH REGIMENT OF INFANTRY,
SECOND BRIGADE, N. G. C.,
SAN JOSE, CAL., August 31, 1902.

To the Adjutant General, N. G. C., Sacramento, Cal.:

SIR: I have the honor to report that, pursuant to General Orders No. 4, series of 1902, A. G. O., the Fifth Infantry Regiment assembled for a camp of instruction at Ukiah, Mendocino County, California, and was in camp at that place for a period of more than seven days, exclusive of time necessary for transportation, between June 19 and June 29, 1902.

That previous to the first named date an advance of enlisted men detailed from each company, under command of Captain M. W. Simpson, Commissary and Acting Quartermaster, and Captain C. E. Haven, Fifth Infantry, proceeded to Ukiah and prepared the camp ground for the reception of the regiment. The grounds were regularly laid out according to the regulations, as shown on blueprint thereof accompanying this report.

I have the honor to call your attention to Regimental Orders No. 7, issued from these Headquarters on June 12, 1902, giving the routine of the camp, and to Circular No. 1, issued on the same date, prescribing the details of drill and daily duty and the conduct of the camp, copies of which are also inclosed, which were practically complied with throughout. Recognizing that this regiment is comprised of nine companies from eight different towns of the State, with only this opportunity for regimental assembly, no company drills were held in the camp excepting for extended order, close order drills being by battalion or regiment, as indicated in the routine; these drills followed the movements prescribed, resulting in a satisfactory execution of them, and showed that the officers and non-commissioned officers had devoted considerable time to the study of these movements. At officers' call each day the commissioned officers assembled at Headquarters for instructions; a blackboard was provided and the movements of the morning were reviewed and mistakes noted, and the movements prescribed for the succeeding day were gone over in detail.

The Commissary Department, under Captain Simpson and Lieutenants Caldwell and Foster, purchased the necessary subsistence supplies, and rations were issued in a manner as nearly conformable to the issuance in the regular service as possible. The field ranges issued were used, one for each company, and one for the regimental officers and band, and operated satisfactorily, the rations being prepared by the

company cooks. I have the honor to report that this proved most satisfactory, the company mess having the particular oversight of the company officers; the result as to economy I regard as most gratifying, and respectfully refer to the claims submitted in this department as evidence of the attention given and efforts made to keep the expense within proper limit.

I am pleased to report that during the camp no case of serious illness occurred; the location and arrangement of the camp were particularly favorable in this respect. The officers of the Sanitary Corps were assiduous in their attentions. At the inspection hour each day the officer of the day, accompanied by a surgeon, examined the whole camp and saw that it was perfectly in order, particular attention being given to the several kitchens to see that all provisions were covered and not exposed to flies and other insects, that all refuse was removed, and to this I attribute very largely the healthful condition during the camp. While the sinks were somewhat removed, the necessary sanitary precautions were taken with reference to them.

Under separate cover I am forwarding at this time the complete detailed vouchers, in duplicate, for all expenditures, amounting, for the Quartermaster's Department, including transportation, to \$1,441.76, and for the Commissary Department \$1,351.96, making in the aggregate \$2,793.72. I am in receipt of letter from your office that the sum of \$3,600 would be available for this camp of instruction, and I have the honor to request that the excess unexpended balance thereof be held for another encampment of this regiment during the term for which the appropriation was made.

In conclusion, I beg leave to report that this camp, in the view of the regimental commander, was productive of many good results; that the work of the last day or two showed substantial improvement over the early days of the encampment, and demonstrated that this annual tour of duty is of vital importance and benefit to the National Guard, fully warranting the expense incurred by the State in that behalf.

Very respectfully, your obedient servant,

(Signed:) A. K. WHITTON,
Colonel, Fifth Infantry Regiment, N. G. C.

SANITARY CORPS, FIFTH REGIMENT INFANTRY,
SECOND BRIGADE, N. G. C.,
OAKLAND, CAL., October 9, 1902.

To COL. A. K. WHITTON,
*Commanding Fifth Infantry, N. G. C.,
San José, Cal.:*

SIR: In pursuance of your orders of a recent date, I herewith respectfully submit a report of my department at Camp Foster, Ukiah, Cal., for the period beginning June 22d A. M., and terminating June 29th A. M. The selection of the camp site was a most judicious and fortunate one in many respects.

First—Owing to the great number of trees, both large and small, the quarters of both officers and men, and all the kitchens and dining tables of the men were nicely protected from the sun's hot rays, thereby greatly contributing to the comfort of all.

Second—The location of the sinks of both officers and men could not have been better. As they were situated a considerable distance to one side of the camp and in a ravine, infection from that source was reduced to a minimum. As an extra safeguard I gave orders to my hospital steward to see that all the sinks were sprinkled with lime every morning.

Third—The water supply was everything that could be desired. The whole camp was supplied from a large elevated tank on the upper edge of the camp ground. This tank derived its supply from a large running stream in a shaded ravine about three quarters of a mile distant and a considerable elevation above the camp. The water was conveyed from the tank to different parts of the camp through galvanized-iron pipes, thereby rendering contamination almost impossible after leaving the tank.

The weather, with the exception of two pretty hot days, was very pleasant, there being a greater uniformity of temperature than was to be expected at that season of the year and in that section of the State. There was a healthful dryness of the atmosphere, and a total absence of those cold fogs which have always detracted from the pleasure of the various regimental encampments at Santa Cruz and similar localities. The great difference between Ukiah and Santa Cruz, as locations for military camps, was made all the more manifest at Camp Foster by the existing spirit of cheerfulness and numerous expressions of contentment and comfort on the part of both officers and men.

The arrangement of all the kitchens was excellent, and the careful manner in which they were kept was highly satisfactory to the inspecting officers. There seemed to be a great desire on the part of all the cooks to excel each other in cleanliness, and in the orderly arrangement of their kitchens and tables. Each company cook secured large dry-goods boxes for all meats, both cooked and uncooked. These boxes were placed on end, with one side open, so as to admit of the free circulation of air. Orders were given to the various cooks to curtain the open side of these boxes with coarse mosquito netting, to exclude, as far as possible, all flies from the food, and thus prevent the transmission of many forms of infection through this simple but absolutely certain medium. The Surgeon General's office of the U. S. Army contains ample statistics proving that during the Spanish-American War and the early part of the Philippine campaign many of the diseases of the troops were due to the eating of infected food.

Orders were given to all cooks to collect all garbage at a proper distance from their respective kitchens, and these piles of garbage were daily taken out of camp by a wagon.

The quarters of the officers and men were comfortable and were, with a few exceptions, kept in a very tidy and presentable condition. The daily enforcement of the rule of raking into piles all leaves and bits of paper, fruit, etc., found in the streets, and having the same removed from the camp with all other garbage, was a good sanitary precaution, in addition to being an important factor toward making the camp a model one.

The hospital tents, two in number, 20 by 20 feet, walls about 4 feet, were situated under widespreading oaks, in convenient proximity to the Hospital Corps and medical officers. One was fairly well equipped with dressings, surgical instruments, operating table, and drugs for the treatment of all ailments and affections incident to camp life. The health

of the camp, in the strict sense of the word, was good during the period of eight days' encampment. The first two or three days of camp there were a number of cases of pharyngitis, accompanied with a slight elevation of temperature, caused by exposure to draughts on train while en route from San Francisco to Ukiah, and carelessness on the part of many in camp by not keeping body properly protected while in a state of profuse perspiration. All readily responded to treatment.

There was, during a portion of the time, a large number of cases of diarrhœa, accompanied by a slight colic. These latter conditions were undoubtedly caused by intemperance in eating, notably large quantities of fresh meat, more than the stomach would digest readily, and also intemperance in drinking large quantities of ice-cold drinks, principal among which were laxative mineral waters from the Duncan mineral springs. All the above cases responded to treatment after giving due heed to their causes.

There was one case of broken jaw, the result of an encounter with a townsman; and a few cases of fainting from excessive heat while in the field.

In addition to all the conditions and ailments above enumerated there was nothing worth mentioning, and the health of the camp was on the whole splendid.

Yours very obediently,

(Signed:) J. P. DUNN,
Major and Surgeon, Fifth Infantry, N. G. C.

(Signed:) R. B. WILLIAMS,
Captain and Surgeon, Fifth Infantry, N. G. C.

APPENDIX No. 21.

**REPORT OF COLONEL W. R. JOHNSON ON ENCAMPMENT
OF SIXTH INFANTRY, 1902.**

HEADQUARTERS SIXTH INFANTRY REGIMENT,
THIRD BRIGADE, N. G. C., STOCKTON, CAL.

To BRIG. GEN. GEORGE STONE,
*Adjutant General, State of California,
Sacramento, Cal.:*

SIR: I have the honor to submit herewith the following report: In compliance with G. O. No. 4, dated Sacramento, Cal., April 19, 1902, the several companies comprising the Sixth Infantry Regiment, N. G. C., encamped for discipline and instruction at Merced, Cal., for a period of ten days, from May 15th to May 24th, inclusive. The duty performed was such as required by the Rules and Regulations governing the National Guard in camp, and consisted of company, battalion, and regimental drills in both extended and close order; guard duty, regimental parades, reviews, and guard mount each day; and on one day, a problem in minor tactics was solved in a very satisfactory manner. General improvement in all the above work was closely observed by myself from day to day during the entire period, and I am pleased to say that the benefit derived was highly satisfactory, not alone to myself, but to the entire command.

Attendance was not as large as expected and is attributed to the beginning of the harvest season throughout the San Joaquin Valley, in which all of the companies comprising the Sixth Infantry Regiment are located, and many of the men who belong to the command are thus employed and found it impossible to attend camp. Another reason I might assign for the lack of attendance is the fact that many men who live in this valley and are employed in the cities desire and expect to pass their vacation near the coast, where they may enjoy a change of climate, and such men usually combine their vacation with their military duties in camp; but in this instance, no change could be derived, so I believe that many of such class did not endeavor to attend camp, but preferred to take their vacation later on at the sea-coast. The average percentage of attendance during the camp was 54.43, which, under the circumstances, I consider very fair.

Discipline maintained throughout the camp was excellent, there being but few infractions of the rules governing the camp, but five enlisted men being placed under arrest during the entire period, and those on the last night in camp and for minor offenses.

Guard duty, as performed, was satisfactory in a marked degree, especially during the latter part of the encampment, when new recruits were better enabled to comprehend their duties, which knowledge was best obtained and imparted to them by object lessons and continued practice in such duty.

Sanitary conditions were excellent. The Sanitary Corps in attendance was under the direction of Captain C. A. Rogers, Assistant Surgeon, to whose very exact and careful observation of conditions made the health of the command during the ten days in camp almost perfect. The general cleanliness of the camp was the very best I have ever observed during my service of nearly twenty-five years, and the camp was flatteringly praised by the Division Surgeon, Colonel W. D. McCarthy.

Quartermaster duties were ably performed by Captain W. G. Dozier, Jr., who handled the transportation of the command in a manner which was indeed creditable and satisfactory, there being absolutely no confusion or delays in the arrival or departure of troops and their freight and baggage, and no loss of property, as far as heard from. I found, however, in this department, that provision for a large excess of personal baggage was necessary, on account of troops carrying into camp an unnecessary amount of personal effects and which entails upon this department extra expense of handling, but I have observed that this condition has always existed in too marked a degree in our National Guard encampments and recognize that the fault is hard to remedy.

The Commissary Department was under the direction of Lieutenant J. R. Graham, who was specially detailed to act in the absence of Captain Willis Pike, regimental commissary officer. The supplies furnished were bought in the open market; they were of excellent quality and were issued daily upon proper requisition from battalion commissary officers. Each battalion maintained a separate mess for the enlisted men, and one under supervision of the acting commissary, for the field staff, company officers, non-commissioned staff and band, making four messes for the entire command, with a result which was most satisfactory and a great saving over former encampments in which each company conducted a separate mess. While the stipulated ration in some articles of food was excessive, as commanding officer I approved of the over-issue, for the reason that I found that the allowance was sufficient to justify the same, that none of the food was being wasted, and that a better feeling and harmony prevailed where the men had plenty to eat. The cooking generally was very good and the kitchens were kept in a most cleanly manner, especially that of the Second Battalion, which was a model of its kind and an object lesson well worthy of praise and emulation. The cooks, for the most part, were civil employes, and gave general satisfaction. The tableware used was largely crockery owned by the companies, but in some cases the "service kit" was used exclusively. It was almost the unanimous sentiment of all concerned that the messes of the encampment were the best and most satisfactory ever conducted by the regiment.

General expense of the encampment was considerably within the allowance provided for the purpose, as set forth in the accompanying vouchers, and I would earnestly request that, if possible, the difference be equally distributed to the several companies of the command in lieu of the personal expenses incurred by them.

Respectfully, your obedient servant,

(Signed:) W. R. JOHNSON,
Colonel Commanding Sixth Infantry, Third Brigade, N. G. C.

APPENDIX No. 22.

**REPORT OF CAPTAIN CHARLES JANSEN ON ENCAMPMENT
OF TROOP A, CAVALRY, 1902.**

ARMORY, TROOP A, CAVALRY, SECOND BRIGADE, N. G. C.,
28 Golden Gate Avenue,
SAN FRANCISCO, July 14, 1902.

To BRIG. GEN. GEORGE STONE,

Adjutant General of California, Sacramento:

SIR: I have the honor to report that, in accordance with General Order No. 6, Troop A proceeded on a practice march and camp to Santa Rosa, Sonoma County. Started Saturday at 9 A. M., June 21, 1902, by way of Sausalito; halted one hour at Larkspur for lunch, arriving there at 1 P. M.; rode through San Rafael; made Novato at 6:30 P. M.; bivouacked then for the night. "Boots and saddles" Sunday morning, June 22d, 6 A. M.; passed through Petaluma 10 A. M.; reached Santa Rosa 4 P. M.; established camp at Argyle, and named Camp Warfield. Monday morning, June 23d, at reveille, camp duties commenced. Calls were as follows:

First call—Reveille	5:30 A. M.
Roll call	5:45 A. M.
Stable call	6:30 A. M.
Mess call	7:00 A. M.
Sick call	7:30 A. M.
Fatigue call	8:00 A. M.
Boots and saddles	8:30 A. M.
Recall	11:30 A. M.
Mess	12:00 M.
Water call	5:00 P. M.
Mess call	6:00 P. M.
Retreat	7:00 P. M.
Tattoo	10:00 P. M.
Taps	10:30 P. M.

Wednesday, June 25th, "Boots and saddles" was sounded at 6 A. M. and rode to Healdsburg; met General Warfield at the railroad depot, and escorted him to Camp Mathieson, G. A. R. At 2 P. M. left Camp Mathieson, arriving at our camp at 6:30 P. M.; the march was thirty-four miles.

Thursday afternoon, June 26th, General Dickinson and staff were met by the troop at the railroad depot and escorted to camp.

Friday afternoon, June 27th, General Warfield and staff were also met at the railroad depot by the troop and escorted to camp. Colonel Bangham visited Camp Warfield during June 23d and 24th.

Troop broke camp Saturday morning, June 28th. "Boots and saddles" was sounded at 10 A. M., when the homeward march began, returning by the same route whence the troop came, arriving at the armory Sunday, June 29th, at 4 P. M.

The practice march and camp were highly satisfactory to the commanding officer of the troop, as much field and camp duties had been performed, being very instructive and beneficial. All duties were performed cheerfully. Discipline and behavior of the men were excellent.

Very respectfully, your obedient servant,

(Signed:) CHARLES JANSEN,
Captain Commanding Troop.

APPENDIX No. 23.

**REPORT OF COLONEL THOMAS WILHELM ON FIRST
BATTALION OF ARTILLERY.**

OCCIDENTAL HOTEL,
SAN FRANCISCO, July 22, 1902.

To the Adjutant General State of California, Sacramento, Cal.:

SIR: Upon the suggestion from your office and in just recognition of the progress of the several batteries of the Battalion of Coast Artillery of the National Guard of California, commanded by Major H. P. Bush, I send you this special report as an addition to the one of my muster and inspection of these troops made on the 19th of May.

I have observed this command in its attention to duty, care of public property, and the unusually large number of men who find their way to the drill halls at the stated times for instruction and inspection, and regard it as exceedingly commendable, energetic, and valuable as a military organization.

I have yet to see troops who excel this body of men in military appearance. They are careful of their clothing, accouterments, and equipments generally. Their discipline or subordination to command and requirements is excellent, and no pains should be spared to further their accomplishments in the exercise of the work pertaining to their corps. I therefore recommend that the War Department at Washington be applied to for authority to the end that this battalion may have instructions for a season at the Presidio of San Francisco at such heavy-gun drill as may be designated by that Department, and at such times as may be best suited and most convenient.

I further recommend that upon the occasions allowed for this instruction an artillery officer of the regular service, with several well-instructed non-commissioned officers, be designated to superintend the exercises.

I make these recommendations on account of the well-directed ambition of the battalion, which is in the hands of excellent and responsible officers and which deserves every facility for improvement, and also on account of the convenience of the Presidio, and the equipment at that place, and the known friendly relations existing between the permanent service and the National Guard.

Very respectfully,

(Signed:) THOS. WILHELM,
Major U. S. Army, Retired,
Colonel and Inspector General of Rifle Practice, N. G. C.

APPENDIX No. 24.

REPORTS OF UNIFORM BOARD.

UNIFORM BOARD, NATIONAL GUARD OF CALIFORNIA,
SAN FRANCISCO, April 21, 1902.*To the Adjutant General of California, Sacramento, California:*

SIR: The Uniform Board, National Guard of California, begs leave to submit the following report of expenditures, subsequent to report filed by the board on August 15, 1900:

To amount expended to August 15, 1900, and accounted for in report filed at that time	\$25,584 35
The Pettibone Bros. Manufacturing Co.—	
480 blouses.	20 shoulder belts and pouches.
1,226 pairs trousers.	1 uniform for Naval Militia.
837 overcoats.	
Total cost of above, plus the unpaid 25% on all former claims where only 75% was allowed and paid, as per contract	16,429 42
J. M. Litchfield & Co.—	
77 caps.	16 arm crosses.
30 chevrons.	2 hat cords.
81 stripes.	1 cross saber.
36 brassards.	6 guidons.
9 hospital cap wreathes.	1 hospital flag.
43 hospital cap crosses.	
Total cost of above, plus the unpaid 25% on all former claims where only 75% was allowed and paid, as per contract	971 10
Holbrook, Merrill & Stetson—	
To 36 Buzzacott field ranges, at \$43 each, and cartage	1,554 00
C. G. Kammerer—	
To making up cloth purchased from the U. S. Government, for Naval Militia uniforms	1,281 25
A. Shunamann—	
To inspecting uniforms before acceptance, 33 days, 8 hours, at 50 cents per hour	143 25
J. E. Finlayson—	
To services as clerk of Uniform Board, 12 months, July 1, 1900, to July 1, 1901, at \$25 per month	\$300 00
To extra services during same period of time	30 75
To 4 uniforms purchased for Division orderlies	76 00
To expressage on uniforms for Sanitary Corps from Cincinnati direct	109 50
	516 25
General W. H. Seamans—	
To labor collecting tent poles and tent boxes, and drayage	5 00
Wyckoff, Seamans & Benedict—	
To 1 Remington typewriter for General Headquarters	108 00
Joseph Bauquier—	
To labor	56 00
H. D. Walters—	
To allowance for uniform for Staff Orderly of Commander-in-Chief....	30 00
Expenses of the Board—	
To 15 sessions, at \$8.33¼ each	\$375 00
To 5 sessions, at \$5 each	50 00
	425 00

Colonel Thomas Wilhelm—

Purchased from U. S. Government, at government prices, through Governor Gage, Commander-in-Chief:

450 woolen blankets at \$3.26 each	\$1,467 00
70 wall tents complete, without flies, at \$14.98	1,048 60
14 boxes containing tents, at \$1.25 each	17 50
2 days labor packing and handling, at \$65 per month	4 34
Drayage	8 00
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	\$2,562 44

Total amount of above

	\$49,612 56
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Appropriation	\$50,000 00
Expended	49,612 56

Balance	\$387 44
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It appearing that there was a balance unexpended in the Uniform Fund of \$387.44, and on motion duly made and seconded it was resolved to expend such balance in the purchase of the following:

10 sets hospital tent poles, at \$2.88	\$28 80
150 sets wall tent poles, at \$0.97	145 50
500 sets shelter tent poles, at \$0.08	48 00
5,000 tent pins, shelter, at \$0.01¼	62 50
	<hr/>
	367 44

Total amount expended during fiscal year 1900-1901	\$49,998 74
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Leaving balance out of appropriation of \$50,000	1 26
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The following is a summary of the expenses of the Uniform Board, National Guard of California, for the fifty-first and fifty-second fiscal years:

By amount of appropriation	\$50,000 00
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To the purchase of—

3,896 caps.	2 hat cords.
3,803 blouses.	1 hospital flag.
3,819 trousers.	1 pair cross sabers.
1,654 overcoats.	6 guidons.
72 field ranges.	950 pairs leggings.
939 chevrons.	450 woolen blankets.
1,163 stripes.	70 wall tents (complete), with boxes.
120 cross rifles.	10 sets hospital tent poles.
6 cap wreathes.	150 sets wall tent poles.
59 hospital crosses.	500 sets shelter tent poles.
36 brassards.	5,000 tent pins, shelter.
25 lyres.	

Total cost of above, with expressage, drayage, labor, etc.	\$47,660 41
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To clerk hire for fifty-first and fifty-second fiscal years, at \$25 per month, and extra services and expenses	699 45
To inspecting uniforms, before acceptance	143 25
To 1 typewriter for General Headquarters	108 00
To labor	99 75
To per diem of members of the Uniform Board	975 26
To allowance for uniform for Orderly on the Staff of Commander-in-Chief ..	30 00
To advertising, etc.	282 62
	<hr/>
	\$49,998 74

To balance in Uniform Fund, unexpended	1 26
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	\$50,000 00
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All of the articles enumerated herein have been delivered to the different organizations of the Guard (and duplicate receipts taken therefor), with the exception of the following articles, which remain on hand, subject to the order of the board: 56 caps, 5 pairs trousers, 28 blouses, 5 field ranges.

Respectfully submitted.

(Signed:) JOHN H. DICKINSON,
Major General,
President Uniform Board, N. G. C.

HEADQUARTERS DIVISION NATIONAL GUARD OF CALIFORNIA,
OFFICE OF THE MAJOR GENERAL COMMANDING,
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL., September 10, 1902.

To the Adjutant General of California, Sacramento, Cal.;

SIR: The following report of the transactions of the Uniform Board, N. G. C., up to June 30, 1902, covering the appropriation of \$10,000 made by the last Legislature, "for the purchase of uniforms, overcoats, and quartermaster's supplies," for the two fiscal years ending June 30, 1903, is hereby made:

On March 20, 1902, notices were issued by the board calling for sealed proposals for the following articles:

For the National Guard—	
600 blouses.	600 caps.
530 pairs trousers (foot troops).	800 hats.
70 pairs trousers (mounted troops).	250 pairs leggings.
240 overcoats.	
For the Naval Militia—	
91 blue shirts.	86 overcoats.
101 pairs blue trousers.	96 blue caps.

On April 10, 1902, bids for these supplies were received and opened, as follows:

From Hoffman, Rothschild & Co.—	
600 blouses, if elastic lined, Army standard.....	\$4 00
600 blouses, if Army flannel lined, standard.....	3 50
70 pairs trousers (mounted troops).....	2 75
530 pairs trousers (foot troops).....	2 35
240 overcoats (mounted troops).....	8 67
For Naval Militia—	
101 pairs trousers.....	4 75
86 Navy overcoats.....	15 80
From The Pettibone Bros. Manufacturing Co.—	
Blouses, using the regulation California State button, instead of the button shown on the sample..... each,	4 19
Trousers (foot troops), using either the wire staple fastening for buttons, or the regulation thread fastening..... each,	2 42
Trousers (mounted troops)..... each,	3 24
Overcoats (Infantry, Artillery, Cavalry, and Hospital Corps), using the regulation California State buttons on the coat and cape..... each,	8 69
Caps, using California State side buttons..... each,	84
Hats..... each,	89
Leggings, patent concealed lacing, and in four sizes..... per pair,	58
Overcoats, for Naval Militia..... each,	10 15
Blue caps, with white covers, for Naval Militia, with leather sweat-band and drawstring attachment inside..... each,	1 35
From J. M. Litchfield & Co.—	
Campaign hats, regulation pattern, with perforation inside..... each,	99
Campaign hats, large gauze ventilators..... each,	1 03
Campaign hats, large gauze ventilators and leather corrugations..... each,	1 12
U. S. standard caps, as per specifications..... each,	74
From Triest & Co.—	
800 hats..... each,	98
From Triest-Rosenberg Cap Co.—	
No. L style for 600 Army caps..... each,	75
No. 2 style for 96 Navy caps..... each,	1 00
(Goods pure indigo dye.)	

On April 12, 1902, the bids of the following parties for the articles named were accepted and contracts awarded in accordance therewith:

To J. M. Litchfield & Co.—	
Fatigue caps for National Guard..... each,	\$0 74

To The Pettibone Bros. Manufacturing Co.—

Overcoats for Naval Militia	each, \$10 15
Leggings, patent concealed lacing, and in four sizes	per pair, 58
Campaign hats	each, 89
Blue caps, with white covers, for Naval Militia, with leather sweat-band and drawstring attachment inside	each, 1 35
Overcoats (Infantry, Artillery, Cavalry, and Hospital Corps), using the regulation California State buttons on the coat and cape	each, 8 69

To Hoffman, Rothschild & Co.—

Blouses, elastic lined, Army standard	each, 4 00
Trousers (mounted troops)	each, 2 75
Trousers (foot troops)	each, 2 35

On May 21, 1902, contracts were signed by the various contractors for the number of articles indicated, as follows:

The Pettibone Bros. Manufacturing Co.—

240 overcoats, for the National Guard.	96 blue caps with white covers, for Naval Militia.
600 campaign hats.	
250 pairs leggings.	86 overcoats, for Naval Militia.

J. M. Litchfield & Co.—

500 fatigue caps.

Hoffman, Rothschild & Co.—

550 blouses (Infantry).	70 pairs trousers (mounted troops).
500 pairs trousers (foot troops).	

No satisfactory bids having been received for blue shirts and trousers for the Naval Militia, it was decided to purchase the cloth from the U. S. Navy Department, and have the uniforms made, and the following material was procured:

139 yards cap cloth, at \$1.72	\$239 08
207¾ yards flannel, at 90 cents	186 98
120 dozen buttons, rubber, small, at 5 cents	6 00
150 pieces tape, linen, at 1 cent	1 50
	<hr/>
	\$433 56
Plus 10 per cent on the above prices	43 36
	<hr/>
	\$476 92

The amount allowed by the board for the purchase of cloth, etc., for the Naval Militia uniforms was \$481.51, and the amount expended for same was \$476.92, leaving a balance of \$4.59, and it was decided to expend the balance in the purchase of 6 fatigue caps from J. M. Litchfield & Co., at 7½ cents each.

The contract for making trousers and shirts for the Naval Militia was awarded to C. G. Kammerer at \$3.25 per uniform, his being the only bid received.

The following articles have been ordered under this arrangement: 85 blue shirts, 95 blue trousers.

At the date of this report the contracts are all under way, and the articles will be shipped to the various organizations upon completion.

Respectfully submitted.

(Signed:) JOHN H. DICKINSON,
Major General, commanding N. G. C.,
President Uniform Board, N. G. C.

APPENDIX No. 25.

LIST OF ADJUTANTS GENERAL.

Name.	Rank.	Date of Rank.	Term Expired.
T. R. Persee.....	Brigadier General	April 12, 1850	-----1851
E. W. McKinstry.....	Brigadier General	April 30, 1851	-----1852
William C. Kibbe.....	Brigadier General	May 2, 1852	Dec. 31, 1863
Robert Robinson.....	Brigadier General	Jan. 1, 1864	May 1, 1864
George S. Evans.....	Brigadier General	May 1, 1864	Nov. 30, 1865
Robert Robinson.....	Brigadier General	Dec. 1, 1865	April 1, 1866
George S. Evans.....	Brigadier General	April 2, 1866	Apr. 30, 1868
James M. Allen.....	Brigadier General	May 1, 1868	Nov. 30, 1870
Thos. N. Cazneau.....	Brigadier General	Dec. 1, 1870	Dec. 20, 1871
L. H. Foote.....	Brigadier General	Dec. 21, 1871	Dec. 12, 1875
P. F. Walsh.....	Brigadier General	Dec. 13, 1875	Jan. 8, 1880
Samuel W. Backus.....	Major General	Jan. 9, 1880	June 30, 1882
John F. Sheehan.....	Major General	July 1, 1882	Jan. 10, 1883
George B. Cosby.....	Major General Brigadier General	Jan. 11, 1883	Oct. 31, 1887
Richard H. Orton.....	Brigadier General	Nov. 1, 1887	Jan. 8, 1891
Charles C. Allen.....	Brigadier General	Jan. 9, 1891	May 24, 1895
Andrew W. Barrett.....	Brigadier General	May 24, 1895	Dec. 23, 1898
Robert L. Peeler.....	Brigadier General	Dec. 23, 1898	June 5, 1899
W. H. Seamans.....	Brigadier General	June 5, 1899	Died Jan. 3, 1902
George Stone.....	Brigadier General	Jan. 13, 1902	Incumbent

APPENDIX No. 26.

REGISTER OF OFFICERS, NATIONAL GUARD OF CALIFORNIA—ACTIVE LIST.

(This Register corrected to date of printing report.)

Commander-in-Chief,

GEORGE C. PARDEE,

Governor of the State of California; inaugurated January 7, 1903.

STAFF OF THE COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF.

Name and Rank.	Department.	Date of Rank.	Date of Commission.	Postoffice Address.
Brigadier General.				
STONE, GEORGE † -----	Adjutant General of California and ex officio Chief of Staff, Quartermaster General, Commissary General, Inspector General, and Chief of Ordnance.	Jan. 13, 1902	Jan. 13, 1902	Sacramento, (Capitol).
Colonels.				
Bangham, Newton S.	Asst. Adj. Gen. of California.	May 15, 1899	May 15, 1899	Sacramento, (Capitol).
Vail, Frank A.	Chief Engineer.	Apr. 29, 1903	Apr. 29, 1903	741 Market St., S. F.
Beck, Francis E.	Judge Adv. Gen. Paymaster Gen.	July 24, 1900	July 24, 1900	32 Sansome St., San Francisco.
Anderson, Winslow ...	Surgeon Gen.	July 24, 1900	July 24, 1900	1025 Sutter St., S. F.
Wilhelm, Thomas † ...	Inspector Gen. Rifle Practice.	Apr. 1, 1901	Apr. 3, 1901	Occidental Hotel, San Francisco.
Lieutenant Colonels.				
Young, John S. †	Aid-de-Camp ...	Jan. 8, 1891	July 24, 1900	701 Post St., S. F.
Pippy, George H.	Aid-de-Camp ...	Sept. 20, 1895	Dec. 28, 1900	Nevada Block, S. F.
Kirkpatrick, John C. ...	Aid-de-Camp ...	May 18, 1897	May 18, 1897	Palace Hotel, S. F.
Runyon, E. W.	Aid-de-Camp ...	Apr. 14, 1900	May 4, 1900	Red Bluff.
Northam, Robert J. ...	Aid-de-Camp ...	July 24, 1900	July 24, 1900	Hollenbeck Hotel, Los Angeles.
Lankershim, James B. ...	Aid-de-Camp ...	July 24, 1900	July 24, 1900	126 W. 3d St., Los Angeles.
Hendy, Samuel J. ...	Aid-de-Camp ...	July 24, 1900	July 24, 1900	38 Fremont St., S. F.
Robbins, Reuel D., Sr. ...	Aid-de-Camp ...	July 24, 1900	July 24, 1900	Suisun.
Wieneke, Robert ...	Aid-de-Camp ...	Sept. 19, 1902	Sept. 19, 1902	Golden West H'tel, San Francisco.
Chapman, Frank M. † ...	Aid-de-Camp ...	Oct. 28, 1902	Oct. 28, 1902	Covina.
Waite, Henry deH.* ...	Aid-de-Camp ...	Jan. 16, 1903	Jan. 16, 1903	Berkeley.
Diss, John W. F.* ...	Aid-de-Camp ...	Apr. 17, 1903	Apr. 23, 1903	321 Bryne Build'g, Los Angeles.
Hodges, A. P.	Aid-de-Camp ...	Apr. 27, 1903	Apr. 29, 1903	3163 24th St., S. F.
Commander.				
Miner, Randolph H.* ...	Aid-de-Camp ...	May 2, 1901	May 2, 1901	209 Wilcox Bldg., Los Angeles.

* Served in "Spanish-American War of 1898."

† Served in Civil War, 1861-65.

GENERAL OFFICERS.

Name and Rank.	Organization.	Date of Rank.	Date of Commission.	Postoffice Address.
Major General.				
Dickinson, John H.	Division, N.G.C..	Feb. 12, 1898	Feb. 12, 1898	Mills Bldg., S. F.
Brigadier Generals.				
Last, C. F. A.	First Brigade ...	Oct. 8, 1895	Oct. 8, 1895	129 N. Main St., Los Angeles.
Warfield R. H.†	Second Brigade..	May 15, 1895	May 15, 1895	California Hotel, San Francisco.
Muller, M. W.	Third Brigade ..	Nov. 16, 1891	Oct. 8, 1895	Fresno.

DIVISION STAFF.

Name and Rank.	Department or Designation.	Date of Rank.	Date of Commission.	Postoffice Address.
Colonel.				
Evans, Charles J.	Asst. Adjt. Gen.	Mar. 6, 1902	Mar. 15, 1902	Appraisers' Bldg., San Francisco.
Lieutenant Colonels.				
Draper, T. Waln-Morgan*	Engineer Officer	Apr. 17, 1901	May 3, 1901	Mills Bldg., S. F.
Koster, John A.*	Inspector	Mar. 11, 1903	Mar. 30, 1903	22d and Illinois Sts., S. F.
Rickon, Fred'k J. H.* ..	Quartermaster ..	Apr. 25, 1901	May 3, 1901	Phelan Bldg., S. F.
Huber, Adolph	Commissary	Dec. 30, 1897	Jan. 27, 1898	620 Bush St., S. F.
Dohrmann, A. B. C.	Paymaster	Oct. 13, 1897	Dec. 15, 1899	130 Sutter St., S. F.
Hosmer, Harry B.	Ordnance Officer	Feb. 27, 1900	Mar. 30, 1903	538 Market St., S. F.
Dwyer, J. J.	Judge Advocate..	Apr. 12, 1898	Apr. 20, 1898	Mills Bldg., S. F.
Barrere, Louis	Insp. Rifle Prac..	Apr. 22, 1897	Jan. 27, 1898	131 First St., S. F.
Hewes, Charles L.	Signal Officer ..	July 12, 1902	July 26, 1902	1164 Washington St., Oakland.
Majors.				
Schmitt, Lionel S.	Aid-de-Camp ...	July 9, 1897	Sept. 1, 1897	1609 Franklin St., San Francisco.
.....	Aid-de-Camp .....	.....	.....	.....

FIRST BRIGADE STAFF.

Name and Rank.	Department or Designation.	Date of Rank.	Date of Commission.	Postoffice Address.
Lieutenant Colonel.				
Welch, William O. *	Asst. Adjt. Gen..	June 30, 1896	July 31, 1896	Court House, Los Angeles.
Majors.				
Dockweiler, John H. ...	Engineer Officer	June 17, 1896	July 31, 1896	Douglas Building, Los Angeles.
.....	Inspector .....	.....	.....	.....
Off, John W. A.	Quartermaster ..	Nov. 9, 1895	Dec. 6, 1895	Los Angeles.
Meredith, Charles T.	Commissary	Nov. 9, 1895	Dec. 6, 1895	San Diego.
Jones, John T.	Judge Advocate..	Nov. 9, 1895	Dec. 6, 1895	207 New High St., Los Angeles.
Last, John L. A.	Insp. Rifle Prac..	Nov. 9, 1895	Dec. 6, 1895	Los Angeles.
Lovett, Wm. W.	Signal Officer ...	Mar. 31, 1903	Apr. 23, 1903	Los Angeles.
Captains.				
Baker, Charles M.	Aid-de-Camp ...	Nov. 9, 1895	Dec. 6, 1895	Los Angeles.
Thomas, Terrell B.	Aid-de-Camp ...	Jan. 25, 1898	May 13, 1902	Covina.

* Served in "Spanish-American War of 1898."

† Served in Civil War, 1861-65.

SECOND BRIGADE STAFF.

Name and Rank.	Department or Designation.	Date of Rank.	Date of Commission.	Postoffice Address.
Lieutenant Colonel.				
Burgin, J. F.	Asst. Adj. Gen.	July 5, 1898, as Colonel.	Colonel on Retired List, detailed July 23, 1900.	420 Bush St., S. F.
Majors.				
Hendy, John H.	Engineer Officer	Dec. 15, 1897	Jan. 27, 1898	42 Fremont St., S. F.
Naphtaly, Sam L.	Inspector	June 3, 1901	June 11, 1901	229 Stevenson St., San Francisco.
Wegener, Henry A.	Quartermaster ..	Oct. 9, 1896	Nov. 30, 1896	510 Market St., S. F.
Wethern, George H.* ..	Commissary	Apr. 10, 1902	May 31, 1902	1264 7th Ave., East Oakland.
Dorn, Diademus S.	Judge Advocate	Jan. 3, 1896	Jan. 4, 1896	Chronicle Bldg., San Francisco.
Curzon, H. E.*	Insp. Rifle Prac.	Jan. 24, 1901	Apr. 3, 1901	127 Montg. Street, San Francisco.
Perkins, Philip J.*	Signal Officer ...	Apr. 13, 1900	Nov. 9, 1901	231 Post St., S. F.
Captains.				
Bush, Philip L.	Aid-de-Camp ...	Apr. 14, 1900	Sept. 1, 1900	203 California St., San Francisco.
Warfield, Richard E. ...	Aid-de-Camp ..	Oct. 1, 1901	Nov. 9, 1901	California Hotel, San Francisco.

THIRD BRIGADE STAFF.

Name and Rank.	Department or Designation.	Date of Rank.	Date of Commission.	Postoffice Address.
Lieutenant Colonel.				
Hay, T. J.*	Asst. Adj. Gen.	Aug. 30, 1893	Detailed from Retired List July 2, 1900.	Fresno.
Majors.				
Nihell, George A.	Engineer Officer	Apr. 20, 1901	May 29, 1901	Nevada City.
Thede, Porter C.*	Inspector	Apr. 17, 1901	May 3, 1901	Madera.
Terry, Joseph E.	Quartermaster ..	Nov. 1, 1895	Dec. 21, 1895	Sacramento.
Pirkey, Frank Z.	Commissary	Aug. 3, 1901	Sept. 14, 1901	Colusa.
Crichton, W. D.	Judge Advocate.	Mar. 28, 1893	Detailed from Retired List Aug. 10, 1901.	Fresno.
Kelley, Edwin Van Ness.	Insp. Rifle Prac..	Oct. 23, 1900	Dec. 22, 1900	Fresno.
Martin, Fred LeRoy * ..	Signal Officer ...	June 16, 1902	Aug. 29, 1902	Sacramento.
Captains.				
Harris, William N.	Aid-de-Camp ...	Sept. 21, 1900	Dec. 22, 1900	Fresno.
Thoman, Henry L.	Aid-de-Camp ...	Dec. 24, 1902	Dec. 31, 1902	Fresno.

* Served in "Spanish-American War of 1898."

SANITARY CORPS.

Name and Rank.	Assignment to Organization.	Date of Rank.	Date of Commission.	Postoffice Address.
Colonels.				
Anderson, Winslow...	Surg. Gen. Staff Com.-in-Chief.	July 24, 1900	July 24, 1900	1025 Sutter St., S. F.
McCarthy, Wm. D.*...	Division Staff...	Oct. 20, 1899	Nov. 29, 1899	111 Eddy St., S. F.
Lieutenant Colonels.				
Choate, James J.*.....	First Brigade...	Nov. 9, 1895	Nov. 22, 1897	223 W. Second St., Los Angeles.
Hanson, G. F.	Second Brigade.	June 5, 1895	Nov. 22, 1897	233 Geary St., S. F.
Pedlar, Alfred J.*	Third Brigade ..	Dec. 16, 1891	Nov. 22, 1897	Fresno.
Majors.				
Rethers, Theodore*...	First Infantry ..	June 8, 1900	Jan. 18, 1901	Corner Geary and Stockton Streets, San Francisco.
Hanna, William J.*...	Second Infantry	Dec. 2, 1900	Apr. 13, 1901	1002 J St., Sac'to.
Dunn, James P.	Fifth Infantry..	May 17, 1893	Nov. 22, 1897	Macdonough Bldg., Oakland.
Russell, Philip N.*...	Sixth Infantry..	Feb. 20, 1896	Nov. 22, 1897	Fresno.
Roblee, William W.*...	Seventh Inf'try	Sept. 9, 1899	Nov. 6, 1899	Riverside.
Captains.				
Maher, Thomas D.	First Infantry ..	Nov. 26, 1900	Dec. 22, 1900	City and Co. Hos- pital, S. F.
Keenan, Alex. S.	First Infantry ..	Nov. 26, 1900	Apr. 13, 1901	402 Hayes St., S. F.
Barr, James H.	Second Infantry	July 6, 1900	Apr. 13, 1901	Marysville.
Look, Halleck H.	Second Infantry	Dec. 2, 1900	Apr. 13, 1901	401 K St., Sac'to.
Williams, Robert B.	Fifth Infantry..	Mar. 24, 1902	June 13, 1902	Oakland.

Rogers, C. A.*	Fifth Infantry..			
	Sixth Infantry..	June 24, 1897	Nov. 22, 1897	Bakersfield.

Shorb, J. de Barth.	Sixth Infantry..			
	Seventh Inf'try	Nov. 5, 1899	Feb. 1, 1900	Bullard Bl'k, L. A.
Bruner, Francis M.	Seventh Inf'try	Feb. 9, 1901	June 11, 1901	Santa Ana.

O'Brien, Aloysius P.*..	Seventh Inf'try			
	First Battalion of Artillery.	May 17, 1901	June 7, 1901	San Francisco.

Bunnell, Edwin	Signal Corps....	May 10, 1900	June 18, 1900	111 Eddy St., S. F.
Malaby, Zachary T.	Cavalry	Aug. 30, 1900	Dec. 22, 1900	San Francisco.
Hamlin, Oliver D.	Unassigned	June 24, 1897	Nov. 22, 1897	Oakland.

SIGNAL CORPS.

Name and Rank.	Organization.	Date of Rank.	Date of Commission.	Postoffice Address.
Captains.				
Blick, Joseph J.	First Brigade...	July 18, 1901	Oct. 29, 1901	Pasadena.
Selfridge, Edward A.*...	Second Brigade.	May 31, 1900	June 18, 1900	222 Sansome St., San Francisco.
First Lieutenants.				
Sabine, Horace E.	First Brigade...	July 8, 1897	Sept. 1, 1897	350 S. Broadway, Los Angeles.
Jones, Emmet R.*.....	Second Brigade.	Oct. 31, 1901	Nov. 29, 1901	327 Market St., S. F.
-----	Third Brigade..			

* Served in "Spanish-American War of 1898."

CAVALRY.

Name and Rank.	Troop.	Date of Rank.	Date of Commission.	Postoffice Address.
Captains.				
Jansen, Charles†-----	Troop A	Feb. 21, 1900	Apr. 6, 1900	524 Washington St., S. F.
Kay, Samuel W.*-----	" B	June 16, 1899	July 10, 1899	1311 Q St., Sac'to.
Fulle, Charles J.-----	" C	Jan. 20, 1902	Mar. 15, 1902	Salinas.
Fredericks, John D.*---	" D	Oct. 27, 1899	Nov. 29, 1899	Court House, L. A.
First Lieutenants.				
Wells, Charles F.-----	" A	July 18, 1900	Aug. 25, 1900	315 Montgomery St., S. F.
Boden, Oscar J.*-----	" B	June 16, 1899	July 10, 1899	Sacramento.
Winham, Frederick W.---	" C	Aug. 5, 1895	Oct. 11, 1895	Salinas.
Freeman, Archibald C.---	" D	Jan. 12, 1900	Mar. 10, 1900	605 Laughlin Bl'k, Los Angeles.
Second Lieutenants.				
Fickert, Charles M.-----	" A	July 30, 1902	Oct. 7, 1902	San Francisco.
Kelly, Thomas S.-----	" B	Oct. 29, 1902	Dec. 19, 1902	Sacramento.
Vierra, Frank M.-----	" C	Aug. 5, 1895	Oct. 11, 1895	Salinas.
Jonas, Earl W.-----	" D	Dec. 7, 1900	Feb. 27, 1901	717 San Pedro St., Los Angeles.

FIRST BATTALION OF ARTILLERY.

Name and Rank.	Department or Designation.	Date of Rank.	Date of Commission.	Postoffice Address.
FIELD AND STAFF.				
Major.				
Bush, Hyman P.-----		May 4, 1901	May 8, 1901	U. S. Mint, S. F.
First Lieutenants.				
Eisen, Edward G.-----	Adjutant-----	Capt. on Retired List, Sept. 8, 1897	Detalled for duty as 1st Lieut. and Bat. Adj't., June 3, 1901.	San Francisco.
Howell, Josiah R.-----	Quartermaster--	May 21, 1901	June 7, 1901	10 Montg. St., S. F.
Goldstein, Sanford L.---	Commissary----	May 22, 1901	June 7, 1901	203 Cal. St., S. F.
BATTERY OFFICERS.				
Captains.				
Nippert, Firmin A.*-----	Battery A	Feb. 28, 1900	Apr. 19, 1901	Redwood City.
Swasey, William N.*---	" B	Oct. 22, 1900	Apr. 19, 1901	New City Hall, S. F.
Petty, George J.*-----	" C	Jan. 21, 1901	Apr. 19, 1901	216 Bush St., S. F.
Keesling, Francis V.---	" D	Dec. 15, 1902	Dec. 24, 1902	Mills Bldg., S. F.
First Lieutenants.				
Varney, William A.*---	" A	Feb. 28, 1900	Apr. 19, 1901	1039 Market St., S. F.
Knerr, Claire F.*-----	" B	Nov. 10, 1902	Jan. 16, 1903	Tax Col. Office, S. F.
Ross, Jos. N., Jr.*-----	" C	Jan. 21, 1901	Apr. 19, 1901	120 Second St., S. F.
Seely, Carlton W.*-----	" D	Dec. 15, 1902	Jan. 23, 1903	M. O. Dept., P. O., San Francisco.
Second Lieutenants.				
Eason, John A.*-----	" A	Mar. 10, 1902	May 13, 1902	123 Ellis St., S. F.
Howe, Robert C.-----	" B	Nov. 10, 1902	Jan. 16, 1903	Parrott Bldg., S. F.
Hyer, John J.*-----	" C	Jan. 21, 1901	Apr. 19, 1901	405 Geary St., S. F.
-----	" D	-----	-----	-----

* Served in "Spanish-American War of 1898."

† Served in Civil War, 1861-65.

FIRST REGIMENT OF INFANTRY.

Name and Rank.	Department or Designation.	Date of Rank.	Date of Commission.	Postoffice Address.
FIELD AND STAFF.				
Colonel.				
O'Neil, Thomas F.*		Oct. 30, 1900	Dec. 22, 1900	City Hall, S. F.
Lieutenant Colonel.				
Connolly, John F.*		Oct. 30, 1900	Dec. 22, 1900	508 Jacks'n St., S. F.
Majors.				
Filmer, George*		May 10, 1900	June 18, 1900	424 Sansome St., San Francisco
McCreagh, Thos. J.*		May 10, 1900	June 18, 1900	Custom H'se, S. F.
Robertson, Wm. R.* †		Oct. 30, 1900	Dec. 22, 1900	City Hall, S. F.
Captains.				
Warren, Frank W.*	Adjutant	June 23, 1902	Sept. 19, 1902	111 Post St., S. F.
Adler, Albert C.*	Quartermaster			
McQuade, Joseph P.	Commissary	Apr. 30, 1901	May 29, 1901	116 Front St., S. F.
	Chaplain	Jan. 17, 1901	Mar. 15, 1901	104 Eureka St., S. F.
First Lieutenants.				
West, John J.*	Battalion Adjt.	Sept. 4, 1896	Oct. 27, 1896	402 Montg. St., S. F.
McGurren, Henry F.* †	Battalion Adjt.	Dec. 21, 1900	Jan. 31, 1901	1498 Market St., S. F.
Wilkens, Martin H.*	Insp. Rifle Prac.	July 1, 1901	Jan. 24, 1902	"City of Paris," S. F.
Second Lieutenants.				
Marriott, Fred A.*	Battalion Q. M. and Com.	July 1, 1901	July 24, 1901	Chronicle Bldg., San Francisco.
Walter, Herbert D.	Battalion Q. M. and Com.	Jan. 22, 1902	Feb. 21, 1902	S. F. Chronicle, San Francisco.
COMPANY OFFICERS.				
Captains.				
Ballinger, George T.*	Company A	July 10, 1900	Aug. 25, 1900	120 2d St., S. F.
Kelly, Walter N.*	" B	Aug. 18, 1902	Oct. 7, 1902	167 Fremont St., S. F.
Moore, Frank K.*	" C	Feb. 28, 1900	May 29, 1901	Gough and Grove Sts., S. F.
Mathewson, Henry G.*	" D	July 5, 1901	Aug. 21, 1901	R. 41 Wells-Fargo Exp. Bldg. S. F.
Wehser, Wm. E.*	" E	Mar. 25, 1903	Apr. 29, 1903	Station D, S. F.
Eggert, John F.*	" F	Oct. 18, 1894	May 29, 1901	108 Sutter St., S. F.
Wall, William L.*	" G	July 10, 1900	May 29, 1901	Gen'l Freight Of- fice S. F. Co., 4 Montg. St., S. F.
Costello, Thomas W.*	" H	Mar. 19, 1902	Apr. 12, 1902	Dept. 9, Superior Court, S. F.
First Lieutenants.				
Bertrand, Frederic *	" A	Nov. 13, 1902	Dec. 31, 1902	132 Powell St., S. F.
O'Keeffe, John E.	" B	Aug. 18, 1902	Oct. 30, 1902	61 Townsend St., S. F.
Corcoran, William B.	" C	Oct. 14, 1901	Nov. 29, 1901	12 Post St., S. F.
	" D			
	" E			
Clancy, Bernard M.*	" F	May 23, 1901	June 11, 1901	Wells-Fargo & Co., 49 2d St., S. F.
Newbert, Frank W.*	" G	July 8, 1901	Aug. 21, 1901	225 Market St., S. F.
Driscoll, Francis J.	" H	May 21, 1902	Aug. 29, 1902	806 Market St., S. F.
Second Lieutenants.				
Stahl, Jasper H. G.	" A	Nov. 13, 1902	Dec. 31, 1902	116 Tilden St., S. F.
Lindecker, Charles*	" B	Aug. 18, 1902	Oct. 30, 1902	San Francisco.
Stolzenwald, Henry *	" C	Oct. 14, 1901	Nov. 29, 1901	1153 Folsom St., S. F.
	" D			
	" E			
Stindt, Hermann G.	" F	June 11, 1901	June 13, 1901	615 6th St., S. F.
Graham, Louis *	" G	July 8, 1901	Aug. 21, 1901	Pac. L. Co., 6th and Channel Sts., S. F.
Swift, John L.*	" H	May 21, 1902	Aug. 29, 1902	823 Jessie St., S. F.

* Served in "Spanish-American War of 1898."

† Not with regiment for duty; directed to report to commanding officer of Second Brigade awaiting orders, as per G. O. No. 5, s. 1901, A. G. O., dated April 19, 1901.

. SECOND REGIMENT OF INFANTRY.

Name and Rank.	Department or Designation.	Date of Rank.	Date of Commission.	Postoffice Address.
FIELD AND STAFF.				
Colonel.				
Seymour, Henry I.	-----	Mar. 3, 1900	Apr. 6, 1900	Sacramento.
Lieutenant Colonel.				
Forbes, Edwin A.*	-----	Feb. 3, 1896	Mar. 21, 1896	Marysville.
Majors.				
Pirkey, Marion.	-----	Oct. 31, 1895	Mar. 21, 1896	Willows.
Greer, William W.	-----	Nov. 11, 1899	Jan. 23, 1900	Sacramento.
Simonds, Preston F.	-----	May 18, 1901	May 31, 1901	Nevada City.
Captains.				
Stearns, Albert E.	Adjutant.	July 1, 1895	May 29, 1901	910 9th St., Sac'to.
Blair, Joseph A.	Quartermaster.	Apr. 29, 1901	May 29, 1901	Sacramento.
Hochheimer, Ira.	Commissary.	Sept. 10, 1902	Jan. 23, 1903	Willows.
Miel, C. L.	Chaplain.	June 27, 1900	July 26, 1900	Sacramento.
First Lieutenants.				
Harvey, Edwin H.	Battalion Adjt.	Apr. 26, 1901	May 31, 1901	Sacramento.
Young, Charles J.	Battalion Adjt.	Apr. 24, 1902	May 31, 1902	Grass Valley.
-----	Battalion Adjt.	-----	-----	-----
Lee, John G.	Insp. Rifle Prac.	Jan. 27, 1896	Oct. 30, 1902	Woodland.
Second Lieutenants.				
Walling, Landis A.	Battalion Q. M. and Com.	May 22, 1901	May 31, 1901	Nevada City.
Thomas, Charles W.	Battalion Q. M. and Com.	July 8, 1902	July 26, 1902	Woodland.
COMPANY OFFICERS.				
Captains.				
Bond, Lon.	Company A	June 17, 1899	July 10, 1899	Chico.
Rutledge, Thomas*	" B	Apr. 26, 1901	May 29, 1901	Colusa.
Bost, Benedict A.	" C	Oct. 28, 1901	Jan. 24, 1902	Nevada City.
Voss, George H.*	" D	Apr. 27, 1896	May 11, 1896	Marysville.
Sherburn, John F.*	" E	June 6, 1901	Sept. 14, 1901	Sacramento.
Curson, William H.	" F	Apr. 21, 1899	May 11, 1899	Woodland.
Zittinger, John.	" G	Feb. 28, 1898	Apr. 4, 1898	Sacramento.
Swisler, Charles A.	" H	Oct. 16, 1899	Nov. 6, 1899	Placerville.
Tyrrell, John R.*	" I	Feb. 27, 1902	May 31, 1902	Grass Valley.
First Lieutenants.				
White, William H.*	" A	Jan. 20, 1900	Feb. 1, 1900	Chico.
Porter, James H.	" B	Apr. 26, 1901	May 31, 1901	Colusa.
Steffens, Charles.	" C	Dec. 15, 1902	Apr. 29, 1903	Nevada City.
Divver, Philip J.	" D	Oct. 14, 1895	Jan. 22, 1896	Marysville.
Moore, Loyal C.*	" E	June 6, 1901	Sept. 14, 1901	Sacramento.
Rawson, William.	" F	Oct. 1, 1900	Dec. 22, 1900	Woodland.
Ruhstaller, Frank J.	" G	June 25, 1900	July 26, 1900	Sacramento.
Miersen, Max.	" H	Apr. 10, 1901	May 29, 1901	Placerville.
-----	" I	-----	-----	-----
Second Lieutenants.				
Garthaffner, Jos. L.*	" A	Jan. 20, 1900	Feb. 1, 1900	Chico.
Smith, Herbert G.	" B	May 29, 1902	July 22, 1902	Colusa.
Dailey, Daniel A.	" C	Mar. 21, 1903	Apr. 29, 1903	Nevada City.
-----	" D	-----	-----	-----
-----	" E	-----	-----	-----
Griffin, Ernest G.	" F	Oct. 1, 1900	Dec. 22, 1900	Woodland.
Milliken, John M.*	" G	June 25, 1900	July 26, 1900	Sacramento.
Smith, Thomas F.	" H	Apr. 10, 1901	May 29, 1901	Placerville.
Cassidy, Louis J.	" I	Apr. 23, 1902	May 31, 1902	Grass Valley.

* Served in "Spanish-American War of 1898."

FIFTH REGIMENT OF INFANTRY.

Name and Rank.	Department or Designation.	Date of Rank.	Date of Commission	Postoffice Address.
FIELD AND STAFF.				
Colonel.				
Hayes, John F.	-----	Jan. 17, 1903	Mar. 30, 1903	Pine and Front Sts., S. F.
Lieutenant Colonel.				
Juilliard, Louis W.	-----	Jan. 17, 1903	Mar. 30, 1903	Santa Rosa.
Majors.				
Poulter, Charles T.	-----	Feb. 21, 1900	Apr. 6, 1900	218 Fremont St., San Francisco.
Smith, David A.*	-----	May 11, 1901	May 31, 1901	650 Market St., S. F.
Haven, Chas. E.*	-----	Jan. 17, 1903	Mar. 30, 1903	Santa Rosa.
Captains.				
Margo, James A.	Adjutant	May 31, 1901	June 7, 1901	225 Market St., S. F.
Simpson, Milton W.*	Quartermaster	May 1, 1901	May 29, 1901	City Hall, Alameda
	Commissary			
	Chaplain	-----	-----	-----
First Lieutenants.				
Coulter, Paul*	Battalion Adjt.	May 1, 1901	June 7, 1901	Santa Rosa.
Strong, Dwight	Battalion Adjt.	May 23, 1901	June 11, 1901	64 San Pablo Ave., Oakland.
Arques, Clement R.	Battalion Adjt.	Apr. 29, 1902	June 10, 1902	San José.
Boyen, Albert N.	Insp. Rifle Prac.	Sept. 25, 1900	Dec. 22, 1900	San Rafael.
Second Lieutenants.				
Caldwell, George E.	Battalion Q. M. and Com.	June 8, 1901	July 15, 1901	Napa.
Pearce, Edward H.	Battalion Q. M. and Com.	Aug. 15, 1901	Oct. 8, 1901	2251 College Ave., Berkeley.
Foster, Arthur W., Jr.	Battalion Q. M. and Com.	May 16, 1902	June 10, 1902	San Rafael.
COMPANY OFFICERS.				
Captains.				
Hunt, Edwin G.	Company A	Apr. 26, 1900	June 18, 1900	1st and Clay Sts., Oakland.
Holtum, Gary L.	" B	Oct. 6, 1902	Dec. 12, 1902	25 N. 1st St., San José.
Dickson, Joshua B.*	" C	July 7, 1899	Aug. 14, 1899	Petaluma.
Cheda, V. J. B.	" D	June 30, 1899	Aug. 14, 1899	San Rafael.
	" E	-----	-----	-----
Covalt, Curtis C.*	" F	Jan. 6, 1902	Feb. 11, 1902	412 11th St., Oakl'd.
McDonell, Edward R.*	" G	Apr. 3, 1902	May 16, 1902	Alameda.
Bush, Franklin W.	" H	July 1, 1896	Sept. 7, 1896	Napa.
McKown, Joseph O.	" I	May 17, 1902	Aug. 29, 1902	Livermore.
First Lieutenants.				
Petersen, F. W. H.	" A	May 29, 1902	July 26, 1902	13th and Washing- ton Sts., Oakl'd.
Farrell, Leonard M.*	" B	Oct. 6, 1902	Dec. 12, 1902	San José.
Lundholm, Charles E.*	" C	Nov. 27, 1899	Feb. 7, 1900	Petaluma.
Smith, Eugene W.	" D	Nov. 8, 1901	Feb. 11, 1902	San Rafael.
Claypool, Jerry W.*	" E	July 15, 1901	Oct. 8, 1901	Santa Rosa.
Nickerson, George W.*	" F	Jan. 6, 1902	Mar. 15, 1902	522 16th St., Oakl'd.
Smiley, Augustine P.*	" G	Sept. 25, 1902	Nov. 26, 1902	Alameda.
Gunn, Harry L.	" H	July 1, 1896	Sept. 7, 1896	Napa.
Hunter, John R.	" I	Nov. 14, 1901	Jan. 24, 1902	Livermore.
Second Lieutenants.				
Poulter, Chas. E.	" A	May 29, 1902	Oct. 7, 1902	Oakland.
Steeves, Percy Ansley	" B	Oct. 6, 1902	Dec. 12, 1902	San José.
Rodd, George B.	" C	Jan. 6, 1902	Feb. 11, 1902	Petaluma.
Hawkins, Joseph K.	" D	Nov. 8, 1901	Feb. 11, 1902	San Rafael.
Haven, Fred A.	" E	May 19, 1902	June 10, 1902	Santa Rosa.
	" F	-----	-----	-----
Schroeder, Geo. F.	" G	Sept. 25, 1902	Nov. 26, 1902	Alameda.
Marois, Theodore M.	" H	Jan. 7, 1901	Feb. 27, 1901	Napa.
Schoenfeld, Mike	" I	May 17, 1902	Aug. 29, 1902	Livermore.

* Served in "Spanish-American War of 1898."

SIXTH REGIMENT OF INFANTRY.

Name and Rank.	Department or Designation.	Date of Rank.	Date of Commission.	Postoffice Address.
FIELD AND STAFF.				
Colonel.				
Johnson, William R.*	-----	Sept. 30, 1899	Nov. 6, 1899	22 N. San Joaquin Street, Stockton.
Lieutenant Colonel.				

Majors.				
Whitmore, Rich'd K.*	-----	Feb. 15, 1897	Mar. 15, 1897	Modesto.
Stewart, George W.	-----	July 10, 1901	July 24, 1901	Visalia.
Jones, Edward*	-----	May 23, 1902	June 10, 1902	Fresno.
Captains.				
Adjutant				
Dozier, Wm. G., Jr.*	Quartermaster	Aug. 9, 1901	Oct. 8, 1901	Visalia.
Johnson, J. Sub.	Commissary	Dec. 16, 1902	Dec. 31, 1902	Visalia.
Hansen, Harvey S.	Chaplain	Dec. 16, 1902	Dec. 31, 1902	Fresno.
First Lieutenants.				
Freitas, George H.*	Battalion Adjt.	Nov. 25, 1899	Jan. 23, 1900	Modesto.
Spier, Charles A.*	Battalion Adjt.	Aug. 9, 1901	Oct. 19, 1901	Visalia.
Boles, George M.	Battalion Adjt.	Feb. 16, 1903	Mar. 30, 1903	Fresno.
Kroekel, Henry*	Insp. Rifle Prac.	Oct. 10, 1901	Nov. 9, 1901	40 S. Sutter St., Stockton.
Second Lieutenants.				
Young, Robert D.	Battalion Q. M. and Com.	May 25, 1901	June 13, 1901	Modesto.
Stuart, Harry G.	Battalion Q. M. and Com.	Dec. 16, 1902	Apr. 23, 1903	Visalia.
COMPANY OFFICERS.				
Captains.				
Parnau, John P.*	Company A	June 20, 1899	July 10, 1899	Stockton.
Newell, Asa R.*	" B	Feb. 3, 1902	Mar. 15, 1902	Stockton
Devlin, John A.*	" C	July 11, 1902	Aug. 14, 1902	Fresno.
Morris, David W.*	" D	Sept. 12, 1896	Oct. 12, 1896	Modesto.
Byrnes, Matthew J.	" E	Nov. 14, 1890	Dec. 31, 1902	Visalia.
Wilson, Ira E.	" F	Dec. 5, 1901	Jan. 24, 1902	Fresno.
Beer, Lucien*	" G	Apr. 9, 1901	May 3, 1901	Bakersfield.
Bambauer, Daniel G.	" H	Aug. 27, 1901	Sept. 14, 1901	Merced.
Norboe, Paul M.	" I	Mar. 14, 1900	Apr. 6, 1900	Hanford.
First Lieutenants.				
Spence, Frederick A.*	" A	Apr. 29, 1902	July 26, 1902	Stockton.
Edwards, Roy K.*	" B	Dec. 26, 1902	Apr. 23, 1903	Stockton.
Scott, William S.*	" C	July 11, 1902	Aug. 14, 1902	Fresno.
Grove, W. C.	" D	Nov. 9, 1900	Jan. 18, 1901	Modesto.
Hamrick, Charles M.*	" E	Feb. 11, 1902	Mar. 15, 1902	Visalia.
Spivy, Claud T.	" F	Dec. 5, 1901	Jan. 24, 1902	Fresno
Haley, Howard J.*	" G	June 23, 1899	Sept. 15, 1899	Bakersfield.
Graham, John R.	" H	May 27, 1897	Sept. 14, 1901	Merced.
Van Buckner, Wm.	" I	Mar. 14, 1900	Apr. 6, 1900	Hanford.
Second Lieutenants.				
Wagner, George R.	" A	Apr. 29, 1902	July 26, 1902	Stockton.
Hill, Charles E.	" B	Dec. 26, 1902	Apr. 23, 1903	Stockton.
Walton, Timothy	" C	July 11, 1902	Aug. 29, 1902	Fresno.
Swan, Charles D.	" D	Jan. 2, 1900	Feb. 7, 1900	Modesto.
Rice, Stephen E.*	" E	Sept. 24, 1901	Oct. 19, 1901	Visalia.
Carrico, William E.	" F	Mar. 13, 1902	Mar. 27, 1902	Fresno.
Crites, Arthur S.*	" G	May 29, 1900	Dec. 22, 1900	Bakersfield.
Hooper, Linden A.*	" H	Aug. 27, 1901	Sept. 14, 1901	Merced.
McGinnis, Benoni B.	" I	Mar. 14, 1900	Apr. 6, 1900	Hanford.

* Served in "Spanish-American War of 1898."

SEVENTH REGIMENT OF INFANTRY.

Name and Rank.	Department or Designation.	Date of Rank.	Date of Commission.	Postoffice Address.
FIELD AND STAFF.				
Colonel.				
Berry, John R.*	-----	Dec. 21, 1895	Jan. 4, 1896	759 S. Spring St., Los Angeles.
Lieutenant Colonel.				
Reynolds, Frank L.*	-----	Mar. 30, 1901	May 3, 1901	445 S. Spring St., Los Angeles.
Majors.				
Wankowski, Robert*	-----	Jan. 13, 1900	Apr. 6, 1900	State Bank & Trust Co., Los Angeles.
Seccombe, William C.*	-----	Jan. 13, 1900	Apr. 6, 1900	San Bernardino.
Finley, Solomon H.*	-----	Mar. 30, 1901	May 3, 1901	Santa Ana.
Captains.				
Jameson, Walter	Adjutant	Apr. 26, 1901	May 29, 1901	307 S. Spring St., Los Angeles.
Sullivan, John E.*	Quartermaster ..	Apr. 26, 1901	May 29, 1901	501 N. Main St., Los Angeles.
Prescott, Frank C., Jr.*	Commissary	Mar. 3, 1902	Mar. 15, 1902	204 S. Broadway, Los Angeles.
-----	Chaplain	-----	-----	-----
First Lieutenants.				
Reynolds, Ernest A.	Battalion Adjt..	Jan. 25, 1898	May 29, 1901	Pomona.
Mielke, John C.*	Battalion Adjt..	Aug. 2, 1899	Aug. 8, 1899	Los Angeles.
-----	Battalion Adjt..	-----	-----	-----
Braden, Herbert C.	Insp. Rifle Prac..	Sept. 2, 1902	Oct. 2, 1902	Ontario.
Second Lieutenants.				
Meacham, Henry G.	Battalion Q. M. and Com.	June 1, 1901	July 2, 1901	Riverside.
Bacon, George*	Battalion Q. M. and Com.	July 19, 1902	Nov. 10, 1902	Los Angeles.
Cain, James M.	Battalion Q. M. and Com.	Nov. 29, 1902	Apr. 29, 1903	Talbert.
COMPANY OFFICERS.				
Captains.				
Lockwood, George O.*	Company A	Mar. 18, 1902	May 31, 1902	763 Merchant St., Los Angeles.
Smith, John M.*	" B	Apr. 27, 1900	June 18, 1900	San Diego.
Cole, Truman*	" C	June 21, 1899	Aug. 14, 1899	122 S. Broadway, Los Angeles.
Midgley, Wilmot W.	" D	Apr. 1, 1902	May 13, 1902	Pomona.
Stern, Herman	" E	Dec. 22, 1902	Jan. 23, 1903	Anaheim.
McKenna, J. Irving*	" F	Oct. 13, 1902	Mar. 30, 1903	142 S. Broadway, Los Angeles.
Higbey, Harvey E.*	" G	Feb. 10, 1900	Apr. 6, 1900	Redlands.
Magill, George H.*	" H	Dec. 8, 1900	Feb. 7, 1901	Talbert.
Collins, Philip A.	" I	Oct. 25, 1899	Dec. 15, 1899	Pasadena.
Gazzolo, Albert B.*	" K	July 7, 1902	Dec. 12, 1902	San Bernardino.
Greenleaf, Walter A.*	" L	May 20, 1901	June 7, 1901	Santa Ana.
Mitchell, Harry E.*	" M	Jan. 7, 1901	Feb. 27, 1901	Riverside.
First Lieutenants.				
-----	" A	-----	-----	-----
Tichborne, Charles T.*	" B	June 27, 1902	July 22, 1902	San Diego.
Saltmarsh, Sam'l M.	" C	Jan. 16, 1901	Mar. 23, 1901	432 Bradbury Bldg., Los Angeles.
Dudley, Charles E.*	" D	Apr. 1, 1902	May 13, 1902	Pomona.
Zeus, Edward A.	" E	Dec. 22, 1902	Jan. 23, 1903	Anaheim.
Robinson, Benj. C.*	" F	Oct. 13, 1902	Mar. 30, 1903	422 S. Hill St., Los Angeles.
Underwood, Edwin J.	" G	Sept. 12, 1900	Dec. 22, 1900	Redlands.
Turner, Rudolph I.	" H	May 2, 1902	July 8, 1902	Wintersburg.
Collins, Lawrence D.*	" I	Sept. 23, 1901	Oct. 19, 1901	Pasadena.
Allen, Byron W.*	" K	June 8, 1901	July 2, 1901	San Bernardino.
Vestal, Louis L.*	" L	May 20, 1901	June 7, 1901	Santa Ana.
Meacham, Ernest A.*	" M	Jan. 7, 1901	Feb. 27, 1901	Riverside.

* Served in "Spanish-American War of 1898."

SEVENTH REGIMENT OF INFANTRY—Continued.

Name and Rank.	Department or Designation.	Date of Rank.	Date of Commission.	Postoffice Address.
COMPANY OFFICERS.				
Second Lieutenants.				
Krebs, Theodore L.*	Company A	Mar. 18, 1902	July 8, 1902	Los Angeles.
Smith, Philip N.	" B	June 27, 1902	July 22, 1902	San Diego.
Dee, August C. F.*	" C	Sept. 11, 1901	Jan. 24, 1902	Los Angeles.
Pedley, Nathan C.	" D	Feb. 5, 1901	Mar. 15, 1901	Pomona.
Kroeger, Louis	" E	Dec. 22, 1902	Jan. 23, 1903	Anaheim.
Morgan, Harry H.*	" F	Oct. 13, 1902	Mar. 30, 1903	Los Angeles.
Brown, Lewis K.*	" G	Feb. 10, 1900	Apr. 6, 1900	Redlands.
McClary, Louis L.*	" H	Mar. 4, 1901	Mar. 23, 1901	Garden Grove.
King, William E.*	" I	Sept. 23, 1901	Oct. 19, 1901	Pasadena.
McNabb, Sam'l B. W.	" K	July 7, 1902	Dec. 12, 1902	San Bernardino.
	" L			
Bloom, Samuel M.*	" M	Jan. 7, 1901	Feb. 27, 1901	Riverside.

COMPANY A, VETERAN RESERVES.

Name and Rank.	Date of Rank.	Date of Commission.	Postoffice Address.
Captain.			
King, Charles K.†	May 8, 1901	July 15, 1901	464 9th St., Oakl'd.
First Lieutenant.			
Woodruff, Henry H.†	May 8, 1901	July 15, 1901	633 45th St., Oakl'd.
Second Lieutenant.			
Donnall, John C.†	May 8, 1901	July 15, 1901	516½ 6th St., Oakl'd.

NAVAL MILITIA OF CALIFORNIA.

Name and Rank.	Department or Designation.	Date of Rank.	Date of Commission.	Postoffice Address.
Captain.				
Nerney, Thomas A.		Apr. 16, 1901	May 3, 1901	117 New Montg. St., San Francisco.
Commander.				
Bauer, George W.		Apr. 16, 1901	May 3, 1901	632 Sac'to St., S. F.
Lieut. Commanders.				
Noble, Clare A.		Apr. 16, 1901	May 3, 1901	Santa Barbara.
Kingsland, George R.	Chief Engineer	Nov. 23, 1897	May 3, 1901	Risdon Iron W'ks, S. F.
Morey, Archibald A.	Paymaster	Apr. 10, 1903	Apr. 29, 1903	Santa Cruz.
	Chief Surgeon			
Lieutenants.				
Kammerer, George E.		Apr. 16, 1901	May 3, 1901	Ch'nicle Bldg., S. F.
Alberger, Charles R.*	Passed Assistant Paymaster.	Jan. 23, 1900	July 24, 1901	568 Church St., S. F.
Giannini, Attilio H.	Surgeon	July 30, 1901	Oct. 8, 1901	502 Sutter St., S. F.
Lieuts. Junior Grade.				
Falk, Charles C.	Asst. Surgeon	June 20, 1901	Jan. 24, 1902	Eureka.
Murrietta, Alfred J.	Asst. Surgeon	Sept. 6, 1901	Jan. 24, 1902	540 Douglas Bldg., Los Angeles.
Ensign.				
Louis, Emanuel J.	Asst. Paymaster	May 6, 1901	July 2, 1901	Los Angeles.

* Served in "Spanish-American War of 1898."

† Served in Civil War, 1861-65.

NAVAL MILITIA OF CALIFORNIA—Continued.

Name and Rank.	Department or Designation.	Date of Rank.	Date of Commission.	Postoffice Address.
DIVISION OFFICERS.				
Lieutenants.				
Leland, Thomas B. W.	First Division	July 23, 1901	Aug. 21, 1901	205 Montgomery Ave., S. F.
Harloe, Thomas S.	Second "	Oct. 17, 1899	Nov. 29, 1899	2527 Howard St., S. F.
Howard, Roscoe	Third "	Jan. 25, 1899	Mar. 28, 1899	San Diego.
Lindsay, Carl E.	Fourth "	Mar. 14, 1898	Apr. 30, 1898	Santa Cruz.
McLaughlin, Edward ..	Fifth "	Apr. 1, 1902	July 8, 1902	Eureka.
Booth, Henley C.*	Sixth "	June 4, 1901	Sept. 14, 1901	Santa Barbara.
	Engineer "			
Lieuts. Junior Grade.				
Schilling, Carl	First "	Mar. 18, 1902	May 16, 1902	1403 Jackson St., Oakland.
Smith, Henry P.	Second "	July 23, 1901	Aug. 21, 1901	14 Grant Ave., S. F.
	Third "			
Doyle, John C.	Fourth "	Mar. 14, 1898	Apr. 30, 1898	Santa Cruz.
Foley, Thomas F.	Fifth "	Mar. 6, 1900	Apr. 6, 1900	Eureka.
Smith, Clinton J.	Sixth "	June 4, 1901	Sept. 14, 1901	Santa Barbara.
Costerisan, M. Ray	Engineer "	May 10, 1901	July 2, 1901	841 Wall St., Los Angeles.
Ensigns.				
Murphy, John F.	First "	Oct. 17, 1899	Nov. 29, 1899	San Francisco.
Foley, John J.*	First "	July 29, 1902	Aug. 22, 1902	San Francisco.
Corcoran, John M.	Second "	Mar. 5, 1901	Apr. 3, 1901	San Francisco.
Brophy, Joseph J.	Second "	Jan. 14, 1902	Feb. 21, 1902	San Francisco.
Sexton, Joseph P.	Third "	Nov. 23, 1898	Mar. 28, 1899	San Diego.
Stewart, Donald M.	Third "	Nov. 22, 1899	Jan. 23, 1900	San Diego.
Studemman, Chas. L. ...	Fourth "	Oct. 13, 1902	Mar. 30, 1903	Santa Cruz.
Ayers, Archie*	Fourth "	Oct. 13, 1902	Mar. 30, 1903	Santa Cruz.
Caldwell, Samuel	Fifth "	Mar. 6, 1900	Apr. 6, 1900	Eureka.
Adams, Adolph B.	Fifth "	Apr. 1, 1902	July 8, 1902	Eureka.
O'Neill, Owen H.	Sixth "	June 4, 1901	Sept. 14, 1901	Santa Barbara.
	Sixth "			
Speck, William	Engineer "	Feb. 17, 1899	Mar. 28, 1899	San Francisco.
Wilkinson, Melville C. ...	Engineer "	May 10, 1901	July 2, 1901	Los Angeles.

Name and Rank.	Date of Rank.	Date of Warrant.	Postoffice Address.
WARRANT OFFICERS.			
Boatswain.			
Gunners.			
Oleson, Ole	July 15, 1901	Aug. 19, 1901	Eureka.
McNeil, George	Aug. 15, 1902	Aug. 19, 1902	San Diego.
O'Hearn, Daniel J.	Mar. 16, 1903	Apr. 7, 1903	San Francisco.
Carpenter.			
Stange, John E. W.	Sept. 21, 1900	Aug. 19, 1901	San Francisco.
Pharmacist.			
McMillan, Daniel N.	Dec. 16, 1899	Aug. 19, 1901	San Francisco.
Warrant Machinists.			
Patterson, Albert	Aug. 19, 1901	Sept. 11, 1901	San Francisco.
Jones, A. W.	Aug. 20, 1901	Sept. 11, 1901	San Francisco.
Tucker, Edward W.	Apr. 6, 1903	Apr. 7, 1903	San Francisco.

* Served in "Spanish-American War of 1898."

Officers commissioned under Act of Legislature, approved February 20, 1872, providing that military instructors of military academies can be commissioned Majors in the National Guard.

Name and Rank.	Name and Location of School.	Date of Rank.	Date of Commission.	Postoffice Address.
Majors.				
Sherer, Rex W.	St. Matthew's School, San Mateo.	July 22, 1901	July 24, 1901	San Mateo.
Kirk, Andrew	Mt. Tamalpais Military Academy, San Rafael.	May 20, 1902	July 26, 1902	San Rafael.
Murdock, John S.*.	Harvard School, Los Angeles.	Nov. 22, 1902	Dec. 17, 1902	Los Angeles.
Peixotto, Sidney S.	Columbia Park Boys' Club, San Francisco.	Mar. 21, 1903	Apr. 23, 1903	318 7th St., S. F.

* Served in "Spanish-American War of 1898."

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REPORT

OF THE

SURVEYOR-GENERAL

OF THE

STATE OF CALIFORNIA

FROM AUGUST 1, 1900, TO AUGUST 1, 1902.



SACRAMENTO:

A. J. JOHNSTON, : : : SUPERINTENDENT STATE PRINTING.

1902.

STATE OF CALIFORNIA, OFFICE OF THE SURVEYOR-GENERAL,
SACRAMENTO, CAL., September 13, 1902.

To His Excellency HENRY T. GAGE, *Governor of California:*

DEAR SIR: In accordance with the requirements of the law relating to the duties of the Surveyor-General, I have the honor to submit the following report of the transactions of this office from August 1, 1900, to August 1, 1902.

M. J. WRIGHT,
Surveyor-General, and
Ex-officio Register of State Land Office.

GENERAL OFFICE BUSINESS.

AMOUNT OF FEES COLLECTED BY SURVEYOR-GENERAL.

From August 1, 1900, to August 1, 1902, the Surveyor-General's office collected and paid into the State Treasury the following fees:

1900—August	\$627 00
September	480 00
October	422 00
November	354 00
December	301 00
1901—January	435 50
February	569 00
March	620 00
April	602 00
May	552 00
June	612 50
July	516 00
August	468 00
September	496 00
October	315 50
November	667 00
December	467 00
1902—January	797 00
February	403 50
March	433 50
April	630 00
May	670 00
June	679 50
July	628 50
Total	\$12,746 50

AMOUNT OF DEPOSITS RECEIVED BY SURVEYOR-GENERAL.

Under the Act of March 20, 1889, the Surveyor-General received from August 1, 1900, to August 1, 1902, and paid into the State Treasury, deposits as follows:

1900—August	\$480 00
September	760 00
October	660 00
November	620 00
December	700 00
1901—January	640 00
February	820 00
March	1,040 00
April	1,020 00
May	900 00
June	700 00
July	420 00
August	460 00
September	300 00
October	340 00
November	440 00
December	540 00
1902—January	880 00
February	440 00
March	360 00
April	760 00
May	760 00
June	880 00
July	600 00
Total	\$15,520 00

AMOUNT OF FEES COLLECTED BY THE REGISTER OF STATE LAND OFFICE.

From August 1, 1900, to August 1, 1902.

Month.	Paid Into State Treasury.	Paid to Secretary of State.
1900—August	\$33 00	\$7 00
September	177 00	114 00
October	198 00	149 00
November	123 00	68 00
December	1,026 00	61 00
1901—January	138 00	96 00
February	69 00	27 00
March	135 00	75 00
April	135 00	76 00
May	735 00	115 00
June	102 00	39 00
July	66 00	33 00
August	96 00	49 00
September	87 00	59 00
October	51 00	38 00
November	87 00	48 00
December	1,035 00	32 00
1902—January	165 00	105 00
February	66 00	51 00
March	132 00	69 00
April	66 00	46 00
May	582 00	56 00
June	153 00	66 00
July	51 00	30 00
Totals	\$5,508 00	\$1,509 00

FINANCIAL RECAPITULATION.

Amount of fees, Surveyor-General's office	\$12,746 50
Amount of deposits, Surveyor-General's office	15,520 00
Amount of fees, Register State Land office	5,508 00
Amount of fees collected by Register of State Land Office for Secretary of State	1,509 00
Total	\$35,283 50

APPLICATIONS TO PURCHASE STATE LANDS.

From August 1, 1900, to August 1, 1902, applications to purchase State lands in the following districts have been received and filed:

District.	Acres.
San Francisco	73,215.09
Los Angeles	130,210.82
Sacramento	63,611.33
Stockton	17,865.72
Humboldt	48,732.74
Shasta	143,947.04
Visalia	41,350.13
Marysville	20,195.91
Susanville	146,964.77
Independence	25,744.66
Swamp and overflowed lands	11,099.95
Lake lands	209,318.61
Tide lands	859.77
Total	933,116.54

Approvals of applications have been issued as follows from August 1, 1900, to August 1, 1902:

Class of Land.	Acres.
For school lands, covering	478,164.82
For swamp and overflowed, tide, and lake lands, covering	160,915.32
Total	638,180.14

CERTIFICATES OF PURCHASE ISSUED.

From August 1, 1900, to August 1, 1902.

Grant.	Number of Certificates.	Acres.
Sixteenth and thirty-sixth sections	940	261,391.09
Swamp and overflowed lands	33	55,289.94
Tide lands	25	1,701.55
Lake lands	90	33,314.88
Totals	1,088	301,697.46

PATENTS ISSUED.

From August 1, 1900, to August 1, 1902.

Grant.	Number of Patents.	Acres.
Sixteenth and thirty-sixth sections	606	148,246.66
Five hundred thousand acres	11	2,878.42
Swamp and overflowed lands	68	16,570.77
Tide lands	29	13,652.32
Lake lands	46	14,912.53
Totals	760	196,260.70

LANDS LISTED TO THE STATE.

From August 1, 1900, to August 1, 1902, lands have been listed to the State of California by the United States, as follows:

Grant.	Acres.
Indemnity (lieu) lands	54,996.98
Swamp lands	25,576.07
Internal improvement (500,000-acre grant)	960.00
Total	81,533.05

SCHOOL LAND PAYMENTS.

Amounts received by County Treasurers for the State, principal and interest, on account of sale of school lands, from August 1, 1900, to August 1, 1902:

County.	Principal.	Interest.	Total.
Alameda	\$160 00	\$101 48	\$261 48
Alpine	870 30	979 34	1,849 64
Amador	596 51	701 58	1,298 09
Butte	4,372 19	451 34	4,823 53
Calaveras	684 31	219 60	903 91
Colusa	942 32	272 20	1,214 52
Contra Costa	177 13		177 13
Del Norte	5,460 00	72 50	5,532 50
El Dorado	22,781 75	3,254 38	26,036 13
Fresno	9,871 67	3,937 76	13,809 43
Glenn	350 00	440 72	790 72
Humboldt	7,603 83	847 33	8,451 16
Inyo	4,959 74	1,953 06	6,912 80
Kern	23,858 10	6,395 77	30,253 87
Kings	1,089 24	361 13	1,450 37
Lake	1,623 55	738 01	2,361 56
Lassen	32,607 24	1,586 48	34,193 72
Los Angeles	5,412 96	1,525 26	6,938 22
Madera	3,900 00	605 29	4,505 29
Marin			
Mariposa	830 00	98 40	928 40
Mendocino	8,669 28	1,919 39	10,588 67
Merced	1,495 52	1,018 08	2,513 60
Modoc	23,416 32	1,138 90	24,555 22
Mono	2,374 05	2,932 05	5,306 10
Monterey	5,946 46	3,245 10	9,191 56
Napa	630 60	118 99	749 59
Nevada	480 00	288 35	768 35
Orange	80 00		80 00
Placer	2,089 83	137 15	2,226 98
Plumas	17,655 76	361 83	18,017 59
Riverside	3,268 34	729 22	3,997 56
Sacramento		416 00	416 00
San Benito	5,605 62	3,102 68	8,708 30
San Bernardino	5,635 92	2,572 23	8,208 15
San Diego	18,176 99	4,779 67	22,956 66
San Joaquin	50 10	719 22	769 32
San Luis Obispo	6,689 17	2,740 97	9,430 14
San Mateo	40 00	293 20	333 20
Santa Barbara	8,822 37	1,121 09	9,943 46
Santa Clara	2,034 11	685 51	2,719 62
Santa Cruz	180 00	313 08	493 08
Shasta	18,169 89	1,024 27	19,194 16
Sierra	1,058 76	56 00	1,114 76
Siskiyou	25,275 22	1,477 46	26,752 68
Solano		14 00	14 00
Sonoma	1,750 63	126 43	1,877 06
Stanislaus	2,252 59	1,054 67	3,307 26
Sutter			
Tehama	14,439 58	361 62	14,801 20
Trinity	1,220 00	237 08	1,457 08
Tulare	5,790 00	1,731 92	7,521 92
Tuolumne	1,418 88	781 22	2,200 10
Ventura	4,095 38	858 66	4,954 04
Yolo	300 00	186 33	486 33
Yuba	497 17	66 51	563 68
Totals	\$317,649 38	\$61,150 51	\$378,799 89

DELINQUENT INTEREST ON STATE SCHOOL LANDS.

In May, 1900, and May, 1902, complete delinquent lists were sent out to the District Attorney of each county in the State where there were delinquent purchasers of State school lands.

CONTESTED LAND CASES.

From August 1, 1900, to August 1, 1902, fifty-eight proferts were issued from the office of the State Surveyor-General.

SWAMP LAND DISTRICTS.

From August 1, 1900, to August 1, 1902, Swamp Land Districts were formed and reported to this office as follows:

No. of Dist.	County.	Date of Filing.
700	Humboldt	Aug. 21, 1900
701	Modoc	Aug. 28, 1900
702	Modoc	Aug. 28, 1900
703	Plumas	Dec. 4, 1900
704	Modoc	Dec. 4, 1900
705	Kings	Dec. 20, 1900
706	Kings	Jan. 31, 1901
707	Modoc	Mar. 7, 1901
708	Modoc	Mar. 7, 1901
709	Modoc	July 20, 1901
710	Modoc	July 20, 1901
711	Modoc	July 20, 1901
712	Trinity	July 20, 1901
713	Merced	July 20, 1901
714	Merced	July 20, 1901
715	Merced	July 20, 1901
716	Merced	Aug. 14, 1901
717	Merced	Aug. 14, 1901
718	Plumas	Oct. 29, 1901
719	Plumas	Oct. 29, 1901
720	Merced	Nov. 27, 1901
721	Merced	Nov. 27, 1901
722	Merced	Nov. 27, 1901
723	Merced	Jan. 17, 1902
724	Merced	Jan. 17, 1902
725	Merced	Jan. 17, 1902
726	Merced	Jan. 17, 1902
727	Merced	Jan. 17, 1902
728	Merced	July 15, 1902

SWAMP LAND RECLAMATION.

From August 1, 1900, to August 1, 1902, evidence of complete reclamation, or the expenditure of \$2 per acre, in gold coin, in works of reclamation, was received from County Boards of Supervisors for the following described swamp land districts, and the proper statements in relation thereto were sent to the County Treasurers:

No. of Dist.	County.	Area—Acres.	Payments as Reported to Co. Treasurers.	Remarks.
697	Lassen	120.00	\$70 12	Complete.
701	Modoc	201.73	119 30	Complete.
702	Modoc	455.24	287 79	Complete.
703	Plumas	40.00	10 04	Complete.
543	San Mateo	4,596.72	4,911 73	\$2 per acre expended.
708	Modoc	156.26	36 39	Complete.
707	Modoc	237.30	120 95	Complete.
710	Modoc	60.83	36 72	Complete.
711	Modoc	160.00	85 94	Complete.
714	Merced	48.84	48 84	\$2 per acre expended.
715	Merced	172.40	172 40	\$2 per acre expended.
712	Trinity	240.00	209 50	Complete.
704	Modoc	154.10	89 63	Complete.
709	Modoc	70.11	42 06	Complete.
718	Plumas	720.00	618 26	Complete.
719	Plumas	479.37	116 97	Complete.
720	Merced	65.13	71 98	\$2 per acre expended.
721	Merced	90.85	90 85	\$2 per acre expended.
722	Merced	43.61	142 87	\$2 per acre expended.
705	Kings	909.80	529 71	Complete.
713	Merced	50.67	62 84	\$2 per acre expended.
723	Merced	21.34	21 34	\$2 per acre expended.
724	Merced	40.00	46 84	\$2 per acre expended.
725	Merced	28.46	49 85	\$2 per acre expended.
726	Merced	72.75	75 38	\$2 per acre expended.
727	Merced	51.20	54 02	\$2 per acre expended.
716	Merced	184.14	283 06	\$2 per acre expended.
717	Merced	86.32	86 32	\$2 per acre expended.
728	Merced	281.50	281 50	\$2 per acre expended.
Totals		9,838.67	\$8,773 20	

AREA OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA.

The total area of land surface of the State of California, as shown by the latest annual report (1900) of the Commissioner of the General Land Office, is 99,969,920 acres, as follows:

Subdivision.	Area—Acres.
Area appropriated	41,491,129
Area unappropriated	42,467,512
Area reserved	16,011,279
Total	99,969,920

FOREST RESERVATIONS.

The United States Forest Reservations established in the State of California, embracing an estimated area of 8,943,518 acres, are as follows:

Name of Reservation.	Locality—County.	Date of Proclamation Creating Reservation.	Estimated Area—Acres.
San Gabriel Timber Land Reserve ..	Los Angeles and San Bernardino	Dec. 20, 1892	555,520
Sierra Forest Reserve	Mono, Mariposa, Fresno, Tulare, Inyo, and Kern	Feb. 14, 1893	4,096,000
San Bernardino Forest Reserve	San Bernardino and Riverside	Feb. 25, 1893	737,280
Trabuco Cañon Forest Reserve	Riverside	Feb. 25, 1893	109,920
San Jacinto Forest Reserve	Riverside and San Diego ..	Jan. 30, 1899	
Stanislaus Forest Reserve	Riverside and San Diego ..	Feb. 25, 1893	737,180
Stanislaus Forest Reserve	Alpine, Amador, Mono, Calaveras, and Tuolumne	Feb. 22, 1897	691,200
Pine Mountain and Zaca Lake Forest Reserve	San Luis Obispo, Santa Barbara, Ventura, and Los Angeles	June 29, 1898	1,735,083
Lake Tahoe Forest Reserve	El Dorado	Apr. 13, 1899	136,335
Santa Ynez Forest Reserve	Santa Barbara	Oct 2, 1899	145,000
Total .....	.....	.....	8,943,518

COUNTY BOUNDARIES.

On January 20, 1902, at the request of the Board of Supervisors of Glenn County to have the boundary line between Glenn and Lake counties and Glenn and Mendocino counties surveyed and located, Mr. J. F. Weston, County Surveyor of Glenn County, was appointed to survey and locate said boundary lines, and the necessary instructions were issued to him for the making of said surveys, the State of California not to be responsible for any part of the expense of said surveys.

Up to August 1, 1902, no report had been made or map and field-notes filed with this office.

AN ACT

TO DEFINE THE DUTIES OF AND TO LICENSE LAND SURVEYORS.

[Approved March 31, 1891.]

*The People of the State of California, represented in Senate and Assembly,
do enact as follows:*

SECTION 1. Every person desiring to become a licensed land surveyor in this State must present to the State Surveyor-General of this State a certificate that he is a person of good moral character; also a certificate signed by three licensed surveyors, or a certificate signed by the Board of Examining Surveyors (provided for in section five of this Act), which certificate shall set forth that the person named therein is, in the opinion of the person signing the same, a fit and competent person to receive a license as a land surveyor, together with his oath that he will support the Constitution of this State and of the United States, and that he will faithfully discharge the duties of a licensed land surveyor, as defined in this Act.

SEC. 2. Upon receipt of such certificate and oath by the State Surveyor-General, it shall be his duty to forthwith issue to such applicant a license, without charge, which license shall set forth the fact that the applicant is a competent surveyor, or that he has had at least two years' experience in the field as a surveyor or assistant surveyor.

SEC. 3. Such license shall contain the full name of the applicant; the technical institution from which he is a graduate (if he be a graduate), or if he be not a graduate, the fact must be stated in the license; his birthplace, age, and to whom issued; the name of the person upon whose certificate the license is issued, and the date of its issuance.

SEC. 4. All papers received by the State Surveyor-General on application for licenses shall be kept on file in his office, and a proper index and record thereof shall be kept by him, and a list of all licensed land surveyors shall be kept by him, and he shall monthly transmit to the County Recorder of each county in this State a full and correct list of all persons so licensed; and it is hereby made the duty of such Recorders to keep such lists in their offices in such a way as they may be easily accessible to all persons.

SEC. 5. Within twenty days after the passage of this Act, the Governor shall appoint three surveyors in good standing, members of the Technical Society of the Pacific Coast, and two other surveyors in good standing, not members of such society, as a Board of Examining Surveyors, who shall conduct such examinations and make such inquiries as to them may seem necessary to ascertain the qualifications of applicants for surveyors' licenses.

SEC. 6. A majority of the Board of Examining Surveyors shall meet on the first Friday of each month during their term of office, in the

rooms of the Technical Society of the Pacific Coast, in San Francisco, and at such other times and places as they may select. The members of the Board shall hold office for the term of one year from the date of appointment, and shall serve without compensation.

SEC. 7. Every licensed surveyor shall have a seal of office, the impression of which must contain the name of the surveyor, his principal place of business, and the words "Licensed Surveyor"; and all maps and papers signed by him, and to which said seal has been attached, shall be *prima facie* evidence in all the courts of this State.

SEC. 8. Surveyors' licenses issued in accordance with this Act, shall remain in force until revoked for cause, as hereinafter provided.

SEC. 9. Every licensed surveyor is authorized to administer and certify oaths, when it becomes necessary to take testimony to identify or establish old or lost corners; or if a corner or monument be found in a perishable condition, and it appears desirable that evidence concerning such corner or monument be perpetuated; or whenever the importance of the survey makes it desirable, to administer an oath, for the faithful performance of duty, to his assistants. A record of such oaths shall be preserved as a part of the field-notes of the survey.

SEC. 10. Every licensed surveyor is hereby authorized to make surveys relating to the sale or subdivision of lands, the retracing or establishing of property or boundary lines, public roads, streets, alleys, or trails; and it shall be the duty of each surveyor, whenever making any such surveys, except those relating to the retracing or subdivision of cemetery or town lots, whether the survey be made for private persons, corporations, cities, or counties, to set permanent and reliable monuments, and such monuments must be permanently marked with the initials of the surveyor setting them.

SEC. 11. Within sixty days after a survey relating to the sale or subdivision of lands, the retracing or establishing of property and boundary lines, public roads or trails, original cemetery or town sites, and their subdivisions has been made by a licensed surveyor, he shall file with the Recorder of the county in which such survey or any portion thereof lies, a record of survey. Such record shall be made in a good draughtsmanlike manner, on one or more sheets of firm paper of the uniform size of twenty-one by thirty inches. This record of survey shall be either an original plat or a copy thereof, and must contain all the data necessary to enable any competent practical surveyor to retrace the survey. The record of survey must show: All permanent monuments set, describing their size, kind and location, with reference to the corners which they are intended to perpetuate; all bearing or witness trees marked in the field; complete outlines of the several tracts or parcels of land surveyed within courses, and lengths of boundary lines; the angles, as measured by Vernier readings, which the lines of blocks or lots, if the record relate to an original town-site survey, make with each other and

with the center lines of adjacent streets, alleys, roads, or lanes; the variations of the magnetic needle with which old lines have been retraced; the scale of the map, the date of survey; a proper connection with one or more points of an original or larger tract of land, and the name of the same; the name of the grant or grants, or of the townships and ranges, within which the survey is located; the signature and seal of the surveyor; *provided*, that nothing in this section shall require record to be made of surveys of a preliminary nature, where no monuments or corners are established.

SEC. 12. The record of surveys thus filed with the County Recorder of any county must be by him pasted into a stub book provided for that purpose, and he must keep a proper index of such records, by name of owner, by name of surveyor, by name of grant, city, or town, and by United States subdivisions; and he shall make no charge for filing and indexing such records of surveys.

SEC. 13. Upon the failure of any licensed surveyor to comply with the requirements of this Act, and the furnishing of satisfactory proofs of such fact, the State Surveyor-General must revoke his license, and no other license shall be issued to him within one year from such revocation. A violation of section eleven of this Act shall be a misdemeanor, and any person convicted of such violation shall be punished by a fine not to exceed more than one hundred dollars, or imprisonment in the county jail not exceeding thirty days.

SEC. 14. In case said board shall refuse to meet and examine the applicants for licenses as in this Act provided, and issue to such applicants the certificate or certificates mentioned in this Act, if such person be a fit and competent person to receive the same, they may be compelled to do so by mandamus; and if upon the hearing of such mandamus it appears that they have willfully and wrongfully refused to examine any applicants, or to issue him a certificate when he is entitled to the same, such Board so refusing or failing shall be, jointly and severally, liable for all cost of said mandamus proceeding, including attorney's fee of five hundred dollars, and shall be so jointly and severally liable to any person aggrieved by such refusal, in the sum of five hundred dollars, as fixed, settled, and liquidated damages, which may be recovered in any court in this State, and the judgment (if it be for plaintiff) in mandamus shall be prima facie evidence of such injury and damage in any action which may be brought to recover damages under the provisions of this Act.

SEC. 15. All that part of the Code of Civil Procedure of this State relating to mandamus is hereby made applicable to the provisions of this Act; and all proceedings in mandamus under this Act shall be in accordance therewith.

SEC. 16. This Act shall take effect on the first day of July, eighteen hundred and ninety-one.

LICENSED LAND SURVEYORS.

The following is a complete list of all surveyors' licenses issued by this office from August 1, 1900, to August 1, 1902:

No.	Name.	Address.	Date of License.
347	Charles Beardsley Gleaves	San Francisco	Aug. 14, 1900
348	William Addison Foster	Los Angeles	Aug. 18, 1900
349	Alexander Choje Fulmer	Humboldt	Aug. 27, 1900
350	Christian Peter Jensen	Fresno	Oct. 9, 1900
351	Abbott Miles Green	Hadenfull, Lassen County	Oct. 29, 1900
352	George B. Tolman	San Francisco	Nov. 13, 1900
353	John W. Bowden	Briceland, Humboldt County	Dec. 5, 1900
354	Edward J. Morser	San Francisco	Dec. 10, 1900
355	Alfred Bannister	Alameda	Dec. 13, 1900
356	Henry Lee Ward	Laton, Fresno County	Jan. 3, 1901
357	John W. Melville	Los Angeles	Jan. 12, 1901
358	Harry Kreider Wheeler	San Francisco	Feb. 5, 1901
359	Scott McKay	Fresno	Feb. 11, 1901
360	Michael Kelleher	Bakersfield	Feb. 6, 1901
361	Alfred Leigh Glassell	San Francisco	Mar. 2, 1901
362	Edward Cocke Prather	Oakland	Mar. 13, 1901
363	Perry Andrew Haviland	Oakland	Mar. 13, 1901
364	Percy William Darre	Kingsburg, Fresno County	Mar. 19, 1901
365	Marvel L. Wheeler	Visalia	May 13, 1901
366	Augustus Denison Phares	Petrolia, Humboldt County	June 15, 1901
367	Charles Edmund Sloan	San Francisco	July 6, 1901
368	Henry Berkeley Budd	Moore's Flat, Nevada County	Sept. 6, 1901
369	Raymond Houx	Colusa	Sept. 30, 1901
370	Isaac Newton Chapman	Alameda	Oct. 22, 1901
371	Orville Hugh Packer	San Francisco	Oct. 28, 1901
372	John Baxter Rogers	Kennet, Shasta County	Oct. 31, 1901
373	Gilbert Ellis Bailey	San Francisco	Nov. 1, 1901
374	Frank Whitney Boardman	Eureka	Nov. 26, 1901
375	Frank Hopkins Green	Eureka	Nov. 30, 1901
376	Arthur E. Cowell	Vernalis, San Joaquin County	Dec. 21, 1901
377	Lyman Fenn Warner, Jr.	Auburn	Dec. 30, 1901
378	James B. Meredith	Auburn	Jan. 7, 1902
379	Lynn Spry Carruth	Fresno	Feb. 6, 1902
380	Arthur Maurice Allen	San Francisco	Mar. 22, 1902
381	Oliver Sanford	Fresno	Mar. 31, 1902
382	Frederick J. P. Kuhlmann	San Francisco	April 11, 1902
383	Herbert Seldon Richardson	Eureka	April 26, 1902
384	Frank Augustus Geisez	Yreka	May 3, 1902
385	Lawrence Esmond McCabe	Visalia	May 14, 1902
386	Charles Ernest Dana	San Luis Obispo	June 10, 1902
387	George Story	San Luis Obispo	June 10, 1902
388	Byron Napoleon Springer	Ukiah	June 11, 1902
389	Clifford Holton Towle	Alturas	June 11, 1902
390	John Lenindton Moyer	Santa Barbara	June 11, 1902
391	John Lewis Wittenmeyer	Martinez	June 11, 1902
392	Andrew W. Tryce	Santa Barbara	June 11, 1902
393	Layafette L. Mann	San Francisco	July 10, 1902
394	Sebley Elmer	Dinuba, Tulare County	July 26, 1902
395	William Shinn Coulter	San Andreas, Calaveras County	July 30, 1902
396	John F. Abbott	Riverside	July 30, 1902

There are no deficiencies in any of the appropriations for this office. The accounts appear of record in the office of the State Controller, and vouchers for all expenditures are on file in his office.

Respectfully submitted.

M. J. WRIGHT,
Surveyor-General, and
Ex officio Register State Land Office.

REPORT

OF THE

Superintendent of State Printing

FOR THE

FIFTY-SECOND AND FIFTY-THIRD FISCAL YEARS,

FROM

JULY 1, 1900, TO JUNE 30, 1902.



SACRAMENTO:

A. J. JOHNSTON, : : : : SUPERINTENDENT STATE PRINTING.
1902.

REPORT

OF THE

SUPERINTENDENT OF STATE PRINTING

FOR THE

FIFTY-SECOND FISCAL YEAR,

JULY 1, 1900, TO JUNE 30, 1901.

REPORT OF STATE PRINTING DEPARTMENT.

SACRAMENTO, September 14, 1901.

To His Excellency HENRY T. GAGE, Governor of the State of California:

The transactions of the State Printing Office for the fifty-second fiscal year, from July 1, 1900, to June 30, 1901, are set forth in the tables hereinafter following. The balances of the apportionment of the printing appropriation remaining available at the beginning of the fifty-second fiscal year, the additional sum of twenty-two thousand two hundred and fifty dollars (\$22,250) appropriated by the Legislature at its thirty-fourth session for department printing for the remainder of that year, and the unexpended balances, are all set forth in the following table. Also, the work done for cash collected from other sources than the printing appropriations.

Departments.	Balances from 51st Fiscal Year.	Additional Appro- priations.	Printing 52d Fiscal Year.	Unexpended Balances.
Adjutant-General.....	\$2,158 50	\$100 00	\$2,258 50	-----
Attorney-General.....	2,000 00	1,200 00	3,200 00	-----
Bank Commissioners.....	2,000 00	-----	1,927 50	\$72 50
Board of Examiners.....	662 35	-----	452 50	209 85
Board of Horticulture.....	2,500 00	1,000 00	3,500 00	-----
Board of Health.....	1,775 50	-----	1,775 50	-----
Board of Equalization.....	671 75	650 00	1,321 75	-----
Board of Dental Examiners.....	324 75	-----	324 75	-----
Board of Pharmacy.....	70 00	-----	70 00	-----
Building and Loan Commissioners.....	1,008 50	-----	885 50	123 00
Capitol Commissioners.....	35 00	-----	29 50	5 50
Code Commissioners.....	4,964 50	-----	3,135 50	1,829 00
Controller.....	1,762 90	750 00	2,512 90	-----
Commissioner of Public Works.....	501 00	-----	474 65	26 35
Dairy Bureau.....	232 35	-----	48 00	184 35
Department of Highways.....	969 35	350 00	997 10	322 25
Debris Commissioner.....	140 00	-----	-----	140 00
Deaf, Dumb, and Blind Asylum.....	261 00	100 00	332 50	28 50
Executive Department.....	1,821 00	-----	506 25	1,314 75
Fish Commissioners.....	481 25	350 00	831 25	-----
Guardian of Marshall Monument.....	17 50	-----	-----	17 50
Guardian of Sutter's Fort.....	8 75	-----	-----	8 75
Home for Adult Blind.....	179 90	100 00	279 90	-----
Home for Feeble-Minded Children.....	350 00	250 00	600 00	-----
Harbor Commissioners—San Francisco.....	1,754 75	500 00	2,254 75	-----
Harbor Commissioners—San Diego.....	176 75	-----	-----	176 75
Insurance Commissioner.....	862 25	350 00	809 75	402 50
Labor Commissioner.....	1,660 75	-----	1,522 50	138 25
Lunacy Commissioners.....	175 00	500 00	675 00	-----
Mining Bureau.....	5,611 50	1,000 00	6,611 50	-----
Normal School—Chico.....	280 00	250 00	530 00	-----
Amounts carried forward.....	\$35,416 85	\$7,450 00	\$37,867 05	\$4,999 80

REPORT OF SUPERINTENDENT OF STATE PRINTING.

Departments.	Balances from 51st Fiscal Year.	Additional Appro- priations.	Printing 52d Fiscal Year.	Unexpended Balances.
Amounts brought forward	\$35,416 85	\$7,450 00	\$37,867 05	\$4,999 80
Normal School—Los Angeles	420 00	250 00	670 00	-----
Normal School—San José	700 00	250 00	950 00	-----
Normal School—San Diego	301 00	250 00	551 00	-----
Preston School of Industry	200 00	200 00	400 00	-----
Pilot Commissioners	17 50	-----	17 50	-----
Prison Directors	439 65	-----	433 15	6 50
Railroad Commissioners	2,721 25	-----	2,721 25	-----
State Agricultural Society	3,500 00	500 00	4,000 00	-----
State Library	2,775 00	500 00	3,275 00	-----
State Prison—Folsom	700 00	500 00	1,077 25	122 75
State Prison—San Quentin	700 00	500 00	1,200 00	-----
State Hospital—Stockton	350 00	250 00	600 00	-----
State Hospital—Napa	350 00	250 00	600 00	-----
State Hospital—Agnews	350 00	250 00	600 00	-----
State Hospital—Southern California	250 00	250 00	500 00	-----
State Hospital—Mendocino	245 00	250 00	460 40	34 60
State Board of Education	19 75	-----	-----	19 75
State Mineral Cabinet	35 00	-----	35 00	-----
State University	5,334 20	2,500 00	7,834 20	-----
State Treasurer	350 00	250 00	600 00	-----
Secretary of State	4,727 65	1,000 00	5,727 65	-----
Secretary of State—Amendments	1,200 00	-----	1,200 00	-----
Superintendent of Public Instruction	5,000 00	5,000 00	10,000 00	-----
Superintendent of State Printing	382 95	250 00	632 95	-----
Supreme Court	1,750 00	1,000 00	2,750 00	-----
Surveyor-General	350 00	350 00	700 00	-----
Whittier State School	200 00	250 00	450 00	-----
Yosemite Valley Commissioners	105 50	-----	105 50	-----
Veterinary Medical Board	68 50	-----	6 55	61 95
Totals	\$68,959 80	\$22,250 00	\$85,964 45	\$5,245 35

Cash Receipts.

Supreme Court Library	\$165 00
Harbor Commissioners—San Francisco	17 00
San Quentin Prison	363 65
Stockton Hospital	46 00
Napa Hospital	46 00
Agnews Hospital	46 00
Mendocino Hospital	46 00
Southern California Hospital	218 25
Home for Feeble-Minded Children	386 00
Trustees of State Library	7 50
T. J. Sherwood	-----
Total	\$1,387 40

LEGISLATIVE PRINTING.

A balance of four thousand six hundred and thirty-three dollars (\$4,633) for preliminary work for the Legislature, thirty-fourth session, together with two appropriations—one of fifty thousand (\$50,000) and one of twenty-eight thousand dollars (\$28,000)—covered the work done for that body, and a detailed account of the expenditures is herewith shown. In addition to this sum of eighty-two thousand six hundred and thirty-three dollars (\$82,633), certain special work was done and paid for from the contingent funds of the Legislature, amounting in all to two thousand two hundred and twenty-five dollars (\$2,225).

SENATE.

Senate Bills	\$8,640 63	
Amended Bills	3,958 45	
Substitute Bills	676 10	
Reprinted Bills	19 65	
Engrossed Bills	956 05	
Enrolled Bills	1,420 75	
Concurrent Resolutions	712 00	
Joint Resolutions	81 65	
Constitutional Amendments	206 05	
Daily Journals	6,227 05	
Corrected Journals	831 70	
Daily File	1,198 20	
Daily History	3,671 90	
Bill Chapters	455 85	
Resolution Chapters	107 25	
Governor's Message	99 10	
Senate Investigating Committee	8 75	
5,000 copies Chapter No. 70—Secretary of State	8 50	
5,000 copies Chapter No. 93—Secretary of State	7 50	
Binding five volumes of Enrolled Bills	7 50	
Miscellaneous printing	2,852 40	
		\$32,147 03

ASSEMBLY.

Assembly Bills	\$11,319 81	
Amended Bills	4,687 95	
Reprinted Bills, Nos. 1 to 215	2,356 30	
Engrossed Bills	993 50	
Enrolled Bills	1,142 00	
Concurrent Resolutions	321 50	
Joint Resolutions	92 50	
Constitutional Amendments	241 10	
Daily Journals	4,926 80	
Corrected Journals	814 35	
Daily File	2,255 35	
Daily History	4,682 10	
Bill Chapters	117 55	
Resolution Chapters	32 60	
500 extra copies of A. B. 118, 119, and 120; 250 extra copies of A. B. 111 and 112	117 60	
Reprinting A. C. R. 1 and 2	282 55	
Reprinting A. J. R. 1 to 7, inclusive	38 75	
Reprinting A. C. A. 1 to 11, inclusive	108 40	
Reprinting Daily Journal, January 7th to 17th	61 00	
Reprinting Daily File, January 9th, 10th, 11th	8 25	
Reprinting Daily History, January 9th to 17th, inclusive	132 35	
Governor's Message	113 05	
Miscellaneous printing	2,207 60	
		37,052 96

LEGISLATURE.

5,000 cards	\$13 00	
1,000 cards	1 00	
480 Appendix Journals (1897), 7 volumes each	1,347 25	
480 Appendix Journals (1899), 2 volumes each	429 20	
500 Final History of Senate and Assembly Bills	705 35	
2,240 Statutes (1901)	5,485 15	
480 Senate Journals	1,451 65	
480 Assembly Journals	1,476 65	
480 Appendix Journals (1901), 4 volumes each	2,277 15	
Miscellaneous printing	246 61	
		13,433 01
Total		\$82,633 00

REPORT OF SUPERINTENDENT OF STATE PRINTING.

CHARGED TO CONTINGENT FUND.

Senate.

4,000 copies Bulletin No. 19 of State Mining Bureau	\$1,200 00
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Assembly.

2,000 copies Bulletin No. 19 of State Mining Bureau	650 00
30,000 copies Epworth League pamphlet	375 00
	<u>\$2,225 00</u>

DISTRIBUTION OF EXPENDITURES.

The following table shows the distribution of the total expenditures of one hundred and sixty-four thousand two hundred and twenty-two dollars and sixty-six cents (\$164,222.66):

Wages and salaries of employés	\$115,109 62
Paper	18,511 97
Cardboard	91 60
Envelopes	843 16
Printing and engraving	1,206 95
Lithographing	3,498 40
Press-room supplies	4,388 25
Bindery supplies	6,997 57
Permanent material	2,659 57
Express, postage, drayage, telephone, telegraph, and contingent expenses ..	824 68
Repairs, plumbing, and improvements	1,592 99
Machinist supplies, and motive power	2,330 49
Stable and messenger expense	735 65
Electro-room supplies	75 70
Gas	1,013 97
Ice	125 40
Advertising	247 50
Insurance	1,300 00
Water	270 00
Coal	615 15
A. J. Johnston's petty account	9 00
Incidentals	1,225 04
To annotating and indexing Statutes of 1901; to arranging table of contents and indexing Senate Journal, thirty-fourth session; to arranging table of contents and indexing Assembly Journal, thirty-fourth session	550 00
Total	<u>\$164,222 66</u>

UNFINISHED ORDERS, JUNE 30, 1901.

Adjutant-General	\$110 75
Attorney-General	164 25
Board of Agriculture	1,580 15
Board of Equalization	10 25
Clerk of Supreme Court	90 50
Controller	29 65
Dental Examiners	11 75
Executive Department	57 50
Fish Commissioners	6 65
Harbor Commissioners—San Francisco	355 25
Home for Feeble-Minded Children	223 00
Lunacy Commissioners	299 50
Mining Bureau	393 97
Amount carried forward	<u>\$3,333 17</u>

Amount brought forward	\$3,333 17
Normal School—Chico	16 75
Normal School—San Diego	282 75
Normal School—San José	254 99
Preston School of Industry	3 50
Secretary of State	433 75
State Hospital—Agnews	39 80
State Hospital—Mendocino	77 75
State Hospital—Stockton	101 00
State Prison—Folsom	124 50
State Prison—San Quentin	113 25
State Treasurer	10 25
State University	3,044 20
Superintendent of Public Instruction	3,857 20
Superintendent of State Printing	66 20
Surveyor-General	69 75
Whittier State School	301 50
Yosemite Valley Commissioners	31 25
Total	<u>\$12,161 56</u>

PURCHASES OF PAPER, CARDBOARD, AND ENVELOPES.

The following table shows in detail the purchases of paper, cardboard, and envelopes:

Paper.

125 reams 24 x 38, 65-lb. P. E. White	\$536 25
20 reams 21 x 29, 80-lb. Tea and Buff	112 00
245 sheets 22 x 28 Carbon Black 6 Photo Mounts	14 70
3½ reams 22 x 28, 80-lb. W. L. Peerless Cover	35 00
20 reams 65-lb. Book	85 80
100 sheets 120-lb Coated White	3 00
40 sheets Genuine Parchment	16 00
46½ reams 19 x 24, 20-lb. Linen	192 31
16 sheets 27 x 40 Hot Pressed Drawing	3 36
1 ream 24 x 38, 100-lb. Coated	10 50
60 reams 19 x 24, 24-lb. Linen	295 20
1 ream 20 x 25, 60-lb. Saxon Cover	9 00
3 reams 24-lb. Folio	6 66
150 sheets Assorted Tough Check	9 00
100 sheets Assorted Tough Check	6 00
1 ream 24-lb. Colored Folio	3 18
5 reams 24 x 36 Tissue	6 25
185 reams 30-lb. Book	321 90
25 reams 56-lb. P. Enamel	105 00
10 reams 60-lb. News	23 40
5 reams 150-lb. No. 1 Special Granite	41 25
126 reams 44-lb. Book	332 64
190½ reams 56-lb. P. Enamel	745 57
62 reams 16-lb. Cap	124 00
38 reams 65-lb. P. Enamel	172 90
492¼ reams 25 x 38, 44-lb. Book	1,257 38
664¾ reams 44-lb. Book	} 2,098 14
143 reams 40-lb. Book	
12 reams Map Bond	120 00
3 reams 200-lb. Manila	24 00
Amount carried forward	<u>\$6,710 39</u>

Amount brought forward.....		\$6,710 39
5 reams 28-lb. Royal Flat.....		19 74
5 reams 24-lb. Colored Flat.....		9 54
57 ³⁰ / ₅₀₀ reams 18-lb. Folio.....		128 38
102 ⁸ / ₂₀ reams 44-lb. Book.....		269 70
1 ream Map Bond.....		10 00
445 ¹⁸ / ₂₀ reams 16x26, 24-lb. Flat.....		1,337 38
34 reams 40-lb. Medium.....		319 60
2 reams 80-lb. Ledger.....		37 60
36 reams 28-lb. Royal.....		142 13
10 reams Special Onion Skin.....		20 00
20 reams 28-lb. Flat.....		190 00
30 reams 32-lb. Flat.....		
2 reams 80-lb. Ledger.....		37 60
10 reams Marble.....		65 00
36 sheets Hot Pressed Drawing.....		10 80
16,000 sheets for Diplomas of Graduation.....		256 00
5 reams 28-lb. Double Cap.....		9 10
18 sheets Waterman's H. P. Drawing.....		5 40
44 ¹ / ₄ reams 22-lb. Folio.....		121 62
5 reams 16-lb. Bond.....		16 80
5 reams Glaze.....		25 00
8 reams 80-lb. Extra Book.....		64 00
24 reams 20-lb. Bond.....		100 80
2 reams Glaze.....		10 00
500 sheets Blank.....		18 75
7 reams 24-lb. Flat.....		21 00
17 reams 28-lb. Flat.....		67 12
8 reams 24-lb. No. 1 Colored Folio.....		25 44
20 reams 28-lb. Flat.....		
30 reams 18-lb. Flat.....	2,668 lbs.	333 50
56 reams 28-lb. Flat.....		
14 reams 40-lb. Ledger.....		131 60
591 ⁰⁸ / ₅₀₀ reams 18-lb. Bond.....		223 86
30 ³² / ₅₀₀ reams 20-lb. Linen.....		135 90
42 reams 20-lb. Linen.....		189 00
10 reams 28-lb. Flat.....		39 48
10 reams 150-lb. No. 1 Manila.....	2,100 lbs.	84 00
3 reams 200-lb. Manila.....		5 72
2 rolls 48-lb. XXX Detail.....		17 50
10 reams T. B. Tissue.....		116 92
111 ² / ₂₀ reams 48-lb. Bond.....		68 00
34 reams 16-lb. Folio.....		
93 ³ / ₂₀ reams 24-lb. Demy.....		
88 ¹⁶ / ₅₀ reams 24-lb. Folio.....		
27 ⁷ / ₅₀ reams 24-lb. Double Foolscap.....	7,225 lbs.	903 13
1361 ⁷ / ₂₀ reams 16-lb. Cap.....		
287 reams 40-lb. Book.....		688 80
5 reams 40-lb. Ledger.....		
5 reams 40-lb. Ledger.....	840 lbs.	197 40
5 reams 30-lb. Ledger.....		
5 reams 54-lb. Ledger.....		
10 reams Map Bond.....		100 00
1 ream 16-lb. Bond.....		3 36
138 reams 8 ¹ / ₂ x 17 Manila.....		52 84
204 ¹² / ₅₀₀ reams 48-lb. Bond.....		204 45
300 reams 44-lb. Book.....		792 00
Amount carried forward.....		\$14,336 45

Amount brought forward	\$14,336 35
14 reams 40-lb. Bond	117 60
2 reams Map Bond	20 00
594 reams 44-lb. Book	1,568 16
339 $\frac{3}{4}$ reams 65-lb. Book	1,325 04
403 $\frac{7}{10}$ reams 44-lb. Book	1,064 82
8 reams Map Bond	80 00
Total	\$18,511 97

Cardboard.

500 sheets 3-ply White Bristol	\$14 75
500 sheets 3-ply Bristol	11 25
1,000 sheets 3-ply Bristol	22 50
300 sheets 3-ply Bristol	6 75
700 sheets Bristol Board	12 60
300 sheets Bristol Board	6 75
1,000 sheets Tag Board	12 50
200 sheets Bristol Board	4 50
Total	\$91 60

Envelopes.

25,000 Envelopes, No. 6 XXX	\$33 75
25,000 Envelopes, No. 6 XXX	33 75
5,000 Envelopes, No. 9 XXX	12 00
5,000 Envelopes, No. 10 XXX	12 20
500 Envelopes, No. 10 Canary	1 25
250 Envelopes, No. 36 Pamphlet, 5 $\frac{1}{2}$ x 8 $\frac{1}{4}$	75
1,000 Envelopes, No. 50 Ticket	1 25
3,500 Envelopes, No. 36 P. L.	6 62
10,000 Envelopes, No. 10 XXX	24 40
10,000 Envelopes, No. 9 XXX	24 20
10,000 Envelopes, No. 36, 6 $\frac{1}{2}$ x 10 $\frac{1}{4}$	26 00
15,750 Envelopes, No. 10 XXX	38 59
5,000 Envelopes, White Photo	15 00
103,000 Envelopes, No. 6 XXX	126 69
26,000 Envelopes, No. 9 XXX	62 92
50,000 Envelopes, No. 10 XXX	122 50
2,500 Envelopes, Perfection Linen	5 85
3,250 Envelopes, Clasp	23 01
25,000 Envelopes, No. 7 XXX	44 25
1,500 Envelopes, Patent Clasp	10 58
500 Envelopes, White, Cloth Lined	14 50
5,000 Envelopes, No. 12	16 20
5,000 Envelopes, No. 14	18 10
1,000 Envelopes, 3 x 5 $\frac{1}{2}$	95
1,000 Envelopes, 5 x 7 $\frac{1}{2}$ Manila	1 60
25,000 Envelopes, No. 6 $\frac{1}{4}$ XXX	30 75
5,000 Envelopes, No. 6 Bond	12 50
100,000 Envelopes, No. 6 XXX	123 00
Total	\$843 16

INVENTORY OF STOCK.

The following is a complete inventory of paper, cardboard, and envelope stock on hand July 1, 1901:

	Weight.	Reams.	Sheets.	Value.
<i>Book Paper.</i>				
24 x 38 Book	44 lbs.	236		\$545 15
24 x 38 Book	44 "	38		100 30
24 x 38 Book	56 "	19		63 85
25 x 38 Book	65 "	115		468 50
25 x 38 Book Enamel	100 "		250	25 00
<i>Bond Paper.</i>				
14 x 17 Bond, white (Crane)	21 lbs.		75	1 35
14 x 17 Bond, colored (Crane)	21 "		2,410	44 35
14 x 17 Bond, colored (Imperial)	21 "	1	220	6 85
14 x 17 Bond, white (Imperial)	21 "		450	4 25
14 x 17 Bond, colored (Agawam)	21 "		200	1 60
17 x 22 Bond, white (Government)	21 "		160	1 25
17 x 22 Bond, colored (Reliance)	16 "		250	1 25
17 x 22 Bond, colored (Reliance)	16 "	5		16 80
17 x 22 Bond, colored (English)	20 "	1	125	4 00
17 x 28 Bond, colored (Reliance)	40 "	12	400	107 50
22 x 34 Bond, white (Standard)	48 "	22	295	227 65
24 x 38 Bond, white (Sterling)				
<i>Brief Paper.</i>				
21 x 29 Brief (State)	60 lbs.	38	300	185 25
<i>Cover Paper.</i>				
20 x 25 Cover	35 lbs.	99		529 65
20 x 25 Cover	50 "	25	300	166 40
20 x 25 Cover (Saxon)	60 "		240	4 50
22 x 28½ Cover (Peerless Linen)	80 "	2	200	24 00
21 x 49 Cover (Brief)	80 "	23	240	235 00
<i>Flat Paper.</i>				
10 x 16 Flat Letter (Palo Alto)	10 lbs.	9		9 15
10 x 16 Flat Letter (Bay City)	10 "	10	300	9 65
10 x 16 Flat Letter (Eureka)	12 "	14	200	21 50
14 x 17 Flat Cap (Eureka)	16 "	50		100 00
14 x 17 Flat Cap (Reliance)	16 "	1	200	3 15
16 x 26 Double Foolscap	24 "	37		128 75
16 x 26 Double Foolscap (Eureka)	24 "		400	2 35
16 x 26 Double Foolscap (Royal)	28 "	1		3 95
17 x 28 Double Flat Cap (Champion)	28 "	7	125	28 90
17 x 28 Double Flat Cap (Oakland)	28 "	6		21 00
17 x 28 Double Flat Cap (Parsons)	32 "	4	250	20 50
17 x 28 Double Flat Cap (Oakland)	32 "	16	375	67 00
17 x 28 Double Flat Cap (Eureka)	32 "	5		18 75
17 x 28 Double Flat Cap (Parsons)	36 "	5		25 65
17 x 28 Double Flat Cap (Parsons)	36 "	26	300	119 60
17 x 28 Double Flat Cap (Eureka)	40 "	15	200	77 00
17 x 28 Double Flat Cap (Eureka)	20 "	3	100	13 45
16 x 21 Demy (Brown)	24 "	34	350	104 25
16 x 21 Demy (Eureka)	24 "		420	2 30
16 x 21 Demy (Royal)	28 "	3	250	10 75
16 x 21 Demy (Islington)	16 "	3		2 90
17 x 22 Folio (Crescent)	22 "	20	225	35 35
17 x 22 Folio (Reliance)	22 "	8		17 95
17 x 22 Folio (Palo Alto)	22 "	1	125	3 35
17 x 22 Folio (Eureka)	24 "	45	50	135 25
17 x 22 Folio (Eureka)	24 "	6		20 50
17 x 22 Folio (Parsons)	28 "	5		12 75
17 x 22 Folio (Bay City)	28 "	5	50	24 25
17 x 22 Folio (Champion)	28 "	50	435	120 85
17 x 22 Folio (Florence)	28 "	5	425	28 10
17 x 22 Folio (Old Berkshire)	24 "	10	320	33 65
17 x 22 Folio, colored (Eureka)	28 "	35		138 15
19 x 24 Royal (Flat) (Champion)				
Amount carried forward				\$4,125 15

INVENTORY OF STOCK--CONTINUED.

	Weight.	Reams.	Sheets.	Value.
Amount brought forward.....				\$4,125 15
<i>Flat Paper--Continued.</i>				
22 x 34 Double Folio (Royal)	44 lbs.	15	460	85 15
22 x 34 Double Folio (Royal)	48 "	18	455	110 45
<i>Glazed Paper.</i>				
20 x 35 Glazed Paper, assorted colors.....		9	100	46 00
<i>Gummed Paper.</i>				
17 x 22 Gummed, white.....			260	1 65
20 x 25 Gummed, colored.....		5		27 50
<i>Ledger Paper.</i>				
16 x 21 Demy (Whiting)	28 lbs.	2	285	16 45
18 x 23 Medium (Weston)	36 "	1	115	11 50
18 x 23 Medium (Brown)	36 "		360	4 40
18 x 23 Medium (Title)	40 "	11	200	102 60
18 x 23 Medium (Weston)	40 "	2	275	28 00
18 x 23 Medium (Brown)	40 "	2		16 80
18 x 23 Medium (Treasury)	40 "	1	340	10 85
18 x 23 Medium (Sterling)	40 "		265	3 40
19 x 24 Royal (Brown)	44 "		320	5 45
19 x 24 Royal (Whiting)	44 "	4	175	43 95
20 x 28 Super Royal (Whiting)	54 "	2	185	30 30
20 x 28 Super Royal (Sterling)	54 "	1	200	15 00
20 x 28 Super Royal (Reliance)	54 "	1	390	16 45
23 x 31 Imperial (Brown)	72 "	4	25	60 45
23 x 31 Imperial (Archive)	72 "		425	9 65
23 x 31 Imperial (Reliance)	72 "	1	265	18 35
23 x 31 Imperial (Sterling)	72 "	1	260	21 60
23 x 36 Double Medium (Brown)	80 "		145	4 20
23 x 36 Double Medium (Sterling)	80 "	2	315	41 60
23 x 36 Double Medium (Whiting)	80 "	2		37 60
27 x 40 Double Elephant (Weston)	125 "		20	2 00
27 x 40 Double Elephant (Brown)	125 "		275	13 10
<i>Linen Paper.</i>				
17 x 22 Linen (Imperial Parchment)	18 lbs.		250	2 35
17 x 22 Linen (Imperial Parchment)	20 "	1	200	7 85
17 x 22 Linen (Old Hempstead Bond)	18 "		125	90
17 x 22 Linen (Old Hempstead Bond)	20 "	17	400	71 20
17 x 22 Linen (Old Hempstead Bond)	24 "	10		48 00
17 x 22 Linen	18 "	16		64 80
17 x 22 Linen (Perfection Bond)	16 "	4	175	13 95
17 x 22 Linen (Perfection Bond)	20 "	17		69 70
17 x 22 Linen (Ardmore)	20 "	29	400	116 20
17 x 22 Linen (American Flax)	20 "	48		163 20
19 x 24 Linen (Ardmore)	20 "		175	1 55
19 x 24 Linen (Savoy)	24 "	4		21 60
24 x 38 Linen (Sterling)	25 "	5	375	32 15
<i>Manila Paper.</i>				
17 x 28 Railroad Manila (Amber)	28 lbs.	4	425	9 05
8 x 17½ Manila	9 "	119		42 85
38 x 48 Manila	200 "	2		16 00
40 x 48 Manila	150 "	5	125	31 45
40 x 48 Manila	200 "	2	250	20 00
48-inch Manila (Roll), XX	830 "			29 05
48-inch Manila, XXX	495 "			17 30
48-inch Manila Detail, XX	100 "			5 50
<i>News Paper.</i>				
36 x 48 News	60 lbs.	4	325	10 75
46 x 46 News	70 "	2		5 45
Amount carried forward.....				\$5,710 45

INVENTORY OF STOCK—CONTINUED.

	Weight.	Reams.	Sheets.	Value.
Amount brought forward.....				\$5,710 45
<i>Miscellaneous.</i>				
20 x 25 Post Office Paper.....	35 lbs.	4	100	22 05
17 x 22 French Folio.....	10 "	11	300	20 30
28 x 42 German Map Bond.....	40 "	1	215	14 00
20 x 30 Tissue Paper.....	11 "	5		6 25
22½ x 32 Silver Paper.....			375	11 25
Shipping Tags No. 4.....			9,500	6 65
Shipping Tags No. 5.....			1,000	80
40 x 48 Hardware Wrapping Paper.....	150 "	9	125	83 20
<i>Ruled Shelf Stock.</i>				
14 x 17 Flat Cap (Eureka).....	16 lbs.	5		15 50
17 x 22 Folio (Eureka).....	22 "	3		11 25
17 x 22 Folio (Eureka).....	24 "	1	375	7 00
17 x 22 Folio (Palo Alto).....	24 "	5	250	19 45
17 x 22 Double Flat Cap (Eureka).....	32 "	2	200	15 00
17 x 22 Imperial Parchment Linen.....	20 "	3	375	38 85
17 x 22 Old Hempstead Bond.....	20 "	13		65 00
17 x 22 Reliance Bond.....	20 "		250	2 10
<i>Ruled Legislative Stock.</i>				
16 x 21 Demy (Eureka).....	24 lbs.	1	250	8 50
16 x 26 Double Foolscap (Eureka).....	24 "	5	200	27 10
17 x 28 Double Flat Cap (Florence).....	28 "	3	140	10 25
24 x 38 Book.....	44 "	4	250	13 85
<i>Ruled to Order.</i>				
17 x 22 Folio (Eureka).....	24 lbs.	2		7 40
20 x 28 Super Royal (Brown).....	54 "		250	24 15
<i>Unfinished Ruled Stock, Etc.</i>				
Stock for 1,700 Document Envelopes cut, creased but not printed.....				7 00
1,000 Commitment Blanks.....				15 00
275 Commitment Blanks.....				10 85
Total.....				\$6,173 20
<i>Cardboard.</i>				
22 x 28 Blanks, 8-ply.....			240	\$9 00
22½ x 28½ Bristol, white.....	120 lbs.		365	8 20
21 x 23 Bristol, Wedding, 3½-ply.....			130	15 60
22½ x 28½ Bristol, colored.....	120 "		850	14 85
22½ x 28½ Tag Board.....	110 "		165	20
22 x 28 China Board, assorted colors.....			1,400	25 90
22 x 28 Railroad Board, 6-ply.....			490	16 65
Total.....				\$90 40
<i>Envelopes.</i>				
			Number.	
No. 5 Envelopes, Linen Baronial, XX.....			1,250	\$2 90
No. 6 Envelopes, Bank Parchment, XXX.....			10,000	47 50
No. 6 Envelopes, Imperial Parchment, XXX.....			1,375	7 35
No. 6 Envelopes, Reliance Bond, blue, No. 16.....			4,000	10 00
No. 6 Envelopes, XXX.....			23,000	28 30
No. 6½ Envelopes, XXX.....			23,000	28 30
No. 8 Envelopes, XXX.....			9,500	19 00
No. 9 Envelopes, XXX.....			18,250	44 15
No. 10 Envelopes, XXX.....			29,500	72 25
No. 11 Envelopes, XXX.....			5,000	15 75
No. 12 Envelopes, XXX.....			6,250	20 25
No. 14 Envelopes, XXX.....			5,250	19 00
No. 6 Envelopes, Manila Bank Book.....			2,000	7 00
No. 3 Envelopes, Manila Pamphlet, open ends, XX.....			28,500	45 60
No. 10 Envelopes, white, open end.....			150	55
No. 5 Envelopes, Coin Manila.....			500	55
No. 50 Envelopes, Columbian Mdse. Manila, XXXX.....			500	3 50
No. 75 Envelopes, Columbian Mdse. Manila, XXXX.....			2,250	15 85
Total.....				\$387 80

SUMMARY OF INVENTORY.

Paper	\$6,173 20
Cardboard	90 40
Envelopes	387 80
Value of Bindery stock	6,199 62
Value of Press-Room stock	712 00
Value of Electro-Room stock	417 60
Value of Commissary-Room stock	66 55
Total	<hr/> \$14,047 17

A few of the State officers and institutions had apportioned to them a few dollars more than they required, but in a great majority of cases the sums allowed were inadequate, and considerable inconvenience and annoyance were occasioned by lack of funds to do work essential to a proper conduct of business in a large number of offices, especially in the matter of publishing the official reports. Aside from this matter of inadequate appropriations and the legal difficulty of making any change in the apportionment of the funds, whereby the sums which lapse might be utilized by officers and institutions that run short of printing funds, the present law of apportionment is working very satisfactorily.

SCHOOL TEXT-BOOK DEPARTMENT.

FIFTY-SECOND FISCAL YEAR.

The transactions of the Text-Book Department for the fifty-second fiscal year ending June 30, 1901, are detailed in the following tables, all of which are self-explanatory:

DISTRIBUTION OF EXPENDITURES.

Wages and salaries of employés.....	\$36,056 27
Paper.....	20,456 04
Bindery supplies.....	21,282 36
Press-room supplies.....	4,285 00
Electro-room supplies.....	83 30
Repairs, plumbing, and improvements.....	458 81
Machinist supplies, and motive power.....	642 32
Permanent material.....	173 17
Horse and wagon expense.....	315 50
Gas.....	26 43
Water.....	180 00
Advertising.....	66 00
Lumber.....	1,732 03
Coal.....	201 20
Ice.....	7 80
Incidentals.....	244 92
Total.....	\$86,211 15

PURCHASES OF PAPER.

The purchases of paper for the Text-Book Department are shown by the following table:

455 reams 80-lb. Book.....	\$2,548 00
100 reams 60-lb. Extra Brief.....	480 00
522 reams 80-lb. Book.....	2,923 20
586½ reams 80-lb. Book.....	3,284 40
426¼ reams 80-lb. Book.....	2,387 00
506 reams 31 x 41, 80-lb. Text-Book.....	2,833 60
504½ reams 80-lb. Text-Book.....	2,824 64
567 reams 80-lb. Book.....	3,175 20
Total.....	\$20,456 04

INVENTORY OF STOCK.

The total value of stock on hand in the Text-Book Department on July 1, 1901, is shown by the following table, and was determined by actual inventory taken on that date:

	Weight.	Reams.	Sheets.	Value.
<i>Paper.</i>				
31 x 80 Book (Elementary Geography)	80 lbs.	236		\$1,321 60
31 x 41 Book (School Book)	80 "	1,170		6,552 00
31 x 46 Book (Revised Readers)	80 "	1,413		7,912 80
21 x 29 Brief	60 "	54	65	259 65
Total				\$16,046 05

TOTAL VALUE OF STOCK ON HAND.

Paper	\$16,046 05
Electro-Room stock	142 65
Press-Room stock	250 00
Commissary-Room stock	5 60
Lumber	198 80
Bindery stock	10,713 04
Total	\$27,356 14

FINISHED BOOKS.

The following table shows the number and value of text-books delivered to the warehouse during the fifty-second fiscal year:

	No. Copies.	Value.
Revised First Reader	25,000	\$4,000 00
Revised Second Reader	15,400	4,312 00
Revised Third Reader	15,000	6,600 00
Speller	15,000	3,750 00
Primary Number Lessons	20,000	4,000 00
Advanced Arithmetic	10,000	4,200 00
Lessons in Language	20,000	5,000 00
United States History	2,500	1,750 00
Elementary Geography	15,000	7,500 00
Physiology	22,200	11,100 00
Totals	160,100	\$52,212 00

UNFINISHED BOOKS.

The following table shows the number of unfinished books in the bindery July 1, 1901, and their value:

	No. Copies.	Value.
Revised English Grammar	15,000	\$4,069 05
Revised First Reader	25,000	3,131 75
Revised Second Reader	9,600	1,554 75
Totals	46,600	\$8,755 55

BOOKS SOLD.

The total sales of school books for the fifty-second fiscal year aggregated two hundred and six thousand four hundred and four (206,404) copies, valued at eighty-one thousand three hundred and seventy-eight dollars and seventeen cents (\$81,378.17), divided as shown by the following table:

	No. Sold.	Value.
Revised First Reader.....	32,546	\$5,207 36
Revised Second Reader.....	26,281	7,358 68
Revised Third Reader.....	16,743	7,377 18
Revised Fourth Reader.....	12,776	6,771 28
Speller.....	16,058	4,014 50
Primary Number Lessons.....	12,593	2,518 60
Advanced Arithmetic.....	16,460	6,913 20
Lessons in Language.....	13,518	3,379 50
Elementary Geography.....	15,834	7,917 00
Advanced Geography.....	12,919	13,177 38
Physiology.....	5,499	2,749 50
Civil Government.....	2,691	1,237 86
United States History.....	9,529	6,670 30
Revised English Grammar.....	12,627	5,934 69
First Reader (old).....	50	7 50
Second Reader (old).....	28	9 24
Third Reader (old).....	238	128 52
English Grammar (old).....	14	5 88
Totals.....	206,404	\$81,378 17

BOOKS ON HAND.

On July 1, 1901, the total number of school books on hand was one hundred and ninety-nine thousand six hundred and five (199,605) copies, valued at seventy-nine thousand nine hundred and thirty-two dollars and seventy-four cents (\$79,932.74), as shown by the following table:

	No. on Hand.	Value.
Revised First Reader.....	15,155	\$2,424 80
Revised Second Reader.....	15,686	4,392 08
Revised Third Reader.....	12,411	5,460 84
Revised Fourth Reader.....	7,273	3,854 69
Speller.....	12,725	3,181 25
Primary Number Lessons.....	22,364	4,472 80
Advanced Arithmetic.....	8,063	3,386 46
Lessons in Language.....	23,069	5,767 25
English Grammar (old).....	7,474	3,139 08
Revised English Grammar.....	4,074	1,914 78
United States History.....	3,419	2,393 30
Elementary Geography.....	14,510	7,255 00
Advanced Geography.....	13,972	14,251 44
Physiology.....	22,344	11,172 00
Civil Government.....	6,672	3,069 12
First Reader (old).....	431	64 65
Second Reader (old).....	7,842	2,587 86
Third Reader (old).....	2,121	1,145 34
Totals.....	199,605	\$79,932 74

I desire to renew my recommendation to bring the United States History up to date, and also to suggest a revision of the two Geographies in relation to the changes brought about by the war with Spain. All this can be done at small expense and would result in increased sales of the books.

In my report of last year this paragraph occurs, which I beg to quote and reindorse:

“The introduction of new machinery in the press-room and bindery would lessen the cost of manufacture of the text-books, and the money thus saved would nearly, if not quite, pay for the revision of the series or for new copyrights and plates, and insure the production of the books in the future at the lowest possible price consistent with good work, and I hope the Legislature will, in its wisdom, find a way to bring about such a desirable result.”

Very respectfully,

A. J. JOHNSTON,
Superintendent of State Printing.

REPORT

OF THE

SUPERINTENDENT OF STATE PRINTING

FOR THE

FIFTY-THIRD FISCAL YEAR,

JULY 1, 1901, TO JUNE 30, 1902.

REPORT OF STATE PRINTING DEPARTMENT.

SACRAMENTO, September 15, 1902.

To His Excellency HENRY T. GAGE, *Governor of the State of California:*

The transactions of the State Printing Office for the fifty-third fiscal year, July 1, 1901, to June 30, 1902, are set forth in the tables herein-after following. The appropriations available for the fifty-third and fifty-fourth fiscal years are shown in the table, also the expenditures during the fifty-third fiscal year, the balances carried forward to the fifty-fourth fiscal year, and the cash collected for work performed and paid for from sources other than the printing appropriations.

PRINTING FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDING JUNE 30, 1902.

Departments.	Appropriation 53d and 54th Fiscal Years.	Printing 53d Fiscal Year.	Balances 54th Fiscal Year.	Cash Receipts.
Adjutant-General	\$3,000 00	\$1,500 00	\$1,500 00	-----
Attorney-General	5,200 00	2,474 00	2,726 00	-----
Board of Examiners	500 00	250 00	250 00	-----
Board of Horticulture	5,000 00	2,500 00	2,500 00	-----
Board of Health	1,400 00	561 50	838 50	-----
Board of Equalization	700 00	195 25	504 75	-----
Board of Dental Examiners	100 00	28 75	71 25	-----
Board of Pharmacy	140 00	70 00	70 00	-----
Capitol Commissioners	35 00	8 50	26 50	-----
Code Commissioners	2,500 00	195 00	2,305 00	-----
Controller	3,500 00	1,331 50	2,168 50	-----
Commissioner of Public Works	500 00	70 25	429 75	-----
Dairy Bureau	500 00	57 25	442 75	-----
Department of Highways	1,000 00	46 50	953 50	-----
Débris Commissioner	40 00	8 00	32 00	-----
Deaf, Dumb, and Blind	250 00	41 00	209 00	-----
Executive Department	1,250 00	624 25	625 75	-----
Fish Commissioners	1,000 00	311 25	688 75	-----
Guardian of Sutter's Fort	10 00	-----	10 00	-----
Home for Adult Blind	300 00	150 00	150 00	-----
Home for Feeble-Minded Children	700 00	350 00	350 00	-----
Harbor Commissioners—San Diego	750 00	-----	750 00	-----
Insurance Commissioner	1,500 00	750 00	750 00	-----
Labor Commissioner	1,250 00	-----	1,250 00	-----
Lunacy Commissioners	3,500 00	1,303 10	2,196 90	-----
Legislature—35th session	5,000 00	164 50	4,835 50	-----
Mining Bureau	10,000 00	5,000 00	5,000 00	-----
Normal School—Los Angeles	840 00	134 25	705 75	-----
Normal School—Chico	560 00	280 00	280 00	-----
Normal School—San José	1,400 00	684 50	715 50	-----
Normal School—San Diego	400 00	200 00	200 00	-----
Normal School—San Francisco	500 00	250 00	250 00	-----
Preston School of Industry	100 00	28 50	71 50	-----
Amounts carried forward	\$53,425 00	\$19,567 85	\$33,857 15	-----

PRINTING FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDING JUNE 30, 1902—CONTINUED.

Departments.	Appropriation 53d and 54th Fiscal Years.	Printing 53d Fiscal Year.	Balances 54th Fiscal Year.	Cash Receipts.
Amounts brought forward	\$53,425 00	\$19,567 85	\$33,857 15	-----
Pilot Commissioners	35 00	17 50	17 50	-----
Railroad Commissioners	2,200 00	1,100 00	1,100 00	-----
State Agricultural Society	6,000 00	3,000 00	3,000 00	-----
State Prison—Folsom	1,400 00	700 00	700 00	-----
State Prison—San Quentin	1,500 00	750 00	750 00	-----
State Board of Education	35 00	17 50	17 50	-----
State Mineral Cabinet	35 00	-----	35 00	-----
State University	10,500 00	5,250 00	5,250 00	-----
State Treasurer	750 00	224 50	525 50	-----
Secretary of State	10,000 00	3,993 75	6,006 25	-----
Secretary of State—Amendments	1,200 00	-----	1,200 00	-----
Superintendent of Public Instruction	10,000 00	5,000 00	5,000 00	-----
Superintendent of State Printing	700 00	239 00	461 00	-----
Supreme Court	3,500 00	1,750 00	1,750 00	-----
Surveyor-General	700 00	343 50	356 50	-----
Whittier State School	100 00	38 00	62 00	-----
Yosemite Valley Commissioners	175 00	70 00	105 00	-----
Veterinary Medical Board	100 00	-----	100 00	-----
State Library Trustees	-----	-----	-----	\$2,173 00
Supreme Court Library	-----	-----	-----	198 00
San Quentin Prison	-----	-----	-----	43 75
Home for Feeble-Minded Children	-----	-----	-----	96 75
Building and Loan Commissioners	-----	-----	-----	66 25
Totals	\$102,355 00	\$42,061 60	\$60,293 40	\$2,577 75

DISTRIBUTION OF EXPENDITURES.

The following table shows the distribution of the total expenditures of fifty-nine thousand four hundred and eighty-seven dollars and nineteen cents (\$59,487.19):

Wages and salaries of employes	\$43,140 65
Paper	3,280 84
Cardboard	125 42
Envelopes	455 29
Bindery supplies	4,612 36
Press-room supplies	865 35
Electro-room supplies	17 00
Permanent material	391 54
Machinist supplies, and motive power	1,156 11
Printing and engraving	373 00
Lithographing	2,500 00
Repairs and plumbing	58 50
Horse and wagon expense	462 10
Postage, telephone, telegraph, expressage, and contingent expenses	539 66
Gas	282 82
Laundry and wiping rags	54 75
Water	90 00
Advertising	127 50
Coal	297 32
Ice	74 30
Incidentals	582 68
Total	\$59,487 19

PURCHASES OF PAPER, CARDBOARD, AND ENVELOPES.

The following table shows in detail the purchases of paper, cardboard, and envelopes:

Paper.

36 sheets Watman's Hot Pressed Drawing.....	\$10 80
2 reams 20-lb. Bond Royal.....	8 40
425 sheets Tough Check.....	21 25
10 reams 18-lb. Bond Folio.....	37 80
50 sheets Tough Check.....	2 50
6 reams 20-lb. Bond Double Cap.....	22 80
44 reams 24-lb. Flat.....	155 76
12 reams 36-lb. Flat.....	65 05
6 reams 54-lb. Royal Ledger.....	76 95
40 reams 18-lb. Bond.....	136 80
10 reams 18-lb. Flat.....	18 00
54 reams 32-lb. Flat Double Cap.....	254 88
48 reams 24-lb. Flat Demy.....	169 92
2¼ reams 88-lb. Double Medium.....	47 03
2 reams 20-lb. Bond.....	7 60
4,206 sheets Crane's Bond.....	83 33
3 reams 20-lb. Extra Bond.....	14 40
5 reams 36-lb. Ledger.....	42 75
53¼ reams Enamel Book.....	383 40
56 reams Extra Enamel Book.....	448 00
20 reams Assorted Comb Marble Paper.....	140 00
36 $\frac{3}{20}$ reams 50-lb. Book—1,807½ lbs. } 4,439½ lbs.	202 00
14 $\frac{4}{20}$ reams 60-lb. Book— 852 lbs. }	
22 $\frac{5}{20}$ reams 80-lb. Book—1,780 lbs. }	
25 $\frac{5}{20}$ reams 100-lb. Book.....	153 51
56 $\frac{1}{2}$ reams 48-lb. Book—2,717 lbs. } 6,399 lbs.	291 15
65 $\frac{1}{2}$ reams 56-lb. Book—3,682 lbs. }	
7 reams Map Bond.....	70 00
101 $\frac{1}{2}$ reams 65-lb. Book and 44 $\frac{2}{20}$ reams 56-lb. Book—3,169 lbs.	188 56
1 ream Manuscript Cover.....	7 50
5 reams 16-lb. Bond.....	15 20
500 sheets Tough Check.....	30 00
3 reams 20-lb. Bond.....	7 50
5 reams 20-lb. Special Bond.....	23 00
20 reams Marble Paper.....	140 00
Total.....	\$3,280 84

Cardboard.

500 sheets 3-ply Bristol.....	\$11 25
24 sheets 120-lb. Bristol.....	78
1,000 sheets 140-lb. Parchment Bristol.....	55 00
12 sheets 3-ply Bristol.....	39
100 sheets Parchment Bristol.....	5 50
500 sheets 8-ply Board.....	25 00
500 sheets Parchment Bristol.....	27 50
Total.....	\$125 42

Envelopes.

10,000 No. 7 Envelopes	\$17 70
35,000 No. 7 Envelopes	57 05
20,000 No. 7 Envelopes	32 60
56,000 No. 6¼ Envelopes	65 52
10,000 No. 7 Envelopes	16 30
1,000 No. 5 x 7½ Envelopes	1 53
5,000 No. 6¼ Bond Envelopes	16 80
10,000 No. 7 XXX Envelopes	16 30
10,000 No. 6¼ XXX Envelopes	11 70
99,500 No. 7 XXX Envelopes	162 19
10,000 No. 12 XXX Envelopes	30 40
2,000 Imperial Envelopes	4 70
10,000 No. 10 XXX Envelopes	22 50
Total	<u>\$455 29</u>

UNFINISHED ORDERS, JUNE 30, 1902.

Board of Examiners:		
No. 5620	\$23 00	
No. 5621	9 00	
		<u>\$32 00</u>
State Library Trustees:		
No. 5401		22 00
Home for Feeble-Minded Children:		
No. 5478	\$7 50	
No. 5479	7 50	
No. 5496	275 00	
No. 5496	2 50	
No. 5436	6 25	
No. 5437	12 50	
No. 5521	5 25	
		<u>316 50</u>
San Quentin Prison:		
No. 5318	\$7 75	
No. 5319	7 25	
No. 5320	14 00	
No. 5420	21 00	
No. 5421	6 75	
No. 5424	229 00	
No. 5445	10 25	
No. 5513	17 75	
No. 5514	23 00	
No. 5540	24 00	
No. 5541	16 75	
No. 5539	64 00	
		<u>441 50</u>
Building and Loan Commissioners:		
No. 5346		40 50
Bank Commissioners:		
No. 4924		96 00
Insurance Commissioner:		
No. 5358	\$8 25	
No. 5359	6 50	
		<u>14 75</u>
Mining Bureau:		
No. 5422		1,225 90
Clerk of Supreme Court:		
No. 5283		55 50
Amount carried forward		<u>\$2,244 65</u>

UNFINISHED ORDERS, JUNE 30, 1902—CONTINUED.

Amount brought forward		\$2,244 65
Superintendent of Public Instruction:		
No. 5085	\$19 50	
No. 5087	12 50	
No. 5089	14 00	
No. 5090	53 00	
No. 5092	15 00	
No. 5116	4 25	
No. 5616	117 50	
No. 5617	10 50	
		246 25
State University:		
No. 5481		173 75
Folsom Prison:		
No. 5428	\$97 25	
No. 5515	3 75	
No. 5429	167 50	
		268 50
San Diego Normal School:		
No. 5357		47 50
Chico Normal School:		
No. 5435		46 75
Board of Horticulture:		
No. 5506		72 00
Adjutant-General:		
No. 5238	\$4 75	
No. 5618	14 00	
		18 75
Printed stock (Stock Room):		
1,000 Commitment Blanks	\$15 00	
275 Commitment Blanks	21 60	
600 Pay-Rolls	25 00	
		61 60
Total		\$3,179 75

INVENTORY OF STOCK.

The following is a complete inventory of paper, cardboard, and envelope stock on hand July 1, 1902:

	Weight.	Reams.	Sheets.	Value.
<i>Book Paper.</i>				
20 x 30 Book	28 lbs.	72		\$119 95
20 x 30 Book	30 "	19		33 90
20 x 30 Book	36 "	31		66 40
22½ x 35 Book	50 "	5	250	16 35
22½ x 35½ Book (Scotch Tone)	26 "	16		34 25
24 x 36 Book	40 "	21	125	50 55
24 x 38 Book	56 "	4	250	14 95
24 x 38 Book	65 "	38	125	147 90
24 x 38 Book (Enamel)	80 "	9	200	67 65
25 x 38 Book	65 "	5	100	20 10
25 x 38 Book (Enamel)	80 "	2	250	18 00
24½ x 29½ Book	42 "	25		62 45
26 x 40 Book	45 "	35	250	95 00
27 x 40 Book	43 "	26		66 50
28 x 42 Book	65 "	14	400	57 20
28 x 42 Book	80 "	13	100	62 80
Amount carried forward				\$933 95

INVENTORY OF STOCK—CONTINUED.

	Weight.	Reams.	Sheets.	Value.
Amount brought forward.....				\$933 95
<i>Book Paper—Continued.</i>				
28 x 42 Book (Antique Laid).....	80 lbs.	13		61 85
30 x 40 Book.....	80 "	14		66 65
30 x 44 Book.....	50 "	15		44 60
32 x 46 Book (Antique Laid).....	100 "	6	300	39 25
<i>Bond Paper.</i>				
14 x 17 Bond, white (Crane).....	21 lbs.		75	1 35
14 x 17 Bond, colored (Crane).....	21 "		1,600	29 45
14 x 17 Bond, colored (Imperial).....	21 "	1	150	6 15
14 x 17 Bond, colored (Reliance).....	21 "		90	75
14 x 17 Bond, colored (Agawam).....	21 "		300	2 25
17 x 22 Bond, white (Government).....	21 "		150	1 15
17 x 22 Bond, colored (English).....	16 "	4	215	14 70
17 x 22 Bond, colored (Reliance).....	16 "		215	95
17 x 28 Bond, colored (Reliance).....	20 "	1	50	3 20
17 x 28 Bond (Standard).....	20 "		100	55
17 x 28 Bond (O. P. S.).....	20 "		215	55
17 x 28 Bond, white (Ardmore).....	20 "	1	200	5 30
19 x 24 Bond, colored (O. P. S.).....	24 "	40	150	96 60
17 x 28 Bond, white (Standard).....	20 "	1		2 70
17 x 28 Bond (Green).....	25 "	57	220	143 50
22 x 34 Bond (Green).....	40 "	5	315	30 25
24 x 38 Bond (Sterling).....	48 "	12	450	136 60
<i>Brief Paper.</i>				
21½ x 29½ Brief (State).....	60 lbs.	28		134 40
<i>Cover Paper.</i>				
20 x 25 Cover.....	35 lbs.	79	300	509 45
20 x 25 Cover.....	50 "	13	350	88 00
20 x 25 Cover (Saxon).....	60 "		240	4 50
20 x 25 Cover (Princess).....	65 "		465	10 40
22 x 28½ Cover (Peerless).....	80 "		435	8 00
21 x 29 Cover (Brief).....	80 "	18	250	185 00
17 x 31 Cover (Legal).....	36 "	1		7 50
<i>Flat Paper.</i>				
10 x 16 Flat Letter (Palo Alto).....	10 lbs.	7	300	7 90
16 x 20 Double Flat Letter.....	20 "	14		41 30
14 x 17 Flat Cap (Eureka).....	16 "	12	260	25 50
16 x 26 Double Foolscap.....	24 "	25	400	91 30
17 x 28 Double Flat Cap (Oakland).....	32 "	31	375	93 95
17 x 28 Double Flat Cap (Parsons).....	32 "	4	150	20 05
17 x 28 Double Flat Cap (Eureka).....	32 "	3	500	15 40
17 x 28 Double Flat Cap (Parsons).....	36 "	5		26 55
17 x 28 Double Flat Cap (Eureka).....	36 "	18	400	86 20
17 x 28 Double Flat Cap (Oakland).....	36 "	4	75	13 95
17 x 28 Double Flat Cap (Eureka).....	40 "	14	300	74 45
16 x 21 Demy (Brown).....	20 "	2	200	10 05
16 x 21 Demy (Eureka).....	24 "	2		6 10
16 x 21 Demy (Palo Alto).....	24 "	9	275	23 70
16 x 21 Demy (Islington).....	28 "	2		6 45
17 x 22 Folio (Reliance).....	22 "	11	250	37 30
17 x 22 Folio (Palo Alto).....	22 "	3	200	7 70
17 x 22 Folio (Eureka).....	24 "	22	125	68 05
17 x 22 Folio (Parsons).....	24 "	4	75	14 75
17 x 22 Folio (Bay City).....	28 "	4		10 90
17 x 22 Folio (Champion).....	28 "	5		18 90
17 x 22 Folio (Old Berkshire).....	28 "	5	125	25 45
17 x 22 Folio, colored (Eureka).....	24 "	4	175	13 35
18 x 23 Medium, flat (Eureka).....	36 "	11	200	52 25
19 x 24 Royal, flat (Champion).....	24 "	20		64 80
22 x 34 Double Folio.....	36 "	35	125	107 85
22 x 34 Double Folio (Royal).....	44 "		150	9 35
Amount carried forward.....				\$3,543 05

INVENTORY OF STOCK—CONTINUED.

	Weight.	Reams.	Sheets.	Value.
Amount brought forward.....				\$3,543 05
<i>Flat Paper—Continued.</i>				
22 x 34 Double Folio (Royal).....	48 lbs.	17	100	70 10
22 x 34 Double Folio (Columbia).....	48 "	14	150	58 15
22 x 34 Double Folio (Super Whiting).....	48 "		200	1 60
<i>Gummed Paper.</i>				
17 x 22 Gummed paper, white.....			240	2 15
20 x 25 Gummed paper, assorted colors.....		5	250	29 70
<i>Ledger Paper.</i>				
16 x 21 Demy (Sterling).....	28 lbs.		150	1 40
16 x 21 Demy (Whiting).....	28 "	1		6 65
18 x 23 Medium (Weston).....	36 "	1	175	11 85
18 x 23 Medium (Brown).....	36 "		225	3 75
18 x 23 Medium (Title).....	40 "	8	200	75 60
18 x 23 Medium (Weston).....	40 "	2	275	28 00
18 x 23 Medium (Brown).....	40 "	1		8 40
18 x 23 Medium (Whiting).....	36 "	3	450	32 30
19 x 24 Royal (Brown).....	44 "	1		9 25
19 x 24 Royal (Whiting).....	44 "	2	265	26 10
20 x 28 Super Royal (Royal).....	54 "	3	230	44 85
20 x 28 Super Royal (Sterling).....	54 "	1		10 80
23 x 31 Imperial (Brown).....	72 "	3	200	51 25
23 x 31 Imperial (Archive).....	72 "	2	125	27 55
23 x 31 Imperial (Sterling).....	72 "	1	265	21 60
23 x 36 Double Medium (Sterling).....	80 "	2	200	38 40
23 x 36 Double Medium (Whiting).....	80 "	1	260	28 50
27 x 40 Double Elephant (Weston).....	125 "		20	2 00
27 x 40 Double Elephant (Brown).....	125 "		275	13 05
<i>Linen Paper.</i>				
17 x 22 Linen (Cream Laid).....	16 lbs.	54	125	95 45
17 x 22 Linen (Reliance Bond).....	18 "	19	400	56 95
17 x 22 Linen (Imperial Parchment).....	20 "	2	125	7 20
17 x 22 Linen (Old Hempstead).....	20 "	5		20 00
17 x 22 Linen (Old Hempstead).....	24 "	10		48 00
17 x 22 Linen (Perfection Bond).....	16 "	3	225	11 45
17 x 22 Linen (Perfection Bond).....	20 "	8	240	34 85
17 x 22 Linen (Ardmore).....	20 "	29	400	113 25
17 x 22 Linen (American Flax).....	20 "	42		142 80
17 x 28 Linen (O. P. S.).....	24 "	21	325	36 25
17 x 28 Linen (O. P. S.).....	32 "	19	475	44 00
19 x 24 Linen (Ardmore).....	20 "		175	1 50
19 x 24 Linen (Savoy).....	24 "	4		16 30
24 x 38 Linen (Sterling).....	25 "	2	300	14 30
<i>Manila Paper.</i>				
8 x 17½ Manila.....	9 lbs.	118		\$42 45
17 x 28 Manila Railroad (Amber).....	28 "	5		9 45
36 x 48 Manila.....	200 "	4	100	46 20
40 x 48 Manila.....	150 "		325	3 45
40 x 48 Manila.....	200 "	1	150	15 40
48-inch Manila (roll), XX.....	830 "			29 05
48-inch Manila (roll), XXX.....	433 "			15 15
48-inch Manila (detail), XX.....	50 "			2 75
<i>News Paper.</i>				
36 x 46 News.....	60 lbs.	1		3 90
46 x 46 News.....	70 "	1	250	5 85
<i>Miscellaneous.</i>				
17 x 22 French Folio.....		8	200	14 70
40 x 48 Hardware Wrapping Paper.....	150 lbs.	3	250	31 50
28 x 42 Map Bond (German).....	40 "	1	215	14 00
32 x 40 Map Bond.....	36 "	9	100	92 00
20 x 25 Postoffice Paper.....	35 "	4	100	22 05
Shipping Tags, No. 4.....			9,500	6 65
Shipping Tags, No. 5.....			6,000	3 00
22½ x 32 Silver Paper.....			370	11 10
Total.....				\$5,157 00

INVENTORY OF STOCK--CONTINUED.

	Weight.	Reams.	Sheets.	Value.
<i>Unfinished Ruled Work.</i>				
17 x 22 Bond.....	16 lbs.	1	290	\$4 00
<i>Ruled to Order.</i>				
17 x 22 Folio (Eureka).....	24 lbs.	2		6 10
20 x 28 Super Royal (Brown).....	54 "		250	5 65
Cost of ruling.....				19 90
<i>Ruled Shelf Stock.</i>				
14 x 17 Flat Cap (Eureka).....	16 lbs.	5	425	11 70
17 x 22 Folio (Eureka).....	22 "	3	250	9 80
17 x 22 Folio (Eureka).....	24 "	14	375	45 25
17 x 22 Linen (Old Hempstead).....	20 "	11	125	45 00
17 x 22 Linen (Imperial Parchment).....	20 "	2	125	7 20
17 x 22 Linen (American Flax).....	20 "	3	250	11 90
17 x 22 Bond, blue (English).....	16 "	1		3 35
17 x 28 Double Flat Cap (Oakland).....	32 "	5	175	15 90
Cost of ruling.....				53 20
<i>Ruled Legislative Stock.</i>				
16 x 21 Demy (Eureka).....	24 lbs.	1	250	4 55
16 x 26 Double Foolscap (Eureka).....	24 "	5	200	16 45
17 x 28 Double Flat Cap (Florence).....	18 "	3	140	7 75
24 x 38 Book.....	44 "	4	250	11 75
36 x 48 Manila (stock for 1700 document envelopes, cut and scored).....	200 "		265	7 00
Cost of ruling.....				19 50
Total.....				\$305 95
<i>Cardboard.</i>				
22 x 28 Blanks, 8-ply.....			230	\$8 60
22 x 28 Tough Check, 6-ply.....			415	24 90
22 x 28 Tough Check, 3½-ply, colored.....			215	12 90
22½ x 28½ Bristol.....	120 lbs.		495	16 05
22½ x 28½ Bristol, parchment.....	120 "		100	5 50
22½ x 28½ Bristol, colored.....	120 "		585	13 15
21 x 23 Bristol, wedding, 3½-ply.....			85	10 20
22½ x 28½ Tag Board.....	110 "		900	10 80
22 x 28 China Board, colored, thick.....			1,245	23 65
22 x 28 Railroad Board, colored, 6-ply.....			250	8 35
Total.....				\$134 10
<i>Envelopes.</i>				
No. 5 Envelopes, Linen Baronial, XX.....			Number. 1,250	\$2 90
No. 6 Envelopes, Imp. Parchm't Linen, XXX.....			750	1 80
No. 6 Envelopes, Bank Parchment.....			7,500	35 60
No. 6 Envelopes, Blue Reliance Bond, No. 16.....			1,500	3 75
No. 6 Envelopes, Blue Laid, XX.....			6,000	7 50
No. 6 Envelopes, XXX.....			5,500	6 75
No. 6½ Envelopes, XXX.....			20,500	23 95
No. 7 Envelopes, XXX.....			101,500	165 45
No. 8 Envelopes, XXX.....			9,500	19 00
No. 9 Envelopes, XXX.....			8,750	21 00
No. 10 Envelopes, XXX.....			3,000	6 75
No. 11 Envelopes, XXX.....			2,500	6 30
No. 12 Envelopes, XXX.....			5,250	15 95
No. 14 Envelopes, XXX.....			1,000	3 36
No. 6 Envelopes, Bank Book, Manila.....			2,000	7 00
No. 3 Envelopes, Pamph., open end, Man. XX.....			26,500	42 40
No. 5 Envelopes, Coin.....			500	55
No. 36 Envelopes, Imperial Photograph.....			500	80
No. 50 Envelopes, Columbian Mdse., XXXX.....			225	1 55
No. 75 Envelopes, Columbian Mdse., XXXX.....			2,225	15 65
Total.....				\$388 01

SUMMARY OF INVENTORY.

Paper	\$5,157 00
Cardboard	134 10
Envelopes	388 01
Unfinished ruled work and ruled stock	305 95
Bindery Stock, 1902	7,455 45
Press-room stock	211 50
Electro-room stock	530 86
Commissary-room stock	138 67
Total	<hr/> \$14,321 54

SCHOOL TEXT-BOOK DEPARTMENT.

FIFTY-THIRD FISCAL YEAR.

The transactions of the Text-Book Department for the fifty-third fiscal year, ending June 30, 1902, are detailed in the following tables, all of which are self-explanatory:

DISTRIBUTION OF EXPENDITURES.

Wages and salaries of employés	\$45,384 95
Paper	10,956 26
Bindery supplies	17,711 01
Press-room supplies	3,197 35
Horse and wagon expense	391 90
Machinist supplies, and motive power	657 13
Electro-room supplies	54 50
Repairs	15 00
Coal	204 09
Water	270 00
Gas	68 61
Lumber	1,162 15
Incidentals	372 00
Total	<u>\$80,444 95</u>

PURCHASES OF PAPER.

The purchases of paper for the Text-Book Department are shown by the following table:

311½ reams 80-lb. Book	\$1,682 10
100¾ reams Extra Brief	480 96
5 reams G. B. Tissue	8 75
1,027½ reams 80-lb. Book	5,548 50
599¼ reams 80-lb. Book	3,235 95
Total	<u>\$10,956 26</u>

INVENTORY OF STOCK.

The total value of stock on hand in the Text-Book Department on July 1, 1902, is shown by the following table, and was determined by actual inventory taken on that date:

	Weight.	Reams.	Value.
<i>Paper.</i>			
31 x 41 Book (School Book).....	80 lbs.	1,068	\$5,767 20
31 x 46 Book (Revised Readers).....	80 "	1,309	7,068 60
21½ x 29½ Brief.....	60 "	95	456 00
Total.....			\$13,291 80

TOTAL VALUE OF STOCK ON HAND.

Paper.....	\$13,291 80
Electro-Room stock.....	52 49
Press-Room stock.....	1,396 00
Carpenter's Department.....	549 00
Commissary-Room stock.....	3 75
Bindery stock.....	12,264 93
Total.....	\$27,557 97

FINISHED BOOKS.

The following table shows the number and value of text-books delivered to the warehouse during the fifty-third fiscal year:

	No. Copies.	Value.
Revised English Grammar.....	15,000	\$7,050 00
Revised First Reader.....	50,000	8,000 00
Revised Second Reader.....	25,000	7,000 00
Revised Third Reader.....	15,000	6,600 00
Revised Fourth Reader.....	10,000	5,300 00
Advanced Arithmetic.....	10,000	4,200 00
United States History.....	5,000	3,500 00
Speller.....	15,000	3,750 00
Elementary Geography.....	15,000	7,500 00
Advanced Geography.....	15,000	15,300 00
Totals.....	175,000	\$68,200 00

UNFINISHED BOOKS.

The following table shows the number of unfinished books in the bindery July 1, 1902, and their value:

	No. Copies.	Value.
Revised Third Reader.....	15,000	\$1,339 25
Revised Fourth Reader.....	10,000	823 05
Advanced Arithmetic.....	15,000	3,531 05
Revised English Grammar.....	15,000	3,871 45
Civil Government.....	5,000	687 00
United States History.....	5,000	1,137 85
Elementary Geography.....	15,000	1,668 75
Totals.....	80,000	\$13,058 40

BOOKS SOLD.

The total sales of school books for the fifty-third fiscal year aggregated two hundred and eight thousand nine hundred and fifteen (208,915) copies, valued at eighty-one thousand seven hundred and sixty-eight dollars and forty-seven cents (\$81,768.47), as shown by the following table:

	No. Sold.	Value.
Revised First Reader.....	32,614	\$5,218 24
Revised Second Reader.....	26,163	7,325 64
Revised Third Reader.....	21,544	9,479 36
Revised Fourth Reader.....	13,139	6,963 67
Speller.....	15,859	3,964 75
Primary Number Lessons.....	11,519	2,303 80
Advanced Arithmetic.....	17,848	7,496 16
Lessons in Language.....	13,812	3,453 00
Revised English Grammar.....	12,133	5,702 51
United States History.....	7,713	5,399 10
Elementary Geography.....	16,412	8,206 00
Advanced Geography.....	12,097	12,338 94
Physiology.....	5,111	2,555 50
Civil Government.....	2,662	1,224 52
First Reader (old).....	30	4 50
Second Reader (old).....	28	9 24
Third Reader (old).....	221	119 34
English Grammar (old).....	10	4 20
Totals.....	208,915	\$81,768 47

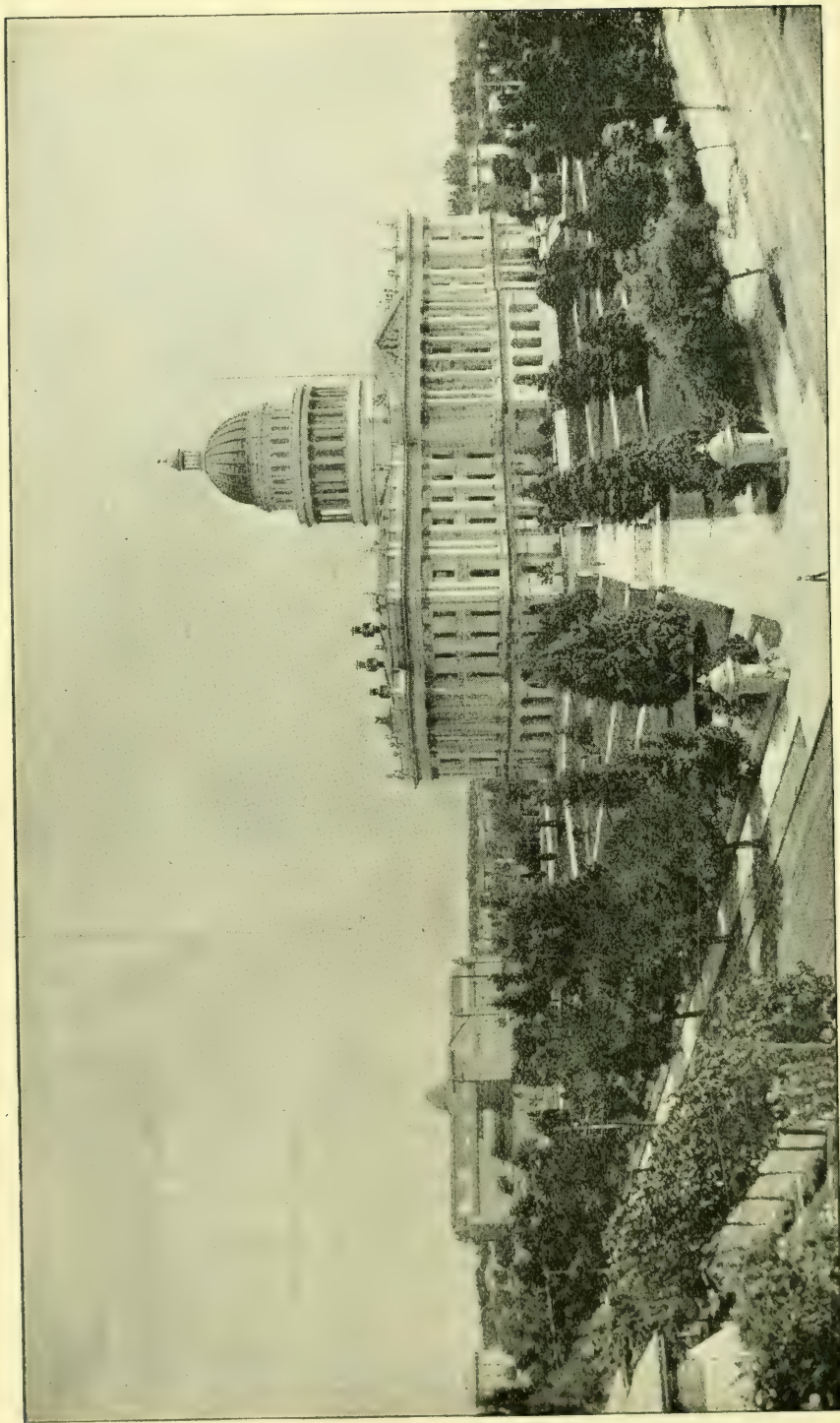
BOOKS ON HAND.

On July 1, 1902, the total number of school books on hand was one hundred and seventy-five thousand two hundred and ninety (175,290) copies, valued at sixty-nine thousand fifty-two dollars and twenty-seven cents (\$69,052.27), as shown by the following table:

	No. on Hand.	Value.
First Reader (old).....	401	\$60 15
Second Reader (old).....	7,814	2,578 62
Third Reader (old).....	1,900	1,026 00
Speller.....	11,866	2,966 50
Primary Number Lessons.....	10,845	2,169 00
Advanced Arithmetic.....	215	90 30
Lessons in Language.....	9,257	2,314 25
English Grammar (old).....	7,464	3,134 88
United States History.....	706	494 20
Elementary Geography.....	13,098	6,549 00
Advanced Geography.....	16,875	17,212 50
Physiology.....	17,233	8,616 50
Civil Government.....	4,010	1,844 60
Revised First Reader.....	32,541	5,206 56
Revised Second Reader.....	24,123	6,754 44
Revised Third Reader.....	5,867	2,581 48
Revised Fourth Reader.....	4,134	2,191 02
Revised English Grammar.....	6,941	3,262 27
Totals.....	175,290	\$69,052 27

Very respectfully,

A. J. JOHNSTON,
Superintendent of State Printing.



STATE CAPITOL, SACRAMENTO CITY.

STATE OF CALIFORNIA.

TWENTIETH BIENNIAL REPORT

OF THE

Superintendent of Public Instruction

FOR THE

SCHOOL YEARS ENDING JUNE 30, 1901, AND JUNE 30, 1902.

Transmitted to the Governor, September 13, 1902.



SACRAMENTO:

A. J. JOHNSTON, : : : SUPERINTENDENT STATE PRINTING.
1902.

STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION.

HENRY T. GAGE, Governor,	-	-	-	-	-	Sacramento,
	President of the Board.					
THOMAS J. KIRK, Superintendent of Public Instruction,	-	-				Sacramento,
	Secretary of the Board.					
MORRIS ELMER DAILEY,	-	-	-	-	-	San José,
	President of State Normal School.					
EDWARD T. PIERCE,	-	-	-	-	-	Los Angeles,
	President of State Normal School.					
C. C. VAN LIEW,	-	-	-	-	-	Chico,
	President of State Normal School.					
SAMUEL T. BLACK, -	-	-	-	-	-	San Diego,
	President of State Normal School.					
FREDERIC BURK,	-	-	-	-	-	San Francisco,
	President of State Normal School.					
BENJAMIN IDE WHEELER, -	-	-	-	-	-	Berkeley,
	President of State University.					
ELMER E. BROWN,	-	-	-	-	-	Berkeley,
	Head of Department of Education, State University.					

OFFICE OF
STATE SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION.

SACRAMENTO, CAL., September 15, 1902.

To His Excellency HENRY T. GAGE, *Governor of the State of California:*

DEAR SIR: In pursuance of Section 1532 of the Political Code, I have the honor to submit to you herewith the Twentieth Biennial Report of the State Department of Education, being for the school years 1900-1902, or from July 1, 1900, to June 30, 1902.

Most respectfully yours,

THOMAS J. KIRK,
State Superintendent of Public Instruction.

TWENTIETH BIENNIAL REPORT OF STATE SUPER-INTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION.

The cause of public education in the State for the two years ending June 30, 1902, has not been strikingly marked by anything eventful, but there has been progress in material equipment and fuller conception of the aims and possibilities of our public school system. Scores of new school buildings have been erected in all parts of the State. These have been planned, constructed, and equipped more thoughtfully and elaborately, and by the establishment of numerous high schools and by the constantly increasing attendance in our State University the people are manifesting a desire for more culture and training and are relying upon the State to supply the means for these ends.

THE EDUCATIONAL OUTLOOK.

The friends of the public school system were never more numerous or more earnest in its support than at the present time. Encouragement is met on every hand. The daily press, the magazine, the pulpit, the lecture platform, the teachers' institute, the convention of every political party, has something complimentary and encouraging for the cause of public education. Courses of study are being more rationally prepared. The question has been thoughtfully asked by educators, "What may the State reasonably expect in providing for a common school education?" This is being answered by seeking to have the elementary schools, the primary and grammar grades, confine their work to essentials mainly: reading, including spelling; writing, including business forms; arithmetic, nonessentials eliminated; the elementary principles only of natural science; a fairly comprehensive knowledge of our country's history, and emphasis upon clear and correct oral and written expression during all the years of school life. It is recognized that these elementary schools can not and should not attempt more advanced work, that their sphere is limited, and that the higher branches of study must be left for the secondary schools.

RECOGNITION OF HIGH SCHOOLS.

With the advanced and advancing demands of the times, with the necessity in all fields of industrial and commercial activity for more skill and finer training, to say nothing of the demands for the culture

side of life, there is a settled conviction in the minds of thoughtful friends of public education that a link is missing in our educational chain, a rung out of our educational ladder, that reaches from the kindergarten through the university. The high school, therefore, has been seeking that recognition which has heretofore been denied it. High schools, it is true, have been increasing and flourishing, not in any degree because of but in spite of the lack of State recognition. At present their attitude is largely that of private instead of public schools. They are maintained entirely by local or district tax. The State extends them no aid whatever. School Superintendents and other officials are not certain how the High School teachers and pupils are to be counted in making reports of the teaching force and of enrollment and daily attendance in public schools. An outgrowth of this condition and of the sentiment in favor of high schools so common among the people is the pending constitutional amendment designated as No. 4, which is to be voted upon at the ensuing general election, and the fate of which will no doubt be determined before this report has been published. That there may be shown somewhat more clearly reasons why this pending amendment should be adopted, an article by Mr. A. J. Pillsbury, President of the Tulare City Board of Education, and one by myself, are here given.

CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT No. 4.

DISCUSSED BY A. J. PILLSBURY.

I was much interested in an article relative to this question from the pen of Superintendent Thomas J. Kirk, which appeared in a recent issue of *The Saturday Bee*, but it does not seem to me that too much can be said on the subject between now and the holding of the election next year. The high school has friends enough in California to require that justice be done it, if only those friends can be aroused to demand justice; but the high school also has more enemies than such friends of secondary education are aware of, and some of them are very powerful.

I have before me a letter from the cashier of one of the largest savings banks in this State, in which occurs this sentence: "We are not prepared to indorse the proposition that a high school education is essential to the prosperity or happiness of a business man," and the institution which he represents has resisted the inclusion of bank lands in a high school district, and, so far, with success.

There are two classes of people, I take it, who will join this venerable cashier in refusing to indorse the proposition that a high school education is essential to the prosperity and happiness of a business man or woman, or an intelligent American citizen. One of these classes is made up of men like our cashier, the horizons of whose lives are bounded by the periphery of an American dollar. The other class is composed of those who are not yet awake to the need of secondary education. The first class have got to be whipped out of their old foggy boots at the polls and before the Legislature, and the task is not going to be too easy. The second class have got to be educated up to the need of the time, and that task will also not be light, with something less than a year for doing the work.

The attitude of California toward her high school system is anomalous, and ought not to be. Our State provides liberally for elementary education and it has not been parsimonious in its support of the University of California, but the high school, the connecting link between the lower and higher forms of education, receives no aid at all

from the State, and the responsibility for the organization, conduct, and maintenance of high schools is thrown entirely upon those communities which have the enterprise and love of learning needful to induce them to take upon themselves a burden that is not easy, and an obligation which such communities are not always fitted adequately to discharge. It is time that California adopted its high school offspring into the educational family and provided, at least in part, for its maintenance.

The American idea of free public education is that the State shall set up an educational ladder that shall reach from the kindergarten to the university, to the end that young men and women, who have the instinct to climb, may pass over that ladder as a birthright. California has suffered a break in the ladder that it should lose no time in spanning.

Now, for some reasons for the faith that is in me. The primary and grammar schools have performed their joint function when they have put the pupil in the possession of the tools indispensable for the acquisition of intelligence, but they have not opened the windows of the youthful mind out upon any intellectual vistas likely to prove inviting. The pupil is put in possession of tools without being taught how to use them. He knows how to read, but not what to read. He knows how to write, but his training in composition has been very slight, and he is not capable of effective expression, either oral or written. After many years of effort he has succeeded in memorizing a considerable variety of hard, dry facts, but little or no stimulus has been given his imagination, and his view of life is still shut in. At the time of completing his grammar school course the pupil is barely at the threshold of adolescence, has pipped his infant shell and is barely coming to himself, has acquired some proficiency in memorizing, but has not been taught how to think. To turn him out of school at that age with so meager a preparation for life is to equip him for the performance of only the humblest utilities and for the most narrow capacity for enjoying the good things of life. It leaves him nothing more than a mere industrial factor, like the ox, with a capacity for enjoyment most likely confined within a purely physical range. If anything better and broader come into his life, it must be from outside the school system which the State has afforded.

The high school stands at the parting of the ways. It occupies the time betwixt adolescence and adulthood. The mind then for the first time has power to coördinate, to trace relationships, to compare—to think. Taking the pupil from the grammar grade, where he has been taught the use of intellectual tools, the high school teaches him what to construct; and sends him about his way with definite ideas as to how he will order his life, what sort of a character he will fashion with the elemental tools, the use of which he has learned. It is trite to say that the high school is the poor man's college; but so it is and is likely ever to be. The professional man and specialist will go on to college, take post-graduate courses, and so on through special schools of training; but the typical American citizen, having acquired in the high school an adequate outlook upon life's possibilities and pleasures, will go from the high school to the shop, farm, and home, to live each his own life and do his work in the world, intelligent, broad in range of mental and moral vision, the highest type of citizenry the world will know.

It is entirely possible that the precise sphere of high school effort has not yet been determined. The high school must take the pupil where the grammar school leaves him. That much is foreordained; but it does not follow that the high school must take the pupil clear to where the university would like to have him brought. I think that the State should make the university take the pupil where the high school can most advantageously leave him, for the end and aim of the poor man's college must be to fit the pupil for life rather than for entrance into the college of the wealthy, or the college of those who are to enter upon highly specialized work.

Nevertheless, the demands made upon the high school will be quite onerous and varied enough to fill four years of ambitious adolescence. The paramount function of the high school must be to induct the pupil into the elemental mysteries of human learning—history, language, literature, science. These provided for, the high school should devote at least one study and recitation period each day to such special knowledge and training as will equip the pupil to intelligently begin work upon the farm, in the counting-room, the shop, or the home—to open the windows of the understanding

in the direction of a life work, as well as in that of a broadened outlook upon human affairs and accomplishments. This can be done.

It will be entirely practicable to teach in a high school the elements of the science of scientific farming—agricultural chemistry, botany, entomology, soil analysis, etc. There is no reason why the farmer of the future should deal with an alchemy surpassing in mystery that of the electrician, without a suspicion of why he does what he does.

It will be entirely practicable to teach in the high school course of four years the elements of everyday business—commercial geography, bookkeeping, typewriting, and shorthand. There will have to be practice beyond the school period to insure proficiency, but pupils can be put so far upon their way that they can perfect themselves in their chosen field of work without having to prolong their school life beyond the high school period.

It will be entirely practicable to teach, as an aside, in a high school course of four years, so much of mechanics as will make a pupil all his life handy with tools and exact in all that he does. It would be too much to undertake to teach handicrafts in a high school, but the hand and the eye need training as well as the power to think, and such training must be had, if at all, during that period of adolescence when the pupil will be in the high school anyhow.

It will be entirely practicable to teach, as an aside, and in connection with a four years' high school course, so much of domestic economy as will fit the girl graduate for home life, for doing needlework, cutting and fitting her own garments, and cooking wholesome food wholesomely and serving it appetizingly.

It will be entirely practicable during a four years' high school course so to carry along these elective training courses as to link the more theoretical part of school work closely with everyday business, industry, and life, and to fit the graduate for immediate entrance upon his life pursuit. It will at once tend to make him an efficient industrial factor and an intelligent, liberal-minded citizen.

If the poverty of our State were so extreme that it could provide but one stage of education for its youth, that stage should, of course, embrace the primary and grammar grade course; but if it were able to add to this another degree of learning, it should be the high school rather than the university degree. If any form of education should be left to local initiative and private enterprise it should be that higher education which is embraced in the university course and not in the high school course which California has, so far as the State is concerned, left out of its educational ladder.

I think that I may reasonably make claim to having outlined with some liberality the work which a high school should undertake to do; and, if it undertake to do this, it will be seen that such a school must be liberally provided for in buildings, teaching force, and apparatus. The task will be found quite beyond the means of small and isolated or farming communities. Therefore, State aid is needed.

The support of the common schools is jointly carried by local initiative, county enterprise, and State aid. The State University is sustained by the State as a whole. There is no reason, economic or logical, why the State and the community may not join in maintaining high schools.

It has been objected that all have access to the advantages offered by the primary schools and all have access to the university, but that all could not have access to the high schools; and, therefore, high schools ought not to be aided out of a common State fund. This objection can be reached by making the bestowal of State aid conditioned upon a waiving of the right to charge a tuition.

It would be proper for the community applying for State aid for high schools to first build and equip a high school building, and, I should say, vote \$3 in local tax to each \$2 to be received from the State at large. I should favor basing State aid on the average daily attendance of pupils, at, possibly, a rate of \$2 per pupil per month. If this did not lighten the load of each high school district, it would at all events increase the efficiency; and the efficiency of high schools will have to be considerably increased before they will cover the utilities I have outlined.

The constitutional amendment proposing State aid to high schools, to be voted for next year, contemplates the naming in the appropriation measure of the specific schools which are to receive such appropriations. Aid should go to all if to any, but a

wise surveillance might be required on the part of the State Board of Education to guard against misappropriation and misuse.

There are now one hundred and twenty-nine high schools in this State. That law will not prove beneficent which doubles the number of high schools without doubling the attendance. In other words, not every crossroads should attempt a high school; and yet there ought to be a high school at every considerable trading center. A multiplicity of weak high schools with only partial courses will not so well subserve the public need as fewer schools, larger and better equipped. Therefore, I am not sure but that State aid ought to be limited to high schools in incorporated towns or to high schools having an average daily attendance of fifty pupils or more.

Whatever is done in the direction of State aid to high school support should be done with a view to becoming a permanent policy. Such aid is not wanted by fits and starts. High schools should be established only where they can be maintained. We must look to a policy of permanency.

The constitutional amendment which will pave the way for this is before the people. The opposition to it will be technical and covert rather than open and on principle, and it is not too soon to begin a campaign of education for the amendment's adoption.

STATE RECOGNITION OF HIGH SCHOOLS.

By SUPERINTENDENT THOMAS J. KIRK.

December 28, 1901.

There will be submitted to the electors of California at the next general State election proposed Constitutional Amendment No. 4, amending Section 6, Article IX, to read as follows:

"SECTION 6. The public school system shall include primary and grammar schools, and such high schools, evening schools, normal schools, and technical schools as may be established by the Legislature, or by municipal or district authority. The entire revenue derived from the State School Fund and from the general State school tax shall be applied exclusively to the support of primary and grammar schools; but the Legislature may authorize and cause to be levied a special State school tax for the support of high schools and technical schools, or either of such schools, included in the public school system, and all revenue derived from such special tax shall be applied exclusively to the support of the schools for which such special tax shall be levied."

The purpose of this proposed amendment is to secure State recognition, which is now denied to high schools and technical schools. There were in California at the close of the school year, June 30, 1901, 129 high schools with 587 teachers and 13,197 pupils. The question to be voted on means, Shall these schools, these teachers, and these pupils be considered as embraced within the public school system of the State?

Few things seem more reasonable and just than that high schools shall be made one of the links in our State educational chain that begins with the kindergarten and ends with the university. High schools as they are now maintained and related to the State school system are more strictly private than public schools. They are supported entirely by local or district taxation. The State extends neither aid nor recognition of any kind to this class of schools, except to provide by legislative enactment how they may be organized and maintained by local authority and taxation.

More and more have these secondary schools become popular during the past few years. In the estimation of thoughtful friends of public education they but fill the place to-day that was occupied by the elementary schools thirty years ago. Our primary and grammar schools are rightly recognized as essential to the very existence of the State, as its best safeguards against crime, vulgarity, ignorance, and poverty; but the high schools, which should differ from the lower schools only in degree, are found to be necessary in meeting the advancing and advanced demands of the times. They are needed to give that foundation which is requisite not for the professions alone, but for all the business vocations of life. It requires a great deal more knowledge, training, and culture to give a man respectable standing and preparation for any pursuit in life than it did a few years ago. We may rarely expect to meet an Abraham Lincoln who has attained success without a pretty thorough educational course of training. Four-leaf

clover is a plant of freakish growth. Man's environment has wonderfully changed in the period of the last generation. Discoveries and inventions, progress and complexity in the appliances of the arts, the industries, and the sciences, render it necessary for him to possess more information, greater skill, and more keenly-sharpened faculties than ever before. There is need at every turn for the richer endowment of mind and heart such as the truest and best educational training can give, in order to achieve meritorious results.

It seems scarcely necessary to offer an argument or to make a plea for the claims of the high schools. Their growth in the State during the past ten or twelve years has been almost phenomenal. Forty-four of the fifty-seven counties have established one or more of them, and the time has come when it is believed they may properly come under the fostering care of the State. There can be no good or sufficient reason advanced for declining to place them in the State system along with primary and grammar schools, normal schools, and the university. Every reason for extending State aid to the university may, with multiplied force, be advanced for extending it to high schools, for the university is open only to those who have been prepared for admission by the high schools or schools equivalent.

The proposed amendment seeks not to intrude upon the long-standing and cherished provisions made by the State for the maintenance of primary and grammar schools. If it did, the measure would deserve overwhelming defeat, for all true friends of public education know that the elementary schools are the substructure upon which all else rests, and it is confidently believed that the people of California will ever guard with watchful care the law and the means by which the common schools are sustained. It will be observed that the measure under consideration stipulates particularly that all revenue derived from the State School Fund and from the general State school tax shall, as now, be applied exclusively to the support of primary and grammar schools. The plea of the high schools is chiefly for acknowledgment as an important part in the State educational system, and with this recognition the privilege of the people, through the Legislature, to extend such aid as may be deemed proper.

It will never, in my judgment, be thought wise or expedient to maintain high schools wholly by the State. Our primary and grammar schools even are not maintained by the State exclusively, but by revenues derived from a unique and happy blending of State, county, and district provisions. From the method of apportioning public school moneys on census and average daily attendance, which method it is not proposed to disturb, the support of high schools must be left more largely to local pride perhaps than any other class of schools, but from their character and importance they certainly deserve recognition and some assistance from the State.

Public education is one of the chief concerns of the State, because it pays, and we have yet to learn of a country that has overdone in behalf of this cause. As schools and educational facilities have been provided has every commonwealth taken rank among the sisterhood of States. To her generous policy toward the cause of public education does Massachusetts owe the marked high plane of her citizenship. Those States that have been parsimonious in behalf of this cause are correspondingly behind, not only in culture and refinement, but also in the business and material affairs of life. Education and general prosperity go hand in hand.

The spirit of the people of California toward the cause of public education can not be complained of; it has always been liberal, generous even; but in the adoption of the Constitution of 1879 there was failure to provide authority for extending State aid to any but elementary schools. High schools have been established in the enterprising sections and have flourished not because of State assistance or recognition, but rather in spite of it. This is no reason, however, why the State's fostering care should not now be extended. Sixty years ago some excellent schools were maintained by local pride in different parts of the country when the district plan of support of schools wholly prevailed, when there were no State school systems. But to eradicate the district plan and to establish State systems of public education was the life effort of such educators as Horace Mann and Newton Bateman. By the proposed amendment it is asked that what was neglected or intentionally denied in 1879 be given in 1902.

The proposed amendment should also appeal to voters of the State who may give careful thought to the question upon the ground of greater educational harmony and

better adjustment of all the parts in our educational system that will undoubtedly result from its adoption. No support for high schools being provided, the grammar grades have in some portions of the State been extended far into the domain of high school work. In some instances where demand for the advanced branches was felt the lower school has been made to embrace the tenth, eleventh, twelfth, and even the thirteenth and fourteenth years or grades—this to the detriment of and at the expense of the grammar school, a violation of the spirit, at least, if not of the letter of the law.

If this amendment be adopted it is believed that it will harmonize conflicting interests, enable school boards and teachers to determine and fix the point where the course of the grammar school ends and where that of the high school begins; that it will give encouragement to the high schools, the colleges of the masses, and that it will be another marked step in the continued advance and progress of California.

NOTE.—Since the foregoing was written, and while this report was still in press, the general election of 1902 has been held, and the proposed amendment, incorporating high schools into the public school system, has been adopted.

INDUSTRIAL EDUCATION.

In my last Biennial Report, the nineteenth issued from this office, I mentioned what seemed to me a pressing need, that of more industrial education. I am pleased to give the information that our high schools are responding to this demand, and that many of them have added courses in various forms of manual training and in domestic science. Our State Normal Schools deem the instruction in these lines important in the preparation of teachers, and workshops and sewing and cooking rooms have been provided, and more or less of such instruction is required to be taken by every teacher before graduation from these State institutions.

In pursuance of this common demand for training and instruction in matters outside of books, and particularly for training essential to the vocations of the farmer, the orchardist, and others in rural life, the Legislature of 1901 made an appropriation and provided for the establishment of a Polytechnic School, to be located at or near the town of San Luis Obispo. The board of trustees into whose hands the matter was placed last March—the bill providing that the \$50,000 appropriated should be available only after January 1, 1902—has purchased as a site about 320 acres of land after very careful consideration of many different tracts offered, has employed as director a man with scientific agricultural training and of expert practical experience, and has adopted plans and specifications for two buildings—one for classroom instruction and the other for dormitory purposes. These it is expected will be constructed and ready for use by January 1, 1903. The purpose as conceived by the board is the establishment of a school on an agricultural basis, with provision for practical instruction in animal industry, dairying, tree culture, methods of planting, cultivating, and harvesting of farm products, landscape gardening, road grading and building, reservoir construction, practical irrigation, domestic science, and work in wood and

iron. The board of trustees is composed of both business and professional men, and the members have been giving earnest, faithful attention to the trust committed to them, and though necessarily experimental to a great degree, hope is entertained that an institution which will contribute successfully to the industrial side of public education and one of which the State will be proud may soon be in successful operation at San Luis Obispo.

BIENNIAL CONVENTION OF COUNTY AND CITY SUPERINTENDENTS

Held at Fresno May 6, 7, and 8, 1902.

In pursuance of custom and the law authorizing me to do so, I called the County and City School Superintendents of the State together in biennial convention in the City of Fresno on May 6, 1902, and a profitable session of three days' duration was held. In planning or suggesting matters for the consideration of the Superintendents, I took an entirely new departure from the course heretofore pursued in all these biennial meetings. Instead of devoting the time wholly to the consideration of the school law of the Political Code as heretofore, I outlined a program for the discussion of what I conceived to be live educational problems. For want of time necessary to confer or communicate with any Superintendent I arbitrarily assigned to every one a topic, and I am pleased to state that with but one or two exceptions all came to the convention well prepared to speak on the subject assigned, and the program as given below was most successfully carried out:

TUESDAY, MAY 6, 1902.

MORNING.

Questions of School Supervision.

1. School grounds, school buildings, and school rooms.

Superintendent James A. Barr, 20 minutes.

(a) How may school premises and school rooms in the country be improved and made more inviting?

Superintendent E. W. Hyatt, 15 minutes.

(b) Interesting the press and the general public in these subjects and in other educational problems.

Superintendent W. C. Doub, 15 minutes.

Discussion: Superintendents Greeley, Sackett, Mrs. Peart, Garner, Hampton, McCarty, 5 minutes each.

General discussion.

AFTERNOON.

1. School visitation—general purpose.

Superintendent Robert Furlong, 20 minutes.

(a) Special purposes to be subserved by County Superintendent's visits.

Superintendent J. B. Brown, 15 minutes.

(b) Special purposes to be subserved by City Superintendent's visits.

Superintendent R. H. Webster, 15 minutes.

Discussion: Superintendents Rogers, McPherron, Miss Jones, Miss Tilton, Reager, Barbee, 5 minutes each.

General discussion.

2. Teachers' Institute.

Superintendent J. W. Graham, 20 minutes.

(a) Should the work be done by the teachers or by lecturers, or by both? Some general directions.

Superintendent Mrs. J. E. Chope, 15 minutes.

(b) How to secure continuity of work from one institute to another. Should each institute program present one subject or a variety of subjects?

Superintendent P. W. Smith, 15 minutes.

(c) Local institutes and reading circles.

Superintendent C. C. Hill, 15 minutes.

(d) Trustees' meetings. How may the Superintendent promote them?

Superintendent J. A. Wagener, 15 minutes.

Discussion: Superintendents Grove, Donnelley, Chipman, Miss Bagnelle, White, Barker, Miss Poore, 5 minutes each.

General discussion.

WEDNESDAY, MAY 7.

MORNING.

Course of study for elementary schools; general outline and scope; the country schools chiefly in view.

Superintendent J. W. Linscott, 20 minutes.

(a) How may County Boards of Education arrange the course of study so as to adapt it to different schools having from one to eight teachers each.

Superintendent Charles J. Walker, 20 minutes.

(b) Home study and observance of the law as stipulated in Section 1665 of the Political Code.

Superintendent S. D. Waterman, 20 minutes.

Discussion: Superintendents McLane, Graham, Scott, Wright, Miss Richards, Miss Nangle, 5 minutes each.

General discussion.

AFTERNOON.

1. Promotions and graduation—county.

(a) Shall promotions be made when the work is completed, or at the end of the term?

Superintendent Miss Lillie Laugenour, 10 minutes.

(b) How shall a uniform standard be secured? Shall fitness for promotion be left entirely to the teacher?

Superintendent J. H. Strine, 15 minutes.

(c) If the graduating class or any grade for promotion is to be examined by the County Superintendent or County Board of Education, how remove from the teacher temptation to neglect classes not so examined?

Superintendent T. O. Crawford, 15 minutes.

(d) If promotion be left entirely to teacher, how protect her from unjust criticism of parents?

Superintendent Mrs. S. E. Peart, 10 minutes.

Discussion: Superintendents Dunn, Imrie, Crookshanks, Morgan, Gordon, Kline, Waters, Grove, Phalin, Haycock, 5 minutes each.

General discussion.

THURSDAY, MAY 8.

MORNING.

1. Compulsory school attendance.

Superintendent J. W. McClymonds, 15 minutes.

(a) Some difficulties to be met in enforcing a school-attendance law in the country.

Superintendent R. H. Dunn, 15 minutes.

Discussion: Superintendents Webster, Erlewine, Russell, Doyle, Miss Williams, Frank Hyatt, 5 minutes each.

General discussion.

2. Departmental work; its advantages and disadvantages.

Superintendent C. C. Hughes, 15 minutes.

Discussion: Superintendents Davidson, Nelson, Wilson, Miss Bahr, Hohfeld, Barr, Cox, Childress, 5 minutes each.

General discussion.

3. Educational notes and observations made during attendance at National Convention of Superintendents recently held in Chicago.

Superintendent James A. Foshay.

AFTERNOON.

1. Is consolidation of school districts and transportation of pupils to a central school practical in California at the present time? Is it the remedy for small attendance in the sparsely settled portions of the State.

Superintendent Hugh J. Baldwin, 15 minutes.

Discussion: Superintendents Freman, Crawford, Brown, Edwards, Miss Coulter, 5 minutes each.

2. Important needs or changes to be asked for in the School Law. Report of committee to whom the matter is by this outline of program specially referred. (The committee will have frequent evening meetings during the convention and will receive resolutions from those having special suggestions to make.)

Superintendents McClymonds, Linscott, Barr, Furlong, Sackett, Webster, Rogers, Crookshanks, Howard, Chipman, Miss Coulter, McLane, McVey, Miss Fox, Miss Persons, Miss Neddenriep, Miss Finane.

General discussion.

Final resolutions.

At the close of the convention the following resolutions were adopted:

The County and City Superintendents of the State of California in biennial convention assembled, resolve as follows:

WHEREAS, We believe there is urgent need for better text-books than are at present in use in the elementary schools of California; therefore, be it

Resolved, That we recommend that the Legislature of the State of California give to the State Board of Education the power and means to provide a better series of school text-books.

WHEREAS, It is the sense of this convention that the plan of the present meeting is a great improvement upon that of previous sessions of the Biennial Convention, and that we furthermore believe that much good will come of the free discussion of school problems by the City and County Superintendents; therefore, be it

Resolved, That we congratulate State Superintendent Kirk upon the success of the present meeting and the change of program, and we recommend that future Biennial Conventions be conducted along somewhat the same lines.

WHEREAS, The law makes it our duty to attend and take part in the Biennial Conventions; therefore, be it

Resolved, That we, the County and City Superintendents, owe the same allegiance and hearty cooperation to the State Superintendent as the teachers owe to us in institute work.

In view of the vital importance to the educational interests of the State of Constitutional Amendment No. 4, permitting State aid to secondary schools, be it

Resolved, That we re-indorse said proposed amendment and pledge our aid and support to secure its adoption.

Inasmuch as it is of vital importance for the increased efficiency of our high schools, the colleges of the masses, that the amendment granting recognition and State aid to

the high school should be ratified by the people; and whereas, a definite understanding as to the relations existing between the secondary schools and the University is necessary in order that the proposed amendment may receive the support of the people, be it

Resolved, That if the system of accrediting high schools be continued, we are in favor of such changes as will permit of a greater individuality in the development of the high schools of the State.

Resolved, That this resolution be communicated to the University.

I would iterate in part the foregoing resolutions of the County and City Superintendents and give as my opinion that there are three permanent measures affecting public school work upon which legislation is greatly needed at the present time. They are:

First—The requisite authority and the necessary means for securing improved school text-books for primary and grammar schools;

Second—Adoption of a conservative but adequate compulsory school-attendance law;

Third—If Constitutional Amendment No. 4 be adopted, as now anticipated, a measure determining how a fund shall be provided and how equitably distributed in aid of high schools.

TEACHERS' CERTIFICATION.

The law upon the certification of teachers, as expressed in sections of the Political Code which were more or less amended by the Legislature of 1901, appears to be working satisfactorily. The standard of qualification has by the law been conservatively raised, and while provision still remains for certification without professional training in a teachers' training school, it rightly encourages those who aspire to teach to take the course either in normal schools or in teachers' colleges. The State supports five free normal schools and provides a free teachers' college, the department of education in the State University. I have yet to learn of any hardship to schools or scarcity of teachers resulting from but one instead of two examinations a year for teachers' certificates by County Boards, nor do I think the State or the teaching force has suffered or is likely to suffer from doing away with the primary certificate. The plan of granting high school certificates on credentials only is yet experimental. The provision for meeting special cases by the State Board has given this office greatly increased correspondence, not to mention other extra work and worry. It has added at least twenty per cent more work to this office. When the law has become more generally understood its operation may proceed more smoothly. I am of the opinion that sooner or later it will be necessary to provide in some manner for high school certification by examination, but I am confident that it would be a backward step to return to the old law that

vested such examination in all the County Boards. A majority of County Boards do not feel prepared for it and do not desire it. If a specially created high school certificating board, not the State Board, could be provided without costing the State too much I should highly favor it.

STATE EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS.

In pages which follow will be found reports from County School Superintendents and City Superintendents upon enrollment, attendance, cost of maintenance, teachers, and sundry items regarding primary, grammar, and high schools in the several counties and in the principal cities separately; also reports from the presidents of our five State Normal Schools. These explain themselves. Concerning our State University, I have taken a few excerpts from an article by President Benjamin Ide Wheeler, recently published in one of the State magazines:

In 1892-93 the total number of students in the colleges at Berkeley was 650; this year, a decennium later, it will be about 2,800. The total enrollment of all the schools of the University will approach 4,500. In 1898 the number of "regular" freshmen, *i. e.*, freshmen admitted without conditions, was 333; in 1902 it is 672. The number has doubled in four years.

Statistics gathered by the Harvard Graduates' Magazine and published last autumn showed that the University of California was the most rapidly growing university in the country. As this growth has taken place in the face of steadily increasing rigidity of requirements, and without any stimulus from advertising or solicitation, it must surely be interpreted to represent a tendency of such tremendous power as to promise in the outlook for even the near future the assemblage at Berkeley of the largest body of students in the land. Already the University stands second to Harvard in the enrollment of undergraduate students. * * * Numbers, however, do not make a great university. If the increase of recent years had come about at the expense of the standards of preparation, or if it had involved a decadence in the standard of instruction, it would have meant decay and not growth. * * * Protection must be sought in a rapid enlargement of the teaching force. * * * The selection and maintenance of a faculty is the most serious responsibility resting upon the management of a university. * * *

The development of the modern university is marked by a closer articulation with the needs of actual life. This is effected by the creation of differentiated departments of study corresponding to differentiations and specializations rapidly arising among human activities. * * * During the past two years, and particularly in the past year, in response to the encouragement given by the last Legislature, various departments have been expanded and some new ones created. The work in irrigation, under the charge of Professor Elwood Mead and J. M. Wilson, has been already of significant value to the State. The establishment of a course in dairying, under Professor Leroy Anderson, who has called to his assistance for the instruction given in the "short course" in the subject several trained men from the best dairies of the State, has recognized an industry of great prospective as well as present importance to the State and filled an undoubted lack in our agricultural instruction. The appointment of Dr. A. R. Ward as veterinarian adds to the effectiveness of this department. A dairy barn has been built on the grounds back of the University and is now being equipped with herd, etc. Professor G. W. Shaw, a new appointee of this year, has opened an entirely new line of work in connection with the beet-sugar industry, and for him has been equipped a special laboratory for instruction and research.

Increased appropriations for the Mechanical Engineering Department have made possible an improvement of the work in thermodynamics, both by additional instruction and improved equipment, and by the creation of a subdepartment for hydraulics and hydrodynamics, for which a new laboratory has been equipped.

The addition of Mr. J. H. Dye to the Department of Civil Engineering has made possible a new course of instruction in municipal engineering, highways, pavements, etc.

Instruction in public speaking has been provided through the appointment of Professor J. A. Winans, of Cornell.

The work of the School of Commerce has been greatly strengthened by the creation of a separate Department of Political Economy and Finance and the appointment of Professor A. C. Miller, of Chicago University, as its head.

A new and strong departure has been made in the establishment of a department of university extension, with Professor H. Morse Stephens, formerly of Oxford (England), and late of Cornell, as its director. Centers for this work will be established the first year at seven different places in the State, and the number gradually increased as support and attendance warrant.

The work in English composition has been reorganized, and through the addition to the staff of Professor Wells of Yale new impetus and efficiency brought to it.

The annual appropriation for the purchase of books for the library has been raised through private gifts and provision from the general funds from slightly over \$3,000 to about \$25,000.

The summer session has been in existence now for three summers, with steadily increasing attendance and usefulness. This year the attendance was about eight hundred and thirty.

Much-needed reinforcement of the teaching force in chemistry, German, Romanic languages, Latin, mathematics, physics, and jurisprudence has been provided.

The scientific work upon which medical study is based has been enormously bettered, to a large extent newly created by the provision of first-rate instruction in pathology and in anatomy and histology, and by the equipment of laboratories in these branches. The laboratories we owe to the generosity of Mrs. Hearst.

Partial provision has also been made for physiology in the setting aside of \$5,000 for this subject in this year's budget, and in the gift of Dr. M. Herzstein (\$8,000) for the equipment of a laboratory.

I also quote from the same magazine some items of interest concerning the State University in an article contributed by Mr. Victor Henderson, private secretary of President Wheeler:

The University of California, vigorous young giant of the West, has to-day more undergraduates than any other university in the United States, save Harvard alone. It is growing in numbers far more rapidly than any of its compeers. In twelve years its academic attendance has increased more than sixfold.

Tuition is wholly free. Women stand on equal terms with men. The entrance requirements are stringent, the supervision of work exacting, and the standard for graduation so jealously guarded that a degree from California is valued with the best.

The University sprang from the non-sectarian College of California, incorporated in 1855 by a little knot of clergymen and public-spirited citizens, themselves college-bred, and lovers of the best things, who wished to see the old ideals of culture made a guiding force in the development of the new commonwealth. In 1868 the University of California, chartered by the State, took over the lands, the faculty, and the traditions of the College of California. March 23d, the day the charter was signed by Governor Haight, is now an annual university festival. In 1873, during the presidency of Daniel Coit Gilman, now President of the Carnegie Institution, and until recently President of the Johns Hopkins University, the present site in Berkeley was occupied.

From the healthy roots of the old-time classical course of the College of California, the University has towered and branched until to-day it has over two thousand four hundred and seventy graduate and undergraduate students in Berkeley, enrolled in the nine colleges of letters, social sciences, natural sciences, commerce, agriculture, mechanics, mining, civil engineering, chemistry, and seven hundred more in the

affiliated colleges, in San Francisco, of law, medicine, dentistry, and pharmacy and the school of art and design. The art school is housed in the Mark Hopkins Institute of Art, presented by Edward F. Searles, and the departments of medicine, dentistry, and pharmacy occupy fine stone buildings recently erected by the State on a commanding location overlooking Golden Gate Park and the ocean. On Mount Hamilton is the Lick Astronomical Department, which, together with the Harvard Observatory, is said by Professor Simon Newcomb almost to have put a new face on astronomical science; and in San Francisco is the well-endowed Wilmerding Trades School, not a part of the University, but a promising ward whose care was intrusted by J. Clute Wilmerding to the Regents.

Berkeley is a reposeful town of fifteen thousand people, full of pleasant gardens and well-grown trees. The town slopes gently back from San Francisco bay for three miles to the base of a range of lofty hills. Westward, Berkeley looks across the wide stretches of the bay, with its rugged islands and encircling rim of blue mountains, past San Francisco and its crowded shipping, and straight on through the Golden Gate out upon the Pacific.

The University domain of two hundred and sixty acres lies under the shadow of Grizzly Peak, the culminating summit of all the country round. Two small water-courses issue from deep, ferny cañons in the hills, and meeting, flow across the University grounds, winding through a noble grove of oaks.

The climate is too good to be true—equable, mild, and fair, tempered with the sea breeze, with just enough of rain and assurance that showers seldom come unawares. Once in many years snow lies for a few hours on the summits of the hills. He who wishes a reminder of Eastern seasons may on any clear winter day climb to Bald Peak, two miles distant from the campus, and look upon the gleaming eastern wall of the great interior valley of California—the snow-covered Sierra, their nearest summits a hundred and fifty miles away.

The buildings are unworthy of the University and of the site, but the architectural movement inaugurated by Mrs. Phœbe A. Hearst will eventually set this right. The principal buildings are South Hall, North Hall, built a quarter of a century ago of native woods; the Bacon Library, overcrowded by its ninety thousand volumes; East Hall, the Students' Observatory, the Philosophy, Botany, Chemistry, Agricultural, Mining and Civil Engineering and Mechanical Engineering buildings; Hearst Hall—a model women's gymnasium, and the Harmon Gymnasium, which is also used as an auditorium, and seats twenty-three hundred people. There are, besides, a conservatory, a viticultural laboratory, seedhouses, shops, an athletic field and cinder path, botanical gardens, an agricultural experiment station, and various other adjuncts. A stone mansion is now in process of erection on the campus as a permanent residence for the President.

There is much good equipment, large laboratories, interesting scientific collections in botany, zoölogy, palæontology, mineralogy, geology, chemistry, ethnology, and agriculture. The system of agricultural experiment stations is important. The library is inadequate, and the growth and usefulness of the museum are seriously hampered by the lack of a proper building. * * *

Internally the University is fortunate and healthy. Its student spirit is most loyal, and in the faculty there is hearty coöperation and faith in the future.

The charter vests the government of the University in a board of twenty-three regents, sixteen appointed in rotation for sixteen years and seven serving ex officio—the Governor, the Lieutenant-Governor, the State Superintendent of Public Instruction, the Speaker of the Assembly, the President of the State Agricultural Society, the President of the Mechanics' Institute, and the President of the University.

The President of the University, Benjamin Ide Wheeler, Ph.D., LL.D., was called to his present position in June, 1899, from Cornell University, where for twelve years he had been professor of Greek and comparative philology. He was professor of Greek in the American School in Athens in 1895-96. As the author of "Analogy and the Scope of Its Application in Language," "The Greek Noun Accent," and many contributions to the literature of linguistics and comparative philology, he enjoys a wide scientific reputation; and as the author of "Alexander the Great," "Dionysos and Immortality," "The Seven Wonders of the World," and of frequent articles in the

literary magazines, his work is familiar to the general reader. President Wheeler graduated from Brown in 1875, took his Ph.D. at Heidelberg, Germany, has received the degree of LL.D. from Harvard, Yale, Johns Hopkins, Princeton, and Brown, and is a corresponding member of the Kaiserlich Archæologisches Institut. He has the loyal support and affection of the students, the State has completest confidence in his proved strength, and with all forces combined to aid him he is bringing new vigor and usefulness into the life of the University.

The faculty numbers many scholars of ripe experience, wisdom, and power. * * *

The situation of the University by the Golden Gate, one of the great world highways, brings constantly visitors of importance to its doors. Scholars come frequently from other universities for lecture courses. The summer session of the University has become truly national in scope. The enrollment for the summer session of 1902 exceeded the enrollment for the summer session in that year of any other American university save only of Harvard. The summer faculty consists in large part of scholars of the first rank invited to come to Berkeley for the summer session. The leading American universities are represented. No other American university has developed its summer session in this very unique and significant manner.

During the recent summer session, June 26 to August 6, 1902, instruction was offered in philosophy, education, history, and political science, political economy, Greek, Latin, English, German, French, Spanish, Italian, art, library science, mathematics, physics, chemistry, botany, mineralogy, agriculture, forestry, irrigation and physical culture. * * *

The University is in close touch with the life and needs of the State. Its relation to the high schools and to elementary education is particularly intimate and helpful. The new College of Commerce promises much usefulness. In agriculture the University has performed great services, and its departments of irrigation and of dairy husbandry, just established, and its proposed school of forestry, will respond to vital California needs. The rapid development of American relations with the Orient has brought new opportunities to the University. Many of its alumni have been called to China, Japan, the Philippines, Guam, New Zealand, and the Hawaiian Islands, as teachers, engineers, chemists, and public officials, and this call will grow constantly more imperative. Nine Chinese students are at work in the University as holders of scholarships from the Chinese Government, and a number of Filipinos, Japanese, and Hindus are studying at Berkeley. * * *

The moral tone of the University is high; the standards of its student publications and of its debating excellent; its athletic sentiment clean and honorable; and in the air of the campus breathe freedom, hope, and a love of that higher culture which befits the spot honored and entrusted with Bishop Berkeley's name.

STANFORD UNIVERSITY.

I am pleased to call attention to the report asked for and received from the authorities of Leland Stanford Junior University, herein published. The friends of public education in California may well feel proud of the great institution at Palo Alto, supported by private means, as well as of the one supported by the State at Berkeley.

ORPHAN SCHOOLS THAT RECEIVE STATE AID.

It is made the duty of the State Superintendent of Public Instruction, under the law, to visit orphan schools and asylums that are supported in whole or in part by moneys received from the State. There are at the present time forty institutions in the State that have in charge orphans, half orphans, abandoned children, and foundlings, and which

regularly receive money from the State treasury—\$75 per annum for every half orphan and \$100 for every whole orphan, paid quarterly. The money thus paid out during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1902, amounted to \$360,878.01.

I have during the past two years visited all of these institutions and, so far as time permitted, looked into their management, particularly in reference to the means and attention devoted to the educational training of the children, and I have found few things to criticise or condemn, but much to approve and commend. The visitor to these institutions may observe and learn things that will touch his heart and awaken his tenderest sympathies.

Too much credit can not be given to the kind-hearted, unselfish women and men, most of them women, who are devoting their lives to the care and comfort of the multitudes of children that from various causes have been deprived of one or both parents, or, worse still, in many cases have been abandoned by parents and left as waifs upon the streets. Little girls thus unfortunately left are gathered into these homes, and surrounded by elevating influences are developing into respectable womanhood. Boys which, in some instances if left to the natural tendency of their inherited environment, ignorance and crime, are being saved and taught the way that leads to good citizenship.

The children of some of these orphan homes attend the public school of the district wherein the orphanage is located; of others, from the preference of those in charge, the educational training is given within the institution. Certainly with the chief purpose in view and the ends being so well accomplished, that of saving to the State and to society so large a class of its unfortunate children, no room is left for controversy over the details of method in carrying on the work, and in my judgment the amount of money thus expended by the State is well and profitably invested.

REPORTS FROM CITY SCHOOLS.

In addition to the reports from the various counties which include the cities within their borders, I have, for the purpose of comparison, obtained and herein submit reports from all cities of the State that have a City Superintendent or supervising principal and a Board of Education.

Most respectfully submitted.

THOMAS J. KIRK,
State Superintendent of Public Instruction.

STATE SUPERINTENDENTS OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION

FROM THE ORGANIZATION OF THE STATE GOVERNMENT.

Name.	Elected.	Took Office.
John G. Marvin	Oct. 7, 1850	Jan. 1, 1851
Paul K. Hubbs	Sept. 7, 1853	Jan. 1, 1854
Andrew J. Moulder	Nov. 4, 1856	Jan. 1, 1857
Andrew J. Moulder (second term)	Sept. 7, 1859	Jan. 2, 1860
John Swett	Sept. 3, 1862	Jan. 1, 1863
John Swett (second term)	Oct. 21, 1863	Dec. 1, 1863
O. P. Fitzgerald	Oct. 16, 1867	Dec. 1, 1867
H. N. Bolander	Oct. 18, 1871	Dec. 1, 1871
Ezra S. Carr	Oct. 20, 1875	Dec. 1, 1875
F. M. Campbell	Sept. 3, 1879	Jan. 5, 1880
W. T. Welcker	Nov. 7, 1882	Jan. 1, 1883
Ira G. Hoitt	Nov. 2, 1886	Jan. 3, 1887
J. W. Anderson	Nov. 4, 1890	Jan. 5, 1891
Samuel T. Black	Nov. 6, 1894	Jan. 7, 1895
* Charles T. Meredith (appointed Sept. 24, 1898)		Sept. 25, 1898
Thomas J. Kirk	Nov. 8, 1898	Jan. 3, 1899

* Appointed to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of Samuel T. Black.

CITY SUPERINTENDENTS OF SCHOOLS.

JUNE 30, 1902.

City.	County.	Name of Superintendent.
Alameda	Alameda	C. C. Hughes
Berkeley	Alameda	S. D. Waterman
Eureka	Humboldt	A. C. Barker
Fresno	Fresno	C. L. McLane
Los Angeles	Los Angeles	James A. Foshay
Marysville	Yuba	James A. Scott
Oakland	Alameda	J. W. McClymonds
Pasadena	Los Angeles	James D. Graham
Pomona	Los Angeles	Frank H. Hyatt
Sacramento	Sacramento	O. W. Erlewine
Salinas City	Monterey	C. C. Hill
San Bernardino	San Bernardino	Lulu Claire Bahr
San Diego	San Diego	F. P. Davidson
San José	Santa Clara	A. E. Shumate
Santa Barbara	Santa Barbara	W. L. Wilson
Santa Rosa	Sonoma	E. M. Cox
Stockton	San Joaquin	James A. Barr
Tulare	Tulare	C. J. Walker

COUNTY SUPERINTENDENTS OF SCHOOLS.

TERM, 1899-1903.

County.	Name.	Address.
Alameda	T. O. Crawford	Oakland.
Alpine	Mary Neddenriep	Fredericksburg.
Amador	George A. Gordon	Jackson.
Butte	R. H. Dunn	Oroville.
Calaveras	John Waters	San Andreas.
Colusa	Lillie Laugenour	Colusa.
Contra Costa	A. M. Phalin	Martinez.
Del Norte	John N. McVay	Smith River.
El Dorado	T. E. McCarty	Placerville.
Fresno	* Giles N. Freman	Fresno.
Glenn	F. S. Reager	Willows.
Humboldt	James B. Brown	Eureka.
Inyo	Clay Hampton	Bishop.
Kern	W. C. Doub	Bakersfield.
Kings	J. W. Graham	Hanford.
Lake	Chas. W. Haycock	Lakeport.
Lassen	O. M. Doyle	Janesville.
Los Angeles	J. H. Strine	Los Angeles.
Madera	Estella Bagnelle	Madera.
Marin	Robert Furlong	San Rafael.
Mariposa	Julia L. Jones	Mariposa.
Mendocino	J. F. Barbee	Ukiah.
Merced	O. W. Grove	Merced.
Modoc	Anna L. Williams	Alturas.
Mono	Cornelia Richards	Bodie.
Monterey	Mrs. J. E. Chope	Salinas City.
Napa	J. A. Imrie	Napa.
Nevada	W. J. Rogers	Nevada City.
Orange	J. P. Greeley	Santa Ana.
Placer	P. W. Smith	Auburn.
Plumas	M. P. Donnelley	Johnsville.
Riverside	Edward Hyatt	Riverside.
Sacramento	B. F. Howard	Sacramento.
San Benito	J. H. Garner	Hollister.
San Bernardino	† A. S. McPherron	San Bernardino.
San Diego	Hugh J. Baldwin	San Diego.
San Francisco	Reginald H. Webster	City Hall, San Francisco.
San Joaquin	E. B. Wright	Stockton.
San Luis Obispo	Mrs. A. S. Woods	San Luis Obispo.
San Mateo	Etta M. Tilton	Redwood City.
Santa Barbara	W. S. Edwards	Santa Barbara.
Santa Clara	L. J. Chipman	San José.
Santa Cruz	J. W. Linscott	Santa Cruz.
Shasta	Margaret I. Poore	Redding.
Sierra	Josie Finane	Forest City.
Siskiyou	Effie Persons	Yreka.
Solano	D. H. White	Fairfield.
Sonoma	Minnie Coulter	Santa Rosa.
Stanislaus	J. A. Wagener	Modesto.
Sutter	C. G. Kline	Yuba City.
Tehama	† Lena K. Nangle	Red Bluff.
Trinity	Lizzie H. Fox	Weaverville.
Tulare	S. A. Crookshanks	Visalia.
Tuolumne	G. P. Morgan	Columbia.
Ventura	Geo. L. Sackett	Ventura.
Yolo	Mrs. S. E. Peart	Woodland.
Yuba	James A. Scott	Marysville.

* Appointed on resignation of George S. Ramsay.

† Appointed on resignation of Lulu C. Bahr.

‡ Appointed on resignation of Mollie Owens.

LIST OF COUNTY SUPERINTENDENTS

SINCE 1880.

Counties.	1880-83.	1883-87.	1887-91.	1891-95.	1895-99.	1899-1903.
Alameda	Jewett C. Gilson	P. M. Fisher	P. M. Fisher	George W. Frick	J. P. Garlick	T. O. Crawford.
Alpine	P. W. Parker	Mrs. Anna M. Arnott	Mrs. Harriet A. Grover	Mrs. Anna M. Arnott	Mrs. Harriet A. Grover	Mary Neddieriep.
Amador	L. Miller	Joseph F. Chandler	George F. Mack	George F. Mack	George F. Mack	George A. Gordon.
Butte	Jesse Wood	David W. Braddock	David W. Braddock	G. H. Stout	G. H. Stout	R. H. Dunn.
Calaveras	T. G. Peachy	Charles R. Beal	Wm. M. Nuner, Jr.	Wm. M. Nuner, Jr.	E. F. Floyd	John Waters.
Colusa	Samuel Houchins	J. L. Wilson	J. L. Wilson	Mrs. H. L. Wilson	Mrs. H. L. Wilson	Lillie Laugenour.
Contra Costa	A. A. Bailey	A. A. Bailey	W. A. Kirkwood	W. A. Kirkwood	A. M. Phalin	A. M. Phalin.
Del Norte	John Miller	W. H. Jeter	Mrs. S. G. Wright	Mrs. S. G. Wright	David Leishman	John N. McVay.
El Dorado	Charles E. Markham	Charles E. Markham	C. B. Wakefield	C. B. Wakefield	T. E. McCarty	T. E. McCarty.
Fresno	R. H. Bramlet	B. A. Hawkins	B. A. Hawkins	Thomas J. Kirk	Thomas J. Kirk	Geo. S. Ramsay; Giles N. Fremant.
Glenn				W. M. Finch	William M. Finch	F. S. Reager.
Humboldt	J. B. Casterlin	Neil S. Phelps	J. B. Brown	J. B. Brown	J. B. Brown	James B. Brown.
Inyo	J. W. Symmes	Charles H. Groves	J. H. Shannon	J. H. Shannon	S. W. Austin	Clay Hampton.
Kern	F. S. Wallace	A. B. McPherson	Alfred Harrell	Alfred Harrell	Alfred Harrell	W. C. Doub.
Kings				C. A. McCourt	J. W. Graham	J. W. Graham.
Lake	Mack Mathews	Mack Mathews	James H. Renfro	Mrs. E. K. Harrington	Mrs. E. K. Harrington	Chas. W. Haycock.
Lassen	W. R. Schooler	Eugene A. Williams	Miss Myra A. Parks	Mrs. M. P. Woodin	O. M. Doyle	O. M. Doyle.
Los Angeles	John W. Hinton	John W. Hinton	W. W. Seaman	W. W. Seaman	Spurgeon V. Riley	J. H. Strine.
Madera				B. A. Hawkins	B. A. Hawkins	Estella Bagnelle.
Marin	S. M. Augustine	Adelbert E. Kellogg	Robert Furlong	Robert Furlong	Robert Furlong	Robert Furlong.
Mariposa	Wm. D. Egenhoff	Wm. D. Egenhoff	Mrs. Wm. D. Egenhoff	Mrs. Wm. D. Egenhoff	Julia L. Jones	Julia L. Jones.
Mendocino	James R. Thomas	John C. Ruddock	W. K. Dillingham	Mrs. W. K. Dillingham	George H. Rhodes	J. F. Barbee.
Merced	E. T. Dixon	E. T. Dixon	J. A. Norvell	J. A. Norvell	O. W. Grove	O. W. Grove.
Modoc	E. P. Grubbs	Mrs. Alice Welch	Mrs. Alice Welch	Mrs. A. Vernon	Anna L. Williams	Anna L. Williams.
Mono	Mrs. C. W. Sullivan	Miss Naomi Angell	Clay Hampton	Cornelia Richards	Cornelia Richards	Cornelia Richards.
Monterey	S. M. Shearer	M. J. Smeltzer	Job Wood, Jr.	Job Wood, Jr.	Job Wood, Jr.	Mrs. J. E. Choje.
Napa	C. M. Walker	John L. Shearer	F. G. Huskey	Annie E. Dixon	Kate Ames	J. A. Imrie.
Nevada	John T. Wickes	A. J. Tiffany	A. J. Tiffany	W. J. Rogers	W. J. Rogers	W. J. Rogers.
Orange			J. P. Greeley	J. P. Greeley	J. P. Greeley	J. P. Greeley.

LIST OF COUNTY SUPERINTENDENTS SINCE 1880—CONTINUED.

Counties.	1880-83.	1883-87.	1887-91.	1891-95.	1895-99.	1899-1903.
Placer	O. F. Seavey	O. F. Seavey	R. F. Burns	O. F. Seavey	P. W. Smith	P. W. Smith.
Plumas	F. G. Hail	Geo. E. Houghton	B. R. Foss	B. R. Foss; D. C. Reed; Katie L. Mullen.	Mrs. Katie L. Donnelley	M. P. Donnelley.
Riverside	Charles E. Bishop	Charles E. Bishop	B. F. Howard	Lyman Gregory	Edward Hyatt	Edward Hyatt.
Sacramento	J. N. Thompson	J. N. Thompson	J. N. Thompson	J. N. Thompson	B. F. Howard	B. F. Howard.
San Benito	J. A. Rossau	Henry C. Brooke	Henry C. Brooke	G. W. Beattie.	J. H. Garner	J. H. Garner.
San Bernardino	Geo. N. Hitchcock	Rufus D. Butler	Rufus D. Butler	Harr Wagner	Margaret M. Mogueau	Lulu Clair Barr; † A. S. McPherson.
San Diego	John Ward Taylor	A. J. Moulder	J. W. Anderson	John Swett	W. J. Bailey	Hugh J. Baldwin.
San Francisco	C. M. Keniston	James Sellinger	George Goodell	George Goodell	* A. J. Moulder; Madison Babcock	Reg'd H. Webster.
San Joaquin	John F. Beckett	J. M. Felts	W. M. Armstrong	W. M. Armstrong	George Goodell	E. B. Wright.
San Luis Obispo.	G. P. Hartley	G. P. Hartley	J. F. Utter	J. F. Utter	N. Messer	Mrs. A. C. S. Woods.
San Mateo	G. E. Thurmond	G. E. Thurmond	G. E. Thurmond	G. E. Thurmond	Etta M. Tilton	Etta M. Tilton.
Santa Barbara	L. J. Chipman	L. J. Chipman	L. J. Chipman	L. J. Chipman	G. E. Thurmond	W. S. Edwards.
Santa Clara	W. H. Hobbs	John W. Linscott	John W. Linscott	John W. Linscott	L. J. Chipman	L. J. Chipman.
Santa Cruz	Mrs. D. M. Coleman	Mrs. D. M. Coleman	Miss E. G. Welch	Mrs. E. G. Logan	John W. Linscott	John W. Linscott.
Shasta	J. S. Wixson	J. S. Wixson	E. L. Case	T. J. McGrath	Mrs. M. E. Dittmar	Margaret I. Poore.
Sierra	H. A. Morse	H. A. Morse	C. O. Sharpe	John Kennedy	F. H. Turner	Josie Finane.
Siskiyou	Albert W. Sutphen	C. B. Webster	C. B. Webster	John Kennedy	C. S. Smith	Effie Persons.
Solano	Charles S. Smyth	Charles S. Smyth	Mrs. F. McG. Martin	Mrs. F. McG. Martin	A. P. Sanborn	D. H. White.
Sonoma	W. H. Robinson	W. S. Chase	W. B. Howard	W. B. Howard	E. W. Davis	Minnie Coulter.
Stanislaus	F. W. Emerson	M. C. Clark	G. B. Lyman	A. B. Coffey	J. A. Wagener	J. A. Wagener.
Tehama	Myron Yager	Myron Yager	L. W. Valentine	Belle Miller	C. G. Kline	C. G. Kline.
Trinity	G. E. Noonan	Horace R. Given	Horace R. Given	George E. Noonan	O. E. Graves	Mollie Owens; † Lena K. Nangle.
Tulare	W. J. Ellis	Charles H. Murphy	Charles H. Murphy	S. A. Crookshanks	Lizzie H. Fox	Lizzie H. Fox.
Tuolumne	John T. Murnan	John T. Murnan	G. P. Morgan	G. P. Morgan	J. S. McPhail	S. A. Crookshanks.
Ventura	D. D. DeNure	Charles T. Meredith	Charles T. Meredith	S. T. Black	G. P. Morgan	G. P. Morgan.
Yolo	John W. Goin	John W. Goin	George Banks	George Banks	George L. Sackett	George L. Sackett.
Yuba	Thomas H. Steel	Frank B. Crane	Frank B. Crane	H. H. Folsom	Clara A. March	Mrs. S. E. Peart.
					James A. Scott	James A. Scott.

*Died October 14, 1895.

†Appointed.

STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION.

On January 18, 1902, the State Board of Education of the State of California adopted the following Rules and Regulations for its own guidance in the granting of Credentials for High School Certificates, and for the guidance of County, and City and County Boards of Education in granting High School Certificates:

HIGH SCHOOL CERTIFICATES.

On and after the first day of July, 1901, and until further notice, County, or City and County Boards of Education are authorized to grant High School Certificates (according to law as provided in Sections 1521 (2) (a), and 1775 (1) (a) of the Political Code of California), to graduates of the following universities:

University of California.	Leland Stanford Jr. University.
Cornell University.	Brown University.
University of Michigan.	State University of Iowa.
Johns Hopkins University.	Yale University.
University of Wisconsin.	Harvard University.
University of Nebraska.	University of Minnesota.
University of Indiana.	University of Chicago.
University of Illinois.	Clark University.
Columbia University (Teachers' College).	

Graduates of the above mentioned colleges may be granted certificates upon presentation of a recommendation from the faculty of any one of these institutions; *provided*, that such recommendation shall show that the applicant has taken courses in the theory of education, or in the actual practice of teaching, under supervision of the pedagogical faculty, equivalent to twelve hours per week for one half year; *provided*, that, after July, 1906, at least one third of the prescribed pedagogy shall consist of actual teaching in a well-equipped training school of secondary grade, directed by the department of education.

SPECIAL HIGH SCHOOL CREDENTIALS.

1. Under the provisions of Section 1521 (2) (b), and Section 1775 (1) (a), of the Political Code of the State of California, the State Board of Education may issue special credentials for high school certificates to those who have taught with decided success at least twenty-seven months as regular teachers in schools of the academic grade and character of California high schools. The success of such teachers will be determined by confidential letters and such other reliable information as the Board may be able to obtain.

2. A graduate of a college of recognized high academic standing, who has had pedagogical training equivalent to that prescribed by this Board for graduates of the University of California, and who has taught two years (twenty months) subsequent to graduation, may be granted the special high school credential, upon which a County, or a City and County Board may grant a high school certificate. The success in teaching of those making application for credentials under this provision, will be determined by confidential letters, or by any other reliable information which the Board may be able to obtain.

It will be the policy of this Board to demand high scholarship and marked skill in teaching of all successful applicants for special credentials, whether they be college graduates or not. In order that the Board may be able to satisfy itself thoroughly concerning the fitness of an applicant, ample time will be required for the necessary investigation before final action is taken. No one will be granted the special credential who is diseased, or lacking in normal bodily vigor.

3. In accord with an opinion rendered by the Attorney-General, the State Board of Education will not grant a credential for a teacher's certificate to an applicant who is not a resident of the State of California.

4. Every application for a teacher's credential under the foregoing rules must be accompanied by a reputable physician's certificate, to the effect that the applicant is in sound bodily health. This rule to be in force and effect from and after January 18, 1902.

UNIVERSITY DOCUMENTS.

The following named universities and colleges have been designated as of equal rank with the State University of California; and graduates of the same may, upon recommendation of a County, or City and County Board of Education of California, and by compliance with the rules of the State Board, be granted the University Document as provided in Subdivision 5, Section 1775 of the Political Code:

Leland Stanford Jr. University, California.
 University of Michigan, Ann Harbor, Michigan.
 Cornell University, Ithaca, New York.
 Yale University, New Haven, Connecticut.
 Harvard University, Cambridge, Massachusetts.
 University of Chicago, Chicago, Illinois.
 Columbia University (Teachers' College), New York, N. Y.

GRAMMAR SCHOOL CERTIFICATES.

ON NORMAL DIPLOMAS.

In pursuance of the requirements of Section 1775 of the Political Code of the State of California, the State Board of Education, at a meeting held on Saturday, September 14, 1901, recommended the following named Normal Schools as being of equal rank with the State Normal Schools of California, and holders of the highest grade diploma issued by these Normal Schools may be granted the grammar school certificate of California, by County, or City and County Boards of Education, without examination, as provided in the section of the law above referred to:

Arizona State Normal School, Tempe, Arizona.
 Toronto Normal School, Toronto, Canada.
 Colorado State Normal School, Greeley.
 Illinois State Normal Schools:
 Northern State Normal School, De Kalb.
 Illinois State Normal University, Normal.
 Eastern Illinois State Normal School, Charleston.
 Chicago Normal School, Chicago.
 Southern Illinois State Normal School, Carbondale.
 Indiana State Normal School, Terre Haute.
 Iowa State Normal School, Cedar Falls.
 Kansas State Normal School, Emporia.
 Louisiana State Normal School, Natchitoches, La.
 Maine State Normal School, Castine, Me.
 Massachusetts State Normal Schools:
 Bridgeport, North Adams,
 Framingham, Salem,
 Fitchburg, Westfield,
 Hyannis, Worcester.
 Lowell,
 Michigan State Normal Schools:
 Ypsilanti,
 Mt. Pleasant,
 Marquette.
 Minnesota State Normal Schools:
 Mankato, St. Cloud,
 Moorhead, Winona.
 Missouri State Normal Schools:
 Kirksville,
 Warrensburg.
 New Jersey State Normal School, Trenton.
 New York State Normal Schools:
 Potsdam, Albany,
 Oswego, Brockport,
 Cortland, Geneseo,
 Jamaica, Fredonia,
 Newpaltz, Buffalo,
 Oneonta, Plattsburgh.

Nevada State Normal School (Normal Department, Nevada University), Reno.

Rhode Island State Normal School, Providence.

Tennessee: Peabody Normal College, Nashville, Tenn.

Wisconsin State Normal Schools:

West Superior,	Oshkosh,
Milwaukee,	Platteville.

ON STATE DOCUMENTS.

Colorado—Complimentary Life Diploma only.

Idaho—Life Diploma.

Minnesota—Life Certificate.

Nevada—Life Diploma.

Ohio—Life Certificate, when obtained on forty-eight months' experience.

Oregon—Life Diploma, when obtained on sixty months' experience.

Rhode Island—Life Diploma, highest grade.

South Dakota—Life Certificate.

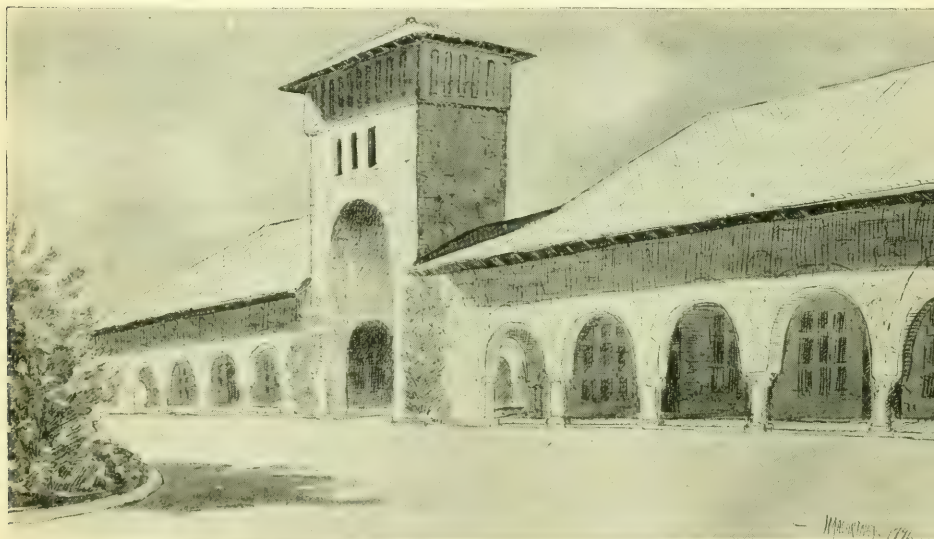
Virginia—Life Diploma.

Washington—Life Diploma.

THE LELAND STANFORD JUNIOR UNIVERSITY.

By O. L. ELLIOTT, Registrar.

The Leland Stanford Junior University was founded by the Hon. Leland Stanford and Jane Lathrop Stanford in memory of their only child, who died in 1884, in his sixteenth year. The corner-stone was

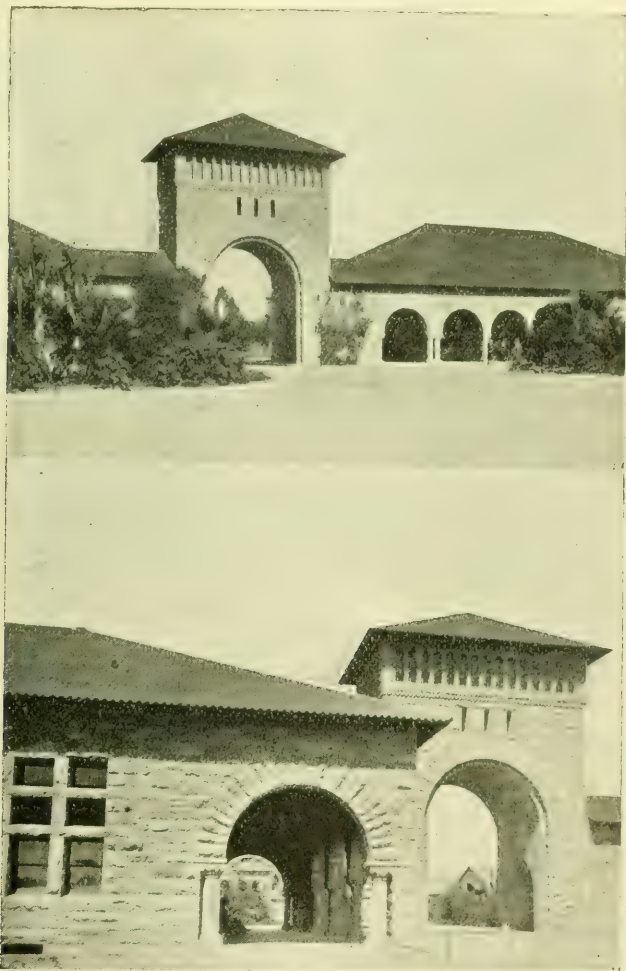


ENTRANCE TO QUADRANGLE—STANFORD UNIVERSITY.

laid May 14, 1887, and the institution formally opened to students October 1, 1891. The University is located in the Santa Clara Valley, thirty-three miles southeast of San Francisco, on the Coast Line of the Southern Pacific Railway, in one of the most attractive portions of the State. The original endowment consisted of about ninety thousand acres of land situated in the valleys of California. To this was added, by will, on the death of Mr. Stanford, two and a half million dollars. Within the last few years Mrs. Stanford has transferred to the trustees practically the entire proceeds of the Stanford estate and aggregating more than twenty millions of dollars.

The University buildings are unique in construction, consisting of an elaborate and imposing reproduction of the characteristic Mission architecture of California. They are placed in the wide, sloping plain between the Coast Range and the Santa Cruz Mountains, with the bay in front and

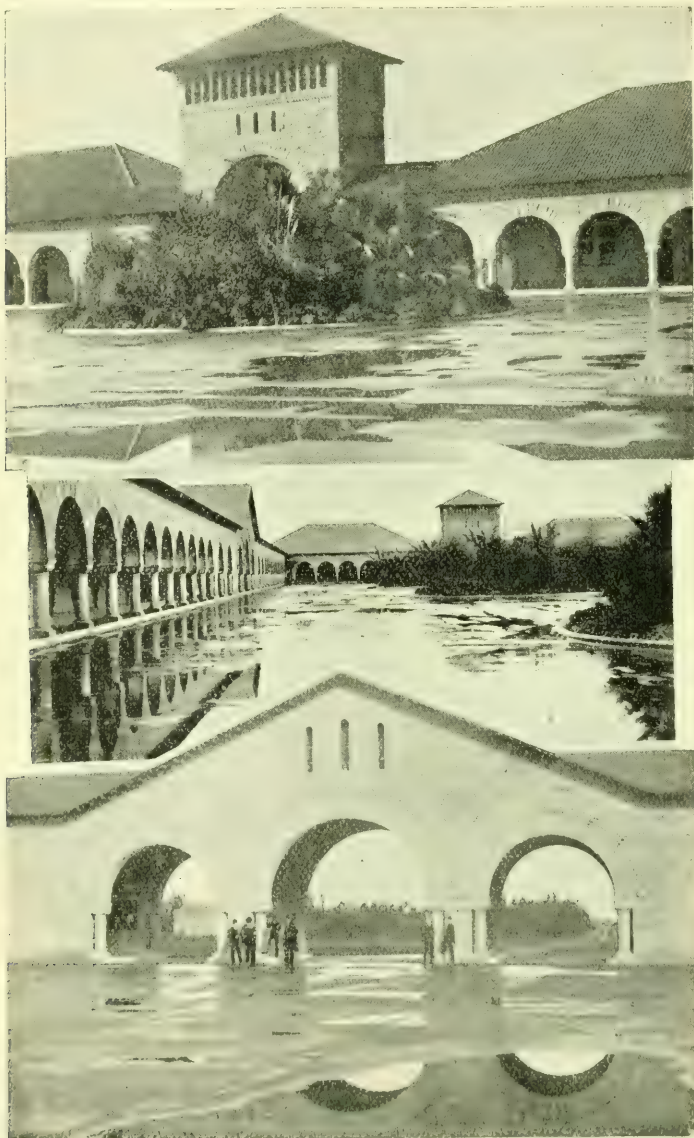
the foothills immediately in the rear. The central group of buildings constitute two quadrangles, the one entirely surrounding the other. The inner quadrangle consists of twelve one-story buildings and the Memorial Church connected by a continuous open arcade and facing a paved court 586 feet long by 246 feet wide. The buildings are of buff



EAST AND WEST ENTRANCES TO QUADRANGLE—STANFORD UNIVERSITY.

sandstone, rough hewn, and roofed with red tile. The central feature of the outer quadrangle is the Memorial Arch, 100 feet in height, 90 feet wide, and 34 feet deep, surrounded at the top by a sculptured frieze 12 feet in height, designed by Augustus St. Gaudens, and representing the Progress of Civilization in America. The fourteen buildings of the outer quadrangle are also connected by open arcades facing outward. Outside of the quadrangles are various detached buildings connected with the Engineering departments, the chemistry building, the Leland

Stanford Junior museum, containing the extensive art and archæological collections of the University, the two dormitories, Encina Hall, Roble Hall, and the gymnasiums.



QUADRANGLE IN THE RAIN—STANFORD UNIVERSITY.

The crowning architectural feature is the Memorial Church, which stands in the center of the inner quadrangle group. It is of modified Moorish-Romanesque architecture, and in the form of a cross with rounded ends. It is 190 feet in length through vestibule, nave, and

apse, and 156 feet in width through transept. The four gables of nave, transept wings, and apse are united by a twelve-sided belfry tower, whose spire rises to a height of 190 feet. The tooled stone of the inside walls is relieved by elaborate carved designs and fifteenth century mosaics of great beauty. Nineteen large stained glass windows of nave, transept, and apse, in a series of beautiful designs, illustrate the life of Christ. The seating capacity is about seventeen hundred.

In organization the institution is "a university for both sexes, with the colleges, schools, seminaries of learning, mechanical institutes, galleries of art, and all other things necessary and appropriate to a university of high degree." It embraces all the departments of art and science usually included in the modern university, together with the semi-professional departments of law and engineering. Admission to the University presupposes a four years' high school course or its equivalent. Instead of prescribing to high schools the studies which must be pursued, the University proposes, in effect, to recognize all high school studies approved by secondary schoolmen, provided they are taken up with sufficient seriousness and thoroughness. English composition alone is prescribed for admission. From a wide range of subjects carefully defined the candidate may offer, at his own option, such subjects as shall aggregate, in amount, the necessary four years' preparation. The elective system is continued in the University, with this restriction, that some one subject or department must be chosen as a major study and pursued throughout the course, the professor in charge of such study acting as the student's educational adviser in all his studies.

The single degree of Bachelor of Arts is given to all graduates.

The advanced degrees of Master of Arts, Engineer, and Doctor of Philosophy are given for resident work only, and under the conditions common to all the best universities.

The Hopkins Seaside Laboratory, at Pacific Grove, the gift of Mr. Timothy Hopkins, a trustee of the University, is an organic part of the University. It holds its sessions during the summer months, and constitutes, for the biological departments, a summer session of the University.

In 1901-02 the instructing body numbered 130 and the students 1,295.

David Starr Jordan (M.S. and LL.D., Cornell) has been President of the University since its organization.

STATE DEAF AND BLIND ASYLUM AT BERKELEY.

The School for the Deaf and the Blind at Berkeley has pursued its beneficent work successfully and prosperously since the date of our last report, though an outbreak of smallpox in the late spring of 1901 caused a loss of nearly six weeks of the academic year. With this exception, according to the report of the Principal, the health of the pupils has been good, and their intellectual progress satisfactory, in spite of inadequate appropriation for support and improvement. The lack of physical apparatus has been severely felt, for the deaf and the blind beyond all other children depend upon such visible and tangible helps in the classroom.

In June, 1901, three of the former deaf pupils of the Institution graduated at Gallaudet College, Washington, D. C.; namely, Miss Frances Norton, Miss Anna Lindstrom, and Mr. W. S. Runde; and on the 29th of July of the same year, Mr. Newell Perry, who is totally blind, took his degree of Doctor of Philosophy, *magna cum laude*, at Munich, Germany. Mr. Raymond Henderson, also blind, is now in his Junior year at the University of California, in excellent standing. These illustrations indicate the character of the work done at the school in Berkeley.

The attendance for the past two years has been as follows:

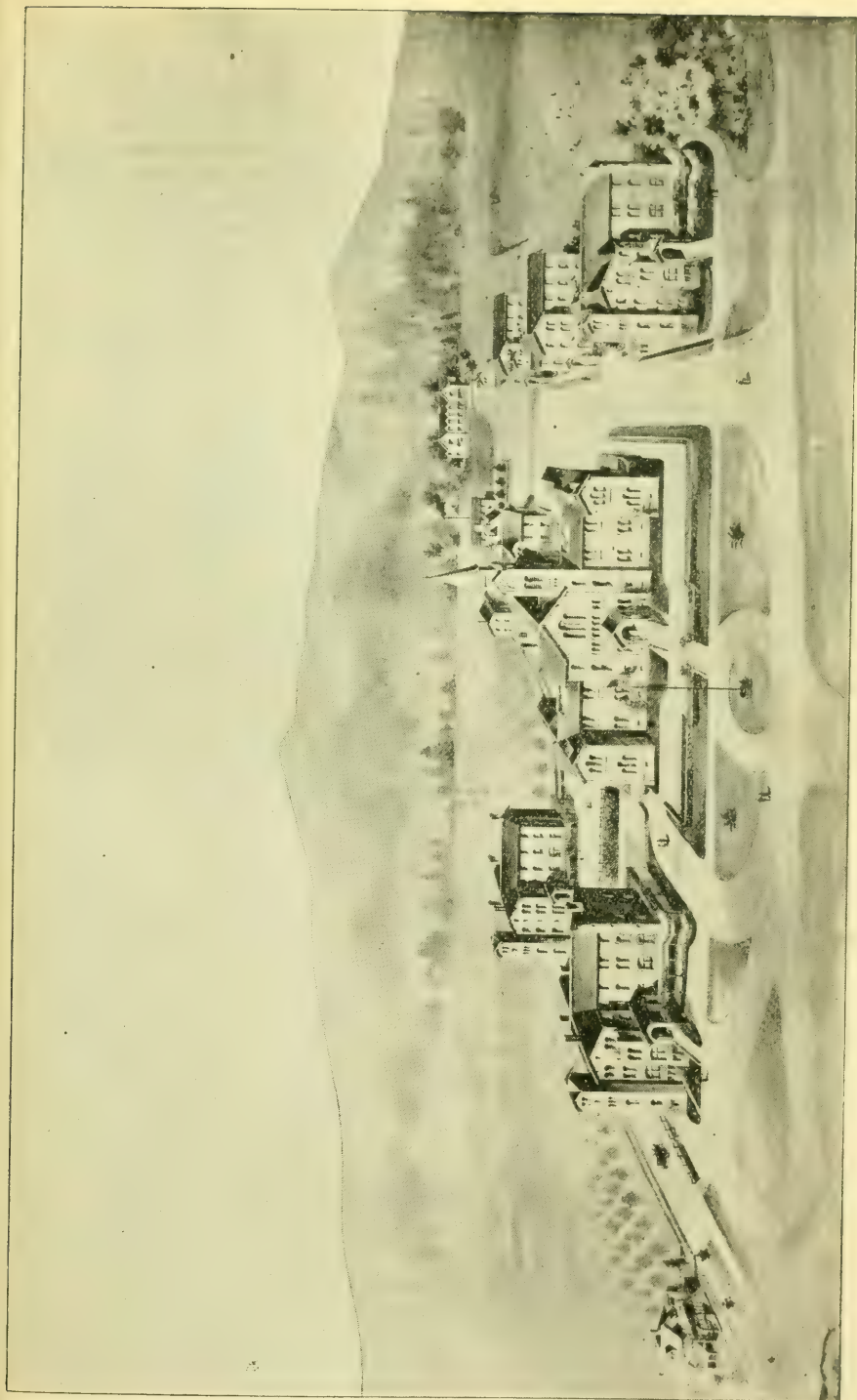
<i>For the Academic Year ending June 30, 1901.</i>		<i>For the Academic Year ending June 30, 1902.</i>	
Deaf boys.....	99	Deaf boys.....	94
Deaf girls.....	63—162	Deaf girls.....	65—159
Blind boys.....	32	Blind boys.....	42
Blind girls.....	25— 57	Blind girls.....	21— 63
Whole number.....	219	Whole number.....	222

The total cost to the State for the two years ending June 30, 1902, has been for tuition and maintenance, \$120,803.82 for 441 pupils, or a per capita of \$273.93.

There was no appropriation at the last session of the Legislature for improvements, and what has been done in that direction has been paid for out of the contingent fund.

The epidemic of last year convinced the Directors of the immediate necessity for a segregated hospital as a safeguard against the spread of any contagious disease that might hereafter occur in the Institution. The money was borrowed from certain trust funds of the Institution, and a building has just been completed which will enable the management to remove at once any case of infectious ailment from contact with other pupils. This provision for proper care of the sick will be very reassuring to parents, who may feel that no means are spared looking to the welfare and safety of their children.

On the whole, the people of California are, and have reason to be,



ASYLUM FOR THE DEAF AND THE BLIND, BERKELEY, ALAMEDA COUNTY.

proud of their State School for the Deaf and the Blind. Its grounds are beautifully kept; its buildings are admirably arranged for health, safety, and convenience; its site, fronting the Golden Gate, has no superior and few if any equals; while its officers and corps of instructors are experienced and competent. Provision for the mental, moral, and industrial training of the pupils is believed to be unsurpassed by any similar school in the country, and my own observations enable me to cordially commend its work and its management to the confidence and generous support of the Legislature soon to convene.

MANUAL TRAINING.

Report prepared by JAMES E. ADDICOTT, State Normal School, San José.

A history of the movement for manual training as a general school subject dates back to 1893, when the State Teachers' Association at Stockton—for the first time—formally discussed this subject in one of the two sections into which the association had been divided. Prof. George R. Kleeberger presided, while two strong arguments were presented by Charles H. Keyes and James E. Addicott. The fact that there were less than twenty in attendance indicated the general lack of interest in this subject at that time. The discussion which followed was both lifeless and aimless. Even with the assistance of Prof. Larsson, who talked for a full hour before the general association, explaining the value of the sloyd models, there were indefinite plans made and apparently no results.

A year later, at the Santa Cruz meeting in 1894, two able papers on manual training were read before the general association by Prof. Ardley (then of Berkeley) and Walter J. Kenyon (then of Stockton). That year a committee of seven, consisting of Charles H. Keyes, Walter J. Kenyon, Walter W. Bush, James E. Addicott, Prof. Search, Prof. S. T. Black, and Prof. Earl Barnes, was appointed to formulate a report on manual training and submit it to the association at the next meeting. As a result of the work of this committee, four short reports were read in the hearing of the whole association. The readings were followed by a prolonged and heated discussion, which, without doubt, was the most interesting part of the program at the Oakland meeting.

The committee was asked to continue its work for another year. During that year the officers of the association voted the adoption of the round-table plan, which offered the teachers of all subjects an opportunity to meet for discussion. The attendance at the manual training round-table was a surprise to all; there being about three hundred present, who listened with great interest to a program for nearly two hours. Several members of the Council of Education were present and requested, for their meeting in 1897, a special report on definite courses in manual training for all the grades. This report was read by James E. Addicott before the Council of Education in San Francisco, and adopted by them.

Owing to the fluctuating interest of the constantly changing executive committee of the State Teachers' Association, it was found necessary to effect a new organization, to carry on the work independently if necessary. However, since that time, the advice, encouragement, and kindly efforts of the different Presidents of the State Association have assisted greatly in planning exhibits and formulating programs in the interest of

manual training. Superintendent McClymonds, Richard D. Faulkner, and President Shumate have all greatly assisted in the putting of this subject before the teachers of the State.

The accompanying schedule is the result of some investigations made by Miss Annie Meachem, a graduate of the San José Normal School. It is incomplete, but the best that could be done with the data received.

The work of Miss Edna A. Rich, of Santa Barbara, deserves special mention. Miss Rich has succeeded in planning and carrying out manual training courses throughout all the grades, from the kindergarten to the high school. Sloyd, cooking, and sewing are the main courses.

The excellent training afforded by the Santa Barbara schools is due to an endowment of Miss Anna S. C. Blake, after whom the schools are named.

It is not the province of this report to include the work of private schools, but the influence of the Normal department of the Throop Polytechnic Institute, under the direction of Prof. Arthur P. Chamberlain, has spread over the whole region round about Los Angeles. This department has made possible the general adoption of the sloyd course throughout the schools in the southern part of the State.

Throop Polytechnic Institute and the San José Normal are the only institutions offering courses which prepare teachers directly for manual training in the grades. The San José Normal School offers courses in mechanical drawing, cardboard, sloyd, symmetry, cardboard mensuration, Larsson's sloyd, joinery, carving, basketry, pyrography, besides the planning of courses in the same for the district and graded schools.

MANUAL TRAINING IN SAN FRANCISCO.

CREE T. WORK, Supervisor.

In August, 1900, bench work in wood was inaugurated in the grammar grades of the San Francisco schools. As yet only the seventh and eighth grade boys have been provided for, but it is hoped that ere long the work will also be put into the lower grades. The girls take sewing and cooking.

To place the manual training work within reach of all pupils, seven laboratories, centrally located with relation to groups of grammar schools, have been equipped, in which the instruction is given by special teachers under the direction of a supervisor.

The equipment consists of individual work benches—the Larsson adjustable No. 6 bench—and individual kits of tools, there being twenty-six benches in most of the laboratories; a good assortment of general wood-working tools; several tiers of lockers for pupils' drawing pads and unfinished work, each tier being divided into individual departments 12 inches wide, 8 inches high, and 18 inches deep; racks for lumber in an adjoining lobby; etc. To this equipment are gradually being added pictures, charts, specimens, special devices and tools, reference books, etc. In the office of the supervisor is a small library of the best literature along manual training lines, both theoretical and practical. Here also are held the fortnightly meetings of the manual training teachers, at which the work is discussed, plans laid out, reports rendered, and criticisms offered.

The manual training classes vary in size from fifteen to twenty-six

THE POLYTECHNIC
HIGH SCHOOL



SAN FRANCISCO . . .
CALIFORNIA

STELLA V. WHITE
CLAY, 1903

pupils, each pupil receiving one lesson of an hour and a half per week. The work is based on the Swedish sloyd system, the useful model, rational sequence of exercises, self-help, ownership of the thing produced, etc., being duly observed. Class instruction is given in all cases where this method will economize the time of the class or the energy of the teacher. This is supplemented by individual instruction. Good class discipline is considered essential to the best intellectual discipline. Order in conduct, as well as in the care of tools and materials, is not neglected. The pupil's effort, as well as his product, is considered in determining his standing. Manual training is required work, and enters into the promotion of pupils as do other regular subjects. A system of daily, monthly, and term reports, together with the co-operation of principals and teachers concerned, unifies the work with that of the regular teacher. The models, or projects, made by pupils are so selected, designed, and arranged as to appeal to worthy interests of the workers and to arouse within them wholesome motives. The projects forming the series of work are subject to variation in size, form, sequence, material, etc., as conditions may demand, according to the teacher's judgment. Pupils are allowed to choose between projects which offer similar problems or operations. Effort is made to improve all opportunities for instruction in esthetics as well as in the principles of construction. Originality and invention are encouraged. Supplementary work is provided for pupils who work rapidly or who have especially strong talent along this line. Working drawings with pencil and simple instruments are made by copying, from rapid sketches of the object, from dictation, and directly from the object. In certain cases pupils work directly from blue prints. Talks on materials, tools, processes, etc., and demonstrations are given as incidental to the work. Specimens, devices, and blackboard sketches are freely used to give increased interest and clearness. Effort is made to point out the relation of facts and principles met with in the work to other lines of study in which pupils are interested. Practical correlation of manual training with other subjects of the curriculum is highly valued. Class drills, as in drawing, care of equipment, rapidity in certain exercises, are sometimes given. The question method is characteristic of the class discussions. The coöperative spirit in its proper relation to the individual is encouraged by allowing pupils to use materials prepared by others, to assist one another on special occasions under the instructor's supervision, to combine their efforts in producing class pieces, etc.

The manual training has been very favorably received in San Francisco, and encouraging testimonials of appreciation are frequently offered by pupils, parents, principals, and teachers. The leading educators of San Francisco, like those of the State and the entire United States, are a unit in their approval of manual training as essential to the best intellectual development and the best preparation for social living, and as worthy of recognition in the curriculum of the public schools. Along with the sifting out of non-essential features of the old curriculum has come the sifting in of manual training, which will aid materially in making the new curriculum effective in accomplishing the ends of education.

LOCATION.		INAUGURATED.		Total Num- ber of Pupils in School.	Number of Instructors in Manual Training.	No. Pupils in Manual Training.	No. Classes in Manual Training.	Grades in which Manual Training is Taught.	Lessons per Week.	Length in Months of Each Lesson.	Cost per Pupil.	EQUIPMENT.		BRANCHES OF WORK TAKEN.
County.	City or Town.	When.	Where.									Cost.	Kind.	
Alameda	Haywards							First eight High Sch'l						Metal; leather repoussé.
Fresno	Fresno	1897	Fresno	High S. 334 7 & 8 Gr. 306	1	120	6	Eight gr. required High Sch'l elective	5	40	\$10 00	\$2,500 00	20 benches, full sets tools 20 sets wood carving tools. 1 10-kilo motor, 2 lathes and tools, saws, etc.	Sloyd; joinery. Lathe work; wood carving. Mechanical drawing.
Los Angeles	Public schools State Normal Training school City Schools	Feb., 1895	Los Angeles	500 320 6,409 5,970 2,188 1,246 2,960	1 1 Regular teacher Regular teacher Regular teacher 6 and 1 supervisor	216 320 2 or 3 1st, 2d gr. 3d, 4th gr. 5th, 6th gr.	18 2 2 2 1 20	First 6 gr. All terms 1st, 2d gr. 3d, 4th gr. 5th, 6th gr. 7th, 8th gr.	2 2 2 2 1 1	45 20-30 20 20 60 90	25c. term 700 00 500 00 { Tools, \$445.60 { Stock, 282.64 75c.	Benches, tools, etc. Benches, tools, knives, scissors Tools, \$445.60 Scissors, triangles, paper Needles, thread 6 rms. \$500 per rm.	Cardboard construction. Clay modeling; paper cutting, folding; color work. Cardboard construction. Sewing. Cooking.	
Marin	Sausalito	Sept., 1900		230	2	80	4	5th, 6th, 7th, 8th gr.	1	90		70c.	12 rms. \$400 per rm.	Benches and tools Sloyd.
Monterey	Pacific Grove	Sept., 1900	Pacific Grove	200	20	20	1	9th	1	120	\$1 50	100 00		Wood work; needle work. Wood work.
Placer								1st to 8th.						Clay modeling, drawing, sloyd.
Riverside	Redlands	Sept., 1900	Kingsbury School	612	2	371	17	Wood work. 5th-8th gr Cardboard, 3d & 4th gr.	1	60	65c.-75c.	700 00	Benches, single and double vise, saws, etc. for bench wk. tools for cardboard work.	Drawing, free hand and mechanical; wax and clay modeling; paper cutting and folding, for past six years; sloyd.
San Diego	San Diego	Sept., 1890	San Diego		Reg. teacher	700		6th, 7th, 8th	1 ea.	90		1,000 00	Tools for wood work; tools sloyd work; lathes, etc. Scissors, knives, triangles.	Cardboard sloyd; wood sloyd. String work; paper work; paste- board work; reed and raffia work; bent iron.
			Training Dept. of State Normal School.	95	Student- teachers, 2 sup'vis'rs.	95	9	1st to 8th.	1-4, 5 6-8, 3 9-9, 2	20 30 45	60c.			
Santa Clara	San José	1900	Hester District	275	5	128	5	4, 5, 6, 7, 8	1	60	2c. lesson	100 00	Carpenters' tools	Sloyd; sewing; paper cutting and folding.
	San José	1900	Sunol District	238	8	238	8	1st to 8th	1	50-60		100 00	Tools and benches	Sloyd; sewing; paper cutting and folding.
Tulare	Tulare	Jan., 1902			7	377	11	1st to 9th.	1	1-7, 30 8-9, 80	15c.-25c.	322 50	Drawing tables and tools; drawing kits; cabinet; lumber rack; scissors.	Paper and card- board construction; basketry; sewing; sloyd. Paper cutting and folding; cardboard sloyd.
	Visalia	Jan., 1902			2	240	9	1st to 4th.	2	30				

Regular Manual Training Schools.

Anna R. C. Blake— (Manual Training School)...	Santa Barbara	Nov., 1891		640	1, also teach- er in sewing	55	3	8th, 9th	1	120	\$1 92	\$750 00	Full approved equipment for 16 pupils	Cooking.
(Public) ...	Santa Barbara	Dec., 1892		640	2, one is supervisor	340	15	3d to 8th	1	90	65	1,200 00	Full approved equipment for 25 pupils	Sloyd.
		Nov., 1895		640	1, also teach- er in cook'g	245	12	3d to 7th	1	90	40	500 00	Equipment for 20 pupils	Sewing.
		Nov., 1899		640	1	47	2	High School 9th to 12th	8	90		800 00	Cast, etc.	Art, drawing, etc.; High School drawing classes.
(Grade Schools) ...		Nov., 1900			1 supervisor, 16 gr. teachers	475	16	1st to 3d	1	30	657	30 00	Scissors, rulers, compasses.	Paper sloyd.

Edna A. Rich, Supervisor; Harriet Johnson, Sloyd Department; Mary A. Boyer, Domestic Science; Emily O. Lamb, Supervisor Drawing, Public and High Schools.

LOCATION.		INAUGURATED.		Total Number of Students in School.	Number of Instructors in Manual Training.	No. Pupils in Manual Training.	No. Classes in Manual Training.	Grades in which Manual Training is Taught.	Lessons per Week.	Length in Minutes of each Lesson.	Cost per Pupil.	EQUIPMENT.		BRANCHES OF WORK TAKEN.
Name.	City.	When.	Where.									Cost.	Kind.	
Polytechnic High School.....	San Francisco							3-yr course	4 or 10					Drawing. Wood work (boys) Two Industrial art (girls) double Iron work (boys) 2d yr. periods Iron work (boys) 3d yr. per day.
Teachers—Domestic Science— Horace Mann Hancock Hearst Hamilton Franklin Irving Scott Newman	San Francisco	Franklin School 1892—(Discontinued 1899, reorganized 1900). 31 schools in all.	1,200	1 supervisor, 1 substitute, 4 teachers.	1,200	65	Last half 7th, first half 8th.	1	90	1½c. per lesson.	\$2,700 00	Cooking utensils.....	Cookery.	KATE E. WHITAKER, Supervisor.
California School of Mechanical Arts.....	16th and Utah Sts., San Fran..	Deed executed 1886, established 1895.	374	6	260		Secondary, first 2 yrs.	5	Shop wk 100 Drawing 30	\$25 to \$28 \$10 materials, \$150 everyth'g	\$35,000 00			Forging, pattern making, moulding, mechanical and free-hand drawing, machine shop, cookery, sewing.
Wilmerding School	17th and Utah Sts., San Fran..	Will dated 1894; opened Jan., 1900.	130	8							17,500 00			Carpentry, cabinet making, wood carving, clay modeling, plumbing, brick laying, forge work, free hand and architectural drawing. GEORGE A. MERRILL, President.
Cogswell Polytechnic College	28th & Folsom Sts., San Fran..	Mar. 19, '87	191	7	191	10	All grades	6-8 shop work 4-10 2 4-5	45 each		\$20,000 year to run.			Joinery, turning, pattern making, foundry practice, forge work, machine shop. Free hand and mechanical drawing. Clay modeling, wood carving, fire etching. Cookery, sewing, BARTON CRUIKSHANK, President.
Throop Polytechnic Institute. Grammar School, 4 to 8 gr., Commercial School, Academy, Normal School, including Manual Training Department, Economy and Art, College.	Pasadena	1891 Pasadena	412	Specialists 30 members in faculty.	All through academy and lower grades.	All in academy, and 7th-8th gr. Lower gr.	5 5	90 45						Cardboard, weaving, etc., sloyd, wood shop work, forging and smithing, wood turning, pattern making, machine shop practice, sewing, cooking, free hand drawing, designing, mechanical drawing, wood carving, clay modeling. ARTHUR H. CHAMBERLAIN, Prin. Normal Dept.
State Normal	San José	1889 San José	500	1	142	6	2d year of course.	5	90	\$3.50 term	\$1,000 00	Benches, wood working and carving tools.	Cardboard construction, cardboard sloyd, joinery, carving, designing, wood sloyd, basketry.	
Training Department			341	Student-teachers.	341	16	All grades	2	50	45c. pri. gr. \$1 adv. gr.	Same as Normal	Department.....	Wood work, sewing, cooking, basketry, cardboard, clay work.	

* Every other day.





From all over the State come the good tidings of an ever increasing interest in this great manual training movement. California may now boast of a dozen cities offering courses in manual training, besides scores of well-trained specialists who are actively engaged in carrying on the work in our universities, normal schools, primary schools, and kindergartens.

The coöperation of leading sociologists, psychologists, and journalists is greatly influencing public opinion on this question. There is a general feeling developing that we are entering upon a new era of educational life, when the hand and the heart shall receive an equal share of attention and training with the head.

Traditional methods have handed down to us the thought that academic culture is the highest aim of the scholar. How different the progressive spirit of President Eliot's words: "It is power, not knowledge, we want!" The same thought is expressed more definitely by James P. Haney: "The end of education is to develop power—power to receive, to think, to execute, to originate. Power is gotten from exercise, not from directions. Knowledge alone is not power; to be potent it must be power in use."

Among the resolutions adopted by the National Educational Association at Charleston last July may be found the following statement, which clearly indicates the attitude of the leading educators of America toward the progressive spirit of the manual training movement: "National prosperity and our own economic welfare in the years to come will depend in no small measure upon the trained skill of our people."

There are books by the dozen, magazines and journals by the hundred, and newspapers everywhere, advocating educational changes. There is a demand for an education that will teach men how to live as well as how to talk; how to work as well as how to think; how to be as well as how to appear.

We note with sincerest pleasure the marvelous advancement, during the two past years, of the manual training idea in the minds of prominent educators and teachers in general, who are now quite generally possessed of the real significance of manual training. They see in it a feasible plan at least for the realization of the ideals of what has been termed the new education; for it affords new life, intense interest, personal experience, and greatest of all, self-activity.

The characteristic earnestness and sincerity which have accompanied the good work in the past are manifested in a greater degree at present; and it may safely be predicted that the manual training movement on this Coast will soon be a deeply rooted essential part of our public school course.

FOLD OUT

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THE STATE NORMAL SCHOOLS.

BRIEF HISTORY OF STATE NORMAL SCHOOL AT CHICO.

By C. C. VAN LIEW.

The California State Normal School at Chico was established by an Act of the Legislature in 1887. Before the location was decided upon, a committee was sent north to visit the various places competing for the school. Marysville, Red Bluff, and Chico were regarded as the three most desirable spots for its location. Chico seemed to be most centrally located and to possess the most attractive and healthful surroundings. These advantages, combined with the gifts of its citizens, secured the location of the school at Chico.

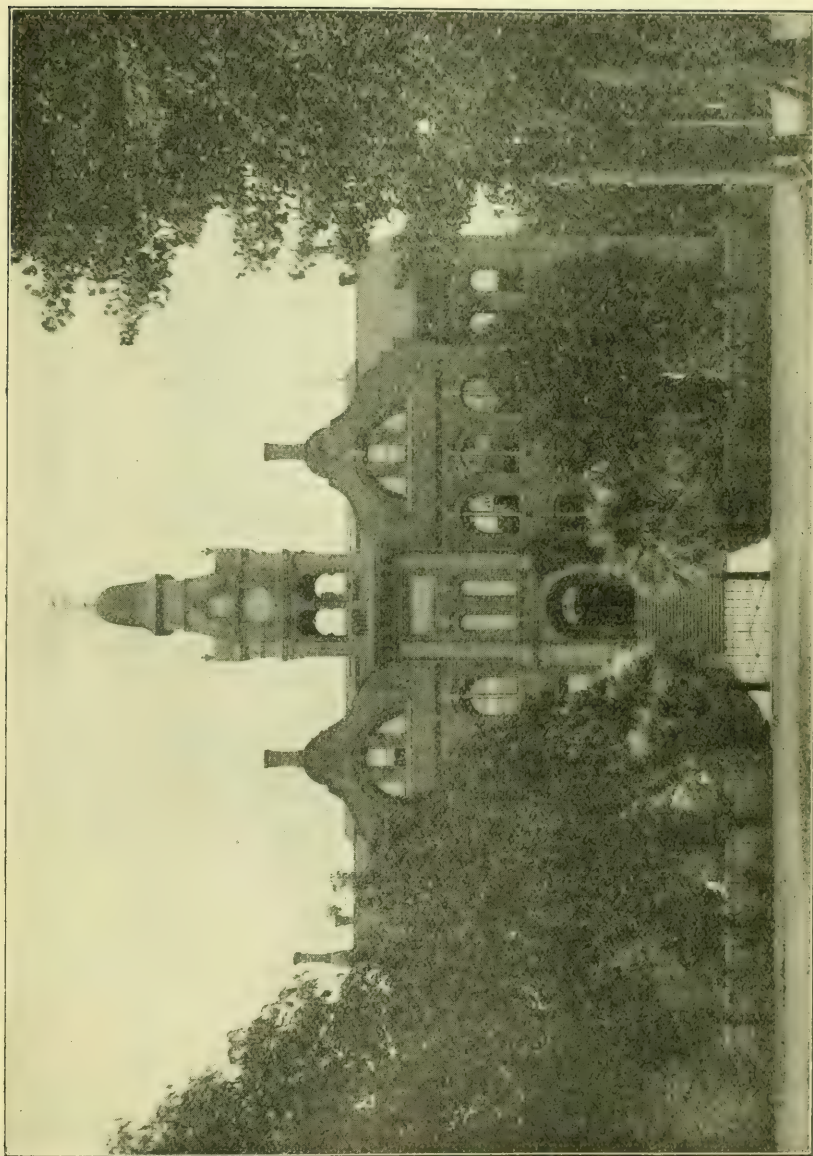
General John Bidwell gave the State eight acres of his best land, immediately adjoining the city of Chico, for the site, and the citizens gave \$10,000 to be applied toward the building fund.

The first Board of Trustees was composed of Governor R. W. Waterman, Superintendent of Public Instruction Ira G. Hoitt, John Bidwell, F. C. Lusk (president), T. P. Hendricks, A. H. Crew, and L. H. McIntosh. As soon as possible after the organization of the board, work was begun on the building. Though not completed, work was sufficiently advanced by September, 1889, to permit the opening of the school. The board had selected as president of the school E. T. Pierce, at that time Superintendent of Schools at Pasadena, California. Other members of the first faculty were M. L. Seymour, professor of natural sciences; Carlton M. Ritter, professor of mathematics; Emily Rice, preceptress and instructor in English; and E. A. Garlichs, instructor in music.

At the opening of the school there were eighty students. The course at that time required but three years. Only two classes were formed, one beginning the work of the junior year and the other beginning the work of the second or middle year. At the end of the first year one hundred and ten students had been enrolled.

The second year the faculty was increased to nine members, and courses in drawing, physical geography, and history were added. A training school was also established, for a time under the supervision of Washington Wilson. The Legislature of 1889 appropriated \$25,000 to finish the building (making a total, both by subscription and appropriation, of \$130,000 for the original construction and equipment), and a liberal sum was allowed to equip the library, science department, and museum.

During the thirteen years of its activity the faculty of this Normal School has increased from five to twenty-one. At present (June, 1902), the work is organized in eight different departments, as follows: (1) Psychology, Pedagogy, and Education, including Kindergarten; (2) English; (3) Mathematics; (4) Physical Science; (5) Biological Science; (6) History and Political Science; (7) Art and Handicraft; (8) Music.



STATE NORMAL SCHOOL AT CHICGO.

The total enrollment for each year since the opening is:

1889-90.....110	1893-94.... 218	1896-97....160	1899-00....377
1890-91.....137	1894-95....232	1897-98....255	1900-01....344
1891-92.....175	1895-96....216	1898-99....327	1901-02....369
1892-93.....196			

The number of graduates to July, 1902, is 457.

During the past three years (1899-1902) the Training School has had an attendance of from 250 to 275. Four years ago a kindergarten was established in connection with the institution. Eight students have elected this course in addition to the regular normal course, and two have received kindergarten diplomas. The work of this department has steadily increased in popularity, and it is regarded not only as a department by itself, but also as an organic factor in the life of the whole school.

The institution has had four presidents: Edward T. Pierce, four years; Robert F. Pennell, four years; Carlton M. Ritter, two years; and Charles C. Van Liew, who has just completed his third year.

The museum of this school is of unusual interest and merit. Most of its specimens have been prepared by students; many others have been donated. Under the supervision of Professor M. L. Seymour, who was for twelve years connected with the school, it reached a development and excellency rarely found in an institution of this size.

The grounds belonging to the institution are among the most attractive properties of the State. They contain a large athletic campus, and tennis and basket-ball courts.

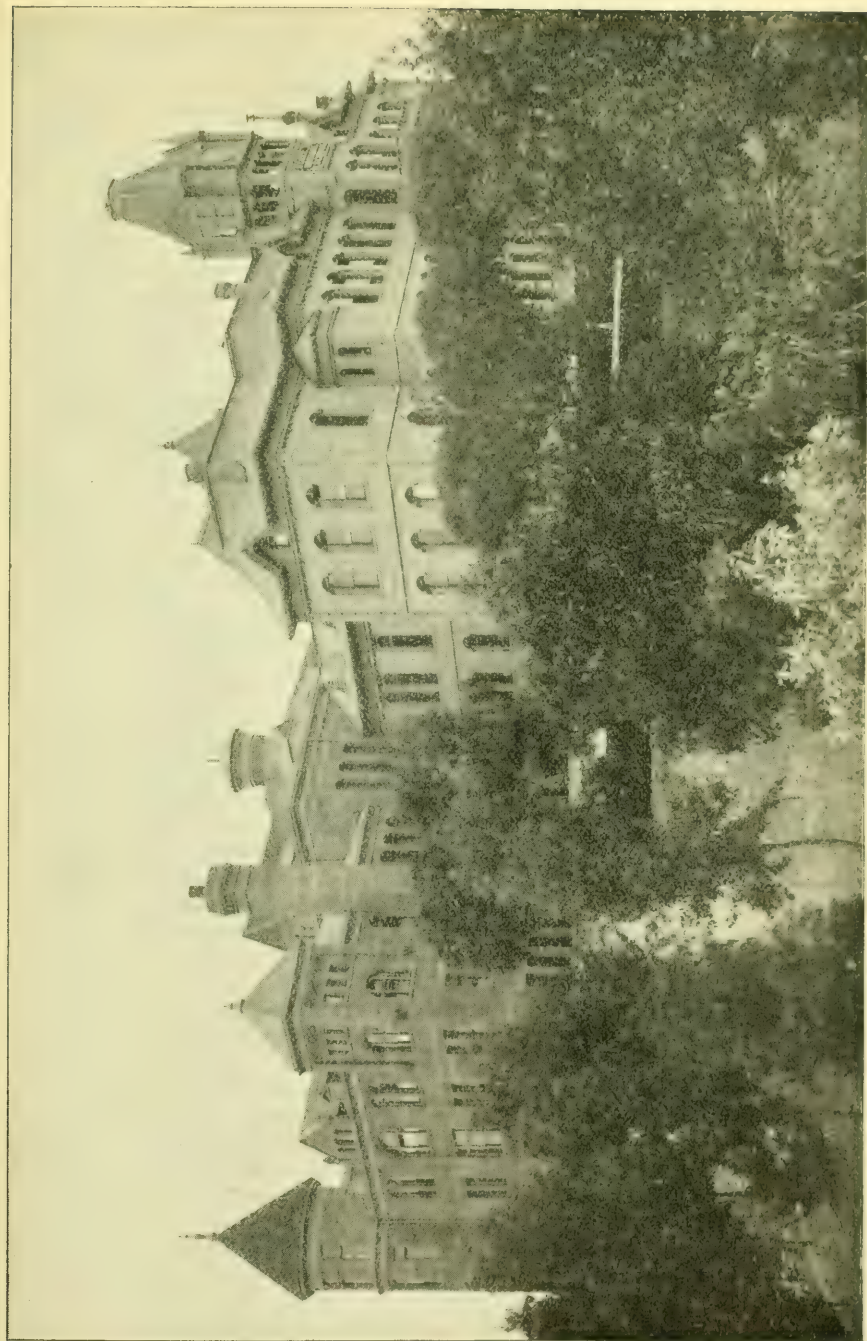
While the work at present requires considerable attention to the general academic equipment of its students, they are yet from the first brought to feel that all work is in the direction of the profession of a teacher. As will be seen from the catalogue of 1902, the instruction in general culture lines is shaped with a view to the needs of the teacher, who stands in the position not only of the trainer of childhood and youth, but also of an interpreter of life's best. It makes more and more in the direction of professional training, which culminates finally in the practice work of the Training School. From the beginning and throughout the course the effort is made to eliminate all candidates for future graduation who give no promise of a fair natural fitness for the function of the teacher.

BRIEF HISTORICAL SKETCH OF THE STATE NORMAL SCHOOL AT LOS ANGELES.

By MELVILLE DOZIER.

The doors of this institution were opened for the first time on August 29, 1882, with a faculty of three teachers and a student body of sixty-one. From this small beginning it has, by steady growth, become a school of twenty-five teachers and between four hundred and five hundred students.

The buildings are located upon an eminence in the heart of the city, commanding a charming view of both city and country, which was



STATE NORMAL SCHOOL, LOS ANGELES, CAL.

originally an orange grove, and donated to the State by the citizens of Los Angeles for normal school purposes.

The twenty years that have elapsed since the establishment of the school have witnessed a transformation in the grounds and buildings no less striking than in the numerical strength of its faculty and student body. Instead of a bare orange orchard, approached by plank walks over steep grades, the grounds are adorned with lawns and flowers and a variety of trees, with the addition of a botanical garden and a tennis court, all conveniently reached by graceful walks of cement or gravel; while the buildings have grown from a single structure of limited capacity to a greatly enlarged main building, connected by a capacious hallway with a large three-story building, containing gymnasium, manual training, domestic science, and training school departments. Besides these there is a separate but smaller building devoted to the uses of a chemical laboratory on one floor and of a carpenter shop on the other, while still another structure serves the double purpose of playground in wet weather and manual training in the open air.

The growth and development of the school, both in its outward appointments and in its internal equipment, have kept pace with the marvelous development of the city and vicinity in which it is situated, and its management has been of the most enlightened and progressive character. Probably nowhere in the entire country have the interests and demands of education made such prodigious strides as in Southern California during the last twenty years; and the Normal School at Los Angeles has not only kept abreast of the tide of development, but has, in many respects, led the van of the forward movement. In its earlier history, with a limited faculty, the work done had to be more largely academic than professional, and the attention of the individual teachers given to a wider scope of subjects; but, notwithstanding this limitation, the work was so effectively done that many of the early graduates of the school are still to be found among the leading teachers of that portion of the State, and have remained continuously in the profession. In later years, with greatly increased teaching force and facilities of operation, the work has been largely specialized, the various departments exercising a degree of independence consistent with united effort in the attainment of a single aim: the most comprehensive and thorough preparation of the student for the work of teaching.

The history of the school divides itself into two nearly equal periods, the first extending from 1882 to 1893, and the second from 1893 to 1902.

During all but the first year of the former period the work of the school was subject to the guiding hand of Principal Ira More, a man who by nature, education, and experience was admirably adapted to the difficult task of building up a new institution upon correct and enduring principles; and well did he accomplish his task. With a genial disposition and a kindly heart he united a wise foresight and a determined will; and, through quiet and unostentatious methods, so directed the affairs of the school as to secure the highest results with the limited means at his command. When he voluntarily retired from this the crowning feature of his life-long work as a teacher, he left a well-established institution of high repute as a testimonial of his faithful service to the State, and a still more enduring monument to the sacredness of his memory in the grateful hearts of hundreds of teachers who had

received inspiration and encouragement from contact with his teaching and character.

With the retirement of Professor More and the appointment of President Edward T. Pierce as his successor, came a marked change in the conditions of the school. An appropriation of \$75,000 for new buildings and equipment becoming then available, the new head of the institution found himself confronted with large opportunities and great responsibilities; and with much zeal and business tact he met the exigencies of the occasion. The enlargement of the building gave opportunity for the division of the work of instruction into departments and the addition of departments of work not before attempted. Laboratories were equipped for the study of physics, chemistry, botany, and zoölogy; a department of manual training was organized and equipped; the library was greatly enlarged and systematized; the department of drawing was placed upon a new and much broader basis, and the facilities for effective instruction in geography were enlarged. The first training school for kindergarten teachers under the auspices of the State was established and placed on a broader basis than any similar school on the Coast. An increase in the accommodations for the Training School, and a corresponding increase in its numbers, added to the opportunities for practical professional work on the part of the higher classes, and made it both necessary and possible to organize a pedagogical department on specific and permanent lines. All this involved a decided increase in the teaching force of the institution, the employment of teachers specially equipped for the work assigned them, and a corresponding increase in the legislative appropriations to meet the rapidly growing needs of the school. But all who were concerned in meeting the new conditions were responsive to the added responsibility, and the progress and success of the school have been uninterrupted to the present date.

The expenditure of \$20,000 during the past year in still further enlargement has made it possible to increase the facilities for instruction in manual training, to enlarge the accommodations of the Training School, and to organize and thoroughly equip a department of domestic science, where cooking and sewing are taught as essential parts of the Normal course. This has also made it possible to furnish teachers and pupils hot lunches at minimum cost, without expense to the State; and it is confidently believed that this new departure will materially aid the social and physical well-being of the school.

The marked success and progress of the school are largely due to the enlightened and liberal policy pursued by its Board of Trustees, which has ever been composed of men of intelligence and honesty, directing the investment of State appropriations to the highest interests of both the State and the immediate beneficiaries.

The spirit of the institution is excellent; its faculty is competent, industrious, and harmonious; much thought is given to the cultivation of good taste and to the inculcation and practice of the refinements of life; and, upon the whole, the school seems to be meeting the high responsibilities which attach to a State Normal School.

STATE NORMAL SCHOOL OF SAN DIEGO.

By SAMUEL T. BLACK, President.

The Act creating the State Normal School of San Diego and appropriating \$50,000 for building and maintenance was signed by Governor Budd on March 13, 1897, who appointed W. R. Guy, Victor E. Shaw, T. O. Toland, J. L. Dryden, and John G. North as the first Board of Trustees. The first meeting of the board was held at San Diego, June 3, 1897. W. R. Guy was elected chairman and J. L. Dryden secretary. The board visited the various sites offered, and, "after a full and free discussion," accepted the offer of the College Hill Land Association, tendering sixteen and a half acres of land on University Heights, City of San Diego. After the approval of the deed by the Attorney-General, the board advertised for plans of a Normal School building, costing not to exceed \$100,000. The plans of Messrs. Hebbard & Gill, of San Diego, were accepted; and in due time contracts were let for the erection of the central portion of the building.

The actual work of constructing buildings began in August, 1898. The plans contemplate a spacious central building, with wings on the east and west, an imitation in miniature of the art building of the World's Fair, Chicago. The style of architecture, arrangement, and material of the buildings are peculiarly adapted to the climate of this region. The predominate principle of architecture is Corinthian Greek, modified by the Oriental dome. The central building and east wing have been completed. The walls are white, being brick covered on the exterior with stucco. The whole effect is beautiful and imposing. The interior is conveniently arranged for offices, assembly and study rooms, library, recitation rooms, and laboratories. Special attention has been given to the sanitary features, heating, lighting, drainage, etc. The State Board of Health has pronounced the sanitary conditions unequaled by those of any other public building in the State. Additional room is needed for a museum, a kindergarten department, the art department, a chemical laboratory, and a lecture room. The drawing and chemistry are now housed in a detached temporary wooden structure. The library contains over 3,000 carefully-selected books, including a valuable list of general reference works. The laboratories are equipped with the latest and most approved apparatus.

ORGANIZATION.

Samuel T. Black, Superintendent of Public Instruction, was elected President of the School by the Joint Board of Normal School Trustees, at a special meeting held at Sacramento on September 14, 1898. Mr. Black resigned his office immediately to assume his new duties.

At a meeting of the Executive Committee held October 27, 1898, the following teachers were selected:

Jesse D. Burks (Ph.B. University of Chicago, and B.L. University of California), Registrar.

Emma F. Way, (Principal Southwest Institute, San Diego), Pre-ceptress.



STATE NORMAL SCHOOL, SAN DIEGO.

Alice Edwards Pratt (Ph.B. University of California, and Ph.D. University of Chicago).

Arthur W. Greeley (A.M. Stanford University).

Florence Derby (graduate State Normal School, San José, Cal.).
Teacher of Music.

Sallie S. Crocker (graduate of a school of art, Paris), Teacher of Drawing.

At the opening of the school, it was found necessary to elect another teacher, and Miss Helen Ballard (Ph.B. of the University of California) was chosen.

The school opened in temporary quarters, corner Sixth and F streets, San Diego, November 1st, with an enrollment of ninety-one, eighty-three of whom were present. Nearly eighty per cent of these students were admitted to advanced standing on account of previous preparation in high schools, normal schools, and colleges.

The corner-stone of the new building was laid in the presence of a large concourse of people, on December 10, 1898, with appropriate ceremonies.

A new class was admitted February 1, 1899, and Mr. C. T. Meredith was added to the faculty.

DEDICATION.

On May 1, 1899, the new Normal School building was publicly dedicated, when an interesting program was presented. The occasion brought together over one thousand people from San Diego and neighboring counties. The address of the day was delivered by President Pierce, of the State Normal School, Los Angeles. The public were invited to inspect the building, and hundreds took advantage of the invitation—all of whom expressed delight at its graceful proportions and economical arrangement. The students, decorated in the school colors, white and gold, made an interesting picture, and their songs delighted the audience. Mrs. Susie S. Fox, of San Diego, presented the school with a complete set of Harper's Magazine. The gift was accompanied by the following communication:

345 TENTH STREET, SAN DIEGO, CAL.

Mr. President and Board of Trustees of the State Normal School of San Diego:

GENTLEMEN: With great pleasure I present to this school to-day, forty-seven years of Harper's Magazine. I wish, however, to present them as a legacy to the San Diego State Normal School from my late husband, Charles J. Fox, C.E., whose memory I wish the school to honor.

Respectfully,

SUSIE S. FOX.

April 29, 1899.

ENROLLMENT.

During the first year the enrollment reached one hundred and thirty-five. The second year showed an enrollment of two hundred and eighteen. In the third year (ending June 30, 1901) the number of students increased to two hundred and sixty-two. The enrollment at this date, March 3, 1902, is two hundred and sixty-two. The school has graduated sixty-three students to date. Six of these are teachers in the Philippines, five in the city of San Diego, three in the city of Los Angeles, one in Santa Barbara city, while such of the remainder as

desired positions are teaching in the rural schools of this or other States. Two graduates are pursuing higher courses in universities, one is a Y. M. C. A. secretary, and two are married.

The number of graduates at the close of the year will be in the neighborhood of forty, making a total of upward of fifty for the entire academic year.

GOVERNMENT.

Almost ever since the educational work of the school began, the institution has been under the general control of the present Board of Trustees, viz.: Henry T. Gage, Governor, ex officio; Hon. Thomas J. Kirk, Superintendent of Public Instruction, ex officio; W. R. Guy, R. M. Powers, George Fuller, San Diego; Z. B. West, Santa Ana; and Isidore B. Dockweiler, Los Angeles. The officers of the board are George Fuller, chairman; Fred W. Parrish, secretary.

These gentlemen have given their time and attention to the interests of the Normal School without remuneration of any kind. Together with the president, the board, from the very outset, established this basic principle: that in all cases the only qualifications to be considered in the selection of instructors should be personal character, scholarship, and teaching ability. This policy has been strictly adhered to, and, as a consequence, the management has been singularly free from personal or political influence of all kinds. As a result, the standard of professional ethics and scholarly ability in the faculty has been maintained on a high plane.

The present faculty consists of:

SAMUEL T. BLACK (Pupil Teachers' Course in British Schools), <i>President</i>	School Administration
EMMA F. WAY (Grand River Institute, Ohio), <i>Preceptress</i>	Mathematics and Reading
ALICE EDWARDS PRATT (Ph.B. University of California, Ph.D. University of Chicago).....	English
FLORENCE DERBY (Graduate State Normal School, San José, Cal., special training in music and physical culture in the East).....	Music and Physical Training
HELEN BALLARD (Ph.B. University of California).....	English
CHARLES T. MEREDITH (Grant Academy, Kentucky).....	Mathematics
HARRIET MORTON (A.B. Stanford University; studied in Hopkins Art Institute and Parkington's School of Illustration, San Francisco).....	Drawing
EDITH McLEOD (Graduate Massachusetts State Normal School; graduate student Teachers' College, Columbia University).....	Principal Training School and Supervising Teacher Grammar Grades
ELISABETH ROGERS (Graduate Albany Normal School, N. Y.).....	Supervising Teacher Primary Grades
J. F. WEST (A.B. Stanford University; graduate student, Harvard University).....	Mathematics and Physics
W. F. BLISS (B.S. Mount Union College; B.L. University of California).....	History and Geography
HARRY M. SHAFER (B.S. Eureka College, 1887; A.B. Harvard, 1899; A.M. Harvard, 1900; graduate student at Teachers' College, Columbia University, 1900-01).....	Psychology and Education
JOSEPHINE BATCHELDER (A.B. Wellesley College).....	English
ANNE MOORE (Ph.D. University of Chicago; A.B., A.M. Vassar College).....	Biology and Physiology
W. T. SKILLING (Graduate State Normal School at Los Angeles, Cal.; M.S. University of California).....	Chemistry and Physiology

TEACHERS.

It has been the policy of the school to encourage teachers to attend the regular sessions, and to take such special courses as they might deem most advantageous to them in their school work. Each year a number of certificated teachers spend their holiday and spring vacations in the school, pursuing one to four studies. Many of these teachers afterward take up the regular course leading to graduation.

BOATING.

Almost immediately upon the opening of the school, in November, 1898, steps were taken for the organization of a Normal School Rowing Association among the students and faculty. The association owns a splendid eight-oared barge, and each afternoon some one or other of the half-dozen crews of young women spends a delightful hour on the beautiful bay of San Diego.

In addition to boating, there are facilities for tennis, basket-ball, baseball, and other outdoor games.

IDEALS OF THE SCHOOL.

The school stands for professional training with scholarship. It believes that scholarship is fundamental to all good teaching. It insists upon thorough academic preparation, either in the institution itself, or in reputable schools elsewhere. Then follows purely professional training, including courses in psychology, history of education, methods of teaching, seminars based upon actual observation and experience, crowned by at least three hundred hours' actual practice in teaching in the Training School under the supervision of expert teachers. Last of all, the school stands for high character, personal integrity, professional enthusiasm, and the divine gift of service to mankind, on the part of both instructors and students. To develop these qualities in the students who pass out from the institution into the ranks of the teachers of the State is the highest aim of the State Normal School of San Diego.

TRAINING SCHOOL.

The Training School, with an enrollment of one hundred and three, consists of nine grades, of not to exceed twelve members each, viz.: the regular eight public school grades, and a ninth or connecting grade for those pupils of the Training School who contemplate entering the Normal School, or the tenth year of a high school, after the completion of the Training School course.

All teaching in the training school is under the close supervision of a number of expert training teachers and members of the Normal School faculty. The teaching consists of individual, group, and class teaching. Individuals, or small groups, who on account of some defect, weakness, or peculiar condition, need special attention, are given individual or group attention, while they are, at the same time, carrying the work with the regular class or grade. In short, while class work is the form that the greater part of the work assumes, the needs of each individual

child are closely studied, and the best means possible are employed to meet those needs. The development and growth of the child, and the condition of the sense organs, especially the eye and the ear, are closely watched.

Principles of school hygiene as to seating, lighting, ventilation, the hygiene of the school subjects, etc., receive concrete application. Each student who instructs in the Training School is required to prepare and submit plans of the series of lessons and of each separate lesson, in advance of teaching. The Training School serves a threefold function in its relation to the Normal School, viz.:

First—Offering an opportunity for training and practice to students who have reached their senior year and who are soon to go as teachers into the schools of the State. The student is brought face to face with the every-day problems of actual teaching, and in their solution develops the spirit of independence and adaptability.

Second—In this school are tested the thoughts and teachings of the various departments of the Normal School. By this means, among others, the work of the Normal School proper is constantly kept within the range of practicability and applicability.

Third—The Normal School stands for advanced thought in education. In the Training School this thought takes concrete form. There, investigation and research are continually carried on with a view to improvement and advance in school work.

THE PLAN OF PREPARING TEACHERS IN THE STATE NORMAL SCHOOL AT SAN FRANCISCO.

By FREDERIC BURK, President.

The State Normal School at San Francisco was established by Act of Legislature on March 22, 1899.

In the matter of administration of the affairs of this school, the appointment of its faculty, and its internal management, the Board of Trustees, in June, 1901, after two years' experience, reduced to written form its policy in the following resolutions:

WHEREAS, State Normal Schools are supported and should be conducted for the sole purpose of supplying public schools with teachers of the highest efficiency;

AND WHEREAS, The Trustees of the San Francisco State Normal School desire that the school shall be so conducted that a certificate of graduation therefrom shall be esteemed an honorable distinction by the holder thereof, as being a certain guarantee of thorough training and proficiency as a teacher, and so recognized by school officials;

NOW THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED,

First—That it is the determined policy of this Board that the faculty shall be selected, as heretofore, upon a basis of merit alone, wholly uninfluenced by personal or political interference or consideration, and the Trustees therefore require that all applications for positions in the faculty be first submitted to the President of the School, who will nominate to the Board those whom he may deem most competent and meritorious.

Second—That the President shall continue to maintain the present high standard of admission to the school, and his judgment and decision in individual cases shall be final; and where, after a fair trial, it shall appear to him that a student shows an incapacity to become a thoroughly efficient teacher, it shall be his duty to discourage the student from further attendance at the school.

Third—That the President shall certify to the Trustees for graduation only those students who can be confidently and honestly recommended to School Trustees, Superintendents, and Boards of Education, as teachers of undoubted capability.

LIMITATION OF THE PURPOSE OF THE SCHOOL.

General or Academic Scholarship vs. Technical Instruction.—The faculty determined, in the first place, that the school should give no courses in general scholarship, to do which is already the function of the public school system, but should direct its energy exclusively into the channels of technical preparation for teaching. A normal school is a technical school, ranking in character with schools of medicine, engineering, law, and trade-learning. The public school system is expected to provide pupils with that kind of general knowledge, culture, and training which concerns life common to all people, whatever their occupations may be. The technical school obtains students after this general education and training are accomplished, and its only concern should be to determine the stage of academic instruction at which students may be recruited into its special service; or, in short, to set a standard of academic knowledge requisite for admission.

The San Francisco Normal School is located in the midst of a large number of the best high schools in the United States, and therefore the requirements for admission were made identical with those for admission to the State University. These requirements demand graduation from an accredited school with a special recommendation from the high school principal. Thus the San Francisco Normal School stands for a sharp distinction between general or academic scholarship and the technical or professional training special to teachers. No courses whatever are given in purely academic studies, and the school centers its energies exclusively upon professional training, in which term are included studies in the grouping and adaptation of the material of the various subjects to the special uses of the class-room.

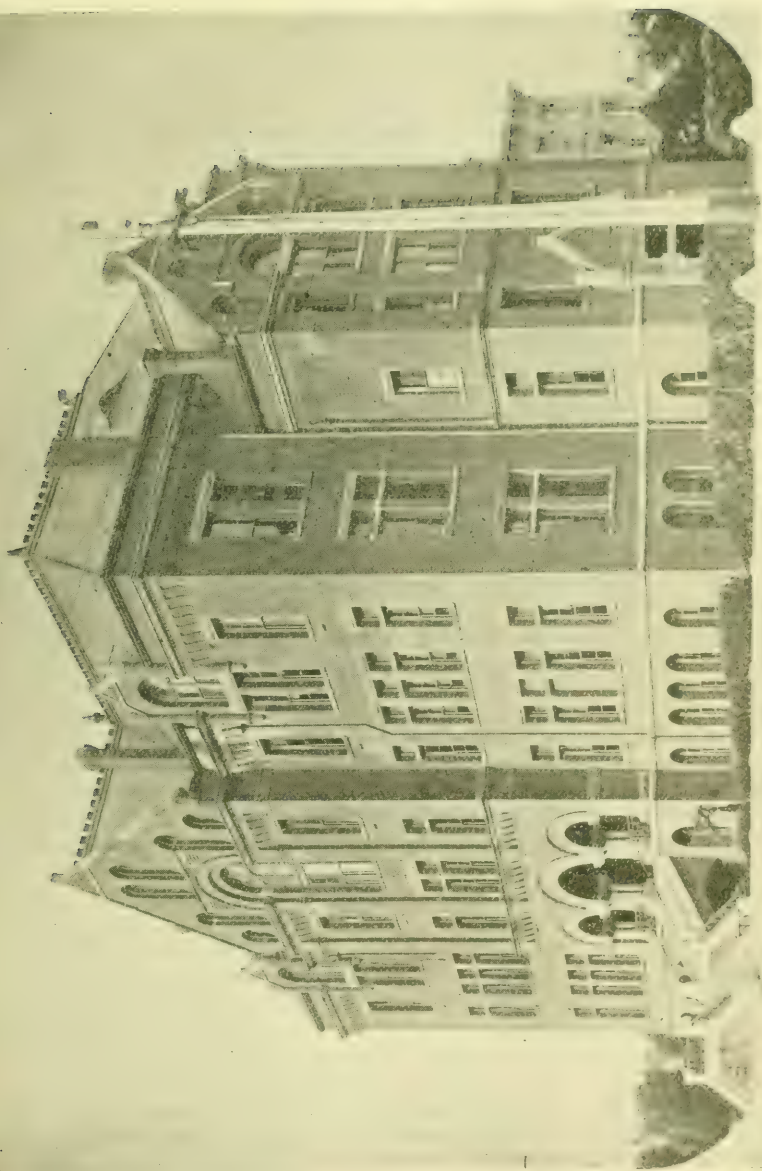
THE THREE FUNCTIONS OF NORMAL SCHOOLS.

The history of education, common experience, and the judgment of expert schoolmen are in tolerable agreement that the three chief essentials of efficiency in teaching are:

A teaching personality,
General scholarship and culture,
Ability in the arts of teaching.

These essentials are not stated in any order of relative importance. It is impossible to do this, for each has a distinct function; and to fulfill this function each is indispensable. The error preëminent in the preparation of teachers has been that loose kind of thinking which has assumed that one of these essentials, in high degree, can serve as a substitute for either or both the others. It is manifest without argument that each of these qualifications in itself is, to a certain degree, an indispensable requisite.

1. *The Selection of Personality.*—Personality is much more readily recognized than defined in words. Perhaps, in a general way, we may say that the suitable teaching personality usually includes a warmth of sympathy for children, a certain simplicity of character and manner of thought, a kind of earnestness, gentleness with a reserve of firmness, patience, cheeriness, and often qualities of tone of voice, gesture, move-



GIRLS' HIGH SCHOOL, SAN FRANCISCO.

ments, carriage, facial expression, and mannerisms of address. It is a *conditio sine qua non*. The striking feature of personality is the fact that it is inborn and can not be acquired. No system of instruction nor training can furnish it to those who lack it. All that we may acquire of personality we may best class under arts of teaching.

In the mere statement of what personality is, therefore, the normal school, which undertakes to fit persons for the occupation of teaching, is confronted by a perpendicular difficulty. Here is something which is one indispensable essential of efficiency in teaching, and yet it is something which no system of instruction can supply. Scholarship and the arts of teaching are essentials which can be taught, but personality, also an absolute essential, is not a product of acquirement.

It is a most singular fact that in the entire history of the development of the normal school idea, we do not find provision which in any systematic way deals with this vital fact, yet it conditions success at the outset. Manifestly by the very nature of personality there is only one possible system of dealing with it—persons who are essentially lacking in those inborn qualities which make personality must be eliminated from the normal schools, if the normal school is to graduate efficient teachers. But not only has there been no practical system of elimination in operation, but even the theoretical admission of the importance of personality has never been prominent in normal school pedagogy. Students have been admitted to the normal school upon examinations testing scholarship; they have made their successive steps of progress by virtue of the same test, and finally have been graduated upon a basis of examination showing merely ability to acquire verbal knowledge. If the system of preparing teachers neglects the consideration of personality as an essential factor, it is not surprising that so large a percentage of normal graduates and also university graduates, who have stood the highest tests of examinations upon paper, fail as teachers. They fail because they have not the inborn birthright to teach.

In view of these facts, the San Francisco Normal School has felt itself called upon to meet this problem of selecting the personality of those whom it undertakes to graduate as teachers, as a duty which permits no compromise. It is a duty which the school owes, not only to the State and the public school system, but also to its students as individuals. If a student is handicapped by inborn qualities unfitting her to realize reasonable ambitions in the field of teaching, then it is clearly a service to such student to discover this fact as early as possible that she may seek some other and more suitable calling. The members of the faculty recognize that in undertaking to select teaching personalities, they are assuming an exceedingly grave and difficult responsibility. Judgment at best is liable to err, either favorably or unfavorably. However, in practice, a just and simple process of elimination has made the task much easier than it seems. The system of the San Francisco Normal School requires that the new students should immediately enter the training school for one third of each day, as assistant teachers, and their duties gradually increase until they have complete charge. Their actual teaching extends over the whole period of their normal school course of two years or more. They are thus early brought into contact with children and with the working atmosphere of the classroom. They are under constant but sympathetic observation of the members of the normal school faculty. After a time, sometimes in ten weeks, and gen-

erally in six months, the faculty having compared impressions render a joint judgment of the personality of each student, as well as of the scholarship and ability to acquire the arts of instruction. This judgment is frankly stated to the student. It is a distinct understanding that the judgment upon personality is merely advisory in force; the faculty does not undertake the grave responsibility of dismissal, except in extreme cases. The student is permitted to continue in attendance, if she chooses, but on the other hand, it is of course understood that no certificate of graduation will be issued until the faculty feels prepared to assume the responsibility for the success of the person concerned as a teacher.

The practical working-out of this system justifies it. The records show that about twenty per cent of the students who enter the Normal School later drop out by reason of these judgments of unsuitable personality. All unfavorable judgments of the faculty stated to students have been practically unanimous. On the other hand, the students concerned are themselves almost as quick and ready to realize that they have mistaken their calling as the members of the faculty, and they have certainly, almost without exception, shown an admirable spirit in the matter. No student has thus far been formally dismissed, because this step has not yet proven necessary.

2. *The Arts of Teaching.*—First, what are these arts which the normal school may legitimately profess to furnish, provided the essentials of inborn personality exist in the student? Examples of a few may easily be mentioned: Methods of teaching the first steps of reading to beginners; the use of correct language forms in speech and composition; the ability to manipulate figures in the common operations with accuracy and rapidity and with the least expenditure of time; methods of presenting geographical and historical facts and science so that, with the least expenditure of the pupil's time, the essential elements of knowledge contained in them may serve the later practical purposes of intelligent citizenship; devices of management of groups of pupils in classes, etc. The schools are suffering at present no more keenly from any defect than from the lack, or careless administration, of many of these teaching arts. There are many methods of this character in use of widely varying efficiency, even in teachers of the same favorable conditions of personality.

3. *Teaching the Arts of Instruction.*—Two systems have been offered in history for the preparation of teachers for their duties: Instruction in the theory of education (under which term we may include psychology, pedagogy, the history of education, and all other knowledge technical to teaching), and actual practice in a training school.

It is a singular fact that so large a number of intelligent persons, and intelligent institutions for training teachers, have regarded these two methods as alternatives for each other, and assume that each can, more or less perfectly, serve as a substitute for the other. Each has its special pleaders, and in these disputes the question to be settled seems ever to be which is the better of the two. It does not seem to occur to either side of the controversy that theory and practice have separate and distinct functions. Practice forms habits of teaching, and no amount of theoretic pedagogy can establish these habits, just as it is impossible

for any amount of theoretical physics concerning the principles of equilibrium to teach a person to ride a bicycle. On the other hand, the most skillful bicycle-riders have never developed the principles of equilibrium. The theory of equilibrium and the habit of bicycle-riding are separate and distinct. The same relation, or rather lack of relation, unquestionably exists between practice and theoretic pedagogy. There are excellent teachers in practice who know no theory, and there are excellent theorists who can not teach. We meet both classes every day, and each is entitled to our respect. Practice enables one to go into a schoolroom and conduct a class. Pedagogy furnishes a perspective of intelligence, which enables the teacher to know the ultimate purposes of her teaching, and to explain the goals of her practice. But practice and pedagogical knowledge are in no sense interchangeable, but are complementary to each other, and every teacher should receive training in both.

Training School Teaching: Actual teaching is supplied in the San Francisco Normal School by a training school of about 275 pupils, distributed into eighteen or twenty separate classes representing the eight grades of the primary and grammar schools. The number in each class varies from ten to twenty or even twenty-five pupils. The Training School is entirely under the direction of the Normal School. Inasmuch as there are practically no academic courses in the normal department, all of the members of the faculty are essentially what is generally known as "critic" teachers in the Training School, but this term is not used. "Supervisor" is preferred, as being free from the unpleasant suggestions of the word "critic." Each supervisor has a certain number of classes, and the teachers thereof, under his or her direct supervision. The principal of the Training School is responsible for the discipline of the classes, and also trains the student-teachers in such arts of discipline as may be acquired. The Training School has three changes of student-teachers each day. One section of student-teachers, known as the A section, teaches the classes under direction of supervisors from 9 to 10:30; the B section has charge from 10:30 to 12; and the C section in the afternoon period. Every student of the Normal School, from the day of her admission to the day of her graduation, teaches or assists in teaching a class every day during one of the periods stated. The remainder of her time is devoted to preparing lessons for her class, in grade conferences (which will be later explained), in attendance upon classes in the theory of education, and in training in special adaptation of material for teaching, such as elementary science for the schools, drawing, music, manual training, sewing, etc.

The duties of supervisor require a tactful management, to the end that both pupils and the student-teachers themselves shall keenly feel that the student-teachers are in completely responsible charge of the rooms. The supervisors give model lessons in the classrooms, observe the work of the student-teachers and also the progress of individual pupils, but all direction of the student-teachers is done behind the scenes by personal advice, and by the system of teachers' conferences. The advantage of this arrangement is that every student obtains practice in teaching under skilled direction covering the period of her entire Normal School course, the minimum length of which is two years; the class work for which she has daily to prepare is limited in amount to that which she can thoroughly do well, and increases with her power as

she obtains this by growth of experience; the pupils have three times a day a new personality in their teachers, who come freshly and thoroughly prepared to make the most of each lesson for the limited period she is with them; the student-teachers and pupils are under the constant supervision of the supervisors, who practically, without exception, are persons of university training, broad pedagogical knowledge, and experience of years' standing in the public schools.

To each class of pupils, two student-teachers at a time are assigned, but the amount of teaching each may do varies. Upon entrance to the school, the new student is assigned as an assistant to a student-teacher of experience. The assistant at first does not have responsible charge of the class, but assists in various ways until she catches the spirit of the schoolroom. Then gradually she is given additional duties and is intrusted with responsibility. No period is fixed when an assistant is given responsible charge of a class. A very few, of singular capability, have reached this stage in ten weeks, but more often in thirty weeks, while a few have remained in the school nearly two years and have finally left without rising above the stage of assistant.

Every ten weeks each student who has done acceptable work in her class is changed to another section and grade. For example, a student who successfully conducts a class in reading in the first grade, will be changed to some other grade and subject for a period of a second ten weeks. As there are forty weeks in a year and the minimum experience for graduation is two years, there is opportunity for eight changes of grade and subject during the course. This enables every graduate to have experience of ten weeks in practically every one of the eight grades, and necessarily all of the following fifteen subjects: Primary Grades: reading, language, phonic reading, nature study, composition, primary arithmetic, primary map geography; Grammar Grades: arithmetic, commercial geography, physical geography, history, grammar, composition, literature, drawing, and music.

The Conference System: Corresponding in number of lessons which each student-teacher teaches in the Training School, the supervisor of each subject conducts what are termed "conferences" of these student-teachers. Thus, for example, as the student-teachers of primary arithmetic teach five periods per week, there are also five conferences of these teachers per week under direction of the supervisor of this subject. So also in all subjects there are as many conference gatherings under direction of the respective supervisors as there are class recitations in the Training School. The conferences of a given group of students upon a given subject continue as long as they teach this subject, *i. e.* ten weeks. The character of the conference work is of the same general type as that of well-conducted grade meetings of teachers in the public schools. The supervisor assigns, for study and reports, references to pedagogical theory, methodology, and courses of study in the public school bearing upon the subject under treatment. Free discussions of these ensue. The supervisor exacts, in advance, plans of the recitations the students propose to conduct, and these are offered as material for discussion in the conferences. The supervisor also takes opportunity in these conferences to regulate the course of study in the Training School, to submit various good methods the pedagogical basis of which is discussed, to correct daily errors, etc. These general conferences are

supplemented by opportunity for personal conferences with the supervisors. After the hours of school until five o'clock, and at such other occasional hours as they may be free, the supervisors are at their desks devoting themselves to taking up individual difficulties with which each student-teacher may be laboring.

Technical Knowledge: Under this term we would include psychology, pedagogy, the history of education, and all other technical knowledge which is given by means of lectures, recitations, or study of books, etc. The sharp distinction between the function of this kind of instruction and the function of actual teaching has already been drawn. There is no notion in the San Francisco Normal School that the courses in technical or professional knowledge contribute, except indirectly, to the active practice of teaching. This view does not minimize the importance of theoretical study, for the intelligent workman is ever more efficient than the rule-of-thumb laborer. Technical knowledge is a necessary complement to practice; it makes practice intelligent teaching. The point we would emphasize is that theory is not practice, and can not take the place of practice.

Two parallel lines of theoretical study are used. One line consists of a general course, five to three periods a week, in psychology, the history of education, and pedagogy, which is given throughout the entire two years. Another line, presenting the special pedagogy of each school subject, is carried along in the supervisor's conferences. The general course aims to furnish a general culture and perspective for pedagogical questions and to offer a sort of forum for the thorough discussion of past and prevailing theories of education. The method is that of topical readings, followed by class digests and discussions of these. In this way there are presented the general conceptions of physiological psychology; the theories of heredity; the psychology of attention, memory, imagination, reasoning, perception, and abstraction; the distinction between the pedagogy of the intellect and the pedagogy of the feelings; such pedagogical problems as those of formal discipline, correlation, the Socratic method of the recitation; the history of various systems of education in the light of previous readings; special applications to purposes and values of teaching history, mathematics, literature, the formal mechanisms, music, drawing, etc. There is no effort in the general course to teach these subjects for themselves, but at every point possible the students are led to the application of these general views to the practical problems of the classroom.

The conference treatment of technical knowledge is much more specific. Each supervisor has collected all serviceable and available books and articles from pedagogical journals and other sources bearing upon the school subject, the teaching of which he or she supervises. Members of the conference in this subject are required to read and take notes upon the books and articles to which topical reference is made. Then, in the conference meetings, reports of these readings are subjected to a discussion in the light of the student's own experience as a teacher of the subject under discussion. In this way the special pedagogy of arithmetic, reading, writing, spelling, history, grammar, literature, etc., is thoroughly harrowed—and planted by daily experience. In addition to these there are special courses, academic in method, but technical,

in that they prepare the student-teachers in those phases of the subjects specially for teaching. There are courses in map-drawing, "chalk talks," music, civil government, history, sewing, nature study, manual training, and plant physiology.

HISTORY OF THE STATE NORMAL SCHOOL AT SAN JOSE.

By MORRIS ELMER DAILEY, President.

In 1857, eighteen years after the first permanent Normal School in the United States was founded (at Lexington, Massachusetts, 1839), the City of San Francisco established a City Normal School. This school was known as the "Minns Evening School." Its sessions were held weekly, first on Saturdays, then on Monday evenings, and all San Francisco city teachers were required to attend. George W. Minns was principal, and John Swett, Ellis H. Holmes, and Thomas S. Myrick were assistants. City Superintendent Janes of San Francisco considered it a success, and so reported in 1857 and 1858. The school continued until 1862, its alumni numbering fifty-four, all of whom were women.

From 1853 to 1857 the only approach to a Normal School was in the shape of a monthly association of principals for the discussion of school problems. After 1862 there were monthly teachers' meetings under the direction of the City Board of Education, but these died out in 1869. In 1872 the City Board of Education of San Francisco established another evening normal school. This ran for two years. John Swett was its principal. The influential teachers behind the early movements in normal school work were A. J. Moulder, John Swett, and Henry B. Janes, a city superintendent of San Francisco.

The aims of education in these pioneer days were clean cut. George W. Minns was the moving spirit in the San Francisco evening normal school. While his theory of education was based on the old psychological idea of the "faculties of the mind," he had clear and definite ideas of methods based upon experience. He felt the necessity of basing all instruction upon the concrete. The error in this early time was to over emphasize the drill side of education, and not only this but to differentiate in practice the drill side from the interest side of education. Rigid examinations prevailed.

While this pioneer work was going on, a State Normal School had begun to be thought of. Its establishment was first recommended by State Superintendent Moulder in 1859, and again in 1860. The legislatures of these years did not act, however. The truth was, the legislators did not appreciate even the function of a normal school, and had to be educated up to an idea of its value.

In May, 1861, at the first State Teachers' Institute, at the suggestion of State Superintendent Moulder, a committee of three, consisting of Henry B. Janes, George W. Minns, and Ellis H. Holmes made a report detailing the necessity of a normal school for the better equipment of California teachers, and asking the Legislature to appropriate \$5,000 for a normal school. The Legislature in May, 1862, established the school, and appropriated \$3,000 for five months' support. The State Board of Edu-

cation, and the City Superintendents of Schools of San Francisco, Sacramento, and Marysville were made, by the enacting measure of the Legislature, an ex-officio Board of Trustees. The members of this board were Governor Leland Stanford, Surveyor-General J. F. Houghton, State Superintendent A. J. Moulder, City Superintendent George Tait of San Francisco, City Superintendent G. Taylor of Sacramento, and City Superintendent Fowler of Marysville.

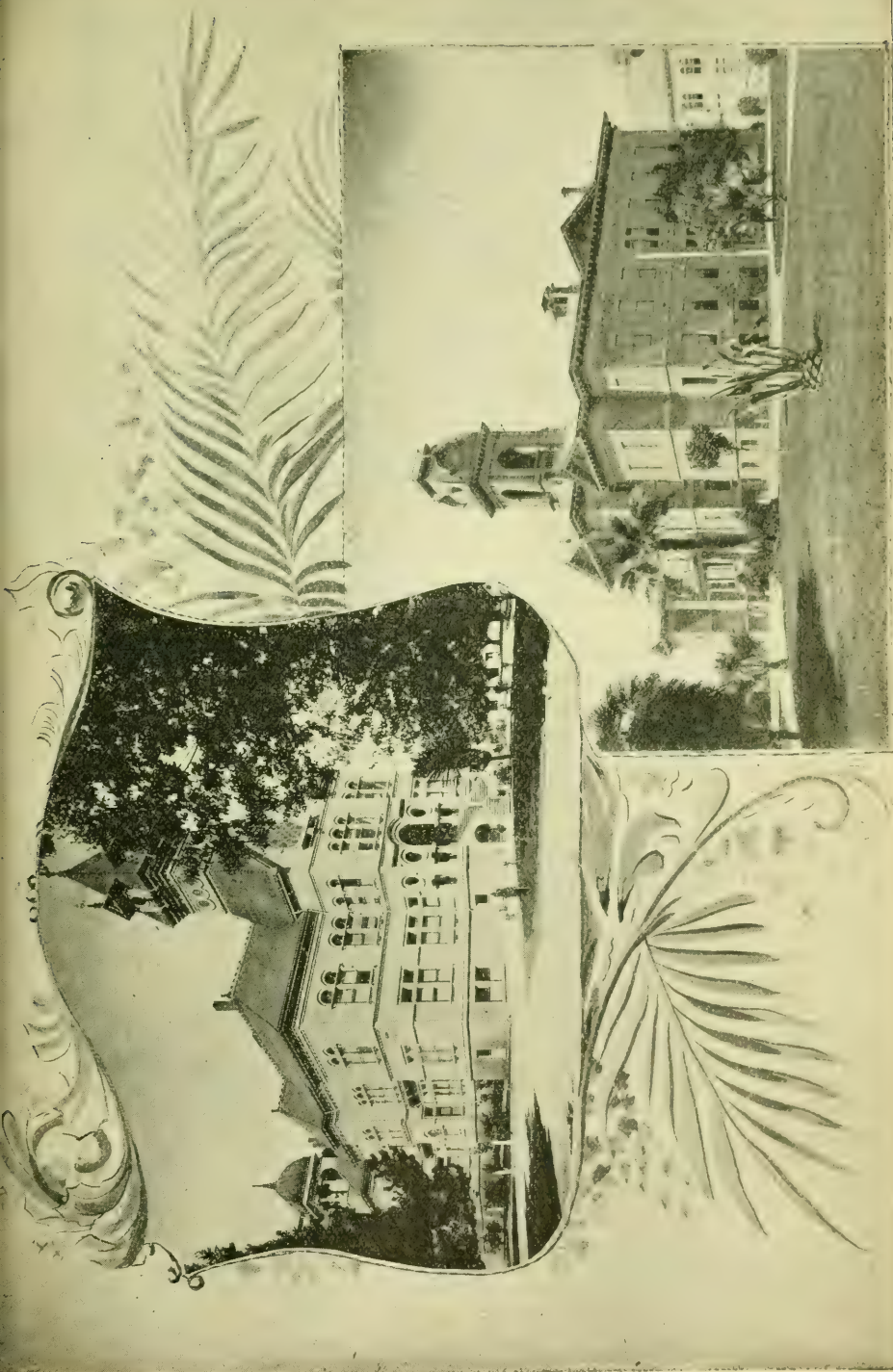
The school was opened Monday, July 21, 1862, in a room on the ground floor of the high school building on Powell street. Six pupils were present. Ahira Holmes, of San Francisco, was principal. From the first, a great amount of care was taken to keep the school in close touch with the entire State. The school was limited in attendance to sixty, though it was provided that each county could have at least one student. The opening of the school was advertised in San Francisco, Sacramento, and Marysville papers. Those who would not certify to an intention to engage to teach permanently in the common schools of the State were charged a tuition of \$5 per month.

At the end of the first term thirty-one students were registered. Of these a number were deficient in the common branches and had been admitted on probation. Another source of difficulty was irregular attendance. A model class, the germ of our present Training Department, was organized October 31, 1862. At the end of the first year, in May, 1863, a class of four, all young ladies, graduated. These were Bertha Comstock, P. Augusta Fink, Nellie Hart, and Louisa A. Mails. Three of the class engaged in teaching. The fourth, Miss Mails, died soon after graduation.

Of the faculty of the school, the principal, Ahira Holmes, taught "all the solid branches"; G. W. Minns taught natural philosophy. Besides these there were special teachers: Professor Elliott, teacher of music; Professor Burgess, of drawing; and M. Parot, of calisthenics. Dr. Henry Gibbons gave, without charge, lectures on botany. There was an examining committee, consisting of S. I. C. Swezey, John Swett, and Superintendent George Tait. This committee conducted a final oral examination previous to graduation. The students belonging to the first, or highest, division were required to conduct exercises before the committee in the model school.

Such were the beginnings of the State Normal School at San José. The early period of the Normal School, running up to the time when the school was removed to San José, was a formative period. There were many changes in the principalship. Ahira Holmes was succeeded by George W. Minns. The latter held the place but a short time, as he took a leave of absence at the end of his first year of service. While absent, Mr. H. P. Carlton acted as principal. Principal Minns having resigned in 1867, Mr. George Tait succeeded him. Mr. Tait, however, did not serve the year out, but resigned in February, 1868, Mr. Carlton being elected principal to serve until the end of the year. In 1868 William T. Lucky became principal of the school. He served until he was succeeded by Professor Charles H. Allen, in August, 1873.

The second period, the period of growth and expansion, commences with the principalship of Charles H. Allen. He straightway began to gather about him a strong corps of teachers, men and women of strong personality and in thorough sympathy with normal school work. Among those who, during this second period, devoted the best part of



STATE NORMAL SCHOOL, SAN JOSÉ.

their lives to the training of teachers for the California schools were: Mary J. Titus, Cornelia Walker, Lucy M. Washburn, J. H. Braly, Helen S. Wright, Ira More, Mary Wilson (now Mrs. Mary W. George), Mary E. B. Norton, Lizzie P. Sargent, C. W. Childs, George R. Kleeberger, A. H. Randall, and, standing next to the principal himself, who worked as a veritable steam engine, the magnetic Henry B. Norton.

The Normal School opened at San José with as many students as it had in San Francisco, and with a two years' course.

In 1873-74, with Charles H. Allen as principal, the faculty consisted of J. H. Braly, vice-principal; Miss E. W. Houghton, preceptress; Miss Lucy Washburn; Miss M. J. Titus, principal of the Training School. Miss Cornelia Walker was elected in November, 1873.

Changes took place rapidly. Regular practice work for students was begun in the Training School. Rooms were fitted up for the museum. Students from other States and Territories were the following year received without tuition. The new building, being ample in size, competitive examinations for entrance given by county boards were abolished.

In 1874-75 there were at one time three hundred students in the normal classes. The Training School was made a tuition school, and soon became self-sustaining.

In 1876-77 the course was extended to three years. Students who successfully completed the second or middle year were granted an elementary diploma (second grade certificate). This diploma was abolished in 1880.

In 1876-77 the Legislature increased the appropriation to meet the running expenses of the school to \$24,000 annually.

On the morning of February 10, 1880, the beautiful building took fire from a defective ash chute, and burned to the ground. A large part of the library and a portion of the furniture were saved. Books of reference, the museum and herbarium, and furniture, valued altogether at \$18,000, were lost. The total loss to the State was estimated at \$304,000. Through the courtesy of San José citizens, the school at once took up temporary quarters in the San José High School building (now the Horace Mann Grammar School) on Santa Clara street. In a short time the present substantial brick building was erected by the State on the site of the burned building, at a cost of \$149,000. In 1891-92 a well-equipped building, at a cost of \$47,500, was erected for the accommodation of the Training School.

In 1888 important modifications were made in the course of study. The school year was divided into three terms instead of two. The courses were made uniform in the Normal Schools throughout California. A graduate course of one year was also introduced, but as the student received no substantial credential on its completion it did not develop.

In 1887 a room was fitted up for manual training, and the instruction given by the regular teachers. In 1888 a regular teacher was employed. The work was at first elective, but later it was required, and has so continued down to 1901.

C. W. Childs, who succeeded Charles H. Allen as principal in 1889, was succeeded by A. H. Randall in 1896. Professor Randall remained at the head of the school for three years, and in 1899 was succeeded by

James McNaughton, who, after an administration of one year, was succeeded by Morris Elmer Dailey, the present head of the school.

The demand for a higher standard of scholarship among teachers was met in the year 1901 by placing admission to the San José State Normal School upon a University basis. In September, 1901, none but High School graduates and teachers were admitted. At that time the course of study was made largely professional, and two years' practice teaching and observation work were required.

Since the organization of this Normal School 3,219 students have been graduated. Over 1,200 of these are now teaching in the public schools of California.

COURSE OF STUDY.

The following is an outline of the present course of study:

REQUIRED, IF NOT TAKEN ELSEWHERE.

Mathematics—Algebra, Plane Geometry.

History—United States.

Science—Biology, Physics.

Drawing.

English—The complete course in the High School, or two years English, and two years Latin.

REQUIRED PROFESSIONAL COURSE.

A. *Practice School:*

Teaching; one year's practice in addition to assistant teaching. Primary methods, with demonstration work in Kindergarten and Primary Grades.

B. *General Professional Work:*

Psychology—A general course.

Modern Educational Theories.

School Law and School Management.

Child Study.

C. *Advanced Academic Study of the Common School Subjects, with Methods of Teaching Them:*

Reading and Literature.

Grammar and Composition.

Geography (Physical and Descriptive).

Civil Government and Economic History.

Music and Physical Training.

Arithmetic.

Nature Study.

Drawing.

ELECTIVES.

The course may be finished in two years by recommended graduates of fully accredited High Schools. All such graduates may choose one fourth of their work from any two of the following groups:

Group 1. American History, Greek and Roman History, English History, History of Education.

Group 2. Physical Geography, Meteorology, Biology (a general course), Physics, Chemistry, Botany, School Hygiene.

Group 3. Advanced Algebra, Solid Geometry, Trigonometry.

Group 4. Drawing—at least two courses.

Group 5. Advanced Psychology, Ethics.

Group 6. Literature (at least two courses), Latin.

Group 7. Manual Training.

Owing to the special need and great demand for Manual Training teachers, students who are mechanically inclined are advised to select the Manual Training Course as Elective.

KINDERGARTEN COURSE.

Students are admitted to the Kindergarten Course upon the same basis as to the regular Normal Course. All graduates of Normal Schools are entitled to a one year's Kindergarten Course.

First Year.

FIRST TERM.

Psychology.
Drawing.
Manual Training.
Kindergarten Theory.
Observation.
Music.

SECOND TERM.

Child Study.
Nature Study.
Kindergarten Theory.
Drawing.

Second Year.

FIRST TERM.

Literature.
Biology.
Kindergarten Theory.
Practice Teaching.

SECOND TERM.

Modern Educational Theories.
Primary Methods.
Kindergarten Theory.

Music and Physical Training alternating throughout the entire course.

REQUIREMENTS FOR ADMISSION.

Students are admitted to the Normal School upon the following credentials:

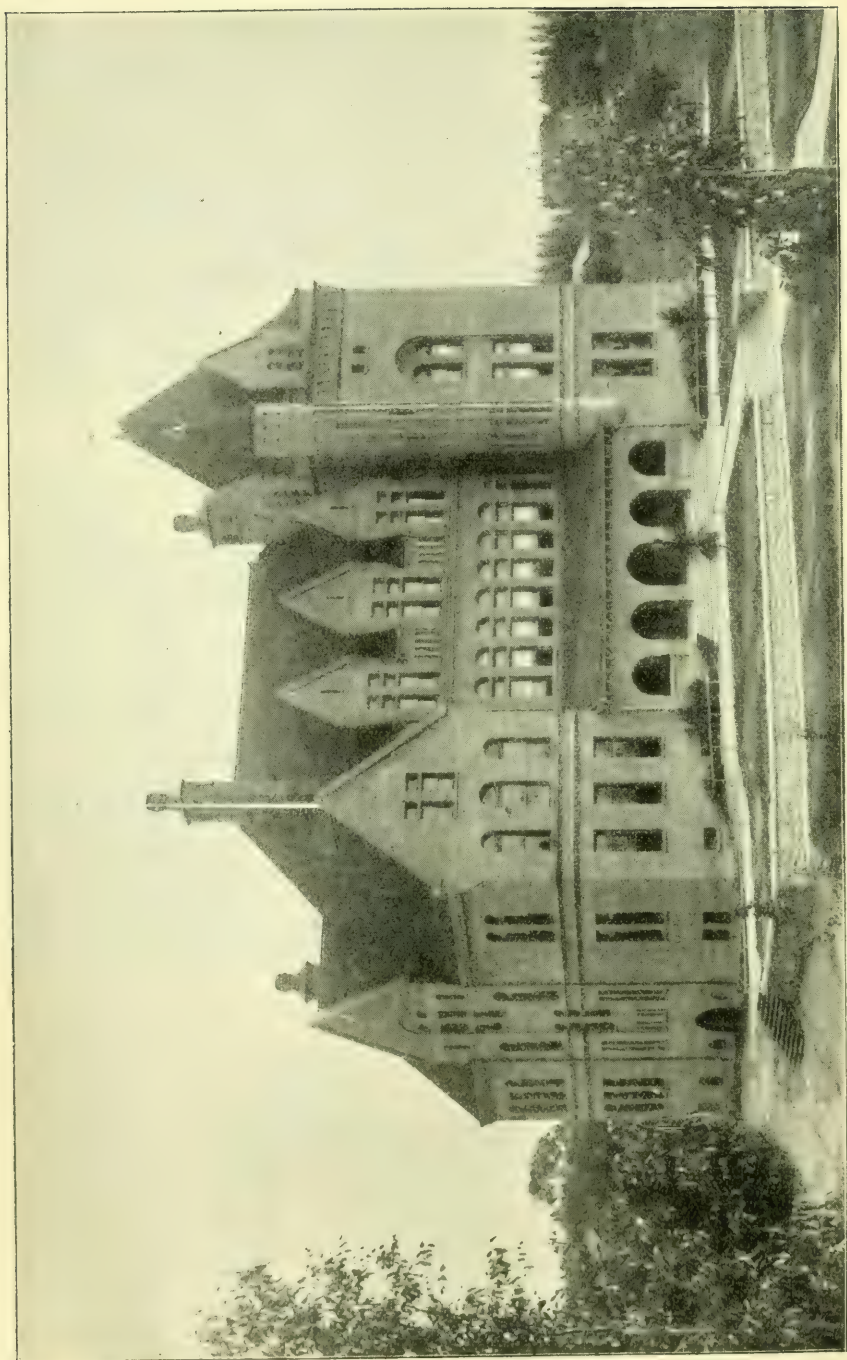
1. Any one who is a graduate of a high school;
2. Any one holding a valid teacher's certificate;
3. Any one holding credentials showing the equivalent of a high school training;
4. Any one who is able to pass an examination in the subjects required for graduation from an accredited high school of California in any one course.

All graduates of accredited high schools, who are fully recommended to the State University, will be placed upon a two years' course. Those graduates who are not fully recommended, or who come from high schools not fully accredited to the University, will be obliged to make up entrance conditions in addition to the two years' course. All high school graduates who have done excellent work at the Normal School will be given a recommendation to advanced standing at the State University or Stanford University. It is expected that this will enable such students to take a university degree in three years.

STATISTICS

OF

PRIMARY AND GRAMMAR SCHOOLS.



GRANT GRAMMAR SCHOOL, RIVERSIDE, RIVERSIDE COUNTY.

STATISTICS OF PRIMARY AND GRAMMAR SCHOOLS.

TABLE No. 1.

CENSUS STATISTICS FOR THE SCHOOL YEARS ENDING JUNE 30, 1901, AND JUNE 30, 1902.
Number of White Children between Five and Seventeen Years of Age.

Counties.	1901.			1902.		
	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.
Alameda.....	16,603	16,541	33,144	17,107	17,006	34,113
Alpine.....	33	43	76	33	44	77
Amador.....	1,351	1,336	2,687	1,358	1,277	2,635
Butte.....	2,184	2,150	4,334	2,176	2,132	4,308
Calaveras.....	1,467	1,351	2,818	1,526	1,358	2,884
Colusa.....	1,007	924	1,931	997	892	1,889
Contra Costa.....	2,243	2,089	4,332	2,345	2,208	4,553
Del Norte.....	301	329	630	288	304	592
El Dorado.....	1,017	929	1,946	988	875	1,863
Fresno.....	4,742	4,658	9,400	4,901	4,924	9,825
Glenn.....	633	601	1,234	617	635	1,252
Humboldt.....	3,478	3,488	6,966	3,545	3,538	7,083
Inyo.....	378	357	735	380	343	723
Kern.....	1,844	1,797	3,641	1,926	1,832	3,758
Kings.....	1,312	1,300	2,612	1,348	1,307	2,655
Lake.....	789	704	1,493	760	679	1,439
Lassen.....	502	495	997	504	477	981
Los Angeles.....	24,621	24,619	49,240	22,135	22,180	44,315
Madera.....	715	707	1,422	689	686	1,375
Marin.....	1,754	1,547	3,302	1,892	1,639	3,531
Mariposa.....	533	530	1,063	547	543	1,090
Mendocino.....	2,509	2,336	4,845	2,591	2,448	5,039
Merced.....	1,230	1,147	2,377	1,224	1,157	2,381
Modoc.....	713	710	1,423	684	693	1,377
Mono.....	178	158	336	178	162	340
Monterey.....	2,577	2,533	5,110	2,657	2,600	5,257
Napa.....	1,802	1,718	3,520	1,814	1,754	3,568
Nevada.....	1,915	2,048	3,963	1,945	1,894	3,839
Orange.....	3,224	2,845	6,069	3,343	2,902	6,245
Placer.....	1,648	1,663	3,311	1,672	1,664	3,336
Plumas.....	422	431	853	412	408	820
Riverside.....	2,473	2,274	4,747	2,586	2,434	5,020
Sacramento.....	4,573	4,525	9,098	4,720	4,715	9,435
San Benito.....	873	865	1,738	901	837	1,738
San Bernardino.....	3,624	3,412	7,036	3,955	3,747	7,702
San Diego.....	3,784	3,611	7,395	3,891	3,647	7,538
San Francisco.....	40,279	39,615	79,894	40,016	39,820	79,836
San Joaquin.....	3,644	3,684	7,328	3,642	3,734	7,376
San Luis Obispo.....	2,636	2,486	5,122	2,779	2,663	5,442
San Mateo.....	1,725	1,536	3,261	1,822	1,621	3,443
Santa Barbara.....	2,423	2,341	4,764	2,446	2,330	4,776
Santa Clara.....	7,645	7,411	15,056	7,821	7,640	15,461
Santa Cruz.....	2,840	2,818	5,658	2,804	2,794	5,598
Shasta.....	2,138	1,948	4,086	2,174	2,043	4,217
Sierra.....	348	380	728	360	398	758
Siskiyou.....	1,841	1,779	3,620	1,854	1,761	3,615
Solano.....	2,554	2,552	5,106	2,616	2,574	5,190
Sonoma.....	4,967	4,742	9,709	5,140	4,955	10,095
Stanislaus.....	1,201	1,158	2,359	1,208	1,108	2,316
Sutter.....	656	625	1,281	669	623	1,292
Tehama.....	1,457	1,422	2,879	1,372	1,352	2,724
Trinity.....	424	547	771	401	335	736
Tulare.....	2,782	2,774	5,556	2,862	2,838	5,700
Tuolumne.....	1,203	1,173	2,376	1,282	1,220	2,502
Ventura.....	2,133	1,982	4,115	2,275	2,030	4,305
Yolo.....	1,496	1,552	3,048	1,515	1,535	3,050
Yuba.....	961	1,001	1,962	986	984	1,970
Totals.....	184,405	180,098	364,503	184,679	180,299	364,978

TABLE No. 1—CONTINUED.

Number of Negro Children between Five and Seventeen Years of Age.

Counties.	1901.			1902.		
	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.
Alameda	116	94	210	125	109	234
Alpine						
Amador		1	1		1	1
Butte	12	8	20	11	7	18
Calaveras	4	2	6	4	5	9
Colusa	12	9	21	15	10	25
Contra Costa	5		5	7	1	8
Del Norte						
El Dorado	5	4	9	3	3	6
Fresno	71	69	140	68	63	131
Glenn	4	4	8			
Humboldt						
Inyo	3	1	4	3	1	4
Kern	19	20	39	12	19	31
Kings	12	13	25	9	12	21
Lake	1	2	3	1	2	3
Lassen						
Los Angeles	332	338	670	333	300	633
Madera	9	5	14	5	8	13
Marin	6	5	11	9	7	16
Mariposa	1	3	4	3	5	8
Mendocino	4	4	8	1	1	2
Merced	4	4	8	6	5	11
Modoc						
Mono						
Monterey	10	3	13	6	4	10
Napa	5	2	7	3	1	4
Nevada	2	2	4	1	2	3
Orange	2	1	3	5		5
Placer	2	2	4		5	7
Plumas						
Riverside	39	50	89	40	55	95
Sacramento	55	52	107	60	61	121
San Benito	12	9	21	5	5	10
San Bernardino	32	39	71	37	45	82
San Diego	37	52	89	46	52	98
San Francisco	144	104	248	140	110	250
San Joaquin	47	34	81	51	32	83
San Luis Obispo	8	7	15	7	9	16
San Mateo	3	4	7	4	6	10
Santa Barbara		1	1		4	4
Santa Clara	28	35	63	28	37	65
Santa Cruz	12	9	21	11	7	18
Shasta	25	20	45	27	26	53
Sierra		1	1		2	2
Siskiyou	13	5	18	10	5	15
Solano	12	6	18	15	11	26
Sonoma	4	5	9	7	4	11
Stanislaus	4	5	9	3	6	9
Sutter	2		2			
Tehama	15	23	38	12	25	37
Trinity						
Tulare	14	10	24	8	9	17
Tuolumne	2	2	4		1	1
Ventura	2	1	3	5	3	8
Yolo	26	21	47	36	24	60
Yuba	35	34	69	37	33	70
Totals	1,212	1,125	2,337	1,221	1,143	2,364

TABLE NO. 1—CONTINUED.

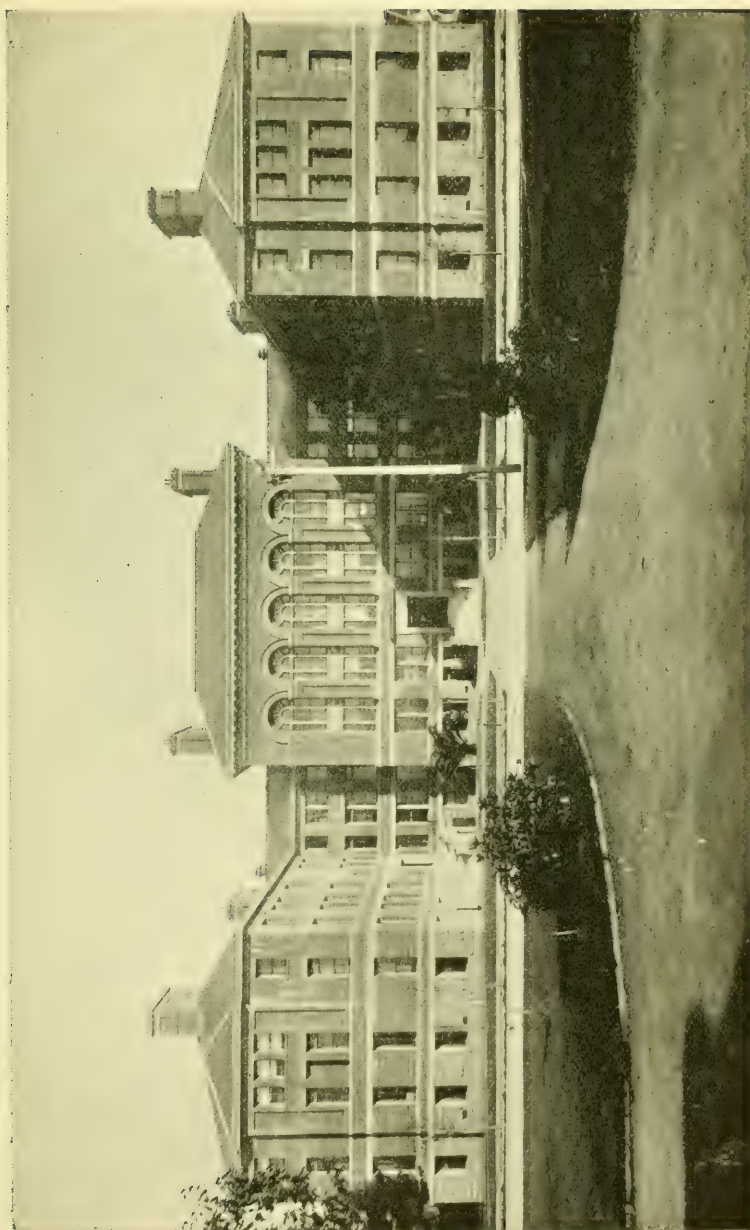
Number of Indian Children, between Five and Seventeen Years of Age, Whose Parents or Guardians Pay Taxes, or Do Not Live in the Tribal Relation or on Government Reservations.

Counties.	1901.			1902.		
	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.
Alameda	3	3	6	5	2	7
Alpine	1		1	2	2	4
Amador	28	26	54	34	29	63
Butte	39	30	69	43	28	71
Calaveras	12	10	22	15	14	29
Colusa	20	10	30	22	13	35
Contra Costa					2	2
Del Norte	22	14	36	31	21	52
El Dorado	35	27	62	30	31	61
Fresno	49	40	89	49	32	81
Glenn	2	2	4	4	2	6
Humboldt	109	103	212	127	112	239
Inyo	119	137	256	96	121	217
Kern	54	31	85	52	43	95
Kings	3	7	10	5	6	11
Lake	61	50	111	56	56	112
Lassen	51	38	89	42	41	83
Los Angeles	31	32	63	66	53	119
Madera	43	46	89	51	41	92
Marin						
Mariposa	16	23	39	14	24	38
Mendocino	103	97	200	105	93	198
Merced					1	1
Modoc	49	56	105	70	58	128
Mono	48	34	82	39	42	81
Monterey	17	20	37	17	18	35
Napa	1	2	3			
Nevada	7	4	11	7	5	12
Orange						
Placer	9	8	17	12	7	19
Plumas	68	64	132	78	59	137
Riverside	82	78	160	90	74	164
Sacramento	10	6	16	11	6	17
San Benito	3	4	7	2	3	5
San Bernardino	85	73	158	186	151	337
San Diego	174	143	317	154	139	293
San Francisco						
San Joaquin						
San Luis Obispo	9	6	15	3	2	5
San Mateo						
Santa Barbara	6	13	19	6	4	10
Santa Clara		1	1			
Santa Cruz	2		2	1		1
Shasta	115	109	224	111	103	214
Sierra	2	6	8		1	1
Siskiyou	88	65	153	66	67	133
Solano	2	2	4	2	2	4
Sonoma	41	42	83	36	40	76
Stanislaus	4	4	8	7	3	10
Sutter					2	2
Tehama	20	18	38	14	16	30
Trinity	6	9	15	2	6	8
Tulare	13	12	25	11	17	28
Tuolumne	12	15	27	16	10	26
Ventura	5	4	9	9	10	19
Yolo	2	3	5	1	1	2
Yuba	12	6	18	17	8	25
Totals	1,693	1,533	3,226	1,817	1,621	3,438

TABLE No. 1—CONTINUED.

Native-born Mongolians between Five and Seventeen Years of Age.

Counties.	1901.			1902.		
	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.
Alameda.....	43	10	53	48	13	61
Alpine.....						
Amador.....	13	5	18	13	6	19
Butte.....	12	4	16	8	2	10
Calaveras.....	3	2	5	3	2	5
Colusa.....				1		1
Contra Costa.....	12	4	16	1	1	2
Del Norte.....						
El Dorado.....	2	2	4	2	3	5
Fresno.....	46	50	96	61	59	120
Glenn.....	1		1			
Humboldt.....	4	1	5	5	1	6
Inyo.....	2	1	3	1		1
Kern.....	14	14	28	21	17	38
Kings.....	3	3	6	4	6	10
Lake.....	1	1	2	1	1	2
Lassen.....						
Los Angeles.....	53	37	90	61	39	100
Madera.....	3	4	7	3	4	7
Marin.....	10	2	12	8	2	10
Mariposa.....						
Mendocino.....	3	1	4	3	1	4
Merced.....	6	2	8	4	4	8
Modoc.....						
Mono.....						
Monterey.....	35	23	58	38	27	65
Napa.....	10	3	13	7	5	12
Nevada.....	7	3	10	12	5	17
Orange.....	2		2	1		1
Placer.....	22	6	28	20	9	29
Plumas.....	4		4	7		7
Riverside.....	1		1	1		1
Sacramento.....	90	36	126	97	41	138
San Benito.....						
San Bernardino.....	1	1	2		2	2
San Diego.....	5	6	11	3	5	8
San Francisco.....	1,193	838	2,031	1,301	1,004	2,305
San Joaquin.....	15	5	20	21	20	41
San Luis Obispo.....	6	6	12	6	5	11
San Mateo.....	2		2	1		1
Santa Barbara.....	6	3	9	6	3	9
Santa Clara.....	26	4	30	18	6	24
Santa Cruz.....	2	4	6	5	4	9
Shasta.....	3		3	2		2
Sierra.....						
Siskiyou.....	10	11	21	8	11	19
Solano.....	16	3	19	10	2	12
Sonoma.....	3	1	4	3	3	6
Stanislaus.....	5	3	8	5	4	9
Sutter.....						
Tehama.....	9	3	12	7	5	12
Trinity.....	9	5	14	7	5	12
Tulare.....	1	2	3	1	3	4
Tuolumne.....	1		1	1		1
Ventura.....	9	4	13	8	5	13
Yolo.....	2	1	3	5	2	7
Yuba.....	19	20	39	19	14	33
Totals.....	1,745	1,134	2,879	1,868	1,351	3,219



OAKLAND CITY HIGH SCHOOL—ALAMEDA COUNTY.

TABLE No. 1—(CONTINUED.)

Total Number of Census Children, Population of State, and Ratio of Population of State to the School Census of 1901.

Counties.	Total Number of Census Children.		Population of State, (census of 1900)	Ratio of Popula- tion of State to the School Cen- sus of 1901
	1901.	1902.		
Alameda	33,413	34,415	130,197	3.8
Alpine	77	81	509	6.4
Amador	2,760	2,718	11,116	4.0
Butte	4,439	4,407	17,117	3.8
Calaveras	2,851	2,927	11,200	3.9
Colusa	1,982	1,950	7,364	3.7
Contra Costa	4,353	4,565	18,046	4.1
Del Norte	666	644	2,408	3.6
El Dorado	2,021	1,935	8,986	4.4
Fresno	9,725	10,157	37,862	3.9
Glenn	1,247	1,258	5,150	4.1
Humboldt	7,183	7,328	27,104	3.7
Inyo	998	945	4,377	4.4
Kern	3,793	3,922	16,480	4.3
Kings	2,653	2,697	9,871	3.7
Lake	1,609	1,556	6,017	3.6
Lassen	1,086	1,064	4,511	4.1
Los Angeles	50,063	45,167	170,298	3.4
Madera	1,532	1,487	6,364	4.1
Marin	3,325	3,557	15,702	4.7
Mariposa	1,106	1,136	4,720	4.2
Mendocino	5,057	5,243	20,465	4.4
Merced	2,393	2,401	9,215	3.4
Modoc	1,528	1,505	5,076	3.3
Mono	418	421	2,167	5.1
Monterey	5,218	5,367	19,380	3.7
Napa	3,543	3,584	16,451	4.6
Nevada	3,988	3,871	17,789	4.5
Orange	6,074	6,251	19,696	3.2
Placer	3,360	3,391	15,786	4.7
Plumas	989	964	4,657	3.8
Riverside	4,997	5,280	17,897	3.5
Sacramento	9,347	9,711	45,915	4.8
San Benito	1,766	1,753	6,633	3.6
San Bernardino	7,267	8,123	27,929	3.8
San Diego	7,812	7,937	35,090	4.4
San Francisco	82,173	82,391	342,782	4.1
San Joaquin	7,429	7,500	35,452	4.7
San Luis Obispo	5,164	5,474	16,637	3.2
San Mateo	3,270	3,454	12,094	3.7
Santa Barbara	4,793	4,799	18,934	3.7
Santa Clara	15,150	15,550	60,216	3.9
Santa Cruz	5,687	5,626	21,512	3.7
Shasta	4,358	4,486	17,318	3.9
Sierra	737	761	4,017	5.4
Siskiyou	3,812	3,782	16,902	4.4
Solano	5,147	5,232	24,143	4.6
Sonoma	9,805	10,188	38,480	3.9
Stanislaus	2,384	2,344	9,550	4.0
Sutter	1,283	1,294	5,886	4.9
Tehama	2,967	2,803	10,996	3.9
Trinity	800	756	4,383	5.4
Tulare	5,608	5,749	18,375	3.2
Tuolumne	2,408	2,530	11,166	4.6
Ventura	4,140	4,345	14,367	3.4
Yolo	3,103	3,119	13,618	4.3
Yuba	2,088	2,098	8,612	4.1
Totals	372,945	373,999	1,485,053	3.9

TABLE No. 1—CONTINUED.

Counties.	Number of Children Between Five and Seventeen Years of Age Who Have Attended Public Schools During the Year.		Number of Children Between Five and Seventeen Years of Age Who Have At- tended Private but Not Public Schools at Any Time Dur- ing the Year.		Number of Children Between Five and Seventeen Years of Age Who Have At- tended No School at Any Time Dur- ing the Year.	
	1901.	1902.	1901.	1902.	1901.	1902.
Alameda	24,109	24,886	2,182	2,585	7,122	6,944
Alpine	65	61	1	6	11	14
Amador	2,310	2,166	33	54	417	498
Butte	3,665	3,656	49	69	725	682
Calaveras	2,337	2,407	29	25	485	495
Colusa	1,580	1,551	75	72	327	327
Contra Costa	3,496	3,721	23	29	834	815
Del Norte	485	480	5	9	176	155
El Dorado	1,644	1,585	37	26	340	324
Fresno	7,651	7,975	245	207	1,829	1,975
Glenn	1,102	1,055	6	11	139	192
Humboldt	5,662	5,709	69	119	1,452	1,500
Inyo	744	708	5	17	249	220
Kern	2,936	3,068	34	24	823	830
Kings	2,131	2,035	12	23	510	639
Lake	1,226	1,219	63	44	320	293
Lassen	835	817	4	8	247	239
Los Angeles	37,923	37,385	2,913	2,357	9,227	5,425
Madera	1,179	1,131	12	31	341	325
Marin	2,042	2,287	577	590	706	680
Mariposa	888	899	10	13	208	224
Mendocino	3,967	4,117	85	81	1,005	1,045
Merced	1,843	1,937	22	30	528	434
Modoc	1,205	1,252	22	16	301	237
Mono	295	317	14	14	109	90
Monterey	3,836	4,093	256	175	1,126	1,099
Napa	2,796	2,811	102	81	645	692
Nevada	3,023	2,947	84	78	881	846
Orange	4,880	4,839	207	349	987	1,063
Placer	2,710	2,795	25	45	625	551
Plumas	693	713	73	70	223	181
Riverside	4,180	4,382	68	62	749	836
Sacramento	7,293	7,428	422	533	1,632	1,750
San Benito	1,305	1,348	85	78	376	327
San Bernardino	6,011	6,625	271	277	985	1,221
San Diego	6,294	6,318	269	309	1,249	1,310
San Francisco	50,953	52,745	10,586	10,212	20,634	19,434
San Joaquin	5,620	5,900	476	382	1,333	1,218
San Luis Obispo	3,925	4,167	274	341	965	966
San Mateo	2,306	2,400	360	342	604	712
Santa Barbara	3,637	3,698	254	199	907	902
Santa Clara	11,058	11,379	1,572	1,608	2,520	2,563
Santa Cruz	3,837	4,010	723	692	1,091	924
Shasta	3,535	3,598	136	146	687	742
Sierra	624	646	9	7	104	108
Siskiyou	2,925	2,975	67	63	820	744
Solano	3,645	3,741	611	611	891	880
Sonoma	7,519	7,906	477	552	1,809	1,730
Sonoma	1,938	1,965	7	14	439	365
Stanislaus	1,070	1,048	4	19	209	227
Sutter	2,448	2,211	62	83	457	509
Tehama	565	541	24	17	211	198
Trinity	4,698	4,839	29	24	881	886
Tulare	1,890	2,004	20	30	498	496
Tuolumne	3,217	3,444	84	189	839	712
Ventura	2,517	2,551	96	100	490	468
Yolo	1,487	1,502	203	202	398	394
Yuba						
Totals	273,791	289,993	24,463	24,350	74,691	59,656

TABLE No. 1—CONTINUED.

Number of Children Under Five Years of Age.

Counties.	1901.					1902.				
	White	Negro	Indian	Mongolian	Total	White	Negro	Indian	Mongolian	Total
Alameda	10,177	55	3	25	10,260	10,385	77	8	21	10,491
Alpine	42				42	45				45
Amador	1,000	1	22	5	1,028	956	1	10	7	974
Butte	1,499	4	32	4	1,539	1,394	2	43	7	1,446
Calaveras	1,091	2	7		1,100	1,052	2	9	3	1,066
Colusa	582	4	18		604	534	6	18		558
Contra Costa	1,809	5		4	1,818	1,958	9		2	1,969
Del Norte	238		37		275	245		28		273
El Dorado	664	2	21	1	688	615	2	27		644
Fresno	3,767	61	35	64	3,927	3,649	36	22	33	3,740
Glenn	415	2	1		418	449		4		453
Humboldt	2,788		76	2	2,866	2,684		113	1	2,798
Inyo	285	1	63		349	288	1	60		349
Kern	1,439	14	27	8	1,488	1,411	16	38	15	1,480
Kings	824	3	2	3	832	752	6	1	2	761
Lake	507	1	51		559	477	1	48		526
Lassen	385		22		407	387		28		415
Los Angeles	11,657	163	36	24	11,880	13,634	188	67	54	13,943
Madera	460	3	35	4	502	485	1	23	1	510
Marin	1,096	1		6	1,103	1,178	2		5	1,185
Mariposa	406		28		434	410	2	18		430
Mendocino	1,733	2	81	3	1,819	1,694		84	1	1,779
Merced	899	4		5	908	868	5		3	876
Modoc	497		14		511	497		26		523
Mono	125		45		170	132		23		155
Monterey	1,597	4	8	22	1,631	1,514	5	17	13	1,549
Napa	1,169		1	9	1,179	1,079	5		7	1,091
Nevada	1,396	1	3	3	1,403	1,280		3	5	1,288
Orange	1,837				1,837	1,956			3	1,959
Placer	1,181		4	15	1,200	1,097		7	5	1,109
Plumas	329		58	6	393	323		59	5	387
Riverside	1,530	28	45		1,603	1,622	31	43		1,696
Sacramento	3,064	30	4	38	3,136	3,279	19	9	25	3,332
San Benito	545	3	1		549	548	3			551
San Bernardino	2,355	27	34	4	2,420	2,457	24	51	2	2,534
San Diego	2,273	25	157	6	2,461	2,311	20	94	5	2,430
San Francisco	22,736	68		535	23,339	22,874	68		578	23,520
San Joaquin	2,408	24		5	2,437	2,384	25		3	2,412
San Luis Obispo	1,548	1	2	5	1,556	1,642	6	2	6	1,656
San Mateo	1,189	3			1,192	1,186	3		1	1,190
Santa Barbara	1,782	1	4	1	1,788	1,771		3	3	1,777
Santa Clara	4,285	8	2	20	4,315	4,092	10		27	4,129
Santa Cruz	1,642	5	2	2	1,651	1,661	3		16	1,680
Shasta	1,488	18	74		1,580	1,562	15	59		1,636
Sierra	298		2	1	301	327			2	329
Siskiyou	1,364	4	59	7	1,434	1,442	3	38	7	1,490
Solano	1,835	4		7	1,846	1,870	6		9	1,885
Sonoma	3,181		56	1	3,238	3,105	1	31	7	3,144
Stanislaus	759	2	9	5	775	726	3	5	5	739
Sutter	492				492	508				508
Tehama	1,035	5	21	6	1,067	1,066	6	14	9	1,095
Trinity	325		3	7	335	341		2	7	350
Tulare	1,862	6	21	1	1,890	1,879	6	10	2	1,897
Tuolumne	856	11	9		876	813		13		826
Ventura	1,413	2	1	6	1,422	1,497	6	7	9	1,519
Yolo	1,018	13	3	6	1,040	921	11		5	937
Yuba	593	13	8	18	632	622	11	8	20	661
Totals	113,770	634	1,247	894	116,545	115,934	647	1,173	941	118,695

TABLE No. 1—CONTINUED.

Nativity of Children.

Counties.	Native Born.		Foreign Born.		Total.	
	1901.	1902.	1901.	1902.	1901.	1902.
Alameda	42,866	44,127	807	779	43,673	44,906
Alpine	117	126	2		119	126
Amador	3,660	3,619	128	73	3,788	3,692
Butte	5,963	5,842	15	11	5,978	5,853
Calaveras	3,922	3,951	29	42	3,951	3,993
Colusa	2,575	2,504	11	4	2,586	2,508
Contra Costa	5,993	6,398	178	136	6,171	6,534
Del Norte	941	916		1	941	917
El Dorado	2,698	2,572	11	7	2,709	2,579
Fresno	13,216	13,253	456	644	13,652	13,897
Glenn	1,652	1,697	13	14	1,665	1,711
Humboldt	9,886	9,973	163	153	10,049	10,126
Inyo	1,344	1,292	3	2	1,347	1,294
Kern	5,232	5,359	49	43	5,281	5,402
Kings	3,443	3,396	42	62	3,485	3,458
Lake	2,142	2,062	26	20	2,168	2,082
Lassen	1,489	1,475	4	4	1,493	1,479
Los Angeles	61,010	58,287	933	823	61,943	59,110
Madera	2,026	1,980	8	17	2,034	1,997
Marin	4,289	4,641	139	101	4,428	4,742
Mariposa	1,531	1,558	9	8	1,540	1,566
Mendocino	6,815	6,959	61	63	6,876	7,022
Merced	3,246	3,199	55	78	3,301	3,277
Modoc	2,036	2,028	3		2,039	2,028
Mono	581	568	7	8	588	576
Monterey	6,782	6,865	67	51	6,849	6,916
Napa	4,632	4,601	90	74	4,722	4,675
Nevada	5,338	5,115	53	44	5,391	5,159
Orange	7,809	8,115	102	95	7,911	8,210
Placer	4,483	4,437	77	63	4,560	4,500
Plumas	1,361	1,339	21	12	1,382	1,351
Riverside	6,512	6,891	88	85	6,600	6,976
Sacramento	12,326	12,917	157	126	12,483	13,043
San Benito	2,273	2,274	42	30	2,315	2,304
San Bernardino	9,514	10,539	173	118	9,687	10,657
San Diego	9,975	10,045	298	322	10,273	10,367
San Francisco	103,264	103,640	2,248	2,271	105,512	105,911
San Joaquin	9,738	9,837	128	75	9,866	9,912
San Luis Obispo	6,658	7,066	62	64	6,720	7,130
San Mateo	4,338	4,563	124	81	4,462	4,644
Santa Barbara	6,483	6,455	98	121	6,581	6,576
Santa Clara	19,158	19,349	307	330	19,465	19,679
Santa Cruz	7,279	7,209	59	97	7,338	7,306
Shasta	5,879	6,059	59	63	5,938	6,122
Sierra	1,031	1,085	7	5	1,038	1,090
Siskiyou	5,205	5,249	41	23	5,246	5,272
Solano	6,913	7,032	80	85	6,993	7,117
Sonoma	12,788	13,059	255	273	13,043	13,332
Stanislaus	3,153	3,074	6	9	3,159	3,083
Sutter	1,769	1,800	6	2	1,775	1,802
Tehama	4,006	3,865	28	33	4,034	3,898
Trinity	1,127	1,100	8	6	1,135	1,106
Tulare	7,447	7,605	51	41	7,498	7,646
Tuolumne	3,257	3,323	27	33	3,284	3,356
Ventura	5,501	5,809	61	55	5,562	5,864
Yolo	4,112	4,028	31	28	4,143	4,056
Yuba	2,708	2,740	12	19	2,720	2,759
Totals	481,492	484,867	7,908	7,827	489,490	492,694

TABLE No. 2—PRIMARY AND GRAMMAR SCHOOL STATISTICS.

School Districts.

Counties.	At Beginning of School Year.		New Districts Organized.		Districts Lapsed During Year.		Districts Combined During Year.		Total Number at Close of Year.	
	1901.	1902.	1901.	1902.	1901.	1902.	1901.	1902.	1901.	1902.
Alameda	56	58		1		1	1		55	55
Alpine	3	3							3	3
Amador	44	44							44	44
Butte	77	76		1	1	1			76	76
Calaveras	56	56		1					56	57
Colusa	41	40			1			2	40	38
Contra Costa	53	53							53	53
Del Norte	14	14							14	14
El Dorado	58	58							58	58
Fresno	123	124	3	3	1	1	1		124	126
Glenn	40	38	1		3	2			38	36
Humboldt	99	103	4	3					103	106
Inyo	18	18		2					18	20
Kern	62	64	3						65	64
Kings	27	27							27	27
Lake	44	44	1		1	2			44	42
Lassen	33	34							33	34
Los Angeles	130	130	1	4	1				130	134
Madera	41	40			1				40	40
Marin	43	42			1				42	42
Mariposa	35	35	1		1	2			35	33
Mendocino	112	125	13	3		2		1	125	125
Merced	52	53	1	2		1			53	54
Modoc	34	33		1	1				33	34
Mono	9	9							9	9
Monterey	100	99	1		1	2	1	1	99	96
Napa	56	54	1		1		1		55	54
Nevada	44	43			1				43	43
Orange	39	39							39	39
Placer	57	58	2		1				58	58
Plumas	27	28	1						28	28
Riverside	67	68	2	3	1	2			68	69
Sacramento	73	74		1					73	75
San Benito	47	47							47	47
San Bernardino	54	54	2		1	2			55	52
San Diego	129	125	1	2	4		1	1	125	126
San Francisco	1	1							1	1
San Joaquin	82	83	1	2					83	85
San Luis Obispo	98	100	2	2	1	1	1	1	98	100
San Mateo	32	32							32	32
Santa Barbara	65	64			1				64	64
Santa Clara	84	85	3		1	2			86	83
Santa Cruz	55	56	1			2			56	54
Shasta	100	103	3	1		2			103	102
Sierra	22	21			1	1			21	20
Siskiyou	86	86	2		2				86	86
Solano	55	54			1				54	54
Sonoma	141	142	2	1		2	1		142	141
Stanislaus	49	50		1					50	51
Sutter	35	35							35	35
Tehama	64	65	2		1	1			65	64
Trinity	21	22	1	1					22	23
Tulare	107	106	1		2	1			106	105
Tuolumne	35	38	3						38	38
Ventura	50	51	2	2	2	1			50	52
Yolo	50	50						1	50	49
Yuba	40	38			1				39	38
Totals	3,269	3,289	62	37	35	31	7	7	3,289	3,288

TABLE No. 2—CONTINUED.

Grade of School.

Counties.	Grammar.		Primary.	
	1901.	1902.	1901.	1902.
Alameda	178	239	289	279
Alpine	3	3		
Amador	36	37	30	28
Butte	55	55	21	20
Calaveras	38	57	35	16
Colusa	35	32	22	22
Contra Costa	35	40	54	49
Del Norte	14	12	3	5
El Dorado	48	52	16	12
Fresno	122	113	88	18
Glenn	27	28	22	19
Humboldt	37	38	120	124
Inyo	11	11	12	12
Kern	53	55	33	38
Kings	21	21	5	4
Lake	31	32	19	20
Lassen	17	19	19	19
Los Angeles	229	245	559	619
Madera	39	44	8	4
Marin	22	27	42	37
Mariposa	26	30	14	9
Mendocino	63	72	49	51
Merced	50	51		
Modoc	28	33	13	8
Mono	9	9	3	3
Monterey	72	69	62	65
Napa	46	44	38	39
Nevada	51	52	32	28
Orange	59	63	57	55
Placer	52	51	31	33
Plumas	19	21	11	10
Riverside	16	16	48	49
Sacramento	102	94	112	122
San Benito	27	29	33	31
San Bernardino	56	55	95	100
San Diego	94	70	121	55
San Francisco	32	31	46	46
San Joaquin	80	57	81	53
San Luis Obispo	53	74	73	24
San Mateo	41	42	22	22
Santa Barbara	38	38	76	78
Santa Clara	132	140	138	139
Santa Cruz	69	68	49	50
Shasta	89	86	31	39
Sierra	13	13	10	9
Siskiyou	53	60	45	42
Solano	48	54	61	57
Sonoma	126	124	94	94
Stanislaus	49	48	21	2
Sutter	31	33	11	9
Tehama	61	57	19	24
Trinity	6	6	17	17
Tulare	83	90	61	54
Tuolumne	38	40	15	14
Ventura	52	53	37	35
Yolo	29	38	47	39
Yuba	41	40	7	8
Totals	3,021	3,111	3,077	2,856

TABLE No. 2—CONTINUED.

Teachers.

Counties.	No. Regular and Special Teachers, incl. Principals, in Primary and Grammar Schools		Sex of Teachers.				Number Teachers Attending County Institute.	
			Men.		Women.			
			1901.	1902.	1901.	1902.		
Alameda	502	518	57	49	445	469	492	572
Alpine	3	3			3	3		
Amador	68	66	10	8	58	58	66	65
Butte	112	113	16	19	96	94	108	113
Calaveras	73	73	15	15	58	58	71	
Colusa	57	54	12	13	45	41	55	60
Contra Costa	89	89	13	15	76	74	86	87
Del Norte	17	18	4	4	13	14		
El Dorado	64	64	14	13	50	51	63	63
Fresno	212	224	33	32	179	192	205	246
Glenn	49	47	14	13	35	34	46	51
Humboldt	157	162	35	35	122	127	157	167
Inyo	23	23	5	3	18	20		23
Kern	86	96	10	9	76	87	84	98
Kings	56	58	11	10	45	48	55	64
Lake	50	50	7	10	43	40	48	46
Lassen	37	38	14	14	23	24	32	38
Los Angeles	872	960	104	98	768	862	855	1,012
Madera	47	48	14	9	33	39	44	46
Marin	64	66	8	9	56	57	63	70
Mariposa	40	38	3	5	37	33	30	31
Mendocino	136	148	29	33	107	115	126	
Merced	64	64	8	12	56	52	63	71
Modoc	41	41	12	7	29	34	35	39
Mono	12	12	2	1	10	11		
Monterey	134	134	10	12	124	122	139	136
Napa	84	83	9	10	75	73	84	90
Nevada	83	80	23	18	60	62	83	83
Orange	116	118	26	28	90	90	116	137
Placer	83	84	16	13	67	71	81	86
Plumas	30	31	6	6	24	25	29	31
Riverside	118	124	21	16	97	108	118	141
Sacramento	214	221	13	12	201	209	208	223
San Benito	60	60	9	7	51	53	62	62
San Bernardino	151	162	21	14	130	148	149	177
San Diego	221	224	34	28	187	196	215	241
San Francisco	956	989	66	72	890	917	918	940
San Joaquin	161	163	33	31	128	132	161	175
San Luis Obispo	126	125	19	16	107	109	123	134
San Mateo	63	64	11	10	52	54	61	68
Santa Barbara	114	116	15	13	99	103	114	122
Santa Clara	281	291	25	26	256	265	272	281
Santa Cruz	118	118	9	7	109	111	118	130
Shasta	120	125	26	22	94	103	113	130
Sierra	23	22	8	6	15	16		
Siskiyou	98	102	30	25	68	77	92	105
Solano	109	111	14	12	95	99	107	126
Sonoma	220	218	31	28	189	190	218	232
Stanislaus	70	71	12	12	58	59	68	72
Sutter	42	42	11	14	31	28	41	43
Tehama	80	81	10	11	70	70	80	85
Trinity	23	23	6	6	17	17		21
Tulare	144	144	37	34	107	110	142	155
Tuolumne	53	54	10	9	43	45		54
Ventura	89	88	15	12	74	76	87	94
Yolo	76	77	8	6	68	71	75	83
Yuba	48	48	8	8	40	40	47	48
Totals	7,239	7,466	1,042	980	6,197	6,486	*6,905	7,467

* Includes High School teachers.

TABLE No. 2—CONTINUED.

**Grade of Certificates of Teachers (Primary and Grammar Schools).*

Counties.	High School.		Grammar School.		Primary.		Special or Kindergarten.	
	1901.	1902.	1901.	1902.	1901.	1902.	1901.	1902.
Alameda.....	89	125	444	427	18	15	33	35
Alpine.....			3	3				
Amador.....	5	2	62	61	1	2		
Butte.....	7	9	103	104	4	2	1	1
Calaveras.....	2	2	69	71	2			
Colusa.....	10	11	49	45	4	4		
Contra Costa.....		9	81	77	8	8		
Del Norte.....	1	2	17	15		2		1
El Dorado.....	3		54	52	7	12		
Fresno.....	27	40	199	199	7	11	2	1
Glenn.....	4	5	41	36	7	10		
Humboldt.....	11	12	100	103	52	53		
Inyo.....			19	21	4	2		
Kern.....	9	7	76	86	6	8	2	2
Kings.....	7	8	47	50	7	6		
Lake.....	3	4	40	46	7	3		
Lassen.....			31	29	6	9		
Los Angeles.....	132	145	619	692	65	53	126	145
Madera.....	4	4	40	45	5	1		
Marin.....	6	6	58	58	4	5	1	1
Mariposa.....		1	34	33	6	4		
Mendocino.....	11	11	106	117	24	26	1	2
Merced.....	8	9	63	62				
Modoc.....			39	40	2	1		
Mono.....		2	9	6	3	4		
Monterey.....	13	11	105	111	22	17		
Napa.....	11	13	70	70	9	7		
Nevada.....	6	11	70	65	10	7		
Orange.....	23	29	97	102	9	3	4	3
Placer.....	2	3	78	82	5	2		
Plumas.....			30	31				
Riverside.....	23	20	67	76	42	38	4	7
Sacramento.....	13	14	201	221			13	10
San Benito.....	2	2	48	48	12	12		
San Bernardino.....	30	33	109	128	31	22	2	3
San Diego.....	34	40	149	169	53	26	10	12
San Francisco.....	93	166	844	802	40	48	39	36
San Joaquin.....	16	17	150	155	4	1	6	3
San Luis Obispo.....	16	19	90	97	29	18		
San Mateo.....	9	8	56	59	2	1	1	1
Santa Barbara.....	22	23	70	80	29	22	10	7
Santa Clara.....	33	41	245	252	18	14	10	10
Santa Cruz.....	31	32	96	92	3	4		2
Shasta.....	2	6	112	118	8	4	2	2
Sierra.....			22	22	1			
Siskiyou.....	11	7	76	82	16	18	1	1
Solano.....	31	30	81	84	10	13	2	1
Sonoma.....	23	35	192	171	23	30		
Stanislaus.....	11	12	59	63	5	1		
Sutter.....	2	3	42	41				
Tehama.....	4	4	78	78	2	3		
Trinity.....			14	15	9	8		
Tulare.....	17	20	111	121	28	18		
Tuolumne.....			53	54				
Ventura.....	9	9	84	86	3	2	1	1
Yolo.....	12	12	65	65	9	10	1	1
Yuba.....	5	5	47	47				
Totals.....	843	1,039	6,014	6,155	681	590	272	288

*Includes all teachers in county.



SAN JOSÉ HIGH SCHOOL—SANTA CLARA COUNTY.

TABLE No. 2—CONTINUED.

Number of Teachers Employed.

Counties.	1901.			1902.		
	Primary and Grammar Schools, including Kindergarten Classes.	High Schools.	Total.	Primary and Grammar Schools, including Kindergarten Classes.	High Schools.	Total.
Alameda.....	502	82	584	518	84	602
Alpine.....	3	—	3	3	—	3
Amador.....	68	—	68	65	—	65
Butte.....	112	3	115	113	3	116
Calaveras.....	73	—	73	75	—	73
Colusa.....	57	6	63	54	6	60
Contra Costa.....	89	—	89	89	5	94
Del Norte.....	17	1	18	18	2	20
El Dorado.....	64	—	64	64	—	64
Fresno.....	212	23	235	224	27	251
Glenn.....	49	3	52	47	4	51
Humboldt.....	157	6	163	162	6	168
Inyo.....	23	—	23	23	—	23
Kern.....	86	7	93	96	7	103
Kings.....	56	5	61	58	6	64
Lake.....	50	—	50	50	3	53
Lassen.....	37	—	37	38	—	38
Los Angeles.....	872	70	942	960	75	1,035
Madera.....	47	2	49	48	2	50
Marin.....	64	5	69	66	4	70
Mariposa.....	40	—	40	38	—	38
Mendocino.....	136	6	142	148	8	156
Merced.....	64	7	71	64	7	71
Modoc.....	41	—	41	41	—	41
Mono.....	12	—	12	12	—	12
Monterey.....	134	6	140	134	5	139
Napa.....	84	6	90	83	7	90
Nevada.....	83	3	86	80	3	83
Orange.....	116	17	133	118	19	137
Placer.....	83	2	85	84	3	87
Plumas.....	30	—	30	31	—	31
Riverside.....	118	18	136	124	17	141
Sacramento.....	214	13	227	221	14	235
San Benito.....	60	2	62	60	2	62
San Bernardino.....	151	21	172	162	24	186
San Diego.....	221	25	246	224	23	247
San Francisco.....	956	60	1,016	989	63	1,052
San Joaquin.....	161	15	176	163	13	176
San Luis Obispo.....	126	9	135	125	9	134
San Mateo.....	63	5	68	64	5	69
Santa Barbara.....	114	17	131	116	16	132
Santa Clara.....	281	25	306	291	26	317
Santa Cruz.....	118	12	130	118	12	130
Shasta.....	120	4	124	125	5	130
Sierra.....	23	—	23	22	—	22
Siskiyou.....	98	6	104	102	6	108
Solano.....	109	15	124	111	17	128
Sonoma.....	220	18	238	218	18	236
Stanislaus.....	70	5	75	71	5	76
Sutter.....	42	2	44	42	2	44
Tehama.....	80	4	84	81	4	85
Trinity.....	23	—	23	23	—	23
Tulare.....	144	12	156	144	15	159
Tuolumne.....	53	—	53	54	—	54
Ventura.....	89	8	97	89	9	98
Yolo.....	76	11	87	77	11	88
Yuba.....	48	4	52	48	4	52
Totals.....	7,239	571	7,810	7,466	606	8,072

TABLE No. 2—CONTINUED.

Number of Teachers who are Graduates of California State Normal Schools.

Counties.	Chico.		Los Angeles.		San Diego.		S. Francisco.		San José.		Total.	
	1901.	1902.	1901.	1902.	1901.	1902.	1901.	1902.	1901.	1902.	1901.	1902.
Alameda	7	10	32	9	3	1			98	149	140	169
Alpine									6	5	7	6
Amador	1	1							1	2	34	49
Butte	33	47							9	9	10	10
Calaveras	1	1							3	3	20	16
Colusa	17	13										
Contra Costa	2	1					2		33	34	35	37
Del Norte												
El Dorado	2	2		1					12	9	14	12
Fresno	4	4	2	1			6		50	42	56	53
Glenn	13	15							1	1	14	16
Humboldt			1						28	28	29	28
Inyo			1	1					3	3	4	4
Kern	2	2	10	10			5		12	19	24	36
Kings									17	21	17	21
Lake							2		5	7	5	9
Lassen	1								3	3	4	3
Los Angeles	1	1	351	394	2	8			38	34	392	437
Madera							2		8	9	8	11
Marin			1	1			2		13	14	14	17
Mariposa							1		16	14	16	15
Mendocino		2		1					18	13	18	16
Merced									16	13	16	13
Modoc	4	3	1								5	3
Mono		1							5	3	5	4
Monterey	1	1					5		63	60	64	66
Napa	6	2					2		16	21	29	25
Nevada	1	2							16	16	17	18
Orange			52	58		3			8	7	60	68
Placer	4	5							18	23	22	28
Plumas	5	5							3	3	8	8
Riverside			20	22	1					4	21	26
Sacramento	7	8							20	20	27	28
San Benito							2		9	10	9	12
S. Bernardino	2		113	33		3	1		5	4	120	41
San Diego	1	1	18	20	20	26			4	4	43	51
San Fran.		2	1	1			4		50	33	51	40
San Joaquin	5	5	1	1			2		35	35	41	43
S. L. Obispo			5	3			8		51	49	56	60
San Mateo							1		7	10	7	11
S. Barbara	2	2	9	12		2	3		4	6	15	25
Santa Clara	1						4		203	210	204	214
Santa Cruz	2	1	2	1			5		44	41	48	48
Shasta	21	27	1						8	8	30	35
Sierra	1	1							8	6	9	7
Siskiyou	10	10		1					16	17	26	28
Solano	1	1					1		23	28	24	30
Sonoma			2	2			3		12	19	14	24
Stanislaus				2			1		15	10	15	13
Sutter	9	9							5	2	14	11
Tehama	18	19	2	2					2	3	22	24
Trinity	7	5							2	4	9	9
Tulare	2	2	6	8					33	34	41	44
Tuolumne									6	4	6	4
Ventura	1	2	32	34		1	1		4	6	37	44
Yolo	2	2					1		10	11	12	14
Yuba	5	8					1		6	8	12	17
Totals	202	223	663	618	26	44	1	65	1,101	1,151	1,993	2,101

TABLE No. 2—CONTINUED.

Teachers.

Counties.	Number of Teachers who are Graduates of State Normal Schools of Other States.		Number of Teachers who are Graduates of the University of California.		Number of Teachers who are Graduates of Stanford University.		Number of Teachers who are Graduates of Universities on the Accredited List of the State Board of Education.	
	1901.	1902.	1901.	1902.	1901.	1902.	1901.	1902.
Alameda	35	31	81	108	15	20	15	19
Alpine	3	3						
Amador	3	2		1				
Butte			1	1	2	1	1	2
Calaveras			1	1				
Colusa	1		3	4	1	2	1	
Contra Costa		1		8		2		
Del Norte			1					
El Dorado			1					
Fresno	8	5	19	14	2	13	1	2
Glenn			1	2			1	
Humboldt	1	3	3	2	3	4		1
Inyo	2					1	1	1
Kern	3	3	5	1	1	1		
Kings	3	4	3	4		1	1	1
Lake	2	2	1		3	1		
Lassen	1							
Los Angeles	85	102	31	38	11	20	25	28
Madera	4	4	3	1		2		
Marin	5	3	3	4	2		1	1
Mariposa	1	1	1	1				
Mendocino	1		1	2	1	1		2
Merced	2	1	4	3	3	4	1	2
Modoc	1	1	1	2	1	1		
Mono	1		1	2				
Monterey	3	3	4	3	4	5	2	1
Napa	1	2	5	6	1	2		2
Nevada	1	1	8	10				1
Orange	23	14	10	13	6	9	6	4
Placer	1	2	1	2				1
Plumas	2	3						1
Riverside	11	12	6	7	3	2	3	6
Sacramento	1		5	5	2	2		
San Benito	2	2	2	2		1		
San Bernardino	7	8	7	8	9	5	14	6
San Diego	20	24	16	20	10	12	4	4
San Francisco	9	6	38	59	1	6	3	3
San Joaquin	2		2	2	5	5	2	2
San Luis Obispo	2			7	7	11		1
San Mateo	1		2	1	3	3		
Santa Barbara		3	8	10	2	2	3	1
Santa Clara	5	5	6	6	18	18	1	3
Santa Cruz	2	1	8	8	1	3		
Shasta	1	2			4	7		
Sierra	4	3	1	1				
Siskiyou	1	3	5	5	1			
Solano	1	1	7	8	7	8	5	6
Sonoma	6	7	8	13	6	9	4	3
Stanislaus	5	3	3	4		4	1	1
Sutter	1	1	2	2				
Tehama		1	2	3	1	1		
Trinity								
Tulare	9	5	8	12	3	3		1
Tuolumne			1					
Ventura	7	25	3	4	3	1	3	4
Yolo	2	1	10	9		1	1	
Yuba	1	1	3	2	1	1		1
Totals	351	303	346	431	143	193	100	111

TABLE No. 2—CONTINUED.

Teachers' Certificates.

Counties.	Number Granted on Examination.				Number Granted on Credentials.			
	1901.		1902.		1901.		1902.	
	Men.	Women.	Men.	Women.	Men.	Women.	Men.	Women.
Alameda	1	19	2	5	21	83	22	127
Alpine						1		2
Amador	3	18		2	1	4	2	4
Butte	2	7	2	2	4	21	5	23
Calaveras	2	12	4	12		7	3	10
Colusa		8		1	2	9	2	10
Contra Costa				3	2	9	4	23
Del Norte	2	2		2			1	3
El Dorado	4	10	1	1		12	2	6
Fresno	2	23	1	11	20	50	2	44
Glenn	2	6		1	1	6	4	5
Humboldt	7	45	3	9	6	6	4	8
Inyo		3		1		4		2
Kern		11			4	9	4	23
Kings	1	3		2	1	5	1	10
Lake		11		3	2	6		3
Lassen	2	10	2	1				1
Los Angeles	6	62	2	21	12	77	17	111
Madera		5			1	4	1	13
Marin	2	2			6	11	1	14
Mariposa	1	8				8	1	7
Mendocino	11	24		3		9	3	7
Merced	6	6	1	3	5	9	1	9
Modoc	2	8	1	4	2	9		5
Mono		1		3	2	2	1	4
Monterey	1	11		5	2	29	4	26
Napa	1	9	1	4	2	6	1	9
Nevada		6		1	1	11		2
Orange	1	8	3	12	5	33	8	21
Placer	2	11		5		9		10
Plumas		2		3	1	2		4
Riverside	3	22	1	14	3	19	2	17
Sacramento		12	2	6	1	28		7
San Benito		22		3	1	5	3	3
San Bernardino	3	8	1	7	3	5	8	20
San Diego	6	23	1	8	10	44	7	49
San Francisco	6	16	4	18	12	38	22	168
San Joaquin	1	5	6	2	5	14	4	12
San Luis Obispo	1	13			5	25	2	29
San Mateo	1	12		1	10	12	3	3
Santa Barbara	2	17	2	5	3	14	4	14
Santa Clara	1	14			16	34	19	65
Santa Cruz		18		4	2	10	3	17
Shasta	3	21		1	6	18	5	15
Sierra	1	3			1	7	2	
Siskiyou	2	7	1	2	4	13	11	15
Solano		10	1	6	5	24	3	14
Sonoma	1	8		5	5	15	9	18
Stanislaus	1	3			4	3	3	13
Sutter	4	9	1	4	3	6	3	6
Tehama	3	16		8	3	6		4
Trinity		4			4	2	5	7
Tulare	3	10	2	7	5	19	6	34
Tuolumne	5	16	2	16				1
Ventura		3	4	4	6	25	2	31
Yolo		7		3	2	19		14
Yuba	3	10		12	3	6	1	6
Totals	112	660	51	256	225	862	221	1,028

TABLE No. 2--CONTINUED.

Teachers' Certificates.

Counties.	Number Renewed.		Number of Applicants Rejected.				Fees Collected for Examination and for the Issuance of Certificates.	
			On Examination.		On Credentials.			
	1901.	1902.	1901.	1902.	1901.	1902.	1901.	1902.
Alameda	103	28	20	4	5	2	\$494	\$320
Alpine	1						4	
Amador	22	14	5	5			98	44
Butte	5	8	8	2	2		66	42
Calaveras	2		9	3	1		56	48
Colusa	11	7	13	2			66	36
Contra Costa	14	4	2				64	66
Del Norte	3	3		1			14	19
El Dorado	9	3	13	2			82	20
Fresno		20	16	5	1		224	176
Glenn	8	10	4	4			44	36
Humboldt	31	30	29	2	1		254	116
Inyo	2	3					18	12
Kern	4			3			56	60
Kings	2	4		1			24	20
Lake	10	9	5	7			68	44
Lassen		4	3	11			30	30
Los Angeles	80	103	24	13	10	20	416	508
Madera	4	2	4	2	1		34	22
Marin	7	8	10				76	46
Mariposa	1	5	3	2		1	42	30
Mendocino	23	11	13	3			104	20
Merced	5	1	2	4			56	28
Modoc	3		1	6			50	32
Mono	2	3	1				16	12
Monterey	35	23	8				172	116
Napa	19	15	8	1			88	52
Nevada	15	7	12	8		2	78	36
Orange	15	8	21	11		3	120	132
Placer	1		13	4			72	20
Plumas	8	5	4				34	20
Riverside	20	22	26	11	5	10	162	82
Sacramento	27	50	10	4			190	88
San Benito	12	10	6	2			80	32
San Bernardino	7	22	21	4	3		152	100
San Diego	18	12	16	10			240	102
San Francisco	264	74	12	10	3	10	168	426
San Joaquin	12	8	9	6			92	76
San Luis Obispo	10	3	12	5		5	132	78
San Mateo	23	12	6	3			102	38
Santa Barbara	9	17	24	6	2	1	122	74
Santa Clara	20	13	7	2		6	184	198
Santa Cruz	13	4	8	7			92	52
Shasta	14	8	11	20	2		118	98
Sierra	2	3					18	8
Siskiyou	25	28	20	6	2		122	88
Solano	14	12	5	11			98	92
Sonoma	76	65	25		1		112	64
Stanislaus	3	4	9		3	1	46	40
Sutter	2	1	4	1			46	22
Tehama		10	2	10	3		66	64
Trinity	10	11					28	22
Tulare	12	8	8	3	2	1	98	78
Tuolumne	8	8	4	5			42	38
Ventura	6	2	2	9			74	94
Yolo	8	6	7	1			62	28
Yuba	4	5	6	1	1		60	44
Totals	1,064	756	511	243	48	62	\$5,326	\$4,186

TABLE No. 2—CONTINUED.

Attendance at School.

Counties.	Average Number Belonging to Gram- mar and Primary Schools, including Kindergarten Classes		Average Daily Attendance in Gram- mar and Primary Schools, including Kindergarten Classes		Percentage of Attendance on Average Number Belonging.	
	1901.	1902.	1901.	1902.	1901.	1902.
Alameda	17,731	17,485	16,677	16,585	94	95
Alpine	48	51	40	48	82	94
Amador	1,841	1,778	1,696	1,659	92	93
Butte	2,594	2,598	2,416	2,424	93	93
Calaveras	1,676	1,715	1,543	1,578	92	92
Colusa	1,266	1,256	1,185	1,178	93	93
Contra Costa	2,612	2,737	2,398	2,548	92	93
Del Norte	423	394	358	364	91	92
El Dorado	1,268	1,241	1,164	1,154	92	93
Fresno	5,809	6,227	5,423	5,598	93	94
Glenn	860	908	795	854	92	94
Humboldt	4,519	4,606	4,230	4,317	93	93
Inyo	485	430	460	407	95	94
Kern	1,981	2,179	1,852	2,062	93	94
Kings	1,595	1,539	1,514	1,460	94	94
Lake	938	885	844	814	89	92
Lassen	660	658	623	623	94	96
Los Angeles	27,279	30,053	25,632	28,534	93	94
Madera	873	894	799	812	92	91
Marin	1,607	1,694	1,497	1,588	93	93
Mariposa	613	641	554	602	90	94
Mendocino	2,739	2,791	2,533	2,620	92	93
Merced	1,379	1,353	1,285	1,262	93	93
Modoc	861	883	798	832	92	94
Mono	178	189	163	186	91	94
Monterey	2,911	3,010	2,744	2,849	94	95
Napa	2,195	2,196	1,968	2,067	90	94
Nevada	2,397	2,369	2,266	2,263	94	95
Orange	3,763	3,750	3,552	3,562	94	95
Placer	2,165	2,171	1,991	2,021	92	93
Plumas	549	515	510	480	93	93
Riverside	2,956	3,079	2,720	2,924	92	95
Sacramento	6,005	6,128	5,520	5,709	90	93
San Benito	1,031	1,044	967	988	93	94
San Bernardino	4,235	4,640	3,789	4,418	89	95
San Diego	5,115	5,038	4,830	4,772	94	93
San Francisco	35,787	36,472	33,490	34,410	94	94
San Joaquin	4,424	4,468	4,148	4,219	94	94
San Luis Obispo	2,889	2,960	2,677	2,682	92	91
San Mateo	1,725	1,776	1,638	1,687	95	95
Santa Barbara	2,784	2,795	2,572	2,585	93	92
Santa Clara	8,058	8,131	7,579	7,749	94	95
Santa Cruz	3,033	3,057	2,869	2,917	94	95
Shasta	2,458	2,602	2,277	2,422	92	93
Sierra	522	504	484	474	92	88
Siskiyou	2,058	2,176	1,900	2,026	92	93
Solano	2,942	3,013	2,770	2,853	94	95
Sonoma	5,470	5,514	5,071	5,152	93	93
Stanislaus	1,591	1,625	1,507	1,542	94	94
Sutter	906	909	847	857	93	94
Tehama	1,543	1,590	1,425	1,472	93	93
Trinity	395	394	357	354	90	90
Tulare	3,564	3,633	3,390	3,458	95	95
Tuolumne	1,392	1,510	1,273	1,403	91	92
Ventura	2,365	2,305	2,236	2,185	94	95
Yolo	2,036	2,031	1,916	1,914	94	94
Yuba	1,049	1,065	968	989	92	93
Totals	202,148	207,655	188,730	197,217	Av. 93.3	Av. 95

TABLE No. 2—CONTINUED.

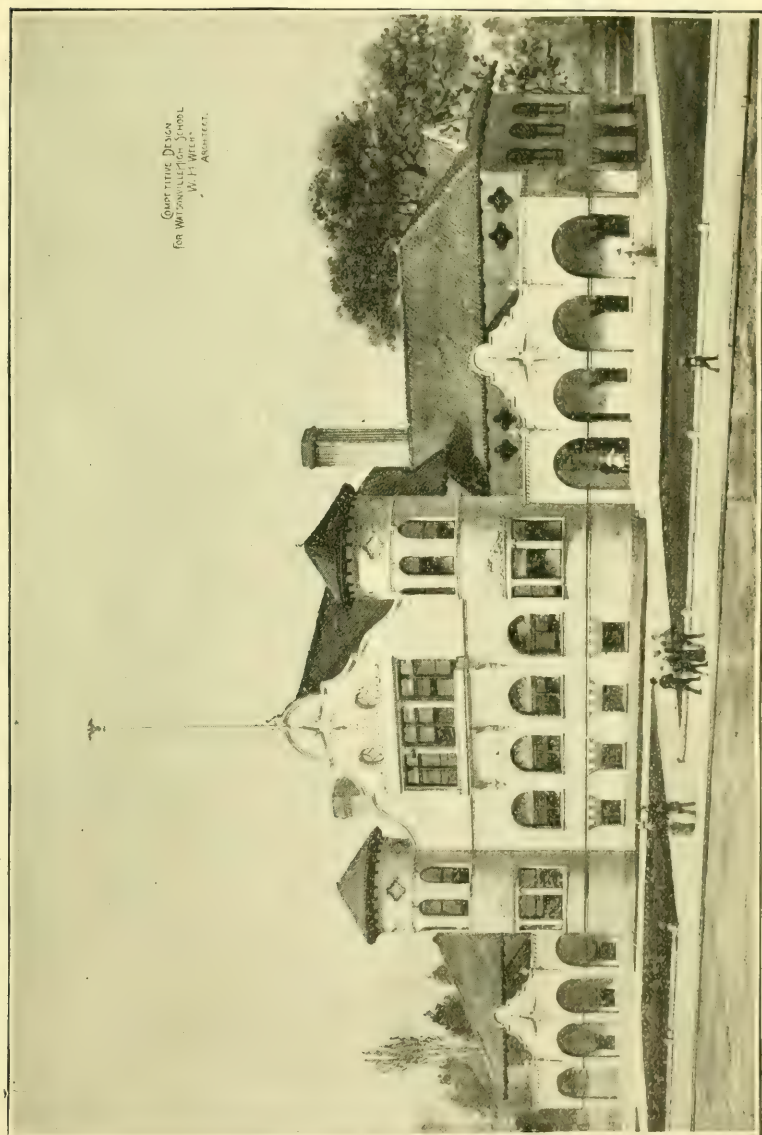
State Enrollment by Sex.

Counties.	Boys.		Girls.		Total.	
	1901.	1902.	1901.	1902.	1901.	1902.
Alameda	11,692	11,398	10,894	11,242	22,586	22,640
Alpine	25	20	43	40	68	60
Amador	1,109	1,107	1,127	1,096	2,236	2,203
Butte	1,681	1,689	1,706	1,687	3,387	3,376
Calaveras	1,176	1,171	1,111	1,090	2,287	2,261
Colusa	781	785	692	686	1,473	1,471
Contra Costa	1,788	1,832	1,621	1,682	3,409	3,514
Del Norte	228	231	234	256	462	487
El Dorado	861	811	753	769	1,614	1,580
Fresno	3,703	3,949	3,592	3,860	7,295	7,809
Glenn	545	535	489	492	1,034	1,027
Humboldt	2,876	2,925	2,859	2,929	5,735	5,854
Inyo	345	316	332	297	677	613
Kern	1,378	1,533	1,351	1,469	2,729	3,002
Kings	988	970	1,113	936	2,001	1,906
Lake	658	632	584	573	1,242	1,205
Lassen	482	468	465	436	947	904
Los Angeles	16,904	18,868	16,926	18,481	33,830	37,349
Madera	571	561	589	595	1,160	1,156
Marin	1,094	1,122	1,028	1,070	2,122	2,192
Mariposa	456	458	476	468	932	926
Mendocino	1,952	1,962	1,812	1,864	3,764	3,826
Merced	912	906	820	817	1,732	1,723
Modoc	577	590	629	619	1,206	1,209
Mono	136	145	129	144	265	289
Monterey	1,951	1,971	1,867	1,895	3,818	3,866
Napa	1,406	1,442	1,289	1,321	2,695	2,763
Nevada	1,526	1,453	1,505	1,385	3,031	2,838
Orange	2,434	2,421	2,229	2,225	4,663	4,646
Placer	1,330	1,283	1,343	1,316	2,673	2,599
Plumas	344	353	352	349	696	702
Riverside	1,853	1,943	1,706	1,827	3,559	3,775
Sacramento	3,853	3,878	3,734	3,627	7,587	7,505
San Benito	679	676	672	631	1,351	1,307
San Bernardino	2,698	2,888	2,485	2,746	5,183	5,634
San Diego	3,328	3,285	3,180	3,123	6,508	6,408
San Francisco	24,887	25,370	22,066	21,956	46,953	47,326
San Joaquin	2,869	2,809	2,852	2,820	5,721	5,629
San Luis Obispo	1,902	1,939	1,811	1,808	3,713	3,747
San Mateo	1,142	1,226	971	1,009	2,113	2,235
Santa Barbara	1,877	1,937	1,797	1,823	3,654	3,760
Santa Clara	5,394	4,972	5,116	4,810	10,510	9,782
Santa Cruz	1,844	1,861	1,927	1,894	3,771	3,755
Shasta	1,710	1,833	1,668	1,714	3,378	3,547
Sierra	332	308	355	382	687	690
Siskiyou	1,330	1,465	1,429	1,480	2,759	2,945
Solano	1,862	1,888	1,749	1,771	3,611	3,659
Sonoma	3,839	3,877	3,656	3,666	7,495	7,543
Stanislaus	956	961	904	917	1,860	1,878
Sutter	559	546	529	520	1,088	1,066
Tehama	1,011	1,040	1,018	1,053	2,029	2,093
Trinity	293	296	272	255	565	551
Tulare	2,194	2,269	2,195	2,228	4,389	4,497
Tuolumne	916	933	912	965	1,828	1,898
Ventura	1,616	1,559	1,435	1,443	3,051	3,002
Yolo	1,243	1,201	1,239	1,238	2,482	2,439
Yuba	705	713	658	658	1,363	1,371
Totals	132,801	135,585	126,176	128,453	258,977	264,038

TABLE No. 2—CONTINUED.

State Enrollment by Grades.

Counties.	Kindergarten.		Primary.		Grammar.	
	1901.	1902.	1901.	1902.	1901.	1902.
Alameda	41	30	16,047	15,890	6,498	6,720
Alpine			31	33	37	27
Amador			1,808	1,825	428	378
Butte			2,476	2,395	911	981
Calaveras			1,660	1,593	627	668
Colusa			1,020	994	453	477
Contra Costa			2,205	2,062	1,204	1,452
Del Norte			331	341	131	146
El Dorado			1,113	1,077	501	503
Fresno	66	56	5,706	5,981	1,523	1,772
Glenn			691	682	343	345
Humboldt			4,195	4,136	1,540	1,718
Inyo			430	391	247	222
Kern			1,797	1,919	952	1,083
Kings			1,419	1,267	582	639
Lake			858	796	384	409
Lassen			605	660	342	244
Los Angeles	2,552	3,110	24,433	25,829	6,845	8,410
Madera			843	844	317	312
Marin			1,412	1,508	710	684
Mariposa			565	591	367	335
Mendocino			2,474	2,474	1,290	1,352
Merced			1,108	1,113	624	610
Modoc			815	703	391	506
Mono			140	178	125	111
Monterey			2,767	2,744	1,051	1,122
Napa			1,914	1,939	781	824
Nevada			1,773	1,586	1,258	1,252
Orange	153	169	2,683	2,908	1,827	1,569
Placer			1,664	1,618	1,009	981
Plumas			454	432	242	270
Riverside	88	83	2,396	2,436	1,075	1,256
Sacramento	350	355	4,989	4,791	2,248	2,359
San Benito			1,012	919	339	388
San Bernardino			3,284	3,642	1,899	1,992
San Diego	499	455	3,842	3,836	2,167	2,117
San Francisco			27,006	28,307	19,947	19,019
San Joaquin			3,771	3,742	1,950	1,887
San Luis Obispo			2,743	2,654	970	1,093
San Mateo			1,453	1,664	660	571
Santa Barbara	245	235	2,739	2,952	670	573
Santa Clara	394	235	5,918	6,086	4,198	3,461
Santa Cruz	61	71	2,275	2,321	1,435	1,363
Shasta			2,101	2,199	1,277	1,348
Sierra			407	395	280	295
Siskiyou			1,719	1,781	1,040	1,164
Solano			2,583	2,571	1,028	1,088
Sonoma			5,255	5,078	2,240	2,465
Stanislaus			1,194	1,282	666	596
Sutter			631	600	457	466
Tehama			1,380	1,410	649	683
Trinity			451	435	114	116
Tulare			2,652	2,707	1,737	1,790
Tuolumne			1,144	1,033	684	865
Ventura			2,165	2,108	886	884
Yolo	47	72	1,617	1,615	818	752
Yuba			803	861	560	510
Totals	4,496	4,871	170,947	173,944	83,534	85,223



WATSONVILLE HIGH SCHOOL.—SANTA CRUZ COUNTY.

TABLE No. 2—CONTINUED.

Counties.	Number of Days School Was Main- tained During the Year.		Length of Time in Months the Present Teachers Have Taught in the Schools.		Average Monthly Salary Paid Teachers.	
	1901.	1902.	1901.	1902.	1901.	1902.
Alameda.....	193	195	70.18	83.30	\$74 51	\$78 24
Alpine.....	163	163	8.17	8.00	61 67	63 33
Amador.....	167	166	26.57	21.90	58 00	58 71
Butte.....	162	160	27.20	26.30	65 37	65 14
Calaveras.....	168	169	27.70	27.90	63 00	63 70
Colusa.....	153	158	20.80	23.88	67 73	67 78
Contra Costa.....	184	187	35.80	35.93	68 82	70 84
Del Norte.....	161	169	28.40	25.00	73 50	57 50
El Dorado.....	160	157	14.80	16.40	57 97	58 00
Fresno.....	161	159	24.00	27.00	69 83	70 87
Glenn.....	159	160	16.18	21.09	66 39	68 27
Humboldt.....	174	174	23.20	25.62	68 40	67 50
Inyo.....	158	149	14.80	15.30	72 17	73 15
Kern.....	160	163	15.30	15.60	71 51	73 35
Kings.....	157	155	18.98	17.30	72 77	74 50
Lake.....	162	161	16.79	18.34	56 94	58 00
Lassen.....	154	151	18.00	16.00	64 00	66 00
Los Angeles.....	180	181	40.50	42.30	72 85	71 75
Madera.....	160	158	15.70	16.00	68 72	70 75
Marin.....	177	181	55.06	38.00	65 19	64 00
Mariposa.....	155	151	13.00	15.00	64 00	64 00
Mendocino.....	160	158	9.70	19.00	58 72	69 80
Merced.....	165	164	19.00	18.50	69 17	70 00
Modoc.....	145	150	12.00	17.00	66 20	67 00
Mono.....	160	172	14.75	18.60	72 50	71 87
Monterey.....	170	168	23.87	22.00	66 47	63 05
Napa.....	182	176	36.73	39.60	60 09	59 42
Nevada.....	173	173	44.00	48.90	71 00	72 00
Orange.....	183	182	28.50	27.40	68 75	67 20
Placer.....	159	161	25.80	24.09	66 97	67 03
Plumas.....	140	143	13.60	11.56	66 33	65 50
Riverside.....	168	168	21.00	22.10	63 00	62 18
Sacramento.....	166	165	7.90	58.00	66 50	70 00
San Benito.....	167	170	23.00	25.00	57 00	57 70
San Bernardino.....	164	170	24.50	13.00	60 18	63 00
San Diego.....	168	164	26.00	30.60	67 80	64 40
San Francisco.....	195	200	154.00	171.00	90 00	86 00
San Joaquin.....	168	159	43.50	47.50	69 32	70 00
San Luis Obispo.....	159	158	14.30	18.62	55 78	65 12
San Mateo.....	185	176	50.20	51.10	64 00	63 30
Santa Barbara.....	172	177	26.40	44.75	61 60	61 00
Santa Clara.....	181	186	43.50	49.80	65 67	69 29
Santa Cruz.....	185	190	50.00	48.00	62 37	61 75
Shasta.....	149	152	11.20	12.50	61 41	63 10
Sierra.....	155	156	23.00	24.00	69 00	71 00
Siskiyou.....	137	153	11.52	13.32	69 49	69 41
Solano.....	176	176	38.60	40.12	64 27	63 85
Sonoma.....	177	178	29.00	29.00	58 00	59 00
Stanislaus.....	172	169	22.30	23.00	65 50	67 36
Sutter.....	159	158	17.80	18.30	67 20	67 38
Tehama.....	146	145	22.00	17.11	65 64	66 00
Trinity.....	141	138	19.00	22.00	69 00	68 00
Tulare.....	154	154	16.00	11.00	65 22	70 00
Tuolumne.....	158	166	21.00	23.00	64 00	65 00
Ventura.....	180	182	20.00	20.00	67 50	67 00
Yolo.....	156	163	26.80	26.28	65 17	65 44
Yuba.....	164	165	29.00	24.90	64 40	64 89
Average.....	165.02	165.8	27.03	29.25	\$66 18	\$66 65

TABLE No. 2—CONTINUED.

Visits.

Counties.	Number School Visits made by County Super- intendent.		Number Schools Not Visited by County Super- intendent.		Number School Visits made by School Trus- tees.		Number School Visits made by Other Persons.	
	1901.	1902.	1901.	1902.	1901.	1902.	1901.	1902.
Alameda	785	639			1,110	1,463	13,228	14,405
Alpine	6	6			2	7	17	47
Amador	132	128			157	157	1,131	1,352
Butte	123	131			353	369	2,526	2,146
Calaveras	69	71	6	7	218	171	1,620	1,604
Colusa	56	53	1	1	92	67	766	842
Contra Costa	215	183			232	285	2,545	1,327
Del Norte	20	17			43	48	383	356
El Dorado	65	65			134	199	1,087	1,082
Fresno	283	269		3	562	797	4,520	4,805
Glenn	46	48	3		93	87	839	958
Humboldt	154	163	3	1	402	424	3,654	3,820
Inyo	23	23			81	75	310	279
Kern	28	103	48	5	170	243	1,217	1,343
Kings	67	72			85	74	935	874
Lake	54	51			122	104	988	866
Lassen	33	36	2	5	50	52	687	764
Los Angeles	391	473			3,637	1,879	42,161	37,646
Madera	46	50			125	121	611	605
Marin	124	96			164	154	819	1,024
Mariposa	64	50	1	1	88	71	511	558
Mendocino	156	214			265	383	2,603	2,397
Merced	83	83			176	134	1,094	979
Modoc	44	41	2	1	92	70	674	750
Mono	11	10		1	19	28	176	303
Monterey	159	172	1		606	626	3,669	4,446
Napa	160	151		1	179	168	1,644	1,349
Nevada	96	93		1	146	149	2,454	2,036
Orange	142	140			272	215	2,057	1,897
Placer	133	134			145	162	1,399	1,505
Plumas	37	31	1	2	69	84	731	604
Riverside	142	148			357	391	3,994	4,544
Sacramento	96	94		3	196	197	1,692	1,609
San Benito	114	124			181	225	1,178	1,308
San Bernardino	187	126	1	2	289	395	5,740	5,254
San Diego	218	163	3	7	770	986	8,306	8,704
San Francisco	2,168	3,399			3,200	3,600	40,248	56,200
San Joaquin	175	226			372	414	3,476	3,567
San Luis Obispo	111	126		1	2,523	151	1,476	2,109
San Mateo	128	123			203	183	921	1,233
Santa Barbara	144	134	1		315	321	3,838	2,530
Santa Clara	286	297	1		1,379	1,853	7,276	6,497
Santa Cruz	133	133			217	203	3,295	3,271
Shasta	132	133		3	204	336	5,157	2,763
Sierra	26	30	1		42	44	608	752
Siskiyou	99	101	2	1	184	255	1,663	2,169
Solano	161	230			407	395	1,976	2,140
Sonoma	224	227			705	621	4,380	4,086
Stanislaus	131	129			137	121	1,317	1,152
Sutter	54	64			62	54	1,020	948
Tehama	87	87	1	1	162	164	1,352	1,034
Trinity	30	35			57	44	546	441
Tulare	149	157			320	452	2,510	2,611
Tuolumne	53	54		1	122	127	624	1,181
Ventura	168	178	3	1	144	132	1,441	1,202
Yolo	85	90		1	120	113	924	825
Yuba	79	79			93	71	1,109	938
Totals	9,185	9,546	81	51	100,659	21,024	183,023	212,037

TABLE No. 2—CONTINUED.

School Libraries—State Text-Books Used.

Counties.	Number of Volumes in School Library at Close of School Year.		Number of Volumes in County Teachers' Library (Office of County Superintendent of Schools).		Districts Using Only the Authorized Series of Text-Books.	
	1901.	1902.	1901.	1902.	1901.	1902.
Alameda	41,073	45,122	1,458	1,698	55	54
Alpine	424	465	3	33	3	3
Amador	8,752	9,915	204	205	44	44
Butte	23,539	24,265	433	446	76	75
Calaveras	15,372	16,287	590	532	56	56
Colusa	14,148	13,906	190	203	44	38
Contra Costa	29,430	31,754	450	505	53	53
Del Norte	2,349	3,030	44	44	14	14
El Dorado	13,713	14,270	146	376	58	58
Fresno	40,156	44,433	800	930	121	123
Glenn	12,049	12,706	412	414	40	38
Humboldt	34,424	34,902	431	444	99	103
Inyo	4,147	4,416	60	60	18	18
Kern	15,690	21,057	357	430	62	64
Kings	8,947	10,223	273	287	26	25
Lake	10,169	9,926	340	340	44	42
Lassen	5,821	6,517	20	20	33	34
Los Angeles	71,357	87,081	2,148	2,316	130	132
Madera	7,414	8,344	341	342	41	40
Marin	27,054	26,918	280	237	43	42
Mariposa	5,890	6,686	172	190	36	35
Mendocino	30,642	35,687	334	354	112	123
Merced	14,831	15,574	460	400	50	51
Modoc	7,447	7,998	210	210	34	34
Mono	3,127	4,057	33	25	9	9
Monterey	27,389	40,487	995	842	101	99
Napa	15,671	17,318	500	800	55	54
Nevada	18,874	20,311	212	220	44	43
Orange	22,346	23,713	2,542	2,919	39	39
Placer	21,533	24,419	601	667	57	58
Plumas	6,342	7,382	95	105	27	28
Riverside	17,111	23,271	625	710	64	69
Sacramento	27,351	28,420	279	285	73	74
San Benito	13,502	14,539	235	230	47	49
San Bernardino	29,368	41,662	840	1,277	56	54
San Diego	41,037	43,093	2,073	2,240	125	126
San Francisco	57,230	60,559	2,000	2,887	1	1
San Joaquin	34,629	39,154	620	650	82	82
San Luis Obispo	18,671	28,604	310	381	100	100
San Mateo	17,840	17,663	1,100	1,000	32	32
Santa Barbara	27,963	30,487	248	262	65	64
Santa Clara	43,413	46,227	2,093	2,105	83	85
Santa Cruz	21,088	20,992	1,123	1,258	55	54
Shasta	27,709	30,674	375	420	100	103
Sierra	5,804	6,175	83	83	21	20
Siskiyou	33,119	25,739	525	624	86	86
Solano	21,631	23,892	231	270	54	54
Sonoma	57,836	65,483	1,324	1,422	142	142
Stanislaus	15,233	15,212	814	850	50	50
Sutter	11,563	12,016	113	132	35	35
Tehama	16,823	15,071	253	257	64	65
Trinity	3,846	4,119	40	40	22	23
Tulare	34,976	37,300	631	642	107	106
Tuolumne	6,293	6,808	35	86	38	38
Ventura	28,355	29,218	375	415	50	52
Yolo	15,777	17,498	1,228	1,271	50	50
Yuba	10,417	11,568	255	275	38	38
Totals	1,198,740	1,324,613	32,682	36,686	3,261	3,279

TABLE No. 2—CONTINUED.

Length of School Term.

Counties.	Less than 120 days during year.		120 and less than 160 days during year.		160 and less than 200 days during year.		200 days, or ten months.	
	1901.	1902.	1901.	1902.	1901.	1902.	1901.	1902.
Alameda			1		23	23	31	31
Alpine					3	3		
Amador				2	43	41	1	1
Butte				7	5	67	71	1
Calaveras		1	7	5	48	48	1	2
Colusa		1	2	3	39	34		
Contra Costa			3		36	36	14	17
Del Norte			3	1	11	13		
El Dorado			17	18	41	40		
Fresno	2		17	43	102	80		
Glenn			5	3	35	35		
Humboldt			14	9	65	75	20	19
Inyo		1	5	5	13	12		
Kern			19	15	43	49		
Kings			13	2	13	23		
Lake			3	8	40	34	1	
Lassen		1	10	12	23	21		
Los Angeles			4	1	118	124	8	7
Madera			5	8	36	32		
Marin			1		38	36	4	6
Mariposa	1	1	15	17	20	17		
Mendocino			21	35	88	86	3	2
Merced			6	7	44	44		
Modoc	1	1	23	21	10	12		
Mono			2	3	6	5	1	1
Monterey	1		6	11	88	81	6	7
Napa			1	2	38	40	16	12
Nevada	1		2	3	38	36	3	4
Orange					38	39	1	
Placer			8	9	49	49		
Plumas			22	20	5	8		
Riverside			3	1	61	68		
Sacramento			22	22	50	51	1	1
San Benito			2	5	42	40	3	2
San Bernardino	3		4	3	49	51		
San Diego		3	5	10	120	113		
San Francisco					1			1
San Joaquin	1		26	22	55	59		1
San Luis Obispo	4	5	8	7	85	83	3	5
San Mateo	1	1	1	6	17	22	13	3
Santa Barbara	1	1	3	2	53	51	8	10
Santa Clara	1		1		58	55	23	30
Santa Cruz			1		22	29	32	25
Shasta			29	32	71	71		
Sierra			10	10	11	10		
Siskiyou	2		43	43	40	40	1	3
Solano		1	4	5	43	41	7	7
Sonoma	3	12	5	8	102	105	32	27
Stanislaus			2	1	47	49	1	
Sutter		1	6	6	29	28		
Tehama			62	63	2	2		
Trinity		2	18	18	4	3		
Tulare	2	1	25	33	80	72		
Tuolumne			7	3	31	34		1
Ventura			2		41	40	7	12
Yolo		1	13	2	37	46		1
Yuba			4	3	33	34	1	1
Totals	79	34	541	575	2,383	2,430	313	240
	29,18							

TABLE No. 2—CONTINUED.

School-Houses.

Counties.	Houses Built of Brick.		Houses Built of Stone.		Houses Built of Adobe.		Houses Built of Wood.		Total Number School-Houses at Close of Year.	
	1901.	1902.	1901.	1902.	1901.	1902.	1901.	1902.	1901.	1902.
Alameda	5	6					91	90	96	96
Alpine							3	3	3	3
Amador	4	4					42	42	46	46
Butte	6	6					71	71	77	77
Calaveras	2	2					58	58	60	60
Colusa	4	3					37	35	41	38
Contra Costa	1	1					57	58	58	59
Del Norte							14	14	14	14
El Dorado							58	62	58	62
Fresno	8	8					117	119	125	127
Glenn							36	37	36	37
Humboldt							113	114	113	114
Inyo							18	18	18	18
Kern	3	3					63	63	66	66
Kings	2	2					25	25	27	27
Lake	1	1					43	41	44	42
Lassen	1	1					31	31	32	32
Los Angeles	6	5			1	1	210	202	217	208
Madera	1	1				1	41	39	42	41
Marin							45	44	45	44
Mariposa							37	26	37	26
Mendocino							128	126	128	126
Merced	3	4					50	50	53	54
Modoc	2	2					34	30	36	32
Mono							9	9	9	9
Monterey	1	1					106	106	107	107
Napa				1	1	1	56	53	57	55
Nevada							54	54	54	54
Orange	3	4					52	53	55	57
Placer	1	1					58	58	59	59
Plumas	2	2					26	26	28	28
Riverside	7	7				1	64	65	71	73
Sacramento	5	5					82	83	87	88
San Benito							46	47	46	47
San Bernardino	13	13	1	1			64	65	78	79
San Diego	4	4			1		143	143	148	147
San Francisco	7	7	1				68	64	76	71
San Joaquin	12	12					84	85	96	97
San Luis Obispo	3	3					97	98	100	101
San Mateo							34	34	34	34
Santa Barbara	1	1					73	73	74	74
Santa Clara	1	1					96	94	97	95
Santa Cruz							68	66	68	66
Shasta	3	3					100	99	103	102
Sierra							21	20	21	20
Siskiyou	5	5					81	81	86	86
Solano	2	2					61	61	63	63
Sonoma	1	1					150	150	151	151
Stanislaus	3	3					48	48	51	51
Sutter	2	2					33	33	35	35
Tehama	3	2					64	65	67	67
Trinity							22	23	22	23
Tulare	7	7					104	105	111	112
Tuolumne	2	3					39	38	41	41
Ventura	1	1					53	54	54	55
Yolo	1	1					52	52	53	53
Yuba	1	1					37	37	38	38
Totals	140	141	2	2	3	4	3,567	3,550	3,712	3,697

TABLE No. 2—CONTINUED.

Salaries.

Counties.	Average Monthly Wages Paid to City Superintendents or Supervising Principals. (Men.)		Average Monthly Wages Paid Principals of High Schools.			
			1901.		1902.	
	1901.	1902.	Men.	Women.	Men.	Women.
Alameda.....	\$260 00	\$260 00	\$175 12	-----	\$187 16	-----
Alpine.....	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
Amador.....	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
Butte.....	-----	-----	125 00	-----	125 00	-----
Calaveras.....	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
Colusa.....	-----	25 00	127 50	-----	125 00	-----
Contra Costa.....	-----	-----	-----	-----	136 67	-----
Del Norte.....	-----	-----	125 00	-----	125 00	-----
El Dorado.....	-----	-----	87 50	-----	-----	-----
Fresno.....	200 00	166 65	123 71	-----	126 65	-----
Glenn.....	-----	-----	112 50	-----	121 28	-----
Humboldt.....	166 67	166 67	140 00	-----	140 00	-----
Inyo.....	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
Kern.....	146 66	105 00	166 66	-----	125 00	-----
Kings.....	-----	-----	150 00	-----	142 50	-----
Lake.....	-----	-----	-----	-----	120 00	-----
Lassen.....	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
Los Angeles.....	202 50	191 66	150 50	\$150 00	137 65	\$112 50
Madera.....	-----	-----	-----	100 00	150 00	-----
Marin.....	-----	-----	150 00	-----	160 00	-----
Mariposa.....	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
Mendocino.....	-----	-----	150 00	-----	141 66	-----
Merced.....	-----	-----	157 50	-----	137 50	-----
Modoc.....	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
Mono.....	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
Monterey.....	150 00	150 00	137 50	-----	137 50	-----
Napa.....	-----	-----	137 50	-----	137 50	-----
Nevada.....	-----	-----	-----	110 00	-----	125 00
Orange.....	141 60	141 60	109 00	-----	119 00	-----
Placer.....	-----	-----	150 00	-----	150 00	-----
Plumas.....	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
Riverside.....	200 00	200 00	114 58	127 27	116 66	154 44
Sacramento.....	225 00	225 00	175 00	-----	175 00	-----
San Benito.....	-----	-----	100 00	-----	100 00	-----
San Bernardino.....	131 00	*120 00	92 00	74 50	137 00	-----
San Diego.....	166 66	166 66	101 25	-----	104 00	-----
San Francisco.....	400 00	400 00	300 00	-----	300 00	-----
San Joaquin.....	166 66	200 00	160 00	-----	162 50	-----
San Luis Obispo.....	-----	-----	117 00	-----	120 00	-----
San Mateo.....	-----	-----	85 00	-----	85 00	-----
Santa Barbara.....	166 66	166 66	103 33	-----	115 00	-----
Santa Clara.....	200 00	200 00	149 17	-----	149 17	-----
Santa Cruz.....	-----	-----	150 00	-----	175 00	-----
Shasta.....	-----	-----	155 55	-----	155 55	-----
Sierra.....	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
Siskiyou.....	-----	-----	132 50	-----	137 50	-----
Solano.....	-----	-----	132 00	-----	130 00	-----
Sonoma.....	180 00	200 00	135 00	-----	135 40	-----
Stanislaus.....	-----	-----	112 50	-----	137 50	-----
Sutter.....	-----	-----	100 00	-----	125 00	-----
Tehama.....	-----	-----	130 00	-----	130 00	-----
Trinity.....	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
Tulare.....	-----	-----	125 00	-----	125 00	-----
Tuolumne.....	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
Ventura.....	-----	-----	150 00	-----	150 00	-----
Yolo.....	-----	-----	120 00	-----	125 00	90 00
Yuba.....	50 00	50 00	175 00	-----	175 00	-----
Average.....	\$185 49	\$177 35	\$136 34	\$112 35	\$139 77	\$130 65

* Woman.

TABLE No. 2—CONTINUED.

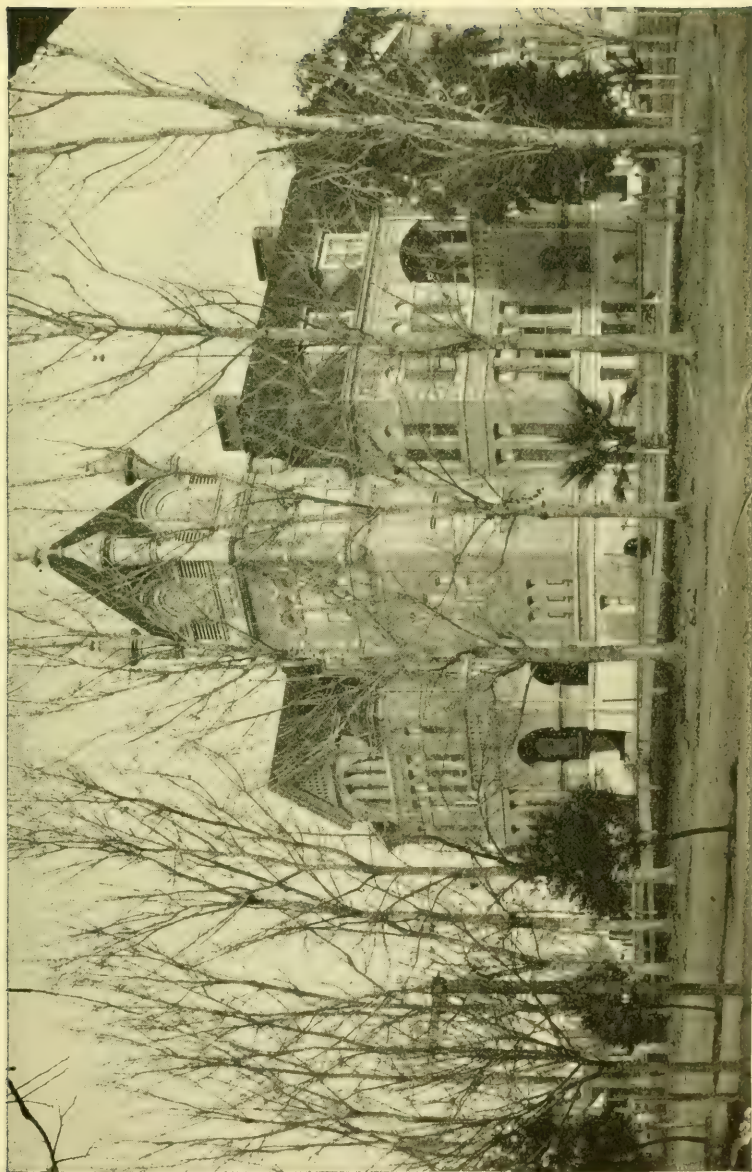
Salaries.

Counties.	Average Monthly Wages Paid Principals of Primary and Grammar Schools.				Average Monthly Wages Paid Teachers in High Schools.			
	1901.		1902.		1901.		1902.	
	Men.	Women.	Men.	Women.	Men.	Women.	Men.	Women.
Alameda	\$124 39	\$102 67	\$126 39	\$102 93	\$121 40	\$114 39	\$114 26	\$107 99
Alpine								
Amador	86 42	65 00	90 83	67 50				
Butte	90 33	77 50	89 87	77 50	113 00		125 00	85 00
Calaveras	93 57	72 50	92 85	67 50				
Colusa	92 00		90 83		90 00	95 00		96 25
Contra Costa	94 29	78 50	91 50	85 00			136 67	52 50
Del Norte	90 00		90 00					75 00
El Dorado								
Fresno	88 25	73 00	87 50	76 00	108 60	93 50	108 50	87 00
Glenn	83 75	60 00	93 33	60 00		90 00	122 22	100 00
Humboldt	88 43	73 33	88 88	75 00	100 00	92 50	100 00	92 50
Inyo	90 00	80 00	86 66	80 00				
Kern	100 00	80 00	85 00	85 00	100 00	100 00	94 44	95 61
Kings	95 00	70 00	110 83	75 00	100 00	100 00	100 00	100 00
Lake	75 00	75 00	75 00	75 00			44 44	80 00
Lassen	90 00		90 00					
Los Angeles	89 00	77 40	96 54	93 27	108 50	102 20	118 69	96 36
Madera	125 00		150 00		85 00			95 00
Marin	83 75	80 00	83 75	69 00	117 50	100 00	120 00	93 00
Mariposa	70 00	77 50	72 50	80 00				
Mendocino	88 12	65 00	90 00		102 50	102 50	102 50	102 50
Merced	83 33	92 50	93 00		125 00	100 00	107 50	100 00
Modoc	84 00	70 00	82 50	70 00				
Mono	90 00		100 00	72 50				
Monterey	85 00	70 56	90 00	67 85	95 00	100 00	100 00	100 00
Napa	98 12	60 00	110 83	60 00	90 00	87 50	87 50	88 33
Nevada	120 00	75 00	118 00	80 00		85 00		100 00
Orange	81 20	73 50	82 30	72 20	100 00	93 00	102 10	95 50
Placer	90 04	77 50	91 45	82 50	115 00		90 00	90 00
Plumas	75 00	70 00		70 00				
Riverside	76 66	83 75	85 00	77 50	105 45	89 50	105 55	78 05
Sacramento	150 00	95 00	88 50	95 00	100 00	97 00	100 00	97 00
San Benito	85 00	50 00	80 00	50 00	90 00		90 00	
San Bernardino	160 00		100 00	72 00	93 00	87 00	105 00	92 00
San Diego	85 00	83 57	83 75	95 00	95 60	83 20	82 50	84 75
San Francisco	175 00	158 00	181 00	158 00	163 00	159 00	162 00	153 00
San Joaquin	93 75	86 66	98 00	85 00	122 50	103 33	110 00	89 00
San Luis Obispo	100 00	60 00	75 00	85 00	99 00	78 00	82 50	62 50
San Mateo	92 15	72 50	94 28	72 00	100 00	100 00	100 00	100 00
Santa Barbara	84 37	70 83	82 50	66 00	108 75	77 50	107 50	85 50
Santa Clara	99 00	77 66	96 76	73 75	105 63	86 56	101 50	90 94
Santa Cruz	83 57	62 00	86 25	66 25	105 00	98 00	100 00	98 57
Shasta	93 75		85 00	77 50	116 65	55 55	122 58	79 42
Sierra	90 00		92 50					
Siskiyou	90 83	75 00	91 67	90 00	100 00	112 50	100 00	112 50
Solano	92 50	82 00	94 29	83 33	115 00	88 00	121 25	86 67
Sonoma	75 00	69 00	85 00	57 00	100 00	82 00	97 00	80 00
Stanislaus	83 00	80 00	94 00	80 00	85 00	95 00	90 00	95 00
Sutter	91 66	70 00	86 25			75 00		85 00
Tehama	93 33	65 00	98 33	70 00	120 00	112 50	115 00	112 20
Trinity	90 00		90 00					
Tulare	95 00	85 00	95 00	85 00	95 00	95 00	95 00	95 00
Tuolumne	84 00	125 00	85 00	97 50				
Ventura	91 11	71 42	92 00	70 00	120 00	98 33	100 00	100 00
Yolo	90 00	74 16	90 00	76 40	100 00	86 85	100 00	90 85
Yuba	95 00		102 50		100 00	95 00		105 00
Average	\$94 22	\$77 62	\$94 01	\$77 25	\$105 68	\$100 30	\$104 24	\$91 28

TABLE No. 2—CONTINUED.

Salaries.

Counties.	Average Monthly Wages Paid Teachers in Grammar Schools.				Average Monthly Wages Paid Teachers in Primary Schools.			
	1901.		1902.		1901.		1902.	
	Men.	Women.	Men.	Women.	Men.	Women.	Men.	Women.
Alameda	\$95 01	\$80 18	\$103 40	\$81 46	\$70 00	\$74 48	\$70 00	\$69 69
Alpine		61 66		63 00				
Amador	60 00	56 13	67 50	57 40		53 12		53 92
Butte	82 39	63 09	82 58	64 43		62 41	60 00	62 10
Calaveras	56 60	61 34	61 25	58 75	55 00	59 00		70 62
Colusa	67 50	63 56	71 00	65 27		70 35	60 00	65 23
Contra Costa	88 64	72 92	89 64	72 70	65 00	62 85	64 80	60 00
Del Norte	63 33	56 50	65 00	57 00		61 66		53 00
El Dorado	58 00	57 00	60 00	56 66	57 50	56 43	50 00	56 50
Fresno	70 30	66 00	70 00	82 00		63 85		72 50
Glenn	75 00	66 44	76 50	66 07	5 50	59 90		62 04
Humboldt	85 31	76 33	76 67	70 00	68 88	63 52	70 83	63 05
Inyo	82 50	72 85	86 66	73 75	70 00	68 19		69 50
Kern	75 00	68 00	78 33	71 17	63 00	64 00	70 00	70 81
Kings	83 75	70 00	83 75	69 53		61 00		61 66
Lake	60 00	55 75	58 40	55 60	57 00	53 72	55 00	51 45
Lassen	72 00	61 00	75 00	64 00	65 00	60 00	65 00	61 00
Los Angeles	88 80	63 30	87 01	69 89	65 30	68 00	64 15	69 29
Madera	70 00	67 00	70 87	68 70		64 37		62 50
Marin	80 00	72 14	81 66	67 89	60 00	59 76	55 00	61 75
Mariposa	65 00	64 00	66 66	63 50		61 00		61 66
Mendocino	61 71	59 00	70 30	75 35	55 00	54 68	55 00	52 20
Merced	73 12	68 67	79 16	67 53				72 27
Modoc	69 66	63 82	71 66	71 60	57 50	60 62		67 50
Mono		69 28		70 00		67 50		65 00
Monterey	60 00	61 67	70 00	72 49	60 00	61 81	60 00	60 28
Napa	70 00	62 30	67 50	59 30	50 00	53 00	50 00	56 40
Nevada	85 00	65 00	85 00	70 00	65 00	60 00	65 00	65 00
Orange	75 00	67 75	75 00	70 00		64 20		64 60
Placer	82 82	60 90	83 88	62 84		60 00		62 64
Plumas	70 00	61 90	76 25	63 82		65 00	62 50	63 75
Riverside	80 00	67 70	70 00	54 80	63 30	58 60	60 89	56 63
Sacramento	80 00	70 00	75 00	70 00		60 00		60 00
San Benito	70 00	60 00	63 50	57 50	57 50	54 00	55 00	55 00
San Bernardino	61 00	59 00	63 00	63 00	57 00	58 00	60 00	60 00
San Diego	63 40	67 20	63 00	66 40	67 50	59 40	67 20	58 50
San Francisco	87 00	90 00	84 00	95 00		93 00		86 00
San Joaquin	70 20	67 07	74 00	68 20	60 83	66 10		66 00
San Luis Obispo	77 00	63 00	77 00	63 00	59 00	59 00	59 00	59 00
San Mateo	61 00	60 32	60 00	60 53		55 20		57 40
Santa Barbara	64 00	61 00	62 50	60 70	50 00	51 00		62 50
Santa Clara	70 00	66 50	75 00	65 29		63 05		66 99
Santa Cruz		63 30	65 00	60 00		58 00		60 00
Shasta	70 00	60 00	63 43	60 00		68 33		67 50
Sierra	76 66	67 00	88 40	65 00		61 20		62 10
Siskiyou	75 00	69 48	75 00	67 16	65 00	63 55	66 25	64 87
Solano	81 92	66 36	85 45	66 60	60 00	59 50		56 31
Sonoma	69 00	58 00	73 00	59 00	66 00	60 00		54 86
Stanislaus	63 43	66 80	61 80	66 78	50 00	58 00		59 20
Sutter	69 38	64 08	68 00	62 50				71 66
Tehama	70 00	62 42	71 00	64 00		64 20		63 75
Trinity	70 00	70 00	70 00	70 00	63 33	63 33	71 66	64 66
Tulare	74 00	70 00	75 00	70 00	68 00	67 00	68 00	68 00
Tuolumne	72 00	60 00	65 00	60 00		62 00		
Ventura	81 43	66 00	68 00	65 00	50 00	64 23		65 00
Yolo	80 00	64 33	75 00	64 30		60 54		59 10
Yuba	65 00	62 08	64 25	62 02		67 85		67 50
Average	\$72 66	\$65 27	\$73 21	\$66 12	\$60 61	\$62 03	\$61 05	\$62 92



FRESNO CITY HIGH SCHOOL.—FRESNO COUNTY.

TABLE No. 2—CONTINUED.

Salaries.

Counties.	Average Monthly Wages Paid Teachers in Kindergarten Schools.		Average Monthly Wages Paid All Teachers in County.			
	1901.	1902.	1901.		1902.	
	Women.	Women.	Men.	Women.	Men.	Women.
Alameda.....	\$90 00	\$75 00	\$124 33	\$81 61	\$131 44	\$76 23
Alpine.....				61 66		63 00
Amador.....			78 50	54 73	85 00	56 05
Butte.....			87 28	62 54	85 63	63 50
Calaveras.....			73 66	60 43	76 00	60 00
Colusa.....			94 25	76 30	74 36	75 91
Contra Costa.....			85 00	66 05	94 72	66 04
Del Norte.....			81 00	57 69	93 00	54 00
El Dorado.....			58 00	56 80	63 46	56 57
Fresno.....	60 00	75 00	77 26	69 44	111 86	78 50
Glenn.....			80 62	63 28	87 51	64 59
Humboldt.....			80 88	67 92	69 40	65 30
Inyo.....			80 00	70 00	86 66	74 41
Kern.....			80 00	70 00	98 97	74 54
Kings.....			96 43	69 68	106 00	70 50
Lake.....			68 14	65 11	67 20	55 53
Lassen.....			74 00	59 00	72 00	61 00
Los Angeles.....	51 80	52 22	95 60	64 25	106 60	68 54
Madera.....			74 66	67 40	86 50	69 34
Marin.....			84 10	61 75	86 00	65 08
Mariposa.....			63 00	64 00	69 00	63 18
Mendocino.....			91 46	70 29	91 80	76 68
Merced.....			95 35	69 15	93 05	67 20
Modoc.....			72 08	66 50	78 14	64 70
Mono.....			72 50	72 75	100 00	71 87
Monterey.....			88 85	69 45	88 33	64 13
Napa.....			90 54	60 00	90 60	66 00
Nevada.....			85 00	67 75	74 00	67 00
Orange.....	45 00	57 00	87 72	68 82	89 50	68 08
Placer.....			109 46	66 13	103 82	74 49
Plumas.....			73 75	63 90	71 66	63 80
Riverside.....	62 50	60 00	72 09	61 47	90 98	58 24
Sacramento.....	50 00	50 00	146 72	74 40	79 00	70 00
San Benito.....			57 50	57 50	75 00	56 00
San Bernardino.....			99 00	69 62	93 00	81 00
San Diego.....	71 20	68 00	79 23	64 46	70 00	64 00
San Francisco.....			105 00	85 00	140 00	94 00
San Joaquin.....			66 68	66 50	93 65	67 00
San Luis Obispo.....			76 00	61 00	83 00	65 00
San Mateo.....			81 81	58 65	90 90	57 70
Santa Barbara.....	61 00	54 00	96 18	64 26	89 00	59 80
Santa Clara.....	51 00	50 40	108 48	66 09	124 48	78 16
Santa Cruz.....	60 00	60 00	102 50	60 70	80 00	67 00
Shasta.....			108 98	61 29	88 43	68 60
Sierra.....			80 00	63 33	90 00	63 10
Siskiyou.....			80 59	67 53	83 28	67 78
Solano.....			93 00	63 67	100 53	62 70
Sonoma.....			66 00	57 00	118 08	62 71
Stanislaus.....			86 50	64 80	74 38	65 84
Sutter.....			77 50	64 61	76 66	65 17
Tehama.....			78 33	64 25	84 80	66 30
Trinity.....			70 00	64 70	77 00	67 00
Tulare.....			83 00	70 00	84 00	71 00
Tuolumne.....			78 00	82 50	77 00	62 50
Ventura.....			89 50	66 51	102 50	75 00
Yolo.....	60 00	60 00	97 50	62 25	91 00	63 67
Yuba.....			82 27	64 61	81 50	66 04
Average.....	\$60 23	\$54 69	\$85 10	\$65 81	\$87 01	\$67 19

TABLE No. 2—CONTINUED.

Salaries.

Counties.	Class as fixed by Statute of 1897	Area, in square miles	Population as fixed by the Statute of 1897	Salary of County Superintendent as fixed by County Government Act of 1897	Salary Allowed for Deputies	Pay as Member of County Board of Education per day when Board is in session.	Traveling Expenses per Annum, not to exceed
Alameda	3	840	100,415	\$3,000	\$900	\$5 00	\$10 00 per district.
Alpine	57	575	490	100		5 00	10 00 " "
Amador	32	568	13,250	600		5 00	300 00 per annum.
Butte	14	1,764	22,770	1,500		5 00	10 00 per district.
Calaveras	31	990	14,175	1,000		5 00	10 00 " "
Colusa	39	1,202	10,510	1,600		5 00	10 00 " "
Contra Costa	26	750	17,200	1,800		5 00	10 00 " "
Del Norte	55	1,546	3,465	400		5 00	10 00 " "
El Dorado	33	1,891	13,040	1,500		5 00	10 00 " "
Fresno	9	5,940	25,080	2,000	1,200	5 00	10 00 " "
Glenn	47	1,248	7,445	1,600		5 00	10 00 " "
Humboldt	11	3,507	27,255	2,000		5 00	10 00 " "
Inyo	54	10,224	4,360	400		5 00	10 00 " "
Kern	25	8,159	17,330	1,800			10 00 " "
Kings	43	1,257	8,935	1,500			10 00 " "
Lake	46	1,332	7,600	800		5 00	10 00 " "
Lassen	52	4,750	5,330	600		5 00	10 00 " "
Los Angeles	2	3,957 ¹	124,875	3,000	2,520		5 00 " "
Madera	45	2,140	7,975	500		5 00	10 00 " "
Marin	38	516	11,360	1,650		5 00	10 00 " "
Mariposa	50	1,580	5,720	600		5 00	10 00 " "
Mendocino	17	3,460	21,095	1,600		5 00	10 00 " "
Merced	41	1,750	9,815	1,400			300 00 per annum.
Modoc	51	4,097	5,565	700		5 00	10 00 per district.
Mono	56	2,796	2,775	400		5 00	10 00 " "
Monterey	18	3,450	20,600	1,650			10 00 " "
Napa	23	800	18,220	1,600		5 00	10 00 " "
Nevada	16	958	21,905	2,000		5 00	10 00 " "
Orange	27	780	16,540	1,500		5 00	10 00 " "
Placer	20	1,484	18,935	1,800			300 00 per annum.
Plumas	49	2,361	5,970	600		5 00	10 00 per district.
Riverside*	21	7,008	18,400	2,000		5 00	10 00 " "
Sacramento	5	1,007	47,820	2,000		5 00	300 00 per annum.
San Benito	42	1,476	9,090	1,500			10 00 per district.
San Bernardino	10	20,160	27,500	1,500			10 00 " "
San Diego	8	8,800	35,620	2,500	1,200	5 00	10 00 " "
San Francisco	1	42	298,215	4,000	7,200		
San Joaquin	7	1,370	36,670	2,000		5 00	10 00 " "
San Luis Obispo	19	3,500	20,140	1,500		5 00	10 00 " "
San Mateo	35	470	12,450	1,500		5 00	10 00 " "
Santa Barbara	22	2,450	18,310	1,800		5 00	10 00 " "
Santa Clara	4	1,355	58,290	2,000	900	5 00	10 00 " "
Santa Cruz	15	425	22,055	1,800		5 00	10 00 " "
Shasta	29	4,050	16,145	1,800		5 00	10 00 " "
Sierra	48	910	6,540	625		5 00	10 00 " "
Siskiyou	28	6,078	16,190	1,500		5 00	500 00 per annum.
Solano	12	911	26,130	1,500		5 00	10 00 per district.
Sonoma	6	1,540	37,345	2,000		5 00	10 00 " "
Stanislaus	34	1,486	12,745	1,200			10 00 " "
Sutter	44	611	8,565	1,200		5 00	10 00 " "
Tehama	36	3,200	11,675	1,500		5 00	10 00 " "
Trinity	53	3,276	4,990	700		5 00	10 00 " "
Tulare	13	4,935	24,150	1,800		5 00	10 00 " "
Tuolumne	40	2,232	10,235	900		5 00	10 00 " "
Ventura	30	1,850	14,410	1,500		5 00	10 00 " "
Yolo	24	1,017	17,375	1,600		5 00	10 00 " "
Yuba	37	625	11,635	1,200		5 00	10 00 " "
Totals		157,455 ¹	1,312,690	\$84,325	\$13,920		

* Office hours, 2 to 5 P. M., on business days.

† Supervisors may fix salary at \$1,200 per annum and require Superintendent to devote entire time to school.

TABLE No. 2—CONTINUED.

Expenses.

	1901.				1902.			
Counties.	Amount of Money Drawn from Unapportioned County Fund with Which to Pay							
	Institute In- structors.	Institute Ex- penses.	Postage and Ex- pressage.	Binding School Docu- ments.	Institute In- structors.	Institute Ex- penses.	Postage and Ex- pressage.	Binding School Docu- ments.
Alameda		\$110 55	\$189 00		\$113 00	\$87 58	\$189 00	
Alpine			14 50				10 25	
Amador	\$25 30	38 50	88 00	\$20 00	42 80	29 75	88 00	\$20 00
Butte	140 00	18 00	120 00		95 00	8 54	150 00	
Calaveras	150 00	50 00	112 00	20 00		12 00	112 00	
Colusa	115 00	23 65	70 00		165 00	30 45	72 00	
Contra Costa	149 00	34 70	106 00	12 53	159 00	32 10	106 00	2 75
Del Norte			51 42				28 00	
El Dorado	75 00	66 90	110 85	24 00	90 60	59 40	79 25	12 00
Fresno	193 80	41 50	260 00		179 30	27 50	215 00	
Glenn	150 50	47 50	34 22		124 00	49 00	70 00	40 00
Humboldt	174 00	25 15	69 15		133 00	63 00	87 20	
Inyo			36 00		100 00	29 00	36 00	
Kern	130 00	70 00	127 00	10 00	116 00	84 00	128 00	20 00
Kings	200 00		50 25		175 00	25 00	51 50	
Lake	180 00	16 75	60 00		180 00	19 75	60 00	2 00
Lassen	120 00		66 00		200 00		66 00	
Los Angeles	70 00	113 20	200 00		60 00	139 10	200 00	
Madera	160 00	21 05	86 00		127 65	47 75	82 00	
Marin	128 50	46 50	84 00	20 00	133 15	56 20	84 00	10 00
Mariposa	125 00		88 00	10 25	85 00		87 75	
Mendocino	126 25	73 75	222 50			14 20	250 00	
Merced	130 50	58 10	110 00	20 00	135 00	65 00	113 00	20 00
Modoc	138 00	34 50	50 00		170 00	24 00	44 92	
Mono			18 00				18 00	5 20
Monterey	59 60	140 40	200 00		149 00	51 00	99 00	20 00
Napa	120 00	80 00	85 50		115 25	84 75	69 60	13 00
Nevada	100 00	68 10	96 00		114 50	51 00	96 00	
Orange	160 00	40 00	81 76	20 00	160 00	40 00	78 00	20 00
Placer	87 05	62 95			120 00	79 00		
Plumas	165 00	25 00	50 00		165 00	35 00	56 00	
Riverside	114 00	86 00	120 00	10 00	115 00	30 00	120 00	10 00
Sacramento		200 00	180 00	1 75		200 00	90 00	1 75
San Benito	128 00	52 45	94 00	20 00	110 00	39 00	94 00	10 00
San Bernardino	190 00	10 00	69 00	13 00	143 50	22 50	36 75	
San Diego	178 25	61 75	266 00		150 00	50 00	246 00	6 00
San Francisco		199 25	213 00	20 00		197 00		
San Joaquin	113 60	86 40	164 00		200 00		164 00	
San Luis Obispo	92 50	107 50	200 00		96 15	103 85	199 00	
San Mateo	153 40	14 20	32 00	2 25	170 00	20 50	22 00	
Santa Barbara	157 50	33 40	133 00		100 00	22 00	128 00	
Santa Clara	105 00	76 50	188 00	2 80	40 00	71 55	180 00	
Santa Cruz	130 50	50 00	118 00		135 00	65 00	114 00	
Shasta	95 00	18 00	100 00		150 00	43 50	205 00	10 00
Sierra			42 00				40 00	
Siskiyou	192 20	7 80	169 00		91 50	59 25	126 00	
Solano	161 70	27 00	20 00		140 00	59 50	25 00	
Sonoma	315 00	138 65	283 25	6 00	124 35	75 45	284 00	
Stanislaus	161 00	39 00	100 00	18 00	150 00	47 75	100 00	14 50
Sutter	55 00	4 17	70 00			8 50	70 00	
Tehama	135 00	60 25	127 75		90 00	49 00	130 00	84 40
Trinity	34 15		36 75		170 00		38 00	
Tulare	160 00	40 00	218 00	3 00	157 15	42 85	220 00	
Tuolumne			70 00		22 50	87 50	76 00	
Ventura	190 00	10 00	104 00	20 00	200 00		104 00	20 00
Yolo	115 50	84 50	60 00		121 50	78 50	60 00	
Yuba	150 00		70 00		135 00	42 50	70 00	
Totals	\$6501 80	\$2703 57	\$6189 90	\$273 58	\$6219 10	\$2659 77	\$5768 22	\$341 60

TABLE No. 2—CONTINUED.

Expenses.

Counties.	Amount of Money Drawn from the Institute and Library Fund with Which to Pay			
	Institute Instructors.		For Books for County Teachers' Library.	
	1901.	1902.	1901.	1902.
Alameda	\$93 50	\$47 00	\$394 75	\$470 00
Alpine				
Amador	57 70	40 30	80 25	15 50
Butte		35 00	15 60	14 70
Calaveras			30 52	10 24
Colusa		37 50	15 25	25 95
Contra Costa			35 32	12 98
Del Norte				
El Dorado		44 40	62 95	28 90
Fresno			188 44	234 40
Glenn			56 40	5 00
Humboldt	156 00	127 00	448 69	14 75
Inyo		14 00	15 45	
Kern			37 95	32 70
Kings	7 80	7 85	17 95	19 80
Lake		65 00	44 40	3 00
Lassen				
Los Angeles	287 37	286 50	233 13	172 18
Madera	96 00		74 40	1 50
Marin			29 95	68 75
Mariposa	51 40	65 00	13 63	7 30
Mendocino	25 25		95 55	48 55
Merced			20 00	32 35
Modoc	7 00	15 50	26 15	
Mono				
Monterey	170 00	106 00	74 05	34 90
Napa	44 50	14 25	63 70	26 25
Nevada	80 00	120 00	72 55	3 50
Orange	15 00	10 00	135 00	160 00
Placer	82 95	50 00	52 85	21 25
Plumas	17 25			46 00
Riverside	160 25	55 00	17 25	32 45
Sacramento	32 05	102 40	92 05	56 75
San Benito	45 00		19 60	13 10
San Bernardino	42 00	20 00	50 00	11 50
San Diego	29 50	35 00	148 30	102 00
San Francisco	250 00	185 00	446 00	570 00
San Joaquin	97 40	100 00	59 75	122 75
San Luis Obispo	67 50	148 85	18 00	95 40
San Mateo			33 90	59 49
Santa Barbara	45 00	45 00	6 06	38 85
Santa Clara	40 00	25 00	133 76	197 45
Santa Cruz		12 00	70 35	70 65
Shasta	50 00	35 00	129 69	50 01
Sierra			27 70	
Siskiyou	80 00	50 00	77 81	69 26
Solano	50 00	115 00	27 70	71 15
Sonoma	253 65	120 25	201 60	147 87
Stanislaus			30 47	36 00
Sutter		80 00	35 85	9 50
Tehama		58 50	20 00	14 00
Trinity		30 00	6 40	
Tulare	116 25	31 75	45 60	53 40
Tuolumne		180 00	37 50	35 00
Ventura	84 80	49 15	30 60	69 00
Yolo	40 00	34 50	70 00	55 41
Yuba				43 47
Totals	\$2,675 12	\$2,597 70	\$4,168 82	\$3,534 91

TABLE No. 2—CONTINUED.

Property.

Counties.	Assessed Valuation of Taxable Property.		Rate of County School Tax per \$100.		Amount Received from County Tax for School Purposes.	
	1900-1901.	1901-1902.	1901.	1902.	1901.	1902.
Alameda	\$86,922,760	\$89,771,005	.25	.26	\$213,383 18	\$231,138 80
Alpine	285,654	300,828	.50	.30	1,436 00	985 00
Amador	4,405,196	4,641,489	.35	.32	15,098 16	14,325 28
Butte	13,964,209	13,879,046	.24	.24	33,136 45	32,601 67
Calaveras	5,283,215	5,434,379	.38	.36	20,304 05	19,083 18
Colusa	11,981,745	11,812,546	.152	.16	19,123 81	17,527 85
Contra Costa	16,504,307	17,079,931	.19	.21	29,945 86	35,220 85
Del Norte	1,888,525	2,048,444	.20	.22	4,446 68	4,863 69
El Dorado	4,019,170	4,039,566	.32	.32	12,741 35	12,626 60
Fresno	29,407,665	30,770,729	.20	.22	63,323 97	67,303 20
Glenn	10,381,899	10,007,218	.18	.17	18,766 74	17,098 10
Humboldt	16,877,118	18,099,949	.292	.28	49,320 00	50,235 00
Inyo	1,862,400	1,885,336	.30	.30	5,400 00	5,845 79
Kern	15,180,165	21,129,890	.23	.17	35,786 13	36,026 18
Kings	7,127,936	7,565,903	.23	.22	16,095 39	15,804 67
Lake	3,027,168	3,178,460	.38	.35	10,175 29	11,585 84
Lassen	3,380,976	3,499,650	.43	.40	13,929 92	13,459 99
Los Angeles	100,126,070	103,328,904	.33	.35	227,169 62	287,274 34
Madera	6,161,552	6,289,942	.28	.30	17,030 92	14,962 28
Marin	11,994,714	12,108,904	.16	.16	18,971 72	19,141 96
Mariposa	2,029,299	2,096,587	.50	.45	11,704 00	9,718 32
Mendocino	10,603,833	10,660,254	.30	.29	31,876 49	32,532 54
Merced	13,628,173	13,657,777	.18	.18	24,507 22	23,483 09
Modoc	2,885,066	3,003,805	.36	.35	10,798 76	10,759 02
Mono	1,186,875	1,137,276	.50	.50	5,843 33	5,449 24
Monterey	17,772,018	18,016,456	.21	.21	37,659 13	38,415 59
Napa	11,633,300	11,765,301	.22	.20	25,706 44	23,527 30
Nevada	7,015,505	7,076,340	.33	.37	31,636 00	30,995 50
Orange	10,976,363	11,245,544	.32	.31	35,101 47	35,593 88
Placer	9,015,766	9,097,657	.27	.27	24,072 95	24,490 74
Plumas	2,102,491	2,093,004	.33	.38	7,021 72	9,422 59
Riverside	12,154,013	12,248,709	.262	.27	43,646 41	29,667 24
Sacramento	34,126,720	34,346,017	.155	.165	54,282 30	56,085 22
San Benito	6,015,635	6,018,740	.29	.31	17,522 77	18,130 62
San Bernardino	15,975,127	16,416,149	.27	.28	43,245 93	51,853 74
San Diego	20,061,546	19,961,959	.28	.26	60,083 54	52,571 81
San Francisco	410,425,849	413,388,420	.108	.131	433,548 25	536,132 79
San Joaquin	31,982,021	32,023,372	.15	.15	47,731 26	47,962 54
San Luis Obispo	12,298,301	12,313,984	.30	.29	32,400 00	36,069 38
San Mateo	14,421,010	14,484,957	.15	.14	18,940 64	20,703 14
Santa Barbara	13,607,120	13,969,868	.28	.28	37,029 98	37,130 97
Santa Clara	51,971,268	51,920,963	.17	.177	86,767 10	92,192 98
Santa Cruz	10,770,352	11,222,967	.282	.28	30,898 07	31,181 75
Shasta	9,106,515	9,362,304	.34	.33	33,081 29	34,896 54
Sierra	1,494,981	1,529,604	.48	.48	7,527 58	7,233 61
Siskiyou	8,808,623	8,991,828	.30	.326	25,056 50	29,393 00
Solano	17,519,315	17,524,117	.20	.20	37,194 34	34,845 46
Sonoma	25,753,672	26,003,179	.23	.23	58,773 57	63,423 18
Stanislaus	12,041,634	12,037,410	.20	.20	23,841 71	23,948 67
Sutter	6,425,642	6,364,459	.24	.24	15,176 42	15,715 92
Tehama	10,853,700	10,910,679	.22	.22	24,469 72	31,562 40
Trinity	1,483,036	1,567,998	.32	.32	4,505 81	5,002 27
Tulare	15,335,221	15,794,307	.25	.27	37,875 00	41,861 15
Tuolumne	5,845,200	6,424,670	.20	.25	9,620 33	15,997 75
Ventura	8,349,118	8,658,243	.35	.31	28,699 22	28,255 68
Yolo	16,312,996	16,034,346	.14	.14	23,355 51	22,183 58
Yuba	5,512,709	5,464,434	.27	.27	14,818 00	14,429 41
Totals	\$1,218,292,457	\$1,241,705,803	Av. 272	Av. 333	\$2,321,613 00	\$2,538,029 93

TABLE No. 3.

Statement of Financial Statistics, showing the Receipts from all Sources of Revenue for the School Year ending June 30, 1901.

Counties.	Balance on Hand at Beginning of School Year.	Amount Received from State Apportionment.	Amount Received from County Taxes, as Apportioned by County Superintendent.	Amount Received from City or District Taxes.	Amount Received from Sale of Bonds.	Amount Received from Subscriptions and Miscellaneous Sources, as Reported by School Trustees.	Total Receipts from all Sources.
Alameda	\$83,377 50	\$305,897 46	\$213,890 87	\$31,355 64	\$16,821 50	\$132 59	\$681,475 56
Alpine	778 16	919 83	1,436 00	---	---	---	3,133 99
Amador	11,915 96	26,725 29	14,926 96	---	---	55 00	53,623 21
Butte	17,579 13	42,556 33	32,953 62	5,817 35	---	305 00	99,211 43
Calaveras	27,368 34	28,551 69	19,867 62	---	47 36	889 00	76,724 01
Colusa	4,874 86	19,369 75	18,849 41	3,132 60	---	21 00	46,247 62
Contra Costa	13,954 44	40,755 60	29,926 00	1,221 68	38,231 12	1,748 94	125,837 78
Del Norte	2,967 76	6,185 85	4,500 06	---	---	---	13,653 67
El Dorado	6,199 81	20,853 35	12,741 35	1 20	---	1,923 29	41,719 00
Fresno	31,504 85	81,121 30	64,097 60	23,827 43	---	173 60	200,724 78
Glenn	2,786 24	12,554 04	18,541 41	504 43	---	252 00	34,638 22
Humboldt	29,870 95	66,252 00	49,320 00	3,518 39	---	---	148,961 34
Inyo	3,038 74	10,094 40	5,400 00	---	---	---	18,533 14
Kern	13,220 90	31,416 00	36,216 00	4,519 21	---	1,308 60	86,680 71
Kings	11,511 56	23,416 00	17,108 90	980 15	---	257 64	53,304 25
Lake	4,213 08	15,463 65	12,256 40	---	606 00	197 61	32,736 74
Lassen	2,770 44	10,975 58	13,939 92	---	13,777 00	---	41,462 94
Los Angeles	280,311 70	459,637 75	339,934 65	2,993 89	18,323 80	4,765 04	1,105,966 83
Madera	6,146 12	13,702 20	16,942 30	---	---	315 74	37,106 36
Marin	24,954 25	31,691 91	18,582 04	---	12,702 00	174 95	88,105 15
Mariposa	1,891 84	11,146 76	11,704 00	---	---	159 45	24,902 05
Mendocino	27,112 51	49,601 74	32,501 00	3,478 60	2,144 78	773 74	115,612 37
Merced	10,751 75	22,097 82	24,230 22	2,326 69	5,420 00	375 53	65,301 41
Modoc	2,579 32	14,861 00	10,576 26	559 95	525 00	27 23	29,128 76
Mono	1,481 90	3,678 17	5,843 33	---	---	100 00	11,103 40

Monterey	17,396 12	51,939 00	37,989 75	1,499 49	24,523 00	626 77	109,451 13
Napa	10,011 21	33,442 61	25,403 72	1,169 64	24,523 00	62 02	94,612 20
Nevada	7,405 10	36,450 50	31,636 00		13,500 00	164 46	75,656 06
Orange	42,671 69	56,487 00	34,415 00	3,084 43		205 50	150,373 62
Placer	10,685 78	32,850 77	23,867 78	4,783 60		458 61	72,646 54
Plumas	2,622 25	9,214 49	7,021 72	479 49			19,337 95
Riverside	11,016 41	46,584 92	43,646 41	9,342 87	3,239 66	1,214 73	115,045 00
Sacramento	25,173 58	84,038 34	54,282 30	47,208 76		7,400 16	218,103 14
San Benito	12,872 41	17,041 90	17,128 53			194 31	47,192 15
San Bernardino	8,666 73	70,166 00	45,502 00	9,758 97	23,248 11	21 44	157,363 25
San Diego	32,469 21	78,253 53	59,804 85	22,070 48		142 50	192,740 57
San Francisco	117,637 74	712,957 62	327,817 64			55,557 55	1,213,970 55
San Joaquin	37,346 21	72,984 55	46,235 61	22,625 76		4,019 50	183,211 63
San Luis Obispo	48,067 67	43,080 00	38,470 00	1,918 70	809 00	378 95	132,724 32
San Mateo	35,529 57	30,431 68	19,314 75	87 15		202 46	85,565 61
Santa Barbara	23,530 14	48,065 70	33,555 50	8,857 46	10,523 30	349 25	124,881 35
Santa Clara	40,874 33	140,024 20	86,600 40	19,862 04	6,460 00	618 67	284,439 61
Santa Cruz	17,838 67	54,663 60	30,674 80	139 82		154 13	103,471 02
Shasta	9,530 35	40,969 69	33,081 29		7,192 50	187 40	90,960 63
Sierra	2,687 28	7,666 11	7,454 08	459 22		52 50	18,319 19
Siskiyou	16,830 36	35,285 57	25,030 25			689 78	77,845 96
Solano	21,115 29	47,945 82	36,935 10	2,239 44		368 35	108,604 00
Sonoma	53,323 63	97,821 42	58,893 86	22,291 14	2,610 00	2,720 76	247,660 81
Stanislaus	9,848 79	22,770 62	23,729 20	298 35	26,275 00	39 92	82,961 88
Sutter	4,262 82	12,478 03	15,128 80		16,095 00	5 20	47,969 89
Tehama	5,419 48	26,504 05	24,496 50	438 97	2,710 00	1,012 00	60,581 00
Trinity	2,494 94	7,398 78	4,675 12			249 89	14,818 73
Tulare	14,995 88	51,954 80	37,423 25	3,253 92	1,312 50	1,850 23	110,790 58
Tuolumne	7,240 39	23,357 88	9,620 33		2,500 00	100 60	42,818 60
Ventura	23,282 42	38,596 60	28,828 52	3,664 65	4,890 75	38 30	99,301 24
Yolo	8,326 38	30,985 90	23,355 51			50 25	62,718 04
Yuba	9,045 94	19,975 20	14,678 60	796 67		70 00	44,564 41
Totals	\$1,313,365 96	\$3,431,911 75	\$2,332,981 09	\$270,577 63	\$284,437 38	\$83,171 60	\$7,726,495 41

TABLE No. 3—CONTINUED.

Statement of Financial Statistics, showing the Receipts from all Sources of Revenue for the School Year ending June 30, 1902.

Counties.	Balance on Hand at Beginning of School Year.	Amount Received from State Apportionment.	Amount Received from County Taxes as Apportioned by County Superintendent.	Amount Received from City or District Taxes.	Amount Received from Sale of Bonds.	Amount Received from Subscriptions and Miscellaneous Sources as Reported by School Trustees.	Total Receipts from all Sources.
Alameda.....	\$119,357 15	\$318,763 23	\$226,465 17	\$29,175 48	\$55,348 95	\$5,891 27	\$705,001 25
Alpine.....	1,136 23	804 64	985 00	—	—	—	2,925 87
Amador.....	12,247 59	26,682 75	14,106 14	95 67	—	65 00	53,197 15
Butte.....	16,875 39	43,432 46	31,391 06	3,376 22	—	1,212 05	96,287 18
Calaveras.....	11,514 46	28,078 19	18,757 14	—	173 26	78 05	58,601 10
Colusa.....	4,414 27	18,735 54	18,045 80	2,295 92	—	619 34	44,110 87
Contra Costa.....	27,421 34	41,910 00	31,870 00	—	3,975 00	757 40	108,933 74
Del Norte.....	1,933 83	6,489 16	4,429 70	173 67	—	—	13,026 36
El Dorado.....	6,203 04	19,926 60	12,626 60	152 11	—	10 00	38,918 35
Fresno.....	24,384 53	91,747 00	66,726 96	24,453 24	11,573 63	78 45	218,963 81
Glenn.....	2,918 85	12,254 27	17,146 40	1,210 42	—	437 65	33,967 59
Humboldt.....	24,927 64	68,691 00	50,235 00	3,851 29	—	37 50	147,742 43
Inyo.....	2,311 09	9,755 81	5,485 79	—	—	216 78	18,129 47
Kern.....	17,009 42	36,083 05	34,288 95	7,949 32	64,310 48	86 25	159,727 47
Kings.....	14,275 02	26,592 00	15,722 50	402 76	—	122 75	57,115 03
Lake.....	5,828 55	15,515 84	11,053 79	414 98	600 00	276 02	33,689 18
Lassen.....	3,006 77	10,444 98	14,107 92	1,336 53	—	—	28,896 20
Los Angeles.....	326,855 93	479,857 30	374,116 76	3,205 62	35,569 44	1,122 25	1,220,727 30
Madera.....	7,226 26	14,675 75	15,766 63	—	—	300 00	37,968 64
Marin.....	14,564 07	31,174 63	19,098 56	1,168 17	—	20 50	66,025 93
Mariposa.....	1,810 17	10,787 20	9,718 32	—	—	—	22,315 69
Mendocino.....	32,298 51	48,288 81	31,247 03	4,644 19	11,276 00	212 94	127,967 48
Merced.....	7,413 63	22,980 23	23,970 96	3,864 11	2,040 00	248 59	60,527 52
Modoc.....	1,842 32	15,302 50	10,520 10	767 02	—	123 82	28,555 26
Mono.....	2,424 57	3,924 56	5,449 24	—	—	106 55	11,904 92

Monterey	13,516 36	50,172 75	38,573 50	766 91	1,155 00	159 10	104,343 62
Napa	33,114 86	34,789 15	23,219 09	1,058 01	-----	1,104 17	92,585 28
Nevada	4,788 20	37,614 00	30,995 50	-----	-----	139 31	73,587 01
Orange	26,826 48	57,374 00	35,668 46	3,027 42	3,283 00	676 30	126,855 66
Placer	10,350 86	32,630 88	24,137 75	9,076 95	-----	805 65	77,042 09
Plumas	3,318 72	9,514 34	9,422 59	341 66	-----	305 82	22,903 13
Riverside	23,574 22	49,633 47	29,747 30	17,507 95	632 82	1,081 05	122,176 12
Sacramento	16,099 67	88,902 44	56,085 22	67,114 47	6,200 00	216 05	234,617 85
San Benito	11,670 87	16,971 26	18,179 89	222 65	-----	467 51	47,512 18
San Bernardino	22,047 42	67,433 00	45,013 00	16,343 32	29,596 45	5,793 02	186,226 21
San Diego	29,711 30	75,614 00	52,691 50	21,269 05	-----	334 95	179,620 80
San Francisco	87,875 89	784,143 36	414,761 37	-----	-----	67,607 50	1,354,388 12
San Joaquin	30,456 49	82,734 50	52,260 53	29,731 57	5,802 00	613 70	200,598 79
San Luis Obispo	43,511 99	50,105 65	35,510 95	4,042 19	2,332 96	132 70	135,636 44
San Mateo	34,245 43	31,258 50	20,566 20	300 00	-----	172 72	86,542 85
Santa Barbara	21,025 55	58,062 00	38,083 00	9,115 80	-----	252 03	116,538 38
Santa Clara	44,327 10	145,603 80	91,057 36	18,606 68	4,717 00	1,082 99	305,394 93
Santa Cruz	16,786 42	53,354 35	31,416 75	5 83	-----	50 00	101,613 35
Shasta	10,901 09	41,941 59	34,895 54	1,173 80	25,912 00	167 97	114,990 99
Sierra	2,616 16	7,255 12	7,193 61	113 10	-----	110 00	17,287 99
Siskiyou	8,114 54	36,600 64	29,393 00	2,546 02	520 00	448 75	77,622 95
Solano	24,895 40	49,236 40	34,643 00	892 78	-----	1 00	109,688 58
Sonoma	69,389 68	93,766 22	59,453 73	24,046 14	-----	2,474 32	249,130 09
Stanislaus	14,558 15	23,002 24	23,500 50	908 90	-----	80 20	62,109 99
Sutter	5,447 50	12,456 84	15,601 70	869 41	-----	16 40	34,391 85
Tehama	6,116 53	23,042 77	23,957 86	-----	800 00	566 20	59,483 36
Trinity	2,804 49	7,670 30	4,857 76	1,098 98	-----	852 05	17,283 58
Tulare	12,962 69	54,097 40	41,312 60	2,876 10	3,353 00	1,954 74	116,536 53
Tuolumne	8,578 08	23,452 96	15,997 75	-----	-----	-----	48,028 79
Ventura	12,624 32	39,913 97	28,779 55	1,927 56	2,163 00	-----	85,408 40
Yolo	10,493 25	30,345 92	22,298 54	2,513 90	89 87	-----	65,741 48
Yuba	9,917 53	20,298 85	14,233 65	2 42	-----	-----	44,447 45
Totals	\$1,362,907 87	\$3,586,195 17	\$2,469,200 27	\$336,095 60	\$281,403 86	\$99,687 86	\$8,125,490 63

TABLE No. 4.

Statement of Financial Statistics, showing School Expenditures for the School Year ending June 30, 1901.

Counties.	Amount Paid for Teachers' Salaries.	Amount Paid for Contingent Expenses, Supplies, Repairs, Rents, etc.	Amount Paid for Sites, Buildings, and Furniture.	Amount Paid for Library Books, and Apparatus.	Total Expenditures.	Balance on Hand at Close of School Year.
Alameda	\$441,337 75	\$102,754 46	\$52,540 40	\$3,090 36	\$569,722 97	\$111,752 59
Alpine	1,512 50	404 04	-----	81 22	1,997 76	1,136 23
Amador	32,118 87	5,654 53	2,268 19	1,334 03	41,375 62	12,247 59
Butte	60,627 71	13,457 80	6,526 38	1,682 38	82,294 27	16,917 16
Calaveras	39,009 25	7,007 26	17,888 73	1,373 02	65,278 26	11,445 75
Colusa	31,549 05	6,126 63	3,123 55	798 61	41,597 84	4,649 78
Contra Costa	56,212 97	9,837 79	30,845 45	1,510 23	98,406 44	27,431 34
Del Norte	8,267 57	1,498 06	606 43	177 31	10,549 37	3,104 30
El Dorado	29,816 72	3,241 90	1,525 80	931 54	35,515 96	6,203 04
Fresno	124,853 62	33,088 95	16,362 60	2,064 03	176,369 20	24,355 58
Glenn	24,935 39	4,543 42	1,366 63	745 44	31,590 88	3,047 34
Humboldt	96,999 57	18,122 67	6,166 41	2,655 30	123,943 95	25,017 39
Inyo	13,249 80	2,460 28	83 00	428 97	16,222 05	2,311 09
Kern	51,214 00	12,876 87	3,906 09	1,453 00	69,449 96	17,230 75
Kings	31,208 40	6,608 32	671 25	541 26	39,029 23	14,275 02
Lake	22,705 70	2,869 70	784 60	546 23	26,905 73	5,831 01
Lassen	18,550 25	4,203 85	13,777 00	793 25	37,324 85	4,138 09
Los Angeles	537,710 39	168,602 18	64,424 46	5,160 68	775,897 71	330,069 12
Madera	24,583 30	4,264 61	81 51	567 91	29,497 33	7,609 03
Marin	38,219 42	7,225 27	26,293 52	1,347 14	73,085 35	15,019 80
Mariposa	18,919 72	2,311 11	356 25	634 18	22,221 26	2,680 79
Mendocino	66,072 96	10,158 61	4,042 80	3,039 49	83,313 86	32,298 51
Merced	36,471 60	8,468 34	11,992 46	875 88	57,808 28	7,393 13
Modoc	19,612 89	3,731 96	1,063 83	25,279 61	3,849 15	3,849 15
Mono	7,229 00	832 33	430 36	185 89	8,677 58	2,425 82
Monterey	75,703 23	10,480 06	7,523 88	2,192 60	95,899 77	13,551 36
Napa	47,120 23	8,729 18	4,697 52	877 81	61,421 74	33,187 46
Nevada	54,253 23	14,767 45	791 90	1,020 47	70,833 05	4,843 01
Orange	70,404 24	14,817 15	36,910 23	1,415 52	123,547 14	26,826 48

Placer	46,705 47	8,367 82	6,008 66	1,170 08	62,252 03	10,394 51
Plumas	13,958 75	1,701 03	-----	336 96	15,996 74	3,341 21
Riverside	65,464 27	21,959 55	2,298 79	1,391 35	91,113 96	23,931 04
Sacramento	182,496 65	29,409 44	17,979 36	2,117 02	202,062 47	16,100 67
San Benito	28,597 96	4,267 15	1,744 50	911 67	35,521 28	11,670 87
San Bernardino	84,288 99	28,531 75	21,232 76	1,076 66	135,130 16	22,233 09
San Diego	126,098 39	32,482 95	1,321 38	2,029 47	161,832 19	30,808 38
San Francisco	936,235 48	198,440 14	1,973 00	6,251 28	1,141,899 90	72,070 65
San Joaquin	108,025 72	27,986 18	13,599 02	3,072 36	152,683 28	30,528 35
San Luis Obispo	69,987 12	15,102 82	2,215 42	1,527 90	88,833 26	43,891 06
San Mateo	38,837 75	11,179 56	384 80	918 07	51,320 18	34,245 43
Santa Barbara	65,850 73	16,629 45	19,405 20	1,902 15	103,787 53	21,093 82
Santa Clara	180,982 30	56,089 60	9,637 55	2,497 52	249,206 97	45,232 67
Santa Cruz	65,983 65	16,073 38	3,215 05	1,412 52	86,684 60	16,786 42
Shasta	59,294 50	10,247 18	8,344 64	2,207 75	80,094 07	10,866 56
Sierra	13,059 04	2,154 53	-----	368 41	15,581 98	2,737 21
Siskiyou	49,753 60	8,265 49	9,090 30	2,308 63	69,508 02	8,337 94
Solano	63,419 32	15,692 92	3,497 90	1,098 46	83,708 60	24,895 40
Sonoma	124,294 55	24,216 30	16,706 63	2,675 44	167,892 92	69,767 89
Stanislaus	38,923 97	8,132 28	20,069 46	1,278 02	68,403 73	14,558 15
Sutter	21,724 78	4,090 95	15,863 58	843 08	42,522 39	5,447 50
Tehama	41,734 46	7,707 07	4,123 92	849 02	51,464 47	6,116 53
Trinity	10,064 26	891 72	989 11	69 15	12,014 24	2,804 49
Tulare	78,547 11	10,706 50	6,179 36	2,394 92	97,827 89	12,962 69
Tuolumne	26,568 00	4,821 12	2,488 85	362 55	34,240 52	8,578 68
Ventura	55,428 73	11,086 78	18,805 17	86,676 92	86,676 92	12,624 32
Yolo	41,252 13	9,598 73	199 90	1,174 03	52,224 79	10,493 23
Yuba	27,067 19	5,063 20	1,624 62	909 73	34,664 74	9,899 67
Totals	\$4,685,144 20	\$1,080,040 37	\$545,050 16	\$82,995 12	\$6,373,229 85	\$1,353,245 56

TABLE NO. 4—CONTINUED.

Statement of Financial Statistics, showing School Expenditures for the School Year ending June 30, 1902.

Counties.	Amount Paid for Teachers' Salaries.	Amount Paid for Contingent Expenses, Supplies, Repairs, Rent, etc.	Amount Paid for Sites, Buildings, and Furniture	Amount Paid for Library Books and Apparatus.	Total Expenditures.	Balance on Hand at Close of School Year.
Alameda	\$425,546 22	\$114,897 58	\$83,927 63	\$4,552 05	\$628,923 48	\$136,077 77
Alpine	1,555 50	306 38		50 23	1,912 11	1,013 76
Amador	33,362 15	4,925 35	4,413 85	939 02	43,640 37	9,556 78
Butte	63,478 59	12,336 60	8,483 97	1,328 00	85,627 36	10,659 82
Calaveras	39,285 97	7,434 04	500 80	1,098 00	48,318 81	10,282 29
Colusa	29,176 42	6,309 55	2,131 87	568 15	38,185 99	5,924 88
Contra Costa	59,752 70	11,665 42	13,130 50	1,670 32	86,218 94	22,714 80
Del Norte	8,950 87	1,614 26		264 73	10,829 86	2,196 50
El Dorado	28,493 49	4,598 77	753 55	817 29	34,663 10	4,255 25
Fresno	129,786 33	52,255 48	15,478 73	2,640 62	200,161 16	18,802 65
Glenn	24,064 14	3,927 00	1,772 28	829 07	30,592 49	3,375 10
Humboldt	100,042 81	19,547 25	2,257 66	2,575 10	124,422 82	23,319 61
Inyo	12,028 50	2,387 54		253 21	14,669 25	3,460 22
Kern	58,723 96	25,316 23	25,228 85	2,391 91	111,660 95	48,066 52
Kings	32,709 45	9,459 21	356 08	747 35	43,272 09	13,842 94
Lake	22,781 25	3,142 33	1,853 85	492 08	28,269 51	5,419 67
Lassen	18,902 18	3,304 10	1,723 35	725 17	24,654 80	4,241 40
Los Angeles	549,878 63	254,674 51	17,284 62	6,434 49	828,272 25	392,455 05
Madera	25,743 23	6,243 87	177 04	998 14	33,162 24	3,806 40
Marin	37,330 95	9,112 61	844 09	933 58	48,221 23	17,804 70
Mariposa	17,522 62	2,347 57	310 07	461 59	20,641 85	1,673 84
Mendocino	70,306 36	11,107 70	4,711 94	2,480 17	88,606 17	39,361 31
Merced	38,941 10	8,477 08	5,674 47	1,267 98	54,360 63	6,166 89
Modoc	20,248 75	4,424 55	552 98	938 83	26,165 11	2,380 15
Mono	7,705 00	1,453 80	122 35	501 22	9,782 37	2,122 55
Monterey	74,911 98	11,766 13	4,732 31	3,044 40	94,454 82	9,888 80
Napa	47,583 03	9,335 43	24,106 67	1,100 22	82,125 35	10,459 93
Nevada	54,281 00	13,659 72	762 83	961 71	69,665 26	3,871 75
Orange	74,751 40	15,896 82	20,094 05	1,493 00	112,235 27	14,620 39

Placer	46,680 82	8,748 64	9,013 10	1,702 47	66,145 03	10,897 06
Plumas	14,634 00	1,962 86	-----	708 85	17,305 71	5,597 42
Riverside	65,925 34	28,888 38	6,756 42	1,388 33	102,958 47	19,217 65
Sacramento	148,240 15	35,521 81	26,697 17	1,430 54	211,889 67	22,728 18
San Benito	28,653 98	4,600 62	1,489 56	676 61	35,420 77	12,091 41
San Bernardino	95,259 58	38,508 29	20,631 81	1,396 75	155,796 43	30,429 78
San Diego	119,023 30	33,950 04	371 10	2,100 75	155,454 19	24,166 61
San Francisco	908,902 36	260,690 15	33,674 18	6,902 89	1,210,169 58	144,218 54
San Joaquin	110,569 97	28,318 00	25,840 82	2,497 67	167,226 46	33,372 33
San Luis Obispo	69,703 75	16,954 63	4,994 86	908 10	92,561 34	43,075 10
San Mateo	39,297 00	11,333 61	706 19	872 97	52,209 77	34,333 08
Santa Barbara	66,583 68	16,908 42	520 11	1,487 60	85,499 81	31,038 57
Santa Clara	183,713 23	56,775 24	14,037 05	4,178 41	258,703 93	46,691 00
Santa Cruz	66,498 95	15,338 67	843 45	1,070 05	84,751 12	16,862 23
Shasta	59,841 93	14,070 72	3,384 13	2,268 23	73,565 01	35,425 98
Sierra	12,687 69	1,754 09	-----	334 90	14,776 68	2,511 31
Siskiyou	54,867 11	8,325 54	2,713 88	2,475 13	68,381 66	9,241 29
Solano	66,304 71	16,740 87	1,116 74	958 64	85,120 36	24,547 62
Sonoma	131,158 20	29,407 41	14,918 14	2,914 46	178,458 21	70,671 88
Stanislaus	39,005 25	9,849 65	6,853 95	1,011 79	56,720 64	5,389 35
Sutter	21,543 96	6,573 20	229 00	659 33	29,005 49	5,386 36
Tehama	41,860 69	7,234 63	3,163 60	1,062 23	58,321 15	6,162 21
Trinity	11,235 21	1,811 64	225 65	364 55	13,637 05	3,646 53
Tulare	80,464 95	10,263 89	10,789 26	3,417 83	104,935 93	11,600 60
Tuolumne	30,868 55	5,036 25	-----	850 60	36,755 40	11,273 39
Ventura	56,066 39	11,364 22	4,975 40	1,095 72	73,501 73	11,906 67
Yolo	42,481 90	10,352 16	1,576 75	1,137 85	55,528 16	10,213 32
Yuba	27,555 32	6,100 17	2,397 27	492 67	36,545 43	7,902 02
Totals	\$4,748,472 75	\$1,329,359 68	\$439,305 91	\$88,923 05	\$6,606,061 42	\$1,519,429 21

TABLE No. 5.

Valuation of School Property, 1901.

Counties.	Valuation of Lots, School- Houses, and Furniture. (Primary and Grammar Schools.)	Valuation of School Libraries. (Primary and Grammar Schools.)	Valuation of School Apparatus. (Primary and Grammar Schools.)	Total Valua- tion of School Property. (Primary and Grammar Schools.)	Number of Districts Voting a Special School Tax.	Bonded or Other Indebted- ness of the District.
Alameda	\$1,579,257	\$21,509	\$13,326	\$1,614,092	1	\$438,050
Alpine	2,145	380	348	2,873	.....	.....
Amador	69,522	9,179	6,180	84,881	.....	.....
Butte	161,746	12,515	5,174	179,435	.....	.....
Calaveras	70,718	13,420	4,338	88,476	.....	16,500
Colusa	85,358	7,283	2,195	94,836	3	.....
Contra Costa	149,935	14,138	5,612	169,685	1	35,000
Del Norte	10,615	2,111	1,150	13,876	.....	.....
El Dorado	53,286	8,742	4,798	66,826	.....	600
Fresno	402,457	17,500	8,573	428,530	8	107,304
Glenn	53,300	5,775	1,880	60,955	2	900
Humboldt	173,725	12,100	6,550	192,375	9	15,100
Inyo	40,300	4,850	995	46,145	6	5,200
Kern	122,793	14,492	3,437	140,722	2	35,500
Kings	90,500	5,325	2,530	98,355	2	6,500
Lake	39,020	6,345	2,487	47,852	1	1,500
Lassen	27,975	4,035	2,220	34,230	.....	12,500
Los Angeles	1,799,820	39,820	25,495	1,865,135	4	117,050
Madera	51,465	5,229	1,935	58,629	.....	4,400
Marin	106,450	6,480	3,050	115,980	.....	46,700
Mariposa	20,650	2,190	920	23,760	.....	.....
Mendocino	140,750	26,400	13,479	180,629	3	10,050
Merced	76,475	7,695	2,635	86,805	3	7,800
Modoc	31,025	5,230	2,602	38,857	2	1,850
Mono	9,030	2,028	1,010	12,068	.....	.....
Monterey	189,770	22,523	8,930	221,223	2	62,200
Napa	134,595	9,539	5,186	149,320	2	24,000
Nevada	133,435	12,895	5,025	151,355	.....	.....
Orange	273,650	22,067	6,620	302,337	1	66,600
Placer	98,448	12,307	5,518	116,273	1	12,100
Plumas	12,850	2,980	1,682	17,512	1	.....
Riverside	291,200	10,653	4,441	306,294	8	69,620
Sacramento	405,732	15,380	6,685	427,797	3	.....
San Benito	74,625	7,575	3,725	85,925	.....	4,900
San Bernardino	309,630	17,598	8,447	345,675	5	67,040
San Diego	344,652	23,862	10,389	378,903	5	44,670
San Francisco	4,789,500	17,300	52,000	4,858,800	.....	.....
San Joaquin	386,672	23,595	10,012	420,279	3	28,300
San L. Obispo	186,430	17,387	7,598	211,415	9	28,850
San Mateo	182,290	13,460	5,710	201,460	2	22,000
Santa Barbara	188,655	14,120	5,910	208,685	1	24,630
Santa Clara	533,173	35,790	25,580	594,545	2	68,500
Santa Cruz	156,800	14,575	7,325	178,709	1	60,000
Shasta	111,378	19,912	7,532	138,822	.....	20,670
Sierra	21,885	4,053	2,268	28,206	1	.....
Siskiyou	86,300	15,285	7,850	109,435	.....	.....
Solano	152,755	14,715	6,390	173,860	2	.....
Sonoma	294,528	35,102	16,150	345,780	20	25,884
Stanislaus	130,450	11,500	6,325	148,275	1	27,000
Sutter	52,380	4,805	2,190	59,375	.....	15,000
Tehama	108,773	10,305	6,431	125,509	2	3,300
Trinity	15,050	2,856	1,350	19,256	.....	.....
Tulare	193,120	19,635	9,570	222,325	6	15,995
Tuolumne	27,600	5,875	2,740	36,215	.....	2,500
Ventura	189,686	10,259	5,920	205,865	2	42,575
Yolo	126,456	10,424	3,322	140,202	2	.....
Yuba	33,550	8,740	3,995	46,285	3	.....
Totals	\$15,614,337	\$721,843	\$385,735	\$16,721,915	132	\$1,598,838

TABLE No. 5—CONTINUED.

Valuation of School Property, 1902.

Counties.	Valuation of Lots, School- Houses, and Furniture. (Primary and Grammar Schools.)	Valuation of School Libraries. (Primary and Grammar Schools.)	Valuation of School Apparatus. (Primary and Grammar Schools.)	Total Valua- tion of School Property. (Primary and Grammar Schools.)	Number of Districts Voting a Special School Tax.	Bonded or Other Indebted- ness of the District.
Alameda	\$1,630,398	\$21,679	\$13,002	\$1,665,079	2	\$536,025
Alpine	2,275	385	370	3,030	-----	-----
Amador	75,670	8,996	5,920	90,586	1	-----
Butte	161,185	11,983	4,775	177,943	-----	-----
Calaveras	71,830	13,389	4,115	89,334	-----	14,500
Colusa	84,526	7,085	2,555	94,166	1	-----
Contra Costa	166,340	14,295	5,678	186,313	4	28,750
Del Norte	11,315	2,237	1,420	14,972	-----	-----
El Dorado	52,746	8,677	4,655	66,078	-----	200
Fresno	432,222	19,355	9,263	460,840	5	70,735
Glenn	50,525	5,715	1,560	57,800	1	400
Humboldt	173,225	12,025	6,525	191,775	6	41,600
Inyo	40,900	4,965	985	46,850	6	5,200
Kern	221,650	16,100	4,760	242,510	5	85,000
Kings	90,200	5,700	2,550	98,450	1	15,500
Lake	36,480	4,770	1,932	43,182	-----	1,050
Lassen	29,725	4,175	2,020	35,920	2	13,100
Los Angeles	2,197,746	37,609	26,500	2,261,855	3	469,970
Madera	49,625	5,026	2,049	56,700	-----	3,250
Marin	102,425	6,075	2,650	111,150	2	43,200
Mariposa	20,650	1,660	440	22,752	-----	-----
Mendocino	143,950	26,950	14,069	184,969	3	17,150
Merced	78,475	8,762	2,535	89,772	4	3,490
Modoc	32,100	5,065	2,565	39,730	3	-----
Mono	9,230	2,567	1,100	12,897	-----	-----
Monterey	191,210	23,995	8,975	224,180	1	51,600
Napa	137,385	10,270	5,265	152,920	-----	23,400
Nevada	133,100	12,500	4,880	150,480	-----	-----
Orange	296,550	23,370	8,155	328,075	1	60,800
Placer	105,321	14,098	6,274	125,693	2	7,000
Plumas	14,000	2,600	1,875	18,475	1	-----
Riverside	235,544	11,012	5,185	251,741	8	59,500
Sacramento	437,785	15,810	6,090	459,685	4	6,000
San Benito	73,050	6,515	3,385	82,950	1	700
San Bernardino	320,391	17,779	8,246	346,416	11	97,820
San Diego	342,379	25,688	10,519	378,586	3	35,562
San Francisco	5,566,100	13,100	9,000	5,588,200	-----	-----
San Joaquin	444,291	21,574	6,964	472,829	6	172,750
San L. Obispo	157,180	16,005	8,295	181,480	5	8,850
San Mateo	184,675	12,180	5,310	202,165	1	12,000
Santa Barbara	188,185	15,080	5,523	208,793	3	25,750
Santa Clara	585,950	37,220	24,885	648,055	2	58,000
Santa Cruz	168,150	12,225	6,625	187,000	-----	60,000
Shasta	116,102	20,340	7,647	144,089	1	43,130
Sierra	21,995	3,653	2,183	27,831	-----	-----
Siskiyou	89,575	16,610	7,885	114,070	4	500
Solano	151,955	14,645	6,340	172,940	3	-----
Sonoma	296,928	35,035	16,115	348,078	22	22,960
Stanislaus	32,700	12,070	6,750	51,520	4	26,900
Sutter	42,675	4,260	2,000	48,935	3	13,500
Tehama	110,495	10,855	6,405	127,755	-----	-----
Trinity	13,700	2,130	950	16,780	1	-----
Tulare	196,400	19,380	10,030	225,810	6	15,455
Tuolumne	26,800	5,685	3,955	36,440	-----	-----
Ventura	190,186	10,359	5,945	206,490	4	36,350
Yolo	127,576	10,424	3,322	141,322	3	-----
Yuba	33,650	8,820	4,115	46,585	-----	-----
Totals	\$17,017,396	\$700,532	\$343,091	\$18,061,019	149	\$2,187,647

STATE SCHOOL FUND.

Sources from which the State School Fund is Derived.—Report of State Controller.

OFFICE OF STATE CONTROLLER,

SACRAMENTO, January 7, 1901.

Hon. T. J. KIRK, Superintendent of Public Instruction:

DEAR SIR: In compliance with law, I have the honor to report as follows: The securities held in trust by the State Treasurer for the support of Common Schools consist of bonds of the State of California, aggregating one million seven hundred and twenty-six thousand five hundred dollars (\$1,726,500), together with bonds of various counties of this State, amounting to one million nine hundred and eighty-one thousand two hundred dollars (\$1,981,200), which are described as follows:

State Funded Debt Bonds of 1873.....	6	per cent	\$1,526,500 00
Fresno County Bonds.....	6	"	51,000 00
Glenn County Bonds.....	4½	"	35,000 00
Humboldt County Bonds.....	7	"	18,000 00
Inyo County Bonds.....	5	"	40,000 00
Kern County Bonds.....	6	"	235,000 00
Kings County Bonds.....	4	"	32,000 00
Lake County Bonds.....	5	"	47,800 00
Los Angeles County Bonds.....	4½	"	162,000 00
Los Angeles County Bonds.....	5	"	198,000 00
Marin County Bonds.....	5	"	16,500 00
Marin County Bonds.....	4	"	138,000 00
Mendocino County Bonds.....	4	"	63,000 00
Mendocino County Bonds.....	6	"	9,000 00
Merced County Bonds.....	4½	"	88,600 00
Mono County Bonds.....	5	"	5,000 00
Monterey County Bonds.....	5	"	53,000 00
Placer County Bonds.....	5	"	16,000 00
Sacramento County Bonds.....	4½	"	233,000 00
Sacramento County Bonds.....	6	"	8,500 00
Sacramento County Bonds.....	4	"	80,000 00
San Diego County Bonds.....	5	"	99,300 00
San Diego County Bonds.....	4½	"	65,000 00
San Joaquin County Bonds.....	5	"	57,000 00
San Joaquin County Bonds.....	4	"	12,000 00
San Francisco Depot Bonds.....	4	"	200,000 00
San Francisco Park Improvement Bonds.....	6	"	5,000 00
San Luis Obispo County Bonds.....	5	"	16,000 00
San Luis Obispo County Bonds.....	6	"	11,000 00
Santa Clara County Bonds.....	4	"	53,000 00
Santa Cruz County Bonds.....	4½	"	68,000 00
Shasta County Bonds.....	5	"	47,000 00
Trinity County Bonds.....	5	"	18,500 00
Total securities held in trust for School Fund.....			\$3,707,700 00

The money in the State Treasury belonging to the State School Fund, subject to apportionment, is two million three hundred and fifty-nine thousand two hundred and thirty-nine dollars and seventy-nine cents (\$2,359,239.79), as follows:

Amount unapportioned July 2, 1900.....		\$1,311 64
Received from property tax.....		1,775,931 15
Received from poll tax.....		259,139 23
Received from interest on bonds.....		104,810 98
Received from interest on lands.....		15,809 34
Received from tax on railroads.....		50,408 43
Received from tax on collateral inheritances.....		155,240 83
Total.....		\$2,362,651 60
Less amount paid on restitution of interest on lands sold not property of the State.....	\$3,195 55	
Less amount paid on annulment certificates of purchase.....	216 26	
		3,411 81
Net amount subject to apportionment.....		\$2,359,239 79

Respectfully submitted.

E. P. COLGAN, Controller.



MIDDLETOWN GRAMMAR SCHOOL—SAN DIEGO COUNTY.

STATE SCHOOL FUND—CONTINUED.

OFFICE OF STATE CONTROLLER.

SACRAMENTO, July 1, 1901.

Hon. T. J. KIRK, Superintendent of Public Instruction:

DEAR SIR: In compliance with law, I have the honor to report as follows: The securities held in trust by the State Treasurer for the support of Common Schools consist of bonds of the State of California, aggregating one million seven hundred and twenty-six thousand five hundred dollars (\$1,726,500), together with bonds of various counties of this State, amounting to one million nine hundred and sixty-seven thousand seven hundred dollars (\$1,967,700), which are described as follows:

State Funded Debt Bonds of 1873	6	per cent	\$1,526,500 00
Fresno County Bonds	6	"	51,000 00
Glenn County Bonds	4½	"	35,000 00
Humboldt County Bonds	7	"	18,000 00
Inyo County Bonds	5	"	40,000 00
Kern County Bonds	4½	"	235,000 00
Kings County Bonds	4	"	32,000 00
Lake County Bonds	5	"	47,200 00
Los Angeles County Bonds	4½	"	134,000 00
Los Angeles County Bonds	5	"	182,000 00
Marin County Bonds	5	"	11,500 00
Marin County Bonds	4	"	132,000 00
Mendocino County Bonds	4	"	63,000 00
Mendocino County Bonds	6	"	8,500 00
Merced County Bonds	4½	"	88,600 00
Mono County Bonds	5	"	5,000 00
Monterey County Bonds	4	"	128,000 00
Placer County Bonds	5	"	16,000 00
Sacramento County Bonds	4½	"	233,000 00
Sacramento County Bonds	6	"	8,500 00
Sacramento County Bonds	4	"	80,000 00
San Diego County Bonds	5	"	86,300 00
San Diego County Bonds	4½	"	65,000 00
San Joaquin County Bonds	5	"	51,000 00
San Joaquin County Bonds	4	"	10,000 00
San Francisco Depot Bonds	4	"	200,000 00
San Francisco Park Improvement Bonds	6	"	5,000 00
San Luis Obispo County Bonds	5	"	16,000 00
San Luis Obispo County Bonds	6	"	11,000 00
Santa Clara County Bonds	4	"	46,000 00
Santa Cruz County Bonds	4½	"	63,000 00
Shasta County Bonds	5	"	47,000 00
Trinity County Bonds	5	"	18,500 00
Total securities held in trust for School Fund			\$3,694,200 00

The money in the State Treasury belonging to the State School Fund, subject to apportionment, is one million one hundred and twenty-nine thousand one hundred and thirty dollars and five cents (\$1,129,130.05), as follows:

Amount unapportioned January 7, 1901		\$910 70
Received from property tax		680,001 10
Received from poll tax		169,767 82
Received from interest on bonds		83,182 71
Received from interest on lands		17,600 38
Received from tax on railroads		50,650 98
Received from tax on collateral inheritances		88,345 61
Received from sales geological reports		92 00
Transfer from Railway Tax Contingent Fund		41,053 13
Total		\$1,131,604 43
Less amount paid on restitution of interest on lands sold not property of State	\$2,231 72	
Less amount paid on annulment certificates of purchase	242 66	
		2,474 38
Net amount subject to apportionment		\$1,129,130 05

Respectfully submitted.

E. P. COLGAN, Controller.
By W. W. DOUGLAS, Deputy.

STATE SCHOOL FUND—CONTINUED.

OFFICE OF STATE CONTROLLER,
SACRAMENTO, January 6, 1902.

Hon. T. J. KIRK, *Superintendent of Public Instruction:*

DEAR SIR: In compliance with law, I have the honor to report as follows: The securities held in trust by the State Treasurer for the support of Common Schools consist of bonds of the State of California, aggregating one million seven hundred and twenty-six thousand five hundred dollars (\$1,726,500), together with bonds of various counties of the State, amounting to one million nine hundred and three thousand two hundred dollars (\$1,903,200), which are described as follows:

State Funded Debt Bonds of 1873	6	per cent	\$1,526,500 00
Fresno County Bonds	6	"	51,000 00
Glenn County Bonds	4½	"	31,000 00
Humboldt County Bonds	7	"	18,600 00
Inyo County Bonds	5	"	40,000 00
Kern County Bonds	4½	"	235,000 00
Kings County Bonds	4	"	32,000 00
Lake County Bonds	5	"	47,800 00
Los Angeles County Bonds	4½	"	106,000 00
Los Angeles County Bonds	5	"	175,000 00
Marin County Bonds	5	"	8,500 00
Marin County Bonds	4	"	127,000 00
Mendocino County Bonds	4	"	95,000 00
Merced County Bonds	4½	"	88,600 00
Mono County Bonds	5	"	5,000 00
Monterey County Bonds	4	"	122,000 00
Placer County Bonds	5	"	14,000 00
Sacramento County Bonds	4½	"	233,000 00
Sacramento County Bonds	6	"	8,500 00
Sacramento County Bonds	4	"	80,000 00
San Diego County Bonds	5	"	86,300 00
San Diego County Bonds	4½	"	44,000 00
San Joaquin County Bonds	5	"	51,000 00
San Joaquin County Bonds	4	"	10,000 00
San Joaquin County Bonds	4	"	200,000 00
San Francisco Depot Bonds	6	"	5,000 00
San Luis Obispo County Bonds	5	"	16,000 00
San Luis Obispo County Bonds	6	"	11,000 00
Santa Clara County Bonds	4	"	46,000 00
Santa Cruz County Bonds	4½	"	53,000 00
Shasta County Bonds	5	"	47,000 00
Trinity County Bonds	5	"	16,500 00
Total securities held in trust for School Fund			\$3,629,700 00

The money in the State Treasury belonging to the State School Fund, subject to apportionment, is two million four hundred and fifty thousand and fifty-four dollars and seventy cents (\$2,450,054.70), as follows:

Amount unapportioned July 8, 1901		\$2,532 69
Received from property tax		1,833,743 59
Received from poll tax		261,471 03
Received from interest on bonds		109,558 21
Received from interest on lands		15,606 62
Received from tax on railroads		53,289 33
Received from tax on collateral inheritances		174,485 52
Total		\$2,450,486 99
Less amount paid on restitution of interest on lands sold not property of State	\$294 78	
Less amount paid on annulment certificates of purchase	137 51	
		432 29
Net amount subject to apportionment		\$2,450,054 70

Respectfully submitted.

E. P. COLGAN, Controller.

STATE SCHOOL FUND—CONTINUED.

OFFICE OF STATE CONTROLLER.

SACRAMENTO, July 7, 1902.

Hon. T. J. Kirk, Superintendent of Public Instruction:

DEAR SIR: In compliance with law, I have the honor to report as follows: The securities held in trust by the State Treasurer for the support of Common Schools consist of bonds of the State of California, aggregating one million seven hundred and twenty-six thousand five hundred dollars (\$1,726,500), together with bonds of various counties of the State, amounting to one million five hundred and ninety-eight thousand seven hundred dollars (\$1,598,700), which are described as follows:

State Funded Debt Bonds of 1873	6	per cent	\$1,526,500 00
San Francisco Depot Bonds—(State bonds)	4	"	200,000 00
Fresno County Bonds	6	"	51,000 00
Glenn County Bonds	4½	"	31,000 00
Humboldt County Bonds	7	"	17,000 00
Inyo County Bonds	5	"	40,000 00
Kern County Bonds	4½	"	235,000 00
Kings County Bonds	4	"	32,000 00
Lake County Bonds	5	"	47,800 00
Los Angeles County Bonds	5	"	170,000 00
Los Angeles County Bonds	4½	"	103,000 00
Marin County Bonds	4	"	127,000 00
Mendocino County Bonds	4	"	95,000 00
Merced County Bonds	4½	"	88,600 00
Mono County Bonds	5	"	5,000 00
Monterey County Bonds	4	"	122,000 00
Placer County Bonds	5	"	14,000 00
Sacramento County Bonds	4	"	80,000 00
Sacramento County Bonds	6	"	8,500 00
Sacramento County Bonds	4½	"	233,000 00
San Diego County Bonds	4½	"	40,000 00
San Diego County Bonds	5	"	86,300 00
San Francisco Park Improvement Bonds	6	"	5,000 00
San Joaquin County Bonds	4	"	8,000 00
San Joaquin County Bonds	5	"	47,000 00
San Luis Obispo County Bonds	6	"	11,000 00
Santa Clara County Bonds	4	"	23,000 00
Santa Cruz County Bonds	4½	"	50,000 00
Shasta County Bonds	5	"	47,000 00
Trinity County Bonds	5	"	14,500 00
Total securities held in trust for School Fund			\$3,558,200 00

The money in the State Treasury belonging to the State School Fund, subject to apportionment, is one million one hundred and thirty-eight thousand five hundred and seventy-one dollars and eighty cents (\$1,138,571.80), as follows:

Amount unapportioned January 7, 1902		\$3,535 50
Received from property tax		713,228 48
Received from poll tax		168,715 14
Received from interest on bonds		81,033 23
Received from interest on State lands		13,828 78
Received from tax on railroads		52,214 33
Received from tax on collateral inheritances		112,567 88
Received for costs in foreclosure suits, State lands		36 76
Total		\$1,145,160 10
Less amount paid on restitution of interest on lands sold not property of State	\$779 42	
Less amount paid on annulment of certificates of purchase	123 39	
Less transfer to State School Land Fund	5,685 49	
		6,588 30
Net amount subject to apportionment		\$1,138,571 80

Respectfully submitted.

E. P. COLGAN, Controller.
By W. W. DOUGLAS, Deputy.

TABLE No. 6.

Statement, by Counties, of Apportionment of State School Monies for the School Years ending June 30, 1901, and June 30, 1902.

Counties.	Total Number of Census Children, 1900.	Amount Apportioned January 7, 1901. Rate, \$6.53 per Child.	Amount Apportioned July 8, 1901. Rate, \$3.12 per Child.	Total Number of Census Children, 1901.	Amount Apportioned January 7, 1902. Rate, \$6.56 per Child.	Amount Apportioned July 8, 1902. Rate, \$3.05 per Child.
Alameda	31,940	\$208,568 20	\$99,652 80	33,413	\$219,189 28	\$101,969 65
Alpine	96	626 88	299 52	77	505 12	234 85
Amador	2,743	17,911 79	8,558 16	2,760	18,105 60	8,418 00
Butte	4,348	28,392 44	13,565 76	4,439	29,119 84	13,538 95
Calaveras	2,986	19,498 58	9,316 32	2,851	18,702 56	8,695 55
Colusa	2,015	13,157 95	6,286 80	1,982	13,001 92	6,045 10
Contra Costa	4,254	27,778 62	13,272 48	4,353	28,555 68	13,276 65
Del Norte	635	4,146 55	1,981 50	606	4,368 96	2,031 30
El Dorado	2,134	13,935 02	6,658 08	2,021	13,257 76	6,164 05
Fresno	8,649	56,477 97	26,984 88	9,725	63,796 00	29,661 25
Glenn	1,280	8,358 40	3,993 60	1,247	8,180 32	3,803 35
Humboldt	6,909	45,115 77	21,556 08	7,183	47,120 48	21,908 15
Inyo	1,035	6,758 55	3,229 20	998	6,546 88	3,043 90
Kern	3,388	22,123 64	10,570 56	3,743	24,882 08	11,508 65
Kings	2,453	16,018 09	7,653 36	2,653	17,403 68	8,091 65
Lake	1,590	10,382 70	4,960 80	1,609	10,555 04	4,907 45
Lassen	1,135	7,411 55	3,541 20	1,086	7,124 16	3,312 30
Los Angeles	47,527	310,351 31	148,284 24	50,063	328,413 28	152,692 15
Madera	1,417	9,253 01	4,421 04	1,532	10,049 92	4,672 60
Marin	3,236	21,131 08	10,096 32	3,325	21,812 00	10,141 25
Mariposa	1,132	7,391 96	3,531 84	1,106	7,255 36	3,373 30
Mendocino	4,990	32,584 70	15,568 80	5,057	33,173 92	15,423 85
Merced	2,355	15,378 15	7,347 60	2,393	15,698 08	7,298 65
Modoc	1,340	10,056 20	4,804 80	1,528	10,023 68	4,680 40
Mono	379	2,474 87	1,182 48	418	2,742 08	1,274 90
Monterey	5,335	34,837 55	16,645 20	5,218	34,230 08	15,914 90
Napa	3,467	22,639 51	10,817 04	3,543	23,242 08	10,806 15
Nevada	4,092	26,720 76	12,767 04	3,988	26,161 28	12,163 40
Orange	5,888	38,448 64	18,370 56	6,074	39,845 44	18,525 70

Placer	3,394	22,162 82	10,589 28	3,360	22,041 60	10,248 00
Plumas	951	6,210 03	2,967 12	989	6,487 84	3,016 45
Riverside	4,819	31,468 07	15,035 28	4,997	32,780 32	15,240 85
Sacramento	8,816	57,568 48	27,505 92	9,347	61,316 32	28,508 35
San Benito	1,766	11,531 98	5,509 92	1,766	11,584 96	5,386 30
San Bernardino	6,815	44,501 95	21,262 80	7,267	47,671 52	22,164 35
San Diego	7,851	51,267 03	24,495 12	7,812	51,246 72	23,826 60
San Francisco	78,554	512,957 62	245,088 48	82,173	539,054 88	250,627 65
San Joaquin	7,738	50,529 14	24,142 56	7,429	48,734 24	22,658 45
San Luis Obispo	5,400	35,262 00	16,848 00	5,164	33,875 84	15,750 20
San Mateo	3,152	20,582 56	9,834 24	3,270	21,451 20	9,973 50
Santa Barbara	4,968	32,441 04	15,500 16	4,793	31,442 08	14,618 65
Santa Clara	14,518	94,802 54	45,296 16	15,150	99,384 00	46,207 50
Santa Cruz	5,533	36,130 49	17,262 96	5,687	37,306 72	17,345 35
Shasta	4,257	27,994 11	13,375 44	4,358	28,588 48	13,291 90
Sierra	786	5,132 58	2,452 32	737	4,834 72	2,247 85
Siskiyou	3,716	24,265 48	11,593 92	3,812	25,006 72	11,626 60
Solano	4,959	32,382 27	15,472 08	5,147	33,764 32	15,698 35
Sonoma	9,726	63,510 78	30,345 12	9,805	64,320 80	29,905 25
Stanislaus	2,360	15,410 80	7,363 20	2,384	15,639 04	7,271 20
Sutter	1,296	8,462 88	4,043 52	1,283	8,416 48	3,913 15
Tehama	2,821	18,421 13	8,801 52	2,967	19,463 52	9,049 35
Trinity	736	4,936 68	2,358 72	800	5,248 00	2,440 00
Tulare	5,398	35,248 94	16,841 76	5,608	36,788 48	17,104 40
Tuolumne	2,454	16,024 62	7,656 48	2,408	15,796 48	7,344 40
Ventura	4,071	26,583 63	12,701 52	4,140	27,158 40	12,627 00
Yolo	3,202	20,909 06	9,990 24	3,103	20,355 68	9,464 15
Yuba	2,098	13,689 94	6,545 76	2,088	13,697 28	6,368 40
Totals	361,153	\$2,358,329 09	\$1,126,797 36	372,945	\$2,446,519 20	\$1,137,452 25

TABLE No. 7.

Statement, by years, showing the Amount of Receipts and Expenditures for Public Primary and Grammar Schools of the State of California, from 1852 to 1900, inclusive.

Years.	Total Amount of State School Fund Appropriated.	Total Amount Raised by County and City Taxes.	Total Amount Raised from Miscellaneous Sources.	Amount Paid for Salaries of Teachers.	Amount Paid for Repairs, Fuel, and Contingent Expenses.	Amount Paid for Libraries.	Amount Paid for Apparatus.	Amount Paid for Sites, Buildings, and Furniture.	Total Expenditures.
1851	-----	-----	\$2,417 00	Not reported.	Not reported.	Not reported.	Not reported.	Not reported.	Not reported.
1852	-----	-----	10,626 00	\$21,355 42	\$2,000 00	Not reported.	Not reported.	\$4,748 32	\$28,103 74
1853	-----	-----	-----	30,215 00	10,525 00	Not reported.	Not reported.	13,491 01	54,231 01
1854	-----	\$157,702 00	42,557 00	85,860 33	31,156 45	\$3,990 52	Not reported.	151,822 52	272,829 82
1855	-----	119,128 00	39,395 00	166,048 45	32,631 07	1,054 57	Not reported.	77,197 62	276,931 71
1856	-----	121,639 00	28,619 00	200,941 00	49,668 84	2,127 16	Not reported.	52,484 00	305,221 00
1857	-----	148,989 00	55,035 00	192,613 00	52,533 44	2,942 56	Not reported.	59,743 00	307,832 00
1858	-----	162,870 00	85,107 00	203,276 37	45,395 92	3,042 78	Not reported.	88,199 70	339,914 77
1859	-----	205,196 00	97,534 00	264,972 37	69,396 38	2,368 58	Not reported.	90,266 42	427,003 75
1860	-----	230,514 00	122,858 00	311,165 38	50,989 41	1,756 09	Not reported.	110,352 86	474,263 74
1861	-----	241,861 00	114,397 00	311,501 91	54,493 99	2,299 28	Not reported.	101,818 38	470,113 56
1862	-----	294,828 00	141,806 00	330,249 02	59,479 76	2,225 57	Not reported.	49,274 62	441,228 97
1863	-----	328,554 00	68,209 00	328,338 02	58,271 97	594 75	\$2,271 22	93,931 53	483,407 49
1864	-----	260,842 00	84,084 00	411,101 01	69,562 36	1,132 21	6,010 84	167,393 44	655,199 86
1865	-----	390,306 00	91,181 00	526,585 14	89,036 57	5,792 01	3,777 86	257,804 98	883,016 56
1866	-----	470,668 00	79,600 00	551,462 02	116,577 47	2,074 81	4,059 47	185,056 42	859,230 19
1867	-----	595,718 00	81,066 00	696,110 28	206,412 25	10,425 01	5,431 83	238,070 64	1,156,150 01
1868	-----	654,738 00	73,986 00	703,639 15	143,518 56	19,069 56	4,061 72	221,118 43	1,151,407 42
1869	-----	847,229 00	66,551 00	873,814 07	185,672 91	20,415 76	4,915 83	205,766 95	1,290,585 52
1870	-----	839,756 00	63,441 00	976,937 75	179,070 23	29,984 22	3,692 27	339,362 37	1,529,046 84
1871	-----	923,809 00	46,660 00	1,103,125 14	289,691 57	26,766 30	3,689 46	390,158 50	1,713,430 97
1872	-----	1,249,943 00	232,075 00	1,282,799 15	277,900 99	25,792 54	4,720 13	290,119 01	1,881,332 82
1873	-----	1,541,597 00	310,502 00	1,434,366 93	275,674 70	24,879 48	4,365 70	374,069 44	2,113,356 25
1874	-----	1,332,208 82	345,316 95	1,560,830 16	331,952 30	21,752 82	4,152 80	192,467 25	2,111,155 33

1875	1,212,252 03	1,115,530 06	676,259 64	1,810,479 62	381,806 62	33,962 72	10,713 02	421,279 36	2,658,241 34
1876	1,317,603 84	1,240,637 31	158,206 40	1,983,939 96	374,232 49	48,757 50	10,974 66	440,706 37	2,858,600 98
1877	1,474,600 26	1,486,233 73	137,100 31	2,149,435 70	378,754 50	55,148 64	18,964 19	147,426 43	2,749,729 46
1878	1,579,195 62	1,393,014 96	106,396 84	2,272,551 19	426,707 66	53,947 85	12,513 65	390,094 92	3,155,875 27
1879	1,423,941 75	1,446,852 04	92,852 41	2,285,732 39	371,992 13	46,490 50	13,555 73	293,126 38	3,010,907 13
1880	1,506,171 84	1,393,572 44	104,824 80	2,207,043 85	400,867 61	44,546 39	21,842 63	190,270 94	2,864,571 42
1881	1,790,457 62	1,343,306 02	32,048 79	2,346,056 58	401,572 56	79,432 10	15,694 04	204,849 66	3,047,604 94
1882	1,882,121 67	1,260,843 64	23,046 88	2,406,706 98	411,117 17	63,060 32	20,618 98	221,089 05	3,122,666 20
1883	1,890,724 20	1,315,818 96	32,462 71	2,511,078 40	419,760 85	61,032 26	26,504 11	293,839 66	3,312,215 28
1884	1,894,191 00	1,411,543 56	27,715 40	2,573,623 54	415,557 39	59,642 08	23,204 69	292,165 85	3,364,223 55
1885	1,831,171 44	1,694,959 45	53,140 83	2,583,403 46	433,972 56	64,056 08	16,787 03	466,811 74	3,565,030 87
1886	1,890,733 82	1,690,704 86	138,596 48	2,710,621 82	422,843 30	64,627 32	24,833 01	283,006 18	3,505,931 63
1887	2,027,789 40	1,793,809 95	51,250 25	2,912,859 30	480,455 63	64,189 18	23,679 10	408,704 96	3,889,888 17
1888	2,168,686 08	2,170,058 19	259,554 55	3,083,027 24	527,055 55	58,229 04	31,534 85	621,554 82	4,321,381 50
1889	2,531,880 00	2,442,254 64	337,006 91	3,343,191 80	624,810 95	59,522 72	33,791 82	935,548 42	4,996,865 71
1890	2,635,716 10	2,293,335 75	98,092 22	3,594,588 98	706,995 12	71,121 94	42,442 85	703,947 79	5,119,046 68
1891	2,662,200 08	2,249,975 72	134,192 19	3,713,544 37	732,148 98	72,714 87	45,332 20	548,740 11	5,112,500 53
1892	2,354,786 00	2,404,706 04	260,455 77	3,874,346 88	750,929 32	72,961 08	45,424 77	608,229 27	5,351,891 32
1893	3,403,072 72	2,404,898 76	774,090 08	4,055,888 51	806,717 80	76,677 51	46,837 62	723,565 66	5,709,687 10
1894	2,770,661 84	2,388,359 31	337,815 12	4,005,721 80	752,757 68	61,890 04	30,130 55	574,293 10	5,424,793 17
1895	2,829,005 74	2,472,540 41	508,203 22	4,081,340 44	793,834 91	63,601 20	46,915 95	696,215 59	5,683,908 09
1896	3,043,884 60	2,517,827 78	256,021 31	4,291,481 12	899,801 54	71,249 23	35,492 78	503,674 80	5,801,759 47
1897	2,943,310 10	2,677,945 07	156,638 37	4,418,544 67	899,736 74	68,719 53	18,885 63	441,871 03	5,847,747 60
1898	3,106,072 72	2,684,416 96	364,030 62	4,582,625 71	1,010,710 13	72,975 97	16,693 40	494,899 39	6,177,994 60
1899	3,076,472 40	2,690,705 16	172,053 24	4,562,994 54	1,025,473 62	*88,341 06	-----	397,793 15	6,074,002 37
1900	3,567,763 56	2,861,409 16	296,345 64	4,850,804 22	994,727 41	*81,749 79	-----	268,157 32	6,195,438 74
1901	3,485,126 45	2,888,046 10	93,171 60	4,685,144 20	1,080,040 37	*82,995 12	-----	525,050 16	6,373,229 85
1902	3,584,001 45	3,076,699 73	99,687 86	4,748,472 75	1,329,339 68	*88,923 05	-----	439,305 94	6,606,061 42

* Includes cost of apparatus.

TABLE No. 8.
Statistical Summary, by years, of the Public Schools of California, from 1851 to 1900, inclusive.

Years.	Number of Children Listed by Census Marshals.	Number of Children Enrolled on School Register.	Average Daily Attendance.	Number of Schools.	Number of Teachers.	Number of Children Under Five Years of Age.	Number of Census Children in Private Schools.
1851	5,906	1,846	---	49	---	---	---
1852	17,821	3,314	---	20	---	---	---
1853	19,442	4,193	2,020	111	---	---	---
1854	20,075	9,746	6,435	168	214	---	---
1855	26,077	---	6,442	227	301	---	---
1856	30,039	---	8,495	321	392	---	---
1857	35,722	17,232	9,717	368	486	---	---
1858	40,530	19,822	11,183	432	517	23,558	---
1859	48,676	23,519	13,364	423	744	24,300	---
1860	57,917	26,993	14,750	593	831	30,932	5,438
1861	68,395	31,786	17,804	684	932	35,334	6,306
1862	71,821	36,566	19,262	715	962	38,127	6,886
1863	78,055	36,540	19,992	754	919	39,081	9,158
1864	86,031	47,588	24,794	832	1,079	41,323	11,359
1865	95,067	50,089	29,592	947	1,155	42,753	12,478
1866	84,179	50,273	---	913	1,268	52,037	15,671
1867	94,213	62,227	---	1,083	1,389	52,975	14,026
1868	104,118	65,828	43,681	1,228	1,590	58,119	14,850
1869	112,743	73,754	49,802	1,354	1,687	57,983	16,273
1870	121,751	85,808	54,271	1,492	1,869	62,940	16,198
1871	130,116	91,332	64,286	1,550	2,052	66,292	15,524
1872	137,351	94,720	65,700	1,654	2,301	69,723	13,787
1873	141,610	107,593	69,461	1,868	2,336	70,086	12,507
1874	159,717	120,240	72,283	2,005	2,452	73,876	14,149
1875	171,563	130,930	78,027	2,190	2,693	78,650	15,021
1876	184,787	140,408	83,391	2,336	2,894	83,595	14,625
1877	200,067	147,863	89,539	2,485	3,077	88,951	15,344
1878	205,475	154,064	94,696	2,578	3,393	85,061	15,310
1879	216,404	156,769	98,468	2,743	3,453	86,633	15,432

1880	215,978	158,765	100,966	2,803	3,595	87,635	14,953
1881	211,237	163,855	105,541	2,952	3,737	88,068	13,898
1882	216,330	168,024	107,177	3,036	3,777	86,490	14,572
1883	222,846	174,611	112,594	3,232	3,930	86,709	15,957
1884	235,672	179,801	124,814	3,262	4,083	87,643	17,953
1885	250,097	184,001	116,028	3,374	4,242	89,758	19,519
1886	259,973	189,220	125,718	3,505	4,444	92,507	18,919
1887	272,448	196,907	129,297	3,755	4,888	89,940	22,661
1888	270,500	207,050	132,277	4,002	4,938	98,203	20,768
1889	275,302	215,905	143,733	4,324	5,255	104,174	21,044
1890	280,882	221,756	146,589	4,567	5,434	108,302	21,460
1891	285,775	229,986	153,599	4,241	5,659	110,270	22,587
1892	294,033	238,106	158,875	4,660	5,891	112,423	20,886
1893	302,474	232,501	157,673	4,921	6,136	115,886	22,164
1894	313,637	235,837	164,664	5,026	6,257	119,201	21,779
1895	323,130	241,322	170,861	5,120	6,589	122,637	20,502
1896	330,709	249,335	176,083	5,200	6,885	124,113	21,405
1897	340,952	247,061	180,209	5,830	7,190	123,994	20,770
1898	347,624	259,459	185,424	5,985	7,432	120,939	20,620
1899	350,124	265,364	195,540	6,943	7,366	118,642	12,869
1900	361,157	269,736	197,395	7,119	7,605	116,071	23,304
1901	372,945	258,977	188,730	7,239	7,810	116,545	24,463
1902	373,989	264,038	197,217	7,466	8,072	118,695	24,350

TABLE No. 9.

Statistics—Comparison of Cities for School Year ending June 30, 1901.

(Reports from Cities with City Superintendents or Supervising Principals)

Name of City.	Number of School Census Children.	Total Number of Pupils Enrolled.			Number of Years or Grades Covered by Course of Study for		Number of Months School was Maintained During Year in		Number of Months required to complete Primary, Grammar, and High School, estimated on term from July 1, 1900, to June 30, 1901.
		Kindergarten.	Primary and Grammar Schools.	High Schools.	Primary and Grammar Schools.	High Schools.	Primary and Grammar Schools.	High Schools.	
Alameda.....	4,063	.....	3,019	430	8	4	10.5	10.5	126
Bakersfield.....	1,128	.....	776	137	8	4	9.0	9.0	108
Berkeley.....	3,377	.....	2,530	348	8	4	10.0	10.0	120
Eureka.....	2,071	.....	1,628	110	9	3	10.0	10.0	120
Fresno.....	3,428	66	2,619	247	8	4	9.5	9.5	114
Los Angeles.....	32,003	2,419	17,763	1,466	8	4	10.0	10.0	120
Marysville.....	901	.....	408	103	8	4	10.0	10.0	120
Oakland.....	17,237	53	10,392	1,216	8	4	10.5	10.5	126
Pasadena.....	2,935	235	1,900	295	8	4	9.0	9.0	108
Petaluma.....	1,155	.....	769	80	8	4	10.0	10.0	120
Pomona.....	1,580	120	1,259	89	8	4	9.0	9.0	108
Sacramento.....	5,964	350	4,699	326	9	4	10.0	10.0	130
Salinas.....	981	.....	744	133	8	4	10.0	10.0	120
San Bernardino.....	1,804	.....	1,439	114	8	4	9.0	9.0	108
San Diego.....	3,504	372	2,860	136	8	4	9.5	9.5	104
San Francisco.....	82,173	.....	46,953	1,564	8	4	10.0	10.0	120
San José.....	5,757	396	3,834	543	8	4	10.0	10.0	120
Santa Barbara.....	1,789	245	1,067	222	8	4	10.0	10.0	120
Santa Rosa.....	1,796	.....	1,546	207	9	3	10.0	10.0	120
Stockton.....	3,400	.....	2,468	268	8	4	10.0	10.0	120
Tulare.....	890	.....	592	136	9	4	8.75	8.75	113.75
Vallejo.....	1,837	.....	1,191	92	8	4	10.0	10.0	120
Visalia.....	874	15	729	150	8	4	8.5	9.0	104

TABLE No. 9—CONTINUED.

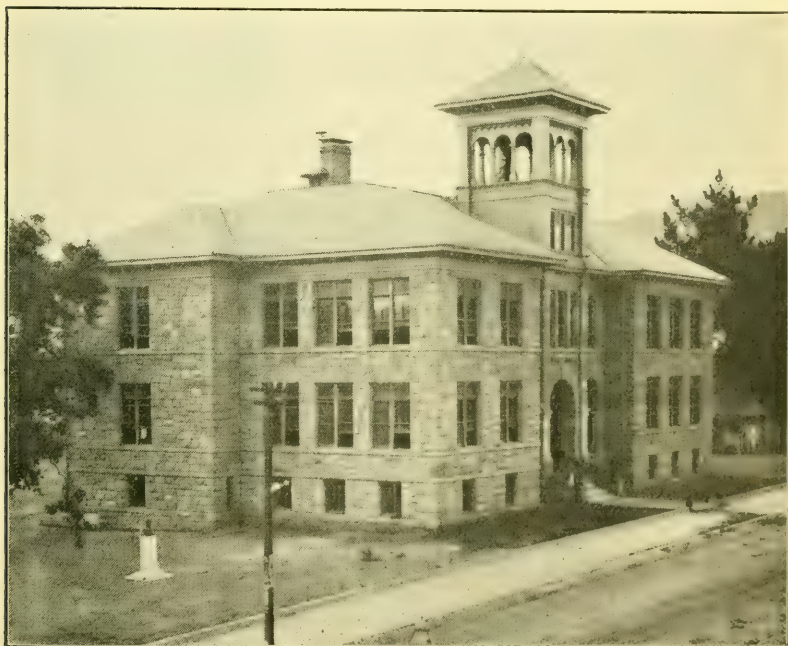
Statistics—Comparison of Cities for School Year ending June 30, 1901.

(Reports from Cities with City Superintendents or Supervising Principals.)

Name of City.	Population, Census of 1900.	Assessed Valuation of all Property.	Valuation of School Property.	Receipts from		City or Special Fund, Exclusive of Building.	Average Cost per Pupil per Annum on En- rollment in	
				State Fund.	County Fund.		Primary and Grammar Schools.	High Schools.
Alameda	16,648	\$11,361,274	\$161,800	\$37,735 64	\$24,416 54	\$18,957 24	\$25 59	\$31 28
Bakersfield	4,836	2,971,401	44,890	6,201 00	6,901 00	1,823 43	13 20	75 30
Berkeley	13,762	9,500,000	350,000	33,838 38	21,834 38	26,857 13	26 00	45 00
Eureka	7,327	3,716,475	75,000	16,020 00	11,210 00	5,333 07	18 50	40 89
Fresno	12,470	7,811,101	170,500	18,952 50	14,175 20	25,867 17	18 25	61 48
Los Angeles	102,479	70,562,307	1,193,600	268,600 00	199,565 25	96,246 59	30 58	40 00
Marysville	3,497	1,827,000	22,300	5,488 50	3,968 65	4,506 68	20 50	43 72
Oakland	66,960	43,390,168	1,007,000	152,104 52	105,682 20	63,164 07	23 03	48 23
Pasadena	9,117	9,418,355	150,000	27,512 50	19,571 40	12,915 91	22 50	43 75
Petaluma	4,700	2,188,824	20,000	8,870 00	4,810 00	4,147 15	18 00	52 00
Pomona	5,626	2,000,000	70,000	16,800 00	11,311 60	5,118 28	18 50	23 00
Sacramento	29,282	18,000,000	339,500	48,052 40	28,321 60	60,801 64	34 10	51 25
Salinas	3,200	1,568,395	54,550	7,640 60	5,058 50	2,238 06	16 00	37 00
San Bernardino	10,000	1,500,000	69,100	18,074 00	11,792 00	3,277 26	19 74	94 52
San Diego	17,700	12,452,432	135,113	27,256 30	20,565 75	30,416 06	24 35	43 47
San Francisco	342,782	413,417,241	5,207,600	758,046 10	358,889 64	55,557 55	22 00	76 00
San José	21,500	16,500,000	242,750	50,050 80	29,557 80	19,836 45	30 44	49 10
Santa Barbara	6,587	3,889,890	60,000	13,911 00	9,880 00	19,864 15	19 45	33 96
Santa Rosa	6,673	3,817,688	55,000	15,942 00	8,201 00	12,065 80	19 00	40 00
Stockton	17,506	13,338,645	268,745	27,795 00	16,716 90	34,504 09	27 71	66 93
Tulare	2,040	860,000	30,000	5,935 80	4,003 85	256 44	15 35	32 91
Vallejo	8,000	2,358,181	100,000	14,545 80	11,049 30	5,357 49	18 77	54 54
Visalia	3,085	1,312,778	57,000	6,088 80	3,993 85	7,088 58	12 92	42 17



SALVADOR DISTRICT SCHOOL BUILDING—NAPA COUNTY.



ST. HELENA GRAMMAR SCHOOL—NAPA COUNTY.

STATISTICS

OF

HIGH SCHOOLS.

STATISTICS OF

ALAMEDA

Name of School.	Kind of School.	Location of School.	Name of Principal of School.	Name of Clerk of High School Board.	No. of Months School was Maintained.
1901.					
Alameda	City	Alameda	A. W. Scott	C. C. Hughes	10
Berkeley	City	Berkeley	M. C. James	M. L. Hanscom	10
Oakland	City	Oakland	J. B. McChesney	J. W. McClymonds	10½
Oakland Central	City	Oakland	P. M. Fisher	J. W. McClymonds	10
Union No. 1	Union	Livermore	W. J. Connell	Dan Inman	10¼
Union No. 2	Union	Centerville	Fred Liddeke	Mrs. M. C. Allen	10
Union No. 3	Union	Haywards	Dr. John Gamble	Rinaldo Reid	10¼
1902.					
Alameda	City	Alameda	A. W. Scott	C. C. Hughes	10
Berkeley	City	Berkeley	M. C. James	Chas. E. Thomas	10
Oakland	City	Oakland	James H. Pond	J. W. McClymonds	10½
Oakland Central	City	Oakland	P. M. Fisher	J. W. McClymonds	10½
Union No. 1	Union	Livermore	W. J. Connell	Dan Inman	10
Union No. 2	Union	Centerville	Fred Liddeke	Mary C. Allen	10
Union No. 3	Union	Haywards	John Gamble	Rinaldo Reid	10

BUTTE

1901.					
Gridley	Union	Gridley	H. C. Smith	Almond Smith	9
Oroville	Union	Oroville	J. B. Hughes	A. A. Rogers	10
1902.					
Gridley	Union	Gridley	H. C. Smith	J. A. DeRucker	7¾
Oroville	Union	Oroville	J. B. Hughes	J. H. Anderson	10

COLUSA

1901.					
Colusa	District	Colusa	John A. Hayman	Thomas Rutledge	10
Pierce	Jt. Union	College City	Geo. C. Thompson	M. Eddy	10
1902.					
Colusa	District	Colusa	J. A. Hayman	Thomas Rutledge	10
Pierce	Jt. Union	College City	Ira Abraham	M. Eddy	10

CONTRA COSTA

1902.					
Alhambra	Union	Martinez	E. I. Rowell	J. E. Rodgers	10
John Swett	Union	Crockett	L. K. Webb	J. J. Davis	9½
Liberty	Union	Brentwood	(New district) .....	.....	.....
Mt. Diablo	Union	Concord	G. W. Wright	Annie Loucks	10

HIGH SCHOOLS.

COUNTY.

Te'chrs Em- ployed		Tot'l No. Pupils Enrolled		Average Daily At- tendance	Number of Gradu- ates During Year	Total Receipts	Total Expenditures	Balance on Hand at Close of Year	Valuation of All Property	No of Vols. in High School Library	Total Monthly Salary Paid All Teachers
Men	Women	Boys	Girls								
4	7	153	277	297	37	\$16,239 73	\$13,006 10	\$3,223 63	\$36,350 00	400	\$1,259 00
7	10	155	193	304	72	16,998 03	14,895 40	2,102 63	51,800 00	1,400	1,347 25
16	24	491	725	1000	111	44,444 42	61,548 45	*17,104 03	252,000 00	1,000	4,615 00
(Combined with Oakland.)											
1	3	23	34	50	9	8,228 49	4,611 50	3,616 99	15,900 00	400	320 00
2	2	23	30	43	4	8,320 84	4,797 55	3,523 29	13,300 00	640	410 00
3	3	24	39	57	8	9,202 58	5,825 62	3,376 96	9,750 00	750	430 00
5	7	168	275	306	34	83,678 02	24,242 97	59,435 05	34,200 00	425	1,354 10
7	10	242	323	491	84	62,515 57	62,488 18	27 39	83,800 00	1,568	1,786 00
11	16	421	734	820	92	62,125 22	40,203 00	469 86	406,250 00	1,250	2,766 25
5	9	109	161	224	16	9,016 20	21,452 36	3,672 63	105,250 00	250	1,380 00
1	3	27	26	48	10	5,343 57	5,478 51	3,253 33	16,350 00	400	431 50
2	2	23	28	44	7	8,731 84	5,478 51	3,253 33	13,300 00	892	410 00
3	3	25	46	64	8	8,396 22	5,921 39	2,474 83	9,750 00	750	460 00

*Deficit.

COUNTY.

1	0	7	10	14	4	\$1,667 34	\$1,182 77	\$484 57	\$575 00	160	\$100 00
2	0	19	22	36	13	3,407 48	3,193 46	214 02	1,250 00	125	240 00
1	0	6	26	10	1	1,737 65	1,003 05	734 60	380 00	260	100 60
1	1	23	19	37	13	3,654 85	3,343 05	311 80	1,320 00	147	285 00

COUNTY.

2	1	30	25	41	7	\$6,800 20	\$3,615 85	\$3,184 35	\$800 00	267	\$300 00
1	2	16	21	34	8	4,006 96	3,677 72	329 24	11,150 00	430	330 00
1	2	26	33	48	10	7,597 84	3,873 91	3,723 93	1,250 00	305	310 00
1	2	10	19	26	4	3,974 46	3,730 23	244 23	11,300 00	530	325 00

COUNTY.

1	0	5	15	17	0	\$2,099 82	\$1,676 57	\$423 25	\$240 00	35	\$125 00
1	1	2	14	12	0	2,209 08	2,125 82	83 26	642 00	41	165 00
1	1	13	22	28	0	4,222 95	3,054 97	1,167 98	533 00	115	225 00

STATISTICS OF HIGH

DEL NORTE

Name of School.	Kind of School.	Location of School.	Name of Principal of School.	Name of Clerk of High School Board.	No. of Months School was Maintained
1901.					
Del Norte.....	County	Crescent City.	J. M. Horton	J. N. McVay.....	10
1902.					
Del Norte.....	County	Crescent City.	J. M. Horton	J. N. McVay.....	10

FRESNO

1901.					
Alta	Jt. Union	Reedley	G. F. Foster	William Carpenter	9
Clovis	Union ..	Clovis	L. K. Webb	J. A. Mills	9
Fowler	Union ..	Fowler	J. N. Keran	Edwin Gower.....	9½
Fresno	District	Fresno	A. C. Olney	S. L. Hogue.....	9½
Lemoore	Jt. Union	Lemoore	(New district)	.....	.....
Sanger	Union ..	Sanger	J. W. Palmer	C. F. Rugert	9
Selma	Union ..	Selma	S. S. Ray	W. F. Chandler...	9½
Washington	Union ..	Easton	Osmer Abbott	S. Samelson	9
1902.					
Alta	Jt. Union	Reedley	W. P. Campbell ..	W. H. Carpenter..	9
Clovis	Union ..	Clovis	F. A. Cooley	J. A. Mills	9
Fowler	Union ..	Fowler	J. N. Keran	Edwin Gower.....	9
Fresno	City	Fresno	A. C. Olney	Geo. W. Cherry	9½
Sanger	Union ..	Sanger	R. Y. Glidden	W. F. Hanke	9½
Selma	Union ..	Selma	S. S. Ray	W. F. Chandler...	9
Washington	Union ..	Easton	Osmer Abbott	S. Samelson	9
Lemoore	Jt. Union	Lemoore	G. W. Hinkle.....	H. L. Jennings ..	9

GLENN

1901.					
Orland	Jt. Union	Orland	L. M. Reager	T. J. Hicks	9
Willows	Union ..	Willows	G. W. Wright.....	J. H. Mitchell	9
1902.					
Glenn	County	Willows	F. N. Miller	F. S. Reager	9
Orland	Jt. Union	Orland	L. M. Reager	T. J. Hicks	9

HUMBOLDT

1901.					
Arcata	Union ..	Arcata	A. D. Tenney	W. W. Stone	10
Eureka	City	Eureka	A. C. Barker	A. C. Barker	10
1902.					
Arcata	Union ..	Arcata	A. D. Tenney	W. W. Stone	10
Eureka	City	Eureka	A. C. Barker	A. C. Barker	10

SCHOOLS—CONTINUED.

COUNTY.

Teachers Employed		Total No. Pupils Enrolled		Average Daily Attendance	Number of Graduates During Year	Total Receipts	Total Expenditures	Balance on Hand at Close of Year	Valuation of All Property	No. of Vols. in High School Library	Total Monthly Salary Paid All Teachers
Men	Women	Boys	Girls								
1	0	13	19	23	0	\$2,057 42	\$1,481 93	\$575 49	\$4,050 00	300	\$125 00
1	1	15	24	26	0	2,510 16	2,467 15	43 01	4,125 00	300	200 00

COUNTY.

2	0	4	15	14	3	\$2,736 10	\$1,666 95	\$1,069 15	\$400 00	-----	\$190 00
1	1	18	8	19	0	3,637 21	2,710 74	926 47	735 11	112	180 00
1	1	16	23	39	3	3,761 63	2,278 76	1,482 87	260 00	85	200 00
5	5	111	137	186	14	18,662 07	15,292 09	3,369 98	93,250 00	1,097	1,195 00
2	0	15	28	35	0	3,955 88	2,546 91	1,408 97	890 00	88	200 00
1	2	32	58	76	24	5,360 50	5,289 83	70 67	9,963 41	587	315 00
1	1	17	29	37	4	4,570 28	2,450 96	2,119 32	2,075 00	227	213 33
1	1	9	15	21	2	2,179 17	1,717 10	462 07	760 00	65	190 00
1	1	17	13	19	2	4,090 09	2,156 44	1,933 65	885 00	242	195 00
1	1	16	21	27	3	11,869 54	9,624 22	2,245 32	8,300 00	221	220 00
4	6	156	181	248	19	19,412 31	18,799 03	613 28	95,400 00	1,230	1,311 00
2	1	20	21	41	0	10,583 69	9,753 54	830 15	7,450 00	120	285 00
3	1	48	47	83	14	5,521 18	5,031 80	489 38	11,716 00	708	405 00
1	2	34	37	60	3	11,553 56	11,605 08	*51 52	10,100 00	418	268 33
1	0	9	18	18	0	723 48	707 00	16 48	518 00	12	135 00

*Overdrawn.

COUNTY.

1	0	4	15	15	3	\$1,618 29	\$1,079 45	\$538 84	\$235 00	75	\$100 00
1	1	18	17	28	3	4,497 59	2,622 64	1,874 95	825 00	250	215 00
2	1	28	21	35	4	6,109 82	4,368 45	1,741 37	1,200 00	453	345 55
1	0	6	14	19	4	1,987 12	1,182 30	804 82	380 00	100	100 00

COUNTY.

1	1	17	24	32	4	\$2,847 87	\$2,417 99	\$429 88	\$750 00	160	\$225 00
3	1	38	96	110	16	7,454 59	4,498 35	2,956 24	950 00	221	390 00
1	1	18	25	33	7	3,386 80	2,566 23	820 57	700 00	170	225 00
3	1	33	68	87	23	7,395 93	5,416 43	1,979 50	1,250 00	453	410 00

STATISTICS OF HIGH

KERN

Name of School.	Kind of School.	Location of School.	Name of Principal of School.	Name of Clerk of High School Board.	No. of Months School was Maintained
1901.					
Kern	County	Bakersfield...	C. C. Childress....	W. C. Doub	9
1902.					
Kern	County	Bakersfield...	L. B. Peckham ...	W. C. Doub	10

KINGS

1901.					
Hanford	Union ..	Hanford	E. H. Walker.....	G. W. Murray	9
1902.					
Hanford	Union ..	Hanford	E. H. Walker	G. W. Murray	9
Lemoore	Jt. Union	Lemoore	Geo. W. Hinkle ..	H. L. Jennings ...	9

LAKE

1902.					
Clear Lake	Union ..	Lakeport	F. G. Sanderson ..	C. M. Crawford ...	9

LOS ANGELES

1901.					
Alhambra	District	Alhambra	Albert C. Wheat..	E. E. Bailey	10
Citrus	Union ..	Azusa	Sara L. Dole	H. D. Briggs.....	10
Compton	Union ..	Compton	L. B. Scranton ..	W. H. Carpenter..	10
Covina	District	Covina	J. J. Morgan	J. D. Reed	10
Long Beach	District	Long Beach...	J. T. Anderson ..	J. W. Wood	10
Los Angeles	City	Los Angeles...	W. H. Housh.....	N. S. Averill	10
Monrovia	District	Monrovia	T. H. Kirk	W. J. Marshall ...	9½
Pasadena	City	Pasadena	J. D. Graham	E. A. Walker	9
Pomona	City	Pomona	T. H. Hyatt	W. B. Stewart	9
San Fernando	Union ..	Fernando	G. S. Trowbridge..	R. H. Hille	10
Santa Monica	District	Santa Monica	C. I. D. Moore	D. G. Holt	9½
Whittier	District	Whittier	U. P. Shalb	L. R. Kelsey	9
1902.					
Alhambra	District	Alhambra	A. C. Wheat	E. T. Cook	9½
Citrus	Union ..	Azusa	Sara L. Dole	H. D. Briggs.....	10
Compton	Union ..	Compton	L. B. Scranton ..	A. L. Holcomb	9½
Covina	District	Covina	J. J. Morgan	J. D. Reed	9½
El Monte	Union ..	El Monte	Mrs. E. C. Weber..	Dr. F. P. Cave	9½
Glendale	Union ..	Glendale	L. L. Evans	E. D. Goode	9½
Long Beach	District	Long Beach...	J. T. Anderson ..	R. R. Dunbar	10
Los Angeles	City and Com'l.	Los Angeles...	W. H. Housh.....	N. S. Averill	10
Monrovia	District	Monrovia	J. H. Francis	W. T. Marshall ...	9½
Pasadena	City	Pasadena	N. F. Smith	E. A. Walker	9
Pomona	City	Pomona	J. D. Graham	W. B. Stewart	9
San Fernando	Union ..	Fernando	F. H. Hyatt	Mrs. E. V. Wright..	10
Santa Monica	District	Santa Monica	G. S. Trowbridge..	D. G. Holt	9½
Whittier	District	Whittier	D. A. Eckert	R. B. Way	9
			G. W. Monroe		

SCHOOLS—CONTINUED.

COUNTY.

Total Monthly Salary Paid All Teachers		No. of Vols. in High School Library	Valuation of All Property	Balance on Hand at Close of Year	Total Expenditures	Total Receipts	Number of Gradu- ates During Year	Average Daily At- tendance	Tot'l No. Pupils Enrolled		Te'chrs Em- ployed
									Boys	Girls	Men
\$650 00	600	\$42,500 00	\$51 18	\$10,324 55	\$10,375 73	32	106	75	62	3	4
768 00	800	45,500 00	65 03	12,636 94	12,701 97	4	112	88	63	2	5

COUNTY.

3	2	41	89	112	29	\$7,235 35	\$6,529 89	\$705 46	\$16,450 00	700	\$550 00
3	2	37	91	108	27	7,735 14	6,736 38	998 76	16,300 00	800	550 00
1	0	9	18	18	0	4,767 95	1,170 40	3,597 55	518 00	12	135 00

COUNTY.

2	1	24	44	43	0	\$3,033 76	\$2,664 29	\$369 47	\$230 00	72	\$244 44
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COUNTY.

2	1	9	27	27	7	\$3,327 70	\$2,205 24	\$1,122 46	\$2,800 00	100	\$237 50
0	3	17	21	30	14	7,715 45	3,779 73	3,935 72	4,450 00	300	344 00
1	1	16	11	18	8	3,240 36	2,337 34	903 02	600 00	323	175 00
1	3	11	21	25	5	5,292 68	3,796 55	1,496 13	15,300 00	175	250 00
2	4	38	73	94	13	11,544 57	8,390 04	3,154 53	17,550 00	400	495 00
9	10	253	434	575	158	65,390 97	64,637 48	753 49	129,600 00	1,529	2,175 00
2	2	15	26	20	6	4,883 53	2,886 45	1,997 08	13,050 00	182	280 00
4	7	78	138	172	40	18,110 46	12,855 64	5,254 82	43,200 00	497	1,228 91
2	5	34	58	83	16	4,680 00	2,300 00	2,380 00	1,110 00	635	260 00
1	2	12	14	23	3	5,625 23	3,076 83	2,548 40	1,000 00	600	663 33
3	2	22	22	28	3	8,513 89	5,383 71	2,530 18	1,600 00	450	371 67
2	1	6	20	21	2	3,893 83	2,560 41	1,333 42	20,550 00	173	351 11
1	1	4	27	29	5	3,781 70	2,762 34	1,020 36	2,850 00	100	300 00
0	3	12	29	23	11	8,006 34	4,094 22	3,912 12	3,800 00	300	330 00
1	2	29	31	49	7	4,416 53	2,681 05	1,735 48	450 00	580	242 00
1	1	13	25	23	3	17,114 07	7,749 95	9,364 12	1,200 00	200	396 00
0	1	5	12	12	0	3,106 81	1,353 42	1,753 39		36	100 00
1	1	11	17	23	0	3,558 14	3,020 25	537 89	1,140 00	35	215 00
2	4	21	55	58	12	12,058 11	7,793 84	4,264 27	27,550 00	400	544 00
9	7	229	409	553	146	27,314 74	27,314 74		106,750 00	2,100	2,130 00
4	1	56	49	105	33	8,139 06	8,139 06		30,232 00	32	575 00
2	3	10	21	24	4	6,059 44	3,947 61	2,111 83	550 00	238	305 00
5	9	70	48	177	45	19,424 21	13,718 76	5,705 45	84,250 00	503	1,277 75
2	5	43	68	102	31	8,037 55	3,417 95	4,619 60	1,500 00	730	783 33
1	2	17	21	36	5	6,891 08	3,464 51	3,426 57	1,300 00	550	260 00
3	1	25	32	40	10	8,604 96	6,232 43	2,372 53	22,000 00	1,012	410 00
1	1	12	26	30	4	5,692 98	3,281 20	2,411 78	920 00	360	280 00

STATISTICS OF HIGH

MADERA

Name of School.	Kind of School.	Location of School.	Name of Principal of School.	Name of Clerk of High School Board.	No. of Months School was Maintained
1901.					
Madera	District	Madera	L. Glenn Bovard..	J. W. Watkins....	9
1902.					
Madera	District	Madera	J. Irving Read....	J. G. Roberts	9½

MARIN

1901.					
San Rafael	District	San Rafael ...	R. H. Van Horn..	R. G. Lichtenberg	10
1902.					
San Rafael	District	San Rafael ...	R. H. Van Horn..	R. G. Lichtenberg.	10

MENDOCINO

1901.					
Ukiah	County	Ukiah	L. W. Babcock....	J. F. Barbee	10
Mendocino	County	Mendocino...	R. Y. Glidden	J. F. Barbee	10
Fort Bragg	Union	Fort Bragg...	J. S. Cotton.....	A. L. Rafferty	
1902.					
Ukiah	County	Ukiah	L. W. Babcock....	J. F. Barbee	10
Mendocino	County	Mendocino...	W. P. Smith	J. F. Barbee	10
Fort Bragg	Union	Fort Bragg...	G. C. Russell.....	A. L. Rafferty	9

MERCED

1901.					
Merced	County	Merced	W. S. Thomas	O. W. Grove	10
West Side	Union	Los Baños....	D. W. Lindsay....	C. D. Acker	10
1902.					
Merced	County	Merced	J. E. Outcalt.....	O. W. Grove	10
West Side	Union	Los Baños....	D. W. Lindsay....	C. N. Smith.....	10

MONTEREY

1901.					
Pacific Grove....	District	Pacific Grove	R. L. Sandwick....	W. C. Little.....	10
Salinas	City	Salinas	C. C. Hill	C. C. Hill	10
1902.					
Pacific Grove....	District	Pacific Grove	R. L. Sandwick....	W. C. Little.....	10
Salinas	City	Salinas	C. C. Hill	C. C. Hill	10

SCHOOLS—CONTINUED.

COUNTY.

Teachers Employed		Total No. Pupils Enrolled		Average Daily Attendance	Number of Graduates During Year	Total Receipts	Total Expenditures	Balance on Hand at Close of Year	Valuation of All Property	No. of Vols. in High School Library	Total Monthly Salary Paid All Teachers
Men	Women	Boys	Girls								
1	1	13	20	28	7	\$2,792 43	\$2,218 25	\$574 18	\$1,250 00	190	\$185 00
1	1	6	24	19	3	3,398 42	3,029 85	368 57	700 00	200	245 00

COUNTY.

4	1	32	60	68.4	7	\$5,834 43	\$5,629 40	\$205 03	\$18,650 00	443	\$385 00
2	3	30	58	70	9	6,466 34	5,401 43	1,064 91	18,600 00	463	385 00

COUNTY.

2	1	53	59	90	12	\$5,892 85	\$5,140 66	\$752 19	\$13,000 00	330	\$355 00
1	2	21	42	54	11	5,512 45	4,168 13	1,344 32	13,000 00	400	355 00
Not in session						1,507 35	464 84	1,042 51	360 00		
2	1	73	68	104	19	5,606 55	5,092 97	513 58	13,300 00	404	355 00
2	1	21	42	54	4	6,168 68	5,465 00	703 68	12,900 00	400	355 00
1	1	19	18	18	23	3,563 26	1,409 20	2,154 06	460 00	34	137 00

COUNTY.

4	1	37	51	73	13	\$10,734 62	\$8,998 17	\$1,736 45	\$25,800 00	600	\$625 00
2	0	13	10	20	9	14,183 33	9,587 74	4,595 59	7,400 00	100	225 00
4	1	50	60	86	17	11,677 69	9,429 23	2,248 46	25,950 00	850	580 00
2	0	9	17	20	1	9,355 62	8,395 76	959 86	2,100 00	150	225 00

COUNTY.

2	0	15	22	31	5	\$4,130 13	\$3,151 32	\$978 81	\$1,000 00	222	\$215 00
2	2	22	28	42	14	37,199 34	34,687 71	2,612 23	54,550 00	559	450 00
2	0	15	28	35	13	3,923 15	3,808 36	114 79	1,322 70	336	272 50
1	2	24	42	57	15	7,409 47	5,495 11	1,914 36	54,700 00	2,219	350 00

STATISTICS OF HIGH

NAPA

Name of School.	Kind of School.	Location of School.	Name of Principal of School.	Name of Clerk of High School Board.	No. of Months School was Maintained
1901.					
Napa	District	Napa	F. O. Mower	J. B. Newman	10
St. Helena	Union	St. Helena	J. A. Metzler	A. N. Bell	10
1902.					
Napa	City	Napa	F. O. Mower	J. B. Newman	10
St. Helena	Union	St. Helena	J. A. Metzler	A. N. Bell	10

NEVADA

1901.					
Meadow Lake ..	Union	Truckee	Mertie R. Thompson.	C. F. McGlashan..	10
1902.					
Meadow Lake ..	Union	Truckee	Mertie R. Thompson.	C. F. McGlashan..	10

ORANGE

1901.					
Anaheim	District	Anaheim	F. G. Athearn	J. C. Claybaugh ..	10
Fullerton	Union	Fullerton	W. R. Carpenter..	Wm. Starbuck	9½
Santa Ana	City	Santa Ana	J. C. Templeton ..	O. M. Robbins	9
1902.					
Anaheim	District	Anaheim	F. G. Athearn	J. C. Claybaugh ..	10
Fullerton	Union	Fullerton	W. R. Carpenter..	Wm. Starbuck	9½
Santa Ana	City	Santa Ana	J. C. Templeton ..	O. M. Robbins	9

PLACER

1901.					
Placer	County	Auburn	W. M. Mackay	P. W. Smith	10
1902.					
Placer	County	Auburn	W. M. Mackay	P. W. Smith	10

RIVERSIDE

1901.					
Corona	District	Corona	J. A. Rice	C. B. Webster	9
Elsinore	Union	Elsinore	Faith Anderson	C. S. Merrifield ..	9
Hemet	Union	Hemet	W. V. Holloway ..	S. W. Leffingwell ..	9
Perris	Union	Perris	U. H. Nicholson ..	W. F. Budlong	9
Riverside	District	Riverside	Eugenie Fuller	S. C. Evans, Jr.	9
San Jacinto	District	San Jacinto	E. B. Oakley	G. B. Hannahs	9
1902.					
Corona	District	Corona	J. A. Rice	C. B. Webster	9
Elsinore	Union	Elsinore	F. L. Osenburg	A. E. Grow	9½
Hemet	Union	Hemet	J. Palmer	S. W. Leffingwell ..	9
Perris	Union	Perris	U. H. Nicholson ..	W. F. Budlong	9
Riverside	District	Riverside	Eugenie Fuller	S. C. Evans, Jr.	9
San Jacinto	District	San Jacinto	E. B. Oakley	G. B. Hannahs	8½

SCHOOLS—CONTINUED.

COUNTY.

Teachers Employed		Total No. Pupils Enrolled		Average Daily Attendance	Number of Graduates During Year	Total Receipts	Total Expenditures	Balance on Hand at Close of Year	Valuation of All Property	No. of Vols. in High School Library	Total Monthly Salary Paid All Teachers
Men	Women	Boys	Girls								
2	1	36	62	87	8	\$6,399 63	\$4,909 16	\$1,490 47	\$13,600 00	450	\$375 00
2	1	21	20	36	8	4,840 64	4,233 78	606 86	858 00	358	280 00
2	2	44	65	91	20	7,957 64	5,859 70	2,097 94	13,800 00	500	440 00
2	1	24	22	40	10	4,574 61	3,920 12	654 49	1,310 00	432	275 00

COUNTY.

0	3	11	14	24	2	\$7,818 61	\$3,340 15	\$4,478 46	\$620 00	84	\$240 00
0	3	15	17	28	3	8,543 85	6,567 05	1,976 80	5,020 00	88	275 00

COUNTY.

2	2	27	20	43	7	\$5,167 68	\$4,588 00	\$579 68	\$1,900 00	105	\$344 20
2	2	26	36	49	5	5,076 14	4,443 79	632 35	10,700 00	400	374 00
4	5	51	100	147	35	44,521 07	43,136 63	1,384 44	50,000 00	1,508	770 80
2	2	30	33	60	4	8,874 36	8,322 44	551 92	17,750 00	114	400 00
2	3	43	34	77	10	6,040 95	5,004 08	1,036 87	10,900 00	500	445 00
4	6	53	81	127	34	11,664 39	9,986 96	1,677 43	37,450 00	1,794	960 00

COUNTY.

2	0	20	26	48	9	\$3,542 19	\$2,807 67	\$734 52	\$600 00	125	\$230 00
2	1	33	44	60	2	5,253 31	4,342 49	910 82	850 00	162	330 00

COUNTY.

1	2	18	20	31	2	\$4,281 13	\$3,391 90	\$889 23	\$20,400 00	150	\$288 30
0	1	7	9	13	1	1,563 73	1,239 79	323 94	550 00	260	100 00
1	1	15	13	22	0	2,298 86	2,267 36	31 50	6,475 00	373	170 00
1	1	16	15	16	1	1,866 14	1,542 51	323 63	300 00	150	160 00
3	5	100	135	185	23	50,334 24	20,513 40	29,820 84	9,100 00	613	833 00
1	1	10	20	24	6	1,852 48	1,538 69	313 79	475 00	100	195 00
1	2	23	16	31	2	5,619 70	4,480 15	1,139 55	1,550 00	150	336 66
1	0	6	15	18	4	1,721 87	1,149 66	572 21	500 00	281	100 00
1	1	15	13	14	2	2,690 63	2,403 07	287 56	6,625 00	418	180 00
1	1	9	14	18	0	2,123 35	1,620 25	503 10	500 00	150	160 00
4	4	119	144	223	32	60,731 69	50,372 82	10,358 87	51,000 00	400	832 20
1	0	15	16	21	5	1,510 19	1,016 58	493 61	675 00	150	125 00

STATISTICS OF HIGH

SACRAMENTO

Name of School.	Kind of School.	Location of School.	Name of Principal of School.	Name of Clerk of High School Board.	No. of Months School was Maintained
1901.					
Elk Grove	Union	Elk Grove	E. B. Williams	W. H. Nehnes	10
Sacramento	City	Sacramento	Jas. H. Pond	O. W. Erlewine	10
1902.					
Elk Grove	Union	Elk Grove	Muriel Eastman	W. H. Nehnes	10
Sacramento	City	Sacramento	Frank Tade	O. W. Erlewine	10

SAN BENITO

1901.					
Hollister	District	Hollister	J. P. Davis	R. Shaw	10
1902.					
Hollister	District	Hollister	N. H. Garrison	R. Shaw	10

SAN BERNARDINO

1901.					
Richard Gird	District	Chino	Warren Loree	J. H. Lee	9
San Bernardino	City	S. Bernardino	F. E. Perham	F. W. Conrad	9
Colton	District	Colton	J. P. Jackson	Dr. J. Champion	9
Redlands	Union	Redlands	L. B. Avery	J. J. Suess	9
1902.					
Chino	District	Chino	Warren Loree	L. S. Simmores	9
Colton	District	Colton	Geo. M. Green	J. A. Champion	9
Ontario	District	Ontario	Jefferson Taylor	E. H. Jolliffe	9½
Redlands	Union	Redlands	L. B. Avery	J. J. Suess	9
San Bernardino	City	S. Bernardino	D. B. Sturges	W. R. Parker	9

SAN DIEGO

1901.					
Coronado	Union	Coronado	A. T. Searle	Giles Kellogg	9½
Cuyamaca	Union	Julian	W. S. Bailey	F. L. Blane	10
El Cajon	Union	Bostonia	C. M. Westcott	G. C. Shepard	9
Escondido	District	Escondido	U. G. Durfee	G. V. Thomas	9
Fallbrook	Union	Fallbrook	A. O. Burke	W. J. Gould	9
National	District	National	D. B. Evans	F. S. Woodbury	9
Ramona	Union	Ramona	W. O. Lowe	E. L. Maydole	9
San Diego	District	San Diego	H. Halliday	F. P. Davidson	9½
1902.					
Cuyamaca	Union	Julian	W. S. Bailey	F. L. Blane	10
El Cajon	Union	Bostonia	C. M. Westcott	G. C. Shepard	9
Escondido	City	Escondido	J. E. Thomas	G. V. Thomas	9
Fallbrook	Union	Fallbrook	A. O. Burke	Zenas Freeman	10
National	City	National	C. P. Evans	F. S. Woodbury	10
Ramona	Union	Ramona	W. O. Lowe	W. L. Sloane	9
San Diego	City	San Diego	Harry Halliday	F. P. Davidson	9

SCHOOLS—CONTINUED.

COUNTY.

Te'chrs Em- ployed	Tot'l No. Pupils Enrolled		Average Daily At- tendance	Number of Gradu- ates During Year	Total Receipts	Total Expenditures	Balance on Hand at Close of Year	Valuation of All Property	No. of Vols. in High School Library	Total Monthly Salary Paid All Teachers	
	Boys	Girls									
Men	Women										
1	1	14	16	22	9	\$3,143 26	\$2,238 33	\$904 93	\$3,150 00	125	\$180 00
3	8	121	205	252	34	19,964 28	14,035 20	5,929 08	21,300 00	725	1,187 50
0	2	11	17	25	7	2,695 32	2,136 11	559 21	3,150 00	125	180 00
2	10	112	212	293	30	26,276 26	20,913 00	5,363 26	26,300 00	725	1,237 50

COUNTY.

2	0	22	20	36	10	\$2,789 25	\$2,366 58	\$422 67	\$620 00	120	\$180 00
2	0	15	26	33	11	3,153 28	2,648 70	504 58	700 00	129	180 00

COUNTY.

1	2	15	14	22	3	\$3,406 09	\$3,447 36	\$41 27	\$14,700 00	800	\$260 00
5	2	95	114	170	26	10,266 03	10,775 85	490 18	15,600 00	1,200	768 00
2	1	11	19	21	---	4,471 04	2,974 09	1,496 95	150 00	---	314 44
5	3	80	119	173	26	11,899 48	10,565 45	1,334 03	39,650 00	875	938 87
1	1	5	10	12	3	2,617 31	2,289 43	327 88	280 00	---	215 00
2	1	16	20	33	3	4,178 92	2,777 49	1,401 43	750 00	460	247 22
3	3	29	55	71	9	9,221 36	8,727 78	493 58	2,701 00	386	494 44
5	3	81	125	176	25	12,404 09	11,309 40	1,094 69	39,450 00	850	940 00
3	2	41	76	102	30	7,557 17	6,970 50	586 63	115,100 00	900	566 66

COUNTY.

1	2	7	14	15.9	0	\$2,684 97	\$2,511 17	\$173 80	---	---	\$150 00
1	0	10	7	13.4	0	2,221 79	1,365 66	856 13	\$2,300 00	400	115 00
1	1	11	10	16.6	5	2,312 37	1,769 01	543 36	730 00	207	165 00
2	2	48	55	73	14	5,167 68	3,690 68	1,477 00	600 00	200	150 00
1	1	16	17	24.7	8	2,342 89	1,807 03	535 86	10,500 00	200	340 00
1	0	11	10	10.1	1	1,531 39	1,078 56	452 83	1,650 00	32	90 00
1	2	20	15	29.8	2	2,839 30	2,283 44	555 86	600 00	100	220 00
2	7	61	75	132	24	9,521 80	9,521 80	---	16,200 00	1,223	860 00
1	0	16	6	16	0	1,983 23	1,421 25	561 98	3,500 00	600	100 00
1	1	10	10	13	2	2,401 70	1,749 50	652 20	862 00	232	168 00
2	2	41	41	68	9	5,198 67	3,894 63	1,304 04	10,700 00	300	340 00
1	1	21	10	25	3	2,530 08	1,705 73	824 35	10,600 00	243	165 00
1	1	21	22	36	7	3,406 14	2,266 64	1,139 50	3,550 00	150	225 00
1	0	9	9	11	0	1,299 92	979 46	320 46	1,360 00	48	90 00
2	8	63	100	158	36	9,713 03	9,713 03	---	16,200 00	1,323	920 00

STATISTICS OF HIGH

SAN FRANCISCO

Name of School.	Kind of School.	Location of School.	Name of Principal of School.	Name of Clerk of High School Board.	No. of Months School was Maintained
1901.					
Girls	City	San Francisco	Elisha Brooks	J. H. Hansen	10
Lowell	City	San Francisco	Frank Morton	J. H. Hansen	
Mission	City	San Francisco	J. O'Connor	J. H. Hansen	
Polytechnic	City	San Francisco	W. N. Bush	J. H. Hansen	
1902.					
Girls	City	San Francisco	Elisha Brooks	J. H. Hansen	10
Lowell	City	San Francisco	Frank Morton	J. H. Hansen	10
Mission	City	San Francisco	Joseph O'Connor	J. H. Hansen	10
Polytechnic	City	San Francisco	Walter N. Bush	J. H. Hansen	10

SAN JOAQUIN

1901.					
Lodi	District	Lodi	F. B. Wootten	R. L. Graham	10
Stockton	District	Stockton	D. A. Mobley	James A. Barr	10
1902.					
Lodi	District	Lodi	F. B. Wootten	R. L. Graham	10
Stockton	District	Stockton	D. A. Mobley	James A. Barr	9

SAN LUIS OBISPO

1901.					
Arroyo Grande ..	Union ..	Arroyo Gra'de	A. F. Parsons	A. A. Henry	10
Paso Robles	District ..	Paso Robles ..	L. E. Petrie	W. I. Dresser	10
San Luis Obispo ..	District ..	S. Luis Obispo	F. J. Buchanan	H. Loobliner	10
1902.					
Arroyo Grande ..	Union ..	Arroyo Gra'de	A. F. Parsons	A. A. Henry	10
Paso Robles	District ..	Paso Robles ..	J. Passmore	W. I. Dresser	10
San Luis Obispo ..	District ..	S. Luis Obispo	F. J. Buchanan	H. Loobliner	10

SAN MATEO

1901.					
Sequoia	Union ..	Redwood Cty	F. S. Rosseter	J. C. Bly	10
1902.					
Sequoia	Union ..	Redwood Cty	F. S. Rosseter	L. P. Behrens	10

SCHOOLS—CONTINUED.

COUNTY.

Teachers Employed		Total No. Pupils Enrolled		Average Daily Attendance		Number of Graduates During Year		Total Receipts	Total Expenditures	Balance on Hand at Close of Year	Valuation of All Property	No. of Vols. in High School Library	Total Monthly Salary Paid All Teachers		
Men	Women	Boys	Girls												
29	31	574	990	1281	177	\$105,730	60	\$105,730	60	-----	\$578,600	00	3,661	\$8,779	86
4	16	0	586	527	72	36,605	54	36,605	54	-----	217,500	00	577	2,946	46
15	2	423	247	580	68	35,116	68	35,116	68	-----	90,000	00	730	2,940	08
5	8	98	196	242	47	26,777	10	26,777	10	-----	232,400	00	546	2,129	25
10	3	149	65	179	21	22,872	10	22,872	10	-----	109,300	00	625	1,871	16

COUNTY.

1	1	18	26	30	7	\$4,277 76	\$4,261 15	\$16 61	\$5,750 00	350	\$175 00
9	4	125	143	227	36	17,936 84	17,936 84	-----	53,250 00	1,089	1,450 00
1	1	23	29	42	10	2,894 48	2,654 47	240 01	5,600 00	150	205 00
7	4	132	162	245	29	171,733 18	39,719 48	132,014 20	31,210 30	1,233	1,210 00

COUNTY.

1	1	11	24	25.5	4	\$1,957 62	\$1,780 03	\$177 59	\$950 00	350	\$150 00
1	2	37	30	60.8	5	3,997 74	2,606 39	1,391 35	586 00	242	245 00
2	2	43	42	62.8	13	7,016 94	4,526 71	2,490 23	1,300 00	350	410 00
1	1	8	28	27	5	2,023 62	1,618 30	405 32	1,000 00	400	150 00
1	2	35	34	64	6	4,825 71	4,393 21	432 50	600 00	300	245 00
2	2	45	38	63	8	6,263 30	4,556 88	1,706 42	1,600 00	400	415 00

COUNTY.

3	2	32	31	52.6	9	\$7,318 49	\$5,381 23	\$1,937 26	\$1,950 00	620	\$420 00
4	2	31	47	30	10	5,126 14	4,480 08	646 06	3,000 00	600	435 00

STATISTICS OF HIGH

SANTA BARBARA

Name of School.	Kind of School.	Location of School.	Name of Principal of School.	Name of Clerk of High School Board.	No. of Months School was Maintained ..
1901.					
Lompoc	Union ..	Lompoc	H. N. Caldwell ..	G. F. Rucker	10
Santa Barbara ..	City	S. Barbara	W. A. Wilson	H. B. Brastow	10
Santa Maria	Union ..	Santa Maria	L. L. Evans	W. L. Adams	10
Santa Ynez	Union ..	Santa Ynez	E. F. Potter	C. O. Gardner	10
1902.					
Lompoc	Union ..	Lompoc	H. N. Caldwell	G. F. Rucker	10
Santa Barbara ..	City	S. Barbara	W. A. Stafford	H. B. Brastow	10
Santa Maria	Union ..	Santa Maria	H. F. Pinnell	E. T. Bryant	10
Santa Ynez	Union ..	Santa Ynez	E. F. Potter	C. O. Gardner	10

SANTA CLARA

1901.					
Campbell	Union ..	Campbell	J. F. Smith	J. Duncan	10
Gilroy	District ..	Gilroy	A. S. Jones	J. Banister	10
Los Gatos	District ..	Los Gatos	G. C. Russell	W. Spordedor	9
Palo Alto	District ..	Palo Alto	A. M. Fosdick	F. Sanford	9
Santa Clara	City	Santa Clara	L. R. Smith	A. L. Kellogg	10
San José	City	San José	A. E. Shumate	F. P. Russell	10
1902.					
Campbell	Union ..	Campbell	J. F. Smith	H. E. Brandenburg ..	10
Gilroy	District ..	Gilroy	J. S. Denton	S. F. Moore	10
Los Gatos	District ..	Los Gatos	W. W. Wilson	R. R. Bell	9
Palo Alto	District ..	Palo Alto	A. M. Fosdick	F. Sanford	9
Santa Clara	City	Santa Clara	L. R. Smith	A. L. Kellogg	10
San José	City	San José	A. E. Shumate	F. P. Russell	10

SANTA CRUZ

1901.					
Santa Cruz	District ..	Santa Cruz	D. C. Clark	S. A. Palmer	10
Watsonville	District ..	Watsonville	Irving Townsend ..	J. J. Morey	10
1902.					
Santa Cruz	District ..	Santa Cruz	D. C. Clark	S. A. Palmer	10
Watsonville	District ..	Watsonville	Irving Townsend ..	J. J. Morey	10

SHASTA

1901.					
Shasta	County ..	Redding	F. G. Sanderson ..	M. I. Poore	9
1902.					
Shasta	County ..	Redding	U. G. Durfee	M. I. Poore	9

SCHOOLS—CONTINUED.

COUNTY.

T'chrs Em- ployed		Tot'l No. Pupils Enrolled		Average Daily At- tendance	Number of Gradu- ates During Year	Total Receipts	Total Expenditures	Balance on Hand at Close of Year	Valuation of All Property	No. of Vols. in High School Library	Total Monthly Salary Paid All Teachers
Men	Women	Boys	Girls								
2	1	37	44	65	15	\$6,181 25	\$3,332 90	\$2,848 35	\$11,500 00	175	\$255 00
4	5	98	124	162	28	16,713 53	12,216 59	4,496 94	5,500 00	4,000	700 00
1	2	24	39	52	6	4,561 22	3,415 06	1,146 16	14,000 00	480	260 00
1	1	9	21	16	1	3,330 64	2,611 16	719 48	1,200 00	550	190 00
3	1	25	28	43	6	5,699 17	3,761 94	1,937 23	11,610 00	180	275 00
2	6	98	120	156	25	20,715 47	12,932 50	7,782 97	74,500 00	4,000	710 00
1	2	37	47	69	13	4,005 29	4,003 12	2 17	15,000 00	559	295 00
1	1	7	15	13	7	3,080 25	2,288 69	791 56	1,250 00	600	190 00

COUNTY.

1	2	21	16	29	1	\$3,092 34	\$3,023 31	\$69 03	\$840 00	95	\$191 00
1	2	13	33	35	12	3,110 85	2,137 00	973 85	12,400 00	350	200 00
1	2	19	41	43	1	2,771 02	2,147 14	623 88	5,750 00	240	225 00
3	2	52	58	81	7	30,030 37	28,459 41	1,570 96	25,650 00	168	325 00
2	4	84	97	162	24	4,472 25	3,881 05	591 20	1,500 00	650	350 00
6	6	178	365	376	36	18,600 95	18,600 12	83	156,000 00	245	1,153 00
2	1	25	23	39	7	3,683 61	3,541 31	142 30	1,423 92	-----	271 50
1	2	14	30	39	0	3,454 84	2,357 65	1,097 19	1,599 00	332	185 00
1	2	14	42	49	5	2,985 21	2,044 10	941 11	12,500 00	255	225 00
3	2	56	73	106	13	7,379 77	4,747 19	2,632 58	26,300 00	225	335 00
2	3	86	94	160	27	4,704 85	4,651 73	53 12	3,000 00	800	358 00
7	6	225	364	441	44	21,482 28	21,434 97	47 31	157,500 00	300	1,397 50

COUNTY.

3	4	52	109	142	22	\$11,283 22	\$10,336 55	\$946 67	\$26,000 00	650	\$800 00
3	2	44	48	75.2	16	7,157 76	5,835 80	1,321 96	21,000 00	250	490 00
2	5	62	127	144	26	11,171 38	9,584 80	1,586 58	31,500 00	675	800 00
3	2	51	64	96	25	22,562 51	8,543 95	14,018 56	6,000 00	100	490 00

COUNTY.

3	1	35	54	65	13	\$6,897 19	\$6,057 03	\$840 16	\$2,950 00	204	\$444 40
3	2	24	61	65	24	6,444 65	5,798 88	645 77	35,700 00	214	526 63

STATISTICS OF HIGH

SISKIYOU

Name of School.	Kind of School.	Location of School.	Name of Principal of School.	Name of Clerk of High School Board.	No. of Months School was Maintained
1901.					
Etna	Union ..	Etna Mills ...	Burton Hall	E. W. Bathurst ...	9
Siskiyou.....	County ..	Yreka	G. W. Moyse.....	Effie Persons	10
1902.					
Etna	Union ..	Etna Mills ...	Wm. Inch	E. W. Bathurst ...	10
Siskiyou.....	County ..	Yreka	W. T. Mooney ...	Effie Persons	10

SOLANO

1901.					
Armijo	Union ..	Fairfield	C. Wetmore	W. K. Hoyt	10
Benicia	District ..	Benicia	G. E. Furbush	A. Dalton	10
Dixon	Union ..	Dixon	J. R. Grimstead ..	R. J. Currey	10
Vacaville	Union ..	Vacaville	C. H. Neilson.....	J. L. Kidd	10
Vallejo	District ..	Vallejo	J. J. Rippetoe	J. W. Kavanagh ..	10
1902.					
Armijo	Union ..	Fairfield	O. F. Barth	W. K. Hoyt	10
Benicia	District ..	Benicia	G. E. Furbush	A. Dalton	10
Dixon	Union ..	Dixon	J. R. Grimstead ..	R. J. Currey	10
Vacaville	Union ..	Vacaville	C. H. Neilson.....	J. L. Kidd	10
Vallejo	District ..	Vallejo	J. J. Rippetoe	J. W. Kavanagh ..	10
Winters	Jt. Union ..	Winters	F. E. Tuck	W. H. Gregory	10

SONOMA

1901.					
Cloverdale.....	Union ..	Cloverdale	F. R. Couch	T. B. Wilson	10
Healdsburg.....	District ..	Healdsburg	H. R. Bull	C. H. Pond	10
Petaluma	City	Petaluma	W. J. MacNeil	W. H. Darden	10
Santa Rosa	District ..	Santa Rosa	E. M. Cox	F. G. Nagle	10
Sonoma	Union ..	Sonoma	Benj. Weed	F. T. Duhring	10
1902.					
Cloverdale.....	Union ..	Cloverdale	F. R. Couch	T. B. Wilson	10
Healdsburg.....	District ..	Healdsburg	H. R. Bull	C. H. Pond	10
Petaluma	City	Petaluma	James Ferguson ..	W. H. Darden	10
Santa Rosa	District ..	Santa Rosa	E. M. Cox	F. G. Nagle	10
Sonoma	Union ..	Sonoma	G. E. Murdock	Robt. P. Hill	10

STANISLAUS

1901.					
Modesto	District ..	Modesto	Thos. Downey	F. A. Cressey	10
Oakdale	Union ..	Oakdale	J. S. Denton	A. S. Emery	10
1902.					
Modesto	District ..	Modesto	Thos. Downey	F. A. Cressey	10
Oakdale	Union ..	Oakdale	Albert Jones	A. S. Emery	10

SCHOOLS—CONTINUED.

COUNTY.

Te'chrs Em- ployed	Tot'l No. Pupils Enrolled		Average Daily At- tendance	Number of Gradu- ates During Year	Total Receipts.....	Total Expenditures	Balance on Hand at Close of Year.....	Valuation of All Property.....	No. of Vols. in High School Library...	Total Monthly Salary Paid All Teachers
2	0	17	34	39	5	\$2,614 84	\$2,222 89	\$391 95	635	\$215 00
2	2	33	49	47	3	6,665 00	6,152 31	512 69	950	475 00
2	0	15	20	27	3	2,349 21	2,337 09	12 12	678	215 00
2	2	29	41	49	3	8,153 78	7,202 20	951 58	1,100	485 00

COUNTY.

1	2	25	28	42	10	\$4,403 16	\$3,815 85	\$587 31	\$12,900 00	448	\$310 00
2	1	11	30	32	3	4,057 61	3,048 43	1,009 18	1,250 00	500	240 00
1	1	17	15	26	5	4,057 03	3,115 57	941 46	4,750 00	250	215 00
2	1	42	39	63	8	5,471 57	5,057 06	414 51	18,700 00	500	330 00
2	2	37	55	63	12	6,521 43	5,027 93	1,493 50	2,500 00	700	440 00
1	2	27	27	48	6	5,493 92	4,577 51	916 41	12,900 00	518	310 00
1	2	12	36	38	5	5,701 92	4,392 41	1,309 51	1,400 00	500	270 00
1	1	16	18	28	9	3,841 55	2,510 54	1,331 01	4,900 00	280	220 00
2	1	42	45	69	24	5,685 99	5,470 51	215 48	19,200 00	650	330 00
2	2	35	54	68	10	7,334 57	4,060 79	3,273 78	2,600 00	750	400 00
1	1	4	2	4	1	661 53	170 00	491 53	975 00	151	170 00

COUNTY.

1	1	6	18	19	3	\$2,018 61	\$1,469 60	\$549 01	\$450 00	100	\$125 00
3	0	29	49	62	11	3,282 32	3,256 35	25 97	5,450 00	400	280 00
2	1	24	58	68	11	5,931 82	4,731 79	1,200 03	26,250 00	508	355 00
4	4	79	128	151	42	33,289 08	18,948 60	14,340 48	27,175 00	877	730 00
1	1	14	14	22	4	2,636 32	2,240 92	395 40	3,925 00	1,025	185 00
1	1	2	18	15	2	2,126 27	1,462 00	664 27	450 00	100	125 00
3	0	29	39	56	11	3,367 31	3,030 35	336 96	5,450 00	400	280 00
2	1	23	44	54	2	5,476 07	3,430 69	2,045 38	26,300 00	550	287 00
4	4	75	125	145	45	34,542 11	18,510 27	16,031 84	27,200 00	950	740 00
1	1	16	13	25	6	3,267 64	2,486 83	780 81	3,925 00	1,025	185 00

COUNTY.

2	1	17	39	50	7	\$25,362 65	\$25,794 29	*431 64	\$22,500 00	-----	\$275 00
1	1	19	22	37	7	2,860 57	2,816 92	43 65	8,650 00	289	225 00
2	1	24	47	60	14	6,006 41	7,247 98	*1,241 57	26,500 00	895	330 00
1	1	18	24	38	9	2,723 65	2,550 20	173 45	6,865 00	265	225 00

* Overdrawn.

STATISTICS OF HIGH

SUTTER

Name of School.	Kind of School.	Location of School.	Name of Principal of School.	Name of Clerk of High School Board.	No. of Months School was Maintained
1901. Sutter	Union ..	Sutter	W. A. Wright	W. M. Wadsworth	9½
1902. Sutter	Union ..	Sutter	W. H. Weslar	W. M. Wadsworth	10

TEHAMA

1901. Orland	Jt. Union	Orland	L. M. Reager	T. J. Hicks	9
Red Bluff	Union ..	Red Bluff	O. E. Graves	G. H. Chase	9
1902. Orland	Jt. Union	Orland	L. M. Reager	T. J. Hicks	9
Red Bluff	Union ..	Red Bluff	O. E. Graves	G. H. Chase	9

TULARE

1901. Dinuba	Union ..	Dinuba	Isaac Wright	W. P. Boone	9
Porterville	District	Porterville	J. L. Dinwiddie	J. F. Bolles	9
Tulare	City	Tulare	C. J. Walker	Mrs. J. M. Ham	8¾
Visalia	City	Visalia	E. Hohfeld	B. L. Hughes	9
1902. Alta	Jt. Union	Reedley	W. P. Campbell	W. H. Carpenter	9
Dinuba	Union ..	Dinuba	Isaac Wright	W. Billingsley	8½
Porterville	District	Porterville	J. L. Dinwiddie	J. F. Bolles	9
Tulare	District	Tulare	C. J. Walker	Mrs. J. M. Ham	8¾
Visalia	City	Visalia	Ed. Hohfeld	B. L. Hughes	9

VENTURA

1901. Santa Paula	Union ..	Santa Paula	D. H. Webster	S. G. Brooks	10
Ventura	Union ..	Ventura	P. W. Kauffman	B. W. Dudley	10
1902. Oxnard	Union ..	Oxnard .....	.....	Jay Spence .....	.....
Santa Paula	Union ..	Santa Paula	D. H. Webster	A. L. Shirely	10
Ventura	Union ..	Ventura	P. W. Kauffman	B. W. Dudley	10

SCHOOLS—CONTINUED.

COUNTY.

Teachers Employed		Total No. Pupils Enrolled		Average Daily Attendance		Number of Graduates During Year		Total Receipts.....	Total Expenditures	Balance on Hand at Close of Year.....	Valuation of All Property.....	No. of Vols. in High School Library.....	Total Monthly Salary Paid All Teachers
Men.....	Women.....	Boys.....	Girls.....										
1	1	15	13	24	5	\$2,517 08		\$1,741 40		\$775 68	\$4,825 00	240	\$175 00
1	1	15	12	24	10	3,457 78		3,042 27		415 51	5,025 00	367	210 00

COUNTY.

1	0	4	15	19	0	\$56 38	\$35 00	\$21 38	\$200 00	75	\$100 00
2	2	33	66	78	0	6,497 45	4,900 39	1,597 06	700 00	144	470 00
1	0	6	14	19	4	61 73	15 70	46 03	330 00	100	100 00
2	2	19	60	63	9	5,922 96	4,708 30	1,214 66	1,181 70	279	470 00

COUNTY.

1	1	19	10	24	0	\$2,575 94	\$2,268 25	\$307 69	\$425 00	123	\$195 00
2	0	33	21	48	9	2,806 49	2,376 36	430 13	950 00	300	158 34
2	2	34	40	69	17	5,210 82	4,278 56	932 26	1,100 00	250	385 00
2	2	61	78	115	11	6,325 64	6,325 64	-----	13,500 00	700	460 00
1	1	1	2	2	0	\$755 19	\$487 20	\$267 99	-----	-----	\$190 00
1	1	20	14	30	6	2,227 56	2,099 06	128 50	\$600 00	83	180 00
1	1	28	25	48	18	3,257 98	2,390 34	867 64	950 00	200	165 00
2	2	63	82	125	21	8,161 22	4,630 99	3,530 23	1,200 00	65	385 00
4	1	54	95	108	15	8,259 94	8,248 04	11 90	24,000 00	791	550 00

COUNTY.

2	1	28	34	51	8	\$6,380 69	\$4,207 69	\$2,173 00	\$11,900 00	1,200	\$315 00
3	2	61	99	126	20	11,678 40	7,524 04	4,154 36	16,100 00	545	580 00
(New District.)											
3	1	33	44	65	1	9,915 69	7,811 45	2,104 24	19,300 00	1,500	415 00
2	4	58	122	139	12	15,395 11	11,418 82	3,976 29	18,300 00	600	680 00

STATISTICS OF HIGH

YOLO

Name of School.	Kind of School.	Location of School.	Name of Principal of School.	Name of Clerk of High School Board.	No. of Months School was Maintained
1901.					
Esparto	Union ..	Esparto	Irving Needham ..	J. C. Winters	9 $\frac{3}{4}$
Pierce	Jt. Union	College City ..	G. E. Thompson ..	M. Eddy	10
Winters	Jt. Union	Winters	A. B. Anderson ..	W. H. Gregory	9
Woodland	City	Woodland	F. A. Swanger	F. A. Swanger	10
1902.					
Esparto	Union ..	Esparto	Beatrice Bannon ..	J. C. Winters	10
Pierce	Jt. Union	College City ..	I. Abraham	M. Eddy	10
Winters	Jt. Union	Winters	F. E. Tuck	W. H. Gregory	9
Woodland	City	Woodland	F. A. Swanger	F. A. Swanger	10

YUBA

1901.					
Marysville	City	Marysville	G. H. Stokes	J. A. Scott	10
1902.					
Marysville	City	Marysville	Geo. C. Thompson ..	J. A. Scott	10

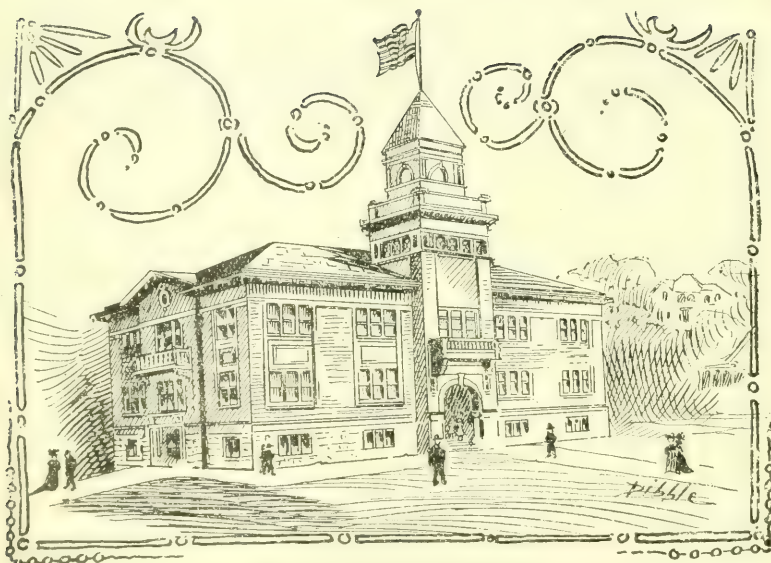
SCHOOLS—CONTINUED.

COUNTY.

Te'chrs Em- ployed	Tot'l No. Pupils Enrolled		Average Daily At- tendance	Number of Gradu- ates During Year	Total Receipts	Total Expenditures	Balance on Hand at Close of Year	Valuation of All Property	No. of Vols. in High School Library	Total Monthly Salary Paid All Teachers	
	Boys	Girls									
1	1	11	23	29	7	\$2,790 23	\$2,033 99	\$756 24	\$6,800 00	200	\$165 00
1	2	16	21	34	8	825 17	401 68	423 49	11,150 00	431	330 00
1	1	8	16	21	1	2,353 75	1,757 20	596 55	895 00	149	170 00
2	2	38	44	66	14	8,100 53	6,900 94	1,199 59	16,075 00	249	450 00
0	2	17	40	20	10	3,148 16	1,891 45	1,256 71	6,750 00	580	165 00
1	2	10	19	29	4	1,030 94	655 67	375 27	11,300 00	530	325 00
1	1	8	14	19	4	2,007 98	1,572 62	435 36	975 00	151	170 00
2	2	46	50	66	14	7,745 99	6,305 45	1,440 54	16,350 00	310	450 00

COUNTY.

2	2	49	54	83	15	\$4,506 68	\$4,503 73	\$2 95	\$9,400 00	500	\$465 00
1	3	51	69	106	17	4,865 24	4,865 24	-----	9,500 00	750	420 00



SHASTA COUNTY HIGH SCHOOL.

STATISTICS

OF

NORMAL SCHOOLS.

STATE NORMAL SCHOOLS.

Teachers Employed.

	Men.		Women.		Total.	
	1901.	1902.	1901.	1902.	1901.	1902.
Chico	7	6	13	14	20	20
Los Angeles	10	10	17	16	27	26
San Diego	7	6	8	9	15	15
San Francisco	3	5	4	8	7	13
San José	13	10	23	23	36	33
Totals	40	37	65	70	105	107

Attendance.

	Normal Department.							
	Men.		Women.		Total.		Average Daily Attendance.	
	1901.	1902.	1901.	1902.	1901.	1902.	1901.	1902.
Chico	66	67	278	302	344	369	275	280
Los Angeles	51	35	539	456	590	491	470	462
San Diego	29	22	233	245	262	267	214	205
San Francisco	0	0	133	126	133	126	108	97
San José	68	55	585	475	653	530	537	430
Totals	214	179	1,768	1,604	1,982	1,783	1,604	1,474

	Training Department.							
	Boys.		Girls.		Total.		Average Daily Attendance.	
	1901.	1902.	1901.	1902.	1901.	1902.	1901.	1902.
Chico	131	119	204	178	335	297	236	217
Los Angeles	170	188	196	198	366	386	276	279
San Diego	50	55	55	50	105	105	73	81
San Francisco	*	217	*	156	*	373	*	234
San José	89	107	115	138	204	245	146	149
Totals	440	686	570	720	1,010	1,406	731	960

* Use city schools as training schools.

STATE NORMAL SCHOOLS—CONTINUED.

Number of Graduates Since Organization.

Year.	Chico.			Los Angeles.			San Diego.			San Francisco.			San José.		
	(Organized 1889.)			(Organized 1882.)			(Organized 1897.)			(Organized 1899.)			(Organized 1862.)		
	Men	Women	Total	Men	Women	Total	Men	Women	Total	Men	Women	Total	Men	Women	Total
1863													0	4	4
1864													1	18	19
1865													4	19	23
1866													8	25	33
1867													4	27	31
1868													11	37	48
1869													3	26	29
1870													4	40	44
1871													4	17	21
1872													4	13	17
1873													4	16	20
1874													5	28	33
1875													9	36	45
1876													8	30	38
1877													6	36	42
1878													10	48	58
1879													8	36	44
1880													6	41	47
1881													2	32	34
1882													13	62	75
1883													14	79	93
1884				3	19	22							16	72	88
1885				6	29	35							13	96	109
1886				11	32	43							18	82	100
1887				4	44	48							11	87	98
1888				4	31	35							18	103	121
1889				10	47	57							17	112	129
1890				8	41	49							14	142	156
1891	3	14	17	9	62	71							8	96	104
1892	6	18	24	6	72	78							10	99	109
1893	5	27	32	11	80	91							5	131	136
1894	3	27	30	11	65	76							10	124	134
1895	3	49	52	12	72	84							8	148	156
1896	9	35	44	10	55	65							13	153	166
1897	3	30	33	7	48	55							10	99	109
1898	3	17	20	10	78	88							5	81	86
1899	6	39	45	5	102	107							10	100	110
1900	16	53	69	11	103	114	3	23	26				12	110	122
1901	12	37	49	10	120	130	5	20	25	0	36	36	8	82	90
1902	6	35	41	10	97	107	5	42	47	0	33	33	20	158	178
Totals	75	331	406	158	1197	1355	13	85	98	0	69	69	346	2663	3009

Receipts from all Sources for the School Year ending June 30, 1901.

	Balance on Hand at Beginning of School Year.	Amount Received from State Appropriation.	Amount Received from Tuition and Other Sources.	Total Receipts from all Sources.
Chico	\$711 72	\$31,780 00	\$1,277 92	\$33,769 64
Los Angeles	23,277 15	53,250 00	345 25	76,872 40
San Diego	18,502 38	28,150 00		46,652 38
San Francisco	1,928 32	10,000 00	138 26	12,066 58
San José	756 14	54,000 00	36 80	54,792 94
Totals	\$45,175 71	\$177,180 00	\$1,798 23	\$224,153 94

STATE NORMAL SCHOOLS—CONTINUED.

Receipts from all Sources for the School Year ending June 30, 1902.

	Balance on Hand at Begin- ning of School Year.	Amount Received from State Appropriation.	Amount Re- ceived from Tui- tion and Other Sources.	Total Receipts from all Sources.
Chico	\$353 91	\$31,780 00	\$1,321 69	\$33,455 60
Los Angeles	20,209 93	56,500 00	293 50	77,003 43
San Diego	-----	29,500 00	20 00	29,520 00
San Francisco	138 26	18,750 00	521 94	19,410 20
San José	297 55	55,500 00	39 50	55,837 05
Totals	\$20,999 65	\$192,030 00	\$2,196 63	\$215,226 28

Expenditures for the School Year ending June 30, 1901.

	Amount Paid for Teachers' Salaries.	Amount Paid for Janitors, Gardeners, Librarian, Supplies, Etc.	Amount Paid for Sites, Build- ings, and Furniture.	Amount Paid for Library Books and for Apparatus.	Total Expend- itures.	Balance on Hand at Close of School Year.
Chico	\$26,520 00	\$6,391 16	-----	\$504 57	\$33,415 73	\$353 91
Los Angeles	44,445 80	10,214 14	\$648 43	1,036 05	56,344 42	20,527 98
San Diego	22,766 38	6,175 45	16,544 93	806 97	46,293 73	*358 65
San Francisco	8,855 83	2,082 57	26 10	963 82	11,928 32	138 26
San José	45,204 76	6,176 79	2,087 19	1,002 30	54,471 04	321 90
Totals	\$147,792 77	\$31,040 11	\$19,306 65	\$4,313 71	\$202,453 24	\$21,700 70

* Reverts to State.

Expenditures for the School Year ending June 30, 1902.

	Amount Paid for Teachers' Salaries.	Amount Paid for Janitors, Gardeners, Librarian, Supplies, Etc.	Amount Paid for Sites, Build- ings, and Furniture.	Amount Paid for Library Books and for Apparatus.	Total Expend- itures.	Balance on Hand at Close of School Year.
Chico	\$26,171 66	\$5,033 59	\$959 95	\$492 68	\$32,657 88	\$797 72
Los Angeles	42,810 60	8,248 12	23,638 01	1,000 00	75,696 73	1,306 70
San Diego	25,779 48	2,845 47	217 52	358 55	29,201 02	318 98
San Francisco	12,624 97	3,088 65	326 47	1,545 84	17,585 93	1,824 27
San José	46,358 96	4,966 53	1,920 52	753 09	53,999 10	1,837 95
Totals	\$153,745 67	\$24,182 36	\$27,063 47	\$4,150 16	\$209,140 66	\$6,085 62

Valuation of Property, 1901.

	Area of Grounds, Acres.	Grounds	Buildings.	Furniture.	Libraries.	Apparatus.	Total.
Chico	8	\$5,000	\$130,000	\$6,000 00	\$12,000 00	\$5,000 00	\$158,000 00
Los Angeles	4½	50,000	125,000	5,000 00	5,000 00	4,000 00	189,000 00
San Diego	16½	5,000	70,000	5,400 00	3,300 00	3,300 00	87,000 00
San Francisco	-----	-----	-----	300 00	790 70	375 00	1,465 70
San José	20	50,000	208,226	17,000 00	10,000 00	8,300 00	293,526 00
Totals	49	\$110,000	\$533,226	\$33,700 00	\$31,090 70	\$20,975 00	\$728,991 70



SALINAS CITY HIGH SCHOOL.—MONTEREY COUNTY.

STATE NORMAL SCHOOLS—CONTINUED.

Valuation of Property, 1902.

	Area of Grounds, Acres.	Grounds.	Buildings.	Furniture.	Libraries.	Apparatus.	Total.
Chico	8	\$5,000	\$130,000	\$6,500 00	\$12,500 00	\$5,500 00	\$159,500 00
Los Angeles ..	41½	50,000	148,500	5,000 00	5,000 00	4,000 00	212,500 00
San Diego	16½	5,000	70,000	5,617 52	3,531 84	3,426 71	87,576 07
San Francisco ..				300 00	1,800 00	300 00	2,400 00
San José	18¾	50,000	208,226	17,000 00	10,400 00	8,500 00	294,126 00
Totals	47¾	\$110,000	\$556,726	\$34,417 52	\$33,231 84	\$21,726 71	\$756,102 07

Libraries—Number of Volumes.

	1901.				1902.			
	At Beginning of Year.....	Bought or Do- nated During Year	Lost or Worn Out During Year.....	Total.	At Beginning of Year.....	Bought or Do- nated During Year	Lost or Worn Out During Year.....	Total.
Chico	8,799	761	350	9,210	9,210	473	25	9,658
Los Angeles ..	7,515	1,189	42	8,662	8,660	1,232	54	9,838
San Diego	2,071	733	24	2,780	2,780	158	19	2,919
San Francisco ..	300	1,550	20	1,830	1,830	1,556	25	3,361
San José	7,008	354		7,362	7,440	400		7,840
Totals	25,693	4,587	436	29,844	29,920	3,819	123	33,616

STATE TEXT-BOOKS.

The following prices of State text-books were fixed by the State Board of Education for the school years 1900-1901 and 1901-1902. They are also in effect on the date of this report:

Name of Book.	Cost Price at Sacramento.	By Mail.	Price to Pupils from Retail Dealers.
Revised First Reader.....	16 cents.	20 cents.	20 cents.
Revised Second Reader.....	28 cents.	34 cents.	35 cents.
Revised Third Reader.....	44 cents.	51 cents.	50 cents.
Revised Fourth Reader.....	53 cents.	60 cents.	60 cents.
Speller.....	25 cents.	31 cents.	30 cents.
Primary Number Lessons.....	20 cents.	25 cents.	25 cents.
Advanced Arithmetic.....	42 cents.	50 cents.	50 cents.
Lessons in Language.....	25 cents.	30 cents.	30 cents.
Revised English Grammar.....	47 cents.	55 cents.	55 cents.
United States History.....	70 cents.	82 cents.	80 cents.
Elementary Geography.....	50 cents.	60 cents.	60 cents.
Advanced Geography.....	\$1 02	\$1 20	\$1 20
Physiology.....	50 cents.	58 cents.	60 cents.
Civil Government.....	46 cents.	54 cents.	55 cents.
Old Edition First Reader.....	15 cents.	20 cents.	20 cents.
Old Edition Second Reader.....	33 cents.	41 cents.	40 cents.
Old Edition Third Reader.....	54 cents.	66 cents.	65 cents.
Old Edition English Grammar.....	42 cents.	50 cents.	50 cents.

The following table shows the number of books sold prior to July 1, 1900, and the amount of money received for them:

Name of Book.	Number.	Amount.
Revised First Reader.....	212,789	\$34,046 24
Revised Second Reader.....	161,664	45,265 92
Revised Third Reader.....	122,339	53,829 16
Revised Fourth Reader.....	99,737	52,860 61
Speller.....	299,765	73,433 20
Primary Number Lessons.....	198,976	39,737 08
Advanced Arithmetic.....	268,971	108,921 30
Lessons in Language.....	194,564	48,640 50
Revised English Grammar.....	89,575	42,100 25
United States History.....	111,230	77,861 00
Elementary Geography.....	193,791	96,895 50
Advanced Geography.....	104,717	106,811 34
Physiology.....	79,981	36,490 50
Civil Government.....	38,713	17,807 98
First Reader, old edition.....	337,852	50,677 80
Second Reader, old edition.....	230,633	74,935 65
Third Reader, old edition.....	128,834	65,572 10
English Grammar, old edition.....	112,528	47,261 76
Totals.....		\$1,073,147 89

The following table shows the number of books sold during the fiscal years beginning July 1, 1900, and ending June 30, 1902, and the amount of money received for them:

	Revised First Reader.		Revised Second Reader.		Revised Third Reader.		Revised Fourth Reader.		Speller.		Primary Number Lessons.	
	No.	Value.	No.	Value.	No.	Value.	No.	Value.	No.	Value.	No.	Value.
1900—July	11,058	\$1,769 28	7,453	\$2,086 84	4,885	\$2,149 40	4,019	\$2,130 07	3,179	\$794 75	2,896	\$879 20
August	4,774	763 84	4,526	1,267 28	3,354	1,475 76	2,718	1,440 54	3,687	921 75	3,778	755 60
September	5,620	899 20	5,333	1,493 24	4,213	1,853 72	3,445	1,825 85	5,448	1,362 45	3,672	734 40
October	883	141 28	988	276 64	580	255 20	366	193 98	911	227 75	274	54 80
November	965	154 40	760	212 80	238	104 72	193	102 29	276	69 00	152	30 40
December	1,737	277 92	1,030	288 40	756	332 64	429	227 37	439	109 75	362	72 40
1901—January	3,335	533 60	2,976	833 28	1,401	616 44	967	512 51	1,130	282 50	597	119 40
February	1,302	208 32	910	254 80	591	290 04	296	156 88	319	79 75	265	53 00
March	1,226	196 16	1,039	296 52	357	137 08	131	69 43	308	77 00	386	77 20
April	877	140 32	625	175 00	241	106 04	114	60 42	224	56 00	123	24 60
May	660	105 60	495	138 60	167	73 48	66	34 98	62	15 50	58	11 60
June	109	17 44	126	35 28	87	38 28	32	16 96	75	18 75	30	6 00
Totals	32,546	\$5,207 36	26,281	\$7,358 68	16,870	\$7,422 80	12,776	\$6,771 28	16,058	\$4,014 50	12,593	\$2,518 60
1901—July	8,594	\$1,375 04	6,898	\$1,931 44	4,879	\$2,146 76	3,657	\$1,938 21	2,689	\$672 25	3,243	\$648 60
August	5,634	885 44	5,484	1,535 52	4,593	2,020 92	3,325	1,762 25	3,545	886 25	2,352	470 40
September	5,680	908 80	5,288	1,480 64	4,314	1,898 16	3,089	1,637 17	4,347	1,086 75	2,551	510 20
October	1,072	171 52	802	224 56	989	1,435 16	356	188 68	1,187	296 75	552	110 40
November	1,132	181 12	516	144 48	531	233 64	121	64 13	704	176 00	243	48 60
December	1,759	281 44	1,041	291 48	784	344 96	417	221 01	535	133 75	360	72 00
1902—January	4,250	680 00	2,731	764 68	3,062	1,347 28	1,130	598 90	1,577	394 25	1,161	232 20
February	1,151	184 16	1,080	302 40	1,003	411 32	485	257 05	370	92 50	333	66 60
March	899	143 84	674	188 72	413	181 72	75	39 75	285	71 25	272	54 40
April	1,157	185 12	644	180 32	421	185 24	137	72 61	208	52 00	175	35 00
May	481	76 96	360	100 80	151	66 44	42	22 26	131	32 75	68	13 60
June	905	144 80	645	180 60	404	177 76	305	161 65	281	70 25	209	41 80
Totals	32,614	\$5,218 24	26,163	\$7,325 64	21,544	\$9,479 36	13,139	\$6,963 67	15,859	\$3,904 75	11,519	\$2,303 80

TEXT-BOOKS SOLD DURING FISCAL YEARS 1900-1901 AND 1901-1902—Continued.

	Advanced Arithmetic.		Lessons In Language.		Revised English Grammar.		United States History.		Elementary Geography.		Advanced Geography.	
	No.	Value.	No.	Value.	No.	Value.	No.	Value.	No.	Value.	No.	Value.
1900—July.....	3,832	\$1,609 44	3,792	\$948 00	4,552	\$2,139 44	1,777	\$1,243 90	4,469	\$2,234 50	2,474	\$2,523 48
August.....	2,996	1,258 32	3,870	967 50	2,249	1,057 03	3,526	2,468 20	3,676	1,838 00	4,441	4,529 82
September.....	4,664	1,958 88	3,515	878 75	3,251	1,527 97	2,423	1,696 10	3,985	1,992 50	3,192	3,255 84
October.....	795	333 90	405	101 25	361	169 67	544	380 80	645	322 50	430	438 60
November.....	392	164 64	155	38 75	102	47 94	125	87 50	207	103 50	185	188 70
December.....	513	215 46	381	95 25	309	145 23	177	123 90	642	321 00	403	413 10
1901—January.....	1,617	679 14	792	198 00	1,035	486 45	559	391 30	1,436	718 00	891	908 82
February.....	695	291 90	275	68 75	249	117 03	211	147 70	256	128 00	536	546 72
March.....	425	178 50	152	38 00	226	106 22	154	107 80	263	131 50	175	178 50
April.....	417	175 14	91	22 75	167	78 49	31	21 70	143	71 50	125	127 50
May.....	71	29 82	15	3 75	76	35 72	1	70	82	41 00	50	51 00
June.....	43	18 06	75	18 75	50	23 50	1	70	30	15 00	15	15 30
Totals.....	16,460	\$6,913 20	13,518	\$3,379 50	12,627	\$5,934 69	9,529	\$6,670 30	15,834	\$7,917 00	12,919	\$13,177 38
1901—July.....	3,354	\$1,408 68	3,906	\$976 50	3,208	\$1,507 76	1,737	\$1,215 90	3,948	\$1,974 00	2,788	\$2,843 76
August.....	3,901	1,638 42	3,098	774 50	2,519	1,183 93	1,651	1,155 70	3,632	1,816 00	2,491	2,540 82
September.....	4,405	1,850 10	2,643	660 75	3,211	1,509 17	2,130	1,491 00	3,740	1,870 00	3,018	3,078 36
October.....	1,053	442 26	517	129 25	366	172 02	348	243 60	620	310 00	612	624 24
November.....	509	213 78	350	87 50	290	103 40	88	61 60	353	176 50	390	397 80
December.....	523	219 66	693	173 25	445	209 15	201	140 70	471	235 50	335	341 70
1902—January.....	1,966	825 72	1,625	406 25	1,164	547 08	854	597 80	1,887	943 50	1,380	1,407 60
February.....	823	345 66	287	71 75	413	194 11	402	281 40	774	387 00	432	440 64
March.....	514	215 88	201	50 25	163	76 61	129	90 30	351	175 50	273	283 56
April.....	418	175 56	176	40 24	192	90 24	47	32 90	297	148 50	151	154 02
May.....	149	62 58	61	15 25	51	23 97	31	21 70	108	54 00	68	69 36
June.....	233	97 86	255	63 75	181	85 07	95	66 50	231	115 50	154	157 08
Totals.....	17,848	\$7,496 16	13,812	\$3,453 00	12,133	\$5,702 51	7,713	\$5,399 10	16,412	\$8,206 00	12,097	\$12,338 94

TEXT-BOOKS SOLD DURING FISCAL YEARS 1900-1901 AND 1901-1902—Continued.

	Physiology.		Civil Government.		Old Edition First Reader.		Old Edition Second Reader.		Old Edition Third Reader.		Old Edition Grammar.		Totals.
	No.	Value.	No.	Value.	No.	Value.	No.	Value.	No.	Value.	No.	Value.	
1900—July -----	704	\$352 00	366	\$168 36	20	\$3 00	6	\$1 98	130	\$70 20	3	\$1 26	\$20,728 66
August -----	1,059	529 50	625	287 50	---	---	---	---	88	47 52	---	---	19,633 84
September -----	2,097	1,048 50	989	441 14	---	---	---	---	10	5 40	4	1 68	21,018 85
October -----	595	297 50	147	67 62	15	2 25	12	3 96	2	1 08	---	---	3,268 57
November -----	152	76 00	28	12 88	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	1,400 81
December -----	126	63 00	64	29 44	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	2,714 86
1901—January -----	316	158 00	162	69 92	---	---	---	---	5	2 70	6	2 52	6,512 58
February -----	311	155 50	129	59 34	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	2,527 73
March -----	45	22 50	138	91 08	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	1,727 49
April -----	86	43 00	12	5 52	---	---	---	---	---	---	1	42	1,108 40
May -----	2	1 00	1	46	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	543 21
June -----	6	3 00	10	4 60	15	2 25	10	3 30	3	1 62	---	---	238 79
Totals -----	5,499	\$2,749 50	2,691	\$1,237 86	50	\$7 50	28	\$9 24	238	\$128 52	14	\$5 88	\$81,423 79
1901—July -----	550	\$275 00	404	\$185 84	---	---	12	\$3 96	2	\$1 08	6	\$2 52	\$19,103 70
August -----	1,396	698 00	510	214 60	---	---	---	---	197	106 38	4	1 68	17,606 35
September -----	2,057	1,028 50	1,015	466 90	---	---	---	---	1	54	---	---	19,581 56
October -----	191	95 50	134	61 64	---	---	---	---	6	3 24	---	---	3,506 12
November -----	116	58 00	85	39 10	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	1,988 89
December -----	185	92 50	109	50 14	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	2,807 24
1902—January -----	274	137 00	206	94 76	10	\$1 50	10	3 30	9	4 86	---	---	8,986 68
February -----	141	70 50	72	33 12	---	---	---	---	5	2 70	---	---	3,170 91
March -----	55	27 50	13	5 98	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	1,605 26
April -----	86	43 00	67	30 82	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	1,429 33
May -----	15	7 50	22	10 12	---	---	---	---	1	54	---	---	577 83
June -----	45	22 50	25	11 50	20	3 00	6	1 98	---	---	---	---	1,401 60
Totals -----	5,111	\$2,555 50	2,602	\$1,224 52	30	\$4 50	28	\$9 24	221	\$119 34	10	\$4 20	\$81,768 47

The following table shows the number and value of printed books on hand June 30, 1902, according to the records of the State Printing Office:

Name of Book.	Number.	Amount
Revised First Reader	32,541	\$5,206 56
Revised Second Reader	24,123	6,754 44
Revised Third Reader	5,867	2,581 48
Revised Fourth Reader	4,134	2,191 02
Speller	11,866	2,966 50
Primary Number Lessons	10,845	2,169 00
Advanced Arithmetic	215	90 30
Lessons in Language	9,257	2,314 25
Revised English Grammar	6,941	3,262 27
U. S. History	706	494 20
Elementary Geography	13,098	6,549 00
Advanced Geography	16,875	17,212 50
Physiology	17,233	8,616 50
Civil Government	4,010	1,844 60
Old First Reader	401	60 15
Old Second Reader	7,814	2,578 62
Old Third Reader	1,900	1,026 00
Old English Grammar	7,464	3,134 88
Total		\$69,052 27

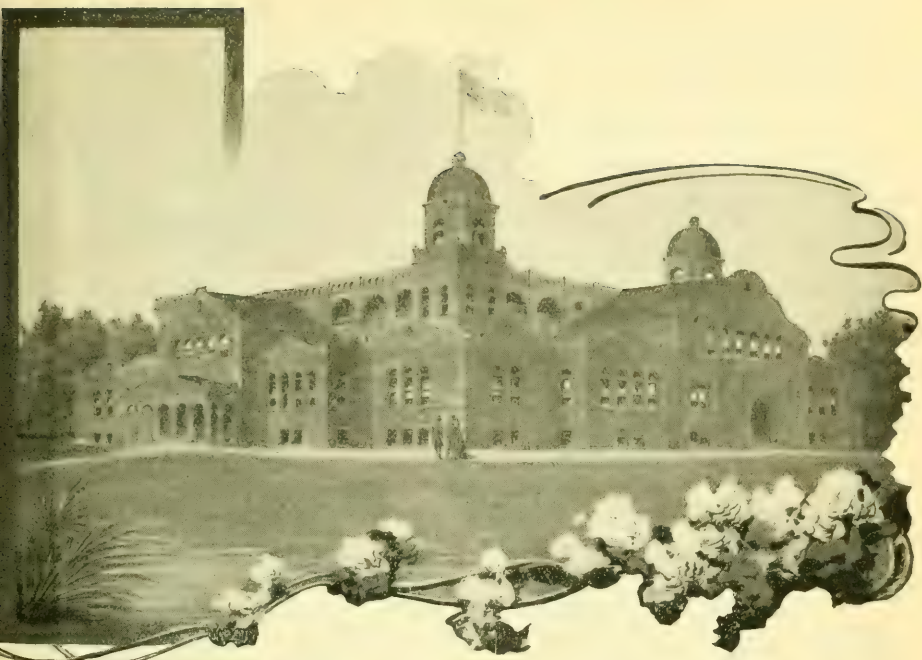
SUMMARY OF STATISTICS.

HIGH SCHOOLS.

	1901.	1902.
Number of counties maintaining High Schools	42	44
High School Districts:		
County	8	9
City	24	29
District	37	34
Union	51	57
Joint Union	6	10
Total	126	139
Number of teachers employed—		
Men	289	295
Women	292	311
Total	581	606
Number of pupils enrolled—		
Boys	5,219	5,830
Girls	7,813	8,462
Total	13,032	14,292
Average daily attendance	10,052	12,148
Number of graduates during year—		
Boys	643	757
Girls	1,060	1,150
Total	1,703	1,907
Average number of months schools were maintained	9.6	9.7
Number of teachers attending county or city institute	540	545
Number of volumes in libraries of High Schools	52,297	65,602
<i>Financial Statement.</i>		
Receipts—		
Balance on hand at beginning of year	\$170,106 91	\$234,373 69
Receipts from taxes of all kinds	893,228 26	1,105,445 28
Receipts from tuition and donations	28,107 01	61,963 87
Total receipts	\$1,091,442 18	\$1,401,791 84
Expenditures—		
For teachers' salaries	\$593,080 06	\$641,863 03
For current expenses	153,574 45	183,790 55
For buildings	156,410 93	160,404 23
For books and apparatus	12,948 15	21,588 49
Total expenditures	\$916,013 59	\$1,007,646 30
Balance on hand at close of year	\$175,428 59	\$394,145 54
<i>Valuation of Property.</i>		
Lots, buildings, and furniture	\$2,158,738 50	\$2,833,429 00
Apparatus	97,203 46	128,993 00
Libraries	61,310 56	81,700 00
Total	\$2,517,252 52	\$3,044,122 00
Aggregate monthly salary of all High School teachers	\$57,855 49	\$66,968 27

NORMAL SCHOOLS.

	1901.	1902.
Number of State Normal Schools	5	5
Number of teachers employed—		
Men	40	37
Women	65	70
Total	105	107
Number of pupils enrolled in Normal Department—		
Men	214	179
Women	1,768	1,604
Total	1,982	1,783
Average daily attendance	1,604	1,474
Number of students enrolled in Training Department—		
Boys	440	686
Girls	570	720
Total	1,010	1,406
Average daily attendance	731	960
Total number of graduates since the establishing of the first State Normal School—		
Men	532	592
Women	3,899	4,395
Total	4,431	4,987
Number of graduates who are teaching in schools of the State—		
Chico	202	223
Los Angeles	663	618
San Diego	26	44
San Francisco	1	65
San José	1,101	1,151
Total	1,993	2,101
<i>Financial Statement.</i>		
Receipts—		
Balance on hand at beginning of year to the credit of all the State Normal Schools		
Amount from State appropriation	\$45,175 71	\$20,999 65
Amount from tuition in Training Schools, etc.	177,180 00	192,030 00
Amount from tuition in Training Schools, etc.	1,798 23	2,196 63
Total	\$224,153 94	\$215,226 28
Disbursements—		
Teachers' salaries	\$147,792 77	\$153,745 67
Janitors, gardeners, librarians, supplies, etc.	31,040 11	24,182 36
Buildings and furniture	19,306 65	27,063 47
Books and apparatus	4,313 71	4,150 16
Total	\$202,453 24	\$209,140 66
Balance on hand at close of year	\$21,700 70	\$6,085 62
<i>Valuation of all Property.</i>		
Grounds	\$110,000 00	\$110,000 00
Buildings	533,226 00	556,726 00
Furniture	35,700 00	34,417 52
Libraries	31,090 70	33,231 84
Apparatus	20,975 00	21,726 71
Total	\$728,991 70	\$756,102 07
<i>Libraries.</i>		
Number of volumes at beginning of year	25,693	29,920
Number of volumes bought or donated	4,587	3,819
Lost or worn-out during year	436	123
Total number of volumes in libraries at close of year	29,844	33,616



RIVERSIDE HIGH SCHOOL—RIVERSIDE COUNTY. (Cut loaned by "Sunset.")



SANTA ANA HIGH SCHOOL—ORANGE COUNTY.

PRIMARY AND GRAMMAR SCHOOLS.

	1901.	1902.
CENSUS STATISTICS.		
Number of children between five and seventeen years of age—		
White—Boys	184,405	184,679
Girls	180,098	180,299
Total	364,503	364,978
Negro—Boys	1,212	1,221
Girls	1,125	1,143
Total	2,337	2,364
Indian—Boys	1,693	1,817
Girls	1,533	1,621
Total	3,226	3,438
Mongolian—Boys	1,745	2,868
Girls	1,134	1,351
Total	2,879	3,219
Total number of school census children	372,945	373,999
Number of children between five and seventeen years of age attending—		
Public schools	273,791	289,993
Private schools	24,463	24,350
No school (includes a large number between five and six years, the legal school age)	74,691	59,656
Total	372,945	373,999
Number of children under five years of age—		
White	113,770	115,934
Negro	634	647
Indian	1,247	1,173
Mongolian	894	941
Total	116,545	118,695
Nativity of all children—		
Native-born	481,492	484,867
Foreign-born	7,998	7,827
Total	489,490	492,694
SCHOOL STATISTICS.		
Number of districts at beginning of year	3,269	3,289
New districts organized	62	37
Districts lapsed during year	35	31
Districts combined during year	7	7
Total at close of year	3,289	3,288
Number of school-houses—		
Brick	140	141
Stone	2	2
Adobe	3	4
Wood	3,567	3,550
Total	3,712	3,697
Grade of schools—		
Primary, including Kindergarten	3,077	3,111
Grammar	3,021	2,856

PRIMARY AND GRAMMAR SCHOOLS—CONTINUED.

	1901.	1902.
SCHOOL STATISTICS—CONTINUED.		
Number of teachers, including principals—		
Men	1,042	980
Women	6,197	6,486
Total	7,239	7,466
Grade of teachers' certificates in Primary and Grammar Schools—		
High School	318	464
Grammar School	5,995	6,149
Primary	696	594
Special or Kindergarten	230	259
Enrollment in schools—		
Boys	132,801	135,585
Girls	126,176	128,453
Total	258,977	264,038
Enrollment by grades—		
Kindergarten	4,496	4,871
Primary	170,947	173,944
Grammar	83,534	85,223
Total	258,977	264,038
Average number belonging	202,148	207,655
Average daily attendance	188,730	197,217
Average percentage of attendance .....	.933	.95
Number of districts maintaining school—		
Less than 120 days	24	34
120 and less than 160 days	541	575
160 and less than 200 days	2,383	2,430
200 days or over	313	240
Average number of days school was maintained during the year in all the schools	165.02	165.8
Average number of months the teachers in charge have taught in the schools	27.03	29.25
Average monthly salary paid teachers and principals	\$66 18	\$66 65
Number of school visits made by County Superintendents	9,185	9,546
Number of visits made by School Trustees	100,659	22,024
Number of visits made by other persons	183,023	212,037
Number of volumes in school libraries	1,198,740	1,314,613
Number of volumes in county teachers' libraries	32,682	36,686
FINANCIAL STATISTICS.		
<i>Receipts.</i>		
On hand at beginning of year	\$1,313,365 96	\$1,362,907 87
From State apportionments	3,431,911 75	3,586,195 17
From county apportionments	2,332,981 09	2,469,200 27
From city or district taxes	270,577 63	326,095 60
From sale of bonds	284,487 38	281,403 86
From miscellaneous sources	93,171 60	99,687 86
Total	\$7,726,495 41	\$8,125,490 63
<i>Expenditures.</i>		
For teachers' salaries	\$4,685,144 20	\$4,748,472 75
For contingent expenses, etc.	1,080,040 37	1,329,359 68
For sites, buildings, and furniture	525,050 16	439,305 94
For library books and apparatus	82,995 12	88,923 05
Total	\$6,373,229 85	\$6,606,061 42
Balance on hand at close of school year	\$1,353,265 56	\$1,519,429 21

PRIMARY AND GRAMMAR SCHOOLS—CONTINUED.

	1901.	1902.
FINANCIAL STATISTICS—CONTINUED.		
<i>Valuation of School Property.</i>		
Lots, houses, and furniture.....	\$15,614,337 00	\$17,017,396 00
School libraries.....	721,843 00	700,532 00
Apparatus.....	385,735 00	343,091 00
Total.....	\$16,721,915 00	\$18,061,019 00
GENERAL STATISTICS.		
Number of teachers who are graduates of California State Normal Schools—		
Chico.....	202	223
Los Angeles.....	663	618
San Diego.....	26	44
San Francisco.....	1	65
San José.....	1,101	1,151
Total.....	1,993	2,101
Number of teachers who are graduates of Normal Schools of other States.....		
	351	303
Number of teachers who are graduates of the University of California.....		
	846	431
Number of teachers who are graduates of Stanford University.....		
	143	193
Number of teachers who are graduates of other universities on the accredited list of the State Board of Education.....		
	100	111
Number of graduates from the Grammar Schools—		
Boys.....	2,496	2,916
Girls.....	3,563	4,087
Number of graduates from the High Schools—		
Boys.....	643	757
Girls.....	1,060	1,150

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REPORT

OF THE

Commissioners for the Revision and Reform of the Law.

RECOMMENDATIONS RESPECTING THE

POLITICAL CODE.

ALSO

An Index to the Laws from 1895 to 1901, inclusive, and a
List Indicating the Statutes Remaining in Force.

NOVEMBER 1, 1902.

PART I.

COMMISSIONERS:

A. C. FREEMAN, W. C. VAN FLEET, GEORGE J. DENIS.

W. F. HENNING, - - Secretary.



SACRAMENTO:

A. J. JOHNSTON, : : : : SUPERINTENDENT STATE PRINTING.
1902.

REPORT OF THE COMMISSIONERS FOR THE REVISION AND REFORM OF THE LAW.

IN GENERAL.

The Commissioners for the Revision and Reform of the Law present this report of their acts and proceedings under the statute providing for their appointment and prescribing their duties, and also under Senate Concurrent Resolution No. 23, adopted March 16, 1901, directing them to examine, designate, and report to the next session of the Legislature a complete index of the laws from 1893 to and including the last session, and also to designate and report separately the laws repealed or invalidated from any reason, and so as to indicate, as correctly as possible, those remaining in force.

The validity of the amendments to the codes adopted in 1901, pursuant to the recommendation of this Commission, was, soon after their adoption, assailed in the supreme court of the State in the case of *Lewis v. Dunne*, reported in 134 Cal. 291, with the result that that court reached and announced the conclusion that those amendments were not constitutionally enacted, on the grounds (1) that each of the codes constituted more than one subject, and that neither could now be validly enacted because of the provisions of our constitution requiring each act to embrace but one subject, which must be expressed in its title, and that neither can be amended in a single act if the amendments involve two or more of these subjects; and (2) that no complete revision of either code can be made without publishing at length the sections not affected by the revision, as well as those revised or amended. It would be fruitless and unbecoming, on our part, to here discuss the correctness of that decision or its accord, or want of accord, with the views heretofore expressed by the courts of this and other States on the same subject. Accepting it, as we must, without question, it remains for us to consider what may be done, notwithstanding, toward the perfecting of our codes. It would be idle, under this decision, to propose a complete code, as recommended by our predecessors, or a complete revision of any code setting out the parts left unchanged as well as the changes made by amendment, addition, or repeal, because, to do so, would present an act which, in the opinion of the judges, excepting the chief justice, must necessarily involve more than one subject; nor, for precisely the same

reason, can the desired changes be embraced in a single bill omitting the parts of the code not affected. The power to amend the codes has not, however, been denied by the court, nor, so far as we know, questioned by any one, but amendments must, as we understand it, be effected by separate and independent bills, each dealing with some one of the many topics which in the aggregate constitute the entire code. Proceeding in this manner will doubtless prove tedious and may so consume the time of the Legislature in indispensable roll calls that it will be unable at any single session to act upon all the amendments presented for its consideration, or it may determine to restrict its consideration only to those of a more vital character.

We hereby renew our recommendations respecting the Code of Civil Procedure and the Civil and Penal Codes adopted by the Legislature of 1901, and we shall hereafter, and before the commencement of the next session, classify these amendments so as to group them into single and separate subjects, and draft bills in accordance with such classification, thus again presenting for legislative consideration matters which received the approval of the Legislature of 1901, and in a form which, we trust, will, in the light of the decision of the court already adverted to, escape successful assault on constitutional grounds.

INDEX TO LAWS, AND STATUTES IN FORCE.

In obedience to Senate Concurrent Resolution No. 23, adopted March 16, 1901, we present herewith, as Part II of this report, an "Index to the Laws" from 1893 to and including the year 1901, accompanied by a table showing what sections of our codes have been added, amended, or repealed during the same period, and also a report designating the statutes which, according to our judgment, remain in force.

We have excluded from our list all statutes which can no longer be regarded as of any substantial effect. The most important of these are the acts which were directly or impliedly repealed by the codes. Of less importance, though doubtless greater in number, are the statutes which, though neither expressly nor impliedly repealed, have accomplished their purpose and can have no further effect than to justify acts long since done by their authority, such as appropriation bills, grants of franchises, or other rights for a limited period, or directions or authorizations to perform acts which have doubtless already been complied with, or to contract obligations which have been satisfied, and statutes creating and providing for the government of municipal corporations and which have become inoperative by the reincorporation of the same municipalities under subsequent statutes, either special or general. The final result is, that the list of statutes enacted prior to our codes which are still in force is exceedingly brief; for among the number

expressly left in force by them many were of a temporary nature, and perhaps a majority of the remainder have since been repealed.

At the session at which the codes were enacted many other statutes were passed either in ignorance of the code provisions or before it was known that they would become the law. All these statutes, whether approved before or after the codes, take precedence over them by Section 3891 of the Political Code. In many instances this result was not intended, for by far the greater number were amendments of statutes which were clearly repealed by the codes, and others were intended to direct public officers in the performance of duties adequately provided for in the codes. All such should be repealed. Among them are the following statutes of 1871-2:

Chap. VIII, p. 10, supplementary to an act entitled "An act to provide for the incorporation of colleges."

Chap. XVI, p. 21, to amend an act entitled "An act concerning the courts of justice of this State and judicial officers."

Chap. XXVIII, p. 33, supplementary to an act entitled "An act to provide for the appointment of notaries public, and defining their duties."

Chap. LV, p. 52, to amend an act entitled "An act to regulate the settlement of the estates of deceased persons."

Chap. LXI, p. 58, "An act in relation to the office of the county clerk of the city and county of San Francisco."

Chap. LXIX, p. 63, to amend an act entitled "An act concerning jurors in the city and county of San Francisco."

Chap. LXXXIII, p. 82, "An act to regulate proceedings in criminal cases."

Chap. LXXXVII, p. 85, amendatory of an act entitled "An act to regulate the settlement of the estates of deceased persons."

Chap. XCVIII, p. 94, to amend an act entitled "An act to regulate the settlement of the estates of deceased persons."

Chap. XCIX, p. 94, to regulate proceedings in civil cases in the justices' court of the city and county of San Francisco.

Chap. CVIII, p. 102, to amend an act entitled "An act to define the duties and liabilities of pawnbrokers and pledgees."

Chap. CXVII, p. 118, prescribing certain duties to be performed by the state controller, state treasurer, and state board of examiners.

Chap. CXVIII, p. 121, to furnish arms for the use of military academies in the State." See Pol. C., §§ 2117*g*, 2117*i*.

Chap. CXXVII, p. 132, to amend an act entitled "An act to provide for the formation of corporations for the accumulation and investment of funds and savings."

Chap. CXXXIII, p. 140, to amend an act entitled "An act to regulate

fees of office and salaries of certain officers, and to repeal certain other acts in relation thereto."

Chap. CLXX, p. 189, to amend an act entitled "An act relating to proceedings in civil cases in courts of justice of this State."

Chap. CLXXI, p. 190, to amend an act entitled "An act to regulate proceedings in civil cases in courts of justice of this State."

Chap. CLXXII, p. 190, to amend an act entitled "An act to regulate proceedings in civil cases in courts of justice of this State."

Chap. CLXXV, p. 205, to amend an act entitled "An act to protect the wages of labor."

Chap. CLXXXII, p. 217, amendatory of and supplementary to an act entitled "An act fixing the number of officers and employés of the senate and assembly, to define their duties and to establish their pay."

Chap. CLXXXIV, p. 219, to amend an act entitled "An act to regulate fees of office and salaries of certain officers, and to repeal certain other acts in relation thereto."

Chap. CLXXXVII, p. 230, to amend an act entitled "An act to regulate proceedings in civil cases in the courts of justice of this State."

Chap. CCXLII, p. 318, to amend an act entitled "An act concerning forcible entries and unlawful detainers, and to repeal all other acts on the same subject."

Chap. CCXLIII, p. 319, to amend an act entitled "An act relating to criminal prosecutions."

Chap. CCXLIX, p. 319, "An act respecting the limitation of actions."

Chap. CCLXII, p. 362, to amend an act entitled "An act to provide for a system of common schools."

Chap. CCLXXIX, p. 383, to amend an act "to provide for the management and sale of lands belonging to the State."

Chap. CCLXXXVIII, p. 391, to amend an act entitled "An act to regulate proceedings in criminal cases."

Chap. CCLXXXIX, p. 391, "An act to regulate practice in the supreme court."

Chap. CCXCVII, p. 401, supplementary to an act entitled "An act defining the time for commencing civil actions."

Chap. CCCXIX, p. 433, to amend an act entitled "An act for the protection of game."

Chap. CCCXXXIV, p. 443, supplemental to an act entitled "An act concerning corporations."

Chap. CCCLXIX, p. 526, to amend an act entitled "An act to provide for the formation of corporations for certain purposes."

Chap. CCCLXXI, p. 528, to amend an act entitled "An act to regulate proceedings in criminal cases."

Chap. CCCCXLIX, p. 668, to amend an act "to provide for the management and sale of lands belonging to the State."

Chap. CCCCLVII, p. 685, to amend an act entitled "An act to provide for the management and sale of lands belonging to the State."

Chap. DLXXIX, p. 858, "An act to provide for the management and sale of lands belonging to the State."

Chap. DLXXXVI, p. 864, to amend an act entitled "An act to regulate proceedings in civil cases in the courts of justice of this State."

We are fully conscious of our liability to error in undertaking to designate the statutes in force, and that neither we nor the legislature can speak with authority upon this question; but we have, nevertheless, thought it our duty to obey, as best we could, the command of the senate concurrent resolution already referred to. In reaching our conclusions respecting the implied repeal of statutes, we have sought to apply the rules stated in *Dillon v. Bicknell*, 116 Cal. 111, and other cases, that "Whenever it clearly appears that the intention of the legislature by the later act is to revise the entire subject-matter of the former, the subsequent act operates as a repeal of the former, although it contains no precise words to that effect," and that "Even if a subsequent statute be not repugnant in all its provisions to a prior one, yet if the later statute was clearly intended to prescribe the only rule which should govern in the case provided for, it repeals the original act."

THE POLITICAL CODE.

The course of classification which we have suggested for the amendments to the Code of Civil Procedure, the Civil Code, and the Penal Code we shall pursue respecting the amendments to the Political Code hereinafter suggested. Probably none of the other codes is so much in need of amendment and excision as this. It was enacted prior to the adoption of the constitution of 1879, and little or no effort has ever been made to harmonize it with that constitution, either by changing the form or substance of sections or by omitting those which had become inoperative. Considerable parts of this code have also been found in conflict with the constitution of the United States, and hence should unquestionably be repealed. Again, many statutes have been enacted since the adoption of the code upon subjects already provided for therein, and the apparent conflict thus created in the statutory law should be removed either by repealing code sections upon the same topic or by codifying the subsequent statutes, and thus making them a part of the code. To a somewhat less extent material conflict exists between sections of this code and the charters adopted in recent years by the greater municipal corporations of the State. This is well illustrated by the decision in *People v. Williamson*, 135 Cal. 415, establishing practically the existence of two boards of health claiming to exercise authority over the same matters within the city and county of San Francisco, the one

under its charter and the other by virtue of the provisions of the Political Code.

The very great subjects of county and municipal government were provided for in this code, but subsequently were in effect taken out of it by independent statutes completely covering the same topics and presumably impliedly repealing the code provisions, but no express repeal has ever been made. It is clear that the apparent conflict should be removed, either by repealing the code provisions on both these subjects, or by codifying the subsequent statutes and making them a part of the code. While in our judgment the latter course is preferable, repeated enactments have established beyond controversy the preference of the legislative department for treating them in separate statutes forming no part of the code, and for this reason and because these statutes have been and must continue to be subject to amendment at every session, we have concluded to recommend the repeal of the code sections, thus leaving the independent enactments to constitute the whole of the statutory law upon these subjects.

The Political Code was designed to state the statutory law respecting public officers and public institutions, and we believe that this purpose was a wise one, and that the departures which have been made from it should be corrected by codifying the statutory enactments respecting those officers and institutions, and thus making them a part of this code. We have therefore codified more than one hundred different statutes relating to these subjects, which we recommend to be enacted as parts of this code. This codification has involved much labor and gives this report an appearance of great, perhaps of unnecessary, length, but it could not be shortened except by the failure to perform what we conceive to be our unquestionable duty.

Comparatively few of the recommendations made in this report will be found, on examination, to involve substantial changes in the law, either by eliminating existing provisions or adding others of a new or untried character, except when such elimination is believed to be necessary to remove superfluous or misleading sections or sections manifestly inconsistent with subsequent statutes or with the constitution of the State or of the United States. The chief purposes sought to be accomplished by our recommendations may be classified as follows:

1. The omission of superfluous and misleading sections, in which are included: (*a*) those which state no rules of law, consisting, for the most part, of mere imperfect indexing of this or other codes, or undertaking to restate constitutional provisions, and (*b*) those which have been impliedly repealed by other statutes or are void because in conflict with constitutional restrictions, state or national;

2. Harmonizing sections with other sections of the same or other

codes, or with subsequent statutes or municipal charters, or with constitutional provisions with which they do not now accord;

3. Codifying and making part of this code the different statutes governing public officers and creating and governing state institutions, to the end that the law relating thereto may, as far as possible, be found in a single code or volume. The codification recommended does not consist of the mere copying of the statutes in question. Most of them have been rearranged and rewritten, but generally without change in their substance, and where such change is proposed, that fact is stated in this report.

One of the most difficult tasks of our codification has been the formulating of new sections and the amendment of old ones undertaking to express the result of statutes enacted since the adoption of the codes designating the boundaries of eight new counties and changing or defining the boundaries of twenty-six counties previously existing.

Some changes of substance were unavoidable. Thus the statutes relating to the state commission in lunacy and the commitment, care, and support of the insane are conceded to be lamentably defective. That portion authorizing commitments has been adjudged unconstitutional (*Matter of Lambert*, 134 Cal. 626), and the statute of 1889, declaring when and of whom the State may recover for the support of the insane, and how the liability may be enforced, has probably been repealed by the Lunacy Commission Act without any adequate provision being otherwise made therefor. (*People v. King*, 127 Cal. 574.) We have therefore proposed additions to the law, which, if enacted, will, we think, supply a constitutional mode of examination and commitment and also an adequate remedy for the enforcement by the State of any liability which may exist in its favor for the care and support of insane persons whose estates or relatives are able to discharge such liability.

So the statute controlling special elections within municipalities is defective in not providing any register for the different precincts which may be formed by municipal authority, and in not designating how the electors who have been registered since the last general election or who have since then moved from one precinct to another, may show their right to vote in the precinct in which they reside, and may lose that right in the precinct from which they have removed. We have hence suggested amendments undertaking to correct these defects as well as to supply omissions in the statute relating to special elections other than those held within municipal corporations.

In view of the amendment to the constitution permitting the use of automatic voting machines, we have suggested the addition of a new chapter, consisting of sections numbered 1376 to 1382, designating the procedure for testing, adopting, and procuring such machines, and the mode of conducting elections therewith.

With the making of this report and the performance of such additional duties as may be required of us in connection therewith during the next session of the legislature, we finish the task imposed upon us by our appointment under the statute of 1895 and by the concurrent resolution hereinbefore referred to, and we therefore suggest that that statute may now properly be treated as having accomplished all the purpose attainable through its enactment and as being a proper subject for repeal, which we accordingly recommend to be made.

To accomplish the changes in the Political Code suggested by us, we recommend:

§ 5. That section five be amended to read:

Sec. 5. The provisions of this code, and of every amendment thereto, so far as they are substantially the same as existing statutes, or the common law, must be regarded as continuations thereof, and not as new enactments.

Inserts after the word "code" the words "and of every amendment thereto," and after the word "statutes" the words "or the common law," and substitutes "regarded" for "construed," to conform the section to corresponding sections in the other codes as heretofore amended.

§ 8. That section eight be amended to read:

Sec. 8. No action or proceeding commenced before this code, or any amendment thereof, takes effect, and no right accrued, is affected by its provisions, but the proceedings therein must conform to the requirements of this code or of such amendment, as far as applicable.

Inserts after the word "code" the words "or any amendment thereof," and after the word "code" where it last appears in the section the words "or of such amendment."

§ 9. That section nine be amended to read:

Sec. 9. When a limitation or period of time prescribed in any existing statute, for acquiring a right or barring a remedy, or for any other purpose, has begun to run before this code, or any amendment thereto, goes into effect, and the same, or any limitation is prescribed in this code, or any such amendment, the time which has already run shall be deemed part of the time prescribed as such limitation by this code, or by such amendment.

The amendments are of the same character as to the preceding section.

§ 11. That section eleven be repealed. Its provisions are already included in section ten.

§ 17. That section seventeen be amended to read:

Sec. 17. Words used in this code in the present tense include the future as well as the present; words used in the masculine gender include the feminine and neuter; the singular number includes the plural, and the plural the singular; the word person includes a corporation as well as a natural person; writing includes printing and typewriting; oath includes affirmation or declaration; every mode of oral statement under oath or affirmation is embraced by the term "testify," and every written one in the term "depose"; signature or subscription includes mark, when the person cannot write, his name being written near it, by a person who writes his own name as a witness.

The following words, also, have in this code the signification attached to them in this section, unless otherwise apparent from the context :

1. The word "property" includes both real and personal property;

2. The words "real property" are co-extensive with lands, tenements, and hereditaments;

3. The words "personal property" include money, goods, chattels, things in action, and evidences of debt;

4. The word "month" means a calendar month, unless otherwise expressed;

5. The word "will" includes codicils;

6. The word "writ" signifies an order or precept in writing, issued in the name of the people or of a court or judicial officer; and the word "process," a writ or summons issued in the course of judicial proceedings;

7. The word "vessel," when used in reference to shipping, includes ships of all kinds, steamboats and steamships, canal boats, and every structure adapted to be navigated from place to place;

8. The term "peace officer" signifies any of the officers mentioned in section eight hundred and seventeen of the Penal Code;

9. The term "magistrate" signifies any one of the officers mentioned in section eight hundred and eight of the Penal Code;

10. The word "state," when applied to the different parts of the United States, includes the District of Columbia and the Territories; and the words "United States" may include the District and Territories.

11. The word "section," whenever hereinafter employed,

refers to a section of this code, unless some other code or statute is expressly mentioned.

The changes consist (1) in inserting the words "in typewriting"; (2) in striking out the words "and witnessed"; (3) in adding subdivision eleven.

§ 18. That section eighteen be amended to read:

Sec. 18. No statute, law, or rule is continued in force because it is consistent with the provisions of this code, on the same subject; but in all cases provided for by this code all statutes, laws, and rules heretofore in force in this State, whether consistent or not with the provisions of this code, unless expressly continued in force by it, are repealed and abrogated. This repeal or abrogation does not revive any former law heretofore repealed, nor does it affect any right already existing or accrued, or any action or proceeding already taken, except as in this code provided.

Omits the words "nor does it affect any private statute not expressly repealed."

§ 35. That a new section be added, numbered thirty-five, to read:

Sec. 35. The governor, on application therefor by a duly authorized agent, may convey to the United States any tract of land not exceeding ten acres, belonging to the State and covered by navigable waters, for the site of a lighthouse, beacon, or other aid to navigation. After such conveyance the United States shall have jurisdiction over such tract, subject to the right of the State to have concurrent jurisdiction so far that all process, civil or criminal, issued under authority of the State may be executed by the proper officers thereof within such tract, upon any person or persons amenable to the same, in like manner and with like effect as if such conveyance had not been made.

Codifies the statute of 1873-4, p. 621, concerning submarine sites for lighthouses.

§§ 43, 44. That sections forty-three and forty-four be repealed, because they are superfluous and misleading.

§ 52. That section fifty-two be amended to read:

Sec. 52. Every person has, in law, a residence. In determining the place of residence the following rules are to be observed:

1. It is the place where one remains when not called else-

where for labor or other special or temporary purpose, and to which he returns in seasons of repose;

2. There can only be one residence;

3. A residence cannot be lost until another is gained;

4. The residence of the father during his life, and after his death the residence of the mother, while she remains unmarried, is the residence of the unmarried minor child;

5. The residence of the husband is the residence of the wife;

6. The residence can be changed only by the union of act and intent.

Omits present subdivision six, declaring that the residence of an unmarried minor who has a parent cannot be changed either by him or his guardian. This provision appears to be inconsistent with section seventeen hundred and fifty-three, Code of Civil Procedure.

§ 75. That section seventy-five be repealed, because it is unnecessary.

§§ 78-106. That sections seventy-eight to one hundred and six be repealed, being superseded by the various statutes of the State, declaring what are the senatorial districts.

§ 117. That section one hundred and seventeen be repealed. It has been superseded by the various acts dividing the State into congressional districts.

§§ 225, 226. That sections two hundred and twenty-five and two hundred and twenty-six be repealed. They merely undertake to state the constitutional provisions respecting senators and members of the assembly.

§§ 227-230. That sections two hundred and twenty-seven to two hundred and thirty be repealed, because superseded by the statute of 1873-4, p. 366.

§ 235. That section two hundred and thirty-five be repealed, because it merely undertakes to restate the provisions of section two, article four, of the constitution, respecting sessions of the legislature.

§ 236. That section two hundred and thirty-six be amended to read:

Sec. 236. The certificate of election of a senator or member of the assembly is *prima facie* evidence of his right to membership.

Inserts the words "of a senator or member of the assembly."

§ 277. That section two hundred and seventy-seven be amended to read:

Sec. 277. Either of the justices of the peace has power to issue subpoenas for witnesses, at the request of either party, to be served by the sheriff as other subpoenas; and such justices, when met at the time and place appointed to take such depositions, have the same power to issue attachments and punish for contempt as is given to justices of the peace in the trial of civil actions.

The words "punish for contempt" have been substituted for the words "and assess fines against witnesses."

§§ 288-295. That sections two hundred and eighty-eight to two hundred and ninety-five be repealed, on the ground that they are inconsistent with section four, article five, of the constitution. By that section the returns of election must be sealed up and transmitted to the speaker of the assembly, who must, during the first week of the session, open and publish them in the presence of both houses, and the person then found to have the highest number of votes is governor. If there is any mode of contesting the election it must be by proceedings in the nature of quo warranto. See *State v. Sadler*, 25 Nev. 131.

§ 301. That section three hundred and one be amended to read:

Sec. 301. The subpoena may be served by any person qualified to serve a summons in a civil action, and his affidavit that he delivered a copy to the witness is evidence of service.

The words "qualified to serve a summons in a civil action" are substituted for the words "who might be a witness in the matter," for the reason that children of very tender years are competent as witnesses, but it is unwise to authorize them to serve subpoenas.

§ 310. That section three hundred and ten be amended to read:

Sec. 310. When the governor approves a bill, he must set his name thereto, with the date of his approval, naming the minute, hour, day, and month thereof, and deposit the same in the office of the secretary of state.

All of the section after the first sentence is omitted, on the ground that it is merely an attempted restatement of section sixteen of article four of the constitution; and in the first sentence are inserted the words "naming the minute, hour, day, and month thereof."

§ 318. That section three hundred and eighteen be repealed, because it is unnecessary and constitutes merely an imperfect index.

§ 323. That section three hundred and twenty-three be amended to read:

Sec. 323. Every statute, unless a different time is prescribed therein, takes effect on the sixtieth day after it is approved by the governor, or after it has remained with him ten days without his approval, or after it has been passed by the constitutional majority after being disapproved by him.

The words "its passage" at the end of the original section are omitted, and the clause commencing with the words "approved by the governor" added.

§§ 341-343. That sections three hundred and forty-one to three hundred and forty-three, including the whole of article one of chapter three, be repealed, because entirely unnecessary, and further, because the enumeration of officers therein is subject to constant change by statutes enacted by the legislature, and nothing in either section purports to confer any special power or authority upon any of the officers, and the authority of each must still be ascertained by reference to other statutes and other provisions of the code.

§ 348. That section three hundred and forty-eight be repealed. It is unnecessary and merely an imperfect indexing of the constitution.

§ 349. That section three hundred and forty-nine be repealed, because the office of state printer has been abolished by statute of 1871-2, p. 554, chap. 400, and by section 526, Political Code.

§§ 355-362. That sections three hundred and fifty-five to three hundred and sixty-two be repealed, because they declare no rules of law and represent mere matters of indexing.

§ 364. That section three hundred and sixty-four be amended to read:

Sec. 364. The board of examiners consists of the governor, the secretary of state, the attorney-general, or during his absence from the capital, the assistant attorney-general. The secretary of the board is ex officio a member thereof, to act only in the absence from the capital of any two of the members.

Inserts after "attorney-general" the words "or during his absence from the capital, the assistant attorney-general," to harmonize the section with section four hundred and seventy-two.

§ 367. That section three hundred and sixty-seven be repealed. It was superseded by the present state constitution.

§ 368. That section three hundred and sixty-eight be amended to read:

Sec. 368. The following executive officers are appointed by the governor, with the consent of the senate:

1. Trustees of the state burying grounds;
2. The trustees of the asylum for the deaf, dumb, and blind; the port wardens; the insurance commissioner; the members of the state board of health; a vaccine agent;
3. The pilot commissioners; the pilots for each harbor where there is not a board of pilot commissioners; the fish commissioners.

The following clauses are omitted: "an inspector of gas meters," because the statutes respecting inspectors did not continue in force after the adoption of section fourteen, article eleven, of the constitution (*Condict v. Police Court*, 59 Cal. 278); "the directors of the insane asylums," because those asylums are now provided for in the act creating the state commission in lunacy (1897, p. 311); "the commissioner of immigration"; "state geologist," because his office was apparently intended to be abolished by the statute of 1873-4, p. 694; "the tide land commissioners," because they were abolished by statute of 1875-6, p. 15 (Amendments to the Codes, chap. 49).

§ 370. That section three hundred and seventy be amended to read:

Sec. 370. The private and the executive secretaries, the clerk, the messenger and stenographer of the governor are appointed by him, and hold office at his pleasure.

The words "and the executive" inserted after "private," and the words "the messenger and stenographer" after the word "clerk."

§ 382. That section three hundred and eighty-two be amended to read:

Sec. 382. The governor must cause to be kept the following records:

1. A register of all applications for pardon or for commutation of any sentence, with a list of the official signatures and recommendation in favor of each application;
2. A register of statements in capital cases made to him, with his action thereon;
3. An account of all his official expenses and disbursements, including the incidental expenses of his department, and of all rewards offered by him for the apprehension of criminals and persons charged with crime;
4. A register of all appointments made by him, with date of commission, names of appointee and predecessor;
5. A record of all persons confined in the state prison, showing the name of the convict, his age and general appearance,

when and where convicted, and of what crime, with the date and term of his sentence.

The amendment consists in substituting in subdivision five the words "with the date and term of his sentence" for the words "the time of his sentence, and when such time expires."

§ 384. That section three hundred and eighty-four be amended to read:

Sec. 384. The annual salary of the governor, to include all services rendered ex officio as member of any board or commission as now required, or which may be by law hereafter devolved upon him, is six thousand dollars.

The amendment consists in the insertion of the word "is" before the word "six" in the last line.

§ 386. That section three hundred and eighty-six be amended to read:

Sec. 386. The annual salary of the executive secretary of the governor, who is ex officio secretary of the board of state capitol commissioners, is two thousand six hundred dollars; the annual salary of the clerk to the governor is eighteen hundred dollars; the annual salary of the stenographer to the governor is sixteen hundred dollars; and the annual salary of the messenger to the governor is nine hundred dollars.

The amendment consists of adding all after the first clause. It provides for the annual salary of the clerk, stenographer, and messenger to the governor.

§ 396. That section three hundred and ninety-six be repealed, because it states no rule of law and is in the nature of an index to the constitution.

§ 408. That section four hundred and eight be amended to read:

Sec. 408. In addition to the duties prescribed by the constitution, it is the duty of the secretary of state:

First—To attend at every session of the legislature, for the purpose of receiving bills and resolutions thereof, and to perform such other duties as may be devolved upon him by resolution of the two houses, or either of them;

Second—To keep a register of, and attest the official acts of, the governor;

Third—To affix the great seal, with his attestation, to commissions, pardons, and other public instruments, to which the official signature of the governor is required;

Fourth—To record in proper books all conveyances made to the State (except conveyances made under the revenue law of

lands sold for taxes), and all articles of incorporation filed in his office;

Fifth—To receive and record in proper books the official bonds of all the officers whose bonds are fixed by part three of this code, and then to deliver the original to the state treasurer;

Sixth—To record in a proper book all changes of names certified to him by the county clerks, in the manner in which such record is now made;

Seventh—To take and file in his office receipts for all books distributed by him, and to direct the county clerk of each county to do the same;

Eighth—To certify to the governor the names of those persons who have received at any election the highest number of votes for any office, the incumbent of which is commissioned by the governor;

Ninth—To furnish, on demand, to any person paying the fees therefor, a certified copy of all or any part of any law, record, or other instrument filed, deposited, or recorded in his office;

Tenth—To deliver to the superintendent of state printing, at the earliest day practicable after the final adjournment of each session of the legislature, an index of all laws, resolutions (with marginal notes), and journals, kept, passed, or adopted at such session;

Eleventh—To present to the legislature, at the commencement of each session thereof, a full account of all purchases made and expenses incurred by him in furnishing fuel, lights, and stationery;

Twelfth—To keep a fee book, in which must be entered all fees, commissions, and compensation of whatever nature or kind by him earned, collected, or charged, with the date, name of payor, paid or not paid, and the nature of the service in each case, which book must be verified annually by his affidavit entered therein;

Thirteenth—To file in his office descriptions of seals in use by the different state officers and furnish such officers with new seals whenever required;

Fourteenth—To discharge the duties of member of the state board of examiners, state capitol commissioner, state sealer of weights and measures, and all other duties required of him by law;

Fifteenth—To report to the governor, at the time prescribed in section three hundred and thirty-two, a detailed account of all of his official actions since his previous reports, and

accompanying the report with a detailed statement, under oath, of the manner in which all appropriations for his office have been expended.

Inserts in subdivision fourth the words "except conveyances made under the revenue law of lands for taxes"; in subdivision tenth the words "superintendent of state printing" for "state printer"; omits subdivision eleventh, requiring the secretary of state to notify the district attorney of the failure of any county officer to file sworn statements of the fees of his office; omits subdivision seventeenth, because its provisions are hereafter made part of section four hundred and ten.

§ 409. That section four hundred and nine be amended to read:

Sec. 409. Immediately after the laws, resolutions, and journals mentioned in subdivision tenth of the preceding section are bound, the secretary of state must distribute the same, as follows:

1. To each department of the government at Washington, and of the government of this State, one copy;

2. To the library of congress, the state library, and to the supreme court library, two copies each;

3. To each of the States, two copies;

4. To each of our members of congress, and to each of the United States district judges, judges of the supreme and superior courts of this State, one copy;

5. To the lieutenant-governor, each member of the legislature, secretary of the senate, and clerk of the assembly, at the session when such laws and journals were adopted, one copy;

6. To each of the incorporated colleges of the State, the university, and to such other literary and scientific institutions as in his opinion may secure an interchange of works, one copy;

7. Of the laws alone, to the county clerk of each county, in the cheapest and most expeditious manner, to be by the sheriff distributed under the direction of the clerks, one copy for the board of supervisors, one copy to each county officer, and each justice of the peace and police judge; and of the journals, three copies of each house to each county clerk, for the use of the county.

In subdivision one the word "tenth" substituted for the figure 9, to correct an error in the section as it now stands; in subdivision four the words "district and county courts of this State, and to the municipal, criminal, and probate courts of the city and county of San Francisco" are stricken out and the words "supreme and superior courts of this State" inserted in place thereof; in subdivision seven the words "and police judge" are inserted.

§ 410. That section four hundred and ten be amended to read:

Sec. 410. He must distribute of the bound volumes of the decisions of the supreme court, as soon as he receives them:

1. To each State, one copy;
2. To the library of congress, the state library, and the supreme court library, two copies each;
3. To each department of this State, and to each of the United States district judges for this State, supreme and superior judges of this State, and to the judges of the police court of San Francisco, one copy;
4. To each district attorney and county clerk, one copy;
5. To the reporter of the decisions, ten copies.

In subdivision three the words "district and county judges, and the judges of the municipal, criminal, and probate courts of the city and county of San Francisco" are stricken out, and the words "superior judges of this State, and to the judges of the police court of San Francisco" inserted.

§ 415. That a new section, numbered four hundred and fifteen, be added, to read:

Sec. 415. The secretary of state, to assist him in the discharge of the duties of his office, may appoint one deputy secretary of state, a keeper of the archives, a bookkeeper, three recording clerks, one janitor, one janitor's clerk, one engineer, one fireman, four porters, and three watchmen; also two elevator attendants, one of whom shall serve only during sessions of the legislature; also two special clerks in each legislative year, to serve from January to April, inclusive.

Intended to codify the statutes of 1873-4, p. 937; 1889, p. 451; 1899, p. 143, chap. 15; and also to enumerate the appointees now provided for in section three hundred and forty-three.

§ 422. That section four hundred and twenty-two be repealed, because its provisions are included in the last clause of section four hundred and fifteen as recommended.

§ 437a. That a new section, numbered four hundred and thirty-seven a, be added, to read:

Sec. 437a. The controller may appoint one deputy, one bookkeeper, one expert, and five clerks to assist him in the discharge of the duties of his office.

Codifies the statute of 1899, p. 146, chap. 109.

§ 444. That a new section, numbered four hundred and forty-four, be added, to read:

Sec. 444. The controller must, when the general fund of the state treasury is exhausted, and there is money in some other fund not required to meet any demand which has accrued or may accrue against it, report such fact to the governor and the treasurer. If they find that the money is not needed in such other fund, the governor may order the controller to direct the transfer of such money, or any part thereof, to the general fund. All money so transferred must be returned to the fund from which it was transferred as soon as there is sufficient money in the general fund to return it. Nothing in this section warrants the transfer of any money from any fund so as to in any manner interfere with the object for which such fund was created.

Codifies the statute of 1899, p. 156, chap. 125.

§ 452. That section four hundred and fifty-two be amended to read:

Sec. 452. It is the duty of the treasurer:

1. To receive and keep in the vaults of the state treasury all moneys belonging to the State, not required to be received and kept by some other person;

2. To file and keep the certificates of the controller delivered to him when moneys are paid into the treasury;

3. To deliver to each person paying money into the treasury a receipt showing the amount, the sources from which the money accrued, and the funds into which it is paid, which receipts must be numbered in order, beginning with number one at the commencement of each fiscal year;

4. To pay warrants drawn by the controller out of the funds upon and in the order in which they are drawn;

5. Upon payment of any warrants, to take upon the back thereof the receipt of the person to whom it is paid and file and preserve the same;

6. To keep an account of all moneys received and disbursed;

7. To keep separate accounts of the different funds;

8. To report to the controller, on the last day of each month, the amount disbursed for redemption of bonds and in payment of warrants during the month. Each report must show the number, date, and amount of each bond and warrant, and the fund out of which it is paid, and the balance of cash on hand in the treasury to the credit of each fund;

9. At the request of either house of the legislature, or of any committee thereof, to give information in writing as to the con-

dition of the treasury, or upon any subject relating to the duties of his office;

10. To report to the governor, at the time prescribed in section three hundred and thirty-two of this code, the exact balance in the treasury to the credit of the State, with a summary of the receipts and payments of the treasury during the two preceding fiscal years;

11. To authenticate with his official seal all writings and papers issued from his office;

12. To receive and keep the funds and securities deposited with him by the regents of the University of California, subject to the control and management of such regents, and to deliver all or any part of such fund or securities to the treasurer of such regents upon the presentation of a resolution by them adopted and indorsed by the governor of the State;

13. To discharge the duties of state capitol commissioner, and such other duties as may be imposed upon him by law.

In subdivision eight the words "Each report must show the number, date, and amount of each bond and warrant" are substituted for the words "which report must show the date and number of such bonds and warrants," to avoid conflict between this subdivision and section two of the act of 1871-2, p. 118. Subdivision twelve is a new subdivision codifying the statute of 1883, p. 54, sec. 2.

§ 453a. That a new section, numbered four hundred and fifty-three *a*, be added, to read:

Sec. 453a. Whenever any person donates to the State any money, the state treasurer is hereby authorized, upon the receipt of a certificate from the controller, to receive the same; and in case the donor, at the time of making the donation, designates, in writing, the fund he desires to benefit thereby, such donation must be appropriated accordingly, but if no such designation is made, then it must be paid into the common school fund.

Codifies the statute of 1880, p. 20, so far as it relates to donations to the State.

§ 456. That section four hundred and fifty-six be amended to read:

Sec. 456. The annual salary of the deputy state treasurer is twenty-four hundred dollars; of the bookkeeper of the state treasurer, two thousand dollars; and of the clerk of the state treasurer, sixteen hundred dollars.

The last clause, fixing the salary of the clerk, is added, and thereby section two of the statute of 1895, p. 88, is codified.

§ 457. That section four hundred and fifty-seven be amended to read:

Sec. 457. The state treasurer may employ three watchmen, at an annual salary of twelve hundred dollars each.

The word "three" is substituted for the word "two," and the section thereby conformed to the statute of 1895, p. 55, chap. 56.

§ 460. That a new section, numbered four hundred and sixty, be added, to read:

Sec. 460. When the general fund is exhausted, the state treasurer may advance out of any public fund in his charge, moneys on the controller's warrants, drawn for the salaries of public officers, entitled to monthly payments from the State, keeping such warrants as his vouchers until there is money in the general fund to cancel them, and to place them to his credit; but he must not take any money out of any fund against which there is any warrant then due, or which may become due, nor in any way keep claimants from their just demands.

Codifies the statute of 1873-4, p. 593, chap. 419.

§ 472. That section four hundred and seventy-two be amended to read:

Sec. 472. The attorney-general may appoint one assistant, who is ex officio a member of the state board of examiners when the attorney-general is absent from the capital, and three deputies, who are civil executive officers. The annual salary of the assistant is twenty-seven hundred dollars; the annual salary of the first deputy is twenty-four hundred dollars; the annual salary of the second deputy is twenty-four hundred dollars; the annual salary of the third deputy is twenty-four hundred dollars. Said salaries are payable in the same manner as salaries of other state officers.

Omits subdivisions one and two, which are hereafter recommended to be made sections four hundred and seventy-two *a* and four hundred and seventy-two *b*.

§ 472*a*. That a new section, numbered four hundred and seventy-two *a*, be added, to read:

Sec. 472*a*. The attorney-general must not, without the authorization of the board of examiners, employ special counsel in any case except those provided in section four hundred and seventy-four.

Consists of the matter now in subdivision one of section four hundred and seventy-two.

§ 472*b*. That a new section, numbered four hundred and seventy-two *b*, be added, to read:

Sec. 472*b*. The attorney-general shall have charge, as attorney, of all legal matters in which the State is in any wise interested, except the business of the regents of the University of California, and of the state harbor commissioners; and no board, officer or officers, or employé of the State, except said regents and said harbor commissioners, must employ any attorney other than the attorney-general, or one of his assistants or deputies, in any matter in which the State is interested, unless otherwise expressly provided by law; nor must any money be drawn out of the treasury, or out of any moneys appropriated out of the treasury, or out of any special or contingent fund under the control of any board, officer or officers, or employé, for the pay of any legal services rendered after March sixteenth, eighteen hundred and ninety-five, the provisions of any existing statute to the contrary notwithstanding. Whenever a district attorney in any county of this State, for any reason, becomes disqualified from conducting any criminal prosecution within such county, the attorney-general may employ special counsel to conduct such prosecution, and the attorney's fee in such case is a legal charge against the State.

Consists of subdivision two of present section four hundred and seventy-two.

§ 474. That section four hundred and seventy-four be amended to read:

Sec. 474. The attorney-general must institute investigations for the discovery of all real and personal property which may have escheated to the State, and for that purpose he has full power and authority to cite any and all persons before any of the superior courts of this State to answer investigations and render accounts concerning said property, real or personal, and to examine all books and papers of any and all corporations. When any real or personal property shall be discovered, which has escheated to the State, the attorney-general must institute suit in the superior court of the county where said property is situated, for the recovery thereof. The attorney-general may, for the purposes and objects of this section, employ counsel to act in his place and stead for the discovery and recovery of both personal and real property; and in such proceedings, both in investigation for discovery or proceedings for recovery, such counsel so employed shall have the power and authority of the attorney-general. The compensation for

services of such counsel must be determined by the board of examiners, and paid out of the sums so found to be escheated and recovered to the State, and not otherwise; such compensation not to exceed in any case ten per centum of the amount actually recovered by such proceedings.

The meaning of the section is not changed.

§ 475. That section four hundred and seventy-five be amended to read:

Sec. 475. The attorney-general may appoint two clerks for his office; the annual salary of each clerk is sixteen hundred dollars; and one phonographic reporter, at an annual salary of eighteen hundred dollars. Said salaries are payable in the same manner as the salaries of other state officers.

Subdivision one of the present section is omitted.

§ 498. That section four hundred and ninety-eight be repealed, because it states no rule of law.

§ 501. That section five hundred and one be amended to read:

Sec. 501. The register must charge and collect fees as follows: For each certificate of purchase, duplicate, or patent, three dollars; for certifying a contested case to a superior court, three dollars; for copies of papers in his office, ten cents per folio, and fifty cents for the certificate with the seal attached; and such other fees as may be allowed by law. All fees received by the register must be disposed of as provided in title eight of part three, of this code.

The word "superior" has been substituted for "district."

§ 512. That section five hundred and twelve be repealed, because it states no rule of law.

§ 515. That section five hundred and fifteen be amended to read:

Sec. 515. The annual salary of the clerk of the superintendent of public instruction is sixteen hundred dollars, and of his stenographer, twelve hundred dollars.

Adds the words "and of his stenographer, twelve hundred dollars," to conform the section to the statute of 1895, p. 238, chap. 192.

§ 516. That section five hundred and sixteen be amended to read:

Sec. 516. The actual traveling expenses of the superintendent, not exceeding one thousand five hundred dollars

annually, must be audited by the board of examiners, and paid out of the general fund in the state treasury.

To conform the section to subdivision nine of section fifteen hundred and thirty-two.

§ 517. That section five hundred and seventeen be amended to read:

Sec. 517. The superintendent must execute an official bond in the sum of twenty-five thousand dollars.

Substitutes "twenty-five" in place of "ten," because the proceeds of the sale of state school books often exceed the amount of the bond now required by law.

§ 528. That section five hundred and twenty-eight be amended to read:

Sec. 528. There must be printed of the laws of each session of the legislature, twenty-two hundred and fifty copies, in English, to be deposited with the secretary of state, who, after retaining a sufficient number of said volumes for distribution, in accordance with the provisions of section four hundred and nine, must deposit one hundred and fifty copies with the state librarian; the remaining copies to be sold at a price not to exceed three dollars per bound volume; the moneys thus received to be paid into the state treasury at the end of each month, as other fees are paid by the said secretary of state, and for the same purposes. Whenever any bill, joint or concurrent resolution, is passed to enrollment, by either the senate or assembly, the committee on enrollment of the house in which the bill, joint or concurrent resolution originated, must transmit the same, without delay, to the superintendent of state printing, who must receipt for all such bills and resolutions, and proceed at once to have the same printed, in the order in which received, in the measure prescribed by law for the statutes. So soon as printed, one copy, with proper blanks for the signatures of the officers whose duty it is to sign enrolled bills, must be printed on bond paper, which, together with the engrossed bill, must be sent to the committee on enrollment of the house in which the bill originated. Said committee must compare such copy with the engrossed bill, and if it is found to be correct must present it to the proper officers for their signatures. When such officials have signed their names thereon, as required by law, it is an enrolled bill, and must be transmitted to the governor for his approval. If the same is signed by the governor, and becomes a law, the printed law goes to the secretary of state and becomes the official record. When-

ever a law is signed by the governor, official notice must be forwarded, in writing, to the superintendent of state printing, of the fact. Upon the receipt of such official notice, the superintendent of state printing must cause to be printed, for the use of the legislature, two hundred and forty copies of said law, joint or concurrent resolution, to be distributed, one third to the senate and two thirds to the assembly, the sergeant-at-arms of the respective houses to receipt to the superintendent of state printing for the same, whose receipt is a proper voucher for the work. He must also cause to be printed the requisite number of sheets to make the number of copies of the statutes required by law to be printed, the one composition of type to answer the purpose of printing the three editions. Of the journals and appendices of the senate and assembly there must be printed four hundred and eighty copies, in one volume or more, as may be required by the size thereof. The superintendent of state printing must have the laws, journals of the senate and assembly, and the appendices and indices thereto, properly bound, the laws in full sheep binding, and journals and appendices in half law sheep binding, marble sides, and deliver the same to the secretary of state for distribution as soon as practicable after the final adjournment of the legislature, and the receipt of the secretary of state is his voucher therefor.

The amendment omits the words "and of such laws, resolutions, and memorials as may be designated by the legislature, two hundred and forty copies in Spanish," to conform to section twenty-four, article four, of the constitution; also omits "indexed and," because by subdivision ten, section four hundred and eight, the secretary of state is required to prepare the indices.

§ 533. That section five hundred and thirty-three be amended to read:

Sec. 533. All ruling, folding and stitching, and binding required to be executed for the State must be done under the supervision of said superintendent. He must advertise for thirty days in one daily newspaper published in the city of San Francisco, and one daily newspaper published in the city of Sacramento, specifying the character of the ruling, folding and stitching, and binding to be bid upon, for proposals to do all such ruling, folding and stitching, and binding; all of which work must be done in the city of Sacramento; and on the day appointed he must, in the presence of the board of examiners, open the bids that may be received, and said super-

intendent of state printing and said board of examiners must award said contract to the lowest responsible bidder therefor.

Substitutes the words "ruling, folding and stitching, and binding" for the words "ruling, folding, and folding and stitching," "binding, folding and stitching," and "folding, folding and stitching, ruling and binding."

§ 534. That section five hundred and thirty-four be amended to read:

Sec. 534. The annual salary of the superintendent of state printing is three thousand dollars. He may appoint a deputy, who shall receive an annual salary of two thousand four hundred dollars. Such salaries must be paid at the same time and in the same manner as the salaries of other state officers.

Consolidates in one section what now appears to be two parts of section five hundred and thirty-four.

§ 537. That section five hundred and thirty-seven be repealed. This repeal is recommended on the ground that the present section is meaningless, and that the state treasurer ought not to be authorized to advance moneys on controller's warrants when there are no funds in his hands with which to pay them.

§ 539. That section five hundred and thirty-nine be amended to read:

Sec. 539. Engrossment consists in making the bill as printed conform to the original bill, or to the original bill as amended. Enrollment consists in printing the bill in the form provided by section five hundred and twenty-eight, and signing it by the presiding officers of the houses. All bills and other documents ordered engrossed by either house of the legislature must be delivered by the secretary of the senate or chief clerk of the house, as the case may be, to the engrossing clerk of the house ordering the engrossment, who must deliver such bills or other documents, without delay, in the order of their receipt, to the superintendent of state printing, who must, if the same have been amended since they were last printed, receipt for the same and without delay print the same as amended, in the order so received by him, and deliver such engrossed bill or other documents, with the original thereof, to the engrossing clerk from whom he receives the same, who must carefully compare the engrossed copy with the original, and if correctly engrossed, report the same back, with the original, to the engrossing committee of the house from which

he received it. All bills and other documents that have been printed must be considered engrossed, if no amendments have been made after being printed, but the original bill or document must be delivered to the engrossing clerk of the respective houses where the same originated, and he must compare the original bill, or other document, with the printed bill or other document, and forthwith deliver them to the committee on engrossment for return to the house in the same manner as engrossed bills. Such bills or other documents must have a separate order of comparison from the engrossed bills. And all bills and other documents, required to be enrolled by order of either house, must be delivered by the secretary of the senate, or chief clerk of the house, as the case may be, to the enrolling clerk of the house ordering such enrollment, who must deliver such bills or other documents, without delay, in the order of their receipt, to the superintendent of state printing, who must receipt for the same, and who must, without delay, correctly print the same, as provided in section five hundred and twenty-eight, in the order so received by him, and when printed, he must deliver such enrolled bills or other documents, with the originals thereof, to the enrolling clerk from whom he received the same, who must carefully compare such enrolled copy with the original, and if correctly enrolled, he must report the same back, with the original, to the enrolling committee of the house from which he received it.

Consists (1) of the addition of the first two sentences; (2) of striking out "state printer" and inserting "superintendent of state printing"; (3) in inserting "if the same had been amended since they were last printed"; (4) in substituting the word "print" for "engrossed" after the word "delay"; (5) in substituting the word "print" for "enroll" after "correctly."

§§ 548-555. That the whole of article XIII, consisting of sections five hundred and forty-eight to five hundred and fifty-five, be repealed, on the ground that the office of state geologist was intended to be terminated by the act of 1873-4, p. 694.

§§ 541-557. That the act of March 30, 1877-8, p. 740, known as the Bank Commissioners' Act, with its amendments, be codified by adding a new article XIII, to consist of sections five hundred and forty-one to five hundred and fifty-seven inclusive, to read:

ARTICLE XIII.

BANK COMMISSIONERS.

- SEC. 541. Appointment and qualification.
542. Salary and expenses.
543. Expenses and salary, how paid.
544. Powers of the commissioners.
545. Duties of the commissioners.
546. Reports to be made by corporations.
547. Proceedings against corporations violating their charter, or conducting their business in an unsafe manner.
548. Prohibitions.
549. Dividends to be declared by corporations.
550. Banking by persons or unincorporated associations.
551. Prohibition of the use of the word "bank" or "savings."
552. Prohibition of certain advertisements.
553. Misdemeanor in refusing to appear and testify.
554. Misdemeanor. Neglect of commissioner and penalty therefor.
555. Penalty for transacting business without a license.
556. Penalty for loans and investments in mining shares or stocks.
557. Penalty for failing to furnish reports to commissioners.

Appointment and qualification.

Sec. 541. The board of bank commissioners consists of three members. At the expiration of the term of office of any member, the governor must appoint his successor, to hold office for four years, and until his successor is appointed and qualified. No person must be appointed to such office who has any official connection with, or is in the employ of, any savings bank, or bank, or banking company or corporation or society, nor must any of such commissioners, during his term of office, own or be interested in the stock or other property thereof. No two of the commissioners must be residents of the same county, and one of them must be an expert of accounts. Each commissioner must, before entering upon his duties as such, take the oath of office and execute a bond in the sum of twenty thousand dollars, as prescribed by this code for other state officers.

Corresponds to sections one and two of the act, except that the last sentence of section one is omitted for the purpose of inserting its provisions in section five hundred and forty-five, in which are specified the duties of the commissioners.

Salary and expenses.

Sec. 542. Each bank commissioner is entitled to a salary of three thousand six hundred dollars per annum, and to his necessary traveling expenses, not to exceed three thousand

dollars per year for the three commissioners, to be audited by the state controller, and paid by the state treasurer, in the same manner as the salaries and expenses of other state officers.

Consists of section twelve of the act, except the last sentence, which is transferred to subdivision six, section five hundred and forty-five.

Expenses and salary, how paid.

Sec. 543. To pay the salaries and all other necessary expenses of the commissioners, as provided for by this article, every corporation receiving a license must pay annually, in advance, to the commissioners in gold coin, its share of the amount required to pay such salaries and expenses; the share to be paid by any corporation to be determined by the proportion which its deposits bear to the aggregate deposits of all such corporations receiving licenses, as shown by the latest reports of such corporations to the commissioners. The commissioners must, on demand therefor, and without charge, furnish to every corporation, society, association, company, institution, firm, or person mentioned in this article, copies of papers, statements, and reports filed in their office, and may, as provided by this article, recover any and all moneys payable to them by any corporation, association, society, company, institution, firm, or person herein mentioned; and all moneys collected or received by such bank commissioners, or either of them, under or by virtue of the provisions herein, must be by them delivered to the treasurer of this State, who must pay the same into a fund known as the "bank commissioners' fund."

Corresponds to section sixteen of the act.

Powers of the commissioners.

Sec. 544. The bank commissioners have power:

1. To appoint a secretary, at a salary of two hundred dollars per month;
2. To procure rooms necessary for their office, at a rent not to exceed seventy-five dollars per month, and stationery, fuel, and other conveniences for the transaction of their duties, not to exceed in the aggregate twelve hundred dollars per annum. All expenses authorized in this subdivision to be audited and paid in the same manner as the salaries of the commissioners;
3. To issue subpoenas to compel witnesses to attend and testify before them, or any of them, on any examination authorized to be made by them, or any of them, and to issue attachments and impose penalties for disobedience of such subpoenas; and such witnesses may also be punished as provided in the Penal

Code. All subpoenas and attachments must be served, obeyed, and enforced, as provided in the Code of Civil Procedure, for civil cases;

4. To sue for and recover, in the name of the State, all sums of money which may become due, payable, or forfeited by any of the provisions of this article;

5. To perform all other duties imposed upon them by law.

Subdivision one corresponds to the first sentence of section fourteen of the act; subdivision two to the balance of the section; subdivision three to section eighteen; subdivision four to section nineteen.

Duties of the commissioners.

Sec. 545. The duties of the bank commissioners are:

1. To have their office in the city of San Francisco, and to keep it open for business from nine o'clock A. M. to four o'clock P. M. on all days other than non-judicial;

2. To prepare and furnish every bank, savings bank, banking company, or banking corporation doing business in this State, whether formed or incorporated under its laws or those of some other state, territory, or country, applying therefor, a license, in the form to be prescribed by such commissioners, authorizing such corporation to use the name and to transact the business of a bank, savings bank, or banking company until the first day of July next thereafter. But they shall not issue any license to any savings bank unless at least fifty per cent of all its loans are secured by first mortgage or other prior lien, upon real estate situate within this State, such loans, at the date when made, not to exceed sixty per cent of the market value of the security, except when made for the purpose of facilitating the sale of property owned by the corporation;

3. To receive and place on file in their office, the reports required to be made to them, and to keep the same open to the inspection of the public during their office hours;

4. To prepare and furnish on demand, to all persons, partnerships, corporations, or officers required to make and return statements or reports to such commissioners, blank forms for such statements or reports;

5. To make, on or before the first day of October of each year, a report to the governor, containing a tabulated statement and synopsis of the several reports, returns, and statements filed in their office since their last report, and of any other proceeding had and done by them under this article, showing generally the condition of the respective savings, commercial, and other banking corporations and institutions of

this State, and such other matters as in their opinion may be of interest to the public, with a detailed statement, verified by their oaths, of all the moneys and fees of office received by them during the same period;

6. Not to hold any other office or engage in any other business requiring his or their personal attention between the hours of nine o'clock A. M. and four o'clock P. M.;

7. To furnish, during the first week of each session of the legislature, a copy of their annual report to each member thereof;

8. To keep proper books of record of all acts, matters, and things to be done by them under the provisions of this article, which books must be open to the public during their office hours;

9. Upon the expiration of their terms of office, to deliver to their successors, or if there are none, then to the state controller, all property, books, reports, and papers of every description, pertaining to their office;

10. By one or more of their number, as may be designated by them, as often as in their judgment may be necessary, but not less than once each year, without previous notice, to visit and make personal and full examination of each and every corporation mentioned in this section, and inspect all books, papers, notes, bonds, or evidences of debt of such corporation, and all securities, and ascertain the condition of every such corporation, its solvency, its ability to fulfill its obligations, and if, in their opinion, it is deemed necessary, report this condition to the attorney-general as soon as practicable after such examination. Also to examine, under oath, any of the officers, agents, and servants of such corporation in relation to its affairs and condition, and authority is hereby given to each of such commissioners to administer such oath personally.

Subdivision one consists of parts of sections one and fourteen of the act; subdivision two of part of sections three and eight; subdivision three of part of section fifteen; subdivisions four and five of parts of section three; subdivision six is taken from section twelve; subdivision seven from section thirteen; subdivision eight from section seventeen; subdivision nine from section twenty; and subdivision ten from sections four and five of the act.

Reports to be made by corporations.

Sec. 546. Every corporation mentioned in section five hundred and forty-five, including banks in liquidation or

insolvency, must, whenever required by the board of bank commissioners, report in writing to it, verified by the oath of its president and its secretary and cashier, or its two principal officers, the actual condition of such corporation at the close of any past day, by the commissioners specified, by stating:

First—The amount of its capital stock, and the number of shares into which it is divided;

Second—The names of the directors, and the number of shares of stock held by each;

Third—The total amount actually paid, in money, by stockholders for capital stock, and the total amount of reserve fund, if any;

Fourth—The total amount due to depositors;

Fifth—The total amount and character of any other liabilities it may have;

Sixth—The amount at which the lot and building, occupied by the bank for the transaction of its regular business, stands debited on its books, together with the market value of all other real estate held, whether acquired in settlement of loans or otherwise; the amount at which it stands debited on the bank books; in what county situated, and in what name the title is vested, if not in the name of the corporation itself;

Seventh—The amount loaned on real estate, specifying the amount secured on real estate in each county separately; also, specifying the name of the person in whose name the property is held in trust, or as security, in case it is held in any name other than that of the bank, and the instrument creating the security does not of itself disclose the name of the bank;

Eighth—The amount invested in bonds, designating each particular class, and the amount thereof;

Ninth—The amount loaned on stocks and bonds, designating each particular class, and the amount thereof;

Tenth—The amount of money loaned on other securities, with a particular designation of each class, and the amount loaned on each;

Eleventh—The actual amount of money on hand or deposited in any other bank or place, with the name of the place where deposited, and the amount in each place;

Twelfth—Any other property held or any amount of money loaned, deposited, invested or placed, not otherwise herein enumerated, with the place where situate, and the value of such property, and the amounts so loaned, deposited, or placed.

The oaths of the officers to the statements above required must state that they, and each of them, have a personal knowl-

edge of the matters therein contained, and that they believe every allegation, statement, matter, and thing therein contained is true; and any wilfully false statement in the premises is perjury, and must be punished as such. The reports provided for by this section must by the commissioners be required from each and every corporation herein mentioned at least three times in each year, and must be transmitted to the commissioners within fifteen days after the receipt from them of a request or requisition.

Corresponds to section nine of the act.

Proceedings against corporations violating their charter, or conducting their business in an unsafe manner.

Sec. 547. If the bank commissioners, on the examination of the affairs of any corporation mentioned in section five hundred and forty-five, find that any such corporation has been guilty of violating its charter, the laws of the State, or any of the provisions of this article, or is conducting business in an unsafe manner, they must, by an order addressed to the corporation so offending, direct the discontinuance of such illegal and unsafe practices, and a conformity with the requirements of the law and its charter, and the provisions of this article. If such corporation refuses or neglects to conform with such requirements before the expiration of the time in the order specified, or if it appears to the commissioners and they unanimously decide that it is unsafe for any such corporation to continue to transact business, it is their duty immediately to take such control of such corporation, and all the property and effects thereof, as may be necessary to prevent waste or diversion of assets, and to hold possession of the same until the order of court hereinafter mentioned, and to immediately notify the attorney-general of their action. He, upon receiving such notification, must immediately commence suit in the proper court against such corporation, and all its directors or trustees, to enjoin them from the transaction of any further business. If, upon the hearing of the case, the court finds that it is unsafe for such corporation to continue business, and that it is insolvent, the court must issue the injunction applied for, cause the same to be served according to law, and order the commissioners to surrender to the corporation the property thereof in their possession for the purpose of liquidation; or if the court finds that such corporation is solvent, and may safely continue business, it must dismiss the action and order that the corporation be restored to the possession of its

property. The issuance of the injunction hereinabove provided for, by operation of law, dissolves any and all attachments levied upon any property of such corporation within one month next preceding the date of the notification by the commissioners to the attorney-general, and no attachment or execution must, after the issuance of such injunction and during the process of liquidation hereinafter provided for, be levied upon any property of said corporation, nor must any lien be created thereon. If it appears to the court at such hearing, or at any time during the liquidation hereinafter provided for, on the petition of one or more of the bank commissioners, or any other interested party, that any of the directors or trustees, or officers of said corporation, has been guilty of fraud, malversation, or criminal carelessness or negligence, or that any of them is not a proper person to be intrusted with the closing of the affairs and business of such corporation in the interest of the depositors, creditors, and stockholders thereof, the court must cause to be issued and served upon said directors or trustees, or officers, or any of them, an order to show cause why they, or any of them, should not be removed from office, which order must briefly recite the grounds of the application and be returnable at a time to be fixed by the court. If, on the hearing, the court finds that such directors or trustees or officers, or any of them, ought to be removed from office, it must enter its order of removal accordingly, which order is final in the premises. If the board of directors or trustees of the corporation neglects, for the period of ten days after such removal, to elect or appoint a successor or successors to the person or persons so removed, then the court, by an order entered in the cause, must appoint such successor or successors; and the court also has power in like manner to fill all vacancies occurring in the board, and to appoint directors or trustees in their stead, whenever from any cause there are no directors or trustees, or not a sufficient number thereof to constitute a quorum for the transaction of business; and when from any cause there are no directors or trustees, the court may order an election by the stockholders, to be held according to law. Subject to this right of removal and appointment, the directors or trustees of all banking corporations in liquidation must be permitted to continue the management of the affairs of such corporations during the process of liquidation, under the direction of the bank commissioners, as hereinafter provided. The affairs of every corporation mentioned in this article which is hereafter forced

into liquidation, must be closed, and the business thereof settled within four years from the time it enters into liquidation, unless at the expiration of such time it obtains the consent, in writing, from a majority of the board of bank commissioners, to continue in liquidation for a longer period. The bank commissioners, however, have no power to grant a continuance for such purpose for a longer period than one year at each time, and the affairs of any corporation in process of liquidation at the time of the adoption of this section must be closed within a time to be designated by such bank commissioners. Any corporation mentioned herein, now in liquidation, or that hereafter goes into liquidation, must make reports of the condition of its affairs to the bank commissioners, in the same manner as the solvent banks mentioned in this article, and in addition thereto, must state the amount of dividends paid, debts collected, and the amounts realized on property sold, if any, since the previous report. The bank commissioners must examine the condition of every such corporation in liquidation, in the same manner as in the case of solvent banks; and they have a general supervision of any such corporation. They have the power to limit the number of employés necessary to close up the business of any such corporation, and to also limit their salaries, and must do all in their power to make such liquidation economical and as expeditious as the interests of the depositors and stockholders will admit. If any officer or employé of any corporation, insolvent or in liquidation, mentioned in this article, refuses to comply with the provisions of this section, or disregards or refuses to obey the directions of the bank commissioners given in accordance with the provisions of this article, such officer or employé must be punished by a fine not exceeding five thousand dollars, or by imprisonment in the county jail not exceeding one year, or by both such fine and imprisonment, as a court of competent jurisdiction may determine.

Corresponds to section eleven of the act.

Prohibitions.

Sec. 548. No savings bank, or bank or banking corporation, shall be incorporated in this State and conduct such banking business in a city or town of five thousand inhabitants or under, with a capital stock of less than twenty-five thousand dollars, or in a city or town of over five thousand and not exceeding ten thousand inhabitants with a capital stock of less than fifty thousand dollars, or in a city or town of over

ten thousand and not exceeding twenty-five thousand inhabitants with a capital stock of less than one hundred thousand dollars, or in a city or town of over twenty-five thousand inhabitants with a capital stock of less than two hundred thousand dollars. Before the secretary of state issues to any corporation that proposes to do a banking business his certificate of the filing of the articles of incorporation, there must be filed in his office the affidavit of the persons named in said articles as the first directors of the corporation, that all the capital stock has been actually and in good faith subscribed, and at least fifty per centum thereof paid, in lawful money of the United States, to a person in such affidavit named, for the benefit of such corporation. The remainder of the capital stock must be paid in within two years after said banking corporation receives from the commissioners its first license to transact business, and if not so paid, no further license must be issued to it. The provisions of this section do not apply to corporations existing prior to March thirtieth, eighteen hundred and seventy-eight.

Corresponds to section twenty-four of the act, except that at the end thereof, the date of the passage of such act is mentioned as the one after which the provisions of the section shall apply to corporations.

Dividends to be declared by corporations.

Sec. 549. The directors of any savings bank, bank or banking corporation having a capital stock, may semi-annually declare a dividend of so much of the net profits of the stockholders as they shall judge expedient; but every such corporation must, before the declaration of such dividend, carry at least one tenth ($\frac{1}{10}$) part of the net profits of the stockholders for the preceding half year to its surplus or reserve fund until the same amounts to twenty-five per centum of its paid-up capital stock. But the whole or any part of such surplus or reserve fund, if held as the exclusive property of stockholders, may at any time be converted into paid-up capital stock, in which event such surplus or reserve fund must be restored in manner as above provided, until it amounts to twenty-five per centum of the aggregate paid-up capital stock. A larger surplus or reserve fund may be created, and nothing herein contained shall be construed as prohibitory thereof.

Corresponds to section twenty-five of the act.

Banking by persons or unincorporated associations.

Sec. 550. Every person or number of persons, not being incorporated, engaged in the business of banking, or publicly

receiving money on deposit, must conduct such business under a name which shows the true names of all persons engaged therein, unless such person or persons have complied with, or shall forthwith comply with, the provisions of article seven, of chapter two, title ten, part four, division third, of the Civil Code of this State. Every person engaged for himself, or any person being the cashier, manager, or agent, of two or more persons, not incorporated, engaged in the business of banking, or publicly receiving money on deposit, must, three times in each year, or oftener, if required by the bank commissioners, report in writing to the commissioners, verified under oath, which report must show the actual financial condition of the said business on any past day by the commissioners specified, and also state the facts required to be stated by incorporated banks or banking corporations in section five hundred and forty-six, so far as the same appertain to said business. Such reports must be transmitted to the commissioners within fifteen days after the receipt from the commissioners of a request or requisition therefor. Every person violating any of the provisions of this section is guilty of a misdemeanor, and is punishable by imprisonment in the county jail for not less than ninety days nor more than six months, or by fine not less than one hundred dollars nor more than five hundred dollars, or by both such fine and imprisonment.

Corresponds to section twenty-three of the act.

Prohibition of the use of the word "bank" or "savings."

Sec. 551. The use of the word "bank," or any other word or term denoting or implying the conduct of the business of banking, or the use of the word "savings" alone or in connection with other words denoting or implying the conduct of the business of a savings institution, or a savings and loan society, is hereby prohibited to all persons, firms, associations, companies, or corporations other than those subject to the supervision of the bank commissioners or required by this article to report to them, and no license, as in this article provided, must be issued by the commissioners to any corporation that does not receive money from the public as deposits in manner customary with commercial or savings banks. Any person, firm, association, company, or corporation not subject to the supervision of the bank commissioners, or not required by this article to report to them, making use of terms implying the conduct of a bank, savings bank, or savings and loan society by means of signs, advertisements, letter heads, bill heads, blank

notes, blank receipts, certificates, circulars, or any written or printed or partly written and partly printed paper whatever, having thereon any artificial or corporate name or other word or words indicating that such business is the business of a bank, savings bank, or savings and loan society, shall forfeit, for each day the offense is continued, the sum of one hundred dollars, to be recovered as provided in this article.

Corresponds to section twenty-six of the act.

Prohibition of certain advertisements.

Sec. 552. No banker, nor officer of any bank or corporation doing a banking business, must advertise in any manner, or publish any statement of the capital stock authorized or subscribed, unless he advertises and publishes in connection therewith, the amount of capital actually paid up. Any officer of any bank or corporation doing a banking business, advertising in any manner, or publishing a statement of the capital stock of such bank or banking corporation, authorized or subscribed, without the statement in connection therewith of the stock actually paid up, is guilty of a misdemeanor.

Corresponds to section twenty-seven of the act.

Misdemeanor in refusing to appear and testify.

Sec. 553. Whoever neglects or refuses, after demand and notice thereof, and without justifiable cause, to appear and testify under oath before the bank commissioners, or any of them, in the discharge of their or his duty, is guilty of a misdemeanor and punishable by a fine not exceeding five thousand dollars, or by imprisonment in the county jail not exceeding one year, or by both such fine and imprisonment.

Consists of the last clause of section five of the act.

Misdemeanor. Neglect of commissioner, and penalty therefor.

Sec. 554. If any bank commissioner has knowledge of the insolvency or unsafe condition of any corporation mentioned in this article, and neglects to report the same, in writing, to the attorney-general, as required by this article, he must, on conviction thereof, be punished by a fine not exceeding ten thousand dollars nor less than five thousand dollars, or by imprisonment in the county jail not less than one year nor more than two years, or by both such fine and imprisonment, and his office must be declared vacant by the governor, and a successor be appointed for the unexpired term.

Corresponds to section six of the act.

Penalty for transacting business without a license.

Sec. 555. No corporation must use the name or transact the business of a savings bank, bank, or banking corporation without the license provided for by section five hundred and forty-five. Any corporation violating this provision forfeits the sum of one hundred dollars per day during the continuance of the offense; and any person who enters upon, engages in, or carries on, or in any manner attends to the business or management of a savings bank, bank, or banking corporation, doing business without such license, whether as manager, principal, agent, officer, employé or otherwise, forfeits the sum of one hundred dollars for every day he so enters upon, engages in, carries on, or attends to such business; and any violation of this section is also hereby declared to be a misdemeanor.

Corresponds to section seven of the act.

Penalty for loans and investments in mining shares or stocks.

Sec. 556. It is unlawful for any savings and loan society or savings bank to purchase, invest, or loan any part of its capital, or of the money of its depositors, in mining shares or stocks. Any president or managing officer who knowingly consents to a violation of this section, is guilty of a felony.

Consists of the last two sentences of section eight of the act.

Penalty for failing to furnish reports to commissioners.

Sec. 557. Any corporation mentioned in section five hundred and forty-five, failing to furnish to the bank commissioners any report by them required under the provisions of this article, within the time herein specified, forfeits the sum of one hundred dollars per day during the time of such default.

Consists of section ten of the act.

§§ 561-567. That article XIV, consisting of sections five hundred and sixty-one to five hundred and sixty-seven inclusive, be repealed, because they have been superseded by the statute of 1891, p. 487. The article is probably also unconstitutional under section fourteen, article eleven of the state constitution, and subdivision five of article eight of the constitution of the United States. See also *Condict v. Police Court*, 59 Cal. 278.

§§ 577-584. That sections five hundred and seventy-seven to five hundred and eighty-four be repealed, because they are inconsistent with section fourteen of article eleven of the state constitution. See *Condict v. Police Court*, 59 Cal. 278.

§§ 585-593*e*. That the statute of 1893, p. 229, relating to the commissioners of building and loan associations, be codified by adding article XV*a*, consisting of sections five hundred and eighty-five to five hundred and ninety-three *e*, inclusive, to read:

ARTICLE XV*a*.

COMMISSIONERS OF BUILDING AND LOAN ASSOCIATIONS.

- Sec. 585. Appointment and qualification.
- 586. Secretary and his appointment and qualification.
- 587. Salary and expenses of the commissioners.
- 588. Funds for the payment of salaries and expenses, and the mode of their collection.
- 589. Powers of the commissioners.
- 590. Duties of the commissioners.
- 591. Corporations subject to the jurisdiction of the commissioners.
- 592. Licensing of associations.
- 593. Reports by associations.
- 593*a*. Associations violating the law or proceeding in an unsafe manner.
- 593*b*. Receivers and their duties.
- 593*c*. Withdrawal of stockholders.
- 593*d*. Penalty for refusing to appear and testify.
- 593*e*. Punishment of commissioners for failure to report.

Appointment and qualification.

Sec. 585. The board of commissioners of building and loan associations consists of two members, who are appointed by the governor, and hold office for four years and until their successors are appointed and qualified. Each commissioner must be an expert of accounts, and each must, before entering upon the duties of his office, execute an official bond in the sum of five thousand dollars, and take the oath of office as prescribed by this code for state officers in general.

Consists of parts of sections one and fourteen of the original act.

Secretary and his appointment and qualification.

Sec. 586. The commissioners may appoint a secretary, at a salary not exceeding twelve hundred dollars per year, who must, before entering upon the discharge of his duties, take the oath of office and execute a bond in the sum of two thousand dollars, as prescribed by this code. The secretary has the same power as the commissioners to examine the books and affairs of the associations.

Consists of parts of sections two and four of the original act.

Salary and expenses of the commissioners.

Sec. 587. The commissioners are entitled to receive a salary of twenty-four hundred dollars per annum, each, and necessary

traveling expenses of themselves and their secretary, not to exceed seven hundred dollars per annum for all three. Such salaries and traveling expenses must be audited by the controller and paid in the same manner as the salary and expenses of other state officers.

Conforms to section two of the original act.

Funds for the payment of salaries and expenses, and the mode of their collection.

Sec. 588. To meet the expenses authorized by this article, every building and loan association, or corporation or association doing business on the building and loan plan, must pay, in advance, to the commissioners, its pro rata of such expenses, to be determined by an assessment levied on the shares of each of such associations in force on the thirty-first day of December, preceding such levy, according to the par value of such shares; and annually thereafter, the commissioners must levy, in a like manner, and collect in advance, a like assessment on the shares of all such associations in force as per report, herein provided for, to be made to the commissioners, of the condition at the close of business on December thirty-first of each year. No association must pay less than ten dollars per annum. All associations hereafter organized must pay to the commissioners for their licenses not less than one dollar per month for the term expiring December thirty-first succeeding, dating from the time of application for license. The collection of all moneys assessed, as herein provided, for the annual expenses, or forfeitable as fines for failure to make reports as herein specified, and due from any corporation or association coming within the provisions of this article, may be enforced by action instituted in any court of competent jurisdiction, and all moneys collected or received by the commissioners must be deposited with the state treasurer, to the credit of a fund to be known and designated as the "building and loan association inspection fund."

Consolidates sections fifteen and sixteen of the original act.

Powers of the commissioners.

Sec. 589. The powers of the board of commissioners are:

1. To procure rooms for their office in the city of San Francisco, at a monthly rental not exceeding forty dollars, and to provide fuel, stationery, printing, and other necessary conveniences connected with such office, not to exceed the aggregate cost of four hundred dollars per annum. All the expenses authorized in this subdivision must be audited and paid in the same manner as the salaries of the commissioners;

2. To appoint a secretary as provided in section five hundred and eighty-six;

3. To order a revaluation of the securities of any building and loan association when they deem it necessary, and for that purpose, to appoint local appraisers at the expense of such association, the total expense of such appraisement not to exceed two dollars and fifty cents for each property examined and appraised. Each appraiser must make a sworn report to the commissioners of the appraised values of all property examined;

4. Each of the commissioners has power to summon all trustees, officers, or agents of any such corporation, and such witnesses as he thinks proper, in relation to the affairs, transactions, and conditions of the corporation, and for that purpose may administer oaths;

5. To perform all other duties imposed on them by this article or by any other law.

Subdivision one contains a part of section three; subdivision two part of section two; subdivision three all of section seven, after the first sentence; subdivision four, the first sentence of section eight.

Duties of the commissioners.

Sec. 590: The duties of the commissioners are:

1. To keep an office in the city of San Francisco, and have it open for business every business day during such hours as are commonly observed as banking hours by the banks of that city;

2. To furnish all corporations legally authorized to transact the business of a building and loan association within this State, a license authorizing them to transact such business for one year from the date of the license;

3. To receive and place on file in their office the annual reports required to be made by building and loan associations;

4. To supply each association with blank forms for such statements as the commissioners may require;

5. To make, on or before the first day of October, of each year, a tabulated report to the governor, showing the condition of all institutions examined by them, with such recommendations as they may deem proper, accompanied by a detailed statement, verified by oath, of all moneys received and expended by them since their last report;

6. To visit once in every year, and as much oftener as they may deem expedient, every building and loan association doing business in this State, and thoroughly inspect and

examine all the affairs of each of them, and make such inquiries as may be necessary to ascertain its condition and ability to fulfill all its engagements, and whether it has complied with the provisions of law governing such associations;

7. To preserve in a permanent form a full record of their proceedings, including a statement of the condition of each of said corporations, which must be open to the inspection of the public during their office hours;

8. To jointly, or by one of their number, at least once in each year, and as much oftener as they may deem expedient, examine the actions and doings of all receivers appointed under this article, and carefully examine and report upon all accounts and reports of such receivers made to the proper court and referred to the commissioners by the court; and, for the purposes of this subdivision, each commissioner is entitled to free access to the books and papers relating to the transactions of such receivers, and may examine them under oath relative to such transactions;

9. Upon the certificate, under oath, of any five or more officers, trustees, shareholders, or depositors, in any corporation named in this article, filed with them, setting forth the necessity and reasons for making such examination, and requesting it to be made, to forthwith make a full examination of its affairs;

10. When, in their opinion, any corporation mentioned in this article, or its officers or trustees, have violated any law relating to such corporation, to forthwith report the same to the attorney-general, who must immediately, in behalf of the people of the State, institute a prosecution for such violation.

Subdivision one is from section three; subdivisions two, three, four, and five are from section five; subdivision six consists of section six, except the last sentence; subdivision seven, of the last sentence of section six; subdivision eight corresponds to section twelve; subdivision nine to section thirteen; and subdivision ten to section fourteen.

Corporations subject to the jurisdiction of the commissioners.

Sec. 591. All building and loan associations doing business in this State, no matter where or when incorporated, are subject to the examination and supervision of the board of commissioners of building and loan associations, and, to facilitate the examinations in this article provided for, each of such associations must keep a book of records, in ink, showing the appraised value of the real estate security held in connection with each loan and signed in each case by the appraiser or

officer or committee of the association making the estimate of value. The name "building and loan association," and all reference to the same as "association" or "associations," as used in this article, includes all corporations, societies, or organizations, investment companies or associations, whether organized in this State or represented by agents, doing a savings and loan or investment business, and which are not under the direct supervision of the bank commissioners or the insurance commissioner, and whether issuing certificates of stock which mature at a time fixed in advance or not, and also includes any association or company which is based on the plan of building and loan associations, and which contains features similar to such associations; the building and loan commissioners are hereby vested with the power of determining whether such association or associations contain such features as are based on plans similar to those of building and loan associations, and whether they properly come within the purview of this article.

The first clause of the first sentence is taken from section one, and the second clause from section seven. The balance of the section corresponds to section twenty of the original act.

Licensing of associations.

Sec. 592. No association must transact business in this State without first procuring from the commissioners of building and loan associations a certificate of authority or license to do so. To procure such authority it must file with the commissioners a certified copy of its articles of incorporation, constitution, and by-laws, and all other rules and regulations relating to its methods of conducting business, and of all subsequent amendments or changes therein, and otherwise comply with all requirements of law. No association, after the expiration of the term for which a license has been granted to it by the commissioners of building and loan associations, must continue to transact the business of a building and loan association without first procuring from the commissioners a renewal of such license on the terms provided for in this article; and any corporation violating this article forfeits the sum of ten dollars per day during the continuance of the offense; and any violation of this section by any officer of such association is a misdemeanor. The commissioners are authorized to revoke the license of any association under their supervision, the solvency whereof is imperiled by losses or irregularities; and immediately upon revoking such license

they must report the facts to the attorney-general, who must thereupon take such proceedings as are provided by section five hundred and ninety-three *a*.

Corresponds to section seventeen of the original act.

Reports by associations.

Sec. 593. Every building and loan association doing business in this State must, once in every year, within thirty days after the expiration of its annual fiscal term, make a report, in writing, to the commissioners of building and loan associations, verified by the oath of its president and secretary, showing accurately the financial condition of such association at the close of such term. The report must be in such form as the commissioners prescribe, upon blanks by them furnished for that purpose, and must specify the following particulars, namely: Name of the corporation, place where located, authorized capital stock, amount of stock paid in, the names of the directors, the amount of capital stock held by each, the amount due to shareholders, the amount and character of all other liabilities, cash on hand, and the number and value of shares in each and every series of stock issued by the association. All money received or disbursed by such association must be duly accounted for. Any association failing to file the annual report within the time specified herein is subject to a penalty of ten dollars per day for each and every day such report is delayed or withheld.

Corresponds to section eighteen of the original act.

Associations violating the law or proceeding in an unsafe manner.

Sec. 593a. If the commissioners, upon examination of any corporation under their supervision, find that such corporation has violated any provision of law governing it, or is conducting its business in an unsafe manner, such as to render its further proceeding hazardous to the public, or to those having funds in its custody, they must notify the attorney-general of such facts, and he, in his discretion, may apply to the superior court of the county in which such corporation is doing business, to issue an injunction restraining such corporation, in whole or in part, from further proceeding with its business until a hearing can be had. Such court may, on such application, issue such injunction, and after a full hearing may dissolve, modify, or make it perpetual, and may make such orders and decrees, according to the course of proceedings in equity, to restrain or prohibit the further prosecution of the

business of the corporation as may be needful in the premises; and may appoint one or more receivers to take possession of its property and effects, subject to such directions as may from time to time be prescribed by the court.

Corresponds to section nine of the original act.

Receivers and their duties.

Sec. 593b. When receivers are appointed, the secretary of the corporation must make a schedule of all its property, and its secretary, board of investment, or other officers, transferring its property to the receivers, must make oath that such schedule sets forth all the property which the corporation owns, or is entitled to. The secretary must deliver the schedule to the receivers, and a copy thereof to the commissioners, who may, at any time examine, under oath, such secretary, board of investment, or other officers, to determine whether or not all the property which the corporation owns, or is entitled to, has been transferred to the receivers.

Corresponds to section eleven of the original act.

Withdrawal of stockholders.

Sec. 593c. Stockholders desiring to withdraw from any association, or to surrender a part or all of their stock, may do so by giving thirty days' notice, in writing, of such intention to withdraw. On the expiration of the notice, the stockholder so withdrawing is entitled to receive the full amount paid in by him, together with such proportion of the earnings thereon as the by-laws may provide, or as may have been fixed by the board of directors. Not more than one half of the receipts in any one month must be applied to withdrawals for that month, without the consent of the board of directors, and no shareholder must be permitted to withdraw whose stock is pledged to the association as security for a loan until such loan is fully paid. Such withdrawals must be paid in succession, in the order that the notices are given.

Corresponds to section nineteen of the original act.

Penalty for refusing to appear and testify.

Sec. 593d. Any person who refuses, without just cause, to appear and testify before the commissioners, or either of them, when required by them, or either, or obstructs a commissioner in the discharge of his duty, is guilty of misdemeanor, and punishable by a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars, or by

imprisonment in the county jail not exceeding one year, or by both such fine and imprisonment.

Corresponds to section eight of the original act.

Punishment of commissioners for failure to report.

Sec. 593e. If a commissioner, having knowledge of the insolvent condition, or any violation of law, or unsafe practice of any association under his supervision, such as renders the conduct of its business hazardous to its shareholders or depositors, fails to report the same in writing to the attorney-general, as required by this article, then such commissioner, on conviction thereof, must be punished by a fine of not less than five thousand dollars nor more than ten thousand dollars, or by imprisonment in the county jail not less than one year nor more than two years, or by both such fine and imprisonment; and his office must be declared vacant by the governor, and a successor appointed to fill his unexpired term.

Corresponds to section ten of the original act.

§ 594. That section five hundred and ninety-four be amended to read:

Sec. 594. No person is eligible to the office of insurance commissioner or deputy who is an officer, agent, employé, or stockholder of an insurance company.

The words "or stockholder" are inserted.

§ 612. That section six hundred and twelve be amended to read:

Sec. 612. Such statement, if made by fire, marine, and inland insurance companies, or by companies organized under section four hundred and twenty of the Civil Code, must show:

First—The amount of the capital stock of the company.

Second—The property or assets held by the company, specifying:

1. The value of the real estate held by said company;
2. The amount of cash on hand and deposited in banks to the credit of the company, specifying the same;
3. The amount of cash in the hands of agents, and in course of transmission;
4. The amount of loans secured by bonds and mortgages, constituting the first lien on real estate, on which there is less than one year's interest due or owing;

5. The amount of loans on which interest has not been paid within one year previous to such statement;

6. The amount due the company on which judgments have been obtained;

7. The amount of bonds of this State, of the United States, or any incorporated city of this State, and of any stocks in corporations owned by the company, specifying the amount, number of shares, par and market value of each kind;

8. The amount of stocks or bonds held as collateral security for loans, with the amount loaned on each kind, its par and market value;

9. The amount of interest due and unpaid;

10. The amount of all other loans made by the company, specifying the same;

11. The amount of premium notes on hand on which policies are issued;

12. All other property belonging to the company, specifying the same.

Third—The liabilities of such company, specifying:

1. The amount of losses due and unpaid;

2. The amount of claims for losses resisted by the company;

3. The amount of losses in process of adjustment or in suspense, including all reported or supposed losses;

4. The amount of dividends declared, due and remaining unpaid;

5. The amount of dividends declared, but not due;

6. The amount of money borrowed and security given for the payment thereof;

7. Gross premium (without any deductions) received and receivable upon all unexpired fire risks running one year or less from date of policy, reinsurance thereon at fifty per cent;

8. Gross premiums (without any deductions) received and receivable upon all unexpired fire risks running more than one year from the date of policy, reinsurance thereon pro rata;

9. Gross premiums (without any deductions) received and receivable upon all unexpired marine and inland navigation risks, except time risks, reinsurance thereon at one hundred per cent;

10. Gross premiums (without any deductions) received and receivable on marine time risks, reinsurance thereon at fifty per cent;

11. Amount reclaimable by the insured on perpetual fire insurance policies, being ninety-five per cent of the premiums or deposit received;

12. Reinsurance fund and all other liabilities, except capital, under the life insurance or any other special department;

13. Unused balances of bills and notes taken in advance for premiums on open marine and inland policies, or otherwise, returnable on settlement;

14. Principal unpaid on scrip or certificates of profits which have been authorized or ordered to be redeemed;

15. Amount of all other liabilities of the company, specifying the same.

Fourth—The income of the company during the preceding year, specifying:

1. The amount of cash premiums received;

2. The amount of notes received for premiums;

3. The amount of interest money received, specifying the same;

4. The amount of income received from all other sources, specifying the same.

Fifth—The expenditures of the preceding year, specifying:

1. The amount of losses paid;

2. The amount of dividends paid;

3. The amount of expenses paid, including commissions and fees to agents and officers of the company;

4. The amount paid for taxes;

5. The amount of all other payments and expenditures.

Sixth—1. The amount of risks written during the year;

2. The amount of risks expired during the year;

3. The amount of risks written during the year in the State of California;

4. The amount of premiums thereon.

Provided, that any foreign fire, marine, or inland insurance company, incorporated or not incorporated, doing business within this State, having on deposit at any place within the United States, assets to the amount of two hundred thousand dollars over and above its liabilities in the United States, as security for policy holders therein, may at its option make a separate statement to the insurance commissioner of its foreign business and assets, but shall be required to return only the business done in the United States, and the assets held by or for it within the United States for the protection of policy holders therein.

In subdivision seven of subdivision Second, line one, the word "bonds" has been substituted for "stocks," so that the subdivision applies to bonds as well as to stocks; in subdivision eight the words "or bonds" are inserted.

§§ 644-649. That the statute of 1893, p. 203, for the establishment of a State Mining Bureau, be codified by adding article XVIIa, consisting of sections six hundred and forty-four to six hundred and forty-nine, inclusive, to read:

ARTICLE XVIIa.

STATE MINING BUREAU.

- SEC. 644. The trustees, and their appointment, qualification, and compensation.
645. Powers and duties of trustees.
646. Mining bureau fund.
647. The state mineralogist, his appointment, qualification, and compensation.
648. The assistants of the state mineralogist.
649. The state mineralogist's duties.

The trustees, their appointment, qualification, and compensation.

Sec. 644. The state mining bureau is under the supervision and control of a board of trustees to consist of five members, and must maintain its principal office in the city of San Francisco. Such trustees must be citizens and residents of the State, and must be appointed by the governor, to hold office for four years from the date of their appointment, and until the qualification of their successors. They are not entitled to any salary or compensation, and must take the same oath of office as other state officers. When duly qualified and assembled they constitute the board of trustees of the state mining bureau. Three of them constitute a quorum for the transaction of business. They must elect one of their number president, and keep a record of their proceedings and adopt rules and regulations for their government not inconsistent with the laws of the State.

This section is intended to include all the matters provided for in sections one and two of the statute.

Powers and duties of trustees.

Sec. 645. The board of trustees of the state mining bureau may by that name sue and be sued. They have the management and control of all the property and funds of the bureau, and must make rules regulating the custody and disbursement of such funds and the mode of drawing them from the state treasury. They may receive on behalf of the State and for the use of the bureau gifts, bequests, and devises of property, real and personal, and use the same in accordance with the wishes of the donors, and if no instructions are given by such donors, the trustees must manage, use, and dispose of such gifts,

bequests, or devises, in such manner as they deem will best promote the interests of such bureau. The board of trustees must, when the funds of the bureau will permit, procure and maintain the necessary rooms and furniture for the office and uses of the board, of the state mineralogist, and of the museum and library of the bureau in San Francisco, but the entire expenses of the bureau of every character must not in any year be greater than can be paid out of such fund. The board must biennially report to the governor the condition of the bureau, incorporating therein the biennial report of the state mineralogist and a statement in detail of the receipts and expenditures of the board, which report must be printed as are the reports of other state officers.

This section is intended to embrace the matters specified in sections six, seven, eight, and nine of the statute.

The mining bureau fund.

Sec. 646. The mining bureau fund, out of which all the expenses of that bureau must be paid, is to consist of such property and money as may come into the hands of the board of trustees by gift, bequest, or devise, and such money as may from time to time be appropriated by the legislature for the use of said bureau.

This section corresponds to section eleven of the statute, omitting the last clause, because the moneys therein provided for were discontinued by the statute of 1897, p. 243, abolishing the tax on certificates of incorporation.

The state mineralogist, his appointment, qualification, and compensation.

Sec. 647. The state mineralogist must be a citizen and resident of the State having a practical and scientific knowledge of mining and mineralogy. He must be appointed by the governor and hold office for four years from the date of his appointment, or until the qualification of his successor. He must take the same oath of office as other state officers, and give a bond in the sum of twenty-five thousand dollars, to be approved by the governor, for the faithful performance of the duties of his office. His salary is two hundred and fifty dollars per month, payable in the same manner as the salary of other state officers. He is also entitled to his necessary traveling expenses when traveling on the business of his office, which expenses must first be approved by the board of trustees of the state mining bureau, and afterwards audited and allowed by

the state board of examiners. His salary and expenses must be paid out of the mining bureau fund, and not otherwise.

Corresponds to section three of the statute.

The assistants of the state mineralogist.

Sec. 648. The state mineralogist may appoint competent assistants and qualified specialists when necessary in the execution of his plans, and fix their compensation. Such appointment and compensation must be approved by the board of trustees of the state mining bureau, and until so approved, neither is effective.

Corresponds to present section five, except that the last sentence in this section has been transferred to the section following.

The state mineralogist's duties.

Sec. 649. The duties of the state mineralogist are to make, facilitate, and encourage special studies of the mineral resources and industries of the State; to collect statistics concerning the occurrence of the economically important minerals and the methods pursued in making their valuable constituents available for commercial use; to make a collection of typical geological and mineralogical specimens, especially those of economic or commercial importance, such collection constituting the museum of the state mining bureau; to provide a library of books, reports, and drawings bearing upon the mineral industries, the sciences of mineralogy and geology, and the arts of mining and metallurgy, such library constituting the library of the state mining bureau; to make a collection of models, drawings, and descriptions of the mechanical appliances used in mining and metallurgical processes; to preserve and so maintain such collections and library as to make them available for reference and examination, and open to public inspection at reasonable hours; to maintain, in effect, a bureau of information concerning the mineral industries of this State, to consist of such collection and library, and to arrange, classify, catalogue, and index the data therein contained, in a manner to make the information available to those desiring it, and to provide a custodian specially qualified to promote this purpose; to make a biennial report to the board of trustees of the mining bureau, setting forth the important results of his work, and to issue from time to time such bulletins as he may deem advisable concerning the statistics and technology of the mining industries of the State; to consult such board of trustees upon all matters appertaining to his official duties, and

to at all times perform such duties subject to the supervision and approval of such board; to furnish the bureau of highways such data and information as it may call for. He may, with the approval of the board of trustees of the state mining bureau, prepare a special collection of ores and minerals of California, to be sent to any world's fair or exposition at which they may deem it advisable or desirable to display the mineral wealth of the State.

Consists of section four of the statute and also of the last sentence of section ten, also of section eleven of the statute of 1895, p. 263.

Sections twelve to sixteen of the statute do not require codification, because sections twelve and thirteen have been made inoperative by the statute of 1897, p. 243, discontinuing the tax on certificates of stock of corporations, and the other provisions relate to matters long since accomplished.

§ 653a. That the statute of 1876, p. 314, providing for the purchase of certain supplies for the state boards and members of the legislature, be codified by adding a section to be inserted in article XVIII immediately preceding section six hundred and fifty-four, and numbered six hundred and fifty-three *a*, to read:

Sec. 653a. The state board of examiners is *ex officio* a furnishing body. As such it is its duty, as often as necessary, to advertise, for twenty days in two daily newspapers published in the city of San Francisco, and in one daily newspaper published in the city of Sacramento, for sealed proposals to furnish stationery, blank books, material for lights, fuel, and such other articles as are necessary for the use of the State and of the legislative officers entitled thereto. In such advertisement the board must specify the amount and kind of each article desired, samples or minute descriptions of which must accompany and be deposited with the sealed proposals for furnishing the same in the office of the secretary of state. All proposals received must be opened and compared by the board, any two of whom constitute a quorum, at the governor's office at twelve o'clock M. of the day specified in the advertisement. The board must then and there award the contract for furnishing such supplies, or any of them, to the lowest bidder whose sealed bid is accompanied by a bond, with two sureties, in an amount not less than twice the value of the articles to be supplied, payable to the State of California, conditioned that if the bidder receives the award, he will, within ten days thereafter, deliver the supplies or articles for which he has been awarded such contract. In its advertisement, the board must classify the supplies and

articles, and may receive bids and award contracts for such separate articles or class of supplies as it deems the lowest and best, and may require any class or article of such supplies to be delivered in installments and paid for on delivery. Any and all bids which are deemed too high by the board may be declined, in which event it must again advertise for sealed proposals to furnish the classes or articles of supplies so declined, and so on for the same cause as often as it occurs. The board may purchase any articles or supplies for which bids have been rejected as aforesaid, in the open market, in amounts sufficient for immediate necessities, but at prices not exceeding the lowest prices in the bids rejected. The board must, at the end of each fiscal year, and at such other times as it deems necessary, cause an inventory to be taken of all the articles and classes of supplies on hand, and contracted for, and make an examination of the accounts and vouchers appertaining to the same. At least one month prior to the assembling of each legislature, the board must advertise in accordance with this section for a supply of stationery, fuel, and such other articles as may be sufficient for the use of the state officers and members of the legislature, or necessary for the public service; and at the commencement of each session, the board must report to the legislature a full account of its receipts and expenditures and stock of supplies on hand. The actual expenses incurred by the board while acting as such furnishing board in executing the powers and discharging the duties prescribed by this section must, when certified by them, be audited by the controller and paid by the treasurer of state out of any money appropriated for that purpose, but nothing herein must be construed as allowing any salary or compensation for any services performed as such furnishing board.

§ 679. That section six hundred and seventy-nine be amended to read:

Sec. 679. No officer or employé in the service of the State has power to create any deficiency in excess of an appropriation made by law, except in cases of actual necessity, and then only upon written authority, first obtained, of the governor, secretary of state, and attorney-general. Any indebtedness attempted to be created in violation of this section is null and void, and must not be allowed by the board of examiners.

The effect of this amendment is to repeal the present section and to codify, in place thereof, the statute of 1893, p. 285, prohibiting the creation of debts against the State in excess of appropriations made by law.

§ 685a. That the statute of 1891, p. 452, relating to the sale of old furniture and material, be codified in a new section numbered six hundred and eighty-five a, to read:

Sec. 685a. The board, when in its judgment it deems it advisable, may sell old furniture and all other useless material belonging to the State and not required for State purposes, and when sold, must pay the proceeds thereof into the state treasury to the credit of the general fund.

§§ 686–688. That there be inserted a new article, to be numbered XVIIIa, to consist of sections six hundred and eighty-six to six hundred and eighty-eight, to read:

ARTICLE XVIIIa.

BOARD OF STATE CAPITOL COMMISSIONERS.

SEC. 686. The board and its appointees.

687. The gardener and his powers and duties.

688. Salaries of employés.

The board and its appointees.

Sec. 686. The board of state capitol commissioners consists of the governor, the secretary of state, and the state treasurer, and is authorized to appoint for the state capitol grounds, three special policemen, one gardener, twelve laborers, and one watchman, all of whom hold office during the pleasure of the board. Such policemen have the powers of peace officers, and must, when on duty, wear in plain view, a shield bearing the words "capitol police."

The gardener and his powers and duties.

Sec. 687. The gardener has general control of the capitol grounds, and must superintend and direct the planting and culture of the trees, shrubbery, plants, and grasses, and preserve in order the walks, grass plots, and fountains thereof, and perform such other duties as may be required of him by the board of state capitol commissioners. He has full power to make arrests within the capitol grounds for criminal or disorderly conduct, and to direct and control the laborers employed to aid in taking charge of such grounds.

Salaries of employés.

Sec. 688. The salaries of the employés of the state capitol commissioners are the following sums per month: The gardener, one hundred and twenty-five dollars; each policeman, one hundred dollars; the watchman and each laborer, ninety dollars.

All such salaries are payable in the same manner as those of other state officers.

These three sections are a combination of section four hundred and twenty-five of the Political Code and of the statute of 1873-4, p. 937, so far as it relates to the capitol commissioners.

§§ 689-699. That a new article, numbered XVIII*b*, codifying the statute of 1880, p. 45, be inserted, to consist of sections six hundred and eighty-nine to six hundred and ninety-nine inclusive, to read:

ARTICLE XVIII*b*.

RAILROAD COMMISSIONERS.

- SEC. 689. Style and powers of the board.
- 690. Salaries and expenses of the commissioners and of their appointees.
- 691. Duties of the commissioners.
- 692. Duties of employés.
- 693. Duties of the attorney-general and of district attorneys.
- 694. Commissioners' right of transportation.
- 695. Complaints, decisions, and records—form and preservation of.
- 696. Suits to enforce decisions.
- 697. Schedules of rates and their publication and service.
- 698. Process and modes of proceeding—authority to devise.
- 699. Definitions of terms.

Style and powers of the board.

Sec. 689. The commissioners elected pursuant to section twenty-two of article twelve of the constitution of this State are known and designated as the board of railroad commissioners of the State of California. In addition to the powers conferred upon them by the constitution, they have power:

1. To elect one of their number president;
2. To appoint a secretary and a bailiff, who must perform the duties of a janitor, and also employ a stenographer whenever they deem it expedient;
3. To issue writs of summons and of subpœna in like manner as courts of record. Each summons must direct the defendant to appear and answer within fifteen days from the day of service. All process issued by the board extends to all parts of the State, and may be served in any county thereof by the bailiff of the board or by any person authorized to serve the process of courts of record;
4. To employ additional counsel to assist the attorney-general or any district attorney, or otherwise, when, in their judgment, the exigencies of the case may so require for the

purpose of instituting, prosecuting, or defending any suit or other proceeding.

Subdivisions one and two and the preceding part of section correspond to section one of the railroad commissioners' act; subdivision three to section seven of the act; subdivision four to the last clause of section four.

Salaries and expenses of the commissioners and of their appointees.

Sec. 690. The salary of each of the commissioners is four thousand dollars, of their secretary twenty-four hundred dollars, and of their bailiff twelve hundred dollars per annum. For his services their stenographer is entitled to a reasonable compensation, to be fixed by the state board of examiners. The commissioners and the persons in their official employment, when traveling in the performance of their duties, are entitled to have their traveling expenses, other than transportation, paid by the State. The commissioners must also be allowed monthly one hundred dollars for their office rent, and fifty dollars for fuel, lights, postage, expressage, subscription to publications upon the subject of transportation, and other incidental expenses; but if any part of such allowance remains unexpended at the expiration of any fiscal year, it must be returned to the state treasury. The State must also furnish the board with all necessary stationery and printing, upon requisitions signed by its president. All salaries and compensation herein provided for must be paid in the same manner as the salaries of other state officers. The traveling expenses must be passed on by the state board of examiners. All salaries, compensation, and expenses authorized by this article must be paid out of any money in the general fund not otherwise appropriated, and the controller is authorized and directed, from time to time, to draw, and the treasurer to pay, warrants for such purpose.

The last sentence corresponds to section fifteen of the original act, and the balance of this section to section two of the original act.

Duties of the commissioners.

Sec. 691. In addition to the duties prescribed by the constitution, the duties of the commissioners are:

1. To keep an office in the city of San Francisco, which must always be open except on legal holidays and non-judicial days;

2. To hold public sessions of the board at least once each month in said city, and at such other times and places within

the State as may be expedient; and when such sessions are held at any place other than their office in San Francisco, to publish notice thereof once a week for two successive weeks, before the commencement of the session, in a newspaper published in the county wherein it is to be held, and if none is published in such county, then in an adjacent county, the expenses of publication to be paid by the State in the same manner as for other publications authorized by law;

3. To have a seal devised by its members, or a majority of them, surrounding which must be this inscription: "Railroad Commission, State of California," and to affix such seal only, first, to writs, second, to authentications of copies of the records or other proceedings or of documents on file in the office of the commission.

Codifies sections five and six of the original act.

Duties of employés.

Sec. 692. The secretary of the board must issue all process and notices required to be issued, and perform such other duties as the board may prescribe. The bailiff must preserve order during the sessions of the board. He is authorized, and it is his duty, to make arrests for disturbances, and to serve all process, notices, and orders issued by the board when directed by the president, and to make return thereof.

Corresponds to section eight of the original act.

Duties of the attorney-general and of district attorneys.

Sec. 693. It is the duty of the attorney-general and of the district attorney in every county, on request of said board, to institute and prosecute, and to appear and defend, for said board, in any and all suits and proceedings which they, or either of them, shall be requested by said board to institute and prosecute, and to appear in all suits and proceedings to which the board is a party, which suits and proceedings have precedence over all other business, except criminal business.

Corresponds to section four of the original act.

Commissioners' right of transportation.

Sec. 694. The commissioners and all persons in their official employment have, when in the performance of their official duties, the right to pass, free of charge, on all railroads, steamers, ships, vessels, and boats, and all vehicles employed in or by any railroad or other transportation company engaged in the transportation of freight or passengers within the State.

Corresponds to section three of the original act.

Complaints, decisions, and records—form and preservation of.

Sec. 695. All complaints before the board must be in writing and under oath. All decisions must be in writing, and the grounds thereof must be stated. A record of the proceedings must be kept, and the evidence of persons appearing before it preserved.

Corresponds to section nine of the original act.

Suits to enforce decisions.

Sec. 696. Whenever the board renders any decision within the purview and pursuant to the authority vested in it by section twenty-two of article twelve of the constitution, said board, or the person, co-partnership, company, or corporation making the complaint upon which such decision was rendered, is authorized to sue upon such decision in any court of competent jurisdiction in this State.

Corresponds to section ten of the original act.

Schedules of rates and their publication and service.

Sec. 697. Whenever the board establishes or adopts rates of charges for the transportation of passengers and freight, or either, it must serve a printed schedule of such rates, and of any changes that may be made in such rates, upon the person, co-partnership, company, or corporation affected thereby; and upon such service, it is the duty of such person, co-partnership, company, or corporation to immediately cause copies of the same to be posted in all its offices, station-houses, warehouses, and landing offices affected by such rates, or change in rates, in such manner as to be accessible to public inspection during usual business hours. The board must also make such further publication thereof as it deems proper and necessary for the public good. If the party to be served is a corporation, the service may be made upon the president, vice-president, secretary, or managing agent thereof, and if a co-partnership, upon any partner thereof. The rates of charges established or adopted by the board go into force and effect on the twentieth day after service of said schedule of rates, or changes in rates, upon the person, co-partnership, company, or corporation affected thereby.

Corresponds to section eleven of the original act.

Process and modes of proceeding—authority to devise.

Sec. 698. When jurisdiction is, by the constitution, conferred on the board of railroad commissioners, all the means

necessary to carry it into effect are also conferred; and when, in the exercise of jurisdiction within the purview of the authority conferred on said board by the constitution, the course of proceeding is not specifically pointed out, any suitable process or mode of proceeding may be adopted by the board which may appear most conformable to the spirit of the constitution.

Corresponds to section twelve of the original act.

Definitions of terms.

Sec. 699. The term "transportation companies" means and includes:

First—All companies owning and operating railroads (other than street railroads) within this State;

Second—All companies owning and operating steamships, engaged in the transportation of freight or passengers from and to ports within this State;

Third—All companies owning and operating steamboats used in transporting freight or passengers upon the rivers or inland waters of this State.

The word "company" as used in this article means and includes corporations, associations, partnerships, trustees, agents, assignees, and individuals. Whenever any railroad company owns or operates in connection with its road and for the purpose of transporting its cars, freight, or passengers, any steamer or other watercraft, such steamer or other watercraft is a part of its said road. Whenever any steamship or steamboat company owns or operates any barge, canal-boat, steamer, tug, ferry-boat, or lighter, in connection with its ships or boats, the things so owned or operated are a part of its main line.

Corresponds to section fourteen of the original act.

From this codification section thirteen of the original act is omitted, upon the ground that the duties therein prescribed must long since have been performed, and the section thereby rendered obsolete.

§§ 695-697. That sections six hundred and ninety-five to six hundred and ninety-seven be repealed, on the ground that they do not state any rule of law, and are merely imperfect indices.

§§ 699-701. That sections six hundred and ninety-nine to seven hundred and one be repealed, for the reason last suggested.

§§ 703-715. That sections seven hundred and three to seven hundred and fifteen be repealed, for the reason last suggested.

§§ 700-704. That there be inserted a new article, numbered XVIIIc, codifying the statute of 1897, p. 219, to consist of sections seven hundred to seven hundred and four, to read:

ARTICLE XVIIIc.

STATE VETERINARIAN.

- SEC. 700. Appointment, qualification, and salary of state veterinarian and of his assistant.
701. Powers and duties of state veterinarian.
702. Duties of state dairy bureau and of boards of supervisors.
703. Moving of quarantined animals prohibited.
704. Misdemeanor in failing to comply with the provisions of this article.

Appointment, qualification, and salary of state veterinarian and of his assistant.

Sec. 700. The state veterinarian is appointed by, and holds his office during the pleasure of, the governor, who in making the appointment must disregard political affiliations and be guided merely by the professional and moral qualifications of the appointee for the performance of the duties of his office. He must be a graduate, in good standing, of a recognized college of veterinary surgery, and legally qualified to practice as such in this State. The governor, whenever necessary to carry out the provisions of this article, may appoint an assistant state veterinarian, and fix and determine his salary and tenure of office. The salary of the state veterinarian is two thousand dollars per year. He is also entitled to his necessary expenses incurred in the discharge of his duties, not to exceed five hundred dollars per annum.

Corresponds to section one of the original act and the last sentence of section two.

Powers and duties of the state veterinarian.

Sec. 701. The powers and duties of the state veterinarian are:

1. To protect the health of all domestic animals of the State, so far as practicable, from all contagious and infectious diseases, and for that purpose, by and with the approval of the governor, to establish, maintain, and enforce such quarantine, sanitary, and other regulations as he may deem necessary as to stock passing over a quarantine line existing, or which may be established within this State, and all stock so moving must be inspected by him, and he must issue his certificate of State

inspection unless such stock has been, immediately prior to such moving, inspected by an officer or agent acting under the laws of the United States;

2. Upon information by him received of the existence of contagious or infectious diseases of domestic animals within the State, to proceed to thoroughly investigate the same, and by and with the approval of the governor to establish such quarantine, sanitary, and police regulations as may be necessary to circumscribe and exterminate such disease or diseases and prevent the extension thereof, and to enter upon any grounds or premises and inspect any live stock necessary to carry out the provisions of this article;

3. Upon discovery of any case of such contagious or infectious diseases, to immediately inform the state dairy bureau and the board of supervisors of the county or counties in which the disease exists or diseased animals are located, of the existence of the disease and of such facts and circumstances in connection therewith, as will enable such boards of supervisors to take prompt and proper action to eradicate and to prevent the spread of such disease;

4. Upon refusal or neglect, for a period of five days, of any board of supervisors, to take any or all proper action to quarantine any case or cases of contagious or infectious diseases reported to them as provided in the preceding subdivision, or to suppress or eradicate the same, or prevent the spread thereof, to quarantine such county or such portions thereof as may be necessary;

5. To determine from time to time the quarantine and other regulations necessary to prevent the spread among domestic animals of any malignant, contagious, or infectious disease found to exist among the live stock of this State, and to that end to coöperate with, and so far as possible obtain the assent of, the proper United States authorities to the establishment or changing of quarantine lines, which are or may be hereafter established, and when he shall have done so to notify the governor thereof, who, if he approves, must issue his proclamation proclaiming the boundary of such quarantine, and the orders, rules, and regulations prescribed for the maintenance and enforcement of such quarantine, and to publish the same in such manner as he may deem expedient.

Subdivision one corresponds to section two of the act, except the last sentence; subdivision two to section three; subdivision three to section four; subdivision four to the first clause of section six; and subdivision five to section seven of the original act.

Duties of state dairy bureau and of boards of supervisors.

Sec. 702. Upon the receipt of the report provided for in subdivision three of the preceding section, the state dairy bureau when more than one county is involved, and the board of supervisors when only one county is involved, must proceed immediately to eradicate or suppress such disease, and to prevent its spread or introduction among healthy animals, and the infection of pastures, roads, places, or sections theretofore free from said disease and uninfected.

Corresponds to section five of the original act.

Moving of quarantined animals prohibited.

Sec. 703. After the state veterinarian, under the authority given him by subdivision four of section seven hundred and one, quarantines any county, or any part thereof, it is unlawful, until such quarantine has been raised or discontinued by the state veterinarian, for the owners of the domestic animals quarantined, their agents or employés, to move any of such animals across the quarantine line established or without the county or the portion thereof quarantined, without first obtaining a permit from the state veterinarian, who must, before issuing such permit, inspect and, if necessary, cause such animals and vehicles of transportation to be disinfected, according to the rules laid down by the United States Bureau of Animal Industry, Department of Agriculture.

Corresponds to the last clause of section six of the original act.

Misdemeanor in failing to comply with the provisions of this article.

Sec. 704. Any person who fails to comply with the provisions of this article is guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction must be fined not less than one hundred dollars nor more than five hundred dollars for each offense, and he is liable for any damage and loss that may be sustained by any person or persons by reason of such failure to comply with the provisions of this article.

Corresponds to section eight of the original act.

§§ 705-711. That the statute of 1885, p. 43, be codified by adding article XVIII*d*, to consist of sections seven hundred and five to seven hundred and eleven, to read:

ARTICLE XVIII*d*.

STATE ANALYST.

- SEC. 705. Appointment and qualification.
706. Duty to make analyses and grant certificates.
707. Method of procuring analysis.
708. Reports to be made by the analyst.
709. Analyses to be made for the state mineralogist.
710. Analyses to be made for the board of state viticultural commissioners.
711. Certificate of analysis as evidence.

Appointment and qualification.

Sec. 705. The state analyst is appointed by the governor, to hold office during his pleasure, and must be one of the professors of the State University of California, of sufficient competence, knowledge, skill, and experience to perform the duties required of him by this article.

Duty to make analyses and grant certificates.

Sec. 706. The state board of health, or the medical officers of health of any city, town, county, or city and county, may, at the cost of their respective boards or corporations, purchase a sample of any food, drugs, medicine, medicinal plants, mineral waters, or other liquids offered for sale in any town, village, city, county, or city and county in this State, and submit the same to the state analyst as hereinafter provided, who must, upon receiving such article so submitted to him, forthwith analyze it and give a certificate to the secretary of the state board of health or other body submitting the same, fully specifying the result of the analysis.

Method of procuring analysis.

Sec. 707. Any person desiring the analysis of any food, drug, medicine, medicinal plant, soil, mineral water, or other liquid, may submit the same to the secretary of the state board of health, with a written statement of the circumstances under which he procured the article to be analyzed, which statement must, if required by such secretary, be verified by oath. Thereupon such secretary must transmit the same to the state analyst, the expenses thereof to be defrayed by said board.

Reports to be made by the analyst.

Sec. 708. The state analyst must annually report to the state board of health the number and analysis of all articles so submitted to him, and by whom submitted.

Analyses to be made for the state mineralogist.

Sec. 709. The state mineralogist may submit to the state analyst any minerals of which such mineralogist desires an analysis to be made, and the cost of such analysis must be defrayed by the mineralogical bureau.

Analyses to be made for the board of state viticultural commissioners.

Sec. 710. The board of state viticultural commissioners is entitled to the same privileges as the state board of health under this article, with respect to samples of wines and grape spirits and of liquids and compounds in imitation thereof. Any person or persons desiring analysis of such products must submit the same to the secretary of the board of state viticultural commissioners, who must transmit them to the state analyst. The analysis must be made and the certificates of the state analyst forwarded to such secretary.

Certificate of analysis as evidence.

Sec. 711. Any certificate of the state analyst, specifying the result of any analysis made by him, is prima facie evidence of the component parts of the article analyzed.

Section seven hundred and five corresponds to section one of the original act; section seven hundred and six to section two, omitting the last clause; section seven hundred and seven corresponds to section three of the act; section seven hundred and eight to section four; section seven hundred and nine to section six; section seven hundred and ten to section seven, except that the last clause of section seven has been united with the last clause of section two into section seven hundred and eleven.

Section five of the act has been omitted, because its contents are sufficiently implied in sections two and three of the original act, which are represented by sections seven hundred and six and seven hundred and seven of this article.

§§ 712-714. That the statute of 1900, p. 20, be codified by adding a new article, to be numbered XVIIIe, consisting of sections seven hundred and twelve to seven hundred and fourteen, to read:

ARTICLE XVIIIe.

COMMISSIONER OF PUBLIC WORKS.

SEC. 712. Appointment and qualification.

713. Salary and expenses.

714. Duties.

Appointment and qualification.

Sec. 712. The commissioner of public works is appointed by the governor, to hold office for the term of four years, and until his successor is appointed and qualified. In the event of a vacancy in the office, occasioned by death, resignation, or otherwise, the governor must appoint a successor for the unexpired portion of the term for which the original appointment was made. The commissioner of public works must, before entering upon the discharge of his duties, take and subscribe the official oath and execute an official bond in the sum of six thousand dollars, to be approved by the governor and filed and recorded in the office of the secretary of state.

Corresponds to first part of section one of the original act.

Salary and expenses.

Sec. 713. The salary of the commissioner of public works is three thousand dollars per annum, payable in monthly installments. He is also entitled to his actual traveling and other necessary incidental expenses incurred while in the performance of his official duty.

Corresponds to the last sentence of section one of the original act.

Duties.

Sec. 714. The commissioner of public works must perform such duties in the examination of lands subject to inundation and overflow by flood waters, and of the waters causing and making such inundation and overflow, and in the preparation of plans and estimates of cost of work to regulate and control such flood waters, as he may be directed to perform from time to time by the governor, and such other duties in the examination, supervision, and management of public works constructed or carried on by the State or under its authority, as he may be directed from time to time by law. He has, subject to the approval of the auditing board, power to employ such engineers and assistants as he may deem necessary to carry out the provisions of this article, or to perform any duties imposed by law

upon him, and to fix their compensation, subject to the approval of the board. He has also the powers conferred by section seven hundred and seventeen.

Corresponds to section two of the original act; and further adds the reference to section seven hundred and seventeen.

§§ 715-723. That the statute of 1897, p. 171, be codified by adding a new article, to be numbered XVIII*f*, to consist of sections seven hundred and fifteen to seven hundred and twenty-three, to read:

ARTICLE XVIII*f*.

AUDITING BOARD TO THE COMMISSIONER OF PUBLIC WORKS.

- Sec. 715. Board, appointment and qualification.
- 716. Basis of operations.
- 717. Duties of commissioner of public works.
- 718. Appropriations, for what purposes to be expended.
- 719. Contracts.
- 720. Auditing claims.
- 721. Purchases and condemnation.
- 722. Penalties for being interested in contracts.
- 723. Scope of this article.

Board, appointment and qualification.

Sec. 715. The auditing board to the commissioner of public works consists of five members, each of whom is appointed by the governor, and holds office for four years from his appointment, and of whom all must not be members of the same political party. Their respective terms must be designated in their commissions. All vacancies in the board must be filled by the governor for the unexpired term only. They must select from their number a president and secretary, and must meet at Sacramento City once in every two months, and oftener, if required. No member is entitled to any compensation whatever, but they must be paid their respective traveling expenses, in attending meetings, to be audited by the board of examiners.

Corresponds to section one of the statute.

Basis of operations.

Sec. 716. For the purposes of this article, the report of the commissioner of public works, dated November sixteenth, eighteen hundred and ninety-six, and accompanying reports and plans of engineers, must be adopted and made the basis of operations, and the plans therein specified for promoting drainage and improving and rectifying river

channels must, as far as practicable, be carried out and finished, as herein provided. In addition to the work outlined and described in such report, the commissioner of public works and board of auditors are hereby authorized to perform other, further and additional work upon the Sacramento, San Joaquin, Feather, Yuba, Bear, Mokelumne, and Tuolumne rivers, and Petaluma, Alviso, and Napa creeks, and upon all tide waters entering and flowing into the bays of San Pablo, Suisun, and San Francisco, and also upon the navigable creeks, rivers, and sloughs of the State, of the character and nature similar to that outlined and described in such report, for the purpose of promoting drainage, rectifying channels, and improving navigation.

Corresponds to section two, as amended by the statute of 1901, p. 91.

Duties of commissioner of public works.

Sec. 717. The commissioner of public works has charge and superintendence of all work authorized by this article, and must employ and direct all employés, but no expenditure must be made without the sanction of the auditing board. He must determine the character and extent of the work to be done, in accordance with the report mentioned in the preceding section, and has full power to carry on and complete the same. He has power to employ such persons in and about the work provided for in the preceding section, as the auditing board may determine to be necessary, and at a compensation to be fixed by it.

Corresponds to section three and first sentence of section five.

Appropriations, for what purposes to be expended.

Sec. 718. All moneys heretofore appropriated, or which may be hereafter appropriated to be paid to such auditing board, must be expended for the following purposes: For the purchase, construction, and operation of one or more dredgers or machines and appliances to improve and rectify the river channels of the State, so as to promote drainage, and protect the towns and cities thereof from inundation, as described in said report of the commissioner of public works; to erect, build, and construct embankments and other works, where necessary, for carrying out the purposes of this article; to employ persons in and about such work, and to purchase such supplies as may be necessary for carrying on the same, and

for doing the other work described in such report and in section seven hundred and sixteen.

Corresponds to section four of the statute, except that it does not undertake to make any specific appropriations.

Contracts.

Sec. 719. All contracts for the purchase of materials and supplies, or for such work as can be done by contract, where the expense thereof exceeds five hundred dollars, must be awarded to the lowest bidder, at a public letting thereof, after a notice to bidders published in one newspaper in the city of Sacramento, one in Stockton, and one in San Francisco, for at least one week, and two weeks must intervene between the last publication of such notice and the time for opening bids, and no bid must be accepted that is not fair and reasonable. All bids must be accompanied by such security as the auditing board may require, conditioned upon the bidder entering into the contract upon the terms of his bid, on notice of its acceptance, and furnishing a penal bond with good and sufficient sureties, to the satisfaction of the auditing board, in such sum as it may require, that he will faithfully perform his contract. If all the bids made at any one letting are deemed unreasonably high, the board may, in its discretion, decline to contract, and may again advertise, for such time, and in such papers, as it sees proper, for proposals, and may so continue to renew the advertisement until satisfactory contracts are made. In the meantime, it may contract for articles and supplies for immediate and temporary use, with any one whose offer is regarded as just and equitable, or may purchase in the open market. No bid must be accepted, nor any contract entered into in pursuance thereof, when such bid is higher than any other bid at the same letting, for the same class or schedule of articles, quality considered, when a contract can be had at a lower bid. When two or more bids for the same article or articles are equal in amount, the board may select the one which, all things considered, may be by it thought for the best interest of the State, or may divide the contract among such equal bidders as in its judgment may seem proper and right. The board has power to let a contract in the aggregate, or it may segregate the articles and enter into a contract with the bidder or bidders who may bid lowest on the several articles. It has power to reject the bid of any person who had a prior contract, and who did not, in the opinion of the board, faithfully comply therewith. If, however, any sudden emergency arises, render-

ing it necessary, in the judgment of the board, to protect works already completed, or to prevent any work in process of construction from being damaged by storms or flood waters, that immediate repairs or work be done, the commissioner of public works has power to perform such work or make such repairs in the manner which to him seems most advisable.

Corresponds to section five, except that the first sentence of that section has been added to section seven hundred and sixteen.

Auditing claims.

Sec. 720. It is not necessary to obtain the sanction of any other board or officer for the doing of any work or the letting of any contract, except as in this article specified, and all claims must be audited by the state board of examiners, as provided for by law.

Corresponds to section six of the statute.

Purchases and condemnation.

Sec. 721. The auditing board may condemn the right of way necessary for the purpose of doing the work outlined and described in said report of the commissioner of public works, and in section seven hundred and sixteen, and may purchase or condemn all land and material necessary to carry out the same, and may generally connect with, enlarge, or strengthen any work of construction, and may condemn any lands which it deems necessary for the purposes of this article, and such purposes are hereby declared a public use; but such board must not interfere with any existing reclamation work, or cut ditches or drains on any, or over any land situate in any swamp land, reclamation, levee, or protection district, without the consent of the board of trustees thereof. Whenever the auditing board cannot procure from the owner or owners thereof, without purchase, the right of way or material needed for the construction of such works, or cannot procure the consent to join or connect with any existing works, or procure lands necessary for the construction and completion of the system and plans described in said report, or in section seven hundred and sixteen, such auditing board may, in the name of the State of California, proceed to condemn the same under the provisions of title seven, part three of the Code of Civil Procedure, and amendments thereto, which are not existing or may hereafter be made; provided, that cities, towns, levee, swamp land, reclamation, and protection districts, and all municipal corporations having levees, reclamation or protec-

tion works, shall have and retain the exclusive management and control thereof, subject to the right to connect the work as herein provided.

Corresponds to sections seven and eight of the original act, except the description of the work to be done is broadened, to correspond with the description contained in section twenty, amended by statute of 1901, p. 91, hereinbefore codified as section seven hundred and sixteen.

Penalties for being interested in contracts.

Sec. 722. The commissioner of public works, or any member of the auditing board, or any appointee or employé of either, who becomes interested in any contract for the construction of any work provided for by this article, is guilty of a felony.

Corresponds to section nine of the statute.

Scope of this article.

Sec. 723. Nothing in this article in any manner affects the laws in force in reclamation and levee districts, nor must any levee be purchased or condemned under the provisions of this article.

Corresponds to section ten of the statute.

§ 726. That section seven hundred and twenty-six be repealed, because it states no rule of law.

§ 739. That section seven hundred and thirty-nine be amended to read:

Sec. 739. The annual salaries of the officers connected with the supreme court are as follows:

The reporter of its decisions, twenty-five hundred dollars; and the deputy reporter, twenty-four hundred dollars.

Two phonographic reporters, twenty-four hundred dollars each.

Two secretaries, twenty-four hundred dollars each.

Two bailiffs, fifteen hundred dollars each.

One librarian, fifteen hundred dollars.

Inserts "and the deputy reporter, twenty-four hundred dollars," thereby conforming the section to the statute of 1881, p. 9; also equalizes the salaries of phonographic reporters.

§ 749. That section seven hundred and forty-nine be amended to read:

Sec. 749. The clerk of the supreme court is elected at the same time as the governor, and holds his office for the term of

four years commencing on the first Monday after the first day of January next following his election.

Substitutes "January" for "December," to conform the section to section twenty of article twenty of the constitution.

§ 750. That section seven hundred and fifty be amended to read:

Sec. 750. The clerk of the supreme court must perform such duties as are prescribed by law and as may be required by the rules and practice of the court.

The substance of the section is not changed.

§ 767. That section seven hundred and sixty-seven be amended to read:

Sec. 767. The justices of the supreme court must appoint a reporter of its decisions, to hold his office and be removable at their pleasure.

This section accords with section twenty-one of article six of the constitution.

§ 768. That section seven hundred and sixty-eight be amended to read:

Sec. 768. The reporter of the decisions of the supreme court may appoint a deputy, to hold office at the will of such reporter.

Codifies the statute of 1881, p. 9, chap. 13.

§ 769. That section seven hundred and sixty-nine be amended to read:

Sec. 769. The supreme court may appoint two phonographic reporters for the court, to hold office at its pleasure.

Omits the words "also in like manner" after "may."

§ 771. That section seven hundred and seventy-one be amended to read:

Sec. 771. The reporter of the decisions of the supreme court must prepare a report of all cases decided by the court.

Requires the reporter to report all cases, instead of such only as are directed by the court. We think the public are entitled to an official report of all cases decided. Such a report was clearly intended by the provisions of section two of article six of the state constitution, declaring that, "In the determination of causes all decisions of the court, in bank or in department, shall be in writing, and the grounds of the decision shall be stated." This requirement is without public value if the court may, in effect, suppress a decision or opinion by directing it not to be reported.

§ 773. That section seven hundred and seventy-three be amended to read:

Sec. 773. Each report must be made in manner and form as the court may direct; but in no case must such reporter omit any written decision of the court, unless the same shall have been set aside and a rehearing granted.

Inserts all after the word "direct."

§ 778. That section seven hundred and seventy-eight be amended to read:

Sec. 778. The reporter must have no pecuniary interest in the volumes of reports, but they must be published under the supervision of the court and reporter, by contract, to be entered into by the reporter, secretary of state, and attorney-general, with the person or persons who shall agree to publish and sell the said reports, for a period of ten years, on the terms most advantageous to the State and the public, and at a rate not to exceed two and a half dollars per volume of seven hundred pages.

Strikes out "four" and inserts "two and a half."

§ 780. That section seven hundred and eighty be amended to read:

Sec. 780. The contract must require the publisher to print and publish each volume in the style required by section seven hundred and seventy-seven, within sixty days from the time at which the manuscript is delivered by the reporter, to sell to the State the number of volumes required to be distributed by section four hundred and ten, at the price fixed in the contract, and to keep on hand and for sale, at the price stipulated in the contract, a sufficient number of copies of each volume to supply all demands for six years from the publication thereof, and to give bonds for the fulfillment of the terms of the contract, in the sum of ten thousand dollars.

Substitutes the words "the number of volumes required to be distributed by section four hundred and ten" for the words "three hundred copies."

§ 781. That section seven hundred and eighty-one be amended to read:

Sec. 781. On the publication of each volume of reports, the secretary of state must purchase, for the use of the State, the number of volumes required to be distributed by section four hundred and ten, at the price named in the contract, not exceeding two dollars and a half per volume, and after having

distributed the same, as required by section four hundred and ten, must deposit the surplus copies, if any there be, in the state library.

The amendment is of the same purport as that in the preceding section.

§ 782. That section seven hundred and eighty-two be amended to read:

Sec. 782. If, after advertising as required by section seven hundred and seventy-nine, no proposals are received by the secretary of state, agreeing to print, publish, and sell said volumes at a price not exceeding two and a half dollars per volume, then the superintendent of state printing must print and bind twelve hundred copies of each volume, and deliver to the secretary of state all the copies printed by him; and the secretary of state must keep the copies of the edition not distributed under the provisions of section four hundred and ten, on sale at two and a half dollars per volume, at retail, and at such wholesale price as may be fixed by the governor, controller, and secretary of state, and must, at the end of each month, pay into the state treasury the proceeds of all sales made by him.

Substitutes "two and a half" for "four," and strikes out "state printer" and inserts "superintendent of state printing."

§ 783. That a new section, numbered seven hundred and eighty-three, be added, to read:

Sec. 783. The justices of the supreme court are hereby authorized to appoint a librarian for its library, to hold office during their pleasure. He is responsible for the care of such library, and must conduct its affairs under the direction of such justices.

Codifies the statute of 1883, p. 132.

§ 794. That section seven hundred and ninety-four be amended to read:

Sec. 794. It is the duty of notaries public:

1. When requested, to demand acceptance and payment of foreign, domestic, and inland bills of exchange, or promissory notes, and protest the same for non-acceptance and non-payment, and to exercise such other powers and duties as by the law of nations and according to commercial usages, or by the laws of any other state, government, or country, may be performed by notaries;

2. To take the acknowledgment or proof of powers of attorney, mortgages, deeds, grants, transfers, and other instruments of writing, executed by any person, and to give a certificate of such proof or acknowledgment, indorsed on or attached to the instrument;

3. To take depositions and affidavits, and administer oaths and affirmations, in all matters incident to the duties of the office, or to be used before any court, judge, officer, or board in this State;

4. To keep a record of all official acts done by them;

5. To keep a record of the parties to, date, and character of every instrument acknowledged or proved before them;

6. When requested, and upon payment of their fees therefor, to make and give a certified copy of any record in their office;

7. To provide and keep official seals, upon which must be engraved the arms of this State, with the words "notary public," the name of the county for which they are commissioned, and the date upon which his commission expires, thus: "Commission expires ——, 19—."

8. To authenticate with their official seals all official acts.

Adds in subdivision seven the words "and the date upon which his commission expires, thus: 'Commission expires ——, 19—.'"

§ 798. That section seven hundred and ninety-eight be amended to read:

Sec. 798. The fees of notaries are as follows:

For drawing and copying every protest for the non-payment of a promissory note, or for the non-payment or non-acceptance of a bill of exchange, draft, or check, two dollars.

For drawing and serving every notice of non-payment of a promissory note, or of the non-payment or non-acceptance of a bill of exchange, order, draft, or check, one dollar.

For recording every protest, one dollar.

For drawing an affidavit, deposition, or other paper for which provision is not herein made, for each folio, fifteen cents.

For taking an acknowledgment or proof of a deed or other instrument, to include the seal and the writing of the certificate, for the first two signatures, one dollar each, and for each additional signature, fifty cents.

For administering an oath or affirmation, fifty cents.

For every certificate, to include writing the same, and the seal, one dollar.

Reduces the price per folio from thirty cents to fifteen cents.

§ 799. That section seven hundred and ninety-nine be amended to read:

Sec. 799. Each notary must execute an official bond in the sum of five thousand dollars, which bond must be approved by a judge of the superior court of his county, and filed and recorded as other official bonds of county officers.

Substitutes the word "a" in place of "the" before "judge."

§ 816. That section eight hundred and sixteen be repealed.

§§ 821-831. That article five, consisting of sections eight hundred and twenty-one to eight hundred and thirty-one, be repealed, because none of the sections states any rule of law.

§ 841. That section eight hundred and forty-one be amended to read:

Sec. 841. No person is capable of holding a civil office who, at the time of his election or appointment, is not of the age of twenty-one years, and a citizen of this State. Women who are of the age of twenty-one years, and are citizens and residents of the State and of the United States, are eligible to all educational offices within the State, from which they are not excluded by the constitution.

Adds the last sentence for the purpose of codifying the statute of 1873-4, p. 356, chap. 256.

§ 842. That section eight hundred and forty-two be repealed, because it does not state any rule of law.

§ 852. That section eight hundred and fifty-two be amended to read:

Sec. 852. The following officers must reside at and keep their offices in the city of Sacramento: The governor; secretary of state; controller; treasurer of the state; attorney-general; surveyor-general; superintendent of state printing; superintendent of public instruction; and adjutant-general.

Strikes out "state printer" and inserts "superintendent of state printing"; also strikes out "justices of the supreme court, clerk of the supreme court, reporters of the supreme court," because the duties of these officers do not now require their presence at the state capitol any considerable portion of their time, and their residence there should, therefore, not be required.

§§ 854, 855. That sections eight hundred and fifty-four and eight hundred and fifty-five be repealed, because neither states any rule of law.

§ 904. That section nine hundred and four be amended to read:

Sec. 904. Before any officer enters on the duties of his office, he must take and subscribe the following oath:

"I do solemnly swear (or affirm) that I will support the constitution of the United States and the constitution of the State of California, and that I will faithfully discharge the duties of the office of —— according to the best of my ability."

The word "solemnly" is inserted to conform the section to section three, article twenty, of the constitution.

§ 907. That section nine hundred and seven be amended to read:

Sec. 907. Whenever a different time is not prescribed by law, the oath of office must be taken, subscribed, and filed within ten days after the officer has received the certificate or commission of his election or appointment, or before the expiration of fifteen days from the commencement of his term of office, when no such certificate or commission has been received.

Strikes out "notice of his election or appointment," and inserts "received the certificate or commission of his election or appointment."

§ 909. That section nine hundred and nine be amended to read:

Sec. 909. Every oath of office, certified by the officer before whom the same was taken, must be filed within the time required by law, except when otherwise specially provided, as follows:

1. The oath of all officers whose authority is not limited to any particular county, or whose authority extends to more than one county, in the office of the secretary of state;

2. The oath of judges of the superior court, and county clerks, in the office of the secretary of state;

3. The oath of all other officers in the office of the county clerk of the county for which they are respectively elected or appointed.

Inserts in subdivision one the words "or whose authority extends to more than one county"; and adds subdivision three.

§ 920. That section nine hundred and twenty be amended to read:

Sec. 920. No officer, whether legislative, executive, or judicial, must be interested in any contract made by him in his official capacity, or made or authorized by any body or board of which he is a member.

Extends the qualification to all officers, instead of restricting it to members of the legislature and state, county, and township officers.

§ 921. That section nine hundred and twenty-one be amended to read:

Sec. 921. No officer must be interested in any sale made by him in his official capacity.

Extends the qualification to officers of every character, instead of limiting it to state, county, township, and city officers.

§ 923. That section nine hundred and twenty-three be amended to read:

Sec. 923. All officers, together with their deputies and clerks, are prohibited from buying or selling or in any manner receiving to their own use or benefit or to the use or benefit of any person or persons whatever, any state, county, or city warrants, scrip, orders, demands, claims, or other evidence of indebtedness against the state, or any county, city, township, district, or other political subdivision or public corporation thereof, except evidence of indebtedness issued to or held by them for services rendered as such officer, deputy, or clerk, and evidence of the funded indebtedness of such state, county, city, township, district, or other political subdivision or public corporation.

Extends the prohibition to all officers, together with their deputies and clerks, and also includes all evidences of indebtedness which may be issued by public corporations.

§ 924. That section nine hundred and twenty-four be amended to read:

Sec. 924. Every officer whose duty it is to audit or allow the accounts of any other officer must, before so doing, require such officer to make and file with him an affidavit that he has not violated any of the provisions of this article.

By the amendment the section is made applicable to all officers.

§ 925. That section nine hundred and twenty-five be amended to read:

Sec. 925. Officers charged with disbursement of public money must not pay any warrant or other indebtedness which has been purchased, sold, received, or transferred contrary to any of the provisions of this article.

The amendment makes the section applicable to every class of indebtedness which may be transferred contrary to the provisions of the article, whereas the present section extends only to warrants or other evidence of indebtedness against the State or a county or town.

§ 950. That section nine hundred and fifty be amended to read:

Sec. 950. Unless otherwise prescribed by statute, the official bonds of county, township, and other officers must by approved by a judge of the superior court of the county, recorded in the office of the county recorder, and then filed in the office of the county clerk.

Extends the provision of the section to all officers, instead of restricting it to county and township officers.

§ 955. That section nine hundred and fifty-five be amended to read:

Sec. 955. No officer whose duty it is to approve any official bond must accept or approve such bond unless each of the sureties thereto severally justifies before an officer authorized to administer oaths, as follows:

1. On a bond given by a state officer that such surety is a resident and freeholder or householder within this State; and on a bond given by any other officer that such surety is a resident and freeholder or householder within the county whose officer must approve the bond, or within an adjacent county;

2. That such surety is worth the amount for which he becomes surety, over and above all his debts and liabilities, in unincumbered property situated within this State, exclusive of property exempt from execution and forced sale;

3. A member of the board of supervisors must not be accepted as surety upon the official bond of any county, city and county, or township officer of his county; nor must the sheriff, clerk, tax collector, treasurer, recorder, auditor, assessor, or district attorney of the same county, or city and county, become sureties upon official bonds for each other;

4. A corporation such as is mentioned in section ten hundred and fifty-six of the Code of Civil Procedure of this State, may become and must be accepted as sole and sufficient surety upon any bond or undertaking authorized or required by the provisions of this code or of any law of this State, subject to the provisions of said section, and those of section ten hundred and fifty-seven of the same code.

Amends subdivision one so as to make it applicable to officers of every class, instead of restricting it to county and township officers.

§ 972. That section nine hundred and seventy-two be amended to read:

Sec. 972. Any surety on any official bond may be relieved

from liability thereon afterwards accruing by complying with the provisions of the three sections following.

The amendment extends the section to officers of every class.

§ 1001. That section ten hundred and one be amended to read:

Sec. 1001. A vacancy in the office of either the lieutenant-governor, secretary of state, controller, treasurer, attorney-general, surveyor-general, clerk of the supreme court, superintendent of public instruction, or superintendent of state printing, must be filled by a person appointed by the governor, who shall hold his office for the balance of the unexpired term.

The words "lieutenant-governor" are inserted before "secretary of state," and "superintendent of public instruction or superintendent of state printing" after "supreme court."

§ 1003. That section ten hundred and three be amended to read:

Sec. 1003. Any person appointed to fill a vacancy in the board of managers of the state hospitals holds only for the unexpired term of his predecessor.

Strikes out "directors of the insane asylums" and inserts "managers of the state hospitals."

§ 1014. That section ten hundred and fourteen be amended to read:

Sec. 1014. Every public officer is entitled to the possession of all books, papers, moneys, and property pertaining to his office, or in the custody of a former incumbent, by virtue of his office.

Inserts the words "moneys and property."

§ 1015. That section ten hundred and fifteen be amended to read:

Sec. 1015. If any person, whether a former incumbent or another person, refuses or neglects to deliver to the actual incumbent, any such books, papers, moneys, or property, such actual incumbent may apply, by petition, to any court of record sitting in the county where the person so refusing or neglecting resides, or to any judge of the superior court residing therein, and the court or officer applied to must proceed in a summary way, after notice to the adverse party, to hear the allegations and proof of the parties, and to order any such books, papers, moneys, or property to be delivered to the petitioners.

Inserts the words "moneys or property."

§ 1016. That section ten hundred and sixteen be amended to read:

Sec. 1016. The execution of the order and the delivery of the books, papers, moneys, and property may be enforced by attachment as for a witness, and, also, at the request of the petitioner, by a warrant directed to the sheriff or a constable of the county, commanding him to search for such books, papers, moneys, and property, and to deliver them to the petitioner.

Inserts the words "moneys and property" in two places.

§ 1030. That section ten hundred and thirty be amended to read:

Sec. 1030. Unless otherwise provided by law, every officer must keep his office open for the transaction of business from nine o'clock A. M. until four o'clock P. M. each day, except holidays.

Substitutes "nine" for "ten."

§§ 1033-1035. That three new sections, codifying the statute of 1897, p. 5, as amended by the statute of 1901, p. 93, numbered ten hundred and thirty-three to ten hundred and thirty-five, be added, to read:

Sec. 1033. All state officers, boards, and commissioners, having in charge property belonging to the State, must make a verified inventory on or before the thirty-first day of December of each year, of all property purchased with state money, and in their keeping, and file such inventory with the state board of examiners, by whom it must be recorded in a book kept for that purpose. Any state officer or clerk, or member of any board or commission, having in charge property belonging to the State, who fails to make the inventory herein provided for, within the time limited, must, upon conviction thereof, be adjudged guilty of a misdemeanor.

Sec. 1034. All county officers, including supervisors, superintendents of poor farms, hospitals, orphanages, or almshouses, must, on or before the thirty-first day of December of each year, make an inventory, showing in detail all county property in their possession or under their charge. In case of county officers and employes, such inventory must show the source from which such property was derived, and, if possible, the cost of each item. Each officer referred to in this section must, under oath, file his respective inventory with the county clerk, who must keep the same of record. Any person whose duty it is, under this section, to make and file the inventory herein provided for, who fails to perform such duty within the time limited, must, upon conviction thereof, be adjudged guilty of a misdemeanor.

Sec. 1035. Outgoing officers, boards, commissions, and employés mentioned in sections ten hundred and thirty-three and ten hundred and thirty-four, must deliver to their successors in office an inventory of all state or county property in their possession, and the incoming officer must receipt for the same. Any person omitting to comply with the provisions of this section must be adjudged guilty of a misdemeanor.

§§ 1043-1052*b*. That a new article be added next after section ten hundred and forty-one, consisting of sections ten hundred and forty-three to ten hundred and fifty-two *b*, codifying the statute of 1899, p. 63, chap. 54, to read:

ARTICLE Ia.

SPECIAL AND MUNICIPAL ELECTIONS.

SEC. 1043. Special elections defined.

1044. Municipal elections which must be conducted under this article.

1045. Municipal election precincts.

1046. Persons entitled to vote at special municipal elections.

1047. Persons entitled to vote without additional registration.

1048. Additional registration.

1049. Boards of election and their appointment.

1050. Registers to be used in special municipal elections.

1051. Change of residence from one precinct to another.

1052. Persons who are not entitled to vote.

1052*a*. General provisions of law applicable to special municipal elections.

1052*b*. Special elections other than municipal.

Special elections defined.

Sec. 1043. Special elections are such as are held to supply vacancies in any office or for any other special purpose, and are held at such times as may be designated by the proper board of officers.

Municipal elections which must be conducted under this article.

Sec. 1044. Except in all particulars otherwise provided for in the constitution, all municipal elections, where the same are held separate from general state elections, and all elections held under the authority of section eight of article eleven of the constitution, to elect boards of freeholders, or to vote upon proposed charters, or upon amendments to existing charters, must be conducted under the provisions of this article.

Corresponds to section one of the original act.

Municipal election precincts.

Sec. 1045. In the elections provided for in the preceding section, the election precincts must be the same as in the preceding general state election, except that the municipal board charged with the conduct and carrying on of elections, may consolidate such precincts to a number not exceeding six for each municipal election precinct. Such board must number the municipal election precincts separately, and each precinct must be known as "Municipal Election Precinct Number ——."

This section is intended to take the place of sections two and three of the original act, but differs from them in the following essential particulars: They provide that the municipal authorities may designate the municipal precincts as to them may seem best, and may from time to time change them. If, however, a municipal election precinct differs from that existing at the preceding general state election, there is no mode provided by law of obtaining a register therefor. A precinct register consists, in fact, of a book of affidavits prepared for and used at a general election. It is true that in some cities the county clerk has been persuaded, for the purposes of a municipal election, to unbind his books of affidavits and rearrange them to correspond with the election precincts as fixed by the municipal authorities. We can find no warrant of law for this, and think the propriety of permitting these books to be taken apart and rearranged after once being made perfect, is very doubtful. Hence we suggest that the municipal election precincts must consist either of the precincts existing at the preceding general state election or of two or more precincts so existing, consolidated into one. Under this system the books of affidavits prepared for the general state election may, with the supplements hereafter recommended, answer all or most of the necessities of special elections. Municipalities are, however, often divided into wards and officers elected for such wards only, and hence the law must be so modified that an election precinct cannot lie partly in two or more wards. To that end we suggest an amendment to section eleven hundred and twenty-seven.

Persons entitled to vote at special municipal elections.

Sec. 1046. All persons are entitled to vote at the elections mentioned in section ten hundred and forty-four who come within the terms or comply with the requirements of this article.

Corresponds to section four of the original act.

Persons entitled to vote without additional registration.

Sec. 1047. Every person who was a qualified elector at the general state election immediately preceding the holding of any of the elections mentioned in section ten hundred and forty-

four, and who was upon the great register of the county, or city and county, where any such municipality is situated, as a qualified elector of any one of the precincts which compose a municipal election precinct, and who continues to reside within the exterior boundaries of such municipal election precinct until the time of the holding of the election herein provided for, is entitled to vote at such election without other or additional registration.

Corresponds to section five of the original act.

Additional registration.

Sec. 1048. All other persons claiming to be entitled to vote at any of the elections provided for in this article must be registered upon the great register of the county, or city and county, within which such municipality is situated, as an elector of and within one of the precincts which compose the municipal election precinct wherein he claims to be entitled to vote. Such registration must take place at least twenty-five days prior to the election; and it is the duty of the county clerk of the county, or city and county, within which such municipality is situated, and in those counties, or cities and counties, wherein the county clerk is not the officer charged with the duty of registering voters, then of the officers so charged, to keep his or their office open for at least thirty days prior to the twenty-fifth day preceding any such election, for the registration of voters who may desire to vote at such election.

Corresponds to section six of the original act.

Boards of election and their appointment.

Sec. 1049. The municipal board charged with the conduct of elections may appoint a board of election for each municipal election precinct, to consist of two inspectors and two judges, and also appoint two clerks and two ballot clerks, who must apportion among themselves the work and labor required to conduct such election within their respective municipal election precincts. But one poll-list need be kept, and but one register. These must be returned to the proper officers as a part of the official returns.

Corresponds to section seven of the original act.

Registers to be used in special municipal elections.

Sec. 1050. The register used in each municipal election precinct must consist of a book or books of affidavits used therein at the last preceding general state election, with the supplements thereto consisting of the affidavits of persons

whose names have been placed upon the great register of the county, or city and county, since the last preceding general state election. Within ten days after the close of the registration provided for in section ten hundred and forty-eight, the county clerk or other officer charged with the duty of registering voters, must, as provided in section eleven hundred and thirteen, arrange, number, and bind the affidavits and duplicate affidavits of registration of the persons registered since the last general state election, into supplementary books of affidavits for the respective municipal election precincts, and must, before the day of election, transmit and cause to be delivered to the board of election in each precinct, the book or books of affidavits used therein at the last general state election, and also one of the supplementary books prepared by him for each precinct.

This section, though intended to take the place of section eight of the original act, differs very essentially from it. Under that section no means were provided for supplying any register of the municipal election precincts or for furnishing the officers thereof the names of the persons who had become entitled to vote by registering since the last general state election. The section which we propose is intended to supply precinct registers up to the date of the municipal election. It is still defective in not including some provision making known the persons whose names have been canceled upon the great register, or who, in the meantime, have removed from one precinct to another. With respect to cancellations, this defect is sought to be corrected by an amendment to section eleven hundred and five, requiring the clerk, on canceling the entry in the great register, to also mark the word "canceled" on the duplicate affidavit as well as on the original affidavit of registration. Provision should also be made under which a person who has moved from one precinct to another may make that fact known to the clerk or other registering officer, whose duty it should then be to cancel or otherwise mark the original affidavit of registration and duplicate in the book wherein it was first bound, and should take a further affidavit from the voter showing his removal from one precinct to another, and add that affidavit to the original book of affidavits of the precinct to which the removal was made. This latter object is sought to be accomplished by adding section ten hundred and fifty-one.

Change of residence from one precinct to another.

Sec. 1051. If a person registered subsequently changes his place of residence to another election precinct he may, not later than ten days prior to any such election, file with the

county clerk or other officer charged with the duty of registration, an affidavit stating the fact of his registration, the place of his residence when registered, the place to which it has been changed, and the date of such change. Such affidavit must be in duplicate, signed by the affiant. Such copies must be added to the books of affidavits of the precinct to which the change of residence has taken place, and the clerk or other officer must mark or stamp on the original affidavit of registration, and the duplicate thereof, the fact of such change.

See note to section ten hundred and fifty.

Persons who are not entitled to vote.

Sec. 1052. No person is entitled to vote at any election provided for in this article, unless his name appears uncanceled upon the great register of the county, or city and county, and also upon the book of affidavits or supplement thereto for the precinct in which he offers to vote, nor unless, according to the laws of the State, he is entitled to vote thereat.

This is intended to take the place of section nine of the original act, but in addition thereto clearly declares that no one is entitled to vote unless his name appears within the book of affidavits or the supplement thereto.

General provisions of law applicable to special municipal elections.

Sec. 1052a. The provisions of law which would be applicable to the elections mentioned in section ten hundred and forty-four but for the passage of this article must nevertheless control the said elections as to the matters for which no provision is herein contained.

Corresponds to section ten of the original act.

Special elections other than municipal.

Sec. 1052b. At least one day prior to any special election other than one mentioned in section ten hundred and forty-four, the county clerk or other officer in charge of the registration of voters must furnish to the board of election of each precinct in the county, or city and county, one of the books of affidavits for such election precinct used at the last general state election, and no person is entitled to vote at such special election unless his name appears on such book, or unless he makes and files with the board of election his affidavit by him subscribed, stating that he is a citizen of the United States, twenty-one years of age; that he has resided in the State one

year, in the county ninety days, and in the precinct thirty days next preceding the election.

The statute of 1899, p. 63, heretofore codified, provides for special elections in municipalities. The above section is intended to govern such elections held outside of municipalities. They are infrequent, and occur chiefly when members of the legislature or congress are to be elected to fill vacancies. (See sec. 12, art. IV, constitution of California, and sub. 4, sec. 1, art. I, of the constitution of the United States.) With respect to these special elections it is probably not desirable to require supplemental books of affidavits to be prepared, as the time therefor may be inadequate. We have therefore suggested that the persons who vote thereat shall consist of those whose names appear on the existing books of affidavits and of those who shall file affidavits stating the facts entitling them to vote.

§ 1054. That section ten hundred and fifty-four be amended to read:

Sec. 1054. Such proclamation must contain:

1. A statement of the time of election, and of the offices to be filled;

2. A brief and concise statement of any constitutional amendment or question which is to be submitted to the vote of the people, designating the same by their respective numbers;

3. An offer of rewards in the following form: "And I do hereby offer a reward of one hundred dollars for the arrest and conviction of any and every person violating any of the provisions of Title IV, Part I, of the Penal Code; such rewards to be paid until the total amount hereafter expended for the purpose reaches the sum of ten thousand dollars."

The amendment consists in inserting subdivision two.

§ 1072. That section ten hundred and seventy-two be amended to read:

Sec. 1072. Each member upon a board of election, except for a primary election, in any county, or city and county in the State, and each clerk thereof, must receive as compensation for his services upon such board, a sum not to exceed ten dollars, which sum must be paid out of the treasury of the county, or city and county, in which such persons act.

Inserts "for a primary election."

§§ 1074-1080. That Article IV, consisting of sections ten hundred and seventy-four to ten hundred and eighty inclusive, be repealed, because declared unconstitutional in *Denman v. Broderick*, 111 Cal. 96.

§ 1084. That section ten hundred and eighty-four be amended to read:

Sec. 1084. No native of China, no idiot, insane person, or person convicted of any infamous crime, and no person hereafter convicted of the embezzlement or misappropriation of public money, and no person who shall not be able to read the constitution in the English language, and write his name, shall ever exercise the privilege of an elector; provided, that the provisions of this section relative to an educational qualification shall not apply to any person prevented by a physical disability from complying with its requirements, nor to any person who had the right to vote on the twenty-eighth day of January, eighteen hundred and ninety-three, nor to any person who was sixty years and upward on the sixth day of November, eighteen hundred and ninety-four.

The amendment is to conform the section to the amendment of section one, article two of the constitution of the State, adopted November 6, 1894.

§ 1102. That section eleven hundred and two be repealed, because there is no longer any great register from which can be made the entries provided for by this section.

§ 1103. That section eleven hundred and three be amended to read:

Sec. 1103. The clerk must take in duplicate the affidavits specified in subdivision five of section ten hundred and ninety-seven, and require both the original and duplicate to be signed by the affiant.

The amendment distinctly requires the affidavit to be taken in duplicate, that being the manifest intention of section ten hundred and ninety-seven.

§ 1105. That section eleven hundred and five be amended to read:

Sec. 1105. There must be left opposite each name in the great register a blank for cancellation. Cancellation is made by writing in red ink across the face of the original and duplicate affidavits used in procuring registration, the word "canceled," and a statement of the reasons therefor.

The amendment requires the cancellation to be made on the duplicate as well as on the original affidavit.

§ 1106. That section eleven hundred and six be amended to read:

Sec. 1106. The clerk must cancel the entry in the following cases:

1. At the written request of the party registered;
2. When he knows of the death or removal of the person registered;
3. When the insanity of the person registered is legally established;
4. Upon the production of a certified copy of a judgment of the conviction of any elector of any infamous crime, or of the embezzlement or misappropriation of any public money, in full force against the person registered, or upon information of such conviction obtained as hereinafter provided;
5. Upon the production of a certified copy of a judgment directing the cancellation to be made;
6. Upon a certificate of the board of election of any precinct, sent up with the election returns, stating the death or removal, within their own knowledge, of the person registered;
7. When it appears by the returns made by the board and clerks of election that the respective party did not vote during the next preceding two years at any general or special election;
8. The clerk must cancel upon the books of affidavits of registration every name found thereon which is found upon the register of deaths provided for in section three thousand and seventy-nine of this code;
9. Every judge before whom proceedings were had which result in any male person being declared incapable of taking care of himself and managing his property, and for whom a guardian of his person and estate is accordingly appointed, or which result in such person being committed to a state hospital for the care and treatment of the insane, as an insane person, must file with the county clerk a certificate of that fact, and thereupon the clerk must cancel the name of such person upon the books of affidavits, if found thereon;
10. The county clerk must also, in the first week of September, in each year, examine the records of the courts having jurisdiction in cases of infamous crimes, and the embezzlement or misappropriation of public money within his county, and cancel upon the said books the names of all persons appearing thereon who have been convicted of an infamous crime, or of the embezzlement or misappropriation of public money in such court, and which conviction has been carried into effect.

Inserts the word "written" in subdivision one, and in subdivision nine substitutes "state hospital for the care and treatment of the insane" for the words "state insane asylum"; also strikes out "great register" and inserts "books of affidavits of registration."

§§ 1118, 1119. That sections eleven hundred and eighteen and eleven hundred and nineteen be repealed, because the subject-matters thereof are provided for in the primary election law of 1901, p. 606, chap. 198.

§ 1127. That section eleven hundred and twenty-seven be amended to read:

Sec. 1127. The board of supervisors or other board having charge and control of elections in each of the counties, and cities and counties, of the State, must, as soon before a general election as is convenient, proceed to divide such county, or city and county, into election precincts, of which there must be as many as shall be sufficient to make the number of votes polled at any one election precinct to be not more than two hundred, as nearly as can be ascertained; but no such election precinct must embrace territory lying within two or more wards of any municipal corporation.

The amendment consists in adding the words "but no such election precinct must embrace territory lying within two or more wards of any municipal corporation." Its object is to require officers of municipalities to form election precincts which shall not divide the precincts established by the supervisors for general elections.

§ 1132. That section eleven hundred and thirty-two be amended to read:

Sec. 1132. If the board fails to designate the house or place for holding the election, or if it cannot be held in the house or place designated, a justice of the peace residing in the precinct, or if there be none residing therein, then the justice of the peace residing nearest to such precinct, must, two days before the election, by an order under his hand (copies of which he must at once post in three public places in the precinct), designate the house or place, subject to the limitations contained in the preceding section.

The clause relating only to the city and county of San Francisco is omitted, because it is probably unconstitutional under the decision in *Denman v. Broderick*, 111 Cal. 96; and the words "a justice" have been substituted for the words "the justices," because there is usually but one justice residing within an election precinct.

§ 1143. That section eleven hundred and forty-three be repealed, because the matters are provided for in the preceding section.

§ 1148. That section eleven hundred and forty-eight be amended to read:

Sec. 1148. Before opening the polls each member of the board and each clerk must take and subscribe an oath to faithfully perform the duties imposed upon him by law. Any elector of the township may administer and certify such oath.

The word "him" substituted for "them" before the words "by law."

§ 1149. That section eleven hundred and forty-nine be amended to read:

Sec. 1149. Before opening the polls, the board must post in separate convenient places, easy of access, not less than four printed copies of the index to affidavits of registration of the precinct.

The words "great register of the county as last printed" are omitted, and the words "of the index to affidavits of registration of the precinct" inserted. The words "except in the city and county of San Francisco, wherein not less than four printed copies of the register of the ward shall be so posted" are omitted, because the provision is probably unconstitutional under *Denman v. Broderick*, 111 Cal. 96.

§ 1191. That section eleven hundred and ninety-one be amended to read:

Sec. 1191. The officer with whom such certificate is filed must preserve it in his office for the period of two years.

The section is broadened by making it applicable to every officer with whom a certificate may be filed.

§ 1192. That section eleven hundred and ninety-two be amended to read:

Sec. 1192. Certificates of nomination required to be filed with the secretary of state must be filed not more than sixty days and not less than forty days before the day fixed by law for the election of the persons in nomination, when the nomination is made by a convention, and not more than sixty days and not less than thirty days before the day of election, when the nomination is made by electors, as provided in section eleven hundred and eighty-eight. Certificates of nomination required to be filed with the county clerks, or with the clerk or secretary of the legislative bodies of any city or town, must be filed not more than fifty nor less than thirty days before the day of election, when the nomination is made by a convention, and not more than fifty days nor less than twenty days before the day of election, when the nomination

is made by electors. The county clerk of the county wherein certificates of nominations for senators and members of the assembly and judges of the superior court are required to be filed, must, within five days after the filing of such certificate, make out a copy of such certificate of nomination, certify the same under his official seal, and forward such copy or copies to the secretary of state. Should a vacancy in the list of nominees of a convention occur, such vacancy may be filled by the convention; or if it has delegated to a committee the power to fill vacancies, such committee may, upon the occurring of such vacancy, proceed to fill the same; but no nomination must be made or certified at a period before the day of election less than the minimum number of days provided for filing certificates of nomination made under this code. The chairman and secretary of the convention, or of such committee, must thereupon make and file with the proper officer a certificate setting forth the cause of the vacancy, the name of the person nominated, the office for which he was nominated, the name of the person for whom the new nominee is to be substituted, the fact that the committee was authorized to fill vacancies, and such further information as is required to be given in an original certificate of nomination. The county clerk of the county wherein such certificate to fill a vacancy in the list of nominees of a convention for senators, or members of the assembly, or judges of the superior court, is filed, must, within five days after the filing of such certificate, make out a copy of such certificate, certify the same under his official seal, and forward such copy or copies to the secretary of state. When a certificate to fill any vacancy is filed with the secretary of state, he must, in certifying the nomination to the various county clerks, insert the name of the person who has been thus nominated to fill a vacancy in the place of that of the original nominee. Any person whose name has been presented as a candidate may, at least five days before the making of the publication of the nominations prescribed in this section, cause his name to be withdrawn from nomination by filing, in the office where the original certificate of nomination was filed, his request therefor, in writing, signed by him and acknowledged before any officer authorized to administer oaths; and no name so withdrawn must be printed on the ballot. Whenever any certificate of nomination is presented for filing to any officer authorized to file the same, he must forthwith, upon receipt of the same, and before filing, examine the same, and if there is any defect, omission, or

reason why the same should not be filed, he must then and there forthwith designate, in writing, the defect, omission, or reason why such certificate cannot be filed, and return said certificate to the person presenting the same, with such written designation of defect, omission, or reason for not filing the same; and after the filing of any certificate of nomination, no officer required by law to transmit any nomination, or to make up or print any ballot, must fail or omit to transmit such nomination, or omit to print the name of any nominee or candidate named in any certificate of nomination which has been filed; and unless a certificate of nomination is returned as herein required, the officer to whom the same is properly presented must file the same as soon as he receives and examines the same as herein required, and must file it as of the day it is presented.

Omits the words "the county clerk of the county in which he resides" and inserts "any officer authorized to administer oaths."

§ 1197. That section eleven hundred and ninety-seven be amended to read:

Sec. 1197. There must be provided at each polling place, at each election at which public officers are voted for, but one form of ballot for all the candidates for public office, and every ballot must contain the names of all the candidates whose nominations for any office specified on the ballot have been duly made and not withdrawn, as provided in this code, together with the title of the office, arranged in tickets under the titles of the respective political parties, as certified in the certificates of nomination. The arrangement of the ballots must, in general, conform as nearly as practicable to the plan hereinafter given. The list of candidates of the several parties must be printed in parallel columns, each column to be headed by the party named, in such order as the secretary of state may direct, precedence, however, being given to the party which polled the highest number of votes for governor at the last preceding general election for such officer, and so on. The number of such columns must exceed by one the number of separate tickets of candidates to be voted for at the polling place for which the ballot is provided, except as otherwise provided in this section. The party name must be printed in display, the name or designation of the office in brier lower case, and the name of the candidate therefor in brier capital type. The title of the office, together with the name of the candidate therefor, must be printed in a space one half inch

in depth, and at least two inches in width, defined by light horizontal ruled lines, with a blank space on the right thereof one half of an inch wide, inclosed by heavier dark lines, which space (called the voting square) must be of the same depth as the space containing the title of the office and the name of the candidate. When two or more persons are to be elected for the same office, for the same term, on the same party ticket, as, for instance, presidential electors, the title of the office must be printed before the first name only and in a space one half of an inch in depth, and separated from the spaces containing the names of the candidates by a heavy ruled line, and under it in the same space must be placed, in parentheses, the words "(vote for ———)," giving the number of the persons to be elected to such office; and the several spaces in which only such candidates' names are printed, and the voting spaces to the right thereof, must each be one fourth of an inch in depth between the horizontal ruled lines. On the right of each ballot must be a column in which must be printed only the titles of the offices for which candidates may be voted for by the electors at the polling place for which such ballot is printed. Such column is designated as the "blank column," and in such column the voting spaces must be omitted, but in all other respects such blank column must be a duplicate of the political party columns upon such ballot. In the space of such column, above the heavy ruled line, must be printed, in great primer roman condensed capitals, the words "blank column," and below such words must be printed, in brier capital type, the following: "The elector may write in the column below, under the title of the office, the name of any person whose name is not printed upon the ballot, for whom he desires to vote." The heading of each party ticket must be separated from the rest of the ticket by a heavy printed line; provided, however, that in the case of nominations provided for in section eleven hundred and eighty-eight, herein referred to as independent tickets, the ballots must be so arranged that at the right of the last column for nominations made pursuant to section eleven hundred and eighty-seven the several tickets of the names of the candidates nominated under section eleven hundred and eighty-eight must be printed in one or more columns according to the space required, having above each of the tickets the political or other name selected to designate such independent nominations. The independent tickets occupying the same column must be separated from each other by a solid black line one eighth of an inch wide. At the top of such column or

columns for independent nominations must be printed, in type known as great primer roman condensed capitals, the words "independent nominations." Each column upon the ballot must be bordered on either side by a broad, solid printed line, one eighth of an inch wide, and the edge of the ballot on the left hand side must be trimmed off up to the border or solid line described, and on the right hand side must be perforated along the border or solid line above described. The ballots must be so printed as to give each elector a clear opportunity to designate, by stamping with a cross (X), in a blank inclosed space, heretofore designated as the voting space, on the right of and after the name of each candidate, his choice of particular candidates. If the name of the same person is printed more than once on a ballot as a candidate for the same office, the placing of a cross opposite such name in more than one of the different places where it is so printed must not be regarded as putting a distinguishing mark on the ballot, and it must be counted as one vote for such person. The ballots must be printed on the same leaf with a stub, and separated therefrom by a perforated line across the top of the ballot. On each ballot a perforated line must extend from top to bottom, along the border or solid line hereinbefore described, one half inch from the right hand side of such ballot, and upon the half inch strip thus formed there must be no printing, except the number of the ballot, which must be upon the back of such strip, in such position that it must appear on the outside when the ballot is folded. The number on each ballot must be the same as that on the corresponding stub, and the ballots and stubs must be numbered consecutively in each county. All ballots printed by county clerks, other than the separate ballots containing the names of candidates for city and county officers, printed by the county clerks of consolidated cities and counties, must have printed on the back, below the stub, and immediately at the left of the center of the ballot, in great primer roman condensed capitals, the words "general ticket," and underneath the respective number of congressional, senatorial, and assembly districts in which each ballot is to be voted; and all ballots printed by county clerks of consolidated cities and counties containing the names of candidates for city and county offices, and also all ballots printed by the clerk or secretary of a legislative body of any incorporated city or town, must have printed in the same manner, on the back, the words "municipal ticket." All municipal tickets must be printed upon paper of a different tint from that of the general ticket. On the top of the face

of the ballot the following directions must be printed: "To vote for a person, stamp a cross (X) in the square at the right of the name." All of the ballots of the same sort prepared by any county clerk, or clerk or secretary of a legislative body, or other person having charge of preparing such ballots, for the same polling place, must be of precisely the same size, arrangement, quality and tint of paper, and kind of type, and must be printed with black ink of the same tint, so that when the stubs mentioned as aforesaid shall be detached therefrom, it will be impossible to distinguish any one of the ballots from the other ballots of the same sort; and the names of all candidates printed upon the ballot must be in type of the same size and character. If two or more officers are to be elected to the same office for different terms, the terms for which each is nominated must be printed upon the ballot as a part of the title of the office. If, at a general election an officer is to be elected for a full term, and another to fill a vacancy, the ballots containing the names of the candidates must, as a part of the title of the office, designate the term to fill which such candidates are severally nominated, and the name of the candidate to fill such vacancy must be printed next following the name of the candidate nominated for the full term. When no nomination has been made by a political party, as designated by section eleven hundred and eighty-six, for an office to be filled at the election, the title of such office must not be printed in such party column, and no space must be left thereon for the same. No ticket or list of candidates must be printed, under the name of any political party, or independent nominations, which contains more candidates for any office than there are persons to be elected to such office. Whenever any question or constitutional amendment is to be submitted to the vote of the people, there must be printed another column, or columns, with voting squares, at the right of the last or blank column, in which such question or constitutional amendment must be printed in the form and in the order designated by the proclamation of the governor, and opposite such question or constitutional amendment to be voted on, in separate lines, the words "yes" and "no" must be printed. If the elector shall have stamped a cross (X) in the voting square after the printed word "yes," he must be deemed to have voted in favor of the adoption of the question or constitutional amendment; if he shall have stamped a cross (X) after the printed word "no," he must be deemed to have voted against the adoption of the same. The ballot must be printed in the following form:

To vote for a person stamp a cross (X) in the square at the right of the name.

REPUBLICAN TICKET.		DEMOCRATIC TICKET.		PROHIBITION TICKET.		SOCIAL LABOR TICKET.		Blank Column. The elector may write in the column below, under the title of the office, the name of any person whose name is not printed upon the ballot for whom he desires to vote.
For Governor, HENRY T. GAGE.		For Governor, JAMES G. MAGUIRE.		For Governor, J. E. MCCOMAS.		For Governor, J. ROBINSON.		For Governor,
For Lieutenant-Governor, J. H. NEFF.		For Lieutenant-Governor, E. L. HUTCHINSON.		For Lieutenant-Governor, R. SUMMERS.		For Secretary of State, JAMES RASCHEN.		For Lieutenant-Governor,
For Secretary of State, CHARLES F. CURRY.		For Secretary of State, R. A. THOMPSON.		For Secretary of State, J. W. WEBB.				For Secretary of State,
For Controller, E. P. COLGAN.		For Controller, T. W. MAPLES.		For Controller, T. L. HIERLEHY.				For Controller,
For Attorney-General, TIREY L. FORD.		For Attorney-General, H. P. ANDREWS.		For Attorney-General, J. H. BLANCHARD.				For Attorney-General,
For Associate Justices of Supreme Court, (Vote for two.)		For Associate Justices of Supreme Court, (Vote for two.)		For Associate Justices of Supreme Court, (Vote for two.)				For Associate Justices of Supreme Court, (Vote for two.)
T. B. MCFARLAND.		W. M. CONLEY.		T. M. STEWART.		UNITED LABOR TICKET.		
WM. C. VAN FLEET.		W. VAN DYKE.		R. THOMPSON.				
For Representative in Congress, 5th Cong. District, EUGENE F. LOUD.		For Representative in Congress, 5th Cong. District, WM. CRAIG.						For Representative in Congress, 5th Cong. District,
For Board of Equalization, 1st Equalization District, J. G. EDWARDS.		For Board of Equalization, 1st Equalization District, J. P. DUNN.						For Board of Equalization, 1st Equalization District,
For Railroad Commissioner, 2d Railroad District, C. S. LAUMEISTER.		For Railroad Commissioner, 2d Railroad District, WM. M. HINTON.						For Railroad Commissioner, 2d Railroad District,
For Member of Assembly, 38th Assembly District, WM. H. RICKARD.		For Member of Assembly, 38th Assembly District, LESTER JACOBS.						For Member of Assembly, 38th Assembly District,

in the square at the right of the name.

ON TICKET.		Independent Nominations.	Blank Column. The elector may write in the column below, under the title of the office, the name of any person whose name is not printed upon the ballot for whom he desires to vote.
For Governor, MAS.		For Governor, J. ROBINSON.	For Governor,
For Lieutenant-Governor, ERS.		For Secretary of State, JAMES RASCHEN.	For Lieutenant-Governor,
For Secretary of State, EBB.			For Secretary of State,
For Controller, LEHY.			For Controller,
For Attorney-General, HARD.			For Attorney-General,
For Associate Justices of the Court, (Vote for two.)			For Associate Justices of Supreme Court, (Vote for two.)
For Representative in Congress, 5th Cong. District, JOHN L. PILGER.		UNITED LABOR TICKET.	
			For Representative in Congress, 5th Cong. District,
			For Board of Equalization, 1st Equalization District,
			For Railroad Commissioner, 2d Railroad District,
			For Member of Assembly, 38th Assembly District,

Inserts the words "before the first name only and"; also the words "and separated from the spaces containing the names of the candidates by a heavy ruled line, and under it in the same space must be placed, in parentheses, the words '(vote for ——)', giving the number of the persons to be elected to such office"; also the words "in the form and in the order designated by the proclamation of the governor." The object of this change will be obvious by comparing the above form with the form found in the Statutes of 1899, p. 138. Under the latter the voter is left in doubt as to how many persons are to be elected to offices where more than one person is to be elected. Also omits the provision requiring the words "no nomination" to be printed on the ticket when a political party fails to nominate a candidate for an office, because experience has shown that voters will mark a cross after such words, and that such ballots are thereby made void; and omits the provision prohibiting the same name from being printed twice on the ballot when the same person has received more than one nomination, because such provision has been adjudged invalid. Inserts the provision that stamping two or more times for the same person when his name is printed more than once on the ballot must not be regarded as a distinguishing mark.

§ 1204. That section twelve hundred and four be amended to read:

Sec. 1204. Any person desiring to vote must write his name and address (or if he is unable to write, must have the same written for him) on a roster of voters provided for that purpose, and announce the same to one of the ballot clerks, who must then, in an audible tone of voice, announce the same, and if the other ballot clerk finds the name on the index to the affidavits of registration he must, in like manner, repeat the name and address, whereupon a challenge may be interposed, as provided in section twelve hundred and thirty. If the challenge is overruled, the ballot clerk must give him a ticket, and the clerk must write on the index to the affidavits of registration, opposite the name of the voter, the number of the general ticket given him, and also the number of the municipal ticket given him, when any city, city and county, or town officer is to be elected, and the voter must be allowed to enter the place inclosed by the guard rail, as above provided. The ballot clerk must give him but one general ticket, and where any city, city and county, or town officers are to be elected, also one municipal ticket, and only one ballot of each kind; and in order to prevent voters from marking their ballot with a pencil, or otherwise contrary to law, it is the duty of the ballot clerk, whenever he delivers a ballot to any voter, to then orally, distinctly state to him, so

that it may be heard by the bystanders, that he must mark the ballot with the stamp provided by law, or it will not be counted.

Strikes out "register" in two places and inserts "index to affidavits of registration."

§ 1205. That section twelve hundred and five be amended to read:

Sec. 1205. On receipt of his ballot, the elector must forthwith, and without leaving the enclosed space, retire alone to one of the places, booths, or compartments provided, to prepare his ballot. He must prepare his ballot by marking a cross after the name of the person or persons for whom he intends to vote, or by writing a name or names in the "blank column"; and in case of a constitutional amendment or other question submitted to the vote of the people, by marking in the appropriate margin a cross (X) against the answer which he desires to give. Such marking must be done only with a stamp, which, with necessary pads and ink, must be provided by the officers who are by this code required to furnish election supplies for each booth or compartment provided for the marking and preparation of ballots. Before leaving such booth or compartment, the elector must fold his ballot in such a manner that the number of the ballot and the indorsement on the back must appear on the outside thereof, without displaying the marks on the face thereof, and must keep it folded until he has voted. Having folded his ballot, the voter must deliver it folded to the inspector, who must announce in an audible tone of voice the name of the voter and the number of his ballot. The ballot clerk having the index to affidavits of registration in charge, if he finds the number to correspond with the number marked opposite the voter's name on the index to affidavits of registration, must, in like manner, repeat the name and number, and must mark opposite the name the word "voted." The inspector must then separate the slip containing the number from the ballot, and must deposit the ballot in the box. The numbers of all ballots must be immediately destroyed.

Omits the word "register" in two places, and inserts "index to affidavits of registration."

§ 1208. That section twelve hundred and eight be amended to read:

Sec. 1208. When it appears from the affidavit of registration that any elector has declared under oath, when he registered, that he cannot read, or that by reason of physical disability

he is unable to mark his ballot, he must, upon request, receive the assistance of two of the officers of election of different political parties, in the marking thereof, to be chosen as follows: One by the inspector then receiving the ballots, and the other by the judge of the opposite political party which at the last election cast the highest number of votes throughout the State, and in the event there are more judges than one of said party, then by the one of said judges who must be named by said inspector. Neither of the persons appointed must be of the same political party with the person appointing, nor must either of said persons so making said appointments appoint the other for said purposes. Such officers must thereafter give no information regarding the marking of said ballot. The officers making such appointments must make the same in writing, and sign the same, and upon the same paper the persons so appointed must subscribe and take the following oath before assisting such elector:

State of California, county of _____, assembly district number _____, _____ precinct, ss. _____ and _____ being duly sworn, each for himself, says that he is one of the officers of election appointed to assist _____ (here insert the name of the elector) in marking his ballot, and that he will not give any information, now or hereafter, regarding the same.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this _____ day of _____, A. D. 19—.

Said affidavits may be sworn to before any officer of election competent to administer an oath, and the same, with the indorsements thereon, must be returned to the county clerk, as provided in section twelve hundred and sixty-one. Lists of the voters who have been assisted in marking their ballots must be kept by the clerks keeping the poll-lists, and must be returned and preserved as the poll-lists are returned and preserved.

Omits the word "register" and inserts "affidavit of registration."

§ 1216. That section twelve hundred and sixteen be amended to read:

Sec. 1216. Whenever by the provisions of any law or charter the duties and powers of the county clerk of any county as to elections is vested in a board of election commissioners or other body or person, such board, body, or person must perform all the duties imposed, and have all the powers conferred, upon the county clerk by the provisions of this title,

and all certificates of nomination and other papers directed to be filed with such clerk must be filed with such board, body, or person.

The section is recast, but its substance is not changed.

§§ 1225-1228. That sections twelve hundred and twenty-five to twelve hundred and twenty-eight be repealed, because the matters are differently provided for in sections twelve hundred and four and twelve hundred and five.

§ 1231. That section twelve hundred and thirty-one be amended to read:

Sec. 1231. If the challenge is on the ground that he is not the person whose name appears on the affidavit of registration, the inspector must tender him the following oath:

"You do swear (or affirm) that you are the person whose name is entered on the register."

Taking the oath tendered determines the challenge in favor of party challenged.

The words "affidavit of registration" are substituted for "great register."

§ 1236. That section twelve hundred and thirty-six be amended to read:

Sec. 1236. Challenges upon the grounds either:

1. That the person challenged is not the person whose name appears on the affidavit of registration;

2. That the party has before voted on that day, are determined in favor of the party challenged by his taking the oath tendered.

Same change as in the preceding section.

§ 1237. That section twelve hundred and thirty-seven be amended to read:

Sec. 1237. If the challenge is on the ground that the person challenged is not the person whose name appears on the affidavit of registration, he must take the oath tendered by the board. Challenges for causes other than those specified in the preceding section must be tried and determined by the board of election at the time of the challenge.

The words "affidavit of registration" are substituted for "great register."

§ 1242. That section twelve hundred and forty-two be repealed.

§ 1253. That section twelve hundred and fifty-three be amended to read:

Sec. 1253. The canvass must be commenced by taking out of the box the ballots unopened (except so far as to ascertain whether each ballot is single) and counting the same to ascertain whether the number of ballots corresponds with the number of names on the list of voters kept by the clerks. The inspector must then proceed to take out of the box the ballots, unopened, one at a time, numbering them on the backs in numerical order, commencing with number one, and writing with ink the initials of his own name upon the back of each ballot as taken out. He must pass each ballot, as soon as thus indorsed, to the additional inspector, who must in like manner, write thereon the initials of his own name, so that each ballot can be subsequently identified by either or both such inspectors.

Omits the words "In the city and county of San Francisco, at the closing of the polls, the inspector must administer to the additional members of the board of canvassers the oath prescribed in section one thousand one hundred and forty-eight, and likewise to two clerks appointed by such additional members."

§ 1255. That section twelve hundred and fifty-five be amended to read:

Sec. 1255. The ballots must be immediately replaced in the box, and if the ballots in the box exceed in number the names on the lists, one of the judges must publicly, and without looking in the box, draw out therefrom singly, and destroy unopened, a number of ballots equal to such excess; and the board of election must make a record, upon the poll-list, of the number of ballots so drawn and destroyed.

Omits "In the city and county of San Francisco the numbers appearing on the backs of the ballots so drawn must likewise be recorded."

§ 1257. That section twelve hundred and fifty-seven be amended to read:

Sec. 1257. After the lists are thus signed, the board must proceed to open the ballots, and count and ascertain the number of votes cast for each person voted for. At all elections where a general ticket and a municipal ticket are used, the canvass of the general ticket must be completed before the canvass of the municipal ticket is commenced. All ballots rejected for illegality must be indorsed with the cause of such rejection, and signed by a majority of the election board, and thereafter strung upon a string.

Omits after the word "indorsed" the words "upon the ballot."

§ 1261. That section twelve hundred and sixty-one be amended to read:

Sec. 1261. The board must, before it adjourns, inclose in a strong envelope and seal up and direct to the county clerk the book of affidavits of registration, the copy of the index to the affidavits of registration upon which one of the ballot clerks marked the word "voted" as the ballots were received, and all certificates of registration received by it; and also, in a separate envelope, one of the lists of the persons challenged, one copy of the list of voters, and the roster signed by the voters; and also, in a separate envelope, one copy of the tally-lists and list attached thereto. The board must also, before it adjourns, post conspicuously, on the outside of the polling place, a copy of the result of the votes cast at such polling place, signed by the members of the board and attested by the clerk, and must immediately transmit a copy thereof unsealed to the county clerk. It is a misdemeanor for any person to remove or deface such posted copy of the result, or to delay or change the copy to be delivered to the county clerk.

Strikes out the word "cover" and inserts the words "strong envelope"; strikes out the words "copy of the register" and inserts the words "the book of affidavits of registration, the copy of the index to the affidavits of registration"; strikes out the word "judges" and inserts the words "ballot clerks"; inserts the words "and also in a separate envelope" and the words "and the roster signed by the voters; and also in a separate envelope."

§ 1264. That section twelve hundred and sixty-four be amended to read:

Sec. 1264. The member to whom such packages are delivered must, without delay, deliver such packages, without their having been opened, to the county clerk, nearest postmaster, or sworn express agent, who must indorse on such package the name of the party delivering them, and date of such delivery. If delivered to a postmaster or express agent, such postmaster or express agent must forward the packages by the first mail or express to the county seat. In the city and county of San Francisco such packages must be delivered to the county clerk within three hours from the time of adjournment of the board, which time of adjournment must be indorsed upon such package and upon each poll-list, in ink, and signed by a majority of the members of such board.

The whole of the last sentence is omitted. It relates wholly to the city and county of San Francisco, which, by our proposed amendment, is made subject to the general provisions of the section.

§ 1268. That section twelve hundred and sixty-eight be amended to read:

Sec. 1268. As soon as the returns are canvassed, the clerk must take the copy of the index to the affidavits of registration and book of affidavits of registration returned and file them in his office.

The word "register" is omitted, and the words "of the index to the affidavits of registration and book of affidavits of registration" inserted.

§ 1285. That section twelve hundred and eighty-five be repealed, because the matters therein are sufficiently provided for in section twelve hundred and eighty-eight, as amended by statute of 1901, p. 289.

§ 1287. That section twelve hundred and eighty-seven be amended to read:

Sec. 1287. The clerk to whom the election returns of a district are made, must, on the twentieth day after such election, or sooner, if returns from all the counties in the district have been received, open in public such returns, and from them and the statement of the vote for such officers in his own county:

1. Make a statement of the vote of the district for such officers, and file the same, together with the returns, in his office;

2. Within three days after such filing transmit a certified copy of such statement to the secretary of state;

3. Make out and deliver, or transmit by mail, to the persons elected, a certificate of election (unless it is by law otherwise provided).

Inserts the words "within three days" at the commencement of subdivision two.

§ 1288. That section twelve hundred and eighty-eight be amended to read:

Sec. 1288. When there has been a general or special election for officers chosen by the electors of the State at large, or for judicial officers (except justices of the peace), or for members of the state board of equalization, or for railroad commissioners, or for senators and members of the assembly, each county clerk, so soon as the statement of the vote of his county is made out and entered upon the records of the board of supervisors, must make out a certified abstract, arranged by assembly districts, of so much thereof as relates to the votes given or cast for persons for said offices to be filled at such election. Whenever there is a general or special election held within this State, and any proposed constitutional amendment or proposition to be voted for by the electors of the State at large,

each county clerk, so soon as the statement of the vote is made out and entered upon the record of the board of supervisors, must make out a certified abstract of such vote.

Inserts the words "arranged by assembly districts."

§ 1291. That section twelve hundred and ninety-one be amended to read:

Sec. 1291. Upon the receipt of such copy the governor must issue commissions to the persons who from it appear to have received the highest number of votes for offices, except that of governor or lieutenant-governor, to be filled at such election, and declare the result of the vote upon proposed constitutional amendments, or other questions voted upon, and file such declaration with the secretary of state.

Adds the words "and declare the result of the vote upon proposed constitutional amendments, or other questions voted upon, and file such declaration with the secretary of state."

§ 1312. That section thirteen hundred and twelve be amended to read:

Sec. 1312. The person appointed by the clerk, after he delivers the abstract and statement, is entitled to receive as compensation mileage at the rate of twenty cents a mile from the county seat to the seat of government. His account therefor, certified by the secretary of state, must be audited by the controller and paid out of the general fund in the state treasury.

Strikes out "thirty" and inserts "twenty."

§§ 1376-1382. That a new chapter, numbered XV, be added to title II of part III, consisting of sections thirteen hundred and seventy-six to thirteen hundred and eighty-two, to read:

CHAPTER XV.

AUTOMATIC VOTING MACHINES.

- SEC. 1376. Election by county or city to use, how made.
- 1377. Selection and purchase of, by commissioners.
- 1378. Election governed by what laws.
- 1379. Arrangement and position.
- 1380. Counting the vote.
- 1381. More than one may be used.
- 1382. Precinct and election officers where used.

Election by county or city to use, how made.

Sec. 1376. Any county, city and county, or city, in this State, may, by the legislative authority thereof, determine to use

automatic voting machines at elections to be held therein in the manner provided by section six of article two of the constitution of this State. Such determination must be by resolution of the board making it, and a copy of such resolution, certified by the clerk of such board, must be immediately transmitted to the secretary of state, who must cause it to be published as an appendix to the statutes passed at the next session of the legislature. Such determination may at any time be rescinded in like manner by the board making it. After such determination to use has been made, the legislative authority of such county, city and county, or city, as the case may be, must order from the secretary of state a sufficient number of such machines to be used at the next election to be held in such county, city and county, or city, at least thirty days before such election, and to thereafter order such machines whenever the same are necessary.

Selection and purchase of, by commissioners.

Sec. 1377. A state commission is hereby created, to be composed of the governor, the secretary of state, and the attorney-general, whose duty it shall be to examine, test, and purchase automatic voting machines as hereinafter provided. Said commissioners shall receive no compensation for their services in addition to the compensation of said officers as now provided by law. Whenever any county, city and county, or city, elects to use automatic voting machines in the manner above provided, said commission must immediately fully and fairly test and examine all patterns of automatic voting machines which are available, and select such machine as they think best as the official automatic voting machine to be used at all elections in this State in counties, cities and counties, and cities, which have at that time elected, or shall thereafter elect, to use automatic voting machines at elections therein. The commission must not select any machine unless the owner thereof enters into a contract with the State of California to furnish to it, within a reasonable time after demand therefor, for the term of twenty years, and at a price to be fixed by such contract, a number of such machines (to be specified in such contract) which, in the opinion of such commission, will be sufficient to supply the needs of the entire State during such period, and also enters into a bond with two sufficient sureties for the faithful performance of such contract. Said commission may at any time rescind its action in selecting any particular machine, and may thereupon select some other

machine as the official machine, but all machines which have already been purchased by the State, or the several counties and cities thereof, may be used in the same manner as if such selection had not been rescinded. After said commission has selected such official machine, and received from the owner thereof the contract and bond above mentioned, the commission must purchase from such owner, at a price not exceeding the price mentioned in such contract, a number of such machines sufficient to fill all orders which have been received from such counties and cities by the secretary of state, and must deliver the same to the secretary of state; and such commission must thereafter, in the same manner, purchase such machines whenever the same are ordered by such counties or cities. The secretary of state must thereupon deliver to the counties and cities so ordering such machines the number of machines ordered by such counties and cities, charging such counties and cities the same price therefor as that paid by said commission for the same. The price of such machines, when furnished to a county, shall be a county charge, and, when furnished to a city, a city charge.

Election governed by what laws.

Sec. 1378. After said commission has so selected such official machine, all elections held in counties, and all city elections held in cities, which have so elected to use automatic voting machines, must be held and conducted as in this chapter provided, and not otherwise. All the provisions of law as to other elections apply to and govern such elections so far as the same are applicable, unless otherwise herein provided.

Arrangement and position of.

Sec. 1379. Such machine must be so arranged that the ballot indicator may be substantially in the form of the ballot as provided by section eleven hundred and ninety-seven, and so that all the names on such ballot indicator may be seen by the voter at one time. The officer whose duty it now is to arrange such ballot must so arrange the ballot indicator that it will be substantially in the form provided in section eleven hundred and ninety-seven, but the parallel columns in said section mentioned may be made to run either vertically or horizontally, the name of the political party which nominated the candidate may be placed after the name of such candidate, and the type used on such ballot indicator may be larger than that specified in said section, but must be uniform in size. When such officer has so arranged such ballot indicator, he must have printed and distributed, in

the same manner that sample ballots are now printed and distributed, a sufficient number of sample ballot indicators, which must be as nearly as may be fac similes of such ballot indicator. Such machine must also be equipped with a record sheet, which must be obtained from the secretary of state in the same manner that ballot paper is now procured, and must be water-marked in the same manner. The register compartment of such machine must be fitted with a combination lock, which can be opened only by the joint use of at least two keys. The same officer whose duty it is to deliver other election supplies must deliver to the board of election at each precinct one of such machines at least thirty minutes before the opening of the polls. The register compartment of such machine must thereupon be opened in the presence of such board and the public, and such board must see that the record sheet is in place and the counters set at 0, or zero. The register compartment must thereupon be closed and locked, and one of the keys thereof be delivered to the inspector of one political party and one to the inspector of the other political party; and if there is a third key it must be delivered to one of the clerks. The machine must thereupon be placed in substantially the same position that the ballot-box is now placed, and so that it must not be more than three feet from a wall of the room in which such election is to be held, in which there is no window or opening, with the ballot indicator facing such wall. Such machine must be so arranged that no one can see for whom a voter votes, and so that no one can reach the same except by passing through a gate controlled by one of the inspectors. No voter must remain at such machine more than two minutes. If he does so he must be requested to leave the same, and if he refuses he must be removed therefrom.

Counting the vote.

Sec. 1380. As soon as the polls are closed, a button locking all keys must be pressed, and a seal, bearing the names of the election officers, be placed over the releasing aperture. The board must then copy the number showing the number of times the releasing device has been used. The register compartment must thereupon be unlocked, and one of the inspectors must read, beginning with the candidate numbered one, the result in an audible voice to the other officers of election, as shown by the counters or registers, and the same must be recorded in the same manner as votes are recorded at other elections.

More than one may be used.

Sec. 1381. If for any reason any machine in use at any polling place gets out of order, another machine may be used, and in counting the vote the totals of all the machines used at such polling place must be added together.

Precinct and election officers where used.

Sec. 1382. At all elections where such automatic voting machines are used, the board of supervisors or other body having control of such elections may divide the county or city into precincts, so that more than two hundred votes may be polled at any one precinct; and such board must only appoint two inspectors and two clerks for each precinct, and must not appoint any judges or ballot clerks. The inspectors thus appointed constitute the board of election for such precinct.

§ 1379. That that section thirteen hundred and seventy-nine, which was approved March 30, 1899, be repealed, because it is intended to be superseded by the amendment of the same section approved on the next day. See Statutes of 1899, chap. 48.

§§ 1395a-1395c. That new sections be added, numbered thirteen hundred and ninety-five *a* to thirteen hundred and ninety-five *c*, codifying the statute of 1870, p. 546, as amended by the statute of 1872, p. 275, to read:

Sec. 1395a. The regents may establish four competitive scholarships, each embracing the full term of four years in the university, but, except to fill vacancies, only one of such scholarships must be issued at the commencement of each university year. All scholarships are subject to examination at the close of each university year, and if a student having the benefit of any scholarship is not found, by his acquirements, industry, and conduct, to deserve the continuance of the same, the president of the university must so report to the regents, who must declare the scholarship vacant, and it must thereafter be filled in the same manner as other scholarships.

Corresponds to section one of the statute as amended in 1872, p. 275.

Sec. 1395b. The competitive examinations for scholarships must be made by the faculty. The applicants for examination must be bona fide residents of California, and have been chiefly educated in the schools of this State, and must, at the

time of application, satisfy the regents in respect to character and the inability of the applicant to provide for his own maintenance at the university.

Corresponds to section two of the act of 1870, p. 546.

Sec. 1395c. Each scholarship is entitled to three hundred dollars per annum, to be appropriated out of the funds belonging to the university, and to be applied, under the direction of the proper officer of the faculty, to the education and support of the scholar during his university course. The regents may, upon recommendation of the faculty, revoke any scholarship for improper conduct or violation of established rules, and may fill all vacancies which may occur in scholarships under competitive examination.

Conforms to section three as amended by the statute of 1872, p. 276.

§ 1415. That section fourteen hundred and fifteen be amended to read:

Sec. 1415. The endowment of the university is:

1. The proceeds of the sale of the seventy-two sections of land granted to the State for a seminary of learning;

2. The proceeds of the ten sections of land granted to the State for public buildings;

3. The income derived from the investments of the proceeds of the sale of the lands or of the scrip therefor, or of any part thereof granted to this State for the endowment, support, and maintenance of at least one college where the leading object shall be—without excluding other scientific and classical studies and including military tactics—to teach such branches of learning as are related to agriculture and the mechanic arts;

4. The income of the fund set apart by "An act for the endowment of the University of California," approved April second, eighteen hundred and seventy, which is continued in force, and all sums, whether principal or interest, heretofore or hereafter realized or derived from the sale of real estate in Oakland, Alameda county, known as the "Brayton property," and also all sums acquired under the act of congress approved August thirtieth, eighteen hundred and ninety, entitled "An act to apply a portion of the proceeds of the public land to the more complete endowment and support of the colleges for the benefit of agriculture and the mechanic arts established under the provisions of the act of congress approved July second, eighteen hundred and sixty-two";

5. The State of California, in its corporate capacity, may take by grant, gift, devise, or bequest, any property for the use

of the university, and hold the same, and apply the funds arising therefrom, through the regents of the university, to the support of the university, as provided in article nine, section four, of the constitution;

6. The regents of the university, in their corporate capacity, may take, by grant, gift, devise, or bequest, any property for the use of the university, or of any college thereof, or of any professorship, chair, or scholarship therein, or for the library, an observatory, workshops, gardens, greenhouses, apparatus, a students' loan fund, or any other purpose appropriate to the university; and such property must be taken, received and held, managed, and invested, and the proceeds thereof used, bestowed, and applied by the said regents for the purposes, provisions, and conditions prescribed by the respective grant, gift, devise, or bequest;

7. The regents of the university may invest and re-invest any or all of the funds of the university in such manner and upon such security as they may deem best for its interests, but must, in good faith, respect all the conditions and limitations of such endowment and donation as have been or shall be made under conditions or limitations;

8. If by the terms of any grant, gift, devise, or bequest, such as are described in the preceding fifth and sixth subdivisions, conditions are imposed which are impracticable under the provisions of the Civil Code, such grant, gift, devise, or bequest shall not thereby fail, but such conditions shall be rejected, and the intent of the donor carried out as near as may be.

Inserts all after the word "force" in subdivision four, to conform to the statutes of 1872, p. 48, and 1878, p. 337; in subdivision seven the words "in productive, unincumbered real estate in this State, subject to the power of the legislature to control or change such investments, excepting such as by the terms of their acquisition must be otherwise invested" are omitted, and in place thereof are inserted the words "in such manner and upon such security as they may deem best for its interest, but must, in good faith, respect all the conditions and limitations of such endowment or donation as have been or shall be made under conditions or limitations."

§ 1416. That a new section, numbered fourteen hundred and sixteen, be added, to read:

Sec. 1416. The entire principal sums which have been or hereafter may be realized from the several sources specified in subdivisions one, two, three, and four of the preceding section

constitute a perpetual fund, known as the "Consolidated Perpetual Endowment Fund of the University of California," the capital of which must remain forever undiminished. All stocks and bonds in which such fund is invested must be deposited in the state treasury to the credit of the fund, and kept separate and apart from all other funds. All interest, profits, or revenue arising from or growing out of such "Consolidated Perpetual Endowment Fund of the University of California" must be placed in the general fund of the university, and be subject to disbursement to meet the current annual expenses of the University of California.

This section is an attempt to state so much as remains in force of the statute of 1878, p. 337, respecting the perpetual endowment fund.

§ 1435. That section fourteen hundred and thirty-five be amended to read:

Sec. 1435. The regents have the exclusive control and management of all the funds, endowments, and donations of the university and are charged with the duty and responsibility of investing and re-investing the same. They must deposit in the state treasury, for safe-keeping, all such funds and securities as are required to be there deposited. The treasurer must receive and safely keep such funds and securities subject to the control and management of the regents, and he must deliver any or all of such securities and funds so deposited in the state treasury, to the treasurer of the regents of the University of California, upon presentation to him of a resolution of the regents, indorsed by the governor of the State, demanding the same or any portion thereof.

This amendment substitutes for the present section the provisions of sections one and two of the act of March 7, 1883, p. 54.

§ 1439. That section fourteen hundred and thirty-nine be repealed as obsolete.

§ 1450. That section fourteen hundred and fifty be amended to read:

Sec. 1450. The secretary must:

1. Reside and keep his office at the seat of the university;
2. Keep a record of the transactions of the board of regents, which must be open at all times to the inspection of any citizen of this State;
3. Have the custody of all books, papers, documents, and other property which may be deposited in his office;

4. Keep and file all reports and communications which may be made to the university appertaining to education, science, art, husbandry, mechanics, or mining;

5. Address circulars to societies and others, soliciting information upon the latest and best modes of culture of the products adapted to the soil and climate of the State, and on all subjects connected with forestry, field culture, horticulture, stockraising, and the dairy;

6. Correspond with established schools of mining and metallurgy in Europe and elsewhere, and obtain information respecting the improvements of mining machinery adapted to California;

7. Correspond with the Department of Agriculture and other departments at Washington, and with the representatives of the government of the United States abroad, to procure contributions to agriculture and forestry from these sources; receive and distribute seeds, plants, shrubbery, and trees adapted to our climate and soils, for the purpose of experiment;

8. Obtain contributions to the museums and the library of the university;

9. Keep a correct account of all the executive acts of the president of the university;

10. Keep an accurate account of all moneys received into the treasury or paid therefrom;

11. Distribute the seeds, plants, trees, and shrubbery received by him, and not needed by the university, equally throughout the State, to farmers and others who will agree to cultivate them properly and return to the secretary's office a reasonable proportion of the products thereof, with a statement of the mode of cultivation, and such other information as may be necessary to ascertain their value for cultivation in the State;

12. Publish from time to time in the newspapers of the State, free of charge, information relating to agriculture, the mechanic arts, mining, and metallurgy.

In subdivision five the word "forestry" is inserted before "field"; in subdivision six the words "and elsewhere" are inserted after "Europe"; in subdivision seven the words "patent office" are stricken out, and the words "department of agriculture and other departments" inserted; and also the words "and forestry" after the word "agriculture."

§§ 1478-1486*d*. That a new article, numbered VII, codifying the statute of 1877-8, p. 533, be added, to read:

ARTICLE VII.

HASTINGS COLLEGE OF LAW.

- SEC. 1478. Officers and their appointment.
 1479. Affiliation of, with the university.
 1480. Granting and issuing of diplomas.
 1481. Rooms and halls for use of the students and directors.
 1482. The dean.
 1483. Rights of students under their diplomas.
 1484. Appropriations to be made.
 1485. Purposes of the college.
 1486. Founders—professorships.
 1486a. Powers and duties of directors.
 1486b. Use of law library.
 1486c. Payments to be made in case of failure of appropriations, etc.
 1486d. The president of the board.

Officers and their appointment.

Sec. 1478. The law college founded and established by S. C. Hastings shall forever be known and designated as the Hastings College of Law. Its officers are a dean, registrar, and eight directors. Whenever any vacancy occurs in the directors, they must fill the same from the members of the Bar Association of San Francisco or otherwise; but such vacancies must be so filled that one of such directors shall be an heir or representative of said Hastings. The dean and registrar are appointed by the directors.

Corresponds to section one of the act. It was attempted to amend this statute by the act of 1883, p. 26, and by that of 1885, p. 203. The amendments, so far as called in question, were pronounced unconstitutional in *People v. Kewan*, 69 Cal. 215. For the purposes of this codification, we have assumed that both these amendatory statutes, in their entirety, are unconstitutional, and have based our codification solely upon the statute of 1878.

Affiliation of, with the university.

Sec. 1479. Such college is affiliated with the university of the State, and is the law department thereof.

Corresponds to section two of the act, except in the use of the present instead of the future tense, it being established that affiliation has long since been completed. (*Foltz v. Hoge*, 54 Cal. 28; *People v. Kewan*, 69 Cal. 215.)

Granting and issuing of diplomas.

Sec. 1480. The faculty of the university must grant, and the president must sign and issue, diplomas to the students of the college.

Corresponds to section three of the original act.

Rooms and halls for use of the students and directors.

Sec. 1481. There must be set apart for the use of the students of the college, some room or suitable hall at the university, and the board of supervisors of the city and county of San Francisco is authorized to supply a suitable hall therein for the students and directors.

Corresponds to section four of the act.

The dean.

Sec. 1482. The dean of the college is ex officio of the faculty of the university, to be designated as such by the directors of the college.

Corresponds to section five of the act.

Rights of students under their diplomas.

Sec. 1483. A diploma entitles the student to whom it is issued to a license to practice in all the courts of the State, subject to the right of the chief justice of the State to order an examination as in ordinary cases of applicants without such diploma.

Corresponds to section six of the act.

Appropriations to be made.

Sec. 1484. The sum of seven per cent per annum upon one hundred thousand dollars must be appropriated by the State and paid in two semi-annual payments to the directors of the college.

Corresponds to section eight of the act.

Purposes of the college.

Sec. 1485. The business of the college is to afford facilities for the acquisition of legal learning in all branches of the law, and to this end it must establish a curriculum of studies and must matriculate students who may reside at the university of the State, as well as students residing in other parts thereof.

Corresponds to section nine of the act.

Founders—professorships.

Sec. 1486. Professorships may be established in the name of any founder thereof, who pays to the directors the sum of thirty thousand dollars.

Corresponds to section ten of the act.

Powers and duties of directors.

Sec. 1486a. All the business of the college must be managed by the directors without compensation. The acting officers,

including the dean and register, must be appointed and may be removed by the directors.

Corresponds to section eleven of the act.

Use of law library.

Sec. 1486*b*. The Law Library Association of the city and county of San Francisco must grant to the students the use of its library upon such terms and conditions as it may agree upon with the directors of the college.

Corresponds to section twelve of the act.

Payments to be made in case of failure of appropriations, etc.

Sec. 1486*c*. If the State fails to pay to the directors of the college the sum of seven thousand dollars per annum, as stipulated in section fourteen hundred and eighty-four, or if the college ceases to exist, the State must pay to the said Hastings, his heirs or legal representatives, the sum of one hundred thousand dollars, and all unexpended accumulated interest, unless such failure is caused by mistake or accident, or the omission of the legislature to make the appropriation at any one session.

Corresponds to section thirteen of the act.

The president of the board.

Sec. 1486*d*. The chief justice of the supreme court of the State is president of the board of directors, five of whom constitute a quorum to transact all business.

Corresponds to section fourteen of the act.

§ 1532. That section fifteen hundred and thirty-two be amended to read:

Sec. 1532. It is the duty of the superintendent of public instruction:

1. To superintend the schools of this State;
2. To report to the governor, on or before the fifteenth day of September preceding each regular session of the legislature, a statement of the condition of the state normal schools and other educational institutions supported by the State, and of the public schools;
3. To accompany his report with tabular statements, showing the number of school children in the State; the number attending public school, and the average attendance; the number attending private schools, and the number not attending school; the amount of state school fund apportioned, and the sources from which derived; the amount raised by county

and district taxes, or from other sources of revenue, for school purposes; and the amount expended for salaries of teachers, for building schoolhouses, for district school libraries, and for incidental expenses;

4. To apportion the state school fund; and to furnish an abstract of such apportionment to the state controller, the state board of examiners, and to the county auditors, county treasurers, and county superintendents of the several counties of the State;

5. To draw his order on the controller in favor of each county treasurer, for school moneys apportioned to the county;

6. To prepare, have printed, and furnish all officers charged with the administration of the laws relating to public schools, and to teachers, such blank forms and books as may be necessary to the discharge of their duties, including blank teachers' certificates to be used by county boards of education;

7. To have the laws relating to public schools printed in pamphlet form, and to supply school officers and school libraries with one copy each;

8. To visit the several orphan asylums to which state appropriations are made, and examine into the course of instruction therein;

9. To visit the schools in different counties, and inquire into their condition;

10. To authenticate with his official seal all drafts or orders drawn by him, and all papers and writings issued from his office;

11. To have bound, at the state bindery, all valuable school reports, journals, and documents in his office, or hereafter received by him;

12. To report to the controller, on or before the tenth day of July of each year, the total number of children in the State between the ages of five and seventeen years, as shown by the latest reports of the county superintendents on file in his office;

13. To deliver over, at the expiration of his term of office, on demand, to his successor, all property, books, documents, maps, records, reports, and other papers belonging to his office, or which may have been received by him for the use of his office.

Omits all of subdivision nine after the word "condition," to prevent any conflict with section five hundred and sixteen, and the statute of 1895, p. 238, chap. 192.

§ 1544. That section fifteen hundred and forty-four be amended to read:

Sec. 1544. If he fails to make a full and correct report, as required under the provisions of subdivision thirteen of section fifteen hundred and forty-three, at the time fixed by the superintendent of public instruction, he forfeits one hundred dollars of his salary; and the board of supervisors, upon receiving from the superintendent of public instruction notice of such failure, must deduct the amount forfeited from his salary.

The word "fourteen" stricken out and "thirteen" inserted, to correct a mistake.

§ 1550. That section fifteen hundred and fifty be repealed, because unconstitutional in fixing a classification not known to the law. (*Darcy v. Mayor*, 104 Cal. 642.)

§ 1623. That section sixteen hundred and twenty-three be amended to read:

Sec. 1623. Boards of trustees and city boards of education are liable as such, in the name of the district, for any judgment against the district for salary due any teacher on contract, and for all debts contracted under the provisions of this chapter, and they must pay such judgment or liabilities out of the school moneys to the credit of such district; provided, that the contracts mentioned in this section are not in excess of the school moneys accruing to the district for the school year for which the contracts are made, otherwise the district is not liable.

Inserts the words "any city board of education."

§ 1697. That section sixteen hundred and ninety-seven be repealed, and its contents added to section eighteen hundred and seventy-eight.

§ 1705. That a new section, numbered seventeen hundred and five, be added, to read:

Sec. 1705. Females employed as teachers in the public schools of this State must in all cases receive the same compensation which is allowed to male teachers for like services when holding the same grade certificates.

Codifies the statute of 1873-4, p. 936.

§§ 1726-1732. That a new article, numbered XIV, consisting of sections seventeen hundred and twenty-six to seventeen hundred and thirty-two, codifying the statute of 1873-4, p. 751, be added, to read:

ARTICLE XIV.

COMPULSORY ATTENDANCE OF CHILDREN AT SCHOOL.

SEC. 1726. Duties of parents, guardians, and others.

1727. Notice to be given by presidents of boards of education and clerks of school district.

1728. Penalties to which parents, guardians, and others are subject.

1729. Duties of clerks to prosecute, and penalty for non-prosecution.

1730. Duties of census marshals and school teachers.

1731. Deaf and dumb or blind children.

1732. Jurisdiction of officers.

Duties of parents, guardians, and others.

Sec. 1726. Every parent, guardian, or other person having charge or control of any child between the ages of eight and fourteen years, must send it to the public school for at least two thirds of the time during each year a school is taught in the city, city and county, or school district. At least twelve weeks of such time must be consecutive, unless such child is excused from such attendance by the board of education of the city, or city and county, or the trustees of the school district in which such parent, guardian, or other person resides, upon it being shown that its bodily or mental condition is such as to prevent attendance at school or application to study for the period required, or that the parents or guardians are extremely poor, or sick, or that such child is taught in a private school or at home in such branches as are usually taught in the primary schools of the State, or has already acquired a good knowledge of such branches. No person is liable to the provisions of this article, in case a public school is not taught within the school district for three months during the year, within one mile, by the nearest traveled road, of his residence.

Corresponds to section one of the statute.

Notice to be given by presidents of boards of education and clerks of school districts.

Sec. 1727. The president of each board of education, and the clerk of each board of district trustees, must cause a copy of this article to be posted for three weeks in the month of June in each year, in three of the most public places in the city, city and county, or school district, or published for a like period in some newspaper therein. The expense of such publication, if made, must be paid out of the school fund of such city, city and county, or school district.

Corresponds to section two of the statute.

Penalties to which parents, guardians, and others are subject.

Sec. 1728. Any parent, guardian, or other person, who fails to comply with the provisions of this article, is guilty of a misdemeanor and liable to a fine of not exceeding twenty dollars for the first offense, and for the second and each subsequent offense, to a fine not less than twenty dollars nor more than fifty dollars, and also to the payment of the costs of the prosecution. Each fine, when collected, must be paid to the clerk of the board of education or of the district trustees.

Corresponds to section three of the statute.

Duties of clerks to prosecute, and penalty for non-prosecution.

Sec. 1729. The clerk of each board of education, and of each board of district trustees, must, on complaint of any teacher, prosecute all offenses subject to prosecution under the provisions of this article. Any clerk neglecting to prosecute such offenses within ten days after a written notice has been served on him by any teacher or taxpayer, within the limits of the authority of the board, is, unless the person so complained of is excused by the proper school board, liable to a fine of not less than twenty nor more than fifty dollars, which fine must be prosecuted for in the name of the people of the State, and when collected must be paid to the clerk of the board of education or of trustees of the city, city and county, or school district, and be accounted for as provided in the preceding section. If the prosecution in such a case fails, the expenses thereof must be paid out of the school funds of the city, city and county, or school district in which the case arose.

Corresponds to section four of the statute.

Duties of census marshals and school teachers.

Sec. 1730. Each census marshal must furnish each board of education and all district trustees with a complete list of children living within the jurisdiction of the board, and note on such list all children not attending colleges, college schools, private schools, nor taught at home, who are liable to the provisions of this article. Each teacher, teaching within the limits of the jurisdiction of such board, must be supplied with a list of all children within his department or school, and must call such list each morning on the opening of the school, and note the absentees and the reason for their absence, if any, and at the close of each term of twelve weeks must make a full report to the board of education or the district trustees of all such cases of absence with the names, both of the children and of the parents, guardians, or other persons having the children in

charge, and such board must thereupon forthwith proceed to prosecute such parents, guardians, or other persons according to the provisions of this article.

Corresponds to section five of the statute.

Deaf and dumb or blind children.

Sec. 1731. Every parent or guardian of any deaf and dumb or blind child, between the ages of six years and twenty-one years, must, under the penalties hereinbefore in this article specified, send such child to the institution provided by the State for the gratuitous instruction of deaf and dumb or blind children, for a period of not less than five years, unless such child has been excused by the authorities on the grounds specified in section seventeen hundred and twenty-six.

Corresponds to section six of the statute.

Jurisdiction of officers.

Sec. 1732. Any justice of the peace of the city, city and county, or school district has jurisdiction of offenses committed therein against the provisions of this article.

Corresponds to section seven of the statute.

§§ 1741-1746. That a new article, numbered XV, consisting of sections seventeen hundred and forty-one to seventeen hundred and forty-six, codifying sections, five, six, seven, and ten of the statute of 1885, p. 6, with amendments thereto, and section five of the statute of 1889, p. 141, and section four of the statute of 1893, p. 86, be added, to read:

ARTICLE XV.

STATE SERIES OF SCHOOL BOOKS.

- SEC. 1741. Adoption and use of the state series of school books.
- 1742. State school books—how and by whom may be obtained.
- 1743. Revolving fund to be provided by boards of supervisors.
- 1744. Cost at which books must be furnished.
- 1745. Compensation of superintendent of public instruction, for services.
- 1746. The state school book fund.

Adoption and use of the state series of school books.

Sec. 1741. Whenever any one or more of the state series of school books have been compiled or revised, the state board of education must issue an order requiring the uniform use of such book or books in the common schools of the State, but such order does not take effect until the expiration of at least one year from the time of the completion of the electrotpe

plates of such book or books. Thereafter such book or books must be used in all the common schools of the State, and no school board or other school authority has power to authorize the use of, nor must any common school in this State use any books, as text-books for pupils, other than those directed to be used by such order of such school board, except books on such subjects as are not provided for by the text-books published by the State. The superintendent of public instruction must withhold from any city, city and county, or from any school district using school books in violation of the provisions of this article, all state school moneys to which it may be entitled, until it complies with the requirements of this section, and any moneys so withheld must be apportioned, in the same manner as other school moneys in the treasury. Nothing in this article must be construed to prevent any county, city and county, or school district from using any one or more of the state series of school books, whenever such book or books have been published.

This is a consolidation of section five of the statute of 1885 as amended by the statute of 1901, p. 453, with section four of the act of March 9, 1893, p. 85.

State school books—how and by whom may be obtained.

Sec. 1742. All orders for text-books must be on the superintendent of public instruction and be accompanied by cash, in payment for the same, at the price fixed by the state board of education as the cost price at Sacramento, and if the books are to be shipped by mail, the cost of postage must also accompany the order.

The following persons are entitled to order books:

1. County superintendents of schools, for the use of teachers, parents, and pupils in their county only;
2. Presidents of state normal schools, for their own use and that of the pupils in their respective schools only;
3. The secretary or clerk of any school district in the State, whether incorporated or operating under the general law of the State, for the use of the pupils in such district only; but no books ordered by the county superintendents or clerks of district boards of trustees, or presidents of state normal schools, must be sold at a price exceeding the cost price at Sacramento, with the actual cost of freight and cartage added;
4. Any retail dealer who first transmits to the state superintendent of public instruction an affidavit, duly subscribed by him, in substance as follows, to wit:

"State of California, }
 County of ———. }

"A. B., being first sworn, deposes and says, that he will not sell any of the state series of school books to any person beyond the limits of the State of California; and that he will not sell said series, or any part thereof, at a price exceeding the price fixed by the state board of education."

Such affidavit must be indorsed by the county superintendent in the following words, viz:

"I hereby certify that (A. B.) is a regular retail dealer in school books in ——— county. C. D., county superintendent."

The state superintendent of public instruction must furnish to each county superintendent, for the use of any dealer in his county who may apply for permission to sell the books of the state series, printed copies of the above affidavit, together with the list price of books fixed as the cost price at Sacramento; and any dealer who fails to comply with the conditions of such affidavit forfeits his right to any further purchase of said books from the State. The superintendent of public instruction must report to the state controller, on or before the fifth day of every month, the number of books sold by him during the preceding month, and pay the moneys received for the same into the state treasury. The superintendent of state printing must, on or before the fifth day of every month, report to the state controller the number and value of the books shipped by him on the order of the state superintendent of public instruction, and the number and value of the finished books on hand.

Corresponds to section six of the act of 1885, as amended by the statute of 1887, p. 145.

Revolving fund to be provided by boards of supervisors.

Sec. 1743. The boards of supervisors of the counties and cities and counties in this State must provide a revolving fund for the purpose of enabling the county school superintendents to furnish the state text-books, all moneys to be taken therefrom to be replaced by the moneys received from the sale of such books to the scholars of the public schools of his county, either by himself or by the teachers of the public schools or the clerks of boards of district trustees.

Corresponds to section seven of the act of 1885, as amended by the statute of 1887, p. 146.

Cost at which books must be furnished.

Sec. 1744. All school books compiled by the State must be furnished to the public school children of the State at the cost

of printing, publishing, and distributing the same, such cost to be ascertained and fixed by the state board of education on or before the fifteenth day of June of each school year, and the cost of distribution must be taken to be the cost of postage required for mailing such books.

Corresponds to section ten of the act of 1885, as amended by the statute of 1887, p. 146.

Compensation of superintendent of public instruction for services.

Sec. 1745. The superintendent of public instruction is authorized to employ assistants in carrying out the provisions of this article, and the controller is directed to draw his warrant for a sum not exceeding two thousand dollars annually, on the general fund of the State, for the payment of such assistants.

Corresponds to section four of the act of 1887, p. 145.

The state school book fund.

Sec. 1746. All money which has been or may hereafter be received from the state series of school books must be kept by the state treasurer as a separate and distinct fund, to be known as the "state school book fund," which fund is subject to the following drafts, viz.: by the superintendent of state printing for all moneys needed for manufacturing any editions of any book of the state series, over and above the first fifty thousand copies manufactured of such book, the same to be drawn as provided in subdivision four of section twenty-five hundred and twenty-six. All demands on the state school book fund must be presented to the state board of examiners in itemized form for its approval, and upon the approval of the state board of examiners, the controller must draw his warrants upon the state treasurer for the payment of such demands, and the state treasurer must pay the same.

Corresponds to section five of the act of 1887, p. 139.

§ 1817. That section eighteen hundred and seventeen be amended to read:

Sec. 1817. The county superintendent of each county, other than those of the first class, must, on or before the first regular meeting of the board of supervisors in September in each year, furnish the supervisors and the auditor, respectively, an estimate, in writing, of the minimum amount of county school fund needed for the ensuing year. This amount he must compute as follows:

First—He must ascertain, in the manner provided for in subdivisions one and two of section eighteen hundred and fifty-eight, the total number of teachers for the county;

Second—He must calculate the amount required to be raised, at five hundred dollars per teacher. From this amount he must deduct the total amount of state apportionments, and the remainder shall be the minimum amount of county school fund needed for the ensuing year; provided, that if this amount is less than sufficient to raise a sum equal to six dollars for each census child in the county, then the minimum amount shall be such a sum as will be equal to six dollars for each census child in the county.

Strikes out the words “having a population of less than two hundred thousand inhabitants” and inserts the words “other than those of the first class,” because the classification now specified in the section is unconstitutional. (*Darcy v. Mayor*, 104 Cal. 642.)

§ 1818. That section eighteen hundred and eighteen be amended to read:

Sec. 1818. The board of supervisors of counties other than those of the first, second, and third classes, must, annually, at the time of levying other county taxes, levy a tax to be known as the county school tax, the maximum rate of which must not exceed fifty cents on each one hundred dollars of taxable property in the county, nor the minimum rate be less than sufficient to raise a minimum amount reported by the county superintendent, in accordance with the provisions of the preceding section. The supervisors must determine the minimum rate of the county school tax as follows: They must deduct fifteen per cent from the equalized value of the last general assessment roll, and the amount required to be raised, divided by the remainder of the assessment roll, is the rate to be levied; but if any fraction of a cent occur, it must be taken as a full cent on each one hundred dollars.

Strikes out the words “of each county having less than one hundred thousand inhabitants” and inserts the words “counties other than those of the first, second, and third classes.”

§ 1834. That section eighteen hundred and thirty-four be amended to read:

Sec. 1834. At such election the ballots must contain the words “For the tax,” and the voter must write or print after such words on his ballot the word “yes” or the word “no.”

The words “Tax—Yes, or Tax—No” stricken out, and in their place inserted the words “‘For the tax,’ and the voter must write or print after such words on his ballot the word ‘yes’ or the word ‘no.’”

§ 1835. That section eighteen hundred and thirty-five be amended to read:

Sec. 1835. If a majority of the votes cast upon the question of the tax levy are "For the tax—Yes," the officers of the election must certify the fact to the board of school trustees.

Inserts before the word "yes" the words "For the tax."

§ 1840. That a new section, numbered eighteen hundred and forty, be added, to read:

Sec. 1840. All moneys which have been or may hereafter be raised by special tax, for the purpose of erecting school buildings, that remain in the hands of the county treasurer after all bonds issued on account of such buildings have been redeemed, and all other indebtedness arising on account of such buildings has been liquidated, must be placed in the county school fund of the school district for which the moneys were raised, subject to the order of the trustees thereof.

Codifies the statute of 1883, p. 295, chap. 74.

§§ 1841, 1842. That two new sections, codifying the statute of 1891, p. 4, chap. 6, numbered eighteen hundred and forty-one and eighteen hundred and forty-two, be added, to read:

Sec. 1841. In all cases where the board of school trustees, board of school directors, board of education, or other governing body of any school district in this State, except municipal corporations of the first class, has or may hereafter have power to raise money by taxation without the vote of the people, in addition to the funds provided by the State and county for school or educational purposes, such money must be raised and such taxes levied and collected in the following manner, to wit: The board of trustees or board of education must, within the limits fixed by law, estimate the amount of money so to be raised by taxation and required by their respective districts for school purposes during the year next ensuing, which year must begin on the first Monday in January at twelve o'clock m. The meeting for making such estimate must be held between the first and twentieth days of September in each year. The estimate showing the amount of money to be raised, and the purpose for which it is to be used, must be entered upon the records of the board making it, signed by a majority of the board and attested by its clerk or secretary. He must immediately furnish to the board of supervisors of the county in which the district is situated, a copy of such record

containing such estimate, which must show the name of the district, the amount of money to be raised, and the purposes for which it is to be used.

Sec. 1842. The board of supervisors, upon receipt of the estimate provided for in the preceding section, must, at the time of levying the county taxes, levy a tax upon all the taxable property in the school district requiring such money, sufficient to raise the amount. The rate of taxation must be ascertained by taking fifteen per cent for anticipated delinquencies from the aggregate assessed value of the property in the district, as it appears on the assessment roll of the county, and then by dividing the amount to be raised by the remainder of such aggregate assessed value. The taxes so levied must be computed and entered on the assessment roll by the county auditor, and collected at the same time and in the same manner as state and county taxes, and when collected must be paid into the county treasury for the use of the district for which the money was collected. The treasurer must, upon demand, pay out such moneys to the district entitled thereto, in the same manner as other school moneys are paid out by him.

§ 1872. That a new section, numbered eighteen hundred and seventy-two, be added, to read:

Sec. 1872. Women over the age of twenty-one years, who are citizens of the United States and of this State, are eligible to all educational offices within the State.

Codifies the statute of 1873-4, p. 356.

§ 1877. That section eighteen hundred and seventy-seven be amended to read:

Sec. 1877. All printing or binding required under this chapter, except as provided in subdivision eight of section seventeen hundred and seventy-one, must be executed by the superintendent of state printing, in the form and manner and at the prices of other state printing, and be paid for in like manner.

The words "state printer" omitted and "superintendent of state printing" inserted.

§ 1878. That section eighteen hundred and seventy-eight be amended to read:

Sec. 1878. The school year begins on the first day of July, and ends on the last day of June next thereafter. A school month is twenty school days, or four weeks of five days each.

The words "next thereafter" inserted.

§ 1883. That section eighteen hundred and eighty-three be amended to read:

Sec. 1883. Such election must be conducted in conformity to the provisions of sections one thousand five hundred and ninety-six, one thousand five hundred and ninety-seven, one thousand five hundred and ninety-eight, one thousand five hundred and ninety-nine, one thousand six hundred, one thousand six hundred and one, and one thousand eight hundred and thirty-four, except that the words to appear upon the ballots must be: "For the bonds," and the voter must write or print after such words on his ballot the word "yes" or the word "no."

The words "Bonds—Yes, or Bonds—No" stricken out, and in their place inserted the words "'For the bonds,' and the voter must write or print after such words on his ballot the word 'yes' or the word 'no.'"

§ 1885. That section eighteen hundred and eighty-five be amended to read:

Sec. 1885. The board of supervisors, by an order entered upon its minutes, must prescribe the form of such bonds, and of the interest coupons attached thereto, and must fix the time when the whole or any part of the principal thereof shall be payable, which must not be more than forty years from the date thereof.

The word "forty" substituted for "twenty."

§§ 1891–1894*h*. That a new article, numbered XXII, codifying the statute of 1895, p. 170, chap. 166, consisting of sections eighteen hundred and ninety-one to eighteen hundred and ninety-four *h*, be added, to read:

ARTICLE XXII.

PUBLIC SCHOOL TEACHERS' ANNUITY AND RETIREMENT FUND.

- SEC. 1891. Commissioners of the public school teachers' retirement fund.
- 1892. Meetings and reports of commissioners.
- 1893. Warrants and lists of persons entitled to benefits.
- 1894. Additional powers of commissioners.
- 1894*a*. Committee on retirement, and its duties.
- 1894*b*. Applications for retirement and certificates thereon.
- 1894*c*. Witnesses—compelling attendance of.
- 1894*d*. Qualifications for retirement and amount of annuities.
- 1894*e*. Pro rata dividends—when must be declared.
- 1894*f*. Annuity fund—how to be provided.
- 1894*g*. Classification of annuity funds.
- 1894*h*. Persons who are bound by this article.

Commissioners of the public school teachers' retirement fund.

Sec. 1891. The superintendent of public or common schools, the county or city and county treasurer, and the chairman of

the board of supervisors of any county, or the mayor of any city and county, and their successors in office, constitute the board of trustees of the "public school teachers' annuity and retirement fund," to manage it as hereinafter directed. Such board must be known as the "Public School Teachers' Retirement Fund Commissioners," and its members must serve without extra compensation, and they are liable on their official bonds for the performance of the duties imposed by this article. The district attorney of every county, or city and county, must attend to all suits, matters and things, in which such board of commissioners may be legally interested, and give his advice or opinion in writing, whenever required by such board.

Corresponds to section one as amended by the statute of 1897, p. 225.

Meetings and reports of commissioners.

Sec. 1892. The county or city and county treasurer is ex officio treasurer of the school teachers' annuity and retirement fund. The board of retirement fund commissioners must hold quarterly meetings on the third Saturday in January, April, July, and October of each year, at the office of the county or city and county superintendent of public or common schools. Such board must, biennially, at its meeting in January, select from its members a chairman and secretary. A majority of its members constitute a quorum for the transaction of business. It must report annually to the board of trustees the condition of such retirement fund, and the receipts and disbursements on account thereof, with a full and complete list of the beneficiaries of the fund and the amounts paid to each of them.

Corresponds to section two as amended by statute of 1897, p. 225, which, as thus amended, purports to consolidate sections two and four of the statute of 1895.

Warrants and lists of persons entitled to benefits.

Sec. 1893. Such board of public school teachers' retirement fund commissioners must issue warrants, signed by its chairman and secretary, to the persons entitled thereto, for the amounts of money ordered paid to such persons from such fund by said board, stating therein for what purpose such payment is made, and the treasurer must pay such warrants on presentation. Such board must keep a record of all its proceedings, which must be open to public inspection. It must, at each quarterly meeting, make a list of all persons entitled to payment out of the funds provided by this article, and enter such list in a book to be kept by them for that pur-

pose, to be known as the public school teachers' annuity and retirement fund book, which list must be sworn to as correct by the chairman and the secretary of such board, and be open to public inspection.

Corresponds to the new section three to be found in the statute of 1897, p. 226.

Additional powers of commissioners.

Sec. 1894. In addition to the powers hereinbefore granted to such board, it has the further power (1) to provide for the payment, out of the hereinbefore described annuity fund, of necessary expenses, such as printing, stationery, and postage stamps; and in counties, or cities and counties, where the number of those subject to the burdens of this article is greater than two hundred, to employ a clerk at a salary not to exceed fifty dollars per annum; (2) to make such needful rules and regulations for the transaction of its business, from time to time, as may be necessary.

Corresponds to section four of the statute of 1901, p. 677.

Committee on retirement, and its duties.

Sec. 1894a. Those subject to the burdens of this article in each county, or in each city and county, at a meeting called for the purpose by the superintendent of public schools of such county, or of such city and county, on the first Saturday in May following the creation of the fund hereinafter specified, must elect by ballot five of their number, who constitute a committee on retirement; the members of such committee must, immediately after their election, classify themselves by lot so that one shall serve for one year, two shall serve for two years, and two shall serve for three years; and annually at a meeting to be called in the same manner on the first Saturday in May of each year after the first meeting, the successor or successors of the member or members of such committee whose term of office is about to expire, must be elected for a term of three years. Such committee must always consist of at least one class teacher from some primary school, one from some grammar school, and one from some high school in the county, or city and county, whenever possible. In the event of a vacancy the superintendent of schools must appoint until the next annual election.

Corresponds to section five of the statute of 1901, p. 677.

Applications for retirement and certificates thereon.

Sec. 1894b. The board of education of any incorporated city or town, and the board of trustees of any school district outside of said city or town, must refer all applications for retirement to said committee on retirement, or may, of its own motion, submit the name of any person or persons, whom it desires to have retired, to such committee on retirement, and it thereupon is the duty of such committee to investigate the case and report to such board of education or board of trustees, whether or not such teacher should be retired, and the annuity to which such teacher is entitled, if entitled to any. At least three members of such committee must concur in the report, if it be in favor of granting such annuity. This report of such committee is final. Such board of education or board of trustees must thereupon certify and send this report to the public school teachers' retirement fund commissioners, who are bound by its decision.

Corresponds to section six of the statute of 1897, p. 227.

Witnesses, compelling attendance of.

Sec. 1894c. In addition to the powers heretofore granted to such committee on retirement, it has the power (1) to subpoena and compel witnesses to attend and testify before it on all matters relating to the operation of this article, and any member of such committee may administer an oath or affirmation to such witness in the form prescribed in courts of justice; (2) to make such rules and regulations for the transaction of its business as may from time to time be necessary.

Corresponds to section seven of the statute of 1897, p. 227.

Qualifications for retirement and amount of annuities.

Sec. 1894d. Any public school teacher who has been a contributor under the provisions of this article, and who has ceased professional work for a time, may again become a contributor upon return to professional work in the public schools of this State, or in any one of the offices mentioned in section eighteen hundred and ninety-four *h*, and must thereupon be credited with his previous service and contribution; provided, that no person may be a contributor to any annuity fund who does not hold a valid certificate or diploma to teach in the public schools of this State.

The annuitants under this article are classed as follows:

Class One. 1. Any teacher who has served in the public schools of this State for thirty years as teacher, and who has

been subject to the burdens imposed by this article for thirty years, is entitled to retire under the provisions of this article;

2. Any teacher who has served in the public schools of this State and who has served in one or more of the offices mentioned in section eighteen hundred and ninety-four *h*, and the aggregate period of whose service in such public schools and in such office or offices is thirty years, and who has been subject to the burdens imposed by this article during such thirty years, is entitled to retire under the provisions of this article; provided, however, such teacher has held a valid certificate or diploma to teach in the public schools of this State during all of such period. Annuitants of class one are entitled to receive from the public school teachers' annuity and retirement fund the sum of thirty dollars per month in counties, and fifty dollars per month in cities and counties, payable quarterly.

Class Two. Any teacher who has served in the public schools of this State for thirty years and who was unable to contribute to an annuity fund for thirty years, by reason of the non-establishment or non-existence of such fund, and any teacher who has served in the public schools of this State and who has served in one or more of the offices mentioned in section eighteen hundred and ninety-four *h*, and the aggregate period of whose service in such public schools and in such office or offices is thirty years, and who has held a valid certificate or diploma to teach in the public schools of this State during all of such period, and who was unable to contribute to an annuity fund for thirty years by reason of the non-establishment or non-existence of such fund, must, upon application to the board, be retired, and must receive from the public school teachers' annuity and retirement fund the sum of thirty dollars per month in counties and fifty dollars per month in cities and counties, payable quarterly; provided, that such applicant for retirement was, on the twenty-sixth day of March, eighteen hundred and ninety-five, a contributor to, or within ninety days thereafter became a contributor to, an annuity fund in the county, or in the city and county, where he was teaching, and has paid at the time of his retirement a sum aggregating what he would have paid in thirty years; provided further, that annuities under this class must not begin until four years after the retired teacher becomes a contributor.

Class Three. Any public school teacher who has served for thirty years, twenty-five of which have been in the public schools of California, or partly in the public schools of California and partly in one or more of the offices mentioned in

section eighteen hundred and ninety-four *h*, and who has been subject to the burdens imposed by this article for twenty-five years, must receive at the close of thirty years' service (upon payment into the teachers' annuity and retirement fund of a sum of money equal to the difference between what he has paid and the amount which one has paid who has been under the burden of this article for thirty years) the sum of thirty dollars per calendar month in counties, and fifty dollars per month in cities and counties, payable quarterly.

Class Four. Any public school teacher or officer mentioned in section eighteen hundred and ninety-four *h* under the burdens of this article, who removes to another county in this State, may continue to be a contributor to the teachers' annuity and retirement fund in the county, or in the city and county, from which he removed, as long as he continues his professional work; and it is hereby made the duty of the county treasurer of the county, or city and county, wherein the teacher or school officer agreed to become subject to the burdens of this article, to receive such contributions of such non-residents and to place them to the credit of the teachers' annuity and retirement fund.

Class Five. Any teacher who ceases to serve in the public schools of any county, or city and county, or who ceases to serve in one of the offices mentioned in section eighteen hundred and ninety-four *h*, in the county, or city and county, where he has been subject to the burdens imposed by this article, and who has served in the public schools of this State for thirty years, or who has served partly in the public schools of this State and partly in one or more of the offices mentioned in section eighteen hundred and ninety-four *h* for an aggregate period of thirty years, is entitled to retire, and to receive from the public school teachers' annuity and retirement fund of the county, or city and county, to which he has contributed for at least four years, an annuity equal to such proportion of the maximum annuity granted under this article, as the time he has been subject to the burdens imposed by this article in such county, or city and county, bears to the period of thirty years.

Class Six. If any teacher after the expiration of fifteen years, and before the expiration of thirty years, of service in the public schools of this State, or of service partly in such public schools and partly in one or more of the offices mentioned in section eighteen hundred and ninety-four *h*, is compelled by reason of incapacity to retire from public school service, or from one of such offices mentioned in sec-

tion eighteen hundred and ninety-four *h*, while holding a valid certificate or diploma to teach in the public schools of this State, such retiring teacher, if a contributor to the annuity fund at the time of retirement, is entitled to as many thirtieths (30ths) of the full annuity as he has had years of service, by paying into the annuity fund the contributions to such fund corresponding to those years of service rendered at a time when or in a place where it was impossible to make such contributions by reason of the non-existence of an annuity fund.

Class Seven. Any public school teacher who has been subject to the burdens imposed by this article for a period of at least four years, and who has served in the public schools of this State for a period of fifteen years, or partly in such public schools and partly in one or more of the offices mentioned in section eighteen hundred and ninety-four *h* for a period of fifteen years, and who has held a valid certificate to teach in the schools of this State during all such period, and who has been declared incapacitated, by the committee on retirement, from performing the duties of a teacher, or the duties of the office which he may be occupying, if he should be occupying one of the offices mentioned in section eighteen hundred and ninety-four *h*, is entitled to retire and to receive an annuity from the public school teachers' annuity and retirement fund equal to such proportion of the maximum annuity granted under this article as the time he has been subject to the burdens imposed by this article bears to the period of thirty years.

Class Eight. Teachers of evening schools receiving a salary of fifty dollars or less are subject to one half of the burdens and are entitled to one half the benefit of this article; provided, that any teacher who is employed both in a day and in an evening school must be considered, for the purposes of this article, to be employed in a day school only; provided further, that an evening school teacher, who at any time before retirement under the provisions of this article becomes a day school teacher, must, upon retirement as a day school teacher, be credited for half time for his evening school service under the class in which he may be retired.

High school and other public school teachers in counties, cities, or cities and counties, who have been or are unable, by reason of any imperfection in the terms of this article, or of the several acts heretofore existing relating to the creation and administering of a public school teachers' annuity and retirement fund, to become contributors, must be allowed, upon

admission under the terms of said acts and of this article, and upon the payment of the amounts they would have paid had they been contributors, to date the time of their admission from the time of the organization of the teachers' annuity and retirement fund in their county, city, or city and county. City treasurers are hereby directed to pay into the teachers' annuity and retirement fund the contributions of teachers and school officers whose salaries are paid by or through city treasurers in the same manner as is provided in this article, to be paid by the treasurer of a county, or city and county. Compliance with these provisions shall render any high school or other teacher eligible to the benefits provided in any one of the eight classes of annuitants to which such teacher may be qualified.

Any annuity must be suspended if the recipient returns to the profession of teaching. Any annuity less than two-thirds of the maximum annuity must cease at the expiration of one year from the time at which the committee on retirement, constituted in section eighteen hundred and ninety-four *a*, decides that the recipient has been restored to the capacity of performing the duties of a teacher.

All teachers now employed in the public schools who filed the notice on the twenty-sixth day of March, eighteen hundred and ninety-five, or within ninety days thereafter, in counties, or in cities and counties, and all other public school teachers who become contributors within ninety days after the establishment of the fund herein specified in all other counties, and who have paid at the time of their being retired an amount equal to what they would have paid had they been subject to the burdens imposed for thirty years, must not suffer any reduction of annuities.

Corresponds to section eight, as found in the Statutes of 1901, pp. 677-681.

Pro rata dividends—when must be declared.

Sec. 1894*e*. If at the end of any quarter year there is not a sufficient amount of money in the "annuity fund," hereinafter described, to pay all warrants or demands of annuitants in full, then the money in that fund must be divided pro rata among them, and the sum received by each annuitant must be in full discharge of all claims against said fund to that date.

Corresponds to section nine of the statute of 1897, p. 228.

Annuity fund—how to be provided.

Sec. 1894f. The school teachers' annuity and retirement fund herein provided for, consists of the following, with the income and interest thereof: (I) Twelve dollars (\$12) per school year, of the salaries paid to all those subject to the burdens of this article, in each county, or city and county, shall be deducted from the warrants for salary, and paid by the treasurer of the county, or city and county, to the public school teachers' retirement fund commissioners of said county, or city and county, and it is the duty of the secretary of the board of education in every incorporated city or town, or city and county, and the secretary of the board of trustees of every school district outside of such city or town, or city and county, to note in each warrant the amount to be deducted by the treasurer; (II) All moneys received from gifts, bequests, and devises, or from any other source; (III) All money, pay, compensation, or salary forfeited, deducted, or withheld from the warrant or demand for salary of any teacher or teachers for and on account of absence from duty from any cause, which the board of education of any incorporated city or town, or the board of trustees of any school district outside of such city or town, may appropriate and set apart for the aforesaid fund; and such boards of education, or boards of trustees, are hereby empowered to appropriate such moneys, or any part thereof, for such fund; provided, that in cities and counties, after the establishment of an annuity fund therein, it is the duty of boards of education to appropriate monthly at least one half of such moneys for such fund.

Corresponds to section ten of the statute of 1897, p. 229.

Classification of annuity funds.

Sec. 1894g. The public school teachers' annuity and retirement fund herein provided for must be divided into two distinct funds or accounts, (1) the permanent fund, and (2) the annuity fund.

(1) The permanent fund:

A. The permanent fund consists of: (I) Twenty-five per cent of all contributions from those affected by this article; (II) Twenty-five per cent of all gifts, bequests, or devises, unless otherwise ordered by the donor or testator; (III) Twenty-five per cent of all moneys deducted from the salary of teachers because of absence from duty.

B. When the permanent fund amounts to the sum of fifty thousand dollars, then all moneys thereafter received must go

into the annuity fund, except such gifts, devises, or bequests as may be specially directed by their donors or testators to be placed in the permanent fund.

C. It is the duty of the public school teachers' retirement fund commissioners to invest the aforesaid permanent fund in interest-bearing bonds issued by the federal, state, county, city and county, or municipal governments, and to apply the interest thereon as herein directed.

(2) The annuity fund:

A. The annuity fund consists of: (I) The income derived from the permanent fund; (II) All other moneys belonging to the public school teachers' annuity and retirement fund not hereinbefore directed to be placed in the permanent fund; (III) All money in the fund provided for in this article.

B. The annuity fund is the only one from which annuitants can be paid.

C. If at the end of any fiscal year there remains any surplus in the annuity fund, said surplus must be deposited by the public school teachers' annuity and retirement fund commissioners in any savings bank or savings banks designated by them.

Corresponds to section eleven of the statute of 1897, p. 229.

Persons who are bound by this article.

Sec. 1894h. This article is binding (1) upon such public school teachers, and such other officers of the school department as possess teachers' certificates, who sign and deliver or have heretofore signed and delivered to the public school teachers' retirement fund commissioners, and to the secretary of the board of education of the incorporated city or town, or city and county, or to the secretary of the board of trustees of the school district in which they are employed, a notice in substantially the following form:

_____, 19--.

To the Public School Teachers' Annuity and Retirement Fund
Commissioners of _____ County (or city and county):

You are hereby notified that I agree to be bound by, and desire to avail myself of, the provisions of the act of the legislature of the State of California, approved _____, eighteen hundred and ninety-seven, entitled "An act to amend an act approved March twenty-sixth, eighteen hundred and ninety-five, entitled 'An act to create and administer a public school teachers' annuity and retirement fund in the several counties, and cities and counties, in the State.'"

_____,
Public school teacher.

And provided, that at least thirty teachers within the county, or city and county, have filed the notice hereinbefore set forth; provided further, that in all counties, or in cities and counties, where there is a less number of teachers than thirty, this article is binding on all those who signify their intention of being bound thereby.

(2) In cities and counties it is binding upon all teachers elected or appointed to teach in the public schools of such cities and counties.

(3) Annuities heretofore granted must be continued for the same amount as heretofore paid; subject, however, to the conditions imposed by sections eighteen hundred and ninety-four *e* and eighteen hundred and ninety-four *g* of this article.

Corresponds to section twelve of the statute of 1897, p. 230.

§§ 1894*i*–1894*m*. That a new article, numbered XXIII, codifying the statute of 1889, p. 32, chap. 24, consisting of sections eighteen hundred and ninety-four *i* to eighteen hundred and ninety-four *m*, be added, to read:

ARTICLE XXIII.

VACCINATION OF SCHOOL CHILDREN.

Sec. 1894*i*. Vaccination must be required.

1894*j*. Notice to be given respecting vaccination.

1894*k*. List of children not vaccinated. Provision for vaccine virus.

1894*l*. Expenses—how to be paid.

1894*m*. Reports to be made to the state board of health.

Vaccination must be required.

Sec. 1894*i*. The board of trustees of school districts and board of education in cities or cities and counties, must exclude from the benefits of the common schools therein any child or person who has not been vaccinated, until the time when he shall be successfully vaccinated. Any practicing or licensed physician may certify that such child or person has used due diligence and cannot be vaccinated so as to produce a successful vaccination, and thereupon he must be excepted from the provisions of this article.

Corresponds to section one of the act.

Notice to be given respecting vaccination.

Sec. 1894*j*. The trustees or local board, annually, and at special times to be fixed by the state board of health, must give at least ten days' notice, by posting in two or more public and conspicuous places within their jurisdiction, that provision

has been made for the vaccination of any child of suitable age who desires to attend the common schools and whose parents or guardians are pecuniarily or otherwise unable to procure vaccination therefor.

Corresponds to section two of the act.

List of children not vaccinated. Provision for vaccine virus.

Sec. 1894k. Such trustees or board must annually ascertain the number of persons in their respective school districts or subdivision of the city school government, being of age suitable to attend common schools, who have not been already vaccinated, and make a list of the names of such children and persons. Such trustees or board must also provide for the vaccination of all such children or persons in their respective school districts and get a reliable vaccine virus wherewith to vaccinate such of them as have not been vaccinated, and when so vaccinated must give a certificate of vaccination, which is evidence thereof for the purpose of complying with section eighteen hundred and ninety-four i.

Corresponds to section three of the act.

Expenses—how to be paid.

Sec. 1894l. The necessary expenses incurred under the provisions of this article must be paid out of the common school moneys apportioned to the district, city, or town. If there is not sufficient money, the trustees must notify the board of supervisors of the amount of money necessary, and that board must, at the time of levying the county taxes, levy a tax upon the taxable property in the district, sufficient to raise the amount needed. The rate of taxation is to be ascertained by taking fifteen per cent for delinquencies from the assessment, and the rate must be based upon the remainder. The tax so levied must be computed and entered upon the assessment roll by the county auditor, and collected at the same time and in the same manner as state and county taxes, and then paid into the county treasury for the use of the district.

Corresponds to section four of the act.

Reports to be made to the state board of health.

Sec. 1894m. The trustees of the several school districts of the State must include in their annual report to the secretary of the state board of health the number in their several districts, between the age of five and seventeen years, who are vaccinated, and the number unvaccinated.

Corresponds to section five of the act.

§§ 1894*n*-1894*v*. That a new article, numbered XXIV, codifying the statute of 1885, p. 49, consisting of sections eighteen hundred and ninety-four *n* to eighteen hundred and ninety-four *v*, be added, to read:

ARTICLE XXIV.

GIFTS FOR FOUNDING SCHOOLS.

- SEC. 1894*n*. Grants in trust for purposes of, authorized.
 1894*o*. Provisions which may be inserted in grant for.
 1894*p*. Trustees and their authority.
 1894*q*. Grantor may provide that himself or his wife be trustee for.
 1894*r*. Reservation of right to alter the terms of grant.
 1894*s*. Trustees—when may become custodians of minors. Grant—
 how to be executed.
 1894*t*. Suits to annul or affect conveyances for.
 1894*u*. Exemption of property from forced sale.
 1894*v*. Devise or bequest of property to the State.

Grants in trust for purposes of, authorized.

Sec. 1894*n*. Any person desiring, in his lifetime, to promote the public welfare by founding, endowing, and maintaining, within this State, a university, college, school, seminary of learning, mechanical institute, museum, botanic garden, public park, or gallery of art, or any or all thereof, may, to the end, and for such purpose, by grant, in writing, convey to a trustee, or any number of trustees, named in such grant (and to their successors), any property, real or personal, belonging to such person, and situated or being within this State.

Corresponds to section two, as amended by the statute of 1891, p. 454, chap. 229, omitting all after the word "State" in the third line from the bottom.

Provisions which may be inserted in grant for.

Sec. 1894*o*. The person making such grant may therein designate:

1. The nature, object, and purposes of the institution or institutions to be founded, endowed, and maintained;
2. The name by which it or they must be known;
3. The powers and duties of the trustees, and the manner in which they must account, and to whom, if accounting be required; but such powers and duties must not be held to be exclusive of other powers and duties which may be necessary to enable such trustees to fully carry out the object of such grant;
4. The mode and manner, and by whom, the successors to the trustee or trustees named in the grant are to be appointed;

5. Such rules and regulations for the management of the property conveyed as the grantor may elect to prescribe; but such rules must, unless the grantor otherwise prescribe, be deemed advisory only, and must not preclude such trustees from making such changes as new conditions may, from time to time, require;

6. The place or places where, and the time when, the buildings necessary and proper for the institution or institutions must be erected, and the character and extent thereof.

The person making such grant may therein provide for all other things necessary and proper to carry out the purposes thereof, and especially may such person provide for the trades and professions which must be taught in such institutions, and the terms upon which deserving scholars of the public and private schools of the various counties of this State may be admitted to all the privileges of such institutions, as a reward for meritorious conduct and good scholarship; and also for maintaining free scholarships for children of persons who have rendered service to or who have died in the service of this State; and also for maintaining free scholarships for children of mechanics, tradesmen, and laborers, who have died without leaving means sufficient to give such children a practical education, fitting them for the useful trades or arts; and also the terms and conditions upon which students in the public and private schools, and other deserving persons, may, without cost to themselves, attend the lectures of any university established; and also the terms and conditions upon which the museums, and art galleries, and conservatories of music, connected with any such institution, shall be open to all deserving persons without charge, and without their becoming students of the institution.

Consists of section three of the original act.

Trustees and their authority.

Sec. 1894p. The trustee or trustees named in such grant, and their successors, may, in the name of the institution or institutions, as designated in such grant, sue and defend, in relation to the trust property, and in relation to all matters affecting the institution or institutions endowed and established by such grant.

Consists of section four of the original act.

Grantor may provide that himself or his wife be trustee for.

Sec. 1894q. The person making such grant by a provision therein may elect, in relation to the property conveyed, and in

relation to the erection, maintenance, and management of such institution or institutions, to perform during his life all the duties and exercise all the powers which, by the terms of the grant, are enjoined upon and vested in the trustee or trustees therein named. If the person making such grant, and making the election aforesaid, be a married person, such person may further provide that if the wife of such person survive him, then such wife during her life may, in relation to the property conveyed, and in relation to the erection, maintenance, and management of such institution or institutions, perform all the duties and exercise all the powers which, by the terms of the grant, are enjoined upon and vested in the trustee or trustees therein named, and in all such cases the powers and duties conferred and imposed by such grant upon the trustee or trustees therein named, must be exercised and performed by the person making such grant, or by his wife during his or her life, as the case may be; provided, however, that upon the death of such person, or his surviving wife, as the case may be, such powers and duties devolve upon and must be exercised by the trustees named in the grant, and their successors.

Consists of section five of the original act.

Reservation of right to alter the terms of grant.

Sec. 1894r. The person making such grant may therein reserve the right to alter, amend, or modify the terms and conditions thereof, and the trusts therein created, in respect to any of the matters mentioned or referred to in subdivisions one to six, inclusive, of section eighteen hundred and ninety-four o, and may also therein reserve the right, during the life of such person or persons, of absolute dominion over the personal property conveyed, and also over the rents, issues, and profits of the real property conveyed, without liability to account therefor in any manner whatever, and without any liability over against the estate of such person; and if any such person be married, such person may in said grant further provide that if his wife survive him, then such wife during her life may have the same absolute dominion over such personal property, and such rents, issues, and profits, without liability to account therefor in any manner whatever, and without liability over against the estate of either of the spouses.

Corresponds to section six of the original act.

Trustees—when may become custodians of minors. Grant—how to be executed.

Sec. 1894s. The person making such grant may therein provide that the trustees named in the grant, and their successors,

may, in the name of the institution or institutions, become the custodian of the persons of minors, and when any such provision is made in a grant, the trustees and their successors may take such custody and control in the manner and for the time and in accordance with the provisions of sections two hundred and sixty-four to two hundred and seventy-six, inclusive, of the Civil Code of this State. Any such grant may be executed, acknowledged, and recorded in the same manner as is now provided by law for the execution, acknowledgment, and recording of grants of real property.

Combines sections seven and eight of the original act.

Suits to annul or affect conveyances for.

Sec. 1894t. No suit, action, or proceeding must be commenced or maintained by any person to set aside, annul, or affect such conveyance, or to affect the title to the property conveyed, or the right to the possession, or to the rents, issues, and profits thereof, unless the same be commenced within two years after the date of filing such grant for record; nor may any defense be made to any suit, action, or proceeding commenced by the trustee or trustees named in such grant, or their successors, privies, or persons holding under them, which defense involves the legality of such grant, or affects the title to the property thereby conveyed, or the right to the possession, or the rents, issues, and profits thereof, unless such defense is made in a suit, action, or proceeding commenced within two years after such grant has been filed for record.

Corresponds to section nine of the original act.

Exemption of property from forced sale.

Sec. 1894u. The property conveyed by such grant must not, after a lapse of two years from the date of the filing for record of the grant, be subject to forced sale under execution, or judicial proceedings of any kind, against the grantor or his privies, unless the action under which the execution is issued or the proceedings under which the sale is ordered have been commenced within two years after such grant has been filed for record. Nor must such property be subject to execution or forced sale under any judgment obtained in any proceedings instituted within such two years, if there be other property of the grantor subject to execution or forced sale sufficient to satisfy such judgment; provided, nothing in this section contained shall be construed to affect mechanics' or laborers' liens.

Corresponds to section ten of the original act.

Devise or bequest of property to the State.

Sec. 1894v. Any person or persons making any such grant, may, at any time thereafter, by last will or testament, devise and bequeath to the State of California all or any of the property, real and personal, mentioned in such grant, or in any supplemental grant, and such devise or bequest can only take effect in case, from any cause whatever, the grant is annulled, or set aside, or the trust therein declared, for any reason fails. Such devise or bequest is hereby permitted to be made by way of assurance that the wishes of the grantor or grantors be carried out, and in the faith that the State, in case it succeeds to the property, or any part thereof, will, to the extent and value of such property, carry out, in respect to the objects and purposes of any such grant, all the wishes and intentions of the grantor or grantors; provided, that no wish, direction, act, or condition expressed, made, or given by any grantor or grantors, under or by virtue of this article, as to religious instruction to be given in such school, college, seminary, mechanical institute, museum, or gallery of art, or in respect to the exercise of religious belief, on the part of any pupil or pupils of such school or institution of learning, shall be binding upon the State; nor must the State enforce, or permit to be enforced or carried out, any such wish, direction, act, or condition.

Corresponds to section eleven of the original act.

§ 1941. That section nineteen hundred and forty-one be amended to read:

Sec. 1941. The commander-in-chief is authorized and has power to establish and prescribe such rules and regulations, forms and precedents, not inconsistent with the provisions of the codes, as he may deem proper for the use, government, and instruction of the national guard, and to carry into full effect the provisions of the codes relative thereto. Such rules, regulations, forms, and precedents must, from time to time, be revised as may be deemed necessary, and be promulgated in orders, and compiled in such form as may be deemed advisable for the information of the national guard. He may annually order an encampment for discipline and drill either by division, brigade, regiment, battalion, or unattached company. All encampments must be held at the state camp of instruction, unless otherwise ordered by him.

The amendment consists in the addition of the last two sentences, thus codifying the statute of 1899, p. 148, chap. 112.

§ 2003. That that section two thousand and three, approved March 11, 1897, be repealed, because it is superseded by the section of the same number as amended April 1, 1897 (Statutes of 1897, p. 261).

§§ 2136-2192. That chapter I of title V of part II be repealed, and in place thereof be codified the statute of 1889, p. 329, so far as it relates to the support of insane persons, and the act of 1897, p. 311, entitled "An act to establish a state commission in lunacy"; and that such chapter consist of sections twenty-one hundred and thirty-six to twenty-one hundred and ninety-two, to read:

CHAPTER I.

STATE COMMISSION IN LUNACY.

- SEC. 2136. Commission in lunacy—of whom consists.
2137. The superintendent, his appointment, qualification, and salary.
2138. Office and meetings of the commission.
2139. The seal of the commission.
2140. Expenses and salary of commission.
2141. Powers of commission.
2142. Duties of commission.
- 2142a. Special investigations by commission.
2143. Visits, examinations, and reports.
2144. Information to be furnished to the commission.
2145. State hospitals.
2146. The property of the hospitals.
2147. Managers of the state hospitals, and their appointment.
2148. Managers, eligibility of, and causes of forfeiture of office.
2149. Managers' compensation.
2150. Powers and duties of the managers.
2151. Limitation upon the powers of managers.
2152. Appointments by the managers.
2153. The medical superintendent and his duties.
2154. Salaries.
2155. Removals.
2156. Resident officers.
2157. Consultations of superintendents.
2158. Contingent fund, how used.
2159. Duties of the treasurer.
2160. Financial statements.
2161. Actions for money due.
2162. The steward, and his powers and duties.
2163. Purchase of supplies.
2164. Oaths of office.
2165. Prohibition of actions.
2166. Recommendations, and their filing.
2167. Detention hospitals.
- 2167a. Medical examiners.
2168. Charges of insanity, and proceedings thereon.
2169. Attendance and examination of witnesses.
2170. Certificate of examiners.
2171. Order of commitment.
2172. Execution of the order of commitment.
2173. Right to refuse to receive person committed.

- SEC. 2174. Jury trial.
 2175. Costs of proceedings.
 2176. Liability of relatives and guardians of insane persons.
 2177. Insane persons in care of their relatives or guardians. Duty of the commission.
 2178. Duties of district attorneys.
 2179. Appointment of guardian.
 2180. Fixing amount to be paid for support.
 2181. Orders to be made for payments by guardians.
 2182. Suits against relatives.
 2183. Duties of officers respecting insane poor.
 2184. Homeopathic treatment.
 2185. Admissions under special agreements.
 2186. Superintendent's duty to examine new patients.
 2187. Transfer of patients.
 2188. Habeas corpus.
 2189. Discharge of patients.
 2190. Clothing of discharged patients.
 2191. Return of insane person to other state or country.
 2192. Private institutions.

Commission in lunacy, of whom consists.

Sec. 2136. The state commission in lunacy consists of five members, to wit: the general superintendent of the state hospitals, the secretary of the state board of health, and the three members of the state board of examiners. In the absence of the governor, at any meeting of the commission, the secretary of the state board of examiners is authorized to act in his place, with the same powers and with like effect as the governor might exercise, if present; and in the like absence of the attorney-general, the assistant attorney-general may act in his place, with like authority as he might exercise, if present. All the members, other than the general superintendent, must serve without salary.

Consists of so much of section three of article one of the act of 1897 as provides who the members of the commission shall be.

The superintendent, his appointment, qualification, and salary.

Sec. 2137. The general superintendent of the state hospitals for the insane is appointed by the governor, to hold office for four years, and must not hold any other office. He must be a reputable physician, and graduate of an incorporated medical college, who has had at least ten years' actual practice in his profession, and six years' actual experience in the care and treatment of the insane, at least one year of which must have been in the state hospitals of this State. His salary is four thousand dollars per annum, and cannot be changed during

his term of office, and he must also be allowed his actual traveling and incidental expenses, to be audited by the other members of the commission.

Consists of that part of section three, article one, relating to the general superintendent.

Office and meetings of the commission.

Sec. 2138. The secretary of state must provide the commission with a suitably furnished office in the state capitol, in which it must hold stated meetings at least once in every three months. It may hold other meetings at such office, or elsewhere, at such times as it may deem necessary.

Consists of so much of section four, article one, as relates to the office and meetings of the commission.

The seal of the commission.

Sec. 2139. The commission must have and keep an official seal. Every process, order, or other paper issued or executed by the commission, may, by its direction, be attested with its seal by the secretary, or by any member of the commission, and when so attested must be deemed to be duly executed by the commission.

Corresponds to section five of article one.

Expenses and salary of commission.

Sec. 2140. The salary of the general superintendent and the reasonable expenses of the commission, and of the necessary clerical assistance, must be paid by the treasurer of state on the warrant of the controller, out of any money appropriated for the support of the insane, pro rata, from the amount appropriated for the maintenance of each state hospital.

Consists of the last sentence of section four of article one.

Powers of commission.

Sec. 2141. The commission has power:

1. To employ a secretary, a stenographer, and such other employés as it may deem necessary;

2. To appoint, by its order, a competent person to examine the books, papers, and accounts, and also into the general condition and management of any institution in this chapter mentioned, to the extent deemed necessary and specified in such order;

3. To fix the annual salaries of the resident officers and treasurer of the state hospitals, which must be uniform in all

state hospitals, and to classify the other officers and employés in grades, and determine the salaries and wages to be paid in each grade, which must be uniform in all such hospitals.

Subdivision one is from section four of article one; subdivision two from section six of article one; subdivision three from section eight of article one.

Duties of commission.

Sec. 2142. The duties of the commission are:

1. To take charge of the execution of the laws relating to the care, custody, and treatment of the insane, as provided in this chapter, not including feeble-minded persons and epileptics as such, and idiots;

2. To examine all public and private institutions authorized by law to receive and care for the insane, and inquire into their methods of government, and the treatment of all inmates thereof;

3. To examine into the condition of all buildings, grounds, or other property connected with such institutions, and into all matters relating to their management. For the purposes specified in this subdivision, each commissioner is entitled to free access to the grounds, buildings, and all books and papers relating to any such institution, and every person connected therewith must give such information and afford such facilities for any such examination or inquiry, as the commissioners may require;

4. To make such regulations in regard to the correspondence of the insane in custody as in its judgment will promote their interests, which regulations must be complied with and enforced by the proper authorities of each institution; but no restriction must be placed upon the correspondence of such insane with the superior judge and district attorney of the county from which they were committed;

5. To adopt, for all hospitals, uniform by-laws, rules and regulations, books of record, and for steward's department, blank forms, both clinical and otherwise, questions for examination of employés, and for competitive examination in all the different branches of medicine and surgery, and especially in diseases affecting the mind and nervous system, of all assistant physicians and internes, otherwise than the first and second assistants, for the special use of the hospital;

6. To keep in its office a record showing the name, residence, and certificate of each duly qualified medical examiner, and to

immediately file, when received, each duly certified copy of a medical examiner's certificate, and advise him of its receipt and filing;

7. To keep in its office a record showing:

(1) The name, residence, sex, age, nativity, occupation, civil condition, and date of commitment of every patient in custody in the several institutions for the care and treatment of insane persons in the State, and the name and residence of the person making the petition for commitment, and of the persons signing the medical certificate, and of the judge making the order of commitment;

(2) The name of the institution where each patient is confined, the date of admission, and whether brought from home or another institution, and if from another institution, the name of such institution, by whom brought, and the patient's condition;

(3) The date of the discharge of each patient from such institution, and whether recovered, improved, or unimproved, and to whose care committed;

(4) If transferred, for what cause, and to what institution; and if dead, the date and cause of death;

8. To report and recommend to the legislature the necessary prospective needs for the care, custody, and treatment of the poor and indigent insane; and for the purpose of preventing overcrowding, it must recommend to the legislature the establishment of cottages at such of the existing state hospitals as in its judgment will best meet the requirements of such insane;

9. To furnish the legislature an estimate of the probable number of patients who will become inmates of the respective state hospitals during the two years beginning July first, next ensuing, and the cost of all additional buildings and equipments, if any, which will be required to carry out the provisions of this chapter relating to the care, custody, and treatment of the poor and indigent insane of the State;

10. To biennially report to the legislature its acts and proceedings for the two years ending June thirtieth, last preceding, with such facts regarding the management of the institutions for the insane as it deems necessary for the information of the legislature, including estimates of the amounts required for the use of such hospitals and the reasons therefor; and also the annual reports made to the commission by the board of managers of each state hospital.

Subdivisions one to three are from section six of article one, adding, in subdivision two, the words "and private"; subdivision four corre-

sponds to the first two sentences of section eight of article one; subdivision five is the last sentence of section eight of article one; subdivision six corresponds to the next to the last sentence of section nine, article one; subdivision seven corresponds to section ten of article one; subdivisions eight and nine correspond to the first three sentences of section twelve of article one; subdivision ten corresponds to section thirteen of the same article.

Special investigation by commission.

Sec. 2142a. When the commission has reason to believe that any person adjudged insane is wrongfully deprived of his liberty, or is cruelly or negligently treated, or inadequate provision is made for his skillful medical care, proper supervision, and safe-keeping, it may ascertain the facts, or may order an investigation of the facts by one or all of its members. It, or the commissioner conducting the proceeding, may issue compulsory process for the attendance of witnesses and the production of papers, and exercise the powers conferred upon a referee in a superior court. If the commission deems it proper, it may issue an order to any state hospital, directing and providing for such removal or treatment, or both, as shall be therein specified. Such order must be presented to the judge of the superior court of the county in which the insane person is confined, for his approval, who may require notice in such manner and to such persons as he may direct, to be given of the application for such approval. If he finds such order just and reasonable he must approve it, and such approval is binding upon any and all institutions and persons to which it is directed, and any wilful disobedience of such order is a criminal contempt, and punishable as such. Whenever the commission undertakes an investigation into the general management and administration of any state hospital for the insane, or places of detention for the alleged insane, it may give notice to the attorney-general of any such investigation, who must appear personally or by deputy, and examine witnesses who may be in attendance. The commission, or any member thereof, may at any time visit and examine the inmates of any county, city and county, or city almshouse, to ascertain if insane persons are kept therein.

Corresponds to section twelve of article three, except that the word "approval" has been substituted for "removal," to correct a clerical error.

Visits, examinations, and reports.

Sec. 2143. The general superintendent of the state hospitals for the insane must visit every institution at least twice in each year. Visits may be made by the commissioners jointly, or singly, at such times as the visiting commissioner or commissioners may choose. Each visit must include, to the fullest extent deemed necessary, an inspection of every part of each institution, and all the outhouses, places, buildings, and grounds belonging thereto, or used in connection therewith. The president of the commission, or a majority of the members thereof, must, from time to time, make an examination of all records and methods of administration, the general and special dietary, the stores and methods of supplies, and, as far as the circumstances will permit, of every patient confined therein, especially those admitted since the preceding visit, giving such as may require it, suitable opportunity to converse with the commissioners, apart from the officers and attendants. They must, as far as they deem necessary, examine the officers, attendants, and other employés, and make such inquiries as will determine their fitness for their respective duties. At the next regular or special meeting of the commission, after any such visit, the visiting commissioner, or commissioners, must report the result thereof, with such recommendations for the better management or improvement in such institutions as they may deem necessary. But such recommendations must not be contrary to the medical doctrines of the particular school of medicine adopted by such institutions. The commissioners must, from time to time, meet the managers or responsible authorities of such institutions, or as many of the members as practicable, in conference, and consider, in detail, all questions of management and improvement of the institutions, and must also send to them, in writing, if approved by a majority of the commissioners, such recommendations in regard to the management and improvement of the institutions as they may deem necessary or desirable.

Corresponds to section seven of article one.

Information to be furnished to the commission.

Sec. 2144. The authorities for the several institutions for the insane must furnish to the commission the facts mentioned in subdivision six of section twenty-one hundred and forty-two, and such other obtainable facts as the commission may, from time to time, in the discharge of its duties, require of them, with the opinion of the superintendent thereon, if

requested. The superintendent or other person in charge of a hospital must, within ten days after the admission of an insane person thereto, cause a copy of the medical certificate and order on which such person was received, to be forwarded to the office of the commission, and when a patient is discharged, transferred, or dies, such superintendent, or person in charge, must, within three days thereafter, send the information to the office of the commission, in accordance with the forms prescribed by it.

Corresponds to section eleven of article one, except that in section eleven the requirement is to furnish the commission "the facts mentioned in the last preceding chapter." There is no preceding chapter, and we inferred that the word "chapter" was inadvertently used for the word "section," and have changed the codification accordingly.

State hospitals.

Sec. 2145. The following hospitals for the care and treatment of the insane are established, and are hereby declared to be corporations:

1. The Stockton State Hospital at the city of Stockton, formerly known as the Stockton State Insane Asylum at Stockton;
2. Napa State Hospital, near the city of Napa, hitherto known as the Napa State Asylum for the Insane at Napa;
3. Agnews State Hospital, near the city of San José, formerly known as the State Insane Asylum at Agnews;
4. Mendocino State Hospital, near the city of Ukiah, hitherto known as the Mendocino State Insane Asylum at Ukiah;
5. Southern California State Hospital, near the city of San Bernardino, hitherto known as the Southern California State Insane Asylum for the Insane and Inebriates, San Bernardino.

Corresponds to section one of article two, except that we have omitted in each case the declaration of the statute that all property belonging to the pre-existing asylum and all moneys to its credit are transferred to the hospital which by this act is made its successor.

The property of the hospitals.

Sec. 2146. Each of the corporations mentioned in the preceding section may acquire and hold in its corporate name, by gift, devise, or bequest, property to be applied to the maintenance of insane persons and for the general use of the corporation. All lands necessary for the use of state hospitals must be acquired by condemnation as lands for other public uses are acquired, except those acquired by gift, devise, or pur-

chase, and the terms of every purchase must be approved by the commission. No public street or road for railway or other purposes, except for hospital use, must be opened through the lands of any state hospital, unless the legislature by special enactment consents thereto.

Corresponds to section eleven of article four.

Managers of the state hospital and their appointment.

Sec. 2147. Each hospital has a board of five members appointed by the governor, each of whom holds office for the term of four years from and after his appointment, and the terms of not more than two must expire in any one year. If a vacancy occurs otherwise than by the expiration of a term, it must be filled by appointment for the unexpired term. Any manager is subject to removal by the governor, upon good cause shown and opportunity to be heard.

Corresponds to section two of article two, with a clause for removal added, taken from section three of the same article. The first sentence of section two is omitted, for the reason that its provisions are sufficiently stated in section four of the original act, codified as section twenty-one hundred and fifty of this chapter.

Managers—eligibility of, and causes of forfeiture of office.

Sec. 2148. No person is eligible to the office of manager, who is a member of the legislature or an elective state officer, and if he becomes such after his appointment his office is thereby vacated. If any manager fails for three months to attend the regular meetings of the board, unless he is ill or absent from the State, his office becomes vacant, and the board, by resolution, must so declare, and must forthwith transmit a certified copy of such resolution to the governor.

Corresponds to section three of article two as amended by statute of 1899, p. 316, except that the provision regarding removal by the governor has been inserted in the preceding section.

Managers' compensation.

Sec. 2149. The managers are entitled to ten dollars per day for their attendance at meetings of the board, and while in the actual service of the State, and to their necessary traveling expenses, to be paid as are other current expenses of the hospital.

Is taken from section four of article two.

Powers and duties of the managers.

Sec. 2150. Subject to the powers of the commission, each board of managers has general control and direction of the property and concerns of the institution for which it is appointed, not otherwise provided by law. It is the duty of the board of managers:

1. To take care of the interests of the hospital, and see that its design and its by-laws, rules, and regulations are carried into effect, according to law;

2. To establish such by-laws, rules, and regulations, subject to the approval of the commission, as it may deem necessary and expedient for regulating the appointment and duties of officers and employés of the hospital, and for the internal government, discipline, and management of the same;

3. To maintain an effective inspection of the hospital, for which purpose a majority of the board must visit the hospital at least every month, and the whole board once a year, and at such other times as may be prescribed in the by-laws;

4. To keep, in a book provided for the purpose, a fair and full record of its doings, which must at all times be open to the inspection of the commissioners in lunacy, or either house of the legislature;

5. To cause, within ten days after each meeting of such managers, or a committee thereof, a copy of the minutes and proceedings of such meeting to be sent forthwith to each member of such board and to the commission;

6. To enter, in a book kept by them for that purpose, the date of each of their visits, and the condition of the hospital and patients, and all the managers present must sign such entry;

7. To make to the commission, on or before the fifteenth day of August of each year, a detailed report of their visits and inspections, with suitable suggestions and such other matters as may be required of them by the commission, for the year ending on the thirtieth day of June preceding the date of such report.

Corresponds to section four of article two, except that the provisions therein respecting the property of the hospital are here omitted, having been incorporated in section twenty-one hundred and fifty-six, and that the provision respecting the compensation of managers has been incorporated in section twenty-one hundred and forty-nine.

Limitation upon the powers of managers.

Sec. 2151. No money must be expended by the managers of any state hospital for the erection of additional buildings

or for unusual repairs or improvements, except upon plans and specifications approved by the commission. The cost of such buildings as are occupied by patients, including the necessary equipment for heating, lighting, ventilating, fixtures, and furniture, must in no case exceed five hundred and fifty dollars per capita for the patients to be accommodated therein.

Corresponds to the last two sentences of section twelve of article one.

Appointments by the managers.

Sec. 2152. Each board of managers must appoint for the hospital under its control, as often as vacancies may occur therein:

1. A medical superintendent, who must be a graduate of an incorporated medical college, and a well-educated physician, of good moral character, who has had not less than three years' experience in the care and treatment of the insane. The medical superintendent of the homeopathic hospital must be a homeopathic physician, and he must, in other respects, possess the same qualifications as other medical superintendents;

2. A treasurer, who is also ex-officio secretary of the board, and who must keep all the books, records, and papers pertaining to the business of his office, and maintain such office wherever the board of managers directs. He must give an undertaking to the people of the State, in such sum as the board requires, for the faithful performance of his trust, with sureties to be approved by it.

Any medical superintendent or treasurer may be removed by a majority vote of the board of managers for cause; such cause must be stated in writing and served upon the official charged. He must thereafter be given an opportunity to be heard. If removed upon such hearing, his removal is final.

Corresponds to section five of article two as amended by the statute of 1899, p. 160.

The medical superintendent, and his duties.

Sec. 2153. The medical superintendent of each hospital is its chief executive officer. In his absence or sickness the first assistant physician, or other officer designated by the medical superintendent, must perform his duties and be subject to his responsibilities. Subject to the by-laws, rules, and regulations established by the board of managers, the medical superintendent has general superintendence of the buildings, grounds, and farm, together with their furniture, fixtures, and stock, and the direction and control of all persons therein, and must:

- (a) Personally maintain an effective supervision and inspec-

tion of all parts of the hospital, and generally direct the care and treatment of the patients. To this end the superintendent must personally examine the condition of each patient within five days after his admission to the hospital, and must visit all the wards or apartments for patients at such times as the rules and regulations of the hospital prescribe;

(b) Appoint, by and with the consent of the board of managers, assistant physicians, one of whom, where there are three or more other assistant physicians, must be a woman; and must also appoint internes, the number to be determined by the commission, as follows:

1. A first and a second assistant physician, each of whom must be a graduate of an incorporated medical college, well educated in his profession, of good moral character, and experienced in the treatment of mental diseases. The first assistant physician must, for five years immediately preceding his appointment, and the second assistant physician for four years immediately preceding his appointment, have been engaged in the actual practice of his profession;

2. Assistants other than the first and second physicians and internes, who must be graduates of an incorporated medical college, well educated in their profession, of good moral character, and subject to competitive examination in all the different branches of medicine and surgery, and especially in diseases affecting the mind and nervous system. The questions for such examination must be prepared by the general superintendent, subject to the approval of the commission;

3. At the homeopathic state hospital a first and second and other assistant physicians and internes, all of whom must be graduates of an incorporated college of the homeopathic school of medicine, of good moral character, and otherwise possessed of the same qualifications hereinbefore required of assistants and internes respectively in the other hospitals;

4. A supervisor, matron, and steward, and all employés, none of whom must be his relatives, or that of any member of the board of managers, either by consanguinity or marriage, who shall be subject to such examination as he deems for the best interest of the hospital, the questions to be prepared by the general superintendent, subject to the approval of the commission;

(c) Transmit, by mail, to the state lunacy commission, within five days after such discharge has been approved by the board of managers, information of any such discharge, and the cause thereof. The commission must preserve the name of

any such officer or employé, with the facts relating to his discharge, in a book provided for that purpose;

(*d*) Give such orders and instructions as he may deem best calculated to insure good conduct, fidelity, and economy in every department of labor and expenses;

(*e*) Maintain salutary discipline among all who are employed in the institution, and enforce strict compliance with his instructions and uniform obedience to all rules and regulations of the hospital;

(*f*) Cause full and fair accounts and records of the entire business and operations of the hospital to be kept regularly, from day to day, in books or forms provided for that purpose;

(*g*) See that all such accounts and records are fully up to the last day of June in each year, and that the principal facts and results, with his report thereon, are presented to the managers within thirty days thereafter, who must incorporate them in their report to the commission;

(*h*) Keep a book, in which he must cause to be entered at the time of reception of any patient, his name, residence, and occupation, and the date of such reception, by whom brought, and by what authority, and on whose petition committed, and an abstract of all orders, warrants, requests, petitions, certificates, and other papers accompanying such person;

(*i*) To prepare and keep the pay rolls of the hospitals, and to collect all moneys; keep the accounts for the support of the patients, and expenses incurred in their behalf; furnish the treasurer statements thereof as they fall due; turn all moneys collected over to the treasurer, and report same to the board of managers at each meeting; notify the treasurer of the death or discharge of reimbursing or pay patients, within five days after such death or discharge;

(*j*) Prepare triplicate estimates of the amount, kind, and quality of furniture and household furnishing goods, provisions, fuel, forage, clothing or material for clothing, and other material required for the twelve months ending June thirtieth of each year, which must be approved by the board of managers, unless a different time is allowed by the commission. He must submit two of the triplicate estimates to the commission, and file the third in his office. The commission may revise the estimate for supplies, either as to quality or quantity thereof, and must certify that it has carefully examined the same, and that the articles contained in such estimate, as approved by it, are actually required for the use of the hospital; whereupon, after having approved the estimates, the commis-

sion must, beginning upon the fifteenth day of the month preceding the month in which contracts are to be let, advertise for four successive weeks, for contracts for furnishing such supplies; said advertising being in brief, referring to the class of supplies and the fact that all contemplated bidders can receive schedules by applying to the superintendents or secretaries of the various hospitals, or the state commission. All contracts must be awarded to the lowest responsible bidder, or bidders, upon their giving to the board of managers a bond, amounting to one fourth of their actual bids, as security for the faithful performance of the same. The board of managers reserves the right to reject any and all bids submitted to them;

(k) Prepare monthly triplicate estimates, as approved by the board of managers, two of which must be submitted to the commission, and the other filed in the superintendent's office, for necessary expenditures required for the hospital of which he is superintendent, for the ensuing month. The commission may revise these estimates for supplies, either as to the quality, quantity, or price thereof, and must certify that they have been carefully examined, and that the articles contained in such estimates, as approved by it, are actually required for the use of the hospital; whereupon the board of managers must direct its superintendent to secure the supplies according to the approved estimates.

Corresponds to section six of article two of the statute of 1899, p. 161, except that subdivisions one and two of subdivision (b) are consolidated in a single subdivision numbered one, and the numbers of subdivisions three, four, and five changed to two, three, and four. The last sentence of subdivision four is omitted for the purpose of transferring it to section twenty-one hundred and fifty-three, and subdivision six is omitted for the purpose of transferring it to section twenty-one hundred and fifty-five, and subdivision seven is transferred to section twenty-one hundred and fifty-six.

Salaries.

Sec. 2154. The annual salary of the medical superintendent must not exceed thirty-five hundred dollars, of the first assistant physician three thousand dollars, of other assistant physicians twenty-five hundred dollars, and of internes six hundred dollars. All salaries and wages must be included in the monthly estimates and paid in the same manner as other expenses of the state hospitals. The medical superintendents, the assistant physicians, and stewards, and their families,

must be furnished room, household furniture, laundry service, drugs when ill, provisions, fuel, and lights, at and from the supplies of the hospital.

Corresponds to the last sentence of subdivision four of subdivision (b) of section six of article two and the last two sentences of section eight of the same article.

Removals.

Sec. 2155. The medical superintendent may remove any resident officer in his employ for cause, pending the meeting of the board of managers. The removal of employés, other than resident officers, must be reported to the board of managers for its action, which is final; and in the case of resident officers, notice in writing must be immediately given to the resident officer removed and to each member of the board of managers. At the next meeting of the board, or at the meeting to which it is regularly postponed, such removal must be considered and the person removed be heard; after which the managers must determine the matter, and their judgment is final. If an officer or employé is removed, the superintendent must make a record thereof, with the reasons therefor, under the appropriate head, in one of the books of the hospital. Any officer or employé of a state hospital taking an active part in politics, directly or indirectly, must be summarily removed from such hospital.

Corresponds to subdivision six of subdivision (b) of section six of article two.

Resident officers.

Sec. 2156. The medical superintendent, assistant physicians, stewards, supervisors, and matrons must maintain their residence in the hospital or on the premises, and are designated as the resident officers of the hospital.

Corresponds to subdivision seven of subdivision (b) of section six of article two.

Consultation of superintendents.

Sec. 2157. The medical superintendents of the several hospitals, or their representatives, and in the discretion of each board of managers, one member of each board to be designated by it, must meet at least every three months on a day to be appointed by the commission, at its office or such other place as it may designate, to consult with it in reference to matters pertaining to the care and maintenance of the state hospitals.

Corresponds to section six of article two.

Contingent fund—how used.

Sec. 2158. All moneys received by the board of managers of any state hospital, other than that appropriated by the State, must be kept by said board, in a separate fund, named the contingent fund; and the same must, by the said board, be expended for such supplies, expenses, buildings, and improvements, as are required for the best interests of such hospital, and for the improvement thereof, and of the grounds and buildings connected therewith. The medical superintendent must make triplicate estimates, in minute detail, as approved by the board of managers, of such supplies, expenses, buildings, and improvements, two of which must be submitted to the commission, and the third placed on file in his office. The commission may revise the estimates of such supplies, and must certify that it has carefully examined the same, and that the supplies, expenses, buildings, and improvements contained in such estimates, as approved by it, are required for the best interests of such hospital; whereupon the board of managers, after having received the revised and approved estimates, must proceed to purchase such supplies, make such expenditures, or construct such improvements or buildings without further authority, and if approved must make a draft or drafts upon the treasurer of such hospital, as the money may be required for the purposes mentioned in such estimates, which draft or drafts must be paid by the treasurer out of any money contained in the contingent fund to be used for the above-mentioned purposes. The building act of eighteen hundred and seventy-six does not apply to any improvement, structure, or building made under the provisions of this chapter.

Is taken from section ten of article two.

Duties of the treasurer.

Sec. 2159. The treasurer of each hospital must:

1. Have the custody of all moneys received from the State, or elsewhere, for the benefit of the hospital, or any of its inmates, and keep an accurate account thereof;
2. Have the custody of all bonds, notes, mortgages, and other securities and obligations belonging to the hospital;
3. Receive all money for the care and treatment of patients, and other sources of revenue to the hospital;
4. Deposit all such money in a bank designated by the managers, conveniently near the hospital, in his name, as

treasurer, and send each month, to the commission and to the board of managers, a statement showing the amount so received and deposited, and from whom and for what received, and when such deposits were made. Such statement of deposit must be certified by the proper officer of the bank receiving such deposit. The treasurer must make an affidavit to the effect that the sum so deposited is all the money received by him, from any source of hospital income, up to the time of the last deposit appearing on such statement. The bank designated by the board of managers to receive such deposits must, before any deposit is made, execute a bond to the people of the State, in a sum approved by the board of managers, for the safe-keeping of the funds deposited;

5. Pay out the money deposited for the uses of the state hospital, upon the voucher of the steward, approved by the superintendent, in accordance with the estimates made by the superintendent, and revised and approved by the board of managers and by the commission;

6. Keep full and accurate accounts of all receipts and payments, in the manner directed in the by-laws, and according to books and forms approved, prescribed, and furnished by the commission;

7. Balance all accounts on his books annually, on the last day of June, and make a statement thereof, and an abstract of the receipts and payments of the past year, and deliver the same, within ten days, to the finance committee of the managers, who must compare the same with the books and vouchers, and verify the results by further comparison with the books of the steward, and certify, in regard to the correctness thereof, to the managers at their next meeting;

8. Render an account to the State of the books and the funds and other property in his custody, whenever required by the managers or by the commission;

9. Upon the order of the board of managers, execute a release and satisfaction of a mortgage, judgment, or other lien or debt, in favor of the hospital, when the same has been paid.

Corresponds to section eleven of article two.

Financial statements.

Sec. 2160. The treasurer of each state hospital must, on or before the fifteenth day of each quarter, make to the board of managers, and to the commission, a full and perfect statement of all the receipts and expenditures, specifying the several items, for the last preceding quarter. Such statement must be

verified by the affiavit of the treasurer attached thereto, in the following form:

"I, ———, treasurer of the ——— State Hospital, do solemnly swear that I have deposited in the bank designated by law for such purpose, all the moneys received by me on account of the hospital during the last quarter, and I do further swear that the foregoing is a true abstract of all the moneys received, and payments made by me, or under my direction, as such treasurer, during the quarter ending on the ——— day of ———, 19—."

There must also be attached the affidavit of the steward, to the effect that the goods and other articles therein specified were ordered, or purchased, and received by him, or under his direction, at the hospital, and that neither he, nor any person in his behalf, had any pecuniary or other interest in the articles purchased; that he received no pecuniary or other benefit therefrom in the way of commission, percentage, deductions, or presents, or in any manner whatever, directly or indirectly; that the articles and bills conform in all respects to the invoiced goods received and ordered by him, both in quality and quantity. Such statement must be accompanied by the vouchers showing the payments of the several items contained in the statement, and approval thereof by the superintendent, the amount of such payments, and for what the payments were made. Such approval may be contained on the audit sheet, which shall refer to each voucher approved by the superintendent, giving the number of voucher, the name of the claimant, and the amount at which it was approved. Such vouchers must be examined by the board of managers, and by the commission, and compared with the estimates made for the quarter for which the statement is rendered, and, if found correct, must be indorsed and forwarded by the commission, with the statement, to the state board of examiners. If any voucher is found objectionable, the board of examiners must indorse its disapproval thereon, with the reasons therefor, and return it to the treasurer, who must present it to the superintendent for correction, and when corrected, return it to the board of examiners. All such vouchers must be filed in the office of the state board of examiners.

Consists of section twelve of article two.

Actions for money due.

Sec. 2161. The treasurer, when directed by the board of managers of any state hospital, may bring an action in its

name to enforce any cause of action existing in its favor. For that purpose he may direct the district attorney of any county in which the action may properly be brought, to commence and prosecute it to final judgment.

This is suggested in place of section thirteen of article two, but differs from it in this, that section thirteen undertakes to classify different causes of action, which is entirely unnecessary, and it further requires the consent of the attorney-general. It seems that the bringing of actions in favor of a state hospital ought to be within the control of some officer specially in charge of such hospital or its finances, and that there is no necessity for requiring the consent of the attorney-general. To obtain such consent would seem to involve much unnecessary routine, especially with respect to suits to enforce liability for the support of inmates of the hospitals.

The steward, and his powers and duties.

Sec. 2162. The steward of each hospital, under the direction of its medical superintendent, is accountable for the careful keeping and economical use of all furniture, and, under like direction, must make all purchases for the hospital according to the provisions of sections twenty-one hundred and fifty-three and twenty-one hundred and fifty-eight, receive the same, preserve the original bills and receipts therefor, and keep an accurate account of all such proceedings.

Corresponds to section fourteen of article two.

Purchase of supplies.

Sec. 2163. All purchases of supplies for the use of the hospital must be made for cash, or on credit or time not exceeding sixty days, except by the consent of the state board of examiners; every voucher shall be duly filled up, and with every abstract of vouchers paid, there must be proof, on oath, that every voucher was properly filled, and the money paid. No expenditure for supplies, or other purposes, must be made by the board of managers of any state hospital for the benefit of such hospital, by contract or otherwise, unless in conformity with the provisions of this chapter, in relation to estimates. No manager or officer of the hospital must be interested, directly or indirectly, in the furnishing of material, labor, or supplies for the use of the hospital, nor must any manager or officer act as an attorney or counsel for such hospital. The state hospitals may manufacture such supplies and materials, to be used in any of such hospitals or other public institutions, as can be economically made therein.

Corresponds to section fifteen of article two.

Oaths of office.

Sec. 2164. Each superintendent, treasurer, and steward, before entering upon his duties as such, must take the constitutional oath of office, and file the same in the office of the secretary of state.

Corresponds to section sixteen of article two.

Prohibition of actions.

Sec. 2165. No civil action must be brought against the commission, or a commissioner in lunacy, or an officer or manager of a state hospital, because of any act done or failure to perform any act, while discharging his official duties, without leave of the controller first had and obtained. Any just claim for damages against such commission or commissioner, officer or employé, for which the State would be legally or equitably liable, may be paid out of any moneys appropriated for the care of the insane.

Corresponds to section seventeen of article two.

Recommendations, and their filing.

Sec. 2166. The authorities for each institution of the insane must place on file in the office of the institution, the recommendations made by the commissioners as a result of their visit, for the purpose of consultation by such authorities, and for reference by the commissioners upon their visit to such institution.

Corresponds to section eighteen of article two.

Detention hospitals.

Sec. 2167. The board of supervisors of each county, and city and city, must maintain in the county, or city and county, or in a receiving hospital situate therein, a suitable room or rooms for the detention, board, care, and treatment of the alleged insane, for a period of not less than one nor more than twenty days. These rooms and their furnishings must be subject to the approval of the commission, and each person having charge and control of any such hospital or rooms and their furnishings, must allow the commission to make such investigations thereof as it may at any time deem necessary. Nothing in this section must be construed to mean that insane persons may not be detained, cared for, boarded, and treated, by and with the consent of the commission, in their own homes, or homes of their relatives or friends, or in a licensed private hospital.

Corresponds to section one of article three.

Medical examiners.

Sec. 2167a. Each judge of the superior court may grant certificates in accordance with the form prescribed by the commission, showing that the persons named therein are reputable physicians and graduates of incorporated medical colleges, and have been in active practice of their profession at least five years, and when certified copies of such certificates have been filed with the commission, the persons therein named become known as "medical examiners," and there must at all times be at least two of such medical examiners in each county.

This section provides, in express terms, what seems to be implied in section nine of article one of the original act, that the certificates are to be granted by the superior judges.

Charges of insanity, and proceedings thereon.

Sec. 2168. Whenever it appears by affidavit to the satisfaction of a magistrate of a county, or city and county, that any person therein is so far disordered in his mind as to endanger health, person, or property, he must issue and deliver to some peace officer, for service, a warrant directing that such person be arrested and taken before a judge of the superior court of the county, for examination. Such officer must thereupon arrest and detain such person until his examination can be had, as hereinafter provided. He must be forthwith taken before a judge of the superior court, who must then inform him that he is charged with being insane, and inquire of him whether he desires to make any defense to such charge or produce any witnesses in relation thereto. If he answers in the affirmative, the judge must fix such time and place for the hearing as will give reasonable opportunity for the production and examination of such witnesses. If, on the other hand, such person does not answer in the affirmative, the judge may then, or at such other time as he may fix, proceed with the hearing.

The first sentence corresponds to section twenty-two hundred and twenty of the Political Code. The balance of the section is intended to provide means of unquestionably bringing the alleged insane person within the jurisdiction of the judge, and giving him an opportunity to defend against the charge, and thus avoid the objections to the present law which were sustained in *Ex parte Lambert*, 134 Cal. 626.

Attendance and examination of witnesses.

Sec. 2169. The superior judge may, for any hearing, issue subpoenas and compel the attendance of witnesses, and must compel the attendance of at least two medical examiners, who

must hear the testimony of all witnesses, make a personal examination of the alleged insane person, and testify before the judge as to the result of such examination, and to any other pertinent facts within their knowledge. The judge must also cause to be examined before him as a witness, any other person whom he has reason to believe has any knowledge of the mental condition of the alleged insane person or of his financial condition or that of the persons liable for his maintenance. The alleged insane person must be present at the hearing, if able to attend.

The matter in this section is not to be found in the present law, but is believed to be necessary to insure the accused a sufficient hearing, to guarantee that the proceeding against him amounts to due process of law.

Certificate of examiners.

Sec. 2170. If the medical examiners, after making the examination and hearing the testimony, believe such person to be dangerously insane, they must make a certificate, under their hand, showing as nearly as possible:

1. That such person is so far disordered in his mind as to endanger health, person, or property;
2. The premonitory symptoms, apparent cause or class of insanity, the duration and condition of the disease;
3. The nativity, age, residence, occupation, and previous habits of the person;
4. The place whence the person came and the length of his residence in the State.

Such certificates must be made in the form prescribed by, and, if they can be had, upon blanks furnished by the general superintendent of the state hospitals.

Corresponds to sections twenty-two hundred and fifteen and twenty-two hundred and sixteen of the Political Code, except that the words "general superintendent of the state hospitals" have been substituted for the words "medical superintendent of the asylums."

Order of commitment.

Sec. 2171. The judge, after such examination and certificate made, if he believes the person so far disordered in his mind as to endanger health, person, or property, must adjudge him insane, and make an order that he be confined in a hospital for the care and treatment of the insane, designated in such order, and the order must be accompanied by a written statement of the judge as to the financial condition of the insane person and of the persons legally liable for his maintenance,

as far as can be ascertained. A copy of such order and of such accompanying statement must be filed with and recorded by the county clerk of the county in which such order was made, who shall also keep, in convenient form, an index book, showing the name, age, and sex of the person so ordered to be confined in any such hospital, with the date of the order and the name of the hospital in which the person is ordered to be confined. No fees must be charged by the clerk for performing any of the duties provided for in this section.

Corresponds to section twenty-two hundred and seventeen of the Political Code, with the addition of a provision from section three of article three of the act, requiring the judge to accompany his order with a statement respecting the financial condition of the insane person, etc.

Execution of the order of commitment.

Sec. 2172. The insane person, together with the order and accompanying statement of the judge and the certificate of the physicians, must be delivered to the sheriff of the county, and by him must be delivered to the officer in charge of the hospital to which such person is committed; but no female insane person shall be taken to any hospital without the attendance of some other female or of some relative of such insane person.

Corresponds to section twenty-two hundred and eighteen of the Political Code.

Right to refuse person committed.

Sec. 2173. The superintendent or person in charge of any state hospital may refuse to receive any person upon any order, if the papers presented do not comply with the provisions of the preceding section.

Corresponds to the last two sentences of section three of article three.

Except as herein otherwise designated, we have disregarded the provisions of section two and three of that article, and have, in the main, substituted in place thereof the provisions of the Political Code relating to the same subject, believing they are all that are required, and that they will not be subject to the objections made in the case of *Ex parte Lambert*, 134 Cal. 626.

Jury trial.

Sec. 2174. If a person ordered to be committed, or any friend in his behalf, is dissatisfied with the order of the judge committing him, he may, within five days after the making of

such order, demand that the question of his sanity be tried by a jury before the superior court of the county in which he was committed. Thereupon that court must cause a jury to be summoned and to be in attendance at a date stated, not less than five nor more than ten days from the date of the demand for a jury trial. At such trial the cause against the alleged insane must be represented by the district attorney of the county, and the trial must be had as provided by law for the trial of civil causes before a jury, and the alleged insane person must be discharged unless a verdict that he is insane is found by at least three fourths of the jury. If the verdict of the jury is that he is insane, the judge must adjudge that fact and make an order of commitment as upon the original hearing. Such order must be presented, at the time of commitment of such insane person, to the superintendent or person in charge of the hospital to which the insane person is committed, and a copy thereof be forwarded by such superintendent to the commission, and filed in its office. Proceedings under the order must not be stayed, pending the proceedings for determining the question of sanity by a jury, except upon the order of a superior judge, with provision made therein for such temporary care and custody of the alleged insane person as may be deemed necessary. If the superior judge, by the order granting the stay, commits the accused insane to the custody of any person other than a peace officer, he may, by such order, require a bond for his appearance at the trial. If a judge refuses to grant an application for an order of commitment of an insane person alleged to be dangerous to himself and others if at large, he must state his reasons for such refusal, and any person aggrieved thereby may demand a trial of the question of the insanity of such accused insane, in the manner hereinbefore provided for a jury trial when demanded by or on behalf of the accused insane.

This section corresponds to section four of article three of the Lunacy Commission Act, with the following exceptions: It contemplates that the trial shall take place in the county whence the person was committed; it omits the provision requiring security to be deposited or bond given for the payment of the costs of the jury trial, if the order of commitment is sustained, and also the provision requiring a deposit of the jury fees to be made by the person demanding a jury trial. The provisions requiring a deposit of costs and security therefor are commented on unfavorably in the *Lambert* case. The theory of the present statute, that the trial shall take place in the county in which the hospital is located, and the cause against the insane person be represented by the

district attorney thereof, we think to be entirely wrong in principle. Unless the accused was a resident of that county, there can be no witnesses therein, other than the officers and attendants of the state hospital, who have any knowledge respecting him or his mental condition, and it is contrary to the theory of trials of persons whose liberty is at stake to require them to proceed and produce witnesses at points distant from their homes and neighbors.

Costs of proceedings.

Sec. 2175. The cost necessarily incurred in determining the insanity of a poor or indigent person and securing his admission into a state hospital, and the expense of providing proper clothing for him in accordance with the rules and regulations adopted by the commission, is a charge upon the county, or city and county, whence he is committed. Such costs include the fees of the medical examiners allowed by the judge ordering the commitment. If the person sought to be committed is not a poor or indigent person, the costs of the proceedings are a charge upon his estate, or must be paid by persons legally liable for his maintenance, unless otherwise ordered by the judge. If the alleged insane person is adjudged not to be insane, the judge may, in his discretion, charge the costs of the proceedings to the person making the application for an order of commitment, and judgment may be entered against him for the amount thereof and enforced by execution.

Corresponds to section five of article three, except that the words "town and city" are omitted, as we do not understand that it is the intention to make the respective townships, villages, and cities responsible, nor do we see how a town, city, county, or city and county can be regarded as having secured a commitment. The section as it now is was copied, like many other sections of the statute, from the laws of New York, without considering the difference between them and our laws in other respects.

Liability of relatives and guardians of insane persons.

Sec. 2176. The father, mother, husband, wife, or children of an insane person, if of sufficient ability, and the guardian of his estate, if it is sufficient for the purpose, must cause him to be properly and suitably cared for and maintained, and must pay the costs and charges of his commitment and transportation to a state hospital.

Consists of that part of section six of article two seeking to impose liability. The balance of this section, being that part relating to certain duties of the commission respecting the insane in care of their relatives, will be transferred to section twenty-one hundred and seventy-seven.

Insane persons in care of their relatives or guardians—Duty of the commission.

Sec. 2177. The commission may inquire into the manner in which any insane person, not confined in a state hospital, is cared for and maintained; and if, in its judgment, he is not properly and suitably cared for, it may apply to a judge of the superior court for an order to commit him to a hospital under the provisions of this chapter. Such order must not be made unless the judge finds, and certifies in the order, that the insane person is not properly or suitably cared for by his relatives or guardian, or that it is dangerous to the public to allow him to be cared for and maintained by such relatives or guardian.

Duties of district attorneys.

Sec. 2178. The district attorney in each county in which an order of commitment is made must, on the filing of a copy of such order with the county clerk, make diligent inquiry into the ability of the person committed to pay the charges and costs of his maintenance and care while in a state hospital, and must notify the secretary of the commission of the result of such inquiry.

Corresponds to section one of the statute of 1889, p. 329. This statute is probably repealed by the Lunacy Commission Act, which in itself is defective in not making adequate provision for enforcing the liability of an insane person, or of his relatives, for his support while in the hospital. This section and the four next succeeding it are proposed in the hope of supplying the deficiency.

Appointment of guardian.

Sec. 2179. If a person committed to a state hospital has no guardian, the district attorney of the county must, when directed by the secretary of the commission, or on ascertaining that such insane person has property of sufficient value to pay for his support and maintenance, apply to the superior court of the county for the appointment of a guardian of his estate, and such court must, on the hearing of such application, appoint some suitable person such guardian.

See section twenty-one hundred and seventy-eight.

Fixing amount to be paid for support.

Sec. 2180. The commission must, by its orders from time to time made, fix the sum per month to be paid for each person confined in the state hospitals other than persons therein under section twenty-one hundred and eighty-six, which must be paid

quarterly in advance, out of the estate of the insane person, or if his estate is not sufficient, then by the persons made liable under section twenty-one hundred and seventy-six.

See section twenty-one hundred and seventy-eight.

Orders to be made for payments by guardians.

Sec. 2181. If a person confined in a state hospital has a guardian, the district attorney of the county in which the guardian was appointed must apply to the superior court thereof for, and the court must grant, an order requiring such guardian to pay to the treasurer of the hospital the sum which the commission, acting under section twenty-one hundred and eighty, has fixed to be paid for persons confined therein, and the court, on the application of the district attorney, or on its own motion, may take all such proceedings as may be required for the enforcement of such order, including the sale of the property of the insane person, whether real or personal.

See section twenty-one hundred and seventy-eight.

Suits against relatives.

Sec. 2182. If the insane person has no estate out of which payment of the amount fixed by section twenty-one hundred and eighty can be enforced, then his relatives made liable by section twenty-one hundred and seventy-one may be compelled to pay such amount by actions against them, or any of them, brought in the name of the hospital in which he is confined, and such actions must be prosecuted by the district attorney of the county whenever directed by the secretary of the commission.

See section twenty-one hundred and seventy-eight.

Duties of officers respecting insane poor.

Sec. 2183. All peace officers and other persons having similar duties relating to the insane poor are charged with the duty of seeing that all poor and indigent insane persons within their respective municipalities are speedily granted the relief conferred by this chapter, and when so ordered by a superior judge, must see that they are, without unnecessary delay, transferred to the proper state hospitals provided for their care and treatment. Before sending a person to any such hospital, they must see that he is in a state of bodily cleanliness and comfortably clothed with new clothes in accordance with the regulations prescribed by the commission. It may by order direct that any person whom it deems

unsuitable therefor shall not be employed as an attendant for such insane person. After the patient has been delivered to the proper officers of the hospital, the care and custody of the county or municipality from which he is sent, cease.

Corresponds to section seven of article three of the Lunacy Commission Act, except that the provision therein respecting the attendance of females is omitted, because it has already been inserted in section twenty-one hundred and seventy-two, and the provision respecting homeopathic treatment, not being germane to this section, is transferred to section twenty-one hundred and eighty-four.

Homeopathic treatment.

Sec. 2184. When the relatives, friends, or guardians of an insane person desire him to receive homeopathic treatment, he may be committed to the Southern California State Hospital from any county of the State, in the discretion of the judge granting the order of commitment, if the crowded condition of that hospital does not preclude his admission to the detriment of other patients.

See section twenty-one hundred and eighty-three.

Admission under special agreements.

Sec. 2185. The managers of state hospitals may authorize the superintendent to admit thereto, under special agreement, insane persons, who are residents of the State, other than poor and indigent insane persons, when there is room for such insane therein. But no patient must be permitted to occupy more than one room in any state hospital, nor must any patient, his friends or relatives, be permitted to pay for his care and treatment therein, a sum greater than ten dollars per week. Such patients, when so received, are subject to the general rules and regulations of the hospital. The amount agreed upon for the maintenance of such insane person in a state hospital must be secured by a properly executed bond, and bills therefor must be collected monthly.

Consists of section nine of article three.

Superintendent's duty to examine new patients.

Sec. 2186. Every superintendent, or person in charge of a state hospital, must, within three days after the reception of a patient, make or cause to be made a thorough physical and mental examination of such patient, and state the result thereof, on blanks prepared and exclusively set apart for that purpose. He must also make, or cause to be made, from time

to time, examination of the mental state, bodily condition, and medical treatment of such patient, in such manner, and state its results, upon such blank forms, as shall be approved by the commission, during the time such patient remains under his care, and in the event of the death or discharge of such person, he must state, upon such blank forms, the circumstances thereof, and make such examinations at such other intervals of time and in such form as may be required by the commission.

Consists of section ten of article three.

Transfer of patients.

Sec. 2187. When the building of any state hospital becomes overcrowded with patients, or the number of buildings is reduced by fire, or other casualties, or for other sufficient cause, the commission may, in its discretion, cause the transfer of patients therefrom or direct that patients required to be sent thereto, be transferred to another state hospital, where they can be conveniently received, or make, in emergencies, temporary provision for their care, preference to be given in such transfer to a hospital in an adjoining rather than a remote district. The expense of such transfer is chargeable to the State, and the bills for the same, when approved by the commission, must be paid by the treasurer of state on the warrant of the controller, out of any moneys provided for the care or support of the insane.

Consists of section eleven of article three.

Habeas corpus.

Sec. 2188. Any one in custody as an insane person is entitled to a writ of habeas corpus, upon a proper application made by a relative or some friend in his behalf to the superior judge of the county in which the hospital is located. Upon the return of such writ, the fact of his insanity must be inquired into and determined. The medical history of the patient, as it appears in the clinical records, must be given in evidence, and the superintendent in charge of the state hospital wherein such person is held in custody, and any other person, must be sworn touching the mental condition of such person.

Consists of section thirteen of article three.

Discharge of patients.

Sec. 2189. The superintendent of a state hospital, on filing his written certificate with the secretary of the board of managers, may discharge any patient, except one held upon an order of a court or judge having criminal jurisdiction in an

action or proceeding arising out of a criminal offense, at any time, as follows:

1. A patient who, in his judgment, has recovered;
2. Any patient who is not recovered, but whose discharge, in the judgment of the superintendent, will not be detrimental to the public welfare, or injurious to the patient.

Before making such certificate, the superintendent must satisfy himself, by sufficient proof, that the friends or relatives of the patient are willing and financially able to receive and properly care for such patient after his discharge. When the superintendent is unwilling to certify to the discharge of an unrecovered patient, upon request, and so certifies in writing, giving his reasons therefor, any superior judge of the county in which the hospital is situated may, upon such certificate, and an opportunity of a hearing thereon being accorded the superintendent, and upon such other proofs as may be produced before him, direct, by order, the discharge of such patient, upon such security to the people of the State as he may require for the good behavior and maintenance of the patient. The certificate and the proof, and the order granted thereon, must be filed in the clerk's office of the county in which the hospital is situated, and a certified copy of the order in the hospital from which the patient is discharged. The superintendent may grant a parole to a patient, not exceeding thirty days, under general conditions prescribed by the commission. The commission may, by order, discharge any patient who is not insane, nor a proper case for treatment within the meaning of this chapter. A poor and indigent patient discharged by the superintendent because he is an idiot or an epileptic, not insane, or because he is not a proper case for treatment within the meaning of this chapter, must be returned to the county from which he was committed, to be cared for as are other indigent poor. A patient committed to a hospital under the provisions of chapter six, title ten, part two, of the Penal Code, must, upon the certificate of the superintendent that such person has recovered, approved by the superior judge of the county from which the patient was committed, be redelivered to the sheriff of such county, and dealt with as provided for by said chapter six of the Penal Code.

Consists of section fourteen of article three.

Clothing of discharged patients.

Sec. 2190. No patient must be discharged from a state hospital without suitable clothing adapted to the season in which

he is discharged; and, if it cannot otherwise be obtained, the steward must, upon the order of the superintendent, furnish the same and money, not exceeding twenty-five dollars, to defray his necessary expenses until he can reach his relatives or friends, or find employment to earn a subsistence.

Consists of section fifteen of article three.

Return of insane person to other states or countries.

Sec. 2191. If an order is issued by any judge, committing to a state hospital a poor or indigent person who has not acquired a legal residence in this State, the board of managers must return such insane person, either before or after his admission to a state hospital, to the country or state to which he belongs, and for such purpose may expend as much of the money appropriated for the care of the insane as may be necessary, subject to the recommendation of the state lunacy commission and the approval of the state board of examiners.

Consists of section sixteen of article three.

Private institutions.

Sec. 2192. No person, association, or corporation, must establish or keep an institution for the care, custody, or treatment of the insane, for compensation or hire, without first obtaining a license therefor from the commission. Every application for such license must be accompanied by a plan of the premises proposed to be occupied, describing the capacities of the buildings for the uses intended, the extent and location of grounds appurtenant thereto, and the number of patients proposed to be received therein, with such other information, and in such form, as the commission may require. The commission must not grant any such license without first having made an examination of the premises proposed to be licensed. It must be satisfied that they are substantially as described, and are otherwise fit and suitable for the purposes for which they are designed to be used, and that such license should be granted. The commission may at any and all times examine and ascertain how far a licensed institution is conducted in compliance with the license therefor, and after due notice to the institution, and opportunity for it to be heard, the commission, having made a record of the proceeding upon such hearing, may, if the interests of the inmates of the institution so demand, for just and reasonable cause then appearing, and to be stated in its order, amend or revoke any such license by an order to take effect within such time after

the service thereof upon the licensee, as the commission determines. The authorities of each institution for the insane must place on file in the office of the institution the recommendations made by the commissioners, as a result of their visits, for the purpose of consultation by such authorities, and for reference by the commissioners upon their visits.

Consists of section seventeen of article three.

§§ 2194-2212. That a new chapter, numbered Ia, be added, containing sections twenty-one hundred and ninety-four to twenty-two hundred and twelve, codifying the statute of 1887, p. 69, with the amendments thereto made 1897, pp. 155, 231; 1901, p. 795, to read:

CHAPTER Ia.

CALIFORNIA HOME FOR THE CARE AND TRAINING OF FEEBLE-MINDED CHILDREN.

- SEC. 2194. The object of the home.
- 2195. The trustees, and their appointment.
- 2196. Trustees, their qualification, compensation, and presiding officer.
- 2197. Powers of trustees.
- 2198. Contracts for supplies.
- 2199. Election and duties of secretary and of treasurer.
- 2200. Duties of treasurer.
- 2201. Appointment of superintendent and matron.
- 2202. The superintendent, and his duties.
- 2203. Further reports by the superintendent.
- 2204. Admission of children and others.
- 2205. Duties of county auditors and treasurers.
- 2206. Additional admissions.
- 2207. Visitations and examinations.
- 2208. Payment of claims.
- 2209. Claims for expenses.
- 2210. Adjustment and payment of salaries.
- 2211. Reservations respecting certain inmates.
- 2212. Duties of controller and treasurer.

The object of the home.

Sec. 2194. The object of the "California Home for the Care and Training of Feeble-Minded Children" is such care, training, and education of those received, as will render them more comfortable and happy and better fitted to care for and support themselves. To this end the trustees must furnish them such agricultural and mechanical education as they may be capable of receiving and all that the facilities offered by the State will allow, including farm work, shops,

and the employment of trade teachers, who may at any time be discharged for cause. The home must, on the conditions in this chapter prescribed, receive and care for feeble-minded children between the ages of five and twenty-one years, and idiots, epileptics, and mentally enfeebled paralytics, irrespective of age.

Corresponds to section nine of the original act, with the addition of the last sentence, which is an attempt to express the purpose of the act in view of the supplemental act of 1897 as amended by the statute of 1901, p. 795.

The trustees, and their appointment.

Sec. 2195. The home is under the control of a board of trustees, consisting of five members appointed by the governor, with the consent of the senate, each of whom holds office for the term of four years from and after his appointment. All vacancies, other than those due to the expiration of a term, must be filled by appointment of the governor for the balance of the term only. Women may be trustees, officers, or employés of such home.

Corresponds to section one of the original act.

Trustees, their qualification, compensation, and presiding officer.

Sec. 2196. The trustees must qualify and take the usual oath of office. They must select one of their number president, to hold office for one year. They receive no compensation, but are entitled to their necessary traveling expenses while in the performance of their official duties.

Corresponds to section two of the original act.

Powers of trustees.

Sec. 2197. The powers of the trustees are:

1. To take and hold in trust for the State all property granted, given, bequeathed, or devised to the use of the home, and to manage and dispose thereof in accordance with the wishes of the donor or testator, if expressed, but if none is expressed, then to use and invest such property and its proceeds for the best interests of the home;

2. To establish, and from time to time change, such rules and regulations as may be deemed expedient for the management of the home, and for securing economy and accountability in its affairs, which rules and regulations must be strictly observed by all officers and employés;

3. To fix the compensation of all officers and employés whose compensation is not herein specially named, and to require

bonds when desirable, and to fix the amount and determine the sufficiency thereof;

4. To contract, subject to the limitations hereinafter provided, for provisions, clothing, medicine, fuel, and all other supplies required for the support of the home, necessary for any period not exceeding one year;

5. To, on or before the fifteenth day of November, annually make a report to the governor of the condition and progress of the home, together with an exhibit in detail of all receipts and expenditures for the preceding fiscal year.

Subdivision one corresponds to section three of the original act; subdivisions two and three to section five; subdivision four to the first sentence of section ten; and subdivision five to section eleven.

Contracts for supplies.

Sec. 2198. All contracts for supplies must be limited to bona fide dealers in the articles contracted for, and must be given to the lowest bidder at a public letting thereof for a fair and reasonable price not greater than the usual market rates. Notice of the time, place, and condition of letting each contract must be given twice each week for two consecutive weeks in a daily paper published in the city of San Francisco, and once each week for two consecutive weeks in a paper published at the county seat of the county where the home is located.

Corresponds to all of section ten except the first sentence.

Election and duties of secretary and of treasurer.

Sec. 2199. A secretary and a treasurer must be elected by the board, neither of whom must be a member thereof. The secretary must keep true and correct minutes of all meetings and transactions of the board, enter the same in a suitable book provided for that purpose, and perform such other duties as the board may require of him.

Corresponds, so far as the duties of the secretary are concerned, to the provisions of section four of the original act, as amended in 1899. The provisions of that section respecting the bonds of the secretary and the treasurer will be omitted, upon the ground that sufficient provision is made therefor in subdivision three of section twenty-one hundred and ninety-seven.

Duties of treasurer.

Sec. 2200. The treasurer must have the custody of all moneys, bonds, notes, mortgages, and other securities and obligations belonging to the home. He must keep full and accurate

accounts of receipts and payments in the manner directed by the by-laws and such other rules as the trustees prescribe. He must balance his accounts at the close of each fiscal year, and make a statement of the balances therein, and an abstract of all receipts and payments of the past year, which he must, upon demand, deliver to the auditing committee of the board of trustees, who must compare the same with his books and vouchers, and verify it by a further comparison with the books of the superintendent, and certify their findings upon such examination to the trustees at the annual meeting. He must further render an account of the state of his books and of the funds and other property in his custody whenever required to do so by the trustees.

Corresponds to section four as amended in 1899.

Appointment of superintendent and matron.

Sec. 2201. The board must appoint a matron and fix her salary, not exceeding nine hundred dollars per annum. It must also appoint a superintendent, whose annual salary must be twenty-four hundred dollars. Before entering upon the discharge of any duty, he must give a bond to the State in the sum of ten thousand dollars, with sureties to the satisfaction of the board of trustees, conditioned for the faithful performance of his duties. Either the superintendent or the matron may be removed by the board for cause.

Is taken from section six of the original act.

The superintendent and his duties.

Sec. 2202. The superintendent is the chief executive officer of the home. He has the general superintendence of the buildings, workshops, grounds, and farm, together with their furniture, implements, fixtures, and stock, and the direction and control of all persons employed in or about the same, subject to the laws and regulations established by the trustees. He must employ and discharge, subject to the approval and supervision of the board of trustees, such teachers, attendants, assistants, artisans, and laborers, as he may think proper and necessary for the economical and efficient carrying into effect of the design of the institution, and prescribe their several duties and places. He must also, from time to time, give such orders and instructions as may appear best calculated to induce good conduct, fidelity, and economy in any department of labor and expense, and is enjoined to maintain salutary discipline among all who are employed by the institution or home; and

to enforce strict compliance with such instructions and uniform obedience to all the rules and regulations of the home. He must cause full and fair accounts and records of all his doings and of the entire business and operations of the institution, together with the condition and prospects of the pupils, to be kept regularly, from day to day, in books provided for that purpose, and must see that all such accounts and records are fully made up to the date of each half fiscal year, and that the principal facts and results, with an official report thereon, are laid before the board at its semi-annual meetings, unless otherwise specially ordered. He must conduct the official correspondence, and keep a record of the applications received and the pupils admitted, and is accountable for the careful keeping and economical use of all furniture, stores, and other articles provided for the home, and must prepare and present to the board at its semi-annual meeting a true and complete inventory of all personal property belonging to the home. He must, on or before the fifth day of each month, prepare a true and correct report, verified by his oath, of all inmates supported, cared for, trained, and educated in such home for the preceding month, and whose support, care, training, and education in such home are provided to be paid for by the several counties whence they came. This report must give the names and residences of all such inmates, together with the dates of their admission, and the department of the home in which they are detained, and the special grade of mental deficiency with which each is afflicted. Copies of this report must be filed in the offices of the state board of examiners, the controller, and the treasurer of state, but must not be printed, or used, nor permitted to be used, for any other purpose than the special information of the officers designated. The superintendent must also, within the time above designated, prepare a report, verified by his oath, showing substantially the facts set forth in the above report, which must be filed with the county auditors of the several counties from which the commitments have been made to the institution, showing the name of each inmate supported, and for which such county is liable to the State for support and maintenance. The exercise of all the powers of the superintendent is subject to the approval of the trustees.

Consolidates so much of section six, as amended by the statute of 1889, p. 155, and of section one of the statute of 1897, p. 551, as amended by the statute of 1901, p. 795, as relates to the duties of the superintendent.

Further reports by the superintendent.

Sec. 2203. The superintendent must, annually, after the close of the fiscal year, and before the date at which the trustees are required to make their annual report, make to the trustees a report, giving the name, age, sex, nativity, residence, and date of reception of each pupil in the institution within the preceding year, and, as far as can be ascertained, the causes of imbecility; also the number discharged, with the date and reason therefor in each case, together with the name of each paying pupil, and the amount charged for him, and the amounts paid or unpaid; and also such other information and suggestions as may seem proper; which report must be kept on file in the office of the secretary of the board, but must not be printed.

Corresponds to section twelve of the original act.

Admission of children and others.

Sec. 2204. Whenever any parent, guardian, or other person charged with the support of an imbecile or feeble-minded child between the ages of five and twenty-one years, or of any idiot, epileptic, or mentally enfeebled paralytic, irrespective of age, desires him to be admitted into such home, he may petition the superior court of the county in which he resides, for an order admitting such person to such home. The judge must inquire into the condition or status of such person, and if he finds him to be an imbecile or feeble-minded child between the ages above named, or an idiot, epileptic, or mentally enfeebled paralytic, irrespective of age, and that he has been a resident of the State for one year next preceding the presentation of the petition, such judge must make an order that he be received, maintained, and educated in such home, and on the presentation of such order the superintendent must receive him therein, if the home is not already full, or the fund available for its support exhausted; but the idiot, epileptic, or paralytic need not be received if, in the judgment of the management of the home, he is not a suitable subject for admission thereto. The judge must inquire into the financial condition of the parent, guardian, or other person charged with the support of any such child, and if he finds him able, in whole or in part, to pay its expenses at such home, he must make a further order requiring such parent, guardian, or other person charged with the support of such child to pay to the home at stated periods such sums as, in the opinion of the judge, are proper during such time as the child may remain in such home. This order may be enforced by such further orders as the judge deems necessary, and may be

varied, altered, or revoked in his discretion, and the board may cause the peremptory discharge of any person who has been an inmate or patient for the period of one month. For each child or other person committed to such home, the judge must make such orders as are requisite to secure the payment, by the county from which he is committed, to the state treasury, of the sum of ten dollars monthly for and during each month, or part of month, such person so committed remains an inmate of the home, but in the absence of such order, or unless otherwise specially set forth therein, the signing and delivery by the judge of a commitment is prima facie evidence of the intent that the payment of such monthly support shall be a charge against the county, or city and county, from which the commitment was made.

This section consolidates section seven of the act of 1887 with so much of section one of the act of 1897, p. 251, as amended by the statute of 1901, p. 795, as relates to admissions to the home. The latter act, in the last clause thereof, authorizes the peremptory discharge of any person who has been an inmate for the period of one month. We have assumed that this takes the place of the last clause of section seven of the act of 1887, which was in terms directed to children only, and authorized their return after two months. The propriety of this provision is exceedingly questionable, as it appears to give arbitrary discretion to the management to turn out whomsoever it pleases, however regular may have been his commitment to the home.

Duties of county auditors and treasurers.

Sec. 2205. Each county auditor must include in his state settlement report rendered to the controller in the months of May and December the amount due to the State under this chapter by reason of commitments to the home; and the county treasurer, at the time of the settlement with the State in such months, must pay to the state treasurer, upon the order of the controller, the amounts found to be due to the State by reason of the commitments herein referred to.

Is taken from section one of the act of 1897 as amended by the statute of 1901, p. 795.

Additional admissions.

Sec. 2206. The board of trustees, when the accommodations of the home permit, if such action does not conflict with the interests or welfare of committed cases or applicants awaiting admission, may admit, for any stated period of time, without judicial commitment, such persons as are before and hereinafter

specified as eligible for admission, upon such terms of special payment, gift, bequest, donation, legacy, transfer of real or personal property, or other lawful procedure, as may appear to them to be to the best interests of the State, and may further secure to the home, for the time such persons so admitted are inmates of the home, such revenue or compensation as fully covers the actual cost to the home for all care, treatment, education, and support therein involved.

Consists of section four of the statute of 1897, p. 253.

Visitations and examinations.

Sec. 2207. There must be visitations and thorough examinations of all the departments of the institution monthly by one or more of the trustees, and quarterly by a majority of them. At each visitation there must be made a detailed statement of the condition of the home, signed by the trustee or trustees making the statement, and placed on file, which statement must at all times be open to the inspection of legislative committees charged with the duty of examining public institutions. The trustees, during their monthly visitation, must examine the books and accounts, and no account or claim must be paid until it has been examined and certified as correct by at least two of the trustees.

Consists of section thirteen of the original act.

Payment of claims.

Sec. 2208. No bill must be paid except upon accounts, certificates, or vouchers, duly certified by the superintendent and approved by the board of trustees.

Consists of section fourteen of the original act.

Claims for expenses.

Sec. 2209. All claims, excepting those for salaries, wages, and the contingent expenses of the officers of the home, incurred on account of the regular support of such home, must be presented monthly before the state board of examiners, in the usual way, as now provided by law, and as the state board of examiners may hereafter advise and direct; but the aggregate amount of all such claims must not exceed, in any given month, the aggregate sum due the State for that month from the counties of this State for such inmates actually in the home, as provided for in section twenty-two hundred and four.

Consists of section two of the act of 1897, p. 252.

Adjustment and payment of salaries.

Sec. 2210. The State must, by legislative appropriation, provide for the payment of all salaries and wages of all officers and employes employed by said home, and for the payment of all traveling and other contingent expenses incurred by the officers of the home while attending to business belonging to or appertaining solely to the home. But the salaries and wages herein provided to be paid by the State must not, in any event, exceed in amount such salaries or wages as the State pays for the same or for similar lines of work in the other public institutions of this State; and the state board of examiners is hereby directed to make such rescaling of all salaries and wages paid in said home, including those already provided for by law, and which provisions are hereby repealed, as may place said salaries and wages, in each and every particular, upon a parity with the salaries and wages paid in and by the other public institutions of this State for the same or for similar service; and where the service rendered is unlike, or widely different from any services rendered in any other public institution, then the state board of examiners must designate what is the just and proper remuneration for such particular and special service referred to, and the sum or sums so fixed by the state board of examiners is the regular salary, wage, or compensation thereto belonging.

Consists of section three of the act of 1897, p. 252.

Reservations respecting certain inmates.

Sec. 2211. Nothing in this chapter contained interferes with or affects the status of such inmates as may now be in such home under terms of life tenure, or such other inmates as may be deemed by the management self-supporting by the value of their labor, or who may pay in whole or in part such sums as, in the judgment of the management, cover the cost of their support. For all cases the board of trustees is authorized and directed to secure from the proper officers of the several counties whence the inmates were committed or received, such arrangements for recommitment under the terms of this chapter as may prevent such inmates becoming a sole charge upon the State; and the board of trustees is further authorized to discharge, at its discretion, any person whose support is unprovided for by the terms of this chapter.

Corresponds to section five of the act of 1897, p. 253.

Duties of controller and treasurer.

Sec. 2212. The controller of state is hereby authorized to draw his warrants in favor of the board of trustees, upon its presentation of claims in the usual manner on account of the supporting of the said home as herein provided for, and the treasurer of state is hereby directed to pay the same.

Consists of section seven of the act of 1897, p. 253.

§§ 2213-2224. That a new chapter be added, numbered *Ib*, codifying the statute of 1887, p. 160, to consist of sections twenty-two hundred and thirteen to twenty-two hundred and twenty-four, to read:

CHAPTER *Ib*.

THE INDUSTRIAL HOME OF THE ADULT BLIND.

SEC. 2213. Objects.

2214. Who entitled to admission.

2215. The board of directors.

2216. Powers of directors.

2217. Duties of directors.

2218. The president.

2219. The superintendent.

2220. The physician.

2221. Bonds.

2222. Payment of salaries and expenses.

2223. Delivery of moneys.

2224. Resolutions of election and dismissal.

Objects.

Sec. 2213. The objects of the Industrial Home of the Adult Blind are: First, the instruction of such blind admitted thereto in some trade or trades, to enable them to contribute to their own support; and second, the furnishing of a working home for the adult blind, who, after learning a trade or trades, desire to remain at the home as workmen; but all who so remain must pay to the State, through the board of directors, the cost of their maintenance at the home. The rate of wages to be paid these workmen, as well as the amounts which they must pay for their maintenance, must be fixed by the board.

Corresponds to section one of article two of the act.

Who entitled to admission.

Sec. 2214. Every person who has been a resident of the State for three years prior to his application for admission is, if of suitable age, character, and qualifications, entitled to the benefit of instruction in such home free of charge, though he is not of such physical strength as to be able to work every day.

Aged and enfeebled blind persons may be received and maintained in the home at the discretion of the directors, free of cost, or at a nominal charge, if such admission and maintenance do not conflict with the interests of the home. The board may also admit blind persons from other States, but such admission must be under such conditions as will not entail cost on this State, and must not be allowed if it will exclude qualified blind residents of the State.

Corresponds to, and consolidates, section two of article two and section ten of article three of the original act. It will be observed that while the statute purports to authorize the admission only of persons of suitable age, character, and qualification, it nowhere undertakes to prescribe any test to determine either.

The board of directors.

Sec. 2215. The industrial home is under the control of a board of directors, consisting of five members, appointed by the governor. They receive no compensation for their services.

Consolidates section four of article one and section fourteen of article three. This section does not fix the official term of the directors, and it must, therefore, be controlled by section sixteen of article twenty of the constitution, and hence be during the pleasure of the appointing power.

Powers of directors.

Sec. 2216. The board of directors has power:

1. To make by-laws for its government and the government and direction of the home, and prescribe conditions for the admission of applicants thereto, and the admission pursuant to such conditions, having regard to an equitable representation from each county of the State;

2. To designate the trades which must be regularly taught in the institution;

3. To elect a general superintendent and all subordinate officers and employés, and to determine the number thereof when not fixed by this chapter;

4. To elect a physician, not a member of the board, whose salary must not exceed twelve hundred dollars per annum;

5. To elect a secretary, whose salary must not exceed six hundred dollars per annum, who must give bond in the sum of five thousand dollars;

6. To prescribe in particular the duties of the superintendent, physician, and secretary;

7. To purchase, from time to time, such materials as may be suitable for the requirements of the manufacturing and other

departments of the home, to audit the bills therefor, and forward them to the state board of examiners;

8. To fix the market price of all wares manufactured in the home, and of all wares manufactured elsewhere by non-resident beneficiaries, and to provide for and regulate the sale of all such manufactured wares;

9. To fix the compensation of common laborers and of all other employés in the home, whose wages are not herein established;

10. To grade and fix the price of skilled and unskilled labor and the amount of work required in the various departments to constitute a day's labor, and to permit the inmates to work at piece work;

11. To authorize work to be let out to blind people, so that such beneficiaries as in their judgment may require it, may receive it at their residence, and for such piece work to pay liberal prices, so as to yield, as near as possible, the compensation of resident laborers; but in no case, to incur any indebtedness for labor contracts with the beneficiaries, resident or otherwise, when there is not sufficient money on hand to pay the same;

12. To take, receive, manage, and invest all moneys or property hereafter bequeathed or donated to said home, in accordance with the wishes of the testator or donor; or if no conditions are attached to the bequests or donations, then to invest such moneys or proceeds of property for the best interests of the home. If any donation or bequest is trammelled with any religious conditions of a sectarian character, or conditioned in any manner antagonistic to the provisions of this chapter, or in conflict with any necessary rule or regulation of the home, the board may refuse to accept such donation or bequest, and is hereby authorized to reject the same. Donations or bequests may be received by the state treasurer, or by the president of the board of directors; but no donation or bequest accompanied by any condition must be received until it has been ordered approved and received by the board, and notice thereof given by the secretary to the state controller. Any bequest or donation received or collected by the president of the board must be immediately paid over by him to the state treasurer, and at the same time the president must forward to the state controller a statement thereabout, verified by his oath. All moneys received by the state treasurer must be placed to the credit of the "Fund of the Industrial Home of Adult Blind."

The investment of funds by the board can be made only in the same manner as the approval of claims, subject likewise to the action of the state board of examiners thereon.

Subdivision one consolidates subdivision first of section one and the last clause of section thirteen of article two; subdivision two corresponds to subdivision second of section one; subdivision three to subdivision first of section two; subdivision four to subdivision second; subdivision five to subdivision third of the same section; subdivision six corresponds to section three; subdivision seven to section eight; subdivision eight to the first sentence of section nine; subdivision nine to the last sentence of section nine; subdivision ten to section eleven; subdivision eleven to section twelve, and subdivision twelve to section fifteen.

Duties of directors.

Sec. 2217. The duties of such board are:

1. To make inquiry into the department of labor and expense, the condition of the home and its prosperity, and to employ all reasonable means to make the same self-supporting;

2. To hold stated meetings at the home at least once in every month;

3. To keep at the home a record of their proceedings, which must be accessible to the public during the hours of nine A. M. to four P. M., excepting on legal holidays;

4. To report annually, in the month of December, to the governor a statement of receipts and expenditures, the condition of the home, the number of inmates, and the number of beneficiaries doing work at their own residences, and such other matters touching the management of the home as they may deem proper. The annual report must be verified by the oath of the president of the board of directors. The superintendent of state printing is authorized to print annually two thousand copies of such report, which copies the board must circulate in the manner appearing to them to be in the best interests of the home;

5. To provide dormitories for males and females in separate departments;

6. To contract for provisions, fuel, and all other supplies needed for any period of time not exceeding one year; and such contracts must be limited to bona fide dealers in the several classes of articles contracted for. Such contract must be given to the lowest responsible bidder, at a public letting thereof, if the price bid is fair and not greater than the usual market prices. Each bid must be accompanied by such security as the board requires. Notice of the time, place, and letting of each contract

must be given for at least two consecutive weeks in a daily paper published in the city of San Francisco, and in one newspaper published in the city or town where the home is located. If all the bids at any letting are deemed by the board unreasonably high, it may decline to contract, and may again advertise for proposals, and so continue to renew the advertisement until satisfactory contracts are made; and in the meantime the board may contract with any person whose contract is just and equitable, but no contract thus made must extend beyond sixty days. No bid must be accepted when it is higher than any other bid, made at the same letting, for the same class or schedule of articles. When two or more bids are equal in amount, the board may divide the contract between the bidders;

7. To designate the number of employés, prescribe their duties, and fix their compensation, and to approve or disapprove the appointments made by the superintendent.

Subdivision one consists of section four; subdivision two of section five; subdivision three of section six; subdivision four of section seven; subdivision five of the first clause of section thirteen; subdivision six of section twenty; and subdivision seven of all of section twenty-one, with the addition of the words "or disapprove."

The president.

Sec. 2218. The board of directors must elect one of their number president. As such he is ex-officio a member of each standing committee, and must appoint all committees unless otherwise ordered by the board. He must make careful and diligent inquiry into the management of the home, and report the result thereof at each meeting of the board, with such recommendations as he may wish to make concerning such management.

Consolidates sections sixteen and nineteen of article three.

The superintendent.

Sec. 2219. The superintendent is the chief executive officer of the home. He must be a man of good education and of good moral character and business experience. His salary is twenty-one hundred dollars per annum. He must execute an official bond in the sum of five thousand dollars. His powers and duties are as follows:

1. To superintend the grounds, buildings, workshops, manufacturing departments, and property of the home;
2. To certify to the board of directors the number of instructors and employés needed in the manufacturing departments, and

to recommend to the board the appointment of suitable persons for these positions;

3. To dismiss any domestic, servant, or person employed at the home—other than an instructor or employé in the manufacturing department—whenever in his judgment the good of the home demands it;

4. To prescribe and enforce the duties of all instructors, employés, domestics, servants, and laborers employed at the home;

5. To admit inmates only upon the certificate of the attending physician, or by order of the board, as hereinafter provided; to control the inmates, and to prescribe and enforce a system of instruction and labor;

6. To suspend any employé or instructor pending a recommendation to the board for his permanent dismissal, and to appoint substitutes during the absence of any or all employés;

7. Pending a recommendation to the board for his final dismissal, to suspend the privileges of, and to remove from the premises, any inmate whose presence appears to be in conflict with the interests of the home. Should any inmate so suspended or removed be in destitute condition, the superintendent must, upon his demand, furnish him with suitable lodgings and board elsewhere, until the decision of the board is made thereon. The bill therefor must be presented to the board for payment, in the same manner as other claims;

8. To reside at the home;

9. To keep a daily record of his official acts in the manner prescribed by the board, and to present the same to the board at each monthly meeting, verified by his oath, in accordance with the blanks furnished by the board for that purpose, and to make in the monthly reports such recommendations as he may deem proper. The monthly report must contain a statement of all stock, goods, and supplies of any nature received at the home during the month;

10. To turn over to the board, at the close of each month, together with the balance sheet, all moneys derived by him from the sale of manufactured goods, and all revenues derived by him from any source whatsoever in behalf of and for the benefit of the home, and to take the secretary's receipt therefor;

11. To make up and present to the board, in the month of July of each year, his annual accounts and statement of the affairs of the home, verified by his oath. The annual statement must be an epitome of the monthly reports, and must contain the number and names of all inmates, officers, and

employés, and their respective dates of admission or beginning of employment, and the respective dates of dismissals made during the year. It must contain a full review of all receipts and expenditures, and an invoice of all goods and stock and supplies on hand. It must contain, also, the average weekly cost of board per capita of all persons residing at the home, without considering the labor credits, and the average annual cost of instruction per capita. It must show clearly the relation of the gross products to the gross cost, and the percentage lacking in order to become self-supporting. For the making up of such statement, the superintendent shall have full access to the secretary's and other books of the home, and such statement must be independent of each and all of the other annual reports;

12. To make requisitions on the board of directors for articles and goods needed at the home, and to order the same as directed by the board. It may, by resolution spread upon its minutes, authorize the superintendent, in case of emergency, to make purchase of material and supplies for the home without such previous requisition. He must, in addition, perform such further services as may be required of him by the board.

Consists of subdivisions first to twelfth of article four.

The physician.

Sec. 2220. The physician must examine at his office, at a stated hour daily, and at the home, at a stated hour upon the days of his visits, all applicants for admission, as to their blindness. If the applicant appears to be a proper subject for admission to the benefits of the home, the physician must forthwith deliver to him his certificate of admission, directed to the board and to the superintendent of the home. Upon presentation of the certificate the superintendent must admit the applicant as a beneficiary. Any applicant rejected by the attending physician has the right of appeal to the board. The physician must present to the board, monthly, a statement of the sanitary condition of the home, and must therein specify the days and dates of his visits, and the age and nativity of each person to whom he has issued, during the month, a certificate of admission, together with the cause or causes of blindness, physical condition, and also as to whether any such inmates would be benefited by medical treatment, as well as any other matters which the board may deem proper to require of him. The monthly statements must be made upon blanks furnished by the board for that purpose. He must present to the board, in

the month of July, his annual report, which must be an epitome of his monthly reports, and in which he must specify, with particularity, all sickness at the home during the year; and such observations and recommendations may be therein made as seem to him pertinent to the sanitary welfare of the home. The attending physician must, in no instance, permanently treat any inmate for blindness, or any optical affection, without permission in each case first being given by the board, at the request of the person so afflicted. The attending physician must visit the home once every day.

Consists of article five of the act.

Bonds.

Sec. 2221. The official bonds in this chapter required must be approved by the board of directors, and filed and recorded in the office of the secretary of state. The approval of the bond must be by indorsement thereon by the president, and reference thereon made by the secretary, to such action of the board.

Consists of section four of article two.

Payment of salaries and expenses.

Sec. 2222. The salaries of the superintendent, secretary, and physician, and all other expense accounts, including the wages of workmen at trades, and of employés, must be paid monthly out of the moneys appropriated by the legislature for the support of the home, or from accumulations from the industries of the home, or from donations and bequests to the home, made without restraining conditions, whenever resort to such donations or bequests is necessary. All such claims, excepting salaries of said officers, must be first approved by the board of directors, and must be so indorsed by the secretary and attested by the president, and must immediately thereafter be forwarded to the secretary of the state board of examiners. When the claims have been approved by that board, the controller must issue his warrant therefor, directed to the state treasurer, in favor of the board of directors. The state treasurer is authorized to pay such warrant only when indorsed by the secretary, and attested by the president of the board. No claim for wages of employés, or of workmen at trades, must be audited by the board of directors until after it receives from the foreman his monthly time certificate, duly

verified by his oath, and stating the amount of labor performed by the employé or workman.

Consists of section three of the original act as amended by the statute of 1889, p. 147.

Delivery of moneys.

Sec. 2223. Every officer and employé of the home, and any other person acquiring possession, by any means whatever, of moneys belonging to the home, must, at the close of each month, deliver the same to the board of directors, accompanied by a statement thereof, verified by his oath, taking the secretary's receipt therefor. The board of directors must, at least once in every month, forward to the state treasurer all moneys in their charge belonging to the home. The secretary of the board must, at the same time, forward to the state controller a statement thereof, verified by his oath. All such moneys received by the state treasurer must be placed to the credit of the "Fund of the Industrial Home of Adult Blind."

Consists of section seventeen of article three.

Resolutions of election and dismissal.

Sec. 2224. Immediately upon the election or dismissal of any officer, whose salary is fixed by the provisions of this chapter, the board must cause the secretary to forward to the controller of state a certified copy of the resolution of such election or dismissal, which the controller must file in his office.

Consists of section eighteen of article three of the original act.

§§ 2225-2232. That a new chapter, numbered 1c, codifying the statute of 1897, p. 44, consisting of sections twenty-two hundred and twenty-five to twenty-two hundred and thirty-two, be added, to read:

CHAPTER 1c.

THE WOMEN'S RELIEF CORPS HOME OF CALIFORNIA.

SEC. 2225. Object.

2226. Directors, their appointment and qualification.

2227. Election and compensation of officers.

2228. Powers of the board.

2229. Duties of the board.

2230. State aid.

2231. Auditing of claims.

2232. Moneys paid to treasurer.

Object.

Sec. 2225. The object of the Women's Relief Corps Home at Evergreen, Santa Clara county, is for the support of ex-army

nurses, and of the wives, widows, mothers, and dependent, destitute unmarried daughters and sisters of the Union veterans who served honorably in the civil war. No person is entitled to aid under this chapter except by reason of her services as an army nurse, or by reason of the military or naval services of her husband, father, brother, or son, nor unless she has been continuously a resident of this State for one year next prior to her admission to the home.

Corresponds to sections one and eleven of the original act, so far as they relate to admissions to the home.

Directors, their appointment and qualification.

Sec. 2226. The home is managed and controlled by a board of eleven directors, appointed by the governor, to hold office for two years from and after their appointment, unless sooner removed by him for cause. Each must, before entering upon the discharge of his duties, file with the secretary of state his oath of office, in the form prescribed by law.

Corresponds to sections three, four, and five of the original act, except that the provision for the election and compensation of officers is transferred to section twenty-two hundred and twenty-seven.

Election and compensation of officers.

Sec. 2227. The board of directors must elect from their number a president, a vice-president, a secretary, and a treasurer, each of whom holds office for one year from his election. No member of the board, nor any officer, must receive any compensation for his services.

Corresponds to the last two sentences of section three.

Powers of the board.

Sec. 2228. The board of directors must be known by the name and style of "The Board of Directors of the Women's Relief Corps Home Association of California," and by this name may sue and be sued in any of the courts of the State, and all property held by the board is held in trust for the Women's Relief Corps Home of California, and for the use and benefit of such home. Such board has power to manage such home, administer its affairs, make laws for its government, and adopt rules and regulations for its management, and a majority of its members constitute a quorum to transact its business.

Is taken from section six of the original act.

Duties of the board.

Sec. 2229. The board must:

1. Hold at least one meeting each month for the transaction of business pertaining to the home;
2. Cause to be kept a book or "general register," in which must be entered the date of admission, name, age, and place of birth of each inmate, and also the military or naval history, if it can be obtained, of the husband, father, or brother of such widow, wife, mother, maiden daughter, or sister, or of the ex-army nurse who is or may hereafter be admitted to such home, and the estate or income, if any, to which she may be entitled;
3. Cause to be kept a full record of its meetings; also a book entitled "monthly accounts," in which must be entered all moneys received from any and all sources, segregated under proper heads; also all disbursements made, specifying for what purpose, the amounts so disbursed entered in detail, segregated under proper heads, and each entry to be made under proper dates;
4. Keep a pay roll of the employés and the amount disbursed to each, at what rate of wages, and for the length and kind of service;
5. Furnish to the state board of examiners, at the time of making a demand or presenting a claim for state aid, a transcript of such books and pay rolls, verified by the oath of its president and secretary, covering the time for which such claim or demand is made;
6. To make a report, on the fifteenth day of August of each year, to the governor, containing a statement of all receipts and expenses, the condition of the home, the number of inmates during the year ending with June thirtieth, and such other matters as may be required by him. All reports must be verified by the oath of the president and secretary of the board.

Subdivision one is taken from and corresponds to subdivision first of section six; subdivision two corresponds to subdivision second of section six; subdivision three to subdivision third of section six; subdivision four to subdivision fourth of section six; subdivision five to subdivision fifth of section sixth, and subdivision six to section nine.

State aid.

Sec. 2230. For each inmate maintained in the home, if entitled to such maintenance under section twenty-two hundred and twenty-five, it is entitled to twelve and a half dollars each month from appropriations made for that purpose. No inmate for whose support there is paid, independent of state aid, the sum of twelve dollars and fifty cents or more per month, must

be entitled to any aid under this chapter. But if such sum be less than twelve dollars and fifty cents per month, aid must be granted for such sum only as is necessary to make the full amount for support, including the State aid, twelve dollars and fifty cents per month.

Consolidates the provisions of sections one and eight.

Auditing of claims.

Sec. 2231. Every claim for aid under this chapter must be presented to and audited and allowed by the state board of examiners, and when allowed in whole or in part, it is the duty of the controller to draw his warrant for the amount thereof in favor of the president and treasurer of the board of directors, and it is the duty of the state treasurer to pay the same, on due presentation.

Consists of section seven of the original act.

Moneys paid to treasurer.

Sec. 2232. All moneys received by the directors or any officer of the home (except such as may be paid to them by the State for disbursement), including pension moneys belonging to the pensioners in the home, must be paid over to the treasurer of the board, to be used for the support and maintenance of the home.

Consists of section ten of the original act.

§§ 2233-2233k. That a new chapter, numbered *Id*, codifying the statute of 1897, p. 106, to consist of sections twenty-two hundred and thirty-three to twenty-two hundred and thirty-three *k*, be added, to read:

CHAPTER *Id*.

THE VETERANS' HOME.

SEC. 2233. Property of, its use and control.

2233a. Name and style of the board.

2233b. Powers of the directors.

2233c. Duties of the directors.

2233d. Qualification of officers.

2233e. Expenses of officers.

2233f. Admissions.

2233g. Non-resident inmates.

2233h. Duties of state treasurer.

2233i. Auditing and approval of bills.

2233j. Duties of treasurer.

2233k. Contracts for supplies.

Property of, its use and control.

Sec. 2233. All the property heretofore acquired by the State at or near Yountville, in the county of Napa, from the Veterans'

Home Association, must continue to be used as a home for aged and indigent soldiers, sailors, and marines of the United States army and navy, under the exclusive management and control of the State, by a board of eleven directors, appointed by the governor, a majority of whom constitutes a quorum for the transaction of business, and each of whom holds office for the term of four years from his appointment. In the event of a vacancy in the office of a director, before the expiration of his term, it must be filled by the governor for the unexpired portion of the term only. Each director must, within thirty days after receiving notice of his appointment, file with the secretary of state his oath of office.

Corresponds to sections two and three of the original act, except that we have added what we suppose to be implied, viz., that the beneficiaries must have been in the army or navy, and we have omitted the form of oath, on the ground that the form of official oath is elsewhere sufficiently prescribed. The provision respecting a quorum is from section four.

Name and style of the board.

Sec. 2233a. The board of directors must be known and styled "The Board of Directors of the Veterans' Home of California," and by that name may sue and be sued in any of the courts of the State. All property held by such board is held in trust for the State and for the use and benefit of such home.

Corresponds to the first sentence of section four.

Powers of the directors.

Sec. 2233b. The board of directors has power:

1. To manage the home, make by-laws for the government of the board not in conflict with the laws of the State, adopt rules and regulations for the government of the home, to conform as nearly as possible to the rules and regulations by which the United States Soldiers' Home and branches thereof are governed;

2. To elect a president and vice-president from their number, to hold office for two years;

3. To elect, once every two years, a commandant, a secretary, a treasurer, and a medical director, to hold office for two years; neither must be a member of the board of directors, and each must be a Union, Mexican, or Spanish war veteran;

4. To remove for cause, any officer elected by it, but only after a full and fair hearing by the board;

5. To fill for the unexpired term, all vacancies, whether occurring by death, resignation, or removal;

6. To prescribe the duties and fix the compensation of all officers and employes elected or appointed by it, and to change the same from time to time;

7. To maintain an office in the city of San Francisco, at an expense for rent, light, fuel, telephone, and janitor, not to exceed six hundred dollars per annum.

Subdivision one corresponds to the second sentence of section four; subdivisions two, three, four, five, and six are from section five; and subdivision seven corresponds to section fourteen of the original act.

Duties of the directors.

Sec. 2233c. The duties of the board of directors are:

1. To keep records, reports, and accounts which conform to the requirements of the board of managers of the National Home for Disabled Volunteers;

2. To keep a full and correct record of all its proceedings, which must be open at all times to the inspection of any citizen desiring to examine the same;

3. To keep the home open to inspection by the board of managers of the National Home for Disabled Volunteers;

4. To hold stated meetings at the home quarterly, and as often as in its judgment the business may demand, and also to hold at least one meeting at the office in San Francisco each month, and as much oftener as may be necessary, for the auditing of bills and the transaction of business;

5. To appoint such sub-committees as in the judgment of the board may be necessary;

6. To keep a record, to be called "the general register," in which must be recorded the following as to applicants for admission: Number, name, age, place of birth, occupation, date of admission, date of rejection if not admitted, residence at time of admission, length of residence in the State immediately prior to admission, residence at time of entering service, date of enlistment, company, regiment, branch or arm of service, date of discharge, disease, wounds or disability, married or single, pensioner or not, rate of pension, estate or income, fraternal society, if any, to which he belongs, date of discharge from home, and reason therefor, place of and date of death, and place of burial, and remarks;

7. To fix a schedule of wages by which veterans able and desiring to do light work may be employed; to audit all claims for labor and supplies legally chargeable against the home, and

it may also audit the expense of procuring the officers' bonds, if any such expense is incurred, and must direct the payment of their salaries, and do all things necessary for the proper conduct of the business of maintaining the home;

8. To report, on the fifteenth day of August of each year, to the governor, a statement of all receipts and expenditures, the condition of the home, the number of veterans received and discharged during the year ending with June thirtieth, and such other matters touching the management, conduct, and interest of the home, as it may deem proper, or as may be required by the governor; also to make such other reports from time to time as the governor may require. All reports herein provided for must be verified by the oath of the president, and must be certified by the secretary of the board.

Subdivisions one, two, three, four, five, and six are from section four; subdivision seven corresponds to section six; subdivision eight to section seven.

Qualification of officers.

Sec. 2233*d*. Before entering upon their duties, the commandant, secretary, treasurer, and medical director must each take the oath of office, and must file with the board an undertaking in such an amount as it may determine, conditioned for the faithful discharge of his duties. The undertaking must be signed by at least two sureties, or it may be the undertaking of some authorized surety company. In either case it must be approved by the board.

Consists of section five of the original act.

Expenses of officers.

Sec. 2233*e*. Each director and officer of the board must receive his actual necessary traveling expenses in attending the meetings of the board, or in traveling on business authorized by it, to be paid out of any moneys appropriated for the support of the home.

Corresponds to section thirteen of the original act.

Admissions.

Sec. 2233*f*. The board of directors may make such rules governing the admission of applicants as in its judgment may be deemed just, proper, and for the best interests of the home, but no person must be admitted to reside therein (families of officers and employes excepted) who is not an honorably discharged United States soldier, sailor, or marine, and who has

not been a bona fide resident of the State of California for a period of one year immediately preceding his application, except those provided for in section twenty-two hundred and thirty-three *g*.

Corresponds to section twelve of the original act.

Non-resident inmates.

Sec. 2233*g*. The board of directors may, at its option, receive in the home, disabled or indigent veterans, soldiers, or marines who served in the Civil or Mexican wars, or in any other war of the Union, and who are residents of any other State or Territory, upon condition that each must pay to the State for his maintenance and support the same rate per capita that the maintenance and support in such home costs the State per capita. Such payments to be made by the person admitted, or by the governor or treasurer of the State whence he comes.

Corresponds to section sixteen of the act.

Duties of state treasurer.

Sec. 2233*h*. All moneys received by the State from the federal government for the use of the home, together with all moneys appropriated by the State for its support and maintenance, must be received by the state treasurer and placed to the credit of a fund to be entitled "fund for the support and maintenance of the Veterans' Home of California."

Corresponds to section eight of the act.

Auditing and approval of bills.

Sec. 2233*i*. All bills and charges against the board for supplies, salaries, or other expenses incurred by it, must first be audited by such board, and thereafter forwarded to the state board of examiners for its approval, and when so approved, the controller must immediately issue his warrant in payment therefor, which warrant must be paid out of any moneys in such fund.

Corresponds to section nine of the act.

Duties of treasurer.

Sec. 2233*j*. All moneys received by the directors or any officer of the home (except such as may be paid to them by the State for disbursement), including pension moneys belonging to the pensioners in the home, and all other trust moneys, must be immediately paid over to the treasurer of the board. Upon the first day of each month he must forward to the state treasurer all moneys then in his possession as treasurer,

except pension moneys and other trust funds, the canteen fund, and the moneys hereinafter referred to as subject to their direct disbursement and designated as the "emergency fund," together with a statement of the sources whence the same has been received. Such money must be immediately deposited by the state treasurer to the credit of the fund hereinbefore designated as the "fund for the support and maintenance of the Veterans' Home of California."

Corresponds to section ten of the act.

Contracts for supplies.

Sec. 2233k. All supplies, except those not of a general character, and not exceeding in value the sum of five thousand dollars in any one year, must be furnished the home on contract, let to the lowest responsible bidder; notice to bidders must be published for a period of two weeks in a newspaper of general circulation, published in each of the following cities, to wit: Napa, Sacramento, and San Francisco. Such notice must state that the board will receive bids for the needed supplies, setting forth the kind, quality, and quantity of each article required, and that the same must be delivered at the railroad station at Yountville, free of charge, at such time and in such quantity as the board may direct. The notice must also state with whom the bids are to be filed, the time and hour when and the place where the bids will be opened and the contract awarded. At the time and place appointed, the board must proceed to open all bids, and must award the contract to the lowest responsible bidder in each line of supplies called for. The board may reject any bid which does not conform to the requirements of the published notice, and if, in its judgment, all bids for any line of supplies are unsatisfactory, it may reject all such bids and readvertise as in the first instance. Bids must be called for and contracts let in the months of June and December, or as near that time each year as practicable, and no contract must be entered into for a longer period than six months. Before entering into a contract with any successful bidder, the board must require an undertaking from such bidder, payable to the State of California, in such sum as it deems sufficient to secure the faithful performance of the contract. Such bonds must be approved by the board. For the purchase of supplies, not of a general character, the making of necessary and emergency repairs, the construction of minor improvements, and the defraying of incidental expenses, the board has the power to expend each year a sum not to exceed

in the aggregate five thousand dollars without first submitting said items to the approval of the board of examiners, and the controller is hereby authorized and directed to issue his warrants from time to time, drawn in favor of the treasurer of the board, and payable out of the fund herein referred to, for such expenses, upon a requisition therefor, signed by the president and secretary of the board. Such warrants must not exceed, however, in any one year, the sum of five thousand dollars. At the end of every three months the board must file with the board of examiners a detailed statement, showing the expenditure, by items, of all sums of money so used. The treasurer of the board, upon receiving any moneys from the state treasurer, under the foregoing provision, must enter the same in his books in an account to be designated "emergency fund," and must pay the same out only upon drafts signed by the president and secretary of the board.

Corresponds to section eleven of the act.

§ 2242. That section twenty-two hundred and forty-two be amended to read:

Sec. 2242. The regents of the university may make up, from duplicate specimens under their control, a geological cabinet for the use of the asylum.

Omits from the beginning of the section the words "state geologist and," because the office of state geologist seems to have been abolished.

§ 2255. That section twenty-two hundred and fifty-five be amended to read:

Sec. 2255. The powers and duties of the board are as follows:

1. To make by-laws, not inconsistent with the laws of the State, for their own government, and the government of the asylum;

2. To elect the principal teacher;

3. To elect a treasurer, who must not be a member of the board of directors;

4. To elect a physician for the asylum, for the term of two years, who must not be a member of the board of directors;

5. To remove, at pleasure, any teacher or employé;

6. To fix the compensation of teachers and employés;

7. To make diligent inquiry into the departments of labor and expense, the condition of the asylum, and its prosperity;

8. To hold stated meetings at the asylum at least once in every three months;

9. To keep a record of their proceedings;

10. To report to the governor a statement of the receipts and expenditures, the condition of the asylum, the number of pupils, and of such other matters touching the duties of the board, as they deem advisable;

11. To take, receive, manage, and invest all moneys and property heretofore devised, bequeathed, or otherwise donated to said asylum in accordance with the wishes of the testator or donor, or if he has attached no condition, then to invest such moneys or the proceeds of such property for the best interest of such asylum.

Adds subdivision eleven, codifying the statute of 1878, p. 686, chap. 466.

§§ 2283-2290. That a new chapter, numbered II *a*, codifying the statutes of 1880, p. 13, and 1883, p. 57, to consist of sections twenty-two hundred and eighty-three to twenty-two hundred and ninety, be added, to read:

CHAPTER II *a*.

ORPHAN ASYLUMS.

SEC. 2283. Appropriation of aid.

2284. Times of payment of aid.

2285. Books to be kept by institutions.

2286. State board of examiners' duties.

2287. Presentation and allowance of claims.

2288. Payment of damages.

2289. Institutions and children entitled to aid.

2290. Foundling asylums.

Appropriation of aid.

Sec. 2283. There is hereby appropriated out of any money in the state treasury not otherwise appropriated, to each and every institution in this State conducted for the support and maintenance of minor orphans, half orphans, or abandoned children, and to each and every county, city and county, city, or town maintaining such orphans, half orphans, or abandoned children, or any or all of such classes of persons, aid as follows: For each whole orphan supported and maintained in any such institution, one hundred dollars per annum; and for each half orphan or abandoned child, seventy-five dollars per annum; but each abandoned child must have been an inmate thereof for one year prior to receiving any support as provided in this chapter.

Corresponds to section one of the original act.

Times of payment of aid.

Sec. 2284. The aid herein granted must be paid in semi-annual installments, commencing on the first Mondays in January and July of each year.

Corresponds to section two of the original act.

Books to be kept by institutions.

Sec. 2285. Every institution entitled to aid under this chapter must keep the following books, which at all times must be open to the state board of examiners, or to any person appointed by them to examine the same, or to any committee of the legislature, or to any clerk or officer thereof duly authorized to make such examination:

1. A book in which must be entered the date of admission, name, age, sex, and place of birth of each and every orphan, half orphan, and abandoned child, who is or may hereafter be received or admitted in such institution, and the date of discharge of any such child, when such discharge is made, the parentage, if known; the estate, if any, to which the child is heir, and the insurance, if any, on father's or mother's life; so far as can be ascertained, the place where either parent or both died, nativity of the parents, where married, the marriage certificate, where recorded, when they came to California or Nevada, place of residence in California, and habits of sobriety;

2. A book entitled "monthly accounts." In it must be entered, on the debtor side, all the moneys received from any and all sources segregated under the proper heads; on the credit side must be entered all disbursements made, specifying for what purposes made, and the amount entered in detail so disbursed, segregated under their proper heads;

3. A pay roll of the employés, and the amounts disbursed to each;

4. A book in which must be entered in detail the amounts paid for the specific support of every orphan, half orphan, or abandoned child, and the date of such payments;

5. A transcript of the books and pay roll, verified under oath by the manager or person in charge of such institution entitled to or claiming state aid under this chapter, must be made and forwarded to the state board of examiners at the time of making demand or presenting claim for state aid, covering the time for which such claim or demand for state aid is made;

6. A list of all the inmates other than employés or orphans supported wholly or in part by any institution presenting a

claim for state aid under this chapter, must also be forwarded with such claim for aid.

Corresponds to section three of the original act.

State board of examiners' duties.

Sec. 2286. The state board of examiners is authorized, in behalf of the State, at any time to inquire, either in person or by authorized agent, into the management of any such institution; and any institution refusing, upon due demand, to permit such inquiry, must not thereafter receive any aid under this chapter. All expenses incurred in visiting said asylums must be audited and allowed by the state board of examiners out of the appropriations for the support of orphans, half orphans, and abandoned children.

Corresponds to section four of the original act.

Presentation and allowance of claims.

Sec. 2287. Every claim for aid under this chapter must be presented to and audited and allowed by the state board of examiners. Such claim must contain:

1. The name and location of the institution making the claim;
2. The name of the person or persons having charge or control thereof;
3. The number of orphans, half orphans, or abandoned children therein;
4. The date of admission and age of each;
5. The amount, if any, that the institution is receiving for the specific support of any orphan, half orphan, or abandoned child therein.

Such claim, and the statements therein contained, must be verified by the oath of the person or persons, or some of them, in charge of such institution, and the board of examiners may, in their discretion, require the production of the books of such institution in support of such claim.

Corresponds to section five of the original act.

Payment of claims.

Sec. 2288. If such claim is audited and allowed, in whole or in part, by said board, it is the duty of the controller to draw his warrant for the amount allowed in favor of such institutions, and it is the duty of the treasurer to pay the same on presentation. No money appropriated by the State to any institution claiming aid under this chapter, must be

expended either in improvements or in the erection of new buildings by such institutions.

Corresponds to and consolidates sections six and eight of the original act.

Institutions, and children entitled to aid.

Sec. 2289. In order that the provisions of this chapter shall not be abused, it is hereby declared:

1. That no institution which has less than twenty inmates of either or all of the classes mentioned in section twenty-two hundred and eighty-three, must be deemed an institution for the support and maintenance of minor orphans, half orphans, or abandoned children, within the intent and meaning of this chapter;

2. That no child over the age of fourteen years shall be deemed a minor orphan, half orphan, or abandoned child within the intent and meaning of this chapter;

3. That no child for whose specific support there is paid to any such institution the sum of ten dollars or more per month shall be deemed a minor orphan, half orphan, or abandoned child within the intent and meaning of this chapter.

Corresponds to section seven of the original act.

Foundling asylums.

Sec. 2290. The provisions herein made for the support of orphans, half orphans, and abandoned children must be held to include foundlings, and other abandoned infants, who become or may have been the inmates of any regularly established foundling asylum, without regard to the time in which such infants have been inmates of such institutions, and the relief herein provided must be given for any fraction of a year, pro rata. The limitation of twenty inmates, mentioned in section twenty-two hundred and eighty-nine, must, in relation to such foundling asylum, be construed to mean not less than twenty admissions in the course of each year. For each abandoned or foundling infant who now is, or who becomes an inmate of such foundling asylum, there must be paid by the State the sum of twelve dollars and fifty cents per month from the time of its entrance therein until such infant dies or becomes adopted, or reaches the age of eighteen months, after which age such asylum must receive the same sum for such infant as is allowed for full orphans.

Codifies the statute of 1883, p. 57.

§ 2293. That section twenty-two hundred and ninety-three be amended to read:

Sec. 2293. The powers and duties of the board are as follows:

1. To make rules and regulations, not inconsistent with law, for its government and for the government of the library;

2. To appoint a librarian, who must designate one of his deputies as chief deputy;

3. Whenever necessary, to authorize the librarian to appoint an additional deputy and other assistants;

4. To sell or exchange duplicate copies of books;

5. To keep in order and repair the books and property in the library;

6. To draw from the state treasury, at any time, all moneys therein belonging to the library fund;

7. To prescribe rules and regulations permitting persons other than those named in section twenty-two hundred and ninety-six, to have the use of books from the library;

8. To collect and preserve statistics and other information pertaining to libraries, which shall be available to other public libraries within the State applying for the same;

9. To make to the governor, biennially, a report of its transactions.

The amendment consists in adding subdivisions seven and eight, and adding at the end of subdivision three the words "and other assistants."

§ 2298. That section twenty-two hundred and ninety-eight be amended to read:

Sec. 2298. The controller, when notified by the state librarian that any officer or employé of the State for whom he draws a warrant for salary has failed to return any book taken by him (or for which he has given an order) within the time prescribed by the rules, or the time within which it was agreed to be returned, and which notice shall give the value thereof, must, after first informing said officer or employé of such notice, upon failure by him to return the said book, deduct from the warrant for the salary of said officer or employé, twice the value of such book, and place the amount so deducted in the state library fund. In case of the neglect or refusal on the part of any officer or employé of the State to return a book for which he has given an order or a receipt or has in his possession, the state librarian is authorized to purchase for the library a duplicate of said book, and to notify the controller of such purchase, together with the cost of the same. Upon the receipt of such notice from the librarian, the controller must deduct

twice the cost of said duplicate book from the warrant for the salary of said officer or employé, and place the amount so deducted in the state library fund. The state librarian is empowered to bring suit in his official capacity for the recovery of any book or books, or for three times the value thereof, together with costs of suit, against any person having the same in his possession or being responsible therefor. In case the librarian has purchased a duplicate of any book as provided in this chapter, he is authorized to bring suit as aforesaid for three times the amount so expended for said duplicate, together with costs of suit.

Substitutes "three" for "two" in the last two sentences.

That a new chapter, numbered V, codifying the statutes of 1880, p. 49, 1897, p. 30, as amended 1899, p. 106, to consist of sections twenty-three hundred and seventeen to twenty-three hundred and seventeen *k*, be added, to read:

CHAPTER V.

STATE AGRICULTURAL SOCIETIES.

SEC. 2317. The society and its board of control.

2317*a*. Qualification and terms of office of the state board.

2317*b*. Fiscal year.

2317*c*. Duties and powers of the state board.

2317*d*. Marshals and police officers.

2317*e*. Information to be collected and disseminated and reports to be made.

2317*f*. Printing of reports of transactions.

2317*g*. Reports to be made to the state board.

2317*h*. Schedules and blanks for reports of subordinate societies.

2317*i*. Proceedings for sale of property.

2317*j*. Exchange of property, when authorized.

2317*k*. Failure of title of exchanged property.

The society and its board of control.

Sec. 2317. The State Agricultural Society is a state institution, and is under the control of the state board of agriculture. That board consists of twelve members, each of whom is appointed by the governor, and holds office for the term of four years from his appointment. Vacancies occurring in the board from any cause must be filled by the governor, by appointment, for the unexpired term only.

Codifies and consolidates sections one and two of the original act.

Qualification and terms of office of the state board.

Sec. 2317a. Within ten days after their appointment, the persons so appointed must qualify, as required by the constitution, and meet at the office of the State Agricultural Society and organize by the election of one of their members as president of the board, and of said society, who holds his office for the term of one year, and until his successor is elected and qualified. The board must also elect a secretary and treasurer, not of their number, each of whom holds office at the discretion of the board.

Corresponds to section three of the original act.

Fiscal year.

Sec. 2317b. The fiscal year of the society is from the first of February to the first of February.

The first two sentences of the section are omitted, because they relate solely to the original organization of the board in 1880, and have ceased to be of any utility.

Duties and powers of the state board.

Sec. 2317c. The state board of agriculture is charged with the exclusive management and control of the State Agricultural Society as a state institution; must have possession and care of its property, and be entrusted with the direction of its entire business and financial affairs. It must define the duties of the secretary and treasurer, fix their bonds and compensation, and has power to make all necessary changes in the constitution and rules of the society to adapt the same to the provisions of this chapter and to the management of the society, its meetings and exhibitions. It must provide for an annual fair or exhibition by the society of all the industries and industrial products of the State, at the city of Sacramento; but in no event must the State be liable for any premium awarded or debt created by said board of agriculture.

Corresponds to section five of the original act.

Marshals and police officers.

Sec. 2317d. The board has power to appoint all necessary marshals and police to keep order and preserve peace at the annual fairs of the society, and the officers so appointed are vested with the same authority for the preservation of order and peace, on the grounds, and in the buildings of the society, that executive peace officers are vested with by law.

Corresponds to section six of the original act.

Information to be collected and disseminated and reports to be made.

Sec. 2317e. The board must use all suitable means to collect and disseminate all kinds of information calculated to educate and benefit the industrial classes, develop the resources, and advance the material interests of the State, and must, on or before the first day of February of each year, report to the governor a full and detailed account of its transactions, statistics, and information gained, and also a full financial statement of all funds received and disbursed. It must also make such suggestions and recommendations as experience and good policy may dictate for the improvement and advancement of the agricultural and kindred industries.

Corresponds to section seven of the original act.

Printing of reports of transactions.

Sec. 2317f. The superintendent of state printing must each year print and bind in cloth four thousand volumes of said transactions, and deliver the same to said board of agriculture for distribution and exchange. He must also do such job printing as the board may require to carry out the provisions of this chapter.

Corresponds to section eight of the original act.

Reports to be made to the state board.

Sec. 2317g. The directors or boards of managers of each county and district agricultural society or association, and of each county, district, or state horticultural and stock-breeding association or society, organized and acting under the laws of this State, must report annually, on or before the first day of April, to the state board of agriculture, the name and postoffice address of each officer of such society or association; and on or before the first day of December must report to such board of agriculture the transactions of the society, including the premiums offered, the list of stock and articles exhibited, and the premiums paid; the amount of receipts and expenditures for the year, the new industries inaugurated, and any and all facts and statistics showing the development and extent of the industries, products, and resources of the county or district embraced within the management of such society or association. The provisions of this chapter do not apply to any board of commissioners or other body organized under the laws of this State, the object of which is to promote vinicultural industries, unless such board or body voluntarily requests the

privilege of making such reports as are called for by this chapter, in which case such board or body may enjoy such privileges as are accorded to other institutions devoted to agriculture.

Corresponds to section nine of the original act.

Schedules and blanks for reports of subordinate societies.

Sec. 2317h. To facilitate such reports, the state board of agriculture must prepare and furnish such societies with necessary schedules and blanks for such reports, and said state board must include such reports from societies and associations, or so much thereof as it may deem advisable, in its report to the governor.

Corresponds to section ten of the original act.

Proceedings for sale of property.

Sec. 2317i. Whenever any state agricultural society under state control desires to sell the whole or any portion of its real estate held by it in fee, or by a trustee for its use, or in which it may have any title, interest, or claim, it may file its complaint in the superior court of the county in which such lands are situated, setting forth the nature of the title under which the land to be affected by the decree of the court is held, and what claim such society or association has therein; and that it is the desire of such society or association to sell such real estate, and praying for judgment authorizing it to sell the same. In such action the trustee or trustees holding title in trust for such society or association, or their successors, or the survivor or survivors of them, or such other persons deriving title from the trustees, as the case may require, must be made parties defendant; and upon the service of the summons upon such defendants personally, or by publication, or upon their appearance, the court has full jurisdiction in the premises. Such society or association may include as defendants in such action, in addition to such persons or parties as appear of record to have, and other persons or parties who are known to have, some claim in, or lien on the lands described in the complaint; also all other persons or parties unknown, claiming any right, interest, or lien in such land, and the plaintiff may describe such defendants in the complaint as follows: "Also all other persons or parties, unknown, claiming any right, title, estate, lien, or interest in the real estate described in the complaint herein." Service of the summons may be had upon all such unknown persons or parties defendant by publication,

as provided by law in case of non-resident defendants. All such unknown persons or parties, so served, have the same rights as are provided by law in case of all the other defendants upon whom service is made by publication or personally, and the action must proceed against such unknown persons or parties in the same manner as against the defendants who are named, upon whom service is made by publication, and with like effect; and any such unknown persons or parties who have or claim any right, estate, lien, or interest in the property in controversy at the time of the commencement of the action, duly served as aforesaid, are bound and concluded by the judgment in such action as effectually as if the action were brought against such defendant by his or her name, and personal service of the summons obtained, notwithstanding any such unknown person may be under legal disability. The court has full power and authority to order the property sold. In case of a sale the court must appoint a commissioner to make the sale, and must direct the manner in which the sale shall be conducted. When any property is held in trust by any such agricultural society or association, such property must be sold separately from any that may be held in fee. The commissioner must make a report of sale to the court, which, after such notice as it may deem proper, must proceed to hear the same, and if it finds that the sale was fairly conducted, and the price bid was proportionate to the value of the land sold, it must make and enter a decree confirming the sale, and directing the commissioner to execute a deed to the purchaser. The deed executed by said commissioner, under and in pursuance of the decree of the court, is valid and effectual to convey to the purchaser an absolute title in fee simple to the premises. Before the filing of any such complaint it is necessary for such agricultural society, or any person or corporation claiming the title to such land, to prepare, sign, and properly acknowledge a good and sufficient deed or deeds sufficient to vest in the State all title, interest, or claim which such society may have in and to any land to be affected by the proceedings hereby authorized to be instituted; such deed or deeds to be conditioned that the title, claim, or interest of such society embraced in such deed or deeds must be held by the State of California in trust for the benefit of such society; which said deed or deeds must be deposited with the state treasurer, to be by him held in escrow pending the final conclusion of such proceedings in such court. If the court in which such proceedings are had, orders such land to be sold as herein

provided for, the state treasurer must forthwith file such deed or deeds with the county recorder of the county, or city and county, in which such land is located. If there are any liens upon or claims against the property, the court must order them paid out of the proceeds of sale. The residue remaining, after paying the costs and expenses of sale, and such liens and claims against the property as the court may order paid, must be paid into the state treasury, where it must remain until required for the purchase of other property for the use of such society or association, upon the order of the state controller; and it must be drawn therefrom only upon authorization passed by the board of directors or trustees of such society or association by and with the approval of the state board of examiners, and upon warrants duly drawn by the state controller. If, through any defect in the proceedings, or otherwise, the title should not pass, the State will indemnify the purchaser by repaying to him the amount paid by him; but such purchaser or purchasers must file their claim or claims for the repayment of such purchase price with the state board of examiners within five years after the payment of such purchase price to the state treasurer in the first instance. The surplus of proceeds of sale, paid into the state treasury, must be drawn out on certificate, signed by a majority of the directors, or governing body of such society or association, and also of the state board of examiners, stating that it is desired for the payment for other property for the use of such agricultural society; and upon receipt of such certificate, the treasurer must pay to the said directors, or governing body, or person designated by them, all or such part of such surplus as may be required for the purchase of other property. If all or any portion of the real estate, and the improvements thereon, held by any state agricultural society under state control, has been acquired in the name of such society, or of any person, association, or corporation, in trust for the use of said or any other agricultural society, originally, or at any time, by the use of money derived from taxation of the taxable property of any city and county, county, or city, then, and in that event, the surplus proceeds of any sale of such property must be invested in other real estate within the same county, or city and county, for the same purpose, and not otherwise, or elsewhere. In no event is the State liable for the payment of any expense, interest, or attorney's fees, incurred by any one, on any account, by or on behalf of any such agricultural society in their behalf; and it is incumbent on such society to make provision for the

payment of the expenses, costs, attorney's fees, and any interest that may be necessary to be paid any purchaser, by reason of repayment of any purchase money on account of failure of title to such lands; such provision for the payment of expenses, attorney's fees, costs, and anticipated interest to be provided for prior to the issue of any summons, or order of publication in any action contemplated by this chapter.

Codifies section one of the statute of 1897, p. 30, as amended by the statute of 1899, p. 106.

Exchange of property, when authorized.

Sec. 2317j. If any real estate contemplated in the preceding section, purchased by the proceeds of taxes collected from the taxable property of any city and county, county, or city, has been ordered sold, as in said section provided, and has been offered for sale in the mode therein specified, for a period of sixty days or more, and not all sold for want of an adequate price, the board of directors, or governing body of such society or association, is hereby authorized and empowered to exchange all or any part of such real estate for other land suitable for the use of such society or association, within the same county, or city and county, upon such terms as may be reasonable and just, and the deed or deeds executed for the conveyance of such real estate in exchange must be executed by the board of directors of such society or association, or a majority thereof, and by the commissioner appointed in the proceedings provided for in the preceding section for the sale of such property, and such exchange of property must be approved by a judge of the superior court of the county, or city and county, in which the proceedings provided for were had.

Codifies section two of the act of 1899, p. 109.

Failure of title of exchanged property.

Sec. 2317k. In case of the exchange of any portion of such property, as provided for in section twenty-three hundred and seventeenj, the real estate received in such exchange must be subject to the indemnification of any person who receives any of the said real estate of said agricultural society in such exchange, in case of any defect in the proceedings, or otherwise, whereby the title to such real estate of such society should not pass, and in such case of exchange the State of California is absolved from any obligation to pay any part of any purchase price or value of exchanged property. No claims for failure of

title for any reason must be entertained after five years from the date of such exchange.

Codifies section three of the act of 1899, p. 109.

§§ 2318-2318*j*. That a new chapter, numbered VI, codifying the statute of 1897, p. 304, to consist of sections twenty-three hundred and eighteen to twenty-three hundred and eighteen *j*, be added, to read:

CHAPTER VI.

DISTRICT AGRICULTURAL ASSOCIATIONS.

Sec. 2318. Classification of districts.

2318*a*. Districts consisting of two or more counties.

2318*b*. Formation and powers of new associations.

2318*c*. Officers of associations.

2318*d*. Appointment of district boards for new districts.

2318*e*. Organization of new districts. Election of officers.

2318*f*. Classification of officers of new associations. Fiscal year.

2318*g*. Powers and duties of associations.

2318*h*. Reports of district associations and their secretary.

2318*i*. Sales of property of district associations.

2318*j*. Certificates of stock, when may be issued.

Classification of districts.

Sec. 2318. The several counties of this State are divided and classified into agricultural districts, and numbered as follows, to wit: The counties of San Francisco and Alameda constitute district No. 1; the county of San Joaquin, district No. 2; the county of Butte, district No. 3; the counties of Sonoma and Marin, district No. 4; the counties of San Mateo and Santa Clara, district No. 5; the county of Los Angeles, district No. 6; the county of Monterey, district No. 7; the county of El Dorado, district No. 8; the county of Humboldt, district No. 9; the county of Siskiyou, district No. 10; the counties of Plumas and Sierra, district No. 11; the county of Lake, district No. 12; the counties of Sutter and Yuba, district No. 13; the county of Santa Cruz, district No. 14; the county of Kern, district No. 15; the county of San Luis Obispo, district No. 16; the county of Nevada, district No. 17; the counties of Mono, Inyo, and Alpine, district No. 18; all that portion of Santa Barbara county lying east of the Gaviota and south of the Santa Ynez mountains constitutes agricultural district No. 19; the county of Placer, district No. 20; the counties of Fresno and Madera, district No. 21; the county of San Diego,

district No. 22; the county of Contra Costa, district No. 23; the counties of Tulare and Kings, district No. 24; the county of Napa, district No. 25; the county of Amador, district No. 26; the counties of Shasta and Trinity, district No. 27; the counties of San Bernardino and Riverside, district No. 28; the county of Tuolumne, district No. 29; the county of Tehama, district No. 30; the county of Ventura, district No. 31; the county of Orange, district No. 32; the county of San Benito, district No. 33; the county of Modoc, district No. 34; the counties of Merced and Mariposa, district No. 35; the county of Solano, district No. 36; all that portion of Santa Barbara county not included in agricultural district No. 19 constitutes agricultural district No. 37; the county of Stanislaus, district No. 38; the county of Calaveras, district No. 39; the counties of Yolo and Sacramento, district No. 40; the county of Del Norte, district No. 41; the county of Glenn, district No. 42; the county of Lassen, district No. 43; the county of Colusa, district No. 44; the county of Mendocino, district No. 45.

Codifies section one as amended by the statute of 1901, p. 304, except that the provision relating to the years in which fairs must be held in Plumas and Sierra counties is transferred to section twenty-three hundred and eighteen *g*.

Districts consisting of two or more counties.

Sec. 2318a. Where two or more counties constitute an agricultural district, each county must be represented in the district board of directors by at least two resident citizens, as directors in said board. When, by reason of the formation of a new agricultural district, a director of one district becomes a resident of another, his term of office as director will expire in sixty days after the formation of the new agricultural district. Whenever the board of directors of two or more agricultural districts, by a majority vote of each board, elect to unite, the said several districts may associate as one district, and hold a fair in any of said districts, and may for such purpose draw the appropriation for all of said districts, and expend the same for said fair.

Corresponds to section two of the original act.

Formation of new associations, and their powers.

Sec. 2318b. Any fifty or more persons, representing a majority of the counties within any one of the districts above constituted, may form an association, for the improvement of the material industries within such district, and when so formed,

the association shall be known and designated by the name of ——— agricultural association, and by such name and style shall have perpetual succession, and power and authority to contract and be contracted with, to sue and be sued, to have and use a common seal, to purchase, hold, and lease real estate, with such buildings and improvements as may be erected thereon, and may sell, lease, and dispose of the same at pleasure. Such real estate, except as hereinafter provided, must be used by such association for the purpose of holding exhibitions of horses, cattle, and other stock, and of the agricultural, horticultural, viticultural, mechanical, manufacturing, and domestic products of such district, with a view to the improvement of all industries in the same. But the said association has the power, and is hereby authorized, to sell and convey any portion of the real estate held by it, by whatever title derived, which may not be necessary for the permanent use of said association for the purposes aforesaid.

Corresponds to section three of the original act.

Officers of associations.

Sec. 2318c. The officers of such association must consist of eight directors, who constitute a district board of agriculture for district number ———; a president, who must be one of their number, and a secretary and treasurer, not of their number.

Corresponds to section four of the original act.

Appointment of district boards for new districts.

Sec. 2318d. Within ten days after the formation of any new agricultural association within any of the districts above constituted in accordance with the provisions of this chapter, and notice of such formation to the governor, the governor must appoint eight resident citizens of such district as members of a district board of agriculture for said district, whose term of office is four years, except as hereinafter provided.

Corresponds to section five of the original act.

Organization of new districts. Election of officers.

Sec. 2318e. Within ten days after their appointment, the persons so appointed must qualify as required by the constitution, and must meet at a place within the district and organize by the election of one of their number as president of the board and association, who must hold his office of presi-

dent one year, and until his successor is elected; they must also elect a secretary and treasurer.

Corresponds to section six of the original act.

Classification of officers of new associations. Fiscal year.

Sec. 2318f. At the same meeting the members of the board must, by lot or otherwise, classify themselves into four classes of two members each. The term of office of the first class expires at the end of the first fiscal year; of the second class, of the second fiscal year; of the third class, of the third fiscal year; and of the fourth class at the end of the full term of four years. The fiscal year extends from December first to the first of December following. All officers of agricultural districts now in office hold their office for the term for which they were appointed, except in the cases specified in section twenty-three hundred and eighteen *a*. All agricultural associations heretofore established are continued in force, and, so far as applicable, made agricultural associations under this chapter.

Corresponds to section seven of the original act, omitting the classification of officers which has heretofore been effected.

Powers and duties of associations.

Sec. 2318g. Each association so formed and organized is hereby declared, and must be recognized, a state institution, and the board so appointed and qualified has the exclusive control and management of such institution, for and in the name of the State, and must have possession and care of all the property of the association, and fix the terms of office and the bonds of the secretary and treasurer, and determine their salaries and duties. It has the power to make all necessary by-laws, rules, and regulations, for the government of the association and the management of its prudential and financial affairs. It must provide for an annual fair or exhibition by the association of all the industries and industrial products in the district, at such time and place as it deems advisable, except that in Sierra county the fairs must be held in the even, and in Plumas county in the odd-numbered years. The State is, in no event, liable for any premium offered or award made, or for any debt contracted by any district board of agriculture, or agricultural association. Nothing in this section must be so construed as in any way to affect or modify any of the provisions of section twenty-three hundred and eighteen *j*.

Corresponds to section eight of the original act.

Reports of district associations and their secretaries.

Sec. 2318h. When any district board of agriculture is organized and classified as hereinbefore provided for, its secretary must report such classification and organization to the state board of agriculture and to the governor. He must also report to the governor any vacancies that may occur in such board, who must thereupon fill it for the unexpired term. Each district association must report to the state board of agriculture, on or before the first day of January of each year, a detailed statement, together with a complete statistical review of the agricultural resources of each county in the district for the year ending December thirty-first; such review to contain the acreage and yield of all agricultural products for the year previous, and such other data as may be asked for by the state board of agriculture, in the furtherance of its duties.

Corresponds to section nine of the original act, omitting the provisions respecting the classification of officers.

Sales of property of associations.

Sec. 2318i. Whenever any such association desires to sell any portion of its real estate not needed for the permanent use of the association, for the purposes specified in section twenty-three hundred and eighteen b, and such real estate be held by such association under a deed or deeds of trust conveying the said lands in trust, to be held in perpetuity as a place for holding agricultural exhibitions or fairs, or for other permanent purposes of such association, such association may file its complaint in the superior court of the county in which such lands are situated, setting forth the nature of the title under which they are held, and that it is the desire of the said association to sell and dispose of such real estate, and praying for judgment authorizing it to sell and convey the same. In such action the trustee or trustees in such deed or deeds, or the survivor or survivors of them, or the heirs, or administrators, or executors of deceased trustees, as the case may require, must be made parties defendant; and upon service of the summons upon such defendants, personally or by publication, or upon their appearance, the court has full jurisdiction in the premises, and the deed executed under and in pursuance of the judgment of the court is valid and effectual to convey to the purchaser the title of said association, and that of all of its predecessors in title made parties to the suit.

Corresponds to section ten of the original act.

Certificates of stock, when may be issued.

Sec. 2318j. Every such association which has heretofore issued certificates of the capital stock of such association, and which certificates have been accepted by the members of such association in lieu of certificates of membership therein, may elect to have a capital stock, and may issue certificates of stock therefor, in the same manner and with like effect as corporations formed under the provision of chapter one, article one, of the Civil Code. In order to effect such change, a meeting of the holders of such alleged certificates of capital stock may be called, at which the holders of such alleged stock are entitled to one vote for each share of such stock appearing in their names, respectively, upon the books of such association. Upon the receipt of a written application, signed by the holders of one fourth of the shares of such alleged capital stock of such association, requesting him to do so, the secretary of such association must give notice of the time and place of holding such meeting, by publication in some newspaper printed and published in such county, or city and county, in which the principal place of business of such association is located, at least once a week for three successive weeks next prior to the holding thereof. Such notice must state that the object of the meeting is, (1) to determine whether such corporation elects to have a capital stock as provided by this chapter; (2) the amount of such capital stock, and (3) the number of shares into which the same shall be divided. At such meeting, should the holders of a majority of the shares of such alleged capital stock vote in favor of having a capital stock, and fix the amount thereof, and the number of shares into which it must be divided, then such corporation must issue certificates of capital stock to the amount fixed at such meeting, divided into the number of shares provided by said meeting, to the holders of such alleged capital stock, in the same proportion as such alleged stock appears in the names of such holders, respectively, upon the books of such association. A copy of the notice calling such meeting, the affidavit of publication thereof, the proceedings of such meeting, the amount of capital stock voted, number of shares into which the capital stock was divided, and to whom assigned, duly certified by the chairman of such meeting, and the secretary of such association, under the seal thereof, must be filed with the secretary of state and the clerk of the county where such association has its principal place of business.

Thereafter such association is possessed of all rights and powers, and is subject to all the obligations and restrictions, as if it had been originally created a corporation with a capital stock, including the right to elect a board of directors authorized to exercise such control of all the property of such association, as provided in chapters one, two, three, and four of the Civil Code. Such association has no authority to sell any portion of the real estate owned and held by it, by whatever title derived, which may be necessary for the permanent use of such association, for the purposes aforesaid. In the event that such association, after the issuance of a capital stock as aforesaid, is offered aid at any time from the State by appropriation, for the purpose of holding an annual district fair, and such association, by a vote of the board of directors, elected as hereinafter provided, adopts a resolution accepting such appropriation, then and in that event said annual fair must be held under the control and management of the district board of agriculture of such district; but said district board of agriculture has no other authority, control, or management of or over the property of such association, and the authority which it may exercise over said property continues only during the time occupied in holding the said district fair, which time must not extend over more than one week annually. When any corporation has elected to issue capital stock under this chapter, the president thereof must, within ten days after filing with the secretary of state the certificate hereinbefore provided, call a meeting of the stockholders of such corporation for the purpose of electing a board of directors of such corporation, which board of directors must hold their office until their successors are elected and qualified, and thereafter a board of directors of such corporation must be elected annually, on the day of the month upon which the election of said first board of directors elected as aforesaid is held, unless a different day for holding such election is fixed by the board of directors of such corporation, by its by-laws, properly adopted.

Corresponds to section eleven of the original act.

§§ 2319-2319*l*. That a new chapter, numbered VII, codifying the statute of 1883, p. 289, and its amendments, to consist of sections twenty-three hundred and nineteen to twenty-three hundred and nineteen *l*, be added, to read:

CHAPTER VII.

STATE BOARD OF HORTICULTURE.

- SEC. 2319. State board of horticulture. Division of State into districts.
- 2319a. Members of the board, their qualifications and terms of office.
 - 2319b. Officers and their selection.
 - 2319c. Powers and duties of the board.
 - 2319d. Regulation for inspection and disinfection.
 - 2319e. Clerk of the publishing and quarantine bureau.
 - 2319f. Quarantine guardians and their deputies.
 - 2319g. Secretary and clerk.
 - 2319h. Reports of the board.
 - 2319i. Treasurer's duties.
 - 2319j. The executive committee. Expenses.
 - 2319k. Reports of county boards.
 - 2319l. Experiments, and the expenses thereof.

State board of horticulture. Division of State into districts.

Sec. 2319. The state board of horticulture consists of nine members appointed by the governor: two from the state at large and one from each of the seven horticultural districts, which are constituted as follows:

First—The Sonoma district includes the counties of Sonoma, Marin, Lake, Mendocino, Humboldt, Del Norte, Trinity, and Siskiyou;

Second—The Napa district includes the counties of Napa, Solano, and Contra Costa;

Third—The San Francisco district includes the city and county of San Francisco, and the counties of San Mateo, Alameda, Santa Clara, Santa Cruz, San Benito, and Monterey;

Fourth—The Los Angeles district includes the counties of Los Angeles, Ventura, Santa Barbara, San Luis Obispo, San Bernardino, San Diego, Riverside, and Orange;

Fifth—The Sacramento district includes the counties of Sacramento, Yolo, Sutter, Colusa, Butte, Tehama, Shasta, and Glenn;

Sixth—The San Joaquin district includes the counties of San Joaquin, Stanislaus, Merced, Fresno, Tulare, Kern, Madera, and Kings;

Seventh—The El Dorado district includes the counties of El Dorado, Amador, Calaveras, Tuolumne, Mariposa, Placer, Nevada, Yuba, Sierra, Plumas, Lassen, Modoc, Alpine, Mono, and Inyo.

Corresponds to section one of the original act.

Members of the board, their qualifications and terms of office.

Sec. 2319a. The members appointed from each district must be residents thereof, and be specially qualified by practical experience and study in connection with the industries dependent upon horticulture. Each holds office for the term of four years. In the event of a vacancy it must be filled by the governor for the unexpired portion of the term only.

Corresponds to section two of the original act.

Officers and their selection.

Sec. 2319b. The board must biennially elect a president, a vice-president, a chairman of the finance committee, and appoint from without its own number a secretary, who must be ex officio horticultural officer, and elect of its own number a treasurer, who must give a bond to the State, with sureties approved by the board, in the sum of ten thousand dollars, for the faithful discharge of his duties. Vacancies occurring in any office must be filled by appointment made by the president of the board with the consent of the executive committee, until the next meeting of the board.

Corresponds to section three as amended by the statute of 1889, p. 89, and section fifteen as added by the same statute.

Powers and duties of the board.

Sec. 2319c. The board may receive, manage, use, and hold donations and bequests for promoting the objects of its formation. It must meet semi-annually, and as much oftener, and at such places, as it may deem expedient, to consult and adopt such measures as may best promote the horticultural industries of the State. It may, but without expense to the State, select and appoint competent and qualified persons to lecture in each of the horticultural districts named in section twenty-three hundred and nineteen, for the purpose of illustrating practical horticultural topics and imparting instruction in the methods of culture, pruning, fertilizing, and also in the best methods of treating the diseases of fruit and fruit trees, cleansing orchards, and exterminating insect pests. The office of the board must be kept open to the public, subject to the rules of the board, every day, excepting legal holidays, and must be in charge of the secretary during the absence of the board.

Corresponds to section four of the original act.

Regulation for inspection and disinfection.

Sec. 2319d. For the purpose of preventing the spread of contagious diseases among fruit and fruit trees, and for the

prevention, treatment, cure, and extirpation of fruit pests and the diseases of fruit and fruit trees, and for the disinfection of grafts, scions, orchard débris, empty fruit boxes and packages, and other suspected material or transportable articles, dangerous to orchards, fruit, and fruit trees, said board must make regulations for the inspection and disinfection thereof, which regulations must be circulated in printed form by the board among the fruit-growers and fruit-dealers of the State, be published at least twenty days in two daily newspapers of general circulation in the State not of the same city or county, and posted in three conspicuous places in each county in the State, one of which must be at the county court-house thereof. Such regulations when so posted must be held to impart notice of their contents to all persons within this State, and are binding upon all persons.

Corresponds to section five of the original act.

Clerk of the publishing and quarantine bureau.

Sec. 2319e. Said board must appoint from without their number a competent person, especially qualified for the duties of his office, to be known as clerk of the publishing and quarantine bureau of the state board of horticulture, to hold office at the pleasure of the board, who must be qualified, by experience and education as a compiler, to correct reports and essays, and to present in a logical order all the information to be published. He must give his whole time to such work, and such other duties as may be required of him by the board and by reason of his official position, and has power to enforce all rules and regulations regarding the spread of insect pests, and quarantining districts or nurseries found to be infected. He must be paid for his services as clerk of the publishing and quarantine bureau of the state board of horticulture one hundred and seventy-five dollars per month, to be paid as other state officers.

Corresponds to section six as amended by the statute of 1889, p. 90.

Quarantine guardians and their deputies.

Sec. 2319f. The said board, and in case of necessity during the recess of the board, the said clerk of the publishing and quarantine bureau, may appoint such quarantine guardians as may be needed to carry out the provisions of this chapter, whose duties it must be to see that the regulations of the board, and the instructions of the clerk of the publishing and quarantine bureau, are enforced and carried out; said clerk may

appoint, in case of emergency, a deputy, who has the same power as his own, whose salary must not exceed three dollars per day for each day's services performed, said services to be paid for by the state board of horticulture. The said quarantine guardians must report to said clerk, or to the state board, all infractions or violations of said directions, regulations, and of the law in regard to quarantine, disinfection, and destruction of insect and other pests injurious to fruit, fruit trees, or vines, and precautions against the spreading of all the aforesaid named pests and diseases. The salary of quarantine guardian must not exceed three dollars per day, and must be paid by the owners of orchards and other places and localities under quarantine regulations; and they may maintain an action therefor before any justice of the peace in any township in which any quarantine locality is wholly or in part situated, but in no case must they have any claim upon the State for such services.

Corresponds to section seven as amended by the statute of 1889, p. 90.

Secretary and clerk.

Sec. 2319g. It is the duty of the secretary to attend all meetings of the board and of the executive committee, and to preserve records of its proceedings and correspondence; to collect books, pamphlets, and periodicals, and other documents containing information relating to horticulture, and to preserve the same; to collect statistics and other information showing the actual condition and progress of horticulture in this State and elsewhere; to correspond with agricultural and horticultural societies, colleges, schools of agriculture and horticulture, and other persons and bodies, as he may be directed by the board; and prepare, as required by the board, reports for publication. He must appoint, subject to the approval of the board, a competent person as clerk, and he must be held responsible for the acts of such clerk. He must be paid for his services as such secretary and ex officio horticultural officer a salary of one hundred and seventy-five dollars per month. His clerk must be paid a salary (as such clerk) of fifty dollars per month, each to be paid as other state officers.

Corresponds to section eight as amended by the statute of 1889, p. 90.

Reports of the board.

Sec. 2319h. The board must annually, in the month of January, report to the legislature a statement of its doings, with a copy of the treasurer's account for the year preceding,

and abstracts of the reports of the inspector of fruit pests and secretary.

Corresponds to section ten as amended 1885, p. 4, except that "biennially" is stricken out and "annually" inserted, to conform to section sixteen as added by the statute of 1889, p. 71.

Treasurer's duties.

Sec. 2319i. The treasurer must receive all moneys belonging to the board, and pay out the same only for bills approved by the chairman of the finance committee, and must annually render a detailed account to the board.

Corresponds to section eleven as amended by the statute of 1885, p. 4.

The executive committee. Expenses.

Sec. 2319j. The president (and in his absence the vice-president) and the two commissioners for the State at large, constitute the executive committee; said committee has charge of the management of the affairs of the board while the board is not in session. The members of such committee must receive their actual traveling expenses in attending quarterly meetings of the executive committee. The other members of the board must receive their actual traveling expenses (only) in attending semi-annual meetings of the board.

Corresponds to section fourteen as added by the statute of 1889, p. 91.

Reports of county boards.

Sec. 2319k. The county boards of horticulture must make quarterly reports in writing to the state board of the condition of fruit interests in their several districts, what is being done to eradicate insect pests, also as to disinfecting, and as to quarantine against new insects, and as to carrying out of all laws relative to the greatest good of the fruit interest. Said board must publish such reports in bulletin form, or may incorporate so much of the same in their annual reports as may be of general interest.

Corresponds to section seventeen as added by the statute of 1889, p. 91.

Experiments, and the expenses thereof.

Sec. 2319l. The board must determine the expenditures necessary to be made in experiments in the different districts. On application of one or more of the fruit-growers in any of such districts, it must select some person to make such experiments, and must pay the expenses thereof. The board may allow traveling expenses, not exceeding one thousand dollars

for any one year, when it or the executive committee deems it necessary to send either the clerk of the bureau or the secretary to direct and supervise such experiments.

Corresponds to section eighteen as added by the statute of 1889, p. 92.

§§ 2320-2320e. That a new chapter, numbered VIII, codifying the statute of 1897, p. 244, to consist of sections twenty-three hundred and twenty to twenty-three hundred and twenty e, be added, to read:

CHAPTER VIII.

BOARDS OF HORTICULTURAL COMMISSIONERS.

SEC. 2320. Appointment of board by supervisors.

2320a. Inspection of places infected by fruit pests, and proceedings to abate the nuisance created thereby.

2320b. Local districts and inspectors. Quarantine guardians.

2320c. Reports of county boards.

2320d. Salaries and expenses.

2320e. Records and reports of county boards.

Appointment of board by supervisors.

Sec. 2320. Whenever a petition is presented to the board of supervisors of any county, signed by twenty-five or more persons, each of whom is a resident freeholder and possessor of an orchard, stating that certain or all orchards, or nurseries, or trees of any variety, are infested with scale insects of any kind, injurious to fruit, fruit trees, and vines, codling-moth, or other insects that are destructive to trees, and praying that a commission be appointed by them, whose duty it must be to supervise the destruction of said scale insects as herein provided, the board of supervisors must, within twenty days thereafter, appoint a board of horticultural commissioners, consisting of three members, who must be qualified for the duties of horticultural commissioner. Upon the petition of twenty-five resident freeholders and possessors of an orchard, the board of supervisors may remove any of said commissioners for cause, after a hearing of the petition.

Corresponds to section one of the act.

Inspection of places infected by fruit pests, and proceedings to abate the nuisance created thereby.

Sec. 2320a. It is the duty of the county board of horticultural commissioners in each county, whenever it deems it necessary, to cause an inspection to be made of any orchard or nursery, or trees, plants, vegetables, vines, or fruits, or any fruit-packing

house, storeroom, salesroom, or any other place or articles in their jurisdiction, and if found infested with scale insects, or codling-moth, or other pests injurious to fruit, plants, vegetables, trees, or vines, or with their eggs or larvæ, they must notify the owner or owners, or person or persons in charge or in possession of the said places, or orchards or nurseries, or trees, plants, vegetables, vines, or fruits, or articles as aforesaid, that the same are infested with said insects or other pests, or any of them, or their eggs or larvæ, and they must require such person or persons to eradicate or destroy the said insects, or other pests, or their eggs or larvæ, within a certain time to be specified. Such notices may be served upon the person or persons, or either of them, owning or having charge, or having possession of such infested place or orchard, or nursery, or trees, plants, vegetables, vines, or fruits, or articles as aforesaid, by any commissioner, or by any person deputed by the said commissioners for that purpose, or they may be served in the same manner as a summons in a civil action. Any and all such places or orchards, or nurseries, or trees, plants, shrubs, vegetables, vines, fruits, or articles thus infested, are hereby adjudged and declared to be a public nuisance; and whenever any such nuisance exists at any place within their jurisdiction, or on the property of any non-resident, or on any property the owner or owners of which cannot be found by the county board of horticultural commissioners, after diligent search, within the county, or on the property of any owner or owners upon which notice aforesaid has been served, and who refuse or neglect to abate the same within the time specified, it is the duty of the county board of horticultural commissioners to cause such nuisance to be at once abated, by eradicating or destroying said insects, or other pests, or their eggs or larvæ. The expense thereof is a county charge, and the board of supervisors must allow and pay the same out of the general fund of the county. Any sum so paid becomes a lien on the property and premises from which said nuisance has been removed or abated in pursuance of this chapter, and may be recovered by an action against such property and premises. A notice of such lien must be filed and recorded in the office of the county recorder of the county in which the said property and premises are situated, within thirty days after the right to the said lien has accrued. An action to foreclose such lien must be commenced within ninety days after the filing and recording of such notice of lien, which action must be brought in the proper court by the district attorney of the county, in the name and for the benefit

of the county making such payment or payments, and when the property is sold, enough of the proceeds must be paid into the county treasury of such county to satisfy the lien and costs; and the overplus, if any there be, must be paid to the owner of the property, if he is known, and if not, into the court for his use when ascertained. The county board of horticultural commissioners is hereby vested with power to cause any and all such nuisances to be at once abated in a summary manner.

Corresponds to section two of the act.

Local districts and inspectors. Quarantine guardians.

Sec. 2320b. Said county boards of horticultural commissioners have power to divide the county into districts, and to appoint a local inspector, to hold office at the pleasure of the commissioners, for each of said districts. The state board of horticulture may issue commissions as quarantine guardians to the members of said county board of horticultural commissioners and to the local inspectors thereof. The said quarantine guardians, local inspectors, or members of said county boards of horticultural commissioners, have full authority to enter into any orchard, nursery, place or places where trees or plants are kept and offered for sale or otherwise, or any house, storeroom, salesroom, depot, or any other such place in their jurisdiction, to inspect the same, or any part thereof.

Corresponds to section three of the act.

Reports of county boards.

Sec. 2320c. It is the duty of said county board of horticultural commissioners to keep a record of its official doings, and to make a report to the state board of horticulture, on or before the first day of October of each year, of the condition of the fruit interests in their several districts, what is being done to eradicate insect pests, also as to disinfecting, and as to quarantine against insect pests and diseases, and as to carrying out all laws relative to the greatest good of the fruit interest. Such board may publish such reports in bulletin form, or may incorporate so much of the same in its annual reports as may be of general interest.

Corresponds to section four of the act.

Salaries and expenses.

Sec. 2320d. The salary of all inspectors working under the county board of horticultural commissioners is two dollars and fifty cents per day. In the case of the commissioners them-

selves, their compensation is four dollars per day, when actually engaged in the performance of their duties, and itemized necessary traveling expenses incurred in the discharge of their regular duties as prescribed in this chapter.

Corresponds to section five of the act.

Records and reports of county boards.

Sec. 2320*e*. It is the duty of the county board of horticultural commissioners to keep a record of its official doings, and make a monthly report to the board of supervisors; and the board of supervisors may withhold warrants for salaries of said members and inspectors thereof until such time as such report is made.

Corresponds to section six of the act.

§§ 2321–2323*i*. That a new chapter, numbered V, codifying the statutes of 1889, pp. 228, 404; 1893, p. 54; 1897, pp. 99, 213; 1901, pp. 82, 515, to consist of sections twenty-three hundred and twenty-one to twenty-three hundred and twenty-three *i*, be added, to read:

CHAPTER V.

STATE PRISONS.

- SEC. 2321. Number and organization of prisons.
- 2321*a*. Directors and their appointment and qualification.
 - 2321*b*. The president and his duties.
 - 2321*c*. Quorum.
 - 2321*d*. Duties of the directors.
 - 2321*e*. Powers of the directors.
 - 2321*f*. Qualification of wardens.
 - 2321*g*. Duties of warden.
 - 2321*h*. Salary of wardens.
 - 2321*i*. Clerks and their official oaths and bonds.
 - 2321*j*. Duties of clerks.
 - 2321*k*. Prohibitions against certain appointments.
 - 2321*l*. Removal of wardens, clerks, and other officers and employés.
 - 2321*m*. Salaries and compensation.
 - 2321*n*. Gifts to and from convicts and other dealings with them prohibited.
 - 2321*o*. Bonds of officers and employés, where to be deposited.
 - 2321*p*. Contracts for supplies.
 - 2321*q*. Moneys, how to be drawn, and when to be reported.
 - 2321*r*. Reports to controller of moneys paid to treasurer of state.
 - 2321*s*. Employment of convicts.
 - 2321*t*. Treatment of prisoners.
 - 2321*u*. Labor of prisoners. Credits of prisoners, and forfeitures thereof.
 - 2321*v*. United States criminals.
 - 2321*w*. Revocation of paroles and rearrest of prisoners.
 - 2321*x*. Annual reports.

- SEC. 2322. Revolving fund for purchase of jute and hemp.
 2322a. Price and sale of jute and hemp goods.
 2322b. Demands and orders for jute and hemp goods.
 2322c. Affidavits to orders for jute and hemp goods.
 2323. Rock or stone crushing plant and powers of the board relating thereto.
 2323a. Rock or stone crushing plant, how to be operated.
 2323b. Sale of crushed rock.
 2323c. Ascertaining cost of crushed rock.
 2323d. Leasing of railway cars for handling crushed rock.
 2323e. Crushed rock permanent revolving fund.
 2323f. Surplus in crushed rock revolving fund.
 2323g. Clerk's duties respecting the rock crushing plant.
 2323h. Drawing of moneys for rock crushing plant.
 2321i. Rebuilding or repairing rock crushing plant.

Number and organization of prisons.

Sec. 2321. There are in this State two state prisons, one of which must be known as the State Prison at San Quentin, and the other as the State Prison at Folsom. All the offices and accounts of the two prisons must be kept separate and apart from each other, and each prison must have a similar official staff and be similarly organized.

Corresponds to section one of the original act.

Directors and their appointment and qualification.

Sec. 2321a. The state prisons are under the management of five directors, who are appointed by the governor as vacancies occur in the board, by and under the advice of the senate, and each holds his office for the term of ten years from and after his appointment, and until his successor is appointed and qualifies. In case of the death or resignation of a director, his successor must be appointed by the governor, by and with the advice of the senate, to fill the unexpired term. Each director must, within ten days after receiving written notice of his appointment, subscribe an oath of office, which must be filed with the secretary of state.

Corresponds to section two of the original act.

The president and his duties.

Sec. 2321b. The board must annually elect one of its number president. He must preside at the meetings of the board, and perform such other duties as may, from time to time, be prescribed by the rules and regulations for the government of the board.

Corresponds to section three of the original act.

Quorum.

Sec. 2321c. Three members of the board constitute a quorum for the transaction of all business, but no order is valid unless three or more members concur therein.

Corresponds to section four of the original act.

Duties of the directors.

Sec. 2321d. The duties of the directors are:

1. To determine the necessary officers and employés of the prisons other than those of wardens and clerks, and specify their duties and fix their salaries;

2. To prescribe rules and regulations, not inconsistent with the constitution and laws of the State, for the government of the prisons, and to revise and change the same from time to time as circumstances may require;

3. To board and lodge the officers and employés, or allow them a money commutation in lieu thereof;

4. To, by at least three of their number, visit the prisons once in each month, and oftener, if necessary, at such times as they may select;

5. To audit all claims for supplies, services, and expenses of officers and employés, and all other demands against the prisons;

6. To enter, or cause to be entered, on their journal, by the clerks, all official acts, and to sign such journal entries by at least three of their members;

7. To report to the governor; on or before the first day of December of each year, the condition of the prisons, together with a detailed statement of receipts and expenditures, and such suggestions concerning the prisoners as appear to be necessary and expedient, and also the names of any and all persons confined in such prisons who, in their judgment, ought to be pardoned and set at liberty on account of good conduct, unusual term of sentence, or any other cause which, in their opinion, entitles the prisoner to pardon;

8. To appoint a warden and clerk for each prison, to hold office for four years after their respective appointments.

This section unites sections five and twenty-nine, and also includes those parts of sections six and eight authorizing the directors to appoint a clerk and warden. It omits the provision of section five that the warden may make temporary rules in cases of emergency, because that provision should be placed in the section treating of the powers of wardens. It also omits the provision authorizing the maintenance of an office in San Francisco, and the employment of a secretary therefor, on the ground that such provision has been found unnecessary.

Powers of the directors.

Sec. 2321e. The board of directors has power:

1. To contract for a supply of gas and water for the prisons, upon such terms as the board deems for the best interests of the State, or, at its option, to manufacture gas or furnish water;
2. To erect and construct electrical apparatus or other illuminating works in its discretion, with or without contract therefor, on such terms as it deems just;
3. To erect any building or other structure deemed necessary by it, or to alter or improve the same, and to pay therefor from the funds appropriated for the use and support of the prisons, or from the earnings thereof, without advertising or contracting therefor; and no building or structure, the cost of which will exceed five thousand dollars, must be erected or constructed without first obtaining the consent of the governor, secretary, and treasurer of state, or a majority thereof;
4. To give, for meritorious service, to any convict discharged or about to be discharged, a sum, in addition to that already allowed, not to exceed ten dollars;
5. When any of the shops or buildings in which convicts are employed is destroyed in any way, or injured by fire or otherwise, to rebuild or repair the same immediately, by and with the advice or consent of the governor, the attorney-general, and the secretary of state, the expense thereof to be paid out of any funds in the state treasury not otherwise appropriated;
6. To establish rules and regulations under which any prisoner who has not previously been convicted of a felony and served a term in a penal institution, and who has served one calendar year of the term for which he was sentenced, may be allowed to go upon parole outside of the buildings and inclosures, but to remain, while on parole, in legal custody and under the control of the board of directors and subject at any time to be taken back within the inclosure of the prison; and also to make and enforce such rules and regulations and retake and imprison any convict so upon parole, and a written order certified by the president of the board is a sufficient warrant for all officers named therein to take and return to actual custody any conditionally released or paroled prisoner; but no prisoner imprisoned under a sentence for life must be paroled until he has served at least seven calendar years. It is the duty of all chiefs of police, marshals of cities and villages, sheriffs of counties, and all police, prison, and peace officers

and constables, to execute any such order in like manner as ordinary criminal process.

Consists of the first sentence of section one of the act of 1901, p. 82, and unites sections twenty-two and twenty-eight of the original act.

Qualification of wardens.

Sec. 2321*f*. Each warden appointed by the board must, before entering upon the discharge of his duties, take and subscribe an oath or affirmation that he will faithfully discharge the duties of his office as prescribed by law and the rules and regulations of the board of directors, and give a bond to the State in the sum of twenty-five thousand dollars, with two or more sufficient sureties, to be approved by the board of directors and by the attorney-general, conditioned for the faithful performance of such duties.

Corresponds to section six of the original act, except that it omits a specification of the term of office, that having been provided for in subdivision eight of section twenty-three hundred and twenty-one *d*.

Duties of warden.

Sec. 2321*g*. The duties of each warden are:

1. To reside at the state prison to which he is assigned, in such house provided and furnished at the expense of the State, as may be ordered by the board of directors;

2. To fill all subordinate positions created by the order of the board of directors by the appointment of suitable persons thereto;

3. Under the order and direction and in the name of the board, to prosecute all suits necessary to protect the rights of the State in matters or property connected with the prisons or their management;

4. To supervise the government, discipline, and police of the prison, and enforce all orders and regulations of the board in respect thereto;

5. To keep a registry of convicts, in which must be entered the name of each convict, the crime of which he is convicted, the period of his sentence, from what county and by what court sentenced, his nativity, to what degree educated, at what institution and by what system, an accurate description of his person, and whether he has been previously confined in a state prison of this or any other State, and if so, when and how discharged.

6. To report to the governor, before the twentieth of each month, the names of all prisoners whose terms are about to

expire, giving in such report the terms of their sentences, the date of imprisonment, the amount of total credits to the date of such report, and the date when their sentences will expire by limitation of service;

7. To make temporary rules in a case of emergency, to remain in force until the next meeting of the board;

8. To receive and receipt for all revenues of the prison, unless in this chapter otherwise provided, and to cause the moneys so received to be properly entered on the books by the clerks;

9. To keep a correct account of all moneys and valuables upon each prisoner when delivered at the prison, and to pay the amount, or the proceeds thereof, and return the same to him when discharged, or to his legal representative in case of his death, and in the event of the death of such convict without being released and of no legal representative demanding such property within five years, then to pay the same to the state prison fund;

10. To pay all moneys received or collected by him into the state treasury, to the credit of a fund to be known as the state prison fund, at least as often as once each month, except so much thereof as may be necessary to pay the expenses and money allowed discharged prisoners and the current expenses of maintaining and operating the prisons and the expenses of their officers and employés, and to require vouchers for all moneys by him expended, and safely keep the same on file in his office in the prison;

11. Within thirty days prior to the expiration of the sentence of any convict who has served a prior term in the state prison or house of correction, to forward to each sheriff and chief of police of the State a photograph of such convict, together with a minute description of his person and marks of identification, and a statement of the nature of the crime for which he is imprisoned;

12. To perform such other duties as may be prescribed by the board.

Consolidates present sections six and sixteen and subdivision three of section nineteen, and the provision respecting temporary rules, and section five of the original act, and the statute of 1897, p. 213, chap. 98.

Salary of wardens.

Sec. 2321h. The salary of each warden may be fixed, at the discretion of the board of directors, at not less than twenty-

- four hundred dollars nor more than three thousand dollars per annum.

Corresponds to section nine of the original act.

Clerks and their official oaths and bonds.

Sec. 2321i. Each clerk appointed by the board must take an oath of office and enter into a bond to the State with sureties, to be approved by the board, in the sum of ten thousand dollars, conditioned that he will faithfully discharge the duties required of him.

Corresponds to section eight of the original act, omitting the term of office, that having been provided for in subdivision eight of section twenty-three hundred and twenty-one d.

Duties of clerks.

Sec. 2321j. Each clerk must keep the accounts of the prison to which he is appointed, in such manner as to exhibit clearly all its financial transactions, and perform such other duties as may, from time to time, be required of him by the board.

Corresponds to section nine of the original act.

Prohibitions against certain appointments.

Sec. 2321k. No person must be appointed to any office by the wardens or be employed in the prisons, in behalf of the State, who is a contractor or agent, or who is interested directly or indirectly in any business carried on therein; nor must any officer or employé of the prison be interested, directly or indirectly, in any contract or purchase made, or authorized to be made, by any one for or on behalf of the prisons. No male person who is not a qualified elector of the State must be appointed by the wardens to any office in or about the prisons, nor must any one be appointed or employed who is in the habit of the intemperate use of liquors or other intoxicants, and a single act of such use justifies his discharge or removal, and it is the duty of the warden to discharge him.

Consolidates sections ten and twenty-five, and inserts the additional words "or other intoxicants," because it is now well known that intoxicants are by no means restricted to liquors.

Removal of wardens, clerks, and other officers and employés.

Sec. 2321l. Wardens and clerks may be removed by the board at any time for misconduct, incompetency, or neglect of duty. All other officers are employed and removable at the pleasure of the wardens.

Corresponds to section eleven of the original act.

Salaries and compensation.

Sec. 2321*m*. The salaries or compensation of all officers and employés not herein otherwise provided for must be fixed by the board as it deems just and equitable in each case, but the salary of no clerk must exceed eighteen hundred dollars per annum. No officer or employé must receive, directly or indirectly, any compensation for his services other than that prescribed by the board, nor must he receive any compensation whatever, directly or indirectly, for any act or service which he may do or perform for or on behalf of any contractor or agent, or employé of either. For any violation of the provisions of this section the officer, agent, or employé must be discharged from his office or service, and every contractor, employé or agent of a contractor employed therein must be expelled from the prison grounds and not again permitted within the same as contractor, agent, or employé.

Consists of and consolidates sections thirteen and twenty-three of the original act.

Gifts to and from convicts, and other dealings with them, prohibited.

Sec. 2321*n*. No officer or employé of the State, or contractor or employé of a contractor, must, without permission of the board, make any gift or present to a convict, or receive such from a convict, or have any barter or dealings with a prisoner. For every violation of the provisions of this section the party guilty thereof incurs the penalty prescribed in section twenty-three hundred and twenty-one *m*.

Corresponds to section twenty-four of the original act.

Bonds of officers and employés, where to be deposited.

Sec. 2321*o*. All the bonds of officers and employés of the prison must be deposited with the secretary of state.

Corresponds to section twenty-seven of the original act.

Contracts for supplies.

Sec. 2321*p*. The board of directors is required to contract for provisions, clothing, medicines, forage, fuel, and all other staple supplies needed for the support of the prisons for any period of time, not exceeding one year, and such contracts must be limited to bona fide dealers in the several classes of articles contracted for. Contracts for such articles as the board may desire to contract for must be given to the lowest bidder at a public letting thereof, if the price bid is a fair and reasonable

one, and not greater than the usual market value and prices. Each bid must be accompanied by such security as the board may require, conditioned upon the bidder entering into a contract upon the terms of his bid, on notice of the acceptance thereof, and furnishing a penal bond with good and sufficient sureties in such sum as the board may require, and to its satisfaction that he will faithfully perform his contract. If the proper officer of the prison rejects any article as not complying with the contract, or if a bidder fails to furnish the articles awarded to him when required, the proper officer of the prison may buy other articles of the kind rejected or called for in the open market, and deduct the price thereof over the contract price from the amount due to the bidder, or charge the same up against him. Notice of the time, place, and conditions of the letting of contracts must be given for at least two consecutive weeks in two newspapers printed and published in the city and county of San Francisco, and in one newspaper printed and published in the city of Sacramento, and in the county where the prison to be supplied is situated. If all the bids made at such letting are deemed unreasonably high, the board may, in its discretion, decline to contract, and may again advertise for such time and in such papers as it sees proper for proposals, and may so continue to renew the advertisement until satisfactory contracts are made; and in the meantime the board may contract with any one whose offer is regarded as just and equitable, or may purchase in the open market. No bid must be accepted, nor a contract entered into in pursuance thereof, when such bid is higher than any other bid at the same letting for the same class or schedule of articles, quality considered, and when a contract can be had at such lower bid. When two or more bids for the same article or articles are equal in amount, the board may select the one which, all things considered, may by it be thought best for the interests of the State, or it may divide the contract between the bidders as in its judgment may seem proper and right. The board has power to let a contract in the aggregate, or it may segregate the items, and enter into a contract with the bidder or bidders who may bid lowest on the several articles. The board has the power to reject the bid of any person who had a prior contract, and who had not, in the opinion of the board, faithfully complied therewith.

Corresponds to section fourteen of the original act.

Moneys, how to be drawn and when to be reported.

Sec. 2321*q*. For all sums of money required to be paid, other than for the uses named in subdivision ten of section twenty-three hundred and twenty-one *g*, as well as for such use when there is not sufficient money in the hands of the warden, drafts must be drawn on the controller of state, signed by at least three of the directors, and the controller must draw his warrant on the state treasurer, who must pay the same out of any moneys belonging to the state prison fund or appropriated for the use or support of the state prisons. The amount of all moneys retained by the wardens and the aggregate amount paid out must be reported quarterly to the controller, and the proper entry made on the controller's books.

Consists of section fifteen of the original act, omitting the first two sentences, which have been made subdivision ten of section twenty-three hundred and twenty-one *g*.

Reports to controller of moneys paid to treasurer of state.

Sec. 2321*r*. On payment of any moneys into the state treasury, as provided in this chapter, the wardens and state treasurer must report to the controller of state the amount so paid, and the state treasurer must give the wardens a receipt therefor, which receipt must be filed with the controller. The wardens must report to the controller the amount of money paid into said treasury by them during each month, and must also report to said controller the amounts received and disbursed by them every three months, and during the period for which such report must be made, which quarterly report must be signed by the warden and at least three of the directors.

Corresponds to section seventeen of the original act.

Employment of convicts.

Sec. 2321*s*. All convicts may be employed by authority of the board of directors, under charge of the wardens respectively and such skilled foremen as each may deem necessary, in the performance of work for the State, or in the manufacture of any article or articles for the State, or the manufacture of which is sanctioned by law. At San Quentin, no articles must be manufactured for sale except jute and hemp fabrics. At Folsom, after the completion of the dam and canal, the board may commence the erection of structures for jute manufacturing purposes. The board of directors is hereby authorized to purchase, from time to time, such tools, machinery, and materials, and to direct the employment of such skilled foremen, as may

be necessary to carry out the provisions of this section, and to dispose of the articles manufactured and not needed by the State, for cash, at private sale, in the manner provided by law.

Consists of section eighteen of the original act.

Treatment of prisoners.

Sec. 2321*t*. In the treatment of the prisoners the following general rules must be observed:

First—Each convict must be provided with a bed of straw or other suitable material, and sufficient covering of blankets, and must be supplied with garments of coarse, substantial material, of distinctive manufacture, and with sufficient plain and wholesome food of such variety as may be most conducive to good health;

Second—No punishment must be inflicted, except by the order and under the direction of the wardens;

Third—The rules and regulations prescribing the duties and obligations of the prisoners must be printed and hung up in each cell and shop;

Fourth—Each convict, when he leaves the prison, must be supplied with the money taken from him when he entered, and which he has not disposed of, together with any sum which may have been earned by him for his own account, allowed to him by the State for good conduct or diligent labor, or may have been presented to him from any source; and in case the prisoner has not funds sufficient for present purposes, he must be furnished with five dollars in money, a suit of clothes, costing not more than ten dollars, and transportation by the cheapest route to the place where sentenced from, if the prisoner desires to return there, or to any other place of the same cost; and he is entitled, if he so elects, to immunity from having his hair cut, or from being shaved, for three calendar months immediately prior to his discharge. It is not lawful for the officers of the prison to furnish or permit to be furnished, to any one, for publication, the name of any prisoner about to be discharged.

When the warden and such other officers as may be designated by the directors to act with him in such cases are of opinion that any convict is insane, they must make proper examination, and if they remain of the opinion that he is insane, the warden must certify the fact to the superintendent of one of the state hospitals for the insane, and forthwith send such convict to said hospital for care and treatment. If, at the expiration of the term of sentence, the insane convict is still

in such hospital, he must be allowed to remain there until discharged cured. The warden must send to the directors a copy of such certificate, and thereafter a statement as to his subsequent acts regarding such insane convict. The superintendent of the state hospital must receive the insane convict and keep him until cured, and notify the directors of such receipt, giving name, date, and where from, and from whose hands received. When, in the opinion of the superintendent, such insane convict is cured of insanity, he must immediately notify the directors thereof, and notify the warden of the prison whence he was received, who must immediately send for, take, and receive the said convict back into the prison, the time passed at the hospital counting as a part of such convict's sentence. Before discharging any convict who may be insane at the time of the expiration of his sentence, the warden must first give notice, in writing, to a judge of the superior court of the county in which the state prison is located, over which he has control, of the fact of such insanity; whereupon said court must forthwith make an order, and deliver the same to the sheriff of said county, commanding him to remove such insane convict and take him before said court. Upon the receipt of such order, it is the duty of said sheriff to execute, and return the same forthwith to the court by whom it was issued, and thereupon that court must cause proceedings to be had as prescribed in sections twenty-one hundred and sixty-nine to twenty-one hundred and seventy-two of this code, and if it satisfactorily appears that such convict is insane, said court must order him to be confined in one of the state hospitals for the insane. The sheriff must receive the same compensation as for transferring a prisoner to the state prison, to be paid in the same manner. If any judge, after having been notified by the warden, neglects to cause such order to be made, as herein provided, or any such sheriff neglects to remove such insane convict, as required by the provisions of this section, the warden must cause such insane convict to be removed before a superior court of a county in which the state prison is located, in charge of an officer of the prison, or other suitable person, for the purpose of examination; and the cost of such removal must be paid out of the state treasury, in the same manner as when removed by the sheriff, as herein provided.

Consists of section nineteen, omitting subdivision three thereof, which has been made subdivision nine of section twenty-three hundred and twenty-one §.

Labor of prisoners. Credits of prisoners, and forfeitures thereof.

Sec. 2321u. The state board must require of every able-bodied convict confined in a state prison as many hours of faithful labor in each and every day during his term of imprisonment as shall be prescribed by the rules and regulations of the prison. Every convict who has no infraction of the rules and regulations of the prison or laws of the State, recorded against him, and who performs in a faithful, orderly, and peaceable manner the duties assigned to him, must be allowed from his term, instead and in lieu of the credits heretofore allowed by law, a deduction of two months in each of the first two years, four months in each of the next two years, and five months in each of the remaining years of said term, and pro rata for any part of a year, where the sentence is for more or less than a year. The mode of reckoning credits must be as shown in the following table:

Credits.

No. of Years of Sentence.	Good Time Granted.	Total Good Time Made.	Time to be Served, if Full Time is Made.
First year	2 months.	2 months.	10 months.
Second year	2 months.	4 months.	1 year and 8 months.
Third year	4 months.	8 months.	2 years and 4 months.
Fourth year	4 months.	1 year.	3 years.
Fifth year	5 months.	1 year and 5 months.	3 years and 7 months.
Sixth year	5 months.	1 year and 10 months.	4 years and 2 months.
Seventh year	5 months.	2 years and 3 months.	4 years and 9 months.
Eighth year	5 months.	2 years and 8 months.	5 years and 4 months.
Ninth year	5 months.	3 years and 1 month.	5 years and 11 months.
Tenth year	5 months.	3 years and 6 months.	6 years and 5 months.

And so on through as many years as may be the term of the sentence. Each convict is entitled to these deductions, unless the board of directors finds that for misconduct or other cause he should not receive them. But if any convict commits any assault upon his keeper, or any foreman, officer, convict, or person, or otherwise endangers life, or is guilty of any flagrant disregard of the rules of the prison, or commits any misdemeanor, or in any manner violates any of the rules and regulations of the prison, he forfeits all deductions of time earned by him for good conduct before the commission of such offense, or that, under this section, he may earn in the future, or forfeits such part of such deductions as to the board may seem just; such forfeiture, however, must be made only by the board after due proof of the offense and notice to the offender; nor must any forfeiture be imposed when a party has violated any rule or rules without violence or evil intent, of which the

directors are the sole judges. The board has power to restore credits forfeited, for such reasons as by it seems proper.

Corresponds to section twenty of the original act.

United States criminals.

Sec. 2321*v*. All criminals sentenced to the state prisons by the authority of the United States must be received and kept according to the sentence of the court by which they were tried, and the prisoners so confined are subject in all respects to discipline and treatment as though committed under the laws of this State. The wardens are hereby authorized to charge and receive from the United States, for the use of the State, an amount sufficient for the support of each prisoner, the cost of all clothing that may be furnished, and one dollar per month for the use of the prisoner. No other or further charge must be made by any officer for or on account of such prisoners.

Corresponds to section twenty-one of the original act.

Revocation of paroles and re-arrest of prisoners.

Sec. 2321*w*. The governor of the State has the power to cancel and revoke the parole of any prisoner, and his written order is sufficient to authorize any of the officers named therein to retake and return a prisoner to the state prison, and such an order has the same effect and must be executed in like manner as the order of the state board of prison directors. If any paroled prisoner leaves the State without the permission of the board, he must be deemed an escaped prisoner, and arrested as such.

Consists of the last clause of the act of 1901, p. 82.

Annual reports.

Sec. 2321*x*. There must be printed annually, for the use of the prisons, five hundred copies of the annual report of the board of directors, and the clerk must transmit one copy thereof annually to each of the state prisons in the United States.

Corresponds to section twenty-six of the original act.

Revolving fund for purchase of jute and hemp.

Sec. 2322. The board must maintain a permanent revolving fund for the purchase and manufacture of jute and California-grown hemp for the state prisons by using such fund exclusively for such manufacture and purchase, and by paying into the fund the moneys received from the sale of any goods manufactured from jute or hemp, so that the fund shall

always contain one hundred thousand dollars before any of the proceeds from sale of the manufactured goods are used for any purpose other than the purchase of such jute and hemp.

Codifies the statutes of 1889, p. 228, chap. 200; 1893, p. 54, chap. 42, and 1901, p. 515, chap. 160.

Price and sale of jute and hemp goods.

Sec. 2322a. The board must, from time to time, fix the price and give public notice thereof at which the jute and hemp goods will be sold by the State, and such price must not be more than one cent per bag in excess of the net cost of producing the same, exclusive of prison labor. The state prison authorities must confine the sale of jute and hemp goods to consumers direct, and no order must be filled for any one individual or firm, during any one year, for more than five thousand grain bags, except on request of the warden, and the unanimous approval of the board.

Consolidates section one of the act of 1893, p. 54, and section one of the act of 1901, p. 515.

Demands and orders for jute and hemp goods.

Sec. 2322b. Demands by consumers for jute or hemp goods must be promptly filled in the order in which they are made. When the supply is short, the demands must be registered at the prison in the order of their arrival and filled from the output of the mill in the order of registration; but on or after the fifteenth day of June of each year, the warden may, by and with the consent of a majority of the board of directors, fill orders for larger quantities to actual consumers as they may in their judgment deem expedient. Orders of farmers must be given precedence over all others. Ten per cent of the purchase price must accompany each order, and the remaining portion paid upon the delivery of the goods.

Corresponds to section two of the statute of 1893, p. 54, chap. 42, including hemp, as provided by the statute of 1901, p. 515.

Affidavits to orders for jute or hemp goods.

Sec. 2322c. All orders for jute or hemp goods must be accompanied by an affidavit, subscribed and sworn to before some notary public or justice of the peace residing in the township in which the applicant resides, setting forth that the amount of goods contained in the order is for the individual and personal use of the applicant. Any applicant who falsely or fraud-

ulently procures jute or hemp goods under the provisions of this chapter is guilty of a misdemeanor.

Corresponds to section three of the statute of 1893, p. 54, including hemp, as provided by the statute of 1901, p. 515.

Rock or stone crushing plant, and powers of the board relating thereto.

Sec. 2323. The board must regulate, govern, and have full control of the rock or stone crushing plant established at the prison at Folsom, the product thereof, the revenues derived therefrom, and all moneys appropriated therefor, and it is authorized to perform such other acts and duties as may be necessary to carry out the full intent and meaning of this chapter.

Consolidates sections one and twelve of the statute of 1897, p. 99, chap. 97.

Rock or stone crushing plant, how to be operated.

Sec. 2323a. The rock or stone crushing plant must be operated by convict labor and by the application of the mechanical or water power belonging to the state prison at Folsom, together with such free labor as the board deems necessary for superintending, directing, and guarding the convicts employed thereon.

Corresponds to section two of the statute of 1897, p. 99.

Sale of crushed rock.

Sec. 2323b. The board is authorized to sell or otherwise dispose of the crushed-rock product of said plant, but in all cases must give preference to orders received from bureaus of highways for crushed rock for road material for highway purposes. The sale price for all crushed rock sold for road purposes must be the cost of production, with ten per cent added, delivered on board cars or other vehicles of transportation at the rock-crushing plant, but no rock must be sold for highway or other purposes for less than thirty cents per ton.

Consolidates sections three and four of the act of 1897, p. 99, substituting the word "material" for "metal" in two places.

Ascertaining cost of crushed rock.

Sec. 2323c. The cost of production provided for in the preceding section must be ascertained by estimating the cost of explosives, oil, fuel, tools, repairs, free labor, supplementary

machinery, the preparation and maintenance of beds, boxes, crates or other unloading devices for carriage to and delivery from cars of said crushed rock, the leasing of railroad cars, and the cost of such other materials, supplies, and expenses as may be required and used in producing each ton of crushed rock ready for sale and delivery.

Corresponds to section five of the act of 1897, p. 99.

Leasing of railway cars for handling crushed rock.

Sec. 2323d. The board is authorized to lease railroad cars with equipments suitable for the rapid and economical handling of crushed rock, whenever, in its judgment, the interest of the people of the State will be conserved thereby in the matter of highway construction by the use of such crushed rock.

Corresponds to section six of the act of 1897, p. 99, omitting the last sentence respecting the cost of leasing, that being already provided for in the preceding section.

Crushed rock permanent revolving fund.

Sec. 2323e. The amount of five thousand dollars hereinbefore appropriated is set apart to provide and maintain a permanent revolving fund for the purpose of operating and maintaining the rock-crushing plant at Folsom. The money taken from such fund must be used exclusively for operating and maintaining such rock-crushing plant. So much of the money received from the sale of crushed rock as is necessary to that end must be returned to such revolving fund as needed to keep the same constantly at such figure of five thousand dollars.

Corresponds to section seven of the act of 1897, p. 99.

Surplus in crushed rock revolving fund.

Sec. 2323f. Whenever there is in the revolving fund a surplus or balance over the amount of five thousand dollars, it must be paid, not less frequently than semi-annually, into the state treasury, to the credit of the fund known as the "State Prison Fund of Folsom Prison," for the use and support of such prison.

Corresponds to section eight of the act of 1897, p. 99.

Clerk's duties respecting the rock-crushing plant.

Sec. 2323g. The clerk of the state prison at Folsom must keep such records, books, and accounts as may be necessary

to at all times clearly exhibit the financial, business, and other transactions of the rock-crushing plant. Such records, books, and accounts must be kept separate and distinct from those relating to other prison affairs.

Corresponds to section nine of the act of 1897, p. 99.

Drawing of moneys for rock-crushing plant.

Sec. 2323*h*. For all sums of money required to be paid for and respecting such rock-crushing plants drafts must be drawn on the controller of state, signed by at least three members of the board of directors. Such drafts must be sent to the state board of examiners, to be by them approved, and after approval by them the controller of state must draw his warrant in behalf of the board of prison directors, on the state treasurer, who must pay the same on presentation. The state board of examiners must not approve any of such drafts until it is presented with an itemized statement showing specifically the services rendered, by whom performed, time employed, distances traveled, and necessary expenses thereof; if for articles purchased, the statement must give the name of each article, together with the price paid therefor, of whom purchased, and date of purchase.

Corresponds to section ten of the act of 1897, p. 99.

Rebuilding or repairing rock-crushing plant.

Sec. 2323*i*. If any of the buildings, machinery, or structures appertaining to or comprising the rock-crushing plant is destroyed in any way, or injured by fire or otherwise, it may be rebuilt or repaired immediately under the direction of the board, by and with the consent of the governor, the attorney-general, and the secretary of state, and the expense thereof, not to exceed the sum of ten thousand dollars, must be paid out of any funds in the state treasury not otherwise appropriated by law; and the provisions of no other act shall apply to, or govern, or limit this section or any of the powers or duties herein conferred.

Corresponds to section eleven of the act of 1897, p. 99.

§§ 2325–2325*r*. That a new chapter, numbered VI, codifying the statute of 1889, p. 100, to consist of sections twenty-three hundred and twenty-five to twenty-three hundred and twenty-five *r*, be added, to read:

CHAPTER VI.

PRESTON SCHOOL OF INDUSTRY.

- Sec. 2325. Location and control of.
 2325*a*. Duties of trustees.
 2325*b*. Exception of trustees from operation of other statutes.
 2325*c*. Compensation, expenses, prohibition.
 2325*d*. Salaries of officers and employés.
 2325*e*. Superintendent, military inspector, secretary.
 2325*f*. The superintendent—his appointees and duties.
 2325*g*. Manner of conducting the school.
 2325*h*. Instruction.
 2325*i*. Commitments, expenses of maintenance.
 2325*j*. Transfer from state prison.
 2325*k*. Duties of clerks of the superior courts.
 2325*l*. Dismissals.
 2325*m*. Conditional dismissals.
 2325*n*. Return of incorrigible boys for sentence.
 2325*o*. Aiding escape.
 2325*p*. Contracts for supplies.
 2325*q*. Warrants for expenditures.
 2325*r*. Fees for commitments.

Location and control of.

Sec. 2325. The Preston School of Industry is located near Ione, in the county of Amador, and is under the government of a board of trustees, consisting of three members appointed by the governor, each to hold office for four years from the date of his appointment, and his term of office must be designated in such appointment.

Corresponds to sections one and three of the original act, as amended by statute of 1893, p. 39, omitting the last clause, respecting oaths of office, which is transferred to the next section.

Duties of trustees.

Sec. 2325*a*. Each trustee must, before entering upon the performance of the duties of his office, take an oath faithfully to discharge them. The board must meet once in every three months for the transaction of business, and special meetings may be called by the president when deemed necessary. There are conferred and devolved upon the board of trustees all the powers, duties, and responsibilities conferred and devolved upon the state board of prison directors by an act entitled "An act to establish a school of industry, to provide for the maintenance and management of the same, and to make an appropriation therefor," approved March eleventh, eighteen hundred and eighty-nine. The board of trustees is authorized to do all those lawful acts from time to time necessary to promote the

prosperity of the institution and the well-being and reformation of its inmates, including the organization of trade schools, the purchase and use of fixed and movable machinery, the erection of necessary buildings for machinery and other purposes, the improvement and management of a farm, orchard, and garden, the purchase of necessary supplies for the institution and materials for manufacture and the performance of all other necessary and lawful acts not otherwise prohibited which may be required to comply with the purposes of this chapter, but nothing herein permits said board to incur any indebtedness or obligation in excess of the appropriations allowed by law for the establishment and maintenance of such school.

The provision respecting oaths of office is taken from section three of the original act, as amended by statute of 1893, p. 39; that relating to meetings from section eleven of the original act; the provision conferring on the board of trustees the powers and duties heretofore vested in the state board of prison directors is from section seven of the amendatory act of 1893, p. 41; and the last sentence, expressing the general duties and powers of the board, is from section seven of the act of 1889, p. 106.

Exception of trustees from operation of other statutes.

Sec. 2325*b*. This chapter must be construed as the sole and exclusive law on the subject-matter therein contained, unless specially or otherwise herein provided, and none of the provisions of the act entitled "An act to regulate contracts on behalf of the State in relation to erections and buildings," approved March twenty-third, eighteen hundred and seventy-six, or any other act, unless herein specially referred to, applies to, governs, or limits this chapter, or any of the powers or duties therein conferred upon such board of trustees.

Corresponds to section seven of the original act.

Compensation, expenses, prohibition.

Sec. 2325*c*. The members of the board receive no compensation for their services, but must be allowed their reasonable expenses incurred in the discharge of their official duties. No member of the board, nor any employé of the institution, must be interested in any contract or enterprise in connection therewith.

Corresponds to section ten of the original act, and contains, in the last sentence the prohibition now in section six of the original act.

Salaries of officers and employés.

Sec. 2325*d*. The board of trustees must fix the salaries of the superintendent, the military instructor, the secretary, and

the commissary; but that of the superintendent must not exceed three thousand dollars, of the military instructor, twelve hundred dollars, and of the secretary and commissary, fifteen hundred dollars per annum, respectively. No other officer or employé must receive more than twelve hundred dollars per annum. The power of the board to fix the compensation of officers and employés, as provided in section twenty-three hundred and twenty-five *h*, is subject to these limitations.

Corresponds to the last part of section ten of the act as amended in 1893.

Superintendent, military instructor, secretary.

Sec. 2325*e*. The board must elect a superintendent, military instructor, and secretary. The superintendent and secretary must each give bonds for the faithful performance of his duties, as the board may determine; the bond of the superintendent to be not less than ten thousand dollars, and that of the secretary not less than five thousand dollars. The military instructor must be a good disciplinarian, skilled in military tactics. He must receive from the governor a commission with the rank of major; he must perform such duties and receive such salary as the board may prescribe.

Corresponds to section eleven of the original act, except that the last sentence thereof, relating to the meetings of the board, has been transferred to section twenty-three hundred and twenty-five *a*.

The superintendent—his appointees and duties.

Sec. 2325*f*. The superintendent, before entering upon the performance of his duties, must make and file with the board an oath that he will faithfully and impartially discharge them. Thereupon he is, subject to the regulations prescribed by the board, invested with the custody of the lands, buildings, and all other property belonging to or under the control of the institution. He must appoint, except as hereinafter provided, all officers and employés of the institution, to hold office during his pleasure. He must provide a book in which must be registered the name, residence, occupation, and religious creed of every boy received in the school, the date of his reception and the date and condition of his discharge, the names, residences, and occupation of his parents, whether he was apprenticed or not, and if so apprenticed, the name, residence, and occupation of the person to whom he was apprenticed. The superintendent has charge of all persons committed to the institution by any magistrate or court, and

must use his best efforts to employ, instruct, discipline, and reform all such persons, and must discharge such other duties as the board may direct, and is at all times subject to removal by the board for incapacity, immorality, negligence of duty, or cruelty to inmates. The superintendent must, on the first day of January, April, July, and October of each year, transmit to the state treasurer a statement of all commitments to such school, showing the name of the person committed, the date of the commitment, the county from which it is made, and the amount due to the State from the county, by reason of such commitments, and the controller must add to the amounts due to the State from each county, such sum as may be shown to be due by reason of commitments to such school therefrom.

Corresponds to section thirteen of the original act, except that it omits the sentence respecting the amount of the salary of the superintendent; also consolidates with such section thirteen, section four of the statute of 1895, p. 122.

Manner of conducting the school.

Sec. 2325g. The school must be maintained separate and distinct from the state prisons, so far as relates to the custody, management, discipline, employment, and education of its inmates, and no convict undergoing sentence in either of the state prisons must be permitted to associate with or be so employed as to mingle with any person undergoing commitment in the school; it must be conducted on such plan as to the board seems best calculated to carry out the intentions of this chapter, and its inmates are subject to military discipline, including daily drill. They must be clothed in military uniform of such pattern and material as may be prescribed by the board, but under no circumstances in convict stripes.

Combines sections six and nine of the original act.

Instruction.

Sec. 2325h. The board must maintain a department of instruction for the inmates of the school, with a course of study corresponding, as far as practicable, with the course of study in the public schools of the State, not higher than the course prescribed in the grammar schools. It must adopt a system of government, embracing such laws and regulations as are necessary for the guidance of the officers and employes, for the regulation of the hours of study and labor, for the preservation of order, for the enforcement of discipline and military training, for the preservation of health, and for the

industrial training of the inmates. The ultimate purpose of all such instruction, discipline, and industry must be to qualify the inmates for honorable and profitable employment after their release from the institution, rather than to make it self-sustaining. The board must also determine the number of officers and employes required, prescribe their duties and fix their compensation.

Corresponds to section twelve of the original act.

Commitments. Expenses of maintenance.

Sec. 2325i. When any boy of sound mind, more than eight and less than eighteen years of age, is found guilty, by a magistrate or court of competent jurisdiction, of any offense punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, except when the penalty is death or imprisonment for life, and who, in the opinion of such court or magistrate, is a fit subject for confinement in such school, such magistrate or court, if not a superior judge or court, may suspend judgment or sentence and report the case to a superior judge of the county, who must examine the case and the circumstances thereof, and may thereupon either direct such court or magistrate to proceed to judgment or sentence, or may commit such boy to such school for a period not exceeding the time when he may attain his twenty-first birthday, unless sooner discharged by law, or as in this chapter provided. Such superior judge must also determine whether or not the parent or guardian of such boy is able to pay the county in which the commitment is made for his maintenance during the term of his commitment, and when the judge so determines, such parent or guardian is liable to pay into the treasury of such county the sum of eleven dollars per month, in advance, for each month such boy remains in confinement in such school, and the district attorney of the county in which the commitment is made, must, unless such sum is otherwise paid, proceed to collect it from such parent or guardian, by action, in the name of such county, in any court of competent jurisdiction. If the conviction of such boy is in a superior court, the judge thereof may, instead of proceeding to judgment or sentence, commit him to such school in like manner and for like term as if the conviction had been in some subordinate court, and proceed also to make the determination as to whether his parent or guardian is able to pay the county for his maintenance while in such school. For each person committed to such school, the county from which the commitment is made must pay into the state treasury one hundred and thirty-two dollars per annum, and

at that rate for each fraction of a year. The board of trustees is authorized to make rules, reducing, as a reward for good conduct, the time during which any person has been committed to such school.

This section is an attempt to consolidate and harmonize section fifteen of the act of 1889 and sections one and two of the act of 1895, p. 122, chap. 131, relating to commitments to the State School at Whittier and to the Preston School of Industry. Section one of the last named act makes it the duty of the district attorney to proceed to collect from such parent or guardian "in the manner that other indebtedness against the county is collected," but as the sum to be paid is an indebtedness to and not against the county, this provision is an inadvertence, and we have changed it so as to read that the district attorney must bring an action in the name of the county against the parent or guardian in any court of competent jurisdiction. The last sentence of section thirteen of the act of 1889 is omitted, for the reason that the duty thereby imposed on committing courts and magistrates is by the act of 1895 imposed on the clerk of the superior court. Section sixteen of the act of 1889 is omitted, because of the change made by the law of 1895, requiring the superior judge to commit, and hence the provision of section sixteen is necessarily repealed in so far as it requires him to approve a commitment already made by the justice of the peace or other magistrate.

Transfer from state prison.

§ 2325j. Any boy, less than eighteen years of age, who is undergoing a sentence in the state prison other than for life, and who is deemed a fit subject for training in such school, may, upon recommendation of the state board of prison directors, with the approval of the governor, be transferred to the school for the unexpired period of his sentence, and when honorably discharged from the school is entitled to such benefits and immunities as are provided for the other inmates thereof.

Corresponds to section twenty of the act of 1889.

Duty of clerks of the superior courts.

Sec. 2325k. The clerk of the superior court of the county from which the commitment is made, must certify to the county auditor the name, age, and date of commitment of each person committed by the superior judge thereof, and the amount due to the state from the county, by reason of such commitments, and before the first day of May and December of each year, must file with the treasurer of the county a statement of the number of commitments, with the date thereof, and the amount

due from the county by reason of such commitments. The county treasurer, at the time of his settlements with the State during the months of May and December of each year, must pay to the state treasurer, through the state controller, the amount so found to be due to the State, by reason of commitments to such school as herein provided.

Corresponds with section three of the act of 1895, p. 123.

Dismissals.

Sec. 2325l. The board of trustees of such school, whenever it deems any inmate thereof to have been so far reformed as to justify his discharge, must give him an honorable dismissal and cause an entry of the reasons therefor to be made in the book of records prepared for that purpose. All persons thus honorably dismissed, and all those who have served the full term of their sentences, are thereby released from all penalties and disabilities resulting from the offenses or crimes for which they were committed. Upon the final discharge of any inmate, as provided in this section, the superintendent must immediately certify such discharge in writing, and transmit such certificate to the magistrate or court by which such inmate was found guilty, as provided in section twenty-three hundred and twenty-five i, and such magistrate or court must thereupon dismiss the accusation and the action pending against such person.

Corresponds to section seventeen of the act of 1889.

Conditional dismissals.

Sec. 2325m. The board of trustees may issue a certificate of conditional dismissal and parole, to any worthy boy confined in the institution on the following conditions: It may bind him by articles of indenture to any suitable person who will agree to educate him and to instruct him in some useful art or trade, or it may return him to his parents or place him under the care of any reputable citizen, a resident of the State, after such person, parent, guardian, or resident citizen has become bound to such board, with good and sufficient sureties, conditioned for the proper custody, care, education, and moral and industrial training of such boy. The time of the conditional release must be made subject to good behavior and continued reformation on the part of the boy paroled. If he violates his parole or becomes habitually disobedient and incorrigible, he may be returned to the school to serve the unexpired term of his sentence, on complaint of his custodian and the written requisition of the superintendent of the school, and if received

from either of the state prisons may be returned thereto. Every paroled boy who properly observes the conditions of his parole until the date of the expiration of the time of his commitment, is entitled to all the benefits and immunities in this chapter provided.

Corresponds to section eighteen of the act of 1889.

Return of incorrigible boys for sentence.

Sec. 2325n. If any boy, during the time of his commitment in the school, is found to be incorrigible, or to be an improper subject for detention therein, he may be returned to the magistrate or court by which he was found guilty, and upon written complaint of the board of trustees of the school, attested by the superintendent and filed with the original complaint, such court or magistrate must enter such judgment as would have been lawful when the offender was first found guilty, and if committed from either of the state prisons, he may be returned to the prison whence received, to serve out his unexpired term.

Corresponds to section nineteen of the act of 1889.

Aiding escape.

Sec. 2325o. Any one knowingly permitting or aiding any boy to escape from such school, or knowingly promoting his departure therefrom, or concealing him with the intent of enabling him to elude pursuit, is guilty of a misdemeanor, and must, upon conviction, be punished according to law. Any fugitive from such school or from a party to whom he has been bound out or apprenticed, may be arrested and returned to the institution by any person, upon written request or order of the superintendent, directed to such person.

Corresponds to section twenty-one of the act of 1889.

Contracts for supplies.

Sec. 2325p. The board of trustees is required to contract for provisions, clothing, medicine, forage, fuel, and other staple supplies of the school, for any period of time not exceeding one year, and such contracts must be limited to bona fide dealers in the several classes of articles contracted for. Contracts for such articles as the board may desire to contract for must be given to the lowest bidder at a public letting thereof, if the price bid is a fair and reasonable one, and not greater than the usual market value and prices. Each bid must be accompanied by such security as the board may require, conditioned upon the bidder entering into a contract upon the terms of his bid, on notice of the acceptance thereof, and furnishing a bond,

with good and sufficient sureties, in such sum as the board may require, and to its satisfaction, that he will faithfully perform his contract. If the proper officer rejects any article as not complying with the contract, or if a bidder fails to furnish the articles awarded to him when required, the proper officer of the school may buy other articles of the kind rejected or called for, in the open market, and deduct the price thereof over the contract price from the amount due to the bidder, or charge the same against him. Notice of the time, place, and conditions of the letting of contracts must be given for at least two consecutive weeks in three newspapers, one printed and published in the city and county of San Francisco, one in the city of Sacramento, and one in the county of Amador. If all bids made at such letting are deemed unreasonably high, the board may, in its discretion, decline to contract, and may again advertise for such time and in such papers as it sees proper for proposals, and may so continue to renew the advertisement until satisfactory contracts are made; and in the meantime the board may contract with any one whose offer is regarded as just and equitable, or may purchase in the open market. No bid must be accepted, nor any contract entered into in pursuance thereof, when such bid is higher than any other bid at the same letting for the same class or schedule of articles, quality considered, and when a contract can be had at such lower bid. When two or more bids for the same article or articles are equal in amount, the board may select the one which, all things considered, may by it be thought best for the interest of the State, or it may divide the contract between the bidders, as in its judgment may seem proper and right. The board has power to let a contract in the aggregate, or it may segregate the items and enter into a contract with the bidder or bidders who may bid lowest on the several articles. The board may reject the bid of any person who had a prior contract, and who had not, in the opinion of the board, faithfully complied therewith.

Corresponds to section twenty-two of the original act, as amended by the statute of 1893, p. 40.

Warrants for expenditures.

Sec. 2325*q*. The controller of state must, on requisition of the board of trustees, draw his warrant on the state treasurer, in favor of the board, to pay for the necessary expenses in the maintenance of such school, and the state treasurer must pay the same from the appropriations made therefor.

Corresponds to section twenty-four, except that it omits the words "the establishment," on the ground that the school has already been estab-

lished, and the expenditures must, unless authorized by special acts hereafter, be for its maintenance.

Fees for commitments.

Sec. 2325*r*. In all proceedings relating to commitments under this chapter, the fees and compensation of the sheriff and other officers are such as are allowed by law for like proceedings and services in criminal cases.

Corresponds to section twenty-six of the original act.

§§ 2326–2328. That chapter five, consisting of sections twenty-three hundred and twenty-six to twenty-three hundred and twenty-eight, be repealed, because it does not state any rule of law, and constitutes mere matters of indexing, and as such not now correct.

§§ 2326–2326*z*. That a new chapter, numbered VII, codifying the statutes of 1889, p. 111; 1893, p. 328; and 1895, p. 122, to consist of sections twenty-three hundred and twenty-six to twenty-three hundred and twenty-six *z*, be added, to read:

CHAPTER VII.

THE WHITTIER STATE SCHOOL.

SEC. 2326. Location, name, and purpose.

2326*a*. Trustees, their appointment and terms of office.

2326*b*. Powers of board of trustees.

2326*c*. Duties.

2326*d*. Trustees' compensation.

2326*e*. Prohibitions.

2326*f*. The superintendent and his duties.

2326*g*. The treasurer and his duties.

2326*h*. Commitments by the superior court.

2326*i*. Commitment at instance of grand jury.

2326*j*. Judges, when may arrest proceedings.

2326*k*. Private examinations.

2326*l*. Right of trustees to receive minors in other cases.

2326*m*. Payments to be made by counties.

2326*n*. Determination of ability to pay for maintenance.

2326*o*. Duties of county clerks, auditors, and treasurers.

2326*p*. Proceedings when further inmates cannot be received.

2326*q*. Record of commitments.

2326*r*. Dismissal of inmates.

2326*s*. Conditional dismissals and paroles.

2326*t*. Return of incorrigibles.

2326*u*. Cost of transportation.

2326*v*. Aiding escapes.

2326*w*. Applications for discharge.

2326*x*. Duties of sheriffs.

2326*y*. Proceedings against minor's estates.

2326*z*. Auditing of demands.

Location, name, and purpose.

Sec. 2326. There is established and must be maintained at Whittier, in Los Angeles county, an institution for the disci-

pline, education, improvement, reformation, and protection of juvenile delinquents in the State, known as "The Whittier State School," and that name is a sufficient designation of the institution in all contracts, writings, and proceedings.

Corresponds to section one of the original act, as amended by the statute of 1893, p. 328.

Trustees, their appointment and terms of office.

Sec. 2326a. The general supervision and government of The Whittier State School is vested in a board of trustees, consisting of three members appointed by the governor, with the advice and consent of the senate, each to hold office for four years from the date of his appointment, and his term of office must be designated in such appointment. If a vacancy occurs in such board when the senate is not in session, the governor must fill such vacancy for the unexpired term, subject to the approval of the senate at its next regular session. Each trustee, before entering upon the performance of the duties of his office, must take an oath faithfully to discharge them.

Corresponds to section two of the act of 1889.

Powers of board of trustees.

Sec. 2326b. The trustees of such state school constitute a body corporate and politic for the following purposes: To receive, hold, use, and convey, or disburse moneys and other property, real and personal, in the name of such corporation, but in trust for the use, and by the authority of the State, and to control, manage, and direct the several trusts committed to them respectively, including the organization, government, and discipline of all officers, employés, and other inmates of such institution, with power to make contracts, to sue and be sued, plead and be impleaded, to have and to use a common seal and alter the same at pleasure, and exercise all the powers usually belonging to such corporations and necessary for the successful discharge of the obligations devolved by law upon them; but they have no power to bind the State by any contract or obligation beyond the amount of appropriations which may at the time have been made for the purposes expressed in the contract or obligation, nor to sell or convey any part of the real estate belonging to the institution, without the consent of the legislature, except that they may release any mortgage, or convey any real estate which may be held by them as security for any money or upon any trust, the terms of which authorize

such release or conveyance. The legislature has power, at any time, to amend, alter, revoke, or annul the grant of corporate powers herein contained.

Corresponds to section three of the act of 1889.

Duties.

Sec. 2326c. The duties of the board of trustees are:

1. To hold a regular meeting once every three months, at such time and place as it may direct, and special meetings when called by the president of the board;

2. To annually elect from its members, a president and a vice-president, to hold office for one year;

3. To elect a treasurer, not one of its members, to hold office for two years, unless sooner removed by it, for good cause;

4. To make all needful rules and regulations concerning its meetings and the modes of transacting its business;

5. To take charge of such institution, to see that its affairs are properly conducted, that strict discipline is maintained, and that suitable employment and education are provided for its inmates;

6. To make contracts for the purchase of furniture, apparatus, tools, stock, provisions, and everything necessary to equip the institution for the purposes specified in this chapter, and to maintain and operate the same, but not to incur any expense or contract any debt beyond appropriations made or donations given, and then only in such manner as may be prescribed in this chapter, or the instrument of donation;

7. On or before the first day of December preceding each regular session of the legislature, to make to the governor a full and detailed report of its doings and of the expenses of the institution, with such other information relating thereto as it deems interesting and useful to the State, which report must be communicated by the governor to the next succeeding session of the legislature;

8. To appoint a superintendent, not one of its members, and to fix his salary, not to exceed thirty-six hundred dollars per annum, and to appoint such other officers and assistants as the wants of the institution may from time to time require, and prescribe their duties and fix their salaries as may be reasonable;

9. To arrange the buildings used for the school, and the grounds about the same, so that one portion thereof may be used for the proper confinement, care, and education of the male inmates, and another for the proper confinement, care,

and education of the female inmates, and to the absolute exclusion of all communication of every kind between the sexes;

10. To make rules, reducing, as a reward for good conduct, the time for which any person has been committed to such school.

Subdivision one corresponds to section eleven of the original act; subdivisions two and three to section eight as amended 1893, p. 329; subdivisions four and six to section seven as amended by the last named statute; subdivision seven to section ten of the original act, omitting the clause respecting salary, which will be inserted in section twenty-three hundred and twenty-six *d*; subdivision eight to section nine as amended in 1893, p. 329; subdivision nine to section fourteen as amended by the same statute; subdivision ten to section sixteen, as amended in 1893, p. 330.

Trustees' compensation.

Sec. 2326*d*. The trustees are not entitled to any salary, but must be allowed all necessary expenses incurred in the discharge of their duties.

Corresponds to the last sentence of section ten.

Prohibitions.

Sec. 2326*e*. No trustee, officer, or employé in the institution must be, directly or indirectly, interested in any contract, purchase, or sale made by, or business carried on in behalf of, or for said institution. Every contract, purchase, or sale made in violation of this section is void, and all moneys paid to such trustee, officer, or employé, or other person for his benefit, in whole or in part, in consideration of any such purchase, contract, or sale, may be recovered back by civil suit in the name of the people of the State against such trustee, officer, employé, or person acting in his behalf. It is also made the duty of the governor or the board of trustees, as the case may be, upon proof satisfactory of the fact of such interest, to immediately remove the delinquent trustee, officer, or employé, and report the facts to the attorney-general, who must take such legal steps in the premises as he deems expedient.

Corresponds to section six of the original act.

The superintendent and his duties.

Sec. 2326*f*. The superintendent, before entering upon the duties of his office, must take an oath faithfully to discharge them, and execute a bond, with sureties, to be approved by the board, in a sum to be fixed by it, conditioned for the faithful

performance of all his duties as such superintendent. He is ex-officio secretary of the board, and must take charge of all books and papers, and reside at the institution. He has charge of the land, buildings, furniture, apparatus, tools, stocks, provisions, and every other species of property belonging to the institution, subject to the direction and control of the board, and must account to it in such manner as it may require, for all property entrusted to him. All moneys received by him must be deposited with the treasurer; his books must, at all times, be open to the inspection of the board, which must, at least once in every three months, carefully examine them, and all accounts, vouchers, and documents connected therewith, and make a report of the result of such examination in a book provided for that purpose. He has charge of the inmates of the institution, and must discipline, govern, instruct, employ, and use his best efforts to reform them, and he is at all times subject to removal by the board for incapacity, cruelty, negligence, immorality, or any other good cause. He must, on the first day of January, April, July, and October of each year, transmit to the state treasurer a statement of commitments to such school, showing the name of each person committed, the date of the commitment, the county from which it was made, and the amount due to the State from the county, by reason of such commitments, and the controller of state must add to the amounts due to the State from each county, such sum as may be shown to be due by reason of commitments to such school therefrom.

Corresponds to section twelve; also consolidates with such section, section four of the statute of 1895, p. 122.

The treasurer and his duties.

Sec. 2326g. The treasurer, before entering upon the duties of his office, must take an oath faithfully to discharge them, and must execute a bond, with sureties, to be approved by the board, in at least double the sum for which he may be responsible as treasurer, conditioned for the faithful performance of all his duties. He must take charge of all of the funds of the institution, receiving the same, and disbursing them on the written order of the superintendent, and must account to the board, in such manner as it may require, for all funds entrusted to him from whatever source. His books must at all times be open to the inspection of the board and the superintendent, who must, at least once in every six months, carefully examine them, and all accounts, vouchers, and documents connected

therewith, and make a report of the result of such examination. The treasurer must be a resident of Los Angeles county, and must receive for his services a salary of six hundred dollars per annum.

Corresponds to section thirteen.

Section fifteen, though amended in 1893, is believed to have accomplished its purpose, and therefore is not here codified.

Commitments by the superior court.

Sec. 2326*h*. If any boy or girl, between the ages of eight and eighteen years, is found guilty of any crime in any superior court of the State, who, in the opinion of such court, is a fit subject for commitment to such school, the court may suspend judgment or sentence, except when the penalty is death or imprisonment for life, and commit such minor to such school, for a period embracing his or her minority, unless sooner discharged by law, or as in this chapter provided. No minor must be so committed who is suffering from any contagious, infectious, or other disease which will probably endanger the lives or health of the other inmates, nor must any minor be committed to such school unless the judge of such court is satisfied that the mental and physical condition and qualifications of the minor are such as to render it probable that the minor will be benefited by the reformatory and educational discipline of the school.

Corresponds to section sixteen as amended in 1893, p. 330, except that the last two sentences are omitted, the first because it relates to the duties of the trustees and is transferred to subdivision ten of section twenty-three hundred and twenty-six *c*, and the last, because by the statute of 1895, p. 122, the duties there prescribed have been imposed on the clerks of the superior courts. The section so imposing them is hereafter codified as section twenty-three hundred and twenty-six *o*.

Commitment at instance of grand jury.

Sec. 2326*i*. If any accusation of the commission of any crime is made before any grand jury, against any minor under the age of eighteen years, and the charge appears to be supported by evidence sufficient to put the accused upon trial, the grand jury may, in its discretion, instead of finding an indictment, return to the superior court that it appears that the accused is a suitable person to be committed to the care and guardianship of said school. That court may thereupon order such commitment, if satisfied on examination from the evidence that it ought to be made.

Corresponds to section seventeen as amended in 1893, p. 332.

Judges, when may arrest proceedings.

Sec. 2326j. If any minor, between the ages of eight and eighteen years, is arraigned for trial in any court having competent jurisdiction, on a charge of crime, other than the commission of, or attempt to commit, a capital offense, the judge, if it is a superior court, may, in his discretion, without the consent of the accused, arrest at any stage of the cause any further proceedings on the part of the prosecution, and commit the accused to the care and guardianship of such school. If the proceeding is not in the superior court, the court or judge may report the case to a superior judge of the county, who must examine the case and the circumstances thereof, and may either direct such court or judge to proceed with the case, or may commit the accused to the care and guardianship of such school with like effect as if he had been first arraigned for trial in the superior court.

Corresponds to section eighteen as amended by the statute of 1893, p. 332, and modified by section one of the statute of 1895, p. 122.

Private examinations.

Sec. 2326k. Any minor, between the ages of eight and eighteen years, accused of any offense punishable by imprisonment, is, with a view to the question whether he ought to be committed to such school, entitled to a private examination and trial before a court having competent jurisdiction, to which only the parties to the case, and the parents or guardian of the accused, and their attorneys, must be admitted, unless one of the parents, the guardian, or other legal representative of the minor demands a public trial, in which case the proceedings must be in the usual manner.

Corresponds to section nineteen as amended by the statute of 1893, p. 322.

Right of trustees to receive minors in other cases.

Sec. 2326l. The board of trustees may also, under such rules as it may prescribe, receive into the care and guardianship of such institution, whenever it may be convenient to do so, minors between the ages of eight and eighteen years, committed to custody in any of the following modes:

1. Minors committed by any judge of a superior court on the complaint, in writing, filed and due proof thereof made by the parent or guardian of such minor, showing that by reason of the incorrigible and vicious conduct or nature of such minor, he is beyond the control and power of such parent or guardian,

and that from a regard for the future welfare of such minor and the protection of society, it appears that such minor should be placed in the care of such institution ;

2. Minors committed by any judge of a superior court where complaint, in writing, has been filed and due proof of the same has been made showing that such minor is a proper subject for the care and guardianship of such institution, in consequence of vagrancy, or of incorrigible or vicious conduct, in cases where, from moral depravity or otherwise, the parent or guardian having the control of such minor is incapable of exercising, or is unwilling to exercise, the proper care or discipline over such minor, or in cases where such minor has no parent, guardian, or other protector ;

3. Minors committed by any judge of a superior court where complaint, in writing, has been filed, and due proof of the same has been made by the mother or guardian, when the father is dead or has abandoned his family, or is an habitual drunkard, or does not provide for the support of such minor, and it appears that such minor is destitute of a suitable home and of adequate means of obtaining an honest living, or is in danger of being brought up to lead an idle and immoral life, and where such mother or guardian is unable to provide the proper support and care for such minor.

Corresponds to section twenty as amended by the statute of 1893, p. 332.

Payments to be made by counties.

Sec. 2326m. For each person committed to such school the county from which the commitment is made must pay into the state treasury the sum of one hundred and thirty-two dollars per annum, and at that rate for each fraction of a year.

Corresponds to section two of the statute of 1895, p. 123.

Determination of ability to pay for maintenance.

Sec. 2326n. Each superior judge must, at the time of committing any minor to such school, also determine whether the parent or guardian of such minor is able to pay the county in which the commitment is made, for his maintenance during the term thereof, and when the judge so determines, such parent or guardian is liable to pay into the treasury of such county the sum of eleven dollars per month, in advance, for each month such minor remains in confinement in such school; and the district attorney of the county in which the commitment is made must, unless such sum is otherwise paid, proceed

to collect it from such parent or guardian, by action or proceeding in the name of the county, in any court of competent jurisdiction.

Corresponds to the latter part of section one of the statute of 1895, p. 122, chap. 131.

Duties of county clerks, auditors, and treasurers.

Sec. 2326o. The clerk of the superior court of the county from which the commitment is made, must certify to the county auditor the name, age, and date of commitment of each person committed by the superior judge thereof, and the amount due to the State from the county by reason of such commitments, and must, before the first day of May and December of each year, file with the treasurer of the county a statement of the number of commitments, with the date thereof, and the amount due from the county by reason of such commitments, and the county treasurer must, at the time of settlements with the State, during the months of May and December of each year, pay to the state treasurer, through the state controller, the amount so found to be due to the State.

Corresponds to section three of the statute of 1895, p. 122.

Proceedings when further inmates cannot be received.

Sec. 2326p. Before conveying any minor to such institution, the person having charge of him must ascertain from the superintendent whether he can be received, and if he cannot, then the commitment must be revoked and the case disposed of as if no proceedings had been taken under this chapter.

Corresponds to section twenty-one as amended by the statute of 1893, p. 333.

Record of commitments.

Sec. 2326q. In all cases of commitment under this chapter, no other record must be made, unless demanded by the infant, his parent or guardian, than that, in substance, such infant, naming him, who, on a day therein named, was of the age of ——— years, having been brought before such court or officer, and it having been ascertained by the testimony of the witnesses that such infant was a suitable person to be committed to the instruction and discipline of such institution, therefore such infant was ordered to be committed to such institution.

Corresponds to section twenty-two of the original act.

Dismissal of inmates.

Sec. 2326r. The board, whenever it deems any inmate of the institution to be so far reformed as to justify his discharge, must give him an honorable dismissal, and cause an entry of the reasons for such dismissal to be made in the book of records prepared for that purpose. All persons thus honorably dismissed, and all those who have served the full term of their respective sentences, are thereby released from all penalties and disabilities resulting from the offense or crime for which they have been committed. Upon the final discharge of any inmate, as provided in this section, the superintendent, where any sentence or judgment was previously suspended, must immediately certify such discharge in writing, and transmit such certificate to that court where the charge was pending, and it must thereupon dismiss the accusation. Upon the discharge of any person except those committed under section twenty-three hundred and twenty-six *l*, the superintendent must provide him with suitable clothing and five dollars in money, and procure transportation for him to his home, if a resident in this State, or, at his option, to the county from which he was convicted.

Consolidates section sixteen *b*, as amended by the statute of 1893, p. 330, and section twenty-three.

Conditional dismissals and paroles.

Sec. 2326s. The board may issue certificates of conditional dismissal and parole to any worthy minor confined in the institution, on the following conditions: It may bind such minor by articles of indenture to any suitable person who will engage to educate him and to instruct him in some useful art or trade, or it may return him to his parents, or it may place him under the care of any reputable person who is a citizen and resident of this State, after such person, parent, guardian, or resident citizen has become bound to such board, with good and sufficient sureties, conditioned for the proper custody, care, education, and moral and industrial training of such paroled minor. The time of such conditional release is made subject to good behavior and continued reformation on the part of the person thus paroled. Any minor who violates his parole, or who becomes habitually disobedient and incorrigible, may be returned to such school to serve the unexpired term of his sentence, on complaint of his custodian and the written requisition of the superintendent of such school. Every paroled minor who properly observes the conditions of

his parole until the date of the expiration of his term of commitment is entitled to all the benefits and immunities in this chapter provided. If at any time it is determined by the board of trustees that any minor who has been committed to the care or guardianship of any third person, as in this section previously provided, is not being properly treated or cared for, according to the terms and conditions under which such minor was intrusted to such third person, then, by a resolution of such board, entered upon its minutes, and upon a requisition of the superintendent of such institution issued thereon, such minor may be recalled to such school, and is released from all obligations to such third person. And in such case the board has the right to maintain all necessary actions or proceedings against the third person and his bondsmen to recover the penalty in whatever bonds may be given by reason of the failure of such third person to perform the conditions under which such minor was intrusted to his care; and in the event of minors who may have been bound out by the board of trustees by articles of indenture, the board must institute and maintain all proper actions and proceedings to cancel and annul such articles of indenture.

Corresponds to section sixteen *c* as added by the statute of 1893, p. 331.

Return of incorrigibles.

Sec. 2326*t*. Any minor found, during the time of commitment, to be incorrigible, or, in the judgment of the board of trustees, determined to be an improper subject for detention in such school, must be returned to the court where the charge was made against him, and upon written complaint of such board, attested by the superintendent of such school, and filed with the original complaint, it becomes the duty of such court to enter such judgment as would have been lawful at the time when the minor was first committed.

Corresponds to section sixteen *d* as added by the statute of 1893, p. 331.

Cost of transportation.

Sec. 2326*u*. Whenever any minor is committed to such institution at the instance of his parents, the cost of keeping him, including the cost of transportation to and from the institution, must be paid by such parents, unless by reason of the poverty of the parents, or for other good cause, the board of trustees otherwise directs.

This provision is taken from section twenty-four of the act, as amended in 1893, p. 333. The balance of the provisions of that section

we believe to be impliedly repealed by the statute of 1895, p. 122, chap. 131, which has been codified herein. The provisions with respect to liability of guardian are codified in section twenty-three hundred and twenty-six *y*.

Aiding escapes.

Sec. 2326*v*. If any person procures the escape of a person committed to the school, or advises, connives at, aids, or assists any such escape, or conceals any person so committed, after such escape, he must, on conviction thereof in any superior court, be punished by a fine of not less than two hundred dollars nor more than one thousand dollars, or be imprisoned in the county jail not less than two months nor more than one year, or by both such fine and imprisonment, or if the person so convicted is under the age of sixteen years, he must be sentenced to such school as in this chapter provided.

Corresponds to section twenty-six as amended in 1893, p. 334.

Applications for discharge.

Sec. 2326*w*. If any parent, guardian, or master to whom a minor has been apprenticed, or any person occupying the position of parent, protector, or guardian in fact, or in reality, by blood or marriage, not more remote than first cousin to such minor, feels aggrieved by his commitment to such institution, under section twenty-three hundred and twenty-six *l*, he may apply, in writing, to the board of trustees, for the discharge of the minor. The application must be filed with the superintendent, who must inform the trustees thereof, and it must be heard and determined by the trustees at such time and place as they appoint for that purpose, not later than the next regular meeting of the board. The application must state the grounds of the applicant's claim to the custody of the minor, and the reasons for claiming such custody. Within ten days after hearing the application, the trustees must announce their opinion thereon, and if it is that the welfare of the minor would be promoted by granting the application, they must make an order to that effect, otherwise they must deny the application. The applicant may, upon denial of his application, by first giving security for the payment of all costs (the security to be approved by the clerk of the proper court), commence an action in the superior court of the county in which the institution is situated, against the trustees thereof, to recover the custody of the minor. The complaint in such action must state the fact and manner of the minor's commit-

ment, the making of the application to the trustees for his custody, and the overruling of such application by them, as well as the grounds upon which the applicant relies for the custody of the minor. Such action must be prosecuted in like manner as other civil actions, and the cost thereof must be paid by the applicant without reference to the result of the action, unless the court states in its judgment that the refusal of the trustees to grant the application was plainly unreasonable, or that the original commitment was manifestly improper and unnecessary.

Corresponds to section twenty-seven as amended by the statute of 1893, p. 334.

Duties of sheriffs.

Sec. 2326x. The sheriff of any county wherein an order is made by the superior judge, committing any minor to such school, must execute any writ of commitment issued by such judge, and is entitled to receive, as compensation therefor, the fees provided by law for the transportation of prisoners to the state prison. When the commitment is made under section twenty-three hundred and twenty-six *l*, the parent, guardian, or other protector of the minor may, at his option, and in cases where he is liable, or where the estate of such minor is sufficient, execute the writ of commitment, after having been duly sworn therefor, with like powers and effect as the sheriff would possess in such cases, but without expense to the State. In case of a female having no guardian, parent, or other protector, who, in the opinion of the court, is a proper person to safely conduct her to such school, the court must appoint some suitable woman of satisfactory character and discretion, to take the custody of such minor, and deliver her to such school, and be entitled to the same compensation therefor as is otherwise provided to be paid to the sheriff in all cases where, if such minor were a boy, and were delivered by the sheriff to such school, he would be entitled to receive compensation under the terms of this chapter.

Corresponds to section twenty-eight as amended by the statute of 1893, p. 335.

Proceedings against minor's estates.

Sec. 2326y. In all cases, whether or not a superior judge has determined that the parent or guardian of the minor is able to pay the expenses of the minor's maintenance in such institution, if it appears that any minor, during the term of

confinement at such school, had, or has, property sufficient to cover his expenses, or some part thereof, his estate is subject to the payment of such expenses, and the superior court must, by proper order entered in the matter of the estate and guardianship of such minor, cause his guardian to apply so much of such estate as may be from time to time necessary, to pay such expenses and cost of maintenance. In each case the proceedings must be similar to those required of guardians in ordinary sales of property belonging to wards. When any money is realized by virtue of such sale, the court must, by proper order, cause the same, or a sufficient amount thereof, to be paid to the trustees of such institution, or, in case any expense of said minor has been borne already by the State or county, then such court must order such county or State to be fully reimbursed for such expense, by causing a sufficient amount therefor to be placed in the state or county treasury.

Corresponds to section twenty-nine as amended by the statute of 1893, p. 336.

Auditing of demands.

Sec. 2326z. The board of trustees must examine, audit, and, if proper, allow the demands arising under the terms of this chapter, and the state controller must draw his warrants therefor, payable out of the proper fund, and the state treasurer must pay the same out of any appropriations made for that purpose.

Corresponds to section thirty as amended by the statute of 1893, p. 336.

§§ 2327-2327c. That a new chapter, numbered VIII, to consist of sections twenty-three hundred and twenty-seven to twenty-three hundred and twenty-seven c, be added, to read :

CHAPTER VIII.

JOINT BOARD OF TRAINING SCHOOL TRUSTEES.

- SEC. 2327. Joint board, members and meetings of.
2327a. Duties of the joint board.
2327b. Orders and regulations, who to put in force.
2327c. Compensation of members of joint board.

Joint board, members and meetings of.

Sec. 2327. There is hereby created a joint board of training school trustees for the Whittier State School and the Preston School of Industry, to be composed of the governor, the super-

intendent of public instruction, the state controller, and the president of each board of trustees of said schools. The superintendent of public instruction is ex officio secretary of such board, and must keep a full record of all proceedings of the joint meetings of the board, and must notify the secretary of each board of trustees of the proceedings and action of the joint board. The joint board must meet on the second Friday in the month of May, nineteen hundred and three, at Sacramento, California, and must meet thereafter at least once in each year at such place as the board may determine. Special meetings may be called by the governor for the transaction of any urgent business affecting the welfare of either or both of such schools. At any meeting a majority of the board must constitute a quorum.

Duties of the joint board.

Sec. 2327a. It is the duty of each joint board:

1. To adjust and equalize the salaries of the officers and employés of such schools, and to fix the number thereof in each school;
2. To act at the request of any members thereof or by any officer of such schools, as a board of arbitration in matters concerning the management of each of such schools as may need adjustment;
3. To prescribe a series of text-books, which must include, as far as the same are published, the state series;
4. To prescribe a course of study, which must conform as nearly as practicable to that pursued in the public schools of the State;
5. To pass any general regulation for the welfare of such schools and the inmates thereof;
6. To classify the male inmates thereof so as to place in one school all those under the age of fourteen years, and in the other all those over that age;
7. To classify the inmates of each school so as to put in operation the cottage system in the government and discipline thereof.

Orders and regulations, who to put in force.

Sec. 2327b. The board of trustees of such school must put into operation the orders and regulations adopted by the joint board created by this chapter, in accordance with section twenty-three hundred and twenty-seven a thereof.

Compensation and members of joint board.

Sec. 2327c. The members of the joint board receive no compensation for their services, but must be allowed all necessary expenses incurred in the performance of their duties.

§ 2349. That section twenty-three hundred and forty-nine be amended to read:

Sec. 2349. The following streams and waters are declared public ways: So much of a slough as lies between Simonds canal, in the town of Alviso, and the bay of San Francisco; Petaluma river, from its mouth to the southerly line of Washington street in the city of Petaluma; the Sonoma river, between its mouth and a point opposite Fowler's hotel in the town of San Luis; the Napa river, between its mouth and the toll-bridge; the Suisun river, between its mouth and the town of Suisun embarcadero; the Sacramento river, between its mouth and the mouth of Middle creek; the Feather river, between its mouth and a point fifty feet below the bridge crossing Feather river first above the mouth of the Yuba river; the Yuba river, between its mouth and a point at the mouth of the slough at the foot of F street, in the city of Marysville; the San Joaquin river, between its mouth and Sycamore point; the Stockton slough, between its mouth and the west line of El Dorado street, in Stockton; the Mokelumne river, between its mouth and the first falls; the Tuolumne river, between its mouth and Dickinson's ferry; Deer creek, between the house of Peter Lassen and its mouth; Big river, three miles from its mouth; Noyo river, three miles from its mouth; Albion river, three miles from its mouth; San Antonio creek, in the county of Alameda, from its mouth to the old embarcadero of San Antonio; the Arroyo del Medo, in the county of Santa Clara, from its mouth to the upper line of the town of New Haven; Mission creek, in the county of San Francisco; that portion of Channel street in the city of San Francisco, and lying east of and between the easterly line of Harrison street and the water front of the bay of San Francisco, the width thereof to be sixty feet from Harrison street to the northeasterly line of Seventh street, and one hundred and forty feet from the northeasterly line of Seventh to the city front; that certain creek running through tide-land survey numbered sixty-eight, and swamp and overflowed land survey numbered one hundred and forty-five, from its mouth to the head of tide-water therein; San Leandro Creek, from its mouth at San Francisco bay to Andrews' land-

ing; San Lorenzo creek, from its mouth at San Francisco bay to Roberts' landing; Johnson's creek, from its mouth at San Francisco bay to Simpson's landing; the north branch of Alameda creek, from its mouth to Eden landing; San Rafael and Corte Madera creeks, in Marin county, from their mouths as far up as tide-water flows therein; the Neuces creek, from its mouth at Suisun bay to a point one half mile above the warehouse of George P. Loucks; Diablo creek, from its junction with the Neuces, to a point opposite the warehouse of Frank Such, in Contra Costa County; the Arroyo de San Antonio, or Keys creek, in Marin county, from its mouth at Tomales bay to the warehouses on the point at Keys embarcadero; all the streams and sloughs emptying into Elk river, and all streams and sloughs south of Eureka, in Humboldt county, which are now or at any time have been used for the purpose of floating logs or timber, and all the sloughs south of Humboldt point, in said county, that at high water have a depth of two feet of water, and wide enough to float and admit a boat carrying five tons or more freight; Novato creek, or estuary, in Marin county, from its mouth to Sweetzer's landing; Salinas river and Elkhorn slough, or Estero Viejo, in Monterey county, from its mouth as far up as tide-water flows; First Napa creek, Second Napa creek, and Third Napa creek, in Sonoma county, between Napa and Sonoma rivers; Moro Cojo slough, in Monterey county, from Salinas river to tide-water; Gallinas, or Guyanas, slough or creek, in Marin county, from its mouth to the line of the Sonoma and Marin railroad; Clear Lake, in Lake county; Mokelumne river, from the San Joaquin river to a point on said Mokelumne river one mile below Dry creek.

Adds all after the words "First Napa creek," and is intended to codify the statutes of 1873-4, p. 790; 1875-6, p. 483; 1877-8, p. 630, and 1869-70, p. 22.

§§ 2351-2354. That there be added four new sections, codifying the statute of 1889, p. 85, chap. 81, numbered twenty-three hundred and fifty-one to twenty-three hundred and fifty-four, to read:

Sec. 2351. Upon application of any individual, association, or corporation, interested, the board of supervisors of any county may, by ordinance, declare all or any portion of any river or stream lying within the county which has not been declared by law to be navigable, and which is not in fact navigable for commercial purposes, to be a public highway for the floating and transportation of logs, timber, and lumber,

and it thereupon becomes a public highway for such purpose, subject only to the reservations hereinafter contained; and the board may also, at the same time, or at any time thereafter, direct the widening, deepening, straightening, removing obstructions from, building of dams and booms in, and otherwise improving such streams as may be necessary to render them fit and suitable for the purpose intended, and enter into contracts for the performance of such work according to law.

Corresponds to section one of the original act.

Sec. 2352. If any owner of land adjacent to or across which such stream flows does not consent to the use of the stream for such purpose, and the making of the improvements directed, with the right to pass along the banks of the stream for the purpose of doing the work and keeping the same in repair, and properly superintending and managing the use of such highway for the purpose intended, and the taking, at a fair rate of compensation, of such timber and other materials along the bed and banks of the stream as may be necessary for the construction and repair of the improvements, and grant the same to the county by suitable instrument in writing, on application, the board of supervisors may contract for and purchase any or all of such rights; or, if they cannot purchase at a satisfactory price, may authorize proceedings to be commenced in the name of the county to condemn them in the manner directed by title seven, part three, of the Code of Civil Procedure.

Corresponds to section two of the original act.

Sec. 2353. Instead of itself securing the various rights, and making the improvements necessary, the board may enter into a contract with any corporation, association, or individual, leasing the use of such highway, with the right to collect tolls for the rafting, floating, and booming of logs, timber, and lumber thereon, at rates of toll for transporting and for booming to be fixed by the board, for a period of years from the completion of the work, to be fixed by it, in consideration of an agreement in such contract to be contained that the lessee will secure the right of way and other necessary rights from land-owners, and make all improvements necessary for the successful carrying on of the business and use of the stream for the purpose intended, without any expense to the county, and keep the same in good repair during the period of such lease.

Corresponds to section three of the original act.

Sec. 2354. Within twenty days from the making of such contract, and before it goes into effect, the lessee must enter into a bond in such sum as may be fixed by the board, and with sureties approved by it, conditioned for the faithful performance of the covenants and agreements on the part of the lessee in such contract contained. He has power to proceed in the name of the county to condemn and secure the right of way, and other rights and privileges referred to in section twenty-three hundred and fifty-two, in the manner directed by the provisions of title seven, part three, of the Code of Civil Procedure. Such lessee during the term of such lease must receive and float, or allow to be floated, in such stream, all floatable logs, timber, and lumber that may be offered for transportation therein by any person; provided, the same be plainly marked with a distinctive mark. He has the right to charge and collect for his own use tolls therefor, and for booming the same, at rates fixed by the board of supervisors, and inserted in the lease, and has a lien thereon for such tolls, which may be enforced in the manner provided in section three thousand and fifty-two of the Code of Civil Procedure. Upon expiration of the lease, the lessee must turn the property, with all improvements, over to the county, in good repair.

Corresponds to sections four, five, six, and seven of the original act.

§ 2368. That section twenty-three hundred and sixty-eight be amended to read:

Sec. 2368. When any vessel is at anchor in the nighttime in any of the harbors or ports within the jurisdiction of this State, the master or other person at the time in charge of the vessel must cause a conspicuous light to be shown in her rigging at least twenty feet above her deck, and another light from her taffrail, under penalty of fifty dollars for every neglect.

The words "to be" are inserted before "shown."

§ 2404. That section twenty-four hundred and four be amended to read:

Sec. 2404. Sheriffs, and all persons employed by them, or aiding in the recovery and preservation of wrecked property, are entitled to a reasonable allowance as salvage for their services, and to all expenses incurred by them in the performance of such services, out of the property saved; and the officer having the custody of such property must detain it until the same are paid or tendered. But the whole salvage claimed

must not exceed one half of the value of the property or proceeds on which it is charged; and every agreement, order or adjustment allowing a greater salvage is void, unless ordered and allowed by the superior judge.

The word "county" stricken out and "superior" inserted.

§ 2414. That section twenty-four hundred and fourteen be amended to read:

Sec. 2414. The fees and expenses of the contest must be paid by the person upon whose application it was had, and are a charge on the property saved. Each referee is entitled to such per diem and expenses as the superior judge deems just.

The word "county" stricken out and "superior" inserted.

§§ 2429-2444. That in place of present article V there be adopted a new article, to consist of sections twenty-four hundred and twenty-nine to twenty-four hundred and forty-four, to read:

ARTICLE V.

PILOT COMMISSIONERS AND PILOTS.

- SEC. 2429. Boards of pilot commissioners, and their appointment.
- 2430. Commissioners' terms of office.
- 2431. Organization, offices, and meetings of the commissioners.
- 2432. Witnesses, and the administering of oaths.
- 2433. Powers of the board.
- 2434. Secretary's duties.
- 2435. Commissioners forbidden to have interest in pilot boats and steam tugs.
- 2436. Pilots, who may be.
- 2437. Examining and licensing of pilots and renewing licenses.
- 2438. Bonds of pilots.
- 2439. Pilotage fees, liability for.
- 2440. Indemnifying pilots for losses.
- 2441. Pilots must exhibit their licenses.
- 2442. Pilots carried to sea or unnecessarily detained.
- 2443. Penalties imposed on pilots.
- 2444. Penalty for acting as a pilot without authority.

Boards of pilot commissioners, and their appointment.

Sec. 2429. There must be appointed by the governor, by and with the advice and consent of the senate:

1. A board of pilot commissioners for the ports of San Francisco, Mare Island, Vallejo, and Benicia, to consist of three experienced shipmasters or nautical men, citizens of the United States, and resident in either of the cities of San Francisco, Oakland, Alameda, Vallejo, or Benicia;
2. A board of pilot commissioners, to consist of three members,

for Humboldt bay and bar, two thereof to be business men and one a competent shipmaster or nautical man, and all to be citizens of the United States and residents of Eureka or vicinity;

3. One commissioner, a citizen of San Diego or vicinity, who must be a competent shipmaster or nautical man; such commissioner, together with the mayor and the president of the chamber of commerce of the city of San Diego, constitute the board of pilot commissioners for the port of San Diego.

It will be found that the sections in this article are rearranged as recommended by our predecessors in their report of the Political Code heretofore made by them. The article as it now stands, like many other parts of the code, has an unnatural arrangement. It is headed "Pilots and Pilot Commissioners," and very singularly, while the latter body is the more important and controls the former, the provisions respecting it do not commence the article, but follow the various sections respecting pilots. The above section twenty-four hundred and twenty-nine consolidates provisions of section twenty-four hundred and forty and twenty-four hundred and forty-one, and also codifies the statute of 1871-2, p. 650, respecting San Diego, and of 1889, p. 416, providing for the appointment of pilots and defining their duties and fixing their compensation at the port of Wilmington and bay of San Pedro. The matters now in section twenty-four hundred and twenty-nine are transferred to section twenty-four hundred and thirty-six.

Commissioners' terms of office.

Sec. 2430. The commissioners hold their offices during the pleasure of the power appointing them, not exceeding four years from the date of their commissions.

Corresponds to present section twenty-four hundred and forty-two. The contents of present section twenty-four hundred and thirty are transferred to section twenty-four hundred and thirty-seven.

Organization, offices, and meetings of the commissioners.

Sec. 2431. The commissioners must organize as boards, respectively, by the election of presidents, secretaries, and treasurers. They must provide offices for themselves, in which meetings must be held as follows: The San Francisco board once in each month in San Francisco; the San Diego board at San Diego, also once in each month; and the Humboldt board, at Eureka, on the first Mondays in January, April, July, and October in each year. Regular meetings may be adjourned from time to time as the business of the board may require. Special meetings may be held in the manner provided by the

by-laws. At all meetings a majority of such board constitutes a quorum for the transaction of business.

Contains the provisions of present section twenty-four hundred and forty-three; also provisions concerning secretaries and the adjournment of regular meetings, taken from section twenty-four hundred and forty-five; also that part of section four of the statute of 1871-2, p. 650, relating to the board of pilot commissioners for San Diego. The matter now in section twenty-four hundred and thirty-one is transferred to section twenty-four hundred and thirty-eight.

Witnesses, and the administering of oaths.

Sec. 2432. The president of each board is authorized to administer oaths in regard to any matter properly before it, and to issue subpoenas in like cases for witnesses. A witness disobeying such subpoena served on him must pay to the board one hundred dollars, for which judgment may be recovered by the president thereof in a civil suit.

Corresponds to present section twenty-four hundred and forty-two. The matters now in section twenty-four hundred and thirty-two are transferred to section twenty-four hundred and thirty-nine.

Powers of the board.

Sec. 2433. Each board must make by-laws and rules for the government of pilots appointed by it, not inconsistent with the laws of this State and of the United States, and furnish a copy thereof to each pilot appointed by it. It may adjourn its regular meetings from time to time. The Humboldt board must hold a special meeting on notice of any member, published in a newspaper in Humboldt county five days prior to the proposed meeting. The San Francisco board may appoint a secretary and fix his compensation, not to exceed two hundred and fifty dollars per month. The secretary of the Humboldt board must be one of the members thereof.

Corresponds to section twenty-four hundred and forty-five, with the insertion therein of the words "not inconsistent with the laws of this State or of the United States, and furnish a copy thereof to each pilot appointed by it." The matters now in section twenty-four hundred and thirty-three are transferred to section twenty-four hundred and forty.

Secretary's duties.

Sec. 2434. The secretary of each board must keep a journal of all its proceedings and acts, and a register of all pilots appointed, their residence and date of license; and must, under

order of the board, issue licenses to be signed by the president, and countersign the same. The secretary of the Humboldt board is the treasurer thereof.

This is present section twenty-four hundred and forty-six. The matters now in section twenty-four hundred and thirty-four are transferred to section twenty-four hundred and forty-one.

Commissioners forbidden to have interest in pilot boats.

Sec. 2435. Neither the commissioners nor their secretaries must have any interest in any pilot boat or steam tug, nor in the earnings thereof, other than for compensation as herein provided. Any one violating this section forfeits his office.

Corresponds to present section twenty-four hundred and forty-seven. The contents of section twenty-four hundred and thirty-five are transferred to section twenty-four hundred and forty-three.

Pilots, who may be.

Sec. 2436. No person must be appointed a pilot unless he is an American citizen, over the age of twenty-one years, with a practical knowledge of the management of sailing vessels and steamboats, and of the tides, soundings, bearings, and distances of the several shoals, bars, rocks, points of land, lighthouses, and fog signals of the ports and harbors for which he is appointed, of good moral character, and temperate, with the skill and ability necessary to discharge the duties of pilot.

Corresponds to present section twenty-four hundred and twenty-nine. The matters now in section twenty-four hundred and thirty-six are transferred to section twenty-four hundred and eighty.

Examining and licensing pilots and renewing licenses.

Sec. 2437. Pilots appointed by commissioners must be carefully examined as to their qualifications, and, if found to be qualified and worthy, must receive licenses as pilots for the term of twelve months, which license must be thereafter annually renewed until the commissioners have good cause to withhold such renewal; and whenever the commissioners deem they have such cause, or intend for any reason to withhold such renewal, the secretary of the board of commissioners must serve notice, in writing, on such pilot, specifying the causes, at least ten days before the expiration of his license; and such pilot shall thereupon be entitled to a full hearing before said board.

Corresponds to section twenty-four hundred and thirty. The contents of section twenty-four hundred and thirty-seven are transferred to section twenty-four hundred and forty-three.

Bonds of pilots.

Sec. 2438. Every pilot must execute an official bond in the sum of five thousand dollars, to be approved by the officer or board appointing him. The bonds of pilots appointed by commissioners must be filed with such commissioners.

Consists of matters now in section twenty-four hundred and thirty-one. The contents of section twenty-four hundred and thirty-eight are transferred to section twenty-four hundred and eighty-four.

Pilotage fees, liability for.

Sec. 2439. All vessels, their tackle, apparel, and furniture, and the master and owners thereof, are jointly and severally liable for pilotage fees, to be recovered in any court of competent jurisdiction.

Includes the matters now in section twenty-four hundred and thirty-two. The contents of present section twenty-four hundred and thirty-nine are transferred to section twenty-four hundred and forty-four.

Indemnifying pilots for losses.

Sec. 2440. If any pilot, in endeavoring to assist or relieve any vessel in distress, suffers loss or damage in his boats, sails, tackle, rigging, or appurtenances, the master, owner, or consignee of such vessel must pay the cash value of such loss or damage, to be ascertained by the commissioners.

Corresponds to present section twenty-four hundred and thirty-three, the matters now in section twenty-four hundred and forty having been transferred to section twenty-four hundred and thirty-nine.

Pilots must exhibit their licenses.

Sec. 2441. Every pilot, on boarding a vessel, when required by the master thereof, must exhibit his commission or license as a pilot. A refusal so to do subjects him to a forfeiture of his commission or license, and to a recovery of fifty dollars on his bond in a suit instituted for that purpose by the authority appointing him.

Corresponds to present section twenty-four hundred and thirty-four, the matters now in section twenty-four hundred and forty-one having been transferred to section twenty-four hundred and twenty-nine.

Pilots carried to sea or unnecessarily detained.

Sec. 2442. Every pilot carried to sea against his will, or unnecessarily detained on board of a vessel when a pilot boat

is in attendance to receive him, is entitled to receive the sum of eight dollars per day while necessarily absent or detained, not to exceed in the aggregate the sum of one thousand dollars in any one case, which sum may be recovered by action against the master or owner of the vessel so taking him away.

Corresponds to the matters in present section twenty-four hundred and thirty-five, the contents of present section twenty-four hundred and forty-two having been transferred to section twenty-four hundred and thirty.

Penalties imposed on pilots.

Sec. 2443. When cruising off or standing out to sea, pilots must go to a vessel nearest to shore, or in the most distress, under a penalty of one hundred dollars; for refusing to go on board a vessel when required, a like penalty of one hundred dollars may be imposed; in either case, upon conviction, the pilot may be suspended or expelled, at the discretion of the commissioners.

Corresponds to the matters now in section twenty-four hundred and thirty-seven, the contents of present section twenty-four hundred and forty-three having been transferred to section twenty-four hundred and thirty-one.

Penalty for acting as a pilot without authority.

Sec. 2444. Any person not the master or owner, and not holding a commission or license as a pilot, who pilots any vessel into or out of any harbor or port of this State for which there are commissioned or licensed pilots, must be punished therefor as provided in section three hundred and seventy-nine of the Penal Code, and must pay to the pilot entitled to pilot such vessel, the amount of pilotage or towage collected by him.

Consists of the matters now in section twenty-four hundred and thirty-nine, those in present section twenty-four hundred and forty-four having been transferred to section twenty-four hundred and thirty-two.

§§ 2457-2491. That present articles VI and VII, consisting of sections twenty-four hundred and fifty-seven to twenty-four hundred and ninety-one, be repealed, and that in their stead there be added a new article VI, to consist of sections twenty-four hundred and fifty-seven to twenty-four hundred and eighty-four, to read:

ARTICLE VI.

PILOT REGULATIONS.

- SEC. 2457. Number of pilots to be licensed.
 2458. Boats to be kept by pilots.
 2459. Duties of pilots. Unlawful boarding of vessels.
 2460. Accounts to be rendered and payments made by pilots.
 2461. Suspension of pilots.
 2462. Causes for depriving pilots of licenses.
 2463. Complaints against pilots, and proceedings thereon.
 2464. Renewal of licenses, proceedings on refusal of.
 2465. Pilotage, rates of within and about harbor of San Francisco.
 2466. Pilotage, rates of into or out of San Francisco harbor.
 2466a. Pilotage, rates of into or out of San Diego.
 2466b. Pilotage, rates of into or out of Humboldt bay.
 2466c. Pilotage, rates of into or out of San Pedro.
 2467. Vessels in tow in bay of San Francisco.
 2468. Pilotage rates, exemptions from.
 2469. Pilots, rights of preference between.
 2470. Pilot bringing vessel in entitled to take her out.
 2471. Suits for penalties and forfeitures from pilots.
 2472. Compensation and expenses of Humboldt board.
 2473. Publication of receipts and expenditures.
 2474. Pilot negligently losing vessel or running her on shore.
 2475. Pilot's claim for extra services.
 2476. Pilots boarding vessels displaying signals.
 2477. Charges for licenses.
 2478. Duties and liabilities of pilots at Humboldt bay.
 2479. Pilot bringing vessel into Humboldt bay, priority acquired by.
 2480. Claims against the commissioners.
 2481. Loss or negligence at Humboldt bay.
 2482. Pilots for port of Wilmington and bay of San Pedro.
 2483. Regulations for pilots other than San Francisco and Humboldt.
 2484. Pilots' liabilities on their official bond.

Number of pilots to be licensed.

Sec. 2457. The San Francisco board must examine and license, in the manner prescribed, not less than fifteen nor more than twenty pilots for the port of San Francisco, and not more than two pilots for the ports of Mare Island, Vallejo, and Benicia; the San Diego board not more than four pilots, and the Humboldt board such number of pilots as are necessary.

The words "San Francisco board" substituted for "board of commissioners," and adds the words "the San Diego board not more than four pilots, and the Humboldt board such number of pilots as are necessary," thereby codifying section five of the act of 1871-2, p. 650, establishing pilots and pilot regulations in San Diego, and also includes the provisions now in section twenty-four hundred and seventy-six and there applicable to Humboldt only.

Boats to be kept by pilots.

Sec. 2458. Pilots must at all times keep, for their exclusive use, boats of such description and good condition as directed by the commissioners, or where they are appointed by the governor, such as are required by the service at the respective ports.

The words "or where they are appointed by the governor, such as are required by the service at the respective ports" added.

Duties of pilots. Unlawful boarding of vessels.

Sec. 2459. Every pilot in charge of a vessel arriving in any port or harbor of this State must safely moor the vessel in such position as the master of the vessel or harbormaster, if there be one, may direct. He must prevent all persons (except officers of the state or federal governments, owners or consignees of the vessel or cargo, and persons admitted on the express order of the master) from boarding such vessel until she has been safely moored. Any person who, in opposition to the master's orders, persists in boarding such vessel, or who, having boarded her, refuses to leave on command of such master or pilot, is guilty of a misdemeanor, and the pilot in charge of such vessel may arrest such person and take him immediately before a court of competent jurisdiction, to be proceeded against according to law.

The words "this State" substituted for "San Francisco"; after the word "harbormaster" are inserted the words "if there be one"; all the present section after the word "moored" omitted, and in place thereof is inserted the second sentence shown above. This change makes the section applicable to all ports and harbors of the State, instead of restricting it to San Francisco.

Accounts to be rendered and payments made by pilots.

Sec. 2460. Every pilot must, once in each month, on blanks to be furnished by the board of pilot commissioners; render to the board a verified account of all moneys received by him, or by any other person for him, or on his account; and pilots of the ports of San Francisco, Mare Island, Vallejo, and Benicia, must, in addition, pay five per cent thereof to the San Francisco board in full compensation for its official services, for the services of the secretary and treasurer, and all incidental expenses thereof. Such account must give the name of each vessel piloted, and the master thereof, and of each vessel for which pilotage has been charged or collected, and the amount charged to or collected from each, and any rebate made and

allowed and the amounts thereof, where the same is registered, the depth of its draught, its tonnage, whether inward or outward bound, and whether the amount so received, collected, or charged is for full pilotage or half pilotage, and the secretary must record such account in full detail in a book prepared for that purpose, which book must at all times be open to public inspection.

Strikes out the words "of the harbor of San Francisco, Mare Island, Vallejo, and Benicia," and inserts after the word "account" the words "and pilots of the ports of San Francisco, Mare Island, Vallejo, and Benicia." The duty of making accounts is extended by this amendment to all pilots.

Suspension of pilots.

Sec. 2461. The board has power summarily to suspend pilots for misconduct, inattention to their duty, intoxication, or violation of any of the rules and regulations provided by the board for the government of pilots, and to revoke the license of pilots upon due proof as hereinafter provided. The board must immediately suspend every pilot complained of until the complaint is investigated and decided.

Corresponds to the present section of the same number.

Causes for depriving pilots of licenses.

Sec. 2462. Any pilot may be deprived of his license before its expiration for the following causes only:

1. For neglect, for thirty days after the same becomes due, as provided in the second preceding section, to render an account to the board of pilot commissioners of all moneys received by him for pilotage;

2. For neglect, for thirty days after the same becomes due, to pay over to the board the five per cent on the pilotage money received by him;

3. For rendering to the board a false account of pilotage received;

4. For absenting himself from duty for more than one month at any one time, except upon leave granted by the board, or by reason of sickness or personal injury;

5. For refusing to exhibit his license when requested to do so by the master of any vessel he may have boarded;

6. For intoxication, whether the same occurs while in charge of any vessel as pilot, or in charge of a pilot boat, or at any other time;

7. For negligently, ignorantly, or wilfully running any vessel

on shore or otherwise rendering her liable to injury. Any pilot deprived of his license under this subdivision is thereafter ineligible to receive a license as pilot;

8. For wilful violation of the rules and regulations adopted by the board of commissioners for the government of pilots;

9. For failure to renew his bond when required by the board;

10. Incapacity, misconduct, or wilful violation of any duty prescribed by law or any regulation of the appointing power.

Adds subdivisions nine and ten, and before the word "intoxication" in subdivision six strikes out "habitual or occasional."

Complaints against pilots, and proceedings thereon.

Sec. 2463. No complaint against any pilot appointed by a board of pilot commissioners, for any of the charges specified in the preceding section, must be entertained by the board unless it is within the knowledge of the commissioners, or reduced to writing and verified, as in civil actions. When a written complaint is filed, the pilot accused must be forthwith served with a copy thereof by the secretary, and required to appear and answer within ten days thereafter. If, upon the hearing of a complaint and the testimony in relation thereto, the board adjudges the complaint well founded, and the pilot guilty of any of the acts or causes herein declared sufficient for depriving him of his license, the board must by order so declare, and forthwith revoke his license. Such order must be entered of record in the minutes by the secretary. Complaints against pilots appointed by the governor must be forwarded to him for his consideration and action. He may remove them for any cause specified in the preceding section.

Inserts the words "appointed by a board of pilot commissioners."

Renewal of licenses, proceedings on refusal of.

Sec. 2464. Whenever any pilot appointed by any of the boards of pilot commissioners has been notified that his license will not be renewed, as provided in section twenty-four hundred and thirty-seven, he is entitled to a trial and hearing thereon, in the same manner that other charges and complaints are tried under the provisions of section twenty-four hundred and sixty-three; and in all such cases, and in all cases of revocation of license, or suspension of a pilot for any cause, the board may, in its discretion, upon written application, setting forth the grounds thereof, verified by the party aggrieved, grant a rehearing; and in all cases the final decision of the board is subject to review in the superior court of any county, or city

and county in this State, where the complaint was made, which court must hear and determine the same. All papers and proceedings must be immediately certified by the secretary of the board to such court when so required by the pilot interested therein. Any case so certified to the superior court must be tried *de novo*. The judgment of the court is final and conclusive. If the decision is reversed, the judgment operates directly to restore the pilot to his former rights, status, and privileges without further action of the board. But the board must, nevertheless, upon being served with a certified copy of such judgment, restore or renew the license of such pilot, as the judgment may direct.

Strikes out the words "twenty-four hundred and thirty" and inserts the words "twenty-four hundred and thirty-seven"; strikes out the words "of the city and county of San Francisco, to which court any such case, with all papers and proceedings therein, shall be immediately certified by the secretary of such board when so required by the pilot interested therein," and inserts in place thereof the words "any county or city and county in this State, where the complaint was made, which court must hear and determine the same. All papers and proceedings must be immediately certified by the secretary of the board to such court when so required by the pilot interested therein."

Pilotage, rates of within and about harbor of San Francisco.

Sec. 2465. The pilotage inside the heads to the anchorage opposite San Francisco and about the harbor, or between the harbor of San Francisco and the ports of Mare Island, Vallejo, or Benicia, must be at such rates as agreed on between the parties, not to exceed five dollars per foot draught.

Corresponds to the present section of the same number.

Pilotage, rates of into or out of San Francisco harbor.

Sec. 2466. The following shall be the rates of pilotage into or out of the harbor of San Francisco: All vessels, under five hundred tons, five dollars per foot draught; all vessels over five hundred tons, five dollars per foot draught, and four cents per ton for each and every ton registered measurement. When a vessel is spoken, inward or outward bound, and the services of a pilot are declined, one half the above rates must be paid. In all cases where inward bound vessels are not spoken until inside of the bar, the rates of pilotage and one half pilotage above provided must be reduced fifty per cent. Vessels engaged in the whaling or fishing trades are exempt from all pilotage, except where a pilot is actually employed.

Corresponds to the present section of the same number.

Pilotage, rates of into or out of San Diego.

Sec. 2466a. The following are the rates of pilotage into or out of the harbor of San Diego: All vessels under five hundred tons, five dollars per foot draught; all vessels over five hundred tons, five dollars per foot draught, and four cents per ton for each and every ton registered measurement; all vessels engaged in the whaling or fishing trades, one dollar per foot draught. When a vessel is spoken and the services of a pilot are declined, one half of the rate shall be paid. All vessels coasting between San Diego and any port in Oregon, Washington, and Alaska, and all vessels coasting between ports of this State, and all steamers from Panama connecting with the Panama railroad, touching at said port of San Diego, bound to other coast ports, are exempt from all charges for pilotage, unless a pilot is actually employed.

Codifies section fourteen of the statute of 1871-2, p. 650.

Pilotage, rates of into or out of Humboldt bay.

Sec. 2466b. The following are the rates of pilotage and tonnage into or out of Humboldt bay and harbor:

1. For piloting vessels, eight dollars per foot draught;
2. For towage, an amount to be agreed upon between the parties.

Corresponds to the provisions of present section twenty-four hundred and eighty, providing the fees to be collected by the pilots of Humboldt.

Pilotage, rates of into and out of San Pedro.

Sec. 2466c. The following are the rates of pilotage into or out of the bay of San Pedro, at the outer anchorage: All vessels under five hundred tons, five dollars per foot draught; all vessels over five hundred tons, ten cents per ton for each and every ton gross registered tonnage. For all vessels engaged in the whaling or fishing trade, the rate of pilotage is one dollar per foot draught. When a vessel is spoken and the services of a pilot are declined, the pilot is entitled to one half pilotage rates. All vessels engaged in the coasting trade between the ports of the United States on the Pacific coast are exempt from all charges for pilotage, unless a pilot shall actually be employed. All vessels over five hundred tons gross register must, when piloted into or out of the harbor of San Pedro or Wilmington, over the bar, adjoining Dead Man's Island, pay pilotage rates as follows: five dollars per foot draught, and five cents per ton for each ton gross registered tonnage.

Corresponds to section nine of the statute of 1889, p. 416.

Vessels in tow in bay of San Francisco.

Sec. 2467. Any vessel in tow of a steam tug, between the harbor of San Francisco and the ports of Mare Island, Vallejo, or Benicia, is exempt from all charges for pilotage, unless a pilot is actually employed.

Corresponds to the present section of the same number.

Pilotage rates, exemptions from.

Sec. 2468. All vessels sailing under an enrollment, and licensed and engaged in the coasting trade between the port of San Francisco and any other port of the United States, are exempt from all pilotage, unless a pilot is actually employed. All foreign vessels, and all vessels from a foreign port or bound thereto, and all vessels sailing under a register between the port of San Francisco and any other port of the United States, are liable for pilotage and half pilotage, as provided in section twenty-four hundred and sixty-six.

Corresponds to the present section of the same number.

Pilots, rights of preference between.

Sec. 2469. When two or more pilots offer their services to any vessel inward bound, the pilot first offering, or one connected with the same boat, has preference, and if the service of another is accepted, the vessel, her appurtenances, and the master and owner thereof, are jointly and severally liable to the pilot entitled to such preference for one half the amount of pilotage he would have been entitled to had his services been accepted; provided, that at the bay of San Diego this section does not apply, except to a vessel outside of a line from Point Lomas and the southeast end of Zuinga shoal; and provided further, that the provisions hereof do not apply at the bay of San Pedro, except to a vessel outside of a line from Point Firman lighthouse and the southeast end of the twenty-six fathoms bank.

Adds the clause commencing with "provided," to conform the section to the provisions of section thirteen of the statute of 1871-2, p. 650, and section eight of the statute of 1889, p. 416.

Pilot bringing vessel in entitled to take her out.

Sec. 2470. Any pilot bringing a vessel into the harbor of San Francisco (or one connected with his boat) shall be entitled to take such vessel to sea again when she departs; provided, such pilot and those connected with his boat have not in the meantime in any manner become disqualified or incapacitated;

and if such preference is disregarded by the master of such vessel, the vessel, master, and owner are liable to the pilot entitled to such preference for one half the amount to which he would be entitled if his services had been accepted.

Corresponds to the present section of the same number.

Suits for penalties and forfeitures from pilots.

Sec. 2471. The commissioners must sue for and recover all penalties and forfeitures from pilots, masters, or owners of vessels or other persons, or from the vessels violating any of the provisions of this article. The money so collected by the Humboldt board must be paid into the county treasury of Humboldt county, for the use of the public schools; the commissioners first deducting therefrom, if sufficient, enough to defray their salaries and necessary expenses.

Corresponds to present section twenty-four hundred and eighty-two, and the first sentence of that section is thereby made applicable to all commissioners, irrespective of the port for which they may be appointed.

Compensation and expenses of Humboldt board.

Sec. 2472. The members of the Humboldt board must each receive the sum of four dollars per day for each day actually employed in the discharge of their duties, and all necessary expenses for stationery, lights, and fuel used in their office, which sum must be deducted from the moneys received by them before depositing the same in the county treasury.

Corresponds to present section twenty-four hundred and eighty-three.

Publication of receipts and expenditures.

Sec. 2473. On the first week in January in each year, the secretary of the board must cause to be published, in a newspaper printed and published in the city where the board holds its meetings, a full account of all the receipts and expenditures for the year previous.

Corresponds to present section twenty-four hundred and eighty-four, striking out the words "published in Humboldt county," and inserting in place thereof the words "printed and published in the county where the board holds its meetings."

Pilot negligently losing vessel or running her on shore.

Sec. 2474. A pilot negligently losing a vessel must not thereafter receive a license as a pilot, and is liable for all damages sustained in consequence of such neglect. If a pilot

negligently runs a vessel on shore, he must receive no pilotage; and he is liable on his bond for all damages sustained.

Corresponds to present section twenty-four hundred and eighty-seven.

Pilot's claim for extra services.

Sec. 2475. The master, owner, or consignee of any vessel to whom any pilot may have rendered, upon request of either of them, any extra service for the preservation of such vessel while in distress, must pay such pilot, in addition to his regular fees, such amount as the commissioners determine to be a reasonable and just reward, if no special agreement has been made between such master, owner or consignee of such vessel and the pilot.

Corresponds to present section twenty-four hundred and eighty-eight.

Pilots boarding vessels displaying signals.

Sec. 2476. A pilot boarding any vessel displaying a signal for a pilot is entitled to receive full pilotage.

Corresponds to present section twenty-four hundred and eighty-nine.

Charges for licenses.

Sec. 2477. The commissioners are entitled to charge for each license to a pilot a sum not exceeding fifty dollars; and any master of a coasting vessel, being an American citizen, can, upon application to the pilot commissioners, obtain a special license for the use of such vessel only, by paying the commissioners for the same at the rate of one dollar per ton; all such vessels must be under one hundred and seventy-five tons burden.

Corresponds to present section twenty-four hundred and ninety.

Duties and liabilities of pilots at Humboldt bay.

Sec. 2478. All pilots licensed or appointed for Humboldt bay must be attached to a steamboat well furnished and fitted for the service, having the necessary hawsers and spring lines suitable to cross and tow vessels over Humboldt bar in ordinarily rough weather. Any damage to a vessel in tow of a pilot boat, resulting from negligence or carelessness, may be recovered of the pilot boat, its owners, or the pilots in charge thereof at the time the injury occurred; they are jointly and severally liable therefor.

Corresponds to the present section of the same number.

Pilot bringing vessel into Humboldt bay, priority acquired by.

Sec. 2479. The pilot who brings any vessel into Humboldt bay has priority in piloting or towing the same out; and the master of the vessel outward bound must apply for pilotage or towage on board the pilot boat which brought the vessel in, and tender the pilotage or towage fee. Such pilot, or a suitable substitute, must immediately render the required service, and for a failure so to do forfeits his appointment. If the pilot, in bringing the vessel in, was guilty of negligence or carelessness, he thereby forfeits his right of priority.

Codifies section one of the statute of 1889, p. 416.

Claims against the commissioners.

Sec. 2480. All claims against the commissioners must be considered at a stated meeting, and if correct must be allowed and paid.

Consists of the matters now in section twenty-four hundred and ninety-one.

Loss or negligence at Humboldt bay.

Sec. 2481. If any vessel bound for Humboldt bay is lost or unnecessarily detained for want of a pilot or steam tugboat, after raising a signal for a pilot within eight miles of the bar at the entrance of the bay, the pilots may be suspended or displaced by the commissioners; and those guilty of negligence or inattention must pay to the commissioners a sum not exceeding five hundred dollars, to be recovered in a suit by them, and are liable to the owners of the lost or detained vessel in the amount of damage resulting from such negligence or inattention. The commissioners must publish all proceedings had in such cases.

Corresponds to the present section of the same number.

Pilots for port of Wilmington and bay of San Pedro.

Sec. 2482. It is the duty of the governor to appoint not more than two persons, residents of San Pedro or vicinity, as pilots for the port of Wilmington and the bay of San Pedro. They must have the qualifications prescribed in section twenty-four hundred and thirty-six.

Codifies section one of the statute of 1889, p. 416, adding the requirement that they must have the qualifications prescribed in section twenty-four hundred and thirty-six.

Regulations for pilots other than San Francisco and Humboldt.

Sec. 2483. Pilots for all ports in this State, other than San Francisco, Mare Island, Benicia, and Humboldt bay, are governed by the following regulations:

1. They must keep, for the purpose of piloting, at least one boat for every six pilots, in good condition, and seaworthy, sufficiently large to cruise in heavy weather, to be exclusively used as a pilot boat;

2. They must cruise at least ten marine miles seaward from the headlands at the entrance of the port;

3. When the person commanding any vessel refuses to take a pilot, the pilot first offering his services is entitled to half pilotage;

4. For incompetency, neglect of duty, or other good cause, the governor may suspend or remove any pilot appointed by him;

5. They must strictly observe and obey all legally established quarantine regulations.

Corresponds to present section twenty-four hundred and thirty-six, omitting subdivision three thereof, the matters therein having been provided for in section twenty-four hundred and thirty-six and following.

Pilots' liabilities on their official bonds.

Sec. 2484. For every violation of the duties and regulations herein specified, the pilot so violating is liable on his official bond to the party aggrieved to the amount of the damage sustained.

Corresponds to present section twenty-four hundred and thirty-eight.

§ 2524a. That a new section, numbered twenty-five hundred and twenty-four *a*, be added, to read:

Sec. 2524a. The commissioners are hereby authorized to construct railroads, bridges, and drawbridges over any state lands, or lands within their jurisdiction and control, along the exterior water front of the city and county of San Francisco, and across the outlet of, but not along, any water highway or open canal extending inland.

Codifies the statute of 1889, p. 338.

§ 2524b. That a new section, numbered twenty-five hundred and twenty-four *b*, be added, to read:

Sec. 2524b. The commissioners must adopt such regulations as they deem proper, from time to time, to secure to any and all railroad companies, now or hereafter receiving or delivering

freight or passengers within the city and county of San Francisco, on equal terms, the right to use the railroad so constructed for the transportation of their engines, trains, and cars, upon such terms of payment to the board, and under such restrictions, as the said board shall deem just. The said board has the power, and it is its duty, from time to time as the occasion therefor may arise, to adopt just and reasonable regulations to prevent the passage of engines, trains, or cars over said road, across the streets of the city and county of San Francisco, at such hours and in such manner as may interfere with the safe and convenient use of said streets. Upon the adoption of any regulation or amendment thereof, under this section, a copy must be immediately furnished by the said board to all persons, companies, and corporations using said railroad.

Codifies section two of the statute of 1889, p. 388.

§ 2524*c*. That a new section, numbered twenty-five hundred and twenty-four *c*, be added, to read:

Sec. 2524*c*. Every person, corporation, firm, or association, who, by false returns, or in any manner, avoids the payment of all or any portion of any tolls that may be due to any board of state harbor commissioners of the State of California, from any source or cause, as provided by law or the rules and regulations of said board, is liable for and must pay to said board twice the amount of such tolls, and in addition thereto the sum of ten dollars.

Codifies the statute of 1891, p. 27.

§ 2524*d*. That a new section, numbered twenty-five hundred and twenty-four *d*, be added, to read:

Sec. 2524*d*. The owner or owners of any fishing boat which shall be moored to any portion of the water front of the city and county of San Francisco, except such as shall have been set apart for that purpose by the board, under the provisions of this article, must be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor.

Codifies section five of the statute of 1871-2, p. 728.

§ 2524*e*. That a new section, numbered twenty-five hundred and twenty-four *e*, be added, to read:

Sec. 2524*e*. The board may insure against loss or damage by fire, the wharves, docks, piers, slips, bulkheads, and structures contained thereon, and improvements located inside and outside of the water front line, the property of the State of California, and under the control and supervision of the board,

situate on the water front at San Francisco. This insurance is to be effected and distributed at the discretion and under the direction of the board; the aggregate amount thereof not to exceed the sum of five hundred and fifty thousand dollars, and the cost thereof not to exceed the amount of eleven thousand dollars in premiums for policies to be written for a three years' term, which must be defrayed and paid out of the San Francisco harbor fund.

Codifies the statute of 1901, p. 809.

§ 2577. That section twenty-five hundred and seventy-seven be amended to read:

Sec. 2577. The secretary must keep the office of the board open every day, legal holidays excepted, from nine o'clock A. M. till four o'clock P. M. He must safely keep and be responsible for all moneys paid into the office and for all the books and papers of the board, attend their meetings and keep a perfect record of their proceedings, with the names of the commissioners present thereat. He must keep in proper books an account of all moneys received and paid, and on or before the tenth day of each month must send to the state controller a statement thereof, under oath, for the preceding month, showing the sources from which such moneys were received, and the purposes for which they were paid, and must also report to the controller the amount paid to the state treasurer for the month covered by such statement. He must enter daily, in proper wharf-books, the returns made by the wharfingers and collectors, and on the last day of each month settle the accounts of each of them, and balance the said books as soon as possible thereafter. When money is received from any source, he must retain a stub corresponding in number, date, and amount with the receipt given therefor, and he must require the person paying it to sign such stub. He must record at length all contracts and agreements made by the board, and also all bonds executed by officers of the board, and keep a record of all personal property purchased and its cost, and in case any be sold, the name of the purchaser, date of sale, and the price received therefor. Before entering on the duties of his office, he must give an official bond in the sum of twenty thousand dollars, and take and subscribe an official oath. Said bond must be approved by the board by written indorsement thereon, and be filed with such oath in the office of the secretary of state. The assistant secretary must attend at the office during office hours, and must perform such

services as may be required of him by the secretary of the board. Before entering upon the duties of his office he must give an official bond in the sum of ten thousand dollars, and take and subscribe an official oath. Said bond must be approved by the board by written indorsements thereon, and be filed with such oath in the office of the secretary of state. The attorney must attend to the prosecution and defense of all suits and render such legal services as may be required of him by the board. The chief engineer must prepare such plans and specifications as the board may direct, and if adopted, and the work ordered by the board to be done, must superintend its construction. He must give constant attention to the condition of the seawall and thoroughfares, of the sheds, wharves, piers, and landings, of the streets or parts thereof under the jurisdiction of the board, and of the construction and operating of the seawall railroad, and when repairs are needed must forthwith report to the board, in writing, their nature and extent, and, if ordered by the board, must have the same done at once. He must keep himself informed as to the depth of the water in the various docks and slips, and report to the board from time to time what dredging is required. He must keep a register, properly indexed, showing the date, place, and character of every piece of work done and dock dredged, when begun and when finished, with proper descriptions and drawings. He must take and subscribe an official oath, and give a bond in the sum of ten thousand dollars, to be approved by the board by written indorsement thereon. Said bond and oath must be filed in the office of the board. The chief wharfinger must station, berth, and regulate the position of vessels in the docks and harbors, and cause them to remove from time to time, and from place to place, as the general convenience, safety, and good order may require. Subject to such regulations, he must assign berths to vessels in the order of their application after entering the harbor. He must supervise the wharfingers, and report to the board all cases of failure to perform their duties, and require all shipmasters, consignees, pilots, and masters of tugboats to conform to the regulations of the board. He must require the docks, slips, wharves, piers, and other premises under the jurisdiction of the board to be kept free from all obstructions, and when parties fail to obey his order to remove the same, he must forthwith report the fact to the board, and execute its order in relation thereto. And it is his duty to execute and enforce the rules and regulations which may be established by such

board pursuant to the provisions of this article, and he is also empowered to determine cases of collision by consent of all parties interested, and where damages do not exceed three hundred dollars, the decision is final. He must take in charge all abandoned watercraft and all boats picked up adrift, and secure the same, after which he must advertise for one week in one of the daily newspapers printed in the city of San Diego, giving the full particulars pertaining to the same, and request all parties interested to appear and establish their title or claim thereto, within twenty days from the last publication. If claimed within said period, such property must be delivered to the owner on payment of all costs of removing, securing, and advertising the same. If not claimed within said period, or if the owner fails to pay the charges, such property must be sold by the chief wharfinger to the highest bidder at public auction; the proceeds of such sale, less the cost, must be paid the owner, if claimed by him, or, if not claimed by the owner, must be paid to the board of state harbor commissioners; but the owner is entitled to receive from said board the amount so paid, if he claims the same within one year from the date of said payment. For the purposes of this section the harbor of San Diego shall be the tide-waters of the entire bay of San Diego, and the jurisdiction of the chief wharfinger shall, when performing the duties required by this section, be co-extensive with such tide-waters. The chief wharfinger must keep an office in some convenient place upon the city front, which must be kept open every day (Sundays and holidays excepted) from seven A. M. till six P. M. The commissioners must furnish a suitable building for an office, for the exclusive use of said chief wharfinger, with suitable office furniture. And it is the duty of all pilots, masters of tugboats, masters, owners, and consignees of vessels, to obey all lawful orders and directions of the chief wharfinger in relation to the stationing, anchoring, and removing of vessels under and pursuant to such rules and regulations. He must take and subscribe an official oath, and give such official bond as the board may require, subject to their approval, to be indorsed thereon. Said bond and oath must be filed in the office of the board. The wharfingers have supervision of the wharves to which they are assigned, and must require the regulations of the board and orders of the chief wharfinger to be respected and obeyed, and good order to be preserved thereon. The collectors must collect the revenues in such manner as the board may direct, and must daily account for

and pay all moneys into the office. The wharfingers and collectors must take and subscribe an official oath, and give such official bond as the board may require, subject to its approval, to be indorsed thereon. Said bond and oath to be filed in its office. All the above named officers must perform such other duties pertaining to their positions as the board may from time to time prescribe. The board may, in its discretion, employ an assistant to the chief engineer, an assistant to the chief wharfinger, a draughtsman, a superintendent of dredgers, a yardmaster, and such men on the dredgers, scows, tugboats, fireboats, and railroad, and in doing urgent repairs, as it deems advisable, and prescribe their bonds, duties, and compensation; such employés hold their positions and are removable at the pleasure of the board; but no officer or employé of the board must be removed or otherwise prejudiced for refusing to contribute to any political fund, or to render any political service; nor must the board, collectively or individually, use its official influence to coerce the political action of any of the officers or employés. Nor must the state dredgers be employed to dredge slips not under the control of the State, nor private work of any character. Nor must the commissioners, nor their appointees, be interested in any contract for the erection or repairing of any work described in this article. Any commissioner or appointee who shall be interested is guilty of a felony.

The words "proceeds of the sale" inserted, to correct a manifest omission.

§ 2592. That section twenty-five hundred and ninety-two be amended to read:

Sec. 2592. The commissioners must annually make to the governor a full report of all moneys by them received and disbursed, stating specifically for what the same was received and for what purposes expended, and must give a concise account of all improvements made, and the general condition of property under their charge.

Reports are, by the amendment, required to be made annually instead of biennially.

§§ 2610-2613. That a new article, number I, codifying the statute of 1897, p. 443, to consist of sections twenty-six hundred and ten to twenty-six hundred and thirteen, be added, to read:

ARTICLE I.

DEPARTMENT OF HIGHWAYS.

- Sec. 2610. Highway commissioner—appointment, qualification, salary, and rooms of.
2611. Duties and powers of department.
2612. Attorney-general's duties. Salaries and expenses.
2613. Allowance of expenses.

Highway commissioner—appointment, qualification, salary, and rooms of.

Sec. 2610. A highway commissioner, appointed by the governor, by and with the advice and consent of the senate, constitutes the department of highways. He holds such office for the term of four years from and after the date of his qualification. In the event of a vacancy in the office before the end of a term, it must be filled by the governor, by appointment, for the unexpired term, which appointment must be confirmed by the senate at its next session. He must be a civil engineer, and be selected with particular reference to his qualifications for, and practical knowledge of, highway location, construction, and maintenance, and must devote his entire time to the duties of his office, and must not actively engage in any other pursuit while serving as such commissioner. He must file a bond in the sum of ten thousand dollars, with at least two sufficient sureties, for the faithful performance of his duties, which bond must be approved by the governor and filed with the secretary of state, and qualify by taking and filing an official oath. The office of the department of highways must be in the state capitol building, and the secretary of state must assign to the department for its use such rooms as may be necessary for its accommodation. Such commissioner shall receive a salary of three thousand dollars per annum.

Consolidates sections one, two, three, four, and seven.

Duties and powers of department.

Sec. 2611. The department of highways has the following powers and must perform the following duties:

1. To adopt a seal for the authentication of its acts, records, and proceedings;
2. To appoint a secretary at a salary of fifteen hundred dollars, and a stenographer at a salary of twelve hundred dollars per annum, who hold office at the pleasure of the department;
3. To take possession, in the name of the State, as rapidly as

the funds provided for will permit, of all roads which have been or may be declared state highways ;

4. To have charge of all expenditures made by the State for highway purposes, except as otherwise provided by law; and all moneys appropriated for such purposes are payable upon proper order of said department. All claims and accounts which may be incurred by the department must, however, before payment, be audited by the board of examiners ;

5. To personally perform all the engineering work of the department ; to make examination into existing highway conditions, and such investigations within the State, as will put at its service the most approved methods of highway improvement ; to supply on request, without charge, any information relative to highways, required by any county or district official having care of and authority over highways within this State ; to collect and collate data relating to geological formation of the State, in so far as it relates to material for highway construction, and make analyses and tests of such material as it may deem suitable for highway uses, with the view of determining the value of the same for such purposes ; to prepare and adopt styles and forms of books for use by officials, in which to keep accounts of the expenditure of highway money, and all records or proceedings relating to highways ; to prepare such forms as may be necessary for use in connection with opening, abandoning, altering, locating, constructing, maintaining, obtaining title to, or otherwise relating to proposed state highways ; and such books and forms when so adopted must be the standard for use in this State, and copies of them must be forwarded to the various officials who are charged with keeping or using the same, and such officials must immediately prepare books and forms after the style shown by such standard, and thereafter use them exclusively for the purposes for which they are intended ;

6. To adopt such general forms for the surveying of state highways, mapping and keeping the notes thereof, and the permanent marking of the same on the ground, as it deems necessary, and to issue instructions defining such general forms and markings to the person having charge of the making of such surveys, and it shall thereafter be the duty of such persons to follow the methods prescribed in such instructions ;

7. To call upon any state, county, or district official to furnish it with any information contained in his office, which relates to or is in any way necessary to the proper performance of the work of the department, and it is the duty of such officials to furnish such information without cost ;

8. To prepare biennial reports to the governor, at least thirty days before each session of the legislature. Such report must embrace the work and investigations of the department for the previous two years, together with such recommendations for changes in the law as it deems advisable, and which the proper and economical maintenance of the highway demands;

9. To publish bulletins, maps, or diagrams containing data collected by the department, at such times and in such form as it in its discretion may determine; which reports, bulletins, and other matter must be printed by the superintendent of state printing, subject to the approval of the state board of examiners;

10. To employ such assistance of a special character as may be necessary and proper for the discharge of its duties, subject to the approval of the state board of examiners, and to purchase such supplies, fixtures, and conveniences as may be necessary in the performance of its work.

Subdivision one is new; subdivision two, as to the office of secretary, consolidates section six and fifteen; subdivision three corresponds to section eight; subdivision four to section nine; subdivisions five, six, seven, and nine to section ten; subdivision eight to section eleven; subdivision ten to section fourteen of the original act.

Attorney-general's duties. Salaries and expenses.

Sec. 2612. The attorney-general of the State is the legal adviser of the department, and it may call upon him for all such legal advice and services as the discharge of its duties may require. The expense incurred in locating and definitely surveying such highways in a county must be paid from the funds apportioned thereto for state highway purposes. The salaries of the officers of said department must be paid at the same time and in the same manner as the salaries of other state officers. All of the expenses of said department must be paid from the appropriations for the contingent expenses of the department.

Corresponds to parts of sections ten, fourteen, and fifteen.

Allowance of expenses.

Sec. 2613. The commissioner, or any employé of the department, must be allowed his necessary traveling expenses while engaged in the discharge of his duties.

Corresponds to section fourteen.

§ 2641. That section twenty-six hundred and forty-one be amended to read:

Sec. 2641. The board of supervisors of the several counties must divide their respective counties into suitable road districts, and may change the boundaries thereof, and each supervisor is ex officio road commissioner in his supervisor district, and must see that all orders of the board of supervisors pertaining to the roads in his district are properly executed; provided, when in any county the members of the board of supervisors thereof are not elected by districts, it is the duty of such board, by proper order, to be entered in its records, to divide such county into supervisor districts to correspond with the number of members of such board, and to assign to each member thereof one of such districts, of which he shall be such road commissioner.

The last clause of the section, being the one providing for the compensation of supervisors as highway commissioners, is omitted, as in conflict with section twenty-five of the county government act of 1897, p. 458. See *David v. Post*, 125 Cal. 210.

§ 2697. That a new section, numbered twenty-six hundred and ninety-seven, be added, to read:

Sec. 2697. Whenever it appears to the board of supervisors that any public road in any road district of the county has been, or is in danger of being, damaged by storm waters or floods, such board must adopt such measures as may be necessary to prevent such damage or to repair the same; and may construct flumes, ditches, or canals for the purpose of carrying off such storm waters or floods to a place of safety, and may condemn a right of way for such flumes, ditches, or canals for such purpose, and pay therefor from moneys in the general road fund of the county; but not more than the sum of one thousand dollars must be used for such purpose in any one road district of the county in any one year.

Codifies the statute of 1897, p. 404.

§ 2794. That section twenty-seven hundred and ninety-four be amended to read:

Sec. 2794. Every company that has once laid its road with plank, may relay it or any part of it with broken stone, gravel, shells, or other hard material, whereby a good, substantial road may be maintained.

The words "they keep a good, substantial road" stricken out, and in place thereof inserted the words "a good, substantial road may be maintained"; also, "their" changed to "its."

§ 2800. That section twenty-eight hundred be amended to read:

Sec. 2800. At any time within five years from filing the certificate of completion of any road constructed under the provisions of this chapter, or at any time after any toll road constructed and under operation under any of the laws of this State has been in existence for ten or more years, a county within which the road or any portion thereof is located, may purchase the same at a fair cash valuation, to be fixed by seven commissioners, all disinterested persons; three to be appointed by the board of supervisors of the county, three by the owners of the road, and one by a judge of the superior court of the county, who must estimate the fair cash value of the road and make report thereof, under oath, to the board of supervisors. If, within three months after filing the report, the appraised value thereof is tendered on behalf of the county to the owner of the road, or his authorized managing agent, in gold coin, the right of the owner to take tolls on the road is terminated and the road becomes the property of the county.

The word "to" inserted after "valuation," and "the" changed to "a" before the word "judge."

§ 2814. That section twenty-eight hundred and fourteen be amended to read:

Sec. 2814. The following persons, and none other, are exempt from payment of toll on wagon, turnpike, or plank roads:

1. Persons going to or from any funeral, and all funeral processions;

2. Troops in actual service of the State or of the United States, and persons going to or from a military training which by law they are required to attend;

3. Persons going to or from the courthouse in obedience to a subpoena in a criminal action;

4. Persons living within one mile of any gate by the most usually traveled road may pass it at one half toll, when not engaged in the transportation of other persons or their property;

5. Farmers living on their farms within one mile of any gate by the most usually traveled road may pass free when going to or from their work on such farms;

6. School children attending school within three miles of their parents' or boarding house;

7. Road commissioners and other members of the board of supervisors.

Subdivision seven is substituted for the words "the road overseer of the district through which the road passes, or the commissioners of highways for the purpose of inspecting the condition of the road."

§ 2848. That section twenty-eight hundred and forty-eight be amended to read:

Sec. 2848. Whenever the board of supervisors is about to fix the license tax and rate of tolls on a bridge or ferry, it must make inquiry into the present actual cash value and the cost of all necessary repairs and maintenance thereof, and for that purpose may examine, under oath, the owner or keeper of the same, and other witnesses, and the assessed value of the bridge or ferry on the assessment roll of the county. When the estimate of the board is made, if the same is not agreed to by the owner or keeper of the bridge or ferry, the same must be fixed by three commissioners, one to be appointed by the board of supervisors, one by the owner and keeper, and the third by a judge of the superior court of the county, who must hear testimony, and fix such value and cost according to the facts and report the same to the board of supervisors under oath. In all estimates of the fair cash value of the bridge or ferry, the value of the franchise must not be taken into consideration.

The words "judge of the superior court of the county" substituted for "county judge."

§ 2908. That section twenty-nine hundred and eight be amended to read:

Sec. 2908. When any lands are sought to be appropriated and used for a wharf, chute, or pier, of which the applicant is not the owner, or of which the right of way and use thereof have not been obtained by agreement, these facts and the particular description of such land must be set forth in the petition of the applicant, and a copy of the notice of application must be served on the owner thereof by the sheriff of the county, whose official return is conclusive evidence of service, at least ten days prior to the appointed day set for the hearing of the same.

The words "of which" inserted before the words "the right."

§ 2909. That section twenty-nine hundred and nine be repealed, on the ground that notice to non-residents is sufficiently provided for in

section twenty-nine hundred and seven, and that proceedings for acquiring title must be pursued as directed in section twenty-nine hundred and thirteen.

§ 2910. That section twenty-nine hundred and ten be amended to read:

Sec. 2910. On the day named in the notice, or to which the hearing is adjourned, the board of supervisors must hear proof of publication and service of notice; if satisfactory, the board must hear the allegations of the petition and any objections to the granting of the application and proofs in support of each. If from the proofs it appears that the public good or convenience will be promoted thereby, the board of supervisors may enter an order declaring that it intends to grant the right to erect or construct a wharf, chute, or pier, as prayed for, and to take tolls for the use of the same for the term of twenty years. The board must then advertise its intention to make such grant, and must receive bids, and award the franchise or privilege to the highest bidder, as prescribed by the act entitled "An act for the sale of street railway and other franchises in municipalities, and providing conditions for the grant of such franchises by legislative and other governing bodies, and repealing conflicting acts," approved March eleventh, nineteen hundred and one, and must thereupon grant such franchise or privilege to such highest bidder, subject to the conditions of such act.

The last sentence is added to harmonize the section with the statute of 1901, therein referred to.

§ 2918. That section twenty-nine hundred and eighteen be amended to read:

Sec. 2918. Any owner or keeper of a wharf, chute, or pier, who takes toll or wharfage for the use of the same when not in good repair, or when unsafe or dangerous, forfeits the sum of twenty-five dollars, to be recovered by order of the board of supervisors granting authority to construct it, for the use of the general road fund of the county, and is liable for all damages occasioned thereby.

The word "is" stricken out before "unsafe" and "when" inserted.

§ 2921. That section twenty-nine hundred and twenty-one be repealed, because inconsistent with, and impliedly repealed by, the statute of 1901, p. 265.

§§ 2949-2969. That chapter I of title VII, consisting of sections twenty-nine hundred and forty-nine to twenty-nine hundred and sixty-nine, be repealed, on the ground that it is in conflict with the laws of the United States on the same subject, and therefore unconstitutional and inoperative. (*People v. Steamship Co.*, 8 Sawy. 648; *Chi Lung v. Freeman*, 92 U. S. 280; *Henderson v. Mayor of New York*, 92 U. S. 259; *People v. Compagnie General*, 107 U. S. 109; *Gloucester F. I. v. Pennsylvania*, 114 U. S. 196.)

§ 2980. That section twenty-nine hundred and eighty be amended to read:

Sec. 2980. The board also has power to:

1. Examine into and report what, in its best judgment, is the effect of the use of intoxicating liquors as a beverage upon the industry, prosperity, happiness, health, and lives of the citizens of the State; also what legislation, if any, is necessary in the premises;

2. Compel all persons affected with leprosy or elephantiasis to inhabit such lazarettos or leper quarters as may be assigned to them by the board of supervisors of any county, or city and county, in which they shall be domiciled or settled; and such boards of supervisors are hereby vested with power, and required to make all necessary provision for the separation, detention, and care of persons affected with leprosy or elephantiasis, settled or domiciled in their respective counties, or cities and counties. The superintendent or person having charge of such lepers' quarters must forward quarterly statements, showing the name, age, sex, and birthplace of each leper under his care, to the secretary of state and state board of health, who must keep a proper record of such matters for the information of the public;

3. To make, or cause to be made, by an accredited agent, inspector, health or quarantine officer, at such point or points within the State limits as may be selected by the board for that purpose, an inspection of all vessels and railroad cars coming into the State, whenever there exists, in the opinion of the board, imminent danger of the introduction of contagious or infectious diseases into the State by means of shipping or railroad communication with other States, such inspection to be so conducted as to cause the least possible detention of vessels or trains, or interruption of travel, or inconvenience to the persons owning or operating the same, as far as consistent with the purposes of this chapter;

4. To cause the quarantine of any vessel or sidetracking or detention of any car or cars on which there is discovered

among the passengers any case or cases of dangerous, contagious, or infectious disease, under such rules and conditions as may be prescribed by the board as applicable to the nature of the disease so existing, and to isolate such sick persons or remove them to a suitable place for treatment; to establish suitable refuge stations, and to cause the passengers and material in such infected vessels or cars to be subjected to disinfection and cleansing before proceeding further into the State, and in the case of smallpox, to offer free vaccination to all persons exposed in any vessel or cars or at any station;

5. To submit to the state analyst for analysis, any samples of food, drugs, medicines, medicinal plants, mineral waters, or other substances, the expense thereof to be defrayed by said board;

6. To declare quarantine against the entry of domestic animals from any State or Territory, or any foreign port or country, in which contagious or infectious diseases are known to exist, said infected parts to be named in the proclamation, and to require such animals to enter the State at such points only as said board may, by proclamation, determine. The words "domestic animals" must be construed to mean and include horses, mules, asses, cattle, sheep, goats, and swine;

7. To appoint one inspector, health or quarantine officer for each of the points of entry by vessel or railroad into this State, who must reside at such point as may be designated by said board, and receive such compensation for actual services as may be determined by said board, not to exceed one hundred dollars per month, such compensation to be paid out of any moneys in the state treasury not otherwise appropriated, upon the warrants of the state controller drawn upon the certificate of the state board of health allowing the same;

8. To require of the trustees or directors of the several school districts in this State, including the school directors of the several cities and towns, an annual report of the number of school children in their several districts who have been vaccinated, and the number unvaccinated;

9. To procure, manufacture, and distribute, in such manner as such board may determine, the medical substance known as diphtheria anti-toxine.

The amendment consists in adding subdivisions two to nine. Subdivision two corresponds to present section twenty-nine hundred and fifty-two; subdivision three codifies sections one and two of the statute of 1883, p. 376, chap. 90; subdivision four codifies section three of the same statute; subdivision five codifies section five of the statute of 1885,

p. 43; subdivision five codifies parts of sections one, two, and fifteen of the statute of 1889, p. 375; subdivision seven codifies section sixteen of the statute last referred to; subdivision eight codifies parts of the statute of 1889, p. 32; and subdivision nine codifies the statute of 1895, p. 35, chap. 39.

§§ 3006-3012. That sections thirty hundred and six to thirty hundred and twelve be repealed, because they are intended to govern officers of the city and county of San Francisco, whose duties are now provided for by the charter of that city.

§ 3013. That section thirty hundred and thirteen be amended to read:

Sec. 3013. Shipmasters bringing vessels into any harbor of the State, and masters, owners, or consignees having vessels in any harbor which have on board any cases of Asiatic cholera, smallpox, yellow, typhus, or ship fever, or any other contagious or infectious disease, must report the same, in writing, to the quarantine or health officer of the port or harbor, before landing any passenger, casting anchor, or coming to any wharf, or as soon thereafter as they, or either of them, become aware of the existence of either of the diseases on board their vessels.

The words "the harbor of San Francisco" stricken out, and the words "any harbor of this State" inserted, and the words "or any contagious or infectious disease" inserted; also the words "or health" inserted between the words "quarantine" and "officer."

§ 3014. That section thirty hundred and fourteen be amended to read:

Sec. 3014. No captain or other officer in command of any vessel sailing under a register, arriving at any port of this State, nor any owner, consignee, agent, or other person having charge of such vessel, must, under a penalty of not less than one hundred dollars nor more than one thousand dollars, land, or permit to be landed, any freight, passenger, or other person from such vessel until he has reported to the quarantine or health officer of the port or harbor, presented his bill of health, and received a permit from that officer to land freight, passenger, or other person.

The words "the port of San Francisco" stricken out, and in place thereof the words "any port of this State" inserted; also "or health" inserted between "quarantine" and "officer."

§ 3015. That section thirty hundred and fifteen be amended to read:

Sec. 3015. Every pilot who conducts into any port of this State, any vessel subject to quarantine or examination by the quarantine officer, must:

1. Bring the vessel no nearer the city than is allowed by law;
2. Prevent any person from leaving, and any communication being made with the vessel under his charge, until the quarantine officer has boarded her and given the necessary orders and directions;
3. Be vigilant in preventing any violation of the quarantine laws, and report, without delay, all such violations that come to his knowledge to the quarantine officer;
4. Present the master of the vessel with a printed copy of the quarantine laws, unless he has one;
5. If the vessel is subject to quarantine, by reason of infection, place at the mast-head a small yellow flag.

The words "the port of San Francisco" omitted, and the section thus made applicable to all ports of the State.

§ 3016. That section thirty hundred and sixteen be amended to read:

Sec. 3016. Every master of a vessel subject to quarantine or visitation by the quarantine officer, arriving in any port of this State, who refuses or neglects either:

1. To proceed with and anchor his vessel at the place assigned for quarantine, when legally directed so to do; or,

2. To submit his vessel, cargo, and passengers to the quarantine officer, and furnish all necessary information to enable that officer to determine to what quarantine or other regulations they ought respectively to be subject; or,

3. To report all cases of disease and of deaths occurring on his vessel, and to comply with all the sanitary regulations of the bay and harbor—

Is liable in the sum of five hundred dollars for every such neglect or refusal.

Same change as in section thirty hundred and fifteen.

§ 3017. That section thirty hundred and seventeen be amended to read:

Sec. 3017. All vessels arriving off any port of this State from ports which have been legally declared infected ports, and all vessels arriving from the ports where there is prevailing at the time of their departure any contagious, infectious, or pestilential disease, or vessels with decaying cargoes, or which have unusually foul or offensive holds, are subject to quarantine, and must be by the master, owner, pilot, or consignee, reported to the quarantine or health officer of such port without delay. No such vessel must cross a line fixed and defined by

the state board of health until such quarantine or health officer has boarded her and given the order required by law.

The words "port of San Francisco" stricken out and the words "any port of this State" inserted in place thereof; the words "or health" inserted in two places between "quarantine" and "officer"; the words "right line drawn from Meiggs' Wharf to Alcatraz Island" stricken out, and in place thereof are inserted the words "line fixed and defined by the state board of health."

§§ 3018-3022. That sections thirty hundred and eighteen to thirty hundred and twenty-two be repealed, because in conflict with the laws of the United States, and therefore inoperative.

§ 3022½. That section thirty hundred and twenty-two and a half be repealed, on the ground that it was intended to apply only to the city and county of San Francisco, and since the adoption of the charter of that city, is no longer necessary. See charter, sec. 8, art. X.

§§ 3023-3030. That sections thirty hundred and twenty-three to thirty hundred and thirty be repealed, because the matters are now adequately provided for in the charter of the city of San Francisco.

§§ 3031-3035. That sections thirty hundred and thirty-one to thirty hundred and thirty-five be repealed, for the reasons last suggested.

§§ 3042-3049. That sections thirty hundred and forty-two to thirty hundred and forty-nine be repealed, on the ground that they relate to matters sufficiently and otherwise provided for in the charter of the city of Sacramento.

§§ 3059, 3060. That sections thirty hundred and fifty-nine and thirty hundred and sixty be repealed.

§ 3061. That section thirty hundred and sixty-one be amended to read:

Sec. 3061. It is the duty of the board of trustees, council, or other corresponding board, of every incorporated town or city of this State, whose charter does not authorize or provide for such board, to establish, by ordinance, a board of health for such town or city, to consist of five persons, one at least of whom must be a practicing physician and a graduate of some reputable school of medicine, and one, if practicable, a civil engineer. The members of the board hold their offices at the pleasure of the appointing power. Every local board of health established in this State must:

First—Supervise all matters pertaining to the sanitary condition of their town or city, and make such rules and regula-

tions relative thereto as are necessary and proper, and not contrary to law ;

Second—Report to the secretary of the state board of health, at Sacramento, at such times as that board may require: (a) The sanitary condition of their locality ; (b) The number of deaths, with the cause of each, as near as can be ascertained, within their jurisdiction, during the preceding month ; (c) The presence of epidemic or other dangerous, contagious or infectious disease, and such other matters, within their knowledge or jurisdiction, as the state board may require.

The trustees, council, or other legislative board, by whatever name known, of any incorporated city or town of this State, may, by ordinance, adopt any portion of articles three and four of this chapter, or either of them, for some definite period of time, as may seem proper for the regulation of sanitary matters within their town or city.

Inserts the words “whose charter does not authorize or provide for such board,” to prevent conflict between the section and the charters of municipal corporations.

§ 3026. That section thirty hundred and sixty-two be repealed, on the ground that it is not in harmony with subdivision twenty of section twenty-five of the county government act (Statutes of 1897, p. 464).

§ 3064. That section thirty hundred and sixty-four be amended to read:

Sec. 3064. The board of supervisors must fix the salary or compensation of boards of health or health officers, and provide for the expenses of enforcing the provisions of this article. If the board of supervisors, or trustees, council, or other corresponding board of any incorporated town, neglects to provide a board of health or health officer, the state board of health may direct the district attorney of the county to begin an action against such board of supervisors, board of trustees, or corresponding board, to compel the performance of its duty, or may appoint a board of health or health officer, with the powers of the board of health, for such town or city, and the expenses of such board of health or health officer are a charge against the incorporated city or town for which such appointment is made; and when the appointment is made for unincorporated towns, the expenses of the board of health or health officer are a charge against the county. The provisions of this section do not apply to incorporated cities or towns whose charters, or the statutes under or by which they were incorporated, make provision for boards of health or health officers and fix their salary

and compensation, and in which boards of health or health officers exist under and pursuant to such charter or statute.

The amendment consists of the addition of the last sentence, and its object is to prevent a conflict between the section and the charters of incorporated cities or towns.

§ 3083. That section thirty hundred and eighty-three be amended to read:

Sec. 3083. The secretary of the state board of health must prepare blank forms of said registers for the superintendent of state printing, who must print as many copies as the said secretary directs, and deliver the same to the secretary of state, who must forward them, from time to time, and in such numbers as may be directed by the secretary first mentioned, to the county recorders of the several counties, who must carefully keep and distribute the same to the persons in the county who are required to keep the registers and make the reports provided in this chapter.

The words "state printer" stricken out, and "superintendent of state printing" inserted.

§ 3084. That section thirty hundred and eighty-four be repealed and its contents transferred to a section to be numbered thirty-one hundred and twelve.

§ 3108. That section thirty-one hundred and eight be amended to read:

Sec. 3108. The inhabitants of any city, town, village, or neighborhood may, by subscription or otherwise, purchase or receive, by gift or donation, lands to be used as a cemetery, the title thereof to be vested in such inhabitants, and when once dedicated to use for burial purposes must thereafter be used for no other purpose.

Omits the words "not exceeding five acres."

§ 3112. That a new section, numbered thirty-one hundred and twelve, be added, to read:

Sec. 3112. The county recorder must every three months transmit to the secretary of the state board of health, at Sacramento City, a certified abstract of the registers of births, marriages, and deaths, prepared in the manner prescribed in the instructions of the secretary, and upon blanks to be furnished by him for that purpose.

Consists of the matters now in section thirty hundred and eighty.

§ 3113. That a new section, numbered thirty-one hundred and thirteen, be added, to read:

Sec. 3113. Permits to disinter or exhume the body or remains of any deceased person, from a grave, vault, or other burying place, may be granted if the person applying therefor produces a certificate from the coroner or physician who attended the decedent, or any other physician in good standing, cognizant of the facts, stating the cause of death or disease of which the person died, and also the age and sex of the deceased. The body or remains of the deceased must be inclosed in a metallic case or coffin, sealed in such manner as to prevent, as far as practicable, any noxious or offensive odor or effluvia escaping therefrom. Such case or coffin must not contain the remains of more than one person, except where infant children of the same parent or parents, or parent and children, are contained in one case or coffin. The permit must contain the above conditions and the words "Permit to remove and transport the body of ———, age ———, sex ———," and the name, age, and sex must be written therein. The officer of the municipal government granting such permit must require to be paid for each permit the sum of ten dollars, but one permit being required where two or more persons are interred in the same coffin, to be kept as a separate fund by the treasurer, and which must be used in defraying expenses of and in respect to such permits, and for the inspection of the metallic cases, coffins, and inclosing boxes herein required, and an account of such moneys must be embraced in the accounts and statements of the treasurer having the custody thereof.

Codifies the statute of 1878, p. 1050.

§§ 3136-3142. That article I of chapter VI, consisting of sections thirty-one hundred and thirty-six to thirty-one hundred and forty-two, be repealed, on the ground that the matters therein referred to are not proper for insertion in this code, and should be provided for in sections eighteen hundred and sixty-five and eighteen hundred and seventy-one of the Civil Code.

§ 3143. That a new section, numbered thirty-one hundred and forty-three, be added, to read:

Sec. 3143. Whenever any warrant legally drawn by the controller of state is lost or destroyed before payment thereof, its legal owner may file with such controller an affidavit setting forth the fact of loss or destruction, giving the number, date, and amount of the warrant, and the name of the payee,

together with all material facts relative to its loss or destruction, and also a bond of indemnity, with two good and sufficient sureties, in double the amount of the warrant. Such bond must be examined by the attorney-general and controller, who must approve or reject it within thirty days after its filing. If the bond is approved, the controller must issue and deliver, on demand, to the legal owner or claimant, a duplicate warrant for the full amount of the original warrant, and the treasurer must pay the same in lieu of such original. The controller and treasurer must each make the proper entries on their books, showing such warrant to have been lost or destroyed, and the issuing of a duplicate in place thereof.

Codifies the statute of 1891, p. 294.

§ 3152. That section thirty-one hundred and fifty-two be amended to read:

Sec. 3152. When any goods, merchandise, or other property has been received by any railroad or express company, or other common carrier, commission merchant, innkeeper, or warehouseman, for transportation or safe-keeping, and is not delivered to the owner, consignee, or other authorized person, the carrier, commission merchant, innkeeper, or warehouseman may hold or store the same with some responsible person until the freight and all just and reasonable charges are paid.

Changes "are" to "is" before "not delivered."

§ 3185. That section thirty-one hundred and eighty-five be amended to read:

Sec. 3185. Any person who at any time kills or slaughters any cattle, must retain in his possession, for a period of ten days, the hide taken therefrom, with the earmarks attached thereto, without any alteration or disfiguration of the brands or marks on such hide or ears.

Codifies section one of the statute of 1893, p. 235.

§ 3186. That a new section, numbered thirty-one hundred and eighty-six, be added, to read:

Sec. 3186. Any justice of the peace, constable, owner of cattle, or other person may, within the period of time mentioned in the preceding section, demand an exhibit of the hide of any cattle by the person killing or slaughtering the same, or by any other person for whose use or benefit the animal was killed, who, upon such demand being made, must produce the

same for the inspection of such justice of the peace, constable, owner of cattle, or other person.

Codifies section two of the statute last named.

§ 3187. That a new section, numbered thirty-one hundred and eighty-seven, be added, to read:

Sec. 3187. Any person violating any of the provisions of the two preceding sections is guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof must be fined not less than twenty nor more than one hundred dollars, or imprisoned in the county jail for not less than ten days nor more than ninety days, or may be both so fined and imprisoned.

Codifies section three of the statute last named.

§§ 3202-3206. That five new sections, numbered thirty-two hundred and two to thirty-two hundred and six, codifying the statute of 1891, p. 217, be added, to read:

Sec. 3202. Any person engaged in manufacturing, bottling, or selling soda, mineral or aerated waters, porter, ale, beer, cider, ginger ale, milk, cream, small beer, lager beer, weiss beer, white beer, or other beverages in bottles, siphons, or kegs, with his name or other marks or devices branded, stamped, engraved, etched, blown, impressed, or otherwise produced upon such bottles, siphons, or kegs, or the boxes used by him, may file in the office of the county clerk of the county in which his principal place of business is situated, and also in the office of the secretary of state, a description of the name, marks, or devices so used by him, and cause such description to be printed once in each week for three weeks successively in a newspaper published in the county in which such notice has been filed.

Corresponds to section one of the act.

Sec. 3203. It is unlawful for any person to fill with soda, mineral or aerated waters, porter, ale, cider, ginger ale, milk, cream, beer, small beer, lager beer, weiss beer, white beer, or other beverages, or with medicine, compounds, or mixtures, any bottle, box, siphon, or keg, marked or distinguished as provided in the preceding section, with or by any name, mark, or device of which a description has been filed as provided therein, or to deface, obliterate, erase, cover up, or otherwise remove or conceal such name, mark, or device thereon, or to sell, buy, give, take, or otherwise dispose of or traffic in the same, without the written consent of, or unless the same has

been purchased from, the person whose mark or device is, or has been, in or upon the bottle, box, siphon, or keg so filled, trafficked in, used, or handled. Any person offending against the provisions of this section is guilty of a misdemeanor, and must be punished for the first offense by imprisonment not less than ten days nor more than six months, or by a fine of fifty cents for each and every such bottle, box, siphon, or keg so filled, sold, used, or disposed of, bought or trafficked in, or by both such fine and imprisonment, and for each subsequent offense, by imprisonment not less than twenty days nor more than one year, or by a fine not less than one dollar nor more than five dollars for each and every bottle, box, siphon, or keg so filled, sold, used, disposed of, bought, or trafficked in, or by both such fine and imprisonment, in the discretion of the magistrate before whom the offense is tried.

Corresponds to section two of the act.

Sec. 3204. The use by any person other than the person whose device, name, or mark is or has been upon the same, without such written consent or purchase as aforesaid, of any such mark or distinguishing bottle, box, siphon, or keg, a description of the name, mark, or device whereon has been filed and published, as herein provided for, for the sale therein of soda, mineral or aerated waters, porter, ale, cider, ginger ale, milk, cream, beer, small beer, lager beer, weiss beer, white beer, or other beverage, or any article of merchandise, medicines, compounds or preparations, or for the furnishing of such or similar beverages to customers, or the buying, selling, using, disposing of, or trafficking in of any such bottles, boxes, siphons, or kegs, by any person other than said person having a name, mark, or device thereon, or such owner, without such written consent, or the having, by any junk-dealer, or dealer in second-hand articles, possession of any such bottles, boxes, siphons, or kegs, a description of the marks, names, or devices wherein has been so filed and published as aforesaid, without such written consent, shall, and is hereby declared to be, presumptive evidence of the said unlawful use, purchase or traffic in, of such bottles, boxes, siphons, or kegs.

Corresponds to section three of the act.

Sec. 3205. Whenever any person mentioned in section thirty-two hundred and three, or his agent, makes oath before any magistrate that he has reason to believe, and does believe, that any of his bottles, boxes, siphons, or kegs, a description of the names, marks, or devices whereon has been so filed and

published as aforesaid, is being unlawfully used or filled or had by any person or corporation manufacturing or selling soda, mineral or aerated waters, porter, ale, cider, ginger ale, milk, cream, beer, small beer, lager beer, weiss beer, white beer, or other beverages, or that any junk dealer or dealer in second-hand articles, vender of bottles, or any other person, has any such bottle, box, siphon, or keg in his possession or secreted in any place, the said magistrate must thereupon issue a search warrant to discover and obtain the same, and may also cause to be brought before him the person in whose possession such bottle, box, siphon, or keg may be found, and inquire into the circumstances of such possession, and if such magistrate finds that such person has been guilty of a violation of section thirty-two hundred and three, he must impose the punishment therein prescribed, and must also award possession of the property taken under such search warrant to the owner thereof.

Corresponds to section four of the act.

Sec. 3206. Any person who has heretofore filed in the offices mentioned in section thirty-two hundred and two a description of the name or names, marks or devices upon his property therein mentioned, and has caused the same to be published according to the laws existing at the date of such filing and publication, is not required to again file or publish such description to be entitled to the benefits of this article.

Corresponds to section five of the act.

§§ 3236-3243*e*. That new sections numbered thirty-two hundred and thirty-six to thirty-two hundred and forty-three *e*, codifying the statute of 1876, p. 427, be added, to read:

Plans and specifications, and bills of materials.

Sec. 3236. In all cases where commissioners, directors, trustees, or other officers to whom is confided, by law, the duty of devising and superintending the erection, alteration, addition to, or improvement of, any state institution, asylum, or other improvement, erected or to be erected, or made by the State, such commissioners, directors, or trustees, or other officers, before entering into any contract for the erection, alteration, addition to, or the improvement of such institution, asylum, or other improvement, or for the supplying of materials therefor, the aggregate cost of which exceeds the sum of three thousand dollars, must make a full, complete, and accurate plan of such institution, asylum, or other improvement, or any addition to, or alteration or improvement thereof, in all its parts, showing

all the necessary details of the work, together with working plans suitable for the use of mechanics or other builders during the construction thereof, so drawn and represented as to be plainly and easily understood; and also accurate bills showing the exact amount of all the different kinds of materials necessary in the erection thereof, addition thereto, or in the alteration or improvement thereof, to accompany such plan or plans, together with full and complete specifications of the work to be done, showing the manner and style in which it will be required to be done, giving such directions as will enable any competent mechanic or other builder to carry them out, and afford the bidders all needful information to enable them to understand what will be required in the erection, addition to, alteration, or improvement of such institution, asylum, or other improvement; and to make, or cause to be made, a full, accurate, and complete estimate of each item of expense, and the entire aggregate cost of such institution, asylum, or other improvement, or of any addition to, alteration, or improvement thereof, when completed.

Corresponds to section one of the original act.

Approval of plans, etc.

Sec. 3237. All plans, drawings, representations, bills of materials, specifications of work, and estimates of the cost thereof, in detail, and in the aggregate, required to be made by the preceding section, must, when made, be submitted to the governor, state treasurer, and secretary of state for their approval, and if approved by them a copy thereof must be deposited and safely kept in the office of the controller of state.

Corresponds to section two of the original act.

Advertisements for proposals.

Sec. 3238. After any such plans, descriptions, bills of materials, specifications, and estimates are made and approved as required by this chapter, the commissioners, directors, trustees, or other officer or officers to whom the duty of devising and superintending the erection, addition to, alteration, or improvement of such institution, asylum, or other improvement as in this chapter provided, must give public notice of the time and place when and where sealed proposals will be received for performing the labor and furnishing the materials necessary to the erection of such institution, asylum, or other improvement, or for the adding to, alteration, or improvement thereof, and a contract or contracts

based on such sealed proposals will be made, which notice must be published weekly for four consecutive weeks next preceding the day for the making of such contract or contracts, in the paper having the largest circulation in the county where the work is to be let, and in three daily papers having the largest circulation, and published, one in each of the cities of Los Angeles, Sacramento, and San Francisco, and must state when and where such plan or plans, descriptions, bills, and specifications can be seen, and must be open to public inspection at all business hours between the date of such notice and the making of such contract or contracts. The notice must state that separate bills will be received, and separate contracts let, for the performance of each of the following parts of said erection, addition, alteration, or improvement, including furnishing of materials and labor therefor, viz.: first, for the masonry work, including all brick, stone, terra cotta, and concrete work, and all necessary excavations and filling; second, for the iron work; third, for the carpenter, plastering, electric, and glazing work; fourth, for the plumbing and gasfitting work; fifth, for the heating work; sixth, for the tinning, galvanized iron, and slating work; and seventh, for the painting and graining work; and there must be in all such cases as many separate contracts let therefor as there are different kinds of work, according to the foregoing classification, whether the same be let by the state board of harbor commissioners, or any other of the afore-said commissioners, directors, trustees, or other officers.

Corresponds to section three as amended by the statute of 1895, p. 237, chap. 191.

Awards, bonds, and contracts.

Sec. 3239. On the day named in such public notice, the commissioners, directors, trustees, or other officers must proceed to publicly open the sealed proposals and must award such contract or contracts for doing the work and furnishing the materials, to the lowest bidder giving responsible bonds; but no proposal must be considered, unless accompanied with a bond of the proposer, equal to ten per cent of his proposal, with sufficient sureties, conditioned that if the proposal be accepted, the party proposing will duly enter into a proper contract and faithfully perform his contract or contracts in accordance with such proposal, and the plan or plans, specifications, and descriptions, which must be, and are hereby made, a part of such contract or contracts. No such contract is binding on the State, until it is submitted to the attorney-

general, and by him found to be in accordance with the provisions of this chapter, and a certificate thereof to that effect made. If, in the opinion of such commissioners, directors, trustees, or other officers, the acceptance of the lowest bid or bids will not be for the best interests of the State, they, with the written advice and consent of the governor, state treasurer, and secretary of state, may accept such other proposals opened, as may, in their opinion, be for the better interests of the State, or may reject all proposals, and advertise for others in the same manner as for the original proposals. All contracts must provide that such commissioners, directors, trustees, or other officers may, as hereinafter provided, and on the conditions stated, make any change in the work or materials.

Corresponds to section four of the original act.

Changes in plans, etc.

Sec. 3240. No change of the plan or plans, descriptions, bills of materials, or specifications, which either increase or decrease the cost of such institution, asylum, building, or improvement, exceeding the sum of one thousand dollars, must be made or allowed after they are once approved or filed with the controller, until such proposed change receives the approval of the governor, treasurer, and secretary of state, and when so approved, the plan or plans of such change, with the description thereof and the specifications of the work and bills of materials, must be filed with the controller in the same manner as required before the change was made. No allowance whatever must be made for work performed or materials furnished under such change, unless, before such labor is performed or materials furnished, a contract therefor is made in writing. It must show distinctly the nature of the change, and be subject to all the conditions and provisions herein imposed upon the original contract, and be subject also to the approval of the attorney-general. All changes in a contract exceeding five hundred dollars must be by contract in writing, with full specifications and estimates, and must become a part of the original contract and be filed therewith with the controller. The amount of any such change in the contract, plans, descriptions, bills of materials, or specifications, must not, in the aggregate, increase the cost of the construction of such institution, asylum, building, or improvement, more than three per centum of the original contract price.

Corresponds to section five of the original act.

Limitations upon contracts.

Sec. 3241. No contract must be made for the labor or material in this chapter provided for, at a price in excess of the entire estimate in this chapter required to be made; and the entire contract must not, including the estimate of expenses for architects and otherwise, exceed in the aggregate the amount authorized by law for such institution, asylum, building, or other improvement, or such addition to, alteration, or improvement thereof, under the penalties of section thirty-two hundred and forty-three *b*, hereinafter provided.

Corresponds to section six of the original act.

Estimates at times for payments.

Sec. 3242. At the time or times named in any contract made and filed with the controller, for payment to the person with whom such contract is made, the commissioners, directors, trustees, or other officers to whom is confided the duty of superintending the erection of such institution, asylum, building, or improvement, or adding to, altering, or improving the same, must make a full, accurate, and detailed estimate of the various kinds of labor performed and materials furnished under such contract, with the amount due for each kind of labor and material, and the amount due in the aggregate, which estimate must be based upon an actual measurement of the labor so performed and materials so furnished, and must, in all cases, give the amounts of the preceding estimate or estimates, and the amount of labor performed and materials furnished since the last estimate, which estimate so made, must be recorded in a book for that purpose, kept by such commissioners, directors, trustees, or other officers, and a certified copy thereof addressed to the controller by such commissioners, directors, trustees, or other officers, or by such person as they may designate for that purpose, to be delivered to the contractor or contractors entitled thereto. Upon all estimates of materials furnished and delivered, and not actually having entered into and become a part of such institution, building, or other improvement, there must not be paid, until the same is incorporated into and become a part of such institution, building, or other improvement, exceeding fifty per centum of such estimated value.

Corresponds to section seven of the original act.

Duties of controller.

Sec. 3243. The controller, on the receipt of an estimate certified and approved, as required by this chapter, must carefully

compare the same with the contract or contracts under which labor was done or materials furnished, and if there have been any previous estimates, then with such estimates. If, upon such comparison, he finds such last named estimate in all respects correct, he must number and place it on file, and have a record made thereof and give to the persons entitled thereto, taking his receipt therefor, a warrant on the treasurer for the amount shown by such estimate to be due, less the amount of ten per centum thereon, which must be retained as additional security for the faithful performance of the contract, and be forfeited to the State in the event of the failure of the contractor to conform in good faith to the terms and conditions of the contract. When the labor to be performed and materials furnished are performed and furnished, and the final estimate thereof made, the controller must include in the warrant or warrants for the amount of such last estimate, the percentage retained on former estimates.

Corresponds to section eight of the original act.

Duties of treasurer.

Sec. 3243a. The treasurer must pay the warrants issued by the controller under and by virtue of the provisions of this chapter, placing the same on file, and keeping a register of the names of the persons to whom such warrants are paid.

Corresponds to section nine of the original act.

Penalties.

Sec. 3243b. Any commissioner, director, trustee, or other officer, or person whose duty it is to superintend, in whole or in part, the erection of any such institution, asylum, building, or improvement, or of adding to, altering, or improving the same, or the making of the plans, descriptions, or specifications of the labor to be performed and materials to be furnished, or the estimates of the cost thereof, or the estimates of the amount of labor done and materials furnished from time to time under and in accordance with the terms and conditions of any contract in this chapter authorized to be made, who, in the performance of the duty imposed upon him, knowingly makes incomplete or fraudulent plans, drawings, bills of materials, specifications of work, or estimates of the cost thereof, or permits the work to be done in any other manner than that prescribed in such plans, descriptions, and specifications, or with materials inferior to those required by such bills of materials, to the injury of the State, or who knowingly makes false estimates of the labor

done or materials furnished, either in the quantity or price thereof, to the injury of the State, or any contractor, or any agent thereof, who knowingly permits materials to be used or work to be done inferior to, or in violation of the contract of such contractor, to the injury of the State, is guilty of a felony, and upon conviction thereof must be confined in the state prison for not less than one year nor more than five years, and be liable to the State for double the amount it may have lost, or be liable to lose, by reason thereof.

Corresponds to section ten of the original act.

Duty of attorney-general.

Sec. 3243c. The attorney-general must take charge of and direct all the proceedings necessary to enforce the contracts as authorized by this chapter, and of all prosecutions against persons who become liable to the penalties in this chapter prescribed.

Corresponds to section eleven of the original act.

Compelling diligence by contractors.

Sec. 3243d. Whenever, in the opinion of the commissioners, directors, trustees, or other officers charged with the duty of devising and superintending the erection, alteration, addition to, or improvement of any state institution, building, or other improvement under this chapter, or any law of this State, the work under any contract is neglected by the contractor, or is not prosecuted with the diligence and force specified, meant, or intended in and by the terms of the contract, such commissioners, directors, trustees, or other officers must make a requisition upon such contractor for such additional force, or for such additional specific materials to be brought into the work under such contract, or to remove improper materials from the grounds, as in the judgment of such commissioners, directors, trustees, or other officers, such contract, and its due and faithful performance, require, of which action of such board, or other officers, due notice, in writing, of not less than five days, must be served upon such contractor, or his agent having charge of the work. If such contractor fails to comply with such requisition within fifteen days, such commissioners, directors, trustees, or other officers, with the consent, in writing, of the governor and secretary of state, may employ upon such work the additional force, or supply the materials so specifically required, as aforesaid, or such part of either as they may deem proper, and remove improper materials from the grounds, and

such commissioners, directors, trustees, or other officers must make separate estimates of all such additional force or materials so employed or supplied, which being certified to by such commissioners, directors, trustees, or other officers, must be paid by the controller, as if made out agreeably to section thirty-two hundred and forty-two, and the amount so paid must be charged against such contractor, and deducted from his next, or any subsequent estimate, or the same or any part thereof not paid, as aforesaid, may be recovered by action from such contractor and his sureties.

Corresponds to section twelve of the original act.

Time for completion.

Sec. 3243e. In all contracts made under the provisions of this chapter, there must be a provision in regard to the time when the whole or any specific portion of the work contemplated in the contract must be completed, and also providing that for each day the same is delayed beyond such time so named, the contractor must forfeit and pay to the State a sum of money to be fixed and determined in such contract, to be deducted from any payment or payments due or to become due to the contractor.

Corresponds to section thirteen of the original act.

§ 3243f. That a new section, numbered thirty-two hundred and forty-three f, be added, to read:

Sec. 3243f. Any person, committee, board, officer, or any other person charged with the purchase, or permitted or authorized to purchase supplies, goods, wares, merchandise, manufactures, or produce for the use of the State, or any of its institutions or offices, or for the use of any county or consolidated city and county, or city, or town, must always, price, fitness, and quality equal, prefer such supplies, goods, wares, merchandise, manufactures, or produce as have been grown, manufactured, or produced in this State, and must next prefer such as have been partially so manufactured, grown, or produced in this State. All state, county, city and county, city, or town officers, all boards, commissions, or other persons charged with advertising for any such supplies, must state in their advertisement that such preferences will be made. In any such advertisement no bid must be asked for any article of a specific brand or mark, nor any patent apparatus or appliances, when such requirement would prevent proper competition

on the part of dealers in other articles of equal value, utility, or merit.

Consists of present section thirty-two hundred and forty-seven, which clearly belongs in this chapter instead of in the succeeding one on "Hours of Labor."

§ 3245. That section thirty-two hundred and forty-five be amended to read:

Sec. 3245. The time of service of laborers, workmen, and mechanics employed upon any public works, or of work done for the State, or for any political subdivision thereof, whether by contract or otherwise, is limited to eight hours in any one calendar day, and it is unlawful for any officer of the State, or of any political subdivision thereof, or for any person, corporation, or association acting in behalf thereof, whose duty it is to employ or to direct and control the services of such laborers, workmen, or mechanics upon any of such public works, or who have, in fact, the employment or the direction and control of the services of such laborers, workmen, or mechanics, upon any such works, to require or permit any of them to labor thereupon more than eight hours in any one calendar day, except in cases of extraordinary emergency, caused by fire, flood, or danger to life or property, or except to work upon public military or naval works or defenses in time of war.

Corresponds to and codifies section one of the statute of 1901, p. 561.

§ 3245a. That a new section, numbered thirty-two hundred and forty-five a, be added, to read:

Sec. 3245a. In every contract made for or on behalf of the State, or of any political subdivision thereof, which involves the employment of laborers, workmen, or mechanics, upon the public works of, or work to be done for the State, or for such subdivision thereof, the officer, board, commission, or other agency of the State, or of such subdivision, acting in making and awarding the contract, must cause to be inserted therein, and to be agreed to by every person, firm, or corporation, to whom such contract, or any interest therein, is awarded, a stipulation, that no laborer, workman, or mechanic employed at any time by the contractor, or by any sub-contractor, upon the work, or any part thereof, contemplated by the contract, shall be required or permitted to work thereupon more than eight hours in any one calendar day, except in cases of extraordinary emergency caused by fire, flood, or danger to life or property, or except to work upon

public military or naval works or defenses in time of war; and that the contractor thereby agrees to forfeit, out of any moneys becoming due to him from the State, or from the political subdivision thereof, as the case may be, under the terms of the contract, the sum of ten dollars for each laborer, workman, or mechanic, for each calendar day upon which he labors more than eight hours, in violation of the terms of the stipulation, and that the State, or the political subdivision thereof, as the case may be, is thereby authorized and directed to withhold from the contractor or sub-contractor, as the property of the State, or of the political subdivision thereof, all sums forfeited under the terms of such stipulation. The officer, board, commission, or other agent, or agency of the State, or of the political subdivision thereof, as the case may be, acting for or on behalf of the State, or of such subdivision, in making and awarding the contract, must take cognizance of all violations of the herein provided for stipulation in the contract, and report the same to the officer or other person representing the State or the political subdivision, whose duty it is to pay the moneys due under the contract, and it is the duty of such officer or other person, when making payment of moneys thus due, to withhold and retain all sums which have been forfeited under the provisions of such stipulation. Nothing herein authorizes the collection of the forfeiture from the State, or from any political subdivision thereof. Any contract such as is described in this section, made for or on behalf of the State, or of any political subdivision thereof, which does not contain the stipulation herein described, is null and void, and no recovery can be had thereon.

Corresponds to section two of the act last referred to.

§ 3245*b*. That a new section, numbered thirty-two hundred and forty-five *b*, be added, to read:

Sec. 3245*b*. Any officer of the State, or of any political subdivision thereof, or any person acting for or on behalf thereof, who violates any of the provisions of the two preceding sections, is guilty of a misdemeanor, and is subject to fine or imprisonment, or both, in the discretion of the court, the fine not to exceed five hundred dollars, nor the imprisonment one year.

Corresponds to section three of the act last referred to.

§ 3245*c*. That a new section, numbered thirty-two hundred and forty-five *c*, be added, to read:

Sec. 3245*c*. The minimum compensation to be paid for labor to be performed under the direction, control, or by the

authority of any officer of this State, or by the authority of any municipal corporation thereof, or of any officer of either, acting in his official capacity, is fixed at two dollars per day, and a stipulation to that effect must be made a part of all contracts to which the State, or any municipal corporation therein, is a party; but this section does not apply to persons employed regularly in any of the public institutions of the State, or of any city, city and county, or county thereof.

Codifies the statute of 1897, p. 30, chap. 88.

§ 3247. That a new section, numbered thirty-two hundred and forty-seven, be added, to read:

Sec. 3247. No minor under the age of eighteen years must be employed in laboring in any manufacturing, mechanical, or mercantile establishment, or other place of labor, other than in vinicultural or horticultural pursuits, or in domestic or household occupations, more than eight hours in one day, except when it is necessary to make repairs to prevent the interruption of the ordinary running of machinery, or when a different apportionment of the hours of labor is made, for the sole purpose of making a shorter day's work for one day of the week, and in no case must the hours of labor of such minor exceed forty-eight in a week.

Codifies section one of the statute of 1889, p. 4, the present section of this number having been transferred to section thirty-two hundred and forty-three *f*.

§ 3247*a*. That a new section, numbered thirty-two hundred and forty-seven *a*, be added, to read:

Sec. 3247*a*. No child under ten years of age must be employed in any factory, workshop, or mercantile establishment. Every minor under sixteen years of age, so employed, must be recorded by name in a book kept for the purpose, and a certificate, duly verified by his parent or guardian, or if he has no parent or guardian, then by such minor, stating his age and place of birth, must be kept on file by the employer, which book and certificate must be produced by him or his agent, at the requirement of the commissioner of the bureau of labor statistics.

Codifies section two of the above statute.

§ 3247*b*. That a new section, numbered thirty-two hundred and forty-seven *b*, be added, to read:

Sec. 3247*b*. Every person or corporation employing minors

under sixteen years of age in any manufacturing establishment must keep posted in a conspicuous place, in every room where such minor is employed, a printed notice, stating the number of hours per day for each day of the week, required of such minor, and a list of the names of the minors employed in such room, with their respective ages.

Corresponds to section three of the statute last referred to.

§ 3247*c*. That a new section, numbered thirty-two hundred and forty-seven *c*, be added, to read:

Sec. 3247*c*. Any person or corporation knowingly violating or omitting to comply with any of the provisions of sections thirty-two hundred and forty-seven, thirty-two hundred and forty-seven *a*, and thirty-two hundred and forty-seven *b*, or knowingly employing or suffering or permitting any minor to be employed in violation thereof, must, on conviction, be punished by a fine not less than fifty dollars nor more than two hundred dollars for each offense. The commissioner of the bureau of labor statistics must enforce the provisions of this and the three preceding sections.

Corresponds to section four of the statute last referred to.

§ 3251. That a new section, numbered thirty-two hundred and fifty-one, be added, to read:

Sec. 3251. Every person, corporation, co-partnership, or company, operating a saw mill, shake mill, shingle mill, or logging camp in this State, must allow his, their, or its employes, workmen, and laborers a period of not less than one hour at noon, for the mid-day meal. Any person, corporation, co-partnership, or company, his, their, or its agents, servants, or managers, violating any provision of this section, are guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof must be punished by a fine of not less than one hundred dollars nor more than two hundred dollars, for each violation thereof.

Codifies the statute of 1901, p. 75.

§ 3252. That a new section, numbered thirty-two hundred and fifty-two, be added, to read:

Sec. 3252. Every person employed in any occupation or labor is entitled to one day's rest therefrom in seven, and no employer must cause any of his employes to work more than six days in seven; provided, that this provision does not apply to any case of emergency. The term "day's rest" applies to all cases, whether the employe is engaged by the day, week, month, or year, and whether the work performed is done in

the day or night time. Any person who violates the provisions of this section is guilty of a misdemeanor.

Codifies the statute of 1893, p. 54.

§ 3275. That a new section, numbered thirty-two hundred and seventy-five, be added, to read:

Sec. 3275. All legal-tender notes issued by the government of the United States must be received at par, in payment for all taxes due or to become due to the State, or to any county or municipal corporation thereof, and such notes are a legal tender for all debts due and demands between citizens of this State.

Codifies the statute of 1880, p. 8.

§ 3285. That section thirty-two hundred and eighty-five be amended to read:

Sec. 3285. The bond must be in the sum of five thousand dollars, payable to the State of California, with one or more sureties, conditioned that the principal will faithfully perform the duties of an auctioneer, and it must be approved by a judge of the superior court of the county in which the auctioneer proposes to do business, and be filed in the office of the county clerk of the county.

Inserts "conditioned that the principal will faithfully perform the duties of an auctioneer," the present section having wholly failed to state the condition of the bond.

§ 3289. That section thirty-two hundred and eighty-nine be amended to read:

Sec. 3289. After the first quarter licenses may be issued for the class fixed for a term not exceeding one year, at the option of the auctioneer. No auctioneer must exceed the amount of sales of the class in which his license is fixed. For every violation of this section, in addition to the criminal penalty, the auctioneer forfeits two hundred and fifty dollars to the State.

Adds the words "to the State."

§ 3344. That section thirty-three hundred and forty-four be repealed, because the matters therein are sufficiently covered by section three hundred and eighty-four of the Penal, and section thirty-three hundred and forty-six of the Civil, Code.

§§ 3346-3355*b*. That a new chapter, numbered XIV*a*, consisting of sections thirty-three hundred and forty-six to thirty-three hundred and fifty-five *b*, codifying the statute of 1901, p. 101, be added, to read:

CHAPTER XIV^a.

FIREMEN'S RELIEF AND PENSION FUND.

- SEC. 3346. Pension fund commissioners, and their duties.
3347. Duties of the board of commissioners.
3348. Powers of the board of commissioners.
3349. Auditor's duties.
3350. Retirement after twenty years' service.
3351. Firemen injured in service.
3352. Certificate of disability.
3353. Pension where life is lost in the performance of duty.
3354. Pensions after death from natural causes.
3355. Examination of retired persons.
3355^a. Forfeiture.
3355^b. Levy of tax.

Pension fund commissioners, and their duties.

Sec. 3346. In any town, city, county, or city and county, where there is a board of fire commissioners, such body possesses the powers and must perform the duties of trustees of the firemen's relief and pension fund of the fire department. Where there is no such body, then the chairman of the board of supervisors, the treasurer, and the chief engineer of the fire department of the county, city and county, city, or incorporated town, constitute such board of trustees, and are charged with the duty of providing for the disbursement of the firemen's relief and pension fund, and of designating the beneficiaries as hereinafter directed. In either event, the board shall be known as "The Board of Firemen's Relief and Pension Fund Commissioners." The members must biennially select from their number a president and a secretary. The treasurer of the county, city and county, city, or town, is *ex officio* treasurer of said fund. A majority of all the members of the board constitutes a quorum, and has power to transact business.

Corresponds to section one, the second sentence of section two, and the second and the last sentences of section ten of the statute.

Duties of the board of commissioners.

Sec. 3347. The duties of said board are:

1. To take charge of and administer the firemen's relief and pension fund, and order payments therefrom in pursuance of the provisions of this chapter;
2. To report annually, in the month of June, to the board of supervisors, or other governing body of the county, city and county, city, or incorporated town, the condition of such fund, and the receipts and disbursements on account of the same,

with a full and complete list of the beneficiaries of such fund, and the amount paid them;

3. To hold quarterly meetings on the first Mondays of January, April, July, and October of each year, and upon the call of its president;

4. To issue warrants, signed by its president and secretary, to the persons entitled thereto, of the amount of money ordered paid to such persons from such fund, by the board, which warrants must state for what purpose the payment is to be made;

5. To keep a record of all its proceedings, which is a public record;

6. At each quarterly meeting to send to the treasurer of the county, city and county, city, or town, and to the auditor thereof, a list of all persons entitled to payment from the fund herein provided for, stating the amounts of such payments and for what granted, which list must be certified and signed by the president and secretary of such board, attested under oath.

Subdivisions one and two are from section two; subdivisions three, four, five, and six are from section ten of the act.

Powers of the board of commissioners.

Sec. 3348. The board has power:

1. To compel witnesses to attend and testify before it upon all matters connected with the operation of this chapter, in the same manner as is or may be provided by law for the taking of testimony before notaries public; and its president, or any member of the board, may administer oaths to such witnesses;

2. To appoint a secretary, and to provide for the payment from said fund of all its necessary expenses, including secretary hire, and printing; but no compensation or emolument must be paid to any member of the board for any duty required or performed under this chapter;

3. To make all needful rules and regulations for its guidance, and an estimate every year of the amount required to pay all demands on such fund for the succeeding fiscal year, and certify the same to the board of supervisors or other governing authorities of the county, city and county, city, or town, in connection with, and as a part of, the annual appropriation of the fire department, in conformity with the provisions of this chapter.

Corresponds to section eleven of the original act.

Auditor's duties.

Sec. 3349. The auditor of the county, city and county, city, or town, on being furnished the list provided for in section

thirty-three hundred and forty-seven, must thereupon enter the copy thereof upon a book to be kept for that purpose, and known as "the firemen's relief and pension fund book." When such list has been entered, he must transmit it to the board of supervisors, or other governing authority of the county, city and county, city, or town, which must thereupon order the payment of the amounts named therein, out of such fund. Such auditor, on the last day of June, of each year, or so soon thereafter as practicable, must make a report to the board of supervisors, or other governing authority of such county, city and county, city, or town, of all moneys paid out on account of such fund during the previous year, and of the amount then to the credit of the fund. The payments provided for in this chapter must be made quarterly, upon proper vouchers.

Corresponds to section fourteen and the last three sentences of section ten of the act.

Retirement after twenty years' service.

Sec. 3350. Whenever any person has served for twenty years or more in the aggregate, as a member in any capacity, or any rank whatever, of the regularly constituted fire department of any county, city and county, city, or town, subject to the provisions of this chapter, such board may, if it sees fit, order and direct that such person be retired from further service in such fire department; and from the date of the making of such order; the service of such person in such fire department must cease, and he must thereafter, during his lifetime, be paid from such fund a yearly pension equal to one half the amount of salary attached to the rank held by him in such fire department at the date of such retirement, provided he has held such rank for a period of one year immediately preceding such retirement, but if for a period less than one year preceding such retirement, then he must receive from such fund a yearly pension equal to one half of the amount of salary he received in the rank preceding, except in case of reduction of rank, in which case he must receive a yearly pension equal to one half the amount of salary he received in the rank to which he may have been reduced.

Corresponds to section three of the act.

Firemen injured in service.

Sec. 3351. If any person, while serving as a fireman in any county, city and county, city, or town, becomes physically disabled, by reason of any bodily injury received in the immediate or direct performance of his duty as such fireman, said board

may, upon his written request, or without such request, if it deems it for the good of the fire department, and the furtherance of justice, retire him from such department, and direct that he be paid from such fund, during his lifetime, a yearly pension equal to one half the amount of salary attached to the rank held by him at the date of his retirement. On his death, his heirs or assigns have no claim upon such firemen's relief or pension fund. Whenever such disability ceases, his pension must cease, and he be restored to active service, at the same salary he received at the date of his retirement.

Corresponds to section four of the act.

Certificate of disability.

Sec. 3352. No person must be retired on his request as provided in the preceding section, or receive any benefit from said fund, unless there has been filed with the board his affidavit of his disability and certificates subscribed and sworn to by the county, city and county, city, or town physician, if there is one, and two regularly licensed practicing physicians of such county, city and county, city, or town, and the board may require other evidence of disability before ordering the retirement and payment hereinbefore provided for.

Corresponds to section five of the act.

Pension where life is lost in the performance of duty.

Sec. 3353. Whenever any member of the fire department of any county, city and county, city, or town, loses his life while in the performance of his duty, leaving a widow, or a child or children under the age of sixteen years, such board, upon satisfactory proof of such facts, must direct that a yearly pension equal to one third of the amount of the salary attached to the rank which such member held in such fire department at the time of his death, be paid to such widow during her life, or, if there is no widow, then to the child or children, until they attain sixteen years of age. When any such child arrives at the age of sixteen years, such payment shall cease as to him, and if such widow, or child or children marry, then the person so marrying must thereafter receive no further pension from such fund.

Corresponds to section six of the act.

Pensions after death from natural causes.

Sec. 3354. Whenever any member of the fire department of any county, city and county, city, or town, dies from natural causes, after ten years of service, his widow or children, or if

there is no widow or child, then his mother or unmarried sisters, are entitled to the sum of one thousand dollars from such fund.

Corresponds to section seven of the act.

Examination of retired persons.

Sec. 3355. Any person retired for disability, under this chapter, may be summoned before the board herein provided for, at any time thereafter, and must submit himself thereto for examination as to his fitness for duty, and abide the decision and order of the board, with reference thereto. All retired members of the fire department must report to the chief of the fire department of the county, city and county, city, or town, where so retired, on the first Mondays of January, April, July, and October of each year, and in cases of great public emergency, may be assigned to, and must perform, such duty as such chief directs, and such persons have no claim for payment for such duty so performed.

Corresponds to section eight of the act.

Forfeitures.

Sec. 3355a. When any person who has received any benefit from said fund is convicted of any felony, or becomes an habitual drunkard, or non-resident of the State, or fails to report himself for examination for duty, as in this chapter required, unless excused by the board, or disobeys the requirements of such board under this chapter, in respect to such examination for duty, then such board must order that his pension allowance immediately cease, and that he receive no further pension allowance or benefit.

Corresponds to section nine of the act.

Levy of tax.

Sec. 3355b. The board of supervisors or other governing authority of any county, city and county, city, or town, must, for the purpose of the fund hereinbefore mentioned, annually levy, collect, and apportion to such fund, a tax sufficient to meet and pay all demands thereon, for the purposes set out in this chapter.

Corresponds to section twelve of the act.

§§ 3355c-3355o. That a new chapter, numbered XIVb, to consist of sections thirty-three hundred and fifty-five c to thirty-three hundred and fifty-five o, codifying the statute of 1889, p. 56, be added, to read:

CHAPTER XIV^b.

POLICE RELIEF, HEALTH, AND LIFE INSURANCE FUND.

- SEC. 3355c. Board of police pension fund commissioners.
3355d. Duties of the commissioners.
3355e. Powers of the commissioners.
3355f. Auditor's duties.
3355g. Retirement after twenty years' service.
3355h. Policemen injured in service.
3355i. Certificate of disability.
3355j. Pension where life is lost in the performance of duty.
3355k. Pensions after death from natural causes.
3355l. Examination of retired persons.
3355m. Forfeitures.
3355n. Levy of tax.
3355o. Merger of other insurance.

Board of police pension fund commissioners.

Sec. 3355c. The chairman of the board of supervisors of the county, city and county, city, or incorporated town, in which there is no board of police commissioners, the treasurer of such county, city and county, city, or incorporated town, and the chief of police thereof, constitute a board of trustees of the police relief and pension fund of the police department, which board must be known as "The Board of Police Pension Fund Commissioners." Where there is, in any county, city and county, city, or town, a board of police commissioners, then such body constitutes such board of trustees of the police relief and pension fund of the police department. A majority of the members of the board constitutes a quorum, and has power to transact business. It must, biennially, select from its members a president and a secretary. The treasurer of the county, city and county, city, or town, is ex officio the treasurer of such fund.

Corresponds to section one and the second sentence of section two as amended by the statute of 1891, p. 469, and to the second clause and last sentence of section ten.

Duties of the commissioners.

Sec. 3355d. The duties of said board are:

1. To provide for the disbursement of the police relief and pension fund, and to designate the beneficiaries thereof, and to have charge of, and administer, such fund and order payments therefrom, as hereinafter in this chapter provided;
2. To report annually, in the month of June, to the board of supervisors, the condition of such fund and the receipts and

disbursements on account thereof, with a full and complete list of the beneficiaries thereof, and the amounts paid them;

3. To hold quarterly meetings on the first Mondays of January, April, July, and October of each year, and upon the call of its president;

4. To issue warrants, signed by its president and secretary, to the persons entitled thereto, of the amount of money ordered paid to such persons from such fund, which warrants must state for what purposes such payment is to be made;

5. To keep a record of all its proceedings, which is a public record;

6. At each quarterly meeting to send to the treasurer of the county, city and county, city, or town, and to the auditor of such county, city and county, city, or town, a list of all persons entitled to payment from the fund herein provided for, stating the amount of such payments, and for what granted, which list must be certified to, and signed by, the president and secretary of the board, attested under oath.

Subdivision one is from sections one and two; subdivision two from section two; subdivisions three to six from section ten.

Powers of the commissioners.

Sec. 3355e. Such board has power:

1. To compel witnesses to attend and testify before it, upon all matters connected with the operation of this chapter, in the same manner as is or may be provided by law for the taking of testimony before notaries public; and its president, or any member thereof, may administer oaths to such witnesses;

2. To appoint a secretary, and to provide for the payment from said fund of all its necessary expenses, including secretary hire and printing; but no compensation or emolument must be paid to any member of said board for any duty required or performed under this chapter;

3. To make all needful rules and regulations for its guidance in conformity with the provisions of this chapter.

Corresponds to section eleven of the act.

Auditor's duties.

Sec. 3355f. The auditor of the county, city and county, city, or town, on receiving the list provided for in section thirty-three hundred and fifty-five *d*, must thereupon enter a copy thereof upon a book to be kept for that purpose, known as "the police relief and pension fund book." When such list has been so entered he must transmit it to the board of

supervisors, or other governing authority of the county, city and county, city, or town, which must order the payment thereof out of said fund. On the last day of June of each year, or as soon thereafter as practicable, such auditor must make a report to the board of supervisors, or other governing authority, of all moneys paid on account of such fund during the previous year, and of the amounts then to its credit, and all surplus then remaining in such fund, excepting the average amount per year paid out on account of such fund, during the three years next preceding, must be transferred to and become a part of the general fund of every such county, city and county, city, or town, and be no longer under the control of such board, or subject to its order. Payments provided for in this chapter must be made quarterly upon proper vouchers.

Corresponds to section eleven and the second and third sentences before the end of section ten.

Retirement after twenty years' service.

Sec. 3355g. Whenever any person has served for twenty years or more in the aggregate, as a member in any capacity or rank of the regularly constituted police department of any county, city and county, city, or town, subject to the provisions of this chapter, such board may, if it sees fit, direct that such person, after becoming sixty years of age, be retired from further service in such department; and from the date of the making of such order his service must cease, and he must thereafter, during his lifetime, be paid from such fund a yearly pension equal to one half the amount of salary attached to the rank held by him in said police department for the period of one year next preceding the date of such retirement.

Corresponds to section three as amended by the statute of 1897, p. 52, except that we have omitted the words "shall have been duly appointed or selected and sworn," upon the theory that after a person has served twenty years as a member of the police department, there ought not to be any inquiry respecting the mode of his appointment or selection, or as to whether he was duly sworn.

Policemen injured in service.

Sec. 3355h. If any person, while serving as a policeman in any county, city and county, city, or town, becomes physically disabled by reason of any bodily injury received in the immediate or direct performance of his duty as such, such board may, on his written request, or without such request, if it deems

it for the good of such police force, retire him from such department, and direct that he be paid from such fund, during his lifetime, a yearly pension equal to one half the amount of salary attached to the rank held by him at the date of his retirement, but on his death his heirs or assigns have no claim upon such fund. Whenever such disability ceases, such pension must cease, and such person be restored to active service at the same salary he received at the time of his retirement.

Corresponds to section four as amended by the statute of 1897, p. 52.

Certificate of disability.

Sec. 3355i. No person must be retired on his request, as provided in the preceding section, or receive any benefit from such fund, unless there is filed with such board his affidavit of his disability and certificates thereof, subscribed and sworn to by the county, city and county, city, or town physician, if there is one, and two regularly licensed practicing physicians of such county, city and county, city, or town, and such board may require other evidence of disability, before ordering such retirement and payment.

Corresponds to section five of the original act.

Pension where life is lost in the performance of duty.

Sec. 3355j. Whenever any member of the police department of any county, city and county, city, or town, loses his life while in the performance of his duty, leaving a widow, or a child or children under the age of sixteen years, such board, upon satisfactory proof of such facts, must order that a yearly pension equal to one third the amount of the salary attached to his rank at the time of his death, be paid to such widow during her life, or if there is no widow, then to the child or children until they attain sixteen years of age. If such widow, child or children, marry, the person so marrying must thereafter receive no further pension from such fund.

Corresponds to section six of the original act.

Pensions after death from natural causes.

Sec. 3355k. Whenever any member of the police department of any county, city and county, city, or town, dies from natural causes, after ten years of service, his widow or children, or if there is no widow or child, then his mother or unmarried sisters, are entitled to one thousand dollars from such fund.

Corresponds to section seven of the original act as amended by the statute of 1891, p. 287.

Examination of retired persons.

Sec. 3355*l*. Any person retired for disability under this chapter may be summoned before said board at any time, and must submit himself thereto for examination as to his fitness for duty, and abide the decision and order of the board with reference thereto. All members of the police force who may be retired, must report to the chief of police of the county, city and county, city, or town, where so retired, on the first Mondays of January, April, July, and October of each year, and in cases of great public emergency may be assigned to, and must perform, such duty as the chief of police directs, and such persons have no claim for payment for such duty so performed.

Corresponds to section eight of the original act.

Forfeitures.

Sec. 3355*m*. Whenever any person who has received any benefit from such fund is convicted of a felony, or becomes an habitual drunkard, or a non-resident of the State, or fails to report himself for examination for duty, as required, unless excused by the board, or disobeys its requirements in respect to such examination for duty, then it must order that his pension allowance immediately cease, and he must thereafter receive no such allowance or benefit.

Corresponds to section nine of the original act.

Levy of tax.

Sec. 3355*n*. The board of supervisors, or other governing authority of any county, city and county, city, or town, must, for the purposes of the fund hereinbefore mentioned, direct the payment annually, and when the tax levy is made, into said fund, of the following moneys:

First—Not less than five nor more than ten per centum of all moneys collected and received from licenses for the keeping of places wherein spirituous, malt, or other intoxicating liquors are sold;

Second—One half of all moneys received from taxes or from licenses upon dogs;

Third—All moneys received from fines imposed upon the members of the police force of said county, city and county, city, or town, for violation of the rules and regulations of the police department;

Fourth—All proceeds of sales of unclaimed property;

Fifth—Not less than one fourth nor more than one half of

all moneys received from licenses from pawnbrokers, billiard-hall keepers, second-hand dealers, and junk stores;

Sixth—All moneys received from fines for carrying concealed weapons;

Seventh—Twenty-five per centum of all fines collected in money for violation of county, city and county, city, or town ordinances;

Eighth—All rewards given or paid to members of such police force, except such as are excepted by the chief of police;

Ninth—The treasurer of any county, city and county, city, or town, must retain from the pay of each member of the police department the sum of two dollars per month, to be forthwith paid into said fund, and no other retention or deduction must be made from such pay for any other fund or purpose whatever.

Corresponds to section twelve of the original act.

Merger of other insurance.

Sec. 3355o. Any police life and health insurance fund, or any fund provided by law, heretofore existing in any county, city and county, city, or town, for the relief or pensioning of police officers, or their life or health insurance, or for the payment of a sum of money on their death, is merged with, and must be paid into, and constitutes a part of, the fund created under the provisions of this chapter; and no person who has resigned or been dismissed from the police department is entitled to any relief from such fund.

Corresponds to the first nine lines of section thirteen of the original act.

§ 3356. That section thirty-three hundred and fifty-six be amended to read:

Sec. 3356. Each county auditor must prepare and have printed blank licenses for all classes of business upon which a license is imposed by the board of supervisors of the county, which blank licenses must be for terms of three, six, and twelve months, and for such shorter terms as are authorized to be issued, with a blank receipt attached for the signature of the tax collector, when sold.

The article of which this section is the beginning was adopted prior to our present constitution and became inoperative under it, because the power to levy license taxes was committed to the counties. (*People v. Martin*, 60 Cal. 152.) The amendments proposed to this section are intended to make it and the article applicable to our present constitution and the laws enacted under it. The amendment here consists in

striking out "of all classes mentioned in this chapter" and inserting "for all classes of business for which a license is imposed by the board of supervisors of the county."

§ 3364. That section thirty-three hundred and sixty-four be amended to read:

Sec. 3364. Boards of supervisors of the counties of the State, and the legislative bodies of the incorporated cities and towns therein, have, in the exercise of their police powers, and for the purpose of regulation, as herein provided, and not otherwise, power to license all and every kind of business not prohibited by law, and transacted and carried on within the limits of their respective jurisdictions, and all shows, exhibitions, and lawful games carried on therein, to fix the rates of license tax upon the same, and to provide for its collection by suit or otherwise; provided, that every honorably discharged soldier, sailor, or marine of the United States, who is unable to obtain a livelihood by manual labor, shall have the right to hawk, peddle, and vend any goods, wares, or merchandise, except spirituous, malt, vinous, or other intoxicating liquor, without payment of any license tax or fee whatsoever, whether municipal, county, or state, and the board of supervisors or legislative body must issue to such soldier, sailor, or marine, without cost, a license therefor. No license can be collected, nor any penalty for the non-payment thereof enforced, against any commercial traveler whose business is limited to goods, wares, and merchandise sold or dealt in in this State at wholesale.

Substitutes for the matters now in this section, section thirty-three hundred and sixty-six as added by the statute of 1901, p. 635.

§§ 3373-3387. That article II, consisting of sections thirty-three hundred and seventy-three to thirty-three hundred and eighty-seven, be repealed, on the ground that all these sections became inoperative on the adoption of our constitution, under the decision in *People v. Martin*, 60 Cal. 152.

§ 3407. That section thirty-four hundred and seven be amended to read:

Sec. 3407. All applications, under whatever act filed in the surveyor-general's office, must be retained sixty days before approval, and must be approved by him, when there is no conflict, at the expiration of six months; provided, the acceptance of the register of the United States land office is obtained

where such acceptance is required. A copy of such approval must be given to the applicant.

Consolidates the present section with the last clause of section thirty-five hundred and forty-eight.

§ 3414. That section thirty-four hundred and fourteen be amended to read:

Sec. 3414. When a contest arises concerning the approval of a survey or location before the surveyor-general, or concerning the certificate of purchase or other evidence of title before the register, the officer before whom the contest is made, may, when the question involved is as to the survey, or one purely of fact, or whether the land applied for is a part of the swamp or overflowed lands of the State, or whether it is included within a confirmed grant, the lines of which have been run by authority of law, proceed to hear and determine the same; but when, in the judgment of the officer, a question of law is involved, or when either party demands a trial in the courts of the State, he must make an order referring the contest to the superior court for the county in which the land is situated, and must enter such order in a record book in his office.

"District" stricken out and "superior" inserted.

§ 3416. That section thirty-four hundred and sixteen be amended to read:

Sec. 3416. Upon filing with the surveyor-general or register, as the case may be, a copy of the final judgment of the court, that officer must approve or disapprove the survey or location, or issue, or refuse to issue, the certificate of purchase or other evidence of title in accordance with such judgment.

Inserts "or disapprove," also "or refuse to issue."

§ 3417. That section thirty-four hundred and seventeen be amended to read:

Sec. 3417. Unless the party contestant commences his action within sixty days after the order of reference is made, and files with the surveyor-general a copy of the final judgment therein within thirty days after its rendition, his rights in the premises and under his application, cease, and he is estopped from filing another application for the land in question.

Inserts "and files with the surveyor-general a copy of the final judgment therein within thirty days after its rendition," and "is estopped from filing another application for the land in question."

§ 3440*a*. That a new section, numbered thirty-four hundred and forty *a*, be added, to read:

Sec. 3440*a*. No claim must be made by the State to any land, as swamp and overflowed, which was not returned as such by the United States deputy surveyor, nor to lands for which preëmption or homestead patents have been issued by the United States, or upon which there are settlers occupying the land in good faith, who have filed their preëmption or homestead declaratory statements. The surveyor-general must not receive any application to purchase, as swamp or overflowed, any land not returned as such by the United States deputy surveyor, unless the application is accompanied by a certificate from the register of the United States land office for the district in which the land is situated, and by the affidavits of two disinterested persons, that there is no preëmption or homestead settler upon the land sought to be purchased, or if there is such settler, that he has resided on the land more than six months prior to the time of making such application, and every application is invalid where there is a valid preëmption filing or homestead entry on the lands sought to be purchased, at the time such application is made.

Codifies the statutes of 1873-4, p. 327, and 1881, p. 72.

§ 3442*a*. That a new section, numbered thirty-four hundred and forty-two *a*, be added, to read:

Sec. 3442*a*. Lands within this State, which have been, or may hereafter be, returned by the United States surveyor-general as swamp and overflowed, and shown as such on the approved township plats, must be held to be of the character so returned. Nothing in this section contained must be considered to affect the rights of any homestead or preëmption settler claiming under the laws of the United States, nor shall it affect any suit now pending in any court as between the parties thereto, nor be construed to prejudice the rights of any settler now or hereafter located upon such lands, to perfect title to the same, if permitted under existing laws.

Codifies the statute of 1891, p. 221.

§ 3444. That section thirty-four hundred and forty-four be repealed, because there is no reason why the sex of the applicant should make any difference in the form of the application.

§ 3449*a*. That a new section, numbered thirty-four hundred and forty-nine *a*, be added, to read:

Sec. 3449*a*. Any person having an interest affected by any

order of the board of supervisors, approving, or refusing to approve, a petition for the formation of a reclamation or swamp land reclamation district, or in any manner creating or consolidating such districts, or including in, or excluding from, such district any lands, may, within thirty days after such order is made, appeal therefrom to the superior court of the county. Such appeal must be taken and prosecuted in the manner prescribed by law and the rules of such superior court relating to appeals from inferior courts, and the matter must be tried anew in the superior court. The judgment rendered therein is final. Each superior court in any county in which there is any reclamation or swamp land reclamation district must make rules regulating the appeals in the cases herein mentioned, and the clerk of the board of supervisors must, upon the notice of, and the undertaking on appeal being filed with him, transmit the same and all papers and documents used on the hearing before such board to the clerk of the superior court of the county, who must thereupon file the same without receiving any fee therefor.

Codifies the statute of 1893, p. 174.

§ 3450. That section thirty-four hundred and fifty be amended to read:

Sec. 3450. If no appeal is taken within the time allowed by law from the order approving the petition, or if when so appealed from such order is affirmed by the superior court, the petition must then be recorded by the county recorder in a book kept for the purpose of recording papers relating to reclamations, and a certified copy thereof forwarded to the register.

Inserts all after the words "the petition," where they occur for the second time in the sentence.

§ 3461. That section thirty-four hundred and sixty-one be amended to read:

Sec. 3461. The list must contain:

1. A description by legal subdivisions, swamp land surveys, or other intelligible description, of each tract assessed;
2. The number of acres in each tract;
3. The names of the owners of each tract, if known; and, if unknown, that fact;
4. The amount of the charge assessed against each tract.

Strikes out "natural boundaries" and inserts "other intelligible description."

§ 3466. That section thirty-four hundred and sixty-six be amended to read:

Sec. 3466. At the end of thirty days, the treasurer must return the list to the board of trustees of the district, and all unpaid assessments thereafter bear legal interest, and must thereafter be collected and paid in separate installments, of such amounts and at such times, respectively, as the board, from time to time, in its discretion, may, by order entered in its minutes, direct; and a cause of action for the collection of any such installment accrues at the expiration of twenty days from the date of the order directing its payment. If any such installment remains unpaid at the expiration of such twenty days, then the whole of the assessment against the land owned by the person failing to pay such installment becomes due and payable at once, and may, in the discretion of the board, be collected immediately, in one and the same action. The board of trustees of the district must commence actions for the collection of such delinquent installments and delinquent assessments, with interest thereon, and costs, and for the enforcement of the lien on the land assessed, in the superior court of the county in which the land is situated. Assessments on several tracts may be included in the same action, if they belong to the same person or persons. In all actions for the collection of delinquent assessments, the court may decree and adjudge a lien against each tract for the amount assessed against it, and may order it to be sold on execution or decree, as in other cases of sale of real estate. The judgment or decree must direct that the sale be made for gold and silver coin of the United States. The board of trustees must pay the money collected to the county treasurer, who must place the same to the credit of the district.

We have omitted from this section all that part thereof undertaking to specify the person against whom the suit may be brought and the manner in which it may be prosecuted and process therein served, thus leaving the suit to be controlled by the ordinary rules applicable to proceedings for the foreclosure of liens. The words "listed to the same person" have also been stricken out, and the words "they belong to the same person or persons" inserted.

§ 3466½. That section thirty-four hundred and sixty-six and a half be renumbered thirty-four hundred and sixty-six *a*.

§ 3477*a*. That a new section, numbered thirty-four hundred and seventy-seven *a*, be added, to read:

Sec. 3477*a*. Whenever, under the provisions of section thirty-

four hundred and seventy-seven, a purchaser from the State, of lands included in any reclamation district, has been credited with payment in full for such lands, the trustees of such district may, in their discretion, allow a credit of one dollar per acre on all lands assessed in such district for reclamation purposes, the title to which land has not been derived by purchase of the same from the State as swamp and overflowed land; such credit to be given on any assessment heretofore made and remaining unpaid, or on any future assessment where the owner of such lands has not received such credit, whether judgments for the payment of such assessments have been recovered or not, but no such credit must be given or allowed until such person has paid all assessments levied on such land, with interest thereon at the rate of seven per cent per annum, from the date of delinquency, and of judgment therefor in full, less the amount of such credit.

Codifies the statute of 1881, p. 58.

§ 3484. That section thirty-four hundred and eighty-four be amended to read:

Sec. 3484. No member of any board of supervisors, or any clerk of such board, must receive compensation, other than his regular salary, for services performed under this chapter.

Omits the last clause of the present section, which applies to Sacramento county only, and has, we believe, become obsolete.

§ 3493 $\frac{1}{2}$. That section thirty-four hundred and ninety-three and a half be renumbered thirty-four hundred and ninety-three *a*.

§ 3493*b*. That a new section, numbered thirty-four hundred and ninety-three *b*, be added, to read:

Sec. 3493*b*. All swamp and overflowed land reclamation districts or protection districts organized under any law of this State, which, for more than five years, fail or neglect to use their corporate powers, and are free from debt, or against which all claims are barred by limitation, may be dissolved and annulled by a court of competent jurisdiction, upon proper proceedings had therefor. The action or proceeding may be brought against such district by any person owning lands therein. The summons must be served upon a majority of the last elected and acting trustees of the district, if living. If not living, then it may be served generally by publication.

Codifies the statute of 1899, p. 13.

§ 3493c. That a new section, numbered thirty-four hundred and ninety-three *c*, be added, to read:

Sec. 3493c. Whenever, in the opinion of the board of trustees of any reclamation district, the cost of the work of reclamation, according to the plans thereof, will be too great to be raised by assessment, such board must order a special election to be held at some place in such district, to be designated by such board, at which must be submitted to the owners of land in such district, whether or not the bonds of such district shall be issued in an amount necessary to construct such works of reclamation, which amount must be estimated by such board, and stated in the order for such election.

Codifies section one of the statute of 1895, p. 197.

§ 3493d. That a new section, numbered thirty-four hundred and ninety-three *d*, be added, to read:

Sec. 3493d. Notice of an election provided for in the preceding section must be given by the board of trustees by posting notice thereof in at least three public places in the district, at least twenty days prior thereto, and also by publication for the same time in some newspaper published in each county in which any portion of the district may be situated, if there is a newspaper published in each of such counties, and if there is no newspaper so published, then by such publication in each county in which there is a newspaper published. Such notice must specify the time and place of holding such election, the amount of bonds proposed to be issued, and the names of three land-holders of the district to act as a board of election.

Codifies section two of the last named statute.

§ 3493e. That a new section, numbered thirty-four hundred and ninety-three *e*, be added, to read:

Sec. 3493e. At such election, each holder of lands in the district is entitled to vote in person or by proxy, and has the right to cast one vote for each one dollar's worth of real estate owned by him in the district, the value thereof to be determined from the next preceding assessment roll of the county. The board of trustees must, prior to the election, procure from the assessor of each county wherein any portion of the district is situated a list, certified by him, containing a description of all the land of the district situate in such county, the name of the person to whom each tract is assessed, and the value thereof, as appears from the assessment roll, which list must be furnished to and used by the board of election in deter-

mining the number of votes each voter is entitled to cast. No person must vote by proxy at such election unless his authority is evidenced by an instrument in writing, duly acknowledged and certified, as are grants of real property, and filed with the board of election. The ballots cast at such election must contain the words "Bonds—Yes," or the words "Bonds—No," and also the name of the person casting the ballot, with the number of votes cast by him, and a list of the ballots cast must be made by the board of election, containing the name of the voter, and if the ballot is cast by proxy the name of the person casting it, the number of votes cast, and whether the same are cast for or against the issuance of the bonds.

Codifies section three of the last named statute.

§ 3493*f*. That a new section, numbered thirty-four hundred and ninety-three *f*, be added, to read:

Sec. 3493*f*. If any of the persons appointed and specified in the notice of election as the board of election, fails to attend at the time and place appointed for the election, the voters present at the time for opening the polls may appoint any land-holder in the district then present, to fill the place of such absent member. Each member of the board of election must, before entering upon his duties as such, take an oath as such member, which may be administered by any officer authorized to administer oaths or by any land-holder in the district. The polls must be kept open for the reception of votes from ten o'clock A. M. until four o'clock P. M. At the close of the polls, the board of election must at once proceed to canvass the votes and declare the result, and forward a certificate, showing the number of votes cast for and against the issuing of bonds, to the board of supervisors of the county where the district was formed, and deliver a duplicate thereof to the board of trustees of the district, and must also deliver to such board of trustees the ballots cast at such election, and all documents and papers used thereat.

Codifies section four of the statute last named.

§ 3493*g*. That a new section, numbered thirty-four hundred and ninety three *g*, be added to read:

Sec. 3493*g*. If a majority of the votes cast at such election is in favor of the issuance of bonds, the board of trustees must cause bonds, in the amount stated in the order for election, to be issued, and placed in the custody of the treasurer of the county in which the district was formed. Such bonds must

be of the denomination of one hundred dollars each, negotiable in form, and signed by the president and secretary of the board of trustees of the district, and the chairman of the board of supervisors of said county, and attested by the clerk and the seal of such board of supervisors; must be numbered consecutively as issued, and bear date at the time of their issue, and express on their face that they were issued by authority of the Political Code, and the date of the election at which their issuance was authorized. Such bonds must bear interest at the rate of seven per cent per annum, payable semi-annually on the first days of January and July of each year, at the office of the county treasurer, upon the presentation of proper coupons therefor. Coupons for each installment of interest must be attached to each bond, and numbered, signed, and attested in the same manner as the bond. The principal of such bonds must be paid as follows, to wit: ten per cent of the whole amount of the bonds issued, according to their consecutive numbers, must be paid in ten years from the date of their issuance, at the office of such county treasurer, and ten per cent thereof each succeeding year, until all are paid. If any bond is not presented for payment when it becomes due, it ceases to draw interest, and if presented at such time and not paid for want of funds, the county treasurer must so indorse it, and thereafter it draws interest until paid, at the rate of seven per cent per annum, payable semi-annually.

Codifies section five of the same statute.

§ 3493*h*. That a new section, numbered thirty-four hundred and ninety-three *h*, be added, to read:

Sec. 3493*h*. The treasurer of each county must place the bonds prepared pursuant to this article, to the credit of the district, and may at any time sell any of said bonds for the best price obtainable therefor, but in no event for less than the face value of said bond and the accrued interest thereon. Any money derived from the sale of bonds by the county treasurer must be placed to the credit of the district, and a proper record of the transaction be placed upon the books of the treasurer.

Codifies section six of the same statute.

§ 3493*i*. That a new section, numbered thirty-four hundred and ninety-three *i*, be added, to read:

Sec. 3493*i*. The trustees of the district may draw orders upon

the county treasurer, payable in bonds or money, in the proportion and to the amount therein named, to pay for labor or services performed for, or materials or property furnished to, the district for the purpose of constructing the reclamation works thereof, and the expenses necessarily incident to maintaining the same and the contingent expenses of the district, which orders must be approved by the board of supervisors of the county where the district was formed, and thereafter be paid by such treasurer, in the manner therein provided for, if the bonds or money then remaining in such treasury to the credit of the district is sufficient to pay the same.

Codifies section seven of the same statute.

§ 3493*j*. That a new section, numbered thirty-four hundred and ninety-three *j*, be added, to read:

Sec. 3493*j*. The principal of the bonds, and the interest thereon, must be paid by revenue derived from the tax levy upon the assessable real property of the district, and the board of supervisors of the county wherein the district was formed, at the time of making the levy of taxes for county purposes, must levy a tax for that year upon the taxable real property of such district, sufficient to pay the interest which may become due upon the bonds during such year, and if any portion of the principal of the bonds will become due during such year, then also in an amount sufficient to pay such portion. All taxes so levied must be computed and entered on the assessment roll of the county wherein the lands are situated, by the county auditor, and collected by the tax collector, at the same time and in the same manner as state and county taxes, and when collected, must be paid into the county treasury for the use of the district.

Codifies section eight of the same statute.

§ 3493*k*. That a new section, numbered thirty-four hundred and ninety-three *k*, be added, to read:

Sec. 3493*k*. When the district is situated partly in different counties, the assessor of the county or counties, other than the county where the district was formed, and in which any portion of such district may be situated, must, prior to the time when the board of supervisors meets and makes the levy for county purposes in each year, certify to the board of supervisors of the county where such district was formed, a statement of the

total value of all taxable real property of the district situated in his county, and when such board of trustees has determined the rate of taxation necessary to be levied upon such property, the clerk thereof must certify the same, under the seal of the board, to the auditor of any county, other than the county where such district was formed, and such auditor must thereupon compute the tax, and enter the same upon the assessment roll of such county. When any taxes are collected under the provisions of this article, and placed in the treasury of any county, other than the one in which the district was formed, the treasurer of such county must, when requested so to do by its board of supervisors, forward all money in such treasury to the county treasurer of the county in which such district was formed, who must receive and receipt for the same, and place such money in the treasury of the county to the credit of the district.

Codifies section nine of the same statute.

§ 3493*l*. That a new section, numbered thirty-four hundred and ninety-three *l*, be added, to read:

Sec. 3493*l*. No assessor, tax collector, treasurer, or clerk, must receive any fee for services required to be performed by or under any of the provisions of sections thirty-four hundred and ninety-three *b* to thirty-four hundred and ninety-three *k*, both inclusive. All expenses necessarily incurred in carrying out the provisions of such sections must be paid out of any money to the credit of the district for which the services are performed, in the treasury of the county where the district was formed, on the order of the board of trustees of such district, approved by the board of supervisors of such county.

Codifies section ten of the same statute.

§§ 3493*m*-3493*t*. That a new article, numbered II*a*, to consist of sections thirty-four hundred and ninety-three *m* to thirty-four hundred and ninety-three *t*, codifying the statute of 1893, p. 341, be added, to read:

ARTICLE IIa.

SALE OF LANDS UNCOVERED BY THE RECESSION OR DRAINAGE OF
WATERS OF INLAND LAKES, AND UNSEGREGATED SWAMP AND
OVERFLOWED LANDS.

SEC. 3493*m*. Application.

3493*n*. Duties of surveyor-general.

3493*o*. Approval of application.

3493*p*. Price of lands and disposition of moneys.

3493*q*. Reclamation.

3493*r*. Contests.

3493*s*. Validating certificates of purchase and patents.

3493*t*. Validating plans and surveys.

Application.

Sec. 3493*m*. Any person desiring to purchase any of the lands uncovered by the recession or drainage of the waters of inland lakes, and inuring to the State by virtue of her sovereignty, or the swamp and overflowed lands not segregated by the United States, must make an application therefor to the surveyor-general of the State, which application must be accompanied by the applicant's affidavit that he is a citizen of the United States, or has declared his intention to become such, a resident of this State, of lawful age, that he desires to purchase such lands (describing them by legal subdivisions, or by metes and bounds, if the legal subdivisions are unknown), under the provisions of this article, for his own use and benefit, and for the use and benefit of no other person whomsoever, and that he has made no contract or agreement to sell the same, and that he does not own any state lands which, together with that now sought to be purchased, exceeds six hundred and forty acres.

Corresponds to section one of the act.

Duties of surveyor-general.

Sec. 3493*n*. Upon the filing of such application, when the land has not been sectionized, the surveyor-general must authorize the county surveyor of the county where the whole or the greater portion of the land lies, to survey the same. He must make an actual survey thereof, at the expense of the applicant, establishing four corners to each quarter section, and connecting the same with a United States survey; and within thirty days, file with the surveyor-general a copy, under oath, of his field notes and plat, and a statement under oath, showing whether or not the land is occupied by any actual

settler. If the surveyor thus authorized fails to make his return to the surveyor-general within the time specified, he may designate another person to make the survey.

Corresponds to sections two and three of the act.

Approval of application.

Sec. 3493o. No application to purchase land under this article must be approved until the expiration of ninety days from the filing thereof, and meanwhile the land is subject to the adverse claim of any actual settler who resided thereon when the said application was filed.

Corresponds to section four of the act.

Price of lands and disposition of moneys.

Sec. 3493p. The lands designated in this article must be sold at the price of two dollars and fifty cents per acre, and on the terms and manner of payment provided for swamp and overflowed lands. All moneys received for such lands must be paid into the swamp land fund of the county in which the lands are situated, and must be treated and disposed of in the same manner as moneys arising from the sale of segregated swamp and overflowed lands, and all moneys heretofore received for the sale of such lands, and remaining in the treasury, are subject to the same provisions of law. If any of the lands described in this article are suitable for cultivation without reclamation, they must be sold only to actual settlers in tracts not exceeding one hundred and sixty acres.

Corresponds to section five as amended by the statute of 1899, p. 182.

Reclamation.

Sec. 3493q. Any of the lands designated in this article which, by reason of periodical overflow, need, and are susceptible of, reclamation, may be reclaimed by the formation of districts, in the same manner and subject to all of the provisions of law regulating the reclamation of swamp and overflowed lands. The board of supervisors of the county in which the lands, or the greater part thereof, are situated, must first determine, upon proper petition presented therefor by the holders of the title, or evidence of title, representing one half or more of any body of such land, that such reclamation is necessary and feasible.

Corresponds to section six of the act.

Contests.

Sec. 3493r. When land has been sold under this article, no contest can be maintained against the purchaser on the ground that the land is not of the character stated in the application, unless it is shown that it is not of the character recited in section thirty-four hundred and ninety-three *m*.

Corresponds to section seven of the act.

Validating certificates of purchase and patents.

Sec. 3493s. All uncanceled certificates of purchase and patents heretofore issued, and payments heretofore made for any lands as swamp and overflowed lands, which belong to any of the classes described in section thirty-four hundred and ninety-three *m*, whether or not such lands were segregated or sectionized, are for all purposes valid, and have the same force and effect as if such lands had been at all times subject to sale as swamp and overflowed lands. Any and all contests now existing between settlers and holders of certificates of purchase are not affected by the provisions of this article.

Corresponds to section eight of the act.

Validating plats and surveys.

Sec. 3493t. All plats of any of the lands described in section thirty-four hundred and ninety-three *m*, which have been heretofore made under authority of the United States surveyor-general, and which plats designate the same as swamp and overflowed land, must be deemed valid and effectual as surveys of such lands from and after the date thereof.

Corresponds to section nine of the act.

§ 3495. That section thirty-four hundred and ninety-five be amended to read:

Sec. 3495. Any person desiring to purchase any portion, not less than the smallest legal subdivision, of any of the lands mentioned in section thirty-four hundred and ninety-four, situated in any township which has been surveyed by the United States, must make an affidavit that he is a citizen of the United States, or has filed his intention to become such, a resident of this State, of lawful age, that he desires to purchase such lands (describing the same by legal subdivisions) under the provisions of this title; that there is no occupation of such lands adverse to any that he has, or if there is an adverse occupation the affidavit must show that the township has been sectionized three months, and that the adverse occupant (giving

his name) has been in such occupation more than sixty days since the plat was filed in the United States land office; that he desires to purchase the same for his own use and benefit, and for the use or benefit of no other person or persons whomsoever, and that he has made no contract or agreement to sell the same. The affidavit must also state whether the land is or is not suitable for cultivation, and, if it is, that the applicant is an actual settler thereon, and that he has not entered any portion of any lands mentioned in section thirty-four hundred and ninety-four, which, together with that now sought to be purchased, exceeds three hundred and twenty acres; but if the land is not suitable for cultivation, the affidavit must further state that the applicant has not entered any portion of such lands, which, together with that now sought to be entered, exceeds six hundred and forty acres. Lands unsuitable for cultivation may be sold in quantities not exceeding six hundred and forty acres to any one person, under the restriction other than as to actual settlement prescribed for the sale of cultivable lands. The surveyor-general and register of the land office must make and enforce all necessary rules and regulations to prevent the sale of school lands suitable for cultivation to any person not an actual settler thereon. Any contest of the applicant's right to purchase, arising from the character of the land as cultivable or otherwise, may be referred to the superior court of the proper county, as in other cases, for determination. No contest of the applicant's right to purchase, arising from adverse occupation, shall be maintained, except by a prior adverse occupant, who has filed an application to purchase the land under the provisions of this section, and no occupation of land by a person other than the applicant shall be an adverse occupation within the meaning of this section, unless such occupation is by a person who is entitled to purchase the same under the provisions hereof, and who files his application therefor within the time prescribed by section thirty-four hundred and ninety-seven of this code.

Omits "provided, that any smallest legal subdivision of school lands shall be deemed suitable for cultivation if any part not less than half of its area will, without artificial irrigation, but with or without the clearing of timber or other growth therefrom, by the ordinary processes of tillage, produce ordinary agricultural crops in average quantity," because it has been determined that the legislature cannot classify lands suitable for cultivation, nor give definition to the words contained in the constitution. (*Albert v. Hobler*, 111 Cal. 398; *Fulton v. Brannan*, 88 Cal. 456.)

§ 3496. That section thirty-four hundred and ninety-six be repealed, for the reason suggested at section thirty-four hundred and forty-four.

§ 3501. That section thirty-five hundred and one be repealed, for the reason suggested at section thirty-four hundred and forty-four.

§ 3502a. That a new section, numbered thirty-five hundred and two a, be added, to read:

Sec. 3502a. Every bona fide owner and holder of any unlocated school land warrant, issued under and by virtue of the act of the legislature, approved May third, eighteen hundred and fifty-two, providing for the disposal of the five hundred thousand acres of land donated to the State by the United States, is entitled to a warrant upon the state treasurer for the sum of two dollars per acre, provided for by such warrant. The controller, upon the presentation to him of any such warrant, is authorized to draw his warrant on the state treasurer, payable out of the fund into which the purchase price of such school land warrant was deposited, in favor of such owner or holder for such sum as is herein provided for. Before the receipt of such controller's warrant, any such person must surrender to such controller his warrant for cancellation, and must, at the same time, file with the controller his written release of all claims and demands against the State from any matter or thing growing out of, or in any manner connected with, any such land warrant so redeemed. The provisions of section six hundred and seventy-two of this code are hereby declared not to be applicable to this section.

Codifies the statute of 1893, p. 181.

§ 3519. That section thirty-five hundred and nineteen be amended to read:

Sec. 3519. Whenever a person becomes entitled to a patent, the register, upon the surrender of the certificate of purchase, must prepare a patent for the land and send it to the governor, together with a certificate that the laws in relation thereto have been complied with and that the party named in the prepared patent is entitled thereto.

Strikes out "final payment has been made for any tract of land, the selection of which has been accepted and approved by the United States authorities, or when the tract finally paid for or reclaimed is swamp and overflowed, salt marsh, or tide lands," and in place thereof inserts "a person becomes entitled to a patent."

§ 3548. That section thirty-five hundred and forty-eight be amended to read:

Sec. 3548. After the expiration of the fifty days, he must, in the name of the people of the State of California, commence actions in the superior court against all purchasers, or holders of certificates of purchase, who have not either paid the amount due, together with the cost of publication, or surrendered the title to the State, as provided in section thirty-five hundred and seventy, to obtain a judgment of foreclosure of the interest of the purchaser, or assignee of the purchaser, in the land, and to annul the certificate of purchase.

Omits the last clause, which has been transferred to section thirty-four hundred and seven.

§ 3554. That section thirty-five hundred and fifty-four be amended to read:

Sec. 3554. After judgment, foreclosing the interest of the purchaser or holder of the certificate, has been entered, and certified copies thereof have been filed with the register, such purchaser, his executor, administrator, or successor in interest, has twelve months within which to redeem the land by paying into the county treasury, for the benefit of the fund or parties entitled thereto, all delinquent interest that would have accrued in case there had been no foreclosure, and all costs of foreclosure. When such payment is made and indorsed on the certificate of purchase, specifying the amount paid as interest and for costs, and duly reported to the register of the land office, the annulment must be canceled by that officer, and the rights of the purchaser are fully restored; but if such redemption is not made within the time and in the manner herein specified, such land is again subject to sale.

Inserts in place of the present section the provisions of the statute of 1881, p. 65.

§ 3575. That a new section, numbered thirty-five hundred and seventy-five, be added, to read:

Sec. 3575. Every application to purchase any portion of a sixteenth or thirty-sixth section must be accompanied by a deposit of twenty dollars, in addition to the fee for filing required by the preceding section, for which the surveyor-general must give the applicant a receipt, which must be accepted by the county treasurer in part payment of the purchase price of the land. If the applicant abandons or forfeits his application, or fails to make proper proof as to the

character of the land, or his residence thereon, within the time allowed by law, or if his application is rejected, by reason of any false statement in any affidavit, the twenty dollars thus paid must go to the state school fund. Should the surveyor-general err in receiving the application, or the State be unable to make a good title to the land, then the applicant, or his assigns, may surrender the receipt to the surveyor-general, and receive in exchange therefor, a certificate showing the amount so paid, and the reason why the application cannot be approved or perfected, and the controller, upon the surrender to him, of such surveyor-general's certificate, must issue to the applicant, or his assigns, a warrant for such amount. Any number of filings on any section of land specified in this section is permitted. Should the first filing be abandoned by the applicant, the next filing confers the same right as if it had been the first.

Codifies sections one and two of the statute of 1889, p. 434.

§ 3576. That a new section, numbered thirty-five hundred and seventy-six, be added, to read :

Sec. 3576. The moneys received by the surveyor-general under the provisions of section thirty-four hundred and seventy-five, and not forfeited thereunder, must be paid to the state treasurer at the close of each month, and placed in a fund to be called "school land deposit fund," to the credit of the county in which the lands applied for are situated. When any moneys are placed in such fund, to the credit of the county, the controller, at the next settlement with him by the treasurer of such county, must draw his warrant upon the state treasurer for the amount of the fund to the credit of the county, and the direction herein to the controller is exempted from the operation of section six hundred and seventy-two.

Corresponds to section three of the statute last named.

§ 3649a. That a new section, numbered thirty-six hundred and forty-nine *a*, be added, to read:

Sec. 3649a. Every assessment made after the year eighteen hundred and seventy-nine, which is or may hereafter be adjudged to be invalid for any reason whatever, must be remade, and the property re-assessed and equalized for each year for which such assessment was invalid, and such re-assessment and equalization must be made by the same officers and boards and at the same time or times as are prescribed by law for the assessment and equalization of property of the same classes or kinds as the property he is hereby required to

re-assess. The assessment and equalized assessment of such property must be entered on the several assessment rolls and books, in the same manner that assessments of such property are or were required by law to be entered for the year or years during which the re-assessments are made, and there is hereby levied for such purposes, the same rates of taxation for each of such respective years, as were levied upon property for each of said years for said purposes, and all taxes for counties, cities and counties, and other taxing districts, must be levied by the proper board or boards upon such property, at the same rates for each respective year, as were levied upon property for each of said years for which such assessments were invalid.

Corresponds to sections one and two of the statute of 1893, p. 290.

§ 3649*b*. That a new section, numbered thirty-six hundred and forty-nine *b*, be added, to read:

Sec. 3649*b*. All property authorized to be re-assessed by section thirty-six hundred and forty-nine *a*, must be re-assessed and equalized by the proper officers and boards at the value to which, and to the person or corporation to whom or to which, such property ought, for each of such years, to have been assessed, under such rules of notice and at the times and in the modes prescribed for the assessment and equalization of like classes of property, and the assessment and equalization thereof, and the levy and collection of taxes thereunder, must be made by the proper officers at the time, upon like notice and in the manner now or hereafter provided by law, for making assessments and equalizing the same, and for the levy and collection of taxes on like classes of property. If the tax so re-levied becomes delinquent, there must be added thereto, and to the amount thereof, the same percentage, as a penalty for such delinquency, as is added to other delinquent taxes on like classes of property, and such delinquent taxes and penalties must be collected by the proper officers in the manner now or hereafter provided by law for the collection of delinquent taxes and penalties upon like classes of property, the collectors of such taxes to allow as credits thereon all payments made on the taxes as first levied.

Corresponds to section three of the statute last named.

§ 3649*c*. That a new section, numbered thirty-six hundred and forty-nine *c*, be added, to read:

Sec. 3649*c*. There is no limitation as to the time in which actions for the collection of taxes levied under the preceding

section may be commenced, and all provisions of law now or hereafter provided in respect to assessment, equalization, levy, and collection of taxes, must, when applicable, apply to re-assessment, equalization, and re-levies, and collection of taxes made under the provisions of the last two preceding sections, but nothing in such sections applies to assessments made for local improvements or street purposes.

Corresponds to sections four and five of the statute last named.

§ 3665. That section thirty-six hundred and sixty-five, constituting chapter 256 of the statutes of 1897, be repealed.

§ 3692. That section thirty-six hundred and ninety-two be amended to read:

Sec. 3692. The powers and duties of the state board of equalization are as follows:

1. To prescribe rules for its own government, and for the transaction of its business;

2. To prescribe rules and regulations, not in conflict with the constitution and laws of the State, to govern supervisors when equalizing, and assessors when assessing;

3. To make out, prepare, and enforce the use of all forms in relation to the assessment of property, collection of taxes, and revenue of this State;

4. To hold regular meetings at the state capitol, on the second Monday in each month, and such special meetings as the chairman may direct;

5. To annually assess the franchise, roadway, roadbed, rails, and rolling stock of all railroads operated in more than one county in this State, at their actual value, on the first Monday in March, at twelve o'clock M., and to apportion such assessment to the counties, and cities and counties, in which such railroads are located, in proportion to the number of miles of railway laid in such counties, and cities and counties, in the manner provided for in section thirty-six hundred and sixty-four of said code;

6. To equalize the assessment of each mortgage, deed of trust, contract, or other obligation by which a debt is secured, and which affects property situate in two or more counties, and to apportion the assessment thereof to each of such counties;

7. To transmit to the assessor of each county, or city and county, its apportionment of the assessments made by said board upon the franchises, roadways, roadbeds, rails, and rolling stock of railroads, and also its apportionment of the assessments made by such board upon mortgages, deeds of trust,

contracts, and other obligations by which debts are secured, in the manner provided for in section thirty-six hundred and sixty-four of said code;

8. To meet at the state capitol on the third Monday in July, and remain in session from day to day, Sundays excepted, until the second Monday in September;

9. At such meeting to equalize the valuation of the taxable property of the several counties in this State for the purposes of taxation; and to the end, under such rules of notice to the clerk of the board of supervisors of the county affected thereby, as it may prescribe, to increase or lower the entire assessment roll, or any assessment contained therein, so as to equalize the assessment of property contained in said roll, and make the assessment conform to the true value in money of the property assessed, and to fix the rate of state taxation, and to do the things provided in section thirty-six hundred and ninety-three of said code; but no board of equalization shall raise any mortgage, deed of trust, contract, or other obligation by which a debt is secured, money or solvent credits, above its face value;

10. To visit as a board, or by the individual members thereof, whenever deemed necessary, the several counties of the State, for the purpose of inspecting the property and learning the value thereof;

11. To call before it, or any member thereof, on such visit, any officer of the county, and to require him to produce any public records in his custody;

12. To issue subpoenas for the attendance of witnesses or the production of books before the board, or any member thereof, which subpoenas must be signed by a member of the board, and may be served by any person. Any person or corporation failing or refusing to obey such subpoena is guilty of a misdemeanor;

13. To appoint a clerk, prescribe and enforce his duties. The clerk shall hold his office during the pleasure of the board;

14. To report to the governor, annually, a statement showing:

First—The acreage of each county in the State that is assessed;

Second—The amount assessed per acre;

Third—The aggregate value of all town and city lots;

Fourth—The aggregate value of all real estate in the State;

Fifth—The kinds of personal property in each county, and the value of each kind;

Sixth—The aggregate value of all personal property in the State;

Seventh—Any information relative to the assessment of property and the collection of revenue;

Eighth—Such further suggestions as it shall deem proper;

15. To keep a record of all its proceedings.

“First Monday in August” stricken out and “first Monday in July” inserted, to harmonize the section with section thirty-six hundred and sixty-five. In subdivision nine the words “or any assessment contained therein” inserted; and to subdivision twelve are added the words “any person or corporation failing or refusing to obey such subpoena is guilty of a misdemeanor.”

§ 3700. That section thirty-seven hundred be amended to read:

Sec. 3700. The annual salary of each member of the board, except the state controller, is three thousand dollars, and the annual salary of the clerk of the board is twenty-four hundred dollars; and each of said officers shall devote his entire time to the service of the State in performing the duties and acquiring the information required by this article.

“Eighteen” stricken out and “twenty-four” inserted, for the purpose of making the salary of the clerk as it is declared to be in section thirty-seven hundred and one, adopted in 1883.

§ 3701. That section thirty-seven hundred and one be repealed, its contents having been inserted in the preceding section by the amendment last proposed.

§ 3702. That section thirty-seven hundred and two be amended to read:

Sec. 3702. The members of the board are entitled to their actual traveling expenses, and for contingent clerical assistance, while traveling, incurred by them in the discharge of their duties, the amount to be audited and allowed by the board of examiners; and the sum of five thousand dollars for each fiscal year is hereby continuously appropriated out of the general fund of the state treasury to pay the same. The secretary of state must assign an office for the board in the state capitol, in which must be transacted all its business, except such as in its nature must be transacted elsewhere. He must supply it with stationery, fuel, and light, and the superintendent of state printing must execute its orders for printing.

“Such” inserted after “except.”

§ 3788a. That that section thirty-seven hundred and eighty-eight which went into effect February 17, 1895, be numbered thirty-seven hundred and eighty-eight *a*.

§ 3825. That section thirty-eight hundred and twenty-five be amended to read:

Sec. 3825. If a sum less than the rate fixed has been collected, the deficiency must be collected by the tax collector as other taxes on real and personal property are collected. No action can be maintained to collect such deficiency, unless the tax collector, at least fifteen days before the commencement of the action, deposits in the United States post office, postage prepaid, addressed to the person owing such tax, at his last known place of residence, a notice in writing, informing him of the amount and nature of the tax, and that unless it is paid within fifteen days action will be brought therefor. Any action commenced without such notice must be dismissed.

The words "postage prepaid" inserted.

§§ 3832-3838*k*. That a new chapter, numbered VIII*a*, consisting of sections thirty-eight hundred and thirty-two to thirty-eight hundred and thirty-eight *k*, codifying the statute of 1893, p. 193, be added, to read:

CHAPTER VIII*a*.

COLLATERAL INHERITANCE TAX.

- SEC. 3832. Property subject to tax.
 3833. Interest for years and for life.
 3834. Tax or allowance to executors or trustees.
 3835. Time of payment.
 3836. Duties of administrators, executors, and trustees.
 3837. Payments and receipts.
 3838. Corporations, liability of.
 3838*a*. Refunding taxes.
 3838*b*. Appraisalment of interests of uncertain value.
 3838*c*. Appraisers' penalties.
 3838*d*. Jurisdiction.
 3838*e*. Citations.
 3838*f*. Duties of treasurer and district attorney.
 3838*g*. County clerk's duties.
 3838*h*. Expense of citation, and of proceedings thereunder.
 3838*i*. Collections and payments by county treasurer.
 3838*j*. Fees of county treasurers.
 3838*k*. Treasurers' receipts and copies thereof.

Property subject to tax.

Sec. 3832. All property which passes by will, or by the intestate laws of this State, from any person who dies seized

or possessed of the same while a resident thereof, or if he was not such resident at the time of his death, which property or any part thereof is then in the State, or any interest therein, or income therefrom, which is transferred by deed, grant, will, or gift made in contemplation of the death of the grantor or bargainor, or intended to take effect in possession or enjoyment after such death, to any person or any body politic or corporate, in trust or otherwise, or by reason whereof any person or body politic or corporate may become beneficially entitled, in possession or expectancy, to any property or to the income thereof, other than to or for the use of his father, mother, husband, wife, lawful issue, the wife or widow of a son, or the husband of a daughter, or any child adopted as such, in conformity with the laws of the State, and any lineal descendant of such decedent, born in lawful wedlock, or the societies, corporations, and institutions now or hereafter exempted by law from taxation, or to any public corporation, or to any society, corporation, institution, or association of persons, engaged in, or devoted to, any charitable, benevolent, educational, public, or other like work (pecuniary profit not to be its object or purpose), or to any person, society, corporation, institution, or association of persons, in trust for, or to be devoted to, any charitable, benevolent, educational, or public purpose, by reason whereof any such person or corporation may become beneficially entitled, in possession or expectancy, to any such property, or to the income thereof, shall be and is subject to a tax of five dollars on every hundred dollars of the market value of such property, and a proportionate rate for any less amount, to be paid to the treasurer of the proper county as hereinafter designated, to be by him paid into the treasury of the State, for the use of the state school fund; and all administrators, executors, and trustees are liable for any and all such taxes, until the same are paid, as hereinafter directed. An estate which may be valued at less than five hundred dollars is not subject to such duty or tax.

Consolidates section twenty-two of the original act with section one as amended by the statute of 1899, p. 101.

Interest for years and for life.

Sec. 3833. If any grant, gift, legacy, or succession, upon which a tax is proposed by the preceding section, is an estate, income, or interest for a term of years, or for life, or determinable upon any future or contingent event, or a remainder, reversion, or other expectancy, real or personal, the entire

property or fund by which such estate, income, or interest is supported, or of which it is a part, must be appraised immediately after the death of the decedent, and the market value thereof determined in the manner provided in section thirty-eight hundred and thirty-eight *b*. The tax prescribed by this chapter becomes immediately due and payable to the treasurer of the proper county, and, together with the interest thereon, constitutes and remains a lien on such property, until paid; but the person or persons, or body politic or corporate, beneficially interested in the property chargeable with such tax, may elect not to pay the same until they come into the actual possession or enjoyment thereof, but in that case, such person or persons, or body politic or corporate, must execute a bond to the people of the State, in a penalty of twice the amount of the tax arising upon personal estate, with such securities as the superior court may approve, conditioned for the payment of such tax and interest thereon, at such time or period as they, or their legal representatives, may come into actual possession or enjoyment of such property, which bond must be filed in the office of the county clerk of the proper county. Such person or persons, or body politic or corporate, must make a full and verified return of such property to such court, and file the same in the office of the county clerk within one year from the death of the decedent, and within that period enter into such security, and must renew the same every five years.

Corresponds to section two as amended by the statute of 1895, p. 33.

Tax or allowance to executors or trustees.

Sec. 3834. If the decedent appoints one or more executors or trustees, and makes a bequest or devise of property to them, in lieu of commissions or allowances which otherwise would be liable to such tax, or appoints them his residuary legatees, and such bequests, devises, or residuary legacies exceed what would be a reasonable compensation for their services, the excess is liable to such tax, and the superior court in which the probate proceedings are pending must fix the compensation.

Corresponds to section three of the original act.

Time of payment.

Sec. 3835. All taxes imposed by this chapter, unless otherwise therein provided, are due and payable at the death of the decedent, and if paid within eighteen months, no interest must be collected thereon, but if not so paid, interest at the rate of

ten per cent per annum must be charged and collected from the date the tax accrued. If such tax is paid within six months from the accruing thereof, a discount of five per centum must be allowed and deducted from the tax. In all cases where the executors, administrators, or trustees do not pay such tax within eighteen months from the death of the decedent, they must be required to give a bond, in the form and to the effect described in section thirty-eight hundred and thirty-three, for the payment of such tax, together with interest. The penalty of ten per centum per annum, imposed for the non-payment of such tax, must not be charged in case where, by reason of claims made upon the estate, necessary litigation, or other unavoidable cause of delay, the estate of any decedent, or any part thereof, cannot be settled at the end of eighteen months. In such case only seven per centum per annum must be charged upon such tax from the expiration of such eighteen months, until the cause of such delay is removed.

Corresponds to sections four and five of the original act.

Duties of administrators, executors, and trustees.

Sec. 3836. Any administrator, executor, or trustee, having in charge or trust any legacy or property for distribution, subject to such tax, must deduct the tax therefrom, or if the legacy or property is not money, he must collect the tax thereon, upon the appraised value thereof, of the legatee or person entitled to such property, and he must not deliver any specific legacy or property subject to tax, to any person, until he has collected the tax thereon. Whenever any such legacy is charged upon, or payable out of, real estate, the executor, administrator, or trustee must deduct such tax therefrom, and the same remains a charge on such real estate until paid. If, however, such legacy is given in money to any person, for a limited period, the executor, administrator, or trustee must retain the tax upon the whole amount, but if it is not in money, he must make application to the superior court having jurisdiction of his accounts, to make an apportionment, if the case requires it, of the sum to be paid into his hands by such legatee, and for such further order relative thereto, as the case may require. All executors, administrators, or trustees have full power to sell so much of the property of the decedent as will enable them to pay such tax, in the same manner as they may be enabled by law to do for the payment of debts of the estate, and the amount of such tax must be paid as hereinafter directed.

Consolidates section seven with section six as amended by the statute of 1895, p. 33.

Payments and receipts.

Sec. 3837. Every sum of money retained by an executor, administrator, or trustee, or paid into his hands, for any tax on property, must be by him paid, within thirty days thereafter, to the treasurer of the county in which the probate proceedings are pending, who must give duplicate receipts therefor, one of which such executor, administrator, or trustee must immediately send to the controller, whose duty it then becomes to charge such county treasurer with the amount thereof, and the controller must countersign such receipt, seal it with the seal of his office, and return it to the executor, administrator, or trustee, whereupon it becomes a proper voucher in the settlement of his accounts, and he is not entitled to credit in his accounts, nor to be discharged from liability for such tax, nor must such estate be distributed, unless he produces a receipt so sealed and countersigned by the controller, or a copy thereof certified by him.

Corresponds to section eight of the original act.

Corporations, liability of.

Sec. 3838. Whenever a foreign executor, or administrator, assigns or transfers any stocks or loans in this State, standing in the name of, or held in trust for, a decedent, which is liable to such tax, it must be paid to the treasurer of the proper county, on the transfer thereof, otherwise the corporation permitting such transfer becomes liable to pay such tax, if it has knowledge, before the transfer, that such stocks or loans are liable thereto.

Corresponds to section ten of the original act.

Refunding taxes.

Sec. 3838a. Whenever any debts have been proved against the estate of the decedent, after the payment of legacies or the distribution of property from which such tax has been deducted or upon which it has been paid, and a refund is made by the legatee, devisee, heir, or next of kin, a proper proportion of the tax so deducted or paid must be repaid to him, by the executor, administrator, or trustee, if such tax has not been paid to the county treasurer or the state controller, or by them, if it has been so paid.

Corresponds to section nine of the original act.

Appraisement of interests of uncertain value.

Sec. 3838b. If the value of any inheritance, devise, bequest, or other interest subject to the payment of such tax is uncertain,

the superior court in which the probate proceedings are pending must, on the application of any interested party, or upon its own motion, appoint some competent person as appraiser, as often as, and whenever occasion may require, who must forthwith give such notice by mail, to all persons known to have or claim an interest in such property, and to such persons as the court may, by order, direct, of the time and place at which he will appraise such property, and at such time and place must appraise the same and make a report thereof, in writing, to such court, together with such other facts in relation thereto, as it may, by order, require to be filed with the clerk of such court. From this report the court must, by order, forthwith assess and fix the market value of all inheritances, devises, bequests, or other interests, and the tax to which the same is liable, and must immediately cause notice thereof to be given, by mail, to all parties known to be interested therein. The value of every future contingency, or limited estate, income, or interest, must, for the purposes of this chapter, be determined by the rule, method, and standards of mortality and value which are set forth in the actuaries' combined experience table of mortality, for ascertaining the value of policies of life insurance and annuities, and for the determination of the liability of life insurance companies, save that the rate of interest to be assessed in computing the value of all future interests and contingencies must be five per centum per annum. The insurance commissioner must, on the application of such court, determine the value of such future contingency, estate, income, or interest, upon the facts contained in such report, and certify the same to the court, and his certificate is conclusive evidence that the method of computation adopted therein is correct. Such appraiser must be paid by the county treasurer, out of any funds that he may have in his hands, on account of such tax, on the certificate of the court, at the rate of five dollars per day for every day actually and necessarily employed in such appraisement, together with his actual and necessary traveling expenses.

Corresponds to section eleven as amended by the statute of 1895, p. 34.

Appraisers' penalties.

Sec. 3838c. Any appraiser appointed by virtue of this chapter, who takes any fee or reward from any executor, administrator, or trustee, or any other person liable to pay such tax, or any portion thereof, is guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof must be fined not less than two hun-

dred and fifty dollars, nor more than five hundred dollars, or imprisonment in the county jail ninety days, or both, and in addition thereto, the court must dismiss him from such service.

Corresponds to section twelve of the original act.

Jurisdiction.

Sec. 3838*d*. The superior court of the county in which is situated the real property of the decedent, who is not a resident of the State, or in the county of which the decedent was a resident at the time of his death, has jurisdiction to hear and determine all questions in relation to the tax arising under the provisions of this chapter, and the court first acquiring jurisdiction hereunder must retain the same to the exclusion of every other.

Corresponds to section thirteen of the original act.

Citations.

Sec. 3838*e*. If it appears to the superior court, or a judge thereof, that any tax accruing under this chapter has not been paid according to law, it or he must issue a citation requiring the persons known to own any interest in or part of the property liable to the tax, to appear before the court, on a day certain, not more than ten weeks from the date of such citation, and show cause why such tax should not be paid. The service of the citation, and the time, manner, and proof thereof, and the hearing and determination thereon, and the enforcement of the determination, must conform to the provisions of chapter twelve of title eleven of part three of the Code of Civil Procedure, and the clerk of the court must, on the request of the district attorney or treasurer of the county, furnish, without fee, one or more transcripts of such decree, and the same must be docketed and filed by the county clerk of any county in the State, without fee, in the same manner, and with the same effect as provided by section six hundred and seventy-four of such Code of Civil Procedure, for filing a transcript of the original docket.

Corresponds to section fourteen of the original act.

Duties of treasurer and district attorney.

Sec. 3838*f*. Whenever any county treasurer has reason to believe that any tax is due and unpaid, under this chapter, after refusal or neglect of the person interested in the property liable to such tax to pay it, he must notify the district attorney of the proper county, in writing, thereof, who, if he has probable

cause to believe that the tax is due and unpaid, must prosecute the proceeding in the superior court, as provided in section thirty-eight hundred and thirty-eight *e*, for the enforcement and collection of such tax.

Corresponds to section fifteen as amended by the statute of 1895, p. 35.

County clerk's duties.

Sec. 3838*g*. The county clerk of each county must, every three months, make a statement, in writing, to the county treasurer thereof, of the property from which, or the party from whom, he has reason to believe a tax, under this chapter, is due and unpaid. Such clerk must keep a book, as a public record, in which he must enter the value of inheritances, devises, bequests, and other interests subject to the payment of such tax, and the tax assessed thereon, and the amounts of any receipts for payments thereon, filed with him.

Corresponds to section sixteen and to section eighteen as amended by the statute of 1895, p. 38.

Expense of citation and of proceedings thereon.

Sec. 3838*h*. Whenever a superior court certifies that there was probable cause for issuing a citation, and taking the proceedings specified in section thirty-eight hundred and thirty-eight *f*, the state treasurer must pay or allow, to the treasurer of any county, all expense incurred for service of citation, and his other lawful disbursements that have not otherwise been paid.

Corresponds to section seventeen as amended by the statute of 1895, p. 35.

Collections and payments by county treasurer.

Sec. 3838*i*. Each county treasurer must collect, and pay to the state treasurer, all taxes that may be due and payable under this chapter, who must give him a receipt therefor. Such county treasurer must report such collection and payment, under oath, to the controller, between the first and fifteenth days of May and December of each year, stating for what estate paid, and in such form and containing such particulars as the controller may prescribe. For all such taxes collected by any county treasurer, and not paid to the state treasurer by the first of June and December of each year, he must pay interest at the rate of ten per centum per annum.

Corresponds to section nineteen, except that it clears an ambiguity existing in such section respecting the treasurer by whom the report is to be made to the controller.

Fees of county treasurer.

Sec. 3838j. Each county treasurer is allowed to retain on all taxes paid and accounted for by him each year, under this chapter, in addition to his salary or fees now allowed by law, five per centum on the first fifty thousand dollars, three per centum on the next fifty thousand dollars, and one per centum on all additional sums paid and accounted for by him.

Corresponds to section twenty of the original act.

Treasurers' receipts, and copies thereof.

Sec. 3838k. Any person, upon the payment of fifty cents, is entitled to a receipt from the county treasurer, or a copy of the receipt, at his option, that may have been given by such treasurer, for the payment of any tax under this chapter, to be sealed with the seal of his office, which receipt must designate on what real property, if any, such tax has been paid, and by whom paid, and whether or not it is in full of such tax. Such receipt may be recorded in the clerk's office in the county in which such property is situated, in a book to be kept by such clerk for such purposes, which must be labeled "collateral tax."

Corresponds to section twenty-one of the original act.

§ 3864. That a new section, numbered thirty-eight hundred and sixty-four, be added, to read:

Sec. 3864. All moneys belonging to the State, received from any source whatever, by any commission, commissioner, board of trustees, board of managers, board of directors, or executive officer of any state hospital, asylum, prison, school, or harbor, or other institution supported by or under the control of the State, must be accounted for, at the close of each month, to the state controller, in such form as he may prescribe, and at the same time, on his order, must be paid into the state treasury, and credited as follows: If collected by any board of harbor commissioners, to the harbor improvement fund of the respective harbors where collected, except so much thereof as may be necessary to pay the expense of urgent repairs, not exceeding six thousand dollars per month, which sum, if so much is required, may be used in repairing the wharves, piers, landings, thoroughfares, sheds, and other structures and the streets bounding on the water front under the jurisdiction of the board, without advertising for proposals therefor. If not collected by any board of harbor commissioners, then to a fund to be known as the "contingent fund" of the institution from which such moneys are received, to be expended under the

same laws and provisions as now govern the expenditure of money appropriated for the support of such institution. In every case where the law directs the board of trustees, managers or directors, or officers to refund any money upon the death or discharge of any inmate of any hospital, asylum, prison, school, or other institution, or to provide a discharged inmate with any sum of money or wearing apparel, such amount must be paid by the board of trustees, managers or directors, or officers, upon demand, and in a statement to the controller herein provided for these amounts must be itemized, and the aggregate deducted from the amount to be paid into the state treasury.

Codifies the statute of 1899, p. 110.

§ 3900*a*. That a new section, numbered thirty-nine hundred *a*, be added, to read:

Sec. 3900*a*. All counties, and cities and counties, must conform to the provisions of this code, in relation to the assessment, equalization, levy, and collection of taxes on real and personal property for revenue purposes.

Codifies section two of the statute of 1895, p. 308.

§ 3900*b*. That a new section, numbered thirty-nine hundred *b*, be added, to read:

Sec. 3900*b*. No action or proceeding must be maintained by any county, or any officer thereof, against the State, or any State officer, for the collection or recovery of any money alleged to be due such county, or any officer thereof, for services rendered in the assessment, equalization, auditing, or collection of ad valorem taxes, and all such actions and proceedings heretofore commenced, or which may hereafter be instituted, must be dismissed by the court in which the same may be pending, upon its own motion. Nothing in this section must be held to affect the commissions paid to the assessor of the several counties, for services rendered in the collection of personal property taxes, or the mileage allowed to the treasurer of the several counties in making settlements with the State.

Codifies the statute of 1895, p. 9, chap. 11.

§ 3909. That section thirty-nine hundred and nine be amended to read:

DEL NORTE.

Sec. 3909. Situated in the northwest corner of the State of California, beginning at a point in the Pacific ocean, on the

forty-second parallel of north latitude, three miles from shore, being on the southern line of Oregon; thence running southerly, three miles from ocean shore, to a point which is on the line dividing townships twelve and thirteen north, if such line were continued westerly to that point; thence east on said township line to the northeast corner of township twelve north, range three east, Humboldt meridian; thence south to the southeast corner of said township twelve north, range three east; thence east on the line dividing townships eleven and twelve north to the summit of a spur of the Siskiyou range of mountains; thence northerly, following the summit of said spur, to the forty-second parallel of north latitude; thence due west to the place of beginning.

County seat—Crescent City.

This amendment, in its descriptive words, attempts to conform the lines to those designated by the statute of 1901, p. 600, chap. 193.

§ 3910. That section thirty-nine hundred and ten be repealed, because the county of Klamath has been annexed to the counties of Humboldt and Siskiyou by the statutes of 1873-4, p. 755, and 1875-6, p. 603.

§ 3911. That section thirty-nine hundred and eleven be amended, to read:

SHASTA.

Sec. 3911. Beginning at the northern line of Tehama, at the head of Bloody Island, in Sacramento river; thence to and down the eastern channel to the mouth of Battle creek; thence easterly up Battle creek, by the main channel, to the mouth of the middle fork, known as Digger creek; thence up Digger creek to its head; thence east to the quarter-section corner on the western boundary of section nineteen, township thirty north, range five east, Mount Diablo base and meridian; thence running easterly eight miles more or less to the southwest corner of Lassen county; running thence north to the northeast corner of section five, township thirty north, range six east; thence east on township line to corner common to sections thirty-two and thirty-three, in township thirty-one north, range six east; thence north twenty-eight miles to seventh standard parallel north, Mount Diablo base, at corner common to sections eight and nine, in township thirty-five north, range six east; thence west along said standard line to southwest corner of township thirty-six north, range six east; thence north to intersection with south boundary line of Modoc county to a point seven and one half chains north of the corner common to sections twenty-

five and thirty-six on east line of township thirty-nine north, range five east, Mount Diablo base and meridian, to south boundary line of Modoc county, forming northeast corner of Shasta county; thence west on southern line of Modoc and Siskiyou to Castle Rock, forming northwest corner of Shasta county; thence southerly along Trinity mountain to the head of Bee Gum creek, forming southwest corner; thence easterly, down Bee Gum, Middle Fork, and Cottonwood creeks to the western channel of Sacramento river; thence by direct line to the point of beginning.

County seat—Redding.

The amendment attempts to state the boundaries of the county as changed by the statutes of 1899, p. 98, and 1901, p. 560. We have found these statutes to be irreconcilable, and have assumed that, to the extent to which they are so, the later must prevail. The difference between them is, the statute of 1899 assumes that the beginning point, constituting the southeast corner of Shasta and the southwest corner of Lassen, is the corner common to sections eight and nine, township thirty-five north, range six east, but the statute of 1901, in locating the boundary between Shasta and Plumas begins at a quarter section on the west boundary of section nineteen, township thirty north, range five east, and runs thence eight miles more or less "to the south corner of Shasta and Lassen counties." A line so run will, however, reach the corner common to sections twenty and twenty-one in township thirty north, range six east, instead of the corner common to sections eight and nine in the same township. In other words, it places these corners at a point exactly two miles south of the point designated in the act of 1899.

§ 3912. That section thirty-nine hundred and twelve be amended to read:

LASSEN.

Sec. 3912. Beginning at southwest corner, on the northern line of Sierra, as established in section thirty-nine hundred and twenty-one, at a point on the summit of the ridge which crosses said line, and which divides Long valley from Sierra valley; thence northwesterly, following said ridge, to a point due south from the town of Susanville; thence westerly, along the ridge separating the waters which flow into the east branch of the north fork of Feather river, running through Indian valley, from those which flow into the north fork of Feather river, running through Mountain Meadows, to a point on said ridge south from the point where the old and present traveled road from the Big Meadows, via Hamilton's ranch, first crosses the

said north fork; thence north to a point east of the southeast corner of Shasta; thence west to a point which is the southeast corner of Shasta county; thence north to the northeast corner of section five, township thirty north, range six east; thence east on township line to corner common to sections thirty-two and thirty-three, in township thirty-one north, range six east; thence north twenty-eight miles to seventh standard parallel north, Mount Diablo base, at corner common to sections eight and nine, in township thirty-five north, range six east; thence west along said standard line to southwest corner of township thirty-six north, range six east; thence north to intersection with south boundary line of Modoc county, to a point seven and one half chains north of the corner common to sections twenty-five and thirty-six on east line of township thirty-nine north, range five east, being northwest corner of Lassen and northeast corner of Shasta; thence east along said line to the eastern boundary of the State; thence south along said State line, to the northeast corner of Sierra, as established in section thirty-nine hundred and twenty-one; thence west along the line of Sierra, to the place of beginning.

County seat—Susanville.

Strikes out "along said extension line to a point due south of Black Butte mountain, being southeast corner of Shasta; thence north to a point on the southern line of Siskiyou, marked by a rock mound," and in lieu thereof inserts "to a point which is the southeast corner of Shasta county; thence north to the northeast corner of section five, township thirty north, range six east; thence east on township line to corner common to sections thirty-one and thirty-three, in township thirty-one north, range six east; thence north twenty-eight miles to seventh standard parallel north, Mount Diablo base, at corner common to sections eight and nine, in township thirty-five north, range six east; thence west along said standard line to southwest corner of township thirty-six north, range six east; thence north to intersection with south boundary line of Modoc county, to a point seven and one half chains north of the corner common to sections twenty-five and thirty-six on east line of township thirty-nine north, range five east."

The codification of this section is also affected by the two statutes last referred to, which, with respect to the corner thus changed, differ in the manner hereinbefore stated.

§ 3913. That section thirty-nine hundred and thirteen be amended to read:

SISKIYOU.

Sec. 3913. Commencing on the northern line of the State of California, at the range line between ranges numbered four

(4) and five (5) east of Mount Diablo base and meridian; thence due south on said range line to the northern line of Shasta county; thence westerly along the northern line of Shasta and Trinity counties to the top of the ridge dividing the waters of the Salmon and its tributaries from the waters that flow into the Klamath and Trinity rivers and their tributaries, to where the Salmon enters the Klamath river; thence following the Klamath river northerly to the north line of township eleven north, range six east, Humboldt base and meridian; thence westerly on a direct line to the summit of the spur of the Siskiyou range of mountains; thence northeasterly, following the southeasterly line of Del Norte county, as described in section thirty-nine hundred and nine, to the forty-second parallel of north latitude; thence due east along the line dividing the States of Oregon and California to the place of beginning.

County seat—Yreka.

After "Klamath river" inserts "thence following the Klamath river northerly to the north line of township eleven north, range six east, Humboldt base and meridian." Also strikes out "one of this act" and inserts "thirty-nine hundred and nine."

The southeastern boundary line is changed to conform to the statute of 1891, p. 600, chap. 193.

§ 3914. That section thirty-nine hundred and fourteen be amended to read:

HUMBOLDT.

Sec. 3914. Beginning where the north line of township twelve north, range one east, Humboldt base and meridian, intersects a line drawn parallel to and distant three miles westerly from the shore of the Pacific ocean; thence east on said township line to the northeast corner of township twelve north, range three east; thence south to southeast corner of said township; thence east on north boundary line of townships eleven north, ranges four, five, and six east, to the Klamath river; thence following said line southerly to the mouth of the Salmon river, being the northeasterly corner of said county; thence in a southerly direction, following the ridge of the mountains that divides the waters of the Salmon river and its tributaries from the waters of Klamath and Trinity rivers and their tributaries, to the common corner of the counties of Siskiyou, Trinity, and Humboldt; thence southwest on the line of Scott's mountain to a point in the center of Trinity river, formerly constituting the common corner of the counties of Humboldt, Trinity, and

the former county of Klamath; thence southeasterly, up Trinity river, to the mouth of its south fork; thence southeasterly, along the eastern side of said south fork, one hundred feet above high-water mark, to the mouth of Grouse creek; thence south to a point on the fortieth degree of north latitude, being on northern line of Mendocino, and forming southeast corner of Humboldt; thence west on said line to the Pacific ocean; thence northerly, along the ocean shore, to the place of beginning.

County seat—Eureka.

Strikes out from the beginning to and including “thirty-nine hundred and ten,” and inserts “where the north line of township twelve north, range one east, Humboldt base and meridian, intersects a line drawn parallel to and distant three miles westerly from the shore of the Pacific ocean; thence east on said township line to the northeast corner of township twelve north, range three east; thence south to southeast corner of said township; thence east on north boundary line of township eleven north, ranges four, five, and six east, to the Klamath river; thence following said river southerly to the mouth of the Salmon river, being the northeasterly corner of said county; thence in a southerly direction, following the ridge of the mountains that divides the waters of the Salmon river and its tributaries from the waters of Klamath and Trinity rivers and their tributaries, to the common corner of the counties of Siskiyou, Trinity, and Humboldt; thence southwest on the line of Scott’s mountain to a point in the center of Trinity river, formerly constituting the common corner of the counties of Humboldt, Trinity, and the former county of Klamath.”

See note to section thirty-nine hundred and nine, also statute of 1873-4, p. 755.

§ 3915. That section thirty-nine hundred and fifteen be amended to read:

TEHAMA.

Sec. 3915. Beginning at the point of intersection of Sacramento river with south line of township twenty-three north, Mount Diablo base; thence west on said line, being northern line of county of Glenn, to the summit of the Coast Range, being southwest corner; thence northerly on said summit line to the southwest corner of Shasta, as established in section thirty-nine hundred and eleven; thence easterly on the southern line of Shasta, as established in section thirty-nine hundred and eleven, to the northwest corner of Plumas, being the quarter-section corner of the west boundary of section nineteen, township thirty north, range five east, Mount Diablo base and meridian, which point is at or near the summit line of the

dividing ridge between the waters of Mill and Deer creeks, tributaries of the Sacramento river, and Rice's and Warner's creeks, tributaries of the north fork of Feather river, forming northeast corner of Tehama; thence southerly, along said summit line, to the north point of Butte county, it being the point where the northern road from Big Meadows to Butte Meadows, by Dye's house, crosses the said summit line; thence southwesterly, in a direct line, to the head of Rock creek; thence southwesterly, down Rock creek, to the south line of township twenty-four north, Mount Diablo base; thence west on said line to the Sacramento river; thence along said river to the place of beginning.

County seat—Red Bluff.

The words "the point of intersection of southern line of Shasta with" are stricken out and in place thereof are inserted "the quarter-section corner on the west boundary of section nineteen, township thirty north, range five east, Mount Diablo base and meridian, which point is at or near," to conform the section to the changes necessarily made by the statute of 1901, p. 560, purporting to locate the boundary line between Shasta and Plumas counties. This statute must affect the boundary of Tehama, because these three counties have a common boundary, or, in other words, the northwest corner of Plumas and the northeast corner of Tehama is a point which is also in the south line of Shasta county.

§ 3916. That section thirty-nine hundred and sixteen be amended to read:

COLUSA.

Sec. 3916. Beginning at the southeast corner, being northeast corner of Yolo, in Sacramento river, at its intersection with the south line of township thirteen north, Mount Diablo base; thence west on said township line to the ridge dividing the waters flowing into Bear creek and Stony creek, from those flowing west into the north fork of Cache creek and Clear lake; thence northerly, along said ridge, to the summit line of the Coast Range, being the western line of Lake, forming southwest corner of Colusa and northwest corner of Yolo; thence northerly on said summit and eastern boundary of Lake to the northwest corner of the southwest quarter of section thirty, township eighteen north, range eight west, Mount Diablo base and meridian; running thence east along the half-section line and one and one half miles north of the line dividing townships seventeen and eighteen, of Mount Diablo base and meridian, to range line dividing township eighteen north, two and three west; running thence north two miles to northeast

corner of southeast quarter of section thirteen, township eighteen north, range three west; running thence east along the half-section line to the center of the Sacramento river; thence down the center of said river in a southeasterly course to a point one and one half miles north of the line dividing townships seventeen and eighteen north, of Mount Diablo base; thence east on such dividing line to Butte creek; thence down Butte creek to Butte slough; thence up Butte slough to Sacramento river; thence down Sacramento river to the place of beginning.

County seat—Colusa.

Strikes out "western" and inserts "eastern" before "boundary of Lake"; also strikes out "through Hull's mountain to the southwest corner of Tehama, as established in section thirty-nine hundred and fifteen; thence easterly on the southern line of Tehama to initial point of Tehama, in Sacramento river, on south line of township twenty-three; thence down said river to the southwest corner of the Llano Seco grant; thence northeasterly along said grant line to its intersection with the northern boundary of township nineteen north; thence east," and in place thereof inserts "the northwest corner of the southwest quarter of section thirty, township eighteen north, range eight west, Mount Diablo base and meridian; running thence east along the half-section line and one and one half miles north of the line dividing townships seventeen and eighteen, of Mount Diablo base and meridian, to range line dividing township eighteen north, two and three west; running thence north two miles to northeast corner of southwest quarter of section thirteen, township eighteen north, range three west; running thence east along the half-section line to the center of the Sacramento river; thence down the center of said river in a southeasterly course to a point one and one half miles north of the line dividing townships seventeen and eighteen north, of Mount Diablo base; thence east on such dividing line."

The amendment is made necessary by the act setting off Glenn county from Colusa, the boundary line between the two counties being last described in the statute of 1893, p. 158.

§ 3917. That section thirty-nine hundred and seventeen be amended to read:

LAKE.

Sec. 3917. Beginning at the summit of Mount Hull, near Mount St. John, on the western line of the county of Glenn, and forming the northeast corner of Lake and east corner of Mendocino; thence southerly and circuitously, by the summit line of the Mayacmas range, being the dividing ridge between the waters flowing into the Russian and Eel rivers and those

flowing easterly into Clear lake, to the highest point of Mount St. Helena; thence running in an easterly direction along the northern boundary of Napa county to the Buttes Cañon road; thence northeasterly in a direct line to the junction of Jericho and Putah creeks; thence up Jericho creek to the junction of Hunting creek, in Jericho valley; thence up Hunting creek to a large pile of rocks on the southeasterly side of the county road, at the lower and most easterly end of Hunting valley; thence in a straight line in the direction of the intersection of Bear and Cache creeks to the western line of Yolo and Glenn counties, to the place of beginning.

County seat—Lakeport.

Strikes out "Colusa" and inserts "the county of Glenn"; after "Clear Lake" strikes out "to the summit of Mount St. Helena; thence easterly along the line heretofore established in the Buttes Cañon road; thence easterly, in a right line, to the most northern point of the Berryessa rancho; thence easterly along the northern line of said rancho, to the northeast corner thereof; thence east," and in place thereof inserts "to the highest point of the Mount St. Helena; thence running in an easterly direction along the northern boundary of Napa county to the Buttes Cañon road; thence northeasterly in a direct line to the junction of Jericho and Putah creeks; thence up Jericho creek to the junction of Hunting creek, in Jericho valley; thence up Hunting creek to a large pile of rocks on the southeasterly side of the county road, at the lower and most easterly end of Hunting valley; thence in a straight line in the direction of the intersection of Bear and Cache creeks." Also in the last line strikes out "Colusa" and inserts "Glenn."

The changes have been made necessary, first, by the territory along the eastern boundary line being incorporated in the county of Glenn; and second, by the statute of 1871-2, p. 305, defining the northern boundary line of Napa county adjoining Lake and Yolo counties. It will be observed that this description, taken in connection with the description of the boundary line of Napa county, will be defective in not locating the division line between them from Mount St. Helena to the Buttes Cañon road, because there is nothing in the statute referred to to show where is the northern boundary line of Napa and the southern line of Lake between the points thus above referred to.

§ 3919. That section thirty-nine hundred and nineteen be amended to read:

TRINITY.

Sec. 3919. Beginning at the northeast corner of Mendocino, as established in section thirty-nine hundred and eighteen, on the summit line of the Coast Range; thence northerly on said

range and the western line of Tehama and Shasta, to the point of intersection with the southern line of Siskiyou, being northeast corner of Trinity and northwest corner of Shasta; thence westerly, on the ridge dividing the waters flowing south and west into Trinity and Salmon rivers from the waters flowing north and east into Scott's and Sacramento rivers, to common corner of Humboldt, Siskiyou, and Trinity, as established in section thirty-nine hundred and ten; thence southwesterly on the line of Scott's mountain, being the eastern line of the county of Humboldt, to a point in Trinity river formerly constituting the common corner of the counties of Humboldt, Trinity, and the former county of Klamath; thence southerly, by the eastern line of Humboldt, to the fortieth parallel of latitude, being the northern line of Mendocino, forming southwest corner; thence east to the place of beginning.

County seat—Weaverville.

Strikes out "Klamath" and inserts "Humboldt" where "Klamath" first occurs; also strikes out "the southern line of Klamath to the common corner of Trinity, Klamath, and Humboldt as established in section thirty-nine hundred and nine," and in place thereof inserts "the eastern line of the county of Humboldt to a point in Trinity river formerly constituting the common corner of the counties of Humboldt, Trinity, and the former county of Klamath."

These amendments are made necessary by the act of March 30, 1872, p. 766, distributing to other counties the territory before then included in the county of Klamath.

§ 3920. That section thirty-nine hundred and twenty be amended to read:

PLUMAS.

Sec. 3920. Beginning at the corner common to sections nine, ten, fifteen, and sixteen, township twenty north, range eight east, Mount Diablo base and meridian, and running thence north one quarter of a mile, thence west one half mile, thence north three quarters of a mile, to the quarter-section corner between sections four and nine; thence west to the corner common to sections four, five, eight, and nine; thence north one half mile to the quarter-section corner between said sections four and five; thence west one mile to the quarter-section corner between sections five and six; thence north one half mile, more or less, to the north corner of sections five and six; thence west on township line to the southwest corner of section thirty-one, township twenty-one north, range eight east, Mount Diablo base and meridian; thence north on town-

ship line two miles to the east corner of sections twenty-four and twenty-five, township twenty-one north, range seven east, Mount Diablo base and meridian; thence west one mile to the corner common to sections twenty-three, twenty-four, twenty-five, and twenty-six; thence north one half mile to the quarter-section corner between sections twenty-three and twenty-four; thence west one half mile to the center of said section twenty-three; thence north one half mile to the quarter-section corner between sections fourteen and twenty-three; thence west one half mile to the corner common to sections fourteen, fifteen, twenty-two, and twenty-three; thence north one mile to the common corner to sections ten, eleven, fourteen, and fifteen; thence west one mile; thence north one mile; thence west one mile; thence north two miles; thence west one mile; thence north one mile; thence west one mile to the east corner of sections twenty-four and twenty-five, township twenty-two north, range six east, Mount Diablo base and meridian; thence north on township line one mile to the east corner of sections thirteen and twenty-four; thence west one mile to the corner common to sections thirteen, fourteen, twenty-three, and twenty-four; thence north one mile to the corner common to sections eleven, twelve, thirteen, and fourteen; thence west one mile to the corner common to sections ten, eleven, fourteen, and fifteen; thence north one mile to the corner common to sections two, three, ten, and eleven; thence west one quarter mile; thence north one quarter mile; thence west one quarter mile; thence north one quarter mile to the center of section three; thence west three quarters of a mile; thence north one half mile to the north boundary of section four; thence west on township line one half mile; thence north one mile; thence west three quarters of a mile to the quarter-section corner between sections twenty-nine and thirty-two, township twenty-three north, range six east, Mount Diablo base and meridian; thence north one mile to the quarter-section corner between sections twenty and twenty-nine; thence west one mile to the quarter-section corner between sections nineteen and thirty; thence north one mile to the quarter-section corner between sections eighteen and nineteen; thence west one half mile to the west corner of said sections eighteen and nineteen; thence north on township line one mile to the east corner of sections twelve and thirteen, township twenty-three north, range five east; thence west one mile to the corner common to sections eleven, twelve, thirteen, and fourteen; thence north one half mile to the quarter-section corner

between said sections eleven and twelve; thence west one mile to the quarter-section corner between sections ten and eleven; thence north one half mile to the corner common to sections two, three, ten, and eleven; thence west one mile to the corner common to sections three, four, nine, and ten; thence north one mile to the north corner of said sections two and four; thence north one mile to the corner common to sections twenty-seven, twenty-eight, thirty-three, and thirty-four, township twenty-four north, range five east, Mount Diablo base and meridian; thence west one mile to the corner common to sections twenty-eight, twenty-nine, thirty-two, and thirty-three; thence north one mile to the corner common to sections twenty, twenty-one, twenty-eight, and twenty-nine; thence east one mile to the corner common to sections twenty-one, twenty-two, twenty-seven, and twenty-eight; thence north one mile to the corner common to sections fifteen, sixteen, twenty-one, and twenty-two; thence west one half mile to the quarter-section corner between said sections sixteen and twenty-one; thence north two miles to the quarter-section corner between sections four and nine; thence east one half mile to the corner common to sections three, four, nine, and ten; thence north one mile to the north corner of sections three and four; thence north one mile to the corner common to sections twenty-seven, twenty-eight, thirty-three, and thirty-four, township twenty-five north, range five east, Mount Diablo base and meridian; thence west one half mile to the quarter-section corner between said sections twenty-eight and thirty-three; thence north two miles to the quarter-section corner between sections sixteen and twenty-one; thence east one half mile to the corner common to sections fifteen, sixteen, twenty-one, and twenty-two; thence north one mile to the corner common to sections nine, ten, fifteen, and sixteen; thence east one half mile to the quarter-section corner between said sections ten and fifteen; thence north one and one half miles to the center of section three; thence east one mile to the center of section two; thence north one half mile, more or less, to the quarter-section corner on north boundary of said section two; thence east on township line to the quarter-section corner on south boundary of section thirty-five, township twenty-six north, range five east, Mount Diablo base and meridian; thence north one mile to the quarter-section corner between sections twenty-six and thirty-five; thence east one half mile to the corner common to sections twenty-five, twenty-six, thirty-five, and thirty-six; thence north one mile to the corner common to sections twenty-

three, twenty-four, twenty-five, and twenty-six; thence west one half mile to the quarter-section corner between said sections twenty-three and twenty-six; thence north one and one half miles to the center of section fourteen; thence west one half mile to the quarter-section corner between sections fourteen and fifteen; thence north one half mile to the corner common to sections ten, eleven, fourteen, and fifteen; thence west one mile to the corner common to sections nine, ten, fifteen, and sixteen; thence north two miles to the north corner of sections three and four; thence north one half mile to the quarter-section between sections thirty-three and thirty-four, township twenty-seven north, range five east, Mount Diablo base and meridian; thence west one and three quarters miles, more or less, to the Chico and Humboldt road, at the corner common to Plumas, Butte, and Tehama counties; thence northerly on the ridge and along and with the eastern line of Tehama county, to the northeast corner of said county; thence east along the southern line of Shasta county to a point which is the southeast corner of the county; thence easterly and southeasterly along the southwesterly irregular line of Lassen county, as established by section thirty-nine hundred and twelve, to a point near the summit of the ridge which divides Long valley from Sierra valley, and to the line dividing township twenty-one north from township twenty-two north, the point forming the most southern southwestern corner of Lassen county, as established in section thirty-nine hundred and twelve; thence west on said line dividing said townships to the northwest corner of township twenty-one north, range fourteen east, Mount Diablo base and meridian; thence south on the range line dividing townships thirteen and fourteen east to the summit line of the ridge dividing the waters of the Feather river from the waters of the Yuba river; thence westerly along said summit line to the "Falls," about one mile below the outlet of Gold lake; thence westerly on said summit line to the first north and south lines of the survey made by Keddie & Church, June 19, 1866; thence southerly down Slate creek to the point where the third course or terminating north and south line of such survey crosses said creek, which point is the northwest corner of Sierra and the south corner of Plumas; thence southwesterly to the place of beginning.

County seat—Quincy.

The amendments are intended to conform the section to the statute of 1897, p. 22, to permanently locate the boundary line between Butte and Yuba, and the statute of 1901, p. 549, to locate the boundary between

Butte and Plumas, these statutes having designated one corner common to the four counties of Butte, Plumas, Yuba, and Sierra, which point is also the corner common to sections nine, ten, fifteen, and sixteen, township twenty north, range eight east. See also section thirty-nine hundred and twenty-one, which, in describing the north boundary of Sierra, affects the south line of Plumas, for it is surely not intended that there shall be a space between these two lines not in either county.

§ 3921. That section thirty-nine hundred and twenty-one be amended to read:

SIERRA.

Sec. 3921. Beginning at the south corner of Plumas, as established in section thirty-nine hundred and twenty; thence easterly on southern line of Plumas, as established in said section, to the range line between township twenty-one north, range thirteen east, and township twenty-one north, fourteen east, Mount Diablo meridian; thence north on said range line to the northwest corner of township twenty-one north, fourteen east, Mount Diablo base and meridian; thence east on the line between townships twenty-one and twenty-two north, Mount Diablo base, to the State line forming the northeast corner; thence south on said State line to the northeast corner of Nevada county, a point east of the source of South Fork of the Middle Yuba river; thence west to the source of and down the South Fork and Middle Yuba river to a point ten miles above the mouth of the latter; thence in a straight line northerly to a point on the north fork of the Yuba river known as Cuteye Foster's Bar; thence down said river to the mouth of Big Cañon creek; thence up said creek, four miles; thence in a straight line to the place of beginning.

County seat—Downieville.

Strikes out "in the center of Slate creek." It is necessary to omit these words, because by the statute of 1901, last referred to, this corner of Plumas county, instead of being in the center of Slate creek, is fixed at the corner common to sections nine, ten, fifteen, and sixteen, township twenty north, range eight east.

§ 3922. That section thirty-nine hundred and twenty-two be amended to read:

BUTTE.

Sec. 3922. Beginning at the northwest corner of Yuba, in Feather river, at the mouth of Honcut creek; thence northeasterly up the Honcut creek and the north or Natchez branch

of the same at the intersection of the south line of section thirty-one, of township nineteen north, range six east, Mount Diablo base and meridian, with the west branch of the Honcut creek, the present line between the counties of Butte and Yuba, and running thence east to the southwest corner of the southeast quarter of the southeast quarter of section thirty-one, said township and range; thence north three quarters of a mile; thence east one quarter of a mile; thence north one quarter of a mile to corner common to sections twenty-nine, thirty, thirty-one, and thirty-two; thence east one half mile to the quarter-section corner between sections twenty-nine and thirty-two; thence north one half mile to the center of said section twenty-nine; thence east one half mile to the quarter-section corner between sections twenty-eight and twenty-nine; thence north three quarters of a mile; thence east one quarter of a mile; thence north three quarters of a mile; thence east one quarter of a mile to the quarter-section corner between sections sixteen and twenty-one; thence north one and one half miles to the center of section nine, same township and range; thence east one and one half miles to the quarter-section corner between sections ten and eleven; thence south one half mile to the corner common to sections ten, eleven, fourteen, and fifteen; thence east two miles to the corner common to sections twelve and thirteen, township nineteen north, range six east, and sections seven and eighteen, township nineteen north, range seven east, Mount Diablo base and meridian; thence north one mile to the corner common to sections one and twelve, township nineteen north, range six east, and sections six and seven, township nineteen north, range seven east, Mount Diablo base and meridian; thence east three miles to the corner common to sections three, four, nine, and ten, township nineteen north, range seven east; thence south one half mile to the quarter-section corner between sections nine and ten; thence east one and one half miles to the center of section eleven; thence north one half mile to the quarter-section corner between sections two and eleven; thence east one half mile to the corner common to sections one, two, eleven, and twelve; thence north two miles to the corner common to sections twenty-five, twenty-six, thirty-five, and thirty-six, township twenty north, range seven east; thence east one half mile to the quarter-section corner between sections twenty-five and thirty-six; thence north one half mile to the center of section twenty-five; thence east one and one half miles to the quarter-section corner between sections twenty-nine and thirty,

township twenty north, range eight east; thence north one quarter of a mile; thence east one half of a mile; thence north one and one quarter miles to the quarter-section corner between sections seventeen and twenty; thence east one and one half miles to the common corner of sections fifteen, sixteen, twenty-one, and twenty-two; thence north one mile to the corner common to sections nine, ten, sixteen, and fifteen; thence northwesterly, on southwesterly line of Plumas, as established by section thirty-nine hundred and twenty, to the most eastern southeastern corner of Tehama, as established in section thirty-nine hundred and fifteen, forming also north corner of Butte; thence southwesterly, on the southeasterly line of Tehama, to the southeast corner of Tehama, at point of intersection of Rock creek and southern line of township twenty-four north, Mount Diablo base and meridian; thence west on said township line to the Sacramento river; thence down said river to the southwest corner of Llano Seco grant; thence northeasterly along said grant line to its intersection with the northern boundary of township nineteen north; thence east to Watson's bridge on Butte creek; thence on the east line of the counties of Glenn and Colusa, down Butte creek to the northwest corner of Sutter county, as established in section thirty-nine hundred and twenty-six; thence east on the north line of Sutter county to Feather river; thence down Feather river to the place of beginning.

County seat—Oroville.

The changes are made to conform the boundaries to those designated in the statute of 1897, p. 22, and of 1901, p. 549.

§ 3925. That section thirty-nine hundred and twenty-five be amended to read:

YUBA.

Sec. 3925. Beginning at the southwest corner at junction of Feather and Bear rivers; thence up Bear river on the line of Sutter and Placer to southwest corner of Nevada, as established in section thirty-nine hundred and twenty-three; thence north on Nevada line to the junction of Deer creek and Main Yuba; thence up the main to the Middle Yuba and up the Middle Yuba ten miles to the southwest corner of Sierra, as established in section thirty-nine hundred and twenty-one; thence in direct line northerly and on line of Sierra to Cuteye Foster's Bar, on North Yuba River; thence down the river to the mouth of Big Cañon creek; thence up said creek four miles; thence in direct line to south corner of Plumas and northwest corner of Sierra,

as established in sections thirty-nine hundred and twenty and thirty-nine hundred and twenty-one; thence southwesterly in a direct line to common corner of Plumas, Butte, and Yuba, as established in section thirty-nine hundred and twenty; thence on southeastern line of Butte, as established in section thirty-nine hundred and twenty, to the point where the south line of section thirty-one, township nineteen north, range six east, is crossed by the Honcut creek; thence down the Honcut creek to its junction with Feather river; thence down Feather river to the place of beginning.

County seat—Marysville.

The changes are made because of the statutes locating the boundary line between Butte and Yuba and establishing the corner common to Butte, Plumas, Sierra, and Yuba. See statute of 1897, p. 22, and of 1901, p. 549.

§ 3931. That section thirty-nine hundred and thirty-one be amended to read:

ALPINE.

Sec. 3931. Beginning at north corner at a point where the State line crosses the east summit of the Sierra Nevada mountains, being the most easterly corner of El Dorado; thence southwesterly along said summit to a point two miles west of James Green's house in Hope valley, called Thompson's peak; thence southwesterly in a direct line to a point on the Amador and Nevada turnpike road, in front of Z. Kirkwood's house, being common corner of Amador, Alpine, and El Dorado; thence south across the north fork of the Mokelumne river, to the road leading from West Point, in Calaveras, to Big Tree road, near the Big Meadows; thence easterly along said West Point road to the Big Tree road; thence easterly in a direct line to where the Sonora trail strikes the middle fork of the Stanislaus river; thence easterly along said trail to the summit of the Sierra Nevada mountains; thence northerly along said summit to the dividing ridge between West Walker and Carson rivers; thence northeasterly along said dividing ridge to the State line, forming the easterly corner of Alpine and northerly corner of Mono; thence northwest along said State line to the place of beginning.

County seat—Markleeville.

The amendment consists in striking out "Silver Mountain" and inserting "Markleeville."

§ 3934. That section thirty-nine hundred and thirty-four be amended to read:

MERCED.

Sec. 3934. Beginning at northwest corner, being southwest corner of Stanislaus, as shown on survey and map of A. J. Stakes, 1868; thence northeasterly on southern line of Stanislaus, as described in section thirty-nine hundred and thirty-three, to common corner of Tuolumne, Mariposa, Merced, and Stanislaus, as established in said section; thence southeasterly by direct line, being the western line of Mariposa, to Phillips's ferry, on Merced river; thence southeasterly on line of Mariposa, being line shown on "Map of Mariposa county," to Newton's crossing on Chowchilla creek, forming southeast corner; thence down the northern side and on high-water mark, being on line of Fresno, to the lower clump of cottonwood timber at the sink of said creek; thence south forty-five degrees west to the eastern line of Monterey, on summit of Coast Range, forming southwest corner; thence northwesterly by said summit and line of Monterey and Santa Clara to the place of beginning.

County seat—Merced.

The amendment consists in striking out "Snelling" and inserting "Merced."

§ 3938. That section thirty-nine hundred and thirty-eight be amended to read:

MARIPOSA.

Sec. 3938. Beginning at a point where the Stockton road from Millerton crosses the Chowchilla creek, known as Newton's crossing; thence running northeast to the southwest corner of section eleven, and the northwest corner of section fourteen, in township six south, range twenty east, of Mount Diablo base and meridian; thence east to the northwest corner of section fourteen, in township six south, range twenty-one east; thence north to the northwest corner of section thirty-five, in township five south, range twenty-one east; thence east to the southwest corner of section thirty, in township five south, range twenty-two east; thence north to the southwest corner of the Mariposa Big Tree Grant; thence east along the line of said grant to the southeast corner of said grant; thence north along the line of said grant to the northeast corner of the same; thence northeast to the boundary line of the county of Tuolumne, the former common corner of the counties of Mariposa and Fresno, now the common corner of the counties of Mariposa and Madera; thence westerly by the southern bound-

ary of the county of Tuolumne, as established in section thirty-nine hundred and thirty-seven, to the southwest corner thereof, being the common corner of the counties of Stanislaus, Merced, Tuolumne, and Mariposa; thence southeasterly on eastern line of the county of Merced, as established in section thirty-nine hundred and thirty-four, to the place of beginning.

County seat—Mariposa.

The changes made are in conforming the section to the statute of 1873-4, p. 100, chap. 88, to better define the boundary between Mariposa and Fresno, and the statute of 1893, p. 168, creating the county of Madera.

§ 3939. That section thirty-nine hundred and thirty-nine be amended to read:

FRESNO.

Sec. 3939. Commencing at a point on the eastern boundary line of Monterey county, as described in section thirty-nine hundred and forty-eight of Political Code, being on the summit of the Coast Range, which point is south forty-five degrees west from the point on Kings river where the northern line of township sixteen south crosses the same; thence north forty-five degrees east to said point on Kings river; thence east along northern line of township sixteen south, range twenty-five east; thence north to the northwest corner of township fifteen south, range twenty-five east; thence east to the northeast corner of township fifteen south, range twenty-seven east; thence north to the northeast corner of township fourteen south, range twenty-seven east; thence east on the line between townships thirteen and fourteen south to the summit of the Sierra Nevada, being the western line of Inyo county; thence northwesterly along the summit of the lines of Inyo and Mono to the southeast corner of Madera county; thence southwesterly along the southern line of Madera county to the point where the San Joaquin river crosses the southern boundary line of township six south, range twenty-four east; thence down the middle of said river, following the meanderings thereof, to the point where it crosses the third standard line south, of Mount Diablo base; thence continuing down the middle of said river to the point where it crosses the southern boundary of Merced county; thence southwesterly along the southern boundary of Merced county to the eastern boundary line of San Benito county, being on the summit of the Coast Range; thence southeasterly along the boundary of San Benito to the northwest corner of township seventeen north, range thirteen east;

thence south on the range line between ranges twelve and thirteen east to the summit of the Coast Range of mountains; thence southerly following such summit, being also along the boundary of San Benito county, to the eastern boundary of Monterey county; thence southeasterly along the eastern boundary of Monterey county to the place of beginning.

County seat—Fresno.

In formulating the boundary lines of this county consideration has been given to the statute of 1873-4, p. 100, establishing the boundary line between Mariposa and Fresno; to that of 1875-6, p. 397, establishing the boundary line between Fresno and Tulare; to that of 1887, p. 103, creating the county of San Benito; to that of 1893, p. 168, creating the county of Madera; and to that of the same year, p. 176, creating the county of Kings.

§ 3940. That section thirty-nine hundred and forty be amended to read:

TULARE.

Sec. 3940. Beginning at the southeast corner of township twenty south, range twenty-two east, Mount Diablo base and meridian; thence west to the northeast corner of township twenty-one south, range twenty-two east; thence south twenty-four miles along the range line to the sixth standard line south; thence east along the sixth standard line south to the point of intersection with the summit line of the Sierra Nevada mountains, forming the southeast corner of the county of Tulare, and the southwest corner of the county of Inyo; thence northwesterly on said summit, being on the west line of Inyo county, to the line dividing townships thirteen and fourteen south; thence west along such line, being also the southern boundary of Fresno county, to the northeast corner of township fourteen south, range twenty-seven east; thence southerly to the northeast corner of township fifteen south, range twenty-seven east; thence west to the northwest corner of township fifteen south, range twenty-five east; thence south to the southwest corner of said township; thence west to a point where the line dividing townships fifteen and sixteen south intersects Kings river; thence southwest and along the boundary line of Fresno county to the fourth standard line south, which point is also in the northern boundary of Kings county; thence east to the northeast corner of township seventeen south, range twenty-two east; thence south six miles; thence east three miles; thence south nine miles to the southeast corner of section sixteen, in township nineteen south, range twenty-three

east; thence west two miles to the southeast corner of section thirteen, township nineteen south, range twenty-two east; thence south nine miles to the southeast corner of township twenty south, range twenty-two east, the place of beginning.

County seat—Visalia.

The changes in the boundary of this section have been compiled from the statute of 1875-6, p. 397, establishing the boundary between Fresno and Tulare, and from the statute of 1893, p. 176, creating the county of Kings.

§ 3941. That section thirty-nine hundred and forty-one be amended to read:

KERN.

Sec. 3941. Beginning at the point where the sixth standard line south of Mount Diablo base is intersected by the range line between ranges sixteen and seventeen east, being common corner of San Luis Obispo, Monterey, Kings, and Kern; thence east on the sixth standard south, Mount Diablo base, to the northwest corner of San Bernardino, as established in section thirty-nine hundred and forty-three; thence south on the westerly line of San Bernardino to the southern line of township nine north, San Bernardino base, forming southeast corner; thence west along said line and extension thereof to the summit of the Coast Range, being on the line of Ventura, forming southwest corner; thence northwesterly on said summit line to the southeast corner of section thirty-one, in township ten north, range twenty-four west, of San Bernardino base and meridian; thence north on section line to the northeast corner of section six, in township eleven north, range twenty-four west, San Bernardino base and meridian; thence west on township line between townships eleven and twelve north to the northwest corner of said township; thence north between townships twenty-four and twenty-five west to the eighth standard parallel south, of Mount Diablo base and meridian; thence west on said parallel to the corner common to townships thirty-two south, range twenty-two east, and thirty-two south, range twenty-three east, of Mount Diablo meridian; thence north along the east line of township thirty-two south, range twenty-two east, to the northeast corner thereof; thence west on the north boundary of said township to the northwest corner thereof; thence north to the northeast corner of township thirty-one south, range twenty-one east; thence west eight miles to the southwest corner of sec-

tion thirty-five, in township thirty south, range twenty east; thence north to the northeast corner of section three, township thirty south, range twenty east; thence west four miles to the northwest corner of said township; thence north to the northeast corner of township twenty-nine south, range nineteen east; thence west to the southeast corner of section thirty-five, in township twenty-eight south, range eighteen east; thence north to the northeast corner of section twenty-six; thence west to the northwest corner of said section; thence north to the northeast corner of section twenty-two; thence west to the northwest corner of said section twenty-two; thence north to the northeast corner of section sixteen; thence west to the northwest corner of section sixteen; thence north to the northeast corner of section eight; thence west to the northwest corner of section eight; thence north to the township line at northeast corner of section six; thence west to the northwest corner of said township twenty-eight south, range eighteen east; thence north to the northeast corner of township twenty-seven south, range seventeen east; thence west to the northwest corner of said township; thence north on range line between ranges sixteen and seventeen east, to the northeast corner of township twenty-five south, range sixteen east, to the place of beginning.

County seat—Bakersfield.

In this section the western boundary of Kern county is drawn in accordance with the act of March 14, 1885, p. 139, establishing the boundary line between San Luis Obispo and Kern, omitting therefrom the words "thence west on said standard parallel to the original common corner of San Luis Obispo, Kern, and Tulare counties," for the reason that a line run west cannot possibly form any part of the boundary line between San Luis Obispo and Kern, because one of those counties lies precisely west of the other. The acceptance as the common corner of this northeast corner of township twenty-five, range sixteen east, may slightly change the present location of the corners common to Kings, Monterey, and San Luis Obispo, and we think there can be no doubt that it was the legislative intent to designate a new corner for these counties and to have it correspond to the point where the sixth standard line south is intersected with a line between ranges sixteen and seventeen east. The mention of Ventura county is made necessary by the act creating that county (Statutes of 1871-2, p. 485), and of Kings county, by the act creating that county (Statutes of 1893, p. 126).

§ 3943. That section thirty-nine hundred and forty-three be amended to read:

SAN BERNARDINO.

Sec. 3943. Beginning at the corner common to the counties of Riverside, Orange, and San Bernardino, being the point where the eastern boundary of El Cañon de Santa Ana rancho intersects the eastern boundary of Orange county; thence northwesterly along the said boundary to the corner common to the counties of Los Angeles, Orange, and San Bernardino; thence northerly along the eastern boundary of Los Angeles county and also along the eastern boundaries of the Rancho San José and of the Rancho San Antonio and the western and northern boundaries of Cucaimonga ranch to the ravine of Cucaimonga; thence northerly up said ravine to its source in the Coast Range; thence in the most direct line to the line dividing ranges seven and eight west, of San Bernardino meridian; thence north along said line dividing said ranges to the eighth standard line south, of Mount Diablo base; thence east on said standard line to the line dividing ranges forty and forty-one east, Mount Diablo base; and thence north on the line dividing such ranges to the sixth standard parallel south, Mount Diablo base and meridian, which point is also the northeast corner of township twenty-five south, range forty east, Mount Diablo base and meridian; thence east on said sixth standard line south and in continuation thereof to the eastern line of the State of California; thence southerly along the eastern boundary of said State to the northeast corner of Riverside county; thence westerly along the northern boundary of Riverside county to the place of beginning.

County seat—San Bernardino.

There has never, so far as we are aware, been any statute or code provision definitely fixing the eastern boundary of Kern or Los Angeles county or the western boundary of San Bernardino county at a point north of the point described as the source of the ravine of Cucaimonga in the Coast Range. According to the maps in common use, the line separating these counties north of this point must be at or near the range line dividing ranges seven and eight west, San Bernardino meridian, and forty and forty-one east, Mount Diablo meridian. We have hence suggested those ranges as proper to be accepted and designated as the line dividing these counties.

§ 3944. That section thirty-nine hundred and forty-four be amended to read:

SAN DIEGO.

Sec. 3944. Beginning at a point in the Pacific ocean opposite San Mateo point, which is the south corner of Orange county and is in the western line of the Rancho Santa Margarita; thence northerly along said line of such rancho to the southerly line of Mission Viejo or La Paz; thence along the southern and eastern line of said mission to the corner common to the counties of Orange, Riverside, and San Diego, which point is on the line dividing townships seven and eight south, San Bernardino base and meridian; thence easterly along the said township line to its intersection with the west boundary of the Santa Rosa rancho; thence southerly along the boundary of said rancho to where such boundary intersects the range line between townships eight south, three west, and eight south, four west; thence south on said range line to the point of intersection of such line with the second standard parallel south; thence east along said parallel to the eastern boundary of the State of California in the center of Colorado river; thence down such river to the southeast corner of such State; thence westerly along the southern boundary of such State to the southwest corner thereof; and thence northerly along the western boundary of such State to the place of beginning.

County seat—San Diego.

In describing the northern boundary line of this county we have adopted the description of the southern boundary of Riverside, to be found in the statute of 1893, p. 159.

§ 3945. That section thirty-nine hundred and forty-five be amended to read:

LOS ANGELES.

Sec. 3945. Beginning at the most southern point of the county of Ventura, in the Pacific ocean, at a point on extension line of the northern boundary of the rancho called Malaga, western corner; thence northeasterly, so as to include said rancho, to the northwest corner of the rancho called Triunfo, running on northerly line of the same to the northeast corner thereof; thence to the summit of the ridge of hills called Santa Susanna; thence in a direct line northwesterly to the northeast corner of the county of Ventura, as established in section thirty-nine hundred and fifty-nine, on the line of the county of Kern, as established in section thirty-nine hundred and forty-one, forming the northwest corner of the county of Los Angeles; thence

east on southern line of the county of Kern to the western line of the county of San Bernardino, as established in section thirty-nine hundred and forty-three; thence southerly on western line of the county of San Bernardino to the common corner of the counties of Los Angeles, San Bernardino, and Orange; thence on the north and northwestern boundary of the county of Orange, as established in section thirty-nine hundred and sixty-two, to the western corner thereof; thence northwesterly, parallel with the coast line, to the place of beginning, including the islands of Santa Catalina, San Clemente, and the islands off the coast of Los Angeles county.

County seat—Los Angeles.

In this description consideration is given to the statute of 1871-2, p. 484, organizing the county of Ventura; to the statute of 1889, p. 123, organizing the county of Orange. For the eastern boundary of Los Angeles county we have adopted the description hereinbefore referred to in section thirty-nine hundred and forty-three for the western boundary of San Bernardino.

§ 3946. That section thirty-nine hundred and forty-six be amended to read:

SANTA BARBARA.

Sec. 3946. Beginning on the coast of the Pacific ocean at the mouth of the Rincon creek; thence follow the center of said creek to its source; thence due north to the southern boundary line of Kern county, as established in section thirty-nine hundred and forty-one; thence northwesterly, on the summit line, being also on western boundary of Kern, to a point of intersection with the southern line of township ten north, San Bernardino base; thence west on said township line to the Santa Maria river; thence down said river; and down the creek which divides that part of Guadalupe rancho known as La Largo from that known as Oso Flacco, to a point in the Pacific ocean opposite the mouth of said creek, forming northwest corner; thence southeasterly, by the ocean shore, to the place of beginning; including the islands of Santa Barbara, San Nicolas, San Miguel, Santa Rosa, and Santa Cruz.

County seat—Santa Barbara.

Strikes out all down to and including the word "Kern," and in lieu thereof inserts, "Beginning on the coast of the Pacific ocean at the mouth of the Rincon creek; thence follow up the center of said creek to its source; thence due north to the southern boundary line of Kern county." The description of the eastern boundary of this county is taken from the statute of 1871-2, p. 484, creating the county of Ventura.

§ 3947. That section thirty-nine hundred and forty-seven be amended to read:

SAN LUIS OBISPO.

Sec. 3947. Beginning in the Pacific ocean at the northwest corner of Santa Barbara county, as established in section thirty-nine hundred and forty-six; thence easterly along the northern line of said county to the western line of the county of Kern; thence northerly and westerly along said last named line to the northwest corner of said county of Kern, which is also the northwest corner of township twenty-five south, range seventeen west, Mount Diablo base and meridian; thence west along the sixth standard line south to the Pacific ocean; and thence southerly along said ocean to the place of beginning.

County seat—San Luis Obispo.

The eastern boundary of this county was fixed by the statute of 1885, p. 139, establishing the boundary line between the counties of Kern and San Luis Obispo. The descriptive words of such statute have been incorporated in section thirty-nine hundred and forty-one.

§ 3948. That section thirty-nine hundred and forty-eight be amended to read:

MONTEREY.

Sec. 3948. Beginning in the Pacific ocean at the southwest corner of Santa Cruz county, as established in section thirty-nine hundred and forty-nine; thence east to the mouth of Pajaro river, on the bay of Monterey; thence up said river to the northwest corner of the Rancho Las Arromitas y Agua Caliente; thence in a southerly direction along the southwest boundary of said rancho to the southwest corner thereof; thence southerly in a direct line to the summit of the Gabilan range of mountains; thence southeasterly along the summit of said mountains to the Chalone peak; thence southeasterly in a direct line to the division line of the parts of the San Lorenzo Sobrantes rancho, owned respectively by Breen and Dunn; thence along said dividing line of said rancho to the southern boundary thereof; thence due south to the San Lorenzo creek; thence southeasterly up the center of said San Lorenzo or Lewis creek, and up the north fork thereof, to the summit of the divide between the waters of said Lewis creek and San Benito creek; thence following said divide southerly to the summit of the Coast range of mountains, being the westerly line of the county of Fresno; thence southeasterly along the summit of such Coast Range and the westerly boundary of the counties of Fresno and Kings to the sixth standard line south,

Mount Diablo base, at the point which is the common corner of the counties of Kings, Kern, San Luis Obispo, and Monterey; thence west on said sixth standard south to the Pacific ocean; thence northerly along such ocean to the place of beginning.

County seat—Monterey.

The portion of the above description between the counties of Monterey and San Benito is copied from the statute of 1887, p. 103, amending the act to establish the last named county.

§ 3949. That section thirty-nine hundred and forty-nine be amended to read:

SANTA CRUZ.

Sec. 3949. Beginning at the south corner of San Mateo county, at a point in the Pacific ocean south forty-five degrees west, three miles from the intersection of the east line of Rancho Punta del Año Neuva with said ocean, forming western corner; thence north forty-five degrees east, to said point of intersection; thence northerly, following the eastern line of said rancho, to its intersection with the south line of township eight south, range four west, Mount Diablo base and meridian; thence east to the southeast corner of said township; thence north to the northeast corner of section twenty-five of said township; thence east to the northeast corner of section twenty-six, township eight south, range three west; thence north to the summit of Santa Cruz mountains, being western line of Santa Clara county; thence southeasterly along the summit of said mountains on the western line of Santa Clara, to the Pajaro river, forming southeast corner, on northern line of San Benito; thence westerly along said river to the bay of Monterey, and three miles westerly into the ocean, forming southwest corner; thence northwesterly along the shore to the point of beginning.

County seat—Santa Cruz.

Strikes out the word "Monterey" and inserts "San Benito"; also strikes out the words "on the northern boundary line of Monterey."

§ 3959. That a new section, numbered thirty-nine hundred and fifty-nine, be added, to read:

VENTURA.

Sec. 3959. Beginning on the coast of the Pacific ocean at the mouth of the Rincon creek; thence following up the center of said creek to its source; thence due north to the southern boundary of Kern county; thence in an easterly direction along said boundary line of Kern county to the northwest

corner of Los Angeles county, which point was also formerly the northeast corner of Santa Barbara county; thence southerly along the westerly line of Los Angeles county to the Pacific ocean and three miles therein; thence in a northwesterly direction along said ocean to a point due south of, and three miles distant from, the mouth of Rincon creek; thence north to the point of beginning, and including the islands of Anacapa and San Nicolas.

County seat—Ventura.

The description is copied substantially from the statute of 1871-2, p. 484, creating the county of Ventura and establishing its boundaries. It will be noticed, however, that the statute referred to does not intelligibly fix the boundary between Ventura and Los Angeles counties, and we have not been able to make it more definite.

§ 3960. That a new section, numbered thirty-nine hundred and sixty, be added, to read:

MODOC.

Sec. 3960. Beginning at the northeast corner of the State of California; thence west along the northern boundary of the State to the range line between ranges four and five east, of Mount Diablo meridian; thence due south on such range line to the northern boundary of Shasta county; thence easterly along the northern boundaries of Shasta and Lassen counties to the eastern line of the State of California; and thence north to the place of beginning.

County seat—Alturas.

The description is compiled from the act of March 17, 1874, p. 124, to create the county of Modoc and establish its boundaries.

§ 3961. That a new section, numbered thirty-nine hundred and sixty-one, be added, to read:

SAN BENITO.

Sec. 3961. Beginning at a point in the center of the Pajaro river, which point is also the northwest corner of the Rancho Arroyitas y Agua Caliente, and is also the northeastern corner of the county of Monterey; thence southerly along the eastern boundary of said county of Monterey to the summit of the Coast Range of mountains; thence northerly following the summit of such mountains to the range line between ranges twelve and thirteen east; thence north along such range line to the northeast corner of township eighteen south, range twelve east; thence north along the township line to the southeast corner of township sixteen south, range twelve east; thence northwesterly in a straight line to the northeast corner of town-

ship fourteen south, range nine east; thence in a straight line northwesterly running toward the northeast corner of township thirteen south, range seven east, to a point where said line intersects the boundary line of Merced; thence along the boundary line of Merced to the southeast corner of Santa Clara county; thence running westerly along the south line of Santa Clara and Santa Cruz counties, to the place of beginning.

County seat—Hollister.

That part of the statute of 1887, p. 103, describing the boundaries between San Benito and Monterey counties, has been inserted in the section describing this county. The balance of the boundaries described above is copied from the amendatory act of 1887, already referred to.

§ 3962. That a new section, numbered thirty-nine hundred and sixty-two, be added, to read:

ORANGE.

Sec. 3962. Beginning at a point in the Pacific ocean three miles southwest of the center of the mouth of Coyote creek; thence to such center of such mouth; thence up the center of said creek in a northeasterly direction to the line dividing township three south, range ten west, and three south, range eleven west, San Bernardino base and meridian; thence north on the range line between such township to the northwest corner of township three south, range ten west; thence east on the line dividing townships two and three south to the point constituting the common corner between the counties of Los Angeles, Orange, and San Bernardino; thence southerly along the westerly boundary of the counties of San Bernardino, Riverside, and San Diego to the Pacific ocean; thence along the Pacific ocean to the place of beginning.

County seat—Orange.

The boundaries are copied from the statute of 1889, p. 123, creating the county of Orange, except that reference is made to Riverside county as a boundary, that county having been created and its boundaries declared by the statute of 1893, p. 159. It will be observed that the description does not definitely locate the eastern boundary line of Orange county, but we know of no source from which such boundary can be more definitely ascertained.

§ 3963. That a new section, numbered thirty-nine hundred and sixty-three, be added, to read:

GLENN.

Sec. 3963. Beginning at the northwest corner of the southwest quarter of section thirty, in township eighteen north, range eight west, Mount Diablo base and meridian; thence

east along the half-section line and one and one half miles north of the line dividing townships seventeen and eighteen to the range line dividing township eighteen, ranges two and three west; thence north two miles to the northeast corner of the southeast quarter of section thirteen, township eighteen north, range three west; thence east along the half-section line to the center of the Sacramento river; thence down the center of said river to a point one and one half miles north of the line dividing townships seventeen and eighteen north; thence east on such dividing line to the center of Butte creek; thence northerly along said creek to the point where it intersects the north line of township nineteen north; thence westerly along the boundary line of Butte county to the center of the Sacramento river; thence northerly along the center of such river to a point where the north line of township twenty-two is intersected thereby, which point is also on the south line of Tehama county; thence west along the north line of township twenty-two north to the southwest corner of Tehama county, which point is also on the eastern boundary of Mendocino county; thence southerly on the summit of the Coast range of mountains and along the eastern boundaries of the counties of Mendocino and Lake to the place of beginning.

County seat—Willows.

The boundaries of this county are taken from the statute of 1891, p. 98, as amended by the statute of 1893, p. 158.

§ 3964. That a new section, numbered thirty-nine hundred and sixty-four, be added, to read:

MADERA.

Sec. 3964. Beginning at the point where the third standard line south of Mount Diablo base crosses the San Joaquin river; thence up such river to a point where it crosses the southern boundary line of township six south, range twenty-four east, same base and meridian; thence northeast to the boundary line of Mono county; thence north along the westerly line of Mono county to the corner common to the counties of Tuolumne, Mariposa, and Madera; thence southwest along the southern boundary of the counties of Mariposa and Merced to the middle of the San Joaquin river; and thence up said river to the place of beginning.

County seat—Madera.

This description is from the statute of 1893, p. 168, creating the county of Madera.

§ 3965. That a new section, numbered thirty-nine hundred and sixty-five, be added, to read:

KINGS.

Sec. 3965. Beginning at the northeast corner of township seventeen south, range twenty-two east, Mount Diablo base and meridian; thence south six miles; thence east three miles; thence south nine miles to the southeast corner of section sixteen, in township nineteen south, range twenty-three east; thence west three miles to the southeast corner of section thirteen, township nineteen south, range twenty-two east; thence south nine miles to the southeast corner of township twenty south, range twenty-two east; thence west to the northeast corner of township twenty-one south, range twenty-two east; thence south twenty-four miles to the sixth standard line south; thence west on said line, being also the northern boundary of Kern county, to the corner common to the counties of Kern, San Luis Obispo, Monterey, and Kings; thence in a northwesterly direction along the boundary line of Monterey county to the corner common to the counties of Monterey, Fresno, and Kings; thence northeasterly along the southerly boundary of Fresno county to a point on the fourth standard line south; and thence east thereon to the place of beginning.

County seat—Hanford.

This description is taken from the statute of 1893, p. 176.

§ 3966. That a new section, numbered thirty-nine hundred and sixty-six, be added, to read:

RIVERSIDE.

Sec. 3966. Beginning at the corner common to the counties of Orange and San Bernardino; thence south along the eastern boundary of Orange county to the point of its intersection with the township line between townships seven and eight south, San Bernardino base and meridian, which point is also in the northern line of San Diego county; thence easterly along the northerly line of the last named county to the easterly line of the State in the Colorado river; thence northerly up said river to the southeast corner of the county of San Bernardino; thence westerly along the southerly line of the last named county to a point where the line between townships one and two south intersects such southerly line of San Bernardino county; thence west along such township line to the northwest corner of township two south, range one east; thence south two miles to the northeast corner of section thirteen, in township two south, range one west; thence west

seventeen miles to the southwest corner of section eight, in township two south, range three west; thence north one mile to the northwest corner of said township eight; thence west eight and a half miles to the quarter corner on the south line of section two, in township two south, range five west; thence north one mile to the quarter corner on the north line of said township two; thence west ten and a half miles to the northwest corner of section six, in township two south, range six west; thence south to the northern boundary of the Jurupa rancho; thence westerly along the northern boundary of the Jurupa rancho to the northwest corner thereof; thence south along the west boundary of the Jurupa rancho to the quarter corner on the west line of section ten, in township three south, range seven west; thence west to the center of section seven, in the same township; thence south to the quarter corner on the south line of section nineteen, in the same township; thence west to the intersection with the eastern boundary of El Cañon de Santa Ana rancho; thence southerly along the east boundary of said rancho to the intersection of the boundary line between Orange and San Bernardino counties; thence southeast along such boundary line to the place of beginning.

County seat—Riverside.

The above description is taken from the statute of 1893, p. 153, creating the county of Riverside, except that a specific description of the line between Riverside and San Diego is not here given, because it is to be found in the section describing the northern boundary of the latter county.

§§ 3976-3985. That sections thirty-nine hundred and seventy-six to thirty-nine hundred and eighty-five, inclusive, be repealed, because inconsistent with, and impliedly repealed by, sections eleven and twelve of the county government act of 1897, p. 454.

§§ 4000-4007. That sections forty hundred to forty hundred and seven be repealed, because the matters are provided for in the county government act.

§§ 4022, 4023, 4025, 4026, 4029-4035. That sections forty hundred and twenty-two, forty hundred and twenty-three, forty hundred and twenty-five, forty hundred and twenty-six, forty hundred and twenty-nine to forty hundred and thirty-five inclusive be repealed, because the matters are otherwise provided for in the county government act.

§§ 4045-4052. That sections forty hundred and forty-five to forty hundred and fifty-two inclusive be repealed, for the reason last suggested.

§§ 4064-4082, 4084-4087. That sections forty hundred and sixty-four to forty hundred and eighty-two and forty hundred and eighty-four to forty hundred and eighty-seven be repealed, upon the ground that the matters are otherwise provided for in sections nineteen, twenty-eight, twenty-nine, thirty, thirty-one, thirty-two, thirty-three, thirty-four, thirty-five, thirty-six, thirty-nine, forty, forty-one, forty-three, forty-five, forty-six, forty-eight, forty-nine, fifty-one, fifty-two, and fifty-three of the county government act.

§§ 4101-4110, 4112-4124. That sections forty-one hundred and one to forty-one hundred and ten, both inclusive, and forty-one hundred and twelve to forty-one hundred and twenty-four, both inclusive, be repealed, because the same matters have been otherwise and differently provided for in sections twenty-five, fifty-four, fifty-five, fifty-six, fifty-eight, fifty-nine, sixty, sixty-one, sixty-two, sixty-three, sixty-four, sixty-five, and sixty-six of the county government act.

§ 4134. That section forty-one hundred and thirty-four be repealed. Subdivision one thereof is unnecessary, because of section eight hundred and two of the Penal Code; subdivision two, because of the provisions of the constitution; the other subdivisions are either entirely unnecessary, or not of sufficient consequence to be retained.

§§ 4144-4165. That sections forty-one hundred and forty-four to forty-one hundred and sixty-five be repealed, on the ground that the matters therein are sufficiently and otherwise provided for in sections sixty-seven, sixty-eight, sixty-nine, seventy, seventy-one, seventy-two, seventy-three, seventy-five, seventy-six, seventy-seven, seventy-eight, seventy-nine, eighty, eighty-one, eighty-two, eighty-three, eighty-four, eighty-five, eighty-six, and eighty-seven of the county government act.

§§ 4175-4193. That sections forty-one hundred and seventy-five to forty-one hundred and ninety-three be repealed, because of the provisions of sections eighty-eight to one hundred and six of the county government act.

§§ 4204, 4205. That sections forty-two hundred and four and forty-two hundred and five be repealed, because the matters are provided for in sections one hundred and seven and one hundred and eight of the county government act.

§§ 4215-4224. That sections forty-two hundred and fifteen to forty-two hundred and twenty-four inclusive be repealed, because the matters are provided for in sections one hundred and nine to one hundred and eighteen of the county government act.

§§ 4234-4246. That sections forty-two hundred and thirty-four to forty-two hundred and forty-six be repealed, because of the provisions of sections one hundred and nineteen to one hundred and thirty-one of the county government act.

§§ 4256-4259. That sections forty-two hundred and fifty-six to forty-two hundred and fifty-nine be repealed, because of the provisions of sections one hundred and thirty-two, one hundred and thirty-three, one hundred and thirty-four, and one hundred and fifty-four of the county government act.

§§ 4268-4270, 4274, 4275. That sections forty-two hundred and sixty-eight to forty-two hundred and seventy, forty-two hundred and seventy-four, and forty-two hundred and seventy-five be repealed, because of the provisions of sections one hundred and thirty-five to one hundred and thirty-eight of the county government act.

§§ 4285-4292. That sections forty-two hundred and eighty-five to forty-two hundred and ninety-two be repealed, because of the provisions of sections one hundred and forty-two, one hundred and forty-three, one hundred and forty-five, one hundred and forty-six, and one hundred and forty-seven of the county government act.

§§ 4300-4304. That sections forty-three hundred to forty-three hundred and four be repealed, because of the provisions of sections one hundred and forty-eight to one hundred and fifty-one of the county government act.

§§ 4314, 4315, 4316. That sections forty-three hundred and fourteen, forty-three hundred and fifteen, and forty-three hundred and sixteen be repealed, because of the provisions of sections one hundred and fifty-three to one hundred and fifty-five of the county government act.

§§ 4328-4334. That sections forty-three hundred and twenty-eight to forty-three hundred and thirty-four be repealed, because of the provisions of sections two hundred and sixteen, two hundred and seventeen, two hundred and twenty, two hundred and twenty-two, and two hundred and twenty-seven of the county government act.

§§ 4343-4347. That sections forty-three hundred and forty-three to forty-three hundred and forty-seven be repealed, because of the provisions of sections two hundred and twenty-eight, two hundred and twenty-nine, and two hundred and thirty of the county government act.

§§ 4354-4357, 4366-4374. That sections forty-three hundred and forty-four to forty-three hundred and fifty-seven, and forty-three

hundred and sixty-six to forty-three hundred and seventy-four be repealed, on the ground that they are superseded by the municipal corporations act (Stats. 1883, pp. 93-279).

§§ 4385-4393. That sections forty-three hundred and eighty-five to forty-three hundred and ninety-three be repealed for the reason last suggested.

§§ 4403-4414. That sections forty-four hundred and three to forty-four hundred and fourteen be repealed for the reason last suggested.

SACRAMENTO, November 1, 1902.

A. C. FREEMAN,
W. C. VAN FLEET,
GEORGE J. DENIS,

Commissioners for the Revision and Reform of the Law.

REPORT

OF THE

Commissioners for the Revision and Reform of the Law.

RECOMMENDATIONS RESPECTING THE

POLITICAL CODE.

ALSO

An Index to the Laws from 1895 to 1901, inclusive, and a
List Indicating the Statutes Remaining in Force.

NOVEMBER 1, 1902.

PART II.

COMMISSIONERS:

A. C. FREEMAN, W. C. VAN FLEET, GEORGE J. DENIS.

W. F. HENNING, - - Secretary.



SACRAMENTO:

W. W. SHANNON, : : : : : SUPERINTENDENT STATE PRINTING.

1903.

PART II.

Index to the Laws, 1895 to 1901,
inclusive.

Sections of the Codes Added,
Amended, or Repealed.

List Indicating the Statutes Re-
maining in Force.

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NOTE.—The sections in the Statutes of 1901, from pages 117 to 257, 332 to 503, are subject to the constitutional objections sustained in *Lewis v. Dunne*, 134 Cal. 291.

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48	-----	1901: 334	-----	273	-----	1901: 343	-----
49	-----	1895: 168	-----	274	-----	1901: 343	-----
51	1901: 334	1901: 334	-----	275	-----	1901: 343	-----
52	1901: 334	-----	-----	276	-----	1901: 344	-----
53	1901: 335	-----	-----	290	-----	1901: 322	-----
54	1901: 335	-----	-----	296	-----	1901: 628	-----
55	-----	1895: 121	-----	297	-----	1895: 30	-----
57	-----	1895: 121	-----	299	-----	1901: 344	-----
58	-----	-----	1901: 335	301	-----	1901: 344	-----
60	-----	1901: 335	-----	302	-----	1901: 345	-----
61	-----	1897: 34	-----	303	-----	1901: 345	-----
68	-----	1901: 335	-----	304	-----	1901: 345	-----
69	-----	1901: 336	-----	305	-----	1901: 308	-----
70	-----	1901: 336	-----	309	-----	1901: 346	-----
74	-----	1901: 336	-----	310	-----	1901: 347	-----
79 ¹	1897: 186	-----	-----	311	-----	1901: 347	-----
79 ^a	-----	1901: 336	-----	312	-----	1901: 347	-----
84	-----	1901: 337	-----	314	-----	1901: 348	-----
94	-----	1901: 337	-----	315	-----	1901: 348	-----
106	-----	1901: 337	-----	321 ^a	-----	1901: 348	-----
123	-----	1901: 337	-----	322	-----	1901: 349	-----
136	-----	1901: 337	-----	323	-----	1901: 350	-----
144	-----	-----	1901: 338	324	-----	1895: 118	-----
146	-----	1901: 338	-----	325	-----	1901: 350	-----
161	-----	1901: 338	-----	358	-----	1901: 632	-----
164	-----	1897: 63	-----	360	-----	1901: 351	-----
170	-----	1901: 338	-----	361	-----	-----	1901: 351
172	-----	1901: 339	-----	362	-----	1901: 351	-----
193	-----	1901: 598	-----	363	-----	-----	1901: 352
224	-----	1895: 39	-----	364	1899: 95	-----	-----
226	-----	1901: 339	-----	384	-----	-----	1901: 352
227	-----	1901: 340	-----	388	-----	1897: 16	-----
242	-----	-----	1901: 340	391	-----	1901: 352	-----
243	-----	-----	1901: 340	392	-----	1901: 352	-----
244	-----	-----	1901: 340	393	-----	1901: 352	-----
245	-----	1901: 340	-----	399	-----	-----	1901: 352
246	-----	-----	1901: 341	400	-----	1901: 352	-----
247	-----	-----	1901: 341	401	-----	1901: 353	-----
248	-----	-----	1901: 341	404	1901: 353	-----	-----
249	-----	-----	1901: 341	405	1901: 353	-----	-----
	-----	-----	-----	406	1901: 353	-----	-----
	-----	-----	-----	407	1901: 354	-----	-----
	-----	-----	-----	414	-----	1901: 354	-----
	-----	-----	-----	415	-----	1901: 354	-----

CIVIL CODE—*Continued.*

Sec.	Added.	Amended.	Repealed.	Sec.	Added.	Amended.	Repealed.
417		1901: 355		551		1901: 375	
418		1901: 355		571		1901: 295	
419		1901: 355		574		1901: 375,659	
421	1901: 355			580	1901: 376		
422	1901: 356			584	1901: 377		
427		1899: 66	1901: 357	585		1901: 377	
428		1901: 357		587a	1901: 377		
431			1901: 357	588	1901: 378		
432			1901: 357	589	1901: 379		
437		1901: 357		590	1901: 379		
444			1901: 357	591	1901: 380		
447		1901: 357		592	1901: 380		
448			1901: 358	592a	1901: 380		
449		1901: 358		592b	1901: 380		
450		1901: 358		592c	1901: 381		
452	1901: 359			592d	1901: 381		
452a	1901: 360			592e	1901: 381		
453	1901: 360			593		1901: 381	
453a	1901: 360			595		1899: 10	
453b	1901: 361					1901: 382	
453c	1901: 361			597		1901: 382	
454d	1901: 362			599		1897: 246	
453e	1901: 362			602		1897: 101	
453f	1901: 363			607	1901: 382		
453g	1901: 363			607a	1901: 382		
453h	1901: 364			607b	1901: 382		
453i	1901: 364			607c	1901: 383		
453j	1901: 365			607d	1901: 383		
453k	1901: 365			607e	1901: 383		
453l	1901: 365			607f	1901: 383		
453m	1901: 366			607g	1901: 384		
453n	1901: 366			612		1901: 384,814	
453o	1901: 366			613		1901: 385	
453p	1901: 367			616	1895: 162	1901: 814	
456		1897: 73		629		1901: 385	
		1899: 57		630		1901: 385	
460	1901: 367			631		1901: 386	
465		1901: 367		632		1901: 386	
465a	1901: 368			635		1901: 386	
468		1901: 368		638		1897: 30	
473		1901: 327				1901: 268	
473a	1901: 369			641		1901: 387	
481		1901: 369		643		1901: 387	
489		1901: 370		648 ³			1901: 387
490		1901: 600		653		1895: 40	
492	1895: 241		1901: 370	653a	1901: 387		
493	1895: 242		1901: 370	653b	1901: 387		
494	1899: 178			653c	1901: 387		
497		1901: 370		653d	1901: 388		
498		1901: 371		653e	1901: 388		
501		1901: 371		653f	1901: 389		
502		1895: 17		653g	1901: 389		
504		1901: 371		653h	1901: 390		
507		1901: 372		653i	1901: 390		
513		1901: 372		653j	1901: 390		
514		1901: 372		653k	1901: 391		
516		1901: 5		672			1901: 391
517		1901: 372		682		1901: 391	
518		1901: 372		683		1901: 391	
522		1901: 373		686		1901: 391	
524		1901: 373		702		1901: 391	
528		1901: 373		703		1901: 392	
529		1901: 373		709		1901: 392	
530		1901: 374		717		1895: 75	
537		1901: 374		762		1901: 392	
538		1901: 374		793		1901: 392	
539		1901: 375		801		1901: 392	
540		1901: 375		822		1901: 393	
549		1901: 375		830		1901: 393	
550			1901: 375	832		1901: 393	

CIVIL CODE—Continued.

Sec.	Added.	Amended.	Repealed.	Sec.	Added.	Amended.	Repealed.
842	1901: 393			1473		1901: 407	
843	1901: 393			1479		1901: 407	
857		1901: 394		1624		1901: 408	
859		1901: 394		1625		1901: 408	
970		1901: 394		1691		1901: 408	
993		1901: 395		1715		1901: 409	
1014		1901: 395		1716	1901: 409		
1017		1901: 395		1717	1901: 409		
1067		1901: 395		1779	1901: 409		
1093		1895: 53		1858	1901: 409		
1094		1895: 39		1858a	1901: 410		
1096	1901: 396			1858b	1901: 410		
1106		1901: 396		1858c	1901: 410		
1149		1901: 396		1858d	1901: 410		
1159		1897: 97		1858e	1901: 410		
1161		1901: 396		1858f	1901: 411		
1181		1901: 396		1859		1895: 49	
1185		1901: 396		1860		1895: 50	
1189		1897: 43		1863		1901: 411	
		1901: 397		1865		1901: 411	
1190		1901: 397		1871		1901: 412	
1193		1901: 397		1929		1901: 412	
1202		1901: 397		1930		1901: 412	
1203		1901: 398		1932		1901: 412	
1207		1897: 64		1965		1901: 412	
		1901: 398		1980		1901: 413	
1213		1897: 59		1990		1901: 413	
1214		1895: 50		1996		1901: 413	
1218	1901: 398			2079		1901: 413	
1237		1901: 398		2161		1901: 413	
1237a	1901: 398			2170		1901: 414	
1237b	1901: 398			2172		1901: 414	
1240		1901: 399		2180		1901: 414	
1243		1901: 399		2181		1897: 4	
1245		1901: 399		2195		1901: 414	
1247		1901: 399		2207		1901: 414	
1248		1901: 399		2208		1901: 414	
1249		1901: 400		2236		1901: 415	
1252		1901: 400		2245	1901: 415		
1253		1901: 400		2334		1901: 415	
1254		1901: 400		2406		1901: 415	
1256		1901: 400		2450		1901: 415	
1263		1901: 400		2461		1901: 415	
1266		1901: 400		2468		1901: 416	
1267	1901: 401			2489		1901: 416	
1268	1901: 401			2541		1901: 416	
1269	1901: 401			2757		1901: 572	
1275		1901: 402		2780			1901: 416
1276		1901: 402		2781			1901: 416
1285		1901: 402		2893	1901: 416		
1300		1901: 402		2903		1901: 417	
1306		1901: 402		2913		1901: 417	
1307		1901: 403		2936		1901: 417	
1314	1901: 403			2939 ¹	1895: 28		
1326		1901: 403		2955		1895: 57	
1327		1901: 403				1897: 95	
1343		1901: 403		2959		1901: 417	
1360		1901: 403		2968		1901: 417	
1364		1901: 404		2969		1901: 418	
1376		1901: 404		2973	1901: 418		
1386		1901: 404		3010		1895: 26	
1387		1901: 405		3051	1901: 270		
1388		1901: 406		3052		1901: 418	
1395		1901: 406		3059			1901: 418
1399		1901: 406		3060			1901: 418
1405		1901: 406		3061	1901: 418		
1406		1901: 407		3062	1901: 419		
1409	1901: 407			3063	1901: 419		
1416		1895: 70		3064	1901: 419		
1468	1901: 407			3065	1901: 419		

CIVIL CODE—Continued.

Sec.	Added.	Amended.	Repealed.	Sec.	Added.	Amended.	Repealed.
3131	-----	1901: 420	-----	3406	-----	1901: 422	-----
3156	-----	1901: 420	-----	3412	-----	1901: 422	-----
3176	-----	1901: 420	-----	3440	-----	1895: 47	-----
3197	-----	1901: 421	-----	3442	-----	1895: 154	-----
3235	-----	1901: 421	-----	-----	-----	1901: 422	-----
3245	-----	1901: 421	-----	3449	-----	1895: 82	-----
3294	-----	1901: 421	-----	3451	-----	1901: 422	-----
3346a	1901: 421	-----	-----	3468	-----	1895: 84	-----
3366	-----	1901: 421	-----	3479	-----	1901: 423	-----
3396	1901: 421	-----	-----	3503	-----	1901: 423	-----
3402	-----	1901: 422	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----

CODE OF CIVIL PROCEDURE.

Sec.	Added.	Amended.	Repealed.	Sec.	Added.	Amended.	Repealed.
5	-----	1901: 117	-----	91	-----	1901: 119	-----
8	-----	1901: 117	-----	103	-----	1899: 88	-----
9	-----	1901: 117	-----	-----	-----	1901: 119	-----
10	-----	1897: 15	-----	105	-----	1897: 8	-----
11	-----	-----	1901: 117	110	-----	1901: 630	-----
17	-----	1901: 117	-----	115	-----	-----	1901: 120
18	-----	1901: 118	-----	134	-----	1897: 15	-----
26	-----	-----	1901: 118	-----	-----	1901: 120	-----
27	-----	-----	1901: 118	135	-----	1901: 120	-----
28	-----	-----	1901: 118	140	-----	-----	1901: 120
29	-----	-----	1901: 118	144	-----	1901: 120	-----
30	-----	-----	1901: 118	156	-----	-----	1901: 120
31	-----	-----	1901: 118	157	-----	-----	1901: 121
33	-----	-----	1901: 118	161	-----	-----	1901: 121
34	-----	-----	1901: 118	170	-----	1897: 287	-----
35	-----	-----	1901: 118	-----	-----	1901: 121	-----
36	-----	-----	1901: 118	198	-----	1901: 121	-----
37	-----	-----	1901: 118	199	-----	1901: 122	-----
38	-----	-----	1901: 118	200	-----	1897: 185	-----
39	-----	-----	1901: 118	241	-----	1901: 122	-----
40	-----	-----	1901: 118	269	-----	1901: 122	-----
41	-----	-----	1901: 118	273	-----	1901: 123	-----
42	-----	-----	1901: 118	274	-----	1901: 123	-----
43	-----	-----	1901: 118	276	-----	1895: 56	-----
44	-----	-----	1901: 118	280	-----	1901: 123	-----
45	-----	-----	1901: 118	281	-----	1901: 123	-----
46	-----	-----	1901: 118	287	-----	1901: 124	-----
48	-----	-----	1901: 119	300	1901: 124	-----	-----
49	-----	-----	1901: 119	304	-----	-----	1901: 124
50	-----	-----	1901: 119	312	-----	1897: 16	-----
51	-----	-----	1901: 119	325	-----	1901: 124	-----
52	-----	-----	1901: 119	328	-----	1901: 124	-----
53	-----	-----	1901: 119	329	1901: 125	-----	-----
54	-----	-----	1901: 119	349	1901: 44	-----	-----
55	-----	-----	1901: 119	352	-----	1901: 125	-----
65	-----	-----	1901: 119	355	-----	1901: 125	-----
66	-----	-----	1901: 119	362	-----	1901: 125	-----
67	-----	-----	1901: 119	367	-----	1901: 125	-----
68	-----	-----	1901: 119	370	-----	1901: 126	-----
69	-----	-----	1901: 119	375	-----	1901: 126	-----
70	-----	-----	1901: 119	376	-----	1901: 126	-----
71	-----	-----	1901: 119	377	-----	1901: 126	-----
72	-----	-----	1901: 119	383	-----	1897: 19	-----
73	-----	-----	1901: 119	386	-----	1901: 126	-----
74	-----	-----	1901: 119	387	-----	1901: 127	-----
75	-----	-----	1901: 119	388	-----	1901: 127	-----
76	-----	-----	1901: 119	389	-----	1897: 9	-----
77	-----	-----	1901: 119	-----	-----	1901: 127	-----
78	-----	-----	1901: 119	390	-----	-----	1901: 128
79	-----	-----	1901: 119	392	-----	1901: 128	-----

CODE OF CIVIL PROCEDURE—Continued.

Sec.	Added.	Amended.	Repealed.	Sec.	Added.	Amended.	Repealed.
395		1901: 128		649		1901: 147	
396		1901: 129		650		1901: 147	
397		1901: 129		651		1901: 148	
398		1897: 184		652		1901: 148	
406		1901: 129		656		1901: 148	
407		1897: 53		658		1901: 149	
		1901: 129		659		1901: 149	
408		1901: 130		660		1901: 149	
409		1901: 130		661		1901: 150	
410		1901: 130		663	1897: 58		
412		1901: 130		663½	1897: 59		
413		1901: 131			renumbered		
415		1901: 131			663a, 1901:150		
417	1901: 132			664		1901: 150	
418	1901: 132			670		1895: 45	
422		1901: 132				1901: 151	
427		1901: 133		671		1895: 36	
430		1901: 133		672		1901: 151	
431		1901: 133		674		1901: 151	
432			1901: 134	681		1901: 152	
439		1901: 134		682		1901: 152	
442		1901: 134		685		1895: 38	
443		1901: 134		687		1901: 153	
444		1901: 134		688		1901: 153	
446		1901: 134		689		1901: 153	
459		1901: 135		690		1897: 179	
472		1901: 135				1899: 19	
475		1897: 44				1901: 21, 153	
476		1901: 135		700		1901: 156	
512		1901: 135		700a	1901: 156		
519		1901: 136		702		1895: 225	
525		1901: 136				1897: 41	
526		1901: 136		703		1895: 226	
527		1895: 51				1897: 41	
		1901: 137		714		1901: 157	
529		1901: 137		717		1901: 157	
530		1901: 137		719		1901: 157	
531		1901: 138		720		1901: 157	
532		1901: 138		726		1895: 98	
538		1901: 138				1901: 48, 158	
539		1901: 138		728		1901: 159	
542		1901: 139		729		1901: 159	
553		1901: 140		731		1901: 159	
554		1901: 141		732			1901: 159
555		1901: 141		733			1901: 159
558		1901: 151		734			1901: 159
560	1901: 141			735			1901: 159
566		1897: 60		738		1895: 72	
		1901: 142				1901: 159	
567		1901: 142		740		1901: 160	
569		1901: 142		744			1901: 160
572		1901: 142		745			1901: 160
573		1901: 142		749	1901: 579		1901: 160
577		1901: 143		750	1901: 579		
581		1895: 31		751	1901: 579		
		1897: 98		752		1901: 160	
		1901: 143		753		1901: 160	
582	1901: 143			756		1901: 160	
583	1901: 144			757		1901: 160	
588		1901: 144		758		1901: 161	
594		1899: 5		759		1901: 161	
602		1901: 145		761		1901: 161	
608		1901: 145		763		1901: 161	
612		1901: 145		764		1901: 162	
615		1901: 146		765		1901: 163	
631		1901: 146		766		1901: 163	
635	1901: 146			774		1901: 164	
641		1897: 60		775		1901: 164	
		1901: 146		784		1901: 164	
647		1901: 147		785		1901: 165	

CODE OF CIVIL PROCEDURE—*Continued.*

Sec.	Added.	Amended.	Repealed.	Sec.	Added.	Amended.	Repealed.
795			1901: 165	1031		1901: 180	
797			1901: 165	1033		1899: 21	
799		1901: 165				1901: 181	
803		1901: 165		1034		1901: 181	
824		1901: 166		1036		1901: 181	
827			1901: 166	1037		1901: 181	
832		1901: 166		1040	19		
836		1901: 166		1049		1901: 182	
837			1901: 167	1054		1895: 11	
844		1899: 100				1901: 182	
		1901: 167		1055		1901: 182	
845		1901: 167		1057		1901: 183	
848		1901: 168		1069		1901: 183	
849		1901: 168		1086		1901: 183	
850		1901: 598		1087		1901: 183	
855		1901: 168		1088		1901: 184	
859		1901: 169		1089		1901: 184	
866		1901: 169		1103		1901: 184	
867		1901: 169		1104		1901: 184	
887		1901: 169		1108			1901: 184
892		1901: 170		1109		1901: 184	
893		1901: 170		1110		1901: 185	
895		1901: 170		1115		1901: 185	
905		1901: 170		1124		1901: 185	
906		1901: 170		1126		1901: 186	
934	1901: 171			1134		1901: 186	
935		1901: 171		1161		1901: 186	
936		1901: 171		1163			1901: 187
937		1901: 171		1164		1901: 187	
938		1901: 171		1166		1901: 187	
938a	1901: 172			1167		1901: 188	
939		1897: 55		1175			1901: 188
		1899: 7		1180			1901: 188
		1901: 172		1183		1899: 33	
940		1901: 173				1901: 188	
943		1897: 56		1183a	1901: 817		
948		1901: 173		1184		1901: 189	
950		1901: 173		1185		1899: 24	
952		1901: 174		1187		1897: 210	
954		1895: 59		1191		1901: 190	
956		1901: 174		1196			1901: 190
958		1901: 174		1203		1901: 190	
959			1901: 174	1204		1901: 191	
963		1897: 209		1205		1901: 191	
		1899: 8		1206		1901: 191	
		1901: 85		1207		1901: 192	
964			1901: 174	1208	1901: 192		
965			1901: 174	1209		1901: 192	
966			1901: 174	1210		1901: 193	
974		1901: 175		1217		1901: 193	
975			1901: 175	1218		1901: 193	
976			1901: 175	1228		1901: 194	
977		1897: 210		1230		1901: 194	
		1901: 175		1234	1897: 33	1901: 194	
978		1901: 175		1238		1895: 89	
980		1901: 176				1897: 70	
992		1901: 176				1901: 72	
993		1901: 177		1240		1901: 307	
997		1901: 177		1254		1897: 186	
1005		1901: 177		1255		1901: 195	
1008	1901: 177			1257		1897: 188	
1010		1901: 177				1901: 195	
1011		1901: 178		1269		1901: 195	
1013		1901: 178		1270		1901: 196	
1015		1901: 179		1271		1901: 196	
1021		1901: 179		1272		1901: 197	
1023		1901: 180		1276		1901: 197	
1024		1901: 180		1277		1901: 198	
1025		1901: 180		1300		1901: 198	
1026			1901: 180	1304		1901: 198	

CODE OF CIVIL PROCEDURE—Continued.

Sec.	Added.	Amended.	Repealed.	Sec.	Added.	Amended.	Repealed.
1306		1901 : 198		1491		1901 : 214	
1307		1901 : 199		1492		1901 : 215	
1308		1901 : 199		1494		1901 : 215	
1310	1901 : 199			1495		1901 : 215	
1311	1901 : 199			1496		1901 : 215	
1312			1901 : 199	1497		1901 : 216	
1313			1901 : 199	1498		1901 : 216	
1314		1901 : 199		1499		1901 : 216	
1315		1901 : 201		1500		1901 : 217	
1316		1901 : 201		1502		1901 : 217	
1317		1901 : 201		1503		1901 : 217	
1318		1901 : 201		1504		1901 : 217	
1323		1901 : 202		1505		1901 : 218	
1327		1901 : 202		1507		1901 : 218	
1328		1901 : 202		1509			1901 : 218
1329		1901 : 202		1510		1901 : 218	
1330		1901 : 202		1512			1901 : 218
1339		1901 : 202		1518		1901 : 218	
1349		1901 : 203		1522		1901 : 219	
1350		1901 : 203		1524		1901 : 219	
1351		1901 : 203		1527	1901 : 219		
1356		1901 : 203		1537		1901 : 219	
1366		1901 : 203		1540		1901 : 220	
1367		1901 : 204		1543		1901 : 210	
1368		1901 : 204		1544		1901 : 220	
1371		1901 : 204		1552		1901 : 221	
1375		1901 : 204		1569		1901 : 221	
1379			1901 : 204	1573		1901 : 222	
1383		1901 : 204		1575		1897 : 58	
1399		1901 : 205				1901 : 222	
1404		1901 : 205		1576		1901 : 222	
1405		1901 : 205		1577		1901 : 222	
1406			1901 : 205	1578		1901 : 223	
1412		1901 : 205		1582		1895 : 80	
1415		1901 : 205				1901 : 225	
1417		1901 : 205		1583		1901 : 225	
1423		1901 : 206		1584	1901 : 225		
1426		1901 : 206		1587		1901 : 225	
1431		1901 : 206		1589		1901 : 226	
1432		1901 : 207		1591		1901 : 226	
1436		1901 : 207		1592	1901 : 226		
1437		1901 : 207		1598		1901 : 226	
1443		1901 : 207		1600		1901 : 226	
1445		1901 : 208		1607		1901 : 227	
1447		1901 : 208		1612		1901 : 227	
1452		1901 : 208		1618		1901 : 227	
1454	1901 : 208			1622		1901 : 228	
1458		1901 : 209		1623			1901 : 228
1459		1901 : 209		1624			1901 : 228
1460		1901 : 209		1625			1901 : 228
1464		1901 : 210		1636		1901 : 228	
1465		1901 : 210		1639		1901 : 228	
1466		1901 : 210		1640			1901 : 229
1468		1901 : 210		1643		1901 : 229	
1469		1897 : 7		1644		1901 : 229	
1470		1901 : 211		1647		1901 : 229	
1474		1901 : 211		1658		1901 : 229	
1475		1901 : 211		1661		1901 : 229	
1476		1901 : 211		1663			1901 : 230
1477		1901 : 211		1665		1901 : 230	
1478		1901 : 212		1668		1901 : 231	
1479	1901 : 212			1669		1901 : 231	
1480	1901 : 212			1677		1901 : 231	
1481	1901 : 213			1678		1901 : 231	
1482	1901 : 213			1691		1895 : 74	
1483	1901 : 214			1693		1901 : 231	
1484	1901 : 214			1696		1901 : 232	
1485			1901 : 214	1699		1895 : 64	
1486			1901 : 214			1901 : 47, 232	
1490		1901 : 214					

CODE OF CIVIL PROCEDURE—*Continued.*

Sec.	Added.	Amended.	Repealed.	Sec.	Added.	Amended.	Repealed.
1702	-----	1899: 104	-----	1906	-----	1901: 244	-----
1703	1897: 38	1901: 232	-----	1910	-----	1901: 244	-----
	renumbered	-----	-----	1915	-----	1901: 245	-----
	1703 <i>a</i> ,	-----	-----	1918	-----	1901: 245	-----
	1901: 233	-----	-----	1921	-----	1901: 246	-----
1710	-----	1901: 233	-----	1922	-----	1901: 246	-----
1715	-----	-----	1901: 233	1925	-----	1901: 246	-----
1717	-----	1901: 233	-----	1935	-----	1901: 246	-----
1718	-----	-----	1901: 234	1937	-----	1901: 246	-----
1723	-----	1897: 62	-----	1939	-----	1901: 247	-----
	-----	1901: 234	-----	1941	-----	1901: 247	-----
	-----	-----	-----	1942	-----	1901: 247	-----
1733	-----	-----	1901: 234	1943	-----	1901: 247	-----
1734	-----	-----	1901: 234	1946	-----	1901: 247	-----
1736	-----	1895: 157	-----	1947	-----	1901: 247	-----
1737	-----	1901: 234	-----	1948	-----	1901: 248	-----
1739	-----	1895: 124	-----	1951	-----	1901: 248	-----
1744	1895: 38	-----	-----	1962	-----	1901: 248	-----
1747	-----	1901: 235	-----	1963	-----	1901: 248	-----
1750	-----	1901: 235	-----	1968	-----	1901: 251	-----
1752	-----	-----	1901: 235	1971	-----	-----	1901: 251
1753	-----	1901: 235	-----	1972	-----	-----	1901: 251
1755	-----	1899: 4	-----	1973	-----	-----	1901: 251
1758	-----	1901: 235	-----	1974	-----	-----	1901: 251
1760	1901: 235	-----	-----	1982	-----	1901: 251	-----
1763	-----	1901: 236	-----	1986	-----	1901: 251	-----
1766	-----	1901: 236	-----	1991	-----	1901: 252	-----
1768	-----	1901: 236	-----	2006	-----	1901: 252	-----
1770	-----	1901: 85	-----	2010	-----	1901: 252	-----
1772	-----	1899: 235	-----	2012	-----	1901: 252	-----
1773	-----	1901: 237	-----	2013	-----	1901: 252	-----
1774	-----	-----	1901: 237	2014	-----	1901: 253	-----
1776	-----	1901: 237	-----	2015	-----	-----	1901: 253
1777	-----	1901: 84	-----	2020	-----	1901: 253	-----
1793	-----	1901: 237	-----	2021	-----	1901: 253	-----
1799	-----	1895: 28	-----	2022	-----	1901: 253	-----
1800	-----	1901: 237	-----	2024	-----	1901: 253	-----
1807	-----	1901: 238	-----	2025	-----	1901: 254	-----
1809	-----	1901: 238	-----	2026	-----	1901: 254	-----
1818	-----	1901: 238	-----	2028	-----	1901: 254	-----
1822	1901: 238	-----	1901: 238	2031	-----	1901: 255	-----
1822 <i>a</i>	1901: 239	-----	-----	2032	-----	1901: 255	-----
1822 <i>b</i>	1901: 239	-----	-----	2033	-----	-----	1901: 256
1825	-----	1901: 239	-----	2034	-----	-----	1901: 256
1848	-----	1901: 239	-----	2036	-----	1901: 256	-----
1851	-----	1901: 240	-----	2037	-----	1901: 256	-----
1852	-----	1901: 240	-----	2043	-----	1901: 256	-----
1855	-----	1901: 240	-----	2054	-----	1901: 256	-----
1870	-----	1901: 240	-----	2064	-----	1901: 256	-----
1875	-----	1901: 241	-----	2070	-----	1901: 257	-----
1880	-----	1901: 242	-----	2094	-----	1901: 257	-----
1881	-----	1901: 242	-----	2097	-----	-----	1901: 257
1882	1901: 243	-----	-----	2104	-----	-----	1901: 257
1905	-----	1901: 244	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----

PENAL CODE.

Sec.	Added.	Amended.	Repealed.	Sec.	Added.	Amended.	Repealed.
5	-----	1901: 433	-----	42 <i>a</i>	1901: 436	-----	-----
7	-----	1901: 434	-----	45	-----	1901: 436	-----
15	-----	1901: 435	-----	46	-----	1901: 437	-----
26 <i>a</i>	1901: 435	-----	-----	47	-----	1901: 437	-----
27	1901: 436	-----	-----	49	-----	1901: 437	-----
28	1901: 11	-----	-----	49 <i>a</i>	1901: 437	-----	-----
40	1895: 74	-----	-----	50	-----	1901: 437	-----
42	-----	1901: 436	-----	51	-----	1901: 438	-----

PENAL CODE—Continued.

Sec.	Added.	Amended.	Repealed.	Sec.	Added.	Amended.	Repealed.
54a	1901: 438			273	1901: 450		
54b	1901: 438			273a	1901: 450		
55		1901: 440		273b	1901: 450		
55a	1901: 440			273c	1901: 451		
57		1901: 440		273d	1901: 451		
57a	1901: 440			273e	1901: 451		
59		1901: 441		278	1901: 269		
62		1901: 442		302		1901: 451	
62a	1901: 297			303			1901: 452
62b	1901: 298			306			1901: 452
63	1899: 83			307		1901: 452	
63½	1899: 84			310½	1895: 247		1901: 452
	renumbered			314		1901: 452	
	63a, 1901: 442			315		1901: 452	
63b	1901: 442			343		1901: 452	
64½	1899: 59, 153			344	1901: 75, 452		
74a	1901: 442			347a	1901: 453		
76		1901: 442		348		1901: 453	
94		1895: 30		349a	1901: 454		
		1901: 442		350		1897: 212	
99		1895: 235		351		1897: 213	
100		1901: 443		354		1897: 213	
109		1901: 443		354½	1899: 103	1901: 454	
110		1901: 443		354¾	1899: 86	1901: 454	
111		1901: 443		357		1901: 329	
118a	1901: 443			357½	1901: 327		
119		1901: 444		360		1901: 454	
121		1901: 444		365		1901: 454	
124		1901: 444		369a	1901: 454		
129		1901: 444		369b	1901: 455		
159a	1901: 444			369c	1901: 455		
161a	1901: 444			369d	1901: 455		
165		1901: 445		369e	1901: 456		
167		1901: 445		369f	1901: 456		
168		1901: 445		369g	1901: 456		
171		1901: 445		369h	1901: 456		
171a	1901: 445			369i	1901: 456		
171b	1901: 446			369j	1901: 456		
171c	1901: 446			374		1901: 457	
172		1901: 446		374½	1901: 813		
178			1901: 446	375a	1901: 457		
179			1901: 446	376		1901: 458	
180	1897: 56		1901: 446	381a	1901: 324		
	1899: 4			382		1901: 458	
180a	1901: 107			383		1901: 459	
181	1901: 330			383a	1901: 460		
191		1901: 446		384		1901: 460	
195		1901: 446		384a	1901: 460		
207		1901: 447		384b	1901: 460		
209	1901: 98			384c	1901: 460		
214	1901: 447			397		1897: 29	
218		1901: 447				1901: 460	
227		1901: 448		397a	1901: 461		
237		1901: 53		397b	1901: 461		
246	1901: 6			401	1901: 461		
258	1899: 28			401a	1901: 461		
259	1899: 155			402½		1901: 461	
261		1897: 201		402½		1901: 461	
266a	1901: 448			402c	1901: 461		
266b	1901: 448			412		1899: 153	
266c	1901: 448			420	1901: 462		
266d	1901: 448			450			1901: 462
266e	1901: 448			455		1901: 664	
266f	1901: 449			463			1901: 462
266g	1901: 449			470		1901: 462	
269a	1901: 449			474		1901: 463	
269b	1901: 449			481		1901: 463	
270		1901: 449		482		1901: 463	
271a	1901: 449			487		1895: 35	
272		1901: 449				1901: 290, 464	

PENAL CODE—Continued.

Sec.	Added.	Amended.	Repealed.	Sec.	Added.	Amended.	Repealed.
496	-----	1901: 464	-----	626e	1895: 257	-----	1897: 92
497	-----	1901: 464	-----	-----	1901: 820	-----	-----
498	-----	1901: 464	-----	626f	1895: 257	-----	1897: 92
500	-----	1901: 464	-----	-----	1901: 820	-----	-----
502	-----	-----	1901: 465	626g	1895: 257	-----	1897: 92
502½	1895: 77	1901: 465	-----	-----	1901: 820	-----	-----
512	-----	1901: 465	-----	626h	1895: 257	-----	1897: 92
513	-----	1901: 465	-----	-----	1901: 820	-----	-----
514	-----	1901: 465	-----	626i	1895: 257	-----	1897: 92
515	1901: 465	-----	-----	-----	1901: 820	-----	-----
522	-----	1901: 465	-----	626j	1901: 820	-----	-----
529	-----	1901: 466	-----	626k	1901: 820	-----	-----
530	-----	1901: 466	-----	626l	1901: 821	-----	-----
531	-----	-----	1901: 466	626m	1901: 821	-----	-----
532	-----	1895: 234	-----	627	1895: 258	1897: 92	-----
-----	-----	1901: 466	-----	-----	-----	1901: 476,821	-----
537	-----	1901: 466	1901: 466	627a	1895: 258	-----	1897: 93
537½	-----	1901: 467	-----	-----	1901: 476,821	-----	-----
538	-----	1901: 467	-----	627b	1895: 258	-----	1897: 93
538½	-----	1901: 467	-----	-----	1901: 821	-----	-----
538b	1901: 467	-----	-----	627c	1895: 258	-----	1897: 93
543½	1899: 90	-----	1901: 468	627d	1895: 258	-----	1897: 93
561	-----	1901: 468	-----	628	1895: 259	1897: 347	-----
562	-----	1901: 468	-----	-----	-----	1901: 54	-----
564	-----	1901: 468	-----	628a	1895: 259	-----	1897: 348
587	-----	1901: 468	-----	629	-----	1901: 476	-----
587a	1901: 469	-----	-----	630	-----	-----	1897: 348
591	-----	1901: 469	-----	631	-----	1895: 260	-----
592	-----	1899: 146	-----	631a	1901: 822	-----	-----
593	1901: 92	-----	-----	631b	1901: 822	-----	-----
593a	1901: 469	-----	-----	632	-----	1895: 260	-----
595	-----	1901: 469	-----	-----	-----	1901: 55	-----
597	-----	1901: 469	-----	632a	-----	-----	1897: 348
597a	1901: 469	-----	-----	632b	-----	-----	1897: 348
597b	1901: 470	-----	-----	633	-----	1895: 261	1897: 348
597c	1901: 470	-----	-----	634	-----	1895: 261	-----
597d	1901: 470	-----	-----	635	-----	1895: 261	-----
597e	1901: 470	-----	-----	-----	-----	1897: 349	-----
597f	1901: 471	-----	-----	-----	-----	1901: 55	-----
597g	1901: 471	-----	-----	636	-----	1895: 262	-----
598a	1901: 471	-----	-----	-----	-----	1897: 349	-----
599	1901: 471	-----	-----	636a	1901: 56	-----	-----
599a	1901: 472	-----	-----	637	-----	1901: 476	-----
599b	1901: 472	-----	-----	637a	1901: 477	-----	-----
599c	1901: 472	-----	-----	638	-----	1901: 477	-----
600	-----	1901: 268,473	-----	639	-----	1901: 477	-----
601	-----	1901: 473	-----	640	-----	1901: 478	-----
601a	1901: 473	-----	-----	641	-----	1901: 478	-----
601b	1901: 473	-----	-----	642	-----	1901: 478	-----
601c	1901: 473	-----	-----	647	-----	1901: 478	-----
601d	1901: 474	-----	-----	653i	1899: 35	1901: 479	-----
602	-----	1901: 474	-----	653a	1901: 479	-----	-----
603	-----	-----	1901: 475	653b	1901: 479	-----	-----
609	-----	1901: 475	-----	653c	1901: 479	-----	-----
619	-----	1901: 475	-----	653d	1901: 479	-----	-----
620	-----	1901: 475	-----	653e	1901: 479	-----	-----
621	-----	1901: 475	-----	653f	1901: 479	-----	-----
623	-----	1901: 99	-----	653g	1901: 480	-----	-----
623½	1899: 97	-----	-----	653h	1901: 480	-----	-----
626	-----	1895: 256	-----	654	renumbered	-----	-----
-----	-----	1897: 90	-----	-----	1901: 479	-----	-----
626a	1895: 256	-----	1897: 92	675	-----	1901: 480	-----
-----	1901: 819	-----	-----	679	1901: 326	-----	-----
626b	1895: 256	-----	1897: 92	680	1901: 660	-----	-----
-----	1901: 819	-----	-----	719	-----	1901: 480	-----
626c	1895: 256	-----	1897: 92	728	-----	1901: 480	-----
-----	1901: 819	-----	-----	734	1895: 193	-----	-----
626d	1895: 256	-----	1897: 92	737	-----	-----	1901: 480
-----	1901: 820	-----	-----	738	-----	-----	1901: 480

PENAL CODE—Continued.

Sec.	Added.	Amended.	Repealed.	Sec.	Added.	Amended.	Repealed.
739		1901: 115		1216		1901: 491	
758		1901: 481		1217		1901: 491	
769		1901: 481		1220		1901: 491	
772			1901: 481	1221		1901: 492	
777		1901: 481		1222		1901: 492	
778a	1901: 481			1223		1901: 492	
778b	1901: 481			1224		1901: 492	
784		1901: 481		1225		1901: 492	
789		1901: 482		1226		1901: 493	
811		1901: 482		1227		1901: 493	
836		1901: 482		1229		1901: 493	
840		1901: 482		1235		1901: 494	
872		1901: 483		1238		1897: 195	
882		1901: 483				1901: 494	
889		1901: 483		1239		1901: 494	
890		1901: 483		1240		1901: 494	
906		1901: 483		1241		1901: 494	
907			1901: 483	1245		1901: 494	
908			1901: 483	1246		1901: 494	
909			1901: 483	1264		1901: 495	
910			1901: 483	1305		1901: 495	
915		1901: 484		1306		1901: 495	
916			1901: 484	1307		1901: 495	
919		1901: 484		1328		1901: 495	
923		1901: 484		1335		1901: 496	
925		1897: 204		1336		1901: 496	
		1901: 484		1337		1901: 496	
928		1897: 205		1338		1901: 496	
929		1897: 205		1339		1901: 496	
931			1901: 485	1340		1901: 496	
932			1901: 485	1341		1901: 496	
933			1901: 485	1370		1901: 497	
934			1901: 485	1372		1901: 497	
935			1901: 485	1373		1901: 497	
936			1901: 485	1388		1901: 497	
937			1901: 485	1389			1901: 498
946	1901: 485			1390		1901: 498	
954		1901: 485		1391		1901: 498	
969	1901: 485			1425	1901: 498		
1004		1901: 485		1427		1901: 499	
1008		1901: 486		1446		1901: 499	
1020		1901: 486		1457		1901: 88	
1025	1901: 486			1475		1901: 499	
1029			1901: 486	1510		1901: 500	
1033		1901: 486		1511a	1901: 500		
1034		1901: 487		1511b	1901: 500		
1089		1895: 279		1512		1901: 500	
1103a	1901: 487			1514a	1901: 500		
1108		1901: 487		1515		1901: 501	
1110		1901: 487		1520	1901: 501		
1112	1901: 487			1521	1901: 501		
1125			1901: 488	1524		1899: 87	
1127		1897: 184		1541		1901: 501	
1136		1901: 654		1541a	1901: 501		
1143	1901: 290			1570		1901: 88	
1147		1901: 488		1573			1901: 502
1167		1901: 488		1574			1901: 502
1170		1901: 81, 488		1575			1901: 502
1171		1901: 488		1576			1901: 502
1174		1901: 489		1577			1901: 502
1176		1901: 489		1578			1901: 502
1182		1901: 490		1579			1901: 502
1185		1901: 490		1580			1901: 502
1186		1901: 490		1581			1901: 502
1187		1901: 490		1582			1901: 502
1191		1901: 490		1583			1901: 502
1201		1901: 490		1584			1901: 502
1206		1901: 491		1585			1901: 502
1207		1901: 491		1586			1901: 502
1214		1901: 491		1587			1901: 502

PENAL CODE—Continued.

Sec.	Added.	Amended.	Repealed.	Sec.	Added.	Amended.	Repealed.
1588	1901: 272	-----	1901: 502	1594	-----	-----	1901: 502
1589	-----	-----	1901: 502	1595	-----	-----	1901: 502
1590	-----	-----	1901: 502	1603	-----	1901: 503	-----
1591	-----	-----	1901: 502	1605	-----	1901: 503	-----
1592	-----	-----	1901: 502	1615	1901: 503	-----	-----
1593	-----	-----	1901: 502				

POLITICAL CODE.

Sec.	Added.	Amended.	Repealed.	Sec.	Added.	Amended.	Repealed.
10	-----	1897: 13	-----	1101	-----	-----	1899: 63
237	-----	1897: 24	-----	1103	-----	1899: 62	-----
245	-----	1897: 24	-----	1105	-----	1899: 62	-----
	-----	1899: 2	-----	1113	-----	1895: 230	-----
246	-----	1897: 25	-----		-----	1899: 62	-----
	-----	1899: 2	-----	1114	-----	1895: 230	1899: 63
248	1899: 164	-----	-----	1115	-----	1895: 231	-----
249	1899: 164	-----	-----		-----	1899: 62	-----
250	1899: 164	-----	-----	1116	-----	1895: 231	-----
268	-----	1897: 25	-----		-----	1899: 62	-----
354	-----	1897: 234	-----	1118	1899: 31	-----	-----
	-----	1899: 77	-----	1119	1899: 32	-----	-----
415	-----	-----	1897: 99	1130	-----	1899: 62	-----
416	-----	1895: 63	-----	1131	-----	1899: 133	-----
	-----	1901: 86	-----	1142	-----	1895: 302	-----
422½	1901: 271	-----	-----		-----	1899: 85	-----
470	-----	1901: 45	-----	1160	-----	1899: 134	-----
472	-----	1895: 65	-----	1164	-----	1899: 134	-----
475	-----	1895: 66	-----	1186	-----	1899: 58	-----
529	-----	1897: 1	-----		-----	1901: 591	-----
531	-----	1895: 233	-----	1187	-----	1901: 591	-----
532	-----	1895: 234	-----	1188	-----	1901: 594	-----
534	-----	1897: 238	-----	1192	-----	1895: 303	-----
539	-----	1895: 110	-----		-----	1901: 601	-----
540	1899: 68	-----	-----	1195	-----	1899: 27	-----
622	-----	1897: 242	-----	1196	-----	1899: 134	-----
685	-----	1901: 807	-----	1197	-----	1899: 135	-----
737	-----	1899: 131	-----	1199	-----	1895: 304	-----
	-----	1901: 71	-----	1203	-----	1895: 305	-----
739	-----	1897: 208	-----	1204	-----	1895: 305	-----
	-----	1901: 115	-----		-----	1899: 62	-----
751	-----	1899: 142	-----	1205	-----	1899: 139	-----
752	-----	1895: 29	-----	1207	-----	1895: 306	-----
756	-----	1899: 142	-----	1208	-----	1895: 306	-----
769	-----	1897: 209	-----	1210	-----	1899: 139	-----
791	-----	1901: 793	-----	1211	-----	1899: 140	-----
793	1899: 11	-----	-----	1239	-----	1897: 191	-----
853	-----	1897: 78	-----	1257	-----	1899: 140	-----
1000	-----	1901: 283	-----	1258	-----	1895: 307	-----
1075	1895: 341	-----	-----	1259	-----	1899: 140	-----
1076	1895: 343	-----	-----	1261	-----	1899: 63, 83	-----
1077	1895: 343	-----	-----		-----	1901: 5	-----
1078	1895: 344	-----	-----	1281	-----	1899: 66	-----
1079	1895: 344	-----	-----	1288	-----	1901: 289	-----
1080	1895: 344	-----	-----	1290	-----	1901: 294	-----
1083	-----	1899: 60	-----	1346	-----	1901: 294	-----
1094	-----	1895: 228	-----	1357	1901: 606	-----	1901: 606
	-----	1899: 60	-----	1358	1901: 606	-----	1901: 606
1095	-----	1899: 61	-----	1359	1901: 607	-----	1901: 606
1096	-----	1895: 229	-----	1360	1901: 607	-----	1901: 606
	-----	1899: 61	-----	1361	1901: 608	-----	1901: 606
1097	-----	1899: 61	-----	1362	1901: 610	-----	1901: 606
1098	-----	-----	1899: 63	1363	1901: 611	-----	1901: 606
1099	-----	-----	1899: 63	1364	1901: 612	-----	1901: 606
1100	-----	-----	1899: 63	1365	1901: 612	-----	1901: 606

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Sec.	Added.	Amended.	Repealed.	Sec.	Added.	Amended.	Repealed.
1366	1899 : 48	1901 : 614	-----	1918	-----	1901 : 581	-----
1367	1899 : 48	1901 : 615	-----	1919	-----	1895 : 181	-----
1368	1899 : 48	1901 : 615	-----	-----	-----	1897 : 407	-----
1369	1899 : 49	1901 : 615	-----	1920	-----	1901 : 581	-----
1370	1899 : 49	1901 : 615	-----	1923	-----	1895 : 182	-----
1371	1899 : 51	1901 : 616	-----	1924	-----	1897 : 407	-----
1372	1899 : 52	1901 : 616	-----	1929	-----	1895 : 182	-----
1373	1899 : 52	1901 : 617	-----	1932	-----	1895 : 182	-----
1374	1899 : 53	1901 : 618	-----	1936	-----	1897 : 408	-----
1375	1899 : 54	1901 : 619	-----	-----	-----	1901 : 581	-----
1376	1899 : 55	-----	-----	1939	-----	1901 : 583	-----
1377	1899 : 55	-----	-----	1942	-----	1895 : 183	-----
1378	1899 : 55	-----	-----	1945	-----	1897 : 408	-----
1379	1899 : 55	1899 : 56	-----	1946	-----	1897 : 408	-----
1380	1899 : 55	-----	-----	-----	-----	1901 : 583	-----
1489	-----	1897 : 234	-----	1962	-----	1895 : 183	-----
-----	-----	1899 : 77	-----	-----	-----	1897 : 408	-----
1491	-----	1897 : 235	-----	-----	-----	1901 : 583	-----
1492	-----	1897 : 235	-----	1965	-----	1897 : 410	-----
-----	-----	1899 : 78	-----	1966	-----	1897 : 410	-----
1495	-----	1897 : 236	-----	1970	-----	1895 : 284	-----
1497	-----	1897 : 236	-----	-----	-----	1897 : 410	-----
1501	-----	1897 : 236	-----	1973	-----	1897 : 411	-----
1503	-----	1897 : 236	-----	1973 _a	1901 : 585	-----	-----
-----	-----	1901 : 668	-----	1974	-----	1897 : 412	-----
1504	-----	-----	1897 : 237	1976	-----	1897 : 412	-----
1505	-----	1897 : 237	-----	1980	-----	1895 : 184	-----
1506	-----	-----	1897 : 237	-----	-----	1897 : 412	-----
1521	-----	1901 : 668	-----	1981	-----	1897 : 413	1901 : 586
1543	-----	1895 : 60	-----	1982	-----	1897 : 413	-----
1637	-----	1901 : 51	-----	-----	-----	1901 : 586	-----
1638	-----	1901 : 52	-----	1983	-----	1895 : 185	-----
1663	-----	1901 : 670	-----	1984	-----	1895 : 185	-----
1665	-----	1901 : 797	-----	-----	-----	1897 : 413	-----
1666	-----	1901 : 797	-----	-----	-----	1901 : 586	-----
1670	-----	1895 : 293	-----	1985	-----	1895 : 183	-----
-----	-----	1897 : 79	-----	-----	-----	1901 : 587	-----
-----	-----	1901 : 309	-----	1986	-----	1897 : 414	-----
1671	-----	1895 : 300	-----	1990	-----	1895 : 186	-----
1770	-----	1901 : 670	-----	-----	-----	1897 : 414	-----
1771	-----	1901 : 671	-----	-----	-----	1901 : 587	-----
1772	-----	1901 : 672	-----	1991	-----	1895 : 186	-----
1775	-----	1901 : 673	-----	1992	-----	-----	1901 : 587
1778	1901 : 665	-----	-----	2003	-----	1895 : 186	-----
1787	-----	1901 : 674	-----	-----	-----	1897 : 112	-----
1788	-----	1901 : 674	-----	-----	-----	1897 : 414	-----
1789	-----	1901 : 675	-----	2004	-----	1897 : 187	-----
1790	-----	1901 : 675	-----	2005	-----	-----	1895 : 187
1791	-----	1901 : 675	-----	2006	-----	1897 : 415	-----
1792	-----	1901 : 676	-----	2007	-----	1895 : 187	1897 : 415
1793	-----	1901 : 676	-----	2008	1897 : 415	-----	-----
1818 _a	1899 : 79	-----	-----	2009	1897 : 417	-----	-----
1880	-----	1895 : 245	-----	2018	-----	1897 : 418	-----
-----	-----	1899 : 94	-----	2022	-----	1895 : 187	-----
1882	-----	1901 : 293	-----	-----	-----	1897 : 418	-----
1884	-----	1895 : 245	-----	2024	-----	1895 : 187	-----
1885	-----	1897 : 243	-----	2027	-----	1895 : 188	-----
1886	-----	1895 : 245	-----	2032	-----	-----	1901 : 587
1890	1899 : 47	-----	-----	2040	-----	1895 : 188	-----
1891	1901 : 683	-----	-----	2048	-----	1895 : 189	-----
1895	-----	1897 : 406	-----	2076	-----	1895 : 189	-----
1897	-----	1897 : 406	-----	-----	-----	1897 : 418	-----
1898	-----	1897 : 406	-----	-----	-----	1901 : 587	-----
1900	-----	1897 : 406	-----	2077	-----	1901 : 587	-----
1912	-----	1895 : 181	-----	2083	-----	1895 : 190	-----
-----	-----	1897 : 407	-----	2084	-----	1897 : 420	-----
-----	-----	1901 : 580	-----	2094	-----	1895 : 191	-----
1913	-----	1897 : 407	-----	-----	-----	1897 : 420	-----
1917	-----	1901 : 581	-----	-----	-----	1901 : 588	-----
1918	-----	1897 : 407	-----	2099	-----	1897 : 421	-----

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Sec.	Added.	Amended.	Repealed.	Sec.	Added.	Amended.	Repealed.
2101			1897 : 421	3610	1899 : 97		
2105		1897 : 421		3617		1895 : 310	
2218		1895 : 36		3628		1895 : 311	
2292		1899 : 30		3630		1895 : 312	
2293		1899 : 30		3632		1901 : 647	
2298		1899 : 30		3633		1897 : 63	
2314		1897 : 209		3638		1901 : 648	
2460		1899 : 6		3640	1895 : 312		
2466½	1899 : 46			3647		1901 : 648	
2524		1900 : 9		3650		1895 : 312	
		1901 : 619		3651		1895 : 314	
2527		1900 : 19		3653		1895 : 314	
2568		1901 : 64		3654		1895 : 315	
2569	1901 : 66		1901 : 66	3655		1895 : 315	
2569½	1901 : 67			3656		1895 : 315	
2570		1899 : 89		3658		1895 : 316	
		1901 : 65				1901 : 50	
		1899 : 90		3659		1897 : 427	
2571		1901 : 65		3661		1895 : 316	
		1897 : 248		3662		1895 : 316	
2643		1901 : 661		3663		1895 : 316	
2644	1897 : 241			3664		1897 : 401, 427	
2647	1901 : 633			3665		1895 : 316	
2651	1901 : 655			3666		1895 : 317	
2712		1901 : 599		3667		1895 : 318	
2737		1897 : 217		3670		1895 : 318	
2745	1901 : 277			3678		1895 : 318	
2746	1901 : 277			3680	1895 : 319		
2747	1901 : 277			3681		1897 : 429	
2748	1901 : 278			3692		1895 : 319	
2749	1901 : 278			3693		1895 : 321	
2750	1901 : 278			3694		1895 : 321	
2751	1901 : 278			3704		1895 : 321	1901 : 51
2752	1901 : 279			3705		1895 : 322	
2753	1901 : 279			3713		1895 : 161	
2754	1901 : 279					1897 : 247	
2755	1901 : 279					1899 : 131	
2756	1901 : 279					1901 : 595	
2757	1901 : 280			3714		1895 : 322	
2758	1901 : 280			3719		1895 : 322	
2759	1901 : 280			3728		1895 : 322	
2760	1901 : 280					1897 : 429	
2761	1901 : 280			3730		1895 : 323	
2762	1901 : 280			3731		1895 : 323	
2763	1901 : 280			3732		1895 : 323	
2764	1901 : 281					1897 : 430	
2765	1901 : 281			3733			1895 : 323
2766	1901 : 281			3734		1895 : 323	
2767	1901 : 281					1897 : 430	
2768	1901 : 281			3736		1895 : 323	
2769	1901 : 281			3737	1897 : 430		1895 : 324
2770	1901 : 282			3738		1895 : 324	
2771	1901 : 282			3739	1897 : 431		
2772	1901 : 282			3746		1895 : 324	
2800		1895 : 196				1897 : 431	
2921	1899 : 234			3747		1895 : 324	
2979a	1901 : 99					1901 : 468	
3022½	1895 : 201			3748		1895 : 324	
3247	1897 : 208			3752		1895 : 325	
3366	1901 : 635			3756		1895 : 325	
3428			1897 : 427	3758		1895 : 325	
3453		1899 : 9				1897 : 431	
3466½	1899 : 46			3759		1895 : 326	
3472		1897 : 194		3762		1895 : 326	
3488		1901 : 329		3763		1897 : 432	
3493		1897 : 193		3764		1895 : 326	
3495		1897 : 450		3765		1895 : 18, 326	
3607		1895 : 310		3766		1895 : 326	
3608		1899 : 96		3767		1895 : 326	
3609	1899 : 96			3768			1895 : 327

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Sec.	Added.	Amended.	Repealed.	Sec.	Added.	Amended.	Repealed.
3770		1895 : 327		3818	1897 : 434	1895 : 334	1895 : 23
3771		1895 : 327		3819		1895 : 335	
3772		1895 : 327		3820		1895 : 335	
3773		1895 : 18	1895 : 327			1897 : 435	
3774			1895 : 19, 327	3821		1897 : 435	
3775			1895 : 19, 327	3823		1895 : 335	
3776	1897 : 432	1895 : 327	1895 : 19			1901 : 653	
3777	1897 : 432	1895 : 328	1895 : 19	3825		1897 : 435	
3778		1895 : 19	1895 : 328			1901 : 653	
3779			1895 : 19, 329	3826		1895 : 335	
3780		1895 : 19, 328		3829		1895 : 335	
3781		1895 : 19, 328		3830			1895 : 336
3782			1895 : 19	3831	1895 : 336		
3783			1895 : 19	3840		1895 : 336	
3784			1895 : 19	3841		1895 : 336	
3785		1895 : 19, 328		3843		1897 : 435	
		1901 : 52		3845		1897 : 435	
3787		1895 : 329		3854		1895 : 336	
3788		1895 : 20, 329		3858		1895 : 337	
3789		1895 : 330				1897 : 436	
3790		1895 : 330		3859	re-enacted 1901 : 653		
		1901 : 649					
3793		1895 : 330		3867		1895 : 337	
3797		1895 : 330		3870		1895 : 337	
3799		1895 : 330		3871		1895 : 337	
3800		1895 : 330		3873		1895 : 337	
3801	1895 : 21, 331	1897 : 432		3878		1895 : 337	
3803			1895 : 331	3881		1895 : 337	
3804		1895 : 331				1901 : 653	
		1901 : 648		3884		1901 : 654	
3805		1895 : 331		3886			1895 : 338
		1897 : 432		3888		1895 : 338	
		1901 : 649		3893			1895 : 338
3805a	1901 : 650		1895 : 332	3894			1895 : 338
3805b	1901 : 651			3895			1895 : 338
3808		1895 : 332		3896			1895 : 338
3810			1895 : 332	3897		1895 : 338	
3811			1895 : 332			1897 : 436	
3812			1895 : 332	3898		1895 : 338	
3813		1895 : 21, 332		3899		1895 : 23, 339	
3814		1895 : 332		3900		1895 : 339	
3815		1895 : 332		3951		1901 : 291	
3816		1895 : 21, 333		4083			1897 : 436
3817		1895 : 22, 333		4235		1895 : 52	
		1897 : 433		4428		1897 : 97	
		1901 : 651					

LIST OF STATUTES,

OTHER THAN THE FOUR CODES, REMAINING IN FORCE, AND OF THE AMENDMENTS THERETO, WITH REFERENCES TO DECISIONS RESPECTING THEIR CONSTITUTIONALITY.

NOTE.—From this table are excluded all statutes which can no longer be regarded as of any substantial effect, either because directly or impliedly repealed by the Codes or, though neither repealed by them nor otherwise, which have accomplished their purpose and have no other effect than to justify acts long since done by their authority, such as appropriation bills, grants of franchises, or of rights for a limited period, or directions or authorizations to perform acts which have doubtless already been done, or to contract obligations which have been satisfied, and statutes creating and providing for the government of municipal corporations which have become inoperative by the reincorporation of the same municipalities by or under subsequent statutes, either general or special.

1850.

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| 131 | 49 | Concerning lawful fences. Repealed as to many counties by the statute of 1855, p. 154, from which, however, Amador, Butte, Calaveras, Colusa, Klamath, Nevada, Placer, San Bernardino, San Diego, Santa Barbara, Shasta, Siskiyou, Trinity, Tuolumne, and Yuba counties were omitted. The statute of 1855 was afterward amended to include Butte, Calaveras, and Nevada. Special acts were passed relating to other counties, but the statute of 1850 has apparently not been repealed as to Amador, Klamath, San Diego, Santa Barbara, Siskiyou, and Trinity counties. |
| 273 | 117 | To provide for the incorporation of colleges. Amended 1855: 110; 1867-8: 69, 218; 1869-70: 419; 1873-4: 85; supplemented 1863: 775; 1871-2: 10. This and other acts relating to corporations were repealed by § 288 C. C., except that corporations pre-existing the code remain subject to the laws under which they were formed, but new corporations can not be created under such laws (<i>Murphy v. Pacific Bank</i> , 119 Cal. 334), and we apprehend that all amendments to them made after the enactments of the codes were invalid, or at least not applicable to any corporation formed after the adoption of that code, because they were to acts which had already been repealed. |
| 342 | 125 | To abolish all laws except those passed during the present session. |
| 347 | 128 | An act concerning corporations. Amended 1851: 424, 426; repealed 1851, p. 433, chap. 118, sec. 31; amended 1852: 168; 1853: 87, 140, 169; 1854: 162, 166; 1858: 57, 264; 1859: 87; 1861: 84; 1862: 17, 110, 125; 1863: 34, 747, 766; 1865-6: 748; 1869-70: 46, 402; 1871-2: 443; 1876: 730; supplemented 1862: 17; extended 1857: 75. See note above to page 273, chap. 117. |

1851.

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| 185 | 18 | Concerning costs in criminal actions removed before trial. <i>Needham v. Thresher</i> , 49 Cal. 392. |
| 307 | 41 | To provide for the disposition of certain property of the state. |
| 445 | 122 | To regulate rodeos. Amended 1852: 102; 1855: 163; 1858: 70; 1861: 180; 1865-6: 673; 1873-4: 793; supplemented 1858: 155. |
| 515 | 131 | Concerning judges of the plains. Amended 1857: 158; 1863: 497. |
| 523 | 138 | To provide for the formation of mutual insurance companies. See note to 1850, p. 273, chap. 117. |

1852.

- Page. Chap.
 147 75 To authorize persons engaged in the U. S. Coast Survey to enter upon lands within the state.
 150 77 Granting right of way for railroad from Atlantic to Pacific.
 158 82 Prescribing the mode of maintaining and defending possessory actions on public lands. Amended 1859: 94; 1861: 143. See Gray v. Dixon, 74 Cal. 508.
 160 83 Costs of suit against the state. Superseded by C. C. P. § 1038.
 166 92 Legalizing acknowledgments of deeds.
 171 98 To provide for the incorporation of water companies. See note to 1850, p. 273, chap. 117.

1853.

- 62 44 Miners' licenses. Amended 1854: 55; 1855: 216; 1856: 141; 1857: 60, 182, 360; 1858: 302; supplemented, 1866: 380. Doubtless unconstitutional, but see *People v. Naglee*, 1 Cal. 232; *Lin Sing v. Washburn*, 20 Cal. 544.
 87 65 To provide for the formation of corporations for certain purposes. Amended 1855: 205; 1857: 121; 1858: 133; 1859: 93; 1863: 736; 1863-4: 149; 1869-70: 132, 364; 1871-2: 526. See note to 1850, p. 273, chap. 117.
 114 73 To provide for the formation of wagon road corporations. Amended 1856: 71. See chap. 65; also note last referred to.
 169 121 To provide for the formation of plank or turnpike corporations. Amended 1854: 160; 1857: 171, 280; 1858: 145, 265. See chap. 65.
 219 160 To provide for the sale of the interest of the state in property within the water front line in San Francisco. Supplemented 1855: 226; 1858: 139. Unconstitutional in part (*Guy v. Hermaner*, 5 Cal. 73).
 274 175 Amending act relating to corporations. See note to 1850, chap. 117.

1854.

- 21 9 To provide for permanent location of seat of government at Sacramento. Superseded by const., art. XX, sec. 1.
 76 57 To create a board of commissioners and the office of overseer to regulate watercourses. (Applies only to Contra Costa, Colusa, Los Angeles, Napa, San Bernardino, San Diego, Santa Barbara, Solano, and Tulare counties.) Amended 1857: 29; 1860: 335; 1861: 31; 1862: 235.

1855.

- 145 119 To protect owners of crops, buildings, and improvements in the mining districts. Unconstitutional in part (*Gillam v. Hutchinson*, 16 Cal. 153).
 154 129 Concerning lawful fences. Amended 1858: 123; 1861: 510, 513; 1863-4: 465; 1877-8: 765; supplemented 1860: 141.

1856.

- 54 47 For the protection of actual settlers and to quiet title to lands. In many respects unconstitutional (*Billings v. Hall*, 7 Cal. 1; *Lathrop v. Mills*, 19 Cal. 513; *Pioche v. Paul*, 22 Cal. 105); and the parts not unconstitutional are probably superseded by the codes.
 139 118 Authorizing transcribing of records in Yuba county.
 206 135 Concerning the war debt of the state.
 223 142 To aid officers in the Indian department. Amended 1857: 186. The above-named statute is mentioned by the Code Commissioners at § 1346 without anything to indicate that they suppose it to be repealed by any of the codes. If, however, as is indicated by the note to § 6 of the Penal Code, that section was intended to enumerate every act or omission made punishable, then this statute must have been substantially, if not absolutely, repealed by that code.

1857.

- 75 80 To further extend the act concerning corporations. See note to 1850, p. 273, chap. 117.
 76 82 To cede property to Eureka.
 121 110 Supplemental to act for formation of corporations. See note to 1850, p. 273, chap. 117.
 155 122 Granting swamp lands to Sacramento city.
 159 135 Legalizing records of Solano county.
 171 147 To authorize formation of plank road corporations. See note to 1850, p. 273, chap. 117.

1857—Continued.

Page.	Chap.	
200	177	To legalize certain conveyances.
227	194	Restricting the herding of sheep in Sonoma and Marin counties. Amended 1858: 165; 1859: 119; 1860: 332; 1869-70: 304; 1871-2: 890; 1877-8: 79.
228	195	Concerning certain records of San Joaquin county.
229	197	Incorporating Yreka. Amended 1860: 313; superseded by incorporating in 1888 under the statute of 1883.

1858.

7	9	Incorporating town of Union. Amended 1869-70: 414; 1873-4: 280. <i>Note</i> .—This is now Arcata; 1860: 109.
40	56	Fences in Contra Costa county. Supplemented 1861: 277.
57	68	Further extending act concerning corporations. Amended and supplemented 1858: 264. See note to 1850, p. 273, chap. 117.
65	82	Transcribing records of Napa county from Solano and Sonoma.
84	103	Legalizing conveyances made by the commissioners of the sinking fund.
108	143	Recorder of Butte county to make copies of certain records.
123	166	Concerning lawful fences in Marin county.
155	193	Supplemental to act concerning rodeos.
205	244	Authorizing transcribing of records in Sutter county.
207	248	Incorporating Coloma.
218	262	Incorporation of water companies. Amended 1861: 228. See note to 1850, p. 273, chap. 117.
264	298	Supplementary to act of 1850 concerning corporations. See 1850, p. 273, chap. 117.
345	358	For the better protection of settlers on public lands.

1859.

24	35	Authorizing location of townsite of Crescent City. Amended, 1860: 279; 1862: 226.
26	36	Providing for the relinquishment to the United States of lands required for military or naval purposes.
66	85	Authorizing transcribing records in Solano county.
93	98	Supplemental to act of 1850 concerning corporations. See 1850, p. 273, chap. 117.
119	120	Authorizing transcribing records in Butte county.
149	147	To prevent stallions from running at large in Sacramento county. Extended and amended 1860: 107; 1865-6: 327; 1867-8: 70; 1869-70: 68; 1873-4: 228; as to penal clauses, repealed by § 6, Penal Code; and as to other provisions, probably repealed by estray law of 1897, p. 198, and 1901, p. 603.
151	150	Authorizing transcribing records of Tehama county from the records of Colusa county.
212	201	To legalize certain acknowledgments.
214	205	To improve the navigation of Petaluma creek. Amended 1865-6: 525.
263	262	Authorizing counties to become stockholders in railroad companies. Amended 1860: 208. Repealed by const., art. IV, sec. 31.
279	266	Concerning lawful fences in San Bernardino, Colusa, Shasta, Tehama, and Placer counties. Extended to Yuba county, 1863: 357.
281	267	Authorizing incorporation of rural cemetery associations. Amended 1863-4: 12; 1891: 264; 1899: 36. See 1850, p. 273, chap. 117.
298	272	Regulating salmon fisheries on Eel river.
334	305	Ceding jurisdiction to the United States over lands near Lime Point.

1860.

11	21	Authorizing transcribing of records in San Luis Obispo county.
16	29	For relief of purchasers at sales made by public administrators.
82	112	Legalizing records in San Bernardino county.
109	141	Authorizing transcribing of records in Sonoma county.
141	173	Lawful fences, supplementing statute concerning.
155	190	Authorizing American Water and Mining Company to extend its works. Amended 1871-2: 471.
175	212	Providing for conveyance of mining claims. Amended 1863: 98; probably repealed by § 1091, etc., C. C. If not, then modified as to corporations by 1880: 131.
182	220	Board of water commissioners for Merced county.
207	238	Legalizing acts of public administrator of Yolo county.
287	308	Providing for disposal of lots in towns on the public lands in Mendocino county. Superseded by 1867-8: 487.

1861.

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41	51	In reference to corporations organized to mine outside of the State. Doubtless repealed by § 288 C. C., except as to pre-existing corporations. See 1850, p. 73, chap. 117.
121	129	For the relief of Marin county.
139	142	Concerning officers. Repealed by Pol. C. § 831.
153	156	Incorporating Grass Valley. Amended 1862:98; 1863-4:57; 1865-6:363; 1869-70:16, 47; 1877-8:192; repealed by new charter 1893:628.
180	187	Amending the act relating to rodeos.
183	190	For the appointment of commissioners in equity. Repealed by Political Code and Code of Civil Procedure.
277	281	Fences in Contra Costa county, supplementing statute of 1858.
371	365	Legalizing grants of lands in city of Santa Barbara. Supplemented 1862:495; amended 1863:47.
380	375	Concerning telegraphic messages. Superseded by statute of 1862:238.
507	448	Legalizing certain records of Santa Clara county.
516	453	Fences. Amending and supplementing statute of 1855.
523	468	To restrict the herding of sheep. Amended 1865-6:56.
533	485	For the protection of water companies. Superseded by Penal Code. See §§ 499, 592, 607, 625.
567	503	To authorize formation of homestead corporations. Repealed. See 1850, p. 273, chap. 117.
607	532	To provide for incorporation of railroad companies. Repealed. See 1850, p. 273, chap. 117.

1862.

52	62	Authorizing transcribing of records in Shasta county. Amended 1863:21.
53	63	Authorizing transcribing of records in Sonoma county.
151	158	Concerning construction and repair of levees in Sacramento county. Amended 1862:455, 548; 1863:468.
164	165	Authorizing transcribing of records in Trinity county. Amended 1863, 22.
199	187	For the formation of savings corporations. Amended 1863-4:158, 531; 1865-6:626; 1869-70:130; 1871-2:132; supplemented 1867-8:459, but repealed by § 288, C. C.; and even as to pre-existing corporations modified by the codes and the constitution. (McGowan v. McDonald, 111 Cal. 57.)
217	203	Relating to commissioners of the funded debt of San Francisco. Amended 1863:69; time extended 1863-4:474.
288	262	For regulating telegraphs, etc. Amended 1863-4:232; as to penal provisions superseded by Penal Code (see §§ 619-621, 680; C. C. § 1017); but § 17, relating to contracts and communications, probably remains in force.
490	369	To restrict the herding of sheep in certain counties.
498	371	Supplementing statute concerning railway corporations. Repealed by § 288, C. C. See 1850, p. 273, chap. 117.
540	417	Authorizing incorporation of canal companies. Amended 1865-6:53, 604, 786; 1867-8:134. See 1850, p. 273, chap. 117.
552	432	Granting to United States all lands within Indian reservations.

1863.

11	8	Concerning Spanish records in Santa Clara county.
101	94	Concerning Independent Order of Good Templars. See § 288 C. C.
211	160	Reincorporating Placerville. Amended 1863-4:493; 1871-2:431.
326	244	Authorizing relocation of route of Central Pacific Railway.
357	274	Lawful fences in Yuba County. Repealed 1871-2:700, chap. 472.
359	278	Providing for the retention of the hides of slaughtered cattle in certain counties. Amended 1863-4:261; probably superseded by 1893:325.
487	325	Authorizing conveyances to South San Francisco Homestead and Railroad Association.
560	362	Conferring further powers on board of supervisors of San Francisco. Remained in force (San Francisco v. Kiernan, 98 Cal. 614) until superseded by the charter of that city (1899:309).
624	464	Concerning library associations. Amended 1869-70:366; repealed by § 288 C. C. See 1850, p. 273, chap. 117.

1863-4.

76	76	Authorizing mining corporations to change their place of business. Superseded by § 321 C. C., enacted 1875-6.
84	83	Legalizing records of Placer county.
87	89	Board of water commissioners for San Bernardino county. Amended 1865-6:93.

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109	120	Authorizing mining companies of Aurora, Nevada, to remove their place of business to California.
167	174	Board of commissioners for Kaweah river, Tulare county. Amended 1865-6: 314.
187	187	To legalize acts of county recorders and auditors.
303	295	Concerning corporations, legalizing defects in incorporation.
318	310	Lawful fences in Nevada county.
344	320	To aid construction of Central Pacific Railroad.
441	388	Incorporating Markleeville.
443	389	To settle land titles in the town of Branciforte, Santa Cruz county.
463	407	To authorize sale and conveyance of lands in San Francisco to Golden City Homestead Association.
471	417	To aid in carrying out the provisions of the Pacific railroad and telegraph act of congress.
475	424	Lawful fences in Tuolumne county.
482	436	Authorizing sale and conveyance of lands in San Francisco to North San Francisco Homestead and Railroad Association.
500	452	Transcribing records of Napa county.

1865-6.

23	37	Supplementary to the act concerning corporations. Repealed except as to corporations existing prior to the adoption of the codes by § 288 C. C.
66	91	Concerning costs in San Francisco. Amended 1871-2: 93; perhaps in force as to plaintiff's costs (Fanning v. Leviston, 93 Cal. 188; Golden G. L. Co. v. Sahrbacher, 105 Cal. 114); repealed 1895, p. 267 (Miller v. Curry, 113 Cal. 644), as to fees named in that act.
79	98	For the protection of property in San Francisco from conflagration, and conferring powers on underwriters. Amended 1867-8: 280; superseded by charter of San Francisco, art. IX, chap. 5.
102	120	Providing for the construction of a telegraph line between the Atlantic and the Pacific.
107	124	To settle land titles in Benicia.
163	183	Apportioning the fees between district attorneys and their successors. Amended 1865-6: 325; superseded by county government and other acts requiring officers to pay their fees into the county treasury.
191	198	Authorizing executors of Joseph L. Folsom to sell and convey real estate.
214	214	For establishing and maintaining an almshouse in San Francisco. Amended 1867-8: 427; superseded by the charter of that city.
216	216	Incorporating San Buenaventura. Superseded by 1873-4: 54, reincorporating.
308	276	Providing for the construction of a telegraph line from San José to San Bernardino. Amended 1867-8: 530.
312	281	Providing for the preservation of papers relating to Spanish land claims.
322	289	For the better protection of stockraisers in Fresno, Tulare, Monterey, and Mariposa counties. See 1893: 235.
332	301	Concerning marks and brands in Siskiyou county.
372	325	Incorporating town of Meadow Lake.
451	368	To develop agricultural interests and aid the construction of a canal in Colusa, Solano, and Yolo counties.
458	376	Concerning assessments of stock in corporations. Supplemented 1869-70: 229. In force only as to corporations existing before the codes (§ 228 C. C.).
469	386	Providing for the formation of chambers of commerce, boards of trade, mechanics' institutes, etc. Amended 1867-8: 5; 1885: 76, but repealed by § 288 C. C. See 1850, p. 273, chap. 117.
609	470	Creating board of water commissioners for Siskiyou county.
637	498	To prevent destruction of fish in Bolinas bay.
638	500	Legalizing proceedings of trustees of town of Santa Barbara.
673	518	Supplemental act concerning rodeos. Repealed as to Fresno, 1873-4: 793.
687	525	Authorizing sales and conveyances by commissioners of the funded debt of San Francisco.
743	543	Relating to fire and marine insurance companies. Amended 1867-8: 330. Repealed by § 288 C. C. See 1850, p. 273, chap. 117.
752	546	Providing for incorporation of mutual insurance companies. Amended 1867-8: 330, 661; 1880: 229, but repealed by § 288 C. C. See 1850, p. 273, chap. 117.
777	556	Creating board of water commissioners for Fresno county. Amended 1875-6: 547.
824	596	In relation to probate sales. Unconstitutional (Pryor v. Downey, 50 Cal. 388).
848	621	Concerning oyster beds. Repealed 1873-4: 940.
855	630	Granting rights of way for highways.
857	633	Concerning trout in Siskiyou county. Modified by Penal Code, §§ 628, 632.

1867-8.

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- 3 14 Authorizing trustees of the city of San Diego to convey lands to the United States.
- 13 22 To prevent destruction of fish in Napa river and Sonoma creek. Amended 1871-2: 441.
- 112 85 Concerning water ditches and privileges in Tulare county.
- 127 149 To provide for the drainage of Sacramento city, and of swamp land district number two. Amended 1869-70: 127; 1871-2: 854.
- 148 172 For the payment of street assessments against the property of the United States in San Francisco. Repealed by the charter of that city (art. VI, chap. 2, sec. 8).
- 201 208 Concerning ancient Jewish order of Keshet shel Barsel. Repealed, § 288 C. C. See 1850, p. 273, chap. 117.
- 204 214 Providing for the incorporation of institutions of learning, science, and art. Repealed, § 288 C. C. See 1850, p. 273, chap. 117.
- 245 243 To settle title to lands in San Luis Obispo county.
- 248 245 To create and organize the University of California. Amended 1871-2: 655; probably repealed by the code, but if so, revived and made irrepealable by sec. 9, art. IX, of the constitution of 1879.
- 310 288 Concerning order of B'nai B'rith. Repealed by § 288 C. C. See 1850, p. 273, chap. 117.
- 316 293 To provide for the protection of certain lands in Sutter county from overflow. Amended 1871-2: 307; supplemented 1871-2: 734. Unconstitutional as to § 21 (Brandenstein v. Hoke, 101 Cal. 131; Wilson v. Supervisors, 47 Cal. 91).
- 323 296 Prescribing conditions for transacting insurance business. Supplemented 1869-70: 321; repealed, except as to pre-existing corporations, by § 288 C. C.
- 335 299 Ceding lands to Crescent City. Amended 1869-70: 131.
- 355 315 To provide for an open canal through Channel street in San Francisco.
- 356 317 Declaring Islais creek in San Francisco navigable. Repealed by § 2349, Pol. C.; jurisdiction given to Harbor Commissioners (sec. 2, stat. 1877-8, p. 263).
- 379 331 Confirming order 800, quieting title to lands in San Francisco. See also 1867-8: 410.
- 383 332 Reincorporating Petaluma. Amended 1871-2: 48; 1873-4: 23, 357, 703, 865; 1875-6: 288; superseded in 1884 by incorporating under the statute of 1883.
- 411 343 Incorporating Redwood City. Amended 1869-70: 364; 1871-2: 712, 742; superseded by incorporating in 1897 under the statute of 1883.
- 459 372 Supplemental to the act for formation of savings corporations. Repealed by § 288 C. C. See 1850, p. 273, chap. 117.
- 487 401 Authorizing town authorities to execute certain trusts. Amended 1871-2: 237; 1897: 3.
- 554 431 For the better protection of the state treasury. Doubtless superseded by § 457, Pol. C., but nevertheless amended by statute of 1895, p. 55, chap. 54.
- 655 483 Giving effect to the act of congress relating to the California and Oregon Railroad Company.
- 671 499 Granting certain rights and privileges to California Pacific Railroad Company.
- 688 522 Incorporating Watsonville. Amended 1873-4: 43; 1875-6: 511; 1877-8: 363; superseded by incorporating in 1889 under the statute of 1883.
- 692 523 Authorizing the county judges to execute certain trusts in relation to town lands. Amended 1873-4: 37; 1885: 115.

1869-70.

- 64 58 To legalize the name of Lake Bigler.
- 71 72 Authorizing the incorporation of yacht clubs. Repealed by § 288 C. C. See note to 1850, p. 273, chap. 117.
- 107 116 Relating to certificates of incorporation. Repealed by § 288 C. C. See note to 1850, p. 273, chap. 117.
- 148 144 To regulate fees and salaries of certain officers. Amended 1869-70: 677, 680; 1871-2: 140, 178, 188, 219, 910; 1873-4: 102, 204, 212, 885; 1875-6: 134; 1877-8: 134, 738. Repealed, as to the salaries and fees therein named, by the various county government acts, commencing with 1883: 299, and ending with 1897: 452; repealed by fee bill of 1895: 267, as to the officers therein named; also repealed as to sundry counties by special acts relating to them. (Swinerton v. Monterey Co., 76 Cal. 115; Sacramento Co. v. Colgan, 114 Cal. 246; County of Yolo v. Colgan, 132 Cal. 265.)
- 198 145 Regulating fees and salaries in El Dorado county. Amended 1869-70: 747; 1871-2: 412, 592, 894; 1873-4: 710. Repealed as to the fees and salaries therein named by the various county government acts and the fee bill of 1895: 267.
- 213 146 Confirming ordinance 840 of supervisors of San Francisco.
- 235 173 To provide a law library in San Francisco. Amended 1880: 40. See chap. IX, art. V, charter of San Francisco, 1899: 284.

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241	175	Regulation of sailor boarding-houses and shipping offices in San Francisco.
245	176	Incorporating town of San Juan. Superseded by incorporating, in 1896, under the statute of 1883.
249	179	Regulating fees and salaries in Siskiyou county. Amended 1873-4: 188, 719. See note to p. 148, chap. 144, of this year.
263	180	Incorporating Gilroy. Amended 1871-2: 356; 1875-6: 724.
285	186	In relation to the county officers of Sierra county. See note to p. 148, chap. 144.
325	224	To prevent destruction of fish and game in the waters of Lake Merritt, Alameda county.
352	248	Legalizing applications to purchase state lands.
353	249	To expedite the settlement of land titles in San Francisco.
364	254	Supplemental to an act concerning corporations. Repealed by § 288 C. C. See note to 1850, p. 273, chap. 117.
339	271	Concerning county clerk and surveyor in Los Angeles county. See note to p. 148, chap. 144.
409	310	Legalizing conveyances of pueblo lands in San Diego.
413	313	Legalizing proceedings of city of Sonoma relating to pueblo lands.
437	333	Regulating fees and salaries in San Luis Obispo county. Amended 1871-2: 425; 1875-6: 912. See note to p. 148, chap. 144.
471	354	Incorporating town of Hornitos.
473	356	Defining limits of Santa Rosa.
523	380	For the formation of savings, etc., associations. Repealed by § 288 C. C. See note to 1850, p. 273, chap. 117.
562	400	Incorporating the fire department of San José. See charter of that city, 1897: 624.
582	422	Concerning records in Sonoma county in a foreign language.
584	425	Lawful fences in El Dorado county.
585	426	Home of Inebriates in San Francisco. Repealed 1895: 76, 201.
645	443	Concerning watercourses in the city of Los Angeles.
660	454	Authorizing incorporation of canal companies. Supplemented 1871-2: 732, but repealed, except as to pre-existing corporations, by § 288 C. C.
666	458	Legalizing grants of town lands in Santa Barbara county.
668	460	For the endowment of the University of California.
686	470	Incorporating Brooklyn. Amended 1871-2: 409.
723	494	To secure a lien on livestock kept, fed, or pastured. (Johnson v. Perry, 53 Cal. 351.)
726	497	Concerning societies of Improved Order of Red Men. See note to 1850, p. 273, chap. 117.
779	522	Transcribing records of Santa Clara county.
802	538	Providing for improvement of public parks in San Francisco. Amended 1871-2: 706; superseded by charter of San Francisco, 1899: 354.
815	548	Concerning gas companies. Repealed 1895: 191 (Const., art. XI, sec. 19).
822	553	Corporations for trading, manufacturing, mechanical, and other lawful purposes. Repealed by § 288 C. C. See note to 1850, p. 273, chap. 117.
881	578	Concerning foreign corporations. In many respects superseded by 1871-2: 826, as amended by 1889: 111.
883	579	Giving effect to act of congress relating to the Southern Pacific Railroad Company.

1871-2.

4	4	Alameda county road tax in Oakland. Superseded. Road taxes can no longer be levied within municipal corporations. (Co. Gov. Act, 1897: 466. Miller v. County of Kern, 24 Cal. Dec. 478.)
5	6	Petaluma, city of, powers and duties of board of education of. §§ 5 and 15 amended, and §§ 16 and 17 repealed, 1875-6: 121. Two sections numbered 16 and 17 added, 1877-8: 291. This city was reincorporated in 1884 under the statute of 1883.
10	7	Sonoma, city of, defining boundaries. Superseded by incorporation of the city under Mun. Gov. Act of 1883.
10	8	Colleges, incorporation of, supplementing act of April 20, 1850, p. 117, all sections of which supplement were amended 1873-4: 85, but the original act was repealed by C. C. § 649, etc.
11	9	Chico, statute incorporating. Amended 1871-2: 248; amended and supplemented 1873-4: 213; further amendments and supplemental matters, 1875-6: 22; 1877-8: 456; 1887: 63. Superseded by incorporating in 1895, under Mun. Gov. Act of 1883.
21	17	Merced county, public administrator, bonds of. Superseded by Co. Gov. Act, 1897: 475.
24	20	Notaries public for Solano county. Superseded by Pol. C. § 791.
33	28	Notaries public, additional for Placer county. Superseded by Pol. C. § 791.
35	32	Stanislaus county, superintendent of schools, act to provide office for.
35	33	San Luis Obispo county; county and probate courts, fixing terms of. Repealed by amendment to codes, 1877-8: 94.

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36	35	Butte county, additional notaries public. Repealed by Pol. C. § 791.
37	36	Los Angeles county grand jurors, fees of. Probably repealed by the provisions of the constitution dispensing with county courts; or, at all events, superseded by the fee bill of 1895:273, providing for jurors' fees. (Miller v. Curry, 113 Cal. 644; Hilton v. Curry, 124 Cal. 84.)
38	38	Controller authorized to issue duplicate warrants to O. P. Fitzgerald. Repealed 1871-2: 537.
46	46	Contra Costa county, additional notaries public for. Superseded by Pol. C. § 791.
46	47	San Francisco, additional fees for city and county attorney and his assistants. Superseded by § 12, 1885: 157.
50	53	Municipal Corporations Act, enabling them to annex adjacent property. Repealed 1873-4: 535.
54	58	State board of examiners to invest certain moneys. Repealed 1883: 25.
55	59	State geological survey, distribution of reports of. Supplemented 1871-2: 924.
58	61	San Francisco county clerk, act in relation to. See charter of San Francisco, sec. 14, art. XVI, and sec. 3, chap. 6, art. V.
59	62	Life insurance, forfeiture of policies of, act regulating. Repealed by amendment to codes 1877-8: 83.
62	67	Los Angeles, county judge, salary of. Repealed by constitution of 1879, which abolished the office.
63	68	To provide for the keeping of stallions and jacks.
65	71	Plumas county, concerning highways. Repealed 1873-4: 306.
72	73	Yuba county, roads and highways of. Repealed 1873-4: 11.
75	75	Oakland, legalizing ordinances of.
76	76	San Francisco, concerning acts of county clerk. Attempted to be superseded by 1880, p. 20, chap. 26, as amended 1891, p. 5, chap. 7, but they were unconstitutional (San Francisco v. Broderick, 125 Cal. 188); but now superseded by charter of that city.
78	77	Santa Barbara, legalizing all proceedings of.
80	80	Naturalization, provision for indexing names of persons naturalized. § 1 probably in force; § 2 superseded by the fee bill of 1895: 267.
81	81	Coroners, physicians, summoning and compensation of. As to § 1, superseded by Co. Gov. Act, 1897: 490, § 142.
85	88	Sonora, city of, authorizing establishment of fire department.
87	90	Authorizing telegraph between Los Angeles and Wilmington.
92	95	To encourage destruction of squirrels, etc., in counties of Los Angeles, Napa, Merced, San Bernardino, and Santa Cruz. Repealed as to Los Angeles, 1873-4: 34; as to Santa Cruz, 1873-4: 129; as to San Bernardino, 1873-4: 691; as to Napa, 1877-8: 569; in toto, 1880: 108.
94	99	Regulating proceedings in civil cases in justices' courts in San Francisco. Repealed by C. C. P. § 95.
95	100	Sonoma county, additional notaries public. Repealed by Pol. C. § 791.
95	101	San Mateo county, fixing terms of court of. Repealed by amendments to codes, 1877-8: 94.
96	102	Forest fires on public lands, act to prevent destruction by.
97	104	Telegraphic communication between America and Asia, act to facilitate.
98	106	Colusa county, additional tax for judges' and district attorneys' salary fund. Probably rendered inoperative by the constitution, which abolished the office of county judge.
99	107	Trespassing animals in the counties of Los Angeles, San Diego, and Monterey. Repealed as to Monterey county, 1871-2: 566; extended to Inyo county, 1871-2, p. 668, chap. 450; repealed 1897: 198, and 1901: 603, relating to estrays.
102	109	Mocking-birds, act to prevent destruction of.
105	112	Humboldt county, concerning roads of. Amended 1873-4: 103; modified, if not superseded, by Co. Gov. Act, 1897: 452, and by § 2, stats. 1883, p. 5, chap. 10.
108	113	Wilmington, incorporating town of. Amended 1871-2: 446; §§ 8 and 16 repealed 1887: 109.
116	114	Judicial districts, act creating 18th. Amended 1875-6: 311; superseded by the constitution of 1879.
117	115	San Joaquin river and Stockton slough, declaring navigable. Superseded by Pol. C. § 2349, as amended 1891: 96.
118	117	State board of examiners, controller, and treasurer, prescribing duties of.
121	118	Military academies, act to furnish arms to.
128	123	Los Angeles, amendatory of charter of. Amended 1871-2: 623; superseded by charter, 1889: 456.
134	128	Santa Barbara and San Luis Obispo counties, concerning roads in. Amended 1871-2: 690; repealed 1873-4: 30.
137	130	School lands, act to legalize payments for.
141	134	Kern county, regulating traveling fees of sheriff of. Amended 1875-6: 45; repealed 1878: 559.

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142	135	Placer county, providing for location, construction, and maintenance of highways. Repealed 1883, p. 5, chap. 10, sec. 2.
153	138	Los Angeles, city of, creating board of education and authorizing common council to issue bonds for special school building fund. Superseded by charter of Los Angeles, 1889: 456.
157	141	Shasta, town of, act to prevent hogs from running at large. Amended by extending to Redding in Shasta county, and Modesto in Stanislaus county, 1877-8: 585.
158	142	Contra Costa county, fixing bonds of sheriff of. Superseded by Co. Gov. Act, 1897: 475, § 66.
158	143	Los Angeles county, concerning compensation of certain officers of. Amended 1873-4: 342, 348; superseded and in effect repealed by the Co. Gov. Act, 1897: 496, § 159, as amended 1901: 690.
159	144	Humboldt county, additional notaries public. Superseded by Pol. C. § 791.
160	145	Calaveras county, providing for location, construction, and maintenance of public roads. Repealed 1873-4: 358.
164	146	Cloverdale, incorporating. Amended 1873-4: 550; 1875-6: 171; superseded by incorporating under Mun. Gov. Act of 1883.
169	147	Humboldt county, fixing compensation of treasurer and assessor. Superseded and in effect repealed by Co. Gov. Act, 1897: 518, § 168, as amended 1901: 721.
169	148	Del Norte county, provision for care of indigent sick of. Superseded by subdivisions 5 and 6, sec. 25, Co. Gov. Act, 1897: 458, and 1901: 636.
170	149	Contra Costa county, public administrator authorized to act as coroner. Probably repealed by Co. Gov. Act, 1897: 473, § 55.
172	153	Amador county, supervisors authorized to levy an additional tax. Superseded by the general powers given by the county government acts.
177	158	Calaveras county, supplementing act to regulate fees and salaries and define duties of certain officers. Superseded by the Co. Gov. Act, 1897: 452.
182	161	Terms of county and probate courts. Repealed by code amendments, 1877-8: 95.
183	162	Stanislaus county, regulating salary of treasurer of. Superseded by Co. Gov. Act, 1897: 550, § 191, as amended 1901: 171.
183	163	Contra Costa county, concerning bonds of public administrator. Superseded by Co. Gov. Act, 1897: 475, § 66.
184	164	San Francisco, additional notaries public. Repealed by Pol. C. § 791.
184	165	Seduction, act to punish.
189	169	Lassen county, fixing salaries of district attorney of. Repealed by Co. Gov. Act, 1897: 567, § 209.
191	173	San Diego county, providing for government of. Amended 1874: 221; certainly modified and probably repealed by Co. Gov. Act, 1897: 452.
203	174	Sonoma county, act relating to fence and pound districts in. Superseded as to pounds by sub. 14, sec. 25, Co. Gov. Act, 1897: 463.
212	178	Santa Clara county, regulating fees of county clerk. Amended 1875-6: 402; repealed by fee bill, 1895: 267. (Miller v. Curry, 113 Cal. 644.)
214	179	Thistle, Scotch or Canada, act to prevent propagation of in certain counties.
216	181	Sacramento county, defining powers of board of supervisors of. Repealed by Co. Gov. Act, 1897: 452.
220	185	San Luis Obispo, town of, act reincorporating. Amended 1871-2: 434; 1873-4: 328; superseded by incorporating under Mun. Gov. Act of 1883.
231	188	Minors, act to prevent sale of intoxicating drinks to. Superseded 1891: 91.
233	191	Butte county, providing for the payment of fees for witnesses, and jurors. Amended 1873-4: 508; repealed by fee bill, 1895: 273, fixing jurors, and witnesses' fees.
238	198	San Diego county, additional notaries public. Superseded by Pol. C. § 791.
239	200	Sonoma, city of, authorizing sale of certain pueblo lands.
251	209	Santa Clara, town of, act to reincorporate. Amended and sections added, 1873-4: 591.
270	210	Butte county, concerning salary of county assessor of. Repealed by Co. Gov. Act, 1897: 523, § 171.
276	216	Alameda, town of, act to incorporate. Amended and supplemented 1874: 448; 1876: 367; repealed 1877-8, p. 89, chap. 79.
282	218	Act to more fully define the crime of larceny. See § 495, Pen. C.
283	219	To establish, maintain, and protect a public ford across Stanislaus river.
285	221	San Diego, city of, act to reincorporate. Repealed 1875-6: 815.
297	224	San Mateo, providing for construction and improvement of highways in. Repealed 1883, p. 5, chap. 10, sec. 2.
301	226	Act creating and defining certain judicial districts. Superseded by the constitution abolishing district courts.
304	227	Act to prevent hunting on private grounds. Amended 1873-4: 792.
304	228	Plumas county, additional notaries in. Superseded by Pol. C. § 791.
305	229	Napa county, act defining northern boundary of.
306	230	Santa Clara, town of, act authorizing corporate authorities to take and hold in trust certain lands.

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307	231	Act declaring a certain creek in Washington township, Alameda county, navigable. Probably repealed by Pol. C. § 2549, as amended 1891.
309	234	San Diego, city of, act to legalize, ratify, and confirm certain conveyances of land made by municipal authorities of.
316	239	Monterey county, fixing salary of superintendent of common schools of. Repealed by Co. Gov. Act, 1897: 526, § 173.
316	240	Supplementing act to define and establish boundary line between the counties of Inyo and Mono.
319	244	Respecting limitation of actions. Superseded by C. C. P. § 348.
322	248	Butte county, concerning roads in. Amended 1871-2, 693. Repealed 1883, p. 5, chap. 10, sec. 2.
331	252	Santa Cruz county, act to regulate fees of sheriff. Repealed by fee bill, 1895: 269.
333	254	Act to reincorporate the city of San José. Repealed 1873-4: 419.
355	255	Act to continue the geological survey of the State of California. Probably intended to be repealed by 1873-4, p. 694, chap. 463.
362	263	San Bernardino, town of, granting to, State's interest in certain lands.
363	264	Authorizing trustees of Associated Veterans of Mexican War to exchange certain lands. Amended 1881: 66.
364	265	Determining who must act as chief justice of the supreme court. Superseded by the constitution of 1879.
365	266	San José, authorizing to issue bonds to provide for sewerage of said city. Repealed 1873-4: 764.
370	269	Santa Clara county, Santa Clara avenue, providing for opening and improving. Amended 1873-4: 538; repealed 1877-8: 291.
372	270	El Dorado county, roads and highways in. Amended 1873-4: 771; repealed 1883, p. 5, chap. 10, sec. 2.
377	271	To remedy defects in certain county records.
377	272	El Dorado county, providing for election of treasurer and collector and fixing their compensation. Superseded by Co. Gov. Act, 1897: 452, §§ 55, 190.
380	275	Trinity county, fixing salary of members of board of supervisors. Repealed by Co. Gov. Act, 1897: 568, § 210.
380	276	Adultery, act to punish.
382	278	Putting into immediate effect certain parts of the Political and Penal Codes.
384	280	Preventing persons passing through inclosures and leaving them open, and tearing down fences. See § 7, 1875-6: 408; 1877-8: 49, 776.
385	283	Siskiyou county, preservation of fish in waters of. Probably superseded by the general laws upon the subject. See Pen. C. §§ 635, 636, 636a.
387	285	Fort Jones, incorporation of.
391	289	Regulating practice in supreme court. Superseded by the constitution of 1879.
392	290	Concerning service of summons upon absent defendants. Repealed 1873-4: 495.
393	292	Providing for the more effectual prevention of cruelty to animals. Repealed 1873-4: 502.
397	294	Santa Cruz county, authorizing condemnation of lands for road purposes. Probably superseded by the provisions of subdivisions 4, 7, and 37 of § 25, Co. Gov. Act, 1897: 457.
400	296	Providing for appointment of a reporter in first judicial district. Repealed by the abolition of district courts by constitution of 1879.
401	297	Defining time for commencing civil actions, supplementing act of April 22, 1850. Codified and superseded by C. C. P. § 348.
403	299	San Francisco, relative to coroners in. Amended 1873-4: 908; 1875-6: 397; modified as to appointees by sec. 2, chap. VI, art. IV, charter of San Francisco; superseded as to coroners generally by Co. Gov. Act, 1897: 490. See Kuhlman v. Superior Court, 122 Cal. 636.
411	302	Yolo county, restricting the hunting of game in. Probably superseded by the general laws on the subject. See Pen. C. §§ 635, 636, 636a.
413	305	For the protection of miners.
415	308	Santa Clara county, providing for opening of Santa Clara and Saratoga avenues. Repealed 1873-4: 556. Unconstitutional (Williams v. Corcoran, 46 Cal. 553).
419	310	Monterey county, fees of sheriffs of. Repealed by Co. Gov. Act, 1897: 526, § 175.
432	317	Alameda county, to encourage destruction of gophers and squirrels in. Superseded by sub. 26, sec. 25, Co. Gov. Act, 1897: 465.
432	318	Central Pacific Railroad Company, act for relief of.
434	321	Napa county, estrays in. Repealed 1873-4: 705.
435	322	Concerning crimes and punishments, supplementing act of April 16, 1850. Remains in force (People v. Salvador, 71 Cal. 16).
437	324	Napa county, in reference to county assessor. Superseded by Co. Gov. Act, 1897: 532, § 180.
438	326	Knight's Landing, to prevent hogs and goats running at large in. Probably repealed by § 9, statute of 1897, p. 198.

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440	330	Santa Cruz, in relation to office of district attorney of. Repealed by Co. Gov. Act, 1897: 523, § 171.
441	331	Lake county, concerning salary of district attorney. Repealed by Co. Gov. Act, 1897: 562, § 203.
442	333	For the encouragement of agriculture and other industries. Probably repealed by statute of 1880, p. 49, chap. 60, and p. 62, chap. 69.
443	334	Concerning corporations, supplementing act of April 22, 1850. Amended 1875-6: 730. Unconstitutional (Chollar, etc., Co. v. Wilson, 66 Cal. 374).
448	339	Nevada county, public roads in. Amended 1873-4: 293; 1875-6: 423; 1877-8: 279, 364; repealed by statute of 1883, p. 5, chap. 10, sec. 2.
458	340	San Leandro, act to incorporate. Repealed by revising act, 1873-4: 63.
471	342	Santa Cruz, act to incorporate, amending and supplementing act of March 31, 1866. Superseded 1875-6: 189.
475	345	Authorizing transfer to the general fund of money in other funds of the state treasury.
477	347	Butte county, to prevent hunting of game within certain private grounds in.
484	351	Ventura county, creating and establishing boundaries of. Amended 1873-4, p. 365, sec. 4, chap. 269; § 15 repealed by Pol. C. § 791.
490	352	San Bernardino county, regulating fees of office and salaries of officers of. Amended 1874: 130; repealed by fee bill, 1895: 269, and by Co. Gov. Act, 1897: 516, § 161.
496	353	Sonoma county, concerning roads and highways in. Supplemented 1873-4: 105; amended and new sections added 1873-4: 762; last named statute repealed 1875-6: 53; repealed by 1883, p. 5, chap. 10, sec. 2.
510	355	Preventing hogs running at large in certain counties. See statute of 1897, p. 198, sec. 9.
510	356	San Bernardino, making act protecting agriculture, etc., apply to. Repealed provisionally, 1873-4: 190; also 1897: 198; 1901: 603.
511	357	San Francisco, confirming order No. 1004 of board of supervisors.
512	358	San Francisco, increasing and regulating police force of. Superseded by chaps. 1-7 of art. VIII of the charter of San Francisco.
513	360	San Francisco, authorizing mayor of to convey certain lands.
529	373	Red Bluff, preventing hogs from running at large in. See statute of 1897, p. 198, sec. 9.
531	375	Sacramento, city of, establishing and maintaining a dispensary in. Probably repealed by art. XII of the charter of Sacramento, 1893: 598.
533	377	Concerning actions for libel and slander. Amended 1880: 81.
534	379	Santa Clara county, defining duties of county assessor of. See §§ 148 and 162 of the Co. Gov. Act, 1897: 491, 507.
539	384	Enforcing the collection of license taxes.
540	385	In relation to interpreters before grand jury.
540	386	Stockton, empowering to excavate, widen, and open Mormon slough. Probably superseded by charter of Stockton, §§ 146 to 164, stats. 1889: 612.
542	389	Napa city, act to incorporate. Reincorporated under statute of 1873-4, p. 140, chap. 117, which must operate as a repeal of the earlier statute.
544	390	San Francisco, supervisors of, transferring management, control, and direction of industrial school department to. Juvenile offenders are now committed to the Preston School of Industry or the Whittier State School (1889: 100, 111).
546	392	Sacramento, city of, redemption of funded indebtedness. Amended 1887: 75; 1889: 325; all of these acts repealed 1899: 85.
550	395	Napa county, for the protection of fish and game in. Probably repealed by the general laws upon the subject. See Pen. C. §§ 635, 636, 636a.
551	396	San Joaquin county, providing for the appointment of phonographic reporter in. Repealed, C. C. P. §§ 269-274. (People v. Lon Me, 49 Cal. 353.)
554	400	State printing office, establishing. Superseded and repealed by Pol. C. §§ 526-540.
561	405	Siskiyou county, district and county courts in, time and place of holding. Amended 1877-8: 94 (Am.); repealed by constitution of 1879.
561	406	San Francisco, in relation to board of education of. Repealed 1873-4: 782.
563	407	To protect agriculture and prevent trespassing of animals on private property. Probably superseded by 1897: 198; 1901: 603, chap. 197, relating to estrays.
566	408	Vallejo, to incorporate. Amended 1871-2: 757; 1873-4: 360, 381; 1875-6: 25; 1877-8: 398; superseded by charter of Vallejo, 1899: 370.
582	413	Sierra county, concerning office of treasurer of. Repealed 1873-4: 185.
584	416	Stanislaus county, establishing a public highway and ferry on San Joaquin river. Superseded by sub. 35, sec. 25, Co. Gov. Act, 1897: 466.
587	418	State lands, for the relief of purchasers of. Amended 1877-8: 914.
590	420	Oakland, to provide funds for.
595	422	Stockton, reincorporating. Amended 1873-4: 193, 439; 1875-6: 523; 1877-8: 220; superseded by the charter of Stockton, 1899: 577.
622	425	Legalizing purchase of lands belonging to state.

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624	427	Solano county, to better define the duties and fix the compensation of certain officers of. Repealed by Co. Gov. Act, 1897: 519, § 169.
625	428	Mokelumne Hill, town of, defining fire limits of.
627	431	San Joaquin county, authorizing road districts in, to levy a special tax. Repealed by statute of 1883, p. 5, chap. 10, § 2.
628	432	Santa Rosa, reincorporating. Amended 1873-4: 378; entire act amended 1875-6: 251.
650	435	San Diego, port of, establishing pilots and pilot regulations.
652	436	Santa Clara county, concerning streams in. Amended 1877-8: 293. Superseded by sub. 41, sec. 25, and by sec. 52, Co. Gov. Act, 1897: 467, 473.
657	442	Public wharves on San Joaquin river, act concerning.
655	444	Suisun city, authorizing and empowering board of trustees to grade and improve streets. Superseded by 1885: 147, chap. 153; and by the incorporation of the city under Mun. Gov. Act of 1883.
668	450	Inyo county, protecting growing crops in. Probably repealed. See note to chap. 107, this year.
673	453	Insane, providing further accommodation for. Superseded as to government of the institution by 1897: 311, chap. 227.
681	454	San Francisco, pharmacy, regulating practice of, in. Amended 1875-6: 583; 1877-8: 838; repealed 1883: 93.
685	458	Colusa county, protecting agriculture and preventing trespassing of animals. Amended 1873-4: 760; modified, if not repealed, by the estray law, 1897: 198; 1901: 603, chap. 197.
694	462	State capitol, authorizing issuance of state bonds for.
696	463	Reclamation district No. 108, relating to unpaid warrants and assessment in.
696	464	Estates of deceased persons, regulating settlement of, supplementing act of May 1, 1851. Repealed by C. C. P. § 1632.
698	468	Amador county, providing for the payment by, to Calaveras county, of interest on a certain indebtedness; supplementing act of March 31, 1866.
700	471	Nevada county, regulating proceedings in courts of record of. Amended 1873-4: 503.
700	472	Butte and Yuba counties, defining a lawful and partition fence in.
703	474	San Francisco, providing for support of men belonging to "paid fire department" of, if disabled while in the performance of their duties. Superseded by § 3, chap. 7, art. IX, charter of San Francisco.
703	475	Alpine county, providing for payment of salaries and fees of officers of. Repealed by Co. Gov. Act, 1897: 574, § 219.
709	480	Butte county, relating to salary of treasurer and auditor of. Repealed by Co. Gov. Act, 1897: 523, § 171.
709	481	San Joaquin county, Mormon slough, authorizing inhabitants of to form a reclamation district.
714	483	Congressional districts, dividing state into. Repealed 1883: 296, chap. 72.
715	485	Exempt Firemen's Association of Sacramento, organizing.
716	486	Calaveras county, providing for redemption of bonds of.
719	487	Sutter county, relating to swamp land district No. 70.
720	488	Alameda county, fixing salaries of certain officers of. Repealed by Co. Gov. Act, 1897: 501, § 160.
721	489	Sacramento county, relating to president and clerk of board of supervisors of. Repealed by Co. Gov. Act, 1897: 452.
722	490	San Francisco, vacating certain streets, alleys, and market places in. Amended 1873-4: 359.
725	492	Antioch, defining boundaries of. Superseded by incorporating the town in 1890 under Mun. Gov. Act of 1883.
728	495	San Francisco, board of state harbor commissioners authorized to set off a part of water front for certain purposes. Superseded by Pol. C. § 2524, as amended 1889.
730	498	Sacramento, city of, authorizing George W. Chesley to lay gas-pipes in.
732	500	Canal companies in Tehama county, authorizing incorporation of; supplementing act of April 2, 1870.
733	501	Plumas county, fixing salary of district attorney of. Repealed by Co. Gov. Act, 1897: 565, § 206.
735	503	San Francisco, conferring additional powers on board of supervisors and on auditor and treasurer. Superseded by charter of San Francisco, 1899: 241-368.
736	504	San Francisco, facilitating and increasing state and county and municipal licenses in. As to collector of licenses, superseded by chap. 5, art. IV, of the charter of San Francisco, 1899: 274; as to power to impose licenses, by sub. 15 of sec. 1, chap. 2, art. II, of the same charter, 1899: 248; and probably the whole statute is superseded by the various provisions of this charter.
749	509	Santa Barbara and San Luis Obispo counties, estrays in. Probably repealed by the estray law, 1897: 198; 1901: 603.
754	511	Animals, concerning assessment of. Attempted to be modified by 1873-4: 376, which was, however, declared unconstitutional in <i>People v. Townsend</i> , 56 Cal. 634. The decision seems applicable to both statutes.

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755	512	Tehama county, relating to certain officers of. Repealed by Co. Gov. Act, 1897: 452, § 193.
756	514	Tehama county, relating to salary and duties of assessor of. Repealed by Co. Gov. Act, 1897: 452.
756	515	Del Norte county, supervisors, changing manner of electing. Amended 1873-4: 12; repealed by Co. Gov. Act, 1897: 452.
760	520	Monterey county, fixing terms of county court of. Amended 1875-6: 35; repealed 1877-8: 94 (Am.).
761	521	North Beach and Mission Railroad Company, granting certain privileges to.
764	526	San Francisco, preventing hunting and shooting on private grounds in.
765	528	San Francisco, authorizing the conveyance of a certain lot to San Francisco Ladies' Protection and Relief Society.
766	531	Humboldt, Mendocino, Trinity, and Klamath counties, to provide for defining boundaries between.
772	535	San Francisco and Alameda county, authorizing supervisors to provide suitable rooms for third and nineteenth district courts. Superseded by constitution of 1879, abolishing the courts, and see C. C. P. § 144.
779	540	Contra Costa county, roads and highways in. Repealed 1873-4: 170.
791	541	Napa county, concerning persons under sentence of imprisonment in jail of. Superseded by sub. 29, sec. 25, Co. Gov. Act, 1897: 464.
792	542	Notaries public, defining duties of, supplementing act of April 25, 1862. Repealed by Pol. C. § 791.
792	543	Napa river, authorizing construction of bridge across, at Napa city. Repealed 1875-6: 855.
793	545	El Dorado county, authorizing supervisors to levy a special tax. Superseded by sub. 18, sec. 25, Co. Gov. Act, 1897: 463.
794	546	Sierra and Plumas counties, protecting fish in waters of. Repealed 1873-4: 154.
796	549	Regulating salary of judge of sixteenth judicial district. Superseded by constitution of 1879, abolishing the court.
796	550	Public administrators, providing for, in certain cases. Repealed by Co. Gov. Act, 1897: 490, §§ 142 to 147, prescribing the duties of coroner.
797	551	Humboldt county, sheriff, concerning office of. Repealed by Co. Gov. Act, 1897: 518, § 168.
797	552	State harbor commissioners, authorizing the reduction or abolition of rates of dockage by. Probably superseded by Pol. C. § 2526 as amended in 1876.
799	554	District attorneys, relating to fees of in certain counties. Probably repealed by §§ 171, 177, 186, and 211 of the Co. Gov. Act, 1897: 523, 527, 540, 568, fixing the salaries of district attorneys.
800	557	Shasta county, providing for incorporation of tramroad companies in.
801	558	Napa Ladies' Seminary, authorizing the granting of diplomas by.
802	559	Providing for the payment of interest on trustees orders against certain swamp lands.
803	561	Yolo county, quieting title to certain lands in.
804	562	Street improvements in San Francisco. Amended 1877-8: 139; superseded by constitution of 1879. (McDonald v. Patterson, 54 Cal. 245; Thomason v. Ruggles, 69 Cal. 465.)
824	563	State library, establishing cabinet department in. Further duties of librarian terminated by transfer of the mineral specimens to the mining bureau by senate concurrent resolution No. 10 of March 4, 1881 (1881: 102); transferred to Crocker Art Gallery, 1887: 74, chap. 60.
826	566	Foreign corporations. Amended 1899: 111.
826	567	Colusa county, public roads in. Repealed 1883: 5, chap. 10, sec. 2.
835	570	Reclamation and levee districts, providing for funding of indebtedness of. Amended 1873-4: 237, 585; 1875-6: 888.
845	574	State insane asylum, superintendent of. Repealed 1877-8: 767.
846	576	San Francisco, common schools of. Superseded by art. VII of the charter of San Francisco, 1899: 317-325.
859	580	Santa Clara county, authorizing supervisors to pay certain moneys to county clerk and auditor. Repealed by Co. Gov. Act, 1897: 452.
861	584	San Joaquin county, protecting certain lands from overflow.
863	585	Sacramento county, fixing compensation of district attorney. Superseded by Co. Gov. Act, 1897: 452.
866	587	Sacramento, establishing paid fire department in. Supplemented 1873-4: 306; superseded by art. X of the charter of Sacramento, 1893: 591-595.
871	588	State printer, act relating to. Superseded by Pol. C. § 540, sub. 4, relating to superintendent of state printing.
872	590	Tehama county, cemeteries in, supporting.
873	591	State treasury, providing for payment of certain controller's swamp land warrants.
874	592	San Joaquin county, regulating salaries and fixing compensation of officers of. Repealed 1873-4: 578.
878	593	San Francisco, house of correction, providing funds to build a.
881	596	Sacramento county, additional notaries public in. Repealed by Pol. C. § 791.
881	597	Sacramento county, swamp lands in, funds for. Repealed 1873-4: 274.

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886	598	Siskiyou and Lassen counties, providing for survey of line between.
891	602	Mariposa and Fresno counties, defining boundary line between. Amended 1873-4: 100.
901	614	San Francisco, providing for repair and improvement of roads and highways in. Probably repealed by 1883: 5, chap. 10, sec. 2; also by charter of San Francisco of 1899.
903	615	Yolo and Lake counties, defining boundary line between.
903	616	Orphan asylums, appropriation for. Apparently superseded by 1880: 13.
904	617	San Francisco, concerning sheriff of. Superseded by charter of San Francisco, sec. 2, chap. 6, art. V.
909	622	San Francisco, authorizing commissioners of the funded debt to transfer certain funds and property to.
911	626	Montgomery avenue, opening and establishing. Supplemented 1873-4: 522.
925	628	Public buildings and structures, regulating erection of. Superseded as to state officers and works, 1875-6: 427.
926	629	Channel street and Mission creek, construction of open canal through.
940	632	Navigable streams, providing for location of tow-paths along.
941	633	Solano and Yolo counties, protecting from overflow by Putah creek. Repealed 1873-4: 84.
945	634	Irrigation, act to promote. Seems necessarily inconsistent with the Wright Act, 1887: 29, chap. 34, but that statute in § 46 declares that none of its provisions shall be construed as repealing or modifying the provisions of any act relating to irrigation or water commissioners; also with statute of 1897: 254, which also contains same reservations as to its repealing effect.
948	635	State, release of claim by to certain lands.
951	637	Wages of labor and fees of subordinate officers, protection of.

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12	13	University of California, intoxicating liquors, prohibiting sale of within two miles of. Superseded by Pen. C. § 172, as amended April 3, 1876.
13	15	Calaveras county, regulating fees and salaries in, supplementing act of March 4, 1870. Repealed by Co. Gov. Act, 1897: 547, § 188.
20	18	Fresno, Tulare, and Humboldt counties, additional notaries for. Repealed by Pol. C. § 791.
21	20	Ventura county, legal distances, defining. Repealed by Pol. C. § 200.
27	27	Napa state asylum for the insane, prohibiting sale of intoxicating liquors within certain distance of. Superseded by Pen. C. § 172.
29	31	Tulare county, fixing terms of court of. Repealed 1877-8: 94 (Am.).
30	32	Notaries public, additional for certain counties. Repealed by Pol. C. § 791.
31	35	San Francisco, supervisors, conferring additional powers upon. Superseded by charter of San Francisco, 1899: 241.
32	37	Redding, change of name of. Repealed 1880: 24.
45	50	Tulare county, making applicable to of act of February 21, 1872: 141. Repealed 1877-8: 560.
47	53	Los Angeles county, authorizing supervisors to build bridge across Santa Ana river.
50	54	Protecting agriculture and preventing trespassing of animals. Supplemented 1873-4: 179, 474, 705, 824. Unconstitutional, in so far as it authorizes justices to enforce a lien. (Young v. Wright, 52 Cal. 407; Sutherland v. Sweem, 53 Cal. 48). Repealed 1877-8: 176. (Hanley v. Sixteen Horses, 97 Cal. 182.)
54	56	San Buenaventura, reincorporating. Superseded by reincorporation by statute of 1875-6, p. 534.
59	60	Lake Earl, declaring navigable. Repealed 1901: 3.
60	62	Tulare county, separating offices of county recorder and county clerk. Repealed by Co. Gov. Act, 1897: 473, § 55.
61	64	Santa Barbara county, concerning conveyances in.
62	66	Trinity county, providing for construction and maintenance of free bridges in.
63	67	San Leandro, incorporating, revising act of March 21, 1872: 458. Superseded by incorporating, in 1892, under statute of 1883.
80	69	Nevada county, protecting game in. Probably modified and repealed by Pen. C. §§ 626e, 626f, 626h, and 626i.
82	72	Davisville, estrays in. See sec. 9, statute of 1897, p. 198.
83	74	Mariposa county, regulating salaries of certain officers of. Repealed by Co. Gov. Act, 1897: 566, § 207.
85	77	San Diego, city of, concerning conveyances by municipal authorities of.
90	84	Alameda county, county assessor, abolishing office of and creating township assessors. Repealed by Co. Gov. Act, 1897: 452.
91	85	Eureka, incorporation of. Supplemented 1875-6: 333; amended 1875-6: 334; repealed by charter of Eureka 1895: 355.

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95	87	San Benito county, act creating. Supplemented 1873-4:428; the latter act supplemented 1875-6:177; original act amended 1887:103.
101	92	San Diego and San Bernardino counties, fixing salary of county judge. Superseded by the constitution of 1879, abolishing the office.
108	100	Napa county, fixing fees of county surveyor.
108	102	Stanislaus county, additional notaries public. Repealed by Pol. C. § 791.
109	103	Humboldt county, fixing compensation of certain officers of. Repealed by Co. Gov. Act, 1897:518, § 168.
109	104	Yuba county, salaries of officers. Repealed by Co. Gov. Act, 1897:553, § 194; amended 1901:777.
111	105	San Bernardino county, providing for election of supervisors in. Superseded by Co. Gov. Act, 1897:452.
111	106	San Rafael, incorporating. Amended 1877-8:767; superseded by incorporating, in 1889, under Mun. Gov. Act of 1883.
124	107	Modoc county, creating. Supplemented 1873-4:517; § 4 of last named act repealed as to Adin township, 1877-8:111.
132	112	Estates of deceased persons, collection of savings bank deposits by next of kin. Amended in every section, 1895:32.
132	113	Oakland, granting certain salt-marsh and tide lands to.
139	115	San Francisco, additional notary for. Repealed by Pol. C. § 791.
140	116	Tax sales, legalizing certain notices of.
140	117	Napa, city of, reincorporating. Amended 1875-6:550; 1877-8:1011; superseded by charter, 1893:641.
153	120	Marysville, superintendent of public schools, fixing salary of.
154	121	Tuolumne county, supervisors, prescribing commencement of terms. Repealed by Co. Gov. Act, 1897:452.
154	122	Plumas and Sierra counties, protecting fish in. Repealed 1875-6:725.
155	123	Colusa county, county and probate courts, terms of. Repealed 1877-8:94 (Am.).
158	127	Napa county, board of supervisors, reorganizing. Supplemented 1873-4:329. Repealed by Co. Gov. Act, 1897:455, §§ 14-18.
160	128	Vallejo township board of education, establishing. Amended 1875-6:9; but if the city of Vallejo is a part thereof, this statute is modified or repealed by the charter of that city, 1899:370.
168	129	Shasta county, county clerk, fixing salary of. Repealed by Co. Gov. Act, 1897:452.
170	130	Butte county, superintendent of schools, fixing salary of. Repealed by Co. Gov. Act, 1897:452.
171	134	Visalia, incorporating. Amended 1875-6:119; superseded by incorporating, in 1900, under statute of 1883.
174	135	Mendocino county, fixing salaries of certain officers of. Amended 1877-8:183; repealed by Co. Gov. Act, 1897:525, § 174.
177	136	Inyo county, salaries of certain officers of. Supplemented and amended 1873-4:510; repealed by constitution of 1879, abolishing office of county judge, and by Co. Gov. Act, 1897:568, § 211.
177	137	San Francisco, city board of examination, conferring further power upon. As to the effect of the charter of San Francisco, see Mitchell v. Board of Education, 24 Cal. § 330.
180	141	Shasta county, sheriff of, allowed compensation for services of undersheriff. Repealed by Co. Gov. Act, 1897:540, § 186.
180	142	Mono county, official bonds in. Repealed by Co. Gov. Act, 1897:475, § 66.
184	145	Trinity county, county clerk of, salary of. Repealed by Co. Gov. Act, see 1897:568, § 210.
185	146	Sierra county, treasurer of. Repealed by Co. Gov. Acts, see 1897:564, § 205.
185	147	Alameda county, officers of, salaries. Amended 1875-6:166; repealed by Co. Gov. Acts, see 1897:501, § 160.
188	148	Siskiyou county, fees and salaries of officers, amending and supplementing act of March 12, 1870. Supplemented 1873-4:719; repealed by Co. Gov. Acts, see 1897:452, and fee bill of 1895:267.
191	152	Sacramento, city of, boundaries establishing. Superseded by the charter of Sacramento, 1893:547, § 5.
192	153	San Francisco, certain streets closed.
203	155	Monterey county, supervisorial districts, reorganizing. Amended 1873-4:432; superseded by Co. Gov. Acts, 1897:452.
204	156	Sacramento county, fees of office and compensation of officers. Supplemented 1873-4:713; repealed as to the officers therein named by the fee bill, 1895:267, and Co. Gov. Act, 1897:452.
212	157	Marin county, superintendent of schools, salary of. Repealed by Co. Gov. Acts, 1897:553, § 195.
213	158	Yolo and Colusa counties, public road along boundary line between, establishing.
223	162	Yuba county, overflow, protection of lands from. Amended 1877-8:789.
228	163	Sonoma county, county surveyor of, fees of.

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228	164	Mono county, stallions running at large.
229	166	Santa Cruz, town of, Isaac E. Davis and Henry Cowell authorized to lay water-pipes in.
229	167	Humboldt county, jurors in courts of justice of the peace in. As to jurors' fees, repealed 1895: 273.
230	168	Santa Clara county, recorder of, fees of. Repealed by the fee bill of 1895: 267.
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236	172	Fresno and Kern counties, treasurer of, salary of. Amended 1877-8: 255; repealed by Co. Gov. Acts, see 1897: 452.
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239	176	Nevada county, quarterly meetings of supervisors. Repealed by Co. Gov. Acts, see 1897: 452.
242	179	Salinas city, incorporation of. Repealed 1875-6: 119.
271	181	San Francisco, industrial school department of. Probably superseded by 1889: 100, 111, chap. 103 and 108.
272	182	San Francisco, Cemetery avenue, authorizing supervisors to convey a certain piece of land comprising.
274	184	Los Angeles, city of, public library, establishing in. Superseded by art. VIII of the charter of Los Angeles, 1889: 483. (People v. Howard, 94 Cal. 73).
277	186	Stanislaus county, separating office of county recorder from office of county clerk. Amended 1873-4: 448; 1877-8: 1001; superseded by Co. Gov. Acts, see 1897: 452.
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157	123	Inyo county, treasurer of, salary of. Repealed by Co. Gov. Acts, see 1897: 568, § 211.
157	126	Yuba county, road overseers and road poll taxes. Repealed by Pol. C. §§ 2642, 2652, as amended 1891: 474, 478.
163	128	San José, confirming and ratifying acts of mayor and common council of.
164	129	Los Angeles and Stanislaus counties, protection of agriculture in. Modified, if not repealed, by the estray laws of 1897: 198 and 1901: 603.
167	130	Illuminating power, quality and standard of. Repealed as to San Francisco by chap. 2 of art. I of the charter.
170	131	Alameda county, transfer of moneys to and from the state treasury by. Repealed by Co. Gov. Act, 1897: 572, § 215.
170	132	Contract between Stockton Gas Company and city of Stockton, ratified.
173	133	San Francisco, assessor to appoint deputies. Superseded by chap. 4 of art. IV of the charter of San Francisco.

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173	134	Sacramento, city of, election of attorney for. Superseded by chap. 49 of the charter of Sacramento, 1893 : 563.
174	135	Fresno county, funds for improvement of court-house and county hospital grounds.
176	136	Estrays. Amended 1877-8 : 878; superseded by the stray laws of 1897 : 198 and 1901 : 603.
180	137	Election tickets, to prevent circulation of bogus. Amended 1889 : 209; repealed by Pol. C. §§ 1196, 1197.
182	139	Contra Costa county, school moneys, distribution of, repealing 1875-6 : 332, as to this county. Repealed by Pol. C. § 1858, as amended 1893 : 264.
184	143	Eureka, common council of to sit as a board of equalization. Superseded by charter of Eureka, 1895 : 356.
184	144	Trinity county, additional contingent fund for. Repealed by sub. 18, sec. 25, Co. Gov. Act, 1897 : 463.
185	146	Felton, incorporating.
195	153	Artesian wells, use of. Section 8 repealed, 1901 : 284.
196	155	Marin county, tax collector, bond of. Repealed by Co. Gov. Acts, see 1897 : 475, § 66.
197	160	Placer county, supervisors, regulating powers of. Repealed by Co. Gov. Acts, see 1897 : 452.
200	162	San Francisco, supervisors, powers of as to contracts. Repealed by charter of San Francisco.
201	168	Controller and treasurer of state, transfer of certain funds by.
201	169	Stockton, ratifying ordinance No. 64.
204	171	Calaveras county, superintendent of public schools, salary of. Never went into effect (Peachy v. Calaveras county, 59 Cal. 548); repealed by Co. Gov. Acts, see 1897 : 547, § 188.
211	174	Tehama county, road poll tax and hospital poll tax. Repealed as to poll tax by Pol. C. § 2652, and by the provisions of the various county government acts.
212	175	Yuba county, providing for transcribing records in.
214	178	Fresno, town of, and Merced, city, protection against fire. Superseded as to that city by the charter of Fresno, 1901 : 833.
215	179	Alpine county, tax for payment of grand and trial jurors in. Superseded by subs. 12 and 18, sec. 25, Co. Gov. Act, 1897 : 460.
218	181	San Mateo county, extermination of squirrels. Superseded by sub. 26, sec. 25, Co. Gov. Act, 1897 : 465.
221	181	Nevada, city of, incorporating.
231	186	San Francisco, supervisors, additional powers of. Superseded by charter of San Francisco.
232	187	Seventh street, between Bryant and Brannan streets, San Francisco, establishing grade of.
236	191	Piece clubs, prohibition of. Modified, if not repealed, by the purity of elections act, 1893 : 12.
237	192	San Luis Obispo, city, substitution of bonds of in lieu of bonds of the town of San Luis Obispo.
241	194	Modoc county, herding of sheep, restriction of.
250	204	Swamp land district No. 307, legalizing proceedings in.
251	206	Alameda county, salary of road overseer of Brooklyn road district. Repealed by Pol. C. § 2642, as amended 1891, abolishing the office.
252	207	Oakland, common council, appropriation of moneys by to certain benevolent societies. Superseded by charter of Oakland, 1889 : 513, sec. 31, sub. 46.
255	210	Alameda county, collection of licenses in. Repealed by Co. Gov. Acts, see 1897 : 473, § 55.
257	214	San Diego county, supervisors to transfer certain funds of. Superseded by sub. 18, sec. 25, Co. Gov. Act, 1897 : 463.
261	218	Etna, town of, incorporating.
263	219	San Francisco, water front of. Amended 1880 : 10; 1889 : 379; 1891 : 233; 1895 : 194; 1901 : 627. See Pol. C. § 2524, as amended 1901 : 619.
268	221	Placer county, recorder of, fees of. Repealed by Co. Gov. Acts, 1897 : 527, § 177, and fee bill of 1895 : 267.
269	222	Contra Costa county, justices of the peace in, fees of. Repealed by fee bill of 1895 : 272.
270	223	San Francisco, opening Army street in.
272	224	San Benito county, licenses in. Superseded by Pol. C. § 3366, as amended 1901 : 635, and by Co. Gov. Acts, see 1897 : 473, § 55.
273	225	San Benito county, roads and highways in. Repealed 1883 : 5, chap. 10, sec. 2.
278	230	North Beach and Mission Railroad Company, granting certain privileges to.
287	238	Butte county, sheriff to collect licenses, and fixing salary therefor. Repealed by Co. Gov. Acts, see 1897 : 473, § 55.
290	242	Santa Clara avenue and certain public lands in San José, act concerning.
292	244	Santa Barbara, city of, additional powers of common council. Superseded by charter, 1890 : 448.

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296	247	San José, establishment of board of health in. Superseded by charter, 1897 : 342.
299	252	San Francisco, registration of voters. Superseded in part, if not entirely, by Pol. C. §§ 1127, 1128, 1129, and art. XI of the charter of San Francisco (Fragley v. Phelan, 126 Cal. 383).
309	253	Anaheim, incorporation of. Superseded by incorporating, in 1888, under Mun. Corp. Act of 1883.
324	259	Sutter county, auditor and treasurer of to cancel certain certificates of the register of the state land office.
329	266	Free public libraries and reading-rooms, establishment of. Repealed 1880 : 233.
332	271	Encouragement of agriculture. Superseded by 1880 : 49, 62 ; 1897 : 304.
334	273	Ventura county, bonds of officers of. Repealed by Co. Gov. Acts, see 1897 : 475, § 66.
337	277	University of California, permanent endowment for.
338	278	San Francisco, confirming order No. 1404 of the board of supervisors of.
341	282	Montgomery avenue, ratifying certain orders relative to street work on. Unconstitutional (Fanning v. Schammel, 68 Cal. 428).
355	287	San Francisco, sheriff, relating to office of. Superseded by charter of San Francisco, chap. 6, art. V.
358	289	Fresno and Kern counties, rights in certain swamp and overflowed lands in.
360	290	Yolo county, trespassing of animals in. Repealed by estray laws of 1897 : 98, and 1901 : 607.
363	291	Visalia, quieting title to town lots in.
369	294	Sacramento, city of, collection of water rates in. Superseded by charter, 1893 : 545.
369	295	Colusa, town of, issuance of bonds for road purposes. Amended 1880 : 9.
374	300	Los Nietos, township of, irrigation in.
383	304	Fresno county, sanitary condition of. See sub. 20, sec. 25, Co. Gov. Act, 1897 : 464.
387	306	Los Angeles, city of, issuance of bonds for improving water-supply of.
395	311	Fresno county, issuance of bonds for the construction of certain roads and bridges.
400	313	Benicia, election of assessor, city marshal, and treasurer of. Superseded by incorporating, in 1886, under Mun. Corp. Act of 1883.
402	314	Butte county, roads and highways in. Repealed 1883 : 5, chap. 10, sec. 2.
417	316	San Francisco, water front of, title to.
419	317	Los Angeles street, Los Angeles, issuance of bonds for widening of. Unconstitutional (Schumacher v. Toberman, 56 Cal. 510).
426	320	Santa Clara county, coroner of. Repealed by Co. Gov. Acts, see 1897 : 506, § 161.
427	322	Oakland, waterworks for. Superseded by charter, 1899 : 529, sec. 31, sub. 41.
434	323	Swamp land district No. 221, legalizing.
435	324	Lakeport and Lower Lake, to prevent hogs from running at large in. Probably repealed by 1897 : 198.
436	325	Petaluma, providing a system of sewerage for. Superseded by incorporating, in 1884, under Mun. Corp. Act of 1883.
437	327	Buck goats, to prevent running at large.
438	328	Mono county, public roads in, improvement of. Repealed 1883 : 5, chap. 10, sec. 2, and by Pol. C. §§ 2642, 2652.
441	332	Lake county, extermination of squirrels in. Superseded by sub. 26, sec. 25, Co. Gov. Act, 1897 : 465.
442	333	San Francisco, licenses in. Superseded by charter of San Francisco.
451	335	San Luis Obispo county, fees and compensation of district attorney of. Superseded by Co. Gov. Acts, see 1897 : 527, § 176.
452	337	Modoc county, terms of county and probate courts. Repealed by constitution of 1879, abolishing the courts.
455	342	Authorizing construction of a bridge across the Tuolumne river at Modesto.
468	345	West Side irrigation district, creating.
530	327	Reclamation district No. 54, Sacramento county, ratifying.
531	348	Reclamation district No. 252, establishing.
533	351	Hastings College of Law, creating. Superseded by amendatory act of 1883 : 26, chap. 20, but this act was pronounced unconstitutional in People v. Kewen, 69 Cal. 215.
535	352	Oleomargarine, to prevent sale of as butter. Probably repealed by 1883 : 20 ; if not, it is superseded by 1895 : 41, chap. 381, and 1897 : 65, chap. 75.
535	353	Justice, John D., to cure defects in application of, to purchase lands.
536	364	Amador county, to prevent trespassing of goats in.
540	359	San Diego county, funding indebtedness of.
544	361	San Francisco, repair of streets and sewers of. Superseded by charter of that city.
544	362	Marin county, election of road overseers in. Repealed by Pol. C. § 2642.
545	363	El Dorado county, improvement of roads in. Repealed 1883 : 5, chap. 10, sec. 2.

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547	364	Plumas county, in relation to certain officers of. Repealed by Co. Gov. Acts, see 1897 : 565, § 206; never went into effect (<i>Whiting v. Haggard</i> , 60 Cal. 513).
550	365	Napa county, supervisors to transfer a certain fund. Superseded by sub. 18, sec. 25, Co. Gov. Act, 1897 : 463.
551	367	Nevada county, regulating salaries of officers of. Repealed by Co. Gov. Acts, see 1897 : 524, § 173.
558	374	Tulare county, board of health, establishing. Superseded by sub. 20, sec. 25, Co. Gov. Act, 1897 : 464.
559	375	Kern and Tulare counties, traveling fees of sheriffs of. Repealed by fee bill of 1895 : 269.
561	378	Independent Order of Odd Fellows, authorizing trustees to lease a lot in San Francisco.
562	389	Reclamation district No. 317, creating.
563	380	Colusa county, additional powers of supervisors. Repealed by Co. Gov. Acts, see 1897 : 452.
563	381	San Bernardino county, regulating and protecting bee-keeping in.
564	382	Santa Cruz county, juries in justices' courts and witnesses in courts of record. Repealed by fee bill of 1895 : 273.
567	384	Butte county, sheriff, act concerning.
567	385	Colusa county, to confer certain powers on supervisors of. Repealed by the Co. Gov. Acts, see 1897 : 452.
569	387	Colusa county, fixing amount of official bonds in. Repealed by Co. Gov. Acts, see 1897 : 475, § 66.
569	389	Napa county, providing for the building and furnishing of a court-house and jail in.
574	391	Los Angeles county, fees and salaries in. Repealed by Co. Gov. Acts, see 1897 : 436, § 159, and by the fee bill of 1895 : 267.
579	393	San Francisco, to establish and maintain a free dispensary in. Superseded by charter of that city.
580	394	Swamp land district No. 70, to reorganize. Amended 1891 : 62.
586	398	San Bernardino county, to authorize the construction of a wagon road in.
591	400	Setting off southwestern portion of Sutter island, in Sacramento county, for school purposes.
592	401	Calaveras county, constables of, fees of. Repealed by fee bill of 1895 : 267.
593	403	Scott's valley school district, Siskiyou county, authorizing trustees of to borrow money.
596	404	Tuolumne county, to provide for, care, and maintenance of indigent sick of. Superseded by sub. 5, sec. 25, Co. Gov. Act, 1897 : 458.
598	408	Alameda county, prohibiting destruction of fish in.
599	410	Alameda, town of, to provide funds for school department of.
601	411	Kings river, to prevent destruction of fish in.
601	412	Sherman island, for the protection of roads on.
604	415	Establishing a scale for the measurement of logs. Amended 1880 : 119.
614	417	Oakland, opening of streets in. Probably superseded by the Vrooman act, 1885 : 147.
620	418	San José, providing for the opening, widening, and extending of streets in. Probably superseded by the Vrooman act, 1885 : 147.
630	424	San Francisco, ratifying resolution 11,900 of supervisors of.
630	425	Clear lake, in Lake county, declared navigable. See Pol. C. § 2349, from which this lake is omitted, and this statute, apparently, thereby repealed.
630	426	San Francisco, to provide for the payment of certain salaries in. Superseded by charter of that city.
634	429	To provide a system of irrigation, promote rapid drainage, and improve the navigation of the Sacramento and San Joaquin rivers. Amended 1889 : 328, chap. 218, which renders the statute inoperative.
639	434	Sacramento, city of, relative to board of trustees. Superseded by charter of that city, 1893 : 545.
640	437	Alameda county, supervisors to establish a receiving hospital in Oakland.
682	441	Ivy avenue, San Francisco, to close.
683	444	To regulate fees in certain counties. Repealed by the fee bill of 1895 : 267.
685	445	Lake county, to prevent sheep and goats from running at large in parts of. Probably repealed 1897 : 198.
685	446	San Francisco, reorganizing the paid fire department of. Superseded by charter of that city.
692	447	Sonoma county, division fences in.
695	449	To prohibit and punish the sale of adulterated syrup.
695	450	To protect stockholders and persons dealing with corporations.
700	457	San Mateo county, to confer powers upon supervisors of. Repealed 1881 : 21.
701	458	San Luis Obispo county, regulating fees of recorder of. Repealed by Co. Gov. Acts, see 1897 : 527, § 176.
701	459	San Luis Obispo, city, streets and roads in. Modified by Pol. C. § 2642, abolishing the office of road overseers; superseded by incorporation, in 1884, under Mun. Corp. Act of 1883.

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703	461	Amador county, to provide for the location, construction, and maintenance of roads in. Repealed 1883:5, chap. 10, sec. 2.
712	462	Dixon, incorporating town of. Superseded by incorporation, in 1884, under Mun. Corp. Act of 1883.
732	470	Yuba, Sutter, and Placer counties, to organize a levee district in.
736	473	Alameda county, supervisors, to fix the pay of. Repealed by Co. Gov. Acts, see 1897:501, § 160.
736	474	Monterey county, to legalize certain records of.
740	481	Creating a board of bank commissioners. Amended 1887:90; 1895:172; 1901:30.
746	482	Lake Bigler, preservation of fish in the waters of.
746	483	To provide for the distribution of school moneys in certain counties. Repealed. see Pol. C. § 1858.
747	484	Giving a lien to loggers and laborers employed in logging camps. Amended 1880:38; 1887:53.
752	487	Court-House school district, Sonoma county, to re-establish.
758	488	National guard, to define the duties of inspectors of rifle practice. Probably repealed by Pol. C. § 2008, adopted 1897.
759	490	To provide for a convention to frame a new constitution.
773	496	San Joaquin county, to encourage destruction of squirrels and gophers in. Superseded by sub. 26, sec. 25, Co. Gov. Act, 1897:465.
777	501	Santa Barbara, laying out, opening, and improving streets in. Unconstitutional (Boorman v. Santa Barbara, 65 Cal. 313); superseded by Vrooman act, 1885:147, and by the charter of Santa Barbara, 1899:450.
778	502	El Dorado county, fixing the salaries of certain officers in. Repealed by Co. Gov. Acts, see 1897:549, § 190.
779	503	Humboldt county, providing for the scaling of logs in.
782	504	Colusa county, justices of the peace in. Repealed by fee bill of 1895:272.
782	506	San Joaquin county, salary of county judges of. Repealed by the constitution of 1879, abolishing the office.
783	508	Yuba City, to incorporate.
787	509	To provide for the extermination of squirrels in certain counties. Repealed 1880:7.
796	513	To supply the town of Oroville with water for fire purposes.
799	514	Declaring Smith river navigable. Superseded by Pol. C. § 2349, as amended 1891.
799	515	San Mateo county, terms of court in. Repealed by constitution of 1879, abolishing the courts named.
799	516	San Bernardino county, to divide into supervisor districts. Repealed by Co. Gov. Acts, see 1897:452.
802	518	Tehama street, San Francisco, to provide for the opening and extending of.
812	520	For the protection of children.
813	521	Act relating to children.
815	523	Contra Costa county, to provide for the extermination of squirrels in. Superseded by sub. 26, sec. 25, Co. Gov. Act, 1897:465.
820	526	To create Modesto irrigation district.
829	531	Van Ness avenue, San Francisco, to provide for the improvement of.
831	532	To define judicial districts in San Francisco. Repealed by the constitution of 1879, abolishing the district court.
835	535	Relating to advances made to agents intrusted with goods. Repealed 1880:120.
837	536	Merced county, collection of poll taxes in. Repealed by Pol. C. § 2652.
841	539	To provide for the construction of a railroad from Ione to Sutter Creek or Jackson.
843	541	Yolo county, authorizing supervisors to levy taxes. Superseded by sub. 12, sec. 25, 1897:460.
852	550	To confer upon Sacramento city the power to construct canals and levees. See charter of Sacramento, 1893:547, § 70.
853	551	To organize levee district No. 1, Sacramento county. Amended 1880:65.
859	552	Fresno county, to provide for the maintenance of roads in. Repealed 1883:5, chap. 10, sec. 2.
863	553	In relation to officers of Monterey county. Repealed, except as to county surveyor, by fee bill of 1895:267, and the Co. Gov. Acts, see 1897:526, § 175. See Speegle v. Joy, 60 Cal. 278.
879	558	To enable the supervisors of San Francisco to increase the police force. Amended 1877-8:965; superseded by 1889:108, and the charter of that city. See Clark v. Police Commissioners, 123 Cal. 24.
883	561	Defining and providing for the organization of coöperative business corporations. Superseded by 1895:221.
888	565	To incorporate the town of Berkeley. Superseded by the charter of Berkeley, 1895:410 (Miner v. Justices' Courts, 121 Cal. 264).
909	567	Creating reclamation district No. 254.
911	569	Relating to reclamation district No. 205. Repealed 1880:25.

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915	575	Conferring further powers on the board of supervisors of San Francisco. Repealed 1880:76.
922	580	Relative to the powers and duties of the sheriff of Alameda county. Modified by Co. Gov. Acts, see 1897:501, § 160.
931	587	Establishing the grade of Vallejo street, in San Francisco.
931	588	Authorizing the grading of Bay street and the changing of its grade.
932	591	Establishing and opening Montgomery street south.
942	592	To provide for the payment of certain bonds of Alameda county.
943	593	Quieting title to land in Yolo county.
943	594	Authorizing the construction of a sewer in San Francisco.
944	597	To enable railroad companies to complete their roads.
946	599	In relation to the police judge of San Luis Obispo. Superseded by incorporation, in 1884, under the Mun. Corp. Act of 1883.
947	601	To create a municipal court of appeals in San Francisco. Repealed by the constitution of 1879, abolishing the court.
949	607	Relating to warehouse and wharfing receipts.
950	608	Fixing the compensation of sheriffs of Alameda county. Repealed by Co. Gov. Acts, see 1897:501, § 160.
951	609	For the relief of taxpayers whose lands have been sold to the state. Probably superseded by 1880:9, chap. 11, and by Pol. C. § 3780, as amended 1895:328.
953	611	In relation to the House of Correction of San Francisco. Repealed 1893:5.
955	613	Imposing a tax on certificates of stock in corporations. Repealed 1897:243.
958	619	To provide a sufficient number of deputies for the county assessor of Santa Cruz county. Repealed by the Co. Gov. Acts, see 1897:452.
959	620	To confer additional powers on the board of supervisors of San Francisco. Superseded by the charter of that city.
961	622	Closing part of Elm street in San Francisco.
963	626	To authorize managers of orphan asylums to give their consent to the adoption of children. See C. C. § 224, amended 1895:39.
963	638	Authorizing supervisors of Amador county to declare a toll road.
964	629	In relation to certain streets in the town of Alameda.
966	633	To change the grade of certain streets in San Francisco.
967	635	To extend the jurisdiction of the park commissioners to a certain highway.
969	641	To create the office of commissioner of transportation, etc. Repealed by the constitution of 1879.
987	643	Creating Sacramento river drainage district.
998	646	Concerning roads and highways in Monterey county. Repealed 1883:5, chap. 10, sec. 2, and by the county government acts.
1003	652	Providing for the distribution of school moneys in Yolo county. Repealed Pol. C. § 1858.
1010	654	To attach a portion of Kings River Switch school district to Kingsbury school district.
1020	659	To prevent hogs and goats from running at large in Plymouth, Amador county. Probably repealed 1897:198.
1020	660	To authorize the transfer of certain funds in Sutter county.
1021	662	To provide for the election of supervisors in Mendocino county. Repealed by the Co. Gov. Acts, see 1897:452.
1023	664	To fix the salary of the clerk of the mayor of San Francisco. Superseded by charter of that city.
1024	665	To provide for the establishment and maintenance of roads in Napa county. Repealed 1883:5, chap. 10, sec. 2.
1037	670	To provide for the drainage of certain lands in the counties of Colusa and Yolo.
1046	672	For the funding of the bonded indebtedness of El Dorado county.
1050	673	To protect the public health from infection caused by the exhumation of human remains. Amended 1899:139.

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2	4	To transfer records, etc., from the courts existing prior to 1879.
4	5	To continue in force school teachers' certificates.
5	7	In relation to deputies and assistants of county clerks. Superseded by Co. Gov. Act, 1897.
8	14	In relation to the currency of the United States.
9	17	Granting relief to taxpayers whose lands have been sold to the state. Probably superseded by Pol. C. § 3780, as amended 1895:328.
13	19	Appropriating money for support of orphans, half orphans, and abandoned children. Amended 1883:57.
15	20	To promote emigration from the State of California.
16	21	Authorizing boards of supervisors to fix water rates. Superseded by 1885:95.
19	24	To declare valid writs, processes, and certificates issued by the superior courts and the clerks thereof.

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20	26	In relation to deputies, assistants, and copyists of county clerks. Amended 1891: 5. Unconstitutional (San Francisco v. Broderick, 125 Cal. 188); superseded as to San Francisco by the charter of that city.
20	27	To provide for the receipt of donations to the state or counties.
21	28	Authorizing railways to make leases and other contracts.
22	29	To provide for the removal of Chinese. Probably unconstitutional.
22	30	To declare the Mokelumne river navigable. Superseded by Pol. C. § 2349.
23	31	To confer powers upon the superior court of each county.
23	32	Relating to the appointment of aliens to office.
27	40	To enable boards of supervisors to authorize the employment of deputies in certain cases. Repealed by the Co. Gov. Acts, see 1897: 452.
30	42	To empower the trustees of levee district No. 1, Sutter county, to issue bonds.
36	45	For the better protection of fruit trees and vines. Superseded 1897: 241.
39	51	To prohibit the issue of licenses to aliens not eligible to become electors. Unconstitutional (People v. Quong On Long, 6 Pac. Coast L. J. 192); see Pol. C. § 3666, as amended 1901: 635.
43	57	To compel the operation of railroads.
44	58	To provide for the management of the Yosemite valley and Mariposa Big Tree grove. Amended 1885: 212.
45	59	Concerning the powers of the railroad commissioners.
49	60	Providing for the management and control of the state agricultural society.
52	62	For the promotion of the viticultural industries of the state. Enlarged 1881: 51; 1885: 9; repealed 1895: 235, chap. 189.
55	63	To protect lands not recognized as swamp lands, from overflow. Unconstitutional in some respects (Hutson v. Protection District, 79 Cal. 90); amended 1889: 366; probably superseded by 1895: 247.
61	66	To confer powers on supervisors of cities and counties containing more than one hundred thousand inhabitants. Superseded by charter of San Francisco.
62	69	To form agricultural districts, etc. Amended 1883: 30; 1885: 39, 126; 1887: 80; 1889: 78; and partly, if not wholly, repealed by 1891: 138; 1895: 14.
67	71	To define, regulate, and govern the state prison of California. Amended 1881: 79; superseded by 1889: 404, chap. 264.
77	75	Relating to the intoxication of officers.
80	83	To prohibit the sale of intoxicating liquors in the state capitol.
80	84	To regulate and provide for a day of rest in certain cases. Unconstitutional (Ex parte Westerfield, 55 Cal. 550).
82	87	For the relief of insolvent debtors. Amended 1891: 511; 1893: 45; repealed 1895: 131.
99	88	To provide for additional judge in Mono county. Repealed 1883: 62.
100	90	To empower consolidated cities and counties to make alterations in county prisons. Superseded by charter of San Francisco.
102	93	Authorizing boards of supervisors to pay expenses of posse comitatus in criminal cases.
102	94	To regulate the sale of certain poisonous substances.
104	96	To provide for removal of obstructions in Pitt river.
106	99	Providing for the appointment of an additional notary public in San Francisco. Superseded by Pol. C. § 791.
106	100	For the protection of certain kinds of fish. Expired in 1882.
114	103	Empowering cities and counties to pay for rent of court-rooms. Superseded by charter of San Francisco.
115	105	Establishment and maintenance of a mining bureau. Repealed 1893: 207.
119	109	To provide for appeals from orders forming reclamation or swamp land districts. Superseded by 1893: 174.
121	114	To provide for the construction, maintenance, and operation of fishways.
123	116	Prohibiting aliens from fishing in the waters of the state. Unconstitutional (In re Ah Chong, 5 Pac. Coast L. J. 451).
123	117	To promote drainage. Unconstitutional (People v. Parks, 58 Cal. 624).
131	118	Further protection of stockholders in mining corporations. Amended 1897: 96.
132	119	To provide for the further extension of the waterfront line of San Francisco.
133	120	Authorizing boards of supervisors to transfer certain funds. Superseded by sub. 18, sec. 25, 1897: 463.
136	122	To declare the Klamath river navigable. Repealed 1891: 10.
136	123	To prescribe the form of complaint in actions to recover delinquent taxes. Repealed in part by Pol. C. § 3670, as amended 1883: 65 (San Diego v. Southern Pacific R. Co., 108 Cal. 46).
137	124	To provide for the organization of cities and counties of more than one hundred thousand inhabitants. Unconstitutional (Desmond v. Dunn, 55 Cal. 242).
231	126	To establish free public libraries and reading-rooms. Repealed 1901: 557.

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2	3	To authorize the several counties, cities, and towns to receive gifts.
3	4	Authorizing a conveyance to William Scholle.
9	13	Providing for the appointment of a deputy supreme court reporter.
14	20	To prevent fraud and deception in the manufacture and sale of butter and cheese. Superseded by 1895: 41; 1897: 65.
15	21	To provide a system of drainage for agricultural swamp and overflowed lands. Amended 1897: 220; unconstitutional (<i>Vickey v. Stearns Rancho Co.</i> , 126 Cal. 151).
20	24	To provide an additional judge for Alameda county.
24	33	Concerning the medical department of the University of California.
25	34	Authorizing boards of supervisors to grant franchises for constructing booms. Superseded by sub. 35, sec. 25, Co. Gov. Act, 1897: 466; repealed 1901: 265, chap. 103.
25	35	To appoint commissioners for the pueblo of Sonoma.
26	36	To allow unincorporated cities and towns to equip and maintain a fire department. Amended 1899: 69, chap. 59.
50	50	To appropriate money to reimburse the University of California. Repealed 1893: 77.
51	51	To define and enlarge the powers and duties of the state viticultural commissioners. Enlarged 1885: 9; repealed 1895: 235; unconstitutional in part (<i>Ex parte Cox</i> , 63 Cal. 21).
54	52	To enable boards of supervisors and other legislative bodies to perform the duties prescribed by sec. 1, art. XIV, of the constitution. Amended 1885: 95, chap. 115; unconstitutional in part (<i>Fitch v. Supervisors</i> , 122 Cal. 285).
65	55	To enable purchasers of state lands to redeem them.
68	59	To facilitate equalization of assessments in reclamation districts.
74	64	To create an additional police judge's court in San Francisco. Superseded by chap. 8 of art. IV of the charter of San Francisco.
76	67	To confer power upon supervisors to complete sewers. Superseded by Co. Gov. Act and the charter of San Francisco.
76	68	To provide for bridges across navigable waters. As to repairing or reconstructing, see 1897: 21, chap. 25.
81	72	To provide a state hospital for miners.
86	75	To protect and promote the horticultural interests of the state. Amended 1889: 413, 1891: 268; repealed 1897: 244.

1883.

20	11	To prevent the sale of oleomargarine as butter. Probably repealed by 1895: 14 and 1897: 65.
24	17	To provide for the classification of municipal corporations. Amended 1897: 218, 421; 1899: 141; 1901: 94.
27	21	To establish and support a bureau of labor statistics. Amended 1889: 6; 1901: 12.
32	24	To provide for the improvement of streets, etc. Repealed 1885: 165.
53	29	To provide for the submission of amendments to the constitution. Repealed 1899: 24.
54	30	To provide for the better control of the funds of the University of California. Unconstitutional (<i>People v. Kewen</i> , 69 Cal. 215).
55	31	Appropriation for support of indigent persons residing in Veterans' Home. Amended 1887: 6; 1893: 214; 1899: 147; 1901: 275.
58	34	To divide the state into senatorial districts. Repealed 1891: 71, chap. 81.
63	37	Fixing the jurisdiction of justices of the peace in cities and towns. Superseded by C. C. P. § 103, as amended 1901: 100.
85	47	To divide the state into assembly districts. Repealed 1891: 71, chap. 81.
93	49	To provide for the organization of municipal corporations. Amended 1885: 127, 134; 1887: 12; 1889: 371, 389; 1891: 21, 28, 54, 55, 114, 233; 1893: 299; 1895: 24, 159, 266; 1897: 89, 175, 183, 196, 403; 1899: 98; 1901: 12, 18, 70, 269, 293, 656. Unconstitutional as to the provisions in § 756, requiring courts to take judicial notice of ordinances (<i>City of Tulare v. Hevren</i> , 126 Cal. 226).
280	51	To protect the public health.
285	58	Authorizing boards of supervisors to appoint inspectors of apiaries. Repealed 1901: 13.
287	60	Authorizing the governor to re-convey lands to the United States.
289	63	To establish a state board of horticulture. Amended 1885: 4; 1889: 8, 89.
295	70	Authorizing cities to maintain drawbridges.
296	72	To divide the state into congressional districts. Repealed 1891: 84, chap. 84.
298	74	To provide for disposal of moneys after building school buildings.
299	75	To establish a uniform system of county governments. Amended 1885: 125, 166, 195; 1887: 168, 178; 1889: 232; repealed by Co. Gov. Act, 1891: 295, chap. 216.
366	77	To grant powers to boards of health in cities and cities and counties.

1883—Continued.

Page.	Chap.	
368	79	To encourage destruction of wild animals. Superseded by sub. 26, sec. 25, Co. Gov. Act, 1897: 465.
369	81	To establish a state board of silk culture. Superseded 1885: 216.
370	82	To authorize the governing bodies of cities and towns to refund indebtedness. Amended 1893: 57; 1895: 203; repealed 1897: 75. Unconstitutional in part (Los Angeles v. Teed, 112 Cal. 319).
375	89	Providing for submitting to the qualified electors a proposed issue of bonds. Superseded by § 25 of Co. Gov. Act of 1897, and as to San Francisco by its charter.
376	90	To prevent the introduction of contagious or infectious diseases. See Pol. C. § 2979a.
380	96	Appropriation for support of aged persons in indigent circumstances. Repealed 1895: 23.

1884.

8	8	To provide for funding the indebtedness of counties. Superseded by sub. 13, sec. 25, 1897: 460.
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1885.

6	8	To provide for printing state series of school books. Amended 1887: 145; 1891: 453.
9	10	To enlarge the duties of the board of state viticultural commissioners. Repealed 1895: 235.
10	11	To create a state board of forestry. Repealed 1893: 229.
12	14	To grant boards of health and health officers power to regulate plumbing. Amended 1887: 58.
13	15	To require the payment of certain insurance premiums to cities and counties. Amended 1887: 15; unconstitutional (San Francisco v. Insurance Co., 74 Cal. 113).
18	19	Appropriating money for the establishment and management of the Industrial Home of Mechanical Trades for the Adult Blind. Superseded 1887: 160, chap. 148.
25	21	To provide a public morgue in San Francisco. Superseded by chap. 6 of art. IV, and sub. 9 of chap. 2 of art. 1 of the charter of San Francisco.
31	27	Ratifying incorporation of municipal corporations.
31	28	Authorizing fish commissioners to build and maintain a hatchery.
32	30	To provide for the future management of the state asylums for the insane. Modified, if not repealed, by 1889: 329, chap. 220, and both modified, if not repealed by the lunacy commission act, 1897: 311.
34	31	To provide for commitments to the house of correction. Superseded 1889: 111, chap. 108; 1889: 100, chap. 103.
35	32	To prevent the overcrowding of asylums for the insane. Superseded by the lunacy commission act, 1897: 311.
35	33	To provide an additional asylum for chronic insane. Amended 1889: 130. Superseded by the lunacy commission act, 1897: 311.
38	34	Authorizing commissioners of public parks to accept donations.
40	36	To prevent the spreading of fruit and fruit-tree pests. Superseded 1899: 91, chap. 76.
42	37	To authorize municipal corporations of the first class to obtain public waterworks. Repealed 1889: 399.
43	38	To provide for analyzing minerals, mineral waters, and other liquids, and medicinal plants.
45	39	Regulating the height of division and partition fences in cities. Fences wholly on the land of their owner excluded therefrom. (Western, etc., Co. v. Knickerbocker, 103 Cal. 111.)
49	47	To advance learning, etc., and creating trusts for the endowment of schools and colleges. Amended 1891: 454.
53	48	Appropriation for the establishment of a fund for the purchase of jute.
55	52	To legalize certain acknowledgments.
77	102	To subject certain reclamation districts to the provisions of the Political Code.
95	115	To regulate and control the sale, rental, and distribution of water. Amended 1897: 49; 1901: 80.
108	124	To authorize the appointment of an interpreter of the Italian languages in cities of one hundred thousand inhabitants. Amended 1895: 37. Superseded as to San Francisco by chap. 1 of art. V of the charter of that city.
109	125	To secure wages of persons employed as laborers on threshing machines.
110	127	To insure better education of practitioners of dentistry. Amended 1893: 70; repealed 1901: 564.
114	131	To facilitate the giving of bonds required by law.

1885—Continued.

Page.	Chap.	
126	136	To compensate sheriffs for conveying prisoners. Amended 1889: 200.
126	147	To enable municipal corporations of the sixth class to elect officers.
139	149	To change and permanently locate the boundary line between Kern and San Luis Obispo counties.
147	153	To provide for work upon streets, lanes, alleys, etc. Amended 1887: 148; 1889: 157; 1891: 116, 196, 461; 1893: 33, 89, 172; 1899: 23.
199	156	To establish the California Home for the Care and Training of Feeble-Minded Children. Repealed 1887: 73.
204	158	To promote drainage. Amended 1891: 262.
211	162	Authorizing any board of supervisors to refund the bonded indebtedness. Superseded by sub. 13, sec. 25, 1897: 460.
213	164	To provide for police courts in cities having more than thirty and less than one hundred thousand inhabitants. Amended 1891: 292; 1893: 41; 1895: 113.
216	165	To establish a state board of silk culture.
217	166	Supplemental to act providing for mining bureau. Repealed 1893: 207.

1887.

1	2	To increase the number of judges of the superior court of Los Angeles county.
2	3	To provide for the permanent support and improvement of the University of California.
5	9	Concerning the payment of costs of trials of persons charged with violation of the laws for the preservation of fish.
15	18	To require payment of certain insurance premiums to counties and cities and counties. Unconstitutional (San Francisco v. Insurance Co., 74 Cal. 113).
17	21	To prevent fraud and imposition in the matter of stamping and labeling produce and manufactured goods.
19	24	To provide an additional judge for San Bernardino county.
26	32	To provide for the endowment of libraries, museums, etc.
29	34	To provide for the organization and government of irrigation districts. Amended 1889: 15; 1891: 142, 147, 244; 1893: 175, 516; 1897: 241; 1899: 2; supplemented 1889: 18, 21, 212; 1893: 276, 520; 1895: 127, 174; 1897: 254, 394; repealed 1897: 254.
46	35	To enlarge the powers of the state board of forestry. The statute of 1893: 229, chap. 187, in its title purports to repeal this statute, but the body of the act contains no repealing provision.
46	36	To prohibit the sophistication and adulteration of wine.
51	39	An act exempting mayors of cities of more than one hundred thousand inhabitants from acting as police judges, etc.
52	41	To authorize a levy of taxes for the maintenance of public parks.
57	48	To increase the number of superior judges of Fresno county.
59	51	To grant to the United States certain lands at Humboldt bay.
60	53	To establish a branch state normal school in northern California.
69	57	To provide for the government of the California Home for the Care and Training of Feeble-Minded Children. Amended 1889: 155; supplemented 1897: 2, 251, chap. 188; 1901: 795.
74	60	To provide for the removal of the mineral cabinet from the state library.
81	72	Authorizing county clerks to take affidavits in pension cases.
82	74	To prevent persons from unlawfully wearing badge of Grand Army of the Republic.
95	82	To provide for the completion of unfinished county, city, and township buildings. Amended 1891: 83; 1893: 126; 1895: 166.
110	95	To protect life and property against the careless and malicious use of explosives.
120	104	Authorizing the incurring of indebtedness by cities and towns. Amended 1889: 14; repealed 1889: 402.
139	122	To provide for compiling and publishing state school books.
147	128	For the better protection of settlers on the public lands.
150	133	To validate proceedings for the reorganization of municipal corporations.
160	148	Establishing an Industrial Home of Mechanical Trades for the Adult Blind. Amended 1889: 147.
233	180	To regulate the vocation of fishing, etc.

1889.

3	5	To provide for the proper sanitary condition of factories and workshops. Amended 1901: 571; declared unconstitutional (Schaezlein v. Cabaniss, 135 Cal. 466).
4	7	To regulate the hours of labor and employment of minors.
5	8	To increase the number of superior judges in San Diego county.

1889—Continued.

Page.	Chap.	
13	16	To provide for the appointment of supreme court commissioners. Superseded 1893:1.
21	21	Supplemental to 1887:29, for organization of irrigation districts. Amended 1893:516.
25	23	To establish a branch insane asylum at Ukiah. Superseded by the lunacy commission act, 1897:311.
32	24	To encourage and provide for general vaccination.
37	30	To provide for the funding indebtedness of the several counties of the state. Superseded by § 25, Co. Gov. Act, 1897:457.
38	31	To provide for the correction and establishment of the eastern boundary of the state. Perhaps obsolete, for it provided the work was to be done in one year.
56	62	Creating police relief, health, life insurance, and pension fund. Amended 1891:287, 469; 1897:52.
62	66	To create a police court in San Francisco. Supplemented 1893:9; superseded by the charter of that city, chap. 8, art. V.
70	76	To provide for laying out, opening, extending, widening, straightening, or closing up streets, etc.
85	81	Authorizing boards of supervisors to declare innavigable streams highways. Repealed by § 25, Co. Gov. Act, 1897:457.
94	89	To ratify a conveyance of certain property by cities of less than fifty thousand inhabitants.
100	103	To establish the Preston School of Industry. Amended 1893:39.
106	104	Appropriation for supplying water, light, and fuel for the state insane asylum at Stockton. Repealed 1889:225.
107	105	Directing the transcription of matters of record from Fresno and Merced counties to San Benito county.
108	106	Authorizing boards of supervisors to provide pensions for the relief of aged, infirm, and disabled firemen. Amended 1901:575.
111	108	To establish the Whittier Reform School. Amended 1893:328.
120	109	To provide for the erection of a state hospital for the insane in southern California. Amended 1891:481; 1895:207; superseded by the lunacy commission act, 1897:311.
123	110	To create the county of Orange.
130	112	To increase the number of superior judges in Los Angeles county.
143	135	To provide for the maintenance and support of public parks. Amended 1893:79, 343.
198	161	To provide for the burial of ex-union soldiers, sailors, and marines. Supplemented 1901:596.
201	166	To grant certain tide lands to the United States.
202	168	For the protection of the owners of ditches and flumes.
203	169	To validate proceedings for the reorganization of municipal corporations. To like effect, 1891:92.
205	172	To prevent capture and destruction of blue cranes.
206	173	To provide for building and furnishing the home for soldiers' widows, orphans, and army nurses. Amended 1891:428.
214	180	To establish a police court in Marysville.
216	182	To authorize boards of supervisors to appoint sheep commissioners.
228	199	To provide for the revision of the records of the California volunteers.
229	202	Granting to the regents of the University of California certain lands.
303	208	To increase the number of clerks in the office of the state treasurer. Repealed 1895:88.
304	210	To authorize state board of fish commissioners to import game birds.
327	212	To provide for compiling, copyrighting, and printing elementary book on civil government.
329	220	To provide for the maintenance, support, and discharge in certain cases of insane persons confined in the state asylums. Probably superseded by the lunacy commission act, 1897:311.
333	222	Reducing the number of superior judges in San Luis Obispo county.
348	237	Authorizing the several counties of the state to create a funded indebtedness. Superseded by § 25, Co. Gov. Act, 1897:460.
352	241	To prevent the sale of intoxicating liquors to persons addicted to the inordinate use thereof.
356	246	To provide for changing the boundaries of municipal corporations, and to exclude territory therefrom. Superseded in part, at least, by 1889:433, chap. 280.
358	247	To provide for altering the boundaries of municipal corporations and the adding of territory thereto. See also 1889:433; 1899:41.
361	248	To enable incorporated cities and towns to acquire and maintain parks.
375	252	To regulate quarantine, and the admission of horses, cattle, sheep, and swine into the state.
388	257	To authorize the board of state harbor commissioners to construct railroads over state lands and along the water front of San Francisco. Superseded by Pol. C. § 2524.

1889—Continued.

Page.	Chap.	
399	261	To authorize the incurring of indebtedness by municipal corporations for the construction of waterworks, sewers, etc. Amended 1891: 84, 94, 132; 1893: 61. This latter amendment attempted to be repealed by 1897: 99, chap. 97, but such repeal declared unconstitutional in <i>City of Los Angeles v. Hance</i> , 122 Cal. 78.
404	264	To regulate and govern the state prisons.
416	267	To provide for the appointment of pilots at the port of Wilmington and the bay of San Pedro.
418	268	To recognize the Veterans' Home at Yountville as a state home.
419	269	To provide for the erection at San Quentin of a building to accommodate insane prisoners. Repealed 1893: 148.
420	272	To provide for the appointment of an examining commissioner on rivers and harbors.
428	278	Respecting payment in full by holders of certificates of purchase of lands sold prior to March 27, 1872.
433	280	To provide for changing the boundaries of cities and municipal corporations, and to exclude territory therefrom.
434	281	To provide for applications for the purchase of sixteenth and thirty-sixth sections.
451	289	To provide for a keeper of archives and define his duties.

1891.

1	1	Authorizing the appointment of a stenographer for the governor.
4	6	Providing for the levy and collection of taxes for school districts, except in municipal corporations of the first class. Modified, perhaps repealed, by Pol. C. §§ 1830 and 1836, as amended 1893: 263.
8	12	Authorizing cities of not less than twenty-six nor more than thirty thousand inhabitants to vote upon the question of paying indebtedness. Unconstitutional (<i>Darcy v. Mayor</i> , 104 Cal. 642; <i>Ex parte Giambonini</i> , 117 Cal. 573; <i>Pasadena v. Stimson</i> , 91 Cal. 238).
10	15	To increase the police force of various cities, cities and counties.
12	19	To ratify ordinances passed by the governing bodies of municipal corporations, giving permission to propel cars.
20	33	To legalize certain acknowledgments. Superseded 1897: 29, chap. 32.
21	34	In relation to district attorneys in cities and counties, and counties having a population of more than one hundred and twenty-five thousand. Unconstitutional (<i>Darcy v. Mayor</i> , 104 Cal. 642; <i>Ex parte Giambonini</i> , 112 Cal. 574); superseded by Co. Gov. Act, 1897, and by charter of San Francisco.
22	36	To provide for the levy and collection of taxes by municipal corporations other than those of the first, second, third, and fourth classes operating under a charter.
25	39	To provide for the acquisition of Sutter's fort and appointing trustees therefor.
27	42	To provide penalties for failure to pay tolls.
30	46	To provide for the organization of levee districts. Repealed 1893: 111.
46	47	To regulate the sale of olive oil. Repealed 1893: 211.
47	49	Requiring boards of commissioners having control of the police force to grant yearly vacations.
49	51	To provide for a state board of arbitration to settle disputes between employers and employes.
53	57	To provide for redemption of property sold to irrigation districts for delinquent assessments.
56	60	Concerning costs in civil actions for serving summonses and subpoenas.
57	63	To authorize the establishment of county high schools. Repealed 1893: 276.
61	68	To increase the number of superior judges in Tulare county.
70	78	Relative to the non-insurance of property belonging to the state.
71	81	To divide the state into legislative districts. Superseded 1901: 535, chap. 194.
84	84	To divide the state into congressional districts. Superseded 1901: 548, chap. 195.
86	85	Regulating the practice of pharmacy. Amended 1893: 68; repealed 1901: 304.
90	86	Creating a lien in favor of owners of stallions, jacks, and bulls.
91	87	To prevent the sale of intoxicating liquors to minors.
92	88	To validate proceedings for the reorganization of municipal corporations.
95	91	To provide for furnishing assistants to city and county attorneys. Superseded as to San Francisco by chap. 2 of art. V of its charter.
98	94	To create the county of Glenn. Amended 1893: 158.
102	96	Authorizing incorporated cities to acquire by purchase, gift, or condemnation, water, water rights, reservoir sites, etc.
107	106	Giving consent of the state to reservation of certain lands by congress.
110	111	To provide for the issuing and sale of state bonds to create a fund for the use of the state board of harbor commissioners.
126	116	Relating to life, health, accident, and annuity or endowment insurance on the assessment plan.

1891—Continued.

Page.	Chap.	
133	120	Authorizing the sale of the buildings and sites of the California Home for the Care and Training of Feeble-Minded Children.
138	126	To form agricultural districts, and provide for the management and control of the same. Amended 1893: 282; 1895: 14, 100.
182	137	For the establishment of high schools. Unconstitutional (<i>McCabe v. Carpenter</i> , 102 Cal. 469); repealed 1893: 276.
184	138	To authorize directors of the Veterans' Home Association to exchange certain lands.
185	140	To prohibit the coming of Chinese into the state. Unconstitutional (<i>Ex parte Ah Cue</i> , 101 Cal. 197).
194	145	To authorize Robert C. Ball to sue the state.
195	146	To provide for the payment of wages of mechanics and laborers employed by corporations. Unconstitutional (<i>Slocum v. Bear Valley Irrigation Co.</i> , 122 Cal. 555).
209	148	Creating the office of attorney for the state board of health at San Francisco.
210	149	To provide for the payment of the funded indebtedness of the state, and to contract a funded debt for that purpose.
217	154	To protect owners of bottles, boxes, siphons, and kegs used in the sale of soda waters, etc.
219	155	Relating to working, rights of way, easement, and drainage of mines.
221	157	To determine what lands of the state are swamp and overflowed.
223	161	To provide for the formation of sanitary districts. Amended 1893: 88; 1895: 85; but this amendment declared unconstitutional (<i>In re Werner</i> , 129 Cal. 567); also amended 1901: 633.
235	164	To provide for funding the indebtedness of levee district No. 6, Sutter county.
237	165	Authorizing the treasurer and controller to transfer certain moneys.
237	166	To define the boundaries and provide for the government of levee district No. 6, Sutter county.
243	169	Providing for the payment of moneys in the state treasury to the credit of the swamp land fund.
251	173	Authorizing the governor and surveyor-general to sell and convey certain lands.
258	175	Authorizing the board of fish commissioners to purchase land.
258	176	To establish a naval battalion. Repealed 1893: 63.
261	179	To extend the jurisdiction of the harbor commissioners. Superseded by Pol. C. § 2524, as amended 1901: 620.
262	181	Ceding jurisdiction over certain lands to the United States.
263	183	To declare the bridge across the Feather river at Marysville a free bridge.
264	185	To enable cities of the fifth class to issue bonds for the purchase of school-house lots, etc. Repealed 1893: 295.
270	189	Authorizing the board of harbor commissioners to rectify the alignment of East street.
271	190	Providing for the dissolution and winding up of savings banks, trust companies, etc.
279	197	To authorize the controller and treasurer to transfer certain funds.
280	198	Fixing a bounty on coyote scalps. Repealed 1895: 1.
280	199	To provide a salary for the keeper of archives in the office of secretary of state.
283	205	To encourage the cultivation of ramie. Unconstitutional (<i>Murray v. Colgan</i> , 94 Cal. 435).
285	206	To prevent the placing, keeping, or leaving of married women in houses of prostitution.
289	212	To give a preference in public service to ex-union soldiers, sailors, and marines.
294	215	To provide for the payment of certain lost warrants.
295	216	To establish a uniform system of county and township government. Amended 1893: 310; repealed 1897: 452. Various parts held unconstitutional (<i>People v. Johnson</i> , 95 Cal. 471; <i>Welch v. Bramlet</i> , 98 Cal. 219; <i>Bloss v. Lewis</i> , 109 Cal. 493).
424	219	To provide for the appointment of a guardian for Marshall monument and grounds.
430	225	To establish law libraries. Amended 1895: 46.
433	226	To provide for police courts in cities having a population of fifteen thousand and under eighteen thousand inhabitants. Unconstitutional (<i>Ex parte Giambonini</i> , 117 Cal. 573).
450	231	Appropriation for the benefit of the sufferers of the Tia Juana flood. Unconstitutional (<i>Patty v. Colgan</i> , 97 Cal. 251).
452	235	Authorizing state board of examiners to sell old furniture and material.
452	236	Fixing the rate of tare on baled hops.
454	238	To provide for the publication of a blue book or roster. Superseded 1893: 218.
458	243	Expressing the assent of the state to the act of congress of August 30, 1890.
473	253	To prevent the destruction by fire of the property of contiguous owners.
478	255	To define the duties of and to license land surveyors.

1891—Continued.

Page.	Chap.	
487	263	To establish a standard of weights and measures. Of doubtful constitutionality, and has never been acted under. (Condict v. Police Court, 59 Cal. 278; sec. 14, art. XI, State Const.; sub. 5, sec. 8, art I, Const. of U. S.)
490	264	Authorizing certain corporations to act as executors and in other capacities. Amended 1897:424.
513	279	Appropriation to pay the claim of A. J. Bourn. Unconstitutional (Bourn v. Hart, 93 Cal. 321).
513	280	For the payment of John J. Conlin. Unconstitutional (Conlin v. Supervisors, 99 Cal. 17).

1893.

1	1	Providing for the appointment of supreme court commissioners and their secretary. Continued 1897:47, chap. 52; 1899:11; 1901:273.
3	5	Providing for an additional judge for Alameda county.
5	8	To abolish fees or commissions paid by the state for collection of ad valorem taxes.
6	9	Authorizing controller and treasurer to transfer certain moneys to the general fund.
12	16	To promote the purity of elections. Amended 1895:227. Unconstitutional, in so far as it requires an oath of a successful candidate for office, in addition to that prescribed by the constitution (Bradley v. Clark, 133 Cal. 196).
29	17	Limiting the time for granting franchises for the construction, extension, or operation of street railroads. Superseded 1897:265.
30	19	To prevent combinations to obstruct the sale of livestock.
33	21	To provide a system of street improvement bonds. Amended 1899:40. Unconstitutional, in so far as it undertakes to make the bond conclusive evidence (Ramish v. Hartwell, 126 Cal. 443).
42	24	To declare certain tide lands public grounds and granting the same to San Mateo county.
44	27	Requiring street railroad corporations to allow United States mail carriers to ride free of charge.
46	30	Fixing the salary of the janitor of the state capitol.
49	36	To provide for the redemption and payment of certain funded debt bonds of the state.
54	41	To provide for a day of rest from labor.
54	42	Fixing the price and conditions of sale at which jute goods shall be sold by the state.
57	45	To authorize suits against the state, and regulating the procedure therein. See Molineux v. State, 109 Cal. 378.
62	49	To establish a naval battalion. Modified, if not superseded, by Pol. C. § 1962, as amended 1901:583.
75	65	To provide for the payment of interest on the outstanding bonds of the state held in trust for the university fund and the state school fund. Amended 1899:93.
82	74	To establish a uniform system of mine bell signals.
85	76	To provide for the revision of certain books of the state series of school text-books.
96	80	Requiring the recording of maps of cities and towns and of subdivisions thereof. Amended 1901:288.
101	88	To prohibit prize fighting. Superseded by Pen. C. § 412, as amended 1899:153, chap. 121.
102	91	Empowering the governor to execute a quitclaim deed to the successors in interest of Sallie C. Perry.
109	93	Authorizing the allowance, settlement, and payment of claims of counties against the state.
121	105	Granting right of way and station grounds to the Southern California Railway Company over a portion of the asylum grounds in San Bernardino county.
123	106	Authorizing the acquisition by donation of sites for camps of instruction for the national guard. Probably repealed, 1899:65.
125	109	For the appointment of an additional judge for Fresno county.
127	112	To regulate the manner of receiving and paying fees, commissions, etc., in cities and counties having a population of over one hundred thousand inhabitants. Amended 1895:164. Unconstitutional (Rauer v. Williams, 118 Cal. 401).
132	115	To authorize the justices of the supreme court to appoint a librarian for said court.
151	137	To prevent the sale of short-weight rolls of butter.
151	138	Empowering the governor to execute a quitclaim deed to the successors in interest of James Bowman.
153	140	Providing for the planting and care of shade trees in municipalities.
158	141	To change and permanently locate the boundary lines between the counties of Glenn and Colusa.

1893—Continued.

Page.	Chap.	
158	142	To create the county of Riverside.
168	143	To create the county of Madera. Unconstitutional in part (People v. Markham, 104 Cal. 232).
174	147	Providing for appeals from orders for the formation of reclamation districts.
176	150	To create the county of Kings.
181	151	To provide for the presentation and cancellation of unlocated school land warrants.
183	153	To establish board of parole commissioners. Amended 1901: 82.
183	154	To compel savings banks to publish a sworn statement of unclaimed deposits.
190	165	To provide for furnishing assistants to coroners in cities and counties having one hundred thousand or more inhabitants. As to San Francisco, superseded by charter.
193	168	Establishing a tax on collateral inheritances. Amended 1895: 33; 1897: 77; 1899: 101. The amendment of 1897 was unconstitutional (Estate of Mahoney, 133 Cal. 180).
203	172	To provide for the appointment of guardians of children in orphan asylums.
203	173	To provide for the establishment of the state mining bureau.
208	175	Relating to the operation of railroads.
210	177	To regulate the sale of imitation olive oil.
217	182	To prevent compulsory prostitution of women.
218	183	To provide for the publication of the state blue book or roster.
218	184	Authorizing the appointment of trustees for the estates of missing persons.
220	185	Making it unlawful to refuse admission to places of amusement.
220	186	To provide for laying out, opening, etc., streets in municipalities of forty thousand or over. Probably unconstitutional (Darcy v. Mayor of San José, 104 Cal. 642; Pasadena v. Stimson, 91 Cal. 258).
229	188	Creating a board of commissioners of building and loan associations. Amended 1895: 103.
234	190	Providing for the removal of human remains from cemeteries. Amended 1895: 157.
235	191	Regulating the disposition of cattle killed or slaughtered in the state.
235	192	To provide for the transfer of certain moneys from one county to another.
277	195	Granting to board of supervisors of Sonoma county right of way through the lands of the California Home for the Care and Training of Feeble-Minded Children.
280	197	Providing for the compensation of chief and captain of police in cities having not less than ten thousand nor more than twenty-five thousand inhabitants. Unconstitutional (Darcy v. Mayor of San José, 104 Cal. 642).
282	199	Relating to treasurers, their deputies and clerks in counties, and cities and counties, having a population of two hundred thousand or over. Superseded as to San Francisco by the charter of that city.
285	201	To prohibit the creation of debts against the state in excess of appropriations made by law.
286	203	To regulate the practice of veterinary medicine and surgery.
288	204	Providing for the sale of railroad and other franchises in municipalities. Amended 1897: 176; superseded by 1901: 265.
290	207	In relation to reassessment of property.
292	210	To enable school districts in cities of the fifth class to issue bonds to purchase school lots. Amended 1897: 103.
295	211	To provide for the leasing and disposition of water by irrigation districts. See statute of 1897: 254.
302	219	To prevent the spread of contagious and infectious diseases among domestic animals.
339	228	To provide for the appointment, duties, and compensation of a débris commissioner. Amended 1897: 169; 1901: 284, 564; § 6 repealed 1901: 564.
341	229	Regulating the sale of lands uncovered by the recession or drainage of the waters of inland lakes. Amended 1899: 182.
345	332	Creating a commissioner of public works. Amended 1897: 26; repealed 1899: 157; 1900: 20.
346	234	To establish a uniform system of county and township governments. Amended 1895: 1; repealed 1897: 452. Unconstitutional in part (Hale v. McGettigan, 114 Cal. 112).
536	244	Providing for the adjustment, settlement, and payment of indebtedness existing against a city or municipal corporation at the time of exclusion of territory therefrom.

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24	14	To reduce the number of superior judges in San Diego county.
26	17	Authorizing the state treasurer to pay over to the treasurer of the Veterans' Home Association certain moneys.
27	19	To provide an additional judge for Humboldt county.
41	38	To prevent deception in the manufacture and sale of butter. Repealed in effect 1897: 65.

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45	39	Authorizing the state board of health to manufacture and purchase diphtheria anti-toxine.
48	44	To provide an additional judge for Sacramento county.
52	51	Providing for the appointment by the coroner in counties of the first class of a physician.
55	54	To provide an additional watchman for the state treasurer. Purports to amend statute of 1868 : 554, chap. 431, which statute was, however, superseded by Pol. C. § 457.
56	59	For the appointment of a guardian of Sutter's fort.
65	69	To provide the office of the attorney-general with law books.
67	71	Authorizing the appointment of an additional clerk by the controller. Repealed 1899 : 146.
71	76	To provide against the adulteration of food and drugs.
75	81	To provide the manner of execution of deeds by cemetery corporations.
76	84	Authorizing boards or commissions having the management of paid fire departments to grant yearly vacations to members thereof. Amended and supplemented 1899 : 57.
79	89	To authorize the board of state harbor commissioners to institute condemnation proceedings against certain property in San Francisco.
90	99	To establish a police court in and for the city of Eureka. Superseded by charter 1895 : 378.
92	102	To prevent evil-disposed persons from coming upon the grounds of the Whittier State School or the Preston School of Industry.
94	104	To prevent the sale of imitation or adulterated honey. Superseded 1897 : 12.
95	106	To promote the protection of cities, towns, and municipal corporations from overflow by water.
98	107	Authorizing judges of superior court in counties, cities and counties, having a population of two hundred thousand or over, to appoint a secretary.
107	115	To create an exempt firemen's relief fund. Unconstitutional (Taylor v. Mott, 123 Cal. 497); superseded 1901 : 101.
109	116	Authorizing the trustees of Auburn to remove a cemetery.
115	125	To provide for the disincorporation of municipal corporations of the sixth class. Amended 1897 : 17; 1899 : 13.
119	128	To authorize the state to secure the title to right of way of a wagon road situate between Smith's Flat, El Dorado county, and Lake Tahoe. Superseded 1897 : 389.
122	131	Relating to commitments to the Whittier State School and the Preston School of Industry.
128	138	To reduce the number of judges of the superior court of Tulare county.
128	139	Providing for changing the fiscal year of cities operating under a charter.
131	143	For the relief of insolvent debtors. Amended 1897 : 35.
156	148	To reduce the number of judges of the superior court of Fresno county.
161	156	To prevent the sale of intoxicating liquors in the immediate vicinity of soldiers' homes.
163	159	Prescribing how judgments which may be recovered against any city and county of over one hundred thousand population shall be paid. Apparently restricted to pre-existing judgments.
168	164	Providing an official stenographic reporter to the coroners of cities, and cities and counties, having a population of one hundred thousand or more inhabitants. Superseded as to San Francisco by its charter.
169	165	To create the office of fish and game warden.
170	166	To create a public school teachers' annuity and retirement fund. Amended 1897 : 225; 1901 : 677.
191	169	To provide for the letting of contracts for lighting streets and public buildings. Amended 1897 : 210.
197	174	To provide for the issuing of bonds by reclamation districts, for their disposal and for their payment.
204	177	Fixing and regulating the manner of sale and redemption of real property for delinquent street assessments.
205	178	To create a court for the town of Berkeley. Unconstitutional (Miner v. Justice's Court, 121 Cal. 264).
207	181	Providing for a general primary election in counties of certain classes. Unconstitutional (Marsh v. Hanly, 111 Cal. 368); superseded by Pol. C. §§ 1357 to 1375, added 1901 : 606.
219	182	To provide for the levy and collection of taxes in cities and municipal corporations other than those of the first class.
221	183	To provide for the incorporation, operation, and management of coöperative associations.
232	187	Authorizing the trustees of the Southern California state asylum to convey certain water rights.
238	192	To provide for the appointment and salary of a clerk in the office of the superintendent of public instruction.
242	198	Conferring power on the governing body of cities of over one hundred thousand inhabitants to acquire sites for public buildings. Amended 1897 : 50.

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247	201	To provide for the formation of protection districts. Amended 1897 : 219.
263	203	To create a bureau of highways. Superseded 1897 : 443.
267	207	To establish fees of county, township, and other officers, and of jurors and witnesses. Unconstitutional as to the requirement of a deposit on the appraised valuation of estates (<i>Fatjo v. Pfister</i> , 117 Cal. 83); also in so far as it provides that justices shall retain fees for their own use (<i>Reid v. Grozinger</i> , 115 Cal. 551); also as to the amount of justices' fees generally (<i>Dwyer v. Parker</i> , 115 Cal. 544); also as to constables in counties of the thirty-fourth class (<i>Kiernan v. Swan</i> , 131 Cal. 410).
274	208	To provide for the erection and operation of rock-crushing plants at the state prisons.
345	222	To create a commission for revising, systematizing, and reforming the laws of the state, to be known as "The Commissioners for the Revision and Reform of the Law."
348	223	Providing for the relief of John J. Conlin. Unconstitutional (<i>Conlin v. Supervisors</i> , 114 Cal. 404).

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5	5	To provide for the management and operation of railroads above certain elevations.
5	7	To require an inventory of state and county property. Amended 1901 : 93.
7	9	To increase the number of judges of the superior court of Santa Clara county.
9	13	Conferring power upon the governing body of municipal corporations of the first class to provide for the erection of a municipal hospital.
12	14	To regulate medical practice, to prevent blindness in infants.
12	15	To prohibit the adulteration of honey.
21	25	Concerning bridges across navigable streams.
22	26	To change and permanently locate the boundary line between the counties of Butte and Yuba.
27	29	To compel all depositaries of money and commercial banks to publish a sworn statement of all unclaimed deposits.
28	30	To authorize any city or county to take its census.
29	32	To legalize certain acknowledgments.
30	34	To authorize state agricultural societies to sell property held by them in fee. Amended and supplanted by 1899 : 106.
34	37	Providing for the destruction of municipal bonds where the same have been executed and remain unsold.
37	39	For the protection of the Antwerp messenger or homing pigeon.
44	48	To provide additional support and maintenance, and for the acquisition of necessary property and improvements for the University of California.
45	49	To authorize cities to lay out, construct, and maintain streets to public parks outside their limits.
46	50	Authorizing cities and towns to grant franchises for the construction and maintenance of railroads to public parks beyond their limits.
47	51	To extend the jurisdiction of cities and towns over parks owned by them outside their limits.
47	52	To provide for the appointment of commissioners of the supreme court. Superseded 1901 : 273.
48	53	To provide for a separate judge for each of the counties of Yuba and Sutter.
51	56	Ceding to the United States jurisdiction over all lands acquired for military purposes.
53	59	To protect candidates for certain public offices.
54	60	Relating to salaries of officers of fire departments in municipalities of the first class. Unconstitutional (<i>Popper v. Broderick</i> , 123 Cal. 456).
55	67	Relating to pension matters and claims against counties.
61	70	To provide for increasing the efficiency of fire departments in municipalities of the first class.
65	75	To prevent deception in the manufacture and sale of butter and cheese.
69	76	Defining the different grades of cheese and for branding the same.
72	78	To regulate the salaries of certain officers of the police department in municipalities of the first class. Unconstitutional (<i>Popper v. Broderick</i> , 123 Cal. 456).
74	80	To create a commission for the promotion of uniformity of legislation in the United States. Repealed 1901 : 49.
74	81	Relinquishing to the United States the title to certain lands.
75	82	Authorizing the governing body of incorporated cities or towns, other than cities of the first class, to refund their indebtedness. Amended 1901 : 275. Unconstitutional in part (<i>Los Angeles v. Hance</i> , 122 Cal. 77).
90	87	Fixing the minimum rate of compensation for labor on public work.
99	97	To regulate and govern the operation of the rock-crushing plant at the Folsom state prison.

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106	101	To accept from the Veterans' Home Association the conveyance of a tract of land known as the Veterans' Home.
113	103	To enable any county, city and county, city, or town to lease property to any association of veteran soldiers, sailors, or marines.
114	105	Establishing a state normal school in San Diego county.
115	106	Providing for primary elections. Unconstitutional (<i>Spier v. Baker</i> , 120 Cal. 370).
135	107	Providing for the sale of street railroad and other franchises in municipalities. Unconstitutional in part (<i>Pereria v. Wallace</i> , 129 Cal. 397); repealed 1901 : 265.
137	108	To protect citizens in their civil and legal rights.
138	110	For the certification of land titles and the simplification of the transfer of real estate.
167	111	Empowering the school trustees of San José to erect a high school building.
168	112	To validate the organization and incorporation of municipal corporations.
171	114	Providing for the appointment of an auditing board to the commissioner of public works. Amended 1900 : 21; 1901 : 91.
177	117	To regulate the width of tires of wagons. Repealed 1900 : 22.
182	121	To provide for the sale of an excess of water when owned by a municipality.
190	129	To require ordinances and resolutions passed by the legislative body of a municipality to be presented to the chief executive officer for his approval. Unconstitutional as to cities having charters (<i>Morton v. Broderick</i> , 118 Cal. 486).
191	130	Relating to the construction of paths and roads for the use of bicycles and other horseless vehicles.
192	132	Relating to fire departments of municipalities of the first class, and fixing the salaries of officers thereof. Apparently unconstitutional under the rule announced in <i>Popper v. Broderick</i> , 123 Cal. 466.
198	137	Relating to estrays. Repealed 1901 : 606.
200	133	To enable cities incorporated and operating under charters to organize under general laws.
201	140	To secure the payment of claims of materialmen, mechanics, or laborers employed on public work.
213	158	Providing for furnishing to sheriffs and chiefs of police information respecting convicts about to be discharged from state prison.
214	159	Prescribing the manner of locating mining claims. Repealed 1899 : 148; 1900 : 9.
217	160	Authorizing municipal corporations to lease, purchase, own, and operate gravel beds.
231	170	Requiring corporations to pay their employes at least once a month. Unconstitutional (<i>Johnson v. Goodyear M. Co.</i> , 127 Cal. 4).
238	175	To establish a free public market upon the water front of San Francisco.
239	176	To provide for the construction of a state highway from the city of Sacramento to Folsom.
244	183	To promote the horticultural interests of the state.
250	187	To provide for the auditing and examination of claims against the state of soldiers who served in the Indian wars in California.
251	188	To admit idiots, epileptics, and mentally enfeebled paralytics into the Home for the Care and Training of Feeble-Minded Children. Amended 1901 : 795.
254	189	To provide for the organization and government of irrigation districts. Amended 1901 : 815.
288	191	In relation to elections to elect boards of freeholders. Repealed 1899 : 63.
304	225	To form agricultural districts. Amended 1901 : 304.
311	227	To establish a state lunacy commission. Amended 1899 : 160; § 19 repealed 1900 : 22. Unconstitutional as to method of commitment (<i>Matter of Lambert</i> , 134 Cal. 626).
334	228	To provide for the organization and government of drainage districts. Amended 1901 : 554.
374	244	For the establishment of a uniform system of road government. Repealed by Co. Gov. Act (<i>Davis v. Whidden</i> , 117 Cal. 618).
388	245	To create the office of Lake Tahoe wagon road commissioner. Amended 1899 : 236.
394	254	To provide for the issue and sale or exchange of funding bonds of irrigation districts. Amended 1901 : 514; §§ 5 to 10 repealed 1901 : 514.
404	258	For the protection and preservation of public highways from damage by storm waters and floods.
422	263	To provide for the purchase of additional land for the Preston School of Industry.
424	266	To provide for the funding and refunding of indebtedness of levee and protection districts.
439	271	To provide for the organization and management of county fire insurance companies.

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443	272	To create a department of highways.
447	274	Appropriation to assist the Woman's Relief Corps Home Association.
452	277	To establish a uniform system of county and township government. Amended 1901: 685. Unconstitutional (sec. 13, <i>Ex parte Anderson</i> , 134 Cal. 69; sub. 21 of sec. 25, <i>Van Harlingen v. Doyle</i> , 134 Cal. 53; provisions as to fees of official reporters, <i>Pratt v. Browne</i> , 135 Cal. 649; sub. 14 of sec. 183, <i>Lougher v. Soto</i> , 129 Cal. 610).

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9	11	To prevent the maintenance against the state or any county of an action for services in the assessment or collection, by any officer, of ad valorem taxes.
11	14	To provide for the appointment of supreme court commissioners. Continued 1901: 275.
13	16	Providing for the dissolution and annulment of reclamation and protection districts for nonuser of corporate powers.
17	18	To provide for the ownership of property and winding up of the affairs of disincorporated municipal corporations.
22	21	Authorizing municipalities of less than the first class to obtain lands for cemetery purposes.
24	24	Relating to constitutional amendments. Unconstitutional in so far as it purports to enact a new section 1 (<i>People v. Curry</i> , 130 Cal. 82).
25	25	To prevent deception in the sale of process or renovated butter.
26	26	Providing for the construction of a free wagon road from Mono Lake basin to the Tioga road.
29	30	To provide for the construction of a sewerage system at the state prison at Folsom.
37	41	To provide for the alteration of the boundaries of incorporated towns and cities by the annexation of uninhabited territory.
46	43	To prohibit the desecration of the flag of the United States.
56	47	To prohibit the payment of money by the state to counties and cities and counties for the collection of taxes.
63	54	In relation to municipal elections held separate from general state elections.
65	55	To establish a camp of instruction for the national guard.
73	60	Providing for the construction and furnishing of a residence for the governor of the state.
75	62	Providing for the reorganization of municipal corporations.
81	66	Providing for the establishment and maintenance of sewer districts adjacent to municipal corporations.
91	76	For the protection of horticulture.
98	82	To change and permanently locate the boundary line between the counties of Shasta and Plumas.
102	86	To abolish fees paid by the state for the assessment, equalization, auditing, and collection of ad valorem taxes.
103	88	Authorizing district attorneys to bring suits to abate nuisances.
105	91	To provide for the disposal of moneys raised by cities or towns for public improvement after the same has been completed and paid for.
110	93	Requiring the payment into the state treasury of all moneys belonging to the state, received by state institutions.
129	96	To protect domestic livestock from contagious and infectious diseases.
143	105	Authorizing the secretary of state to appoint an additional clerk.
146	109	Authorizing the controller to appoint an expert.
148	112	Providing that all encampments of the national guard shall be held at the state camp of instruction.
149	114	Limiting the hours of daily service of laborers on public works. Supplanted by 1901: 561.
150	115	Providing for the maintenance of a residence for the governor.
152	119	Authorizing the insurance of all property of the University of California held for income purposes.
156	125	Authorizing the governor to order the transfer to the general fund of any money that may be in other funds of the state treasury.
157	126	Creating a commissioner of public works. Superseded by 1900: 20.
158	127	Regarding organizations, officers, and members of the national guard who entered the United States volunteer service in the Spanish-American war. See Pol. C. §§ 1936, 1973a, as amended 1901: 581, 585.
166	131	Authorizing the governor and attorney-general to purchase for the state certain lands in Humboldt bay.
171	136	To provide for the inspection of dairies, factories of dairy products, and of dairy products.
177	141	To establish a state normal school in San Francisco.
183	150	To promote the safety of employes and passengers upon street railroads.

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20 12 Creating a commissioner of public works.

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4 8 Granting to the trustees of the Leland Stanford Junior University corporate powers and privileges.
4 9 Exempting from taxation a portion of the property held in trust for the benefit of the Leland Stanford Junior University.
7 14 Appropriation to be used in the construction of works for restraining and impounding debris.
10 20 To prevent the introduction of contagious diseases.
13 24 To provide county inspectors of apiaries.
15 25 To regulate the practice of barbering.
27 32 Authorizing the incurring of indebtedness for municipal improvements.
34 38 Act to be known as "The local improvement act of 1901."
56 51 To regulate the practice of medicine and surgery.
69 53 To prevent fraud in the sale of paris green.
75 60 To provide for a lunch hour for laborers in saw mills, shake mills, shingle mills, and logging camps.
76 61 To change and permanently locate the boundary line between the counties of Plumas and Lassen.
89 73 To define and establish a portion of the eastern boundary of the state.
95 81 To establish police courts in cities of the first and one half class.
101 87 To create a firemen's relief, health, and life insurance, and pension fund.
107 91 To regulate the hours of service by members of the police department of cities of the first class and of cities and counties.
108 93 Requiring foreign corporations to file a certified copy of their articles of incorporation in the office of the secretary of state.
110 95 To provide for independent and unattached companies of the national guard.
110 96 Appropriations for the benefit of the University of California.
111 97 To authorize suits against the state concerning certain real property.
113 99 To regulate the practice of osteopathy.
115 101 To establish the California polytechnic school.
265 103 To provide for the sale of street railroad and other franchises in municipalities.
272 111 Declaring a part of the Sonora and Mono wagon road a state highway.
273 113 To provide for the appointment of commissioners of the supreme court.
282 118 To provide in whose name title shall be taken to sites for the construction of restraining or impounding works.
295 134 To provide an additional judge for Alameda county.
296 156 Relative to the meeting place of high school boards.
296 137 Providing for the levy of a special tax for specific public improvements within municipalities.
298 139 Authorizing the construction and maintenance of drinking fountains in the state capitol grounds.
299 140 Legalizing the establishment of high schools in incorporated cities.
299 141 Regulating the practice of pharmacy and the sale of poisons.
307 143 To provide a continuous appropriation for the support and maintenance of the University of California.
324 149 To authorize the licensing of bicycles, tricycles, and similiar vehicles.
331 156 Declaring upon what terms contracts for furnishing water for irrigation shall be valid.
515 160 Authorizing the state board of prison directors to purchase California-grown hemp.
516 161 To provide for the appointment of a board of Monterey custom-house trustees.
517 162 Providing for the creation and management of the California redwood park.
535 164 To divide the state into legislative districts.
548 165 To divide the state into congressional districts.
549 166 To change and permanently locate the boundary line between the counties of Butte and Plumas.
552 167 To execute and carry into effect section three of article twenty of the constitution of the state.
553 168 To prevent tampering with animals.
557 170 To provide for the establishment and maintenance of public libraries.
560 171 To permanently locate the boundary line between the counties of Shasta and Plumas.
561 172 Limiting the daily hours of labor on public works.
563 173 To authorize the board of managers of the Southern California state hospital to sell a strip of land.

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564	175	To regulate the practice of dentistry.
573	179	Creating the office of matron of the jail in cities of the first, first and one-half, second, and third classes.
575	180	Authorizing the trustees of the state normal school at San José to reconvey to that city a strip of land.
576	182	To establish police courts in cities of the second class.
589	185	To secure to native-born and naturalized citizens the exclusive right to be employed in the public service.
589	186	Empowering boards of supervisors to levy a special tax for the purpose of displaying products and industries of any county.
600	193	To establish the boundary line between the county of Humboldt and the counties of Del Norte and Siskiyou.
601	195	Concerning confirming and ratifying leases and other contracts made by officers of the state.
603	197	Relating to estrays.
631	205	To regulate the employment, hours of labor, etc., of children.
636	210	To provide for the maintenance and support in certain cases of indigent, incompetent, and incapacitated persons.
639	211	Providing for the restoration to capacity of persons adjudged to be insane.
641	212	To regulate the practice of architecture.
645	213	To create a state board of accountancy.
646	214	Authorizing suits against the state on claims arising under an act fixing a bounty on coyote scalps.
658	219	Authorizing governing bodies of municipalities to declare holidays.
660	219	Fixing and defining a miner's inch of water.
663	224	Providing for the marking or branding of barrels containing citrus fruit for shipment.
664	226	To provide prosecuting attorneys for police courts in cities of the second class.
666	228	Providing for the appointment of policemen to serve for railroad and steamboat companies.
684	233	For the payment of fees to trial jurors under the act of 1895.
794	236	To provide for the payment of judgments against counties, cities, cities and counties, and towns.
806	253	To provide for the erection of water towers and tanks on the grounds of the Agnews state hospital.
808	258	To provide for removing obstructions in Pitt river.
809	259	Empowering the state board of harbor commissioners to insure against loss or damage by fire the property of the state located on the water front of San Francisco.
818	273	To provide for certain improvements in Yosemite valley.
823	275	To provide for the erection of a modern hospital for the Veterans' Home.

